

THE
STATUTES
OF
THE UNITED KINGDOM
OF
GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

WITH NOTES AND REFERENCES
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M.DCCC.XIX.

A T A B L E

Containing the TITLES of all

THE STATUTES,

Passed in the FIFTH Session of the FIFTH Parliament

or

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland ;

57^o GEORGE III.

PUBLIC GENERAL ACTS.

1. AN Act to continue and extend the Provisions of an Act of the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Trade and Commerce to and from *The Cape of Good Hope*, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and also for regulating the Trade of the Island of *Morocco*. Page 1
2. An Act for raising the Sum of Twenty-four Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen. [See Cap. 139. § 12. *post.*] 2
3. An Act to empower His Majesty to arrest and detain such Persons as His Majesty shall suspect are conspiring against His Person and Government. [See Cap. 55. *post.*] *Ibid.*
4. An Act to extend the Privileges of the Trade of *Malta* to the Port of *Gibraltar*. 3
5. An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Soap, in *Great Britain*; and on Professions, Offices, and Persevered Estates, in *England*; and for receiving the Contributions of Persons receiving Professions and holding Offices; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen. [See Cap. 139. § 12. *post.*] *Ibid.*
6. An Act to make perpetual certain Parts of an Act of the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, for the Safety and Preservation of His Majesty's Person and Government against Treasonable and Seditious Practices and Attempts; and for the Safety and Preservation of the Person of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent against Treasonable Practices and Attempts. 4
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AND TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED.

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- xv. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Stratford upon Avon* Canal Navigation to raise Money to discharge their Debts, and to complete the said Canal. *Ibid.*
- xvi. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of the Seventeenth and Thirtieth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Rushes* to *Sheffield*, in the West Riding of the County of York, so far as relate to the Road from *Pemphelt* to *Sheffield*. *Ibid.*
- xvii. An Act to continue and amend an Act passed in the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for amending, widening, altering, improving and keeping in Repair the Road leading out of the Turnpike Road between *Aylesbury and Wendover*, through *Princes Risborough*, to *Wolff Wycombe*, in the County of *Buckingham*. *Ibid.*
- xviii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts passed for repairing and widening the Roads from the East End of *Brough under Salween* in the County of *Westmorland*, by the End of *Appleby Bridge*, to *Lammas Bridge* to the said County. *Ibid.*
- xix. An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for building a new Church and Workhouse in the Parish of *Bosworth*, in the County of *Leicestershire*. *Ibid.*
- xx. An Act for improving and maintaining the Harbour of *Ayr*, and for regulating Vessels resorting thence. *Ibid.*
- xxi. An Act for providing an additional Bosal Ground for the Parish of *Seabrook* in the East Riding of the County of York. *Ibid.*
- xxii. An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, for rebuilding *Newton Chapel*, in the County Palatine of *Lancashire*. *Ibid.*
- xxiii. An Act for better lighting the Streets and Houses of the Metropolis with Gas. *Ibid.*
- xxiv. An Act to amend an Act, of the last Session of Parliament, for the better repairing the several Roads leading into and from the City of *Worcester*. 285
- xxv. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of the Fourteenth and Thirtieth Years of 1815 His present Majesty, for amending and widening the Road leading from *Farnham Bridge* through *Little Farnham*, to *Garlyde*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
- xxvi. An Act for amending the Road leading from *Byfleet*, near *Barnet*, through *Farnham*, in the County of *Surrey*, and *Alton* and *New Alford*, to *Windsor*, in the County of *Buckingham*. *Ibid.*
- xxvii. An Act for more effectually improving the Road from *Richmond*, in the County of York, to *Leasingthorpe*, in the County of *Lancashire*, and the Road from *Richmond* to *Lacy Croft*, and from *Gilling* to the Turnpike Road on *Gatherley Moor*, in the County of York. 285
- xxviii. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of 1824 His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Town of *Rushford*, in the County of *Suffolk*, to *Kirkcubbin* in the County of *Hants*. *Ibid.*
- xxix. An Act for better paving, improving and regulating the Streets of the Metropolis, and removing and preventing Nuisances and Obstructions therein. *Ibid.*
- xxx. An Act to regulate the loading of Ships with Coals in the Port of *Newcastle upon Tyne*. 351
- xxxi. An Act for taxing the Dues, Duties and Payments for all Goods, Wares and Merchandise loaded on or shipped from the Pier or Quay of the Town of *Possessing* in the County of *Gloucester*, and on all Ships and Vessels resorting to the said Pier or Quay, or to the Harbour of *Possessing*. *Ibid.*
- xxxii. An Act for the further Improvement of the Town and Harbours of *Grimsby*; for establishing and supporting a Harbour Police, and for the better regulating the Poor of the Three Parishes of *Grimsby*. *Ibid.*
- xxxiii. An Act for altering and amending an Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Police of the City of *Edinburgh* and the adjoining *Districts*, and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
- xxxiv. An Act for making the Hamlet of *Paplar* and *Blackwell*, in the County of *Middlesex*, a separate and distinct Parish; and for creating a Parish Church therein, and other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
- xxxv. An Act for enlarging the Church Yard of the Parish of *Chapel Church* in the County of *Surrey*; and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
- xxxvi. An Act for enlarging the Church Yard, and providing additional Burying Ground, for the Parish of *Bradford*, in the West Riding of the County of York. *Ibid.*
- xxxvii. An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Tram Road from *Bull's Head Lane*, in the Parish of *Manfield*, in the County of *Northampton*, to communicate with the *Grimsford* and *Pinstone* Roads, in the Parish of *Pinstone*, in the County of *Dorset*. *Ibid.*
- xxxviii. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parishes of *Norwich* and *Buckingham*, in the County of *Norfolk*; and for draining certain Lands in the said Parish of *Norwich*. *Ibid.*
- xxxix. An Act to amend an Act, passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for improving and rendering more commodious such Parts of the County and County of the City of *Dublin* as are Situate on the South Side of the River *Liffey*, and West of His Majesty's Castle of *Dublin*; and for the Appointment of an Inspector of the Prebendments and other Accoutrements of the County of the City of *Dublin*. 352
- xl. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers granted to the *Penynged Land Coal Mines* for the City and Liberty of *Windsor*; and for extending the Limits of their Office to the Parish of *Saint Luke Cliffe*. 354
- xli. An Act for lighting the City and Suburbs of *Glasgow* with Gas, and for other Purposes relating thereto. 357
- xlii. An Act to repeal an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for preventing Frauds in the Administration and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes lying contiguous to the Water Side in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
- xliii. An Act to continue and amend an Act, made in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Gaugway Head*, near *Stirling*, through the County

- County of *Gloucestershire*, towards *Queen's Ferry*, and extend Road branching out of the town. 357
- slv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing certain Roads leading from *Truro*, and other Roads communicating therewith, in the County of *Cornwall*; and for building and keeping in Repair a Bridge over the River there. *Ibid.*
- slx. An Act for making and keeping in Repair a Carriage Road from or near the Town of *Brough* under *Bramham*, in the County of *West Yorkshire*, to *Attercliffe Bridge*, in the Parish of *Renswoldwick*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*, with a Branch from or near *Chapel Bingle* to *Eggleston Bridge*, in the same Parish. *Ibid.*
- slv. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Stamford*, in the County of *Lincoln*, through *Gotham*, to the Great North Road, in the Parish of *Gotham*, in the County of *Rutland*. *Ibid.*
- slvi. An Act for making and keeping in Repair a Carriage Road from the Township of *Manley* to *Newton Chapel* in the Township of *Newton*, with a Branch to the River *Medlock* in the Township of *Droylsden*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. 358
- slvii. An Act for shutting up and discontinuing a certain Way or Passage called *Old Park Garden Lane*, Situate in the Parish of *Christ Church* in the County of *Surrey*, and for selling and disposing of the Ground and Soil thereof. *Ibid.*
- slviii. An Act to continue an Act, passed in the Parliament of *Charles* in the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for improving and repairing the Turnpike Road leading from *Dulke* to *Melton*, and for repealing the several Laws thereto made relating to the said Road. *Ibid.*
- l. An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for keeping in Repair the Road leading from the Town of *Rushden*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, to the Town of *Barnley*, in the said County, and for making Two new Branches of Road to communicate therewith. *Ibid.*
- l. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Quaker*, in the Parish of *Leeds*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*, to *Horsfield Lane End*, in the same Parish, with a Bridge or Bridges on the Line of said Road. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Bridge of *Der* Southward, through the County of *Gloucestershire*, to *Stanhurst*; and from thence, by *Seewick* and by *Lawrence*, to the Lower and Upper Bridges over the River *North Oke*; and for making and repairing other Roads in the said County. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for issuing the Right of Patronage or Presentation of or to a Chapel to be called *Stagfield Chapel*, in the Parish of *Stagfield*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the Town of *Graveland*, in the County of *Lincoln*, to the Town of *Eps*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Wrexham* South to *East Gwy*, and from *Wrexham* North to *Madingley*, in the County of *Hereford*; and the Road from the said Road into the Turnpike Road from *Merrwood* to *Madingley* in the said County. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the *Lathes* Road, near the City of *Edinburgh*, to join the *Forth* and *Clyde* Navigation near *Falkirk*, in the County of *Stirling*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for giving further Powers to the President and Aldermen of the Chamberlain of the Town of *Salisbury*, in the County of *Wiltshire*, to make and repair the River *Salter* and *Barn* navigable. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for supplying the said Town with Water, and to improve the said River. 358
- lv. An Act for building a Bridge across the River *Brent*, from *Wain Tower*, in the Township of *Salford*, in *Saint Mary's* Ward, in the Township of *Manchester*, all in the County of *Lancaster*, and for making proper Avenue thereto. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for granting further Powers for improving the Town of *Great Britain*, in the County of *Lancaster*. 359
- lv. An Act for granting an Equivalent for the Diminution of the Powers of the Office of Gauger of the City of *London*, and increasing the Payments to be made by Breakers. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act to enable *John a Willen Tindall* of *New Bond Street*, in the City of *Westminster*, Engraver to The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, to dispose of his Collection of Paintings, Drawings and Engravings, together with several Copies of certain Books therein mentioned, and the Loss of the Premises called *The British Gallery of Pictures*, by way of Lottery. 360
- lv. An Act to amend Two Acts for maintaining and improving the Commercial Docks, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Redcliffe*, in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the River *Aren* to *Chichester Harbour*, and from thence to *Langston* and *Portsmouth Harbour*, with a Cut or Branch from *Hayhoe Common* in or near the City of *Chichester*; and for improving the Navigation of the Harbour of *Langston* and Channels of *Langston* and *Thorney*. 361
- lv. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for improving the Navigation of the River *Hull* and *Fruddingham Dock*, and extending the same to the Town of *Great Driffield*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for enlarging the Market Place, and regulating the Market in the Town of *Taunton*, in the County of *Somerset*, and for improving the said Town; and for amending an Act of His present Majesty relative thereto. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act to amend and continue an Act of the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for improving certain Roads in and through the Forest of *Dean*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and several other Roads therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for continuing and amending Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading from the Town of *Taunton* in the County of *Somerset*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Cambridge* to the *Old North Road*, near *Arrington Bridge*, in the County of *Cambridge*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for dividing Lands in *South Hams*; and for continuing and amending another Act of His present Majesty, for maintaining and repairing a certain Bank, and the Road thereon, from *Spalding High Bridge* to *Becher Bridge*, all in the County of *Lincoln*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for improving the Harbour of *Blaikney*, within the Port of *Blaikney and City*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act of His late Majesty *King William the Third*, for making the River *Lea* and *Barn* navigable. *Ibid.*

1200. An Act for rebuilding the Church, and improving the Church Yard of the Parish of *Saint Paul Shadwell*, in the County of *Middlesex*. 367
1201. An Act for raising Money, by Assessment or otherwise, for the Purpose of erecting a Workhouse for the Use of the Poor of the Parish of *Saint John of Watling*, in the County of *Middlesex*. 368
1202. An Act for more effectually regulating the Road from the *North Turnpike Road*, at or near *Alresford*, through *Mortley Tiswell*, in the County of *Hampshire*, to join the Turnpike Road within the *Marstonway District* near *Ripley New Road*, in the County of *Hampshire*. *Ibid.*

1203. An Act to continue and amend an Act passed in the Thirty-Sixth Year of His present Majesty, for altering the Road from *Marblefield to Gungahen*, in the County of *Gloucester*. 368
1204. An Act to empower the Commissioners of the Royal Naval Affairs to make use of any Part of the Accumulations of the Interest of the Monies which were given by the Committee for managing the Patriotic Fund to the said Commissioners, for the Purpose of the said Affairs. *Ibid.*

PRIVATE ACTS,

PRINTED BY THE KING'S PRINTER,

AND WHEREOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE.

1. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Drayton*, in the County of *Warwick*. 369
2. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Ervington*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
3. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor of *Salby*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
4. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Cyffon*, otherwise *Cyffon Harston*, in the County of *Worcester*. *Ibid.*
5. An Act for vesting certain Parts of an Act of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Aghoria*, and in the several Parishes of *Aghoria*, *Broughfield* and *Althelwode*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*, and for amending the said Act. *Ibid.*
6. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Orlston*, in the County of *Hereford*. *Ibid.*
7. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Burton Salween* in the Parish of *Meaford*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
8. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Willby*, in the Parish of *Pygham*, in the County of *Hereford*. *Ibid.*
9. An Act for vesting Part of the Settled Estates of *Edward Cullen Esquire*, otherwise *Edward Scott Esquire*, in Trustees, to be sold; and for applying the Produce in or towards the Discharge of the Incumbrances on the said Estates. *Ibid.*
10. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Milham*, in the Parish of *Stamford*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
11. An Act for siting Lands in the Township of *Liberty of Linsmead*, in the Parishes of *Saint Mary the Virgin* and *Fyfield*, otherwise *Offey*, in the County of *Oxford*. 370
12. An Act for inclosing and encroaching from Tithes Lands in the Parish of *Egleston the Hill*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
13. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Trentham*, in the Chapelry of *Cable*, and Parish of *Whaley*, in the County of *Leicester*. *Ibid.*
14. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manors, Townships or Divisions of *Udderkirk* and *Stratfield*, in the Parish of *Norby* in *Kendal*, in the County of *Westmoreland*. *Ibid.*
15. An Act for vesting certain Estates devised by the Will of *John Swaine*, and now held in undivided Shares, in Trustees, to be sold, and for vesting the Purchase Money

- of the Shares of each of the Parties interested in accordance with the Purchase of other Estates, to be conveyed to them according to their respective Rights and Interests in law of such Shares. 370
16. An Act to enable the Trustees for the time being of the Charity Estates of *William Nichol*, deceased, situate in *Ridgway*, in the County of *Surrey*, to grant Building and Repairing Leases thereof. *Ibid.*
 17. An Act for confirming and establishing the Sales made by *Ann Fyfe Watson*, and *Frederick Elton*, of the Estates devised to them for Sale by the Will of *John Fyfe Esquire*. *Ibid.*
 18. An Act for inclosing *Karfehouse* and *Liddes Down Common*, in the Parish of *Milnes Abbot*, in the County of *Devon*. *Ibid.*
 19. An Act for dividing and inclosing *Howarth Moor*, in the Manor or Township of *Howarth*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*; and for extinguishing the Rights of Sirey and Average over certain Lands called *Hall Year Lands*, situate in the Suburbs or Precincts of the City of *York*. *Ibid.*
 20. An Act for inclosing and encroaching from Tithes Lands in the Parishes of *Furberham East Martin* and *Furberham West Gungahen*, otherwise *Furberham Saint Gungahen*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
 21. An Act for vesting in Trustees for Fee Simple, in Trust for *Samuel Robert Gayles Esquire*, discharged from certain Encumbrances charged thereon, and from other Rights and Interests, a Fee Farm Rent of Seven hundred and Sixty Pounds and Eleven pence Three Farthings, hereinafter the Estate of the Right Honourable *John Lord Ossington* deceased. *Ibid.*
 22. An Act for vesting the Settled Estates of *William Lytton Esquire* in Trustees, in Trust to be sold, and for laying out the Purchase Money arising from such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates, to be devised to the issue *Ibid.*
 23. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Session in Scotland to sell such Parts of the Estates of *Joseph and others*, situated in the County of *High*, which were entailed by *Francis Lord Seaford deceased*, as shall be sufficient for Payment of the Debts and Provisions which affect or may be made to affect the said Entailed Estates. *Ibid.*

- Estate, and for granting certain Powers relative to Leases and Fees of Parts of the said Enailed Estates. *Ibid.*
34. An Act to authorize the Trustees of the deceased *James Ashmole* to grant Building Leases and Fees of certain Parts of the Lands and Ranges of *Perth*, to sell the Superfluous thereof, and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
35. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Wallingham*, in the several Parishes of *Langford* and *Bradford*, in the County of *Devon*. *Ibid.*
36. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Fulwell*, in the County of *Oxford*. *Ibid.*
37. An Act to enable *James Richard Esquire*, and the Heirs of Blood succeeding to him in the Estate of *fourthly*, to grant Fees thereof upon certain Terms and Conditions. *Ibid.*
38. An Act for exchanging an Estate in the County of *Kent*, belonging to the Earl of *Thames*, for an Estate in the same County, devised by the Will of *Thomas Holmes*. *Ibid.*
39. An Act for making a Partition of the Estate of *Lyfett, Anderton, Hooton, Harwick, Rawcorth and Allington*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, of the late *Henry Stansfeld Esquire*. *Ibid.*
40. An Act for confirming an Exchange made by *Philip Goff Esquire*, of certain of the Sealed Estate of *Philip Goff Esquire* deceased, in the County of *York*, for other Estates in the County of *Devon*. *Ibid.*
41. An Act for effectuating an Exchange between *Richard Peter Whitt Clerk*, Rector of the Rectory and Parish Church of *Moydon*, otherwise *Mysdon*, in the County of *Hertford*, and *Arnyngs Gascoigne Esquire*, of the Rectory House and Part of the Glebe Lands of the said Rectory, for a House and Lands in the said Parish of *Moydon*, otherwise *Mysdon*, belonging to the said *Arnyngs Gascoigne*. *Ibid.*
42. An Act for selling certain Estates devised by the Will of *Sir James Tylney Long*, in the Counties of *Devon* and *Fork*, in *Truro*, to be sold; and for laying out the Money thereof selling (after Payment of certain specific Incumbrances) in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled in lieu thereof, to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
33. An Act to enable the Prebendary of the Prebend of *Tar Moor*, in the City of *London*, Inclosed in the Cathedral Church of *St. Paul* in *London*, to grant a Lease of certain Messuages, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments, situate in the Parish of *St. Giles without Cripplegate*, in the said City, Parcel of the said Prebend, in manner therein mentioned; and to enable the granting of Sub Leases for improving and otherwise improving the same. *Ibid.*
34. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Barbours*, in the Townships of *Great Barbours* and *Little Barbours*, in the Parishes of *Stevy* and *Dryfield*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
35. An Act for improving a certain Piece of Land called *Common Wood*, in the Liberty of the Borough of *Salisbury*, otherwise *Lyons*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid.*
36. An Act for selling a certain Estate, late of *Peer Widdow of Cheltry* in the County of *Gloucester*, Yeoman deceased, situate in *Cheltry* aforesaid, in *Truro*, in Trust to be sold for paying off Incumbrances thereon; and for purchasing other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
37. An Act to enable the Vicar for the time being of the Parish of *Salisbury*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, to sell and convey in Fee Simple a certain Portion of the Glebe Land belonging to the Vicarage of *Salisbury*. *Ibid.*
38. An Act for confirming an Agreement relating to the Reverend Expellat of certain Estates in the Counties of *Warwick* and *Gloucester*, late of *Sir Lyfett Hale Baronet*, deceased, and Property belonging to *Abraham Broadbridge Esquire*; and for selling such Estates and Property to Trustees, to convey and assure the same according to the said Agreement. *Ibid.*

PRIVATE ACTS,

NOT PRINTED.

39. AN Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Hardridge* in the County of *Sussex*. *Ibid.*
40. An Act for naturalizing *Wm. Thomsen Esq.* *Ibid.*
41. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Fulham*, in the County of *London*.
[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
42. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Perth*, in the County of *Sussex*.
[Provision for Right to Tithes.]
43. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stadley*, in the County of *Warwick*.
[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
44. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Wing*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
45. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Kensett*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[Any Aliens made to His Majesty may be sold before or after the Execution of the Award, Councilhouse is made on Evident of so much of his Award as defers His Majesty's Aliens, and transmit the same to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, &c.]
46. An Act to amend and make more effectual an Act made in the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing the Commonable Lands in the Parish of *St. Giles*, in the County of *London*. *Ibid.*
47. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hempstead*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
48. An Act for selling certain Parts of the Bury of *Pirbright*, in the County of *Shropshire*, comprised in a Deed of Endow associated by *Francis Gerdon of Trapp Esquire*, deceased, in *Truro*, to be sold, and for applying the Purchase Money in the Acquisition of other Estates, to be settled upon the same Series of Heirs, and under the Conditions and Limitations contained in the said Deed of Endow. *Ibid.*
49. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Session in *Scotland* to sell such Parts of the Enailed Estate of *Thomas*, and others, in the Cathedral of *Haddington* and Sheriffdom of *Edinburgh*, belonging to *William Gresham Esquire*, as shall be sufficient for Payment of the Debts affecting the same. *Ibid.*
50. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Salisbury*, in the Parish of *St. Mary*, in the Borough of *Salisbury*.
[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
51. An Act for inclosing and encumbering (from Tithes Lands) in the Township of *Wallingham*, in the Parish of *St. Giles*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]

52. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *William Morris Esquire*, Major in His Majesty's Thirtieth Regiment of Foot, and a Lieutenant Colonel in the Army, and Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, with *Marianna Bailey* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
53. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Sir Edward William Campbell* Esq. with *Diana Elizabeth Owen* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
54. An Act to exonerate from Portions certain Hereditaments in *Water Upton*, in the County of *Salop*, belonging to *Richard Emery Esquire*.
55. An Act to enable the Rectior of the Parish and Parish Church of *Clapham*, in the County of *Surrey*, to accept a Surrender of the existing Lease, and to grant more extensive Leases of Part of the Glebe belonging to the said Rectory.
56. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Loke Wootton*, in the County of *Worcester*.
[*Altitutions for Great and Small Tithes. Proportions not leaving an Interst in the Lands to be inclosed sufficient to commute for the Tithes, to pay the Value of the Deficiency for the Benefit of the Owners of Land taken to make up said Deficiency. Proportions of certain old inclosed Lands may give up Part to discharge Remainder thereof from Tithes. Resolving Commissioners, with Consent of Parties, to fix a Compensation in Money for Corn Tithes of certain inclosed Lands.*]
57. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Richard Oliver Smith Esquire* with *Harriet* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
58. An Act for enabling *Matthew Syngar*.
59. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Session to sell the Entailed Estate of *Polasko*, lying in the County of *Fife*, belonging to *William Murray Esquire*, of

Tenduchan and Polaskie, and to apply the Money to arise by such Sale to the Purchase of the Lands and Estate of *Cuthbert*, in the County of *Sirling*, belonging to the said *William Murray*, in Fee Simple, and lying contiguous to certain other Entailed Estates belonging to the said *William Murray*, to be retained in lieu of the said Estate of *Polaskie*.

60. An Act to amend an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Strathbow*, in the County of *Worcester*.

[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]

61. An Act for leasing and inclosing certain Parts of the Lands and Estate of *Kennetworth or Kennet* and others, in the County of *Dumfriesshire*, to and in favour of *Charles Marquis of Queensberry*, and the Series of Heirs entailed to take by a certain Deed of Bond made by *Charles Duke of Queensberry and Dromore*, deceased, and under the Conditions and Limitations contained in the said Deed; and for selling in lieu thereof certain Parts of the Lands and Barony of *Tinwald, Hayfield*, and others, in the said County, to the said *Charles Marquis of Queensberry*, and his Heirs and Assigns, in Fee Simple.

62. An Act to enable *Edward Barrow the Elder Esquire*, and his Heirs, to take, use and bear the Surname and Arms of *Leake*, pursuant to the Will of *Sir John Leake Baronet*, deceased.

63. An Act for inclosing Lands in the several Parishes of *Ullensbyfour and Tully*, in the County of *Down*.

[*Commissioners to make an Abstract of Award for His Majesty. Any Awards in His Majesty may be sold before or after Execution of Award.*]

64. An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to dissolve the Marriage of Lieutenant General William Dwyer with Eliza otherwise Elizabeth his now Wife*, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

THE STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno Regni GEORGH III. Britanniarum Regis,
Quinquagesimo Septimo.

AT the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Twenty fourth Day of November, Anno Domini 1812, in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith; And from thence continued, by several Prorogations, to the Twenty eighth Day of January 1817, being the Fifth Session of the Fifth Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland:

CAP. I.

AN Act to continue and extend the Provisions of an Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Trade and Commerce to and from *The Cape of Good Hope*, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and also for regulating the Trade of the Island of Mauritius. [24th February 1817.]

WHEREAS the Law heretofore mentioned *slaves* expiring, and fit to be continued for a limited Period; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to authorize His Majesty, during the present War, to make Regulations respecting the Trade, and Commerce to and from The Cape of Good Hope*; which was renewed and continued from the Expiration thereof, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, by two Acts of the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of His present Majesty, shall be and the same is hereby further continued for the Term hereinafter mentioned.

II. And Whereas it is expedient, under the present Circumstances, that the Trade and Commerce to and from all Islands, Colonies or Places, and the Territories and Dependencies thereof, to His Majesty belonging or as His Possession, is *Africa or Asia* to the Eastward of the *Cape of Good Hope*, excepting only the Possessions of the *East India Company*, should also be regulated for a certain time in such manner as shall seem proper to His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, notwithstanding the special Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament that may be construed to affect the same: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, by any Order or Orders to be made from time to time, to give such Directions and make such Regulations touching the Trade and Commerce to and from the said Islands, Colonies or Places, and the Territories and Dependencies thereof, as to His Majesty in Council shall appear most expedient and salutary; any Thing contained in an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled *An Act for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation*, or in an Act passed in the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of His Majesty King William the Third, intituled *An Act for preventing Frauds and regulating Affairs in the Slave Trade*, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force relating to His Majesty's Colonies and Possessions, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Goods, Wares or Merchandise whatever shall be imported into or exported from any of the said Islands, Colonies or Places, or the Territories and Dependencies thereof, or shall be exported from any Part of His Majesty's Dominions to any of the said Islands, Colonies or Places, or the Territories and Dependencies thereof, or if any Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be imported or exported in any manner whatever contrary to any such Order or Orders of His Majesty in Council, the same shall be forfeited, together with the Ship or Vessel in which such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall respectively be imported or exported, with all her Guns, Ammunition, Furniture, Tackle and Apparel; and

37 Geo. III.

B

every

27 G. 3. c. 1.
continued.

Trade to the
Eastward of the
Cape of Good
Hope, to be regu-
lated by
Order in Coun-
cil.

15 G. 2. c. 13

1 & 2 W. 3.
c. 22.

Goods imported
or exported
contrary to Order
in Council for-
feited, as also
the Vessel.

every such Forfeiture shall and may be and be lawfully prosecuted and recovered by such and the like Way, Means and Methods as any Forfeiture incurred by any Law respecting the Revenue of Customs may be and lawfully be prosecuted and recovered in Places where respectively the Customs shall be concerned; and the Produce thereof shall be disposed of, paid and applied in like manner in the said Places respectively; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall in any manner be construed to infringe the Rights, Privileges, and Advantages belonging to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East India as now by Law established.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

CAP. II.

An Act for raising the Sum of Twenty four Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

[24th February 1817.]

- " TREASURY may raise 24,000,000*l.* by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1.—[1.]
 " The Clause, &c. is inserted A.D. extended to this Act. [2.] Treasury to apply the Money raised [3.]
 " Exchequer Bills payable out of the Supplies for next Session. [4.] Interest 3*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.* per Cent. per Ann. [5.]
 " Exchequer Bills current at the Exchequer after April 1, 1817.—[6.] Bank of England may advance
 " 15,000,000*l.* on Credit of A.D. notwithstanding the 5 & 6 W. & M.—[7.] A.D. altered, amended or repealed
 " this Session. [8.]

CAP. III.

An Act to empower His Majesty to seize and detain such Persons as His Majesty shall suspect are conspiring against His Person and Government.

[4th March 1817.]

" WHEREAS a traitorous Conspiracy has been formed for the Purpose of overthrowing by means of a general Insurrection, the established Government, Laws and Constitution of this Kingdom: And Whereas Designs and Practices of a traitorous and highly dangerous Nature are now carrying on in the Metropolis, and in many other Parts of Great Britain: Therefore, for the better Preservation of His Majesty's sacred Person, and the sacred Person of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, and for securing the Peace and Laws and Liberties of this Kingdom, he is enabled by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all or any Person or Persons that are or shall be in Prison within that Part of the United Kingdom, called Great Britain, at or upon the Day as which this Act shall receive His Majesty's Royal Assent, or after, by Warrant of His said Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, signed by Six of the said Privy Council, for High Treason, Suspicion of High Treason, or Traitorable Practices, or by Warrant signed by any of His Majesty's Secretaries of State, for such Causes as aforesaid, may be detained in safe Custody, without Bail or Mainprize, until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; and that no Judge or Justice of the Peace shall bail or try any such Person or Persons so committed, without Order from His said Majesty's Privy Council, signed by Six of the said Privy Council, until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Act made in Scotland in the Year of our Lord One thousand five hundred and one, intitled *An Act for preventing wrongs Imprisonment, and against undue Dilays in Trials*, in so far as the same may be construed to relate to the Cases of Treason and Suspicion of Treason, with respect to Persons so committed as aforesaid, be suspended until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; and that until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen no Judge, Justice of Peace or other Officer of the Law in Scotland, shall liberate, try or admit to Bail any Person or Persons that is, are or shall be in Prison within Scotland, under a Warrant or Warrants so signed as aforesaid, for such Causes as aforesaid, without Order from His said Majesty's Privy Council, signed by Six of the said Privy Council.

III. Provided always, That from and after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the said Persons so committed shall have the Benefit and Advantage of all Laws and Statutes in any way relating to or providing for the Liberty of the Subjects of this Realm.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to extend to invalidate the ancient Rights and Privileges of Parliament, or in the Expulsion or Detention of any Member of either House of Parliament during the Sitting of such Parliament until the Matter of which he stands suspected be first commenced to the House of which he is a Member, and the Consent of the said House obtained for his Commitment or Detention.

V. Provided nevertheless, That any Person or Persons in Prison at the time of passing this Act, against whom any Bill or Bills of Indictment for High Treason have been already found, shall and may be tried on the said Indictment as if this Act had never passed.

" VI. And Whereas diverse Persons are now in Custody on Charges of High Treason and Suspicion of High Treason, under Warrants from One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or from His Majesty's Privy Council, and it may be highly important that such Persons as have been or shall be seized and detained as such Charges under and by virtue of such Warrants or Warrants should be kept wholly separate and apart from

Persons imprisoned for High Treason, &c. may be detained till July 1, 1817, and shall not be bailed or tried without an Order from the Privy Council.

All in Scotland of 1701, so far as relates to Treason, suspended. Persons committed there not to be tried, &c. without such Order as is aforesaid.

Persons for Treason committed after July 1, 1817.

Persons for Privileges of Members of either House of Parliament.

Persons for Treason against whom Indictments for High Treason already found.

from each other, so as to prevent all Communication between them, and with other Persons, except such Communication as His Majesty may think fit to permit, and under such Restrictions as may be advisable, and Doubts may arise how far the Powers of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State to change the Places of Confinement of Persons so committed extend; and it is expedient to provide that the same shall not be so exercised as to deprive the Persons so committed of any Right to be tried or discharged which they might lawfully have had if their respective Places of Confinement had not been changed: Now, to obviate all Doubts and Difficulties in respect thereof, be it further enacted and declared, That it shall be lawful for One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, as he shall see Occasion, so order any Person committed to any Gaol or other Prison on any Charge of High Treason, Subsidies of High Treason, or Transferrable Felony, either before or after Indictment found, to be conveyed to and detained in any other Gaol or other Prison, and discharged by due Course of Law, and to issue all Warrants necessary for such Purposes: Provided always nevertheless, that no Person who shall be removed by any such Warrant as aforesaid shall be by means of such Removal deprived of such Right to be tried or discharged, as such Person would by Law have been entitled to if not so removed; and in every Case in which any such Person would have been entitled to have been tried or discharged if such Person had continued in the Gaol or Prison to which such Person was before committed, it shall be lawful for such Person so apply to be bailed or discharged in the same Manner as such Person might have done if such Person had remained in the Gaol or Prison to which such Person was before committed as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. IV.

An Act to extend the Privileges of the Trade of *Gibraltar*.

[4th March 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to extend to the Port of *Gibraltar* all the Privileges which were granted to the Trade of *Malta* by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to regulate the Trade between Malta and its Dependencies and His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in America; and also between Malta and the United Kingdom*; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the Trade between *Gibraltar* and His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in America, and also between *Gibraltar* and the United Kingdom, shall and may be carried on in like manner and under the like Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, and subject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures, as are provided by the said recited Act with respect to *Malta* and His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in America, and also between *Malta* and the United Kingdom, as if the same were particularly and expressly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act; any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. V.

An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff in Great Britain; and on Persons, Offices and Personal Estates, in England; and for receiving the Contributions of Persons receiving Pensions and holding Offices, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

[4th March 1817.]

[This Act is the same as 56 G. 3. c. 3. except as to Dates, and as to the Sections that are here retained.]

XXXVIII. And Whereas His Royal Highness The Prince Regent has been graciously pleased to direct certain Sums to be contributed and paid, from the Civil List Revenue, in aid of the Public Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen. And Whereas many Persons holding Offices and Places in His Majesty's Service, and others having or holding Pensions or other Emoluments derived from the Public, are desirous of contributing Proportions of their respective Official Incomes, Salaries, Pensions or other Emoluments, for the same Purpose: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them, or for the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, to give such Directions, for One Year, commencing the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, to the Officers of the Exchequer, and of the several Departments of the Civil List of Great Britain respectively, as may be necessary for giving Effect to the most Gracious Intention of His Royal Highness in such Contributions, and for executing the Intentions of such other Persons as aforesaid; and no Deduction shall be made, or Fee, Emolument, or Allowance taken, by any Person retaining, receiving, or paying any such Contributions as aforesaid.

XL. And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the manner therein shewed, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain, as a Land Tax for One Year from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight*, it was enacted, that the several Duties imposed on Sugar by Three Acts of the Twenty seventh, Thirty fourth and Thirty seventh Years of the Reign of his present

Secretary of State may order Persons committed for High Treason, &c. to be removed to any other Gaol: Persons so removed are to be deprived of Rights to be tried or discharged

Continuance of Act, Act altered, in this Session.

15 G. 3. c. 20

The Trade of Gibraltar to be carried on as the Trade of Malta under recited Act.

Empowering the Lords of the Treasury to attach the Royal Highness The Prince Regent's and other Peers' Incomes, towards the Public Service.

• His Majesty, on Salt, by an Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff, by an Act made in the Twenty ninth year of the Reign of His present Majesty, should continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and sixty-nine and no longer, but should from thenceforth cease and determine, unless the same should be specially continued by Parliament; which said several Duties were by an Act made and passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty's Duty on Profane, Office, and Profane Editions, on English, Welsh, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and certain Duties on Sugar, Salt, Tobacco and Snuff, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty-nine*, further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred; and which, by several subsequent Acts, were further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*; and by one other Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandises imported into Great Britain from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*; and to establish further Regulations for the better Security of the Revenue on Goods so imported; and to alter the Periods for making up and paying certain Accounts of the said Company to Parliament; it continues in force until the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; the said several Duties on Sugar imported from the East Indies were repealed, and other Duties granted on Sugar so imported in lieu thereof: And Whereas by another Act, passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Excise payable on Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*, certain of the said Duties on Licences to be taken out by Dealers in Tobacco and Snuff, and certain Duties on Tobacco, were repealed, and other Duties granted in lieu thereof: And Whereas the said Duties on Sugar, and the said Duties on Salt, Tobacco and Snuff, together with the said Duties relating to Licences and Tobacco, were further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: Be it further enacted, That the said several Duties on Sugar, Salt, Tobacco and Snuff, and the said Act granting and continuing the same, and all the Provisions thereof, shall be and the same are hereby severally and respectively further continued from and after the Expiration of the Time limited as aforesaid until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and all the Moneys arising thereby, which shall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, shall be entered separate and distinct from all other Moneys paid and payable to His Majesty.

The Duties on Sugar, Salt and Tobacco, further continued.

Moneys paid into the Exchequer under this Act to be entered separate from other Payments.

Exchequer Bills to be charged upon the Rates and Duties granted by this Act.

Surplus Moneys to be carried to Consolidated Fund.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Whitehall*, one Book of Receipts, in which all the Moneys that shall be paid into the Exchequer at *Whitehall* for the said Rates and Duties hereby granted on Sugar, Salt, Tobacco and Snuff, and also the Rates and Allowances hereby granted on Profane Editions, and on Offices and Employments of Profit, Pensions, Annuities and Stipends, and all Sums contributed and paid from His Majesty's Civil List Revenue, and all voluntary Contributions heretofore mentioned, shall be entered and registered apart and distinct from all other Moneys paid and payable to His Majesty.

XLVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, together with the Interest that may become due thereon, and the Charges of exchanging and circulating the same, shall be and the same are hereby made chargeable and charged upon the Rates, Duties and Allowances granted by this Act; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, and they are hereby authorized, from time to time to do with to be paid to the said Paymasters by way of Interest, and upon Account, such Sums of Money, and at such Periods as the said Commissioners shall think necessary, for or towards paying off and discharging the Exchequer Bills which shall have been made forth by virtue of this Act, or any of them, and for and towards paying the Interest to become due on the said Bills, and for and towards the Charge of exchanging and circulating the same Bills or any of them.

LI. And be it further enacted, That the Surplus of the Moneys arising from the Rates, Duties and Allowances granted and imposed by this Act, and all Sums contributed and paid from His Majesty's Civil List Revenue, and all voluntary Contributions, after paying off and satisfying all the Exchequer Bills raised by virtue of this Act, together with the Interest that may become due thereon, and the Charges of exchanging and circulating the same, shall, as the Surplus of any such Moneys respectively shall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer at *Whitehall*, be carried to and made part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

C A P. VI.

An Act to make perpetual certain Parts of an Act of the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the Safety and Preservation of His Majesty's Person and Government against Treasonable and Seditious Practices and Attempts; and for the Safety and Preservation of the Person of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent against Treasonable Practices and Attempts.

[17th March 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the Safety and Preservation of His Majesty's Person and Government against Treasonable and Seditious Practices and Attempts*, it was amongst other Things enacted, that if any Person or Persons

whatsoever,

whenever, after the Day of the passing of that Act, during the natural Life of His Majesty, and until the End of the next Session of Parliament after the Death of the Crown, should, without the Realm or without, compass, imagine, invent, devise or intend Death or Destruction, or any bodily Harm tending to Death or Destruction, Maim or Wounding, Imprisonment or Restriction of the Person of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or to deprive or depate His or them from the title, Honour or Kingly Name of the Imperial Crown of the Realm, or of any other of His Majesty's Dominions or Countries, or to levy War against His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, within the Realm, in order by Force or Constraint to compel His or them to change His or their Religion or Councils, or in order to put any Force or Constraint upon or to intimidate or overthrow such Heirs or either House of Parliament, or to name as His any Foreigner or Stranger with Force to invade the Realm or any other His Majesty's Dominions or Countries under the Obedience of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and such Compellings, Inaugurations, Inventions, Devices or Intentions, or any of them, should expressly, utter or declare, by publishing any Printing or Writing, or by any overt Act or Deed, being legally convicted thereof upon the Oaths of Two lawful and credible Witnesses upon Trial, or otherwise convicted or attainted by due Course of Law, then every such Person and Persons so as aforesaid offending should be deemed, declared and adjudged to be a Traitor and Traitors, and should suffer Pains of Death, and also life and forfeit as in cases of High Treason: And Whereas it is necessary and expedient that such of the Provisions of the said Act as would expire at the End of the next Session of Parliament after the Death of the Crown should be further continued and made perpetual: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every the heretofore recited Provisions which relate to the Heirs and Successors of His Majesty, the Sovereigns of their Realm, shall be and the same are hereby made perpetual.

The said Provisions made perpetual.

II. And Whereas, in consequence of the daring Offences offered to the Person of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the Exercise and Administration of the Royal Power and Authority to the Crown of these Kingdoms belonging, in His Passage to and from the Parliament, at the Opening of this present Session, it is expedient, for the Security and Preservation of the Person of the same His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, to extend certain of the Provisions of the said Act: Be it therefore enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever, after the Day of passing this Act, during the Period in which His Royal Highness The Prince Regent shall remain in the Personal Exercise of the Royal Authority, shall, within the Realm or without, compass, imagine, invent, devise or intend Death or Destruction, or any bodily Harm tending to Death or Destruction, Maim or Wounding, Imprisonment or Restriction, of the Person of the same His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, and such Compellings, Inaugurations, Inventions, Devices or Intentions, or any of them, shall expressly, utter or declare, by publishing any Printing or Writing, or by any overt Act or Deed, being legally convicted thereof upon the Oaths of Two lawful and credible Witnesses upon Trial, or otherwise convicted or attainted by due Course of Law, then every such Person and Persons so as aforesaid offending shall be deemed, declared and adjudged to be a Traitor and Traitors, and shall suffer Pains of Death, and also life and forfeit as in cases of High Treason.

Committee, &c. for Death, Banishment, &c. of The Prince Regent, and extending the same by Printing, &c.

High Treason.

III. And Whereas it is expedient to extend the Provisions of a certain Act passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating Trials for High Treason and Misprision of Treason in certain cases*: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all and every the Clauses, Provisions and Regulations in the said Act contained shall remain and be deemed, where and confirmed to extend, to all and every case of High Treason in compassing or imagining the Death of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, and Misprision of such Treason, where the overt Act or overt Acts which shall be alleged in the Indictment for such Offence shall be a Substitution or Killing of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, or any direct Attempt against his Life, or any direct Attempt against His Person whereby His Life may be endangered or His Person may suffer bodily Harm.

Extending Provisions of 36 G. 3. c. 19. & 40 G. 3. c. 93. to His Royal Highness The Prince Regent.

IV. Provided, and be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons that shall at any Time be accused, or indicted or preferred for any Offence made or declared to be High Treason by this Act, shall be entitled to the Benefit of the Act made in the Seventh Year of His late Majesty King William the Third, intitled *An Act for regulating of Trials in Cases of Treason and Misprision of Treason*; and also to the Provisions made by another Act, passed in the Seventh Year of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for improving the Union of the Two Kingdoms*; and also except in Cases of High Treason in compassing or imagining the Death of any Heir or Successor of His Majesty, or the Death of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, and of Misprision of such Treason, where the overt Act or overt Acts of such Treason which shall be alleged in the Indictment for such Offence shall be a Substitution or Killing of any Heir or Successor of His Majesty, or a Substitution or Killing of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, or any direct Attempt against the Life of any Heir or Successor of His Majesty, or any direct Attempt against the Life of the Prince Regent, or any direct Attempt against the Person of any Heir or Successor of His Majesty, or against the Person of the Prince Regent, whereby the Life of such Heir or Successor, or the Life of the Prince Regent, may be endangered, or the Person of such Heir or Successor, or of The Prince Regent, may suffer bodily Harm.

Benefit reserved of High Treason committed in the Realm: 1 J. & 1 W. c. 1. & 1 A. & 1 C. 1. except in Cases herein mentioned.

V. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent or affect any Publication, by Information or Indictment, to which any Person or Persons would have been or would be liable if this Act had not been enacted, for any Offence within the Provisions of this Act, unless the Party shall have been first prefaced under this Act.

Proviso for Publication by Information or Indictment, to which Persons would be liable if the Act had not passed.

VI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That the Statute of the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to alter the Punishment in certain Cases of High Treason*, shall have the same Effect as to Con-

tempts and Intentions

enacted in the Acts and Judgments to be pronounced and awarded under this Act, as if this Act had been made and passed before the said Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign.

C A P. VII.

An Act to revive and make perpetual Two Acts of the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty, the one in the Parliament of Great Britain, and the other in the Parliament of Ireland, for the better Prevention and Punishment of Attempts to seduce Persons serving in His Majesty's Forces by Sea or Land from their Duty and Allegiance to His Majesty, or to incite them to Mutiny or Disobedience. [17th March 1817.]

27 G. 3 c. 78.
G. 3. and
27 G. 3. I.

revived and
made perpetual.

WHEREAS Two Acts were passed in the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the one in the Parliament of Great Britain, the other in the Parliament of Ireland, each of them being intitled *An Act for the better Prevention and Punishment of Attempts to seduce Persons serving in His Majesty's Forces, by Sea or Land, from their Duty and Allegiance to His Majesty, or to incite them to Mutiny or Disobedience*: And Whereas the said Acts were afterwards continued, but are now expired; and it is expedient and necessary that the same should be revived and made perpetual: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said heretofore mentioned Acts of the Thirty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, and all and every the Clauses, Powers, Provisions and Provisions therein contained, save the Clauses or Provisions therein respectively contained limiting the Continuance of the said Acts respectively, shall be and the same are hereby revived and made perpetual.

C A P. VIII.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty, an Act of the Fifty second Year of his present Majesty, to regulate the Separation of damaged from sound Coffee, and to permit dealers to send out any Quantity of Coffee not exceeding Eight Pounds Weight without Permit. [17th March 1817.]

11 G. 3 c. 149.

further con-
tinued.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty intitled *An Act to regulate the Separation of damaged from sound Coffee, and to permit Dealers to send out any Quantity of Coffee not exceeding Eight Pounds Weight without Permit, until the End of Two Years from the passing of the Act*: And Whereas the said Act was by an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty continued in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen: And Whereas it is expedient that the said first mentioned Act should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said first mentioned Act shall be and the same is hereby further continued until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

C A P. IX.

An Act for vesting all Estates and Property occupied for the Barrack Service in the Comptroller of the Barrack Department, and for granting certain Powers to the said Comptroller. [17th March 1817.]

41 G. 3 c. 89.

48 G. 3 c. 124.

48 G. 3 c. 90.

Powers vested in Comptroller for the Affairs of Barracks, under 1803 Act, and all

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for vesting in the Barrack Master General for the Time being Estates held or occupied for the Barrack Service, and authorizing him to sell the same, with the Consent of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury*: And Whereas another Act passed in the forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for vesting all Estates and Property occupied for the Barrack Service in the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barracks, and for granting certain Powers to the said Commissioners*: And Whereas another Act passed in the last Forty eighth Year aforesaid, intitled *An Act to enable the Commissioners for auditing Public Accounts, and the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barracks respectively, to find and receive Letters and Papers in the Bureaux of their Offices, free of Payage*: And Whereas the Affairs of the Barrack Department are now under the Management of a Comptroller of the Barrack Department, appointed for that purpose by His Majesty, and it is therefore necessary that all Messengers, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments which were by the said Act or have since become vested in the said Commissioners, and all other Messengers, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments in any manner used and occupied for the Service of the Barrack Department, should be vested in the said Comptroller, and that the said Comptroller should be enabled to maintain and defend Actions and Suits in relation to all Contracts made for the Service of the Barrack Department, or in any manner relating thereto: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That immediately from and after the passing of this Act all Messengers, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments which were by the said Act vested in the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barracks for the time being, and all Messengers, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments which have since been purchased or taken or are in any manner now held by any Person or Persons whatever in Trust for or for the Use of His Majesty, His

Heirs

Heirs and Successors, for the Service of the Barrack Department, either in Fee or for any Lives, or any Term of Years of any other or better Interest, and all Erections and Buildings which now are or which shall be hereafter erected and built thereon, together with the Rights, Members, Endowments and Appurtenances to the same respectively belonging, (other than and except such Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments as may be of Copyhold Tenure,) and from and after the Purchase and Conveyance, Grant or Demise thereof, all other Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments which shall at any time or times hereafter be purchased by the Comptroller of the Barrack Department for the time being, or by any other Person or Persons by his Order, for the Service of the Barrack Department, and all Erections and Buildings which now are or which shall hereafter be erected and built thereon, with the Rights, Members, Endowments and Appurtenances to the same respectively belonging, shall be and become, and remain and continue vested in the Comptroller of the Barrack Department for the time being, and his Successor in the said Office, according to the Nature and Quality and Estate and Interest of, and in the said Hereditaments and Premises respectively; and that upon the Death, Relinquence or Removal of the present Comptroller, or of any future Comptroller or Comptrollers, all such Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments respectively (other than and except as aforesaid) shall become vested in and be held by the succeeding Comptroller, and so in perpetual Succession according to the Nature and Quality and Estate and Interest of and in the same respectively, in Trust for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for the Service of the Barrack Department, or for such other Public Service or Services as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall from time to time be pleased to direct: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to velt the said Premises upon other terms, with respect to former Proprietors, than those as which the same are now vested in the Person or Persons holding the same in Trust for His Majesty.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Comptroller for the time being, with the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them, (such Consent and Approbation to be certified by One of the Secretaries to the said Commissioners by Writing under his Hand,) to sell, or in any manner to dispose of, or let or demise any of the Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments which shall be vested in the said Comptroller for the time being, with their respective Appurtenances, either by public Auction or private Contract; and in due form of law, to convey, assign and make over the same to any Person or Persons who shall be willing to purchase or take the same respectively; and also to do any other Act, Matter or Thing, in relation to any such Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, which shall be deemed beneficial by the said Comptroller and the said Commissioners to the Public Service, in relation thereto or for the better management thereof, which might be done by any Person having a like Interest in Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments; and so Contracts, Assignments and Conveyances, in Law or Equity, heretofore made by the said Commissioners for Affairs of Barracks, shall be deemed lawful, or be in any manner impeded by reason of no Offer having been first made to any Person having adjoining Lands, or of whom the same were first purchased; any thing in the said recited Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Monies to arise and be produced by the Sale of any of the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments which shall be sold under the Provisions of the said recited Act, shall be paid by the respective Purchaser or Purchasers thereof into the Bank of England, and shall be there placed to the Account of the Comptroller of the Barrack Department for the time being, or to such other Account in the Bank of England as the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall direct; and the Receipt of any One of the Cashiers of the Bank of England for such Monies shall effectually discharge the Purchaser or Purchasers by whom or on whose Account the same shall be paid into the Bank of England.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Comptroller of the Barrack Department for the time being, and he is hereby authorized and empowered, to bring, prosecute, maintain or defend any Action or Suit in respect of or in relation to any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments by this Act vested in him as aforesaid, or of any Temporal committed thereto, or Damage or Injury done thereto, and also in respect of or in relation to any Furniture, Stoves or other Articles, Matters or Things, or any Goods or Chattels whatever belonging to the Barrack Department, or in the Custody or Charge of or sold by any Officer of the Barrack Department or Person employed therein, and also for the Breach or Non Performance of any Contract or Agreement, or of any Covenant therein, or for any Matter or Thing in respect of or in relation to any Contract or Agreement made by any Person or Persons whatever for the Service of the Barrack Department, or any other Matter or Thing relating to any of the Affairs under the Management or Control of the said Comptroller; and in every such Action or Suit, the said Comptroller for the time being shall be called "The Comptroller of the Barrack Department," without naming him; and so such Suit or Proceeding commenced before the passing of this Act by the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barracks, shall abate, but shall and may after the passing thereof be carried on and proceeded in by or in the Name of the said Comptroller, as he may deem fit; and so such Suit or Proceeding heretofore commenced shall abate by the Death, Relinquence, or Removal of such Comptroller, any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament or Law or Laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Accounts, or other Matters or Things relating to any Buildings or other Subjects or Transactions under the Management of the Comptroller of the Barrack Department, shall be to be verified by any Oath or Affidavit of any Person or Persons, it shall be lawful for the said Comptroller of the Barrack Department, the Deputy Comptroller of the Barrack Department, or any Assistant Inspector General of Barracks, or for any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, to administer an Oath and take an Affidavit in that behalf.

Messuages, &c. first purchased, or which may be purchased for the Barrack Department, shall be vested in the Comptroller of the Barrack Department.

but no the same Tenure as they are now held in Trust for His Majesty.

Comptroller, with Consent of the Treasury, may sell Premises.

and to do any other Act in relation to the Premises that shall be deemed beneficial for the Public Service.

Purchaser may pay into the Bank.

Receipt of Cashier to be a Discharge.

Comptroller may bring and defend Act suit.

New Comptroller to be styled as such Actions.

Comptroller may administer Oaths.

On Comptroller
quitting Office,
Money Shewing
in his Name to
be added to new
Comptroller—
Letters and
Packets to
Comptroller of
the Bank of
England, or
any by him or
Deputy, to be
sent by Post.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys which shall at any time hereafter stand or remain at the time of the Death or Resignation or quitting of Office of any Comptroller of the Bank of England, in the Name of such Comptroller, shall forthwith vest in the Comptroller for the time being; and from and after the Appointment of another Comptroller, all such Money shall forthwith vest in such Comptroller; and in from time to time in Succession.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Letters and Packets addressed to the Comptroller of the Bank of England respectively for the time being, upon any Business or Affairs relating to the Duties of the Office of the said Comptroller, shall be free from the Duty of Postage; and also that all Letters and Packets sent by the Comptroller of the Bank of England, or the Deputy Comptroller for the time being respectively, upon any Business or Affairs relating to any of the Duties of the Bank of England respectively, in manner and form hereafter directed, shall be sent free from the said Duty of Postage; and all such Letters and Packets respectively shall be under Cover, with the Words "Pursuant to Act of Parliament," and "Bank of England," printed upon the same; and the Comptroller or his Deputy, or some Person to be nominated from time to time for that purpose by such Comptroller, and whose Appointment for that purpose shall be transmitted to the Post Office, shall write his Name under the same; and every such Letter and such is hereby expressly prohibited from enclosing or directing under such Cover any Writing, Paper, or Parcel whatever, excepting such as relate to the Duties of the said Office.

Shewing any
Using money
Cover not refer-
able to the Duties
of the Office,
Penalty shall

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Comptroller or Deputy or Clerk as aforesaid respectively shall presume to send or convey under any of the Covers aforesaid any Writing, Paper, or Parcel other than those relating to the Duties of the Department, he shall, for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit by any Person or Persons by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, whereas an Oath, Perjury, Persecution, Wager of Law or more than one Imparison shall be allowed; one Moiety of which Penalty shall go to the Person who shall sue for the same, and the other Moiety thereof to and for the Use of His Majesty.

Before Printed
for any years
for Enfranchisement
and for
Sale of Lands

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Bodies Politic or Corporate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, and all Persons or Trustees for charitable or other public Purposes, and for all Tenants for Life and Tenants at Tail, and for the Heiresses, Guardians, Trustees, Commutors, Curators or Attorneys, or such of the Owners or Proprietors of or Persons interested in any Lands or Hereditaments which have been taken or are now or which may hereafter be held by His Majesty, or by any Person in Trust for His Majesty, or in Trust for the Public Service, as shall be Femes Coverd, Infants, Lunatics, Idiots or Persons beyond the Seas, or otherwise incapable of acting for themselves, to contract and agree with such Comptroller or other Person or Persons authorized by him, either for the absolute Sale of any such Lands or Hereditaments, or for the Enfranchisement of any Copyhold, or Sale of any Reversion after any Estate or Estates for Lives, or for the Grant of any Lease, either for any Term of Years certain therein, or for such Period as the Emergency of the Public Service shall require, and in conformity, surrender, demise or grant the same accordingly; and all such Contracts, Sales, Conveyances, Enfranchisements, Surrenders, Leases and Agreements shall be valid and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Such Contracts,
Be valid

X. And be it further enacted, That in every such Sale of Purchase of any Lands or Hereditaments, or of any such Reversion as aforesaid, or of the Enfranchisement of any Copyhold, or Purchase of any other Interest belonging to any such Body or other Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity, or not having the absolute Interest therein, the same shall be paid into the Hands or into the Name of the Deputy of the King's Remembrancer of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster, Edinburgh, or Dublin respectively, for the time being, for the Use and Benefit of the Owners and Proprietors of such Lands and Hereditaments, who is hereby authorized and required to receive or accept and to give a Discharge for the same, and upon the Acceptance or Receipt thereof to sign a Certificate to the Barons or Judges of the said Courts of Exchequer respectively under his Hand, purporting and signifying that such Money or other Consideration was received or accepted by and paid to him in pursuance of this Act, for the Use and Benefit of such Owners or Proprietors who shall be named and described in such Certificate; and the said Certificate shall be filed or deposited in the said Court of Exchequer at Westminster, Edinburgh, or Dublin respectively; and a true Copy thereof, signed by the Deputy Remembrancer of such Court, shall and may be read and allowed as Evidence for the Purposes hereinafter mentioned; and the said Deputy Remembrancer is hereby required, upon Receipt of any such Sum or Sums of Money as aforesaid, to pay the same into the Bank of England, or Bank of Scotland or Royal Bank of Ireland, or Bank of Ireland, as the Case may require; and immediately upon the filing or depositing of such Certificate the said Lands or Hereditaments shall be and become vested in the said Comptroller or other Person for the Public Service, to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

Copy of Certificate
to be paid to
Deputy Remem-
brancer of
Court of Exchequer
for Owners of Lands,
Be, and to be
certified to the
Exchequer.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Barons or Judges of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster, Edinburgh or Dublin, of the Degree of the Great, for the time being respectively, or any one or more of them, shall be and they are hereby authorized and empowered in a summary way, upon Motion or by Petition for and on behalf of any Person or Persons interested in or entitled to the Benefit of the Money so paid to and received by the Deputy Remembrancer, or the Interest or Produce thereof, and upon reading the Certificate directed to be signed by the said Deputy Remembrancer concerning the same as aforesaid, and receiving such further Satisfaction as they shall think necessary to make and procure such Orders and Directions for paying the said Money or any Part of the same, or for placing out such Part thereof as shall be Principal in the Public Funds, or upon Government or Real Securities, or for Payment of the Dividends or Interest thereof, or any Part thereof, to the respective Persons entitled to receive the same, or for laying out the Principal or any Part thereof in the Purchase of other Lands or Hereditaments, to be conveyed and settled to, for

One of the Barons
or Judges of the
Court of Exchequer
may give Directions
as to the Applica-
tion of the
Money on Peti-
tion or Motion.

and upon the same Uses, Trusts, Interests and Purposes as the said Lands and Hereditaments so taken stood settled at the time of the Payment of such Money as aforesaid, as near as the same can be done, or otherwise concerning the disposing of the said Money or any Part thereof, and the Interest of the same or any Part thereof, for the Benefit of the Person and Persons entitled to and interested in the same respectively, or for appointing any Person or Persons to be Trustee or Trustees for all or any of such Purposes, as the said Court shall think just and reasonable.

XII. And be it further enacted, That upon the Death or Removal of any such Deputy Remembrancer, all Bonds and Securities willed in him by virtue of this Act shall vest in the succeeding Deputy Remembrancer, for the Purposes herebefore mentioned, without any Assignment or Transfer; and all Monies paid into the said Banks respectively in pursuance of this Act, or remaining in the Hands of any Deputy Remembrancer at his Death or Removal, and not willed in the Funds, or placed out on Securities as aforesaid, shall be paid over to the succeeding Deputy Remembrancer for the time being.

XIII. And be it further enacted and declared, That if in any case the King's Remembrancer shall exercise the said Office in Person, then and in such case the several Trusts, Powers and Authorities by this Act willed in the said Deputy Remembrancer and his Successors, shall, during such time as no Deputy Remembrancer shall be appointed, be willed in and be executed by the said King's Remembrancer for the time being.

C A P. X.

An Act to regulate the Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to certain of His Majesty's Colonies in North America.

[17th March 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Plantations and Settlements abroad or to Foreign Parts, with respect to the Number of such Passengers, certain Regulations were made with respect to the Number of Passengers to be conveyed on board British and Foreign Vessels, from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Colonies abroad, and to Foreign Countries; And Whereas it is expedient to make special Regulations with respect to the Conveyance of Passengers to certain of His Majesty's Colonies in North America; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act nothing in the aforesaid Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty shall be deemed or taken to apply to any British Ship or Vessel carrying Passengers to the Provinces of Upper or Lower Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Cape Breton, or Prince Edward's Island; any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding.*

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act no Ship or Vessel shall sail with Passengers from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom to any Port or Place in Upper or Lower Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Cape Breton, or Prince Edward's Island, unless the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of every such Ship or Vessel, and the Owner or Owners thereof, shall, before the sailing of such Ship or Vessel from any Port or Place as aforesaid, enter into Security by Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in the Penalty of Five hundred Pounds, with Condition that there shall not be taken on board any such Ship or Vessel any more such Passengers than are hereinafter permitted and allowed, and that every Passenger, if alive, shall be landed at the Port or Place to which such Passengers shall have contracted to be conveyed; which Bond shall be taken by and deposited with the Collector and Comptroller or other Principal Officer of His Majesty's Customs at the Port from which such Ship or Vessel shall sail; and the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, previous to his leaving the said Port, shall and is hereby required to deliver to the said Collector and Comptroller or other Principal Officer of His Majesty's Customs at the said Port, a List containing the Number of the said Passengers, with their Names, Ages, and Descriptions, and the Places to which they are to be respectively conveyed, for the Purpose of being registered at such Port, together with a Copy of the same, which Copy shall be certified by the said Officers as being correct and true, and delivered to the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, to be by him kept on board the said Vessel and subject to the Inspection of any of His Majesty's Ships of War or Vessels in the Service of His Majesty's Customs or Coast during his Voyage to the aforesaid Colonies; and upon the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel at either of the aforesaid Colonies the said Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel shall deliver the aforesaid Copy of the List to the Governor of such Place or other Person acting for him, or to the Naval Officer or Chief Officer of the Customs at the Port of Arrival, or to the nearest Justice of the Peace, who shall be required to examine the Passengers within Twenty four Hours after their Arrival; and no such Passenger as aforesaid shall be allowed to land until such List is compared with the Passengers by the Governor or other Person acting for him, or some Person authorized by either of them for that Purpose.

III. And be it further enacted, That if the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel shall take or have on board his Ship or Vessel, or if the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel shall engage to take on board, more Persons than the Number allowed, they shall respectively forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds for each Person so taken or engaged to be taken on board.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Ship or Vessel from any Place in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or from Guernsey, and Jersey, to carry to any Port or Place in Upper or Lower Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Cape Breton, or Prince Edward's Island, a greater Number of Passengers than is the Proportion of One adult Person on of

On Board or Removal of the Persons to carry Monies to the said Colonies.

To be presented by the Secretary of State to the King, to be signed by the Secretary of State, and to be countersigned by the Secretary of State.

45 C. 9, 10.

Not to apply to British Vessels carrying Passengers to Canada, &c.

No Vessel shall sail to Canada, &c. unless the Master enter into Bond that there shall not be taken on board more Passengers than by this Act allowed, &c.

List of Passengers to be delivered to master before departure.

And a Copy thereof to be certified by Officers of Customs, and delivered to the Master, to be kept by him for the Inspection of Ships of War, &c.

Take more Passengers than allowed, &c.

Passenger to be applied to by the Secretary of State.

New Tonnage
of Vessels to be
taken.

Three Children under Fourteen Years of Age for every One Ton and a Half of the Burthen of each Ship or Vessel; and every such Ship and Vessel shall be taken to be of such Tonnage or Burthen as is defined and set forth in the respective Certificate of the Registry of each and every such Ship or Vessel granted in pursuance of the several Acts in force in Great Britain and Ireland respectively relating to such Certificates; and if any such Ship or Vessel shall be partly laden with Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, then it shall not be lawful for the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel to receive or take on board a greater Number of Persons than is the Proportion of One adult Person or of Three Children under Fourteen Years of Age for every One Ton and a Half of that Part of such Ship or Vessel remaining unladen.

Water and Provisions to be
supplied.

V. And be it further enacted, That every such Ship or Vessel shall be furnished at the time of her Departure to commence the Voyage with at least Twelve Weeks' Supply of good and wholesome Water, to as to furnish a Supply of Five Pints of Water per Day for every such Passenger exclusive of the Crew; and the said Supply of Water shall be stowed below the Deck; and every such Ship or Vessel shall also be furnished with such a Supply of Provisions as will afford an Allowance for every such Passenger, exclusive of the Crew, during the said Period of Twelve Weeks, of One Pound of Bread or Biscuit and One Pound of Beef or Three Quarters of a Pound of Pork per Day, and also Two Pounds of Flour, Three Pounds of Oatmeal, or Three Pounds of Peas or Pearl Barley, and Half a Pound of Butter Weekly; the Weekly Allowance to commence on the Day the Vessel puts to Sea.

Not giving out
Allowance of
Provisions,
Penalty 10l.
Absence of Act
to be applied to
the Vessel.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel failing to give out the Allowance of Provisions and Water herebefore specified shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful Money for each and every such Neglect and Omission.

VII. And be it further enacted, That an Abstract of this Act, stating the Number of Passengers allowed to be taken, and the Daily and Weekly Allowance of Water and Provisions, shall be exposed in some conspicuous Part of the Ship or Vessel to which the said Passengers have Recourse; in failure of which the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Penalty 10l.
Provisions to be
supplied and applied.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures to be incurred under this Act shall and may be recovered in a summary Way on the Oath of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses before any One or more of His Majesty's Justice or Justices of the Peace of any County, County of a City, Riding, Shire or Place in the United Kingdom, where such Ship or Vessel shall depart from or come to in or during such Voyages, or in a summary Way in any Court or Courts of Session having Jurisdiction in the Part or Place at which such Ship or Vessel shall arrive; and One Moiety of every Penalty to be recovered by virtue of this Act shall go and be applied to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Use of such Person or Persons as shall first sue for the same.

Penalty for Laws
for the Regula-
tion of Am-
bassadors leaving
the Kingdom.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal, alter or affect any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom now in force in the United Kingdom or within Great Britain or Ireland respectively, for the Regulation or Regulation of Ambassadors and others from or to going or passing from any Part of the United Kingdom to Parts beyond Sea, or to regulate the Ships or Vessels carrying or conveying such Ambassadors, or the Masters or Commanders or Persons having Charge of such Ships or Vessels; but that all such Laws, Usages and Customs shall remain in full Force and Effect to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had not been made.

C. A. P. XI.

An Act to facilitate the Progress of Business in the Court of King's Bench in *Windsor Hall*.

[17th March 1817.]

WHEREAS the Court of King's Bench at *Windsor*, by reason of the great Increase of Business therein, has of late been much occupied during Term in the adding and juddifying of Special Bails, whereby other Business of great public Concern has been much obstructed and delayed; and the same Inconvenience is likely still to continue unless some Remedy is provided for the same: And Whereas it would tend materially to remedy this Inconvenience if One of the Judges of the same Court should be enabled to sit and proceed, when Occasion should so require, upon the said Business of adding and juddifying Bails in some Place in or near to *Windsor Hall* other than the usual Place of Sitting for the whole Court, whilst others of the Judges of the same Court should proceed in the Dispatch of the other Business of the same Court in their ordinary Place of Sitting in *Windsor Hall*: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for any One of the Judges of the Court of King's Bench at *Windsor*, when Occasion shall so require, to sit apart from the other Judges of the same Court, in some Place in or near to *Windsor Hall*, for the Business of adding and juddifying Special Bails in Cases depending in the same Court, whilst others of the Judges of the same Court are at the same time proceeding in the Dispatch of the other Business of the same Court in Bank, in its usual Place of Sitting for that purpose in *Windsor Hall*; and that the Proceedings be had by and before such One of the Judges so sitting apart for these Purposes shall be as good and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were had before the Court assembled and sitting as usual in its ordinary Place of Sitting in *Windsor Hall*.

One of the
Judges of K. B.
may sit apart for
adding and juddi-
fying Special
Bails, whilst others
of the Judges
are sitting.

C A P. XII.

AN ACT for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarterns.

[21st March 1817.]

[This Act is the same as 56 G. 3. c. 10. except as to Dates, Numbers of Forces, &c. and the Sections that are here retained, and except as to its Schedule (N).]

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever any Sentence of Transportation passed by any Court Martial holden in the *East Indies*, or in *Saint Helena*, or in His Majesty's Settlements of the *Cape of Good Hope*, or in any Settlement occupied by His Majesty's Forces beyond the *Cape of Good Hope*, is to be carried into execution, or Mercy shall be extended to any Offender liable to the Punishment of Death by the Sentence of any such Court Martial, upon Condition of Transportation, the same shall be notified in Writing by the Officer commanding in Chief His Majesty's Forces in *India*, or in *Saint Helena*, or at the *Cape of Good Hope*, or in the Island of *Ceylon*, or at any other Foreign Settlement, Island, Territory, or Country belonging to His Majesty, within the Limits of the Charter of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, or in the Absence of the Officer commanding in Chief, then by the Adjutant General for the time being, to some Judge of One of the Supreme Courts of Judicature of the Presidencies of *Fort William*, *Fort Saint George*, or *Bombay*, or the Chief Justice or other Judge at the Island of *Ceylon* or the *Cape of Good Hope*, or any such other Settlement, Island, Territory, or Country respectively as aforesaid; and thereupon such Judge shall make an Order for the Transportation of such Offender upon the Terms and for the time which shall be specified in such Notification; and shall also make such other Order or Orders, and do all such other Acts consequent upon the same, as any such Judge is authorized to make or to do with respect to Offenders ordered to be transported by Sentence of the Criminal Courts in *India*; and the Governor and Council of such Presidency, or Governor of such Settlement, Island, Territory, or Country respectively, shall and they are hereby required to take Order for the Transportation of all such Offenders accordingly.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Officer, Non Commissioned Officer, or Soldier, who shall be arrested and committed to Prison upon a Charge of any Criminal Offence, shall receive any Part of his Pay from the Day of such Commitment till the Day of his Return to the Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment to which he shall belong, or which he shall be ordered to join; provided that if he shall be acquitted of the Offence for which he was committed, he shall upon his Return to his Corps be entitled to receive all Arrears of Pay which were growing due during the time of his Confinement; but if he shall be convicted he shall forfeit all Right to any Pay from the Day of his Commitment having the time of his Confinement as well under the original Commitment as under any Commitment consequent upon such Conviction, and until the Day of his Return to the Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment to which he shall belong, or which he shall be ordered to join: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War for the time being, or if in *Ireland* the Chief Secretary, or in his Absence the under Secretary for the Military Department, to order the Issue and Payment to any such Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, during any such Confinement or Imprisonment, or either of them, or any Part thereof, of the Pay of any such Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, or of any Proportion of such Pay, or of any Arrears thereof, either during such Confinement or Imprisonment, or after the Discharge of such Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, after Conviction, or otherwise, as shall appear to the Secretary at War, or if in *Ireland* to such Chief or Under Secretary as aforesaid, to be proper; and the Order of the Secretary at War, or such Chief or Under Secretary in *Ireland*, as the same may require, for the Payment of such Pay or Arrears, shall be a sufficient Discharge for such Payment.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any such General Courts Martial, by their Sentence or Judgment, to inflict Imprisonment, Solitary or otherwise, or Corporal Punishment, not extending to Life or Limb, as such Court shall think fit, on any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier for Immorality, Mischaviour, or Neglect of Duty, or to adjudge a Forfeiture of all Benefit or Advantage as to Increase of Pay, or as to Pension which might otherwise have accrued to such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier from the Length or Nature of his Service: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for any General Regimental Court Martial to award such Forfeiture of Benefit or Advantage as to Increase of Pay or as to Pension as aforesaid, except in cases of Desertion as before provided for.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all Trials by General Courts Martial to be held by virtue of this Act, every Member sitting at such Trial, before any Proceedings be had thereupon, shall take the following Oaths upon the Holy Evangelists, before the Judge Advocate, or his Deputy (who are hereby authorized to administer the same); that is to say,

"YOU shall well and truly try and determine, according to your Evidence in the Matter now before you.

"So help you GOD."

"I do swear, That I will duly administer Justice, according to the Rules and Articles for the better Government of His Majesty's Forces, and according to an Act of Parliament now in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and other Crimes therein mentioned, without Partiality, Favour or Affection; and if any Doubts shall arise, which is not explained by the said Articles, or Act of Parliament, according to my Conscience, the best of my Understanding, and the Custom of War in the like Cases: And I further swear, That I will not divulge the Sentence of the Court until it shall be approved by His Majesty, or by some Person duly authorized by His Majesty; neither will I, upon any account, at any time

Business of Transportation in *India*, &c. to be notified by the Officer commanding in Chief to some Judge of one of the Supreme Courts, who shall make Order for such Transportation.

Officers and Soldiers imprisoned upon a Charge of a Criminal Offence, shall forfeit Right to Pay during their Confinement, &c.

Power for Secretary in War, &c. to allow Pay during Imprisonment or other Discharge.

General Courts Martial may inflict Corporal Punishment or Imprisonment, &c. for Immorality, &c.

Officers to be sworn.

Oaths to be taken by all Members of a General Court Martial.

* whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unless
 * required to give Evidence thereof as a Witness, by a Court of Justice or a Court Martial, in a due Course of
 * Law. * So help me GOD.'

The Judge Ad-
 vocate to be
 sworn.

And so soon as the said Oath shall have been administered to the respective Members, the President of the
 Court is hereby authorized and required to administer to the Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as
 such, an Oath in the following Words:

The Oath.

'I do swear, That I will not upon any account, at any time whatsoever, disclose or dis-
 * cover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unless required to give Evi-
 * dence thereof, as a Witness, by a Court of Justice or a Court Martial, in a due Course of Law. * So help me GOD.'

In Sentence of
 Death, what
 Number of Offi-
 cers shall
 execute, &c.

And no Sentence of Death shall be given against any Offender in such Case by any General Court Martial, un-
 less Nine Officers present shall concur therein; (except such General Court Martial shall be holden in any
 Place beyond the Seas, out of His Majesty's Dominions, or out of any of the Settlements belonging to the
 United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or in Africa, or in New South Wales
 as aforesaid;) and in all cases where a Court Martial shall consist of more Officers than Twelve, and sit in
 any Place beyond the Seas out of His Majesty's Dominions, or out of any of the Settlements belonging to
 the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or in Africa, or in New South Wales
 as aforesaid, when the same shall consist of a lesser Number of Officers, then such Judgment shall pass by the
 Concurrence of Two thirds at the least of the Officers present; and no Proceeding or Trial shall be had upon
 any Offence, but between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Morning and Three in the Afternoon, ex-
 cept in cases which require an immediate Example; Provided also, that all Witnesses duly summoned by the
 Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as such, shall, during their necessary Attendance in such Courts,
 and in going to and returning from the same, be privileged from Arrest in like manner as Witnesses attending
 any of His Majesty's Courts of Law are privileged; and that if any such Witness shall be audaciously arrested, he
 shall be discharged from such Arrest by the Court out of which the Writ or Process issued by which
 such Witness was arrested; or if the Court out of which the Writ or Process issued be not sitting, then by any
 Judge of the Court of King's Bench in London or in Dublin, or Court of Session in Scotland, or Courts of
 Law in the West Indies, according as the case shall require, upon its being made appear to such Court or
 Judge, by affidavit in a summary Way, that such Witness was arrested in going to or returning from, or at-
 tending upon such Court Martial; and that all Witnesses so duly summoned as aforesaid, who shall not attend
 on such Courts, shall be liable to be attached in the Court of King's Bench in London or Dublin, or Court of
 Session or Sheriff's Deputy or Steward's Deputy, or their respective Substitutes, within their several Shires
 and Strathgairs, in Scotland, or Courts of Law in the West Indies respectively, upon Complaint made to the said
 Courts of King's Bench, or Court of Session in Scotland, or Courts of Law in the West Indies, in like man-
 ner as if such Witness had neglected to attend on a Trial in any Criminal Proceeding in that Court.

Hours of Trial.

Witnesses at-
 tending Courts
 Martial to be
 privileged from
 Arrest

Witnesses not
 attending liable
 to be attached

Offences be-
 yond Seas, &c.
 may be tried
 hereafter

XXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Soldier, or any other Person
 subject to the Provisions of this Act shall in any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas, or elsewhere
 beyond the Seas, commit any of the Offences for which he may be liable to be tried by Courts Martial by virtue
 of this Act, and shall after the Commission of any such Offence go or be sent to any other Station or Part of
 His Majesty's Dominions in the Course of Service abroad, or come or be brought into this Realm, or into
 Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark or Man, or the Islands thereto belonging, before he be tried by a Court
 Martial for such Offence, such Officer or Soldier or other Person shall be tried and punished for the same at
 such other Station or Part of His Majesty's Dominions, or within the Realm, or any such Island as aforesaid,
 as if the Offence had been committed where such Trial shall take place.

Licenses may be
 granted for keep-
 ing Canteens, by
 one Justice, &c.

Persons who may
 apply for such
 Licenses.

LII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace, or any Two
 Magistrates, within their respective Jurisdictions, to grant or transfer any License for selling Ale by Retail, or
 Cyder or Perry, to be drunk or consumed in any House or Houles or Premises where more Houles or Pre-
 mises than one shall be held together by the same Person or Persons as a Canteen, or any License to sell Spi-
 rituous Liquors, or Strong Waters, or Wine or Liquor by Retail, to any Person or Persons applying for the
 same, who shall hold any Canteen under any Lease thereof, or any Agreement or other Authority from any
 Two of the principal Officers of the Board of Ordnance, or from any Two of the late Commissioners for the
 Affairs of Burwick, or from the Comptroller or other proper Officer of the Burwick Department, without
 regard to the time of Year, or any Notions or Circumstances specified or required in relation to the applying for
 or granting any such Licenses, any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding;
 and it shall also be lawful for His Majesty's Commissioners of Excise in England, Ireland and Scotland respec-
 tively, or any Person appointed or employed by the said Commissioners in England or Ireland respectively
 in that behalf, or for any Collectors or Supervisors of Excise within their respective Districts, and they are
 hereby required to grant Licenses for selling Beer or Ale by Retail, or Cyder or Perry to be drunk or con-
 sumed in the Houses or Premises occupied as a Canteen of the Person or Persons applying for such License,
 or any License to sell Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters, or Wine or Liquors by Retail, to any such Per-
 son or Persons who shall hold any such Canteen under any such License or Transfer of any such License of any
 Justice or Magistrate as aforesaid; and it shall also be lawful for any Person or Persons holding any such Can-
 teen under any such Lease, Agreement, or Authority as aforesaid, and having such Licenses as aforesaid, to
 keep such Canteen, and to store and sell therein, and in the Premises thereto belonging, and not elsewhere,
 Victuals and all such excisable Liquors as he and they shall be licensed and empowered to sell under the Au-
 thority

Who a Justice
 of the Peace may
 grant a license
 for a canteen

theory and Possession of any such Excise License as aforesaid, without being subject to any Penalty or Forfeiture, any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That for the better and more regular Provision of Carriages for His Majesty's Forces in their Marches, or for their Arms, Clothes or Accommodations in England, Ireland and Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, all Justices of the Peace, within their several Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Stovers, Liberties, and Precincts, being daily required thereto by an Order from His Majesty, or the General of His Forces, or the Master General or Lieutenant General of His Majesty's Ordnance, if in England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, or by an Order from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, or from the Officers commanding His Majesty's Forces in Ireland, or other Persons duly authorized in that behalf, shall, as often as such Order is brought and shown unto One or more of such Justices by the Quartermaster, Adjutant, or other Officer or Non-Commissioned Officer of the Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company is ordered to march, issue out his or their Warrant or Warrants to the Constables or Petty Constables of, or to any Constable or Constables acting or having Authority to act in the Division, Riding, City, Liberty, Headed and Precinct, from, through, near or to which such Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company shall be ordered to march; requiring them to make such Provision of Carriages, and Horses or Oxen, with able Men to drive the same, as is mentioned in the said Warrant, allowing them sufficient time to always bear the Burthen; and specifying in such Warrant Carriages shall, by virtue of such Orders as aforesaid, be required to provide, also specifying the Number of Males between the Places, for which Number of Males only authorized to demand Payment, which shall not exceed the Order produced to the Magistrate, unless in case of pressing ever exceed Twenty-five Miles from the Place at which Carriages cannot be provided within any such Liberty, Division or Precinct, then the Justice or Justices of the Peace of the next adjoining County, Riding or Division shall, upon such Order as aforesaid being brought or shown to One or more of them by any of the Officers aforesaid, or Petty Constables of such next County, Riding, Liberty, Division or Precinct, as shall be most convenient for the Purposes aforesaid, according to their respective Jurisdictions, to make up such Deficiency; and the aforesaid Officer or Officers, who, by virtue of the aforesaid Warrant or Warrants thereto mentioned of the Constable or Petty Constable to whom the Warrant is directed, and are hereby required at the same time to pay down in Hand to the said Constable or Petty Constable, for the Use of the Person who shall provide such Carriages and Horses, the same hereinafter mentioned respectively, for which respective Sums to be received the said Constable or Petty Constable is hereby required to give a Receipt in Writing (which Receipt need not be stamped) to the Person or Persons paying the same; and such Constable or Petty Constable shall order and appoint such Person or Persons having Carriages within their respective Liberties, as they shall think proper, to provide and furnish such Carriages and Horses and Oxen and Men, according to the Warrant aforesaid, who are hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly; and no Person swearing or driving or causing to be driven any such Wagon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage shall be subject to any Penalty or Forfeiture, nor shall any such Wagon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage be stopped or detained by reason of any Weight or being drawn by any Number of Horses or Oxen, but it shall be lawful for any Owner of any such Wagon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, to put any additional Number of Horses or Oxen to those prescribed or paid for under this Act; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Highways or Turnpike Roads, or any particular Highway or Road, to the contrary notwithstanding; and if any Military Officer or Officers, for the Use of whole Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company the Carriage was provided, shall force and constrain any Wagon, Wain, Cart or Carriage to travel beyond the Distance specified in the Magistrate's Warrant, or shall not discharge the same in due time for their return Home on the same Day, if it be practicable, or shall suffer any Soldier or Servant (except such as are sick), or any Womans to ride in the Wagon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage aforesaid; or shall force any Constable or Petty Constable, by threatening or menacing Words, to provide Saddle Horses for themselves or Servants, or shall force Horses from the Owners, by themselves, Servants or Soldiers, every such Officer for every such Offence shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, Proof thereof being made upon Oath before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, who are to certify the same to the Secretary of War in England, or if in Ireland to the Chief Secretary, or in his Absence the Under Secretary for the Military Department, who is hereby authorized and required to give Orders for the Payment of the aforesaid Sum of Five Pounds, according to the Order and Appearance under the Hands and Seals of the aforesaid Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, and for deducting the same out of such Officer's Pay.

LXXXI. And Whereas it may sometimes become necessary, in case of Emergency, to provide proper and speedy Messes for the Carriage and Conveyance, not only of the Arms, Clothes, Accommodations, Tents, Baggage and other Equipage of and belonging to His Majesty's Forces in their Marches, but also of the Officers, Soldiers, Servants, Women, Children and other Persons of and belonging to such Forces: And Whereas it is expedient that Provisions should be made for enforcing prompt Obedience to such Orders as His Majesty or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor in Ireland may in such cases think fit to issue, in pursuance of the Powers by Law vested in him for the Advancement of the general Good and public Welfare of the Realm: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, or such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors in Ireland, by His or their Order, distinctly stating that such case of Emergency doth exist, signified by the Secretary at War, or if in Ireland, by the Chief Secretary, or in his Absence by the Under

For the providing Carriages for the Forces marching in England and Ireland.

Warrants to specify the Places to and from which the Carriages shall be required, and the Number of Males, &c.

Sums for Hires to be paid in Hand to the Constable.

No Penalty or Detention on account of Weight.

Officers forcing Waggon to travel beyond Magistrate's Warrant (penalty, &c.) or obliging to ride in the same, or to provide Saddle Horses, &c. to provide Saddle Horses, &c. Penalty 5*l*.

In case of Emergency, &c. Orders may be issued to the Magistrate for providing Carriages, Horses and Oxen, and able Men, &c. &c.

Under Secretary for the Military Department for the time being, to any General or Field Officer commanding His Majesty's Forces in any District or Place, or to the Agent for the Supply of Stores and Provisions at Home, or Person acting in that Capacity, to authorize such General or Field Officer or Agent as aforesaid or Person aforesaid, by Writing under his Hand, requiring such Order of His Majesty, or Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor aforesaid, to require all Justices of the Peace within their several Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Cities, Liberties and Precincts in England, Ireland, Wales and Towns of Burrows upon Tithes, to issue his or their Warrant or Warrants for any of the Purposes hereinafter mentioned; and such Justice or Justices shall, when and as often as such Requisition in Writing as aforesaid shall be brought and shown unto any One or more of such Justices, by the Quarter Master, Adjutant or other Officer of the Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company is ordered to be conveyed, or by any Officer in the Commissariat Department, to affix on his or their Warrant or Warrants to the Constables or Petty Constables of the County, Division, Riding, City, Liberty, Hundred and Precinct, from whence, near or to which such Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company shall be so ordered to be conveyed, requiring them to make such Provision, not only of Waggon, Wain, Cart and Car kept by or belonging to any Person or Persons, and for any Hie or Purpoze whatsoever, but also of Saddle Horses, Coaches, Chaises, and other Four wheeled Carriages usually let to Hire, or kept for that Purpoze; and also of Boats, Barges, and other Vessels fitted for the Carriage of Cones, Stones, Lime, Mazure, or of Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or any other Articles or Commodities whatsoever, upon any Canal or navigable River, with able Men and Horses to drive, navigate, and draw the same, as shall be mentioned in the said Warrant or Warrants, therein specifying the Place or Places to which such Horses, Carriages, Boats, Barges, or other Vessels and Men shall go and be conveyed, and allowing such Constables sufficient time to make such Provision, that the neighbouring Parts may not always bear the Burthen; and in case such sufficient Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges, or other Vessels and Men cannot be procured within any such County, Riding, Division, Hundred, City, Liberty or Precinct, then the said Justice or Justices at the Place of the next County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Precinct shall, upon such Requisition in Writing as aforesaid being brought or shewed to any One or more of them, by any of the Officers aforesaid, affix on or their Warrant or Warrants to the Constables or Petty Constables of such next County, Riding, City, Liberty, Division, Hundred or Precinct, for the Purposes aforesaid, to make up such Deficiency; and the aforesaid Officer or Officers who, by virtue of the aforesaid Warrant or Warrants from the Justice or Justices of the Peace, are to demand the Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges or other Vessels therein mentioned, of the Constable or Petty Constable to whom the said Warrant or Warrants shall be directed, is and are hereby required at the same time to pay down in hand to the said Constable or Petty Constable, for the Use of the Person or Persons who shall provide such Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, such reasonable Sum and Sums of Money as the said Justice or Justices shall see fit and by his or their said Warrant or Warrants ordered and directed, not exceeding the usual Rate and Hire of such and the like Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, according to the Length of the Journey or Voyage on each particular call, but making no Allowance for Post Horses Duty, or Turnpike, Canal, River or Lock Tolls (which Duty or Tolls are hereby declared not to be demandable or payable in cash and the like rates, for any such Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges and other Vessels, whilst employed in such Service, or returning thereunto); for which said respective Sum and Sums is received, the said Constable or Petty Constable is hereby required to give a Receipt in Writing (but without any Stamp) to the Person or Persons paying the same; and such Constable or Petty Constable shall order and appoint such Person or Persons having such Horses, Carriages, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, within their respective Liberties, as they shall think proper, to provide and furnish such Horses, Carriages, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, according to the Warrant or Warrants aforesaid, who are hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly; and it shall and may be lawful in such cases, to and for all and every Military Officer and Officers, for the Use of whom, or of whose Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company, such Horses, Carriages, Boats, Barges or other Vessels shall be provided, to such calls to carry and convey, and permit to be carried and conveyed, on the same respectively, not only the Arms, Cloaths, Accoutrements, Baggage, Trunks, and other Equipage of such Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company, but also the Officers, soldiers, Servants, Wives, Children and other Persons of and belonging to the same, say things herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding; but if any such Officer or Officers shall here and contain any Horse, Carriage, Boat, Barge or other Vessel in travel or proceed beyond the Distance or Place to be allowed and specified in such Warrant or Warrants, without the special Licence or Order of One or more of such Justice or Justices of the Peace in that behalf, and which Licence or Order One or more of such Justices is and are hereby authorized and required to give and make at his and their reasonable Discretion, every such Officer for every such Offence shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, Proof thereof being made upon Oath before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the same County, or Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Precinct, who are to certify the same to the Secretary at War, or if in Ireland to the Chief Secretary, or in his Absence the Under Secretary for the Military Department, who is hereby authorized and required to give Order for Payment of the aforesaid Sum of Five Pounds, according to the Order and Appointment under the Hands and Seals of the aforesaid Justice of the Peace of the same County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Precinct, and for deducting the same out of such Officer's Pay.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That the Number of Carriages to be allowed such Troop or Company in Ireland, shall be from time to time regulated by Order of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, in Proportion to the Establishment of such Troop or Company; and the same ordered to be advanced as aforesaid, for the Payment of the Carriage of Baggage by the Officer or Officers respectively, shall be to them repaid by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, without Fee or Reward, on Oath made by such Officer or Officers before one of His Majesty's Justices

Officers demand
ing them, to pay
in hand for
these Hie such
Sums to the
Justices shall
forth.

Constable is give
a Receipt with-
out Stamp, and
to order the
Horse, &c. to
be provided.

Military Officers
may convey on
them Arms,
Cloaths, Ac-
countrements,
Baggage, Equip-
age, and all the
Officers, Sol-
diers, Servants,
Wives, Child-
ren and other
Persons.
Officers during
Horses, &c. to
travel beyond
the Distance
specified in War-
rant without
Licence.
Penalty 5*l*.

Number of Car-
riages for each
Troop in Ireland
to be regulated
by the Lord
Lieutenant.

C A P. XIII.

An Act for the regulating of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore.

[21st March 1817.]

WHEREAS it may be necessary, for the Safety of the United Kingdom, and the Defence of the Possessions of the Crown of Great Britain and Ireland, that a Body of Royal Marine Forces should be employed in His Majesty's Fleet and Naval Service, under the Direction of the Lord High Admiral or Commanders for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland: And Whereas the said Royal Marine Forces may frequently be quartered on Shore, or sent to do Duty on board Transport Ships or Merchant Ships or Vessels, or Shipwrecked of His Majesty not being in Commission, whom they will not be subject to the Laws relating to the Government of His Majesty's Forces by Sea; yet nevertheless it being requisite, for the ensuring of such Forces in their Duty, that an exact Discipline be observed; and that Marines who shall mutiny or stir up Sedition, or shall desert His Majesty's Service, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punishment than the Law will allow: Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, if any Person being entered or in Pay as an Officer of Royal Marines, or who is or shall be hired or in Pay as a Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Man in any Division of Royal Marines in His Majesty's Service, and on the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall remain in such Service, or during the Continuance of this Act shall be voluntarily entered and in pay as a Marine Officer or Private Man in His Majesty's Service, and being ordered or employed in such Service at any time during the Continuance of this Act, on Shore in any Place within the said Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, or on board any Transport Ship or Merchant Ship or Vessel, shall begin, execute, or join in any Mutiny or Sedition in the Company to which he hath or shall belong, or in any other Company, Troop or Regiment, either of Marines or Land Forces, in His Majesty's Service; or shall not use his utmost Endeavours to suppress the same, or coming to the Knowledge of any such Mutiny or intended Mutiny, shall not, without Delay, give information thereof to His Commanding Officer; or shall desert His Majesty's Service; or being actually entered as a Marine in any Company, shall lift himself in any other Company, Troop or Regiment, or enter as a Soldier in His Majesty's Service, without first having a Discharge in Writing from the Officer commanding in Chief the Company in which he hath served as a Marine, in which case he shall be reputed a Deserter; or shall be found sleeping upon his Post; or shall leave it before ordered; or shall hold Correspondence with any Rebel or Enemy of His Majesty, or give them Advice or Intelligence of any Kind, by any ways or means, or in any manner whatsoever; or shall treat with such Rebels or Enemies, or enter into any Coalition with them, without His Majesty's Licence, or Licence of the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or Three or more of the Commanders for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being; or shall strike or use any violence against his Superior Officer being in the Execution of his Office; or shall disobey any lawful command of his Superior Officer; all and every Person and Persons so offending in any or either of the Matters before mentioned on Shore, in any Part of this Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, or on board any Transport Ship or Merchant Ship or Vessel, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be inflicted.

[This Act is to have effect as 56 G. 3. c. 11, except as to Dates, &c. and the Section that is retained.]

C A P. XIV.

An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the time limited for those purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and to permit such Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indemnities of Clerks to Attorneys and Solicitors to make and file the same on or before the First Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

[21st March 1817.]

[This Act is to have effect as 56 G. 3. c. 33, except as to Dates.]

C A P. XV.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an additional Bounty on the Exportation of the Silk Manufactures of Great Britain.

[21st March 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intended an Act for granting, during the Continuance of the present War and until the Month of June the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, an additional Bounty on the Exportation of the Silk Manufactures of Great Britain; which was continued by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That

After March 25, 1817, every Marine Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer and Private Man,

who shall mutiny or desert, &c.

or lift in any other Regiment, &c.

or shall be found sleeping on or shall desert his Post, &c.

or shall strike or disobey his Superior Officer; or shall desert, or such Punishment as a Court Martial shall inflict.

At G. 3. c. 110 continued

the said Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign shall be further continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

Act may be altered, &c. this Session.

C A P. XVI.

AN Act for raising the Sum of Eighteen Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen. [19th March 1817.]

" TREASURY may raise 18,000,000. by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 45 G. 3. c. 2.—§ 1.
 " The Chancellor, &c. as recited Act extended to this Act. § 2. Treasury to apply the Money raised. § 3.
 " Exchequer Bills payable on Demand for one Session. § 4. Interest not exceeding 1½ per Cent. per Annum. § 5. Exchequer Bills to be current as the Exchequer after April 5, 1818.—§ 6. Bank of England may advance 12,000,000. on Credit of A.B. notwithstanding § 26 W. & M. c. 2.—§ 7. Act may be altered, amended or repealed this Session. § 8.

C A P. XVII.

AN Act to repeal, during the Continuance of Peace, so much of an Act of the Ninth Year of His present Majesty as prohibits the Exportation of Pig and Bar Iron, and certain Naval Stores, unless the Prescription thereof be offered to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy.

[19th March 1817.]

" WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty intituled *An Act for discontinuing, upon the Exportation of Iron imported in Foreign Ships, the Drawback of such Part of the Duties payable thereon as exceeds the Duties payable upon Iron imported in British Ships; to provide the Exportation of Pig and Bar Iron, and certain Naval Stores, until the Prescription thereof be offered to the Commissioners of the Navy*, it is recited so much of an Act made in the Sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, as is discontinued the Drawback upon Foreign Rough Iron exported; for providing a Compensation in the Customs in the Office of the Principal Secretaries of State, for the Advantages such Clerks enjoyed before the Commencement of an Act, made in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for granting Favour and Alleviation in relation to the sending and receiving Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Postage; and to explain and amend the said Act: it is amongst other Things enacted, that the Proscription or Refusal of all Pig and Bar Iron, Mails, Yards, Bowsterns, Tar, Pitch, Turpentine, Hemp, rough and unwedged Flax, and Taw, shall be offered and tendered to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy; and that such Goods shall not be exported, re-entred or laden on board for Exportation, before such Tender, or before a Certificate of such Tender and Refusal, shall be produced and delivered to the Officer of the Customs, under the Penalties and Forfeitures therein contained; And Whereas it appears no longer necessary to provide, in time of Peace, a Supply of Naval Stores for the public Use by such Refraining Exportation: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, and during the Continuance of Peace, so much of the said Act as relates to such Tender and Refusal of Proscription shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

So much of recited Act as relates to Proscription, repealed.

C A P. XVIII.

AN Act to facilitate the hearing and determining of Suits in Equity in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster. [19th March 1817.]

" WHEREAS the Proceedings on the Common Law Side of the Court of Exchequer have of late Years greatly increased, by reason whereof a sufficient Proportion of time cannot be allotted for hearing and determining Suits in Equity in the said Court: And Whereas the Business of that Court might be more easily dispatched if the Lord Chief Baron, or One or more of the Barons of the Degree of the Court, were fully authorised to hear and determine Suits and Proceedings on the Equity Side thereof, as is heretofore practised: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the Lord Chief Baron of the said Court for the time being shall have Power to hear and determine all Cases, Matters and Things which shall be at any time depending in the said Court of Exchequer as a Court of Equity; and that if the said Lord Chief Baron shall by himself, or other reasonable Cause, be prevented from sitting for the Purposes aforesaid, then it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty and His Successors to nominate and appoint from time to time, by Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, renewable at Pleasure, any one or more of the Barons of the Degree of the Court of the said Court for the time being to hear and determine such Cases, Matters and Things.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Lord Chief Baron, or the Baron so to be appointed shall sit as such cases as the Lord Chief Baron and such Baron shall respectively, with regard to Matters to be heard before them respectively, appoint, and whether the roll of the Barons of the said Court shall be sitting or not; and that all Decrees, Orders, and Acts of the said Lord Chief Baron, or of such Baron so appointed as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be respectively, as the Nature of the Case shall require, Decrees, Orders and Acts of the said Court of Exchequer, and shall have Force and Validity
 37 Geo. III. D and

The Lord Chief Baron appointed to sit in Equity in the Court of Exchequer, the King may appoint any one or more of the Barons.

To sit on the Lord Chief Baron, &c. shall appoint: either to hear all Cases subject to his jurisdiction.

poll to House
of Lords.
Lord Chief
Baron or Baron
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revoke Cause,
An.

and be executed accordingly; subject only to be reversed, discharged or altered by the House of Lords, upon Appeal thereon, and as hereinafter mentioned.

III. Provided that it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord Chief Baron, upon Petition by any of the Parties concerned, to rehear any Cause or Matter before decided, ordered, adjudged or decreed by such Lord Chief Baron, or by any other Baron appointed as aforesaid; and also for any Baron appointed as aforesaid, upon such Petition as aforesaid, to rehear any Cause or Matter before decided, ordered, adjudged or decreed by him the said Baron, and respectively thereupon to make such Order as may be just.

C A P. XIX.

An Act for the more effectually preventing Seditious Meetings and Assemblies. [31st March 1817.]

WHEREAS Aforesaid divers Persons, collected for the Purpose or under the Pretence of deliberating on public Grievances, and of agreeing on Petitions, Complaints, Remonstrances, Declarations or other Addresses to His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, or to both Houses or either House of Parliament, have of late been made use of to foment the Seeds of faction and seditious Practices, to the great Danger and Disturbance of the Public Peace, have produced Acts of Riot, Tumult and Disorder, and may become the Means of producing Confusion and Calamities in the Nation; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Meeting of any Description of Persons exceeding the Number of Fifty Persons, (other than and except any Meeting of any County, Riding or Division, called by the Lord Lieutenant, Custom Rotalurum, or Sheriff of such County, or a Meeting called by the Conventor of any County or Stewards in that Part of Great Britain called Norfolk, or any Meeting called by Two or more Justices of the Peace of the County or Place where such Meeting shall be holden, or any Meeting of any County having different Ridings or Divisions, called by any Two Justices of any One or more of such Ridings or Divisions, or any Meeting called by the major Part of the Grand Jury of the County, or of the Division of the County where such Meeting shall be holden, at their General Assizes or General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or any Meeting of any City or Borough or Town Corporate, called by the Mayor or other Head Officer of such City or Borough or Town Corporate, or any Meeting of any Ward or Division of any City, called by the Aldermen or other Head Officers of such Ward or Division, or any Meeting of any Corporate Body), shall be holden for the Purpose or on the Pretence of considering of or preparing any Petition, Complaint, Remonstrance or Declaration, or other Address to The King, or to His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, or to both Houses or either House of Parliament, for Alteration of Matters established in Church or State, or for the Purpose or on the Pretence of deliberating upon any Grievance in Church or State, unless Notice of the Intention to hold such Meeting, and of the time and Place where and where the same shall be proposed to be holden, and of the Purpose for which the same shall be proposed to be holden, shall be given, in the Names of Seven Persons as the least, being Householdholders resident within the County, City or Place where such Meeting shall be proposed to be holden, whose Places of Abode and Descriptions shall be ascertained in such Notice, and which Notice shall be given by public Advertisement in some public Newspaper usually circulated in the County and Division where such Meeting shall be holden, Five Days at the least before such Meeting shall be holden, or shall be delivered in manner hereinafter mentioned; and that such Notice shall not be intended in any such Newspaper unless the Authority to insert such Notice shall be signed by Seven Persons as the least, being Householdholders resident within the County, City or Place where such Meeting shall be proposed to be holden, and named in such Notice, and unless such Authority so signed shall be written at the Foot of a true Copy of such Notice, and shall be delivered to the Persons required to insert the same in any such Newspaper as aforesaid, which Person shall cause such Notice and Authority to be carefully preserved, and shall also at any time after such Notice shall have been inserted in such Paper, and within Fourteen Days after the Day on which such Meeting shall be had, produce such Notice and Authority, and cause a true Copy thereof (if required) to be delivered to any Justice of the Peace for the County, City, Town or Place where such Person shall reside, or where such Newspaper shall be printed, and who shall require the same; and in case any Person shall insert any such Notice in any Newspaper without such Authority as aforesaid, or in case any Person to whom any such Notice and Authority shall have been delivered for the Purpose of inserting such Notice in any such Newspaper as aforesaid shall refuse to produce such Notice and Authority, or to deliver a true Copy thereof, being thereto required as aforesaid, within Three Days after such Production and Copy or either of them shall have been so required, every such Person, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds to any Person who shall sue for the same.

II. Provided always notwithstanding, and he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to deliver any such Notice as aforesaid, signed by the Seven Persons in whose Names such Notice shall be given, with their Places of Abode and Descriptions, Five Days at the least before the Day on which such Meeting shall be holden, to the Clerk of the Peace of the County, Riding or Division, within which such Meeting shall be proposed to be holden; and such Notice so given by such Means as aforesaid shall be as effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been given by Public Advertisement inserted in any such Newspaper as aforesaid; and such Clerk of the Peace shall forthwith and without Delay, send a true Copy of such Notice, with such Signatures and Addresses as aforesaid, to Three Justices of the Peace at the least, of such County, Riding, or Division, or in case the Justices of the Peace of the City, Borough or Town where such Meeting shall be proposed to be holden, shall have exclusive Jurisdiction, then to Three of such Justices, if so many shall

Meetings of
more than Fifty
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meeting as here-
in mentioned.]

not to be holden
where more than
Seven Persons
signed by Seven
Householders
as the least.

Such Authority
Signed to be
written in the
Foot of a true
Copy of Notice,
&c.

Informing such
Notice without
Authority, &c.

Penalty for.

Notice may be
given to Clerk of
the Peace, who
shall send a Copy
to Three Justices
at the least.

to be dealt with according to Law; and in case the said Justice or Justices, Sheriff or Under Sheriff, Mayor, Head Officer or Magistrate present at such Meetings respectively, or any of them respectively, or any Peace Officer acting under their or any of their Orders, shall be obstructed in taking into Custody any Person or Persons in order to be taken into Custody, it shall be lawful for any such Justice or Justices, Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Mayor, Head Officer or Magistrate respectively, thereupon to make or cause to be made such Proclamations as aforesaid in manner and Form aforesaid; and if any Person to the Number of Twelve or more, being commanded by such Proclamations to disperse themselves and peaceably to depart as aforesaid, shall to the Number of Twelve or more, notwithstanding such Proclamations made, assemble or continue together by the Space of One Hour after Proclamations made, then such continuing together to the Number of Twelve or more shall be adjudged Felony without Benefit of Clergy, and the Offenders therein shall be adjudged Felons, and shall suffer Death as in case of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Justice and Justices of the Peace, Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Mayor and other Head Officer and Magistrate aforesaid, is and are hereby respectively authorized and empowered, on Notice or Knowledge of any such Meeting or Assembly as is herebefore mentioned, to resort to the Place where such Meeting or Assembly shall be, or shall be intended to be holden, or to any Part thereof, and there to do or order, or cause to be done, all such Acts, matters and things as the case may require, which they are hereby enabled to do or order to be done, or which they are otherwise by Law enabled to do or order to be done; and it shall be lawful for all and every Justices of the Peace, Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Mayor, Head Officer and Magistrate respectively as aforesaid, to take and require the Assistance of any Number of Constables or other Officers of the Peace within their respective Districts, or within the District or Place wherein every such Meeting as is herebefore mentioned shall be holden, which Constables and other Officers of the Peace are hereby required to attend accordingly, and to give such Assistance as shall be necessary for the due Execution of this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That if such Persons so assembled as aforesaid, or Twelve or more of them, after Proclamations made in manner and Form aforesaid, shall continue together and not disperse themselves within One Hour, that then it shall and may be lawful to and for every Justice of the Peace, Sheriff or Under Sheriff of the County where such Assembly shall be, and also to and for every High or Petty Constable, and other Peace Officer within such County, and also to and for every Mayor, Justice of the Peace, Head Officer, Magistrate, High or Petty Constable, and other Peace Officer, of any City or Town Corporate where such Assembly shall be, and to and for such other Person or Persons as shall be commanded to be assisting unto any such Justice of the Peace, Sheriff or Under Sheriff, Mayor, Head Officer and Magistrate respectively as aforesaid, who are hereby authorized and empowered to command all His Majesty's Subjects, of Age and Ability, who are assisting to them therein, to seize and apprehend, and they are hereby required to seize and apprehend such Person or Persons so assembled and continuing together after Proclamations made as aforesaid, and forthwith to carry the Person or Persons so apprehended before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County or Place where such Person or Persons shall be so apprehended, in order to be, her or their being proceeded against for such Offences according to Law; and that if the Person so assembled, or any of them, shall happen to be killed, maimed or hurt, in the dispersing, fleeing or apprehending, or endeavouring to disperse, seize or apprehend them, by means of their making the Person so dispersing, fleeing or apprehending, or endeavouring to disperse, seize or apprehend them, that every such Justice of the Peace, Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Mayor, Head Officer, Magistrate, High or Petty Constable or other Peace Officer, and all and singular Persons being aiding and assisting to them or any of them, shall be free, discharged and indemnified, as well against The King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, as against all and every other Person and Persons, of, for or concerning the killing, maiming or hurting of any such Person or Persons so continuing together as aforesaid that shall happen to be so killed, maimed or hurt as aforesaid.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons do or shall, with Force and Arms, wilfully and knowingly oppose, obstruct, or in any manner wilfully and knowingly let, hinder or hurt any Justice of the Peace, or other Peace Officer authorized as aforesaid, who shall attend any such Meeting as aforesaid, or who shall be going to attend any such Meeting, or any Person or Persons who shall begin to assemble, or go to assemble, according to any Proclamations hereby directed to be made, whereby such Proclamations shall not be made, that then every such opposing, obstructing, letting, hindering or hurting any such Justice or other Person so authorized as aforesaid, and to attend or going to attend any such Meeting, or any such Person or Persons so beginning or going to make any such Proclamations as aforesaid, shall be adjudged Felony, without Benefit of Clergy; and the Offenders therein shall be adjudged Felons, and shall suffer Death as in case of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy; and that also every such Person or Persons so being assembled as aforesaid, to whom any such Proclamations as aforesaid should or ought to have been made, if the same had not been tendered as aforesaid, shall likewise, in case they or any of them, to the Number of Twelve or more, shall continue together and not disperse themselves within One Hour after such Let or Hindrance so made, having Knowledge of such Let or Hindrance so made, shall be adjudged Felons, and shall suffer Death as in case of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy; and that also if any Person or Persons so being at any such Assembly as aforesaid, shall with Force and Arms wilfully and knowingly oppose, obstruct, or in any manner wilfully and knowingly let, hinder or hurt any Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate, or any Peace Officer, in apprehending or taking into Custody, in Execution of any of the Provisions of this Act herebefore contained, any Person or Persons, or endeavouring to do, that then every such opposing, obstructing, letting, hindering or hurting, shall be adjudged Felony, without Benefit of Clergy; and the Offenders therein shall be adjudged Felons, and shall suffer Death as in case of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

XII. And

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Sheriffs Depute and their Substitutes, Stewards Depute and their Substitutes, Justices of the Peace, Magistrates of Royal Burroughs and all other inferior Judges and Magistrates, and also all High and Petty Constables or other Peace Officers of any County, Stewartry, City or Town, within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall have each and the same Powers and Authorities for putting this present Act in Execution within Scotland, as the Justices of the Peace and other Magistrates and Constables standeth respectively here by virtue of this Act, while and for the same Parts of this Kingdom; and that all and every Person and Persons who shall at any time be convicted of any of the Felonies aforementioned, within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall for every such Offence incur and suffer the Peace and Constabulary of Burroughs.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared, That nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed to render lawful any Notice, or the Act of going or publishing any Notice, according to the Provisions herebefore contained, which Notice or Act would have been contrary to Law if this Act had not been made.

• XIV. And Whereas diverse Places have of late been used for delivering Lectures or Discourses, and holding Debates, which Lectures, Discourses or Debates have in many Instances been of a Irreligious and Immoral Nature: Be it further enacted, That every House, Room, Field or other Place, at or in which any Lecture or Discourse shall be publicly delivered, or any public Debate shall be had, on any Subject whatever, for the Purpose of raising or collecting Money or any other valuable thing, from the Persons admitted, or to which any Person shall be admitted by Payment of Money, or by any Ticket or Token of any Kind delivered in consideration of Money, or any other valuable thing, or in consequence of paying or giving, or having and or giving, or having agreed to pay or give, in any manner, any Money or other valuable thing, or where any Money or other valuable thing shall be received from any Person admitted, either under Pretence of paying for any Refreshment or otherwise, or under any other Pretence, or for any other Cause, or by means of any Device or Contrivance whatever, shall be deemed a disorderly House or Place, unless the same shall have been previously licensed in manner hereinafter mentioned; and the Person by whom such House, Room, Field or Place shall be opened or used, for any of the Purposes aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds for every Day or Time that such House, Room, Field or Place shall be opened or used as aforesaid, to such Person as will for the same, and be otherwise punished as the Law directs in cases of disorderly Houses; and every Person managing or conducting the Proceedings, or acting as Moderator, President, or Chairman at such House, Room, Field or Place, is, as aforesaid or used as aforesaid, or therein debating, or delivering any Discourse or Lecture, and also every Person who shall pay, give, collect or receive, or agree to pay, give, collect or receive, any Money or any Thing for or in respect of the Admission of any Person into any such House, Room, Field or Place, or shall deliver, distribute, or receive any such Ticket or Tokens or Tokens or Tokens as aforesaid, knowing such House, Room, Field or Place to be opened or used for any such Purpose as aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XV. And be it further certified, That any Person who shall at any time hereafter appear, act or behave in or towards his Master or Mistress, as the Person bearing the Command, Government or Management of any such House, Room, Field or Place as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be a Person by whom the same is spoiled or defiled as aforesaid, and shall be liable to be fined or imprisoned and punished as such, contrary to the Statute in that behalf made, and shall be deemed and taken to be the real Owner or Occupier thereof.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace of any County, Stewartry, City, Borough, Town or Place, who shall, by Information upon Oath, have reason- ably suspected that any House, Room, Field or Place, or any Parts or Part thereof, are or is opened or used for the Purpose of delivering Lectures or Discourses, or for public Debate, contrary to the Provisions of this Act, to go to such House, Room, Field or Place, and demand to be admitted therein; and in case such Justice or Justices shall be refused Admission to such House, Room, Field or Place, or any Part thereof, the Gate shall be deemed a disorderly House or Place within the Intent and Meaning of this Act; and all and every the Provisions herebefore contained respecting any House, Room, Field or Place, herebefore declared to be a disorderly House or Place, shall be applied to such House, Room, Field or Place, where such Ad- mittance shall have been refused as aforesaid, and every Person refusing such Admission, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XVII. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for us or more Justices of the Peace for the County, Stewjorty, City, Borough, Town or Place, where any House, Room or other Building shall be intended to be opened for any of the Purposes aforesaid, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, at their General Quarter or General Sessions of the Peace, or at any Special Session to be hold for the particular Purpose, to grant a Licence to any Person or Persons desiring the same, to open such House, Room or other Building, for the Purpose of delivering for Money any such Lectures or Disputations as aforesaid, or for the Purpose of holding Debates on any Subjects, the same being clearly expressed in such Licence, for which Licence a Fee of One Shilling and no more shall be paid; and the same shall be in Force for the Space of One Year and no longer, or for any less Space of time (to be specified), and which Licence it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of the same County, Stewjorty, City, Borough, Town or Place, at any General Quarter or General Sessions of the Peace, to revoke and declare void and no longer in force, by any Order of such Justices; a Copy whereof shall be delivered or served upon the Person to whom the said Licence is revoked (if such have been granted, or shall be held in the House, Room or Building for which such Licence shall have been granted; and thereupon such Licence shall cease and determine, and be thenceforth utterly void and of no Effect.

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XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace for any County, Stewartry, City, Borough, Town or Place, where any such House, Room or other Building shall be licensed as herein provided, to go to such House, Room or Building so licensed, at the time of delivering any such Lecture or Discourse, or of holding any Debate therein, as aforesaid, or at the time appointed for delivering any such Lecture or Discourse, or of holding any Debate, and demand to be admitted therein; and to cite such Justice or Justices shall be refused Admittance to such House, Room or Building, the same shall be deemed, notwithstanding any such License as aforesaid, a disorderly House or Place within the meaning of this Act; and all and every the Provisions herebefore contained respecting any House, Room, Field or Place heretofore declared to be a disorderly House or Place, shall be applied to such House, Room or Building, so licensed as aforesaid, where such Admittance shall have been refused as aforesaid; and every Person refusing such Admittance shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to any Person who shall sue for the same.

XIX. Provided also, and be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace, acting for any County, Stewartry, Riding, Division, City, Town or Place, upon Evidence on Oath that any House, Room or Place, is licensed and agreed as aforesaid, is commonly used for the Purpose of delivering such Lectures or Discourses of a seditious or immoral tendency, to adjudge and declare the License for opening the same to have been forfeited, and such License shall thereupon cease and determine, and shall there-
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XX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Lecture or Discourses to be delivered in any of the Universities of these Kingdoms by any Member thereof, or any Person authorized by the Chancellor, Vice Chancellor, or other proper Officers of such Universities respectively; or to any Lecture or Discourse to be delivered in the Public Hall of any of the Inns of Court of Chancery, by any Person authorized by the Benchers of the Inns of Court, or by the Professors in *Gray's Inn*, or to the Professors in the College established for the Education of the Civil Servants of the *East India Company*, or the *Scholarships* established for the Education of their Military Service, or to any Society or Body of Men incorporated or established by Royal Charter, or by Authority of Parliament; and that no Payment made to any Schoolmaster or other Person by Law allowed to teach and instruct Youth, in respect of any Lectures or Discourses delivered by such Schoolmaster or other Person for the Instruction only of such Youth as shall be assigned to his instruction, shall be deemed a Payment of Money for Admission to such Lectures or Discourses within the Intent and Meaning of this Act.

XXI. Provided always, That no Person shall be prosecuted by virtue of this Act for any thing done or committed contrary to the Provisions heretofore contained, unless such Prosecution shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months after the Offence committed.

XXII. Provided always, That all the Clauses and Provisions heretofore contained shall commence and have effect within the City of *London*, and within Twenty Miles thereof, from the Day next after the Day of passing this Act; and shall commence and have effect within all other Parts of the Kingdom, from the Expiration of Seven Days next after the Day of passing this Act; and shall be and continue in force until the Twenty-fourth day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

XXIII. And Whereas it is highly inexpedient that Public Meetings or Assemblies should be held over the Houses of Parliament, or near His Majesty's Courts of Justice in *Westminster Hall*, on such Days as are heretofore mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to convene or call together, or to give any Notice for convening or calling together, any Meeting of Persons consisting of more than Fifty Persons, or for any Number of Persons exceeding Fifty to meet in any Street, Square, or open Place in the City or Liberties of *Westminster*, or County of *Middlesex*, within the Distance of One Mile from the Gate of *Westminster Hall*, save and except such Parts of the Parish of *St. Paul's Church* as are within the said Distance, for the Purpose or on the Pretence of considering of or preparing any Petition, Complaint, Remonstrance, Declaration, or other Address to The King, or to His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales, or to both Houses or either House of Parliament, for Alteration of Matters in Church or State, on any Day on which the Two Houses or either House of Parliament shall meet and sit, or shall be summoned or adjourned or prorogued to meet or sit, or on any Day on which His Majesty's Courts of Chancery, King's Bench, Common Pleas and Exchequer, or any of them, or any Judge of any of them, shall sit in *Westminster Hall*, any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and that if any Meeting or Assembly, for the Purpose or on the Pretence aforesaid, or any Persons, shall be assembled or holden on any such Day, contrary to the Intent and Meaning of this Enactment, such Meeting or Assembly shall be deemed and taken to be an unlawful Assembly, by whomsoever or in consequence of what Notice fewer such Meeting or Assembly shall have been holden: Provided that nothing in this Enactment contained shall by any Contrivance whatever be deemed or taken to apply to or affect any Meeting convened, called or holden for the Election of Members of Parliament, or any Persons attending such Meeting, or to any Persons attending upon the Business of either House of Parliament or any of the said Courts.

XXIV. And Whereas seditious Societies or Clubs have been instituted, in the Metropolis and in various Parts of this Kingdom, of a dangerous Nature and Tendency, inconsistent with the Public Tranquillity, and the Existence of the established Government, Laws and Constitution of the Kingdom; and the Members of many of such Societies or Clubs have taken unlawful Oaths and Engagements of Fidelity and Secrecy, and have taken or fabricated, or uttered to, illegal Tests and Declarations; and many of the said Societies or Clubs do act, appoint or employ Committees, Delegates, Representatives or Missionaries of

* Each Societies or Clubs, to meet, confer, communicate or correspond with other Societies or Clubs, or with Delegates, Representatives or Missionaries of such other Societies or Clubs, and to induce and persuade other Persons to become Members thereof, and by such means maintain an Influence over large Bodies of Men, and decide what persons and unwary Persons into the Commission of Acts highly criminal: And Whereas certain Societies or Clubs calling themselves *Synagogues or Synagogues Philanthropic*, hold and profess for their Object the Constitution and Division of the Land, and the Extinction of the Fenced Property of the Kingdom: And Whereas it is expedient and necessary that all such Societies and Clubs as aforesaid should be utterly suppressed and prohibited as unlawful Combinations and Confederacies, highly dangerous to the Peace and Tranquillity of this Kingdom, and to the Constitution of the Government thereof, as by Law established: Be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Societies or Clubs calling themselves *Synagogues or Synagogues Philanthropic*, and all other Societies or Clubs, by whatever Name or Description the same are called or known, who hold and profess, or who shall hold and profess, the same Objects and Doctrines, shall be and the same are hereby utterly suppressed and prohibited, as being unlawful Combinations and Confederacies against the Government of our Sovereign Lord the King, and against the Peace and Security of His Majesty's loyal Subjects.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all and every the said Societies or Clubs, and all and every other Society or Club now established or hereafter to be established, the Members whereof shall be required or admitted to take any Oath or Engagement which shall be as unlawful Engagement within the Meaning of an Act passed in the Thirty-seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for more effectually preventing the assembling and calling of unlawful Clubs*, or within the Meaning of an Act passed in the Fifty-second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to render more effectual an Act passed in the Thirty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for preventing the assembling and taking of unlawful Clubs*, or to take any Oath not required or authorized by Law; and every Society or Club, the Members whereof or any of them shall take or in any manner hold themselves by any such Oath or Engagement, or becoming, or in order to become, or in consequence of being a Member or Members of such Society or Club; and every Society or Club, the Members or any Member whereof shall be required or admitted to take, subscribe or affirm to, or shall take, subscribe or affirm to any Test or Declaration not required or authorized by Law, in whatever manner or Form such taking or affirming shall be performed, whether by Words, Signs, or otherwise; either on becoming or in order to become, or in consequence of being a Member or Members of any such Society or Club; and every Society or Club that shall send, appoint, nominate or employ any Committee, Delegate or Delegates, Representative or Representatives, Missionary or Missionaries, to meet, confer or communicate with any other Society or Club, or with any Committee, Delegate or Delegates, Representative or Representatives, Missionary or Missionaries, of such other Society or Club, or to induce or persuade any Person or Persons to become Members thereof, shall be deemed and taken to be unlawful Combinations and Confederacies, within the Meaning of an Act passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the more effectual suppression of Societies established for seditious and treasonable Purposes*; and for better preventing treasonable and seditious Practices, and shall and may be prosecuted, proceeded against and punished, according to the Provisions of the said Act; and every Person who, from and after the passing of this Act, shall become a Member of any such Society or Club, or who, after the passing of this Act, shall act as a Member thereof, and every Person who, from and after the passing of this Act, shall directly or indirectly maintain Correspondence or Intercourse with any such Society or Club, or with any Committee or Delegate, Representative or Missionary, or with any Officer or Member thereof, as such, or who shall, by Contributions of Money or otherwise, aid, shed or support such Society or Club, or any Members or Officers thereof, as such, shall be deemed guilty of an unlawful Combination and Confederacy within the Meaning of the said Act passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for the more effectual suppression of Societies established for seditious and treasonable Purposes; and for better preventing treasonable and seditious Practices; and shall and may be prosecuted against, proceeded against and punished, according to the Provisions of the said Act, with regard to the Prosecution and Punishment of unlawful Combinations and Confederacies.

XXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any Society or Societies holden under the Discontinuation of Lodges of Freemasons, in conformity to the Rules prevailing in such Societies of Freemasons, provided such Lodges shall comply with the Rules and Regulations contained in the said Act of the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, relating to such Lodges of Freemasons; nor to any Declaration to be taken, subscribed or affirmed to by the Members of any Society, the Form of which Declaration shall have been first approved and subscribed by two or more Justices of the Peace, and confirmed by the major Part of the Justices present at a General Session, or at a General Quarter Session of the Peace, pursuant to the Rules and Regulations contained in the said Act of the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty; nor shall extend or be construed to extend to any Meeting or Society of the People commonly called *Quakers*; or to any Meeting or Society formed or intended for Purposes of a Religious or Charitable Nature only, and in which no other Matter or Business whatsoever shall be treated of or discussed.

XXVII. And Whereas in the said Act of the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it is amongst other Things enacted, That every Society which shall be composed of different Divisions or Branches, or of different Parts acting in any manner separately or distinct from each other, or of which any Part shall have any separate or distinct President, Secretary, Treasurer, Disputer or other Officer elected or appointed by or for such Part, or to act as an Officer for such Part, shall be deemed and taken to be unlawful Combinations and Confederacies: Be it enacted, That the said Enactment shall not extend or be construed to extend to any Meeting or Society of the People commonly called *Quakers*, or to any Meeting

for calling and
unlawful Clubs,
see. section

37 G. 3. c. 121.
58 G. 3. c. 104

or requiring, &c.
Tests or Declara-
tions not
required by Law,
or calling Com-
mittees, Dele-
gates, &c.
deemed guilty of
unlawful Com-
binations within
29 G. 3. c. 79.

Persons becom-
ing Members of
such Societies,
&c.

deemed guilty of
unlawful Com-
binations within
29 G. 3. c. 79,
and proceeded
against ac-
cordingly.

Proviso for Free-
masons' Lodges,
and for Declara-
tions approved by
Two Justices,
pursuant to
29 G. 3. c. 79,
and for Mem-
bers or officers
of Quakers or
for Charitable
Purposes.

29 G. 3. c. 79.
4 & no 10 &c.
or

used to Quakers' Meetings, &c.
Persons guilty of unlawful Admonition in his House, &c.
Fals. Offence.
Penalty 5l.
Persons Offence.
Combustion.
Licence of Public Houses where unlawful Casks are sold, to be forfeited.

and Penalty.

Penalties re-
specting tolls
to be recovered.

§ 1 G. 3. c. 19

Penalties not
amounting to
more than 20s.
to be recovered.

Distress.

Licence of
Procurators for
Penalty.

Application of
Penalties.

Licence of
Admon.

General Issue
may be pleaded.

Double Costs.

Licence of
Admon. &c.
in Scotland.

Pen.

or Society formed or assembled for Purposes of a Religious or Charitable Nature only, and in which no other Matter or Business whatsoever shall be treated of or discussed.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall knowingly permit any Meeting of any Society or Club hereby declared to be an unlawful Combination or Confederacy, or of any Division, Branch or Committee of such Society or Club, to be held in any House or Apartment, Building or other Place, to him or her belonging, or in his or her Possession or Occupation, such Person shall, for the First Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, and shall, for any such Offence committed after the Date of his or her Conviction for such First Offence, be deemed guilty of an unlawful Combination and Confederacy, in Breach of this Act.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any two or more Justices of the Peace, sitting for any County, Stewartry, Riding, Division, City, Town or Place, upon evidence on Oath that any Meeting for any Society or Club hereby declared to be an unlawful Combination and Confederacy, or any Meeting for any seditious Purpose, hath been held, after the passing of this Act, in any House, Room or Place, licensed for the Sale of Ale, Beer, Wine or Spirituous Liquors, with the Knowledge and Consent of the Person keeping such House, Room or Place, to adjudge and declare the Licensee or Licensees for selling Ale, Beer, Wine or Spirituous Liquors, granted to the Person or Persons keeping such House, Room or Place, to be forfeited; and the Person or Persons so keeping such House, Room or Place, shall, from and after the Day of the Date of such Adjudication and Declaration, and Notice thereof given to him, her or them, be subject and liable to all and every the Penalties and Forfeitures for any Act done after that Day, which such Person or Persons would be subject and liable to, if such License or Licensees had expired, or otherwise determined as that Day.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That all or any of the Pecuniary Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds, incurred under this Act, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, may be recovered by Action of Debt in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, and in Scotland in the Court of Session there; and it shall be sufficient to declare in England or conclude in Scotland, that the Defendant or Defendants is indebted to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in the Sum of

(being the Sum demanded by the said Action) being forfeited by an Act made in the Fifth fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for the more effectually preventing Seditious Meetings and Assemblies*; and the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, if he shall recover in such Action, shall have his full Costs or Expenses; and any pecuniary Penalty imposed by this Act not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and for the Recovery whereof no Provision is heretofore contained, shall and may be recovered before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, Stewartry, Riding, Division, City, Town or Place, in which the same shall be incurred, or the Person having incurred the same shall happen to be, in a summary Way; and in case such last mentioned Penalty shall not be forthwith paid, such Justice or Justices shall, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, and directed to any Constable or other Peace Officer, cause the same to be levied by Detraints and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, together with all Costs and Charges attending such Detraints and Sale; and in case no sufficient Distress can be had or made, such Justice or Justices shall commit the Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for such County, Stewartry, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Town or Place, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, nor less than Three Calendar Months: Provided always, that no Person shall be prosecuted or sued for any pecuniary Penalty imposed by this Act, unless such Prosecution shall be commenced, or such Action shall be brought within Three Calendar Months next after such Penalty shall have been incurred.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That all pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall, when recovered, either by Action in any Court, or in a summary Way before any Justice, be applied and disposed of in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, One Moiety thereof to the Plaintiff in any such Action, or to the Informer before any Justice, and the other Moiety thereof to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That any Action and Suit which shall be brought or commenced against any Justice or Justices of the Peace, Constable, Peace Officer or other Person or Persons, in England, Wales or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, for any thing done enacted in pursuance of this Act, shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and the Venue in every such Action or Suit shall be laid in the proper County where the Fact was committed, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and if such Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced after the time limited for bringing the same, or the Venue shall be laid in any other Place than is aforesaid, then the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants; and in case Capias, or if the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants upon the Motion, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become Nonest, or discontinue his, her or their Action after Appearance, or if upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Double Costs; which he or they shall and may recover in such and the same manner as any Defendant can by Law in other Cases.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Action and Suit which shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons in Scotland, for any thing done or acted in pursuance of this Act, shall in like manner be commenced within Three Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be brought in the Court of Session in Scotland; and the Defendant or Defendants may plead that the Matter complained of was done in pursuance of this Act, and may give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if such Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced after the time limited for bringing the same, then

the same shall be dismissed; and in such case, or if the Defender or Defenders shall be absconded, or the Pursuer or Pursuers shall suffer the Advers or Suit to fall asleep, or a Decision shall be pronounced against the Pursuer or Pursuers upon the Relevancy, the Defender or Defenders shall have Treble Costs or Expenses; which he or they shall and may recover in such and the same manner as any Defender can by Law recover Costs or Expenses in other cases.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That Conditions by any Justice or Justices of the Peace for Offences against this Act, and Adjudications of Forfeitures of Licences to be made in pursuance of this Act, shall or may be in the several Forms set forth for each Purpose respectively in the Schedule to this Act annexed, or in Words to that Effect.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed to take away or abridge any Privilege already made by the Law of this Realm, or of any Part thereof, for the Supplication or Pardonment of any Offense whatsoever defended in this Act.

XXXXVI. Provided also, and it is enacted, That no Person shall be prefaced under this Act, for having been, before the passing of this Act, a Member of any Society or Club declared hereby to be an unlawful Combination and Conspiracy, if such Person shall not in any manner have acted as a Member of such Society or Club after the passing of this Act; but that nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prevent any Protection, by Indictment or otherwise, for any thing which shall be an Offense within the Intent and Meaning of this Act; and which might have been prosecuted if the Act had not been made: Provided always, that no Person who shall be prefaced and coerced or acquiesced in by any Officer against this Act shall be subject or liable to be again prefaced for the same Offense: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to discharge any Person in Custody at the time of passing this Act, or who having been in Custody shall have been discharged on Bail or Recognizance, from any Prosecution which might have been had against such Person if this Act had not been made.

XXXVII. Provided always, and he is enacted, That in case any Proceeding or Proceedings shall be instituted, commenced, or prosecuted, by any Officer mentioned against the said A.D. of the third Year of His present Majesty, or against the A.D. under his Address, by Information, before any Justice or Justices, or otherwise, in such and may be lawfully for His Majesty's Attorney General for the time being, as to any such Address, Information or other Proceeding in England, for the Lord Advocate of Scotland, as to any such Address, Information or other Proceeding in Scotland, in order any such Address, Information, or other Proceeding to be stayed; and in case of any Judgment or Conviction upon any such Address, Information or Proceeding, it shall and may be lawful for any One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by any Order made for that Purpose under his Hand, to stay the Execution of such Judgment or Conviction, or to mitigate or remit any Fine or Forfeiture, or any Part thereof.

XXXXVIII. And in a further method, That in every case where any House, Shop or other Building whatever, or any Part thereof, shall be destroyed, or shall be in any manner damaged or injured, or where any Distances thereto attached, or any Furniture, Goods or Commodities whatever which shall be therein, shall be destroyed, taken away, or damaged by the Act or Acts of any riotous or tumultuous Assembly of Persons, or by the Act or Acts of any Person or Persons engaged in any making Part of such riotous or tumultuous Assembly, the Inhabitants of the City or Town in which such House, Shop or Building shall be situate, if such City or Town be a County of itself, or is not within any Hundred, or otherwise the Inhabitants of the Hundred in which such Damage shall be done, shall be liable to yield full Compensation in Damages to the Person or Persons injured and damaged by such Destruction, taking away, or Damage; and such Damages shall and may be demanded, laid for, and recovered by the same Means and under the same Provisions as are provided to and by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of King George the First, intitled *An Act for promoting Trade and riotous Assemblies, and for the more speedy and effectually punishing the Rioters*, with respect to Persons injured and damaged by the demolishing or pulling down of any Dwelling House by Persons unlawful, riotously and tumultuously assembled.

XXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*.

XL. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be repealed in the Whole, or in any Part thereof, or in any Clause altered or amended, during the next Session of Parliament.

The SCHEDULE in which the Bill refers.

1. FORM of Coexistence of an unlawful Combination and Confederacy

M.	BE it remembered, That on the	Day of	in the	Year of the
18	Reign of	A. D.	is duly certified before me [or, we]	of His
Majesty's	Justice of the Peace for	in	in pursuance of an Act of the Fifty-fourth Year of the	of the
Reign of King George the Third, [for	for the	of the	for that the said A. B. after the passing of	the said A. B.
the said A. B. in	on the	Day of	at	do, contrary to the said A. B.
become a Member of [or, at the	may be]	and as a Member of, or maintain a Correspondence or Inter-	course with, or by Contribution of Money or otherwise	to support a Society [defining the Society],
which Society is an unlawful	Constitution and	Conspiracy within the	Intent and	Meaning of the said A. B.
Wherefore I [or, we] the said		do adjudge, That be the said A. B. do pay		
[or, be imprisoned]	as a Penalty for his	Offence in	pursuance of the said A. B.	
Given under my Hand and Seal [or, our Hands and Seals] this		Day of		in the Year
of our Lord	and in the	Year of the	Reign of His	Majesty King

II. FORM of Adjudication of Forfeiture of Licence to sell Ale, &c.

BE it remembered, That on this Day of the Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, A. B. of being a Person licensed to sell [as the case may be] in daily convicted before us, Two of His Majesty's Judges of the Peace for the County of in pursuance of an Act of the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of King George the Third [for forth the Title of the Act] for that he the said A. B. on did permit a Meeting of a Society [deforke the Society] which is an unlawful Combination and Confederacy; whereas the intent and Meaning of the said Act, to be held as being the House [as the case may be] of the said A. B. wherein he the said A. B. is licensed to sell [as the case may be]: Wherefore we the said do adjudge and declare, that the License [or, Licence, as the case may be] is [or, are] for such Offence forfeited, Given under our Hands and Seals, this Day of the Year of our Lord , and in the Year of the Reign of His Majesty King .

III. FORM of Committal for Offences subject to Penitentiary Punishment.

BE it remembered, That on this Day of the Year of the Reign of His Majesty, A. B. of is daily convicted before me [or, us] of His Majesty's Judges of the Peace for in pursuance of an Act of the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of King George the Third [for forth the Title of the Act] for that the said A. B. after the passing of the said Act, on did, contrary to the said Act [here specify any Offence] against the Act, as the case may be: Wherefore I [or, we] the said do adjudge that the said A. B. do pay the Sum of as a Penalty for this Offence in pursuance of the said Act.

CAP. XX.

An Act for making further Regulations in respect to the Pay of the Officers of the Royal Navy, in certain cases therein mentioned. [31st March 1817.]

21 G. 3. c. 38. WHEREAS it is expedient to amend and extend the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to enable Pay Officers in the Navy, and Seamen, Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines serving in His Majesty's Navy, in other Parts of the*

22 G. 3. c. 34. *Pay for the Maintenance of their Wives and Families; and of another Act passed in the same Year, entitled 'An Act for establishing a new easy and expeditious Method for the punctual and frequent Payment of the Wages and Pay of certain Officers belonging to His Majesty's Navy;'* Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for every Captain, Commander, Lieutenant commanding the Vessel in which he shall serve, Surgeon and Assistant Surgeon (in Ships and Vessels in which there shall be no Surgeons) in the Naval Service of His Majesty, being entitled to Full Pay, at the End and Expiration of every Three Months, Six Months, Nine Months or Twelve Months (as such Officer may think proper), but not for a less Period than Three Months, (except as hereinafter mentioned), to draw a Bill or Bills upon the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy for the net Amount of Three Fourths only of the Pay (subject to such Deductions as hereinafter mentioned) of such Captain, Commander, Lieutenant commanding, or Surgeon respectively, as established by an Order of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent in Council, bearing Date the Twenty fifth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or as shall hereafter be established by any Order in Council of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors; and that it shall also be lawful for any Flag Officer, Lieutenant not commanding the Ship or Vessel in which he shall be serving, Paymaster of the Fleet, Master, Second Master, Chaplain, Admiral's Secretary and Assistant Surgeon, entitled to Full Pay, and having no Accounts to pay, in like manner at the End of every Three Months, or each longer Period as above mentioned, but not for a less Period than Three Months, (except as hereinafter mentioned), to draw upon the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy for the whole net Amount (subject as aforesaid) of his Pay as so established or to be established as aforesaid; and also for every paid Mate, paid Midshipman, Secretary's Clerk, Captain's Clerk and Schoolmaster entitled to Full Pay, in like manner to draw upon the said Commissioners at the End of every Six Lease Months or Twelve Months for the whole net Amount (subject as aforesaid) of his Pay as so established or to be established as aforesaid; the first Payment of the said Pay to be, drawn for by the said several Officers to be computed from the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen: Provided always, that not any of the said Officers whose Duty it shall be to transmit Logs, Journals, Returns or other Documents, either to the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, or to the Secretary of the Admiralty, or to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, shall be entitled to receive any Half Pay which may be in course of Payment, until he shall have duly transmitted such Logs, Journals, Returns or other Documents, which he shall have obtained or shall obtain from the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral an Order dispensing with the Production thereof.

23. And be it further enacted, That every such Bill drawn by any Lieutenant not commanding the Ship or Vessel in which he may be serving, Master, Chaplain, Surgeon, Assistant Surgeon, Second Master, Mate, Midshipman,

Middispan, Clerk or Schoolmaster, under the Authority of this Act, shall be certified by the Purser, and approved by the Captain of the Ship to which he shall belong; and such Purser shall be so certifying be held responsible that such Bill is not for a greater Sum than the Officer drawing it had a Right to draw for, after any Debt for Slops, Dead Men's Clothes, or other Charges standing in the Ship's Books, hath been abated from the Amount of his Pay for the Period for which the Bill is drawn; and the Captain of such Ship shall be so approving be held responsible that Officer drawing has been borne for Pay during the said Period, and is entitled by this Act to draw, and that the Purser hath previously certified his Right to draw for the Sum in the Bill mentioned; and such Bill, Certificate and Approval, and also the Assignment thereof for Payment by the Treasurer of the Navy, shall be in the Form in forth is the Schedule to this Act marked (A.), or to the like Effect.

III. And be it further enacted, That every such Bill drawn by any Physician as aforesaid under the Authority of this Act shall be approved by the Commander in Chief for the time being of the Fleet or Squadron of which the Purser to drawing shall be Physician; and that every such Bill drawn by any such Secretary shall be approved by the Flag Officer to whom he shall be acting as Secretary; and that every such Bill drawn by any Secretary's Clerk shall be approved by such Secretary; and the said Commander in Chief, Flag Officer and Secretary respectively, shall be so approving be held responsible that the Physician, Secretary or Secretary's Clerk respectively drawing hath been borne for Pay during the Period for which the Bill is drawn, and is entitled by this Act to draw for his Pay.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no such Mate or Middispan shall be entitled to draw for his Pay until he shall have passed the prescribed Examinations teaching his Qualifications to serve as Lieutenant at the Royal Naval College, and before Three Captains, or such other Examinations as shall be from time to time duly prescribed and required in that Behalf, and shall have produced to the Captain of the Ship to which such Mate or Middispan belongs Certificate of his having passed both such Examinations, for which Purse's Deputies of such Certificate shall be given him at the time of passing: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for every such Mate or Middispan to draw, and for such Captain to approve the Bill drawn by such Mate or Middispan, although he shall not have passed at the said Royal Naval College, or produced a Certificate of his having passed the same, if his Certificate of his having passed his Examination before Three Captains, to be dated prior to the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or to the Day on which the said Order of the Commissioners of the Admiralty establishing the said Regulations was received on any Foreign Station where such Mate or Middispan was then serving.

V. And be it further enacted, That in each of the said recited Acts, intitled *An Act for establishing a more easy and expeditious Method for the punctual and frequent Payment of the Wages and Pay of certain Officers belonging to His Majesty's Navy*, as authorities any Captain, Commander, Lieutenant, Master or Surgeon who shall be sent to Sick Quarters, and remain there for a longer time than six Weeks, to draw or cause to be drawn at the End of such Six Weeks a Bill or Set of Bills upon the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, for the Net Personal Wages or Pay due to him to the Day of the Expiration of Six Weeks from and after his having been sent to Sick Quarters, shall from and after the passing of this Act be and the same is hereby repealed: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for every such Captain, Commander, Lieutenant, Master and Surgeon who shall be sent to Sick Quarters, to draw a Bill upon the said Commissioners of the Navy, for the Pay or Proportion of Pay (as by this Act allowed) that may be due to him as the Day of his being discharged to Sick Quarters; such Bill, (as to a Lieutenant, Master, or Surgeon,) being certified and approved in like manner as is hereinbefore directed with respect to other Bills drawn under the Authority of this Act, and being indorsed upon or accompanied with a Certificate, under the Hand of the Physician or Surgeon having Superintendence of the Hospital or Sick Quarters to which such Officer shall have been discharged, of the Day on which he shall have been received into such Hospital or Sick Quarters.

VI. And be it further enacted, That Second Masters, passed Masters and passed Middispan, Clerks and Schoolmasters, permitted by this Act to draw for the Whole or any Part of their Pay, shall be and they are are directed and prohibited from allowing any Portion of these Pay as hereinafter; and that all the Examinations, Provisions and Regulations, with respect to the drawing of Bills or Allowment of Pay, contained in either of the said recited Acts respectively, or in any other Act or Acts, shall from and after the passing of this Act be deemed and taken to be applicable to the Bills to be drawn and Allowments allowed by or under this Act, in the same manner to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were fully and particularly repeated and recited herein, except in far as the same are hereinbefore repealed or altered; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

VII. And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Thirty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for establishing a more easy and expeditious Method for the punctual and frequent Payment of the Wages and Pay of certain Officers belonging to His Majesty's Navy*, it is provided, that every Commissioned Officer, Master and Surgeon of His Majesty's Navy on Half Pay, when appointed to a Ship, may, if so Importunate against him, receive the Amount of Half Pay due to him by an Order on the Treasurer of the Navy; And Whereas it would tend much to the Convenience of such Officers, Masters and Surgeons if they were enabled to draw and negotiate a Bill or Bills for such Arrears of their Half Pay as hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for every Commissioned Officer, Master and Surgeon in the Naval Service of His Majesty, to whom any Arrears of Half Pay may be due, and who shall be appointed to command or serve on board any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, which may be fitting at any Port of Great Britain, after receiving his Certificate or Warrant of Appointment,

Purser, and approved by the Captain, &c.

Such Purser shall be so certifying that such Bill is not for a greater Sum than the Officer drawing it had a Right to draw for, after any Debt for Slops, Dead Men's Clothes, or other Charges standing in the Ship's Books, hath been abated from the Amount of his Pay for the Period for which the Bill is drawn; and the Captain of such Ship shall be so approving be held responsible that Officer drawing has been borne for Pay during the said Period, and is entitled by this Act to draw, and that the Purser hath previously certified his Right to draw for the Sum in the Bill mentioned; and such Bill, Certificate and Approval, and also the Assignment thereof for Payment by the Treasurer of the Navy, shall be in the Form in forth is the Schedule to this Act marked (A.), or to the like Effect.

Forms of Bills, Certificates, &c.

Bills drawn by Physicians, Secretaries' Clerks, by whom to be approved.

Master and Middispan not entitled to draw till Certificate produced of having passed Examinations, &c.

Proviso for cases in which Captain may approve without Certificate, &c. have not passed Examinations.

In each of 18 G. 3. c. 74. no authorities create Officers sent to Sick Quarters to draw at the End of Six Weeks, respectively and such other Regulations as respect of Officers drawing for the Pay due on the Day of Discharge to Sick Quarters.

Second Masters, Masters, &c. not entitled from allowing Pay as hereinafter, &c.

Examinations, Provisions and Regulations, with respect to the drawing of Bills or Allowment of Pay, contained in either of the said recited Acts respectively, or in any other Act or Acts, shall from and after the passing of this Act be deemed and taken to be applicable to the Bills to be drawn and Allowments allowed by or under this Act, in the same manner to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were fully and particularly repeated and recited herein, except in far as the same are hereinbefore repealed or altered; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Whereas by the said Act passed in the Thirty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for establishing a more easy and expeditious Method for the punctual and frequent Payment of the Wages and Pay of certain Officers belonging to His Majesty's Navy*, it is provided, that every Commissioned Officer, Master and Surgeon of His Majesty's Navy on Half Pay, when appointed to a Ship, may, if so Importunate against him, receive the Amount of Half Pay due to him by an Order on the Treasurer of the Navy; And Whereas it would tend much to the Convenience of such Officers, Masters and Surgeons if they were enabled to draw and negotiate a Bill or Bills for such Arrears of their Half Pay as hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for every Commissioned Officer, Master and Surgeon in the Naval Service of His Majesty, to whom any Arrears of Half Pay may be due, and who shall be appointed to command or serve on board any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, which may be fitting at any Port of Great Britain, after receiving his Certificate or Warrant of Appointment,

13 G. 3. c. 74. 11.

Commissioned Officer, &c. on Half Pay may draw a Bill for

In Answer to
being appointed
to Pay

Certificate and
Form of Bill to
be submitted
to each Officer.

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14

On Appoint-
ment to Ships,
Commissioned
Officers, Chap-
lains, &c. may
draw for Three
Months' Pay in
Advance.

Certificate and
Form of Bill
to be submitted
to each Officer.

Officers sub-
mitted to draw
for Pay, having
paid their Ac-
counts, and re-
ceived General
Certificates (see
Form) the
Amount of Pay
due, may make
up a Certificate
returnable by
Indemnity,
bearing Date &c.
as follows.

Form
of Certificate
to be submitted
to each Officer.

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14

§ 2 of 94
14

ment, if he shall be deficient in drawing a Bill or Bills for his Amount of Half Pay, to apply for that Purpose by Letter directed to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, transmitting the usual Affidavit and Certificate of the Day when he commenced Full Pay, and that thereupon the said Commissioners or any Three of them, having ascertained that no Imprest is standing against him, or that the Imprest against him (if any) is cleared, shall cause the Amount of Half Pay due to each Officer, Master or Surgeon to be ascertained and duly attested, and transmit to each Officer, Master or Surgeon, a Certificate or Statement thereof, together with the Form of a Bill as in the Schedule to this Act marked (B.), so to the like Effect, to be drawn by such Officer, Master or Surgeon; who, upon Receipt thereof, may and is hereby authorized to draw and negotiate such Bill for the Amount so certified to be due, and which said Bill shall be assigned for Payment on, and paid by the Treasurer of the Navy, and be a sufficient Voucher and Discharge to him for such Payment in his Annual Account.

VIII. And Whereas by the said last recited Act it is provided, that Commissioned Officers in the Navy appointed to Ships above Half Pay, having no Imprest standing against them, may obtain Three Months' Pay in Advance, by an Order upon the Treasurer of the Navy: And Whereas it would be a Convenience to such Officers, as well as to Chaplains, Masters, Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons, who may be appointed to like manner, if they were enabled to obtain such Advance by Means of a Bill to be drawn and negotiated and paid as is hereinbefore provided for the Payment of Arrears of Half Pay: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Commissioned Officer, Chaplain, Master, Surgeon and Assistant Surgeon in the Naval Service of His Majesty, who shall be appointed as aforesaid, and shall have been previously Three Calendar Months on Half Pay, and shall not have any Imprest standing against him, undischarged, may apply for such Three Months' Pay in Advance by Letter directed to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, transmitting a Certificate of the Day when he commenced Full Pay; whereupon the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, having ascertained that such Officer hath been previously Three Months on Half Pay, and that no Imprest is standing against him, or that the Imprest (if any) against him is cleared, shall transmit to such Officer a Certificate, and the Form of a Bill as in the Schedule to this Act marked (C.) or to the like Effect, to be drawn by him, and such Officer upon the Receipt thereof is hereby authorized to draw and negotiate such Bill accordingly; and which said Bill shall be assigned for Payment on and paid by the Treasurer of the Navy, and be a sufficient Voucher or Discharge to him for such Payment in his annual Account.

IX. And Whereas by the said last recited Act it is provided, that if Commissioned Officers, Masters, Surgeons in the Navy, and every other Detachment of Officers by this Act authorized to draw for Pay, have paid their Accounts for every Ship in which they may have served, Three Commissioners of the Navy shall make out Certificates, distinguished by the Name of General Certificates, specifying the net Amount of the Pay which shall appear to be due to such Officers, and shall direct the Amount to be carried to the Credit of such Officer's Account Current: Not to Mode being provided therein for the Payment of the Balance of such Pay due and not drawn for: Be it therefore enacted, That every such Commissioned Officer, Master, Surgeon, or other Officer who shall have paid his Accounts and obtained such General Certificate as in the said recited Act is mentioned, the Amount of which the said Commissioners shall have directed to be carried to the Credit of such Officer's Account under the said recited Act, the said Officer is hereby authorized (upon the Back of such General Certificate as shall be delivered or transmitted to him, or to his Agent in pursuance of the Direction contained in the said recited Act) to make the said General Certificate acceptable in the Nature of a Bill of Exchange by an Indorsement thereon, making the Contents thereof payable to his Order; which Indorsement, and any subsequent one that may be made upon the said Certificate, shall be sufficient Authority to the Treasurer of the Navy to pay the Amount of the said General Certificate to the Officer thereon owned, or to the Indorsee thereof, as the case may require; and shall be a sufficient Voucher and Discharge to the said Treasurer for such Payment in his annual Account.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall falsely make, forge or counterfeits, or cause or procure to be falsely made, forged or counterfeited, or shall wilfully act as agent in the false making, forging or counterfeiting of any such Authority, Certificate, Bill, Approval or Assignment as is hereinbefore mentioned, or shall utter or publish as true any such false, forged, or counterfeited Authority, Certificate, Bill, Approval or Assignment, knowing the same to be false, forged or counterfeited, with Intent to defraud any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate; every such Person so offending shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

XI. And be it further enacted, That on Bill which shall be drawn under or by virtue of this Act shall be subject or liable to be charged or chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatever.

XII. And Whereas Sick Tickets, Unserviceable Tickets, Foreign Service Tickets and Discharge Tickets, made out to Inferior and Petty Officers, Seamen, Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines, in pursuance of the several Acts of Parliament passed in the Thirty-sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen employed in the Royal Navy, and for establishing a regular Method for the punctual, frequent and certain Payment of their Wages; and for enabling them more easily and readily to receive the same for the Support of their Wives and Families; and for preventing Frauds and Abuses attending such Payments; and of another Act passed in the Thirty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for explaining and amending an Act passed in the Thirty-first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen employed in the Royal Navy, and for establishing a regular Method for the punctual, frequent and certain***

• certain Payment of their Wages; and for enabling them more easily and readily to remit the same for the Support of their Wives and Families; and for preventing Frauds and Abuses attending such Payments; and for further extending the Benefits thereof to Petty Officers and Seamen, Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines, serving or who may hereafter be served on board any of His Majesty's Ships; are not failable or transferable, but are payable only to the Persons therein named; And whereas it is expedient that similar Tickets made out to the Camelline and Warrant Officers of the Royal Navy should be subject to the like Regulations; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act no Sick Ticket, Unfavourable Ticket, Foreign Reserve Ticket or Discharge Ticket, be made out to any Commissioned or Warrant Officer in the Royal Navy, shall be failable or transferable; but every such Ticket shall be paid only to the Party in whose Favour the same shall be made out; and that all Sales, Assignments or Transfers of any such Ticket shall be absolutely null and void, to all Intents and Purposes; any Law or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

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SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

Full Rate (Britannia), Lieutenant Thomas Bowline, entered 16 January 1817.

[illegible]

Certified by
A. B. Purdie.

FFN Days after Sight (my Second and Third Bill of this Tenor and Date not being paid) please to pay
to John Bull, or Order, the Sum of being the
new Pay due to me in Fort Lieutenant of His Majesty's Ship (Entenza), between 1st January and 15th
March 1871, for Value received.

Thomas Bowler.

Approved by
C. D. Captain of HMs Miesky's Ship (Belarus).

To the Commissioners of His
Majesty's Navy, London.

ASSIGNMENT.

No. 1. Navy Office, 3d April 1845.
To be paid by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy out of Monies received under the Head of Wages to
Pay Officers.

E. F. }
G. H. } Contrabands of the Navy.
I. K. }

N. B. The forging of this Bill, or the Purser's Certificate, Captain's Approval, or the Assignment thereof for Payment, or procuring any other Person so forge or alter the same with an intention to defraud any Person or Body Politic or Corporate, is made Felony without Benefit of Clergy by the Act of 17 Geo. 3. Cap. 39.

SCHUL

SCHEDULE (B.)

Navy Office. — Order for Advance of Half Pay.

Officer's Name.	Quality.	From what Ship.	Half Pay.		To what Ship appointed.	Imprch.	From Charge.	No. of Days.	Per Diem.	Id. per £.	Paid.	Still.
			Continuance.	Ending.								

P. E. O.

Gentlemen,

AT Three Days' Sight, pay to
due to me for Advance of Half Pay as above stated.

To the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, London.

THE Sum of _____ to be paid by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, out of Money received under
the Head of Half Pay.

G. D.

in Order, the Sum of _____

Thomas Bawley.

To the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, London.

E. F. }
G. H. } Commissioners of the Navy.
J. K. }

SCHEDULE (C.)

Rate.	Ship's Name.	Officer's Name.	Quality.	When entitled to Full Pay.

THESE are to certify there is an Imprest against
Dated the _____ Day of _____ 18

Pay for Three Months' Advance of _____

G. D.

P. E. O.

At _____ the _____ Day of _____ 18
Gentlemen,AT Three Days' Sight, please to pay to
being for Three Months' Advance of Pay to me, between the
Day of _____ and the _____

To the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, London.

Navy Office, the _____ Day of _____ 18

No.

THE Sum of _____ to be paid by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, out of Money
received under the Head of Wages to pay Officers, being for Three Months' arrear Pay in advance, to the
Day of _____ 18

E. F. }
G. H. } Commissioners of the Navy.
J. K. }

and Expenses,
as by said before
Parliament.

of all Proclamations issued under or by virtue of the said recited Acts, specifying the Counties, Hundreds and Districts by such Proclamations respectively declared to be in a State of Disturbance; and also of the Names of all Chief Magistrates and other Officers appointed for the Execution of the said recited Acts in such Counties, Hundreds and Districts respectively; and also of the Amount of all Salaries, Allowances, Rents, Taxes, Cotts, Charges and Expenses incurred in consequence of any such Proclamations; and that such Chief Secretary shall cause such Accounts to be from time to time laid before both Houses of Parliament within One Calendar Month next after the Commencement of each Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. XXIII.

An Act to further continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty, an Act of the Seventh Year of King George the Second, for the free Importation of Cocknall and Indigo.

[1798 April 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the Renewal of an Act made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First*, intitled *An Act for the free Importation of Cocknall during the Time therein limited, and also for the free Importation of Indigo, which was in continuance in force, from the Twenty-fifth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, for the Term of Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and which by several subsequent Acts was further continued from the Expiration thereof until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty-fourth Year of His present Majesty the said Act was renewed from the said Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and continued so to remain until Nine Months after the Conclusion of the then present War: And Whereas by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament the said Act was again revived and further continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall continue in force from the said Twenty-fifth day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty.*

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended, or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in the future Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. XXIV.

An Act to alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act, passed in the Fifty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the further Improvement of the Land Revenue of the Crown.*

[1816 May 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for making a more convenient Commission from Mary le Bone Park and the Northern Part of the Metropolis, in the Parish of Saint Mary le Bone, to Clearing Cuts within the Liberty of Westminster, and for making a more convenient Drains for the same*, it was enacted, that the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue should be and they were thereby appointed Commissioners for carrying the Purposes of the said Act into Execution, and they were thereby empowered to borrow and take up or raise from time to time such Sum or Sums of Money to enable them to carry the several Purposes of the said Act into Execution, as they should judge necessary, not exceeding the Two several Sums of Five hundred thousand Pounds, and One hundred thousand Pounds: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the further Improvement of the Land Revenue of the Crown*, it was amongst other Things enacted, that it should and might be lawful to and for the Commissioners for executing the said recited Act, passed in the Fifty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, by and with the Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and notwithstanding any Provision, Restriction or Clause contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Land Revenue, to borrow and take up or raise such Sum or Sums of Money as they the said Commissioners for executing the said recited Act of the Fifty-third Year should, with such Approbation as aforesaid, should judge necessary for the Purposes of the said Act, not exceeding what should then remain to be raised of the said Two Sums of Five Hundred thousand Pounds and One hundred thousand Pounds, by any Loan or Loans upon the Credit of the Land Revenue of the Crown; and it was thereby further declared and enacted, that it should and might be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Companies, (other than except the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, the Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain trading to the South Seas and other Parts of America, and the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies,) to advance or lend any Loan or Sums of Money, or any Part or Parts of the Capital or other Monies or Funds of or belonging to such Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Companies, not exceeding what should then remain to be raised of the said Two Sums of Five hundred thousand Pounds and One hundred thousand Pounds, to the said Commissioners for executing the said last recited Act, upon the Credit of the said Land Revenue of the Crown, so that that all such Loans should be made by and with

'the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, or Company, by whom or on whose Behalf the Loan is to be advanced' (such [as, have] contracted and agreed to advance and lend to the said Commissioners for executing the said Acts, upon the Credit of the said Revenues of the Crown, the Sum of) to be applied by them for and towards the carrying the several Purposes of the said Acts into Execution; which Sum is to be paid by the said G. D. to One of the Cashiers of the Bank of England, and to be credited to the Account of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being 'The New Street Account;' and upon and immediately after the Payment of the same in manner aforesaid, the said Sum of £ Bull, by virtue of the said Acts, become and be a Loan charged upon the Whole of the said Revenues of the Crown, (but subject and without prejudice to the Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds advanced by the Corporation of the Royal Exchange Assurance, and to the Provision made by the said Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign for the Redemption thereof, and for the Payment of the Interest thereof); and such Revenues shall, subject as aforesaid, from thenceforth be charged with and liable to the Redemption of the said Capital Sum to be advanced by the Indemnities, in the Proportions, and at or upon the Days or times hereinafter mentioned, that is to say, [here begins the Terms agreed upon for the Redemption,] and to the Payment of Interest for the said Principal Sum, or so much thereof as shall from time to time remain unpaid, after the Rate of Five Pence per Centum per Annum, [or after Rate as the rate may be,] such Interest to be computed from the time the said Principal Sum shall be so advanced, and to be paid Half Yearly, until the Whole of the said Principal Sum, and Interest thereon, shall be fully paid and discharged. Given under our Hands and Seals, this

Day of

One thousand eight hundred and

Certificates to be
issued by or
on behalf of One
of the Secretaries
or Clerks to the
Commissioners.
Receipt by
Cashier of the
Bank.
Form of Receipt.

And every such Certificate shall be witnessed by One of the Secretaries or Clerks for the time being to the said Commissioners for carrying the said recited Acts into Execution; and upon the Production of such Certificate or Certificates, the Cashiers of the Bank, or one of them, shall and are to be hereby required to accept and receive the Sum or Sums therein specified, and at the Foot or Back of each Certificate to acknowledge the Receipt of the said Money, without Fee or Reward; and the Receipt to be given by each Cashier of the Bank, at the Foot or on the Back of such Certificate as aforesaid, shall be in the Words and Figures following, or as near thereto as may be; (that is to say,)

RECEIVED the

Day of

One thousand eight hundred and

of and from A. B. the Sum of

of lawful Money of Great Britain, being the Sum

to be paid into the Bank of England pursuant to the above Certificate, and which Sum is placed to the Account of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being 'The New Street Account.'

Witness my Hand

For the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.

{Signed}

Cashier.

Certificates and
Receipts to be
issued in Office
of Auditor of
His Majesty's
Land Revenues
for Middlesex.

Which said Certificate and Receipt shall be enrolled in the Office of the Auditor of His Majesty's Land Revenues for the County of Middlesex, on Payment of the usual Fees for such Enrolment, and a Minute or Extract thereof shall be entered and preferred in the Office of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, and also in a Book to be kept for that Purpose by the Clerk to the said Commissioners for entering the said recited Act of the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His said Majesty; and every such Certificate and Receipt, when given, granted, and enrolled, shall be and they are hereby declared to be conclusive Evidence of the Advance of every such Loan, and of the Day or time of making such Advance.

Loans charged
on Land Revenues.

Proviso to Loan
by Royal Ex-
change Assurance
Company.

III. And be it further enacted, That when any such Certificate and Receipt shall be so issued, enrolled and entered as aforesaid, every such Loan or Loans, the Receipt whereof shall be so acknowledged as above said, shall be and the same is and are hereby charged upon the whole of the said Land Revenues of the Crown, (subject and without Prejudice to the Loan so advanced by the said Corporation of the Royal Exchange Assurance, and the Provision made by the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign for the Redemption thereof, and for the Payment of the Interest thereof as aforesaid,) and such Revenues shall from thenceforth be subject and liable to such new Loan or Loans, and the Redemption thereof and the Interest thereof, at such Rate, in such manner and by such Proportions, and at such time or times, as shall be regulated and agreed upon by and between the said Commissioners for the time being for executing the said recited Act of the Fifty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, and the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, or Companies, making such Advances, and as shall be mentioned, specified or expressed in the said Certificate, and the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, is and are hereby authorized, empowered and required to make such Payments accordingly, when and as the same shall become due and payable out of the said Land Revenues of the Crown, after Payment of the necessary Charges of the Management thereof, prior to any other Application of such Land Revenues (save and except in far as such Revenues are or ought to be applied to the Redemption of the said Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds so advanced by the said Corporation of the Royal Exchange Assurance, and to the Payment of the Interest thereof as the same time as aforesaid).

In case any Part
of the Principal
Sum, or of the
Interest thereof,
be repaid for
Three Months,

IV. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall happen that any Payment of Interest accruing upon any Loan or Loans to be made in pursuance of this Act shall not be satisfied out of the said Land Revenues within the Space of Three Calendar Months after the same shall have become due, or in case any Portion or Part of the Principal of any such Loan or Loans shall not be paid or discharged out of the said Land Revenues within the like Space of Three Calendar Months after the same shall have become due, that then the Lord

High Treasures of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or any Three or more of them, is and are lawfully authorized, empowered, and required, upon the Demand or Requisition of the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Company, who shall have made such Loan or Loans, or be entitled to such Interest or such Portion of Principal as shall be so in Arrear, due or unpaid, to make Payment of such Interest or Principal (as the case may be) which shall be in Arrear, due or unpaid, out of any Monies at his or their Disposal, granted by Parliament for the Supplies of the then current Year.

V. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That in case any such Payment shall be advanced or made from or out of such Supplies for the Purposes aforesaid in pursuance of this Act, that then the Amount thereof shall be made good and replaced to the Credit of such Supplies out of the first Monies which shall arise from the Receipt of the Land Revenues of the Crown, after Payment of the necessary Charges of Management thereof, and of any Sum or Sums which shall be then due or payable for or in respect of the Loan is advanced by the said Corporation of the Royal Exchange Assurance, and in preference to any Charge whatsoever upon the same.

VI. And he is further enacted, That no Loan which shall be advanced, nor any Certificate or Receipt which shall be made or given for the same, by virtue of this Act, nor any Agreement, Deed or Instrument in relation thereto, shall be subject or liable to any Custom Duty, or other Stamp Duty whatsoever imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, nor to any Stamp Duty to be imposed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament, unless such Loan or Certificate, Receipt, Agreement, Deed, or Instrument, shall be specially subjected and specifically charged in and by such future Act or Acts of Parliament.

C.A.P. XXV.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, and to exempt such Dwelling Houses as may be employed for the sole Purpose of Trade, or of lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise, from the Duties charged by the said Act. [23d May 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, and certain additional Duties to be consolidated thereunto; and also for repealing the Stamp Duties on Great Certificates, and granting new Duties on the same, as in and under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, certain Duties were granted to His Majesty upon Houses, Windows and Lights, as set forth in the Schedule to the said Act enacted, marked (A.) and upon inhabited Houses, as set forth in the Schedule to the said Act enacted, marked (B.): And Whereas it became usual in Cities and large Towns, and other Places, for One and the same Person, or for each Person where two or more Persons are in Partnership, to occupy a Dwelling House or Dwelling Houses for their Residence, and at the same time One or more separate and distinct Tenements or Buildings, or Parts of Tenements or Buildings, for the Purposes of Trade, or as Warehouses for lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise therein, or as a Shop or Counting House, and to abide therein in the Day time only for the Purposes of such Trade respectively, which have been charged with the said recited Duties, although no Person shall inhabit or dwell therein in the Night time; and it is expedient in such cases to exempt from the said Duties such Tenements or Buildings, or Parts of Tenements or Buildings, as are or shall be solely employed for the Purposes herein mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, on due Proof made on the manner therein directed, to the Satisfaction of the respective Commissioners aforesaid in the Execution of the said recited Act, that any Person or any Number of Persons in Partnership together respectively occupy a Tenement or Building, or Part of a Tenement or Building, which shall have previously been occupied for the purpose of Residence wholly, as a House for the Purposes of Trade only, or as a Warehouse for the sole purpose of lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise therein, or as a Shop or Counting House, or Person inhabiting, dwelling, or abiding therein, except in the Day time only, for the Purpose of such Trade, such Person or Persons, as Partnership respectively abiding as a separate and distinct Dwelling House, or Part of a Dwelling House, charged to the Duties under the said Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, according to the Provision of this Act, to discharge the Assessments made for that Year in respect of such Tenement or Building which shall be so used for the Purpose of Trade, or be employed as a Warehouse for the sole Purpose of lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise therein, or as a Shop or Counting House; any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding.*

II. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That all such Tenements or Buildings, whether employed wholly for the Purpose of Trade or as Warehouses for the sole Purpose of lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise therein, or as a Shop or Counting House, may be brought into Assessment as Dwelling Houses in the manner thereby by the said Act; and every Person intending to be relieved from the Assessment made in respect of his or her Tenement or Building used for the Purpose of Trade, or as a Warehouse for the sole Purpose of lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise therein, or as a Shop or Counting House, by virtue of this Act, shall in such case give Notice thereof to the Assessor or Surveyor of or for the Parish or Place where such said Tenement or Building shall be situate, and at the same time deliver a Declaration in Writing, bearing the Parish or Place where the Dwelling House or Dwelling Houses, or Part of a Dwelling House, used as the Residence of him; her or them, or his, her or their Family, are respectively situated;

the time to be allowed by the Treasury

Monies advanced to be placed out of the first Monies to arise from the Land Revenues Payable for Royal Exchange Assurance. Loans and Deeds exempted from Stamp Duties.

40 C. 2. 11

Tenements which have been occupied as Dwelling Houses shall not be charged in Duties under the said Act when employed solely for the Purpose of Trade, or as Warehouses, Shops, &c.

But such Tenements may be brought into Assessment if Persons (including Relief to give Notice to Assessor, &c.

Assessments to be
submitted by
Aldermen, &c.

It is not neces-
sary that the
Assessments be
submitted in all
this conformity.

Aldermen
made on each
Parishes for the
Year ending 1st
April 1816 and
1817 to be dis-
charged, and Money paid
under both of
the Assessments to be
repaid by the
Parish General.

But no Alder-
men discharged
but upon Notice,
&c.

Mills or Places
of Manufacture,
&c. are situated
on a Dwelling
House are liable
to a Survey,
Shall be liable to guard
the same at their
charge.

Proviso for the
Guard Window
in a Dairy in a
Farm House.

Regulation of
the Act relating
to Windows
applied to each
Window.

Assessments, and entry Aldermen or Surveyor to whom such Notice and Declaration shall be delivered, and every Surveyor of the District acting for each Parish or Place, whether he shall have received such Notice and Declaration or not, who shall have information of such Claims being made or to be made, shall upon Request, from time to time and at all times in the Day time, be admitted to inspect and survey the Tenement or Building described to be so employed, as well internally as externally, and shall require and examine into the Uses and Purposes to which the same is or has been employed; and if after any such Claim made, or before or after Allowance thereof, it shall be discovered that the same Tenement or Building hath been employed for any other Use than for the Purposes of Trade, or as a Warehouse for lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or as a Shop or Counting House, or that any Person hath inhabited or dwelt therein, except as aforesaid, then as due Proof thereof before the said Commissioners, they shall and are hereby required to affix and charge the said Tenement or Building as a Dwelling House to the Duties granted by the said Act, notwithstanding such Claim or any thing heretofore contained to the contrary: Provided always, that nothing heretofore contained shall be construed to impeach or affect any Exemption from the said Duties expressly contained in the said recited Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners acting in the Execution of the said recited Act and the Act to discharge any Assessments which shall have been made for the Year ending the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, and the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and Seventeen respectively, as the Owner or Occupier, upon Houses, Tenements or Buildings, which under the Provisions of the said Act would have been exempted from the Payment of Duties in case the said Act had related to such last mentioned Assessments; and in all cases where Assessments is discharged shall have been previously paid by the Parties, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to certify such Discharge or Discharges, with the Cause and Cause thereof, to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and in that case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes to order and direct the Receiver General of the County, Riding or Division, who shall have received the Sums so paid under such discharged Assessments, to repay the same to the Party; which Order shall be as Authority to such Receiver General to repay the same, and such Repayment shall be allowed in his Accounts: Provided always, that no such Assessment shall be discharged except upon a Notice and Declaration being delivered by the Party making the Claim to the Aldermen or Surveyor of the Parish or Place, in the same manner as is required with respect to the Exemption allowed by this Act.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Occupier of any Mill or Place of Manufacture or Warehouse, not being Part or Parcel of any Dwelling House, nor attached or adjoining to any Dwelling House, nor having any internal Communication therewith, may by the License or Writing of the Commissioners of the District, signed by them, or any Three or more of them assembled at any Meeting, after due Notice given by the Occupier of such Mill or Place of Manufacture, appoint any One of his or her Servants (named in such License to watch and guard the said Mill, or Place of Manufacture or Warehouse, in the Night time, and that the standing of such licensed Servant therein, for the purpose of watching and guarding the same, shall not render the Occupier thereof liable in any of the Duties granted by the said recited Act.

V. And Whereas by the said recited Act certain Windows or Lights in the Rooms of any Dwelling House, as used as a Dairy or Cattle Room, are exempted from the said Duties, provided that the said Windows or Lights shall be made with Sphers or Wooden Laths, or Iron Bars or Wires, and wholly without Glass: And Whereas it is expedient to exempt from the said Duties on Windows or Lights One Window or Light in any Dwelling House being a Farm House, occupied by a Tenant, and used solely for the purposes of Husbandry only, in manner heretofore mentioned; Be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, One Window or Light in any Dairy or Cattle Room, or Room used as a Dairy and Cattle Room in any Farm House before described, which shall be used by the Tenant of such Farm House for the purpose of keeping Butter or Cheese, or both, being the usual Produce of such Farm, for Sale or private Use, although the said Window or Light be made with Glass, shall be exempted from the said Duty under the same Terms and Conditions as Windows or Lights made with Sphers or Wooden Laths, or Iron Bars or Wires, and without Glass, are by the said Act exempted from the said Duty; provided that the Regulations of this Act respecting Windows and other Places used for the purposes of Trade, in order to obtain the Exemptions granted by this Act, and the Powers vested in the Surveyors of tithing, viewing and examining the same, shall be duly observed, notified and applied to regard to Windows or Lights in Dairies and Cattle Rooms, as fully and effectually as if the same Regulations and Powers were respectively repeated and expressly applied to the said last mentioned Windows or Lights.

C A P. XXVI.

An Act to amend and render more effectual Four several Acts passed in the Forty eighth, Forty ninth, Fifty second, and Fifty sixth Years of His present Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities. [23rd May 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled "An Act for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities:" And Whereas another Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, entitled "An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities:" And Whereas another Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled "An Act for amending Two Acts passed in the Forty eighth and Forty

• sixth Years of His present Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to
 • grant Life Annuities: And Whereas another Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present
 • Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend and render more effectual Three former Acts passed in the Forty eighth,*
 • *Forty ninth and Fifty second Years of His present Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction*
 • *of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Acts should be*
 • *amended, and further Provisions made for rendering the same more effectual: Be it therefore enacted by The*
 • *King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,*
 • *and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful*
 • *for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered, to extend the granting of Annuities to and for*
 • *the Life of any single Nominor, or to and for the joint Lives of any Two Nominors, and the Life of the*
 • *longest Liver, who shall be of the Age of Twenty one Years, and under Thirty five, according to the Provi-*
 • *sions, Limitations, and Restrictions of the said recited Acts, except in far as the same shall be altered and*
 • *varied by this Act; and in order to facilitate the Purchase of Life Annuities, it shall be lawful for the said*
 • *Commissioners to accept and receive either Four Pounds per Centum or Five Pounds per Centum Bank Annu-*
 • *ities, as the Consideration for the Purchase of Life Annuities; and for the Purpose of ascertaining the Price*
 • *of such Stock or Annuities, the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England shall and they are hereby re-*
 • *quired, on every Day on which any of the said Annuities shall have been bought at the Bank of England, to*
 • *make an Account to be made out of the Average Price thereof, according to the Regulations prescribed by*
 • *the said recited Acts in the case of Three Pounds per Centum Bank Annuities; which Account shall be*
 • *transmitted to the Office to be appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners, for enabling*
 • *him to ascertain the respective Amounts of the Life Annuities which may be purchased under the Pro-*
 • *visions of this Act.*

II. And be it further enacted, That when any Four Pounds per Centum or Five Pounds per Centum Bank
 Annuities shall be transferred for the Purchase of Life Annuities, that such Four Pounds or Five Pounds
 per Centum Bank Annuities shall be first converted by the Computation of the said Officer into Three Pounds
 per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities (in the Opinion of the Purchaser) according to the
 Average Price of these Stocks, to be ascertained as directed by the said recited Acts, and the Life Annui-
 ties to be granted thereon shall be calculated and ascertained upon the Amount of Three Pounds per Centum
 Annuities, including Fractions (if any) produced by such Conversion.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby
 empowered, to accept and receive Money in lieu of any Bank Annuities rented in this Act, or in lieu of
 Bank or Long Annuities in any of the said recited Acts, as the Consideration for the Purchase of Life
 Annuities; provided that the Annuity to be granted in such Cases shall be ascertained and computed upon
 the Amount of Stock including Fractions (if any) which would have been produced if such Money had
 been previously invested in either Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities (at the
 Option of the Purchaser) according to the Average Price thereof, to be ascertained as heretofore directed;
 and a Charge of Two Shillings and Sixpence shall be made upon the said Purchaser or Purchasers for every
 entire One hundred Pounds of Three Pounds per Centum Stock produced as aforesaid, to be placed to the
 Account of the said Commissioners.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby
 empowered, to grant a deferred Annuity or Annuities upon the Life of any single Nominor, of the Age of
 Twenty one Years or upwards at the time of Contract, to commence at any future Time to be fixed by the
 Purchaser, or to grant an Annuity or Annuities upon the Contingency of One Life, of Twenty one Years or
 upwards at the time of such Purchase, surviving another assigned Life, not being under the Age of Twenty
 one Years as aforesaid; the first Half Yearly Payment of which latter Annuity shall commence on the second
 Quarterly Day of Payment immediately following the Death of such assigned Nominor; but previous to the
 Payment of the said last mentioned Annuity, a Copy of the Royal Register of the said Nominor (or some
 other satisfactory Proof) shall be produced to the said Officers, accompanied by such and the like Affidavits
 as are required to be made and taken on the purchasing of Life Annuities by the said recited Acts; and
 upon the Production of such Proof the said Officer is hereby required to certify the same to the Governor
 and Company of the Bank of England: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful to contract for or to
 grant any deferred or contingent Life Annuity as aforesaid, unless an Annuity amounting to Two Pounds or
 upwards shall have been previously purchased, under the Provisions of this or the before recited Acts, upon the
 Life of the Person to be so annuitized.

V. And be it further enacted, That for the purpose of enabling further Purchases to be made by any
 Person or Persons on whole behalf any Life Annuity, or deferred or contingent Annuity, shall have been
 already granted, under the Provisions of this Act or of either of the before recited Acts, it shall be lawful
 for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered, to accept the Transfer of any of the aforesaid
 Three Pounds, Four Pounds or Five Pounds per Centum Annuities to their Account in the Books of the
 Bank of England, the Amount of which shall not be less than Twenty Pounds, or to accept and receive in
 Money an Equivalent thereof, in lieu of the said Three Pounds, Four Pounds, or Five Pounds per Centum
 Annuities, to be computed and ascertained according to the Average Price of Three Pounds per Centum
 Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, as heretofore directed, in the Consideration for an additional
 Annuity, to be valued and ascertained according to the Age of the Party annuitized at the time of
 purchasing such additional Annuity, in pursuance of the Provisions of this or the said recited Acts.

VI. And be it further enacted, That for the Purpose of extending the Facilities for purchasing Life
 Annuities, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered, to accept and
 receive

Extending the
 granting of An-
 nuities in Pur-
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from time to time for the Purchase of Life Annuities on deferred and Anticipated.

receive at all times the Transfer of any of the aforesaid Three Pounds, Four Pounds, or Five Pounds per Centum Annuities to their Account in the Books of the Bank of England, the Amount of which shall not be less than Two Pounds, or to accept and receive in Money an Equivalent thereof, in lieu of the said Three Pounds, Four Pounds, or Five Pounds per Centum Annuities, to be computed and alienated according to the Average Price of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, as hereinafter directed, as the Consideration for any Life Annuity or Annuities to be purchased under the Provisions of this or the before recited Acts; which said Sums of Money the said Commissioners shall from time to time cause to be laid out in the Purchase of Bank Three Pounds per Centum Annuities, to be placed in their Account; and the Interest arising from the Investment thereof, and also the Interest of all such Sums of Stock transferred as aforesaid, shall in like manner from time to time, as the same shall arise and become due, be laid out and invested in the Three Pounds per Centum Bank Annuities, and shall continue to accumulate for any Period to be fixed by the Purchaser or Purchasers, or by some Person on his, her or their behalf; provided, that at the time of making the first Payment in Money or Transfer of Stock as aforesaid, the Purchaser or Purchasers, or some Person on his, her or their behalf, shall agree to convert the whole of the Stock which may be thus accumulated (except as herein excepted) into an Annuity upon the Life of the Person to be annuitized at the Expiration of the time so fixed and agreed upon, such Number being then Twenty one Year or upwards, or into a deferred or contingent Annuity upon the Life of such Number as aforesaid, under the Provisions of this or the before recited Acts.

In case of Death of Person before the Completion of Purchase of Annuities, Stock to be transferred to Executors, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in the event of the Death of the Person or Persons in contravention before the Completion of the time agreed upon for converting the whole of the Stock which shall have so accumulated into a Life Annuity as specified in such Contract, the Probate of the Will of such Person or Persons, or Letters of Administration, shall be produced at the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and also an Affidavit of Identity, bearing the Day on which such Person or Persons in contravention shall have died, to be made by his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, (as the case may be) to enable the said Officer of the said Commissioners to certify to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England the Amount of Stock to be transferred from the Account of the said Commissioners (all Dividends from time to time due thereon being previously received) to the Person or Persons entitled thereto; and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank, being also the Agents of the said Commissioners, are hereby required to transfer from the Account of the said Commissioners to the Person or Persons entitled thereto, the whole Amount of Stock which shall have actually accumulated on behalf of the Person or Persons in contravention, up to the Day of his, her or their Death, as specified in such Contract.

When Money is to be paid for Purchase of Annuities, the same to be paid into the Bank of England.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases wherein Money shall be the Consideration for any Life Annuity or Annuities to be granted under the Provisions of this Act, such Money shall be paid by the Purchaser or Purchasers, or by some Person on his, her or their behalf, into the Bank, under a Certificate of the said Officer of the said Commissioners, and upon the Production of such Certificate to the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, the said Cashier or Cashiers shall and they are hereby required to receive all such Money, and to place the same to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.

Commissioners to give Forms of Declaration and Certificate, and to State of Purchase of Annuities according to former Acts.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, in any case in which any Sums of Money, or any of the aforesaid Three, Four or Five Pounds per Centum Annuities, or deferred or Contingent Annuities, shall be accepted and taken as the Consideration for any Life Annuity or Annuities, to use for the purpose of carrying this Act into Execution the Form of Declaration and Certificate in the Schedule to either of the said recited Acts annexed, with such Alterations and Variations as it may be necessary to adapt to the Nature of the case; and from time to time to settle and fix the Rates for purchasing Life Annuities in all the aforesaid cases in which the same shall not be otherwise made and provided, according as such Tables or Directions of Rates as shall appear to the said Commissioners most applicable; any Thing in the said recited Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Schedules (A.) and (B.) to be substituted for the Schedule (F.) in act G. 3. c. 36.

X. And Whereas it is expedient that the Schedules marked (A.) and (B.) in this Act annexed, should be adopted in lieu of the Schedule marked (F.) in the said last recited Act, and in lieu of the Schedule to the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Royal? Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Two last mentioned Schedules shall be and the same are hereby repealed, and the Schedules to this Act annexed, marked (A.) and (B.), shall be substituted for and in lieu thereof; and shall be cited and applied for all the Purposes to which the said Schedules were used or applicable.

Acceptance of Annuity by One of the Purchasers, when Two or more are named, or by some Person on his behalf, to be sufficient.

XI. And Whereas in and by the above recited Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty it is enacted, that every Life Annuity purchased as therein mentioned should be accepted at the Bank of England by the Person or Persons purchasing the same, or by some other Person or Persons duly authorized on his, her or their behalf, before he, she or they should be entitled to receive the same: And Whereas in cases where Life Annuities are purchased in the Names of Two or more Persons it is found inconvenient to require the Acceptance thereof by all the Purchasers? Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in all cases where any Life Annuity already has been or hereafter shall be purchased under the said recited Acts or any of them, or of this Act, in the Names of Two or more Persons, the Acceptance thereof by One of the Persons by whom or in whose Names the same may have been or shall be purchased, or by any Person or Persons duly authorized, as his or her behalf, shall be sufficient to enable the Purchaser to receive Payment of such Annuity from time to time as the same shall accrue and become due.

in like manner to all Invents and Purpouses as if such Assent had been accepted by all the Parties in whose Names the same had been or shall be purchased; any thing in the said recited Acts or of this Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in order to facilitate the purchasing or receiving any Life Annuity or Annuities in pursuance of this or the said recited Acts, it shall be lawful in all cases in which any Affidavit or Affidavits, Affirmation or Affirmations, is or are required to be made and taken by this or the said recited Acts, for the said Officer of the said Commissioners to administer such Affidavit or Affidavits, Affirmation or Affirmations; and be a hereby empowered and required to administer the same in all such cases (free of Expence to the Parties); any thing in this or the said recited Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Officer of Com-
missioners to ad-
minister Oaths.

free of Expence.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person, in any Affidavit or Affirmation to be taken before the said Officer under the Provisions of this or the said recited Acts, shall wilfully or corruptly swear or affirm any matter or thing which shall be false or untrue, every such Person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to such Punish and Penalties, as by any Laws now in force any Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

Perjury.

XIV. And Whereas it is expedient that Burial Registers of any Nominors or Nominors, extracted from the Records of the Society of Friends, commonly called Quakers, or from the Records of dissenting or other Chapels (not being Parochial), should be admitted by the said Officer of the said Commissioners for the Purposes of this and the said recited Acts; Be it therefore enacted, That the said Officer shall, and he is hereby empowered to admit such Burial Registers as evidence of the Death or Burial of any Nominors or Nominors, the same being duly certified under the Hands of the Registrar thereof; provided that in all such cases the said Burial Register shall be accompanied by an Affidavit of Identity, to be made and taken by and before such and the like Persons or Persons, or before the said Officer, as is required on the Death of any Nominors or Nominors by the said recited Acts or this Act; any thing in the said recited Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Certain Regis-
ters of Death of
Quakers in Dis-
senting to be
admitted in Ev-
idence.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

No.

FORM of the Certificate to be granted in order to enable the Receipt of the Annuity from time to time at the Bank of England.

I DO hereby certify to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, in pursuance of the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *As Act [here before the Title of this Act] That A. B. the Nominor [or, in case of Two Nominors, One of the Two Nominors] [or, the Survivor of the Two Nominors] described in the Certificate numbered as above, and dated the Day of*
per Crown Bank [or, Long Annuity, or Payment of
in Money for the Purchase of a Life Annuity on the Life of the said Nominor, [or, on the Lives of the said Nominors, and the Life of the longer Liver of them,] was living on the Day of on which Day a Half Yearly Payment of the said Annuity became due. Witness my Hand, this Day of

SCHEDULE (B.)

No.

FORM of Certificate to be granted in order to enable the Receipt of the Annuity from time to time at the Bank of England, upon the personal Appearance of the Nominor.

I DO hereby certify to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, in pursuance of the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *As Act [here before the Title of this Act] That A. B. the Nominor [or, in case of Two Nominors, One of the Two Nominors] [or, the Survivor of the Two Nominors] described in the Certificate numbered as above, and dated the Day of*
per Crown Bank [or, Long Annuity, or Payment of
in Money, for the Purchase of a Life Annuity on the Life of the said Nominor, [or, on the Lives of the said Nominors and the Life of the longer Liver of them,] appeared personally before me on this Day of Witness my Hand, the Day and Date above written.

C A P. XXVII

An Act for repealing the Duties of Customs on Buck Wheat imported into this Kingdom, and for granting other Duties, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, in lieu thereof.

[1818 May 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation into this Kingdom of Buck Wheat should be repealed, and that other Duties of Customs should be imposed in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority

Duties on Buck
Wheat imported
regulated, and in-
stead thereof a
Duty of one
penny Quarter
shall be paid.
New Duty.

Buck Wheat
may be more
freely imported under the
Regulations of
43 G. 3. c. 174.

The said Duty to
be paid on Buck
Wheat on being
taken out of
Warehouses for
Home Con-
sumption.

Duty here to be
limited and re-
served.

Duty to be paid
upon the Ex-
change, and
applied to the
General Duty.

As may be
altered, the said
Duties.
Continuation of
Act.

Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the Duties of Customs payable by Law upon Buck Wheat imported into this Kingdom do cease and determine, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering or paying Arrears thereof which may remain unpaid, or to any Tax, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; and that from and after the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, in and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there shall be levied, issued, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, a Duty of Customs of Ten Shillings for every Quarter containing Eight Bushels of Buck Wheat; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to compel the Importers, Pro- prietors or Consignors of Buck Wheat to pay the Duties upon the Importation and Landing thereof in cer- tain Importers, Proprietors or Consignors shall lodge and secure the same under the joint Locks of the Crown and the Merchant, under the Regulations required by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty*.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties and no other shall be charged and payable on any of the said Buck Wheat which, having been warehoused or otherwise secured under the Authority of the afore- said Act of Parliament without Payment of Duty, shall be taken out of any such Warehouse or Place whences the same shall have been lodged or secured, for the purpose of being sold or consumed in this Kingdom, after the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, notwithstanding the same may have been imported into this Kingdom on or before the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Duty of Customs granted by this Act shall and may be man- aged, alienated, raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid and recovered, in fact and in the like manner as the Duties on Buck Wheat hereby repealed were or might be managed, alienated, raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid and recovered; and the Goods shall be subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Rules, Regula- tions, Restrictions, Securities and Forfeitures, as such Goods were subject and liable to by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys arising from the Duties imposed by this Act, the sec- ondary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Re- ceipts of His Majesty's Exchequer at Windsor, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties of Customs imposed on the like Goods under the Head of Permanent Duties were directed to be appropriated and applied.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty one.

C. A. P. XXVIII.

An Act to extend the Powers of Two Acts for allowing *British Plantation Sugar and Coffee*, and other Articles imported into *Bermuda* in *British Ships*, to be exported to *America* in *Foreign Vessels*; and to permit Articles, the Produce of *America*, to be imported into the said Island in *Foreign Ships*, to certain other Articles. [23d May 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to allow British Plantation Sugar and Coffee imported into Bermuda in British Ships to be exported to the Territories of the United States of America in Foreign Ships or Vessels; and to permit likewise the Productions of the said United States, to be imported into the said Island in Foreign Ships or Vessels; and Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for further allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Articles at the Island of Bermuda: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Acts should be extended in far as regards the Articles to be allowed to be imported and exported: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in Addition to the Articles enumerated in the said Acts or shall be lawful to export from the United States into the Ports mentioned in the Acts above recited, in Vessels of the Description therein named, and under the like Authority, Restrictions, Rules, Regulations, Prohibitions and Forfeitures, provided in the said recited Acts, the Articles of Fruit and Vegetables being the Pro- duce of the said States; and in Addition to the Articles permitted to be exported by the said above recited Acts, to export from the said Island of Bermuda to the said United States, in such Vessels and under such Regulations as aforesaid, Rums and Molasses the Produce of any *British Colony or Plantation* in the *West Indies*, which shall have been legally imported into the Island of Bermuda in any *British Ship or Vessel*.**

C A P. XXIX.

An Act to amend to Newfoundland the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for permitting the Exportation of Wares, Goods and Merchandises, from any of His Majesty's Islands in the West Indies to any other of the said Islands, and to and from any of the said Colonies on the Continent of America, and the said Islands and Colonies.

[13th May 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to permit the Exportation of Wares, Goods and Merchandises from any of His Majesty's Islands in the West Indies to any other of the said Islands, and to and from any of the British Colonies on the Continent of America, and the said Islands and Colonies*; it is enacted, that it shall and may be lawful to and for any of His Majesty's Subjects to export in any British-built Ship or Vessel, owned and navigated according to Law, from any one of the Islands in the West Indies belonging to His Majesty, to any other of the said Islands, or to any of the said Colonies on the Continent of America, and from any one of the said British Colonies in America to any of the Islands in the West Indies belonging to His Majesty, or to any other British Colony or Plantation on the Continent of America, any Goods or Commodities whatsoever of the Manufacture of Europe, and also any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or Prize Goods, which shall have been legally imported into any of the said Islands or Colonies, under the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions contained in an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to establish and extend the several Laws now in force for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandises into and from certain Ports in the West Indies*: And Whereas it is expedient to extend the Provisions of the said last recited Act to the Island of Newfoundland; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for any of His Majesty's Subjects to export in any British-built Ship or Vessel, owned and navigated according to Law, from the said Island of Newfoundland to any of the Islands in the West Indies belonging to His Majesty, or to any of the said Colonies on the Continent of America, and from any one of the said Islands in the West Indies belonging to His Majesty, or from any one of the said British Colonies on the Continent of America, into the said Island of Newfoundland, any Goods or Commodities whatsoever of the Manufacture of Europe, and also any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or Prize Goods, which shall have been legally imported into any of the said Islands and Colonies, under the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions contained in the last last recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

C A P. XXX.

An Act to regulate the Interests and Periods of Payment of Navy, Victualling and Transport Bills.

[13th May 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to provide for the more speedy Payment of all Navy, Victualling and Transport Bills that shall be offered in future*: And Whereas another Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend an Act made in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act to provide for the more speedy Payment of all Navy, Victualling and Transport Bills that shall be offered in future*: And Whereas it is expedient that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland should be empowered to regulate the Interest and Period of Payment of Navy, Victualling and Transport Bills offered after passing of this Act; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, from time to time to order and direct whether any and what Interest shall be payable upon Navy, Victualling and Transport Bills respectively, and also the Periods within which the same shall respectively be made payable: Provided always, that no such Bills shall carry an Interest exceeding the Rate of Three pence Halfpenny per Centum per Annum, to commence from the Date of the same respectively, and to be paid at the time when such Bills shall become payable or be made payable, at any longer Periods than Ninety Days from the Date thereof respectively; any thing in the last recited Acts, or any former Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to make the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being to direct any Alteration to be made either in the Rate of Interest or in the Period of Payment of any Navy, Victualling or Transport Bill offered or to be offered in Payment or Part Payment, or in pursuance and performance of any Contract or Bill of Lading and in force at the time of the passing of this Act; but all such Bills shall be made payable at the same Periods, and shall bear the same Rate of Interest, as if this Act had not been passed.

European Goods, &c. may be imported from Newfoundland to the West Indies, &c. and from the West Indies, &c. to Newfoundland.

[20 J. 1. 10.]

[20 J. 1. 10.]

Treasury may regulate the rate and period of payment of Navy Bills, &c.

But not to exceed Three pence Halfpenny per Cent. per Annum.

Proviso for Bills offered or to be offered in pursuance of any Contract or Bill of Lading.

C A P. XXXI.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. [23d May 1817.]
[50,000 Tickets.]

C A P. XXXII.

An Act to repeal the Duties of Excise on Some Bottles, and charge other Duties in lieu thereof.

[16th June 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifth second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on Stone Bottles made in or imported into Great Britain, a countervailing Duty of Excise of Two Shillings and Sixpence is imposed for every Hundred Weight of Stone Bottles, not exceeding Two Quarts Measure, made in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain; and by the said Act an Excise Duty of Two Shillings and Sixpence is imposed for every Hundred Weight of Stone Bottles, not exceeding Two Quarts Measure, imported from any other Place beyond the Seas; and by the said Act a Duty of Two Shillings and Sixpence is imposed for every Hundred Weight of Stone Bottles, not exceeding Two Quarts Measure, made in Great Britain; and by the said Act a Drawback of Two Shillings and Sixpence is granted and allowed for every Hundred Weight of any such Stone Bottles as aforesaid, upon the Exportation thereof to any Port or Place beyond the Seas, except the Islands of *Feroe* and *Ferroe*: And Whereas, for the Protection of the Glorious Manufactures of the United Kingdom, it is expedient to repeal the said Duties and Drawback, and to impose other Duties and grant another Drawback in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, all and singular the aforesaid Duties and Drawback shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable, law and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, a bill shall have been incurred at any time before or on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.*

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, in lieu and instead of the Duties by the said Act repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Rates and Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned, that is to say,

For every Hundred Weight of Stone Bottles, not exceeding Two Quarts Measure made in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain, a countervailing Duty of Excise of Five Shillings, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity;

For every Hundred Weight of Stone Bottles, not exceeding Two Quarts Measure, imported from any other Place beyond the Seas, an Excise Duty of Five Shillings, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity.

And for every Hundred Weight of Stone Bottles, not exceeding Two Quarts Measure, made in Great Britain, an Excise Duty of Five Shillings, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity;

And that, in lieu and instead of the Drawback by the said Act repealed, there shall be paid, upon the Exportation of any Stone Bottles made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland and imported into Great Britain, for and in respect whereof the Duties by this Act imposed shall have been paid, and which shall be stamped in some visible Part thereof in the making thereof with a Mark, as be directed by the Commissioners of Excise, to any Port or Place beyond the Seas, except the Islands of *Feroe* and *Ferroe*, an Excise Drawback of Five Shillings for every Hundred Weight, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity of such Stone Bottles.

III. And Whereas by the said repealed Act every Bottle made of Earthen or Stone Ware, or of Earth or Clay, the Mouth or Orifice of which shall not exceed in Diameter the Diameter of the Neck thereof by more than One Quarter of an Inch, and which shall not exceed Two Quarts in Measure, and no other, shall be deemed and taken to be a Stone Bottle within the Meaning of the said Act: And Whereas the above recited Description of the Stone Bottles intended by the said Act has by Experience been found to be insufficient: Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen so much of the said Act as is so fully above recited shall be and the same is hereby repealed, and that from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, every Bottle or other Vessel which may be used as for a Bottle, made of Earthen or Stone Ware, or of Earth or Clay stone, or mixed with any other Material or Materials, which shall not exceed Two Quarts in Measure, or the Mouth or Neck of which shall not exceed in Diameter, in the narrowest Part of the Neck thereof, Three Inches, and no other, shall be deemed and taken to be a Stone Bottle within the Meaning of the said Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties and Drawback hereby imposed and granted shall be respectively raised, levied, collected, recovered and paid in such and the like manner, and in or by any or either of the general or special Messes, Ways or Methods, by which the former Duties and Drawback of Excise respectively heretofore repealed were or might be raised, levied, collected, recovered and paid; and the said

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Persons, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities to by this Act respectively made liable to the Payment of or chargeable with the said Duties imposed, or entitled to the said Drawback respectively imposed and granted by this Act, shall be and the same are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Provisions to which such Persons, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities were generally or specially subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and five, touching the Duties of Excise or other Taxes under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise respectively, were or might be subject and liable, and all and every Fine, Penalty, Forfeiture, or any Mute or Kind whatever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and five, touching the Revenue of Excise or other Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise respectively, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers, and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to, and shall be respectively applied, profited and put in Execution for and in respect of the said several Duties of Excise and Drawback respectively hereby imposed and granted, in as full and single Manner to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures or Provisions were particularly repeated and recited in the Body of this Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys arising by the Duties by this Act imposed (the necessary Charges of rating and assessing for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Windsor*, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers of Earthen or Stone Ware, or of Bottles or other Vessels made of Earthen or Stone Ware, or of Earth or Clay alone, or mixed with any other Material or Materials, shall make of Earthen or Stone Ware, or of Earth or Clay alone, or mixed with any other Material or Materials whatsoever, any Bottle or Bottles, or other Vessel or Vessels which may be used as or for a Bottle or Bottles, smaller or of less Size or Content than Three Ounces in Measure of distilled Water; and if any such Maker or Makers shall make of Earthen or Stone Ware, or of Earth or Clay alone, or mixed with any other Material or Materials whatsoever, any Bottle or Bottles, or any Vessel or Vessels which may be used as or for a Bottle or Bottles, smaller or of less Size or Content than Three Ounces in Measure of distilled Water, such Maker or Makers so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pence, to be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be fixed for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Assize of Debt, Bill, Plein or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor*, or in the Court of Exchequer at *Edinburgh* respectively; and that one Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

IX. And Whereas Contracts or Agreements may have been made before the passing of this Act by Dealers in Stone Bottles, upon which Duties are by this Act imposed for such Stone Bottles, to be delivered after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and five, and be it therefore enacted, That such Dealers delivering such Stone Bottles made after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and five, in pursuance of such Contracts or Agreements, shall be allowed to add to such Money as will be equivalent to the Duties by this Act imposed for or in respect of such Stone Bottles to the Price thereof, and shall be entitled by virtue of this Act to be paid for the same accordingly.

X. And be it further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act to be made in this Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. XXXIII.

An Act to reduce the Allowance of Spirits, Tea and Tobacco for the Use of the Seamen on board certain Ships or Vessels making short Voyages. [18th June 1817.]

WHEREAS, by the Laws now in force, Ships or Vessels bound at Anchor or hovering within the Limits of any of the Ports of the Kingdom, or within certain Distances of the Coasts thereof, or which shall be discovered to have been within the said Limits or Distances, and on proceeding on their Voyages, Wind and Weather permitting, which in case of unavoidable Necessity and Distress of Weather, of which Necessity and Distress the Master or other Person having or making the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel shall give Notice and make Proof before the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs of any Port within the Limits of which such Ship or Vessel shall be found, immediately after the arrival of such Ship or Vessel within the Limits of such Port, having on board any Rum or other Spirituous Liquors in any Vessel or Cask, which shall not exceed Sixty Gallons at the last, (except only for the Use of the Seamen then belonging to and on board such Ship or Vessel, not exceeding Two Gallons for each Seaman,) or having on board Six Pounds Weight of Tea, or having on board any Tobacco in any Cask or Package whatever containing less than Four hundred and fifty Pounds Weight, (except loose Tobacco for the Use of the Seamen on board such Ship or Vessel, not exceeding Five Pounds Weight for each Seaman,) then not only all such Goods, but also the Ship or Vessel on board which they shall be found as aforesaid, with all her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel are forfeited: And Whereas it has been found that great Quantities of Spirits, Tea and Tobacco have been run into that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, without Payment of Duties, from Ships and Vessels making short Voyages,

under Protest, that the same is for the Use of the Schemes on board the said Ships and Vessels; for Remedy whereof it is enacted, that the Quantities allowed for the Use of the Schemes in such cases shall be as directed; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Ship or Vessel (not being a vessel rigged) coming from any Place between *Spain* on the Coast of *France* and the *Redde Point* on the Coast of *Holland*, including the *Tind* *Isle* and all Places on the *Extrior Zen*, and all Islands on the Coast of *France*, the *Netherlands* and *Holland*, between *Spain* and the *Tind*, shall arrive in any of the Ports of that Part of the United Kingdom called *Great Britain*, or shall be found at Anchor or hovering within the Limits of any of the Ports thereof, or within Four Leagues of that Part of the Coast thereof which is between the *North Foreland* on the Coast of *Kent* and *Beauly Head* on the Coast of *Wexford*, or within Eight Leagues of any other Part of the Coast of that Part of the United Kingdom called *Great Britain*, or shall have been discovered to have been within the said Limits or Distances, and not proceeding on her Voyage, Wind and Weather permitting, which is of an avoidable Necessity and Distress of Weather, of which Necessity and Distress the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel shall give Notice and make Proof before the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs of any Port within the Limits of which such Ship or Vessel shall be found, immediately after the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel within the Limits of such Port, having on board, for the Use of the Schemes then belonging to and on board such Ship or Vessel any Brandy or other Spirituous Liquors exceeding One Half of a Gallon for each Seaman, or having on board any Tea exceeding Two Pounds Weight in the whole, or having on board any Tobacco, except loose Tobacco, not exceeding One Pound Weight for each Seaman; then not only all such Goods, but also the Ship or Vessel on board which they shall be found as aforesaid, with all her Guns, Furnitures, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Ship or Vessel (not being a vessel rigged) coming from any Place between *Spain* on the Coast of *France*, and *Cape Fagbore* on the Coast of *Spain*, including all Islands on the Coasts of *France* and *Spain* between those Places, or coming from any Place between the *Redde Point* on the Coast of *Holland* and *North Bergen* on the Coast of *Norway*, or from any Place in or up the *Canal* at *Genoa*, including all Islands on the Coasts between those Places, shall arrive in any of the Ports of that Part of the United Kingdom called *Great Britain*, or shall be found at Anchor or hovering, or shall have been discovered to have been within the said Limits or Distances, and not proceeding on her Voyage, Wind and Weather permitting, which is of an avoidable Necessity and Distress of Weather, of which Necessity and Distress the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel shall give Notice and make Proof before the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs of any Port within the Limits of which such Ship or Vessel shall be found, immediately after the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel within the Limits of such Port, having on board, for the Use of the Schemes then belonging to and on board such Ship or Vessel, any Brandy or other Spirituous Liquors exceeding One Gallon for each Seaman, or having on board any Tea exceeding Four Pounds Weight in the whole, or having on board any Tobacco, except loose Tobacco, not exceeding Two Pounds Weight for each Seaman; then not only all such Goods, but also the Ship or Vessel on board which they shall be found as aforesaid, with all her Guns, Furnitures, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be paid for, levied, and recovered by such Ways, Means, or Methods, as any Parliament or may be recovered by any Law or Laws of Customs or Excise, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*.

C A P. XXXIV.

An Act to authorize the Issue of Exchequer Bills, and the Advance of Money out of the Consolidated Fund, to a limited Amount, for the carrying on of Public Works and Fisheries in the United Kingdom, and Employment of the Poor in *Great Britain*, in manner therein mentioned.

[16th Jan 1817.]

WHEREAS great Advantages may arise, under proper Circumstances, in affording Employment for the labouring Classes of the Community, by the Advance of Exchequer Bills and Money out of the Consolidated Fund, to an Amount to the whole not exceeding the Sum of One million Great Pounds, and the said Pounds, to be lent by Commissioners in *Great Britain* and *Ireland* respectively, under certain Regulations and Restrictions, for the carrying on of Works of a public Nature, commenced or which may hereafter be commenced under Authority of Parliament, or for the Encouragement of the Fisheries, or the Support of Colonies or Mines in the United Kingdom; or for the Employment of the Poor in the Parishes in *Great Britain*; upon due Security being given, in all such cases, for the Repayment of the Sums so advanced within a time to be limited; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by Warrant or Warrants under His Royal Sign Manual, to authorize and empower the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, one or for the time being, or any Three or more

of them, or the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, to create or direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out at His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain, not exceeding the Whole the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, in the same or like manner, Term and Order, and according to the same or like Rules and Directions (except where other Directions for making out the same are contained and particularly specified in this Act), as is and by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating the issuing and paying of Exchequer Bills*, are enacted and prescribed.

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities contained in the last recited Act of the Forty eighth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, shall be applied and extended to the Exchequer Bills to be made in pursuance of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said several Clauses or Provisions had been particularly repeated and recited in the Body of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act shall and may bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Two pence Halfpenny *per Centum per Annum* upon or in respect of the whole of the Moneys respectively contained therein, and shall be made payable at such Periods as shall be fixed by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the said Lord High Treasurer for the time being; but nevertheless so that all such Bills as shall be advanced for the carrying on of any Public Works, shall be made payable within Three Years from the issuing thereof; and all such Bills as shall be advanced for the Assistance of any Particular in Great Britain shall be made payable within Two Years after *Eighteen* hundred and eighty and eighteen, and that the principal sum contained in every such Bill, together with such Interest as aforesaid, so to be repaid from the Day of the Date thereof until the time appointed for Payment thereof, shall be paid off and discharged upon the Days and times respectively appointed for the Payment thereof.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and every the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or in any of them as shall from time to time remain unsatisfied and unsatisfied after the respective Days on which they shall become due and payable, shall and may after that time pass and be current to all and every the Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain of the Customs, Excise or any Revenue, Supply, Aid or Tax whatsoever due or payable to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, and also at the Receipt of Exchequer in Great Britain from the said Receivers or Collectors; but no such Receiver or Collector shall exchange, at any time before the last Day of Payment thereof, for any Money of such Revenue, Aid, Taxes or Supplies in his Hands, any Exchequer Bill which shall have been issued as aforesaid by virtue of this Act; nor shall any Action be maintained against such Receiver or Collector for neglecting or refusing to exchange any such Exchequer Bill for ready Money before the last Day of Payment thereof; any Thing to this Act to the contrary contained in any Act or Statute notwithstanding; and that such of the same Bills as shall be received at the said Receipt of Exchequer shall and may be locked up and secured as Cash, according to the Course of the said Exchequer settled and established by Law for locking up and securing Moneys received in specie there.

V. And be it further enacted, That at any time after the passing of this Act, by or out of such Member as shall at any time or times situate in the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland, or out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom sitting in Ireland (after paying or referring sufficient to pay all such Sums and Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid in Ireland out of the said Consolidated Fund), there shall and may be issued, by Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Government of Ireland for the time being, from time to time, in manner and under the Regulations hereafter mentioned and contained, any Sums or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, to be applied to the Purposes of this Act, in manner and under the Regulations hereafter mentioned.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Right Honourable Robert Squire commonly called Lord Robert Squire, the Honourable William Leake, Sir Thomas Dyle, Richard Bouverie, for Charles Edmonstone Barronet, Sir James Stuart Barronet, Sir John Fergus Barronet, Thomas Skerrett Esquire, Edward John Lubbock Esquire, Charles Grant Esquire, Esquire, John Christian Carrere Esquire, Thomas Griffin Esquire Esquire, John Smith Esquire, Henry James Esquire, Robert Matthews Esquire Esquire, Thomas And Esquire, Benjamin Morrison Esquire, John Harrison Esquire, John Delaford Esquire Esquire, John Augustus Esquire, Joseph Brown Esquire, and Charles Esquire Esquire, and also and so lately constituted Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Great Britain; and that it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Government of Ireland for the time being, by Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, to nominate and appoint as many and such Persons as he or they shall think fit, not exceeding Fifteen in Number, to be Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Ireland; and the said Persons so to be nominated shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Ireland; and all the said Commissioners are hereby respectively required to execute the Powers and Authorities given to them by this Act, without any Fee, Reward, Emolument, or Contingency whatever.

VII. And be it further enacted, That any Two of the said Commissioners in this Act named, before they shall enter upon the Execution of this Act in Great Britain, shall take an Oath before the Chancellor of the Exchequer, or the Master of the Rolls for the time being, in Great Britain; and any Two of the said Commissioners to be appointed for the Purposes of this Act by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Government of Ireland, shall, before they enter on the Execution of this Act in Ireland, take an Oath before any One of the Barons of the Exchequer of Ireland, which Oath the said Chancellor, Master of the Rolls and Barons,

Each square Bill not exceeding 100000000.

480 p. 1.

Power of issuing Act in Great Britain to Exchequer Bills made out under this Act shall be taken at Two pence Halfpenny per Cent. per Annum, and may be payable.

Such Bills not to be exchanged by Receiver for Money before the Day appointed for the Payment thereof.

Bills received at the Exchequer locked up as Cash.

Lord Lieutenant of Ireland may under the Authority of 13. 1806. out of the Produce of the Consolidated Fund there, for the Purposes of this Act.

Persons to be named as Com. in Great Britain.

Lord Lieutenant of Ireland may nominate and appoint as many and such Persons as he or they shall think fit, not exceeding Fifteen in Number, to be Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Ireland.

Two Commissioners in Great Britain to take the following Oath before any One of the Barons of the Exchequer of Ireland.

Barrons, or any or either of them, are and is hereby respectively authorized and required to administer; the Terms whereof shall be as followeth; that is to say,

‘ I *A. B.* do swear, That according to the best of my Judgment, I will faithfully and impartially execute the several Powers and Trusts vested in me by an Act, intitled *An Act (here set forth the Title of the Act)*, according to the Tenor and Purport of the said Act.’

And every other of such Commissioners respectively shall likewise take the same Oath before such Two Commissioners, who are hereby authorized and required to administer the said Oath, after they shall themselves have taken the same as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, shall have Power to meet and sit from time to time in such Place or Places as they shall respectively find most convenient, with or without Adjournment; and they or any Three or more of them respectively may appoint and employ a Secretary and many Clerks and Messengers as they shall respectively think meet; and it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Great Britain, with the Consent and Approbation of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, in Writing under their Hands, and for the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Ireland, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to allow to such Secretary, Clerks and Messengers respectively such reasonable Salaries as to the said respective Commissioners for the Execution of this Act shall seem meet; and also to employ a Solicitor, and any Civil Engineer or Engineers, or Surveyor or Surveyors, or other Officer or Officers, and to allow to such Solicitor, Engineer or Engineers, Surveyor or Surveyors, and other Officer or Officers, such Salaries, Rewards or Emoluments as the said Commissioners respectively shall think reasonable for their Care and Labour; and to give and advance to such Secretary, Clerk, Solicitor, Engineer, Surveyor and other Officers respectively, as Oath for their faithful Discharge in all Things relating to the due Performance of the Trusts reposed in them by the said Commissioners respectively, and in all other Things touching the Premises, and from time to time, at their Discretion, to demand and discharge such Secretary, Clerks, Messengers, Solicitors, Engineers, Surveyors or other Officers, or any or either of them, and to appoint others in their Place; and the said Secretary, Clerks, Solicitor, Engineers, Surveyors and other Officers are hereby required faithfully to execute and perform the said Trusts in them severally and respectively reposed, without taking any Thing for such Service, other than such Salaries or Rewards as the said Commissioners shall direct, appoint and allow in manner by this Act directed.

And be it further enacted, That no Officer or Persons whatsoever employed in and about the Execution of this Act in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain or Ireland, or in the Office of the Vice-Treasurer for Ireland, shall demand, take or accept any Fee or Gratuity whatsoever for their Care and Labour, other than such Salaries, Allowances, Rewards or Emoluments as shall or may be granted to or be allowed to be taken by them respectively under the Authority of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, in Great Britain or under the Authority of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors for the time being in Ireland.

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, or any Three or more of them respectively, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to examine upon Oath or Affirmation (which Oath or Affirmation they or any One or more of them are and is hereby authorized to administer) all Persons who shall be willing to be examined touching all such Matters and Things as shall be necessary for the Execution of the Powers vested in the said Commissioners by this Act, and also to receive any Affidavits or Depositions in Writing, upon Oath or Affirmation, touching such Matters or Things as aforesaid, which shall be made before any Justice of the Peace of any County, or any Magistrate of any City, Borough or Town Corporate in Great Britain or Ireland, where or near to which the Person making such Affidavit or Deposition shall reside, and certified and transmitted to the said Commissioners respectively under the Hand and Seal of such Justice or Magistrate; which Oath or Affirmation every such Justice or Magistrate shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered to administer; provided that in every such Affidavit or Deposition there shall be expressed the Addition of the Party making such Affidavit or Deposition, and the particular Place of his or her Abode.

And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, upon Examination upon Oath or Affirmation before the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act respectively, or if any Person or Persons making any such Affidavit or Deposition as before mentioned, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, or shall in such Affidavit or Deposition wilfully and corruptly swear, affirm or allege any matter or thing which shall be false or untrue, every such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is and are hereby declared to be guilty and liable to such Fines and Penalties as by any Law now in force in Great Britain or Ireland respectively Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, upon Examination upon Oath or Affirmation before the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act respectively, or if any Person or Persons making any such Affidavit or Deposition as before mentioned, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, or shall in such Affidavit or Deposition wilfully and corruptly swear, affirm or allege any matter or thing which shall be false or untrue, every such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is and are hereby declared to be guilty and liable to such Fines and Penalties as by any Law now in force in Great Britain or Ireland respectively Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, for the said Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or Chief Governor or Governors for the time being in Ireland, and they are hereby respectively authorized and required, to issue and advance or cause to be issued and advanced all such Sums of Money to such Persons or Persons, in such manner and in such Proportions as the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Great Britain or Ireland, or any Three or more of them respectively,

respectively, shall by Writing under their Hands and Seal, bear to some effect, out of any Part of the Public Monies remaining in His Majesty's Exchequer at *Windsor* or *Dublin* respectively, to be replaced in the manner in this Act mentioned; which Sums to be paid and advanced shall be employed for the Payment of Allowances, and in defraying all other necessary Charges and Expenses in or about the Execution of this Act, without other Account than before the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury; and which Money to be so paid shall not be subject to any Tax, Duty, Rate or Abatement whatsoever imposed by Authority of Parliament; but that an Account of the said Charges and Expenses shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, within Two Months after the Expiration of the said Commission respectively, if Parliament shall be then sitting; but if Parliament shall not be then sitting, then within Fourteen Days after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That on the Day next after this Act shall have received the Royal Assent, or as soon after as the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in *Great Britain* and in *Ireland* respectively, or any Three or more of them who shall have taken the said Oath, can respectively assemble, the said Commissioners shall respectively proceed to exercise, or shall appoint a proper Person for receiving, all such Applications in Writing as shall be made to them respectively from any Body or Bodies Private or Corporate, or Company or Companies of Proprietors, or Persons or Persons engaged in or desirous of carrying on or interested in any Works of a public Nature, carried on or which may hereafter be carried on under the Authority of Parliament, in any Part of the United Kingdom, or any Applications for the Encouragement of Fisheries, or the Support of any Colonies or Mines, or from any Persons in *Great Britain*, for the Loan and Advance of Money, by Exchequer Bills or otherwise, according to this Act; and the said Commissioners shall also then fix and appoint subsequent Days for taking into the Consideration all such Applications, and shall meet together for that Purpose, and shall proceed with all convenient Dispatch to ascertain the Amount of the Sums which in their Judgment it will be expedient to advance under this Act, in pursuance of Applications made for such Assistance; having regard, in considering all such Applications as shall be made for the carrying on of such Public Works, Fisheries, Colonies or Mines, to the Benefit which may arise in affording Employment for the labouring Classes of the People, and the Numbers to be employed, and to the ultimate Security which may be afforded by the Rates and Yields of such Public Works for the Repayment of the Money advanced; and in considering all such Applications from Persons in *Great Britain*, to the special Difficulties experienced in the Persons requiring Assistance, and to the Sufficiency of the Securities which may be proposed, whether on the Public Rates or otherwise.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the several Commissioners for the Execution of this Act shall and they are hereby respectively required, before any Application shall be made of any Exchequer Bills, or Money to be advanced under this Act, to cause all the Applications delivered to such Commissioners respectively to be classified according to the Amount of the Sums respectively applied for, and the Nature of the Securities tendered, and the Commissioners, in like manner shall appear upon the said Applications, and thereupon to draw up and establish such general Rules and Regulations for their own Government in the appraising and distributing the Sums to be advanced and lent in Exchequer Bills or Money under this Act, to the several Bodies Private or Corporate, or Companies, or Persons, or Persons applying for the same, as they in their Discretion shall deem equitable and just; all which Rules and Regulations shall within a convenient time be entered in a Book or Books to be prepared and kept by such Commissioners respectively for that Purpose; and the said several Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, according to the true Purport and Meaning of such general Rules and Regulations as aforesaid, shall proceed to take into their Consideration all such Applications which shall specify the Amount of the sums required to be advanced as aforesaid, and which shall tender any Security which the said Commissioners are authorized by this Act to take for the Payment of the Sums to be advanced, and which shall also specify the Nature thereof; and from time to time, or Inquiry into the same respectively, shall determine what Bodies Private and Corporate, Companies, Persons and Persons, shall in their Judgment be entitled to any Part of the Exchequer Bills or Money to be advanced or lent under this Act, and to what Amount, and shall ascertain the Nature and Amount of the Securities to be required from them for the same respectively.

XV. And be it further enacted, That when and as soon as the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in *Great Britain* shall have respectively determined upon any Amount of such Bills to be advanced under the Provision of this Act, the said Commissioners shall forthwith respectively certify such Amount to the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Windsor* for the same being, who on such Certificate or Certificates being deposited in his Office shall send and direct to be delivered to the Bank or Banks thereof, in the name and under the Regulations specified in this Act, Exchequer Bills payable in such Payments and to such Amounts as the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act shall direct, provided that the total Amount to be issued by virtue of such Certificates shall not at any one time exceed the Amount of Exchequer Bills directed to be issued under this Act; and every such Exchequer Bill shall bear Date on the Day on which the said Certificate shall appear and direct, and shall and may be signed by the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, or in his Name by any Person duly authorized by the said Auditor to sign the same.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That when and as soon as the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in *Ireland* shall have determined upon any Amount of such Money to be advanced under the Provision of this Act, the said Commissioners shall forthwith certify such Amount to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, by one or more Certificate or Certificates under the Hands and Seals of the said Commissioners or any Three or more of them; and the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being shall, on Receipt of any such Certificate,

shall receive the said Money

Commissioners to send to receive or appoint a Person to receive Applications in Writing for the Loan of Exchequer Bills, and to ascertain the Amount accordingly required.

Having regard to the Nature of the Works, and other matters herein mentioned.

Commissioners to make Applications to be classified, and to establish Regulations for appraising the same to be advanced.

Such Regulations may be a general, and may vary or modify Applications and make Enquiries, and determine accordingly.

When Commissioners have determined on the Amount of Money to be advanced, and certified the same, Auditor of the Exchequer to issue Bills on the Bank accordingly on such Certificates.

In the like case in *Ireland* Lord Lieutenant or other Governor to issue Certificates of Commissioners.

shall, as by
statute in that
behalf made.

And that he
be authorized to
execute the
Office of Vice
Treasurer, and
Auditor of the
Exchequer.

Consent given
and signed
under the
Hand of the
said Vice
Treasurer, and
Auditor of the
Exchequer.

And that he
be authorized to
execute the
Office of Vice
Treasurer, and
Auditor of the
Exchequer.

And that he
be authorized to
execute the
Office of Vice
Treasurer, and
Auditor of the
Exchequer.

And that he
be authorized to
execute the
Office of Vice
Treasurer, and
Auditor of the
Exchequer.

And that he
be authorized to
execute the
Office of Vice
Treasurer, and
Auditor of the
Exchequer.

And that he
be authorized to
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Office of Vice
Treasurer, and
Auditor of the
Exchequer.

And that he
be authorized to
execute the
Office of Vice
Treasurer, and
Auditor of the
Exchequer.

And that he
be authorized to
execute the
Office of Vice
Treasurer, and
Auditor of the
Exchequer.

And that he be authorized to execute the Office of Vice Treasurer, and Auditor of the Exchequer.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said several Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, or any Three or more of them respectively, shall be and appoint other proper and convenient Days for taking into Consideration such further Applications as shall from time to time be made to them, and shall ascertain the Amount of such Exchequer Bills or Money as shall be required to be from time to time issued for the Purpose of this Act, and shall by the Certificate or Certificates as aforesaid certify the same to the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or the said Lord High Treasurer for the time being in Great Britain, or to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors in Ireland, who shall respectively, on Receipt of any such Certificate, direct further Exchequer Bills or Money to be issued to such Amount from time to time, and the whole of the Bills to be made out, and of the Money to be advanced in pursuance of this Act, shall have been issued for the Execution of this Act, and the said several Commissioners for the Execution of this Act shall from time to time proceed respectively to issue such Exchequer Bills or Money shall be advanced under this Act, and shall give Certificates thereon, as shall be directed under the said Rules and Regulations as are heretofore mentioned concerning the Exchequer Bills or Money to be so issued or advanced as aforesaid; and the proper Officers shall from time to time deliver such Exchequer Bills or other such Money as the Power and matter before aforesaid.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That such Officers by whom such Exchequer Bills shall be delivered shall from time to time, upon Requisition of the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Great Britain, deliver to them at their Office complete Lists of all the Exchequer Bills made out by them, specifying therein the respective Dates and Sums expressed therein, and the Persons appointed for the Payment of the same, and distinguishing therein the Persons to whom and the Numbers of the Certificates in consequence whereof the same were issued respectively.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Auditor General of the Exchequer in Ireland shall without Fee or Reward from time to time, upon Requisition of the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Ireland, deliver to them complete Lists of all Sums issued by Warrants of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and counter-signed according to Law by the said Vice Treasurers, specifying the respective Dates and Sums expressed therein, and distinguishing therein the Persons to whom and the Numbers of the Certificates in consequence whereof the said Warrants were issued respectively.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons to whom such Exchequer Bills or such Sum or Sums of Money respectively shall be advanced or lent, for the Use of any Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Company or Companies, in the United Kingdom, or Parish or Parishes in Great Britain, or for any such other Purpose as aforesaid, under the Provisions of this Act, shall previously enter into such Security in such Sum or Sums of Money as the said may require, and as the several Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, or any Three or more of them, shall respectively deem necessary; which Security the said Commissioners respectively, or any Three or more of them, shall by their Discretion have full Power and Authority to make to be taken; and every Security to be taken in pursuance of this Act shall be by Writing obligatory to our Sovereign Lord The King, in such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be directed by such Commissioners respectively, or any Three or more of them, by virtue of this Act, to be paid to our said Lord The King, by such Form of Words as Obligations to The King's Majesty have been used to be made, and with such Conditions to be thenceforward written as by such Commissioners respectively shall be deemed proper; and that all such Obligations to be so made shall be good and effectual in the Law, and shall be of the same Quality, Force and Effect to all Intents and Purposes as any Obligation made to our Sovereign Lord the now King or his Predecessors, or any of them, hath at any time heretofore been or now is adjudged, received, or taken to be; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided, that no Person who shall ever take any such Security for any Money to be advanced for carrying on of any Public Works, or for the Encouragement of any Industry, or Support of any Gallery or Museum, shall be liable in respect of any such Security for any larger Amount than the Sum for which any such Person shall respectively become personally bound by his individual Subscription.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners respectively, in every case under this Act, to accept and take any Deposit or Transfer of any Public Funds, Stock or Securities, or to accept a Charge upon the Public Bank of any Parishes in Great Britain, as heretofore accustomed, in lieu and instead of personal Security.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of Assistance afforded by the Loan or Advance of any Bills or Money under the Provisions of this Act, for the carrying on of any such public Works, Galleries or Museums, the several Commissioners for the Execution of this Act shall, in Addition to the Security required to be

be taken from the Profits applying for such Advances, require and take Mortgages, Assignments or other collateral Security, upon the Rates, Tolls and Receipts arising or which may at any time hereafter accrue, or to be taken, collected or received by or for the Use of the Body Corporate or Politic, or Company of Proprietors, or Persons interested in the public Work in respect or in aid of which the Advance of Bills or Money under this Act shall have been made, for the securing the Repayment of the full Amount of the Bills or Money advanced, together with all the Interest which may arise and become due upon such Amount; and it shall be lawful for any such Body Corporate or Politic, or for the Company of Proprietors to whom any such public Work shall belong, or for the respective Trustees, Commissioners, Committees of Management, or other Persons, by whatever Name or Names called, under whose Care, Management or Control, any such public Work shall be, to mortgage, assign and receive such Rates, Tolls or Receipts to the Secretary of the said Commissioners respectively, in such manner as shall be required by the said Commissioners respectively, and also to any Person or Persons who shall have become Security for any Advance made under the Provisions of this Act, in a collateral Security to the Person or Persons who shall have entered into any such Security for the due and full Payment of the full Amount of all Bills or Money so advanced, together with Interest thereon, according to the Provisions of this Act; and all such Mortgages, Heritable Bonds, Assignments and other Securities, shall have Priority over and shall provide all other Securities, and all Dividends and Division of Profit or Interest upon any Sum advanced or contributed, or which may hereafter be advanced or contributed for the carrying on or completing of any such public Work, save and except such Sums as shall have been advanced by way of Loan, before the Advance of such Bills or Money, by any Persons as aforesaid; and as to the said Advances, and as to the Repayment of the principal Money advanced by them, as well as Interest thereon; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any such public Work, in aid or in respect of which any such Bills or Money shall have been advanced under the Provisions of this Act, to the contrary in as much as they shall extend.

XXIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That in every case in which Four Fifth Parts in Amount in Value of the Creditors who have Securities of a like Nature upon the Rates, Tolls or Receipts arising out of any public Work in aid or in respect of which any Application shall be made for the Advance of Bills or Money under the Provisions of this Act, shall agree and legally their Consent in Writing that a Priority over their Claims as such Creditors shall be given to the Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act, or to any Person who have applied for such Advances in respect of such Advance, then and in such case the Mortgage, Assignment, or other Security given by the Body Politic or Corporate, or Company of Proprietors, or Persons interested in any such public Work, to the Secretary of such Commissioners respectively, and to the Person or Persons upon whose Personal Security such Advance of Bills under this Act shall have been made, shall have Priority over the Claims of all the Creditors of a like Description, as well as such Creditors as have not agreed or assented to such Priority, as to those who have so agreed is aforesaid; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any such public Work as aforesaid, contrary to any Mortgage, Assignment or other Security upon such Rates, Tolls or Receipts given to any such Creditors, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIV. Provided always, and he it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Ireland, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, to make any Advance of Money under this Act in aid of any public Work in Ireland carried on under the Management and Direction of Commissioners appointed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or under the Management and Direction of the Corporation of any City or Town, or of any other Body Politic or Corporate in Ireland, upon the Credit of any Rates, Rents, Tolls or Profits which are or shall be levied, paid and applied under the Authority or Control of any such Commissioners or Persons as aforesaid; and that in such case it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Ireland, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to direct such Advance to be made upon Mortgage or Assignment of such Rates, Rents, Tolls or Profits only, without requiring any Person or Persons to enter into any Personal Security by Writing obligatory to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in manner herein before mentioned; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that no all Money so advanced shall be paid as Interest after the Rate of Six Pence per Centum per Annum, and that the Principal Money so advanced shall be repaid by Means of a Sinking Fund of not less than Six Per Centum per Annum, within such time as the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, shall direct and appoint, and as shall be specified in the Mortgage or Assignment to be made for such Rates, Rents, Tolls or Profits, pursuant to the Direction of this Act.

XXV. Provided also, and he it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Great Britain, to make any Advance of Money under this Act in aid of any public Work, upon the Credit of any Rates, Rents, Tolls or Profits arising from any public Work which shall be in part completed, and the Rates, Rents, Tolls or Profits of which shall produce a clear actual Surplus, after Payment of all Expenses of Management, of not less than double the Amount of the Sum necessary to pay the Interest of the Sum required to be advanced; and also upon the Credit of the Rates, Rents, Tolls or Profits of any public Work which shall be in part completed, but which shall not have produced any Surplus, as aforesaid, or which shall not be commenced; provided that in each of such last mentioned cases the said Commissioners shall be satisfied of the Profitability and Utility of the Work, and of the Rates, Rents, Tolls and Profits being, when the Work shall be completed, an adequate Security; and provided

public Works as collateral Security.

Proprietors of public Works empowered to mortgage over all Securities, except such of them as have been entered into by any Person as aforesaid.

Four Fifth Parts of Creditors, Mortgages of public Works in Counties, or in Persons giving Personal Security, to have Priority over Claims of all Creditors of like Description.

Money may be advanced for public Works in Ireland on Mortgage of Rates under the Management of Commissioners appointed by the Lord Lieutenant, or under the Management of Corporations, or other persons, provided always, that no all Money so advanced shall be paid as Interest after the Rate of Six Pence per Centum per Annum, and that the Principal Money so advanced shall be repaid by Means of a Sinking Fund of not less than Six Per Centum per Annum, within such time as the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, shall direct and appoint, and as shall be specified in the Mortgage or Assignment to be made for such Rates, Rents, Tolls or Profits, pursuant to the Direction of this Act.

Money may be advanced for public Works in Great Britain on certain cases, on Mortgage of Rates of public Works as aforesaid, or which shall not be commenced; provided that in each of such last mentioned cases the said Commissioners shall be satisfied of the Profitability and Utility of the Work, and of the Rates, Rents, Tolls and Profits being, when the Work shall be completed, an adequate Security; and provided

In the Estimate of the Sum to be expended, for the General Purposes may be added the Money already expended.

Interest at 5l. per Cent. on Money so advanced, and Principal Money repaid by a Sinking Fund.

Persons applying for Money to undertake or to complete the Work.

Money may be advanced for building, enlarging or repairing Churches.

Security on the Part of.

Trustees of such to whom Advances are made under this Act may increase Tolls for Repayment.

Separate Accounts of such additional Tolls as be kept.

Commissioners for Drainage for which Advances shall be made, may increase Rates for Repayment.

that the Corporation, Company or Person carrying the same into Execution, shall expend or deposit, in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct, before any Advance shall be made under the Provisions of this Act, a Sum equal to not less than One Half Part of the estimated Costs for the Completion of the whole Work: Provided always, that in the Estimate of the Sum to be so expended or deposited, the said Commissioners may, if they shall see fit, take into Consideration Monies already expended upon such Work, but so as that in no case the further Expenditure or Deposit required as aforesaid shall be less than One Third of the estimated Costs for the Completion of the whole Work; and in every such case such Advance may be made upon Mortgage or Assignment of such Rates, Rents, Tolls or Profits only, without requiring any Person or Persons to enter into any Personal Security by Writing obligatory to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in manner herein before mentioned; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that no all Money is advanced there be paid an Interest after the Rate of Five Pence per Centum per Annum; and that the Principal Money so advanced shall be repaid by means of a Sinking Fund of not less than Five Pence per Centum, within each Year as the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act shall direct and appoint, and as shall be specified in the Mortgage or Assignment to be made for such Rates, Rents, Tolls or Profits, pursuant to the Directions of this Act, which Provision shall be otherwise made to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners for the Repayment of such Principal within Two Years at the farthest: Provided also, that in every case the Parties making Application for any such Advance shall undertake to complete any Work to be approved by the said Commissioners, and so which any such Advance may have been made, at their own proper Costs and Charges, in such the Expense of completing the same shall exceed the estimated Amount as aforesaid.

XXVI. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners respectively to advance any Money under this Act for the building, enlarging or repairing of any Church or Parochial Chapel in the United Kingdom, upon having a Sum equal to One Half Part of the estimated Expense of such Building, Enlargement or Repair furnished for or deposited or vested in any public Fund, without requiring any such Personal Security as aforesaid; and in every such case it shall be lawful for the Churchwardens of the Parish to which such Church shall belong, or the Trustees of the said Church or Chapel, and they are hereby authorized and required to make Rates, and shall give the Power in Security for the Repayment of the Interest of the Monies advanced under the Provisions of this Act, and for providing annually a Fund of not less than the Amount of the Interest upon the Sum advanced for the Repayment of the Principal thereof.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Trustees of any Road for which any Advance shall be made under the Provisions of this Act, or the major Part of the Trustees, not being less than Two Thirds of the Number of Trustees present at any Meeting called together by Notice given in the usual manner in which Notice are given for assembling such Trustees Six Days at the least before the Day appointed for the Meeting, and in which Notice the Purports for which the Meeting is assembled shall be stated, to make an Order for laying on of such additional Tolls, not exceeding in any case One Half of the Amount of the Tolls which may be legally taken by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament then in force in relation to such Road, as may be necessary, in the Judgment of the said Trustees, for raising a sufficient Fund for the Repayment of any such Advance, and with all Interest thereon, within the Period specified under the Provisions of this Act for such Repayment; and from and after the Period specified in any such Order, all such additional Tolls may be demanded, taken, collected and recovered by the same Parties, and by and under all such and the like Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Forfeitures, Provisions and Remedies, as Tolls are taken in relation to such Road under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament, in like manner as any respect as if such additional Tolls were referred to and made Part of the Tolls allowed to be taken and collected under the said Act or Acts, any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any such Road to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: Provided always, that in every such case a separate and distinct Account shall be kept of the Produce of such increased and additional Tolls, and the Amount collected and arising from such increased and additional Tolls shall in every such case be applied solely to the Repayment of such Advance, with Interest thereon, under the Provisions of this Act; and when and so far as such Repayment shall be completed, all such additional Tolls shall cease and determine.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners or Trustees of any Drainage for which any Advance shall be made under the Provisions of this Act, or the major Part of such Commissioners or Trustees, not being less than Two Thirds of the Number present at any Meeting called together by Notice given in the usual manner in which Notice are given for assembling such Commissioners or Trustees, Six Days at the least before the Day appointed for the Meeting, and in which Notice the Purports for which the Meeting is assembled shall be stated, to make an Order for laying on of such additional Rates or Assessments, not exceeding in any case One Half of the Amount of the Rates or Assessments which may be legally taken by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament then in force in relation to such Drainage, as may be necessary in the Judgment of the said Commissioners or Trustees for raising a sufficient Fund for the Repayment of any such Advance, and with all Interest thereon, within the Period specified under the Provisions of this Act for such Repayment; and from and after the period specified in any such Order, all such additional Rates or Assessments may be rated and assessed, and demanded, taken, collected, levied and recovered, by the same Parties, and by and under all such and the like Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Forfeitures, Provisions and Remedies, as Rates and Assessments are rated, assessed, demanded, taken, collected, levied and recovered in relation to such Drainage under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament in like manner as any respect as if such additional Rates and Assessments were referred to and allowed to be assessed, taken and collected under the said Act or Acts, any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any such Drainage to the

the contrary thereof withstanding: Provided also, that in every such case a separate and distinct Account shall be kept of the Produce of such increased and additional Rates and Allowances, and the Amount thereof and arising from such increased and additional Rates and Allowances shall in every such case be applied solely in the Repayment of such Advance with Interest thereon, under the Provisions of this Act, and when and so soon as such Repayment shall be completed, all such additional Rates and Allowances shall cease and determine.

XXX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no such Exchange Bill shall be advanced in Aid of any Parish in Great Britain, unless the Application for such Advance shall be made with the Consent of one half then the Majority in Number, and of Three Fourth Parts in Value, such Value to be calculated and allowed in such Parish, of the Persons entitled to and paying such Rates; or when the Poor Rates of any Parish shall be under the Care and Management of any Select Vestry or Commissioners, Guardians of the Poor, Trustees or other select Body, then with the Consent of not less than Four Fifths of such select Body, by what ever Name the same may be called; such Consent to be certified by some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate sitting as such in such Parish, and one or more of the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish or Place in respect of which the Application shall be made.

XXXI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no such Application shall be made for any Advance to any Parish, unless with the Sanction of Two or more Justices of the Peace, or Magistrate sitting as such within or for the Parish, or within or for the Division of the County; and the Application of all Sums so advanced shall be subject to the Inspection, Control and Discretion, and the Accounts of such Expenditure shall be subject to the Audit and Allowance, of Two or more Justices of the Peace or Magistrate as aforesaid.

XXXII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no larger Advance shall be made to any Parish in Great Britain, of such Bills, than shall be equal in Amount to One Half of the Sum allotted to the Parish for the Poor Rates of the Parish for the last Year ending *Easter* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and ending at the usual Quarter Day immediately preceding *Easter* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, according to the Period up to which the Poor Rates shall be made in the Parish; and the Amount advanced, with Interest thereon, shall be deemed and taken to be and be a Charge upon the Poor Rates of the Parish, until such Amount of Bills, together with all Interest thereon, shall have been duly discharged and satisfied; and the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish shall in every such case, upon Notice in Writing given to them for that Purpose by any Person or Persons upon whose Periodical Security any such Bills shall have been advanced, Three Months before any Installment shall become payable, pay every such Installment from time to time as the same shall become due, out of any Money in their Hands arising from the Rates levied and collected in the Parish for the Relief of the Poor, or if no such Money shall remain in their Hands of such Rates, such Overseers shall and they are hereby authorized and required to make and collect new and additional Rates for the Purpose of making from time to time such Payments, or of repaying to any Person or Persons who shall have made any such Payments, as the case may be, until the Whole of the Amount of the Bills advanced, with all Interest due thereon, shall be fully paid off and finished.

XXXIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in any case in which Four Fifths in Value of the Proportion of any Loans, Tonnage, or Hereditaments in any Parish of Great Britain, shall apply for any Advance to any Parish under the Provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful to make, sell, let, and collect Rates for the Repayment thereof, upon the Proprietors as well as upon the Occupiers of such Parish or Place.

XXXIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Advance shall be made under the Provisions of this Act for the Use of any Parish, Township or Place in which the Amount of the Money actually expended for the Relief of the Poor in the Year ending in *Easter* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, or ending at the usual Quarter Day immediately preceding *Easter* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall exceed by Three Fourths the Average Annual Amount of the Money expended for the Relief of the Poor for the Three Years preceding *Easter* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or shall have not exceeded by One Half the Amount so expended for the Year ending *Easter* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That the whole Amount of all the Bills advanced to Parishes in Great Britain, with Interest thereon, shall be paid off and discharged within Two Years from *Easter* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, by such Installments, and in such Proportions, and at such Periods as shall be fixed and settled by the Commissioners in that Behalf.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the principal Sums contained in the Exchange Bills which shall be advanced or lent by the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Great Britain under the Authority of this Act, shall be repaid, without Deduction or Abatement, together with Interest for the same, by Installments, (that is to say) the principal Sum so lent and every Exchange Bill shall be repaid to the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England at their Office, together with Interest for the same at and after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per annum, by the Space of Fifteen Days at least before the time when such Exchange Bill shall become payable according to the Provisions of this Act, such Interest to be computed on the said principal Sum from the Date of such Exchange Bill to the time of the Payment thereof.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the principal Sums which shall be advanced or lent in Ireland out of the Consolidated Fund, under and in pursuance of the Certificate of the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Ireland, the Payment whereof shall not be otherwise provided for pursuant to this Act, shall be paid without Deduction or Abatement, together with Interest for the same after the Rate of Five Pounds for every One hundred Pounds by the Year, into the Receipt of the Exchequer in Ireland, by such Installments and in such Proportions and at such Periods and times as the said Commissioners shall, by and with the

Separate Accounts of all the additional Rates to be kept.

Advances to Parishes in Ireland to be made with Consent of Majority in Number and Three Fourths in Value of Persons paying Poor Rates or with Consent of Select Vestry, &c. Such Applications must have the sanction of Two Justices.

Advances to any Parish may be to any amount up to the Amount of last Year's Poor Rates: Overseers to pay that share of Five Pounds, and eight Pence if necessary for the Parishes.

Where Four Fifths of Proprietors in Loans, &c. apply, Rates for Repayment may be made.

No Advance to any Parish unless Money expended for the Poor last or shall not be of a certain Amount.

Advances to Parishes, when to be repaid.

Principal Sums of Exchange Bills with Interest at five per Cent. per annum to be repaid by Installments.

Sums advanced in Ireland to be repaid by such Installments as shall be directed by Commissioners with Consent

of Lord Treasurer.

Commissioners may extend Periods of Repayment.

Bills issued and not able to be returned to the Exchequer and accepted. Certificate to be given to the Exchequer.

Commissioners for Great Britain may authorize the Bank of England to employ Master paid in Purchase of Exchequer Bills.

After due Payment of Sum advanced with Interest, Obligations to be delivered up to be cancelled.

Upon Failure of Payment, Process may issue.

Cash.

Sum advanced paid to the Bank of England or Exchequer in Ireland. Commissioners may direct receipt which of the Obligations Proceedings are to be taken. Proceedings not qualified without Authority of Commissioners.

In Proceedings against Obligors or Writs of Habeas Corpus require.

Execution of Parties, including Bankrupts in England or Ireland to be enforced, and the

the Consent of the Lord Treasurer or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, death and apportion, and as shall be specified accordingly in the Securities to be taken by the said Commissioners for the Redemption of such Money in manner herein before directed by this Act.

XXXVII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act respectively to extend any Periods of Repayment of any Money advanced under the Provisions of this Act, in any case in which an adequate Fund, not file in actual Arrears than the Amount of Interest payable upon the Money originally advanced, shall be established and insured to the said Commissioners for such Repayment.

* XXXVIII. And Whereas the Parties to whom Exchequer Bills may be issued in Great Britain by virtue of this Act may not have Occasion to make Use of all their Bills: Be it further enacted, That such Exchequer Bills may be tendered on Payment or Part of Payment, of any of the Sums advanced by virtue of this Act, shall be returned to the Office at the Exchequer in Great Britain from which they were issued, and forthwith cancelled by the proper Officer or Officers by whom the said Bills were issued, he or they giving a Certificate to the Person returning such Exchequer Bills for the Information of the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act at Great Britain.

XXXIX. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Great Britain, by Writing under the Hands and Seals of any Three or more of them, to authorize the Collector or Collectors of the Bank of England to employ any Messengers which shall be paid as aforesaid, in the Purchase of any Exchequer Bills which shall be payable at the Period then next ensuing, and shall write thereon, in Words at Length, the Day of the Month and Year in which he or they is purchased such Bills, to which respective Days the said Collector or Collectors shall be allowed the Interest, upon he or they paying the same into the Receipt of Exchequer in Great Britain as aforesaid; provided that no Interest shall run or be paid upon or for any such Bills during the time they shall remain in the Hands of such Collector or Collectors, but for such time the Interest on every such Bill shall cease.

XI. And be it further enacted, That after the due Payment of the Sums advanced, with Interest as aforesaid, at the times and in the manner herein specified, every Obligation entered into in pursuance of this Act, being fully funded according to the true Interest and Meaning of this Act, shall be forthwith delivered up to be cancelled; and in case any such Obligations shall have been procured according to the Direction of this Act, the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, or any Two or more of them respectively, shall by their Warrant or Warrants direct the proper Officer or Officers of the Courts of Exchequer in England, Ireland or Scotland respectively, to cause up Satisfaction in such Obligation or Obligations to being satisfied as aforesaid upon the Record, or otherwise to deliver up the same to be cancelled, as the case may require.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Default shall be made by any Person or Persons in the Payment of any Sum or Sums advanced under the Provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, or any Three or more of them, to issue their Warrant or Warrants from time to time to the proper Officer or Officers of the Court having the Direction or Management of Proceedings upon Obligations to His Majesty in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, requiring such Officer or Officers presently to proceed against all or any of the Persons who shall have entered into any Security for the Sum advanced, his, her and their Heirs, Executors and Administrators, for the Recovery of such Parts of the Sums advanced on such Securities as shall be then due, together with Interest as aforesaid, and such Costs and Charges attending such Proceedings as shall be by Law payable for the same; the Amount of which Principal Sum is to be lent the said Commissioners respectively shall cause from time to time to be notified by their Note in Writing, under the Hands of any Two or more of them respectively, to such Officer or Officers, and which Sum shall be entered in the Writ of Process, and the like Process shall and may from time to time issue as aforesaid, as Omission shall require; and the Sums so recovered (the Costs and Charges aforesaid excepted) shall be paid to the Collector or Collectors of the Bank of England, or into the Receipt of the Exchequer in Ireland, as the case shall require, without Abatement, Deduction or Delay, in Satisfaction of such Demands, and it shall be in the Discretion of the said Commissioners respectively to direct against which of the Obligors in such Security such Proceedings shall be from time to time commenced or prosecuted; and the said Commissioners respectively shall have the Control and Superintendence of such Proceedings; and the same shall not be discontinued, quashed or stayed upon any Petition whatsoever, without the Authority of the said Commissioners, notified under the Hands and Seals of any Two or more of them respectively, and exhibited to the Honour of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster or Dublin, or to the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, as the case may require.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Proceedings shall be directed by the said Commissioners under this Act as aforesaid against any of the Obligors, or any Obligor named in any such Obligation, on Writ or Writs of *Jeas Fulcis* shall be required to be issued, but that upon the Production of the Warrant or Warrants of the said Commissioners respectively as before mentioned, before any of the Barons of the said respective Courts of Exchequer, as Extents may also in the first Process upon the Fiat of such Barons, without any Affidavit or other Verification or Proof of the Cause of such Proceedings than such Warrant or Warrants as aforesaid.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Obligation, or other Security entered into or given from and after the passing of this Act, by any Person or Persons who shall afterwards become Bankrupt within the true Intent and Meaning of the several Statutes made and now in force concerning Bankruptcy, and against whom a Commission of Bankruptcy shall be awarded and issued out in England or Ireland, shall by reason and force of such Bankruptcy, and from the time of such Bankruptcy, become and be forfeited, and due and payable

payable as against such Bankrupt or Bankrupts; and that all the Estate and Effects of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, which would be liable to satisfy the Demands of the Creditors seeking Relief under such Commission of Bankruptcy, shall be liable and subject to and are hereby made chargeable with the Payment of the Principal and Interest due upon such Obligations or other Security, and all Costs attending the Recovery of the same; and that the respective Claims of the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act shall be first paid and satisfied out of the Estate and Effects of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and in preference to the Claim of any other Creditor or Creditors; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, in the Name of their Secretary for the time being, to apply by Petition in a summary Way to the proper Courts in England and Ireland having Jurisdiction of the Matters of such Commission of Bankruptcy, to make due Order accordingly, which such Courts respectively are hereby authorized and required to make.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That every Obligation, or other Security entered into or given from and after the passing of this Act, by any Person or Persons who shall afterwards become Bankrupt, and against whose Estate Sequestration shall be awarded in Scotland, shall by virtue and force of such Bankruptcy, and from the time of the Date of the First Debtorship on the Petition to the Court of Session for reviving the Sequestration, become and be due and payable as against such Bankrupt or Bankrupts; and that all the Estate and Effects, Real and Personal, of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, which would be liable to satisfy the Demands of the Creditors seeking Relief under such Sequestration, shall be liable and subject to and are hereby made chargeable with the Payment of the Principal and Interest due upon such Obligations or other Security, and all Costs attending the Recovery of the same; and that the Claims of the said Commissioners shall be paid and satisfied out of the Estate and Effects of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and in preference to the Claim of any other Creditor or Creditors, notwithstanding without Prejudice to References duly obtained according to the Law of Scotland upon the Real Estate of Persons who shall become Bankrupts; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, in the Name of the Secretary for the time being, to apply by Petition in a summary Way to the proper Courts in Scotland, having Jurisdiction of the Matters of such Bankruptcy, for making effectual the Payment of the Claims of the said Commissioners accordingly, and the said Courts are hereby authorized and required to make the same effectual accordingly.

XLV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the several Commissioners for the Execution of this Act to accept from the Assignees under any Commission of Bankruptcy thereof, or from the Father or Father, Trustee or Trustees, under any Sequestration awarded against any Debtor or Debtors in any such Case under this Act, such Security for the Payment of the Sum due from such Bankrupt or Bankrupts out of his or their Estate or Effects, as the said Commissioners shall respectively approve; and that the Acceptance of such Security by the said Commissioners shall operate as a Release of the Estate of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, for the Benefit of the Creditors under the said Commission of Bankruptcy in England or Ireland, or Sequestration in Scotland, from all Claims whatever by the said Creditors, other than and except such Part of the said Estate as shall be specified in Writing between the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, and the said Assignees under the said Commission of Bankruptcy in England or Ireland, or between the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, and the Father or Father, Trustee or Trustees under the said Sequestration in Scotland, to be referred by the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, for such Security as aforesaid, in case the said Commissioners shall require such Security.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, in the Name of their Secretary for the time being, to apply by Petition or otherwise to the proper Courts in England or Ireland and Scotland respectively, for any Commission of Bankruptcy or Sequestration against the Estate or Effects of any Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and to do and otherwise pursue the same respectively, in like manner as any other Creditor or Creditors is or are by Law entitled to do in England, Ireland and Scotland respectively.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners named in any Commission of Bankruptcy, which shall at any time hereafter be awarded and issued out in England or Ireland, and the Court of Session, or Lord Ordinary sitting on the Bills for the time, and every Officer or other Person concerned in the Management of the proposed Estate of any Bankrupt in Scotland, shall admit the Proof of any Debt, or Ground of Debt, under this Act, on the Oath, Affirmation, or Affidavit of any Person appointed by the several Commissioners for the Execution of this Act; which Oath, Affirmation, and Affidavit respectively shall be taken and administered before any One of the proper Officers having Authority by Law to administer Oaths or Affidavits, or to take Affidavits in cases of Bankruptcy, and shall permit such Person to be authorized by the several Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, to vote in the Choice of an Assignee or Assignees, Father or Father, Trustee or Trustees, as the case may require, of the Estate and Effects of such Bankrupts, and to do and execute every other Act, Matter or Thing relating to such Bankruptcy, as fully and effectually as if such Person be authorized were the *deed jure* Creditor of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts.

XLVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent, hinder, or delay the Execution of any Commission of Bankruptcy by the Commissioners therein named, according to the Laws now in force in England and Ireland respectively, or on the proceeding to or under Sequestration in Scotland, provided that every Assignment of the Estate or Effects of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, under the said Commission in England and Ireland, and every Act of Sequestration of the Estate or Effects of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts in Scotland, shall be subject to the Claims of the several Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, and until the same shall be fully paid.

Claims of Commissioners to be first paid, &c.

Commissioners under this Act may apply to the Courts by Petition.

And also in Scotland

Commissioners may accept Security for the Sum due from Bankrupts, when the said Security to operate as a Release for the Benefit of the Creditors of the Bankrupts.

Commissioners may apply for Commissions of Bankruptcy or Sequestration.

Commissioners of Bankruptcy to admit Proof of Debt upon the Oath of Person appointed by the Commissioners under this Act; and permit such Person to vote in the Choice of Assignees, &c.

Act not to delay the Execution of Commissions of Bankruptcy or Sequestration under Sequestration.

Provision for
Bankruptcy to
remain in force
as before.

Bank Com-
missioners may sit.

Bank of England
to open an Ac-
count with the
Commissioners.

Local Commis-
sioners to give Cer-
tificates of Pay-
ment to Ex-
change Bills
drawn on before
the Bank is
closed in Pro-
duction thereof
to receive the
Amount due
thereon.

Like Certifi-
cate on Office of
Commissioners
drawing Money
due to be paid
by Robert Gresham,
&c.

His Pat on Re-
ceipts of Money
received.
Commissioners
to audit such
Receipts.

Money paid into
the Bank to be
drawn out to
be paid into
the Exchequer,
and kept apart
from other Mo-
ney, and so to
be paid in the
Manner
specified.

Treasury to
audit Accounts
to be taken of
Exchequer Bills
when payable,
and of the Dis-
bursements

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That every Provision in this Act, made with Application to any Com-
missioners or Commissioners of Bankruptcy, shall be deemed and construed to extend to any Qualification awarded
or to be awarded against the Estate or Effects of any Bankrupt or Bankrupts in Scotland, as fully and effec-
tually as if such Provision had been expressly applied thereto by this Act.

L. And be it further enacted, That all Acts, Matters and Things which the Commissioners for the Execu-
tion of this Act are hereby required or authorized to do or execute, shall and may be done and executed by
any Seven or more of such Commissioners in Great Britain, and by the Majority of such Commissioners in
Ireland, unless in cases where it is otherwise specially provided by this Act.

L.I. And be it further enacted, That the Governor and Directors of the Bank of England shall, and they
are hereby required to open an Account in their Books with the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act
in Great Britain, under the Title of "Commissioners" for the Issue of certain Exchequer Bills, and shall
carry to the Credit of such Account the several Moneys by this Act directed to be paid to the Cashiers of the
said Bank; and whenever the said Commissioners shall have advanced or lent any of the Exchequer Bills to
be made out in pursuance of this Act to any Person or Persons, the said Commissioners shall, at some time
before the same contained therein shall be to be repaid, deliver to such Person or Persons, at his or their Re-
quest, one or more Certificates or Certificates under their Hands, specifying the Value of every such Exchequer
Bill, the respective Dates thereof, and the times when they will respectively become payable by virtue of this
Act; and the said Cashiers of the Bank, or one of them, shall, upon the Production of such last mentioned
Certificate or Certificates, by the Space of Fifteen Days or more after such Exchequer Bill shall become pay-
able, accept and receive from the Person or Persons producing the same the Amount of the Principal Sum
contained therein, together with such Interest, to be computed from the Date thereof to the time of Payment
as aforesaid, and in the Foot of such last so stated Certificate or Certificates acknowledge the Receipt of the
said Moneys; and that whenever the said Commissioners shall by their Warrant or Order have directed such
Moneys to be raised or levied by Sale of any Wares or Merchandise deposited by virtue of this Act, or by
any Proceedings on any Securities taken by virtue thereof in Default of such Payment as aforesaid, the said
Commissioners shall deliver to the Officer or Officers executing the same respectively a like Certificate as aforesaid,
and further specifying therein the Amount of the Moneys to be raised or levied, and the Substances or
such Warrant or Order, to raise or levy the same; and the said Cashiers of the Bank, or any One of them,
shall, upon the Production of such last mentioned Certificate, accept and receive from such Officer or Officers
the Moneys so raised and levied in Satisfaction of the Payments whereof Default shall be made as aforesaid, and
at the Foot of such Certificate acknowledge the Receipt of the said Moneys, without Fee or Reward; and
every such Receipt shall be afterwards brought to the Office of the said Commissioners hereby appointed, and
by them entered in proper Books to be provided and kept for that Purpose; and the said Commissioners or
any Three or more of them shall attach the same under their Hands, and return the same to the Person or
Persons producing the same in the said Office; and every such Receipt so attested, and every such Entry in
any of the said Books, shall respectively bear therewith by an Acknowledgment and Discharge for the same re-
spectively therein to have been received in against the said Commissioners and every of them, their and every of
their Executors and Administrators, as well to the Person or Persons to whom such Receipts shall be given,
as to all and every the Persons who shall have entered into any Security in respect of the Exchequer Bills
mentioned in such Certificate to which such Receipt shall be subscribed, their and every of their Heirs, Ex-
ecutors and Administrators well advised.

L.II. And be it further enacted, That all and every Sum and Sums of Money which shall be paid into the
Bank of England under or by virtue of this Act, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipts of His Ma-
jesty's Exchequer at Exchequer distinctly and apart from all other Moneys; and that there shall be provided
and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of the said Exchequer a Book or Books, in which all
the Moneys paid into the said Receipt by virtue of this Act shall be entered separately and apart from all other
Moneys paid into the said Receipt upon any other Account whatever; and that all the Moneys so paid into
the said Receipt by virtue of this Act shall be subject and liable to the Uses and Purposes hereinafter men-
tioned; (that is to say,) in the first Place for paying off and discharging all the Exchequer Bills to be made
out by virtue of this Act, with such Interest as shall be payable thereon, at the respective Dates and times, and
in the Order and Course in which the same are hereby directed to be discharged; and all such Exchequer
Bills, and Interest thereon as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and shall be re-
paid and borne by and out of the first Moneys that shall arise in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer ac-
cordingly; and after paying off and discharging the same, in the next place to pay off all the Charges and Ex-
penses which shall be incurred by the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Great Britain, and to
make good all such Sums as have been allowed to the said Commissioners out of the public Money towards the
said Charges and Expenses, in pursuance of the Orders of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury,
or any Three of them, or the said Lord High Treasurer for the time being, according to the Direction of
this Act; and also to pay and satisfy all Charges and Expenses incident to or attending the making out such
Exchequer Bills; and if any Surplus shall remain of the Moneys paid into the said Receipt by virtue of this
Act, after satisfying the several Sums hereby charged thereon as aforesaid, such Surplus shall be referred for
the Disposition of Parliament.

L.III. And be it further enacted, That on the Several Days and times on which such Exchequer Bills are
directed to be discharged, or within Ten Days after such Days respectively, the said Commissioners of His
Majesty's Treasury, or Three or more of them, or the said Lord High Treasurer for the time being, shall
cause a true and perfect Account in Writing to be taken and audited by the proper Officers, of all the Ex-
chequer Bills, to be made out in pursuance of this Act, which shall become payable on the respective Days

and times before specified, and of the Moneys which shall then be in the Receipt of the said Exchequer applicable to the paying off and discharging the same; and if the Money which shall have arisen in the said Exchequer, for or on account of the Payments to be made by the Bank of England by virtue of this Act in the respective Periods before mentioned, shall not be sufficient to discharge the whole Principal and Interest due as ascertained on the several Exchequer Bills to be issued in pursuance of this Act, then such Deficiency shall and may be supplied and made good by and out of the Aids or Supplies which shall be granted for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and in case the Moneys arising from such Aids or Supplies shall not at the time be sufficient for that Purpose, then all the said Exchequer Bills remaining undischarged, with the Interest and Charges incident to or attending the same, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon such Moneys as, at any time or times after any such Deficiency shall happen, shall be or remain in the Receipt of the said Exchequer of the Fund called the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, except such Moneys of the said Consolidated Fund as are appropriated to any particular Ulterior Use by any Act or Acts of Parliament in that Behalf; and such Moneys of the said Consolidated Fund shall and may be issued and applied from time to time, as often as the same can be regularly raised and ascertained, for and towards paying off, exceeding and discharging such remaining Exchequer Bills, Interest and Charges, until the whole of them shall be paid off, cancelled, discharged, or Money sufficient for that Purpose be kept and referred in the Exchequer, to be payable up Demanded to the respective Proprietors thereof.

LIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever Moneys shall be to be issued out of the Consolidated Fund from time to time to be replaced by and out of the Fund Supplies to be hereinafter granted in Parliament, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, that whatever Moneys shall be afterwards paid by the Bank of England into the said Receipt in pursuance of this Act, shall be applied towards replacing the Moneys before issued of the said Aids or Supplies, or out of the said Consolidated Fund, as the case may be; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

LV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful, for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance or lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of the Exchequer of Great Britain, upon the Credit of the Exchequer Bills issued under this Act, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds; any thing in an Act made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, intitled *An Act for granting to Their Majesties several Rates and Duties upon Turnage of Ships and Fighting and upon Bury, Alms and other Laysures, for securing certain Receipts and Advantages in the said Act mentioned, in such Proportions as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds towards carrying in the War against France, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.*

LVI. And be it further enacted, That the several Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, from time to time, at their Discretion, and as soon as possible after the Determination of all Proceedings under this Act, and the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Ireland, whenever they shall be thereto required by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, shall respectively lay an Account or Accounts of their Proceedings in Writing before both Houses of Parliament.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That if any of the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Great Britain shall decline to act in the Execution of the Powers and Trusts thereof, or having begun to act shall decline to act further therein, or shall depart this Life during the Continuance of this Act, it shall be lawful for the remaining Commissioners, or the major Part of them acting as aforesaid, by any Writing under their Hands and Seals, to constitute and appoint such Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners for the Purpose aforesaid, in the Place of the Commissioner or Commissioners so declining to act or declining further to act, to do any as aforesaid, as the said acting Commissioners or the major Part of them shall think fit; and in case as such case shall happen, and the Person or Persons so constituted and appointed by the said Commissioners, having first qualified to act by taking and subscribing the Oath herebefore provided and directed, shall be invested with the same Powers and Authorities as are given or delegated by this Act unto the said Commissioners or Commissioners qualified by this Act respectively.

LVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being to revoke the Appointment of any Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Ireland, and from time to time to nominate and appoint such other Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners, as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors for the time being shall think fit; and also to appoint from time to time any Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners to supply any Vacancy which may be occasioned by the Death or Relinquish of any Commissioner or Commissioners who may be appointed by virtue of this Act.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, advancing any of the Exchequer Bills to be issued by virtue of this Act, by way of Loan, to any Person who may be willing to accept such Exchequer Bills, relating the same at the time which shall be expressed therein respectively, together with such Interest as may have agreed thereon at the time of advancing such Loan, to assign and receive Interest for such Loan at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per annum; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

LX. And be it further enacted, That the several Commissioners for the Execution of this Act shall and may receive and find all their Letters and Patents free from the Duty of Postage; provided that such Letters and Patents as shall be first to the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Great Britain, be directed to "The Commissioners for the Issue of Exchequer Bills at their Office;" and that such Letters and Patents as shall be first to the said Commissioners for the Purpose of this Act in Ireland, shall be directed to "The Commissioners for the Issue of Money out of the Consolidated Fund at their Office;" and

any at the Exchequer in discharging them. Payments into a Money not sufficient to discharge the Principal and Interest due on Exchequer Bills

Moneys issued out of the Consolidated Fund to be replaced out of the said Supplies.

Bank may advance or lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of the Exchequer of Great Britain, upon the Credit of the Exchequer Bills issued under this Act, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds; any thing in an Act made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, intitled *An Act for granting to Their Majesties several Rates and Duties upon Turnage of Ships and Fighting and upon Bury, Alms and other Laysures, for securing certain Receipts and Advantages in the said Act mentioned, in such Proportions as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds towards carrying in the War against France, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.*

Commissioners to lay an Account of their Proceedings before Parliament.

If Commissioners decline, etc. major Part of the remaining Commissioners in Great Britain may fill up Vacancies.

Persons so appointed to take the aforesaid Oath.

Lord Lieutenant may revoke Appointment, and fill Vacancies in Ireland.

Persons advancing Exchequer Bills by Loan may take 5l. per Cent. Interest.

Commissioners may receive and find all their Letters and Patents free from the Duty of Postage.

that all such Letters and Packets as shall be sent by the said Commissioners shall be dated from their said Office, and shall be signed on the Outside of such Letters and Packets by such Person as the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Great Britain shall appoint, with the Consent of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, and as the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Ireland shall appoint, with the Consent of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and under such Restrictions and Regulations as the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors respectively, shall think proper and lawful.

Ordinance, &c.
not liable to
Stamp Duty

LXI. And be it further enacted, That no Obligation to His Majesty nor any Honorable Securities, nor any Assignment of any Heritable Securities, nor any Mortgage or Assignment of any Tolls, Rates or Duties taken by the said Commissioners, nor any Promissory Note under this Act, as a Security for the Loan of Money in such Exchange Bills as aforesaid, nor any Affidavits, Depositions, or Receipts to be respectively taken or made under or by virtue of this Act, shall be liable to any Stamp Duty whatever; any thing in any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain or Ireland to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Actions for con-
travention shall not
be brought
but upon Notice,
and after Notice
given to the
Defendant, not after
Six Months.
Where to be
had.
General Issue.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done by virtue of or in pursuance of this Act, until Fourteen Days' Notice thereof in Writing shall have been given to the Secretary for the time being of the said Commissioners, nor after a full-Sized Satisfaction, or a Tender thereof, hath been made to the Party or Parties aggrieved, nor after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; and such Action shall be brought in the said Courts of Exchequer in England, Ireland or Scotland, and shall be laid in the County of Middlesex, or City of Dublin, or Edinburgh respectively, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the time was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear to be so done, or if such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time heretofore limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought without Fourteen Days' Notice thereof, or shall be brought in any other County or Place, or after a full-Sized Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, then then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become satisfied, or suffer a Discontinuance of law, bar or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in any other cases by Law.

Treble Costs.

Counterfeiting,
&c. Constitutes,
&c. an offence
liable to any Dis-
tinction, or sentence
the Law.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge, counterfeit or alter, or cause or procure to be forged, counterfeited or altered, or knowingly or wilfully sell or offer as the forging, counterfeiting or altering any Certificate or Certificates of the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, or any of them, or any Receipt or Receipts to be given by the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England in pursuance of this Act, or shall wilfully deliver any such forged, counterfeited or altered Certificate or Receipt to the Auditor of the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain, or to the Vice-Treasurer for Ireland for the time being, or to any Officer appointed by them or either of them, or to the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act or any of them, or to any Officer or Officers appointed by them or any of them in the Execution of the Powers of this Act, or shall utter any such forged, counterfeited or altered Certificate or Certificates, Receipt or Receipts, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited or altered, with intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or any Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or any Person whatsoever, then and in every such case all and every Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

Death.

Affirmations
may be admin-
istered.
Act may be
quarrelled, &c.
the Statute.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where an Oath may be administered by this Act, it shall be lawful to administer an Affirmation in lieu thereof, as the case may require.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That this Act, or any of the Provisions thereof, may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

[Lord Lieutenant of Ireland may appoint Special Commissioners for receiving Applications for Relief from the 270,000*l.* advanced in Ireland by Section 5. of this Act. See Cap. 124. § 1. p. 58.]

C. A. P. XXXV.

AN ACT for providing Money and Defence; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

[20th June 1817.]

WHEREAS the raising or keeping a Standing Army within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, is a time of Peace, whilst it be with the Consent of Parliament, is against Law: And Whereas it is judged necessary by His Majesty, and His present Possession, that a Body of Persons should be constituted for the Safety of the United Kingdom, the Defence of the Possessions of His Majesty's Crowns and the Preservation of the Balance of Power in Europe, and that the whole Number of such Forces should consist of One thousand and twenty-one thousand and thirty-five effective Officers and Men, including the Forces stationed in France, and six thousand five hundred and eighty-five Officers and Men proposed to be disbanded, and One thousand eight hundred and thirty-three Officers and Men proposed to be transferred to the Indian Establishment, but exclusive of the Officers and Men belonging to the Regiments now employed in the Territorial Possessions of the East India Company, or ordered from thence to Great Britain: And Whereas no Man can be conveyed of Life or Limb, or subjected in time of Peace to any Kind of Punishment within this Realm by Martial Law, or in any other manner than by the Judgment of his Peers, and according to the known and established Laws of this Realm; yet nevertheless it being requisite, for the

Number of
Forces, 1817-18.

retaining all the before mentioned Powers in their Duty, that no such Delinquents be absconded, and that such Persons who shall disobey or fail to attend, or shall desert His Majesty's Service, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punishment than the usual Powers of the Law will allow: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person who is or shall be commissioned or in Pay as an Officer, or who is or shall be hired or in Pay as a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall at any time, during the Continuance of this Act, begin, execute, execute or join in any Mutiny or Sedition in His Majesty's Land or Marine Forces, or shall set on foot or attempt Endeavours to suppress the same, or coming to the Knowledge of any Mutiny or intended Mutiny, shall not without Delay give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer, or shall interfere himself before the Enemy; or shall knowingly abandon or deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard committed to his Charge, or which he shall be commanded to defend; or shall compass the Governor or Commanding Officer of any Garrison, Fortress or Post, to deliver up to the Enemy, or to abandon the same; or shall speak Words, or do any other Means to induce such Governor or Commanding Officer, or others, to mutiny before the Enemy, or knowingly to abandon or deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard committed to their respective Charge, or which he or they shall be commanded to defend; or shall leave his Post before ordered; or shall be found sleeping on his Post; or shall hold Correspondence with, or give Advice or Intelligence to any Rebel or Enemy of His Majesty, either by Letters, Messages, Signs or Tokens, in any manner or way whatsoever; or shall treat or enter into any Terms with such Rebel or Enemy, without His Majesty's Licence, or Licence of the General or Chief Commander; or shall strike or use any Violence against his Superior Officer, being in the Execution of his Office; or shall deliver any lawful Command of his Superior Officer; or shall desert His Majesty's Service; all and every Person and Persons so offending in any of the Matters before mentioned, whether such Officer shall be committed within this Realm, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, upon Land or upon the Sea, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be awarded.

Officers, &c.
mutinying or
deserting, &c.

or found sleeping
upon his Post, &c.

or striking or
using Violence
against his
Superior Officer,
Duties, or such
Punishment as a
Court Martial
may inflict.

Continuance of
this Act.

[This Act, with the exception of Section 135, is the same, and all the Schedules are the same as Chap. 11, 1817: which Act was made to continue in force in Great Britain until the 25th June 1817.]

CLIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be and continue in force within Great Britain from the Twenty fourth Day of June in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, until the Twenty fifth Day of March in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and shall be and continue in force within Ireland, and in Jersey, Guernsey, Sark and Isle of Man, and the Hebrides thereto belonging, from the First Day of July in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, until the First Day of April in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and shall be and continue in force within the Dominion of Wales, and in Spain and Portugal, from the Twenty fifth Day of August in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, until the Twenty fifth Day of May in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and shall be and continue in force in all other Parts of Europe where His Majesty's Forces may be serving, and in the West Indies and North America, and Cape of Good Hope, from the Twenty fifth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, to the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and shall be and continue in force in all other Parts from the Twenty fifth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, to the Twenty fifth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

C. A. P. XXXVI.

An Act to regulate the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the Charter of the East India Company, and certain Possessions of His Majesty in the Mediterranean. [20th June 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for continuing in the East India Company, for a further Term, the Possession of the British Territories in India, together with certain exclusive Privileges, for granting further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories, and the better Administration of Justice within the same; and for regulating the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter: And Whereas by the said recited Act it was enacted, that it should be lawful for any of His Majesty's Subjects, in common with the said United Company, to export in Ships navigated according to Law, from any Port or Ports within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to all Ports and Places within the Limits mentioned, to, from and except the Dominions of the Emperor of China, any Goods, Wares and Merchandises which could then, or might at any time or times thereafter, be legally exported; and also in common with the said Company to import in Ships navigated as aforesaid, from any Port or Ports within the Limits aforesaid, and except as aforesaid, into the said United Kingdom, any Goods, Wares and Merchandises, the Produce or Manufacture of any of the Countries within the said Limits, which could or might at any time or times thereafter be legally imported; Subject nevertheless to the several Restrictions, Conditions and Limitations in the said Act contained: And Whereas it was also enacted by the said Act, that nothing therein contained should extend or be construed to extend to prevent the making, during the further Term thereby granted to the said Company, such further Provisions by Authority of Parliament, as might from time to time be deemed necessary for enabling His Majesty's Subjects to carry on Trade and Traffic, directly or indirectly, as well between all Ports and Places Situate without the Limits of the said Company's Charter, and all Ports and Places (except the Dominions of the Emperor of China) Situate within their Limits, as between the said United Kingdom and all the last mentioned Ports and Places, except as aforesaid: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign,*

[17] 2. 1. 1. 1.

24 1. 1. 1. 1.

intended *in All* for the further Regulation of the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the Charter of the East India Company, Provision was made for enabling the said Company, and all other His Majesty's Subjects to carry on a circumscribed Trade to, from and between the Places within such Limits : And Whereas it is expedient to make Provision for the enabling the said Company and all other His Majesty's Subjects to carry on Trade within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, and certain Possessions of His Majesty in the *Mediterranean* : Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the said Company, and also for any other of His Majesty's Subjects to carry on Trade and Traffic, in Ships engaged according to Law, directly and circumlocutively between the Island of *Mocha* and its Dependencies, or the Port of *Gibraltar*, and all Ports and Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter, except the Dominion of the Kingdom of *China* : any thing contained in any Charter of the said Company, or in any Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding : Provided always, that in carrying on such Trade it shall not be lawful to trade to or at any Port or Place without the Limits of the said Company's Charter, other than trade with which Trade is permitted by the said Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty : Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to authorize any of His Majesty's Subjects, other than the said Company, or Persons properly licensed by them, to export or import from or to any such Countries, Ports and Places, within or without such Limits, or to import into the United Kingdom, any Tea, or in any manner to trade or traffic in Tea, between any such Ports or Places as aforesaid.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That His Majesty's Settlements at the Cape of *Good Hope* shall, as to all Trade allowed by this Act, be deemed, construed and taken to be within the Limits of the *East India Company's* Charter : Provided also, that nothing herein contained, as to the said Settlement being deemed as to such Trade as doth to be within such Limits, shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent, or in any manner to limit or affect, any other Trade which now may or which may hereafter be allowed to be carried on between the said Settlement and any other Country, Ports or Places whatever.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Vessel carrying on Trade under the Provisions of this Act, to clear out from or be admitted to Entry at any Port in the United Kingdom, the registered Measurement of which Vessel shall be under the Burden prescribed by the said Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, or which may be performed by any Act hereafter to be passed for Vessels carrying on Trade between the United Kingdom and the Places within the Limits of the *East India Company's* Charter.

IV. And Whereas by the said Act of the Fifty third year of His present Majesty's Reign it is enacted, that as Ship or Vessel engaged to prevent Trade under the Authority of that Act, shall proceed to any Place situate on the Continent of *Asia*, from the River *Sauze* to the Town of *Malacca* inclusive, or in any Island under the Government of the said Company lying to the North of the Equator, or to the said Company's Factory or Factories or its Dependencies, or to any other Place or Places situate more to the westward than Eleven Degrees of South Latitude, and between the Sixty fourth and One hundred and Sixty Degrees of East Longitude from *London*, without a Licence from the Court of Directors of the said Company, or from the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of *India*, (as the case may be) : Be it further enacted, That the Governors and Lieutenant Governors of the said Island of *Mocha* and Port of *Gibraltar* respectively, shall be and they are hereby authorized to grant Licences to Ships or Vessels in proceeding as aforesaid from the said Island of *Mocha* or Port of *Gibraltar*, in the same manner and under the same Regulations and Provisions, in regard to the Coast and Ports thereof, as are under the said recited Act applicable to Licences granted by the said Court of Directors and Board of Commissioners respectively : Provided always, that the said Governors and Lieutenant Governors shall not be empowered to grant any Licence specially authorizing any Ship or Vessel to proceed to any Place or Places upon the Continent of *Asia* from the River *Sauze* to the said Town of *Malacca* inclusive, except the said Company's principal Settlements; and that in regard to such Licences as are under the Provisions of the said recited Act to be granted by the said Board of Commissioners, the said Governors and Lieutenant Governors shall conform themselves, as far as the case may admit, to such Rules and Regulations in that behalf, as may from time to time be framed and published by the said Commissioners.

V. And be it further enacted, That each such Governor or Lieutenant Governor shall transmit to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State annual Lists of all such Licences as shall have been granted by him as aforesaid, and of all Licences (if any) which such Governor or Lieutenant Governor may, in consequence of any Instructions which he may have received in regard to such Licences, have refused to grant, together with his Reasons for such Refusal.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That as Ship or Vessel, other than the Ships of the said Company engaged in Trade under the Authority of this Act, shall be permitted to clear out from the said Island or Port for any Place or Places under the Government of His Majesty or of the said Company situate more to the Northward than Eleven Degrees of South Latitude, and between the Sixty fourth and One hundred and Sixty Degrees of East Longitude from *London*, until the Master or other Person having the Command of such Ship or Vessel shall have made out and exhibited to the principal Officer of the Customs, or other Person thereto authorized by such Governor or Lieutenant Governor as aforesaid, at the Port of Clearance, upon Oath (which Oath such Officer or other Person is hereby authorized to administer), a true and perfect List, in such Form as shall from time to time be framed by the said Court of Directors, with the Approbation of the said Board of Commissioners, (specifying and setting forth the Names, Capacities

Trade may be carried on to and from any Port or Place within the Limits of the said Company's Charter, except the Dominion of the Kingdom of China : any thing contained in any Charter of the said Company, or in any Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding : Provided always, that in carrying on such Trade it shall not be lawful to trade to or at any Port or Place without the Limits of the said Company's Charter, other than trade with which Trade is permitted by the said Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty : Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to authorize any of His Majesty's Subjects, other than the said Company, or Persons properly licensed by them, to export or import from or to any such Countries, Ports and Places, within or without such Limits, or to import into the United Kingdom, any Tea, or in any manner to trade or traffic in Tea, between any such Ports or Places as aforesaid.

Trade not to be carried on in Ships under the Burden prescribed by 53 G. 3. c. 123. § 12. 54 G. 3. c. 123. § 12.

Governors and Lieutenant Governors of *Mocha* and *Gibraltar* to grant Licences.

Not to conform to Rules of the Commissioners for *India*.

and transmit Lists of Licences granted or refused.

Ships not to sail without Lists of the Ports and Places on board being delivered upon Oath.

ships and Detachments of all Persons embarked or intended to be embarked on board such Ship or Vessel, and all Armes on board or intended to be put on board the same; and shall any such Vessel be admitted to Entry at the said Island or Port until the Master or other Person having the Command of such Ship or Vessel shall in the like manner have made out and exhibited to the principal Officer of the Customs, or other Person thereto lawfully authorized, upon Oath (which Oath such Officer or other Person is hereby authorized to administer), a true and perfect List, in Form to be settled as aforesaid, specifying the Names, Capacities and Detachments of all Persons on board or who shall have been on board such Ship or Vessel, from the time of the sailing thereof to the time of Arrival, and of all Armes on board or which shall during that time have been on board such Ship or Vessel, and the several Times and Places at which each of the said Persons so may have dined or left the said Ship or Vessel, shall have so dined or left such Ship or Vessel, or each of the said Armes as may have been disposed of, have been so disposed of.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That such Governors or Lieutenant Governors shall and they are hereby required to cause every such List, which shall be so received at the said Island or Port, to be transmitted with all reasonable Dispatch to the Court of Directors of the said United Company; and all such Ships or Vessels trading under the Authority of this Act shall, on their Arrival at any Port or Place under the Government of the said Company in India, be subject to all the Regulations, Restrictions and Penalties prescribed by the said Acts of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign; and that all Trade with all Ports and Places upon the Continent of Asia, from the River Indus to the Town of Malacca inclusive, or any Island under the Government of the said Company lying in the North of the Equator, or the said Company's Factory at *Bombay* and its Dependencies, shall remain and continue subject to all such Regulations, Provisions and Restrictions as shall from time to time be in force in relation to Trade, as in such Ports and Places under the Authority of any of the Governments of the said Company at their several Presidencies in India.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company, and for any other of His Majesty's Subjects, to trade (in Ships engaged according to Law, and proceeding upon any Voyage between any Port or Place within the Limits of the said Company's Charter and the United Kingdom) to and at the said Island of *Malta* and Port of *Gibraltar*, and for that Purpose to discharge the Whole or any Part of the Cargo of any such Ship or Vessel at such Island or Port, and in the Prosecution of such Christiana Voyages to take on board any other Goods, Wares and Merchandize, which can be legally carried from such Ports or Places within the Limits aforesaid, to such Island or Port; and in like manner to trade in any such Ship or Vessel, in any Voyage from the United Kingdom to any Ports or Places within the Limits aforesaid, to and at the said Island of *Malta* and Port of *Gibraltar*: Provided always, that all such Ships and Vessels shall be subject to all the Regulations, Restrictions and Penalties to which Ships and Vessels carrying on Trade' constantly, between the United Kingdom and the Limits of the said Company's Charter, are by the said Acts of the Fifty third and Fifty fourth Years of His Majesty's Reign made liable.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Goods and Commodities so imported into the Island of *Malta* or its Dependencies, or into the Port of *Gibraltar*, from any Ports or Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter, may be re-exported from the said Island of *Malta* or its Dependencies, or the Port of *Gibraltar*, to the United Kingdom, and imported at any of the Ports where such Goods and Commodities may lawfully be imported, in like manner, and subject to all such Regulations, Restrictions and Penalties, as if such Goods and Commodities were imported directly from the Place of their Growth, Production or Manufacture; and in Vessels of such Tonnage as is prescribed by the said Act made in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or as may be prescribed by any Act hereafter to be passed, for Vessels carrying on Trade' between the United Kingdom and the Ports within the Limits of the said Company's Charter; any thing in an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation*, or in any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted, That for the Purposes of this Act, and for all other Purposes whatsoever, the Island of *Malta* and its Dependencies shall be deemed and taken to be in Europe.

XI. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this or in any other Act shall extend or be construed so extended to prevent the Introduction (under the Provisions of this Act) into the Island of *Malta* and its Dependencies, or into the Port of *Gibraltar*, of any Articles being of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any of the Countries between which and the said Island and Port Trade is allowed to be carried on by this Act, which may now or may hereafter be imported into the United Kingdom.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Ship or Vessel engaged in any Voyage under the Authority of this Act, from any Port or Place in the said India to the said Island of *Malta* or Port of *Gibraltar*, and not destined to any Port in the United Kingdom, to take or have on board any *Lascars* or other African Slaves: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any of the Governments of the said India Company in India, or for any Governor or Lieutenant Governor of any Colony, Territory or Island belonging to His Majesty within the Limits of the said Charter, and they and he are hereby required, on Application made by the Owner or Commander of any Ship or Vessel, and after having ascertained by due Inquiry that a sufficient Number of *British* Seamen cannot be procured for the Crew of any Ship or Vessel sailing from India within Ten Days from such Application, to employ the same, and to send such Ship or Vessel to sail with such Proportion of *Lascars* or African Slaves as may be specified in such Certificate and Licence; and the Governor General in Council at *Poor William* is hereby authorized and required to make Rules and Regulations, that all such African Slaves, *Lascars* or Negroes so employed, shall be duly supplied with Provisions and Clothing, and other necessary Accommodations, while employed and while absent from the Countries or Places to which they respectively belong, and send they shall be carried back to India or any other

such Vessel are admitted to Entry only after the Officer of the Customs, or other Person thereto lawfully authorized, upon Oath of the Master, or other Person having the Command of such Ship or Vessel, shall have made out and exhibited to the principal Officer of the Customs, or other Person thereto lawfully authorized, upon Oath (which Oath such Officer or other Person is hereby authorized to administer), a true and perfect List, in Form to be settled as aforesaid, specifying the Names, Capacities and Detachments of all Persons on board or who shall have been on board such Ship or Vessel, from the time of the sailing thereof to the time of Arrival, and of all Armes on board or which shall during that time have been on board such Ship or Vessel, and the several Times and Places at which each of the said Persons so may have dined or left the said Ship or Vessel, shall have so dined or left such Ship or Vessel, or each of the said Armes as may have been disposed of, have been so disposed of.

Governor, to be transmitted with all reasonable Dispatch to the Court of Directors of the said United Company; and all such Ships or Vessels trading under the Authority of this Act shall, on their Arrival at any Port or Place under the Government of the said Company in India, be subject to all the Regulations, Restrictions and Penalties prescribed by the said Acts of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign; and that all Trade with all Ports and Places upon the Continent of Asia, from the River Indus to the Town of Malacca inclusive, or any Island under the Government of the said Company lying in the North of the Equator, or the said Company's Factory at *Bombay* and its Dependencies, shall remain and continue subject to all such Regulations, Provisions and Restrictions as shall from time to time be in force in relation to Trade, as in such Ports and Places under the Authority of any of the Governments of the said Company at their several Presidencies in India.

Goods may be re-exported from *Malta* or *Gibraltar*, to the United Kingdom, and imported at any of the Ports where such Goods and Commodities may lawfully be imported, in like manner, and subject to all such Regulations, Restrictions and Penalties, as if such Goods and Commodities were imported directly from the Place of their Growth, Production or Manufacture; and in Vessels of such Tonnage as is prescribed by the said Act made in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or as may be prescribed by any Act hereafter to be passed, for Vessels carrying on Trade' between the United Kingdom and the Ports within the Limits of the said Company's Charter; any thing in an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation*, or in any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Goods may be re-exported from *Malta* or *Gibraltar*, to the United Kingdom, and imported at any of the Ports where such Goods and Commodities may lawfully be imported, in like manner, and subject to all such Regulations, Restrictions and Penalties, as if such Goods and Commodities were imported directly from the Place of their Growth, Production or Manufacture; and in Vessels of such Tonnage as is prescribed by the said Act made in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or as may be prescribed by any Act hereafter to be passed, for Vessels carrying on Trade' between the United Kingdom and the Ports within the Limits of the said Company's Charter; any thing in an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation*, or in any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Malta, &c. deemed to be in Europe. Proviso for the Introduction of Goods into *Malta* and *Gibraltar*, which may now or may hereafter be imported into the United Kingdom. The Legislature to be taken no account of the same. Governor General in Council at *Poor William* is hereby authorized and required to make Rules and Regulations, that all such African Slaves, *Lascars* or Negroes so employed, shall be duly supplied with Provisions and Clothing, and other necessary Accommodations, while employed and while absent from the Countries or Places to which they respectively belong, and send they shall be carried back to India or any other

other Country or Place to which they respectively belong, and until they shall be carried back to *Jahia* or any other Country or Place from whence they were respectively brought, and for the Conveyance back of such *African* *Slaves*, *Letters* and *Wares* stored, within a reasonable time, to be specified in such Bonds, or determined by such Rules and Regulations.

Statute of Ships
making Letters
on board to carry
such Wares.
[4 C. 3 c. 24.
17.]

XIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That no Ship or Vessel is licensed to take on board *Letters* or *African* *Slaves* shall be permitted to clear out from any Port or Place within the Limits of the said Company's Charter unless and until the Owner or Captain or Master of such Ship shall have first given Security by Bond, in manner directed by an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, and subject to all the Provisions of that Act, for the Maintenance and Conveyance back to *Jahia*, or for the Conveyance to England and Maintenance while in England, and Return to *Jahia*, of such *Letters* or *African* *Slaves* which may be received on board of such Ship.

Act to lay in
advance, &c. the
Letters

XIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

[This Act not assented by Cap. 25. 1817. See Section 3. of that Act.]

C. A. P. XXXVII.

An Act to explain and amend an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, relating to Tolls on Carriages used in Highways, and to remove Doubts as to Exemption of Carriages, and wholly laden with Manure from Payment of Toll. [24th June 1817.]

[4 C. 3 c. 11.
17.]

WHEREAS by a Clause in an Act of Parliament made in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend an Act made in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled An Act to explain the Exemption from Toll in several Acts of Parliament for Carriages employed in Highways, and for regulating the Tolls to be paid on other Carriages, and on Horses in certain other Cases therein specified, and for other Purposes relating thereto*, it is enacted, that from and after the passing of the said Act the Owner or Driver of any Wagon, Cart or other Carriage laden with Manure for Land, passing through any Turnpike, or otherwise passing on or across any Turnpike Road, should not be liable to pay any Toll, nor should any Toll be demanded for such Carriage or laden, or the Cattle drawing the same, by reason only of any empty Basket or Baskets, empty Sack or Sacks, for more convenient Carriage or Spade, Shovel or Fork, necessary for loading or unloading such Manure, being on or upon any such Wagon, Cart or other Carriage, in addition to such Manure, if the Loading thereof is substantially Manure for Land as aforesaid; any thing in any Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the said Clause does not extend to give a general Exemption from Toll to all Carriages laden with Manure for Land, although the same were made expressly liable to Toll by the respective Local Acts by which Tolls are imposed and levied for the Maintenance of any Turnpike Roads: And Whereas such Construction would operate very injuriously both to the Funds assigned for the keeping up such respective Roads, and to the Security of the Conductors who have advanced Money upon the Credit of the same: For Remedy thereof be it declared and enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That nothing in the said Clause, or in any other Clause of the same, or of any other Act or Acts of Parliament, shall extend or be construed to exempt any such Carriages as aforesaid, or the Horses or other Cattle drawing the same, from any Tolls or Duties imposed by virtue of any Local Act or Acts under which any such Tolls or Duties have been or shall be imposed for the Maintenance and Repair of such respective Roads upon which such Carriages shall go or travel.

Revised Act, or
any other Act,
not to exempt
the aforesaid
Carriages, &c.
from Tolls.

Proviso for the
revised Act, &c.
as to Turnpike
Roads or Tolls
collected within
a certain Dis-
tance from the
Royal Exchange
Public Act.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to repeal, vary, or alter any Clause or Provision in the said Act passed in the said Fifty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, nor any other Act or Acts of Parliament, as far as respects any Turnpike Road or Roads, or the Tolls to be collected at any Gate or Gates erected or to be erected thereon, within the Cities of London or Westminster, or within the Distance of Fifteen Miles from the Royal Exchange.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

C. A. P. XXXVIII.

An Act to continue, until the Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, an Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Preservation of the Peace, by enforcing the Duties of Watching and Warding. [24th June 1817.]

[4 C. 3 c. 27.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for the more effectual Preservation of the Peace, by enforcing the Duties of Watching and Warding, and the Right Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in Places where Disturbances prevail or are apprehended*; which said Act was renewed and continued until the Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen by an Act of the last Session of Parliament: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall, from and after the said Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, be and the same is hereby further continued until the Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

as amended

C. A. P. XXXIX.

An Act to extend certain Provisions of the Acts of the Thirty sixth and Fifty second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty to Matters of Charity and Friendly Societies. [20th Janr 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to extend the Relief, Remedies, Provisions, Protections and Indemnities made, given and provided by the Act for the Relief of Poor Persons equally and beneficially enacted or inserted in the several Statute and Statutes transmissible at the Bank of England; and by the Act, intitled *An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act, passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the Relief of Poor Persons equally related to Bonds and Statutes transmissible at the Bank of England; and of an Act, passed in this present Session, for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors entitled to the like Bonds and Assignments, in all other transmissible Bonds and Funds, to certain Cases, herein specified, and so provided for by the said Two Acts, or by either of them: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of the said Acts of Parliament, and all the Relief and Remedies, Provisions, Protections and Indemnities thereby provided, shall extend and be deemed and taken to extend, and the same are hereby declared and enacted to extend, to all cases of Prisoners which the Court of Chancery, or the Lord High Chancellor or Commissioners of the Great Seal for the time being, or the Master of the Rolls, or the Vice Chancellor of England for the time being, or the Court of Exchequer, are by Law authorized and empowered to grant Relief and make summary Orders without Suit, either in Matters of Charity, or relative to or for the better Security, or for the Application, Receipt, Payment, or Transfer of any of the Funds thereof; or in Matters relative to any Bonds or Friendly Societies, or for the better Security, or for the Application, Receipt, Payment, or Transfer of any of the Funds thereof.*

18 Q. 3. c. 70.
20 Q. 3. c. 17.

Extended to Prisoners in the Court of Chancery in cases of Charity and Friendly Societies.

C. A. P. XL.

An Act to authorize the rewarding Officers of the Customs for their Services in preventing illicit Distillation in Scotland, under an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament. [20th Janr 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, intitled *An Act to repeal the Duties payable in Scotland, upon Whisky and Spirits and Distillers Licenses, to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, and to establish further Regulations for the Distillation of Spirits from Cams for Home Consumption in Scotland, until the Twelfth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eighteen*, Provision is made for rewarding Officers of Excise for Services performed by them in preventing illicit or fraudulent Distillation: And Whereas it is expedient that Provision should also be made for rewarding Officers of the Customs for the like Services: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, by any Warrant, Order, or Instructions issued by any Three or more of them, to authorize and empower the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the time being to give and grant, by any Order or Warrant Agreed by any Three or more of the said Commissioners of Customs, such Rewards to Officers of the Customs, to be paid out of any Duties under their Management for Services performed by such Officers since the Commencement of the said Act, or which shall be performed during the Commencement thereof, in preventing illicit or fraudulent Distillation, as the said Commissioners of the Treasury shall deem proper and suitable and allow in that behalf; subject nevertheless to such Rules, Directions, Conditions and Limitations as the said Commissioners of the Treasury shall in any such Order or Warrant from time to time made in relation to any such Rewards prescribe in that behalf.

18 Q. 3. c. 104.

Treasury may empower Commissioners of the Customs to reward Officers of the Customs.

C. A. P. XLJ.

An Act to repeal Two Acts passed in the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of His present Majesty, relating to the Office of the Agent General, and for transferring the Duties of the said Office to the Officers of the Paymaster General and Secretary at War. [20th Janr 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to repeal an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, for better regulating the Office of Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and for the more effectually regulating the said Office, and to make further Provisions for the Regulation of the Office of Agent General: And Whereas another Act, passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for better regulating the Office of Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and for the more effectually regulating the same: And Whereas it has been generally expressed that the Duties of the said Office should be transferred to the Officers of the Paymaster General and Secretary at War; and it is therefore expedient that the said Acts should be repealed: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the**

24 Q. 3. c. 43.

25 Q. 3. c. 170.

the Authority of the same. That from and after the passing of this Act, the said several Acts of the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

[See p. 4. post.]

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the said Office of Agent General for Volunteers and Armed Militia shall be and the same is hereby declared to be abolished, and from and after the time the said Office shall cease, the Duties of the said Office shall be transferred to and performed in the Office of the Paymaster General and Secretary at War respectively, under the Regulations and Provisions in this Act, and according to such other Rules and Regulations as shall from time to time be made by the Secretary at War and Paymaster General in that behalf.

III. And be it further enacted, That on the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, it shall and may be lawful for the Agent General to credit the Balance of Cash which shall at that time remain in the Credit of his Accounts with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to be transferred and paid over to the Account of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Land Forces at the Bank of England, and by so doing the said Agent General shall be and is hereby fully discharged for the Amount of the Sum which shall be so transferred or paid over by him as aforesaid; and all such Sums or Sums of Money so transferred and paid over to such Account of the Paymaster General, shall be applied in the same manner as if the same had been issued from the Exchequer in such Account; and the said Paymaster General shall make Payment of all unsatisfied Chargeable Demands on account of the Public Services under the Authority of the Secretary at War, although the same shall have accrued in the time of the Agent General; and all outstanding Bills which may have been accepted by the Agent General or his Deputy, shall be paid by the said Paymaster General under the Warrant or Warrants of the Secretary at War, in the manner and under the Regulations hereinafter directed; and all such Bills, Drafts or Orders to be paid by the said Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces on the Acceptance of the said Agent General or his Deputy, shall be held and be deemed to be the good and proper Vouchers of the said Paymaster General, and shall be by him transmitted to the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, by whom the said Vouchers shall be admitted and allowed, in the same manner as if the said Bills, Drafts, or Orders had been addressed to and accepted by the said Paymaster General.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the Agent General or his Deputy, or the Person or Persons in his Office duly authorized by the said Agent General to accept Bills of Exchange, shall be authorized against all Persons whatsoever, for or on account of him or their Acceptance on any Bill or Bills of Exchange which shall or may have been accepted by him or them under the Authority of the Secretary at War for the time being, and which shall remain unpaid on the said Twenty fourth Day of June.

V. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal the said several Acts of the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty to be in relation to the proper Delivery of the Accounts of the said Agent General to the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, and to the immediate Examination and Perquisition of the same by the said Commissioners.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and immediately after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War, by any Warrant or Warrants, signed by himself or by his Deputy, from time to time, addressed to the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, to authorize and empower the said Paymaster General to accept Bills of Exchange, payable at the Bank of England, for any Pay or Allowance, or other Contingencies of or Services relating to any Militia, Local Militia, or Volunteers, without specifying such Services in such Bills; and which Bills so drawn and accepted shall be sufficient Authority to the Bank of England to pay such Money to the Person or Persons mentioned in such Bills, or to their Order or Orders, according to the usual Course in respect of Bills of Exchange, and which Bills shall be accepted and paid accordingly; and the Warrants for such Acceptances, and the Bills so accepted and paid, shall be good and sufficient Vouchers for the said Paymaster General in his Accounts, and shall be placed on the Credit Side of his Account accordingly.

VII. And Whereas an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to continue, amend and extend the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for enabling the Secretary at War to receive Returns from Clerks of Subordinate and others in relation to Pines, Bounties and Sums due under any Acts relating to the Defense of the Realm or Militia, for the Purpose of drawing the Disbounts and Issuing the due Application thereof, whereby the Secretary at War was empowered to order Sums of Money to be paid over under the said Act to the Agent General;*

Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War to make his Orders for Payment of all or any of the Sums specified in the said Act to the Paymaster General and from-and-after the passing of this Act every Order which shall have been made by the Secretary at War under the said last recited Act, to pay over any Sum or Sums of Money under the said Act to the Agent General, shall be deemed and construed to be an Order to pay over such Money to the Account of the Paymaster General at the Bank of England in full and effectually as if a new Order had been issued under this Act for the Payment of such Money to the said Account of the Paymaster General.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Bills, Drafts and Orders drawn upon the Paymaster General on account of the Pay or Allowances of the Militia or Local Militia, or of any Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps, or of any Staff Officers, or which may be drawn by any Clerks of Subordinate or any Persons under the Direction of the Secretary at War, for the Payment of Bounties or any other Public Services whatsoever; and also all Bills, Drafts or Orders by which any Balances, Pines, Penalties, Bounties or any other Sums of Money whatsoever, shall be created to the Bank of England on account of the said Paymaster General in

Office of Agent General for Volunteers and Armed Militia, abolished, and the Duties thereof transferred to the Paymaster General and Secretary at War respectively.

And the said Agent General shall be and is hereby fully discharged for the Amount of the Sum which shall be so transferred or paid over by him as aforesaid.

And the said Agent General shall be authorized to accept Bills of Exchange, payable at the Bank of England, for any Pay or Allowance, or other Contingencies of or Services relating to any Militia, Local Militia, or Volunteers, without specifying such Services in such Bills.

And the said Agent General shall be authorized to accept Bills of Exchange, payable at the Bank of England, for any Pay or Allowance, or other Contingencies of or Services relating to any Militia, Local Militia, or Volunteers, without specifying such Services in such Bills.

30 G. 3. c. 125.

Secretary at War to make Orders for Payment of all or any of the Sums specified in the said Act to the Paymaster General and from-and-after the passing of this Act every Order which shall have been made by the Secretary at War under the said last recited Act, to pay over any Sum or Sums of Money under the said Act to the Agent General, shall be deemed and construed to be an Order to pay over such Money to the Account of the Paymaster General at the Bank of England in full and effectually as if a new Order had been issued under this Act for the Payment of such Money to the said Account of the Paymaster General.

performance of this Act, and shall be drawn upon undischarged Paper; and that no such Bill, Draft or Order shall be valid by reason of being so drawn or written upon undischarged Paper; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. And Whereas an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for ascertaining the making up, Examination and Audit of the Accounts of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces: And Whereas* by the said Act certain Rules are prescribed for the general and separate Accounts of the Paymaster General. And Whereas it is expedient that a separate Account should be made up of the Money received and paid on account of Adjutants of the Local Militia: Do it therefore enacted, That the Paymaster General shall, on the first of every future Year, make up a separate Account of the Money received and paid within the Period comprised in his general Account on account of Adjutants of the Local Militia, in like manner as he is required by the said Act to make up the separate Accounts therein specified; and that such separate Account shall be transmitted, examined and declared, and the said Paymaster shall be discharged and acquitted thereon, in the same manner as all respects as in by the said recited Act provided with regard to the separate Accounts thereby directed to be made.

X. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered or varied by any Act to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XLII.

An Act to revise and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Exportation of Salt from the Port of Wallis in the Island of New Providence, the Port of Exuma and the Port of Crooked Island in the Bahamas Islands, in American Ships coming in Ballast.

[27th June 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for permitting, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and seven, the Exportation of Salt from the Port of Wallis in the Island of New Providence, the Port of Exuma and the Port of Crooked Island in the Bahamas Islands, in Ships belonging to the Subjects of the United States of America, and coming in Ballast: which said Act was, by Two Acts of the Forty seventh and Fiftieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen: And Whereas it is expedient to revive and continue the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be revived, and the same is hereby renewed, and shall continue in force from and after the passing of this Act to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.*

C A P. XLIII.

An Act for granting, for Two Years, from the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, Bounties on Sugar refined otherwise than by Claying.

[27th June 1817.]

WHEREAS by the Laws now in force certain Bounties, Drawbacks or Allowances are granted on refined Sugar exported from Great Britain and Ireland respectively, manufactured by the Operation of Claying: And Whereas it has been discovered that Sugar may be refined without the Operation of Claying, and it is expedient that Sugar so refined should be allowed a Bounty: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act there shall be paid and allowed, on the Exportation from Great Britain and Ireland to Foreign Parts, or on the Exportation from the one Country to the other respectively, a Bounty, Drawback or Allowance on all single-refined Sugar after the Rate of Forty four Shillings per Hundred Weight, and on all double refined Sugar after the Rate of Fifty two Shillings per Hundred Weight, although such Sugar respectively shall not have been refined by the Operation of Claying.

II. And be it further enacted, That before any such Bounty, Drawback or Allowance shall be paid, on any Debenture made out for the same, the Refiner or Refiners, not being the Exporter or Exporters of such Sugar, shall make Oath before the Collector or other proper Officer of the Customs, that he or they sold such Sugar, according to the Quantity and the time when, to the Person or Persons intending to export the same, and, as he and they verily believe, such Sugar was produced from Muscovado Sugar imported from His Majesty's Plantations in America, or from Sugars the Produce of the East India, and that the several Bounties payable thereon were duly paid at the time of exporting the same; and the Exporter or Exporters of such Sugars shall then make Oath that such Sugars, being the Sugars for which such Bounty is then claimed, are the identical Sugars or Part thereof which were sold to him as aforesaid by such Refiner or Refiners; and before the Money due upon such Debenture or Debentures shall be paid, such Exporter or Exporters shall also make Oath that the said Sugars have been duly exported, His Majesty's Searchers also certifying the Shipping thereof, and all the Regulations of Law being duly complied with; and whenever the Refiner or Refiners of such Sugars shall be the Exporter or Exporters thereof, he or they shall then make Oath, as well of the due Exportation of the same as of the several Particulars heretofore directed to be sworn by him or them (excepting what relates to the Sale of the said Sugars).

III. And

Beasts and
subject Cows
dismal, &c.
of former Act

Continued of
Act

III. And be it further enacted, That the Salary, Drawback or Allowance heretofore granted shall be paid and allowed in like manner, and be subject in every other respect in the Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, now by Law provided and applied with respect to Beasts, Drawback or Allowance on refined Sugar not stored by this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Act shall continue for Two Years from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and no longer.

C A P. XLIV.

An Act to allow Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry, when assembled for the Suppression of Riots or Tumults, to be quartered and billeted, and Officers on Half Pay to hold certain Commissions in such Corps, and to exempt Members in such Corps from leaving the Office of Constable.

[27th June 1817.]

42 G. 3. c. 14.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to consolidate and amend the Provisions of the several Acts relating to Corps of Yeomanry and Volunteers in Great Britain, and to make further Regulations relating therein*: And Whereas it is expedient that Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry when assembled for Suppression or Prevention of Riots or Tumults should be quartered and billeted, and that Officers receiving Half Pay should be allowed to hold Commissions as Captains, Lieutenants or Cornets in such Corps, and that effective Members thereof should be exempt from leaving Peace and Parish Office: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Persons enrolled in any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry shall, whenever they shall be assembled and doing Military Duty for the Suppression or Prevention of Riots or Tumults in Aid of any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, be entitled to be quartered and billeted in like manner in every respect, and under and subject to the same Regulations as the Officers, Non Commissioned Officers, Drummen and Private Men of His Majesty's Forces.

II. And be it further enacted, That no Officer who is entitled to Half Pay shall be deemed to forfeit such Half Pay during the time he shall belong to or be enrolled in or serve or receive Pay as Captain, Lieutenant or Cornet in any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry, but every such Officer shall notwithstanding his holding any such Commission as and receiving Pay for the time in any Yeomanry Corps or Volunteer Cavalry be entitled so and shall continue to receive his Half Pay; and instead of the Oath usually required of Half Pay Officers to enable them to the Receipt of their Half Pay, every such Officer is entitled to Half Pay and having as aforesaid shall take the following Oath;

I A. B. do swear, That I had not between the _____ and the _____ any Place or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides an Allowance of Half Pay, leave and except my Pay or Allowance (as the case may be) for serving in the _____ Corps of _____ Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry of the _____ as Captain, Lieutenant or Cornet (as the case may be).¹

And the taking of the said Oath shall, without taking any other Oath, be sufficient to enable such Person to receive his Half Pay.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or effective Member of any Yeomanry Corps or Volunteer Cavalry, shall, during the Period of his continuing enrolled in and as effective Member of such Yeomanry Corps or Volunteer Cavalry, be compellable or compelled to serve the Office of Constable in the Parish to which he belongs.

C A P. XLV.

An Act for the Continuation of all and every Person or Persons in any and every Office, Place, or Employment, Civil or Military, within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Dominion of Wales, Town of Berwick upon Tweed, Isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark and Man, and also in all and every of His Majesty's Foreign Possessions, Colonies, or Plantations, which he or she shall hold, posside or exercise during the Pleasure of the Crown, at the time of the Death or Demise of His present Majesty, until removed or discharged therefrom by the succeeding King or Queen of this Realm.

[27th June 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide by Law as hereinafter is enacted: be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every Person and Persons who upon the Day of the Demise of His present Majesty (wherein God long preserve) shall hold any Office, Civil or Military, under the Crown during Pleasure, shall under and by virtue of this Act, and without any new or other Patent, Commission, Warrant or Authority, continue and be enjoyed in all respects, notwithstanding the Demise of His Majesty, to hold and enjoy the same; but nevertheless the same shall be held or enjoyed only during the Pleasure of the King or Queen who shall succeed to the Crown upon the Demise of His present Majesty, and the Right and Title to hold and enjoy the same under the Authority of this Act shall be determinable in such and the like manner by the King or Queen who upon the Demise of His present Majesty shall succeed to the Crown, as the Right or Title to any Office, Place or Employment,

Persons holding
Offices under the
Crown during
Pleasure may, at
the Demise of
His Majesty,
continue to hold
the same during
the Pleasure of
the King or
Queen who shall
succeed.

payment, granted by such succeeding King or Queen during Pleasure, would by Law be determinable: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to deprive the Heirs and Successors of His Majesty, King or Queen of this Realm, of the Power of creating and discharging any Barren or Perfects from his, her or their respective Offices, Places and Employments, in such manner as by Law they might have done if this Act or any thing therein contained had never been passed.

C A P. XLVI.

An Act to prevent the issuing and circulating of Pieces of Copper or other Metal, usually called Tokens. [17th June 1817.]

WHEREAS various Pieces of Copper, and mixed Metals composed in part of Copper, usually denominated Tokens, have lately been and are issued and circulated, by Persons residing in various Parts of the United Kingdom, in great Quantities, as Money, and for a nominal Value of the Metals of which they are composed: And Whereas it is expedient that the further making and issuing of such Tokens should be prohibited, and that the Circulation of those already made or issued should also be prohibited after a limited Period: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act no Piece of Copper, or mixed Metal composed in part of Copper, of whatever Value the same may be, shall be made or manufactured or originally issued as a Token for Money, or as purporting that the Bearer or Holder thereof is entitled to demand any Value denoted thereon, either by Letters, Words, Figures, Marks or otherwise, whether such Value is to be paid or given in Money or Goods, or in any other whatsoever; and every Person who shall, after the passing of this Act, make or manufacture, or originally issue, or cause or procure to be made, manufactured or originally issued, or permit or suffer to be issued, on his or her Behalf, as far as such Value in Money or Goods, any such Token, shall for every Token so made, manufactured or issued, or procured or permitted to be so made, manufactured or issued as aforesaid, forfeit any Sum not less than One Pound nor more than Five, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices of the Peace who shall hear and determine such Offence.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, no Piece of Copper, or of any mixed Metal composed partly of Copper, of whatever Value the same may be, shall pass or circulate as a Token for Money, or as purporting that the Bearer or Holder thereof is entitled to demand any Value denoted thereon, either by Letters, Words, Figures, Marks or otherwise, whether such Value is to be paid or given in Money or Goods or other Value, or in any manner whatsoever; and every Person who shall, after the first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, circulate or pass, as if for any nominal Value in Money or Goods, any such Token, shall for every such Token so circulated or passed, whether such Token shall be or have been concerned in the original issuing or Circulation of any such Token, or only the Bearer or Holder thereof for the time being, forfeit any Sum not less than Two Shillings nor more than Two Shillings, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices of the Peace who shall hear and determine such Offence; provided that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent any Person from presenting any such Token for Payment on the original issue thereof, or to discharge or exonerate any such original Issuer from his Liability to pay the same: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed as affecting any Tokens which have been or may be issued by the Bank of England.

III. And Whereas certain Tokens made of Copper or of a mixed Metal composed partly of Copper, and bearing the Supercription "Sheffield Penny Token," were issued from time to time during the Years One thousand eight hundred and twelve, One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, by the Overlivers of the Poor of the Township of Sheffield, in the County of York: And Whereas the immediate Suppression of the Circulation of the aforesaid Tokens would be attended with great Loss to the said Township of Sheffield, and to the Holders thereof, who are for the most part Labourers and Mechanics, as well as with great Inconvenience to the Inhabitants of the Town of Sheffield, and the Neighbourhood thereof: Be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent such Tokens as aforesaid from being passed and circulated at any time previous to the Twenty-fifth Day of March which will be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twenty-three: Provided always, that from and after the said Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, all and every the Provisions of this Act shall be construed to prevent such Tokens as aforesaid from being passed and circulated.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in any Token or Tokens made of Copper, or of a mixed Metal composed partly of Copper, with the Supercription "Sheffield Penny Token," and which has or have been issued by the Overlivers of the Poor of the Township of Sheffield, at any time previous to the passing of this Act, shall, after the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, and previous to the Twenty-fifth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, be presented to the Overlivers of the Poor of the Township of Sheffield for the time being, or their Agents, at the Workhouse of the said Township, the said Overlivers shall receive and take such Token or Tokens as aforesaid, paying to the Holder or Holders thereof One Penny of the current Coin of the Realm for each and every Token so presented as aforesaid; and in case such Overlivers or their Agents shall neglect or refuse to receive and take such Token as aforesaid, and to pay One Penny for the same as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for One Justice of the Peace, upon Complaint upon Oath in this behalf made, to summon such Overlivers or their Agents, and after hearing the Parties upon both sides, to direct and order (if he shall see just Cause) the said Overlivers of

No Copper or Mixed Metal Tokens to be made or issued.

Penalty.

Containing Two Tokens.

Penalty.

Issue to be liable for Payment.

Proviso for Bank of England Tokens.

Sheffield Penny Tokens issued for the Relief of the Poor may circulate until 25th March 1823.

Overlivers of the Poor of Sheffield to pay 1d. for their Tokens.

Proviso upon Complaint may summon Overlivers.

Overseers may
pay each Penny
out of Poor's
Rate.

Overseers of the
Poor of this field
may call in
Tokens before
eight March
day.

Birmingham
Penny Tokens
issued for the
Relief of the
Poor may circu-
late until eight
March 1818.

Overseers of the
Poor of Bir-
mingham may
call in their
Tokens.

Justices upon
Complaint may
Seize such Over-
seers.

Overseers may
pay each Penny
out of Poor's
Rate.

Overseers of the
Poor of Bir-
mingham may
call in Tokens
before eight
March 1818.

Justices may
issue Orders
and adjudge
Penalty.

Witnesses not
standing in good
Evidence.

Penalty 5th.

Form of Con-
viction.

the Poor or their Agents to take and receive such Tokens as aforesaid, and to pay One Penny for the same as aforesaid, together with all Costs and Charges whenever any such Complaint is made before such Justice: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the Overseers of the Poor of the said Township of *Stagfield* to pay such Penny as aforesaid out of any Money received by them for the Relief and Maintenance of the Poor of the said Township; but that it shall not be lawful for the said Overseers of the Poor to pay the Costs and Charges attending any such Complaint as aforesaid out of any Money received by them as aforesaid.

V. And be it further enacted, That in case the Overseers of the Poor for the Township of *Stagfield* for the time being shall at any time previous to the said Twenty fifth of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, deem it advisable to call in such Tokens as aforesaid, or any Amount of them, it shall and may be lawful for them to take such Measures as may to them seem necessary for that Purpose; paying, however, for each and every Token so called in, One Penny of the current Coin of the Realm, out of any Money received by them for the Relief and Maintenance of the Poor of the said Township of *Stagfield*.

VI. And Whereas certain other Tokens made of Copper, or of a mixed Metal composed partly of Copper, and bearing the Supercription "*Birmingham, One Penny*," were issued from time to time during the Year, One thousand eight hundred and eleven, One thousand eight hundred and twelve, One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, by the Overseers of the Poor of the Parishes of Birmingham in the County of Warwick: And Whereas the immediate Suppression of the circulation of the aforesaid Tokens would be attended with great Loss to the said Parishes of Birmingham, and to the Holders thereof, as well as with great Inconvenience to the Public: It is hereby enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent such Tokens as aforesaid from being passed and circulated at any time previous to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty: Provided always, that from and after the said Twenty fifth of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty, all and every the Provisions of this Act shall be construed to prevent such Tokens as aforesaid from being passed and circulated.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Token or Tokens made of Copper, or of a mixed Metal composed partly of Copper, with the Supercription "*Birmingham, One Penny*," and which have been issued by the Overseers of the Poor of Birmingham at any time previous to the passing of this Act, shall, after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and previous to the Twenty fifth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twenty, be presented to the Overseers of the Poor of Birmingham, or their Agents, at the Workhouse of the said Parishes, the said Overseers shall receive and take such Token or Tokens as aforesaid, paying to the Holder or Holders thereof One Penny of the current Coin of the Realm for each and every Token so presented as aforesaid; and in case such Overseers or their Agents shall neglect or refuse to receive and take such Token as aforesaid, and to pay One Penny as aforesaid for the same, it shall and may be lawful for One Justice of the Peace, upon Complaint upon Oath in such Bill made, to summon such Overseers or their Agents, and after hearing the Parties upon either side to do and order (if he shall for just Cause) the said Overseers of the Poor or their Agents to take and receive such Token as aforesaid, and to pay One Penny for the same as aforesaid, together with all Costs and Charges whenever attending such Complaint to made before such Justice: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the Overseers of the Poor of the Parishes of Birmingham to pay such Penny as aforesaid out of any Money received by them for the Relief and Maintenance of the Poor of the said Parishes; but that it shall not be lawful for them to pay the Costs and Charges attending any Complaint out of such Money.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Overseers of the Poor of Birmingham shall, at any time previous to the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty, deem it advisable to call in such Tokens as aforesaid, or any Amount of them, it shall and may be lawful for them to take such Tokens as may to them seem necessary for that Purpose; paying, however, for each and every such Token so called in, One Penny of the current Coin of the Realm, from and out of any Money received by them for the Relief and Maintenance of the Poor of the said Township of Birmingham.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace sitting for the County, Riding, City or Place within which any Offence against this Act shall be committed, to hear and determine the same in a summary Way, and such Justice or Justices, upon any Information exhibited, or Complaint made upon Oath as that behalf, shall summon the Parties accused, and call the Witnesses on either Side, and shall examine upon the Matter of Fact; and upon due Proof made thereof, either by the voluntary Confession of the Party, or by the Oath of one or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses or otherwise (which Oath such Justice or Justices in or before whom authorized to administer), shall convict the Offender, and adjudge the Penalty for such Offence.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall be summoned as a Witness to give Evidence before such Justice or Justices, either on the Part of the Prosecution or the Parties accused, and shall neglect or refuse to appear at the time or Place to be for that Purpose appointed, without a reasonable Excuse for such his Neglect or Refusal, to be allowed by such Justice or Justices, then such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be levied and paid in such manner and by such Means as may be directed for Recovery of other Penalties under this Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Justice or Justices before whom any Offender shall be convicted as aforesaid, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in the manner and Form following; (that is to say,)

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord
 A. B. having appeared before me [or, us] One [or, more] of His Majesty's Justices of the
 Peace [or the said may be] for the County, Riding, City or Place, [or the said may be,] and due Proof
 having been made upon Oath by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, or by Confession of the Party,
 [or the said may be,] is committed of [describing the Offence], in the Sum of
 _____ Groats under my Hand and Seal [or our Hands and Seals], the Day and Year abovefirst.

Which Commission the said Justice or Justices shall cause to be returned to the then next General Quarter
 Sessions of the Peace of the County, City, Riding or Place where such Commission was made, to be filed by
 the Clerk of the Peace, to remain and be kept among the Records of such County, Riding, City or Place.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for my Clerk of the Peace for
 any County, Riding, City or Place, and he is hereby required, upon Application made to him by any Per-
 son or Persons for that Purpose, to make a Copy or Copies of any Commission or Commissions filed by him
 under the Direction of this Act, to be forthwith delivered to such Person or Persons, upon Payment of One
 Shilling for every such Copy.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the necessary Penalties and Forfeitures hereby incurred and made
 payable upon any Commission against this Act, shall be forthwith paid by the Person committed, as follows:
 One Moiety to the Forfeiture to the Informant, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish or Place
 where the Offence shall be committed; and in case such Person shall refuse or neglect to pay the same, or to
 give sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices to prosecute any Appeal against such
 Commission, such Justice or Justices shall by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals,
 cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, together with all
 Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale, retaining the Overplus (if any) to the Owner; and which
 said Warrant of Distress the said Justice or Justices shall cause to be made out in the manner and Form follow-
 ing (that is to say),

To the Constable, Headborough or Tithingman of _____
 WHEREAS A. B. of _____ to the County of _____ is this Day committed before me
 [or, us] One [or, more] of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace [or the said may be] for the County
 of _____ [or, for the _____ Riding of the County of _____, or, for the Town, Liberty or District
 of _____] [or the said may be] upon the Oath of _____ [or, a cre-
 dible Witness or Witnesses] [or, by Confession of the Party, [or the said may be] for that the said A. B.
 hath [here first the Offence] contrary to the Statute in that behalf made and provided, by reason whereof
 the said A. B. hath forfeited the Sum of _____ to be distributed as before is mentioned,
 which he hath refused to pay: There is therefore in His Majesty's Name to command you to levy the said
 Sum of _____ by Distress of the Goods and Chattels of him the said A. B.; and if within the
 Space of _____ Days next after such Distress by you taken, the said Sum, together with expenses
 Charges of taking the same, shall not be paid, then that you do sell the said Goods and Chattels to buy you
 Sufficient, and out of the Money arising by such Sale, that you do pay One Half of the said Sum of _____
 to _____ who informed me [or, us, or the said may be] of the
 said Offence, and the other Half of the said Sum of _____ to the Overseer of the Poor of the
 Parish [Township or Place] where the Offence was committed, to be employed for the Benefit of such
 Poor, retaining the Overplus (if any) upon Demand to the said A. B., the reasonable Charges of taking,
 keeping and selling the said Distress being first satisfied; and if sufficient Distress cannot be found of the
 Goods and Chattels of the said A. B. wherewith to levy the said Sum of _____ that then you com-
 mit the same to me [or, us, or the said may be] together with this Warrant. Given under my Hand and
 Seal [or, our Hands and Seals] the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices to order such Offender
 to be detained in safe Custody until Return may conveniently be had and made to such Warrant of Distress,
 unless the Party is convicted shall give sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices for his
 Appearance before the said Justice or Justices, on each Day as shall be appointed by the said Justice or Justices
 for the Day of the Return of the said Warrant of Distress (such Day not exceeding Five Days from the
 taking of such Security), which Security the said Justice or Justices and are hereby empowered to take, by
 way of Recognizance or otherwise.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if upon such Return as if sufficient Distress can be had, there will
 be such case the said Justice or Justices shall and may commit such Offender to the Common Gaol or House of
 Correction of the County, Riding, Division or Place where the Offence shall be committed, for the Space
 of One Calendar Month, unless the Money forfeited shall be sooner paid, or unless or until such Offender,
 thinking him or herself aggrieved by such Commission, shall give Notice to the Informant that he or she intends
 to appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the
 County, Riding or Place where the Offence shall be committed, and shall enter into Recognizance before
 some Justice or Justices, with Two sufficient Sureties, conditioned to try such Appeal, and to abide the Order
 of and pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the Justices at such Quarter Sessions, which Notice of Appeal,
 being not less than Eight Days before such Quarter Sessions, such Person is aggrieved is hereby empowered
 to give; and the said Justices at such Sessions, upon due Proof of such Notice being given as aforesaid, and
 of the entering into such Recognizance, shall hear and finally determine the Cause and Matters of such Ap-
 peal in a summary Way, and award such Costs to the Parties appealing or appealed against, as they shall

Commission to be
 returned to
 Quarter Sessions
 and recorded.
 Clerk of the
 Peace to deliver
 a Copy thereof
 on Payment of
 1s.

Registry and
 Distribution of
 Warrants.

Appeal.

Distress.

To command of
 Warrant

Calls where the
 return of Warrant
 of Distress, made
 Security given.

If an Offender be
 committed, or
 more is com-
 mitted,

unless a Appeal

on which Re-
 cognizance to be
 entered into.
 Notice of Ap-
 peal

and thereupon
 Distress to be
 taken.

Judges shall think proper; and the Determination of each Quarter Sessions shall be final, binding and conclusive on all Issues and Parties.

Comptrolly of
Writings.

Proceedings not
to be removed
by Coramam,
Ar.

Execution of
Attorns.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

Proviso for Cop-
per Minors of
the Realm.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be disabled from being a Witness in any Prosecution for any Offence against this Act, by reason of his being an Inhabitant of the Parish wherein such Offence was committed: Provided always, that no Proceeding to be had touching the Conviction or Convictions of any Offender or Offenders against this Act shall be quashed or voided for Want of Form, or be removed by Writ of Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or elsewhere.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done or alleged in pursuance of this Act, then and in every such case such Action or Suit shall be commenced or prosecuted within Three Calendar Months after the Fact was committed, and not afterwards; and the same and every such Action or Suit shall be brought within the County where the Fact was committed, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear to have been done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time limited for bringing the same, or be brought or laid in any other Place than as aforementioned, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become convict, or default, or desist, he, she or they shall after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the Recovery thereof as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in any other cause by Law.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Copper Minors of the Realm now current or to be current, by virtue of any Proclamations or Proclamations that shall have been or may be issued by His Majesty.

C A P. XLVII.

An Act for settling and securing Annuities on Lord Calthorpe, and on the next Person to whom the Title of Lord Calthorpe shall descend, in Consideration of his eminent Services.

[17th June 1817.]

• Most Gracious Sovereign,

Recital of
Address to the
House of Com-
mons in the
Prince Regent.

Address of the
Prince Regent.

• WHEREAS the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland did, by an humble Address to His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, beareth His Royal Highness that He would be graciously pleased, sitting in the Name and on the Behalf of Your Majesty, to confer some equal Mark of the Royal Favour upon Charles Lord Calthorpe, late Speaker of the House of Commons, for his great and eminent Services performed to his Country during the long and important Period in which he had, with such distinguished Ability and Integrity, presided in the Chair of the House of Commons, and assured His Royal Highness, that whatever Rewards His Royal Highness should think proper to be incurred upon that Account, the said House would make good the same to His Majesty: And Whereas His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, in Answer to the said Address, was graciously pleased to declare, that His Royal Highness had the joyful Seal of the long Services and great Merit of Charles Lord Calthorpe, late Speaker of the House of Commons, and in the Name and on the Behalf of Your Majesty had already taken the same into his Consideration, and was desirous, in Compliance with the Wishes of Your Majesty's faithful Commons, to confer upon the said Lord Calthorpe some further equal Mark of His Majesty's love and favour; and that the same could not be effectually granted and secured without the Concurrence of Parliament, His Royal Highness recommended to the House of Commons the Advise of such Measures as might be necessary for the Accomplishment of this Purpose: Now we, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom in Parliament assembled, have resolved that the Annual Sum of Four thousand Pounds Net be granted out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; the said Annuity to commence from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and to be settled in the most beneficial manner upon, and to continue during the Life of Charles Baron Calthorpe of Calthorpe in the County of Essex; and that the Annual Sum of Three thousand Pounds Net be granted to His Majesty out of the said Consolidated Fund, to commence on the Expiration of the above mentioned Annuity of Four thousand Pounds, and to be settled in like manner upon and to continue during the Life of such Heir Male of the Body of the said Charles Lord Calthorpe, as shall first succeed to the Title of Baron Calthorpe of Calthorpe in the County of Essex; and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Our Annuity or Yearly Rent or Sum of Four thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain shall be issuing and payable out of and charged and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland (after paying or allowing sufficient to pay all such Sum and Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of the same, but with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may hereafter be charged upon or payable out of the said Fund); and the same shall from time to time be paid Quarterly, first and clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, to the said Lord Calthorpe, for and during the natural Life of the said Lord Cal-

See Statement of
the 1817-18 grant
to Charles Lord
Calthorpe, the
1st Dec. 1817, in the
Quarterly, after
of Taxes, &c.

after; which said Annuity or Yearly Rent or Sum shall commence and take Effect from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; the First Payment to be computed from the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; and from thenceforth shall be paid and payable at the Four several Days of Payment in the Year, that is to say, the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October, the Fifth Day of January, and the Fifth Day of April, in each and every Year, by equal and equal Portions.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Decree of the said Charles Lord Colclough One Annuity or Yearly Rent or Sum of Three thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain shall be issued and payable out of and charged and chargeable upon the said Fund in manner aforesaid, and the same shall from time to time be paid Quarterly in manner aforesaid, first and clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, to such Her Male of the Body of the said Charles Lord Colclough as shall first succeed to the Title of Baron Colclough of Colclough in the County of Essex, for and during the natural Life of such Her Male.

III. And it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them for the Time being, and they are, hereby authorized and required by Warrant under their Hands, to direct the Auditor of the Receipts of the Exchequer now and for the time being to make forth and pay Debentures from time to time for paying the said respective Annuities or Yearly Rents or Sums of Four thousand Pounds or Three thousand Pounds in manner as aforesaid, and as the same shall from time to time become due and payable, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or made for paying the same or any Part thereof, which said Warrant, and the Debentures to be made forth and paid thereupon, shall be a sufficient Authority to the General and respective Officers of the Receipts of the Exchequer now and for the time being for the Payment of the said Annuities or Yearly Rents or Sums to the said Lord Colclough and such Her Male as aforesaid, at the respective Quarterly Days in the Act before appointed for Payment thereof, without any further or other Warrants to be had for, had or obtained in that Behalf.

IV. And it is hereby further enacted, That after Spying of such Warrant, the same shall be good, valid and effectual in Law, according to the Purport and true Meaning (thereof) and of this Act, and shall not be determinable or irrevocable by or upon the Death of His Majesty, (whom God long preserve) or of any of His Heirs or Successors, or by or upon the Death or Removal of any of the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer, or by or upon the Determination of the Power, Office or Offices of them or any of them.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, Chancellor and Under Treasurer, Chamberlain and Barons of the Exchequer, and all other the Officers and Ministers of the Court of Exchequer and of the Receipt thereof, now and for the time being, shall and they are hereby authorized and finally enjoined and required to do, without Fee or Reward, all such Acts, matters and things as are hereunto last directed and required, or shall be necessary to be done and performed by them, or any or either of them, in order to render this Act and the several Payments hereby directed effectual.

VI. And be it enacted, That the Acquittance or Acquittances, Receipt or Receipts of the said Lord Colclough, and of the said Her Male of the Body of the said Lord Colclough as when the said Title shall descend, shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for the Payment of the said respective Annuities or Yearly Rents or Sums, without any further or other Warrant to be had for or obtained in that Behalf; and that the said respective Annuities or Yearly Rents or Sums, and every Part thereof, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Imposts and other Charges whatsoever; and in case any of the Officers of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer shall refuse or neglect to pay the said respective Annuities or Yearly Rents or Sums, or any Part thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or to do any Act necessary to enable the said Lord Colclough and the said Her Male of the Body of the said Lord Colclough as when the said Title, Honour and Dignity of Lord Colclough shall descend, to receive the same, then the said Lord Colclough and the next succeeding Her Male of the Body of the said Lord Colclough as when the said Title shall descend, may from time to time sue for, prosecute and impound such Officers, or any of them, their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, by Bill, Plea or Action of Debt, and shall and may recover Judgment and full cost. Executions thereupon against such Officers respectively, their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, for so much of such Sum or Sums of Money then due and owing upon the said respective Annuities or Yearly Rents or Sums, or any Part thereof, as shall have been in the Hands of the Officers or Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer at the time or times when Demands shall have been legally made of the Payment of the said respective Annuities or Yearly Rents or Sums, or any Part thereof, as aforesaid, or for the Relief or Relief to be done by Act necessary to be done by such Officer or Officers respectively.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Annuity or Yearly Rent or Sum of Four thousand Pounds shall be and the same may by the said Lord Colclough, and the said Annuity or Yearly Rent or Sum of Three thousand Pounds shall be and the same may by the said Act vested in the next succeeding Her Male of the Body of the said Lord Colclough as when the said Title, Honour and Dignity of Lord Colclough shall descend; and the same or any Part thereof shall not at any time or times hereafter be aliened, conveyed, disposed, charged or encumbered by the said Lord Colclough, or by the next succeeding Her Male of the Body of the said Lord Colclough as when the said Title shall descend, for any greater or larger Estate or time than during the natural Life of the Person so aliening, conveying, disposing, charging or encumbering the

Commencement and Periods of Payment.

An Annuity of good to the Her Male of Lord Colclough, not extending to the Title, to Life.

Treasury, by Warrant, to do all the Auditors of the Exchequer to pay Debentures for the Payment of such Annuities without Fee.

Warrant not to be revocable on Death of the King, &c.

Treasury and Exchequer to do every thing necessary to render this Act effectual with a Fee.

Acquittance of Lord Colclough and the said Sum of Yearly Rents shall not be charged on Payment of Annuity.

Remedy the Recovery of Annuities.

Acquittance to be made by the said Lord Colclough and the said next succeeding Her Male of the Body of the said Lord Colclough as when the said Title shall descend.

the same, in so to prevent the same from descending to the next or succeeding Heir Male of the Body of the said Lord Chancellor to whom the said title of Lord Chancellor shall descend.

VIII. Provided always, and he it is further enacted, That One Half of the said Annuity or Yearly Rent or Sum shall above and be expended during any Period in which the said Charles Lord Chancellor may heretofore hold any Place, Office or Employment under His Majesty of equal or greater Amount, as Salary, Pensions or Emolument, than the Amount of such Annuity.

C A P. XLVIII.

An Act to make further Provision for the Adjustment of the Accounts of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, and for making good any occasional Deficiency which may arise in the said Fund in Great Britain or Ireland, respectively; and to direct the Application of Money by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.

[27th June 1817.]

WHEREAS, in consequence of the Consolidation of the Revenues of Great Britain and Ireland, it is become expedient to make further Provision for the Adjustment of the Accounts of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom; and that for that Purpose Quarterly Accounts of the Issues made out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund in Ireland, for the current Services there, should be made up and transmitted to Great Britain, and provided in so manner heretofore mentioned; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That immediately after the termination of each Quarter of a Year ending upon the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October, and the Fifth Day of January respectively in each and every Year, Accounts shall be made up in the Receipt of the Exchequer in Ireland of all Sums which shall have been issued, during the Quarter ending on the said Days respectively, out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund arising in Ireland, specifying separately the Issues made for defraying the Services comprised in the Annual Grants of Parliament, or which would in Great Britain be payable at the Receipt of the Exchequer out of any of the Aids or Supplies of the Year, and specifying also in each and every such Account the Heads of Services for which such Issues were so made; which Accounts shall be certified by the Auditor General of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, and shall be transmitted by him to the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall thereupon, by Warrant under his or their Hand or Hands, order and direct that out of any of the Aids or Supplies of the Year as the Receipt of the Exchequer in Great Britain, a Sum or Sums of Money equal to such certified Amount of the Issues made out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund arising in Ireland, for defraying the Services comprised in the Annual Grants of Parliament, or which would in Great Britain be payable at the Receipt of the Exchequer out of any of the Aids or Supplies of the Year, shall be carried and placed to the Credit of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, for the Quarter ending on the said Quarter Day next ensuing after the Date of such Certificate, and the same shall thereupon be carried and placed to such Account and Credit by the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain; any thing in an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to unite and consolidate into one Fund all the Public Revenues of Great Britain and Ireland, and to provide for the Application thereof to the general Service of the United Kingdom*, to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And Whereas certain Payments have been heretofore made by Law or Usage out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, from year to year, to make any Payment or Payments to be made, or any Sum or Sums of Money to be issued out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, at the Receipt of the Exchequer in Great Britain, in advance or otherwise, in like manner as had been provided before the passing of the last recited Act of the last Session of Parliament; any thing contained in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And Whereas the Exchequer Bills which have been issued upon the Credit of Aids and Supplies or Services granted by Parliament have been provided for, and the Sums due and to arise from the Surplus of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain under former Grants of Parliament, and which were applicable to the Discharge of such Exchequer Bills, have by reason thereof become no longer necessary for such Service; Be it therefore enacted, That all Grants made by Parliament, to arise from the Surplus of the said Consolidated Fund, and which Surplus had not accrued prior to the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and all all Sums due from the said Consolidated Fund to the Aids or Supplies of former Years, in respect of Money advanced thereout to make good the Deficiencies of the said Fund, shall be and be deemed to be struck off and cancelled, and no further Sums shall be issued or disburse thereupon; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Balances due from Great Britain to Ireland, or from Ireland to Great Britain respectively, upon or in respect of, or in so many manner arising out of the past Contributions of Great Britain and Ireland to the Expenses of the United Kingdom, under the Provisions of the several Acts passed in the Parliaments of Great Britain and Ireland respectively in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years and in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the Union of Great Britain and

Ireland, shall be and are hereby cancelled, and shall be deemed and are hereby declared to be satisfied and discharged; any thing contained in the said several Acts or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And Whereas by an Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs and Excise, and granting other Duties in their stead, and for applying the said Duties together with the other Duties ranging the Public Revenue for providing the Expences of certain Cash, Warre and Merchandise, the Provision or Manufacture of the European Ammunition of the French King, into the Kingdom; and for applying certain unclaimed Monies remaining in the Exchequer, for the Payment of Annuities in Life, in the Reduction of the National Debt; it is among other things enacted, that if in any year in which any Annuity or Annuities shall become due and payable, the Produce of the several Duties composing the Consolidated Fund established by the said Act should not be sufficient to answer and pay all the Annuities and other Charges that should become due and payable on any Quarterly or other Day of Payment, the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being were thereby authorized, empowered and required, out of any Money which should then be remaining in the Receipt of the Exchequer of Aids or Supplies that should have been granted for the Service of the Year in which such Deficiency should happen, to apply such Sum or Sums of Money as should be sufficient fully, and completely to answer and make good such Deficiency, and all such Sum or Sums of Money so issued out of the said Aids or Supplies should be re-placed to the Service of Services to which the same might have been appropriated by Parliament, out of the said or any future Quarter's Surplus of the Duties and Revenues composing the said Consolidated Fund: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Provision should be repealed, Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

VI. And Whereas it may happen that the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom may at certain times be deficient in Amount to answer the several Charges thereupon arising in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, and it is expedient that Provision should be made for making good such Deficiency, in such the same should arise: Be it therefore enacted, That if, upon making up the Accounts of the Income and Charge of the said Consolidated Fund in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, for the Quarters ending on the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October, or the Fifth Day of January in any Year, it shall appear to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, that the Produce of the said Fund is not sufficient to defray the Charges thereupon in Great Britain, or in Ireland respectively, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, from time to time, by Warrant under their Hands, to issue or direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain, for such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be sufficient to make up such Deficiency in Great Britain or Ireland respectively; and such Exchequer Bills shall be made out in the same or like manner, Form and Order, and according to the same or like Rules and Directions, as are directed and prescribed in and by an Act made in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the Issue and paying off of Exchequer Bills*.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Remedies, Testimonials and Disabilities contained in the said several Acts made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for regulating the issuing and paying off of Exchequer Bills, shall be applied and extended in the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act, as fully and effectually to all intents and Purposes as if the said several Clauses and Provisions had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act shall and may bear as interest not exceeding the Rate of Three pence Halfpenny per Centum per Diem upon or in respect of the Whole of the Monies respectively contained therein.

IX. And be it declared and further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and for the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and they are hereby respectively empowered, to take, accept and receive the Exchequer Bills authorized to be made out in pursuance of this Act, and to advance or lend to His Majesty at the Receipt of the Exchequer in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, upon the Credit of such Exchequer Bills, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum necessary to make good such Deficiency of the Consolidated Fund in Great Britain or Ireland respectively; any thing in an Act made and passed in the Parliament of England, in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, intitled *An Act for granting to Their Majesties several Rates and Duties upon Tonnage of Ships and Vessels, and upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, and for granting certain Remissions and Advantages in the said Act contained in such Persons as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds towards carrying on the War against France, or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.*

X. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to issue such Exchequer Bills as shall be made out in pursuance of this Act, in respect of any Deficiency in the said Consolidated Fund arising in Great Britain, to be placed as so much Cash in the respective Offices of the Tellers of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain; such and every of which Tellers shall be severally charged with the Proprietorship of the said Bills which shall be so placed in his Office respectively as so much Cash; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And

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enacted

Expenses for making good Deficiency by issuing Exchequer Bills.

Such Exchequer Bills or Cash made out daily at 3 p. m.

as issued in Exchequer Bills issued under this Act.

Interest of such Exchequer Bills.

Bank of England and Ireland empowered to advance Money on the Credit of such Exchequer Bills, notwithstanding 28 G. 3. c. 13.

Exchequer Bills for Deficiency in G. 3. to be placed as Cash in the Office of the Tellers of the Exchequer.

and to be effect-
for defraying
Charges upon
Consolidated
Fund by reason
of Disobedience

Exchequer Bills
for Disobedience
acting in the
East, how to be
disposed of.

Exchequer Bills
not issued
redeemable on
the Consolidated
Fund in the
case of disobey-
ing or

Accounts of the
Exchequer Bill -
issued by the
Exchequer - to
be taken into
consideration

Art 6. Sec 10
101

the mode of re-
deeming the Ex-
chequer Bills
for applying
Money to the
Purchase of
Public Annu-
ities, repealed

Money the sum
and application
hereunto - Mar
21st, and 1st Feb.
1818, to be ap-
plied by Com-
missioners in
Purchase of
Annuities be-
tween 1st Mar.
1818, and
1st Jan. 1819.
Purchase of An-
nuities not

XI. And be it also enacted and declared, That the said Exchequer Bills in the Hands of the said Tellers shall be locked up and secured as Cash according to the Charge of the Receipt of the Exchequer in Great Britain, and shall be taken and offered as so much in part of the Revenue in real Money, wherewith such of the said Tellers shall from time to time be charged in common with other the Makers in the said Receipt of the Exchequer, any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to offer and apply the time to the defraying the Charges upon the said Consolidated Fund remaining unpaid in Great Britain by reason of any such Disobedience.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall and they are hereby authorized and empowered to send such Exchequer Bills as shall be made out in pursuance of this Act, in respect of any Disobedience in the said Consolidated Fund acting in Ireland, to be paid into the Bank of Ireland to the Credit and Account of the Teller of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, there to be issued and applied to the defraying of the Charges upon the Consolidated Fund remaining unpaid in Ireland by reason of such Disobedience.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Principal Sum or Sums of Money to be constituted in all such Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, together with the Interest that may become due thereon, shall and the same are hereby made chargeable and charged upon the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom in the next succeeding Quarter; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, and they or any Three or more of them are hereby authorized from time to time by Warrant under their Hands to direct the Auditor of the Receipt of the Exchequer in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, in such manner as they shall think necessary, to draw unto such Protes or Protes as shall be named in the said Warrants respectively, out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the next succeeding Quarter, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole a Sum sufficient to discharge and pay off the Principal Sum or Sums of Money contained in such Exchequer Bills then outstanding in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, and which may have been made out and issued by virtue of this Act, together with all such Interest as may be due thereupon.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being shall from time to time make a true and perfect Account in Writing to be taken audited by the proper Officers of the Amount of all Exchequer Bills which shall be made out and issued by virtue of this Act, and how much thereof shall be before the making up of such Accounts have been paid off or discharged, and how much thereof shall then remain undischarged; and every such Account shall on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March in each and every Year be laid before both Houses of Parliament, if Parliament shall be then sitting, or if Parliament shall not then be sitting, then within One Month after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament.

XV. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for applying certain Sums in Consols to the End of every Quarter of a Year, to be by them applied to the Redemption of the National Debt*, it was enacted, that all Moneys whatsoever which should be placed from time to time to the Account of the said Commissioners by virtue of the said Act, which should not be deducted by any future Act or Acts of Parliament to be applied in Payment for the Redemption of any Redeemable Public Annuities as or above Par, should be applied by the said Commissioners in Payment for the Purchase of Public Annuities below Par in the following manner: (that is to say), that all Moneys so to be applied, which should have been placed to the Account of the said Commissioners between the Fifth Day of April in any Year and the First Day of May then next ensuing, should be applied to the Purchase of such Annuities in equal Portions, as nearly as might be, on every Day (Saturdays and Mondays excepted) between the said Fifth Day of April and the Fifth Day of May then next ensuing; and in like manner the Sums so to be applied, which should have been placed to the Account of the said Commissioners between the End of any such Quarter and the First Day of the Calendar Month which should commence next after the End of such Quarter, should be applied to the Purchase of such Annuities in equal Portions, as nearly as might be, on every Day (Saturdays and Mondays excepted), on which the same should be transferable between the said First Day of the Calendar Month which should commence next after the End of such Quarter and the First Day of the Calendar Month which should commence next after the End of the Quarter next ensuing: And Whereas it is expedient to alter the respective Periods for applying all such Moneys, and to substitute other Periods for the like Purpose instead thereof, in order that the Account of the Application of the said Moneys shall terminate and be rendered conformable to the Period of terminating the several Accounts of the Public Revenue of the United Kingdom: Be it therefore enacted, That in each of the said recited Acts as in each the Periods for applying the said Moneys shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys whatsoever which shall be to be set apart and placed to the Account of the said Commissioners in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, under and by virtue of the said last recited Act, or of any other Act or Acts now in force for the Redemption of the National Debt, and which should be applicable between the First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and seventeen and the First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, pursuant to the Provisions of the said Act, shall be applied by the said Commissioners in the Purchase of Redeemable Public Annuities, as directed by the said recited Act, on Transfer Days (Saturdays and Mondays excepted) between the Second Day of November One thousand eight hundred and seventeen and the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, both Days included.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys to be set apart in every future Year shall be applied in the manner following: (that is to say), all Moneys to be set apart or to be to be set apart and placed to the Account

of the said Commissioners in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, due on the Fifth Day of January in every Year, shall be applied by the said Commissioners in the Purchase of Redeemable Public Annuities, as directed by the last recited Act, on Transfer Days (Saturdays and Mondays excepted) between the Seventh Day of January and the Fifth Day of April then next ensuing, both Days included; and in like manner all Monies due the Fifth Day of April in every Year, and let apart as aforesaid, shall be applied on Transfer Days (Saturdays and Mondays excepted) between the Seventh Day of April and the Fifth Day of July then next ensuing, both Days included; and all Monies due the Fifth Day of July in every Year, and let apart as aforesaid, shall be applied on Transfer Days (Saturdays and Mondays excepted) between the Seventh Day of July and the Tenth Day of October then next ensuing, both Days included; and all Monies due the Tenth Day of October in every Year, and let apart as aforesaid, shall be applied on Transfer Days (Saturdays and Mondays excepted) between the Twelfth Day of October and the Fifth Day of January then next ensuing, both Days included; and every Annual Account of the Application of all such Monies, and of the Public Annuities purchased with the same, directed by the last recited Act to be made up to the First Day of February in every Year, to be laid before Parliament; and the Auditors of Public Accounts shall in future transmit upon and be made up to the Fifth Day of January inclusive in every Year; any thing in the last last recited Act or any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Money in
Bank Year

C. A. P. XLIX.

An Act for shortening and amending the Laws of Excise with respect to Salt and Rock Salt.

[17th June 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, entitled *An Act for transferring the Management of the Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise, and for regulating the Duties on Salt, and the Drawbacks, Allowances and Exemptions paid thereon, and for granting other Duties, Drawbacks, Allowances and Exemptions thereon*, all and every the Proprietors and Proprietors of every Salt Mine or Salt Pit in and are required, at least Twelve Hours before he, she or they shall at any time begin to raise or take away Rock Salt from or out of any Salt Mine or Salt Pit, to give Notice in Writing to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey such Salt Mine or Salt Pit shall be, of the particular Day and Hour of the Day on which he, she or they intend or intend to begin raising or taking any Rock Salt from or out of any such Mine or Pit: And Whereas such Period of Twelve Hours for each Notice as aforesaid has been found unreasonably long and inconvenient; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in and instead of each Period of Twelve Hours, all and every such Proprietors and Proprietors of every Salt Mine or Salt Pit shall give such Notice as aforesaid at least Two Hours before he, she or they shall at any time begin to raise or take Rock Salt from or out of any Salt Mine or Salt Pit, any thing in the last recited Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

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II. And Whereas by the last Act all and every Maker or Makers of Salt, Salt Refiner or Refiners of Rock Salt, and Proprietors or Proprietors of any Salt Work, is and are required, at least Six Hours before he, she or they shall begin to charge his, her or their Pan or Boiler with Brine or other Preparation for making or refining Salt, to give to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey his, her or their Salt Work shall be, a Notice in Writing of his, her or their Intention so to do, specifying therein the Particulars in the said Act mentioned; and if any such Maker or Makers, Refiner or Refiners, or Proprietors or Proprietors, shall not begin to charge his, her or their Pan or Boiler within the Space of One Hour after the particular time or Hour specified in such Notice for that Purpose, then to give a sixth and like Notice before he, she or they shall begin to charge his, her or their Pan or Boiler; and all and every such Maker or Makers of Salt, Refiner or Refiners of Rock Salt, and Proprietors or Proprietors of any Salt Work, who in pursuance of any such Notice as aforesaid shall begin to charge, his, her or their Pan or Boiler with Brine or other Preparation for making Salt or refining Rock Salt, is and are required to proceed without Respite or Delay, and with all due Dispatch and Diligence, to charge such Pan or Boiler with the whole Quantity of Brine or other Preparation intended to be employed, and or worked off at such Boiling or Operation; provided that if any such Maker, Refiner or Proprietor shall have occasion to add to or increase the Brine in any Pan or Boiler after such Pan or Boiler shall have been charged, and before any Salt of that particular Boiling or Operation shall have been taken from or out of such Pan or Boiler, he, she or they shall be permitted and allowed next, but not intended to add to and increase the Quantity of Brine in any such Pan or Boiler, upon giving such Notice as is prescribed by the said Act; and if any Maker or Makers of Salt, Refiner or Refiners of Rock Salt, or Proprietors or Proprietors of any Salt Work, shall convey or put any Brine into any Pan or Boiler after he, she or they shall have begun to take any Salt out of such Pan or Boiler, and before the whole Boiling or Operation of such particular Charge shall be finished, and all the Salt made or intended to be made therefrom shall be taken out of such Pan or Boiler, or shall convey or put any Brine into any Pan or Boiler after the same shall have been fully charged, (except in the manner hereinafter allowed, under such Notice as is in the foregoing provided for making an Addition to or increasing the Brine in the Pan or Boiler,) he, she or they shall forfeit the Penalty therein mentioned; and in case any Maker or Makers, Refiner or Refiners of Salt, or Proprietors or Proprietors of any Salt Work, instead of keeping the Salt of such Boiling or Operation in the Pan or Boiling House until the whole of such Boiling or Operation shall be finished, shall be delinquent to carry-

Proprietors of
Salt Mines or
Salt Pits in
the Time to be
of Twelve
Hours' Notice of
raising Rock
Salt.

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* remove or put any Salt of any particular Boiling or Operation into his, her or their Warehouse or Ware-
 * house, Storehouse or Storehouses, or Loft or Lofts, before any such Boiling or Operation shall be
 * finished, such Maker or Makers, Refiner or Refiners, or Proprietor or Proprietors, may carry, remove or
 * put One Half (but neither more nor less) of the whole Number of Bales, Barrows or Troughs of Salt
 * to be made at each such Boiling or Operation, into any such Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or
 * Storehouses, or Loft or Lofts, upon the Terms and Conditions mentioned in the said A. 5: And
 * Whereas it is expedient that such Provisions of the said A. 5 as heretofore recited should be repealed: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this A. 5 the said recited Provisions of the said A. 5
 * shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

enacted.

Salt Makers
 give Six Hours'
 Notice of their
 Intention to
 draw or take
 Salt from their
 Pans or Boilers.

In what rule
 Salt Makers.

Twenty yds.
 Adding Three
 after having be-
 gun to draw
 Salt, and before
 Declaration that
 Operation is
 finished, &c.

Twenty yds.
 From the Side
 of any Operation
 may be work-
 manded before
 the whole is
 finished, an ex-
 cepted Condition.

Conditions.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker or Makers of Salt, Refiner or Refiners of Rock
 Salt, and Proprietor or Proprietors of any Salt Work, shall at least Six Hours before he, she or they shall
 begin to draw or take out any Salt from any Pan or Boiler after the time shall have been charged with Brine,
 or other Preparation for making Salt, give to the Officer of Excise, under whose Survey his, her or their Salt
 Work shall be, a Notice in Writing of his, her or their Intention so to do, specifying therein the particular
 time and Place at which he, she or they intend or intend to begin to draw or take out the Salt from such Pan
 or Boiler; and if any such Maker or Makers, Refiner or Refiners, or Proprietor or Proprietors, shall
 not begin to draw and take out the Salt from such Pan or Boiler within the Space of Three Hours
 after the particular time or Place specified in such Notice, then such Notice shall be void; and every such
 Maker or Makers, Refiner or Refiners, or Proprietor or Proprietors as aforesaid, shall give a fresh and
 give Notice before he, she or they shall begin to draw or take out any Salt from such Pan or Boiler; and in such
 such Maker or Makers, Refiner or Refiners, or Proprietor or Proprietors, shall neglect or refuse to give
 such Notice as aforesaid, or having given a Notice which shall become void as aforesaid, shall neglect or
 refuse to give a fresh and like Notice, he, she or they shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the
 Sum of Fifty Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Maker or Makers of Salt, Refiner or Refiners of Rock
 Salt, or Proprietor or Proprietors of any Salt Work, shall convey or put, or cause or suffer to be con-
 veyed or put, any Brine or other Preparation for making Salt into any Pan or Boiler after he, she or they
 shall have begun to draw or take out any Salt from such Pan or Boiler, and before he, she or they shall de-
 clare to the surveying Officer that the whole Operation of making Salt from the Brine which shall then be in
 such Pan or Boiler is finished, and that all the Salt made or intended to be made therefrom, in such
 Operation has been taken out of such Pan or Boiler, he, she or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the
 Sum of Fifty Pounds.

V. Provided always nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That in case any such Maker or Makers, Re-
 finer or Refiners, or Proprietor or Proprietors, instead of keeping the Salt of each Boiling or Operation in
 the Pan or Boiling House until the whole of such Boiling or Operation shall be finished, shall be desirous of
 carrying, removing, or putting, any Salt of any particular Boiling or Operation into his, her or their Ware-
 house or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses, or Loft or Lofts, before any such Boiling or Operation
 shall be finished, it shall not be lawful to, and for such Maker or Makers, Refiner or Refiners, or Pro-
 prietor or Proprietors, to carry, remove or put any Part of the whole of the Salt to be made at each such
 Boiling or Operation into any such Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses, or Loft or Lofts
 upon the Terms and Conditions hereinafter mentioned, (that is to say,) that in the Notice required by
 the A. 5 to be given as aforesaid for drawing or taking out Salt from his, her or their Pan or Boiler, such
 Maker or Makers, Refiner or Refiners, or Proprietor or Proprietors, shall specify the particular Number of
 Bales, Barrows or Troughs, and the estimated Quantity of Salt of which such Part of such particular
 Boiling or Operation shall or will consist, and the Day, and Hour of the Day, when such Part shall be carried,
 removed or put into such Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses, or Loft or Lofts; and also
 that all the Salt which, according to the Specifications in such Notice, shall be intended to be carried, removed
 or put into such Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses, or Loft or Lofts, as such such Re-
 moved, shall be actually so carried, removed and put, immediately after the proper Officer of Excise shall have
 taken a true Account thereof, and before any more or other Salt shall be taken out of the Pan or Boiler of
 that or any subsequent Boiling or Operation.

VI. And Whereas by a Clause in an A. 5 made in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present
 Majesty, among other things, For *Amplifying Regulations respecting Rock Salt delivered to the Refiners*, it
 was enacted, that when and so soon as any Rock Salt should be delivered from any Salt Mine or Salt Pan, to
 be shipped Cradled or to be sent by Island Navigation free of Duty, on Board for use being duly de-
 livered at any intended Refinery, not being within the Counties of Lancashire and Cheshire respectively, the
 Refiner or Refiners to or for whom the same should be consigned or sent should, within Six Weeks next
 after the Delivery or Receipt of such Rock Salt, pay the Duties of Excise on and after the Rate of Fifteen
 Shillings per Barrel for such Rock Salt, unless such Refiner or Refiners should give such sufficient Bond or
 Security as was in the said Clause mentioned and prescribed for the due Payment of the Duties of
 Excise at and after the Rate of Fifteen Shillings per Barrel for or in respect of such Rock Salt, within
 the Space of Six Months next after such Delivery or Receipt, or else producing to the proper Officer of
 Excise within such Six Months, and having charged with the Duties, a Quantity or Quantities of refined
 Salt made from such Rock Salt, in the Proportion of Fifty Six Pounds of refined Salt to the bulk for
 every Sixty Six Pounds of such Rock Salt which should from time to time be found by the proper Officer or
 Officers of Excise deficient of the Quantity of such Rock Salt which should have been so delivered or
 received, and for paying at the end of every Six Weeks from the time of the Charge thereof the Duties

at and after the Rate of Fifteen Shillings *per Bushel* for or in respect of the Quantity of such Charge of such refined Salt: And Whereas it has been found by Experience that the produce of refined Salt from Rock Salt exceeds the Proportion aforesaid; and it is therefore expedient to require Payment of Duty for the Salt refined from such Rock Salt according to the greater Proportion hereinafter contained; Be it therefore enacted, That inasmuch as the said Provision as aforesaid is hereby repealed; be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act, all and every such Refiners and Refiners shall within Fourteen Days next after the Delivery or Receipt of any Rock Salt, give sufficient Bond or Security, to be approved of by the Commissioners of Excise, or the Peritor or Peritors who shall be appointed or employed by them for that Purpose, in Double the Value of the Duties on such Rock Salt, for producing to the proper Officer of Excise, to be taken Account of or charged with Duty by him, within the Space of Twelve Months next after such Delivery or Receipt, a Quantity or Quantities of refined Salt made from such Rock Salt, in the proportion of Fifty-eight Pounds of refined Salt at the least for every Sixty-five Pounds of such Rock Salt, and for paying the Duties thereon at the End of every Six Weeks from the time of the Charge upon any Part of such refined Salt; and after the Rate of Fifteen Shillings *per Bushel*; and if any such Refiner or Refiners shall refuse or neglect to give such Bond or Security as is hereby in that behalf required, all such Rock Salt shall be forfeited, together with the Duties thereon, and such Rock Salt shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise: Provided always, that all and every such Refiner and Refiners shall be at Liberty, within such Space of Twelve Months, to export or deliver for the use of the Fisheries, or to any other Maker of cryogenized Maritime Acid or Cryogenized of Limes for making cryogenized Maritime Acid or Cryogenized of Limes, any Part of such refined Salt Duty-free under the Regulations established by Law in that behalf; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all and every such Refiner and Refiners of Rock Salt shall provide and maintain a proper and secure Warehouse, Storehouse or Loft, or Warehouses, Storehouses or Lofts, to the Satisfaction of the Supervisor of Excise in whose District it or they may be situated, with good and sufficient Locks and other Fittings thereon respectively, to be provided by such Supervisor as the Experience and Charge of such Refiner or Refiners respectively, into which Warehouse or Warehouses, or Storehouse or Storehouses, or Loft or Lofts, or some or one of them, all the Rock Salt shall, immediately after the Arrival or Receipt thereof at such Refinery, be put and deposited by and at the Expense of such Refiner or Refiners, according to the Direction of this Act; and such Lock Warehouses, Storehouse or Loft respectively, shall be locked up and secured by the proper Officer of Excise under whose Survey the same shall come unto to time be, except at such time or times only as such Officer shall be attending for the Purpose of depacking, Racks Salt thereon, or for weighing or taking Account of the Rock Salt thereon, or delivering Rock Salt from or out of such respective Warehouses, Storehouses or Lofts; and if any such Refiner or Refiners shall neglect or refuse, at his, her or their own Expense, to provide such Warehouses, Storehouses or Loft, or Warehouses, Storehouses or Lofts as aforesaid, or to pay such Supervisor as aforesaid, upon Demand, for any Lock or Locks, Key or Keys, or other Fittings or Fittings thereon or thereon, and provided by such Supervisor for the Security thereof, or shall refuse or neglect to put or deposit any Rock Salt, immediately after the Arrival or Receipt thereof at any such Refinery, in one or more of such Warehouses, Storehouses or Lofts, according to the Direction of this Act; or if any Refiner or Refiners or other Person or Persons shall damage, force or open, or cause to be damaged, forced or opened, any such Lock or other Fitting, or cause or cause to be entered any such Warehouses, Storehouses or Lofts, from any time and times as are herein for that Purpose mentioned, then and in each and every such case the Refiner or Refiners, or other Person or Persons so offending, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds; provided that no such Refiner or Refiners shall be hindered or prevented from putting any Carps of such Salt by itself into Sacks immediately on its Arrival and Receipt, without withholding the same as aforesaid, such Carps of Rock Salt being taken Account of by the proper Officer.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That when and to often in any such Refiner or Refiners shall be desirous to have any such Rock Salt delivered from or out of any such Warehouse, Storehouse or Loft, for the Purpose of being put into any Cistern or other Vessel for dissolving the same or making the same into Brine, be, he or they shall give Twelve Hours previous Notice in Writing to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey such Warehouse, Storehouse or Loft shall be, of his, her or their Intention to have such Rock Salt to be delivered for the Purpose aforesaid, specifying in such Notice the particular Day and Hour at which he, she or they intend or intend to have such Rock Salt to be delivered for the Purpose aforesaid, and the Quantity of such Rock Salt to be delivered, and being left three Party Bushels at any one time; and upon such Notice being given, the proper Officer or Officers of Excise shall attend at the time mentioned in such Notice, and open such Warehouses, Storehouses or Lofts, and such Refiner or Refiners shall thereupon proceed to weigh, and shall with all due Diligence and Dispatch weigh, in the Presence of such Officer or Officers, the whole of the Rock Salt specified in such Notice: Provided always nevertheless, that no such Refiner or Refiners shall be at Liberty to give any such Notice for having any such Rock Salt to be delivered at any other time than between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Six in the Afternoon; and every Notice given for having any such Rock Salt to be delivered in any less Quantity than three Party Bushels at one time, or at any other time or Hour than between the Hours in that Notice specified, shall and the same is hereby declared to be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every such Refiner and Refiners of Rock Salt shall deposit, store and keep all and every Carps or Quantity of Rock Salt received at one time, and which is or are the Subject of and included in any Bond as aforesaid, separate and apart from all Rock Salt received at any other time or times,

Refiners to give Bond within Days after Receipt of Rock Salt, for the Production of 58 lbs. of Refined Salt for every 65 lbs. of Rock Salt, and for Payment of Duties thereon.

Penalty for Excess, for

Refiners to provide Warehouses for the Locks of Rock Salt under the Excise Locks, such Lock to be deposited at the Residence of the Surveyor.

Refiners obliging to provide Warehouses, at to pay the Locks, at

or damaging Locks, at

Penalty for putting Salt into Sacks.

Refiners to give Notice to have Rock Salt taken out of the Warehouses for dissolving and Brine.

Officer to attend upon to attend.

Notice to be given by Refiner to have Rock Salt taken out of the Warehouses for dissolving and Brine.

Refiners to keep separate Carps of Rock Salt received at one time, and which is or are the Subject of and included in any Bond as aforesaid.

shall be void, and every such Maker or Makers, or Refiner or Refiners, shall give a fresh and like Notice before he, she or they shall begin to change his, her or their Pan or Boiler as aforesaid; and in case such Maker or Makers, or Refiner or Refiners shall neglect or refuse to do so, every and put such Sea Water, Brine or other Preparation as aforesaid into such Charging Vessel or Vessels, Refiner or Refiners at such time as aforesaid, or to give any such Notice as aforesaid; or having given a Notice which shall become void as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to give a fresh and like Notice; or if he, she or they shall, after having conveyed and put such Sea Water, Brine or other Preparation into his, or their Charging Vessel or Vessels, Refiner or Refiners as aforesaid, and given such Notice as in and that shall before mentioned, remove or conceal any Part thereof, or run or convey any Part thereof into any Pan or Boiler below the proper Officer shall have taken as Account of the Quantity and Quality or broughth thereof as hereinafter mentioned; or if after such Officer shall have taken such Account thereof, any such Maker or Makers, Refiner or Refiners, shall put into such Charging Vessel or Vessels, Refiner or Refiners, any Salt, Rock Salt or other Material by which such Sea Water, Brine or other Preparation therein may be strengthened or altered in Quality, or shall add to the same, or remove any Part thereof otherwise than by shugging such Pan or Boiler therewith at the time specified in such Notice, or shall put into or change any Pan or Boiler with any Sea Water, Brine or other Preparation for making Salt, other than such as shall have been taken as Account of by the Officer in such Charging Vessel or Vessels, Refiner or Refiners as aforesaid, he, she or they shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Day and Year last aforesaid, the Officer or Officers of Excise shall be and are hereby authorized and empowered, in and to any such Charging Vessel or Refiner as aforesaid shall be entered by any such Maker or Makers, or Refiner or Refiners as aforesaid, to gauge and measure the same, and accurately ascertain the Contents or Capacity thereof, and shall and may at all times and times examine the Head or Heads or other Materials put into or found in any such Vessel or Refiner, and make Trial by a certain Instrument or Hydrometer called *Harvey's Hydrometer* of the Strength of any Sea Water, Brine or other Preparation that may be found or contained therein, and take a Sample or Samples thereof for that Purpose, not exceeding Half a Gallon; and that when and as often as any such Notice shall be given by any such Maker or Makers, or Refiner or Refiners, to change his, her or their Pan or Boiler from such Vessel or Refiner as aforesaid, such Officer or Officers shall and may take an Account of the Quantity of Sea Water, Brine or other Preparation for making Salt contained in such Charging Vessel or Refiner, and make Trial by such Instrument as aforesaid of the Strength of such Sea Water, Brine or other Preparation therein; and if any such Maker or Makers, Refiner or Refiners, or other Person or Persons, shall obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers in gauging any such Vessel or Refiner, or in taking such Account as aforesaid, or do any Act, Mince or Contrivance by which any Officer or Officers shall be hindered, obstructed or prevented in ascertaining and taking a true Gauge of any such Vessel or Refiner, or a true Account of the Quantity of Sea Water, Brine or other Preparation which may at any time be contained in any such Charging Vessel or Refiner, or in ascertaining by Trial the true Strength thereof as denoted by such Hydrometer as aforesaid, he, she or they shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Salt, shall make Entry at the nearest Office of Excise of his, her or their Warehouse, Storehouse, Cellar, Shop or other Place or Places in which he, she or they shall store, deposit or keep such Salt, and shall upon Demand receive from the proper Officer of Excise a Book or Books, to be prepared with proper printed Forms and Titles for the Purpose hereinafter mentioned, and kept by every such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Salt, in some public and open Part of his, her or their entered Premises; and that from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and five, every and every Two Bushels in any one time shall be sold, first out or delivered by any such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Salt, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, without being accompanied by a Certificate filled up and cut out respectively from the printed Forms of such Certificates contained in such Book as aforesaid, signed by such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Salt, sealing, sending out or delivering the same, or some Person or Persons on his, her or their behalf, certifying the Date thereof, the Quantity of such Salt as when sold, from whole Stock delivered, and that the Duty has been paid or received to be paid thereon; and that the Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Salt, if being, sending out or delivering any Salt exceeding Two Bushels as aforesaid, shall at the same time make a correspondent Entry thereof, containing the same Particulars in such Book as aforesaid; and that such Book with such Entries to make therein as aforesaid shall at all times be open and exposed in the entered Premises of such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Salt as aforesaid, to the Perusal of any Officer or Officers of Excise, and shall be delivered by such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Salt as aforesaid, to any Officer or Officers of Excise upon Demand; and if any Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Salt shall refuse or neglect to make such Entry at aforesaid of all his, her or their Warehouse, Storehouse, Cellar, Shop and other Place for storing or keeping Salt, or shall at any time obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise from entering therein, or inspecting, surveying, weighing, or taking an Account of his, her or their Stock of Salt, or shall conceal any Part of such Salt from the Sight or View of the Officer or Officers, or shall sell, send out, or deliver any Quantity of Salt exceeding Two Bushels at any one time unaccompanied by such Certificate as aforesaid, or making such Entry in such Book as aforesaid, or shall convey away or conceal any such Book as aforesaid, or conceal, oblige, deliver or wear out any List or Ledger therein, or Entry or Entries therein, or shall make any false Entry or Entries therein, or shall oppose, make, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in inspecting any such Book or Books, or any such Entry or Entries therein as aforesaid, or shall at any time neglect or refuse when required, to give up to any Officer or Officers

otherwise Name used, and such Notice.

Notice requiring, or inspecting, or conveying

from the Officer shall have taken a previous Account book of the Quantity and Quality.

Excise.

Penalty and

Officer require

Charging Vessel,

and to take an

Account of the

Quantity and

Quality of the

Items in the

Charging Vessel.

Harvey's

Hydrometer

Obstructing

Officer,

Penalty and

Salt Dealer to

make Entry, and

keep Account of

Salt exceeding

Two Bushels

Sold, and, and

certifying Two

Bushels to be

accompanied

upon Demand

by a Certificate.

Book in which

Account kept,

open to Officer.

Dealer obliging,

Act, to make

Entry, and enter

into, or deliver

any Quantity of

Salt exceeding

Two Bushels

at any one time

unaccompanied

by such Certificate

as aforesaid, or

making such

Entry in such

Book as aforesaid,

or shall convey

away or conceal

any such Book

as aforesaid, or

conceal, oblige,

deliver or wear

out any List or

Ledger therein,

or shall make

any false Entry

or Entries therein,

or shall oppose,

make, obstruct

or hinder any

Officer or Officers

of Excise in

inspect, or

weighing, or

taking an

Account of his,

her or their

Stock of Salt,

or shall

conceal any

Part of such

Salt from the

Sight or View

of the Officer

or Officers,

or shall sell,

send out, or

deliver any

Quantity of

Salt exceeding

Penalty and
Sole removing
without Com-
missioners
and Penalty of
£10.

1. sealed Car-
riages as for the
removal from Salt
Warehouses, and
not to return
again.

Carriages not
being removed
the whole In-
terprise remains
at the owner's
entire loss.

Penalty.

Warrants for Li-
cences from
Commissioners
to deliver Salt.

That if any of
such vessels carry
off the same Salt
as the same Salt
as the same Salt
as the same Salt,
or

Penalty.

Magpill Notes.
Persons and
Boats to export
the different
Qualities and
Quantities or
Weights of Salt,
in addition to
Particulars re-
quired by
§ 11 C. 3. § 10.

§ 11 C. 3. § 10.
§ 11.

Officers such Book or Books as aforesaid, all and every such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Salt, as aforesaid, shall for every such Offence severally forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and all Salt re-
specting Two Bushels, remaining or removed without being accompanied by such Certificate as aforesaid, and
all Salt found in the Possession of any Dealer in, or Retailer or Seller of Salt, or in any warehouse, Ware-
house, Storehouse, Cellar, Shop or other Place of any Dealer in, or Retailer or Seller of Salt, shall be
forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and the Person or Persons re-
sponsibly, carrying or conveying the same, or adding or affixing therein, or in whole Cask or the same shall be
found, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted, That when and so often as any Salt or Rock Salt shall be weighed or de-
livered from any Salt Mine, Salt Work, Warehouse, Storehouse or other Place, from which it is to be re-
moved, accompanied by any Permit or Permits, the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Salt or Rock Salt shall
cause the Vessel or Carriage into which such Salt or Rock Salt shall be put or delivered to be immediately
drawn off and removed with such Salt or Rock Salt from such Premises, to the Distance of at least One hun-
dred Yards from any other Salt Work, Warehouse or Storehouse, and not again to return thereto with such
Salt or Rock Salt, or any Part thereof on board; and if the whole Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt intended
to be put into such Vessel or Carriage, shall not be delivered therein within the Hours allowed by Law for
the Removal of Salt from any Warehouse, the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Salt or Rock Salt shall, at
the Expence of such lawful Hours, cause such Vessel or Carriage to be Part loaded to be drawn off and re-
moved, with the Salt or Rock Salt therein, to such Distance as aforesaid, and to continue and remain so re-
moved to such Distance as aforesaid until the Commencement of such lawful Hours on the following Morning,
upon Pain of forfeiting all the Salt or Rock Salt so delivered as aforesaid, and Double the Amount of the
Duties thereon; and if such Salt or Rock Salt shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise,
Provided always, that if any time it shall be made to appear, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Ex-
cise, that from the proper Situation or Construction of any such Salt Mine, Salt Work, Warehouse, Store-
house or other Place, the Salt or Rock Salt can be delivered therefrom, with sufficient Security to the Re-
venue arising from the Duties upon Salt, without any such Removal as aforesaid, it shall and may be
lawful in and for such Commissioners to grant their Letter and Licence for the Salt or Rock Salt to be de-
livered therefrom without any such Removal as aforesaid, upon such Conditions as they may in that behalf
prefer.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Rock Salt to be removed in any
Flax, Barge, Boat, or other Vessel, or in any Waggons, Cart or other Carriage, in which any Salt shall be put
or laid, except as hereinafter mentioned: Provided always, that no Crystall Rock Salt or Crystall Salt, com-
monly called or known by the Name or Description of Fined or Solid Salt, or Coloured or Dyed Salt, deliv-
ered Duty free for the Use of the Fisheries, shall after the Month of April in the Year One thousand eight
hundred and eighteen, be removed in any Flax, Barge, Boat or other Vessel, or in any Waggons, Cart or other
Carriage, in which any Salt of any other Description, or uncrystall Rock Salt, shall be put or laid; and then
as White Salt delivered Duty free for the Use of the Fisheries shall be removed in any Flax, Barge, Boat or
other Vessel, or in any Waggons, Cart or other Carriage, in which any Salt for any other Purpose, after the
Month and Year last aforesaid, or of any other Description, or Rock Salt shall be put or laid; and that no
Salt delivered Duty free for any Purpose whatsoever shall be removed in any Flax, Barge, Boat or other Vessel,
or in any Waggons, Cart or other Carriage, in which any Salt Duty paid for Home Consumption shall be put
or laid, on Pain of forfeiting all the Salt or Rock Salt so found removing contrary to the Direction of this
Act; and the same, together with the Package containing any such Salt or Rock Salt respectively, and the
Flax, Barge or other Vessel containing the same, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Ex-
cise or Customs.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Request Note to be made and delivered according to the Di-
rections of the said Act, for a Permit for the Removal of any Salt or Crystall Rock Salt for the Use of the
Fisheries, shall, in addition to the Particulars required by the said Act of the Twenty-ninth Year aforesaid,
specify whether the same be White Salt, or Coloured or Dyed Salt, or Crystall Salt, commonly called or
known by the Name or Description of Fined or Solid Salt, or Crystall Rock Salt, and the Weight or Quality
and Condition of such respectively; and all and every Permit to be granted, and Bond to be given, for the
Removal of any Salt or Crystall Rock Salt for the Use of the Fisheries, shall, in addition to the Particulars
required by the said Act, express the Quantity or Weight of White Salt, or Coloured or Dyed Salt, or
Crystall Salt, commonly called or known by the Name or Description of Fined or Solid Salt, or Crystall
Rock Salt, to be removed or sent away; and if any Coloured or Dyed Salt, or Crystall Salt, commonly
called or known by the Name or Description of Fined or Solid Salt, or Crystall Rock Salt be removed or
sent away without such Request Note and Permit respectively, specifying such Particulars as aforesaid, the
same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XVIII. And Whereas by the said Act, made in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present
Majesty, all and every Master or Commander of any Ship or Vessel, as on or on board of which any Salt or
Rock Salt shall be carried or transported or conveyed from One Port or Place to Great Britain to another
Port thereof, shall, before he shall begin to unship or land any Part of the Salt or Rock Salt as on or on board
of such Ship or Vessel, produce to and leave with the proper Officer of Excise who shall be appointed or
employed to execute the same, a true and authentic Permit, or true and authentic Permit, for such Salt or
Rock Salt, and shall make Oath before such proper Officer of Excise, that to the best of his Knowledge
and Belief no Salt or Rock Salt hath been had on board of, or put or taken into his Ship or Vessel since
he departed or sailed from the Port or Place at which the Salt or Rock Salt mentioned in such Permit or

Permits

• Permits was shipped, and that he verily believes as Salt or Rock Salt whatsoever hath been land on board, or put or taken into each Ship or Vessel, here and except such as is measured and specified in the Permit or Permits, then and at the time of making each Cask produced to and left with each Officer as aforesaid, a whole Cask has been found sufficient for the good Purpose thereby intended? Be it further enacted, That all and every such Master or Commander shall in every such case as aforesaid, before he shall begin to unship, load or re-ship any Part of the Salt or Rock Salt, in or on board of any such Ship or Vessel, make further Cask before each Officer of Excise as aforesaid (which such Officer is hereby authorized and empowered to administer), that to the best of his Knowledge and Belief as Salt or Rock Salt Shipped or taken on board of each Ship or Vessel has been unshipped, reshipped, removed, or taken out of each Ship or Vessel, from the time such Salt or Rock Salt or any Part thereof, was taken on board of each Ship or Vessel, except in such as has been delivered under Permit first given by some Officer or Officers of Excise, and in his Presence, or except in case of some terrible Accident or Necessity, so be stated by each Master or Commander in each Cask, and that no Water or other Liquid or Material has been put or thrown into or amongst the Salt in each Vessel, or any Part thereof; and if any such Master or Commander shall refuse or neglect to make such further Cask as aforesaid, or shall put or cause or suffer to be put any Water or other Liquid or Material into or amongst any such Salt, he shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if there shall be delivered out of any Ship, Flat, Boat, Barge or other Vessel and so employed for carrying or removing Salt or Rock Salt, delivered Duty free on her Arrival at the Place of her Destination, a like Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt, then was lawfully landed on board thereof for any such Reason as aforesaid, the Master or other Person commanding each Ship, Flat, Boat, Barge or other Vessel shall forthwith pay to the several Collectors of Excise the full Amount of the Duty of Fifteen Shillings for every Barrel of the Salt or Rock Salt respectively so delivered, and to be proportioned for any like Quantity; and each Ship, Flat, Boat, Barge or other Vessel shall and may be taxed and assessed by any Officer of Customs or Excise in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland until the same shall be paid, and also all Expenses attending or occasioned by such Searches and Detentions: Provided always, that no such Duty shall be demanded or paid, or any such Detention be made for any Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt so delivered as aforesaid, in case entitled to Relief under the Provisions of this Act; and provided that no such Detention shall be made of any Flat, Boat, Barge or other Vessel remaining Salt or Rock Salt from the Salt Works or Salt Works in the Counties of Cheshire or Lancashire to Liverpool.

XX. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Salt or Rock Salt shall or may be shipped without Payment of Duty, upon Bond, to be removed or carried Coastwards, or from Great Britain to Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, Alderney or Man, which Bonds, by the Laws now in force, are respectively to be discharged upon the Production of a Certificate from the proper Officer or Officers at the Port or Place to which such Salt or Rock Salt shall be sent or removed, of the due Delivery of Receipt and weighing out of such Salt or Rock Salt according to the Condition of each such Bond respectively, a Duplicate of each Certificate shall be, immediately on the Delivery or Receipt and weighing out of such Salt or Rock Salt, transmitted by Post by the Officer or Officers who is or are by Law to grant the same to the Officer with whom such respective Bond is lodged, and who is authorized to discharge and cancel each Bond, and such Officer or Officers, upon the Receipt of such Duplicate Certificate, and upon Payment to him by the Shipper or Obligee of such Bond, his, her or their Agent, of all Expenses of Postage, or otherwise occasioned thereby, shall discharge and cancel each Bond: Provided always, that each Bond shall not be cancelled until the Certificate is received by the whole Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt for which each Bond shall have been given, but each Certificate shall be taken and removed for so much Salt or Rock Salt only as shall be therein respectively expressed in Words at Length to have been delivered, received and weighed out according to the Condition of each Bond.

XXI. And Whereas it is expedient to repeal the several Duties of Customs imposed on Foreign Salt imported into Great Britain by any Law or Laws now in force, and to impose other Duties on Foreign Salt imported into Great Britain, by any Act or Acts in force at or immediately before the passing of this Act, shall be and to the same it is hereby enacted, (first and except in all cases relating to the concerning, allowing or paying any Arruans thereof respectively which was at that time made imposed, or to any Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or at the passing of this Act.

XXII. And Whereas it is enacted by the last Act, made in the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Regency, that it shall and may be lawful to and for any known Fifth Curer or Fifth Curers to import and lodge in his, her or their several Warehouses, free of the Duty by that Act imposed for as a respect of Foreign Salt, and for the like Purpose of curing and preserving Fish, any Quantity of Foreign Salt, not less than Fifty Bushels at one time, upon the Terms and Conditions, and under, subject and according to the several Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions thereunto provided and established for or in respect of Brandy salt, sent or delivered to Fifth Curers free of Duty, for the Purpose of curing and preserving Fish; provided that each Foreign Salt to be employed and consumed in curing and preserving Fish should be duly and fairly entered with the proper Collector of Excise upon the Importation thereof, and weighed and reweighed, or weighed and loaded and unweighed, in the case any requires in the Presence and with the Concurrence of the proper Officer of Excise at the Port of Importation: And whereas it is expedient that Foreign Salt so imported for the sole Purpose of curing and preserving Fish should be subject to a fixed Duty of Excise to be paid and payable for the same in lieu of the Customs Duties hereby repealed, and which have heretofore been payable and paid for the same? Be it therefore enacted, That from and

Master or Com-
mander of Vessels before he or
any Salt or other
Cask that is on
Part of each
Salt has been
received or
taken out of
each Vessel
during the Voy-
age.

Excise.
Single Wing, does
make each Cask,
Penalty 500

Vessel deliv-
ing to the
place pre-
scribed
Customs of Salt
so to demand
small Duty to
and upon the
Destination and
Expenses of
Detention.

Permits for cer-
tain cases in
which such Duty
is not to be de-
manded, &c.

Where Salt
shipped Coast-
wards, &c. on
Bond, Condi-
tions for Dis-
charge of Bonds
to be transmitted
from Officer
granting Certificate
to Officers with
whom Bond
lodged, who
upon Receipt of
Duplicate of cer-
tificate and Pay-
ment to be re-
turned to the
Bank.
Permits.

Duties on For-
eign Salt im-
ported, repe-
al.

§ 112.

Foreign Salt im-
ported for the

the Purports of
saying Fals, to
pay 2d. per
Bushel Excise
Duty.
Each Foreign
Salt to be im-
ported shall be
received subject to
the sealed Re-
ceipts.

Duties and
Drawbacks of
Excise on Min-
eral Alkali or
Flux for Glass
made in G. B.
exposed;

and instead of
the last Duties,
a Duty of 2s. 6d.
per Ton.

Substances to
be added to the
Alkali Duty;

It shall, &c.
from entered
Works without
Payment of
Duty, be
received and
finally sold.
Alkali Materials
to make Glass
of their Works.

Penalty 1000l.
and Forfeiture
of the Alkali, &c.

Penalty for Kelp
made in G. B.
Miners of Al-
kaline Prepara-
tions containing
Soda to have
a sealed Re-
ceipt of Officers
of Excise, or
Commissioners

after the passing of this Act, in lieu and instead of the Duties of Customs by this Act repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the Rate and Duty of Excise hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, for every Bushel of Foreign Salt of Fifty six Pounds Weight which shall be imported from beyond the Seas into Great Britain, for the sole Purposes of curing and preserving Fals, Three pence to be paid by the Importer before the landing thereof: Provided always, that all such Foreign Salt shall be imported, warehoused, stowed, applied and accounted for upon the several Terms and Conditions, and under and subject to the several Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions hereinafter recited, and such as may be provided and established by Law, for or in respect of White Salt sent or delivered to or for the Use of Fish Curers, free of Duty, for the Purposes of curing and preserving Fals.

XXIII. And Whereas it is expedient that the Duties and Drawbacks of Excise now payable in respect of Mineral Alkali, or Flux for Glass made in Great Britain, should be repealed, and that another Duty of Excise should be imposed in respect thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, the several Duties of Excise now payable by Law in respect of Mineral Alkali or Flux for Glass made in Great Britain shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable, law and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively which may at that time remain unpaid, or so any Pace, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in lieu and instead of the Duties on Mineral Alkali or Flux for Glass by this Act repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the Rate and Duty of Excise hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, for every Ton of all Mineral Alkali called Soda, or by whatever other Name or Names the same is or hereafter may be known or called, made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain, from whatever Materials or Ingredients the same may be made or extracted, Thirty Shillings.

XXV. And for avoiding Doubts as to what Substances shall be liable to such Duty, be it further enacted, That the said Duty shall attach and be paid upon all such Alkali as aforesaid, and upon all Substances, Materials and Preparations containing such Alkali, and which are or shall be employed or made for use in any Manufacture or Manufactures for or on account of any Alkali thereto contained: Provided always, that all Black Ashes or Minerals made in any entered Alkali Work, and used by or sold or delivered to any Soap Maker for making Soap, and containing not more than Ten per Centum of such Alkali, to be ascertained by an average Sample taken for that Purpose by the Surveying Officer, may be so used or sold or delivered to or from such entered Works, without Payment of the Duty hereby imposed; and that if any such Ashes or Materials shall be stored, sold or delivered without Payment of Duty, which shall contain more than Ten per Centum of such Alkali, all such Materials shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and the Person or Persons removing, using, selling, or delivering the same shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, before he, she or they shall propose to begin to make or manufacture any Mineral Alkali, commonly called or distinguished or known by the Descriptions of Soda, or any Substances, Material or Preparation containing such Alkali, and which are or shall be employed or made for use in any Manufacture or Manufactures for or on account of any Alkali thereto contained, shall from time to time make true and particular Entry in Writing of every Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse, Room and other Place, and also of every Utensil and Vessel by him, her or them respectively intended to be made use of in or for the making or keeping of such Alkali, or any Materials proper to be made into such Alkali, at the Office of Excise within the Company or Limits whereof such Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse, Room, and other Place respectively shall be situate; and if any such Person or Persons shall begin to make any such Alkali without first making such Entry, he, she or they shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with all such Alkali, and all the Materials proper to be made into such Alkali, and all the Utensils and Vessels used in making the same which shall at any time be found in any Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse, Room or other Place used in or for the making or keeping of such Alkali whereof no such Entry shall be made.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to the Manufacture of Kelp made in any Part of Great Britain, by the Incrustation of Marine Plants.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Manufacturer of Soda or any Alkaline Preparation containing Soda according to the Directions mentioned or prescribed in or by the Pharmacopoeia of the Royal College of Physicians of London, Edinburgh or Dublin, not exceeding Ten hundred Weight in any Quarter of a Year, shall, with respect to such Soda or Alkaline Preparations, be subject to the ordinary periodical Surveys of the Officers of Excise, or to the several Regulations on the time and manner of making Alkali, contained in this or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating thereto, provided such Maker or Manufacturer shall make due Entry of his Works, and shall on or within Ten Days after the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October respectively, in every Year, make a Return in Writing to the Commissioners of Excise, at the Chief Office of Excise in London or Edinburgh respectively, or to the Collector of Excise in whole Collection his, her or their entered Works shall be situate, of the whole Quantity of Soda and Alkaline Preparations containing Soda sold by him, her or them to the Quarter of the Year preceding, and verify the same by the Oath or Affirmation of him, her or them, or of his, her or their Foreman or Manager (which Oath and Affirmation the said Commissioners and Collectors are hereby respectively empowered to administer), and shall thereupon pay to such Commissioners

Addressed to the Part
of the Stock of
Salt required
Duty free to any
other Fish, and,
Exception
Penalty not.

Entered Fish
Customs Office,
loading on,
transferring or
delivering Salt
or Rock Salt to
either entered
Fish Curers, or
delivered a Certificate,
and, under
the Particulars
in the Book, is
to be kept upon the
Particulars.

Fish Curers to
whom Rock Salt
delivered to
enter the Day
and Hour when
received.
Fish Salt to be
open to Officers.

Consenting or
assenting, &c.
Fish Curers, or
officers, &c.
&c.

Penalty not.
Returning Salt
without Certificate,
&c.

Salt Curers, or
officers, &c.
Penalty not.

Coloured and
Cracked Salt
may be delivered
to Fish Curers.

Reasons.
Such Salt to be
approved by
Officers.

Provision for
Entry to be
made by Fish
Curers.

One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, no Fish Curer or Fish Curers shall sell or deliver Salt or Rock Salt for Home Trade or Consumption, or shall sell, exchange, transfer or deliver, or cause or suffer to be sold, exchanged, transferred or delivered, any Part of his, her or their Stock of Salt or Rock Salt received Duty free for curing and preserving Fish, to any other Fish Curer or Fish Curers, except as hereinafter mentioned, or to any other Person or Persons whatsoever, upon any Consideration or Promise whatsoever, upon Pain of forfeiting for each and every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds; any thing in any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That there shall be delivered by the proper Officer of Excise, to all and every entered Fish Curer and Fish Curers, a Book or Books to be prepared with proper printed Forms and Titles for the Particulars hereinafter mentioned, and kept by every such entered Fish Curer and Fish Curers to some public and open Part of his, her or their entered Premises; and that from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, it shall and may be lawful for all and every entered Fish Curer and Fish Curers to sell, transfer or deliver over to any other entered Fish Curer and Fish Curers all or any Part of his, her or their Stock of Salt or Rock Salt received Duty free for curing Fish; provided that no such Salt or Rock Salt shall be sold, transferred, delivered or exchanged by any such Fish Curer or Fish Curers, to or with any other entered Fish Curer or Fish Curers, without being accompanied by a Certificate filled up and set out progressively from the printed Forms for such Certificates contained in such Book as aforesaid, signed by such entered Fish Curer loading on or delivering the same, or some Person on his, her or their Behalf, certifying the Day and Hour of such loading on, the Quantity and Quality of such Salt or Rock Salt, from what Place and from whose Stock, and to what Place and to whose Stock the same is sent, and by what Mode of Conveyance; and that such Certificate shall be delivered with such Salt or Rock Salt to the Fish Curer or Fish Curers, and at the Place in which such Salt or Rock Salt is in such Certificate mentioned to be sent; and that the entered Fish Curer or Fish Curers filling, loading on, or delivering any such Salt or Rock Salt as aforesaid, shall at the same time make a corresponding Entry thereof, containing the same Particulars, in such Book as aforesaid; and that the Fish Curer or Fish Curers to whom such Salt or Rock Salt shall be sent and delivered as aforesaid, shall enter in the daily Account required by the Act to be kept by every Fish Curer, and on the said Certificate, the Day and Hour when such Salt or Rock Salt was received by him, her or them, into his, her or their Stock, at the Place mentioned in such Certificate, and shall deliver such Certificate to his, her or their foregoing Officer, or his next Surveyor of his, her or their Premises; and that every such Book, with such Entries as made therein as aforesaid, shall at all times be open and exposed in the entered Premises of every Fish Curer and Fish Curers as aforesaid to the Perusal and Examination of any Officer or Officers of Excise surveying the said Premises, and shall be delivered by every such Fish Curer and Fish Curers to any Officer or Officers of Excise upon Demand; and if any such Fish Curer or Fish Curers as aforesaid shall at any time sell, load on, transfer, deliver or exchange any Salt or Rock Salt to any other entered Fish Curer or Fish Curers as aforesaid, without sending therewith and delivering such Certificate as aforesaid, and making such Entry in such Book as aforesaid, or shall convey away or conceal any such Book or Books, or conceal, obliterate, alter, destroy or tear out any Leaf or Leaves therefrom, or Entry or Entries therein, or make any such Entry as Entries therein, or shall oppose, molest, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in inspecting or examining any such Book or any such Entry or Entries therein as aforesaid, or shall at any time neglect or refuse when required to give up to any Officer or Officers of Excise such Book or Books as aforesaid, all and every such entered Fish Curer or Fish Curers as aforesaid in offending shall for every such Offence severally forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any such Salt or Rock Salt be found remaining or removed without such Entry or Certificate as aforesaid, or not corresponding in Weight, Quantity, Quality and Description with the same, or in a different manner or in a different Course or Direction than directly from and to the respective Stocks mentioned in such Certificate accompanying the same, all such Salt or Rock Salt, together with the Vessels, Carriages and Cattle made use of in the removing or conveying the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Person or Persons offending, or in whose Custody or Possession such Salt or Rock Salt shall be found, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Maker or Makers of Salt, Refiner or Refiners of Rock Salt, or Proprietor or Proprietors of any Salt Works, to deliver from and out of his, her or their Warehouses, Storehouses, Lest or other Places belonging and adjoining to any Salt Works, any Quantity of Coloured or Dyed Salt, and Cracked Salt, commonly called or known by the Name or Description of Fused or Solid Salt, or for any Proprietor or Proprietors of any Salt Mine or Salt Pit to deliver from and out of his, her or their Mine or Pit any Cracked Rock Salt for the Use of the Jewish Fisheries, to be removed, carried, conveyed and delivered to any Fish Curer, under such Bonds, and under and subject to all and every such Provision and Regulations as are prescribed, provided and contained in the last several Acts now in force, or any of them, with respect to Salt delivered by such Person or Persons for the Use of the Fisheries, except so far as the same may be specially altered by this Act: Provided always, that no such Coloured or Dyed Salt, or Cracked, Fused or Solid Salt, or Cracked Rock Salt, shall be delivered as aforesaid, except such only as shall be approved of for that Purpose in Writing by the proper Officer of Excise of the Division or Division from which the same shall be delivered and removed as aforesaid, who shall be appointed by the Commissioners of Excise to inspect such Salt and Rock Salt respectively; and provided that no Cracked Rock Salt, Cracked, Fused or Solid Salt, or Coloured or Dyed Salt, shall be delivered to any Fish Curer after the Month of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, who shall not make Entry to such Coloured or Dyed Salt, and Cracked, Fused or Solid Salt, and Cracked Rock Salt only, for curing and preserving

preferring Fish, or Shell after the time last aforesaid have any Duty-free White Salt to lay, lay or their Col-
lectors or Pollition for that Purpose.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Barrel of Cracked Rock Salt delivered Duty-free shall
consist of Fifty six Pounds Weight only.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful as and for any Refiner or Refiners
of Rock Salt, residing at or near any Place situate upon or near any of the Sea Coasts of Great Britain, and
not being within the said Counties of Cheshire or Lancashire respectively, to provide or erect and make use of
a Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses, Situate not less than One hundred Yards from his,
her or their Refinery or Refineries, and the Warehouse and Warehouses and Cellars thereto belonging, for
the Purpose of laying, Storing or keeping thence Cracked Rock Salt delivered Duty free, and intended for
the Use of the British Fisheries, and to receive and lay such Cracked Rock Salt thence, and from time to
time to fill and deliver the same or any Part thereof to any licensed Fish Curer or Fish Curers only for curing
Fish: Provided always, that every such Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses, shall be sub-
stantially and securely built or constructed; and that no such Warehouse or Warehouses, or Storehouse or
Storehouses, shall have more than One Door or Entrance into the same, nor any Chimney, Throting, or any
Window or other opening, except such Door as aforesaid, within five Feet of any Part of the Ground; and
that there be no Communication between such Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses,
and any other Building or Place whatever: Provided also, that no such Warehouse or Warehouses, Store-
house or Storehouses shall be made use of for the laying, Storing or keeping (at one and the same time) of
any Salt or Rock Salt, except Cracked Rock Salt for the Use of the British Fisheries, nor any such Rock
Salt, until Entry in Writing of such Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses shall have been
made at the next Office of Excise, by the Owner or Owners, or Proprietor or Proprietors thereof, and such
Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses, shall have been first approved of in Writing by and
under the Hand of the Supervisor of Excise of the District in which such Warehouse or Warehouses, Store-
house or Storehouses shall be situate; and that such Cracked Rock Salt shall be received by such Proprietor
or Proprietors of such Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses, under the like Bond or Secu-
rity, and receipt, sold, or delivered as aforesaid under the like Regulations and Conditions, and Subject to
the like Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures as all Refiners, as in this or any other Act or Acts not hitherto ex-
pressly altered or are contained and directed for as on Behalf of Salt received or delivered, sold or trans-
ferred, by any Fish Curer for curing Fish, or by one Fish Curer to another Fish Curer; and if any such
Rock Salt delivered for the Use of the Fisheries, to be laid, Stored or kept in any such Warehouse or Ware-
houses, Storehouse or Storehouses as aforesaid, shall be lodged and deposited in any such Warehouse or Ware-
houses, Storehouse or Storehouses, of which such Entry shall not have been previously made as aforesaid, or
which shall not have been previously approved of as Writing by and under the Hand of the Supervisor of
Excise of the District in which the same shall be situate, and not afterwards disapproved of by such Super-
visor, all such Rock Salt so lodged and deposited as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized
by any Officer or Officers of Excise, any Clerk in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and
if any Proprietor or Proprietors of any such Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses, or Cellar
or Cellars shall sell, exchange, transfer, deliver, consume or employ any Part of the Cracked Rock Salt that
to be lodged in any such Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses, or lodged or deposited therein
for such Purpose as aforesaid, for any other or different Purpose or manner than as aforesaid, he, she or they
shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Fish Curer or Fish Curers who shall at any time after the
Month of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen months, have or take into his, her or their Cellar or
Cellars any White Salt delivered Duty free for curing or preserving Fish, shall have, receive or take into
his, her or their Cellar or Cellars any Brine-Coloured or Dyed Salt, or any Cracked Salt, called or
known by the Name or Description of Fined or Solid Salt, or any Cracked Rock Salt; and if any Fish
Curer or Fish Curers who shall at any time after the time last aforesaid months, have or take into his, her or
their Cellar or Cellars any White Salt delivered Duty free for curing or preserving Fish, or if any
other Person or Persons, not making Entry and giving Bond as hereinafter mentioned for any such Ware-
house as aforesaid, or not being a Fish Curer or Fish Curers, and making Entry and giving Bond as hereinafter
mentioned for the Receipt and Use of Coloured or Dyed Salt, or Cracked Salt, called or known by the
Name or Description of Fined or Solid Salt, or Cracked Rock Salt for curing and preserving Fish, or not
being a Glass Maker, or Maker of vitrified Mosaic Acid, or Cyperusate of Lime, shall have, receive,
or take into his, her, or their Cellar or Cellars any Brine-Coloured or Dyed Salt, or any Cracked
Salt called or known by the Name or Description of Fined or Solid Salt, or any Cracked Rock Salt (not
being delivered and shipped for use in the Coast of Exportation, all such Salt or Rock Salt respectively
shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and such Fish Curer or
Fish Curers, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the
Sum of Five hundred Pounds: Provided always, that in the Month of May One thousand eight hundred and
eighteen, and in the Month of May One thousand eight hundred and nineteen respectively, all and every Fish
Curer and Fish Curer who shall have in the Year and before the Month of April preceding received or sold
both Salt and or Dyed, or Cracked, Fined, or Rock Salt, and also White Salt, shall account for all
Dyed or Coloured Salt, and all Cracked, Fined, or Rock Salt received in the preceding Year, under the
strict Rules, Restrictions, Regulations and Allowances as are provided by Law with respect to White Salt
delivered Duty free for the Fisheries.

Refiner of Cracked
Rock Salt
Office.

Warehouse to be provided
for Refiners for
keeping Cracked
Rock Salt not
less than one
Hundred Yards from
Refineries, and they
may fill such Salt
to Fish Curers.

Regulations as to
Buildings, Chimneys,
Windows, &c. of
such Ware-
houses, &c.

Entry of such
Warehouses, &c.

Such Cracked
Rock Salt Subject
to Regulations
at several points
stated.

It enjoining such
Salt in Ware-
houses not
received.

Such Salt may
be seized.

Owner of Ware-
house selling
such Salt for
other Purpose.

Penalty upon

Fish Curers re-
ceiving White
Salt Duty free
as before: Where
here it is directed,
that shall be
bound with Ca-
lendar of Crack-
ed Salt, or not
received and
being used for
the Fisheries, &c.

Penalty upon
Fish Curers
having received
in April pre-
ceding received,
or Coloured,
or Coloured, or
received in May
shall and 1819

Fish Carvers who
have received
Licences for
Cured Fish or
Cured Rock Salt,
and given
Bond, to receive
herein men-
tioned.

XL. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Fish Carver or Fish Carvers who shall make Entry of his, her or their Premises for the Receipts of only Dried Coloured or Dried Salt, or Cured Salt, called or known by the Name or Description of Paled or Solid Salt, or Cured Rock Salt, for curing and preserving Fish, and who shall give Bond or Security, as be appointed of by the Commissioners of Excise, or the Persons or Persons who shall be appointed or employed by them for that Purpose, in Triple the Value of the Duty of all such Salt or Rock Salt which he, she or they shall then intend to receive, or have in his, her or their Custody or Possession at the Year ensuing the giving of such Bond or Security, that he, she or they will not receive into his, her or their Custody or Possession, or upon his, her or their several Premises, or into for the Cure and Preservation of Fish any White Salt, and that all the Coloured or Dried Salt, or Cured Salt, called or known by the Name or Description of Paled or Solid Salt, or Cured Rock Salt, which he, she or they shall receive, shall be really and truly employed, spent and consumed by him, her or them in curing and preserving Fish, and that no Part of such Salt or Rock Salt shall be employed, sold or disposed of in any other manner or for any other Purpose, or sold, exchanged, transferred or delivered to any other Fish Carver or Fish Carvers, except in manner herein mentioned, or to any other Persons or Persons, or removed from his, her or their several Premises, except such Part thereof as may be necessarily used in curing and preserving Fish as on board his, her or their Boats or Vessels employed by him, her or them, in the *British Fisheries*, and that he, she or they will render full Account of all such Salt and Rock Salt as hereinafter mentioned, to receive, have and take into and upon his, her or their Premises entered as aforesaid, any Quantity of such Coloured or Dried Salt, or Cured Salt, called or known by the Name or Description of Paled or Solid Salt, or Cured Rock Salt, free from any other Account than as hereinafter mentioned: Provided always, that when and in fact as any Fish Carver or Fish Carvers shall have received as aforesaid as much of such Coloured or Dried Salt, or Cured Salt, called or known by the Name or Description of Paled or Solid Salt, or Cured Rock Salt, as that Triple the Amount of the Duty thereon shall be equal to the Amount of the Penalty for which such Bond as aforesaid has been by him, her or them given, as such Fish Carver or Fish Carvers shall have, take or receive any further Quantity of such Coloured or Dried Salt, or Cured Salt, called or known by the Name or Description of Paled or Solid Salt, or Cured Rock Salt, and he, she or they shall have given fresh Bond in such Penalty and with such Condition as aforesaid, for such further Quantity thereof as he, she or they may then intend to receive in such Year.

Such Fish Carvers
to render an Ac-
count on May in
every Year, of
the true Quantity
of Coloured
Salt or Cured
Rock Salt in
Stock, and em-
ployed in curing
Fish.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Fish Carver or Fish Carvers who shall receive into his, her or their Custody or Possession only Coloured or Dried Salt, or Cured Salt, called or known by the Name or Description of Paled or Solid Salt, or Cured Rock Salt free of Duty, for the Purpose of curing or preserving Fish, shall at the Month of May in every Year respectively deliver to the proper Officer of Excise, whole Duty it shall be to receive the same, a true and particular Account in Writing, specifying the exact and true Quantity of such Coloured or Dried Salt, or Cured Salt, called or known by the Name or Description of Paled or Solid Salt, or Cured Rock Salt respectively, which he, she or they shall have had or received into his, her or their Custody or Possession, free of Duty during the Year preceding, and the true Quantities of such Coloured or Dried Salt, or Cured Salt, called or known by the Name or Description of Paled or Solid Salt, or Cured Rock Salt respectively, actually employed or consumed by him, her or them in such Year in curing and preserving Fish, and distinguishing in such Account the Weight and Quantity of each Kind of Fish cured therein, the Mode of Cure thereof respectively, and Quantity required for Exportation, and stating that no Part of such Salt or Rock Salt received by him, her or them has been sold, spent, consumed, or disposed of by him, her or them, or to his, her or their Knowledge or Belief, in any other Way or for any other Purpose than as aforesaid, or delivered to any other Person or Persons whatsoever, or transferred to any other Fish Carver or Fish Carvers, except as hereinafter mentioned, and shall verify such Account on Oath before the Receiver of Excise, under whose Survey such Fish Carver or Fish Carvers may be (which Oath such Receiver is hereby authorized and empowered to administer), and such Fish Carver or Fish Carvers shall throughout the Presence of the Officer weigh separately all the Coloured or Dried Salt, Paled or Solid Salt, and Cured Rock Salt respectively as he, her or their Custody or Possession, and give fresh Bond or Security for the same as aforesaid as Part of his, her or their succeeding Year's Stock; and if any such Fish Carver or Fish Carvers as aforesaid shall make out any false Account, or refuse or neglect to make out or verify such Account as aforesaid, or weigh such remaining Stock, or give such Bond or Security as aforesaid, be, she or they shall for every such Offence forfeit Triple the Value of the Duties on all the Salt or Rock Salt delivered into his, her or their Custody or Possession within the Year immediately before the time when such Account as aforesaid shall or ought to have been made out or delivered as aforesaid.

When such Ac-
count is to be
made.

Account verified
on Oath.

Fish Account,
As.

Penalty.

Fish wholly
cured, or cured
and repacked
in such manner
as shall be
ordered by the
Commissioners
of Excise, or the
Persons or Persons
appointed or em-
ployed by them
for that Purpose,
shall be deemed
to be wholly
cured, and shall
be subject to the
same Duty as
wholly cured
Fish.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That if on weighing the Stock of Salt in the Custody or Possession of any Fish Carver or Fish Carvers, in the Month of May in every Year, as directed by the said Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and by the Act, and of residence to the proper Officer of Excise the Account or Accounts thereby required, three full returns in the Custody or Possession of any Fish Carver or Fish Carvers any (said Fish, either wholly cured, or cured and repacked for Exportation to the East or West Indies, South America, Madeira, or the Baltic or Mediterranean, or which shall be in the Process of Salting or Curing, and of which an Account has been previously taken by such Officer, a full and may be lawful for the said Officer to examine and take Account of such Fish at the time of weighing such Stock of Salt; and that such Fish Carver or Fish Carvers shall affirm the Account or Accounts directed by the said Act and of the said Act, to be delivered to the proper Officer of Excise, include in such Account the Quantity and Species of all Fish remaining in his Custody or Possession at the time of taking such Stock of Salt as aforesaid, and state therein the Mode of Cure, and whether the same or what Part thereof is or are cured for Home

Mount Consumption or for Exportation as aforesaid, or are in the Possession of Salting or Curing, and of the Quantity of Salt sold or consumed thereon respectively, and shall certify the same to the Customs directed by the said Act and by this Act, whereupon such Fils, and the Quantity of Salt sold in curing or preserving the same (not exceeding the legal Allowance in the sale of White Salt), shall be delivered from such Account, and transferred to the Stock of Fils and Salt to be accounted for by such Fils Curer or Fils Curers in the Month of May in the following Year; and if any Fils Curer shall neglect or refuse to make out, certify, and deliver such Account, he, she or they shall forfeit for each and every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XLIII. And Whereas the Quantity of Salt allowed by Law for curing Pickards or White Herrings, by pickling or wet salting, has been found to exceed the Quantity sold for each Cure of Pickards or White Herrings, when not accounted for Exportation, as hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Month of May One thousand eight hundred and five, and all every Fils Curer or Fils Curers to whom any White Salt shall have been or shall be delivered for the Purpose of curing or preserving Fils, shall in lieu and instead of the Allowance of Salt granted and directed by the Laws now in force for curing and preserving Pickards or White Herrings respectively by pickling or wet salting, be allowed a Credit equal to One hundred and twelve Pounds only of Salt for every Thirty two Gallons of fresh cured Pickards or White Herrings respectively, not cured and re-packed for Exportation, as hereinafter mentioned, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity; any thing in the said Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That in weighing and taking an Account of and balancing the Stock of Salt or Rock Salt in the Custody or Possession of any Fils Curer or Fils Curers in the Month of May, as directed with respect to Salt by the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and by this Act, all Salt or Rock Salt respectively which shall then be found on the Premises, or in the Custody or Possession of any Fils Curer or Fils Curers, and which shall have been once sold or applied in curing or preserving Fils, shall be taken Account of by the Officer weighing and balancing such Stock, and the Amount thereof, as being Three Parts in Four of pure Salt or Rock Salt respectively, shall be carried to the Stock of the next succeeding Year's Account of Salt or Rock Salt respectively, for which such Fils Curer or Fils Curers shall be accountable; and that if, upon taking such Account, any Salt or Rock Salt respectively, which shall have been more than once sold upon or applied in the Cure of Fils, shall be found on the Premises or in the Custody or Possession of any such Fils Curer or Fils Curers, he, she or they respectively shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds; any thing in the said Act or in any other Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XLV. And Whereas it is represented that Salt is a household Manure for Land: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Salt Maker or Salt Makers from time to time to throw over, into or amongst their Ashes or other Compost Heaps any Quantity or Quantities of Brine in or from State, or to keep such Ashes or Compost Heaps in such Brine, and to sell, sell or deliver the Ashes or Compost Heaps so drenched or steeped in Brine for the Purpose only of manuring Land; and that all and every such Salt Maker or Salt Makers shall on the Fifth Day of July in every Year deliver to the Collector of Excise in whole Collection his, her or their Works shall be, the Quantity of such Salt, Ashes, Compost or Manure as aforesaid sold and delivered by him, her or them in the Year preceding: Provided always, that no Salt, Rock Salt, or Mann Substances, Articles or Ingredients, free and except liquid Brine only, shall be so stored or sold, sold or delivered as aforesaid; and that if any Salt Maker or Makers, drenching or keeping such Ashes or Compost Heaps with or in Brine as aforesaid, shall put lime, wash or amongst them, or shall under Pretence of this Act sell, deliver, or cause or suffer to be sold, sold or delivered, any Salt, Rock Salt, or other Mann Substances, Articles or Ingredients, without Payment of Duty, except liquid Brine so employed as aforesaid, as or for Manure; or if he, she or they, or any other Person or Persons use whole Caliche or Possession or under whole Direction any such Mann Ashes, Compost, or Manure shall cover, shall sell or employ or cause or suffer to be sold or employed the same or any Part thereof for any other Purpose than for manuring Land, he, she and they, and every such Person and Persons so offending, shall severally forfeit for each and every such Offence the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XLVI. And for enabling Persons to try the Effect of Salt in feeding Cattle, be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Owner or Proprietor of any Rock Salt Pit or Rock Salt Mine to sell and deliver from his, her or their Pit or Mine, or Warehouse or Storehouse adjoining thereto, such coarse and impure Rock Salt as shall be approved of by the proper Officer of Excise appointed for inspecting the same, in Lots or of not less Weight than Twenty Pounds each, to such Person and Persons, and in such Quantity and Quantities, as shall and may be granted by the Commissioners of Excise, for the Purpose of feeding or mixing with the Food of Sheep and Cattle, upon such Person or Persons paying Duty for the same at and after the Rate of Five Shillings per Bushel, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity; and upon Bond being given to His Majesty by such Person or Persons, with sufficient Sureties to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or the Person or Persons appointed to take such Bond, in the Penalty of Double the Amount of the Duty upon Rock Salt delivered for Home Consumption, that the whole of the Rock Salt so delivered shall be sold, spent, consumed and employed by him, her or them in feeding or mixing with the Food of Sheep or Cattle, and in no other manner and to and for no other Use or Purpose whatsoever; provided, that no further Quantity of Rock Salt shall be delivered as aforesaid to any Person or Persons for such Purpose as aforesaid, until the Bond and Bonds given by such Person or Persons on the Delivery of every prior Quantity shall be satisfied and discharged.

XLVII. And

not and rendered on bonds mentioned.

Pickling, as in and under the said Act, Penalty each.

Fils Curers to be allowed only 120 lbs. of Salt for 32 Gallons of Pickards or White Herrings not cured and re-packed for Exportation as hereinafter mentioned.

In taking Truly Account of Fils Curers, all Salt which has been only once sold in curing Fils shall be carried to the Stock of the next succeeding Year's Account, any Salt or Rock Salt which has been more than once sold as aforesaid, Penalty each.

Salt sold as hereinafter in Manure.

May the same be for any other Purpose than Manure, Penalty each.

Rock Salt for feeding Cattle may be delivered from any Pit, as in and under the said Act, at a Duty of 5s. per Bushel.

Bond to be given that the Salt shall be so sold.

Penalty.

Books, &c. signed on Certificates by Persons to whom Rock Salt delivered, that in any letter addressed to the Collector of Certificates, Permits or Licences, Collector to understand Certificates.

Delivered, or if Certificate given, the Book is given.

Persons may sell Rock Salt to others with Consent of the Board, being taken in this manner.

§ 8. 2. & 3. p. 5. etc.

Casks or Barrels of Fish to be branded, and that to be kept separate.

It is hereby enacted, that all Casks, Barrels, or Casks, found open for Fish, shall be marked, and that to be kept separate.

Fish Casks to be kept a daily Account of Fish, and that to be kept separate.

Nothing is to be kept, but to be kept separate.

Penalty 100.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That every such Book shall be issued and discharged on a Certificate signed by the Person to whom such Rock Salt shall have been delivered, and who thereupon gave such Book, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, and delivered by him, her or them to the Collector in whole Collection he, she or they shall receive, declaring that the whole of such Rock Salt has been sold, spent, employed and consumed in feeding or manure with the Food of Sheep and Cattle, and in no other manner and to and for no other Use or Purpose whatsoever, and specifying in what manner and Proportions the same has been so sold, what Deliveries and Number of Sheep or Cattle has been fed therewith, on what Lands and where situated, and what Receipts appear to have related thereto: Provided always, that no such Certificate shall discharge any such Book, unless such Collector as aforesaid shall upon Inquiry be satisfied of the Truth thereof and of the several Matters therein stated, and underwrite the same upon the same Certificate; and that if any such Certificate as aforesaid shall not be signed and delivered as aforesaid to such Collector before the End of One Month after the Expiration of Twelve Months from the Book being given and Rock Salt delivered as aforesaid, or shall in any respect be false, or any of the Rock Salt delivered as aforesaid shall be sold, spent, employed or consumed in any other manner, or for any other Use or Purpose than feeding or manure with the Food of Sheep or Cattle, the Penalty of the Book given on the delivery of any such Rock Salt shall be forfeited and paid to His said Majesty.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to prevent any Person or Persons killing, or transferring any Quantity of the Lumps or Pieces of carls and impure Rock Salt which he, she or they shall or may receive for the Purpose of feeding or manure with the Food of Sheep or Cattle under any such Book as aforesaid: provided the Content and Appearance of the Compositions of Exalts to and of such Transfer and Delivery be full and obtained, and such Book and Security first given by the Person or Persons intending to receive the same as is herebefore mentioned; which Book shall be taken and accepted by the Collector aforesaid to discharge or Part Discharge of the Book given on the First Delivery of such Rock Salt from the Mine or Pit, in the Proportion and according to the Quantity in such subsequent Book mentioned, and shall be discharged by such Certificate as aforesaid, or the Penalty thereof enforced in like manner as if the same had been given on the First Delivery of such Rock Salt as aforesaid.

XLIX. And Whereas, by the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, the Officer to whom any Fish packed in Barrels or Casks shall be produced as directed by that Act is authorized and required to here or brand each of such Barrels or Casks, in some conspicuous Part thereof with the Letters B. F.; Be it further enacted, That such Officer shall here or brand each of such Barrels or Casks with the said Letters across the upright Stems of such Barrel or Cask, and shall on all Casks or Barrels of Fish which are not at the time declared by the Fish Curer or Fish Curer to be intended for Exportation to the *East or West Indies, South America, Madras or the Indies or the Mediterranean*, add the Letter H.; and on all Casks or Barrels of White Herrings or Pickleds declared by the Fish Curer or Fish Curer to be intended for Exportation as aforesaid to the *East or West Indies, South America, Madras or the Mediterranean*, the Letter W.; and all such Casks or Barrels of White Herrings or Pickleds declared to be intended for Exportation as aforesaid to the *Indies*, the Letter B.; and that after such Barrels or Casks respectively shall be so here or branded as aforesaid, the Fish Curer or Fish Curer producing the same shall forthwith remove all and every such Barrels or Casks, or Barrel or Cask, and at all times keep the same wholly separate and apart from all other Fish not so branded, and the Casks under each particular Mark separate and apart from all Casks branded with a different Mark; and if any Fish Curer or Fish Curer shall not, immediately on or after the time of branding such Casks or Barrels respectively as aforesaid, remove and keep the same separate and apart as aforesaid, or if any Casks or Barrels marked or branded with the Letter W. shall be found on the Customs or Possession of any Person or Persons open for Home Consumption, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be found by any Officer or Officers of Exalts, and the Person or Persons offending therein shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

L. And be it further enacted, That all and every Fish Curer or Fish Curer shall respectively daily and every Day enter or cause to be entered to a Book or Paper to be provided for that Purpose as each and particular Account of such and every Cask, Barrel, Package or Quantity of cured or preserved Fish sold, delivered or first sent by any such Fish Curer or Fish Curer respectively, and shall distinguish therein the Kind or Species of Fish and Mode of Cure, and whether the same is or is sold, delivered or sent out for Home Trade or Consumption, or intended for Exportation as herebefore mentioned, or for Removal to any other Port or Place for Fish Exportation, specifying the same; and such Book or Paper shall at all times kept on the stated Premises of such Fish Curer or Fish Curer open to the Inspection of all and every Officer and Officers of Exalts who shall visit or survey the same; and shall at the time of weighing, taking the Account of and balancing the Stock of Salt or Rock Salt to the Customs or Possession of such Fish Curer or Fish Curer in the Month of May as directed by the said Act, be delivered by such Fish Curer or Fish Curer to the Officer or Officers taking Account of and balancing such Stock, and the Truth of the Entries made therein shall be then and there verified upon the Oath of such Fish Curer or Fish Curer, which Oath the respective Supervisors of Exalts are hereby authorized and required to administer; and in case any such Fish Curer or Fish Curer shall neglect or refuse to keep such Book or Paper, or to make or cause to be made due Entries therein, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or shall neglect, then, deliberate or deliver any of such Entries made therein, or use therein or deliver any of the Letters or Part of such Book or Paper, or shall neglect or refuse to deliver the same as herebefore directed, so as verify the said Entries therein, or any of them upon Oath, such Fish Curer or Fish Curer shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

LII. And be it further enacted, That for the further Encouragement of the Exportation of Fish cured and preserved in the *Salted Pickeries to the East or West Indies, South America, Madras, the Bahis or the Moluccanous, or India*, it shall and may be lawful for any Fish Curer or Fish Curers with White Salt to hunt and receive upon their entered Passports, for the Purpose of being repacked for such Exportation, and to open any Number of Barrels or Casks of Pickled or Waxed Herrings packed or wet salted with White Salt, branded with the Letter H., as not having been originally cured or packed for such Exportation, and to unpack and repack the same with Fresh White Salt only for such Exportation; and that upon such Barrel or Cask, Barrels or Casks, being repacked as aforesaid, and produced to the Officer under whose Survey such Passports may then be, he shall brand the same upon the upright Stems of such Fish Barrel or Cask with the Letter W., or if repacked to be exported to the *Bahis or the West Indies, South America, the Moluccanous or Madras*, and if repacked to be exported to the *East or West Indies, South America, the Moluccanous or Madras*, and if branded by the Officer, and actually exported, or to the best of his Knowledge to be exported as aforesaid, or for Exportation to the *Bahis*, and be branded by the Officers, and actually exported, or to the best of his Knowledge to be exported as aforesaid (which Cask the respective Supervisor or Officer is hereby authorized to administer), be allowed in his Account of Fishery Salt, to be balanced and taken in the Month of May, as directed by the said Act of the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, Seventy Pounds of White Salt for every Barrel or Cask of Thirty two Gallons to be branded and sworn to be repacked, and exported as aforesaid to the *East or West Indies, South America, the Moluccanous or Madras*, and Forty eight Pounds of White Salt for every Fish Barrel or Cask to be branded and sworn to be repacked and exported as aforesaid to the *Bahis*, and specified in such Account.

LIII. And Whereas it is expedient to extend the Allowance of Salt delivered Duty free for curing and preserving Fish in dry salted Cod, Ling or Hake, Haddock and Whiting, and Grand Fish, sometimes called Gown Bill; Be it therefore enacted, That all and every Fish Curer and Fish Curers in which any White Salt shall, under the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions of the said Acts of the Thirty eighth and Fifty fifth Years of His present Majesty's Kings, be delivered Duty free for the Purpose of curing and preserving Fish, shall be allowed a Credit not exceeding Seventy Pounds of such Salt for every One hundred Weight of dried salted Cod, Ling or Hake, not exceeding Forty Pounds Weight of Salt for every One hundred Weight of dried salted Haddock or Whiting, and a Credit not exceeding Eighty four Pounds for every Barrel of Thirty two Gallons of Gown Bill or Gown Bill wet salted and perfectly cured, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity, such Credit to be allowed under the same Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, Ports, Prizes and Forfeitures, which by the said Act, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time of passing this Act, are contained, provided, settled or established for or in respect of allowing Salt Duty free for the Purpose of curing and preserving Fish therein mentioned, or for or in respect of allowing Fish Curers Credit for Salt delivered to them for that Purpose.

LIII. And Whereas the Quantity of Salt for curing Salmon, allowed by the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, is insufficient to answer the Purpose intended, and it is expedient to grant a further Allowance of Salt used in curing and preserving Salmon; Be it therefore enacted, That all and every Fish Curer or Fish Curers to whom any White Salt shall have been or shall be delivered for the Purpose of curing and preserving Fish, shall, in lieu and instead of all former Allowance of Salt for curing and preserving Salmon, be allowed a Credit equal to Fifty Pounds Weight of Salt for every One hundred Weight of dried salted Salmon, and for every Barrel containing Forty two Gallons of wet salted Salmon shall be allowed a Credit equal to One hundred and thirty Pounds Weight of Salt, and for every Barrel of Forty two Gallons of wet salted Salmon which shall be by such Fish Curer or Fish Curers repacked or packed from any Cask, Vat or other Vessel in which the same shall have been first cured for Exportation, a further Credit equal to Thirty eight Pounds Weight of Salt for such packed or repacked wet salted Salmon, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity; provided such Casks be packed or repacked be taken account of and branded by the proper Officer of Excise with the Letter R. S.; any thing in the said Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of Excise from time to time and at all times, upon his or their Request, to enter into and every the Cellars, Warehouses, Storehouses, Curing Houses and other Places entered or made use of by any Fish Curer or Fish Curers for laying or keeping any Salt or Rock Salt for the Purpose of curing, salting, packing or storing Fish, and by weighing, gauging, taking or otherwise, as to such Officer shall from time to time, to take an Account of the Quantity and Description of all Salt and Rock Salt, and of all Fish, in the Custody or Possession of such Fish Curer or Fish Curers as aforesaid; and if any such Fish Curer or Fish Curers or other Persons or Persons, shall in anywise hinder or obstruct any such Officer or Officers in entering into or searching any such Premises as aforesaid, or in taking such Account as aforesaid, or shall conceal from the Sight and Possession of such Officer any Salt, Rock Salt or Fish, or refuse, or fail, or refuse to be searched, any Act or Continuance by which any such Officer shall be prevented from or hindered in taking a true Account thereof; or if any such Fish Curer or Fish Curers shall upon Demand neglect or refuse to give by himself, his Servants and Workmen, all credit and necessary Assistance to such Officer, in taking such Account as aforesaid, every such Fish Curer or Fish Curers shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

LV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Fish Curer and Fish Curers and are hereby required to provide, when demanded by the Officer of Excise surveying such Fish Curer or Fish Curers, proper, sufficient and just Scales and Weights at each and every Warehouse, Storehouse, or Cellar respectively to him, her or them belonging, for the Purpose of from time to time weighing and taking an Account of the Salt

Fish Curers respecting cured White Herrings for Exportation, to be allowed in account of Salt, but under the Regulations herein contained.

Allowance of Duty free Salt for curing dry salted Fish.

Allowance of Salt to Fish Curers in Salmons mentioned in the Act of former Allowances.

Power to Officers of Excise to enter and take Account of Salt and Fish in the Premises of Fish Curers.

Penalty for Fish Curers who provide good and sufficient Scales and Weights.

other Place where the same may or shall have been lodged and deposited, such Salt or Rock Salt together with the Package containing the same, and the Ship, Boat, Barge, Boat or other Vessel, and also the Waggons, Cart and other Carriages and Horses and other Cattle in or upon which the same shall be found, and the Cattle made use of in the drawing of such Waggons, Carts or other Carriages, or which shall be used or employed in removing such Salt or Rock Salt as aforesaid, shall be forfeited and may be seized by any Officer or Officer of Customs; and the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession any Salt or Rock Salt is brought, unshipped, landed, taken, removed or concealed as aforesaid, shall be found, or who shall be or shall have been concerned or employed in bringing, procuring, unshipping, landing, reloading, concealing, removing, carrying, delivering, buying or receiving any such Salt or Rock Salt, shall severally forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings for every Pound Weight of such Salt or Rock Salt so found as aforesaid.

LX. And Whereas all and every Maker or Makers of Salt, Refiner or Refiners of Rock Salt, or Proprietor or Proprietors of any Salt Mine, Salt Pit or Salt Work, is and are by Law required, Weekly and at the End of every Week, to pay and clear off all the Duties for or in respect of Salt and Rock Salt which shall have been charged to such Maker or Makers, Refiner or Refiners, or Proprietor or Proprietors, on the then current Week, unless such Maker or Makers, Refiner or Refiners, or Proprietor or Proprietors, shall have given Bond or Security for Payment of such Duties: And Whereas many Persons refusing or neglecting to give such Bond have taken Salt out of the Warehouses, and removed and disposed of the same without afterwards paying the duties on such Salt, to the great injury of His Majesty's Revenue: Be it therefore enacted, That all and every Maker or Makers of Salt, Refiner or Refiners of Rock Salt, or Proprietor or Proprietors of any Salt Mine, Salt Pit, or Salt Work, who shall not give such Bond for securing the Payment of the Duties as is required by Law for that Purpose, shall pay to the Collector of Excise where such Salt Mine, Salt Pit or Salt Work shall be situate, all the Duties charged or chargeable for or in respect of any Salt or Rock Salt which he, he or they shall be about to remove, before such Salt or Rock Salt shall be delivered out of the Warehouse in which the same shall be deposited; and that in default of such Payment on such Salt or Rock Salt shall be delivered for Home Trade or Consumption out of such Warehouse to or by any such Maker or Makers, Refiner or Refiners, or Proprietor or Proprietors not giving such Bond as aforesaid.

LXI. And Whereas it is expedient to repeal the several Drawbacks of Customs and Excise payable on the Exportation of Duty-paid Salt from Great Britain: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the several Drawbacks of Customs and Excise payable on the Exportation of Duty-paid Salt from Great Britain shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Maker or Makers, or Refiner or Refiners, or Dealer or Dealers in Salt, having the Licence and Permission of the Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them for the time being, for that Purpose, to provide or erect One or more Export Warehouses or Warehouses in or within the Port of London or Hull, Greenwich, Leam and Plymouth, for the Purpose of laying, storing or keeping therein Salt delivered Duty free, and intended for Exportation: provided that every such Warehouse shall be well, substantially and securely built and constructed, so the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or such Officer or Officers as they may appoint to inspect the same; and that no such Warehouse shall have more than One Door or Entrance to the same; and that there be no Communication between any such Warehouse and any other Place whatsoever, except such external Door or Entrance as aforesaid, and that there be no Chimney or any Window or Opening within Ten Feet of the Ground, or of any Wall, Erection or Building on the Outside thereof: Provided also, that no Person or Persons shall be the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Export Warehouse or Warehouses, or shall be in any respect employed or concerned therein, or have any Interest in the Salt therein deposited, who shall be a Dealer in Salt for Home Trade or Consumption, or for any such Warehouse, Collier, Shop or other Place, within a Quarter of a Mile of such intended Warehouse for Duty free Salt, or have any Interest or Concern in such Trade; and that such Warehouse or Warehouses, and the Salt deposited therein, and the Person or Persons making Entry thereof, shall be subject to all the Rules, Regulations and Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures prescribed, directed, contained or imposed by the said Act of the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, with respect to Export Warehouses in or within the Ports of Liverpool or Bristol respectively, except so far as the same or any of them are altered by this Act, so fully and effectually as if the same were repeated or referred in the Body of the present Act; and that if any Person or Persons having or being employed or concerned in such Warehouse or Warehouses as aforesaid, or any of the Salt deposited therein, shall at the same time be a Dealer in Salt for Home Trade or Consumption, or interested in or directly or indirectly concerned in such Trade carried on as aforesaid, he, he or they shall forfeit and every such Officer, Justice and his the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful so for any Person or Persons, within Twelve Months after the Importation and Landing of Foreign Salt, to take free of Duty, for the Purpose of immediately exporting the same to any Ship or Vessel out of left Batches than Forty Tons to Newfoundland, for curing Coal Fish, Ling or Hake to be there caught, any Quantity not being less than Fifty Bushels at a time of Foreign Salt, from and out of any Import Warehouse, Storehouse or Collier at Plymouth, in which the same has been put according to the Regulation of the said Act made in the Thirty-ninth Year aforesaid, the Person or Persons in taking out such Salt will giving the like Security, and being subject to all the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures, prescribed, directed, contained, or imposed by an Act made in the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, with respect to the Exportation of Foreign Salt to Newfoundland, and taken free of Duty from and out of

and Privy.

such Makers not giving Bond for securing the Payment of the Duties, or pay such Duties before taking out of the Warehouse.

Drawbacks of Customs and Excise on Duty-paid Salt are hereby repealed.

Warehouses for storing Salt Duty free for Exportation may be established at London, Hull, Greenwich, Leam, and Plymouth, under the same Regulations made in the Warehouses at Liverpool and Bristol, under 24 Geo. 3. c. 25. s. 2.

Lampson.

Consent of such Warehouses being Drawn for Home Consumption, Privately good. Foreign Salt may be taken from any Import Warehouse at Plymouth Duty free in export to Newfoundland for curing Coal Fish, subject to Regulations of 24 Geo. 3. c. 25. s. 2.

any Import Warehouse for that Purpose, as are required at or within the Ports of *Perth, Barmouth, Pakeness and Glasgow* respectively, by the said Act.

LXIV. And Whereas by the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign aforesaid, it is enacted, that in case any Salt or Rock Salt for which the Duties by the said Act imposed shall have been paid, or which shall have been delivered upon Board, free of those Duties, shall be lost or destroyed through Struck of Weather or Storm at Sea, or by the accidental or unavoidable calling away, sinking or breaching of any Flat, Boat, Barge or Vessel in or on board of which any such Salt or Rock Salt shall be removing or transporting from one Place to another, it shall and may be lawful for the Owner, Proprietor or Skipper of such Salt or Rock Salt to make Application in Writing for Relief to His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Division or Shire wherein to which any such Accident shall happen, at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or to the Commissioners of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, or any Three of the said Commissioners, and thereupon it shall and may be lawful so and for such Justices of the Peace at the Quarter Sessions, or Commissioners of Excise, or any Three of such Commissioners respectively, to receive and admit such Application, and to examine all Parties touching the Matter contained therein, and upon due Proof of the Fact in the manner prescribed by the said Act, to grant such Relief as in the said Act is contained, and under the several Provisions, Conditions and Restrictions therein contained: And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, among other things, for granting Relief for Salt lost at Sea by Shipwreck or Capture, it is enacted, that in every case where any such Salt or Rock Salt as aforesaid shall, by the accidental or unavoidable calling away and sinking of the Ship or Vessel in or on board of which such Salt or Rock Salt shall be removing or transporting from one Place to another, be lost, or where any such Salt or Rock Salt, as in that Relief mentioned in an Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign aforesaid, shall be lost by Capture of Enemies, and any such Loss shall not have come to the Knowledge of the Proprietor or Skipper thereof in sufficient time to enable such Proprietor or Skipper to give the Notice required by the said Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Proprietor or Skipper, within One Month after such Accident shall have become known to him, her or them, to give to the Commissioners of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, or to the Collector of Excise of the Collection wherein to which the Accident shall have happened, such Notice as by the said last recited Act is prescribed; and upon any such Notice as in by the said Act of the Fifty first Year aforesaid prescribed having been given as aforesaid, for His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Division or Shire, at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace next to which the Owner, Proprietor or Skipper of the Salt or Rock Salt shall reside, or for the Commissioners of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, or any Three of the said Commissioners, to proceed thereon, and grant the like Relief as in and by the said respective Acts is authorized, directed, required, upon and under the Terms, Conditions and Restrictions contained in the said Act: And Whereas it is expedient that the said recited Provisions in the said Two Acts of the Thirty eighth and Fifty first Years of the Reign aforesaid should be repeated: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the said recited Provisions in the said Two Acts of the Thirty eighth and Fifty first Years of the Reign aforesaid shall be and the same are hereby respectively repeated.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, in case any Salt or Rock Salt removing from one Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain to any other Part thereof, or shipped for Exportation to Ireland, shall be lost or destroyed by a Leak or Lifting accidentally or unavoidably springing by such Flat, Barge, Boat or other Vessel, during such Carriage or Conveyance of such Salt or Rock Salt, and fortuitously happen to the Officer of Excise at the Port or Place of Discharge, before or at the time of the Delivery of such Salt or Rock Salt respectively, or by the unavoidable sinking, breaching, calling away, Wreck or Sinking, or by the Capture of any Flat, Boat, Barge or Vessel in or on board of which any such Salt or Rock Salt shall be removing or transporting as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Owner, Proprietor or Skipper of such Salt or Rock Salt or Captain, Condagee or Agent, to make Application in Writing to Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County in Great Britain wherein to which any such Loss shall be followed or be first discovered, or to the Port of Discharge, or to the Collector and Comptroller of the Port as aforesaid to which such Vessel shall be directed, or into which such Vessel shall be driven, or to the Commissioners of Excise in London, or to the Chief Office of Excise in London, according to the Place where such Loss may happen, or any Three of the said Commissioners respectively; and thereupon it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justices of the Peace, Collector and Comptroller or Commissioners of Excise, or any Three of such Commissioners respectively, and they are hereby required to receive and admit such Application, and to issue and grant their Summons to all and every Witnesses and Witnesses thereupon named by the Party or Parties making such Application, to come before them, upon a time and at a Place to be mentioned in such Summons respectively, to be examined upon their and each of their Corporal Oaths touching and concerning the Premises, and at such time and Place to examine upon Oath (which Oath such Justices, Collector and Comptroller and Commissioners are hereby respectively authorized to administer) not only all and every such Witnesses and Witnesses, but all Witnesses then and there produced against such Application, in the Presence of the proper Collector or Supervisor of Excise, if he or they shall stand at such time and Place, touching the Matter stated and contained in such Application, and to take such Examination and every Part thereof in Writing, to be afterwards read over to and signed by each such Witness respectively; and upon Proof of all and every the Facts stated and contained in such Application by such Witnesses as aforesaid, one of whom shall be the Master or Mate of such Flat, Boat, Barge or Vessel, of such Master or Mate be living at the time, and upon Proof as aforesaid that such Flat, Boat, Barge or Vessel was, at the time of the Shipwreck

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repeated.

When Salt or Rock Salt removing Great-britain or exporting to Ireland is lost by calling away, wreck or sinking of the Vessel, or Capture, Application may be made to Two Justices, or (if Ireland) to the Collector or Comptroller, or to the Excise in London or Ireland, where to examine Witnesses.

Proceedings on such Application, and what the Proof is to be.

and Receipt of such Salt or Rock Salt, tight, sealed, and in all respects Sea worthy, and in for the Receipt and safe Conveyance of such Salt or Rock Salt, and without Leakage or other Injury, and was not loaded with Salt or other Goods to or in such in the Water below her Load Water line or Mark, and that all such Salt or Rock Salt had been duly weighed, and had been shipped and received on board thereof, and fearfully kept during the said Voyage, continuously from the time when such Salt or Rock Salt was weighed, and was shipped and received on board thereof, until the Salt or Rock Salt was weighed or delivered out of such Vessel at the Port of Delivery, and in the Presence of the proper Officer of Excise, or the Vessel was stranded, salt away, wrecked, sunk or captured, or the Salt or Rock Salt was lost or destroyed by such Leak or Leaks as aforesaid, and that no Port of such Salt or Rock Salt had been taken out, removed, lost, consumed or destroyed by any Negligence or Want of due and proper Care thereof, or from the Misconduct or Mismanagement of such Vessel, or of any Person or Persons whatsoever, to the Knowledge or Belief of such Master or Master respectively, and that such Leak or Deficiency was or were wholly and solely owing to and occasioned by the Cause stated in such Application, being either by a Leak or Leaks accidentally or unavoidably sprung by such Flue, Barge, Boat or other Vessel, during such Carriage or Conveyance of such Salt or Rock Salt, and satisfactorily shown to the Officer of Excise at the Port or Place of Discharge, before or at the time of the Delivery of such Salt or Rock Salt respectively, or by the unavoidable stranding, sailing away, Wreck, sinking or Capture of such Vessel, such Justices are hereby authorized and required to grant to the Collector or Supervisor of Excise, and such Collector and Comptroller as aforesaid shall, at the Request of the Party or Parties making such Application, thereupon transmitted to the Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland, in the following manner, a Copy of such Application, and of the Examination in Writing taken thereon, with three Certificates, to be signed by such Justices or Collector and Comptroller respectively, specifying that such such Wreck has been examined by them upon Oath, that for or her Examination was afterwards read over to and signed by such such Wreck in the presence of such Justices or Collector and Comptroller respectively, and that the several Facts stated in such Application were or were not, as the case may be, proved in their Satisfaction; and such Collector or Supervisor shall, upon Receipt of such Copy and Certificate from such Justices as aforesaid, transmit the same to the Commissioners of Excise, who are hereby authorized and required, upon Receipt of any such Certificate as aforesaid, if they be satisfied thereon, in case the Salt or Rock Salt is lost or destroyed shall have been proved to be Salt or Rock Salt for which the Duties by law imposed shall have been paid or secured to be paid, to allow to the Maker or Proprietor of such Salt or Rock Salt, out of the Duties on Salt which shall next become due and payable from such Maker or Proprietor, the full Amount of the Duties proved to have been paid for such Salt or Rock Salt which shall be proved to have been lost or destroyed as aforesaid; and if the Salt or Rock Salt which shall be proved to have been lost or destroyed as aforesaid, shall be Salt or Rock Salt which shall have been delivered upon Bond free of Duty, or Rock Salt which shall have been delivered for Exportation upon the low Duty to which such Rock Salt for Exportation is liable, then and in every such case the said Commissioners shall, as to such Salt or Rock Salt lost or destroyed, order and require such Collector of Excise as aforesaid to cause or secure the Bond which shall have been given for the delivery of the Salt or Rock Salt which shall be proved to have been lost or destroyed; and that if such Application be made to the Commissioners of Excise as aforesaid, and such Proof be made as aforesaid to their Satisfaction, such Commissioners shall grant the same Relief respectively as is heretofore directed to be granted by them on such Certificate as aforesaid. Provided always, that no such Application as aforesaid shall be submitted or proceeded upon unless the Proprietor or Shipper of any Salt or Rock Salt which shall be lost or destroyed as aforesaid, or some Person as he, her or their Belief, shall give Notice in Writing to the Collector or Comptroller of the Port or Harbour to which such Vessel may be destined, or into which she may be driven, or to the Collector or Supervisor of Excise in Great Britain nearest to the Place where such Loss may happen or be first discovered, or to the Solicitors of Excise for summary and criminal Prosecutions, within Ten Days after such Loss shall have happened or been first discovered as aforesaid; or if such Flue, Barge, Boat or other Vessel be then at Sea, within Ten Days after her Arrival at her destined Port; nor unless it shall be specified in such Application where and where such Loss shall have happened and been discovered, and by which parties her Cause before mentioned it shall have been confirmed; nor unless the Names and Places of Abode of the Maker or Seller, and of the Proprietor or Shipper of the Salt or Rock Salt, the time when and the Place where the same was shipped, and the Place to which the same was consigned or intended to be removed, and also the Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt actually shipped, shall be specified in such Application, and also whether it was Salt or Rock Salt for which the Duties had been paid, or which had been delivered as Bond, and the Names of the Flue, Barge, Boat or Vessel in which the same was shipped, and of the Maker or Comptroller thereof. Provided also, that no such Application in such Justices or Commissioners shall be admitted or proceeded upon unless a Copy of such Application shall be delivered to such Collector or Supervisor as aforesaid, or to the Solicitors of Excise for summary and criminal Prosecutions, Three Days at least before the time appointed by such Justices or Commissioners for the Examination of the Witnesses, together with the List of the Names, Residences and Descriptions of the several Witnesses who shall be intended to be thereupon examined; and that, upon any such Examination as aforesaid, such Witnesses only shall be examined in Support of such Application whose Names are contained in such List, and that such Examination shall be conducted in the Manner specified in such Application.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if the said Commissioners of Excise shall be dissatisfied with any such Examination or Certificate as aforesaid, they are hereby authorized and required within Fourteen Days to signify the same to the Party or Parties making such Application as aforesaid, and give to such Party or Parties a Notice of Appeal to the Justices of the said County, or of the County from which such Salt or Rock

Justice in peace, and Collector, as in the foregoing of the Party, to transmit to the Collector or Comptroller, a Copy of Application and Examination, and Certificate of Proceedings, and Certificate of Excise on Receipt thereof, may make such Allowance to the Proprietor of Salt as lost, as an actual maintenance.

and order Col. lution in manner the Bond.

Notice to be given in Office of Application for Relief.

What Salt Application is to specify.

Copy of Application to be delivered to Collector or Supervisor of Excise, and to the Solicitors of Excise.

Appeal in Question before by other Party.

intere may be sued for, recovered, tried or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Exche, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Pleas or Informations in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that (live and except in such case or cases where it is otherwise expressly directed by this Act.) One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall discover, inform or sue for the same.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

Act may be altered, &c. See before.

C A P. L.

An Act to continue an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reige, intitled *An Act to provide for the preventing and suppressing of Pease in such Parts of Ireland as may at any Time be defuncted by Judgment, Perjury, or by Perjury entering into unlawful Combinations or Conspiracies.* [17th June 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reige, intituled *An Act to provide for the preventing and suppressing of Pease in such Parts of Ireland as may at any Time be defuncted by Judgment, Perjury, or by Perjury entering into unlawful Combinations or Conspiracies* in consequence of Force for Two Years from and after the passing thereof, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament: And Whereas the said Act is about to expire at the End of this present Session of Parliament, and it is expedient that the same should be continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act shall be and the same is hereby further continued, and shall be in Force in Ireland, from the End of this present Session of Parliament, for a further Period of One Year, and no longer.

See before.

continued.

C A P. LI.

An Act to regulate the Celebration of Marriages in Newfoundland.

[17th June 1817.]

WHEREAS a Doubt has existed whether the Law of England requiring Religious Ceremonies in the Celebration of Marriages to be performed by Persons in Holy Orders, for the perfect Validity of the Marriage Contract, be in Force in Newfoundland; and by reason of this Doubt, Marriages have been of late celebrated in Newfoundland by Persons not in Holy Orders: And Whereas great Inconvenience and Irregularities may arise if these Doubts shall continue to prevail: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of January in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, all Marriages had in Newfoundland shall be celebrated by Persons in Holy Orders; and all Marriages which shall be contracted or celebrated in Newfoundland contrary to this Act, after the First Day of January in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, shall be and are hereby declared to be null and void: Provided nevertheless, that nothing contained in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to any Marriages that may be had under Circumstances of peculiar and extreme Difficulty in procuring a Person in Holy Orders to perform the Celebration, and in which the Law might on that account otherwise determine on the Validity of such Marriages: Provided always, that in all such cases the Circumstances of the case and the actual Contract of Marriage shall be certified as the Oath of the Parties before the Magistrate nearest to the usual Residence of the Parties, or either of them, or before some other Person duly authorized by the Governor or Officer administering the Government in Newfoundland, to administer such Oath.

Marriages to be celebrated in Newfoundland by Persons in Holy Orders, in case of Difficulty in procuring Persons in Holy Orders being certified as Oath.

II. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to Marriages already had, or that shall be had previous to the First Day of January in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen: Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend to any Marriages amongst the People called Quakers, or amongst the Persons professing the Jewish Religion, where both the Parties to any such Marriage shall be of the People called Quakers, or Persons professing the Jewish Religion respectively.

Persons already converted, Quakers and Jews.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

Act may be altered, &c. See before.

C A P. LII.

An Act to alter an Act passed in the Eleventh Year of the Reige of King George the Second, for the more effectual Securing the Payment of Rents, and preventing Frauds by Tenants

[17th June 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the Eleventh Year of the Reige of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled *An Act for the more effectual Securing the Payment of Rents, and for preventing Frauds by Tenants*, it is amongst other things enacted, that from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and thirty eight, if any Tenant holding any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments at a Rack Rent, or where the Rent reserved should be full Three fourths of the Yearly Value of the saided Premises, who should be in Arrear for One Year's Rent, should forfeit the saided Premises.

See before.

“ *Provida*, and have the same unaccepted, so as no sufficient Distress could be had to countervail the Arrears of Rent, it should and might be lawful to and for Two or more Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Division or Place (having no Interest in the demised Premises), at the Request of the Lessor or Landlord, Lessor or Landlords, or his, her or their Bailiff or Bailiffs, to go upon and view the same, and to affix or cause to be affixed on the most conspicuous Part of the Premises Notice in Writing what Day (at the Distance of Fourteen Days at least) they would return to take a Second View thereof; and if upon such Second View the Tenant or some Person on his or her behalf, should not appear and pay the Rent in Arrear, or there should not be sufficient Distress upon the Premises, then the said Justices might put the Landlord or Landlords, Lessor or Lessors, into the Possession of the land demised Premises; and the Lease thereof to such Tenant, as to any Demise therein contained only, should from thenceforth become void: And Whereas it is expedient, for the due Exercise of the Interest of Landlords, that so much of the said Act as requires a Tenant to be in Arrear for One Year's Rent should be altered, and that the Possession of the said Act should be extended to Tenants where no Right of Entry is made of Non Payment is referred to the Landlord; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the Possessions, Powers and Remedies by the said recited Act given to Lessors and Landlords in case of any Tenant defaulting the demised Premises and leaving the same unaccepted or unoccupied, so as no sufficient Distress can be had to countervail the Arrears of Rent, shall be extended to the case of Tenants holding any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments at a Rack Rent, or where the Rent reserved shall be full Three Months of the Yearly Value of the demised Premises, and who shall be in Arrear for One Half Year's Rent, (instead of for One Year as in the said recited Act is provided and enacted,) and who shall hold such Lands and Tenements or Hereditaments under any Demise or Agreement either verbal or written, and although no Right or Power of Re-entry be reserved or given to the Landlord in case of Non Payment of Rent, who shall be in Arrear for One Half Year's Rent, instead of for One Year, as in the said recited Act is provided and enacted.

Extended to Tenants in Arrear for One Half Year's Rent instead of One Year

C. A. F. LII.

An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Murders and Manslaughters committed in Places not within His Majesty's Dominions. [15th June 1817.]

“ **WHEREAS** grievous Murders and Manslaughters have been committed at the Discretion on the Bay of Honduras in *Spanish America*, the same being a Settlement, for certain Purposes, in the Possession and under the Protection of His Majesty, but not within the Territory and Dominion of His Majesty, by Persons residing and being within the said Settlement; and also like Offences have also been committed in the *Spanish Pacific Ocean*, as well as the High Seas as on Land, in the Islands of *New Zealand* and *Otaheite*, and in other Islands, Countries and Places not within His Majesty's Dominions, by the Masters and Crews of *British Ships*, and other Persons who have for the most Part deserted from or left their Ships, and have continued to live and reside amongst the Inhabitants of those Islands; whereby great Violence has been done, and a general Scandal and Prejudice raised against the Name and Character of *British* and other *European* Travellers: And Whereas such Crimes and Offences do clings unpunished, by reason of the Difficulty of bringing to Trial the Persons guilty thereof: For Remedy whereof be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act all Murders and Manslaughters committed or that shall be committed on Land in the said Settlement in the Bay of Honduras by any Person or Persons residing or being within the said Settlement, and all Murders and Manslaughters committed or that shall be committed in the said Islands of *New Zealand* and *Otaheite*, or within any other Islands, Countries, or Places not within His Majesty's Dominions, nor subject to any *European* State or Power, nor within the Territory of the United States of *America*, by the Master or Crew of any *British Ship* or Vessel, or any of them, or by any Person taking in or belonging thereto, or who shall have sailed in or belonged to and have quitted any *British Ship* or Vessel to live in any of the said Islands, Countries, or Places, or either of them, or who shall be there being, shall and may be used, adjudged and punished in any of His Majesty's Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Dependencies, Ports or Fisheries, under or by virtue of The King's Commission or Commissions, which shall have been or which shall hereafter be issued under and by virtue and in pursuance of the Powers and Authority of an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the more speedy Trial of Offences committed in distant Parts upon the Sea*, in the same manner as if such Offences or Offences had been committed on the High Seas.

II. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall repeal or abate, or be construed so to repeal or abate, the Provisions of an Act made and passed in the Thirtieth Year of King Henry the Eighth, intitled *An Act for the more speedy Trial of Offences committed upon the Sea*, in the same manner as if such Offences or Offences had been committed on the High Seas.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

Murders and Manslaughters committed in certain Foreign Parts not within His Majesty's Dominions, may be tried in any of His Majesty's Foreign Plantations, in some manner as Offences committed, and on the High Seas.

26 G. 3. c. 36. Provided for Stat. 32 H. 8. c. 13.

Act may be altered, amended, or repealed.

CAP. LIV.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues to make and maintain a Road from *Milbank Row, Westminster, to the Praetorium*. [27th Janr 1817.]

WHEREAS in pursuance and under the Authority of an Act of Parliament passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for the Erection of a Praetorium, West for the Commissioners of Officers convicted within the City of London and County of Middlesex; and for making Compensation to Several Breachers of Peace for the Non Performance of an Agreement between the said Several Breachers and the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, respecting the Captivity and Maintenance of Caroline, a Prisonary for the Contumacious and Employment of Male and Female Convicts* has been erected at *Milbank*, in the County of *Middlesex*, on Lands now vested in His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by virtue of the said Act, for the Use of the Public and the Purposes of the said Act; and the same is now completed and fit for the Reception of Part of the Prisoners intended to be confined therein; but no Carriage Way has yet been cut out for passing and repassing between the said Praetorium and the City of *Westminster*: And Whereas it is necessary and expedient, for opening a Communication with the said Praetorium, that a free and public Carriage Way should be made and maintained from the South End of *Milbank Row*, in the Liberty of *Westminster*, over a Piece or Parcel of Land belonging to the Earl Greyfriars, and now in the Possession of *Thomas Sargent* as Occupier thereof, and by him used as a Wharf, and to be continued along the Bank of the River *Thames* in the Line of the old Fourth Path, to the Lodge or Gate of the said Praetorium: And Whereas the whole of the Land required for the Purpose of making the said intended Road, except the Piece or Parcel of Land which is to belong to the Earl Greyfriars as aforesaid, being the Property of His Majesty in Right of His Crown, it is expedient that the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues should be authorised and empowered to appropriate to much of the Land to belonging to His Majesty in Right of His Crown as aforesaid, as shall be requisite for that Purpose, to be used for the said intended Road, and to make and maintain such intended Road, and to make Compensation to the said Earl Greyfriars, and all Persons lawfully claiming under him, for such Part of the said Parcel of Land belonging to him as shall be taken and required, by virtue of this Act by and out of the Land Revenues of the Crown: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for carrying this Act into Execution; and that it shall and may be lawful for such Commissioners, by and with the Consent and Approbation of any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, to be signified by any Minute in Writing, or by Letter from any one of their Secretaries, in pursuance of such Minute, to let out and make, and hereafter to maintain and keep in Repair an open, free and public Carriage Road, commencing from the South End of *Milbank Row*, in the Liberty of *Westminster*, through and over a Piece or Parcel of Ground belonging to the Earl Greyfriars, and now in the Possession of *Thomas Sargent* as Occupier, and from thence to be continued over the Crown Lands along the Bank of the River to the Lodge or Gate of the Praetorium lately erected under the said recited Act; such Road to be a free and public Road, to be used by all His Majesty's Subjects on Foot or on Horseback, and for the Passage of Carriages, Carts, Waggon and other Vehicles.

12. And be it further enacted, That that Part of the said intended Road which shall be made through and over the said Piece or Parcel of Land belonging to the said Earl Greyfriars, shall not exceed in Width Thirty Feet to be measured from a Line ranging with the Face of the Front Area of the said or Southward Road in *Milbank Row*, and including in the said Width of Thirty Feet the present Footways.

13. Provided, and it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for carrying this Act into Execution, and they are hereby authorised and empowered, if they shall think it expedient so to do, by and with the Consent of the said Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to be signified in manner aforesaid, to extend and continue the said intended Road from the said Lodge or Gate of the Praetorium over the Crown Lands in a Southern Direction, until it shall meet the Branch or Road now forming leading towards the Praetorium from and out of the High Road from *Powdermill Bridge to Pinner*, and shall form a Junction therewith.

14. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners for the time being for carrying this Act into Execution, and they are hereby authorised and empowered, by and with the Consent and Approbation of any Three or more of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to be signified as aforesaid, from time to time to appropriate, lay out and expend so much of the Money arising from the Land Revenues of the Crown under their Management as may be necessary for making and afterwards maintaining and keeping in Repair the said intended Road, and for paying such Sums of Money in Compensation to the said Earl Greyfriars and *Thomas Sargent*, or any other Persons having any Estate, Right or Interest therein, for the Value of such Grounds, and of other rights, Easements or Interests therein, and for any Injury or Damage they may respectively sustain by the making of such Road, as may be agreed upon and settled between the said Commissioners and the said Earl Greyfriars and other Persons, or which may be awarded and ascertained by the Verdict of a Jury in manner hereinafter directed.

Commissioners.

Public Carriage Road to be made from the South End of *Milbank Row*.

Road through the Land of Earl Greyfriars not to exceed 30 feet wide Road may be extended from the Lodge of the Praetorium to the Branch of Road leading from *Powdermill Bridge to Pinner* Money necessary for making and keeping the Road on Foot, and for Compensation to Earl Greyfriars and *Thomas Sargent*, may be applied from the Land Revenues with Consent of the Treasury.

V. And

Commissioners to treat with Earl Grosvenor and T. Sargant for the Purchase of the Grounds to be taken thereon for the new Road.

The said Persons selling, &c. as aforesaid, as they may think proper.

Jury to determine the Purchase Money and Compensation.

Witnesses called before Jury.

Jury to view of Grounds.

Money offered by Jury to be paid by the Claimants to the Earl Grosvenor and T. Sargant.

Requesters for Exonerating and Compensating the Jury.

Money to Commissioners for Purchase of Grounds, before any Award of Compensation is made.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners for the time being for carrying this Act into Execution, and they are hereby authorized, by and with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, to treat and agree with the said Earl Grosvenor and Thomas Sargant, or any such other Person or Persons as aforesaid, for the absolute Purchase of the said Piece or Pieces of Ground, of or belonging to him or them, hereby authorized to be taken for the Purposes of this Act, and of all these respective Easements and Interests therein, and for the settling what Compensation shall be paid or given to the said Earl and Thomas Sargant, or such other Person or Persons as aforesaid, either in Money or other Equivalent, for any Injury which may be sustained by or occasioned to them by the making and continuance of such intended Road; and if the said Earl Grosvenor and Thomas Sargant, or any such other Person or Persons having and proving an Interest in the said Ground and Premises, shall neglect or refuse to treat, or shall not agree in the Premises, or from any Cause shall be prevented from treating with the said Commissioners for the time being, or with the Person or Persons authorized by them to treat and agree as their Deputies, then and in such case the High Bailiff of the City and Liberty of Westminster, or his Deputy, shall, upon the Warrant of the said Commissioners for the time being for carrying this Act into Execution in manner hereinafter mentioned, and he is hereby authorized and required to make it to be enquired into and determined, upon the Oath of a Jury of Twelve indifferent Men of the said City or Liberty of Westminster, which Oath the said High Bailiff or his Deputy is hereby empowered to administer, when Damages will be sustained by, and what Recompense and Satisfaction shall be made to the said Earl Grosvenor as Owner, and the said Thomas Sargant as Occupier, or to any other Person or Persons claiming or proving any Interest therein as aforesaid, for the Value of such Piece or Parcel of Land to be taken and accepted for the Purposes of this Act, and of the proportionable Value of their respective Interests therein, and shall settle and award the Sum or Sums of Money to be paid to them respectively for the same; and in order thereto the said High Bailiff or his Deputy is hereby empowered and required from time to time, at the Request shall require, to summon and call before the said Jury and examine upon Oath all and every Person and Persons whatsoever who shall be thought necessary and proper to be examined as a Witness or Witnesses touching or concerning the Premises, which Oath the said High Bailiff or his Deputy is hereby empowered to administer; and the said High Bailiff or his Deputy shall order and cause the said Jury to view the Place in question if there be Grounds, and to site all other Ways and Means, as well for their own use as for the Jury's better Information in the Premises, as such High Bailiff or his Deputy shall think fit; and after the said Jury shall have enquired of and ascertained such Value, Damages and Compensation, the said High Bailiff or his Deputy shall thereupon order the Sum or Sums of Money to be offered by the said Jury to be paid by the Commissioners for the time being for carrying this Act into Execution to the said Earl Grosvenor and Thomas Sargant, and to any other Person or Persons to whom any such Compensation shall or may be awarded to be paid, according to such Verdict or Inquisition of the said Jury: Provided always, that the Court of King's Bench shall have full Power and Authority, if it shall be Cause, as Motion made to such Court for that Purpose by the Party who shall be dissatisfied with the same, to sit aside such Verdict or Inquisition, and to direct the said High Bailiff or Deputy to summon a new Jury; but all such Verdicts and Inquisitions shall be binding on all Persons and Parties whatsoever, which such Motion shall be made to the Court, for sitting aside the same, within the first Term after the taking thereof.

VI. And be it further enacted, That for the summoning and returning of such Jury or Juries the said Commissioners for the time being for carrying this Act into Execution are hereby authorized and empowered to affix their Warrant or Warrants to the said High Bailiff or his Deputy to summon, request and return, at some convenient Place in the said City of Westminster, a Jury of not less than Thirty but not more than Forty eight free and indifferent Men, qualified according to Law to be returned for Trials of Issues in His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, to appear before the said High Bailiff or his Deputy at such time and Place as in such Warrant shall be appointed; and Fourteen Days' Notice in Writing at the least, under the Hands of the said Commissioners for the time being for carrying this Act, or under the Hand of their Solicitor, of the time and Place at which such Jury are so required to be returned, shall be given to the said Earl Grosvenor and the said Thomas Sargant, and to all other Persons interested in the Premises, before the time of the Meeting of such Jury, by leaving such Notice or Notices at the Dwelling Houses of the said Earl Grosvenor, Thomas Sargant and such other Person or Persons as aforesaid; and the said High Bailiff or his Deputy are hereby required and empowered to impress, summon and return such Number accordingly; and out of the Persons so summoned, summoned and returned, or out of such of them as shall appear on such Summons, the said High Bailiff or his Deputy shall choose or cause to be chosen Twelve, who shall be the Jury for the Purposes aforesaid; and, in Default of a sufficient Number of Jurymen, shall return other free and indifferent Men of the Standby, or that can freely be procured to attend that Service, being qualified as such aforesaid, to the Number of Twelve; and it shall be lawful for all Persons concerned to attend by themselves, their Counsel and Solicitors, and to be heard and to adduce Evidence before the said High Bailiff, or his Deputy, and such Persons shall also have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen when they come to be sworn, but shall not challenge the Array.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Jury to be summoned by virtue of this Act shall be allowed to settle or award any Sum or Sums of Money to any Person or Persons by way of Compensation for any Injury or Damage alleged to have been sustained by him or them by reason or Means of this Act, or any thing which may or shall be done in the Execution hereof, which Notice in Writing, during the Prosecution of every such Claim, and how and in what manner the Amount thereof is made out and computed, shall have been given by or on behalf of such Person or Persons to the said Commissioners for the time being for carrying this Act, or to their Solicitor, Ten Days at least before the time of the Meeting of such Jury.

VIII. And

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if the said High Bailiff or his Deputy, be directed to summon and return a Jury as aforesaid, shall make default in the Premises, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and if any Person be summoned and returned as aforesaid upon such Jury shall not appear, or appearing shall refuse to be sworn or to give his Verdict, or shall in any other manner wilfully neglect his Duty, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or if any Person summoned as a Witness shall not appear, or appearing shall refuse to be examined or give Evidence, any Person so offending, having on reasonable Oaths to be allowed by the said High Bailiff or his Deputy, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; which several and respective Penalties shall and may be levied by virtue of any Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said City of Westminster, by Deputies and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person so offending, extending to him, her or them the Overplus, after such Penalty and the Charges of such Deputies and Sale shall be deducted.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Jury to be summoned and sworn pursuant to the Statute in this Act shall give as a Verdict or Affidavit for more Money as a Remuneration, Compensation or Satisfaction for the Right, Interest or Property of the said Earl Greyhound, Thomas Sargent, or any other Person or Persons, in such Piece or Parcel of Land to be taken for the Purposes of this Act, then shall have been agreed to have been given and offered for the same by the said Commissioners for the time being for executing this Act, before the summoning and returning of such Jury; then and in every such case all the reasonable Costs, Charges and Expenses of causing and procuring such Remuneration, Compensation or Satisfaction to be offered by a Jury, shall be settled by the said High Bailiff or his Deputy before whom such Claim shall have been tried, and shall be paid by the said Commissioners for the time being for executing this Act; but if any Jury be summoned and sworn, as aforesaid shall give any Verdict or Affidavit for no more or for less Money as such Remuneration, Compensation and Satisfaction as aforesaid, then shall have been agreed to and offered by the said Commissioners for the same before the summoning and returning of the said Jury, or in case no Damage shall be given by the Verdict where the Dispute is for Damages only, or if the causing and procuring of such Jury to be summoned shall have arisen from a Refusal to treat or agree with the said Commissioners for the time being by any Person or Persons whomsoever who is or are by the Provisions of this Act or otherwise legally empowered to treat; then all such Costs, Charges and Expenses, to be settled by the said High Bailiff or his Deputy in manner aforesaid, shall be paid to the Commissioners for the time being for executing this Act, by the said Earl Greyhound, Thomas Sargent, or such other Person or Persons in discharging such Commission, or refusing to treat and agree as before mentioned respectively, him only and except where by reason of Absence or like Cause any Person shall have been prevented from treating and agreeing as aforesaid, to which case no Costs, Charges or Expenses shall be allowed to either Party as against the others; and all Costs, Charges and Expenses hereby directed to be paid to the said Commissioners for the time being for executing this Act, shall and may be deducted and retained by them out of the Money so adjudged or offered to be paid by them, as in much Money advanced to and for the Use of the Person and Persons entitled to such Money so adjudged; and Payment or Tender of the Remainder of such Money shall be deemed and taken to be a Payment or Tender of the whole Sum or Sums so adjudged or offered; or in case no sufficient Sum of Money shall be awarded or offered to be paid by the said Commissioners, whereas such Costs, Charges and Expenses may be deducted, then the same shall and may be recovered by such Ways and Means as hereinafter provided for the Recovery of Penalties, Profits and Fines by this Act imposed or authorized to be imposed.

X. And be it further enacted, That all the said Judgments and Verdicts shall be recorded in the Office of the Auditor of His Majesty's Land Revenue, and a Minute or Docket thereof shall be entered and preserved in the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, and all such Judgments and Verdicts shall be afterwards deposited with the Clerk of the Peace of the said City of Westminster, or with the Keeper of the Records of the Quarter Sessions, to be kept and preserved by him amongst the Records of the Quarter Sessions of the said City and Liberty, and shall be deemed to be Records to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and the same or true Copies thereof shall be allowed to be good Evidence in all Courts whatsoever, and all Persons shall have Liberty to inspect the same, paying for each Inspection the Sum of One Shilling, and to take Copies thereof, paying for every Copy the Sum of Sixpence for every One hundred Words, and in as Proportion for any less Number of Words.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons who, in any Examination to be taken on Oath by virtue of this Act, shall wilfully give false Evidence or swear themselves before any such Jury, or before any Justice of Peace, shall and may be prosecuted for the same, and upon Conviction thereof shall be subject and liable to such and the same Fines and Penalties as Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury are by the Laws in being subject and liable to.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for the time being for executing this Act, and they are hereby empowered, from time to time, to cause such and so many Lamp Posts and Lamp Irons to be put up or fixed in, upon or along the Sides of the said Road as they shall think proper, and also to cause such Number of Lamps of such Sizes and Sorts to be provided and affixed upon such Lamp Posts and Lamp Irons as they shall think necessary for lighting the said Road and every or any Part thereof.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously break, cut down, damage or injure any of the Lamp Posts or Lamp Irons set up by the said Commissioners, or shall break or extinguish any of the Lamps affixed thereto for lighting the said Road; or if the Driver of any Wagon, Cart or other Carriage, or any other Person, shall wilfully and maliciously or carelessly break or damage

Default of High Bailiff in returning a Jury.
Penalty.
Jurymen and Witnesses neglecting their Duty.
Penalty.

If Verdict be given for a larger sum than offered, Expenses of Jury to be paid by the Commissioners.
Money but if given for no more or a less sum, the other Party shall pay the Expenses.

If no Damage given, or if any awarded by Jury relating to treat with Commissioners, then Costs to be paid by High Bailiff or De.
177.

Judgments and Verdicts to be recorded in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue, and afterwards deposited with the Clerk of the Peace of the Westminster, &c.
For the Inspection.
Penalty.

Lamps to be affixed on the Sides of the Road.

Breaking Lamps, or damaging the Road, or extinguishing the Road, or any other Person, shall be liable to a fine of

to run across
the road.

of the Paths, Roads or Streets, or any Bank or Mound which may be erected for the Security of the said Road; or if any Person or Persons shall plough over or drag any Plough upon any Part of the said Road; or if any Person or Persons shall scrape off any Mud, Soil or other Matter or Thing which shall be or lie upon any Part of the said Road, with any Instrument, so as to damage the said Road or any Part thereof; or if any Person shall take or drive, or cause to be taken or driven, upon any Part of the said Road which shall not have been previously paved, and shall be then paved, any Town or Piece of Town, or any Stone, otherwise than upon Wheel Carriages, or shall suffer any Part of any Town or Piece of Town or Stone which shall be carried upon a wheeled Carriage, to drag upon any Part of the said Road to the Prejudice thereof; or if any Person driving any Pigs or Swine upon the same Road shall suffer the same to root up or damage the said Road or any Part thereof; or if any Person shall in any manner wilfully prevent any other Person or Persons from passing him, her or them upon the said Road, or the Coach, Chaise, Waggon, Cart or other Carriage under his, her or their Care; or if any Person or Persons shall have any Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage longer than shall be necessary for loading and unloading, and standing as near to the Side of the said Road as conveniently may be, in, upon or on the Side of the said Road, either with or without any Horse or Beast of Draught harnessed or yoked thereto; or if any Person shall lay any Piece of Timber, or any Stones, Bricks, Hay, Straw, Limes, Dung, Manure, Soil, Rubbish or other Matter or Thing whatsoever in or upon any Part of the said Road, or to the Prejudice thereof, or to the Annoyance or Prejudice of any Person or Persons passing as aforesaid therein; every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Towels.

Disturbances in
the streets
employed in
hauling
the
Ferry.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall assault, interrupt, or hinder, or cause to be assaulted, interrupted or hindered, any Person or Persons by the said Commissioners for the time being for carrying this Act into Execution, or by any Contractor, employed in the Execution of this Act, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Controls may
be entered into
for making the
Road and keep-
ing it in Repair,
and for lighting
it, &c.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners for the time being for carrying this Act into Execution, or for such Person or Persons as they for that Purpose shall appoint, to contract with any Person or Persons for setting out, making, mending, repairing and keeping in Repair the said Road, and also for setting up and affixing the Lamp Poles and Lamp Borne on or for lighting the said Road, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively, and for doing any other Work by this Act authorized to be done, in such manner and for such Sums of Money, or other Compensation or Consideration, as the said Commissioners for the time being for executing this Act shall think proper; and all Contracts in Writing for any of the Purposes aforesaid, which shall be entered into, shall be binding to all Parties who shall sign the same, but, her and their Executors and Administrators; and Actions and Suits may be commenced therein, and Damages and Costs recovered against the Parties failing therein.

Two Com-
missioners may act.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Matters, Acts and Things authorized or necessary to be done by the said Commissioners in pursuance of this Act, may be done and executed by any Two of them; and the same shall be as valid and effectual, and shall have the same Force and Effect, as if such Matters, Acts and Things had been done and executed by all the said Commissioners.

Persons here to
be recovered.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines hereby imposed or authorized to be imposed, the manner of levying which is not herein otherwise directed, shall, upon Proof of the Offence respectively before any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Wyke, or for the County of Middlesex, either by the Complainant of the Party or Parties themselves, or upon the Oath of One or more Witnesses, which such Justice is hereby empowered to administer, be tried by the Deputies and Sols of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice; which Warrant the said Justice is hereby empowered to grant for that Purpose; and the Overplus, if any, after such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, and the Charges of such Deputies and Sols, are recovered and deducted, shall be returned upon Demand to the Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels; and the Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, when recovered and paid, shall be applied for the Purposes of this Act; and to make sufficient Deputies shall not be bound, and such Penalties shall not be forthwith paid, it shall and may be lawful for any such Justice of Peace as aforesaid, and be lawfully authorized and required, by Warrant or Warrants under his Hand and Seal, to cause such Offender or Offenders to be committed to Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, and all reasonable Charges, shall be sooner paid and satisfied.

How Penalties
to be paid,
to the Deputies,
or to the Owners.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City and Liberty of Wyke, or next after the Expiration of Three Months from the time such Matter of Appeal shall have arisen, the Person or Persons appealing having first given Ten Days' Notice at the least of his, her or their Intention to bring such Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Solicitor of the said Commissioners, and within Three Days' Notice entering into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for such City and Liberty, with sufficient Sureties, to try such Appeal, and abide the Order thereof, and to pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the Justices at such Quarter Sessions; and the said Justices at such Sessions, upon due Proof of such Matter and Recognizance having been given and entered into, are lawfully authorized and required to hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal in a summary Way, and in all such Determinations therein, and to award such Costs to either of the Parties, or otherwise, as they shall judge proper; and the said Justices may, if they see Cause, mitigate any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and may also award such further Satisfaction to be made to the Party injured as they shall judge reasonable; and all such Determinations of the said Justices shall be final, binding and conclusive upon all Parties to all Issues and Purposes whatsoever;

Costs.
Mitigation of
Penalty.

wherefore; and the said Justices at such Sessions may still by their Order or Warrant levy such Costs as awarded by Default and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Parties or Persons who shall refuse to pay the same, and for want of sufficient Default commit such Parties or Persons to the Prison, or for the said City and Liberty for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, or until Payment of such Costs.

XX. And be it further enacted, That as Plaintiffs or Plaintiff shall recover in any Action to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, within Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defendants, Twenty eight Days at least before such Action shall be commenced, of such intended Action, signed by the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the cause of such Action; nor shall the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs recover in any such Action, if Tender of sufficient Amounts hath been made to him, her or them, or to his, her or their Attorney, by or on behalf of the Defendant or Defendants, before such Action brought; and in case on such Tender shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, by Leave of the Court, after such Action shall have been brought, at any time before Issue joined, to pay unto Court such Sum of Money as he, she or they shall think fit, whereupon such Proceedings, Order and Judgment shall be made and given as and by such Court as in either Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act after Three Calendar Months next after the Fall commencing, and every such Action or Suit shall be brought and tried in the County of Middlesex, and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit shall on any plead, at his or their Election, (especially as the General Issue, and give the said Act and the Special Matter in Endorse at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the time was done in pursuance of by the Authority of the said Act; and if the time shall appear to have been so done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought before Twenty eight Days' Notice thereof shall have been given, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, or after the time limited for bringing such Action or Suit, or shall be brought in any other County than as aforesaid, then and in every such case the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be convicted, or otherwise his, her or their Action or Suits, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then and in every such case the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant both for Costs of Suit in other cases by Law.

C. A. P. LV.

An Act to continue an Act to empower His Majesty to secure and detain such Persons as His Majesty shall suspect are conspiring against His Person and Government. [24th June 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in this Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to empower His Majesty to secure and detain such Persons as His Majesty shall suspect are conspiring against His Person and Government*, which Act was to continue in force until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen: And Whereas it is necessary for the public Safety that the Provisions of the said Act should be further continued: Therefore, for the better Preservation of His Majesty's sacred Person, and the sacred Person of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, and for securing the Peace and Liberty and Liberties of the Kingdom: Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That after any Person or Persons that are or shall be in Prison within that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain at or upon the Day on which the said Act shall receive His Majesty's Royal Assent, or after, by Warrant of His said Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, signed by Six of the said Privy Council, for High Treason, Subjection of High Treason or Traahable Felonies, or by Warrant signed by any of His Majesty's Secretaries of State, for such Causes as aforesaid, may be detained in safe Custody, without Bail or Mainprize, until the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and that no Judge or Justice of the Peace shall but or try any such Person or Persons so committed, without Order from His said Majesty's Privy Council, signed by Six of the said Privy Council, until the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Act made in Scotland in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and one, intitled *An Act for preventing dangerous Impersonations, and against undue Delay in Trials*, in so far as the same may be construed to relate to the Cases of Treason and Subjection of Treason, with respect to Persons so committed as aforesaid, be suspended until the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and that until the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen no Judge, Justice of Peace, or other Officer of the Law of Scotland, shall threaten, try or admit to trial any Person or Persons that are, were shall be in Prison within Scotland under a Warrant or Warrants so signed as aforesaid, for such Causes as aforesaid, without Order from His said Majesty's Privy Council, signed by Six of the said Privy Council.

III. Provided always, That from and after the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen the said Persons so committed shall have the Benefit and Advantage of all Laws and Statutes in any way relating to or providing for the Liberty of the Subjects of the Realm.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to extend to invalidate the ancient Rights and Privileges of Parliament, or to the Imprisonment or Detaining of any Member of either House of Parliament during the Sitting of such Parliament, and the Matter of which he stands indicted.

Costs taxed by
Default.
Imprisonment.

Notice to be
given before any
Action be
commenced, and
Tender of
Amounts may be
effected.

Commencing of
Actions.

General Issue

Treble Costs.

c. 54.

Persons committed for High Treason, they may be detained until at March still and shall not be tried or tried on foot, an Order from the Privy Council.

Act in Scotland of 1701, in far as relates to Treason, suspended if Persons committed there are to be tried, an without such Order as aforesaid.

After March 1, 1818, Persons committed to have the Benefit of the Laws, Privileges for Privileges of Members of Parliament.

passed be first communicated to the House of which he is a Member, and the Consent of the said House obtained for its Consideration or Disallowance.

V. Provided nevertheless, That any Person or Persons in Prison at the time of passing this Act, against whom any Bill or Bills of Indictment for High Treason have been already passed, shall and may be tried on the said Indictment as if that Act had never passed.

VI. And Whereas divers Persons are now in Custody on Charges of High Treason and Suspicion of High Treason, under Warrants from One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State or from His Majesty's Privy Council, and it may be highly important that such Persons as have been or shall be seized and detained on such Charges under and by virtue of such Warrants or Warrants should be kept wholly separate and apart from each other, in order to prevent all Communications between them and with other Persons, except such Communications as His Majesty may think fit to permit, and under such Restrictions as may be advisable, and Doubts may arise how far the Powers of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State to change the Places of Confinement of Persons so committed extend; and it is expedient to provide that the same shall not be exercised as to deprive the Persons so committed of any Right to be used or discharged which they might respectively have had if their respective Places of Confinement had not been changed: Now, to obviate all Doubts and Difficulties in respect thereof, be it further enacted and declared, That it shall be lawful for One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, as he shall see Occasion, to order any Person committed to any Goal or other Prison on any Charge of High Treason, Suspicion of High Treason or Treasonable Practices, either before or after Indictment found, to be conveyed to and detained in any other Goal or other Prison until discharged by due Course of Law, and to issue all Warrants necessary for such Purposes: Provided always nevertheless, that no Person who shall be removed by any such Warrant as aforesaid shall be by means of such Removal deprived of his Right to be used or discharged as such Person would by Law have been entitled to if not so removed; and in every case in which any such Person would have been entitled to have been tried or discharged, if such Person had continued in the Goal or Prison to which such Person was before committed, it shall be lawful for such Person to apply to be bailed or discharged in the same manner as such Person might have done if such Person had remained in the Goal or Prison in which such Person was before committed as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. LVI.

An Act to amend the Laws in respect to forfeited Recognizances in Ireland. [30th June 1817.]

WHEREAS the several Acts of Parliament passed from time to time, to regulate and secure the Collection of the Sums arising from forfeited Recognizances, and from Fines imposed on Offenders, of Offices and Tenures and General Goal Delivery, and Sessions of the Peace in Ireland, have been found insufficient for that Purpose; and it is therefore expedient that the said Acts should be repealed, and that more effectual Provision should be made for the Recovery and Payment of such Sums and Fines: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of this Act the several Acts of Parliament heretofore recited shall be repealed; that is to say, an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the better Collection of His Majesty's Revenue arising from forfeited Recognizances*; an Act passed in the said Parliament, in the Twenty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign to amend the said recited Act of the Twenty seventh Year; an Act passed in the said Parliament, in the Thirty first Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to distinguish such Recognizances entered into for the Appearance and Prosecution of Offenders, as were forfeited before the Eighteenth Day of January in the Four Ours thousand from hundred and eighty seven, and for more effectually securing the Crown Writ Process, so far as the said Act of the Thirty first Year of His Majesty's Reign relates to such Process*; an Act passed in the said Parliament in the Thirty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, to explain, amend and render more effectual the said recited Acts of the Twenty seventh and Twenty sixth Years of His Majesty's Reign, and to extend the Provisions thereof, and for enlarging the time for John Howard Esqre Esquire to account pursuant to his Recognizance, in and as the said Act of the Thirty second Year relates to the Collection of forfeited Recognizances; an Act passed in the said Parliament, in the Thirty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the better Collection of Sums arising from forfeited Recognizances, and from Fines imposed on Offenders, Commissioners of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, and Sessions of the Peace, and for the better Application of the same*; as Act passed in the said Parliament, in the Thirty ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign, to amend the said Act of the Thirty eighth Year; an Act passed in the said Parliament, in the Fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, to continue the said recited Act of the Thirty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, and to repeal and amend Part of the said recited Act of the Thirty ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign; and as Act passed in the Parliament of the United Kingdom, in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the Amendment of the Laws now in force in Ireland, relative to Persons entering into Recognizances in Criminal Cases, in Cases under any Fine, or under such Recognizances; and the said recited Acts are hereby repealed accordingly; but so far as the same respectively repeal any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or any*

Clause

Clash, matter or thing therein; and save as to any Proceeding in any case wherein any Person of the Peace shall have actually served under the said Act, or any of them, previous to the Commencement of this Act, and the Collection and Application of the Fines and forfeited Recognizances in any such case; and save in so far as any of the said Acts purport to discharge any Recognizances theretofore forfeited.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, every Recognizance taken in Ireland by or before His Majesty's Court of King's Bench there, or by or before His Majesty's Chief Justice of the said Court of King's Bench, or by or before any of the Justices of the said Court of King's Bench, or by or before any Justice or Justices of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery, or by or before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, either at their Sessions of the Peace or otherwise, or by any Magistrate or other Person lawfully authorized to take the same, shall contain the Name and Address of the Person or Persons respectively thereby acknowledging himself, herself or themselves respectively to be bound, and the Name of the Townland, Parish and Barony or Hall Bannery, or Town or City, and Street therein, (if in a County of a Town or City,) in which the said or said Persons or Persons who shall thereafter come before His Majesty's said Court of King's Bench, or before any of His Majesty's Justices of the said Court, or before any such Justice or Justices of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery, or before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or at their Sessions of the Peace or otherwise, or before any Magistrate or other Person lawfully authorized to admit to Bail, in order to give Bail or be bound for the Appearance of any Person or Persons charged with any Crime or Crimes, (whilst Person is charged shall by Law be entitled to Bail,) or for keeping the Peace, shall respectively make Oath in one of the Forms here following, or in some other Form of Words to the like Import and Effect respectively; that is to say, if such Person shall reside in a County at large, in this Form; (so viz.)

‘ I *A. B.* do swear, That I am a Householder, and have a House wherein I usually reside, as in the Parish of _____ and County of _____
 and that I support and maintain myself by _____
 and that I am worth the Sum of [here insert double the Sum to which he is to be bound] over and above all my just Debts.

‘ So help me GOD.’

And if such Person shall reside in a County of a City or Town, the Words ‘reside as’ and from thence to ‘County of’ shall be omitted; and instead thereof, the Words shall be inserted, (so viz.) ‘residing in _____ [naming the Street, Square, Lane or Place] in the Parish of _____ and County of the City or Town of _____’ and every such Oath shall be attested to or be written on the same Piece of Paper or Parchment with the Recognizance, and shall be signed by the Person making the same, and attested by the proper Clerk of the Court, Judge, Justice, or other Person taking the same as aforesaid, and shall be sufficient in lieu of all and every Oaths and Oath required by any Law in force in Ireland to be taken by any such Person.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to require the Person or Persons charged with any Crime, and for whose Appearance any Recognizance shall be taken to be entered into, or any Person or Persons who shall become personally bound to keep the Peace, or any Person or Persons who shall or may hereafter become bound for the Prosecution of any Person or Persons charged with any criminal Offence, to take such Part of the said Oath as relates to such Person or Persons being a Householder, or to his, her or their being respectively worth the Sum or Sums of Money for which he, she or they is and are respectively about to be bound, over and above all their just Debts; but every such last mentioned Person or Persons shall, in like manner and form respectively, make Oath as to the Place, Parish, Barony or Hall Bannery, and County, and the Town or City and Street therein, (if in a County of a Town or City,) in which he, she or they usually or actually reside.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Justice and Justices of the Peace, and all and every Magistrate and other Person lawfully authorized to take Recognizances, who shall hereafter neglect or refuse to return the Recognizances taken before him above, or before him and any other Magistrate or Person or Persons is authorized to take the same, in manner hereafter mentioned, or shall neglect or refuse to enter in any Recognizance taken before him, fairly or with any other or others as aforesaid, the proper Name and Names and Address or Addresses of the Person or Persons coming into the same, according to the Provisions of this Act, or shall neglect or refuse to attestation the Oaths respectively herein before directed and appointed to be administered in manner as directed, shall for every such Neglect or Refusal (in addition to such Sum as the Judge or Judges of Assize may think fit in the respective Act to impose upon any such Justice and Justices of the Peace, or such Magistrate or other Person aforesaid, by way of Fine for such Neglect or Refusal) forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered against him by His Majesty or Informants in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin, by any Person or Persons who will prosecute or sue for the same; or whose so Highways, Freeways or Wages of Law shall be allowed, or more than One Imparson shall be granted.

V. And be it further enacted, That the several Clerks of the Crown and Peace throughout Ireland shall, on the First Day of every Term next ending the term of holding any Commission of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, and Sessions of the Peace respectively, in any County, County of a City, or County of a Town, in Ireland, return to the Comptroller of the Pipe in the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, distinct Entries of such Recognizances as aforesaid as shall have been forfeited, and such Fines as shall have been imposed thereon respectively; (Here only such Fines as shall have been imposed on Persons actually committed to imprisonment by the Court imposing such Fines, and for the same Offence for which such Fines shall have been imposed;) and that the several Clerks of His Majesty's said Courts, or the Clerk of every Exchequer and Assize Court

All Recognizances shall specify the Name, Address and Residence of the Person bound.

Person become bound by Bail or giving Security for keeping the Peace, shall make Oath in before mentioned

Oath attested to or written on the same Paper with Recognizance.

Person charged and bound to appear, or to keep the Peace, or to prosecute Offenders, shall be bound only in their Qualities.

Justice, &c. neglecting to return Recognizances, as in s. 4. s. 5. s. 6. s. 7. s. 8. s. 9. s. 10. s. 11. s. 12. s. 13. s. 14. s. 15. s. 16. s. 17. s. 18. s. 19. s. 20. s. 21. s. 22. s. 23. s. 24. s. 25. s. 26. s. 27. s. 28. s. 29. s. 30. s. 31. s. 32. s. 33. s. 34. s. 35. s. 36. s. 37. s. 38. s. 39. s. 40. s. 41. s. 42. s. 43. s. 44. s. 45. s. 46. s. 47. s. 48. s. 49. s. 50. s. 51. s. 52. s. 53. s. 54. s. 55. s. 56. s. 57. s. 58. s. 59. s. 60. s. 61. s. 62. s. 63. s. 64. s. 65. s. 66. s. 67. s. 68. s. 69. s. 70. s. 71. s. 72. s. 73. s. 74. s. 75. s. 76. s. 77. s. 78. s. 79. s. 80. s. 81. s. 82. s. 83. s. 84. s. 85. s. 86. s. 87. s. 88. s. 89. s. 90. s. 91. s. 92. s. 93. s. 94. s. 95. s. 96. s. 97. s. 98. s. 99. s. 100. s. 101. s. 102. s. 103. s. 104. s. 105. s. 106. s. 107. s. 108. s. 109. s. 110. s. 111. s. 112. s. 113. s. 114. s. 115. s. 116. s. 117. s. 118. s. 119. s. 120. s. 121. s. 122. s. 123. s. 124. s. 125. s. 126. s. 127. s. 128. s. 129. s. 130. s. 131. s. 132. s. 133. s. 134. 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Recognizances
before and
after imposed.
Recognizances
before and after
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Recognizances
before and after
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Recognizances
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Recognizances
before and after
imposed.

Michaelmas Term, as the master returns to the said Comptroller of the Pipe Eleventh of all Fines (first as aforesaid) which shall have been imposed in the several Sessions of His Privy Council in and for the City or County of Dublin, and at every Assize in every County, and County of a City or Town in Ireland; and if in any of the said sittings there shall be no such Eleventh, then the said several Persons shall in every such case make return accordingly.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act all Clerks of the Court of King's Bench, Clerks of the Court of Common Pleas, Clerks of the Crown, Clerks of the Peace, Clerks of the Mid Wales, and others to whom it belongs to make Returns of Eleventh into the Exchequer, shall make the said Returns to the Comptroller of the Pipe; and that every Return of any Eleventh or Eleventh shall be made in that the Pipe shall continue with the Name and Addition of the particular Person or Persons respectively who are therein returned as having the Recognizances forfeited and elevated, or having had Fines imposed upon them, in the respective Courts from whence the said Returns are or shall be respectively made and elevated, as also the Name of the Place where such Person or Persons usually reside, together with the Name of the Township, Parish and Barony or Half Barony, and County or Town, or City and Street therein (if it is a County of a Town or City), in which such Place or Places of Residence is or are respectively situated.

Quarterly the
several Clerks
returning
Eleventh in
Parish.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, all Clerks of the Court of King's Bench, Clerks of the Court of Common Pleas, Clerks of the Crown, Clerks of the Peace, Clerks of the Mid Wales, and others to whom it belongs, or shall or may belong, to make Returns of Eleventh into the Exchequer, shall, upon Delivery of such Returns to the Comptroller of the Pipe, when the same shall be so delivered by them in Person effectually, take the Oath following; (that is to say,)

Before the
Court.

I do swear, That these Eleventh now by me delivered are truly and carefully made up and returned, and that all Fines, Mises and Amercements, Recognizances and Forfeitures, which were let, laid, imposed or levied, and in right and due Course of Law ought to be elevated into the Court of Exchequer, are, to the best of my Knowledge, Understanding and Belief, therein contained; and that in the same Eleventh are also contained, and expressed all such Fines as have been paid into the Court from which the said Eleventh have been made, without any fraudulent or wilful Discharge, Condon, Misnomer or Debit; and that, in these Eleventh now by me delivered, the Names and Additions of the several Persons respectively mentioned therein, together with their respective Places of Residence, and the Parishes, Barons, Half Barons and Counties, and Towns and City, and Street therein, in which such Places of Residence are respectively situated, are truly and faithfully set forth according to the best of my Knowledge, Understanding and Belief.

So help me GOD.

Which said Oath the Barons of the Court of Exchequer, or any One of them, are and is hereby required and empowered to administer from time to time accordingly.

Before the
Clerks of the
Court of the
Peace, where
they return de-
liver the Eleventh
into the Exchequer
in Person.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Clerks of the Crown and Clerks of the Peace, to whom it belongs to make Returns of Eleventh into the Exchequer, if it shall not be convenient to them to deliver such Eleventh into the Court of Exchequer in Person, shall and may, in the Place of the said Oath, take and subscribe the Oath following; (that is to say,)

I do swear, That these Eleventh now by me subscribed are truly and carefully made up and returned, and that all Fines, Mises and Amercements, Recognizances and Forfeitures, which were let, laid, imposed or levied, and in right and due Course of Law ought to be elevated into the Court of Exchequer, are to the best of my Knowledge, Understanding and Belief therein contained; and that in the same Eleventh are also contained and expressed all such Fines as have been paid into the Court from which the said Eleventh have been made, without any fraudulent or wilful Discharge, Condon, Misnomer or Debit; and that I will not make or alter, or cause or consent to be made or altered these Eleventh or any Part thereof; and that, in these Eleventh now by me subscribed, the Names and Additions of the several Persons therein mentioned respectively, together with their respective Places of Residence, and the Parishes, Barons, Half Barons, and Counties, and Towns, or City, and Street therein, in which such Places of Residence are respectively situated, are truly and faithfully set forth according to the best of my Knowledge, Understanding and Belief.

So help me GOD.

Which said Oath a Commissioner for taking Affidavits in the said Court of Exchequer is hereby empowered to administer from time to time in the Presence of Two Justices of the Peace for the County or Place where such Oath shall be taken; and the said Commissioner and Justices shall subscribe the said Oath, and the said Clerk of the Crown or Clerk of the Peace shall, in the Presence of the said Commissioners and Justices, carefully set up the said Eleventh in a Paper Cover, and shall affix his Seal thereto; and the said Commissioner and Justices shall also affix their Seals thereto; and the said Clerk of the Crown or Clerk of the Peace shall make the said Eleventh, so signed up, to be carefully delivered to the Comptroller of the Pipe in the said Court of Exchequer.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after the taking of the said Oaths respectively, the Names and Recognizances therein referred to respectively shall not be reduced, mitigated or altered by any Court or Judge, or by any Person or Persons whatsoever, save only by the Commissioners of Reductions, or in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Eleventh to be delivered from the said Clerks of the Crown and Clerks of the Peace in manner last mentioned shall not be returned by the Comptroller of the Pipe, unless, at the time of delivering the same, Oath shall be made so the said Court, or before One of the Barons thereof, (which Oath the Barons of the said Court, or one of them, are and is hereby authorized and required to administer.)

making,) by the Parties who shall have recovered the same from the said Clerk of the Crown or Clerk of the Peace, for the Purposes of delivering the same to the said Comptroller of the Pipe, that the Edicts or any of them have not been opened or altered since the same were so received for the Purposes aforesaid.

XI. And he is further to enact, That on the last Day of every Term, the Comptroller of the Pipe shall at the Sitting of the Court of Exchequer deliver in open Court to the Chief Justice, or in his Absence to the Justice Peers Baron perfect, a Statement in Writing of all the several Offices and Persons by whom any such Returns ought to have been returned in the said Term as aforesaid, and shall therein specify particularly which of such Persons have or hath duly made such Returns, and which of them have or hath neglected or omitted to make such Returns, and which, if required by the said Court, verify such Statement on Oath in open Court; and such Comptroller of the Pipe shall on the last Court Day of each Term deliver a Copy thereof to the Solicitor for the said Revenue, who shall certify, on or under, a Rule for a Fine of Twenty Pounds against every Person mentioned in such Statement as having neglected or omitted to make such Returns, which such Rule shall make such Return within Four Days if in the County or County of the City of Dublin, and within Ten Days if in any other Part of Ireland; and the said Solicitor for the said Revenue shall at the Expiration of such time respectively make such Rule absolute as aforesaid, and shall thereupon file an Attachment against each Person as of course, and without further Notice; and if any such Comptroller shall neglect or omit to deliver in such Statement as aforesaid, or shall omit therein the Names of any Person who ought to be included therein, or shall make any false Statement therein, and being required to verify the same on Oath, or shall omit to furnish such Copy as aforesaid to the Solicitor of the said Revenue; or if the Solicitor for the said Revenue shall omit to make or make absolute such Rule, or to file such Attachment, such Comptroller and Solicitor for the said Revenue respectively shall be punished for such Omission or Neglect by Fine and Attachment at the Discretion of the said Court, and shall for every such Offence forfeit the sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered and levied by and under the ordinary Order of the Court, by any Person who shall claim such for the same.

XII. And he it further stated, That the Comptroller of the Pipe Shop, on every such Return of Evidents, after the Second Summons of the Pipe for the keeping of all Sums of Money contained in such Evidents, have as aforesaid, out of the Goods, Bodies and Lands of the respective Debtors named in such Process; and such Process shall be delivered to the several Sheriffs of Counties, Coronors of Cities, Coronators of Towns and Districts respectively, in which the several Debtors aforesaid respectively, do reside.

KIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Edict and Writs which at the Commencement of any of the Aids shall remain or be in any Office or in the said Court of Exchequer, other than the Office of the Comptroller of the Pipe, and on which no Process of the Pipe shall have already effected, Shall be then forthwith delivered over to the Comptroller of the Pipe, who shall cause the Process of the Pipe, and all subsequent Proceedings, according to the manner and Form and for the Purposes prescribed by this Aid, to be efford and laid on all such Edicts to be delivered over to him, and also on all Edicts which shall then remain or be in his Office, and whereas, on Process of the Pipe shall have previously efford.

IV. And be it further enacted, That said Process shall be filed by the Comptroller of the Pipe within Twenty Days after the End of every Highway and Tramway Term, and shall be returnable on the first Return Day of the next Highway Term, and such Process shall and may, from time to time be renewed and filed as often as Reason shall require; and such Comptroller shall cause every such Process to be delivered to the Sheriff respectively to whom the same shall be directed, without any charge thereon.

17. And he is further entitled That the Great Sheriff, to whom such Process shall be directed, shall have the same Powers to levy the Debts therein to be compelled, and in executing such Process, whether by summoning and compelling Jurors, or holding Inquests upon the several Matters therein, or in any other way, as the Sheriff or Ireland and by Law in such cases pertains to the pulling of the said Acts so lawfully directed and intended.

EV1. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every such Sheriff shall, in the first Place, refer to the Goods of every Person against whom any such Process shall be issued, for the paying thereof the Debt due by him respectively, or do much thereof as such Goods shall be sufficient to satisfy; and shall not convey such by the Trade or Goods of any such Person, until such Matter can be proved out of the said Goods.

XVII. And be it further covenanted, That there shall be allowed to every such Sheriff ~~the sum of~~ ^{the sum of} ~~Twenty Shillings~~ ^{Twenty Shillings} which shall have been actually served by him for the recovery of any Interest Recognizance, or fee of all other Allowances, as that respecteth, and the like Sums on every Twenty Shillings for each and every such Return, which shall have been taken by such Sheriff or Sheriffs.

For all amounts for any Perken or Persons shall have been taken by each Month or Months
for all amounts for any Perken or Persons shall have been taken by each Month or Months
Twenty Shillings which shall have been actually paid by him for as a portion of any Fee in such Periods is
absorbed; and a like Sum for every Twenty Shillings for which any Perken or Persons shall have been actu-
ally taken by each Month or Months.

Planning must become
integrated and continuous

On the 11th Day
of every Month,
Companions of
the Pipe to dis-
turb peace
Of our Banquet
are in song
Come to Lull off
all Pains
I used to return
me, I mean, the
W's to each La-
re to Speedy, and
Painstaking
Choreography and
Solemn
sings-off.

Abstract—This paper presents a new method for detecting and localizing faults in a power system. The method is based on the use of a neural network. The neural network is trained to recognize the fault patterns in the system. The results of the simulation show that the method is effective in detecting and localizing faults in the system.

Comptroller of the Pope is often in Madrid, because he receives the money, taxes, &c.
All letters in which the Pope has been offered, is in delivered to the Comptroller.

When Nick, the
spite to be killed
and made an
example.

Abstract—The purpose of this study was to determine the effect of a 12-week training program on the physical fitness and performance of police officers. The program consisted of three sessions per week, each lasting 45 minutes. The sessions included cardiovascular exercise, strength training, and flexibility exercises. The results showed that the officers who participated in the program showed significant improvements in their physical fitness and performance compared to the control group.

Should You Keep
an Ambassador
Living in
Your or Your
Child's Home?
F. A. Schuchman
discusses the
advantages and
disadvantages of
this practice.

Monthly savings
on balance of
\$100,000, at a
rate of 6%
annually

Order to carry
such Certificates
on Oath.

Certificates and
Affidavits concern-
ed in Returns.

Sherriff charge-
able with Costs for
Prisons were
seized.

In what case
shall be accounted
for by Order of
Discharge from
Exchequer, &c.

Penalties to
Sherriff.

In case of false
Returns or Writs,
Whichever not
official, Cases
may be Sherriff
or Under Sherriff
on Application.

Costs of Appli-
cation.

Sherriff, &c. not
to receive Fees
for any thing
belonging to
law.

Sherriff's Office
on Application to
under or the
Cases for any
Sum actually
levied,
Penalty,
Sherriff, &c. tak-
ing Fee or Gift
on account of
forbearing to
execute any
Process or
Warrant.

Penalty.

Court of Exche-
quer may award
Damages in
any manner
to Party charged in
a summary Way.

County, County of a City or County of a Town, and who were in their Custody at any time during the next preceding Sessions of the Peace, or at any time since; and every such Certificate as aforesaid shall sit forth the times when such Persons were respectively committed to Prison, and the Sums for which they were in Custody, and whether any and which of such Persons then remain in their Custody, and if so, how long such Persons respectively have been in actual Confinement for such Cause, and if not then in Custody, then by what Authority and at what time they were respectively discharged; and the Clerk of every such Sheriff shall verify the said Certificates by Affidavit, to be sworn before such Justice of Assize, or in case of a Return to the Sessions, before any Two Justices of the Peace (which any Two Justices of the Peace are hereby authorized and required in such case to administer); and such Certificates and Affidavits shall be lodged with the Clerk of the Crown of the County, or if at Sessions, with the Clerk of the Peace, who shall enter the same to the Effects of all forfeited Recognizances returned by them respectively pursuant to this Act.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all Sheriffs in whose Custody any such Persons as aforesaid shall be as aforesaid shall be chargeable with all Sums for which such Persons were in Custody respectively, in the same manner as they are now by Law chargeable for Fines on Persons committed by any criminal Officers, and committed to them for such Fines, and the Comptroller of the Pipe shall also his usual Process against such Sheriffs for the same accordingly.

XX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where any Prison for whom any Sheriff or Sheriffs shall have become chargeable as aforesaid shall not remain in the Custody of such Sheriff or Sheriffs, then such Sheriff or Sheriffs shall, upon his or their producing an Order of the said Court of Exchequer in any case, or of Justice of Assize, or of a Court of General Sessions of the Peace in cases cognizable by them respectively for the Discharge of any such Prison, be exonerated from the Sum for which such Prison is discharged was committed.

XXI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That no Sheriff shall have, receive or be entitled unto any Benefit of Penalties or Allowance under or by virtue of this Act, unless such Sheriff shall pay into the Receipts of the Exchequer, according to the Counts of the Court, the Sum with which he shall be chargeable.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Sheriff shall, for want of executing due Diligence, make a false Return, not knowing the same to be false, with respect to any of the Persons mentioned in the said Writ or Process which shall be directed and delivered to him, that it shall be lawful for the Court of Exchequer, on Application made to the Court in that Behalf, to inquire summarily into the Truth of the Charge, and if they shall find that the same is true, to fine the Sheriff, by or to whose Name such Return shall have been made, or his Under Sheriff, a Sum equal to the full Amount of the Sum which the said Sheriff was by the Writ or Process ordered to levy of the Prison, with respect to whom such false Return had been been made, together with the full Costs of such Application, and to enforce the same by Attachment against such Sheriff or his Under Sheriff, as the Court shall judge expedient.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Bailiff or other Person employed in levying or collecting any of the said Duties or Sums of Money, shall at or receive any Fee, Gift, Gratuity or Reward whatsoever, of the Prison or Persons liable to pay the same, nor of any other Person, for or upon Pretence of such levying or collecting, or for or upon Pretence of forbearing to levy or collect the same, or any Part or Proportion thereof; and in case any Sheriff shall will or not duly answer to the Crown any Debt or Sum of Money which shall have been levied, collected or received by him, such Sheriff for every such Offence shall suffer Treble Damages to the Party aggrieved, and double the Sum which and not duly answered as aforesaid, to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; which said Damages and Penalty shall be ordered, decreed and given by the Court of Exchequer, on Complaint and Proof of such Abuse as aforesaid, made and exhibited before the Barons of the said Court, in such summary Way and Method as to them shall seem meet; and in case any Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Bailiff or other Person so employed as aforesaid, shall demand, take or receive any Sum or Sums of Money, Gift, Gratuity or Reward of any Kind whatsoever, or any Security, Pledge or Engagement of or for any Sum or Sums of Money, Fee, Gift, Gratuity or Reward of any Kind whatsoever, by the same more or less, of any Person whatsoever, for or in respect or upon Pretence of executing any Process or Writ or Process of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, or for or in respect or upon Pretence of Process done to them, or any of them, for collecting or receiving the same, or for or in executing or for delaying to execute any such Process or any Warrant issued thereon, or shall except of a less Sum upon Account, or in Payment or Discharge of any such Process or Warrant than as in such Warrant or Process is mentioned; then and in all and every such case, every Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be deemed guilty of Extortion; and every Person, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall forfeit for every such Offence, to the Party aggrieved in such Process or Warrant, the Amount of the Sum ordered to be levied by such Process or Warrant, and double the Sum so entered, together with full Costs of Suit, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, in any of the superior Courts of Record in Dublin.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Court of Exchequer to award and order in a summary Way, to every or any Person or Persons charged in such Process, such Damages, Penalties and Costs, not exceeding the Amount aforesaid respectively, as such Court shall think reasonable; and thereupon such Offender shall not be liable to any Action or Indemnity for such Offence; and every such Order and Award shall have the same Effect and Force, to all Treasors and Purpurses, as any other Order of the same Court; and the said Costs, Damages and Penalties shall be paid and levied by such Process, Ways and Methods as are used in the said Court to enforce a Compliance with any other Order of the same Court.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and lawfully be lawful, from and after the Commencement of this Act, for all and sundry Persons and Persons who shall hereafter be taken any Recognizance or Recognizances, or incur any Fine or Fines, or acquit whom any Sheriff or Sheriffs shall or may hereafter take, by virtue of this Act or otherwise, and who shall find himself, herself or themselves respectively approved thereby, to go before His Majesty's Commissioners of Redemption, who are hereby authorized and empowered to examine into the respective Circumstances of the case in a summary manner; and if they shall be sufficient Reason to do so, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to commit the Whole or any Part of such Recognizance, Fine or Fines, as they shall think fit.

XXVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if such Person or Persons shall be taken before His Majesty's said Commissioners in manner aforesaid, and that they shall have thought fit altogether to remit or partially to reduce the Sum or Sums contained in the said Recognizance or Recognizances, Fine or Fines, Sheriff or Sheriffs, then and in that case the said Person or Persons who shall respectively have obtained an Order of the said Commissioners for that Purpose shall, within Six Days from the date of obtaining the same, leave the said Order upon the Comptroller of the Pipe, or his known Deputy, at his Office in Dublin; and the said Comptroller of the Pipe is therewith required to file the same in his Office, and not to file the same thereon, or to file such Process according to the Terms of the said Order, as the case may require.

XXVII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That in case any such Fine and Recognizances which shall be so reduced or mitigated by His Majesty's Commissioners of Redemption, shall have been actually levied by any Sheriff, and not paid by him into the Exchequer, that then and in every such case no Allowance shall be made for Payment on the Debt of any such Sheriff for any such reduced Fine or Recognizances, but that the Payment or Allowance, provided as aforesaid, on such Fine and Recognizances respectively, shall be paid to such Sheriff by the Person in whose Favour or for whose Benefit the Order of Redemption shall be made, which shall be so expressed in such Order, and every such Sheriff may accordingly deduct the said Payment upon receiving the same so paid.

XXVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons who shall hereafter be in the Custody of any Sheriff or Sheriffs under any of the Provisions of this Act for the Non Payment of any Sum or Sums, shall petition His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in any case, or the Judges of Assize upon the respective Circuits, or the Court of General Sessions of the Peace in the cases directed to be certified to them respectively as aforesaid, the said Court of Exchequer, and the said Judges of Assize and Court of General Sessions of the Peace respectively shall examine into the Facts of the said Petition respectively in a summary manner; and it shall be lawful for the said Court of Exchequer and Judges of Assize and Court of General Sessions of the Peace respectively to grant an Order or Warrant (as the case may be) under their Hands to discharge any Person or Persons if in Custody, and permitting them respectively as aforesaid, if they shall respectively be sufficient Reason to do so; which Order or Warrant, upon being filed with the Comptroller of the Pipe, shall respectively be in Acquittance to the said respective Sheriffs for the Sum and Sums for which the Person or Persons so discharged was or were in Custody.

XXIX. Provided also, and be it enacted, That no such Order or Warrant of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace shall be valid until made with the Concurrence and under the Hand of the Alldissh Burroughs of the County in which such Court of General Sessions shall be, or in a County of Cities and Counties of Towns, which made with the Concurrence and under the Hand of the Recorder.

XXX. And in order that all Persons who shall be certified to petition any such Court of General Sessions as aforesaid may be enabled to do so, be it enacted, That whenever the General Sessions of the Peace for any County in Ireland shall be held in any City or Town of such County, other than that in or near to which the County Gaol shall be, the Sheriff of such County shall at any time, not more than One Week before the First Day of such Sessions, and he is hereby required to cause such and every Prisoner in such Gaol, who shall be ordered to prison such Court, and shall desire the same, to be removed at the Expence of such Person to the Prisoner of such Town where such Sessions shall be to be held, and so detain them respectively there so long as may be necessary for the Purposes of such Petition; and, before the End of One Week from the last Day of such Sessions, to cause such of them as shall not be discharged to be removed again to the County Gaol.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if the Petition in any such case shall allege the Poverty or Insolvency of the Prisoner to pay the Amount of the Sum or Sums for which he or she shall be so in Custody, the Court or Judge, in examining into such Prisoner, shall inquire whether such Prisoner may not be of Ability or have the Power to pay and discharge him and what Part or Proportion of the Sum or Sums for which he or she shall be so confined; and such Court or Judge shall not on the said Ground of Poverty or Insolvency order such Prisoner to be so discharged, except on the Payment of such Part or Proportion of such Sum or Sums as he or she may be found the Power to pay and discharge; and if such Prisoner shall have been a Sheriff in a limited Recognizance, then the Court or Judge shall also inquire when and by what Means such Person became unable to pay such Amount; and unless such Court or Judge shall be satisfied that such Insolvency arose without Fraud, Concealment or wilful Default, after the time of entering into such Recognizance, such Court or Judge shall not order that such Person be discharged until after the End of Four Calendar Months at the least from the Commencement of his or her Imprisonment under such Process.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That in any case in which such Prisoner shall have been fined, or shall have been the Principal in any Recognizance in which he or she shall be so in Custody, such Court or Judge shall also inquire into the Nature of the Offence for which such Fine shall have been imposed, or of the Charge in consequence of which such Recognizance shall have been entered into, and under what Circumstances the same was testified; and in case such Prisoner shall be so in Custody under any Recognizance to

Parties engaged by Persons of Recognizances, he may appeal to Commissioners of Redemptio, who may remit the same.

Persons obtaining Order for Relief from their Commissioners to give the same on Comptroller of the Pipe, who is to file the same.

Prisoners on Petition ordered paid to Sheriff by Person obtaining Order of Redemption.

Court of Exchequer or Assize or Sheriffs may receive Petition in Custody.

Order for removal of Prisoners to County Gaol.

Order on Sheriff to be made with Concurrence of Alldissh Burroughs, &c.

Prisoners in County Gaol may be removed to the Prisoner of any Town where the Sessions shall be held.

In case of alleged Poverty or Insolvency of Prisoner, the Court to inquire if Prisoner cannot pay Part of the Sum due, &c.

In what case and on discharge such Prisoner shall also have Four Months.

When Prisoner is the Party fined, or the Principal in any limited Recognizance, the Court shall also

quest only of the
Commissioners
of the City has
been granted
Hitherto.

Order civil

Clerks of the
Crown and
Peace, of the
Sessions of the
Assize or Ses-
sions, to post a
List of Recogni-
zances for
Bail, and deliver
Copy to Treasurer of
County.
Inhabitant
themselves,
Clerk of the
County, &c.
affidavit,
Pleading &c.

Proviso for
Rights of Cor-
porations or
Persons.
Shew, &c. on
Affidavit signed
Quintus Wm.

Table Costs.

All may be
estimated, &c.
this before
Commencement
of A.D.

whether or appear to any Charge, and shall show the Forfeiture of such Recognizance have been tried and as-
sessed of such Charge, such Court or Judge shall inquire whether on such Trial all the Witnesses for the
Prosecution attended and were examined; and if not, then whether by the Forfeiture of such Recognizance
the Attendance of any such Witness was in any respect prevented; and if such Forfeiture shall be a Surety,
then such Court or Judge shall inquire whether such Surety did due Diligence to make the Principal amenable
to the Law; and in all and every of such cases the said Court or Judges or Judge of Assize shall have full
Power and Authority, if they or he shall think proper, to order the Discharge of such Prisoner, either
generally or after such Length of time as such Court or Judges or Judge in his or their Discretion shall think
fit, having regard to the Circumstances of the case, and the Length of time that such Prisoner shall have
been in Custody previous to the making of such Order, and to the Object and Purposes of this Act; and
such Order in such Cases shall be good and valid to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XXXIII. And he it further enacted, That the several Clerks of the Crown and Clerks of the Peace
throughout England shall, within Three Days after the Termination of the formal Assizes or Sessions of the
Peace respectively in every County, County of a City, and County of a Town, cause to be posted on the
Door of the Court House or Sessions House of such County, County of a City, or County of a Town
where such Assizes or Sessions were held, and if such Sessions were held in any Place other than the County
Town, then also on the Door of the Court House in such County, Town, or Place, a true List, signed and subscribed
by such Clerk of the Crown or Clerk of the Peace, of all the Recognizances forfeited and Fines exacted at
such Assizes or Sessions respectively, specifying the Names, Descriptions and Residences of the Persons against
whom such Fines have been made; and shall also deliver or transmit to the Treasurer of the County,
County of a City or Town in which such Assizes or Sessions were held, a Copy of such List; and such
Treasurer shall permit all Persons to inspect such Copy who shall apply for that Purpose at his Office at
any reasonable time of the Day; and if any Clerk of the Crown or Clerk of the Peace shall omit or neglect
to cause such List to be posted as aforesaid, or to deliver or transmit a Copy thereof to the Treasurer of such
County, County of a City or Town, such Clerk of the Crown or Clerk of the Peace is offending against
every such Offence during the Term of Five Pence, to be recovered in a summary manner before any One
Justice of the Peace of such County, County of a City or Town respectively.

XXXIV. Provided always, and he it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend to deprive any
Corporation, or any Person or Persons, of any Rights which they now have under their respective Charters
or Patents, to any Fines, Amercements or Recognizances whatsoever.

XXXV. And he it further enacted, That if any Action upon the case, Trover, Battery or False Im-
prisonment, shall be brought against any such Sheriff as aforesaid, or any other Person or Persons, who in his
Aid or Assistance, or by his Commandment, shall do any thing contrary to the aforesaid Office, or for or con-
verting any Matter, Cause or thing by them or any of them done by reason thereof, shall be lawful for the
Defendant or Defendants in every such Action to plead thereto the General Issue of not guilty, and to give
the Special Matter of Evidence to the Jury who shall try the same; and if upon such Trial a Verdict shall be
had for such Defendant or Defendants, or if the Defendant or Defendants shall have Judgment upon Dis-
missal, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein shall be ordered or suffer any Discontinuance thereof, then in
every such case the Defendant or Defendants shall have his or their Table Costs, which he or they shall have
incurred by reason of such Action or Suit, for which the said Defendant or Defendants shall have the like
Remedy as in other cases where Costs by Law are given to the Defendant.

XXXVI. And he it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed during the pre-
sent Session of Parliament.

XXXVII. And he it further enacted, That this Act and every Clause and Provision therein contained shall
commence and have Effect on and from the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seven-
teen, and not before.

C A P. LVII.

An Act to empower His Majesty to suspend Training, and to regulate the Quotas of the Militia.

[30th June 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that His Majesty should be empowered to suspend the calling out the
Militia for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, and also to regulate the Quotas of the several
Counties to be regulated: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the
Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assem-
bled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order or Orders in
Council, to suspend the calling out of the Militia of the United Kingdom, or any Part of the United King-
dom, or of any County, Riding, Shire, Stewartry, City, Town or Place, for the Purpose of being trained and
exercised in any Year, and to order and direct that no training or exercising of the Militia of the United
Kingdom, or of any Part of the United Kingdom, or of any County or County, Riding or Ridings, Shire
or Shires, Stewartry or Stewartries, City or Cities, Town or Towns or Place or Places, specified in any
such Order or Orders in Council, shall take place in any Year, any thing contained in any Act or Acts of
Parliament relating to the Militia to the contrary notwithstanding.

It. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in-
titled *An Act for amending the Laws relating to the Militia in England, and for augmenting the Militia, the*
Quotas of the Militia of the several Counties, Ridings, Shires, Cities, Towns and Places in Great Britain
were specified, and Provisions made for settling and ascertaining other Quotas at Periods specified in the said

• *Act*; but the *Quotas* specified in the said *Act* have since remained and continued, but may require to be regulated before the Expiration of the next Period specified in the said *Act*; and it is therefore expedient that His Majesty should be empowered to make the *Quotas* of the *Militia* to be regulated when the same may become necessary: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct that the *Quotas* of the several and respective Counties, Ridings, Shires, Cities, Towns and Places in Great Britain, shall be ascertained, fixed, appointed and fixed by His Majesty's Privy Council, in the Manner specified in the said *Act*, if His Majesty shall deem it necessary, before the Expiration of the next Period fixed in the said *Act* for fixing and ascertaining such *Quotas*; and all such *Quotas*, when so ascertained, fixed, appointed, and fixed in pursuance of any such Order of His Majesty, shall be deemed to be *Quotas* ascertained, fixed and fixed under the Provisions of the said *Act*; and all such Proceedings shall be had thereon, for the Purpose of giving Effect thereto, and appointing the same respectively among the Hundreds, Rapes, Lathes, Wapentakes or other Divisions of each County, Riding, Shire, City, Town or Place, and the several Parishes, Tithings and Places therein respectively, in like manner in any respect, and all Powers, Authorities, Regulations, Provisions, Clauses, Provisions and Forfeitures, contained in any *Act* or *Acts* relating to the *Militia* of Great Britain shall be used, applied and enforced for giving effect to such *Quotas* and Apportionments, and carrying the Laws relating to the *Militia* into Execution in relation thereto, in like manner in every respect, and as fully and effectually in all Cases and Purposes, as if such *Quotas* had been ascertained, fixed and fixed as any Period specified in the said recited *Act*; any thing contained in the said recited *Act*, or any other *Act* or *Acts* of Parliament relating to the *Militia*, to the contrary notwithstanding.

• III. And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether Officers, Sergeants or other Persons enlisting Men to serve the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, are subject to the Provisions, Powers and Provisions contained in the said recited *Act* of the Forty Second Year after said, in relation to enlisting into His Majesty's other Forces Men enrolled or engaged to serve in the *Militia*; and whether *Militia* men enlisting at *Militia* men offering themselves to serve for any other Parish or Place than the Parish or Place for which they are first enrolled, are within the Provisions of the said *Act* contained in relation to enlisting to be enrolled in any other Regiment, Battalion or Company of *Militia*: For Remedy whereof be it declared and enacted, That every Officer, Sergeant or Person who shall wilfully or knowingly enlist any Men to serve the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, who at the time of such enlisting shall be enrolled or engaged to serve in the *Militia*, shall be and be deemed to be within the Provisions of the said recited *Act*, and shall be subject to the Provisions and Forfeitures therein contained for enlisting *Militia* men to serve in His Majesty's other Forces; and that every *Militia* man offering to enlist to serve the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, who shall deny to the Officer, Sergeant or other Person recruiting Men for such Service, that he is at the time of such offering a *Militia* man, or who shall offer himself to be enrolled and be enrolled as a *Militia* man for any other Parish or Place than the Parish or Place for which he shall be then enrolled and serving, although in the same Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall be subject and liable to the Provisions in the said *Act* contained for the Punishment and subsequent Service of *Militia* men offering to enlist in His Majesty's other Forces, or to be enrolled and serve in any other Regiment, Battalion or Corps of *Militia*; any thing in the said recited *Act* contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

• IV. And Whereas by Two *Acts* passed in the Forty Second Year of His present Majesty's Reize, relating to the *Militia* of England and Scotland respectively, the Number of Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers to be appointed to the *Militia*, when not in actual Service, was fixed at the following Proportions; that is to say, One Sergeant and One Corporal to every Thirty Private Men, and One Drummer to every Company, with the Addition of One Drummer to each Flank Company of Regiments or Battalions consisting of more than Two Companies: And Whereas it is expedient that His Majesty should be empowered to diminish these Numbers: Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order or Orders signed by His Majesty's Secretary of State, to direct that the Number of Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers to be retained in the *Militia* on permanent Pay, when not in actual Service, shall be as follows; that is to say, One Sergeant and One Corporal to every Forty Private Men, and One Drummer for every Two Companies, with an Addition of One Drummer for each Flank Company of Regiments or Battalions consisting of Five or more Companies.

C. A. P. LVIII.

An *Act* to allow British Goods to be exported direct from this Country to the United States of America upon the same Terms as when exported to any Foreign Country. [20th June 1817.]

• WHEREAS by a Convention of Commerce between Great Britain and the United States of America, signed at London on the Third Day of July One thousand eight hundred and Nineteen, in Article the Second it is provided amongst other Matters, that no higher or other Duties or Charges be imposed in either of the Two Countries on the Exportation of any Articles to His Britannic Majesty's Territories in Europe, as to the United States respectively, than such as are payable on the Exportation of the like Articles to any other Foreign Country: And Whereas by an *Act* passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reize, entitled *An Act* to carry into Effect a Convention of Commerce concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America, it is enacted, that upon the Exportation from the United Kingdom of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the said United Kingdom, or any of His Majesty's Territories in Europe, direct to any of the Territories of the United States of America, in any Ship or Vessel built in the said States, or condemned as Prize there, and being owned by a Subject

shall be subject to the same Duties as when exported to any Foreign Country.

Enlisting *Militia* men for the East India Company's Service.

Parish.

Militia men offering to be enrolled for any other Parish.

Provisions.

Number of Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers to be retained in the *Militia* on permanent Pay when not in actual Service.

Convention between G. B. and America, July 3, 1815.

Act 1817.

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• Subjects of the said States, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners are also Subjects of
 • the said States, no higher or other Duties shall be paid or payable than such as are charged or imposed upon
 • such Goods, Wares or Merchandise when exported in a British built Ship or Vessel registered and registered
 • according to Law: And Whereas it is expedient that the said United States of America should be placed,
 • with respect to the Duties on Goods, Wares and Merchandise of the Produce of Great Britain exported
 • thither, on the same Footing as when the same are exported to any other Foreign Country whithersoever: Be it
 • therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords
 • Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the
 • same, That from and after the Third Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen the same Duties
 • shall be paid or payable on the Exportation of all Goods, Wares and Merchandise of the Growth, Produce
 • or Manufacture of Great Britain, exported direct from thence to any Port or Place within the Territories of
 • the United States of America on British built Ships owned, explored and navigated according to Law, or in
 • Ships built in the United States of America, or condemned as Prizes there, and being owned by Subjects of
 • the said States, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners are also Subjects of the said
 • States, as are or shall be payable on the like Exportation to any other Foreign Country whithersoever.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's
 Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them, and they are
 hereby authorised and directed, in all cases where a greater Duty has been charged and paid on the Exporta-
 tion of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain, to the
 United States in manner aforesaid, than has been paid on the Exportation to any other Foreign Country, to
 cause the same to be repaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force so long as the Convention between
 His Majesty and the United States of America shall continue in force.

C A P. LIX.

An Act for letting to Farm the Post Horse Duties, and for better securing and facilitating the Re-
 covery of the said Duties.

[7th June 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled
An Act to enable the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to let
to Farm the Duties granted by an Act made in the Twenty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign on Horfes
let to Hire for travelling Post and by time, so much Profits as should be realized in contract for the same, the
Commissioners of the Treasury were empowered to let to Farm the several Duties on Horfes let to Hire
thence particularly let forth and mentioned to have been granted by the said Act of the Twenty fifth Year
of His Majesty's Reign, for any Term not exceeding Three Years, under certain Regulations and Re-
strictions expressed and contained in the said Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign: And
Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled An Act to repeal the
several Duties under the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Stamped Papers, Parchments and Paper,
in Great Britain, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, the several Duties granted by the
said Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign on Horfes let to Hire as therein mentioned, and
extended in certain Cases by an Act passed in the Forty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, for redemp-
tion the time for which Horfes might be let to Hire without being subject to any special Duty, and other Par-
ties, were repealed; and in lieu thereof it was enacted, that from and after the Twelfth Day of October One
thousand eight hundred and four, there should be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His
Heirs and Successors, the several Duties following; (that is to say,) For and in respect of every Horse,
Mare or Gelding hired by the Mile or Stage, to be used in travelling in Great Britain, the Sum of One
Penny Halfpenny for every Mile such Horse, Mare or Gelding should be hired to travel; and for and in
respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding hired for a hire Period of time than Twenty eight Successive Days,
for drawing on any public Road any Coach or other Carriage used in travelling Post or otherwise, if the
Distance at the time of hiring should be ascertained, the Sum of One Penny Halfpenny for every Mile such
Horse, Mare or Gelding should be hired to travel; and for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding
so hired as in these mentioned, in any case where the Distance should not at the time of hiring be ascer-
tained, the Sum of One Shilling and Ninepence for each Day for which such Horse, Mare or Gelding should
be so hired, with an Exception of Horfes, Mares and Geldings used in licensed Hackney Coaches, where
the same should be employed to go no greater Distance than Ten Miles from the City of London or High-
wycombe, or the Suburbs thereof, which said several Duties are now framed, raised, levied and collected by
and under the Provisions and Regulations of the said Acts of the Twenty fifth and Forty second Years of
His Majesty's Reign relating to the said Duties is repeated in amended, and by and under the Provisions
and Regulations of another Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled An Act
for letting to Farm the Duties on Horfes hired by the Mile or Stage to be used in travelling, and on Horfes
hired for a hire Period of time than Twenty eight Days for drawing Carriages used in travelling Post or other-
wise, in Great Britain, and for better securing the said Duties; and by and under the Provisions and Re-
gulations of another Act, passed in the Fifty first Year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled An Act for letting to
Farm the Duties on Horfes hired by the Mile or Stage to be used in travelling, and on Horfes hired for a hire
Period of time than Twenty eight Days for drawing Carriages used in travelling Post or otherwise, in Great
Britain, and for facilitating the Recovery of the said Duties; and also by and under the Provisions and Re-
gulations of another Act, passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled An Act for
letting

• *being in Force the Poll Duty Duties: And Whereas the said Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, in respect of Houses, Mans and Holdings hired in the manner aforesaid, are now let in Force under the Authority of the said Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for a Term of Years which will expire on the Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Duties should be let in Force for a further Term, and that other Provisions should be made for better securing and facilitating the Recovery of the said Duties, in and of which contained in the said Acts of the Forty second, Forty eighth, Fifty first and Fifty fourth Years of His Majesty's Reign: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of the said Act it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them for the time being, and they are hereby empowered, from time to time as it shall be necessary, either by themselves or by the Commissioners of Stamps in Great Britain, or some of them, to be authorized for that Purpose under the Hands of the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, to let in Force the said several Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for and in respect of Houses, Mans and Holdings hired in the manner aforesaid, in such Persons or Persons as shall be willing to Farm the same after the Expiration of the present Licence aforesaid, in such persons and particular Districts, and for such terms or times as shall be deemed proper and convenient, and under and subject to the Regulations and Restrictions contained in the said Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, with regard to the Duties thereby authorized to be let in Force, in far as the same are applicable, and not hereby altered: Provided always, that some of the said Duties shall be let in Force for any longer term or time than could the Thirty first Day of January inclusive One thousand eight hundred and twenty-one.*

II. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Privileges, Clerks, Regulations and Directions contained in and performed by the said Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, shall be deemed and taken to be in full Force and Effect with respect to the said Duties hereby allowed to be let in Force, and to the Letting of the same, and to the Persons thereof, and to all other Persons, Matters and things relating thereto, as far as the same are or shall be applicable, and not altered by or repugnant to the express Provisions of the said Act, as fully and effectually as if the same had been before repeated and specially enacted with reference to the said Duties hereby allowed to be leased.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the said Commissioners of Stamps authorized as aforesaid, to provide the way for making a Deposit of a Sum of Money, and the Amount thereof, on account of the first to be paid by the Person who shall be the best Bidder for, and he declared the Farmer of any of the said Duties hereby allowed to be leased; and in case any such Person shall fail to make such Deposit at the time aforesaid, or shall fail to execute a proper Contract in Writing, and to give Security for the Payment of the Rent and the due Performance of such Contract, in the manner directed by the said Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, within the time to be appointed for that Purpose, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the said Commissioners of Stamps authorized as aforesaid, to declare the Bidding and Contract of such Person null and void, and his Deposit, if made, forfeited, and to make the same whomever he shall have been declared the Farmer to be again put up, to be let in Force pursuant to the Direction of this and the said Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, and so from time to time as often as such Person shall be made.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the said Duties arising in any District or Districts shall not be let in Force at the time to be fixed by Public Advertisement, pursuant to the Direction of this and the said Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, for want of a sufficient Bidding, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the said Commissioners of Stamps authorized as aforesaid, at any time afterwards to resolve Proposals for farming such Duties, and to let the same to Farm by Private Contract, for any Term or time not extending beyond the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty-one.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamps in Great Britain for the time being, or the major Part of them, from time to time, as Occasion shall require, to deposit and appoint not only the Persons who shall become Farmers or Lessees of the said Duties, and their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, but also any other Persons or Persons, at the Request and upon the Nomination, and for the Use of such Farmers or Lessees, or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, to be Collectors of the said Duties arising within their respective Districts, with full Powers to grant the necessary Licences to Persons within the respective Districts for letting out Houses to Hire in the manner aforesaid, and to take Securities by Bonds from the Persons to be licensed, in the Name of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, with full Licences as are required by the Acts relating to the said Duties, and to receive the Stamp Office Weekly Accounts, by the Acts relating to the said Duties directed and required to be delivered by Persons letting Houses to Hire in the manner aforesaid, within their respective Districts, and the Money due thereon, and to administer the Oath or Affirmation hereunto required to be made as to the Truth of the Accounts to be delivered by the Persons licensed under the said Acts, and generally to execute and do all other the Powers, Matters and things touching the collecting, managing and enforcing the Payment of the said Duties within and for their respective Districts, which by the several Acts of Parliament relating to the said Duties are given to and authorized to be done by any Collector or Collectors of the said Duties.

VI. And

Treasury may let in Force the Duties of Houses, &c. agreed by act G. 5. c. 58

Persons to be Term.

Power and Privileges of act G. 5. c. 58. in Force with regard to the Duties to be let in Force under the said Act.

Treasury may provide time for making Deposit by Person contracting to Farm the Duties, and Amount thereof. Contract null and void.

Contract null and Deposit forfeited, and Duties put up again.

Power to let the said private Contract, if not let by Auction.

Commissioners of Stamps in Great Britain to nominate the Persons to be Collectors of the Duties at other Places than the Collectors, with full Powers to grant the necessary Licences.

Regulation as to
Stamp Duty on
Deputations,
nonwithstanding
3. G. 3. c. 10.
Article, Para. 6.

Regulation as to
Stamp of Lic-
ences for leaving
Horse to Hire.

Regulation of
Licences in
48 G. 3. c. 48.
38 G. 3. c. 18.
34 G. 3. c. 17.
See Summary of
Duties by
45 G. 3. c. 100.

Provisions of
49 G. 3. c. 24.
49.
applied (Exemptions
to Hivings
for less than
Twenty eight
Days, and to
Hivings for
Twenty eight
Days or more.

General Summary
of Duties in the
proper Tickets
and Exchange
Tickets, to be
filled up and
sent for drawing
Hivings for a
less Time than
Twenty eight
Days.
Where such
Tickets are
specific.

VI. And be it further enacted, That notwithstanding any thing to the contrary contained in an Act of the Fifty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for extending the Stamp Duties on Deeds and other Instruments in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, no Deputation or Commission to be hereafter granted pursuant to the said heretofore mentioned Acts and this Act, or any of them, appointing any Person to be a Collector of the said Duties on Horses, Hares and Geldings bred in the manner aforesaid, shall be charged or chargeable with any higher Stamp Duty than One Pound Fifteen Shillings.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty-first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, all Licences for leaving Horses to Hire which shall be granted in pursuance of the said heretofore mentioned Acts or any of them, between the Thirty-first Day of January and the Sixteenth Day of March in any Year, shall be dated on the First Day of February; and all Licences for leaving Horses to Hire which shall be granted in pursuance of the said Acts or any of them, at any other date, shall be dated on the Day on which the same shall be granted, and all such Licences respectively shall have effect and continue in force from the Day of the Date thereof, until the Thirty-first Day of January following, both inclusive, and so longer.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty-first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, all the Powers, Privileges, Regulations and Directions, Fines, Penalties, Pains and Penalties, contained in and imposed by the said Acts of the Twenty-fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for the raising, levying, collecting and securing of the Duties (hereby granted for and in respect of Horses bred for a Day or less Period of time, for drawing on any Public Road any Coach or other Carriage used in travelling Post or otherwise, both where the Distance to be travelled should be ascertained and where not, (here and except the Provision which declares that every Horse hired for any less Period than Two successive complete Days shall be deemed to be hired for a Day,) shall, in the aforesaid Acts be consistent with the express Provisions of this Act, be observed, applied, enforced and put in Execution for the raising, levying, collecting and securing of the said Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for and in respect of Horses, Hares and Geldings hired for a less Period of time than Twenty-eight successive Days, for drawing on any Public Road any Coach or other Carriage used in travelling Post or otherwise, both where the Distance to be travelled shall be ascertained and where not respectively, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been inserted and specially enacted in this Act, with such Alterations and Variations as may be necessary for applying the same to the said last mentioned Duties and Hivings; and that all the Powers, Privileges, Regulations and Directions, Fines, Penalties, Pains and Penalties contained in and imposed by the said Act of the Twenty-fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, with respect to Horses hired for Two or more Days for drawing any Carriage used in travelling as aforesaid, shall, in so far as the same shall be consistent with the express Provisions of this Act, be observed, applied, enforced and put into Execution with respect to Horses, Hares and Geldings hired for Twenty-eight successive Days or more, for drawing any Carriage used in travelling as aforesaid, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been inserted and specially enacted in this Act, with such Alterations and Variations as may be necessary for applying the same to Hivings of the Description last mentioned.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamps shall supply all Persons who shall be licensed to let Horses to Hire in the manner aforesaid, with proper and convenient Tickets, and the Toll-Gate Keepers with proper and convenient Exchange Tickets, for drawing Hivings for any less Period of time than Twenty-eight successive Days, both where the Distance to be travelled shall be ascertained and where not, all which Tickets and Exchange Tickets shall specify the Number of Horses to be let in Hire as hereinafter; and the Original Tickets shall have blank to be filled up with the Day or Number of Days for which the Hivings shall be made, the Name of the Person letting to Hire, if not an Innkeeper, or the Name of his or her Sign or House if an Innkeeper, the Name of the Place of his or her Residence, and the Month and Year and Day of the Month when the Hivings shall commence; and also in case of Hivings to go to any certain Place or Places and back, the Name or Description of such Place or Places, and the full Number of Miles thither and back; and also in case of Hivings for Two or more Days, the Name and Place of Residence of the Person hiring the Horse or Horses; and the Exchange Tickets shall have blank to be filled up with the Number of Days for which the Hivings shall be made, the Name of the Town or Place where the original Ticket shall have been filled, and the Date thereof, and the Name of the Toll-Gate and County where the Exchange Ticket shall be given; and also in case of Hivings to go to any certain Place or Places and back, the Name or Description of such Place or Places, and the Number of Miles thither and back, as the same shall be expressed in the original Ticket, and also the Name and Residence of the Hiree if expressed in the original Ticket for which the Exchange Ticket shall be given; and all such Original and Exchange Tickets shall be filled up accordingly.

and shall be delivered, given and used by all Persons concerned, in such and the like manner as by the said Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His Majesty's Regn is directed of and concerning the Original and Exchange Tickets thereby required to be provided, delivered, given and used in case of or for detaining Horses for a Day, and under and subject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures for every Refusal, Neglect or Omission as are thereby imposed.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamps shall also supply all Persons who shall be licensed to let Horses to Hire in the manner aforesaid with proper and convenient Certificates, and the Toll Gate Keepers with proper and convenient Check Tickets, for detaining Horses for Twenty eight successive Days or above not liable on the before mentioned Duties, which Certificates shall have Blanks to be filled up with the Number of Horses let to Hire, the Number of Days for which the same shall be hired, the Names and Residence of the Person hiring, and of the Person letting to Hire, and the Month and Year and Day of the Month when the Hiring shall commence; and the Check Tickets shall have Blanks to be filled up with the same Particulars in the Certificates for which they shall be given in Exchange, and with the Name of the Toll Gate and County where the Check Tickets shall be given; and in such Certificates and Check Tickets shall be filled up accordingly, and shall be delivered, given and used by all Persons concerned, in such and the like manner as by the said Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His Majesty's Regn is directed of and concerning the Certificates and Check Tickets thereby required to be provided, delivered, given and used in case of or for detaining Horses for Two or more Days, and under and subject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures for every Refusal, Neglect or Omission as are thereby imposed.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, where any Person is licensed as aforesaid shall let to Hire any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Geldings for drawing any Carriage used in travelling as aforesaid, either for Two or more Days under Twenty eight, or for a Period of Twenty eight successive Days or above, and the Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Geldings be let to Hire, shall be given up and returned to the Person letting the same before the Expiration of the time agreed for, the Person so letting the same shall recover all and receive of the Person so returning such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Geldings, the Exchange Ticket or Check Ticket which he or she shall have received in Exchange for the original Ticket or Certificate delivered to him or her as the Hiring of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Geldings, and shall deliver up such Exchange Ticket or Check Ticket to the Farmer or other Collector of the aforesaid Duties, to whom he or she shall be bound to deliver his or her Stamp Office Weekly Accounts at the next time of delivering any such Account; and if any Person is licensed as aforesaid shall refuse or neglect to shew his such Exchange Ticket or Check Ticket, or having received the same shall refuse or neglect to deliver up the same to the said Farmer or other Collector at the time aforesaid, he or she shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds; and if he or she shall shew such Exchange Ticket or Check Ticket, or permit the same to be shew, or give out the same to any Person for the Purpose of being used to cover and pretend any other Hiring whatsoever from the Duty payable by Law for the same, he or she shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if the Hire of any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Geldings, shall not deliver or shew at any Turnpike, Toll Bar or Bridge the proper Ticket, Exchange Ticket, Certificate or Check Ticket which he or she ought to shew, pursuant to the Direction of this Act and the said Act of the Forty fourth and Twenty fifth Years of His Majesty's Regn, or any of them, and shall wilfully oblige the Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Geldings, with which he or she shall pull such Turnpike, Toll Bar or Bridge, to be let or let over, or not hired, in order to avoid being stopped, or to avoid the Payment of the Sum which the Toll Gatherer there shall be entitled to demand in default of such Ticket, Exchange Ticket, Certificate or Check Ticket, being delivered or shewn as aforesaid, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, where any Person or Persons who shall be licensed to let Horses to Hire in the manner aforesaid, in pursuance of the said before mentioned Acts or any of them, shall keep any Carriage or Carriages used in travelling, to be furnished at the same time with any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Geldings, by him, her or them let to Hire, by the Mile or Stage, (other than and except Horses and Mourning Coaches used to attend Funerals, which shall remain subject to the same Regulations as heretofore,) he, she or they shall, before any such Carriage shall be so furnished, cause every Carriage kept by him, her or them for the Purpose aforesaid to be numbered with a different Number, beginning with Number One, and proceeding upwards successively to the highest Number of Carriages which he, she or they shall be kept; and shall also mark or paint, or cause to be marked or painted, in and on more bright Lard or Lard on the outside Panel of each Door of every such Carriage which shall have a Door thereon, and on some conspicuous Part of each of the Outside of every such Carriage which shall not have a Door thereon, his, her or their Christian Name and Surname, and the Name of the City, Town or Place where he, she or they shall keep such Carriages to be furnished as aforesaid; and the Number of every such Carriage, in large and legible Characters and Figures, of Black or White, whichever shall most differ from the Colour of the Carriage whereon the same shall be marked or painted, each Letter to be at least One Inch in Length, and each Figure at least One Inch and an Half in Length, and both Letters and Figures to be of a proper Breadth in Proportion to the Length thereof respectively, and shall continue the same on every such Carriage as long as such Carriage shall be kept for the Purpose aforesaid, varying the Number on such Carriages from time to time as Omission shall require, so as to make the same correspond with the actual Number of such Carriages which he, she or they shall then keep; and if any Person or Persons be licensed as aforesaid shall neglect or omit to number, mark or

Caution of
Persons to dis-
play proper Cer-
tificates and
Check Tickets,
to be filled up
and used there-
in, for Horses
let for Twenty
eight Days or
over

When Horses
are let for any
Period of time
exceeding two or
three days, ex-
change Tickets, &c. to be
delivered up in
Form as Col-
lection of Duties.

Persons licensed
to let, are to deliver
up the same
Weekly at the
Stamp Office.

Persons who
shall refuse to shew
their own, and
delivering
proper Tickets
at Toll Gates.

Persons who
Carriages kept to
be let with
Horses hired by
Mile or Stage
(Excepting) are
to be numbered
and the Number
and Owner's
Name, &c. to be
marked thereon,
under the Regu-
lation hereto
contained.

Notifying in
mark, or adding

making Carriages, or actually containing Number on Carriage,

Penalty and
Particulars to be
inserted in Stamp Office
Weekly Account, under
the Particulars of
§ 4 G. 3. c. 57.
§ 40.
In case of
Hiring by Mile
or Stage.

In case of
Hiring for any
Term less than
Twenty eight
Days.

In case of
Hiring for
Twenty eight
Days or more.

In case of
Hiring for any
Period of time,
where the Horse
shall be given up
before the time
expire.
Magistry, &c.
Penalty and

Particulars inserted
concerning the
Horse, let by
the Mile or
Stage, &c. &c.
Particulars to be
inserted in Stamp
Office Weekly
Account, under
the Particulars of
§ 4 G. 3. c. 57.
§ 40.
In case of
Hiring by Mile
or Stage.

Penalty and
Particulars to be
inserted in Stamp
Office Weekly
Account, under
the Particulars of
§ 4 G. 3. c. 57.
§ 40.

point any such Carriage in manner aforesaid, or paint or make to be marked or painted thereon any false or fictitious Name or Place, or any higher Number than the greatest Number of such Carriages which he, she or they shall then keep, or shall keep Two or more such Carriages with the true Number marked or painted thereon, or shall continue any Number upon any such Carriage after he, she or they shall have kept a Number of such Carriages corresponding therewith, he, she or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, all and every Person and Persons to be licensed as aforesaid, shall, in order of the Particulars required by the said Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign (a) to be inserted in his, her or their Stamp Office Weekly Account, insert and set forth therein the several Particulars following: (that is to say,) whenever he, she or they shall let to Hire by the Mile or Stage, any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding, to be used in travelling, the Number of Horse, Mare or Geldings, he, she or they shall let to Hire, the Number of Miles which the same shall be hired to go, the Name of the Town or Place from which and to which the same shall be hired to go, the Month and Day of the Month and Week when the same shall be hired, the Sort or Description of every Carriage, if any, which he, she or they shall furnish, together with any such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding, and the Number of every such Carriage, if hereby required to be numbered, and the Christian and Surname of every Possessor or Driver employed therewith, and also the Amount of the Duty payable for and in respect of the same, upon every such Hiring; and whenever he, she or they shall let to Hire for any Period of time less than Twenty eight successive Days, any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding, for drawing any Carriage used in travelling as aforesaid, the Number of Horse, Mare or Geldings to let to Hire, the Month and Day of the Month and Week when the same shall be hired, the Sort or Description of every Carriage, if any, which shall be furnished therewith, and the Number of every such Carriage, if hereby required to be numbered, the Christian and Surname of every Possessor or Driver employed with such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding, the time for which the same shall be hired, and the Number of Miles which the same shall be hired to go or travel, and the Name of the Town or Place from and to which the same shall be hired to go, where the Distance shall be ascertained, and also the Amount of the Duty payable for and in respect of the same upon every such Hiring; and whenever he, she or they shall let to Hire for Twenty eight successive Days or more, any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding, for drawing any Carriage used in travelling as aforesaid, the Number of Horse, Mare or Geldings to let to Hire, the Month and Day of the Month and Week when the same shall be hired, the Sort or Description of every Carriage, if any, which shall be furnished therewith, and the Number of every such Carriage, if hereby required to be numbered, the Christian and Surname of every Possessor or Driver employed with such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding, the time for which the same shall be hired, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Person hiring the same; and be, he or they shall also insert in every such Account a Memorandum or Notice of all Horse, Mare or Geldings which shall have been let to Hire by him, her or them, for drawing any Carriage used in travelling as aforesaid, either for Two or more Days under Twenty eight, or for Twenty eight successive Days or above, and which since the Date of his, her or their last Account shall have been given up and returned to him, her or them by the Hire, before the Expiration of the time agreed for; and in case of any Refusal or Neglect so to insert the said several Particulars or any of them in any such Weekly Account as aforesaid, he, she or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

(a) [17 G. 3. c. 57. § 27. *See the Particulars required by 48 G. 3. c. 58. § 7. inserted of the Particulars required by 17 G. 3. c. 57. § 27.*]

XVI. And for preventing Frauds and Evasions of the said Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, when any Person or Persons to be licensed as aforesaid shall let to Hire by the Mile or Stage any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding, to be used in travelling, and shall charge the Person or Persons hiring the same a specific Sum of Money for the whole Stage or Distance which the same shall be hired to go, and not after the said Rate per Mile, the Person or Persons hiring such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding, shall be accountable for One Fourth Part of the Sum of Money to be charged by him, her or them, as and for the Duty imposed by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign in such case, and shall deliver to the Person or Persons hiring such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding, the like Stamp Office Ticket, as if the same had been charged for per Mile, and shall add thereto the specific Sum charged for the same; and the Person or Persons letting such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding, shall also enter in his, her or their Stamp Office Weekly Account One Fourth Part of the Sum to be charged as aforesaid, as and for the Duty payable in respect of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding, and shall pay the same accordingly to the Collector or Collectors who shall be authorised to receive the said Duties; and if any such licensed Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect so to do, he, she or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, all and every Person and Persons to be licensed as aforesaid, who shall let to Hire by the Mile or Stage any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding, to be used in travelling, or shall let to Hire for any less Period of time than Twenty eight successive Days, or for a Period of Twenty eight successive Days or above, any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Gelding, for drawing any Carriage used in travelling as aforesaid, shall enter or make to be entered in his, her or their Stamp Office Weekly Account the several Particulars by this Act required to be entered therein, on the same Day on which

which such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall be so let to Hire as aforesaid; and to Defend thereof, he, she or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, instead of the Oath or Affirmation required by the said Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign to be made by Persons licensed to let Horses to Hire as to the Truth of their Stamp Office Weekly Accounts, the following Oath or Affirmation shall be made and subscribed by every Person so to be licensed as aforesaid:

I, A. B. do swear (or affirm, in the case of Quakers), That the Stamp Office Weekly Account or Accounts now delivered by me doth or do contain a just and true Statement of all Horses, Mares and Geldings which have been let to Hire by me or my Servants, or on my Behalf, either by the Mile or Stage, with or without a Carriage, or for any less Period of time than Twenty eight successive Days, for drawing any Coach or other Carriage used so travelling, from the Day of both inclusive, together with the true Number of Miles in the case of Horses by the Mile or Stage, and the true Number of Days and Miles in the case of Horses by time, where the Distance to be travelled was ascertained, and the true Number of Days in the case of Horses by time where the Distance to be travelled was not ascertained, for which such Horses, Mares and Geldings respectively were so let to Hire, and also the full and whole Duty due and payable by me, or for which I am accountable or chargeable for or in respect of such Horses, Mares and Geldings so let to Hire as aforesaid; and that the said Account or Accounts doth or do also contain a just and true Statement of all Horses, Mares and Geldings which within the Period aforesaid have been let to Hire by me or my Servants, or on my Behalf, for drawing any Coach or other Carriage used so travelling, for the Space of Twenty eight successive Days or more, together with the true Number of Days for which the same were so let to Hire in each case; all which said Statements, matters and things, and all the other Particulars contained in the said Account or Accounts, in far as regards myself and my own Acts, are true, and so far as regards the Acts of my Servants, or of any other Person or Persons on my Behalf, are true to the best of my Knowledge and Belief.

So help me GOD.

Which said Oath or Affirmation shall be made and subscribed before the Collector of the said Duties authorized to receive such Account or Accounts, who is hereby empowered to administer such Oath or Affirmation; and if any Person making such Oath or Affirmation shall knowingly and wilfully make a false Oath or Affirmation of or concerning any of the matters to be therein specified and set forth, every Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject and liable to such Fines and Penalties as by any Law now in force Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all the Regulations, Provisions, Directions, Particulars, Fines and Penalties contained in and imposed by the said Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, relating to the Stamp Office Weekly Accounts, and to the Oath or Affirmation to be made in Verification thereof, in far as the same are not hereby altered or varied, shall be deemed and taken to be in full Force, and to apply to such Accounts with the Alterations and Variations herebefore directed to be made therein, and to the Oath or Affirmation hereby required to be made respecting the same as aforesaid.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, every Person so to be licensed as aforesaid, residing in the City of London or Liberty of Westminster, or within Five Miles of the Head Office of Stamps, or within the Bills of Mortality, shall attend and deliver his or her Stamp Office Weekly Accounts, and pay the Duties for which he or she shall be accountable, unto the Collector authorized to receive the same, at such Place in London or Westminster and at such time as shall be appointed for that Purpose by a Notice to be written or printed upon the Blank Forms of the Stamp Office Weekly Accounts, which shall from time to time be delivered to him or her by any authorized Collector of the said Duties, for the Purpose of making therein the Entries required by this Act; and every Person so to be licensed as aforesaid, not residing within Five Miles of the Head Office of Stamps, or within the Bills of Mortality, shall attend and deliver his or her Stamp Office Weekly Accounts, and pay the Duties for which he or she shall be accountable, unto the Collector authorized to receive the same, at such Place in the Market Town in which he or she shall reside, or in the nearest Market Town to his or her Place of Residence, if out of a Market Town, and at such time as shall be appointed for that Purpose by a Notice to be written or printed upon the Blank Forms of the Stamp Office Weekly Accounts, which shall from time to time be delivered to him or her by any authorized Collector of the said Duties, for the Purpose of making therein the Entries required by this Act, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds for every Default in not delivering such Accounts, and double the Amount of the Duties due and payable by such licensed Person for the Non-payment thereof.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, not being licensed as aforesaid, shall, after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, let to Hire by the Mile or Stage any Horse, Mare or Gelding to be used in travelling, or shall let to Hire for any Period of time less than Twenty eight successive Days any Horse, Mare or Gelding, for drawing any such Coach or other Carriage as aforesaid, he, she or they shall be chargeable with and accountable for the Duty or Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding so to be let to Hire, in such and the same manner as if he, she or they had obtained such License as aforesaid, and had received such Duty or Duties of and from the Person or Persons being such Horse, Mare or Gelding, and shall from time to time, upon a Week's Notice in Writing for that Purpose given by any Collector of the said Duties for the County, District or Place where he, she or they shall be so let to Hire,

Harle, Mare or Gelding to Hire as aforesaid, deliver to such Collector whenever by him requested, after the Expatriation of such Notice, a true Account in Writing, signed by him, her or them, of every Harle, Mare and Gelding which he, she or they shall have let to Hire in the manner aforesaid, and shall set then have already accounted for, and of the mode and manner in which every such Harle, Mare and Gelding shall have been let to Hire, and of the Duty or Duties payable in respect thereof, in such and the same manner as is hereby required to be done by Persons licensed as aforesaid, and shall also verify such Account by Oath or Affirmation (to be administered by such Collector), in like manner as licensed Persons are hereby required to do, and shall thereupon pay to such Collector the Amount of such Duty or Duties; and in case of any Refusal or Neglect to do, that he, she or they shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Default in not delivering such Account verified as aforesaid, and double the Amount of the Duty or Duties which he, she or they shall be then chargeable with for the Non Payment thereof; Provided always, that where any such Notice shall have been given and Request made for the Delivery of such Account as aforesaid, then, upon the Delivery of such Account and Payment of the Duty due thereon, in performance of such Notice and Request, and upon taking out such Licence or Licences as ought to have been taken out by him, her or them previously thereto, the Person or Persons in delivering such Account shall be indemnified and discharged from any Penalty or Penalties which he, she or they may be then liable to in consequence of having let to Hire any Harle, Mare or Gelding, in the manner mentioned in such Account without having obtained such Licence as aforesaid.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, where any Person or Persons liable to account for and pay any Duty or Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Regency, for and in respect of any Harle, Mare or Gelding, Harle, Mare or Geldings, by him, her or them let to Hire as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to account for and pay the same, according to the Direction of the said before mentioned Statute, or any of them, or of this Act, so the Collector appointed to receive such Duties for the County, District or Place where he, she or they shall have let to Hire such Harle, Mare or Gelding, Harle, Mare or Geldings, and such Duty or Duties shall not exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds, it shall be lawful for such Collector, first obtaining a Warrant for that Purpose under the Hand and Seal of Harle and Seal of any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace residing near the Place where any such letting to Hire shall have been made, (which Justice or Justices, on Complaint made to him or them, shall summon the Party complained of, and the Witnesses on either Side, and examine into the Matter of Fact, and shall grant such Warrant, on due Proof being made of the Sum demanded owing for such Duty or Duties as aforesaid, by the voluntary Confession of the Party, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses,) to distrain such Person or Persons by his, her or their Goods and Chattels for the Amount of such Duty or Duties, and the Districts to be taken to detain and keep for the Space of Four Days, in the Costs and Charges of such Person or Persons; and if he, she or they shall not within that time pay the Amount of such Duty or Duties, with the Costs and Charges of taking and keeping such Districts, then the Goods and Chattels so distrained shall be sold by such Collector, who shall render the Overplus of the Money arising by the Sale thereof, if any shall remain, after deducting and retaining the Amount of such Duty or Duties, and the Costs and Charges of taking, keeping and selling such Districts, to the Person or Persons to be distrained as aforesaid; and it shall also be lawful for such Collector, for the Purpose of taking such Districts, to break open at the Day time any House or Place where any Goods or Chattels of such Person or Persons shall be, being thereunto authorized by such Warrant as aforesaid, and calling to his Assistance a Constable, Tythingman or Headborough of the County, Sher, Sturmer, City, Town or Place where any Refusal or Resistance shall be made, which said Officers are hereby required to aid and assist therein; and that the having of the Summons to appear before such Justice or Justices in the Dwelling House or usual or best known Place of Abode of the Party complained of, shall be deemed a good Service thereof.

XXIII. And to prevent Doubts, be it further enacted and declared, That from and after the passing of this Act the said heretofore mentioned Duties shall not be deemed to attach upon or be payable for or in respect of any Harle, Mare or Geldings which shall be hired for drawing any Carts or Carriages kept or usually employed for the Conveyance of Fish, or for or in respect of any Harle, Mare or Geldings used in Charriots or other Carriages duly licensed by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, where the same shall be hired to go no greater Distance than Ten Miles from the City of London or Westminster or the Suburbs thereof; but that the said Duties shall be deemed to attach upon and be payable for or in respect of Harle, Mare and Geldings which shall be hired for drawing Harle, in the same manner as shall be hired for drawing Mourning Coaches or other Carriages.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, it shall be lawful for Two or more Justices of the Peace for any Division or Great Division, to make the Difference between any Places in their Division and the Neighbourhood to be considered by them proper: Person or Persons, who shall be paid for such Measurements such Sum as shall appear reasonable to the said Justices out of the County Stock by the Treasurer of such County, upon the Warrant of the said Justices, and the Measurements being verified before the said Justices by the Oath of the Person or Persons making the same, to publish such Measurement under the Hand of the Clerk of such Division, Twice in some Newspaper of the County for which such Justice shall act; and from and after such Publication, if any Person living Harle to let shall charge for a greater Number of Miles than shall be specified in the Table of Distances to be published, if the Stage or Distance for which any Harle, Mare or Gelding shall be hired shall exceed Seven Miles, he or she shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Provision for Delivery of Account and Payment of Duty upon Notice and Request.

Where no account is required by Statute.

Proceedings in Districts.

Harle, &c. may be broken open in the Day time by Collector for taking Districts, calling to his Aid Constable or Headborough, &c.

Justices of Peace may order Harle to be measured and published. Measurements, being verified as Oath.

In what case such Harle may charge more Miles than specified in the Table.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, all pecuniary Penalties amounting to Ten Pounds or upwards, and not amounting to Fifty Pounds, imposed by this Act or by the said Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, may be paid for, recovered and levied, either in the manner prescribed by this Act with regard to Penalties amounting to Fifty Pounds, or in the manner thereby prescribed with regard to Penalties not amounting to Fifty Pounds; and all pecuniary Penalties not amounting to Ten Pounds imposed by this Act shall be paid for, recovered and levied in the manner prescribed by the said Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, with regard to Penalties of the same Amount.

Penalties have
recovered

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, all pecuniary Penalties imposed by this Act, and by the said Acts heretofore mentioned Acts or any of them, in anywise relating to the said Duties heretofore particularly mentioned, which shall be paid for within Six Calendar Months after the same shall be incurred, shall be deemed and go in the manner following; that is to say, One Moiety thereof shall go to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof, together with full Costs of Suit, shall go to the Person or Persons who shall inform and sue for the same; and it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons whomsoever to inform and sue for the same within the time aforesaid, notwithstanding the Provisions to the contrary contained in the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, or in any other Act or Acts; and all such Penalties so shall not be paid for within the time aforesaid shall go and belong wholly to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

Application of
Penalties.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or any of the said Duties, or for any other Person or Persons, to prosecute for any such pecuniary Penalty in any of His Majesty's Courts or in any other Court, or in Scotland, without having first obtained the Consent in Writing of the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any Two of them, or unless the Prosecution for the same shall be carried on by the Solicitor of Stamps, or some other Solicitor or Attorney approved of by the said Commissioners, or any Two of them; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps, or the major Part of them, if they shall think fit, to order the Proceedings to be stayed in any such Prosecution, on Payment of Part only of the Penalty incurred, with or without Costs, or on Payment only of the Costs incurred in such Prosecution, or any Part thereof, as they shall judge proper and expedient.

Prosecutions for
Penalties are to
be commenced
without Consent
of Writing of
Commissioners
of Stamps, and
to be carried on
by their Soli-
citor, &c.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be necessary upon the Trial or Hearing of any Action, Suit or Prosecution already commenced, or hereafter to be commenced for the Recovery of any of the said Duties on Horles, Mares and Geldings bred in the manner aforesaid, which are or shall be let to Farm in pursuance of the said Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign or of this Act, or of any future Act of Parliament, or for the Recovery of any Penalty or Penalties imposed by the said Acts before mentioned Acts or any of them, or by this Act or any future Act in anywise relating to the said Duties, to produce the Instrument whereby the Commissioners of Stamps in Great Britain or any of them were or shall be authorized by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to let to Farm the said Duties on Horles, Mares and Geldings, or any of them, or to produce the Commission whereby the said Commissioners of Stamps were constituted and appointed such Commissioners, or to prove the Execution of any Contract or Agreement whereby any of the said Duties on Horles, Mares and Geldings are or shall be let to Farm, or of any Assignment of any such Contract or Agreement, or of any Commission, Deputation or Authority whereby any Person or Persons is or are or shall be appointed a Collector or Collectors of any of the said Duties by the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any of them, or to prove the Signatures of the said Commissioners to any Contract to prosecute for any such pecuniary Penalty as aforesaid: Provided always, that such Contract, Agreement, Assignment, Commission, Deputation or Authority and Consent to prosecute, shall be produced on the Trial or Hearing of such Action, Suit or prosecution, and it shall be made to appear that the Person or Persons claiming under such Contract, Agreement, Assignment, Commission, Deputation or Authority, had in fact acted as the Farmer or Farmers, Collector or Collectors of the Duties therein mentioned and described, or some of them; and that in every such case full Proof shall be deemed and taken by the Judges or Justices before whom any such Trial or Hearing shall be had, to be good and legal Evidence of such Person or Persons being the Farmer or Farmers, Collector or Collectors of the Duties mentioned and described in such Contract, Agreement, Assignment, Commission, Deputation or Authority, unless by other Evidence the contrary shall be made to appear; any Law or Usage to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

What Proof
shall be sufficient
in Actions for
Duties and
Penalties.

C A P. LX

An Act to regulate certain Offices in the Court of Exchequer in England.

[31st July 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that certain Offices in the Court of Exchequer in England, not given or created by the Lord Chief Baron or Barons of the Court of Exchequer, or any or either of them, or by the Chief Justice or Judge of either of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, and certain Offices in the Almonshouse Office, should be regulated; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after and upon the Twentieth respectively of the next ensuing January, Remembrancer, Clerk of the Pipe, Clerk of the Pipe, Comptroller of the Pipe, Marshal, Foreign Assigner, Surveyor and Receiver General of Green Wax, Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer, Clerk of Foreign Estates, Clerk of the Mabella, Comptroller of Fish Prizes, and in the Almonshouse Office Three Commissioners, the Solicitor of the Exchequer, and six

Certain Offices,
when the dis-
position of the
present Revenue
Commission, to be
exercised in
Practice, and not
by Deputy.

as the said Offices respectively shall become vacant by the Death, Resignation, or Removal of the Person or Persons now holding the same, the Duties thereof respectively shall be discharged by the Officers respectively appointed to hold the same in Person, and not by Deputy; and from time to time as any of the said respective Offices shall become vacant as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and required to regulate the Duties, Emoluments and Establishments of the said respective Offices as they become vacant, so as that the several Duties to be discharged therein respectively shall be performed in Person, and not by Deputy; and for that Purpose shall appoint such and such Number of fit and proper Persons as may be sufficient and necessary to perform and execute the Duties to be done, performed and executed in the said Offices respectively, as the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners shall deem fit, with such Salaries or Allowances as shall be ordered and appointed by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners, or any Three or more of them in that Behalf; regard being had in every such case to the Nature and Extent of the Duties to be performed, and to the Responsibility which may attach or belong to the several and respective Officers or Persons executing the Duties of the said Offices respectively; and all such Regulations, Appointments, Salaries and Allowances, when so made and established, shall thereupon become and be in full Force and Effect in relation to the said Offices respectively; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Law or Laws, or Usage, Custom or Practice to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. Provided always, That any Fees or profits charged or chargeable for or in respect of any of the said Offices, or received or receivable according to Law in any of the said Offices respectively, shall continue to be received, and the same shall be applied in Payment of the Salary or Salaries, Allowances or Allowances, authorized by this Act to be granted or made in each of the said Offices in which such Fees shall be received; and if any balance of such Fees shall remain, after paying and satisfying such Salaries or Allowances respectively, the same shall be paid by such Officer or Officers to be appointed as aforesaid, once in every Three Months, into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and go to and make Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

C A P. LXL.

An Act to abolish the Offices of the Wardens, Chief Justices and Justices in Eyre, North and South of Trent. [7th July 1817.]

WHEREAS the Office of Warden, Chief Justice and Justice in Eyre of His Majesty's Forests, Chases, Parks and Warren North of Trent, and the Office of Warden, Chief Justice and Justice in Eyre of His Majesty's Forests, Chases, Parks and Warren South of Trent, are Offices of considerable Emolument, and by reason of the Disafforesting of many of the great Forests, and the enclosing of others of such Forests, and the Regulations which have from time to time been made relative to the Management of the Woods, Forests and Land Revenues of the Crown, and the Rights appertaining thereto or connected therewith, the efficient Duties of the said Officers have in a great measure ceased, and the remaining Duties of such Officers may be otherwise provided for without Prejudice to the Rights of the Crown; and it is therefore enacted that such Officers respectively should, upon the Termination of the probate ending Interest therein, be abolished: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said respective Offices of Warden, Chief Justice and Justice in Eyre of His Majesty's Forests, Chases, Parks and Warren North and South of Trent respectively, shall, upon the respective Terminations of the probate ending Interests therein, be wholly abolished; and from and after such Abolition all the Duties of such Officers respectively shall be performed by the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues; and for that Purpose all the respective Powers and Authorities belonging or appertaining to the said Offices of Warden, Chief Justice and Justice in Eyre of His Majesty's Forests, Chases, Parks and Warren North and South of Trent respectively, shall, immediately upon the ceasing of such Offices respectively, become and be and remain vested in such said Commissioners for the time being, without any special or other Appointment for that Purpose or in that Behalf; and every such said Commissioners for the time being shall and he is hereby authorized, empowered and required to perform all such Duties, and for that purpose to use and exercise all such Powers and Authorities, and enforce the same by all such and the like Writs, Motus, Bails and Proceedings, and do and perhaps all such Acts, matters and things, as may be necessary in that Behalf, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said said Commissioners had been duly and legally appointed to the said Offices respectively, and was, in virtue of a legal Appointment, Warden, Chief Justice and Justice in Eyre of His Majesty's Forests, Chases, Parks and Warren North and South of Trent respectively; provided that such said Commissioners shall not be entitled to, or have, take or receive any Salary, Fee or Emolument whatever in respect thereof.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Salaries of the said Officers shall, upon the Termination thereof respectively, make Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and a Sum equal to the Amount of such of such Salaries shall, upon such Termination of each of such Officers respectively, be retained in the Exchequer as Part of the Consolidated Fund, and not issued or carried to the Account of the said Lords; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P.

CAP. LXII.

An Act to abolish certain Offices, and to regulate certain other Offices, in Ireland. [7th July 1817.]

WHEREAS the Offices in Ireland herein after mentioned respectively are Offices some of which it is expedient to abolish, and with respect to others it is expedient to make Provision for a more efficient and economical Execution of the Duties thereof respectively after the Termination of the present existing Intervals thereof respectively; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after and upon the respective Terminations of the respective aforesaid existing Intervals in each and every of the following Offices; that is to say, Surveyor General of Crown Lands; Keeper of Records in the Exchequer Tower at Dublin; Keeper of the Records of Parliament; Clerk of the Paper Office; and as each of the said Offices shall respectively become vacant, upon the Termination of such period ending Intervals, each and every of the said Offices shall be abolished; and the said Offices shall not, nor shall any of them, from and after the passing of this Act, be granted to any Person or Persons whatsoever; and the said Offices are hereby, from and after the respective times when the same shall respectively become vacant, wholly abolished.

Clerk Office in Ireland, on Termination of existing intervals, abolished.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Records, Maps, Books and Papers whatsoever, now in the Custody, Power or Possession of the said before mentioned Offices, or any of them, or of any of their Clerks or Deputies, shall upon the respective Terminations of the present existing Intervals in each and every of the said Offices respectively, be removed, transferred and delivered to the Office or Offices, Place or Places appointed to be appointed for the performing with Ease and Safety of the Records of Ireland; and shall from thenceforth be there safely kept and preserved according to the Directions of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; and it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, at any time either before or after the Termination of the present existing Intervals in any of the said Offices hereby abolished, to order and direct that all such Records, Maps and Papers shall be removed, transferred and delivered into the said Record Office or Offices, and the same shall then be forthwith received, transferred and delivered accordingly; and it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, from time to time to give such Orders and Directions for the safe Custody, Preservation and Arrangement of the said Records, and of all or any other Records relating to Ireland, as to such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland shall at any time seem fitting and expedient.

The Records, &c. of the said Offices transferred to the Public Record Office, under Direction of Lord Lieutenant.

Lord Lieutenant, either before or after the Termination of existing intervals, may order such Records to be removed into the said Office.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after and upon the respective Terminations of the respective existing Intervals in each and every of the following Offices; that is to say, Accountant to the Board of General Officers; Secretary to the said Board; Quarter and Superintendant of His Majesty's Pressing Perks; Comptroller of the Public Grants; Master of the Records; Steward of His Majesty's Mansions; Accountant General (now held by Stephen Moore Esquire); Superintendant of Accounts in the Barrack Department; Barrack Master of the Royal Barracks; and as each of the said Offices shall respectively become vacant upon the Termination of such period ending Intervals, each and every of the said Offices shall be respectively abolished; and the said Offices shall not, nor shall any of them, from and after the passing of this Act, be granted to any Person or Persons whatsoever; and the said Offices are hereby, from and after the respective times when the same shall respectively become vacant, wholly abolished.

Clerk of the said Office abolished on Termination of existing Intervals.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after and upon the respective Terminations of the respective existing Intervals in each and every of the following Offices; that is to say, Constable of the Castle of Limerick; Constable of the Castle of Dublin; Constable of the Castle of Galway; or Salary or Allowances whatsoever, other than and except the Rents and Profits of the Lands and Hereditaments attached to the said Offices respectively, shall be paid or payable out of His Majesty's Civil List or otherwise to the said Offices, or to any or either of them; but all such Salaries or Allowances (except as aforesaid) shall cease and determine; and the said Salaries and Allowances (except as aforesaid) are hereby, from and after the respective times when the said Offices shall respectively become vacant at any time after the passing of this Act, wholly abolished.

Salary, &c. (excepted) of certain Offices abolished on Termination of existing Intervals.

V. And be it further enacted, That the several and respective Duties of the several and respective Offices in Ireland hereafter mentioned; that is to say, Clerk of the Council; Master-Master General; Prévost-Master of the Port of Dublin; Stewardship of the Customs in the said Port; shall from and after and upon the respective Terminations of the respective period ending Intervals in each of the said Offices respectively, be regulated under the Provisions hereinafter in this Act contained; and shall thereafter be executed and performed by the several and respective Persons to be appointed to execute the same in Person.

Certain Offices regulated.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from time to time as any of such Four last mentioned Offices shall become vacant upon the Termination of the present existing Intervals or Intervals therein, it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, in Consultation with the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of such Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required, to regulate the Duties and Establishments of the said last mentioned Office as becoming vacant, so as that the said Duties shall be performed in Person by such and such Number of fit and proper Persons as may be sufficient and necessary to perform

Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, with Commissioners of Treasury, to order Provision for the Execution of the Duties of such Offices becoming vacant.

current after the
Exposition of
existing Insects,
and appear to
be more adequate
to the Duty
and Responsibility
attached to
each Office.

Treasury to lay
before Parlia-
ment Statement
of former and
new Establish-
ment.

Officers of Com-
missioners of the
Board of Works
abolished as they
become vacant,
they and Lord Les-
treight, with
Commissioners of
Treasury, to make
Arrangements
for the Execu-
tion of Duties
under Charge of
the said Board.

Savings arising
by new Regula-
tion of the
Establishment of
such Officers, to
go to the Con-
solidated Fund.

Persons holding
any of the said
Offices when an
Act shall be passed
in being or
within six Months
of the
House of Com-
mons.

41 G. 3. c. 32.

Office of Keeper
of the Ferry
shall in future be
granted during
Parliament, and
holders must
be sworn in by the
Chief Secretary to
the Lord Lieutenant.

perform and execute the Duties to be done, performed and executed in the said Offices, as the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland and the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall deem fit, with such Salaries or Emoluments as shall be ordered and appointed by the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, and the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, in that Behalf; regard being had to the Nature and Extent of the Duties to be performed, and to the Responsibility which may attach or belong to the several and respective Officers or Persons executing the Duties of the said Offices respectively; and all such Regulations, Appointments and Salaries, when so made and established, shall become and be in full Force and Effect in relation to the said Offices respectively; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Law or Usage, Custom or Practice, to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, shall within Six Weeks after the Regulation under the Provisions of this Act of any such Office is becoming vacant as aforesaid, if Parliament shall then be sitting, or if Parliament shall be then sitting, or if Parliament shall not be then sitting, then within Six Weeks after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament, lay before both Houses of Parliament an Account of such new Establishment of the Office so regulated, with a Statement of the Number of Officers and Amount of Salaries of each respectively, together with a Statement of the former Establishment of the Office so regulated.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after and upon the respective Terminations of the respective prefict existing Insects in each and every of the Offices of Commissioners of the Board of Works in Ireland, and in each of the said Offices shall respectively become vacant upon the Termination of the prefict existing Insects, each and every of the said Offices shall respectively be abolished, and the said Offices shall not, nor shall any of them from and after the passing of this Act, be granted to any Person or Persons whatsoever; and the said Offices are hereby abolished when the respective times when the same shall respectively become vacant, actually established; and after the Office of the said Commissioners shall become vacant, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, in Consequence with the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to make such Arrangements, by the Appointment of One or more Officers or Officers, as shall provide for the efficient Execution in Provis of all Duties connected with the Superintendence of the public Buildings now under the Charge of the said Board of Works, at such reasonable Rate of Salary or Salaries as shall be sufficient for the Purpose; and an Account of every such Appointment and Rate of Salary shall be laid before Parliament in like manner as by this Act is required with respect to the Regulation of other Offices under this Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money arising from Salaries, Fees or Emoluments, which shall by notice of the Regulation of any such Office be more than sufficient to defray the Salaries and incidental Charges of the new Establishment of any such Office, shall be paid (by the Orders and Directions of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, which Orders and Directions the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized and required to make and give for that Purpose) into the Receipt of the Exchequer in Ireland, and shall be carried to and make Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that any such Salary or Allowance as shall be payable to any or either of the said Officers out of the Civil List of Ireland, shall be carried to and make Part of the said Consolidated Fund during the Life of His present Majesty only, and no longer, unless Provision shall hereafter be made by Parliament for that Purpose.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Office and Appointment belonging to and making Part of the Establishment of any of the said Offices respectively, when so regulated as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be a new Office within the true Intent and Meaning of an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for declaring what Persons shall be disabled from sitting and voting in the House of Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and also for carrying into effect Part of the Fourth Article of the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, by providing in what cases Persons holding Offices or Places by Proxy under the Crown of Ireland shall be incapable of being Members of the House of Commons of the Parliament of the said United Kingdom; and every Person holding any such Office shall be incapable of sitting or voting as a Member of the House of Commons; and every such Officer who shall sit or vote in the House of Commons shall be liable and subject to the Provisions and Provisions contained in the said recited Act with respect to such Person or Persons as shall be disabled or incapacitated by the holding or accepting of any Office, Employment or Place of Profit in the said Act mentioned and particularized.*

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after and upon the Termination of the prefict existing Insects in the Office of Keeper of the King's Ferry Seal for Ireland, the said Office shall be granted during the King's Pleasure only; and that the said Office shall from thenceforth always be holden, and the Duties thereof shall be executed, by the Person who for the time being shall hold the Office of Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland: Provided always, that none of the Provisions in this Act before contained, with respect to the several other Offices heretofore mentioned, shall extend to the said Office of Keeper of the Ferry Seal; but that the said Office shall, from and after the Termination of the prefict existing Insects therein, be holden by such Chief Secretary for the time being in like manner in all respects as the same was usually holden before the Grant of such prefict existing Insects.

C A P. LXIII.

An Act to regulate the Offices of Clerks of the Signet and Privy Seal.

[7th July 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the respective Offices of Clerks of the Signet and of Clerks of the Privy Seal should be regulated: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after and upon the respective Terminations of the respective existing Incumbents in each of the said Offices of Clerks of the Signet and Privy Seal respectively, and as each of the said Offices shall become vacant, upon the Terminations of such person existing Incumbent, the Duties of the said Offices respectively shall be executed and performed by the several and respective Persons who shall be appointed to execute the same in Perpetuo.

II. And be it further enacted, That from time to time in any of the said Offices of the Clerks of the Signet and of the Clerks of the Privy Seal respectively, shall become vacant, upon the Terminations of the person existing Incumbent therein respectively, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and required, to regulate the Duties and Establishments of the Offices in becoming vacant, in so that the said Duties shall be performed in Perpetuo by such Number of fit and proper Persons to be appointed by the Persons authorized to appoint such respective Clerks as the said Commissioners of the Treasury or any Three or more of them shall deem fit, with such Salaries or Emoluments as shall be ordered and appointed by the said Commissioners or any Three or more of them in that behalf, Regard being had to every such sale to the Nature and Extent of the Duties to be performed, and to the Respectability which may attach or belong to the several and respective Offices or Persons executing the Duties of the said Offices respectively; and all such Regulations, Appointments and Salaries, when so made and established, shall become and be in full Force and Effect in relation to the said Offices respectively; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Law or Laws, or Usage, Custom or Practice, to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury of the United Kingdom, or any Three or more of them for the time being, shall, within Six Weeks after the Regulation under the Provisions of the Act, of any such Office of Clerk of the Signet or Clerk of the Privy Seal be becoming vacant as aforesaid, if Parliament shall be then sitting, or if Parliament shall not be then sitting, then within Six Weeks after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, lay before both Houses of Parliament an Account of such new Establishment of the Office so regulated, with a Statement of the Number of Officers and Amount of Salaries of each respectively, together with a Statement of the former Establishment of the Office so regulated.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money arising from Salaries, Fees or Emoluments, which shall by reason of the Regulation of any such Office of Clerks of the Signet and Privy Seal respectively be more than sufficient to defray the Salaries and incidental Charges of the new Establishment of any such Office, shall, by the Orders and Directions of the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury (which Orders and Directions the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized and required to make and give for that Purpose) be carried to and paid into and make Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Office and Appointment belonging to and making Part of the Establishment of any of the said Offices respectively, when so regulated as aforesaid under the Provisions of the Act, shall be deemed and taken to be a new Office within the true Intent and Meaning of an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty Queen Anne; and every Person holding any such Office shall be incapable of sitting or voting as a Member of the House of Commons; and every such Officer who shall sit or vote in the House of Commons shall be liable and subject to the Penalties and Forfeitures contained in an Act passed in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, entitled *An Act to exclude certain Officers from being Members of the House of Commons*.

C A P. LXIV.

An Act to abolish certain Offices, and regulate others in Scotland.

[7th July 1817.]

WHEREAS certain Offices in Scotland require to be regulated, and it is expedient that certain other Offices in that Part of the United Kingdom should be abolished: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after and upon the Terminations of the person existing Incumbent in the Office of Keeper of the Great Seal for Scotland, or when the said Office shall become vacant, it shall not be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to grant any higher Salary to the Keeper of the Great Seal for Scotland, nor shall any Keeper of the Great Seal for Scotland hereafter to be appointed enjoy a higher Salary in respect of such Appointment than the Sum of Two thousand Pounds per Annum.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Proportions charged or chargeable for or in respect of any Chancery, Letters Patent or other Instruments passing the Great Seal of Scotland, shall continue to be paid and payable

After Terminations of existing Incumbents, Office of Clerks of the Signet and Privy Seal as to be performed in Perpetuo.
Treasury to make Provision for the Execution of the Duties of such Offices.

and for Salaries, &c.

Treasury to lay Accounts of former and new Establishments before Parliament.

Summs arising by new Regulations to go to the Consolidated Fund.

Persons holding by the new Act, when regulated, are liable of being so voting as Members of the House of Commons.
15 Geo. 2. c. 20.

After Term of existing Incumbent, the Salary of Keeper of the Great Seal for Scotland is limited to the sum of two thousand Pounds per Annum.

Application
thereof.

payable for or in respect of such Instruments passing the same; and all such Fees shall be applied, in the first Place, in the paying and defraying such Salary as the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the said United Kingdom for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall think fit to grant to the Deputy Keeper of the said Great Seal; and, in the next Place, in the paying to the Keeper of the said Great Seal the said Salary of Two thousand Pounds *per Annum* hereby authorized to be granted to him; and the Surplus of such Fees shall, at the Expiration of every Quarter, be paid to the Receiver General of Scotland for the time being, to be by him accounted for with other Public Monies received by him; and if such Fees shall not be sufficient to pay such Salary, the Balance remaining unsatisfied by such Fees shall and may be defrayed in the same manner as the Salary of the Keeper of the Great Seal is at present paid and defrayed.

Salary of Keeper
of the Privy Seal
the Twentieth in
this manner to
be raised, *per Annum*.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after and upon the Termination of the present existing Interests in the Office of Keeper of the Privy Seal for Scotland, or when the said Office shall become vacant, it shall not be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to grant any higher Salary to the Keeper of the Privy Seal for Scotland, nor shall any Keeper of the Privy Seal for Scotland hereafter to be appointed, enjoy a higher Salary in respect of such Appointment than the Sum of One thousand two hundred Pounds *per Annum*.

Fees continued.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Fees at present charged or chargeable for or in respect of Instruments passing the Privy Seal of Scotland, shall continue and be paid and payable for or in respect of such Instruments passing the same; and all such Fees shall be applied in the first Place in paying and defraying such Salary as the said Lord High Treasurer, or the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall think fit to grant to the Deputy Keeper of the said Privy Seal; and in the next Place, in the Payment of the said Salary of One thousand two hundred Pounds *per Annum* hereby authorized to be granted to the Keeper of the Privy Seal; and any Balance which may remain of such Fees shall be paid at the Expiration of every Quarter to the Receiver General of Scotland for the time being, to be by him accounted for with other Public Monies received by him; and if such Fees shall not be sufficient to pay such Salaries, the same shall and may be defrayed in the same manner as the Salary heretofore granted to the said Keeper of the Great Seal is paid and defrayed.

Application
thereof.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after and upon the Termination of the present existing Interests in the Office of Keeper of the Signet and Lord Register in Scotland respectively, or upon either of the same becoming vacant, the Duties of Keeper of the Signet in Scotland shall be discharged by the Lord Register; and it shall not be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to grant to any Person who shall hereafter be appointed to discharge the Duties of Lord Register in Scotland a higher Salary, nor shall any Person who shall be appointed to discharge such Duties enjoy a higher Salary in respect of such Appointment than One thousand two hundred Pounds *per Annum*; and every Person hereafter to be appointed Lord Register shall discharge the Duties of Keeper of the Signet, as well as of Lord Register, with the Aid of such Assistance from Clerks and other Officers as the said Lord High Treasurer or the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, shall think fit to appoint.

Fees continued.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Sums at present paid and payable to the Keeper of the Signet for Scotland, and the Fees at present payable for or in respect of Instruments passing the Signet in Scotland, and also the Fees paid and payable to the Lord Register for Scotland, or in respect of the Duties at present discharged by any Person or Persons in the Office of the said Lord Register, shall continue to be paid and payable in the same manner as such Fees respectively are now paid and payable; and such Fees shall be applied in the first Place in satisfying and paying such Salaries or Allowances as the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall think fit to grant and direct to be paid to any Person or Persons whom they may think necessary for the due Discharge of the Duties appertaining to the Office of Lord Register and Keeper of the Signet for Scotland respectively; and in the next Place, in the Payment of the said Salary of One thousand two hundred Pounds *per Annum* hereby authorized to be granted to the Person holding the said Office of Lord Register; and any Balance of such Fees which shall remain after such Payment shall be paid to the Receiver General of Scotland at least Once in Three Months, or to the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall direct, and shall be paid and accounted for by him with the other Public Monies received by him.

Application
thereof.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if the present existing Interests in the said Office of Keeper of the Signet shall terminate, or the said Office shall become vacant before the present existing Interests in the said Office of Lord Register shall terminate, or before the said last mentioned Office shall become vacant, then the Duties of Keeper of the Signet shall be discharged by the present Lord Register for Scotland, and the Duties and Establishments of the said Office of Keeper of the Signet shall thereupon be regulated in the manner directed by this Act; and the said Fees appertaining to the said Office of Keeper of the Signet, or received therein, shall, after paying and defraying the Salaries and Allowances to be granted to the several Persons to be appointed by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, for the due Discharge of the Duties of the Office of Keeper of the Signet, be paid to the Receiver General for Scotland at least Once in every Three Months, and shall be paid and accounted for by him in the same manner with other Public Monies received and accounted for by him.

Provision of
Office of Keeper
of the Signet
become vacant
before that of
Lord Register,
as to Performance
of Duties
and Payment of
Fees in Receiver
General.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if the present existing Interests in the said Office of Lord Register shall terminate, or the said Office shall become vacant before the existing Interests in the said Office of Keeper of the Signet shall terminate, or before the said last mentioned Office shall become vacant, then the

Duties

That the said Fees
shall be paid to the
Office of Lord
Register shall

Duties and Establishment of the said Office of Lord Register shall be regulated in the manner directed by this Act; and the Fees at present payable for or in respect of the said Office of Lord Register, or received thereon, after paying and defraying the Salaries and Allowances of such Person or Persons as shall be appointed by the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, for the Purpose of transcribing the Statutes of the said Office of Lord Register, shall be paid and applied towards Payment of the Salary by this Act allowed to be granted to the Lord Register; and if any Balance of such Fees shall remain after being so applied, the same shall, at least Once in Three Months, be paid to the Receiver General of Scotland, and shall be paid and accounted for by him, in the same manner with other Public Monies received and accounted for by him.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Cullier and Receiver General of Excise in Scotland hereafter to be appointed shall discharge the Duties of the said Office in Person, subject to such Rules and Regulations as shall be established by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being for that Purpose, which they are hereby authorized and required to do; to be observed for the due Discharge of the Duties of the said Office; and on Cullier or Receiver General of Excise hereafter to be appointed shall enjoy or receive, for or in respect of such Appointment, a higher Salary than One thousand Pounds per Annum; and every such Cullier or Receiver General shall give such Security for the due Discharge of the Duties of his Office in Person as the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall think fit to order and direct to that Effect.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Person hereafter to be appointed to either of the Offices of Knight Marshal or Vice Admiral in Scotland shall enjoy or receive any Salary whatever for or in respect of either of the said Offices.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after and upon the Termination respectively of the offices existing heretofore in the under mentioned Offices, *viz.* the Office of Auditor of the Exchequer in Scotland, the Office of King's Remembrancer in Exchequer in Scotland, the Office of Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer in Exchequer in Scotland, the Office of Preliminary Signatures in Exchequer in Scotland, the Office of Keeper of the General Register of Estates in Scotland, the Office of Clerk to the Admissions of Writters in Scotland, the Office of Director of the Chancery in Scotland, the Office of Clerk of the Chancery in Scotland, and the Office of Clerk of the Court of Admiralty in Scotland; and in case as the said Offices or any or either of them respectively shall become vacant, the Duties thereof shall be discharged by the Officer appointed to hold the same in Person; and from time to time as any of the said respective Offices shall become vacant, it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and required, to regulate the Duties and Establishments of the said Offices respectively as they respectively become vacant, so that the several Duties to be discharged therein respectively shall be performed in Person; and whereas and thereafter such and such Number of fit and proper Persons shall be appointed, or shall be authorized and directed to be appointed, as may be sufficient and necessary to perform and execute the Duties to be done, performed and executed in the said Offices respectively, as the said Commissioners shall deem fit, with such Salaries or Allowances as shall be ordered and appointed by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury in that behalf, Regard being had in every such case to the Nature and Extent of the Duties to be performed, and to the Respectability which may attach or belong to the several and respective Offices or Persons executing the Duties of the said Offices respectively; and all such Regulations, Appointments, Salaries and Allowances when made and established shall become and be in full Force and Effect in relation to the said Offices respectively, any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Law or Laws, or Usage, Custom or Practice to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that any Fees at present charged or chargeable for or in respect of any of the said Offices, or received or receivable according to Law in any of the said Offices respectively, shall continue to be received; and the same shall be applied in Payment of the Salary or Salaries, Allowances or Allowances, authorized by this Act to be granted or made in each of the said Offices in which such Fees shall be received; and if any Balance of such Fees shall remain after paying and satisfying such Salaries or Allowances respectively, the same shall be paid at least Once in Three Months to the Receiver General of Scotland, and shall by him be paid and accounted for in the same manner with any Public Monies received and accounted for by him.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after and upon the Termination respectively of the following Offices, *viz.* the Office of One of the Clerks of the Pipe in Scotland, the Office of Clerk Adjutant to the General Surveyors and Inspectors of Taxes in Scotland, the Office of Comptroller General of the Customs in Scotland, the Office of Receiver of Bishops' Rents in Scotland, the Office of Inspector of Wheel Carriages in Scotland, the Office of Gazette Writer in Scotland, and the Office of Inspector General of the Roads in Scotland, without Prejudice notwithstanding to the Discharge of the Duties of the Inspector of Roads, pursuant to an Act passed in the Fifth fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for maintaining and keeping in Repair certain Roads and Bridges made in Scotland for the Purpose of Military Communication, and for making more effectual Provision for maintaining and repairing Roads made and Bridges built in Scotland under the Authority of the Parliamentary Commissioners for Highland Roads and Bridges*; and in case as any of the said Offices shall become vacant, the same shall be and from thenceforth become for ever abolished.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and they are hereby authorized and required, to order and direct in what manner the Bishops' Rents in Scotland, heretofore collected by the said Collector of Bishops' Rents, shall be collected at

therein, under notice that of Keeper of the Signet.

Office of Cullier and Receiver General of Excise in Scotland, and in case as Salary thereof shall be paid to Receiver General of Excise.

Knight Marshal and Vice Admiral in Scotland, and in case as Salary thereof shall be paid to Receiver General of Excise.

Salaries appointed by Treasury.

Fees received.

Appointments ordered.

Salaries paid to Receiver General.

After Termination of existing Offices, certain other Offices abolished.

Power for Director of Inspector of Roads pursuant to 34 Geo. 3. c. 24.

Treasury to order how Bishops' Rents shall be collected.

Salary, &c.

Provision is by
other Acts
made a regulation
of Salaries and
non-Disability
cases

Regulation of
any Office call-
ing persons to
it, does not bring
within the Pro-
visions of this
Act.

the best possible Expense with Certainty and Safety after the Abolition of the said Office, and to grant such Salary, as to make such Allowances, as shall be deemed necessary for that Purpose.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Left High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, shall, within Six Weeks after the Regulation, under the Provisions of this Act, of any Office hereby dissolved or so regulated, if Parliament shall be then sitting, or if Parliament shall not be then sitting, within Six Weeks after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, lay before both Houses of Parliament an Account of every new Establishment of any such Office so regulated, with a Statement of the Number of Officers, and Amount of Salaries or Allowances of each respectively, together with a Statement of the former Establishment of the Office so regulated; and the said Commissioners of the Treasury shall in like manner within the above mentioned Period lay before Parliament a Statement of every Office that shall be established under the Provisions of this Act, showing the Savings thereby made to the Public.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Regulation of any Office under the Provisions of this Act, which was an Office existing previous to an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty, Queen Anne, entitled *An Act for the Security of Her Majesty's Person and Government, and of the Succession to the Crown of Great Britain in the Protestant Line*, shall not be held to be a new Office within the Intent and Meaning of that Act of Parliament; but every Person holding any such Office so regulated shall be and remain in the same Situation with respect to that Act of Parliament, as if the same had not been regulated under the Provisions of this Act.

CAP. LXV.

An Act to enable His Majesty to recompense the Services of Persons holding, or who have held, certain high and efficient Civil Offices. [7th July 1817.]

WHEREAS the Abolition and Regulation of various Offices will deprive the Crown of Part of the Means by which His Majesty has been hitherto enabled to recompense the Services of Persons holding, or who have held, high and efficient Civil Offices; And Whereas it is expedient and necessary, and consistent with sound Policy and proper Economy, that upon the Abolition and Regulation of various Offices of Emolument, other Means should be afforded to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, of recompensing the meritorious Services of Persons holding or who have held high efficient Civil Offices, and making competent Provision for Persons holding such Offices upon their quitting or being removed from the same; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That after the Expiration of Two Years from the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by any Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, to grant unto any Person who shall have served His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, for any Period not less than Two Years in the whole, either uninterruptedly or at different times, in any one or more of the Offices of First Lord of the Treasury or of one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or-Chancellor of the Exchequer, or First Lord of the Admiralty, a Pension during Life not exceeding Three thousand Pounds per Annum; and at the Expiration of every further propoſed Period of Two Years more from the passing of this Act, to grant in like manner other like Pensions to any other such Persons as aforesaid, until, at the Expiration of Twelve Years from the passing of this Act, Six of such Persons shall have been granted in the whole; and from and after such Six Persons of Three Thousand Pounds each shall have been granted to Six such Persons as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to grant any further or other Pensions in respect of any such Offices as aforesaid; Provided always, that from time to time whenever and so often as any such Pension shall cease, by Death, Forfeiture or Resignation thereof respectively of the Person holding the same, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to grant in like manner other like Pensions to any other such Persons as aforesaid, under such and the like Conditions, Limitations, and Restrictions as aforesaid; so as that no more or greater Number of such Persons than are allowed under the Provisions of this Act shall be in force at the same time, and so as that after the Expiration of Twelve Years no greater Number than Six such Persons shall thereafter be granted or existing at any one and the same time, except as in it is otherwise expressed.

II. And Whereas it may be essential to the Good of His Majesty's Service, and is therefore expedient and necessary, that His Majesty should be empowered to grant One other like Pension, not subject to such Limitations and Restrictions as aforesaid; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by any Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by any Three or more of the said Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to grant, at any time after the Expiration of Two Years from the passing of this Act, One other like Pension of Three thousand Pounds, to any Person who shall hold or who shall have held any One or more of such Offices as aforesaid, although the Person to whom such Pension shall be so granted shall not have held any such Office as aforesaid for such Period of Two Years as aforesaid, and although the full Number of Persons allowed to be granted under the Provisions of this Act shall have been then granted and remain so farre: Provided always, that every such Pension be granted as aforesaid shall be deemed a superannuation Pension, and shall, upon the ceasing of the full of any such Pensions as shall then be in force under the Provisions of this Act, become and be and be deemed, considered and counted as One of the Number of Pensions allowed by this Act, as if the same had been

been granted at the Expiration of any Period allowed by this Act, or upon the ceasing of any One of the Number of Persons allowed by this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That after the Expiration of Four Years from the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by any Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, to grant to any Person who shall have served His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, for any Period not less than Five Years in the whole, either contemporaneously or at different times, as either of both of the Offices of Chief Secretary for Ireland, or Secretary at War, a Pension during Life not exceeding Two thousand Pounds per Annum; and at and upon the Expiration of every further progressive Period of Two Years more from the passing of this Act, to grant in like manner other like Pensions to any other such Persons as aforesaid, until, at the Expiration of Twelve Years from the passing of this Act, Three of such Persons shall have been granted in the whole, and from and after such Three Persons of Two thousand Pounds each shall have been granted to Three such Persons as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to grant any further or other such Pensions in respect of any of such Offices as aforesaid: Provided always, that from time to time, when and as often as any such Pension shall cease, by Death, Forfeiture or Relinquishment thereof respectively of the Person holding the same, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to grant in like manner other like Pensions to any other such Person as aforesaid, under such and the like Conditions, Limitations and Restrictions as aforesaid; (so as that no more or greater Number of such Persons than are allowed under the Provisions of this Act shall be in force at the same time, and (so as that after the Expiration of Twelve Years no greater Number than Three such Persons shall thereafter be granted or existing at one and the same time.

IV. And be it further enacted, That after the Expiration of Two Years from the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by any Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to grant to any Person who shall have served His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, for any Period not less than Five Years, to any one or more of the Offices of One of the Joint Secretaries of the Treasury, or First Secretary of the Admiralty, a Pension during Life not exceeding One thousand five hundred Pounds per Annum; and at the Expiration of every further progressive Period of Two Years more from the passing of this Act, to grant in like manner another like Pension to any other such Person as aforesaid, until, at the Expiration of Twelve Years from the passing of this Act, Six of such like mentioned Persons shall have been granted in the whole; and from and after such Six Persons of One thousand five hundred Pounds each shall have been granted to Six such Persons as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to grant any further or other Pension in respect of any such like mentioned Offices as aforesaid: Provided always, that from time to time, when and as often as any such Pension shall cease, by Death, Forfeiture or Relinquishment thereof respectively of the Person holding the same, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to grant in like manner other like Pensions to any other such Person as aforesaid, under such and the like Conditions, Limitations and Restrictions as aforesaid; (so as that no more or greater Number of such Persons than are allowed under the Provisions of this Act shall be in force at the same time, and (so as that after the Expiration of Twelve Years no greater Number than Six such Persons shall thereafter be granted or existing at any one and the same Period of time.

V. And Whereas, in consequence of the Provisions contained in an Act made in the fifth Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act to unite and consolidate into one Fund all the Public Revenues of Great Britain and Ireland, and to provide for the Application thereof to the General Service of the United Kingdom*, the Duties of the Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, from and after the Fifth Day of January last, have become such as not to require that the Services of any Person who may hereafter fill the said Office should be recompensed in respect thereof in the same manner as heretofore; but it may happen that some Persons or Persons, having filled the said Office for some Period less than Five Years before the said Fifth Day of January, may be appointed to some other high and efficient Office, in respect whereof a Pension is granted by this Act: Be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, under the Regulations of this Act, to grant to any Person who shall have filled the Office of Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland for any Period previous to the said Fifth Day of January, and who shall have served His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in any other Office, in respect whereof His Majesty is by this Act enabled to grant any Pension less than Three thousand Pounds, and who shall have served and shall serve in the said Office of Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, and also in any one or more of the said other Offices, not less than Five Years in the whole, reckoning the Period during which such Person shall have filled the Office of Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland as Part of the said Five Years, a Pension to the like Amount, and in like manner and under the like Regulations in all respects, as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, are by this Act enabled to grant to any Person having served not less than Five Years in one or more of such other Offices respectively.

VI. And be it further enacted, That after the Expiration of Two Years from the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by any Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to grant to any Person who shall have served His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, for any Period not less than Ten Years in any One or more of the Offices of the Under Secretaries of State, or Clerk of the Ordnance, or Second Secretary to the Admiralty, a Pension during Life not exceeding One thousand Pounds per Annum; and at the Expiration of every further progressive Period of Two Years more from the passing of this Act, to grant in like manner as other like Pensions to any other such Person as aforesaid, until the Expiration of Twelve Years from the passing of this Act, Six of such like mentioned Persons shall have been granted in the whole, and from and after such

After the Expiration of two Years from the passing of this Act, His Majesty shall be enabled to grant Pensions of 1,000*l.* or more to any other Person holding Civil Office, under Regulations not different from those contained in this Act.

After the Expiration of two Years from the passing of this Act, His Majesty shall be enabled to grant Pensions of 1,500*l.* or more to any other Person holding Civil Office, under Regulations not different from those contained in this Act.

There is to be added to the list of Pensions of 1,000*l.* or more granted by this Act.

His Majesty may grant a Pension to any Person having been Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, and afterwards holding any other Office as herein mentioned.

After the Expiration of two Years from the passing of this Act, His Majesty shall be enabled to grant Pensions of 1,500*l.* or more to any other Person holding Civil Office, under

1. The first step is to identify the problem.

Six Professions of One thousand Pounds each shall have been granted to Six such Persons as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to grant any further or other Professions in respect of any such last mentioned Offices as aforesaid: Provided always, that from time to time and so often as any such Profession shall cease, by Death, Forfeiture, or Relinquishment thereof respectively of the Person holding the same, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to grant in like manner other like Professions to any other such Person as aforesaid, under such form and the like Circumstances, Limitations and Restrictions as aforesaid: In so that no more or greater Number of Professions then are allowed under the Provisions of this Act shall be in force at the same time, and so as that after the Expiration of Twelve Years to greater Number than Six such Professions shall thereby be created or continue at any one and the same Period of time.

WILL, Provided always, and he is enacted, That it shall happen that any Person shall have served His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in more than One of the Offices or Offices (specified in this Act, in respect whereof His Majesty by this Act enabled to grant any Person left than Three thousand Pounds, or shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to grant under the Regulations of this Act to such Person any Pensions not exceeding such Pensions as is assigned to the highest Civil Office in which such Person may have been employed, wherever the whole Period of the Service of such Person to the several Offices in which he shall have been employed shall amount to Eight Years, although the Period of the Service of such Person in such highest Civil Office has not extended to the Period of Five Years; provided always, that such Person shall have served in such highest Civil Office for a Period of not less than Three Years.

WILL. And he it further covenanted, That every Grant of any Pension under this Act, if made to any Person actually holding at the Period of such Grant any Office entitling him to the same, shall not take effect during the time of the Period so when such Pension shall be granted continuing to hold such Office; and that every Grant of any Pension made under this Act shall also contain a Provision and Limitation for the Suspension of such Pension during the Period of the Pension to whom the same is granted holding any Office, Place or Employment under His Majesty, the Salary or Profit whereof shall be not less than double the Amount of such Pension, and shall also contain a Provision and Limitation for the Abatement of One Half of the Pension granted, during the time any Person having any such Pension shall continue to hold any Place, Office or Employment under His Majesty of equal or greater Amount in Salary, Profit or Emolument than the Amount of such Pension; and no Grant of any such Pension shall be void while such Grant shall contain such Provisions and Limitations as aforesaid.

17K. And he is further notified, That no any Perks shall be granted under the Privileges of this Act to any Person holding any Office, Place or Employment, or any Office, Place or Employment, by the Appointment or Regulation, which any Parliament or Parliaments, any Act or Acts of Parliament which shall have been passed in the present Session of Parliament, or which shall have been included and returned in the List made out and certified under the Provisions of this Act, then and in every such case all the Interest of such Person in such Office or Office, Place or Place, Employment or Employment, shall, upon and from the time of the Receipt of any Payment in such Perks, in respect of such Perks, wholly cease and terminate; and every such Office, Place or Employment, which shall by the ending of such Interest become vacant, shall thereupon be abolished or regulated according to the Provisions contained in the Statute therein in any such Act or Acts of Parliament as aforesaid of the next Session of Parliament.

"E. And" be it further enacted, That all the Rights, Tolls, Closes and Intents of any Person to whom any Pension shall be granted under the Provisions of this A.C. in every other Pension which may be held by such Person (other than and except such Pensions or Pensions as are or may be charged by any A.C. or A.C.s of Parliament upon the Consolidated Fund), shall, upon and from the Commencement of any Pension granted under the Provisions of this A.C., wholly cease and determine, and the Amount of every such Pension shall, from and after such Determination thereof, and during the Period of the Intests of such Person in such Pension, go to and make Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them for the time being, shall and they are hereby required in every such case to order and direct the making to or paying into the Exchequer of the Exchequer, to the Credit of and as Part of the said Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, the Amount of every such Pension during the Period of the Intests of such Person therein, and so long as such Pension would have been entitled to hold, take and receive the same under any Letters Patent, Warrant, Indulgence or Grant by which such Person held or received such Pension; and all such Orders and Directions to be made by the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury shall be valid and official, and be carried into Execution by all Persons concerned in the issuing or paying any such Pensions; any thing contained in any A.C. or A.C.s of Parliament, or Letters Patent, Warrant, Indulgence or Grant, or Law or Customs, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XL. And he it farther enacted, That every Peasie grassed under this Act shall be rated and payable as of and charged and chargeable upon the Civilianland Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Brittain and Ireland, upon an Order of Payment to and after paying or securing satisfaction as to each Part of Money so lower than shall be paid by any Statute or Act in that behalf made, and that the said Peasies shall be charged therewith as aforesaid, and the said Peasies from time to time be paid and payable quarterly, free and clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, at the four said Days of Payment in the Towns (that is to say) the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October, in each and every Year, for and unto the Bishops.

XII. And to be further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Comptroller in Chief of the Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or any Three or

When Parline has served Eight Years in several Classes of various Offices, the President selected to the highest Class of Civil Officers may be granted on Three Years Service in the highest Office.

Regulations to be followed made by Parline holding Offices, as to the making of Gifts, Subscriptions and Allowances of Civil Functionaries.

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Start in subject's
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For more on this
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Financial Advisor
today.

The University
of the South

more of them, and they are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under their Hands, to direct Debitors to be made forth and paid by the proper Officers at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer from time to time, for paying the said several Pensions or Sums of Money in manner as aforesaid, and as the same shall from time to time become due and payable, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same as any Part thereof; which said Warrants and Debitures to be made forth and paid thereupon respectively, shall be sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, now and for the time being, for the Payment of all such Pensions or Sums of Money at the respective Days in this Act before appointed for such Payments, without any further or other Warrants to be made for, had or obtained in that behalf.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That after the signing of any such Warrants or Debitures respectively, the same shall be good, valid and effectual in Law, according to the Purport and true Meaning thereof and of this Act, and shall not be determinable or reversible by or upon the Death of His Majesty (whom God long preserve) or any of his Heirs or Successors, or by or upon the Death or Removal of any of the said Commissioners of the Treasury or the Lord High Treasurer, or by or upon the Determination of the Power, Office or Office of them or any of them.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of the Treasury and Lord High Treasurer, Chancellor and Under Treasurer, Chamberlains and Barons of the Exchequer, and all other the Officers and Ministers of the Court of Exchequer, and of the Receipt thereof, now and for the time being, shall and they are hereby authorized and lawfully required and required to do, without Fee or Reward, all such Acts, matters and things as are herebefore directed and required, or shall be necessary to be done and performed by them or any or either of them, in order to render this Act and the several Payments hereby directed effectual.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Acquittance or Acquittances, Receipt or Receipts of the Parties or Parties to whom any such Pensions shall have been granted as aforesaid, shall be good and sufficient Discharges for the Payment of the said Pensions respectively before mentioned, without any further or other Warrant to be made for or obtained in that behalf; and that the said several Pensions, and every Part thereof, shall be clear and free from all Taxes, Impediments and other Charges whatsoever; and in case any of the Officers of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer shall refuse or neglect to pay any such Pension, or any Part thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or to do any Act necessary to enable any Person to whom any such Pension shall have been granted as aforesaid to receive the same, then any such Pension as aforesaid may from time to time lawfully and lawfully be applied for by any of them, their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, by Bill, Plaint or Action of Debt, and shall and may recover Judgment, and be at Execution thereupon against such Officers respectively, their respective Heirs, Executors or Administrators, for so much of any such Pension respectively, then due and owing, or any Part thereof, as shall be, in the Hands of the Officer or Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, at the time or times when such Demand shall have been legally made for Payment of any such Pension, or any Part thereof as aforesaid, or for the Refusal or Neglect to do any Act necessary to be done by any such Officer or Officers respectively.

XVI. And Whereas it is expedient that Accounts should be from time to time laid before Parliament of the various Offices which may be established or regulated by or under or in pursuance of any of the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament which may be passed in the present Session of Parliament: Be it therefore enacted, That within One Month after the Expirence of the present Session of Parliament, a List shall be made out and certified by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them for the time being, and returned to and entered in the Exchequer, of all Offices and Places which have been established, or for the Abolition or Regulation of which any Provision shall have been made by any Act or Acts of Parliament which shall have been passed in the present Session of Parliament; and the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom, or some Three or more of them for the time being, shall within Six Weeks after the next Session of Parliament cause Accounts to be laid before both Houses of Parliament of every Office contained in such List, together with every Office dependent upon any Office contained in such List, which shall have been abolished or become vacant, and been regulated under or in pursuance of the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament passed in the present Session of Parliament, and shall also from time to time cause like Returns to be made to both Houses of Parliament within Six Weeks after the Meeting of every subsequent Session of Parliament, until all the Offices mentioned in such List, and all Offices dependent upon any such Offices, shall have been abolished or regulated in manner directed by the said Acts of Parliament.

C A P. LXVI.

An Act to amend an Act of the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty, for suppressing or regulating certain Offices therein mentioned, so far as relates to the Board of Trade; and for enabling the Vice President of the Board of Trade to send and receive Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Postage. [7th July 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled "An Act for enabling His Majesty to discharge the Debt contracted upon His Civil List Revenue, and for preventing the same from being so devised for the future, by regulating the Mode of Payments out of the said Revenue, and by suppressing or regulating certain Offices therein mentioned which are now paid out of the Revenue of the Civil List: And Whereas it is expedient to make Provision for enabling His Ma-

jesty to discharge the Debt contracted upon His Civil List Revenue, and for preventing the same from being so devised for the future, by regulating the Mode of Payments out of the said Revenue, and by suppressing or regulating certain Offices therein mentioned which are now paid out of the Revenue of the Civil List, with-
out Fee.

Warrants are
directed to be
made for the
Discharge of
the Debt of His
Majesty, &c.

The Treasury
and Exchequer
are to be
enabled to
pay of things
hereby directed

The Receipts of
the Pensions
are to be
sufficient
Discharges
without Fee.
Officers of the
Exchequer
refusing to pay, &c.
Remedy.

Certified List of
all Offices estab-
lished or regu-
lated by any Act
of the present
Session, to be re-
turned to the
Exchequer, and
entered in the
Exchequer, and
Accounts to be
sent by Treasury
before Parlia-
ment in the
Commencement
of every Session,
of the Officers
abolished or regu-
lated since the
passing of such
Acts.

• *July* to grant a competent Salary to the Person holding the Office of Vice President of the Committee of Council appointed for the Consideration of matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations, in continuation of the Duties and Responsibilities attached to the said Office: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order or Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by the Lord High Treasurer, or by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them for the time being, to order and direct that the Vice President of the Committee of Council, appointed for the Consideration of matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations, for the time being, shall have a Salary not exceeding Two thousand Pounds, to be paid and payable out of the For Fund of the Council Office; and such Office shall not, by reason of such Salary being annexed thereto, be deemed a new Office: Provided always, that no such Order or Warrant, or Receipt of Salary under the same by the Person holding such Office at the time of passing this Act, shall make void the Election of any such Person, nor shall any new Writ issue for a new Election in consequence of any such Order or Warrant, or Receipt of Salary under the same; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

• II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *an Act to authorize certain Public Officers to send and receive Letters and Packets by the Post free from the Duty of Postage*, certain Public Officers therein named were authorized to send and receive Letters by the Post free from the Duty of Postage in the United Kingdom, in the manner and under the Restrictions therein mentioned: And Whereas it is expedient that the Vice President of the Committee of Council appointed for the Consideration of matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations should in like manner send and receive Letters and Packets by the Post free from Postage: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the Vice President of the Committee of Council, appointed for the Consideration of matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations, for the time being, to send and receive Letters and Packets by the Post free from the Duty of Postage within the United Kingdom, in the same manner and under such Restrictions as the several Public Officers specified in the last recited Act are authorized by two Laws now in force to send and receive Letters and Packets free from Postage.

G A P. LXVII.

An Act to regulate certain Offices, and abolish others, in His Majesty's Mint in England and Scotland respectively.

[7th July 1817.]

• **W**HEREAS the Duties of the Office of Warden of His Majesty's Mint in England have been heretofore usually executed by Deputy; and several of the said Duties have, under an Order, of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in Council, and certain Indentures of the Mint made in pursuance thereof, been transferred to the Master and other Officers of the Mint: And Whereas an Act passed in the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *an Act for regulating and establishing the Mintage to be made up of in Mintage the Gold and Silver Coins of this Kingdom*: And Whereas the Duties required by the said Act to be performed by the said Warden may be executed by the Master of the Mint or his Deputy; and it is therefore expedient that the said Office of Warden should, upon the Termination of the present existing Indenture thereon, be abolished: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be enacted by His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Office of Warden of His Majesty's Mint in England shall, upon the Termination of the present existing Indenture thereon, be wholly abolished; and that from and after the passing of this Act, all the Duties required to be performed by the said Warden, under or by virtue of the last recited Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, shall be performed by His Majesty's Master and Worker of the said Mint, or his Deputy; and for that Purpose all the Powers and Authorities belonging or appertaining to the said Office of Warden of the Mint, whether such Powers and Authorities, or any of them, are required to be executed and performed by the said Warden alone, or by the said Warden in conjunction with the said Master, or with any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall immediately from and after the passing of this Act become and be and remain vested in His Majesty's Master and Worker of the said Mint for the time being, without any special or other Appointment for that Purpose, or in that behalf; and every such Master and Worker for the time being, or his Deputy, shall and be lawfully authorized, empowered and required to perform all such Duties, and for that Purpose to use and exercise all such Powers and Authorities, and so to do and perform all such Acts, matters and things as may be necessary in that behalf, as the said Warden might have done either in conjunction with or separately from the said Master or any other Person or Persons: Provided that such Master and Worker, or his Deputy, shall not be entitled to, nor shall have, take or receive any additional Salary, Fee or Remuneration whatever, for executing the Duties of the said Warden, or any other than such as the said Master and Worker and his Deputy to and are entitled unto by virtue of their said Offices of Master and Worker, or Deputy Master and Worker respectively.

• II. And Whereas it is expedient, that, after the Termination of the existing Indenture in the Office of Comptroller of the Mint is dissolved, the Duties thereof should be executed in Person and not by Deputy: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Termination of the present existing Indenture, in the said Office of Comptroller of His Majesty's Mint in England, and when the said Office shall become vacant by the Termination of such existing Indenture, the Duties of the said Office shall be performed in Person by the

Officer

Officers to be appointed to such Office of Comptroller, and it shall not be lawful for any such Comptroller to appoint any Deputy or other Person to exercise the Duties of the said Office; and that from and after the passing of this Act the said Office of Comptroller shall not be granted to any Person or Persons whomsoever, with Power to execute the same by Deputy; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

III. And Whereas it was enacted by the said second Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, that Duplicate or Copies of the Standard Weights of the Gold and Silver Coins of the Realm should be lodged to the Custody of an Officer to be appointed by His Majesty, with a salary not exceeding the yearly Sum of Two hundred and fifty Pounds, to be paid out of the Moneys arising by the Coinage Duties, and that all Weights to be made use of for weighing the said Gold and Silver Coins should be stamped by the said Officer; And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for allowing the Officers appointed to mark or stamp the Weights, to be made use of in weighing the Gold and Silver Coins of this Kingdom, in pursuance of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, in such certain Part as the Statutes of his Office, it was enacted that it should be lawful for each Officer so appointed, and receive any Sum of Money not exceeding One Penny for every Twelve Weights so stamped; And Whereas it is expedient, that upon the Termination of the present enacting Interest in the said Office, the said Salary of Two hundred and fifty Pounds a Year should be abolished; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after upon the Termination of the present enacting Interest in the said Office, no Salary whatever shall be granted or paid or payable to the said Officer under or by virtue of the said second Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, nor any Salary, Fee or Emolument whatsoever, other than and except such Fees and Sum of Money as the said Officer is authorized to take, demand, and receive under and by virtue of the said second Act of the Fifteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign; any thing in the said second Act of the Fourteenth Year aforesaid of the Reign of His present Majesty to the contrary notwithstanding.*

IV. And Whereas it is expedient that the Office of Governor of the Mint in Scotland should, upon the Termination of the present enacting Interest therein, be held by the Master of the Mint in England for the respective time being; and that the other Officers of the Mint in Scotland should, upon the Termination of the respective present enacting Interests therein, be held by the Officers discharging Duties corresponding to the Duties of such Officers in England; and that the Buildings of the Mint in Scotland should be sold; Be it further enacted, That from and after the termination of the present enacting Interest in the Office of the Governor of the Mint in Scotland, the said Office shall rest in and thereforth and for ever thereafter be held by the Master and Workmen of the Mint in England for the time being, without any special Appointment for that Purpose or in that behalf, and without any Salary, Fee or Emolument in respect thereof; and all the other Officers in the Mint in Scotland shall, from and after the respective Terminations of the present enacting Interests therein respectively, be held by the Officers respectively discharging in England Duties corresponding to the Duties of such Officers, without any additional Salary, Fee or Emolument in respect thereof; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, or Customs or Indenture relating to the Mint in Scotland, to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That upon the Termination of the whole of the enacting Interests of each of the said Officers as are entitled to Appointments in the said Buildings, or upon their relinquishing their Rights therein, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurers of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the said United Kingdom, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and required, as soon as conveniently may be after such Termination or Relinquishment, to order and direct the Buildings appropriated to the Mint in Scotland to be sold, and the Proceeds, after deducting the Charges attending the Sale or Sales, to be paid to the Receiver General in Scotland; and the fees when so paid shall be accounted for by him in the same manner with any Public Moneys received by him.

C A P. LXVIII.

An Act to amend the Laws relating to Sheriffs in Ireland.

[17th July 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Laws relating to Sheriffs in Ireland should be amended, as well for the Relief of such Sheriffs as to enforce a more regular Discharge of their Duty; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of this Act it shall and may be lawful to and for every Sheriff in Ireland to account and make his Return for, upon and in respect of any Writ or Process issued against the Person's Lands and Goods, or any of them, of any former Sheriff, or of such Writ or Process had issued against any other Person whatsoever; any Law, Usage, Custom or Intendment to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Sheriff or any Person or Persons who shall have been a Sheriff or Joint Sheriff in Ireland, shall obtain Judgment in any Action against any Person who shall then or shall have been his or their Under Sheriff, or against the Society or Societies or any of the Executors of such Under Sheriff such Society or Societies having become such after the Commencement of this Act, for or by reason or in respect of any Breach of the Duty of such Officer, or for or by reason or in respect of any Malfeasance, Misfeasance, Negligence or Neglect therein, then and in every such case the Plaintiff in every such Action shall be entitled to Double Costs of Suit, to be included in such Judgment, and such Plaintiff shall for

of the when
herein as he
entitled in Per-
son, and not by
Deputy

18 Q. 1. c. 12.
15.

18 Q. 1. c. 10.

After Termination
of enacting
Interest, in
Sheriff's Salary
in said Office,
to be made only
Fees allowed
under
15 Q. 1. c. 10.

Office of Go-
vernors of the
Mint in Scot-
land, when Ter-
mination of
enacting Interest,
to be held by
Master of Mint
in England; and
the other Officers
of Mint in Scot-
land, after termi-
nation of enacting
Interests.

Treasury to de-
rect when sold.
17th July 1817.
to be sold.

Sheriff may
make his Re-
turn of Writs
issued former
Sheriffs as
against any other
Person.

In Action by
Sheriff against
Under Sheriff,
or, for Breach
of Duty.

Double Costs.

that Process be entered, under the Direction of the Court in which such Action shall be brought, as suggested on the Record that such Action was brought for such Cause, if the same shall not sufficiently appear on the Pleadings.

III. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which by Law any Action or Actions might be maintained against any Sheriff for any Neglect or Misconduct in Office, it shall and may be lawful for the Petitioner or Petition to whom such Action or Actions shall accrue, to bring such Action or Actions against the Under Sheriff, in and in stead of the High Sheriff, if such Petitioner or Petition shall think proper to do so, which it shall appear that the Cause of Action arose from some immediate Act or Default of the High Sheriff alone, and not in all from any Act or Default of the Under Sheriff.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Sheriff, or any Person with shall have been Sheriff in Ireland, to pay or cause to be paid into His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland, at any time before such Sheriff shall by Law be bound or required to do so, any Sum or Sums of Money which he shall think proper, an account of any Revenue which it shall belong to him or be his Duty to collect, receive or account for; and such Sheriff or such other shall be entitled to have and obtain as Acquittance from the proper Officer for such Sum or Sums so paid, and shall be entitled to Credits for the same, and for Interest by way of Discount, out of the Sum so paid, at the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum from the time of such Payment until the time when, by or under any Act of Parliament, or by the Courts of the Court of Exchequer, such Sheriff ought to pay it the same.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the time when any Attachment shall be issued in the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, against any Sheriff or Person who shall have been Sheriff, for not accounting, such Sheriff shall be chargeable and charged with and shall pay legal Interest on all and every Sum and Sums of Public Money with which he shall be chargeable, so long as such Sum or Sums shall remain unpaid; and that from and after the time when any Attachment shall be actually issued in the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, against any Sheriff or Person who shall have been Sheriff, for the Non Payment of any Sum of Public Money, such Sheriff shall be chargeable and charged with and shall pay double the ordinary legal Interest on such Sum until the Payment of such Sum; and the Payment of all such Interest and double Interest shall be enforced in the same manner as the Payment of the Principal Sum in respect whereof such Interest or double Interest shall be payable as aforesaid.

C A P. LXX.

An Act to continue until the Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and to amend an Act passed in Ireland, in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the Improvement and Extension of the Fisheries on the Coasts of Ireland. [7th July 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for continuing and amending the several Acts for the further Improvement and Extension of the Fisheries on the Coasts of this Kingdom*; which last recited Act has by several subsequent Acts been continued, and is in force until and upon the Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and it is expedient that the last recited Act should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the last recited Act shall be and the same is hereby further continued and shall be in force in Ireland from the said Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, until and upon the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

II. And be it declared and enacted, That all Bounties and Allowances payable under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland upon the Exportation of any Fish caught on the Coasts of Ireland, or in respect of the Duty on the Salt used in the curing of Fish caught on the said Coasts, shall be payable and paid and allowable and allowed in respect of all such Fish which, having been caught on the said Coasts, shall be dried and cured either at Sea or in Warehouses or Sheds, under the Inspection of the Officers of the Customs there, under such Rules and Regulations as are required by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, or as may be made from time to time by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, for the Prevention of Fraud in the clearing of such Bounties and Drawbacks.

C A P. LXX.

An Act to relieve Persons impugning the Doctrine of the Holy Trinity from certain Penalties, in Ireland. [7th July 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty by the Parliament of Great Britain, intitled *An Act for the further Relief of Protestant Dissenting Ministers and Schoolmasters, and the Possession of the said Act have not been enacted or made Law in Ireland*; And Whereas it has been and may be reasonably doubted, whether the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty by the Parliament of the United Kingdom, intitled *An Act to relieve Persons who impugn the Doctrine of the Holy Trinity from certain Penalties*, do extend to or were intended to affect Ireland; and it is meet and proper that equal Freedom of Religious Worship should be secured by Law in every Part of the United Kingdom; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That each of the Provisions of an Act passed by the Parliament of Ireland, in the Eleventh

Year

Year of His late Majesty King George the Third, intitled, *An Act for exempting the Protestant Dissenters of this Kingdom from certain Penalties to which they are now Subject*, in support to affect by Provisions or Disqualifications any Person who by his preaching or writing shall deny the Doctrine of the United Treaty, be and the same are hereby absolutely enacted, established and made void; and that all and every of the Provisions contained in each of the Two before mentioned Acts of the Nineteenth and Fifty third Years of His Majesty shall be hereafter deemed and taken to be of full Force and Effect in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, in like manner as if the same and every Part of each of the said Acts had been lawfully and in Terms fully let forth and re-enacted.

shall extend
A.D. extended to
Ireland.

C A P. LXII.

An Act to amend an Act of the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for repeating the several Laws relating to Prisons in Ireland, and for re-enacting such of the Provisions thereof as have been found useful, with Amendments. [31st July 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act made in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for repeating the several Laws relating to Prisons in Ireland, and for re-enacting such of the Provisions thereof as have been found useful, with Amendments*, should be amended in manner hereinafter provided for: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town in Ireland, to visit or purchase any Lands or Hereditaments, or any Rights, Easements or Advantages in, through or over any Lands or Hereditaments which may be required for the constructing, building, repairing, cleaning, enlarging and keeping in Repair of any Gaol or House, or House or Dwelling, belonging to any Gaol or Prison, or which shall by such Grand Jury be deemed necessary for the keeping any such Gaol or Prison free from Filth or Nuisance of any Kind, although such Lands or Hereditaments shall not be included in the Site of such Gaol or Prison, and to direct that all Lands or Hereditaments so visited or purchased, and all Rights, Easements and Advantages therein, shall be conveyed to such Commissioners as such Grand Jury shall have appointed or shall appoint according to the Directions of the said recited Act, and to their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, in trust and for the Uses and Purposes aforesaid, as fully and effectually to all intents and Purposes as such Grand Jury might do with respect to any Lands or Hereditaments necessary for the Site of any Gaol or Prison, and with all such Powers and under such Regulations as are mentioned and expressed in the said recited Act with respect to any Lands or Hereditaments necessary for the Site of any Gaol or Prison, and as of all such Powers and Regulations, and all Clauses in the said recited Act relating to the same, were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

31st July

Grand Jurors
may visit or
purchase, Pro-
vide for Gaols
or Houses to
Gaols,

and may direct
a Commission
to be appointed
to be appointed

II. And Whereas a Sum Influence the building, enlarging or repairing of Gaols or Prisons for Gaols and Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in Ireland, has been begun according to the Provisions of some Acts or Acts specially relating thereto passed before the passing of the said recited Act of the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and the said Works are in some Instances not yet completed by reason of the restricted Powers of Grand Juries in such cases, and of the Want of Authority under such Acts in the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor of Ireland to advance the Sums necessary for the Completion thereof, upon Petitionments of the same by Grand Juries, to be repaid by Insolvency; or refuse to attend the said Works have proceeded slowly, to the great Inconvenience of the Public, and are likely to be attended with greater Expence at the End than if the whole Sum necessary for the Completion thereof were to be advanced in the first Instance: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of every such County, County of a City, or County of a Town in aforesaid, in all cases in which they shall think it more expedient, at any Affair after the passing of this Act, to petition the whole Sum necessary to be expended in completing and finishing the building, enlarging and repairing of such Gaol or Prison, over and above such Sum or Sums as may at the time of making such Petitionment be in the Hands of any Body or Person or Persons under the Provisions of any such special Act or Acts, and remaining unexpended; and to direct, as and by such Petitionment, that such Sum be so be petitioned shall be raised on the County, County of a City or County of a Town, by such Half Yearly or Yearly Sums or Installments, and in such manner and at such times, as shall be specified in such Petitionment, and such Sums shall be so raised accordingly; and it shall be lawful for any whatsoever Grand Jury at any Affair to petition that any of the said Installments shall be increased to any Sum which shall be found necessary or proper; and after such Petitionment for such Sum is directed necessary for completing and finishing the building, enlarging and repairing of such Gaol or Prison, shall be made, it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being to cause to be advanced at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, to the Treasurer of such County, County of a City or County of a Town, in the Path of such Petitionment, the whole of the Sum so petitioned, or so much thereof as shall not have been raised or received at the time of such Advance, or any Part, Share or Proportion thereof; and such Sum or Sums shall be applied by such Treasurer to the Purposes of such Petitionment, and shall be repaid by such Treasurer to the Collector of Excise of the District, in like manner and under the like Regulations in all respects as are mentioned, specified and set forth in the said recited Act of the Fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, with respect to Advances by Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the Purposes of the said recited Act; and that a shall be lawful for the Grand Jury making such Petitionment (if they shall think fit so to do) to appoint Commissioners for raising

Grand Juries
may petition the
whole Sum
necessary for the
building or re-
pairing of Gaols
over and above
Sums in hand at
house man-
agement.

Lord Lieutenant
may order to be
advanced at the
Exchequer
Advances on such
Petitionments.

Commissioners
may be appointed
by Grand
Jury.

causing the said Proclamations to be carried into Execution and Effect, and for each Commissioner to act in carrying such Proclamations into Execution and Effect, and to contract for the Execution thereof, and also to receive and expend and account for all Moneys on account of such Proclamations in such and the like manner, and with all such Powers and under all such Regulations to all Intents and Purposes, as such Grand Jury and Commissioners respectively, or any other Person or Persons, are authorised and required to do, under or by virtue of the last recited Act of the Fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, in all cases provided for by the last recited Act, and as if all such Powers and Regulations, and all Clauses in the last recited Act relating to the same, were repeated and re-enacted in this Act; any thing in any Act or Acts specially relating to such Good or Prices to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

These Moneys to be advanced Pursuant to the Writs and Contracts to be approved by Lord Lieutenant.

Persons from by special Acts to such, that such Advances are made.

Unapplied Moneys shall not be paid over to the Treasurer of the County in aid of Proclamations. Materials previously purchased shall be accounted for by Commissioners. Persons who have received Moneys to account.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared, That before any Advance shall be made by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being in manner authorised by this Act, the Place or Site upon which such Good is intended to be built, or has been in part built, together with the Plan adopted for the Execution of the said Work, and also the Contract or Contracts for completing the same, shall be laid before and approved of by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; and that it shall not be lawful for the Grand Jury or Commissioners to depart from the Plan so approved of.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town, shall, under the Provisions of this Act, make such Proclamation as aforesaid, and that such Advance shall be thereupon made by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, then and in every such case, all Rights, Powers and Authorities given by any such special Act or Acts to all Bodies and Persons therein mentioned shall cease and determine, and be of no Effect, any thing in any such Act or Acts notwithstanding; and that all Moneys theretofore raised by virtue of any such special Act or Acts, and remaining unapplied in the Hands or Power of any Body, or Person or Persons, to the Purposes thereof, shall, after the making of such Proclamation and Advance, be forthwith paid over or transmitted by such Body or Person or Persons respectively to the Treasurer of such County, County of a City, or County of a Town, in aid of such Proclamation to be made under this Act, as if such Moneys had been originally provided for such Purposes under the Provisions of the said Act of the Fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, or of this Act; and that from and after the Appointment of the Commissioners to be appointed as aforesaid, all Materials previously purchased or procured for or towards the Completion of any such Good or Prices shall be and become vested in such Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act. Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall prevent the Person or Persons who may have received Moneys under the Provisions of any such special Act or Acts, and who shall not have the same forthwith at the time of making any Proclamation or Advance by virtue of the said Act, or who shall not have accounted for the same, from being liable to account for the same in the manner provided by such special Act or Acts, any thing in this present Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding; and that all the Provisions of any such special Act or Acts for the same for and recovering all such Sums as shall not be accounted for shall remain in full force; and all such Sums as shall be so recovered shall be paid over or transferred to the Treasurer of such County, County of a City, or County of a Town, to be applied in manner hereinbefore mentioned.

C. A. P. LXXII.

An Act to continue until the End of the next Session of Parliament Two Acts made in the Fifty fourth and Fifty sixth Years of His present Majesty for regulating the Trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland respectively. [15th July 1817.]

14 G. 3. c. 109.

15 G. 3. c. 112.

16 G. 3. c. 109.

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Fifth fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled "An Act to regulate until the End of the next Session of Parliament the Trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland respectively, and which, by an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, was continued until the End of the then next Session of Parliament: And Whereas by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament to amend and continue the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid, and to grant and allow new countervailing Duties and Drawbacks on Spirits imported and exported between England and Scotland and Ireland respectively, the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid was and is further continued, except in so far as the same was altered by the last mentioned Act, until the End of the present Session of Parliament, and it is expedient that the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid, so altered as aforesaid, and such Parts of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament as are now in force should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid, as altered by the last recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, and also such Parts of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament as are now in force, and the several Duties and Drawbacks thereby granted and allowed and now payable, shall be and the same be and are hereby further continued from and after the End of the present Session of Parliament, and shall remain and continue in force from thence until the End of the next Session of Parliament.

24 G. 3. c. 146.
as altered by
25 G. 3. c. 109.
is continued.

C A P. LXXIII.

An Act to allow the Exportation of Woollen or Bay Yarn from Ireland by Licence obtained there.

[7th July 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Third, intitled *An Act to permit the Exportation of Wool and of the Kingdoms of Ireland and England into Foreign Parts, and for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufacture in the Kingdom of England*: And Whereas another Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for permitting the Exportation of Wool or Woollen or Bay Yarn from any Port in Britain to any Port in Great Britain*: And Whereas it is expedient to extend and amend the Provisions of the said recited Acts: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of the Act it shall be lawful to export from that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, and to import into that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, any Woollen or Bay Yarn: Provided always, that Notice be first given to the Commissioners of Revenue in Ireland, or the Chief Officers in the Port from which the same is intended to be brought, of the Quantity, Quality and Package, together with the Marks and Numbers thereof, with the Name of the Ship and the Master or Commanders in which the said Goods are to be laden, and the Place or Port into which they are intended to be imported; and that Bond be first entered into, to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, with One or more sufficient Sureties, to Triple the Value of the Goods so intended to be exported, that the same shall (the Duties of the same excepted) be landed at the Port to which they are intended to be brought; and that a Licence be also first taken under the Hands of the said Commissioners of Revenue, or any Two or more of them for the time being, or from the Chief Officers of the Port where such Bond is given, for the Landing thereof as aforesaid, which Licence they are lawfully authorized and required to grant without any Fee or Reward, or any other Charge to the Parties demanding the same; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Exportation from Ireland to Great Britain of Woollen or Bay Yarn allowed, and after the Conditions herein mentioned.

Licence granted without Fee.

C A P. LXXIV.

An Act to extend several Acts for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandize to Porto Maria in the Island of Jamaica, and to the Port of Bridgetown in the Island of Barbadoes.

[7th July 1817.]

WHEREAS it is provided by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to consolidate and amend the several Laws now in force for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandize into and from certain Ports in the West Indies*, that certain Articles therein enumerated may be imported into the several Ports therein named from Foreign Colonies in the West Indies: And Whereas by another Act, passed in the Forty eighth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to permit the Importation of Rice, Grain and Flour from any Foreign Colony in the Continent of America, into certain Ports in the West Indies; and to allow certain Articles to be imported from the United States of America into the British Possessions in North America, for the Purpose of Exportation to the British Islands in the West Indies*, it is enacted, that in addition to the Articles therein mentioned in the above recited Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, it shall be lawful to import, under the like Authority, Restrictions, Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures provided in the said recited Act, the Articles of Rice, Grain of all Sorts, and Flour, from any Colonies and Plantations in America belonging to and under the Dominion of any Foreign European Sovereign or State, into any of the Free Ports in Colonies or Plantations belonging to His Majesty in the West Indies which are particularly enumerated in the said Act, or in another Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty respecting the Port of Bridgetown, in the Island of Barbadoes, in any Foreign Ship, Schooner or other Foreign Vessel whatsoever, not having more than One Deck, and being manned and navigated by Persons inhabiting any of the said Colonies or Plantations belonging to any Foreign Sovereign or State: And Whereas by one other Act, passed in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for amending, and extending so amended, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for consolidating and extending the several Laws in force for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandize into and from certain Ports in the West Indies*, it is enacted, that until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall and may be lawful to import and export the Articles in the said Act mentioned at the Ports therein mentioned, under the Rules and Regulations of the said Act, in any Foreign Ship, Schooner or other Vessel as therein described, although such Ship, Schooner or Vessel shall have more than One Deck; which by a subsequent Act was commenced until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and by one other subsequent Act was arrived and made perpetual: And Whereas it is expedient to permit the like Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Commodities into and from the Port Maria on the North Side of the Island of Jamaica, and into and from the Port of Bridgetown in the Island of Barbadoes, in the West Indies: Be it

47 G. 3. c. 57.
42.

48 G. 3. c. 102.
14.

47 G. 3. c. 57.
c. 24.

30 G. 3. c. 40.

Goods as by
Act G. 3. c. 37.
may be imported
into and exported
from the Ports
therein mention-
ed, and the Ports,
Growth, for may
be imported into
and exported
from Port Blair
in Jamaica, and
Bridgetown in
Barbadoes, to
any Foreign
Colonies or
America.

therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act such Goods and Commodities as by the afore-mentioned Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign may be imported into and exported from the Ports therein mentioned, and also Rice, Grain of all Sorts and Flours, may be also imported into and exported from the Port of *Amoy* on the North Side of the Island of *Jumaua*, and also from the Port of *Bridgetown* in the Island of *Barbadoes*, as the *High Indian*, from and to any Colonies and Plantations in America, belonging to and under the Dominion of any Foreign European Sovereignty or State in the like Ships and Vessels, under such Rules, Regulations, Refrictions and Conditions, and subject to such Penalties and Forfeitures for Breach thereof, as are contained, defined, and provided in the said Act, and in the aforesaid recited Act passed in the Fifty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign.

C. A. P. LXXV.

An Act to abolish the Punishment of Public Whipping on Female Offenders. [7th July 1817.]

WHEREAS the Punishment of Public Whipping of Female Offenders has been found unexpedient; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act Judgment shall not be given and awarded against any Female or Females convicted of any Offence that such Female Offender or Offenders do suffer the Punishment of being publicly whipped; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where the Punishment of Public Whipping on Female Offenders has hitherto formed the Whole or Part of the Judgment to be pronounced, it shall and may be lawful for the Court before whom any such Offender shall be tried, to pass such Sentence of Confinement in Hard Labour as the Common Gaol or House of Correction, in lieu of the Sentence of being publicly whipped, as to the said Court shall seem most proper: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend in any manner to change, alter or affect any Punishment whatsoever, which may now be by Law inflicted in respect to any Offence, except only the Punishment of Public Whipping on Female Offenders, in manner as herein above is enacted.

C. A. P. LXXVI.

An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, to regulate the Payment of *Drumback* on Paper allowed to the Universities in Scotland. [7th July 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated *An Act to regulate the Payment of Drumback on Paper allowed to the Universities in Scotland*; and, it is enacted, that no Allowance shall be made for Paper used in the Printing of any Books in the Latin, Greek, Oriental or Northern Languages, within the said Universities, which the Chief Managers of the Press in such Universities shall subscribe at the Foot of the Certificate mentioned in the said Act as Quoth in Writing, made before the Vice-Chancellor of the same, that the Whole of the said Edition of the Book is printed or printed for the Use and Benefit of the Universities respectively for which the same expressly is to be printed: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Quoth should be made in the Terms and to have the Purport or Purports hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act such Allowance as is by the said recited Act granted shall be made for Paper used in the printing such Books in the Latin, Greek, Oriental or Northern Languages within the said Universities, as any time from and after the Twenty-eighth Day of July in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, provided the Chief Manager or Managers of the Press in such Universities respectively shall subscribe at the Foot of such Certificate respectively, as in the said Act mentioned, as Quoth in Writing made before the Vice-Chancellor, Principal or Rector, or by whatever other Name or Names the Principal of such Universities respectively may be known or designated, that the Whole of the said Edition of the Book is printed and is printed for the said Universities respectively for which the same expressly is to be printed, and that no Book-feller or Book-sellers or other Person or Persons had or hath or have any Share or Interest therein, or in the *Drumback* or Allowance payable on or in respect of the Paper on which the same was and is printed, which Certificate shall be produced to the Commissioners of Excise on any Two of them, and without which the said Commissioners shall not be and are not authorized to make Payment to be made of such *Drumback* or Allowance of the Duties on the Paper so used, or any Part thereof; and provided also, that all other the Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Refrictions and Provisions contained or referred to in the said Act, be fully observed, performed and fulfilled.

Act G. 3. c. 133
4. b.

Quoth to be made
to certify Per-
sons before
the University
of the University
shall be paid.

CERTIFICATE to be
produced to the
Commissioners
of Excise.

C A P. LXXVII.

An Act for extending the Provisions of an Act of the Fifth fourth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Payment of Army Prize Money; and for authorizing the Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital to suspend the Pensions of such Persons as shall be guilty of Frauds in respect of Prize Money or Pensions.

[24th July 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifth fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for regulating the Payment of Army Prize Money, and in providing for the Payment of unclaimed and forfeited Monies in Chelsea Hospital: And Whereas Doubts may arise whether the said Act, and the Provisions, Powers, Regulations, Fines and Penalties therein contained, are applicable and relate to Grants, Captures or Prizes made in any War or Hostilities subsequent to that which ended at the time when the said recited Act was passed; And Whereas it is expedient that the said Doubts should be prevented or removed, and that the said Act should be explained, and the Provisions, Powers, Regulations, Fines and Penalties therein contained should be declared to extend to all Grants, Captures and Prizes made in any War or Hostilities in which His Majesty has been engaged since the passing of the said recited Act; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all the Clauses, Enactments, Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Powers, Fines and Penalties, as well as Deaths otherwise, and all Penalties, Forfeitures, matters and things in the said recited Act contained, or thereby contained, and all Forms, matters and things in the Schedules to the said recited Act set forth and contained, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be applicable, as well to all Grants, Captures and Prizes made during the War which was in Progress at the time when the said Act was passed, as to all Grants, Captures and Prizes made in or in consequence of any War or Hostilities in which His Majesty has been engaged since the passing of the said recited Act, and that as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Clauses, Enactments, Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Powers, Fines, Penalties, Penalties, Forfeitures, matters, Forms and things were literally repeated and recited in the Body of, and made Part of the said Act.*

34 C. 3. s. 44.

Provisions of recited Act applicable to Prizes subsequently made

II. And Whereas no sufficient Provision is made for punishing Frauds relating to Pensions or Prize Money, and it is expedient that Power should be given to the Commissioners of the Royal Hospital for Soldiers in Chelsea, to take away or suspend the Pensions of such Persons as shall be guilty of Frauds or other *gravis Misdemeanors*: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the said Royal Hospital at Chelsea, and they are hereby authorized and empowered upon Complaint and Proof being made to them of any Fraud, either with respect to the Receipt of Prize Money or Pensions, or any other Money as the Nature of Allowance or Bounty Money, or of other *gravis Misdemeanors* committed or practised by any Person being a Pensioner of the said Royal Hospital, to suspend or entirely to take away the Pension of the Person so offending, and to allow to the Paymaster of Out Pensions of the said Royal Hospital a Certificate, under the Hand of the said Commissioners or Three or more of them, of any Pension being so suspended or taken away; and upon the said Certificate being filed in the said Paymaster of Pensions, he shall suspend the Payment of the Pension therein mentioned, according to the Tenor of the said Certificate; any thing in any other Act contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Commissioners of said Hospital may suspend or take away Pensions, &c. in cases of Fraud.

III. And to be further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Secretary at War for the time being, upon Proof having been satisfactorily made to him that there were any Regimental Debts due from any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier at the time of his Death, and such Non-Commissioned Officer and Soldier had Prize Money due to him at his Death, to allow to the Agent for the said Prize Money, or if the same shall have been paid over to Chelsea Hospital, then to the Treasurer of the said Hospital or his Deputy, a Certificate of the Amount of such Regimental Debts, together with a Requisition that the same may be paid out of the Prize Money of such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier; and the said Agent or Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital respectively shall thereupon deliver one of the said Prize Money and pay over to the Person named in such Requisition the Amount so due from the said Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, before any other Claims upon the said Prize Money shall be paid; and the Order of the said Secretary at War and the Receipt of the Paper in such Requisition signed shall be full and sufficient Vouchers and Discharge to the said Agent or Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital respectively, for the Amount so paid by virtue of and in compliance with the said Requisition.

Regimental Debts of terms of Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers to be paid out of their Prize Money.

IV. And to be it enacted, That all Sums of Money due in respect of any Military Clothing, Appointments or Equipments, or in respect of any Quarters, or of any Mails or Regimental Accounts, and all Sums of Money due to any Agent or Paymaster or Quartermaster, or any other Officer upon such Account as aforesaid, or on account of any Allowance made for any such Purpose in discharge, shall be drawn and taken to be Regimental Debts for the Purposes of this Act.

Military Clothing, Appointments, &c. to be in discharge of Regimental Debts.

V. And to be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

Act may be altered, &c. in this Session.

C. A. F. LXXVIII.

An Act for fixing the Rates of Subsistence to be paid to Innkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers.

[7th July 1817.]

WHEREAS by Two Acts passed in the present Session of Parliament for providing Musters and Detachments, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, it is enacted, that Officers and Soldiers shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer upon paying and allowing for the same the several Rates that are or shall be established by any Act or Acts of Parliament; and an Option is given to Innkeepers, and others upon whom Officers and Soldiers are quartered and billeted, to furnish certain Articles gratis in lieu of Diet and Small Beer; and it is just and expedient that an adequate Allowance shall be made and established for Provision and other Articles furnished to Officers and Soldiers: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Non-Commissioned Officer and Private Soldier who shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer, within those Parts of the United Kingdom specified in the said recited Acts, by the Innkeepers or other Persons on whom such Non-Commissioned Officers or Private Soldiers shall be quartered and billeted by virtue of the said Acts, shall pay and allow for the same the Sum of Ten pence per Diem until the Twenty-fourth Day of July inclusive, and from and after that Day the Sum of One Shilling and Two pence per Diem; and that for each Allowance of Ten pence and One Shilling and Two pence the Innkeeper or other Person shall furnish One Meal, *videlicet*, a hot Dinner, if required, in each Day to each Non-Commissioned Officer, Trumpeter, Drummer and Private Soldier quartered and billeted as aforesaid, to consist of such Quantities of Diet and Small Beer as have been or shall be specified and fixed as and by any Regulations made or to be made from time to time by His Majesty in that behalf, but not to exceed One Pound and a Quarter of Meat previous to being dressed, One Pound of Bread, One Pound of Potatoes or other Vegetables previous to being cooked, and Two Pints of Small Beer, and Vinegar, Salt and Pepper; and that the Accounts of the same shall be rendered, and Payment thereof made, in like manner as is directed by the said Acts.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case any Innkeepers, or other Persons on whom any Non-Commissioned Officers or Private Men shall be quartered within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, shall, by virtue of the said Option in the said Acts, furnish such Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers with the Articles therein mentioned in lieu of furnishing Diet and Small Beer, at the Rate prescribed by the said Acts, such Innkeepers or other Persons on whom such Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers are quartered, and by whom the said Articles shall have been so supplied, shall receive in consideration thereof One Halfpenny per Diem for each Non-Commissioned Officer and Soldier; which Sum of One Halfpenny per Diem shall be accounted for and paid in like manner as is directed touching the Rate aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Sum to be paid to the Innkeeper or other Person within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, on whom any of the Horses belonging to His Majesty's Forces shall be quartered by virtue of the said Acts, for Hay and Straw, shall be Ten pence per Diem for each Horse until the Twenty-fourth Day of July inclusive, and from and after that Day One Shilling per Diem.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from the Innkeepers or other Persons on whom they may be billeted, within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, at the Rate herebefore prescribed while on the March, as aforesaid, and for the Day of their Arrival at the Place of their final Destination, and on the Two subsequent Days, unless either of the Two subsequent Days shall be a Market Day in and for the Town or Place where such Officers or Soldiers shall be billeted, or within the Distance of Two Miles thereof, in which case it shall be lawful for the Innkeeper or other Person as aforesaid to discontinue on and from such Market Day the Supply of Diet and Small Beer, and to furnish in lieu thereof the Articles in the said recited Act specified, and at the Rate herebefore prescribed.

V. Provided always, That if any Volunteer or other Person liable by the said recited Acts to have Soldiers billeted or quartered on him or her shall pay any Sum or Sums of Money to any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier on the March, in lieu of furnishing in kind the Diet and Small Beer in which such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier is entitled under the said Acts, every such Volunteer or other Person may be proceeded against and fined in like manner as if he or she had refused to furnish or allow, according to the Directions of the said recited Acts, the several things respectively directed to be furnished to Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers so quartered or billeted on him or her as aforesaid.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, when on the March, shall be halted, either for a limited or indefinite time, at any intermediate Place, the Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers belonging thereto shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from the Persons on whom they shall be billeted at such intermediate Place, for each time only for which they would be entitled to receive the same after arriving at the Place of their final Destination, according to the said Act.

VII. Provided nevertheless, That whenever it shall happen that any Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, when on their March, shall be halted, and it shall appear by the Marching Orders that it is so intended that such Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment shall halt for any longer time than One entire Day after the Day of their Arrival at the Place of Halting, and the Day after such Arrival shall be such Market Day as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for the Innkeeper or other Person on whom the Non-Commissioned

millioned Officers and Soldiers shall be entitled to *Stewards* on each Market Day the Supply of Diet and Small Beer to any such Officers or Soldiers; but that all such Officers and Soldiers shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from such *Stewards* and other Persons appointed upon each Market Day as aforesaid, at the Rates heretofore prescribed, in like manner as they would have been entitled thereto, if such Day had not been a Market Day; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Non-Commissioned Officers and Private Men employed in Recruiting, and the Recruits by them raised, shall, while on their March, and for Two Days after the Day of their Arrival at any Recruiting Station, be entitled to the same Benefits as are heretofore provided in regard to Troops upon the March; but no Recruit raised after the Two Days subsisting to the Arrival of the Party at their Recruiting Station shall be entitled to be supplied with Diet and Small Beer at the Rates heretofore prescribed, except at the Option of the Person on whom he shall be quartered: Provided also respectively, that in case any such Recruiting Party, with the Recruits by them raised, shall remove from their Station, and after a time shall return to the same Place, they and the Recruits by them raised, in returning, shall not be again entitled to the Supply of Diet and Small Beer for each Two Days as aforesaid, unless the Period between the time of their Removal from such Place, and their Return thereto, shall have exceeded Twenty eight Days.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall have Continuance and be in force from the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and that all Payments which have been made, and all Acts, matters and things done in pursuance of or in conformity with the Provisions thereof, shall be as good, valid and effectual in all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had passed before the said Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered and varied by any Act to be made in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXIX.

An Act to permit the Transfer of Capital from certain Public Stocks, or Funds in Great Britain, to certain Public Stocks or Funds in Ireland. [18th July 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Facility should be given to the Transfer from Great Britain to Ireland of certain Public Funds, Stocks or Annuities, and that for that Purpose the Dividends and Interest upon certain Irish Funds, Stocks, Annuities and Debentures should be made payable at the same Periods as the Dividends and Interest of certain British Stocks, Funds or Annuities are payable: In order to carry the same fully into Effect, Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Dividends or Interest which, under and by virtue of any Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, are due and payable at the Bank of Ireland on the Twenty fifth Day of March and Twenty sixth Day of September in every Year, and at the Bank of England on the Twenty fifth Day of March and the Twenty fifth Day of September in every Year, on the several Irish Annuities, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, transferable at the said Bank of Ireland into the Bank of England respectively, shall be paid up to the Twenty sixth and Twenty fifth Days respectively of September next after the passing of this Act; and that on the Tenth Day of October next ensuing the said Twenty sixth and Twenty fifth Days respectively of September, Eleven Days' Interest or Dividends on each of the said Annuities as are transferable at the Bank of Ireland, and Fifteen Days' Interest or Dividends on each of the said Annuities as are transferable at the Bank of England, from the said Twenty sixth and Twenty fifth Days respectively of September to the said Tenth Day of October, shall be paid to the Holders of any such Annuities, in addition to such former Half Yearly Interest or Dividends up to the said Twenty sixth and Twenty fifth Days respectively of September, so as fully to meet the Demand of the Public Creditor up to the said Tenth Day of October; and that all succeeding Half Yearly Payments of Dividends and Interest on the said Annuities shall become due and payable, and shall be paid and made at the said Banks respectively, on the Fifth Day of April and the Tenth Day of October in each and every Year; and the Dividends and Interest which, under and by virtue of any such Acts are due and payable at the Bank of Ireland upon the Twenty fourth Day of June and Twenty fifth Day of December in every Year, on the several Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings and Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, transferable at the said Bank, and on the Debentures payable three and Interest after the Rate of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings and Four Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall be paid up to the Twenty fifth Day of December next after the passing of this Act; and that on the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, Eleven Days' Interest or Dividends from the said Twenty fifth Day of December to the said Fifth Day of January shall be paid to the Holders of any such last mentioned Annuities or Debentures, in addition to such former Half Yearly Interest or Dividends up to the said Twenty fifth Day of December, so as fully to meet the Demand of the Public Creditor up to the said Fifth Day of January; and that all succeeding Payments of Dividends and Interest on such last mentioned Annuities and Debentures shall become due and be payable, and shall be paid and made at the said Bank, Half Yearly on the Fifth Day of July and the Fifth Day of January in each and every succeeding Year, in such manner to all Intents and Purposes as if the said several Periods of Payment had been severally mentioned and specified in the several Acts whereby the said several Stocks, Funds, Annuities or Debentures, or any of them, or any Part of them, were severally

Day after Arrival, and that for a Month they shall have and shall have not to be allowed.

Regularities respecting Recruits by Private and Recruits on their March

Continuance of Act.

Act may be altered, &c. this Session.

Dividends payable on Irish Annuities, &c. may be paid at the Bank of England, &c.

The Dividends payable on the Irish 14 per Cent. and 4 per Cent. Annuities to be paid up to the twenty fifth day of December.

lawfully created, and the Dividends and Interest thereon respectively made payable; any thing in the said Act, or any of them, or any other Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That upon Certificate from the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, checked and certified by the Loans Clerk in the Exchequer of Ireland, of the Sum necessary to meet the Payment of such several Interest or Dividends as shall be payable in Ireland for such Periods of Eleven Days respectively, it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or any Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and he and they in and are hereby authorized and required, to grant his or their Warrant for issuing out of the Produce of the Consolidated Fund writing in Ireland, to the said Governor and Company, such Sum or Sums as may be necessary to discharge such several Interest or Dividends for such Periods of Eleven Days respectively.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons holding Stock in the Three Pounds per Centum per Annum Consolidated Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, to transfer such Stock or Annuities for the Purpose of having corresponding Sums written in and consolidated with and made Part of the Capital of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum Annuities and Debentures transferable at the Bank of Ireland; and then from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seventeen it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons holding Stock in the Single Funds of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum Consolidated Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, or in the Five Pounds per Centum per Annum Annuities of the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty seven, transferable at the Bank of England, or in Eight Five Pounds per Centum per Annum Annuities transferable at the said Bank of England, to transfer such Stock or Annuities respectively for the Purpose of having corresponding Sums written in and consolidated with and made Part of the Capital of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum Annuities transferable at the Bank of Ireland; and that all such Transfers shall be made according to the Rule and on the Terms and Conditions hereinafter mentioned and in such.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Rule upon which every such Transfer or Transfers shall be made under the Authority of this Act, of any Sum or Sums from the several before mentioned Stocks, Funds, or Annuities transferable at the Bank of England for the Purpose of having corresponding Sums written in or consolidated with the said several before mentioned Stocks, Funds, Annuities or Debentures transferable at the Bank of Ireland, shall be as follows; that is to say, that every Person who shall in transfer any such Sum or Sums shall, for every Sum of One hundred Pounds in the Three Pounds per Centum per Annum Consolidated Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, be entitled to the Sum of Ninety two Pounds Sixteen Shillings and Two pence in the Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum Annuities and Debentures transferable at the Bank of Ireland; for every Sum of One hundred Pounds in the Five Pounds per Centum per Annum Consolidated Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, be entitled to the Sum of Eighty six Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Four pence in the Five Pounds per Centum per Annum Annuities transferable at the Bank of Ireland; and for every Sum of One hundred Pounds in the Five Pounds per Centum per Annum Annuities of the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty seven, transferable at the Bank of England, or in the Eight Five Pounds per Centum per Annum Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, be transferred, every such Person shall be entitled to the Sum of Ninety two Pounds Sixteen Shillings and Two pence in the Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum Annuities and Debentures transferable at the Bank of Ireland; and be in proportion for any greater or less Quantity or Sum of any such Stocks, Funds or Annuities in transferred respectively.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons having or possessing any Stock in the several before mentioned Stocks, Funds or Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, to apply in writing to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and such Application shall be according to such Form as shall be established by the said Governor and Company, and shall be the same in all cases, for Permission to transfer such Stocks, Funds, or Annuities respectively, for the Purpose of having corresponding Sums written in and consolidated with the several before mentioned Stocks, Funds, Annuities or Debentures transferable at the Bank of Ireland, as the said may require, according to the Provisions of this Act; and thereupon, and upon such Person or Persons transferring such Stocks, Funds or Annuities to transferable at the Bank of England, or any Part thereof, to the Banks of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, into the Names of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, for the Purpose of their canceling and discharging the same from the National Debt to Great Britain, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor or Deputy Governor of the Bank of England for the time being, and they in and are hereby respectively authorized and required, to grant a Certificate to the Person or Persons making such Transfer, drafted in the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and which Certificate shall be also according to a Form which shall be established by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and shall be the same in all cases; and such Certificate shall state that the Person or Persons therein mentioned has or have transferred the Stocks, Funds or Annuities therein described to the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, for the Purpose of having corresponding Sums written in the Name of such Person or Persons and consolidated with such Stocks, Funds, Annuities or Debentures in Ireland as the same are applicable to, describing the same, and stating the Amount in such Eight Stocks, Funds, Annuities or Debentures respectively to which such

Person or Persons shall be so entitled in respect of such Transfer, according to the Scale heretofore set forth.

VI. And be it further enacted, That immediately upon any such Transfer as aforesaid being made at the Bank of England to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt in Great Britain, the Stocks, Funds or Annuities so transferred to them shall be cancelled and be ever discharged from the Account of the National Debt in Great Britain.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in the Office of the Accountant General of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England for the time being, a Book or Books shall be provided and kept, in which shall be fairly entered the Names of all Persons making any such Transfer of any such Stocks, Funds or Annuities to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, under the Provisions of this Act, to which Book or Books it shall and may be lawful for all Persons making any such Transfer, their respective Executors, Administrators and Assigns, from time to time and at all reasonable times to resort and to inspect the same without any Fee or Charge; and the said Accountant General shall on or before the Fifteenth Day of March, the Fifteenth Day of June, the Fifteenth Day of September and the Fifteenth Day of December in each and every Year, transmit a Certificate, duly written on Paper, of the total Amount of the several Stocks, Funds or Annuities so transferred, specifying the several Interest thereon, into the Office of the Auditor of His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain, and also into the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt; and the Monies herebefore set apart at His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain, for the Payment of the Interest of the Capital of the said Stocks, Funds or Annuities so transferred, shall thereupon cease and determine, and be no longer issued out of the Consolidated Fund in Great Britain.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person to make any Transfer, for the Purpose of this Act, of any such *Single Three Pounds per Centum per Annum Consolidated Annuity*, at any time within One Calendar Month next preceding the Fifth Day of January or the Fifth Day of July in any Year, nor to make any such Transfer of any such *Single Four Pounds per Centum per Annum Consolidated Annuity*, or *Five Pounds per Centum per Annum Annuity of the Year One thousand seven hundred and thirty seven, or Single Five Pounds per Centum Annuity* transferable at the Bank of England, at any time within One Calendar Month next preceding the Fifth Day of April or the Tenth Day of October, in any Year; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and they are hereby authorized and required, upon the Production to them of any such Certificate or Certificate from the Governor or Deputy Governor of the Bank of England, to give for the Purpose of this Act, to write or cause to be written into the Books of the Bank of Ireland relating to the several Stocks, Funds, Annuities, or Debentures respectively, the Sums specified and contained in every such Certificate, in the Name or Names of the Party or Parties specified in every such Certificate; and all and every such Sums and Sums shall be respectively added to and made One joint Stock with the then existing Annuities of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum or Five Pounds per Centum per Annum respectively, transferable at the Bank of Ireland, as the case shall require, and shall be payable and transferable at the Bank of Ireland at the same time and in the same manner as such existing Annuities of Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum, and Five Pounds per Centum per Annum respectively, are payable and transferable; and all such Sums so written into the said Books of the Bank of Ireland shall be entitled to Interest or Dividend from the said Dividend Day immediately previous to the Transfer made under this Act of the several Stocks, Funds, or Annuities in respect of which such Sums were so written in, and up to which Day the Dividend or Interest on such several Stocks, Funds or Annuities shall have been payable at the Bank of England.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful to write in or consolidate any such Sum or Sums in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland relating to the Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum Annuity transferable at the Bank of Ireland, at any time within Three Weeks next preceding the Fifth Day of January or the Fifth Day of July in any Year; nor to write in or consolidate any such Sum or Sums in the Books of the said Governor and Company relating to the Five Pounds per Centum per Annum Annuity transferable at the said Bank, at any time within Three Weeks next preceding the Fifth Day of April or the Tenth Day of October in any Year; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland shall, upon making up their Books preparatory to the Payment of such and every Half yearly Interest or Dividend, certify to the Auditor General of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, and to the Loan Clerk there, the Amount of all Stocks, Funds, Annuities, or Debentures which shall have been written into the Books of the said Governor and Company pursuant to this Act in the Course of the preceding Half Year, and for which Interest or Dividend shall be and become payable pursuant to this Act; and such Loan Clerk shall certify by his Signature such Application from the said Bank of Ireland for the total Amount of the Interest or Dividend falling due, and so to be applied for, with the least possible Delay, provided such Demand from the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland shall be correct; and thereupon it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and he or they if and are hereby authorized and required, to grant him or their Warrant to issue out of the Produce of the Consolidated Fund writing in Ireland a sufficient Sum of Money for paying to the said Governor and Company of the Bank

Book transfered to the said Commissioners cancelled.

Books provided for entering Transfers made to the said Commissioners may be inspected without Fee.

Certificates of Amount of Stock transferred to the Exchequer.

No such Transfer shall be made within One Month preceding the Days when the Dividend becomes due.

On Production of Certificate of Bank of England, Bank of Ireland to write the Sums therein specified into their Books, to be consolidated with the several existing Stocks.

No such Sums to be written into the Books of the Bank of Ireland within Three Weeks previous to the respective Dividend Days.

Bank of Ireland to certify to Auditor of the Exchequer and Loan Clerk there, the Amount of Stock which was then due from their Books, thereof to be issued out of the Consolidated Fund writing in Ireland.

Duplicate may be printed of Certificate full as following.

Security to be given against the Production of the Original.

If Delivered instead after the place acted upon, it may be altered and cancelled.

Counterfeiting Certificate, &c.

Falsely.

Taking Fee for issuing any Certificate, &c.

Falsely and

of Ireland the full Amount of all Interest or Dividend to becoming payable; any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, or any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XII. Providing always, and be it further enacted, That in case of the Loss or Destruction of any Certificate of the Governor or Deputy Governor of the Bank of England, given for the Purposes of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor or Deputy Governor of the Bank of England, and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered, upon Proof of such Loss or Destruction to their Satisfaction, to grant a Duplicate of such Certificate; and such Duplicate shall be full and sufficient Authority to the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland for the Purposes of this Act, and shall stand in the Place and Stead of the original Certificate, if such original Certificate shall not have been previously found and produced to and acted upon by the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland: Provided always, that upon any Loss or Destruction, or alleged Loss or Destruction, of any such original Certificate, and on the Production of any such Duplicate Certificate, the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland shall and they are hereby authorized and required to demand and take from the Party or Parties tendering any such Duplicate full and sufficient Security to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to indemnify the said Governor and Company against the Production of, or any Claim which shall be made under or by virtue of, any such original Certificate as lost or destroyed, or alleged to have been lost or destroyed; and if, at any time after a Duplicate Certificate shall have been produced and acted upon under this Act, the Original of such Certificate shall be rendered to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, it shall and may be lawful for the said Governor and Company, and they are hereby authorized and required, to detain such original Certificate, and to cancel the same, and to transmit the same to be cancelled to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and to deliver up such Security as shall have been received into touching the said original Certificate, to the Party or Parties entering into such Security, or each of them as shall require the same.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or shall wilfully sell or deliver or attempt to sell or deliver any such Certificate or Duplicate Certificate, or shall alter any Number, Figure or Word therein, or shall write or publish as true any such false, forged, counterfeited or altered Certificate, with intent to defraud the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or any Body Politic or Corporate, or any Person or Persons whatsoever, every such Person or Persons in forging or counterfeiting, or causing or procuring to be forged or counterfeited, or wilfully selling or delivering or attempting to sell or deliver, or altering, or showing, or publishing as aforesaid, being thereof convicted to due Term of Law, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Fee, Reward or Gratitude whatsoever shall be demanded or taken of any of His Majesty's Subjects for issuing any such Certificate or Duplicate Certificate, or for paying the said Assurances or any of them, or for any Transfer of any Sum, grant or loan, so to be made in pursuance of this Act, upon pain that any Officer or Person offending by taking or demanding any such Fee, Reward or Gratitude, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds to the Party aggrieved, with full Costs of Suit, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or Dublin respectively, whereas no Effraim, Protection, Privilege, Waiver of Law, Impunity or Order of Release, or any more than One Impudence, shall be granted or allowed.

C A P. LXXX.

An Act for raising the Sum of Nine Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen. [10th July 1817.]

" TREASURY may raise 9,000,000. by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 4 G. 3. c. 1.—s. 1.
 " The Clause, &c. in second Act extended to this Act. 12. Treasury to apply the Money raised. 13.
 " Exchequer Bills to be payable out of Supplies in next Session. 14. Exchequer Bills to bear no Interest
 " not exceeding 4½. per Centum per Annum. 15. Exchequer Bills current at the Exchequer after April 5,
 " 1817.—16. Bank of England may advance 5,000,000. on the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding
 " 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 10.—17.

C A P. LXXVI.

An Act for raising the Sum of Three millions six hundred thousand Pounds British Currency, by Treasury Bills, in Ireland, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen. [10th July 1817.]

" Most Gracious Sovereigns,
 " **W** E, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, being desirous of raising the necessary Supplies which we have cheerfully and voluntarily granted to Your Majesty in this Session of Parliament, have resolved that a Sum not exceeding Three millions six hundred thousand Pounds British Currency be raised by Treasury Bills in Ireland, in manner hereinafter mentioned; and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the

Advisers

Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them, now or for the time being, if he or they shall judge it advisable, at any time or times after the passing of this Act, to prepare and make and alter, or cause to be prepared or made and altered, any Number of Bills entitling themselves to the Sum or Sums respectively specified therein, (not exceeding in the Whole the Amount hereinafter mentioned and directed,) and declaring such Sum or Sums to be payable, or such Bills to pass current at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, at such time and times as shall be directed by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, and as shall be expressed in such Bills respectively, and such Bills shall bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum; and the said Bills shall be numbered in Alphabetical Progression, beginning with Number One.

II. Provided always, and he is enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury to issue any such Bills under this Act to any Amount exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Three millions five hundred thousand Pounds British Currency; and that such Bills shall be issued for so much only of the said Sum of Three millions five hundred thousand Pounds British Currency as shall be actually paid by any Person or Persons into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, at the Instance or by and with the Consent and Approbation of the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury or any Three of them now or for the time being; and that the Interest on the said Bills, not exceeding Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall commence from the issuing thereof respectively, and shall be paid to the Person or Persons entitled thereto, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions whatsoever; and that every such Bill is to be issued for the said Sum of Three millions five hundred thousand Pounds British Currency, or any Part thereof as aforesaid, shall or may, on or after such time or times as shall be appointed by the said Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three of them, if not sooner paid off, be received and taken by and be current to any Receiver or Collector in Ireland of the Customs, Excise or any Revenue, Aid or Tax arising in Ireland, for and in Satisfaction of any Customs, Excise, or any Aid, Revenue or Tax, then or thereafter respectively to become due or payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Ireland, and shall be taken, paid and be current at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, from every such Receiver or Collector, for or in respect of the Customs, Excise, or any Revenue, Aid or Tax by him collectible received, at or after such time or times as to be appointed as aforesaid.

III. And he is further enacted, That as soon as any of the said Treasury Bills, which shall or may be issued in pursuance of this Act, shall be received by any Receiver or Collector, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, all Interest shall cease from the Day of such Receipt, and shall be no longer payable thereon, and the time, when paid by such Receiver or Collector into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, shall be cancelled.

IV. And he is further enacted, That all the Moneys to be received under or by virtue of this Act shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Dublin, and shall be carried to and form Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom arising in Ireland.

V. And he is further enacted, That all the said Treasury Bills, and all Interest thereon, or which shall become payable in respect of the said Sum of Three millions five hundred thousand Pounds British Currency, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and shall be repaid out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom.

VI. And he is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to advance or lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of His Exchequer in Dublin, or at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in London, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the Amount of Three millions five hundred thousand Pounds British Currency, any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; so that no greater or higher Sum, by way of Interest, Discount, Quotum or other Consideration, shall be demanded or taken by such or any of the said Governors and Companies respectively, or by any Person on their Behalf, than at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum for any Money so advanced.

VII. And he is further enacted, That the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, do and shall order and direct, and cause to be paid into the Bank of England, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions whatsoever, all Interest which shall become due and payable on the Part of the said Sum as shall be raised or advanced as that Part of the United Kingdom called England, until such time as the Holders of such Treasury Bills shall be paid their principal Money, with all Interest thereon due thereon, at One entire Payment, at the said Bank of England.

VIII. And he is further enacted, That the proper Officers of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland be and they are hereby authorized and required to obey all such Orders, as to the Issue and Delivery of such Treasury Bills as shall be required to be transmitted to England, as they shall from time to time receive from the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

Bills also...
to extend
1817-1818

Bills, if not paid
off, shall be taken
in Payment of
the Revenue on
Interest after the
Treasury shall
approve.

Interest to rest

Money carried
to Irish Con-
solidated Fund.

Bills to be
chargeable on
Consolidated
Fund of U. K.

Bank of Ireland
and Bank of
England may
advance the Sum
of 3,500,000
on the Credit of
this Act.

Interest arising
on England to be
paid into the
Bank of England
and Principal
and Interest.

Treasury may
transmit to
England.

CAP. LXXXII.

An Act to continue an Act passed in Ireland in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of His present Majesty respecting certain Annuities, so long as the said Annuities shall be payable.

[10th July 1817.]

114140 2-34

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to explain and amend an Act, passed in the Session of Parliament, intitled An Act for granting Annuities in the manner therein provided, in full Penance as well voluntarily as otherwise towards raising a Sum not exceeding the Sum of Two hundred and fifty five thousand Pounds*; which said Act has by several subsequent Acts been continued, and is in force until and upon the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and it is expedient that the said revised Act should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby further continued, and shall be in force in Ireland from the said Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, so long as the said Annuities shall be payable, and as the said Act for granting Annuities or any of the Provisions for the same shall remain in force, and require to be carried into Effect; and the said Act for granting Annuities, and the said Act for explaining and amending the same, shall be construed together as one Act.

continued.

CAP. LXXXIII.

An Act to amend an Act, made in the last Session of Parliament, for providing for the Charge of certain Additions to the Public Debt of Ireland.

[10th July 1817.]

11623 1-13

WHEREAS by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to provide for the Charge of certain Additions to the Public Debt of Ireland, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*, it was enacted, that the Sum of One million eight hundred fifty two thousand and seventy two Pounds Five Pounds per Centum Consolidated Annuities, standing in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland in the Names of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt in Ireland, should be cancelled: And Whereas Part of the said Sum of One million eight hundred fifty two thousand and seventy two Pounds Five Pounds per Centum Annuities, was, at the time of the passing of the said Act, standing in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England in the Names of the said Commissioners, and it was intended that the same should be cancelled by the said Act: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the Sum of One hundred eighty thousand two hundred thirty six Pounds Nine Shillings and Four Pence Five Pence per Centum Irish Annuities, standing in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England in the Names of the late Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of Ireland, or in the Names of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of the United Kingdom, shall be cancelled, and the said Sum is hereby declared to be cancelled from the said Twenty fifth Day of March according; and that from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March the Interest or Dividend which would have been payable upon the said Sum to be cancelled shall cease to be paid from the Receipts of the Exchequer in Ireland or in Great Britain, or to be charged upon the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, and the Money which would have been applicable to the Payment thereof shall remain and be a Part of the growing Produce of the said Consolidated Fund, for the Purpose of defraying the Charge occasioned by any Additions made or to be made to the Public Debt in the present Year.

116234, 25. 26.
Five per Cent.
standing in the
Books of the
Bank of England
in the Names of
the Commissioners
for the Reduc-
tion of the Na-
tional Debt of
Ireland or U. K.
Declared can-
celled from
19th March.

Bank to place
the Dividends in
the Account of
the Commissioners
for the Reduc-
tion of the Na-
tional Debt,
25th U. K. 21,
and Intendment.

It. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor and Deputy Governor of the Bank of England, and they or either of them are and is hereby authorized and required, to receive all the Arrears of Interest or Dividends now due on the said Annuities, and to place the same to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, raised in their Books under and in virtue of an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for vesting certain Sums in Commissioners at the End of every Quarter of the Year, to be by them applied in the Reduction of the National Debt*; and that the said Governor and Deputy Governor of the Bank of England, and their Successors, shall be and they are hereby held harmless and indemnified from and against all Claims and Demands of or by any Person or Persons for or by reason or in consequence of the Payments by the said Governor or Deputy Governor of the Bank of England of the Dividends heretofore directed to be received; and the said Governor or Deputy Governor of the Bank of England shall not be required to be to the Application of the said Dividends, nor be in any manner responsible for the Misapplication or Nonapplication thereof.

C A P. LXXXIV.

An Act to regulate the Offices of His Majesty's Exchequer in England and Ireland respectively.

[16th July 1817.]

• WHEREAS the Offices of Auditor and Teller of His Majesty's Exchequer in England and Ireland respectively, and of Clerks of the Pells in England and Ireland respectively, are Offices with respect to which it is expedient that a more economical Execution of the Duties thereof respectively, after the Termination of the present existing Interest therein respectively, should be adopted: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several and respective Duties of the several and respective Offices of Auditor, and of each of the Four Tellers of His Majesty's Exchequer and Clerk of the Pells in England, and of Auditor and of Teller of His Majesty's Exchequer, and Clerk of the Pells in Ireland, shall, from and after upon the respective terminations of the respective present existing Interests in each of the said Offices respectively, and as each of the said Offices shall become vacant upon the termination of such present existing Interests, be regulated under the Provisions of this Act, and thereafter be executed and performed by the several and respective Persons appointed to execute the same in Perpetuum.

II. And be it further enacted, That from time to time as any of such respective Offices shall become vacant upon the present existing Interest or Interests therein, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and required, to regulate the Duties and Establishments of the Office in becoming vacant, so as the said Duties shall be performed in Perpetuum by such and such Number of fit and proper Persons as may be sufficient and necessary to perform and execute the Duties to be done, performed and executed in the said Office, as the said Commissioners shall deem fit, with such Salaries or Emoluments as shall be ordered and appointed by the said Commissioners or any Three or more of them in that behalf; regard being had in every such case to the Nature and Extent of the Duties to be performed, and to the Responsibility which may attach or belong to the several and respective Offices or Persons executing the Duties of the said Offices respectively; and all such Regulations, Appointments and Salaries, when so made and established, shall become and be in full force and Effect in relation to the said Offices respectively; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Law or Laws, or Usage, Custom or Practice, to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, shall within Six Weeks after the Regulation, under the Provisions of this Act, of any such Office becoming vacant as aforesaid, if Parliament shall be then sitting, or if Parliament shall not be then sitting, then within Six Weeks after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, lay an Account of such new Establishment of the Office so regulated, and all the Regulations above mentioned, with a Statement of the Number of Officers and Amount of Salaries of each respectively, together with a Statement of the former Establishment of the Office so regulated.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money arising from Salaries, Fees or Emoluments, which shall by virtue of the Regulation of any such Office be more than sufficient to apply the Sum of Forty eight thousand Pounds per Annum to the Civil List Revenue, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for the better Regulation of the Civil List*, and to defray the Salaries and incidental Charges of the new Establishment of any such Office, shall, by the Order and Direction of the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury (which Orders and Directions the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized and required to make and give for that Purpose), be paid into the Receipts of the Exchequer, and be carried to and make Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Office and Appointment belonging to and making Part of the Establishment of any of the said Offices respectively, when so regulated as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be a new Office within the true Intent and Meaning of an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne; and every Person holding any such Office shall be incapable of sitting or voting as a Member of the House of Commons; and every such Officer who shall sit or vote in the House of Commons shall be liable and subject to the Penalties and Forfeitures contained in an Act passed in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act to exclude certain Officers from being Members of the House of Commons*.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be appointed to discharge the Duties of the several and respective Offices of Auditor and of Teller of His Majesty's Exchequer and of Clerk of the Pells in England, and of Auditor and Teller of His Majesty's Exchequer, and of Clerk of the Pells in Ireland, according to the Establishment of any of the said Offices respectively to be made in pursuance of this Act, shall be deemed and taken to bear the same Interest as the said Offices as if the same had been granted by His Majesty's Letters Patent during good Behaviour.

Duties of several Offices, also Expenses of auditing Interests, to be performed in Perpetuum.

Tendency to regulate the Execution of the Duties of such Offices, and to appoint suitable Persons to the same.

Tendency to lay before Parliament Statement of former and new Establishments of Office so regulated.

Summings arising by new Regulations of the Establishment of such Office, to go to the Consolidated Fund.

Provision belonging to the said Offices, when regulated of 100,000 pounds of sitting or voting as Members of the House of Commons.

By Ch. c. 23. Persons appointed to certain Offices are to sit in the House of Commons in virtue of such Offices as if granted by Letters Patent.

C A P. LXXXV.

An Act to permit, until the Fourteenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and seven-
teen, the Importation of Corn and other Articles in any Ship and from any Country, to permit
such Articles which may have been warehoused for Exportation only to be entered for Home Con-
sumption; and for indemnifying all Persons who have given Directions for the Importation of
Corn and other Articles, or the taking the same out of Warehouse free of Duty, and who have
acted in obedience thereto.

[10th July 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to allow for a limited time Corn, Grain, Meal, Flour and Rice to be im-
ported in any Ship or Vessel from any Country whatever, and that such Articles warehoused for
Exportation only should be allowed to be entered for Home Consumption, provided the Ports shall continue
open during such limited time for such Species of Grain, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the
Fifty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to amend the Laws now in force
for regulating the Importation of Corn, and that Rye Meal now warehoused or imported for Exportation be
admitted for Entry for Home Consumption Duty free*; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Ex-
cellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in
this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of
this Act, until the Fourteenth Day of November inclusive in this present Year, a Ship and may be lawful for
any Person or Persons to import Corn, Grain, Meal, Flour and Rice in any Ship or Vessel from any
Country whatever, any Law, Customs or Usage to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: Provided always,
that the Importation of Grain shall during the aforesaid Period continue to be legal, under the Provisions of
the aforesaid Act passed in the Fifty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said passing of this Act, until the said Four-
teenth Day of November inclusive in this present Year, any Corn, Grain, Meal, Flour and Rice which
may have been warehoused for Exportation only may be entered for Home Consumption provided the
Ports shall continue open until the aforesaid Fourteenth Day of November for such Species of Corn
respectively, under the Provisions of the aforesaid Act passed in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Reign of His
present Majesty.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, and until the Four-
teenth Day of November inclusive in this present Year, any Rye Meal which may have been warehoused
or imported for Exportation only may be admitted to Entry for Home Consumption Duty free.

IV. And Whereas the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great
Britain and Ireland have thought it expedient to give Directions for the Importation of the aforesaid
Articles in any Ship or Vessel, and from any Country whatever; and that such of the aforesaid Articles as
may have been warehoused for Exportation only be entered for Home Consumption, agreeably to the
Provisions of the aforesaid Act passed in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty,
and that Rye Meal warehoused or imported for Exportation may be admitted to Entry Duty free;
and it is expedient that such Proceedings should be sanctioned by Parliament, and that all Persons
claiming, giving or advising such Directions, or concerned in the issuing, giving, or advising any such Directions,
and also all Persons acting under or in pursuance thereof, should be respectively indemnified: Be it there-
fore enacted, That all Persons issuing, giving or advising any such Directions as aforesaid, or concerned in the
issuing, giving or advising any such Directions, and all Persons acting or who may act under or in pursuance
of the said Directions, shall be and they are hereby indemnified for and on account of the same, and of any Act,
Matter or thing done in pursuance of, or in obedience to, or in conformity with such Directions as aforesaid,
as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatever as if the same Directions had been given, and
such Acts, Matters and things had been done in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament.

C A P. LXXXVI.

An Act to permit the Importation of Foreign Cambricks and Lawns into Ireland, on Payment of the
like Duties as are chargeable in Great Britain.

[10th July 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Importation of Foreign Cambricks and Lawns into Ireland
should be permitted under the like Duties as are payable on the Importation thereof into Great
Britain; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and
Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by
the Authority of the same, That from and after the Eleventh Day of August One thousand eight hundred
and seventeen, so much of an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled
*An Act for granting to His Majesty, and the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and
five, certain Rates and Duties, and to allow certain Drawbacks, and Bounties, upon Goods, Wares and Mer-
chandises imported into and exported from Ireland, in lieu of former Rates and Duties, Drawbacks and
Bounties* in so much that no Cambricks or Lawns except of the Manufacture of Great Britain shall be imported
into Ireland, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Eleventh Day of August One thousand eight
hundred and seventeen, there shall be ruled, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Suc-
cessors, upon the Importation into Ireland of any Foreign Cambricks and Lawns, the several and respective
Duties

31 G. 3 c. 26.

Corn, &c. may
be imported in
any Vessel from
any Country till
14th November
Proviso.

Corn, &c. ware-
housed for Ex-
portation only
may be entered
for Home Con-
sumption.
Proviso.

The Act as to
Rye Meal was
repealed, &c.

Treasury inden-
tified for giving
Directions for
the Importation
of such Articles
as any Vessel
and from any
Country.

So much of
45 G. 3 c. 26.
As enacts that no Cam-
bricks or Lawns,
except the Manu-
facture of G. B. shall be
imported into
Ireland, repealed.

Proviso in Act
(45) paid on im-
portation into
Ireland of For-

Duties of Customs imposed, defined and set forth in the Table hereunto annexed marked (A.), and that the same shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Monies which shall from time to time arise from the said Duties, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same being deducted, shall be carried to and shall be made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*.

IV. And be it further enacted, That on the Exportation from *Ireland* of any Foreign Cambricks or Lawns transported, and on which the Duties imposed by this Act shall have been fully paid and cleared, there shall be allowed and paid such Drawbacks as are imposed, defined and set forth in Figure in the said Table marked (A.), in this Act inserted, under and subject to all such Rules, Regulations and Restrictions as Drawbacks of the like Nature are payable by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties and Drawbacks shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid, allowed and recovered, in any Duties of Customs of a like Nature in *Ireland* are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in *Ireland*; and all Pains, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures, for any Offences whatsoever, applied or to be made of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs in *Ireland*, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as in the said Duties and Drawbacks, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if they were at large repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

TABLE (A.) to which this Act refers.

A TABLE of the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation into *Ireland* of Foreign Cambricks and Lawns, and of the Drawbacks on the Exportation thereof.

	DUTY. British Currency.			DRAWBACK. British Currency.		
CAMBRICKS and LAWNS commonly called French Lawns, plain, the Price, not exceeding Eight Yards in Length, and not exceeding Seven eighths of a Yard in Breadth	sh.	s.	d.	sh.	s.	d.
Extending Eight Yards in Length or exceeding Seven eighths of a Yard in Breadth, the Rate, and in that Proportion for a greater or less Quantity	—	11	6	—	4	—
LAWNS Silica, and all other Lawns, plain, (except Cambricks and French Lawns) not bleached in <i>Holland</i> , the Price, not exceeding Eight Yards in Length	—	14	4½	—	5	—
Silica and all other Lawns, plain, (except Cambricks and French Lawns) bleached in <i>Holland</i> , the Price, not exceeding Eight Yards in Length	—	7	8	—	2	6
Silica and all other Lawns, plain, (except Cambricks and French Lawns) bleached in <i>Holland</i> , the Price, not exceeding Eight Yards in Length	—	9	7	—	3	4

C A P. LXXXVII.

AN Act to amend Two Acts passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, and in the last Session of Parliament, for the making more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling.

[10th July 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty for amending other Things, the making more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling; and rewarding Officers and Persons making Seizures and capturing Smuggling Vessels, it is enacted, that all Foreign Brandy, Rum, Geneva and other Spirits which shall be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marines, or Officers acting under the Orders of the Lord High Admiral, or of the Commissioners for ensuring the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, or under the Orders of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise in *England, Scotland or Ireland* respectively, or by Officers on Half Pay, Military or Naval, authorized as in the said Act mentioned, at Sea or on Shore, as having been outwiped or landed without Payment of His Majesty's Duties of Customs or Excise, payable on the lawful Importation of such Spirits respectively, shall after the Seizure thereof be lodged with the proper Officer of Customs, and secured, and gauged, and taken, and kept Accustomed, and also the Condemnation thereof respectively upon Prosecution thereof, by Order of the Commissioners of Customs, shall be forthwith conveyed to such respective Places as are mentioned as provided in an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling*, and there deposited under the Orders of the Commissioners of Customs, &c.

26 G. 3. c. 104.
§ 16.

46 G. 3. c. 113.
§ 13.

§ 22.

47 G. 3. c. 11.
c. 86. § 19.

Seizures by Officers of the Customs, &c. in the several orders the Provisions of the several Acts of

47 G. 3. c. 11.
and

47 G. 3. c. 11. s. 10.

Commissioners of Customs on draft Payments of Rewards, &c. paid to Officers of Treasury.

Seizures by Officers of the Customs, &c. in the several orders the Provisions of the several Acts of

26 G. 3. c. 10.
§ 10.

§ 11.

The whole of the Rewards payable under the Commission of the Treasury, after deducting 10 per Cent. for Expenses.

For the Purpose of making the Sale of a proper Import Strongly, and shall afterwards be sold or otherwise disposed of as directed by the said Act: and by another Act made in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to make more effectual Provisions for the Prevention of Smuggling*, and by this Act, under the Orders of the Commissioners of Excise: And Whereas it is expedient that in each of the said recited Acts should be altered as hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all and every Seizures and Seizures made by any Officer or Officers of Customs, or of His Majesty's Navy, or sitting under the Orders of the Lord High Admiral or of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral aforesaid (not being an Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army or Marines, or any Military or Naval Officer on Half Pay, or any Officer or Person employed in the Smuggling Prevention Boat Service, either separately or jointly with any other Person or Persons whatsoever, except an Officer of Excise, or an Officer of His Majesty's Army or Marines, or any Military or Naval Officer on Half Pay, or any Officer or Person employed in the Smuggling Prevention Boat Service), shall be lodged and secured under the Provisions of the said Acts made in the said Forty fifth and Forty fourth Years of His Majesty's Reign, and be disposed of as provided for by the said Acts, by Order and under the Direction of the Commissioners of Customs; and that such Commissioners shall be authorized to direct and pay all Rewards for the making of every such Seizure and Seizures, and of all Costs and Expenses relating thereto, in the same manner as if so much of the said Acts heretofore recited had not been made: any thing in the said Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: Subject nevertheless to any special Order and Directions touching the Distribution of any such Rewards or Rewards which shall be given by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three of them, to such Commissioners of Customs, before such Distribution has been made.

II. And for abridging Clauses touching the Seizures to which the further Rewards granted by the said recited Act in lieu of the Rewards then payable, and the said recited Provisions of the said Act, do or shall extend: Be it declared and enacted, That such Seizures only as shall be made for any Offence against any Law or Laws of Customs or Excise passed for the Prevention of Smuggling, and where the Person or Persons engaged or concerned therein or are by any such Law or Laws liable, if a British Subject, to Arrest and Detention, shall be deemed and taken to be Seizures in respect of which the further Rewards directed by the said recited Act shall extend and apply, and be payable and paid: and that all Spirits so seized for any such Offence as aforesaid, and the Ships and other Vessels, Carps and other Carriages, Horses and other Effects, found thereon or on account thereof, except by any Customs Officer or Officers, or any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Navy, or sitting under the Orders of the Lord High Admiral, or of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral aforesaid, either separately or jointly with any other Person or Persons, can being an Excise Officer, or an Officer of His Majesty's Army or Marines, or any Military or Naval Officer on Half Pay, or any Officer or Person employed in the Smuggling Prevention Boat Service as aforesaid, shall be delivered over to and lodged with the proper Officer of Excise, and be disposed of as provided for by the said Acts, by Order of the Commissioners of Customs, as directed by the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid: and such Commissioners shall be authorized to direct and pay all Rewards for the making of every such Seizure and Seizures, except as aforesaid, and of all Costs and Expenses relating thereto, subject nevertheless to any special Order and Directions touching the Distribution of any such Rewards or Rewards which shall be given by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three of them, to such Commissioners of Excise, before such Distribution has been made.

III. And Whereas by the said Act it is enacted, that One Half Part of all such Rewards as aforesaid, after Deductions of all Costs and Expenses, shall be paid by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively by whom the Prosecution shall be directed, to such Officer or Officers or other Person or Persons who shall be entitled to the same, immediately upon the Commencement of any such Seizure, and the other Half Part thereof upon the Account or Accounts relating to such Seizure being finally made up and adjusted: and that all Costs and Expenses touching the Seizure, Detention, Conveyance, Removal, Production, Commencement and Sale of any Ship, Boat or other Vessel, Carriage, Horse, Cattle, Goods, Wares or Merchandise respectively forfeited under any Law or Laws of Customs or Excise, shall, except in the case heretofore mentioned, be paid out of the gross Proceeds arising from the Sale of such Seizure, whenever such Goods, Wares or Merchandise respectively are sold; and in case any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall not be sold, but be destroyed or otherwise disposed of by any Order of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them as aforesaid, all such Costs and Expenses shall be paid out of His Majesty's Store of Customs or Excise Stores which shall or may be found as aforesaid: And Whereas it is expedient that the whole of such Rewards as aforesaid should, for the greater Encouragement of the Officers and Persons employed for the Prevention of Smuggling, be paid immediately upon the Commencement of any such Seizure as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the whole of the Rewards granted by the said Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid shall, immediately on the Commencement of any such Seizure as aforesaid, be paid as aforesaid, upon the Value of every such Seizure to be estimated or fixed in the manner directed by the said Act with respect to Goods, Wares and Merchandise, after deducting from such estimated Value the Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum for the Expenses attending and occasioned by such Seizure and Commencement.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Provisions, Clauses, Powers, Authorities, Emplacements, Privileges, Protection, matters and things contained in the said Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid

aid respecting or relating to Officers of the Army or Navy on Half Pay, shall extend and be applied to, and be had, used and executed by such Person and Persons as may be authorized and appeared by any Warrant or other instrument to be granted by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, or by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise in England, Scotland or Ireland, to make such Seizures as are in the said Act mentioned, and who shall be employed to sit in or with the Boat Service established for the Prevention of Smuggling, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were repeated and re-enacted with respect to such Person and Persons in the Act.

• V. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling, it is enacted, that every Person being a Subject of His Majesty, who shall be found or taken on board, or discovered to have been on board any Ship, Vessel or Boat liable to Forfeiture under any of the Provisions of that Act, or liable to Forfeiture under the Provisions of any other Act, or Acts, for being found or having been at Anchor, or having within any such Distances of any of the Dominions of His Majesty, with such Goods on board as subject such Ship, Vessel or Boat, or Goods to Forfeiture, and who shall not prove that he was only a Passenger on board such Ship, Vessel or Boat; and every Person found aiding or abetting in smuggling to be laid on Land, or found carrying, conveying, assisting or abetting in the carrying away, conveying or concealing any Foreign Goods, Rum, Groceries or Spices subject to Forfeiture under that Act, or any Law or Act relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise in the United Kingdom, shall suffer for every such Offence, either Treble the Value of the Goods that shall be found or taken from such Person or Persons, or the Sum of One hundred Pounds, at the Option and Subject to the Election and Discretion of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively, who shall direct any Prosecutions or Suit to be commenced against any such Person, such Penalty of Treble the Value, or of One hundred Pounds, as the case may be, to be recovered as any like Penalty may be recovered under any Act or Acts relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise in the United Kingdom, and that One Half of every such Penalty of Treble Value or of One hundred Pounds shall go and be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons finding and taking and detaining such Person, or informing for the same, and that such Person shall also be liable to such other Punishment as may by any Law or Act of Parliament be inflicted on any such Offender; and that it shall be lawful for any Officer or Officers of the Army, Navy, Marines, Customs or Excise, and he and they is and are thereby authorized, empowered and required to stop, arrest, and detain every such Person being a Subject of His Majesty, and to convey the said Person before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace residing near to the Port, or Place into which such Ship, Vessel or Boat shall be taken or conveyed, or near to the Place where any such Person shall be taken or arrested; and it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices of the Peace, and he and they is and are thereby required, upon Proof on Oath by One or more credible Witness or Witnesses that such Person was so found or taken or discovered as aforesaid, unless any such Person found or taken, or having been on board of any such Ship, Vessel or Boat, shall prove to the Satisfaction of such Justice that he was only a Passenger on board such Ship, Vessel or Boat, to hold such Person to Bail, with Two good and sufficient Sureties in the Sum of One hundred Pounds each, for the Appearance of such Person to answer to any Indictment or Information that may be brought against him in that behalf, and to pay such Penalty and make any Satisfaction for any such Offence; and so default of any such Person finding such good and sufficient Bail as aforesaid, or until the same shall be found, to commit such Person to any Goal or Prison or House of Correction to answer as aforesaid: Provided nevertheless, that if any such Person be found or discovered and taken as aforesaid shall be capable and desirous of entering and serving as a Seaman or Marine in any of His Majesty's Ships of War, it shall be lawful for the Officer or Officers of the Army, Navy or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise, by whom such Person was taken, arrested and detained as aforesaid, or for any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate before whom any such Person may be carried, and such Officer and Officers is and are thereby authorized, empowered and required, instead of taking such Person before any Justice or Magistrate, and such Justice or Magistrate is thereby authorized, instead of holding any such Person to Bail, to carry and convey or cause to be carried or conveyed such Person on board any of His Majesty's Ships of War, in order to his being entered and recruited as a Seaman or Marine: And Whereas it is expedient, for the more speedy Correction and Punishment of all such Offenders as aforesaid, that such Justice or Justices as aforesaid should respectively have Power and Authority to hear and determine forthwith any Information against any such Person or Persons arrested under the last recited or any other Act or Acts of Customs or Excise for the Prevention of Smuggling, without any previous Commitment of such Person as aforesaid to Prison: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom any such Person is arrested as aforesaid, being a Subject of His Majesty, and not being fit and able to serve His Majesty in His Naval Service, shall be carried, on the Confession of any such Person of any such Offence as aforesaid with which he may be charged in any Information or Complaint to be three and three half or ennobled by any Officer of Customs or Excise against him, or on Proof thereof on the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, to commit such Person to such Penalty respectively as aforesaid; and every such Person so committed as aforesaid shall immediately on such Conviction pay down into the Hands of such Officer the said Penalty in which he or she shall be convicted; and if any such Person or Persons so committed shall not forthwith pay down the said Penalty, the said Justice or Justices shall so he and they is and are hereby respectively authorized and required, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, to commit the Person so committed as aforesaid to any Goal or Prison or House of Correction until such Penalty shall be paid.

Forfeiture by Treasury or Commissioners of the Customs or Excise, in order Smugglers

47 G. 3. c. 111. 87.

Persons found on board Smuggling Vessels, and who shall so show the King in the King's pay down the Penalty to be Committed before a Justice, who may commit them to Prison, or Payment.

Officers able
to serve in the
Navy, may be
employed on board
a King's Ship in
order to be tri-
alled.
43 G. 3. c. 87.
11.

Shipping or De-
stroying.

Proceedings.
Award to Of-
ficer, or, awarding
such Person.

Justices not to
accept Bail.

Commodore of
Squadron to be
appointed in,
through the
Commander of
the Goods do not
appear.
Proceedings.

Judgments void
as if Owners of
Goods, &c. had
been examined.

Provision of
Treble for the
Value of the
Goods, how to
be estimated.

Obtaining
Officers.

Penalty &c.

To prevent
Drawbacks on
the loss of un-
marketable
Quality.

VII. And to be further enacted, That in all cases where any Person liable to be arrested under any of the Acts made for the Prevention of Smuggling shall be fit and able to serve His Majesty in His Naval Service, and liable under the said Acts or any of them to be imprisoned into such Service, every such Person so arrested shall be taken before such Justice or Justices as aforesaid, and shall, upon such Proof as by the said Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid or any other Act is required, be committed by such Justice or Justices to Prison, to answer such Information and abide such Judgment as may be thereon given against him in that behalf; and that as shall and may be lawful for the Clerk or Keeper of any Prison or House of Correction in which such Person shall be so imprisoned, or for any Officer of Customs or Excise, or the Order of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively directing the Prosecution to such Clerk or Keeper and Officer respectively, to convey and convey or cause to be carried or conveyed any such Person on board of any of His Majesty's Ships of War, in order to his being imprisoned into His Majesty's Naval Service; and if such Person shall at any time or times after any such Commitment as aforesaid, and before the Expiration of Five Years from the time of his Arrest, escape or deliver from or leave such Custody or Service, he shall, ever and holds all Punishment to which he shall be subject for such Offences, be liable to be at any time or times afterwards again arrested and imprisoned or delivered over as aforesaid: Provided always, that every Officer or other Person who shall arrest any such Person or Persons as aforesaid, so that he shall be so committed or committed to Prison as aforesaid, shall be entitled to and shall thereupon have and receive the like Reward as if such Person or Persons were delivered by him over to and imprisoned into His Majesty's Naval Service; and provided, that no such Justice or Justices shall accept or receive any Bail for any such Person so arrested, who shall be fit and able to serve His Majesty in His Naval Service, or liable under all or any of the said Acts to be imprisoned into such Service; any thing in any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

VIII. And to be further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in all cases where any Goods, Wares, Merchandises, Batts, Carriages, Horses or Cattle shall be seized as forfeited under any Law or Laws of His Majesty's Customs or Excise, and no Person or Persons shall appear to the Officer or Officers who made such Seizure to claim the same, if such seizure shall happen to be made out of the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, it shall and may be lawful for the Officer or Officers who shall make such Seizure or Seizures to make public Notice to be given by Proclamation at the next Market Town to the Place or Places where such Seizure or Seizures shall have been made, upon the Market Day next after the Expiration of six Days from the time of such Seizure or Seizures respectively, of the Day and Place when and where the Justice or Justices of the Peace will proceed to hear the matter of such Seizure or Seizures, and of Condemnation of the Goods so seized as aforesaid, to which case it shall and may be lawful for the said Justice to proceed to examine into the Cause of such Seizure or Seizures, and to give Judgment for the Condemnation of such Goods, and of the Casks, Vessels, or other Packages or Packages containing the same, and of the Batts or Batts, Cart or Carts, or other Carriage or Carriages, Horses or Horses, or Cattle found as aforesaid, as upon due Examination shall appear to be forfeited; which Judgments shall be as good, valid, and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever as if the respective Owner or Owners thereof, or Person or Persons in whose Custody the same was or were at the respective time or times of the Seizure thereof, had been respectively summoned to attend the said Justice.

IX. And to be further enacted, That whereas by any Law or Laws now in force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs or Excise, a Penalty of Treble the Value of the Goods is imposed upon any Offender or Offenders, such Offender or Offenders shall severally forfeit and lose for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds, or Treble the Value of the Goods, to be charged and taken according to and at the Rate and Rates, Price and Prices, which the said Goods, Wares, Merchandises and Commodities of the like Sorts, Kinds and Denominations, and for which the Duty or Duties therein have been paid, were sold at the time of such Seizure, at the Offices of His Majesty's Attorney General, or the Person or Persons who shall sue or prosecute for the same; and that no such Penalty shall be mitigated by any Justice or Justices below One fourth Part thereof; any thing in any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

X. And Whereas further Provision is necessary for the Punishment of Officers in the Execution of their Duty; be it therefore enacted, That if any Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons in the said Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid or this Act mentioned, or other Person or Persons acting in their Aid or Assistance, being on Shore or going on board, or being on board or returning from on board any Ship, Boat, or Vessel liable to Search under any Law or Laws now in force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs or Excise, shall be hindered, opposed, molested or obstructed in the due Execution of his or their Office or Duty by any Person or Persons whatsoever, every Person or Persons so hindering, opposing, molesting, or obstructing such Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons in the due Execution of his or their Office or Duty, or in hindering, opposing, molesting or obstructing any other Person or Persons acting in their aid or any of their Aid or Assistance, and s/he every Person and Person acting and assisting any such Person or Persons in the Commission of any such Offence, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XI. And Whereas large Quantities of Goods, on the Exportation of which as Merchandises Drawback or Drawbacks of Excise are payable, have been packed and shipped for Exportation on Drawback of so bad and unmarketable a Quality as to be of little or no Value, and have been so shipped and exported for the Purpose only of obtaining such Drawback, so the great Injury of His Majesty's Revenue; for Remedy whereof it is enacted, That no Drawback or Drawbacks of Excise shall be paid or payable upon any Goods, Wares or Merchandises packed or shipped for Exportation, which shall be of so bad and unmarketable a Quality as to be of worth or of the Value at the least of the Duty or Duties of Excise chargeable or payable

Videalling, Ordnance, Customs, Excise or Post Office, nor to any Boat, Wherry, Frigate, Barge or Galley whatsoever, the Owner of which shall have a Licence from the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Scotland or Ireland respectively, or any Three of them for the time being.

Provision how to be preferred.

42 G. 3. c. 11.
c. 68. 1. 2.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the several last mentioned Portwards and Ports in this Act mentioned shall and may be preferred and determined by Bill, Petition or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer at Edinburgh respectively.

Not to extend to square rigged Vessels.

42 G. 3. c. 11.
§ 12.

Commissioners of the Customs may grant Licences to Vessels though not at the Port to which they belong.

Security to be taken of Licence to make Oath of their Sufficiency.

Commissioners of the Customs may grant Deputations to Persons to make Seizures of Goods, &c. specified in this Statute.

Such Persons liable, &c. at Offence.

42 G. 3. c. 11.
§ 20.

XVII. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, it was enacted that no Ship, Vessel or Boat belonging to the whole or in part to His Majesty's Subjects, or whereof One half of the Persons on board shall be Subjects of His Majesty, and not being a Luggers, and at the same time and rigged as such, shall have on board or be navigated by a greater Number of Men (Officers and Boys included) than in certain Proportions to the Number of Tons of her Measurement, or if a Luggers, she in certain Proportions; and that in case any such Ship, Vessel, or Boat shall be found or discovered to have been within certain Limits or Distances of the United Kingdom, having on board any greater Number of Men than in such Proportions, every such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, and all her Goods, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle, and Apparel shall be forfeited: And whereas the Object of the above in part recited Clause was to prevent Vessels engaged in distant Voyages from having a greater Number of Men than was necessary for their Navigation, and which Exceeding made them better to carry on such distant Proceedings; and as it is expedient that square-rigged Vessels should not be so restricted, in order that a greater Opportunity may be afforded for the Employment of Seamen of the United Kingdom: It is therefore enacted, That nothing in the last recited Clause shall extend or be construed to extend to forbid any Ship or Vessel which shall be square rigged, by reason of any Man or Men exceeding the aforesaid Proportions.

XVIII. And Whereas by the aforesaid recited Act, passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it is required that the Owner or Owners of any Ship, Vessel or Boat requiring a Licence shall give the necessary Security for the same, as the Port to which such Ship, Vessel or Boat shall belong, and no other: And whereas it may happen that such Ship, Vessel or Boat may not be at the Port to which it is to belong at the time when a Licence and Security shall become necessary: It is therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Scotland or Ireland, or any Three or more of them respectively, in such cases, on Proof to their Satisfaction that the Master or Owner of such square Vessel or Boat really and bona fide intends to proceed without Delay (Wind and Weather permitting) to the Port to which she belongs, or is intended to belong, to grant a Certificate to such Master or Commander of such Ship, Vessel or Boat, of such Proof having been given, by virtue of which Certificate such Ship, Vessel or Boat, shall not be liable to Seizure on account of not being licensed, so long as such Ship, Vessel or Boat shall be in the Course of her Voyage (Wind and Weather permitting) to the Port to which her belongs or is intended to belong.

XIX. And Whereas it is required that the Persons who are to become Security shall be Persons approved by the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs sufficient and responsible, and it is expedient to require further Satisfaction as to such Sufficiency and Responsibility: Be it therefore further enacted, That the Persons who are intended to become Security, shall make Oath before the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs (who are hereby authorized to administer the same), that they are respectively possessed of sufficient Property to answer and pay the Sum for which they intend to become Security.

XX. And Whereas it is expedient, for the more effectual Execution of the Laws now in force or hereafter to be made for the Benefit of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs, and the Suppression of Smuggling, that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs should be empowered to grant their Deputations to any such Person or Persons as they may think fit, although he or they may not hold any specific Office under the said Revenue, authorizing him or them to make Seizures of any Wine, Spirituous Liquors, Tea or Tobacco, or any prohibited East India or French Goods, or any other Goods specified in such Deputations, which may be subject to Seizure under any Law or Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise respectively, or any Vessel, Boat, Horse, Cattle or Carriage used or employed in the Importation or Removal of such prohibited or run Goods: It is therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or any Three or more of them for the time being, or for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in Scotland, or any Three or more of them for the time being, to grant their Deputations to any Person or Persons to make Seizures of Wine, Spirituous Liquors, Tea or Tobacco, or any prohibited East India or French Goods, or any other Goods specified in such Deputations, which may be subject to Seizure under any Law or Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise respectively, or any Vessel, Boat, Horse, Cattle or Carriage used or employed in the Importation or Removal of such prohibited or run Goods, although such Person or Persons shall not hold or be appointed to any Office or Offices of the Customs in any specific Port or Place, and such Person or Persons so deputed shall and may make such Seizures in like manner as any Officers or Officers of the Customs; and such Person or Persons shall be subject to the like Penalties as Officers of the Customs; and all Seizures made by such Person or Persons so deputed shall be good law, prosecuted, and recovered by the like Means, Ways and Methods as any Seizures made by Officers of the Customs or Excise may by any Law or Laws now in force be and law, prosecuted and recovered.

XXI. And Whereas by the aforesaid Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it is enacted, that from and after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seven, every Ship or Vessel belonging to the Whole or in any Part to any of His Majesty's Subjects, whereof One Half of the Persons on board are Subjects of His said Majesty, and being a square rigged Ship or Vessel

of

of the Burthen of Two hundred Tons and upwards, the Difference of whole Draught of Water forward and aft shall exceed One Inch and One Quarter of an Inch for every Foot of the Breadth of each Ship or Vessel, such Draught of Water to be ascertained by a Straight Line along the Rabbet of the Keel, adding to each Draught of Water forward and aft the Depth of the Main Keel in the Middle of the said Ship or Vessel on the Outside, and the Draught of Water to be taken when the said Ship or Vessel, whether light or loaded, shall be in Sailing Trim, which shall be found in the Limits of any Port of this Kingdom, or within any Part of the British or Irish Channels, or elsewhere within One hundred Leagues of the Coast of this Kingdom, for which a License shall not have been procured from the Commissioners of Customs for navigating the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marine, or of the Customs or Excise: And whereas it is expedient that the said law in part recited *Act* should be repealed, and other Provisions made, it is therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this *Act*, every Ship or Vessel belonging in the Whole or in Part to any of His Majesty's Subjects, or whereof One Half of the Persons on board are Subjects of His said Majesty, (not being a square rigged Ship or Vessel of the Burthen of Two hundred Tons or upwards,) the Difference of whole Draught of Water forward and aft shall exceed One Inch and One Quarter of an Inch for every Foot of the Breadth of each Ship or Vessel, such Draught of Water to be ascertained by a Straight Line along the Rabbet of the Keel, adding to each Draught of Water forward and aft the Depth of the Main Keel in the Middle of the said Ship or Vessel on the Outside, and the Draught of Water to be taken when the said Ship or Vessel, whether light or loaded, shall be in Sailing Trim, which shall be found in the Limits of any Port of this Kingdom, or within any Part of the British or Irish Channels, or elsewhere within One hundred Leagues of the Coast of the Kingdom, for which a License shall not have been procured from the Commissioners of the Customs for navigating the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy, or Marine, or of the Customs or Excise.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be called in that Session of Parliament.

Wells of the
Dakian
series main-
tained and with
out Leptena,
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miles of the
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CAP. 1.333.8701

An Act to permit Fuller Earth, Faling Clay and Tobacco Pipe Clay, to be carried Overwide under certain Restrictions.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, intitled *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into One Act of Parliament, several Laws now in being for preventing the Exportation of Iron Slugs, Bars and Lumps, Wood, Woads, Marriages, Shavings, Terra or Worked Coals, Cinders, Washings and other Manufactures or pretended Manufactures made of Wood, Slugs, shavings or of otherwise put together, in as the same may be reduced in and made use of as Fuel again; Masters or Servants charged with coaled Wood or Wood fit for working; Fellers Earth, Fulving Clay and Tobacco Pipe Clay, from their Kingdom, and from the City of London, Gloucester, Alderbury, Buck and Man, into Foreign Parts; and for rendering more effectual an Act passed in the Twenty third Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, intitled *An Act for the Washing of Wood*: And whereas it is expedient to amend the said Act in so far as relates to Fulving Earth, Fulvers Clay and Tobacco Pipe Clay carved Comestibles; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in so much of the aforesaid Act as relates to the carrying Coalwads of Fulvers Earth, Fulving Clay or Tobacco Pipe Clay, shall be and the same is hereby amended.*

Abstract

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have to carrying
Goulden's Patent
Bark, Inc.
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[illegible]

York American
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PAPER LETTERS

An Act to allow the Importation of Oranges and Lemons from the *Islands* and the *Madagas* into the *British Colonies in North America*.
(10th July 1817.)

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to regulate the Trade between Places in Europe South of Cape Finisland, and certain Ports in the British Colonies in North America*, it is enacted, that any Freight the Produce of any Part of Europe South of Cape Finisland may be shipped and laden in any Part or Place of Europe South of Cape Finisland for Exportation direct to certain Ports in North America, on board of any British Ship or Vessel owned, navigated, and registered according to Law, which shall have arrived at any Port or Place in Europe South of Cape Finisland with Articles of the Growth or Produce of the said Colonies, or with Fish taken and cured by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on the Fishery from any of the said Colonies or Plantations, or from any Part of the United Kingdom, or with any of the Goods or Commodities hereinafter mentioned from the

Figure 1. The structure of the proposed model.

Orange or
Lemon, Pro-
duce of the
Anties or the
Madrinas, may
be imported
there into the
British Colonies
of America.

Produce of Canada, whether such Goods and Merchandise shall be the Growth or Produce of the Province of Canada, or shall have been brought into the said Province by Land or Inland Navigation: And Whereas it is expedient to allow Oranges and Lemons to be exported direct from the *Anties* and the *Madrinas* into the British Colonies in *North America* in any *Brig* built Ship or Vessel owned, registered and equipped according to Law: Be it therefore enacted by The King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act any Oranges or Lemons, the Produce of the *Anties* or the *Madrinas*, may be shipped and laden there for Exportation direct to any of the Ports of the *British Colonies* in *North America*, and may be imported into the said Ports in any *Brig* built Ship or Vessel owned, registered and equipped according to Law; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. 36.

An Act for the Prevention of Persons going armed by Night for the Destruction of Game; and for repealing an Act, made in the last Session of Parliament, relating to Rogues and Vagrabonds.

[enth July 1817.]

WHEREAS idle and disorderly Persons frequently go armed at the Night time for the Purpose of protecting themselves, and aiding and abetting, and assisting each other in the illegal Destruction of Game or Rabbits: And Whereas such Practices are proved by Experience to lead to the Commission of Felonies and Murders: For the more effectual Suppression thereof, be it enacted by The King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons, having entered into any Forest, Chase, Park, Wood, Plantation, Close or other open or inclosed Ground, with the Intent illegally to destroy, take or kill Game or Rabbits, or with the Intent to aid, abet and assist any Person or Persons illegally to destroy, take or kill Game or Rabbits, shall be found at Night, that is to say, between the Hours of Six in the Evening and Seven in the Morning from the First Day of October to the First Day of February, between Seven in the Evening and Five in the Morning from the First Day of February to the First Day of April, and between Nine in the Evening and Four in the Morning for the Remainder of the Year, armed with any Gun, Staff Bow, Fire Arms, Bludgeon or any other offensive Weapon, every such Person is offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced to Transportation for Seven Years, or shall receive such other Punishment as may by Law be inflicted on Persons guilty of Misdemeanors, and in the Court before which such Offenders may be tried, and considered shall adjudge; and if any such Offender or Offenders shall return into Great Britain before the Expiration of the term for which he or they shall be so transported, contrary to the Intent and Meaning hereof, he or they so returning, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be sentenced to Transportation for the term or terms of his or their natural Life or Lives.

II. And for the more fully and speedily bringing the Offenders against this Act to Justice; be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Ranger and Keepers, and to and for the Owner and Owners, Occupier and Occupiers of any such Forest, Chase, Park, Wood, Plantation, Close or other open or inclosed Ground, and also for his, her or their Keeper and Keepers, Servant and Servants, and also for any other Person or Persons, to seize and apprehend or to assist in seizing and apprehending such Offender or Offenders by virtue of this Act, and by the Authority of the same to convey and deliver such Offender or Offenders into the Custody of a Peace Officer, who is hereby authorized and directed to convey such Offender or Offenders before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County or Place where such Offense shall be alleged to have been committed; or to cause such Offender or Offenders shall not be so apprehended, then it shall and may be lawful for any such Justice, on Information before him, on the Oath of any credible Witness or Witnesses, to issue his Warrant for the Apprehension of such Offender or Offenders; and if upon the Apprehension of any such Offender or Offenders it shall appear to such Justice, on the Oath of any credible Witness or Witnesses, that the Person or Persons so charged hath or have been guilty of the Crime of being found armed at Night as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice to commit such Person or Persons to Gaol until the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or the next General Commission of Gaol Delivery, to be holden for the same County or Place, there to be tried and dealt with as by this Act is directed; and if so charged, until such Person or Persons so charged shall be dealt with as any Person or Persons charged with a transportable Offense may be dealt with according to the Law and Practice of Scotland.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall after the passing of this Act lawfully enter into or be found in any Forest, Chase, Park, Wood, Plantation, Close or other open or inclosed Ground at Night, according to the Provisions of this Act, with intent to what shall be deemed Night for the Purposes hereof, having any Net, Engine or other Instrument, for the Purpose and with the Intent to destroy, take or kill, or shall wilfully destroy, take or kill Game, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Ranger and Keepers, and to and for the Owner and Owners, Occupier and Occupiers of any such Forest, Chase, Park, Wood, Plantation, Close or other open or inclosed Ground, and also for his, her or their Keeper and Keepers, Servant and Servants, and also for any other Person or Persons, to seize and apprehend or to assist in seizing and apprehending such Offender or Offenders by virtue of this Act, and by the Authority of the same to convey and deliver

such

such Offender or Offenders into the Custody of a Peace Officer, who is hereby authorised and directed to convey such Offender or Offenders before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County or Place where such Offence shall be alleged to have been committed, to be dealt with according to Law.

IV. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act in respect to Acts made in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled "An Act to amend the Provisions of an Act made in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intitled "An Act to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vagrants and "other idle and disorderly Persons, and to Houses of Correction," and to make other Provisions in that behalf; shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

35 G. 3. c. 132.
repealed.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Act made in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend the Provisions of an Act made in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intitled "An Act to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, "Vagrants, and other idle and disorderly Persons, and to Houses of Correction," shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

35 G. 3. c. 132.
c. 90 repealed.

C A P. XCI.

An Act to enable Justices of the Peace to settle the Fees to be taken by the Clerks of the Peace of the respective Counties and other Divisions of England and Wales.

[10th July 1817.]

WHEREAS Doubts have arisen touching the Fees and Allowances due and to be made to the Clerks of the Peace of the several Counties and other Divisions in England and Wales; For the removing of such Doubts, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the first Day of July next it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices of the Peace for the County of Kent, and for the County Palatine of Lancaster, at their Annual General Sessions of the Peace, and for the Justices of the Peace in every other County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Precinct, within England and Wales, at their respective General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to ascertain, make and settle a Table of Fees and Allowances to be taken by the Clerk of the Peace for each County of Kent and each County Palatine, and each other County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty and Precinct respectively; and such Table of Fees and Allowances, when made, shall be subject to the Approbation of the Justices of the Peace at the then next succeeding General Annual Session of the Peace for the County Palatine of Lancaster, and for the County of Kent, and at the then next succeeding General Quarter Session of the Peace for every other such County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Precinct, as aforesaid, or at some Adjournment of such Sessions respectively; and such Table of Fees respectively, when so approved respectively, shall be laid before the Judges of Assize at the next Assizes for each County and Place respectively, except the several Places being Counties in which Assizes are not constantly or regularly holden in every Year, and in those cases before the Justices at the next Assizes for the adjoining County where Assizes are constantly and regularly holden, and to which Justices are generally removed for Trial from such Places respectively, and also in cases the Countess in Wales and the County Palatine of Chester, and before the Justices in the next Great Sessions for the several Counties in Wales, and for the County Palatine of Chester; and the said Judges and Justices respectively are hereby authorised to rectify and confirm such Tables respectively, either as settled and approved as aforesaid, or with such Alterations, Additions, and Improvements as to such Judges and Justices shall hereunto appear to be just and reasonable; and it shall be lawful for the said Justices of the Peace, at their respective Quarter or General Sessions of the Peace, from time to time in like manner to make other Table of Fees and Allowances, instead of or in addition to the Tables of Fees and Allowances before made, which shall and may be approved and afterwards settled and confirmed in like manner; which Fees and Allowances contained in such Tables respectively, when so made and approved, and afterwards ratified and confirmed as aforesaid, shall be the only Fees and Allowances which shall be taken by the Clerks of the Peace of the several Counties and Places for which such Tables respectively shall be so made, approved, ratified and confirmed, from and after such Ratification and Confirmation thereof respectively; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary is hereby notwithstanding.

Justices of Peace for Kent and Lancashire, at their Annual General and for every other County, do, at their General Quarter Sessions, ratify a Table of Fees to be taken by the Clerks of the Peace for the said Counties. Such Table to be laid before Judges of Assize.

Fees in such Tables, when so approved by Justices, to be the only Fees.

II. And be it further enacted, That if at any time after any such Table of Fees and Allowances shall have been so ratified and confirmed as aforesaid, any Clerk of the Peace, or any Person or Persons acting as such, shall, under Pretence of any matter or thing done, transacted or performed, demand or receive any other or greater Fee or Allowance, than the Fee or Allowance, Fee or Allowance, ascertained, ratified and confirmed as aforesaid, such Clerk of the Peace or other Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds to any Person who shall sue for the same by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, whereas on Elections, Privileges, Promotions, Wages of Law, or more than One Imparison shall be granted or allowed.

Clerks of the Peace taking any Fees other aforesaid.

Penalty 5l.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Table of Fees and Allowances which shall be made, approved, ratified and confirmed from time to time as aforesaid, shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the County or Place for which such Table of Fees shall have been so made, approved, ratified and confirmed as aforesaid; and a true and exact written or printed Copy or Copies thereof shall be placed and constantly kept in a conspicuous Part of every Room or Place wherein any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace for such County or Place shall be held; and if any Clerk of the Peace, or Person acting as such, shall at any

Printed or written Copies of such Table of Fees to be kept up in those cases. Clerks of the Peace where the Court is held at Quays

Officers shall be held.
Oaths of the Peace adjudge-
ing.
Penalty &c.
Licenses of
Officers.

time ought to cause every such Copy to be placed and constantly kept according to the Provisions of this Act, he shall forfeit and pay to any Person who shall, for the time, for every such Officer, the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein an Essoyn, Pleading, Protection, Wager of Law, nor more than One Imparison shall be granted or allowed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all writs and Actions which shall be brought or commenced by virtue of this Act, shall be brought before the End of Three Calendar Months after the Office commenced, and not otherwise.

C A P. XCII.

An Act to regulate the Administration of Oaths in certain Cases to Officers in His Majesty's Land and Sea Forces. [10th July 1817.]

WHEREAS by certain Acts passed in the Reigns of His Majesty's Royal Predecessors, it was provided, that Officers in His Majesty's Royal Navy and Officers in His Majesty's Army shall take certain Oaths, and make and subscribe certain Declarations, before they shall enter upon the Office or Places of Trust to which they may be appointed: And Whereas Doubts have been entertained whether the Provisions of the said Acts are still in force in that behalf: And whereas the Practice of taking the said Oaths, and making and subscribing the said Declarations, by Officers previous to their receiving Commissions in His Majesty's Army, hath been long disused: And Whereas it is expedient to remove such Doubts, and to affix the Practice of the Two Services: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral aforesaid, the Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Land Forces, the Master General of the Ordnance, and the Secretary at War for the time being, respectively, or any other Persons therunto lawfully authorized, to deliver Commissions or Warrants to any Officer or Officers in His Majesty's Royal Navy, Land Forces or Royal Marines, without previously requiring such Officer or Officers to take the said Oaths, or make and subscribe the said Declarations; any thing in any Act or Acts contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

II. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Oaths required by any Act or Acts now in force to be taken, or to any Declarations thereby required to be made and subscribed, by such Officer or Officers as aforesaid, after he or they shall have accepted and received such Commissions or Warrants as aforesaid.

C A P. XCIII.

An Act to regulate the Costs of Distresses levied for Payment of Small Rents. [10th July 1817.]

WHEREAS divers Persons acting as Brokers, and defrauding on the Goods and Chattels of others, or employed in the Courts of such Distresses, have of late made excessive Charges, to the great Oppression of Poor Tenants and others; and it is expedient to check such Practices: Be it therefore enacted, by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act no Person whatsoever making any Distress for Rent, where the Sum demanded and due shall not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds for and in respect of such Rent, nor any Person whatsoever employed in any manner in making such Distress, or doing any Act whatsoever in the Courts of such Distress, or for carrying the same into Effect, shall have, take or receive out of the Produce of the Goods or Chattels distrained upon and sold, or from the Tenants distrained on, or from the Landlord, or from any other Person whatsoever, any other or more Costs and Charges for and in respect of such Distress, or any Matter or thing done therein, than such as are fixed and set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed and appropiated to each Act which shall have been done in the Courts of such Distress: and no Person or Persons whatsoever shall make any Charge whatsoever for any Act, Matter or thing mentioned in the said Schedule, unless such Act shall have been really done.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall in any manner levy, take or receive from any Person or Persons whatsoever, or retain or take from the Produce of any Goods sold for the Payment of such Rent, any other or greater Costs and Charges than are mentioned and set down in the said Schedule, or make any Charge whatsoever for any Act, Matter or thing mentioned in the said Schedule and not really done, it shall be lawful for the Party or Parties aggrieved by such Practices to apply to any One Justice of the Peace for the County, City, Town, and sitting for the Division where such Distress shall have been made, or in any manner proceeded in, for the Redress of his, her or their Grievance so occasioned, who upon such Justice shall summon the Person or Persons complained of to appear before him at a reasonable time to be fixed in such Summons; and such Justice shall cause into the Master of such Complaint by all legal Ways and Means, and also hear in like manner the Defence of the Person or Persons complained of; and if it shall appear to such Justice that the Person or Persons complained of shall have levied, taken, received, or had other and greater Costs and Charges than are mentioned, or fixed in the Schedule hereunto annexed, or made

No Person making Distress for Rent, where the Sum due shall not exceed 20l. to take other Charges than mentioned in the Schedule annexed; nor to charge for any Act not done.

Party aggrieved by any such Practice may apply to a Justice of the Peace.

Justice may adjudge the Amount of the Money where.

any Charge for any matter or thing mentioned in the said Schedule, such Act, matter or thing not having been really done, such Justice shall order and adjudge Triple the Amount of the Monies so unlawfully taken, to be paid by the Perfon or Persons so having acted in the Party or Parties who shall thus have preferred his, her or their Complaint thereof, together with full Costs; and in case of Non Payment of any Monies or Costs (so ordered and adjudged to be paid, such Justice shall forthwith offer his Warrant to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties ordered to pay such Monies or Costs, rendering the Overplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners, after the Payment of the Charges of such Distress and Sale; and in case no sufficient Distress can be had, such Justice shall by Warrant under his Hand commit the Party or Parties to the Common Gaol or Prison within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of such Justice, there to remain until such Order or Judgment be satisfied.

Justice refers a Bill paid with Co. which may be taken by Distress.

If no Distress, imprisonment.

Justice may commit W. without. Refusing to appear in his court, Præsumpt.

III. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for such Justice, in the Request of the Party complaining or complained against, to summon all Persons as Witnesses, and to administer an Oath to them, touching the matter of such Complaint or Defence against it; and if any Person or Persons so summoned shall not obey such Summons, without any reasonable or lawful Excuse, or refuse to be examined upon Oath, or if a Quaker upon solemn Affirmation, then every such Person so offending shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, to be ordered, levied and paid in such manner and by such Monies, and with such Power of Commitment, as is beforebefore directed as to such Order and Judgment to be given between the Party or Parties in the original Complaint, excepting in far as regards the Form of the Order, and hereinafter provided for.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for such Justice, if he shall find that the Complaint of the Party or Parties aggrieved is not well founded, to order and adjudge Costs not exceeding Twenty Shillings to be paid to the Party or Parties complained against, which Order shall be carried into Effect, and levied and paid in such manner, and with like Power of Commitment, as is beforebefore directed as to the Order and Judgment founded on such original Complaint: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall empower such Justice to make any Order or Judgment against the Landlord for what benefits any such Defendant shall have been made, unless such Landlord shall have previously levied such Distress: Provided always, that as Person or Persons who shall be aggrieved by any Distress for Rent, or by any Proceedings had in the Charge thereof, or by any Costs and Charges levied upon them in respect of the same, shall be barred from any legal or other Suit or Remedy which he, she or they might have had before the passing of this Act, excepting in far as any Complaint to be preferred by virtue of this Act shall have been determined by the Order and Judgment of the Justice before whom it shall have been heard and determined; and which Order and Judgment shall and may be given in Evidence, under the Pen of the General Issue, in all cases where the matter of such Complaint shall be made the Subject of any Action.

If Complaint unfounded, Justice may give Costs to the Party complained against. The Judgment to be given against any Landlord, unless he previously levies on the Distress. Parties not bound of either legal Remedies. Order of Justice may be given in Evidence.

Parties not bound of either legal Remedies. Order of Justice may be given in Evidence. Signature of Justice Proof of Judgment.

V. And be it further enacted, That such Orders and Judgments on such Complaints shall be made in the Form in the Schedule hereto annexed, and may be proved before any Court by Proof of the Signature of the Justice to such Order and Judgment; and such Orders as regard Persons who may have been summoned as Witnesses shall be made in such Form as to such Justice shall from time to time and convenient.

Justice to give Copies of such Charges in Person delivered.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Broker or other Person who shall make and levy any Distress whatsoever shall give a Copy of his Charges, and of all the Costs and Charges of any Distress whatsoever, signed by him, to the Person or Persons to whose Goods and Chattels any Distress shall be levied, although the Amount of the Rent demanded shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Proven Copy of Act to be hung up in certain Houses.

VII. And be it further enacted, That a fair printed Copy of this Act shall be hung up in some convenient Place in such Halls or Rooms where the Justices of each and every County in England and Wales shall hold either their Quarters or other Sessions.

SCHEDULE referred to in this Act.

FORM of the Order and Judgment of the Justice before whom Complaint is preferred, when the Order and Judgment is for the Complainant.

In the matter of the Complaint of *A. B.* against *C. D.* for a Breach of the Provisions of an Act of the Fifty seventh Year of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled *As AB* [here insert the Title of this Act] I, *E. F.* a Justice of the Peace for the County of _____ and sitting within the Division of _____

do order and adjudge that the said *C. D.* shall pay to *A. B.* the Sum of _____ as a Compensation and Satisfaction for unlawful Charges and Costs levied and taken from the said *A. B.* under a Distress for Rent, and the further Sum of _____ for Costs in this Complaint. (Signed) *E. F.*

FORM of the Order and Judgment of the Justice where he directs the Complainant to be unfounded, and with or without Costs, in the case may be.

In the matter of the Complaint of *A. B.* against *C. D.* for the Breach of the Provisions of an Act of the Fifty seventh Year of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled *As AB* [here insert the Title of this Act] I, *E. F.* a Justice of the Peace for the County of _____ and sitting within the Division of _____ do order and adjudge that the Complaint of the said *A. B.* is unfounded [if Costs are given] and I do further order and adjudge, that the said *A. B.* shall pay unto the said *C. D.* the Sum of _____ for Costs. (Signed) *E. F.*

SCHEDULE of the Limitation of Costs and Charges on Distresses for Small Rents.

	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Laying Distress	0	1
Man in Possession, per Day	0	1
Appraisement, whether by One Broker or more, Six pence in the Pound on the Value of the Goods	0	1
Stamp, the legal Amount thereof		
All Expenses of Advertisements, if any such		0 10 0
Catalogues, Sale and Commission, and Delivery of Goods, One Shilling in the Pound on the Net Produce of the Sale.		

C A P. XCIV.

An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for the more easy affiling of County Rates.

[10th July 1817.]

§ 1. O. 3. 4. 45.
1. 1.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, to explain and amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for the more easy affiling, collecting and laying of County Rates: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal to much of the said Act as directs, that in all cases in which any Appeal or Appeals shall be made under the said recited Act to any Rate or Assessment made in pursuance thereof or of this Act, the same should be made to the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace after the Cause of Appeal shall have arisen, and that Fourteen clear Days' Notice in Writing should be given of the Intention to try such Appeal, previous to such General or Quarter Sessions; and that, notwithstanding such Appeal or Motions thereof, the Rate or Rates made upon any Parish, Township or Place (whether Parochial or otherwise) under the said recited Act and this Act, should be paid, and should and might be levied, recovered and received in the same manner as if no Appeal had been made or Notice given thereof; and that if upon the Hearing of any such Appeal or Appeals, the Court of General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace should order any Rate or Assessment to be decreased or lowered, and it should appear to the said Court that any Parish, Township or Place have or hath, previously to the Hearing such Appeal or Appeals, paid any Sum or Sums of Money in consequence of such Rate or Assessments, which ought not to have been paid or charged thereon, then and in every such case the said Court should order all and every such Sum or Sums of Money to be repaid and returned to the Parson or Parsons, Parish, Township or Place, having paid the same respectively: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the heretofore recited Provisions shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

repealed.

Rate to be levied notwithstanding Appeals, until Determination at Justice.

In the said Justice order Rate to be levied, decreased or lowered.

Money paid before the time of Appeal to be returned out of the General County Rate. Notice of Appeal.

11. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act the Rate or Rates made upon any Parish, Township or Place (whether Extra Parochial or otherwise) under any Act or Acts passed for the affiling, collecting and laying of County Rates, shall be paid, and shall may be levied, recovered and received, notwithstanding any Appeal or Appeals may have been made to the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace against any such Rate or Rates; and such Rate or Rates shall continue to be called, levied and received, until the Decision of the Justices shall be made upon such Appeal or Appeals: Provided always, that if upon the Hearing of any such Appeal or Appeals the Court of General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace shall order any Rate or Assessment to be set aside, decreased, or lowered, and it shall appear to the said Court that any Parish, Township or Place have or hath, previously to the Determination of such Appeal or Appeals, paid any Sum or Sums of Money in consequence of such Rate or Assessments, which ought not to have been paid or charged thereon, then and in every such case the said Court shall order such Proportion of such Sum or Sums of Money as shall have been so paid by any Parson or Parsons, Parish, Township or Place, subsequently to the Notice which shall have been given of such Appeal or Appeals, to be repaid and returned to the Parson or Parsons, Parish, Township or Place, which have or hath paid the same respectively, out of the General Rate of the County in which the Cause of Appeal shall have arisen: Forfeited always, that Fourteen clear Days' Notice in Writing shall be given by the Parties intending to appeal against any Rate or Assessment, to the Parties against whose Rate the Appeal is to be made, the Clerk of the Peace of the County, and the Hundred Constable, of the Intention to try such Appeal at the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace; any thing to any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

12. And be it further enacted, That in much of the said recited Act as directs that the Expenses of all Appeals, Actions, Suits or Proceedings at Law, in respect of any thing done in pursuance of the said recited Act, shall be paid by such respective Parishes, Townships, Places and Parsons in the said Justices in General or Quarter Sessions shall direct, or such Court wherein such Proceedings shall be instituted shall order, and shall not be charged to or be paid out of the County Rate, shall be and the same is hereby repealed. [No such Statute appears in 56 G. 3. c. 49. but it appears in 55 G. 3. c. 51. § 15. By 56 G. 3. c. 49. § 7. the Powers, Clauses, &c. of 55 G. 3. c. 51. are applied to 56 G. 3. c. 49.]

Liquor sold by publicans paid in such Proceedings, &c. as Justices shall order.

13. And be it further enacted, That in case of any Appeals, Actions, Suits or Proceedings at Law respecting any thing done in pursuance of this Act, or any other Act or Acts relating to the County Rate, the Expenses of all such Appeals, Actions, Suits, or Proceedings at Law shall be borne and paid by such respective Parishes, Townships, Places and Parsons, or each of them, and in such Proportions, as the said Just

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times shall upon any Appeal in their General or Quarter Sessions award and order, or at such Courts wherein such Actions, Suits or Proceedings shall be instituted shall adjudge and order.

V. And Whereas there are several Parishes, Townships and Places in and over which the High Constables have no Jurisdiction: Be it therefore further enacted, That in all such cases it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of any County in which such Parishes, Townships or Places shall be situate, to issue their Warrants for collecting the County Rate to One or more of the Constables of such Parishes, Townships or Places, and such Constables or Constables shall collect, levy and pay such County Rate in such and the like manner as the High Constables are by the said Act empowered and required to do, and shall be subject in the like Manner in such case as they shall neglect to demand, levy or account for such County Rates, as the said High Constables are subject or liable to by any Law or Statute now in force.

Where there are no High Constables, where Constables may levy the Rates

C. A. P. XCIV.

An Act to exempt the Territories within the Limits of the *East India Company's* Charter from certain of the Navigation Laws.

[10th July 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Manuatures; and by another Act passed in the Fifteenth Year of the same Reign, for the Encouragement of Trade; and by another Act passed in the Twenty-second and Twenty-third Years of the same Reign, among other things, for regulating the Plantation Trade; and by another Act passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of the same Reign, amongst other things, for the better favouring the Plantation Trade; and by another Act passed in the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Third, for the Increase and Encouragement of Breams; and by another Act passed in the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty Queen Anne, for granting to Her Majesty a further Subsidy on Wines and Merchandises imported; and by another Act passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, amongst other things, to subject Copper Ore to the Prohibition of the British Plantations to such Regulations as other enumerated Commodities of the like Production are subject; divers Prohibitions, Regulations and Provisions have been enacted, respecting the Importation of Goods and Commodities of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Europe, into any Lands, Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories or Places to His Majesty belonging or in his Possession, in Asia, Africa or America, and also respecting the Transportation of certain Articles of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of British Plantations in Asia, Africa or America: And Whereas the said Prohibitions, Regulations and Provisions have been commonly supposed not to apply, and have not in Practice been applied, and it is not expedient that the same should be applied, to the Trade of His Majesty's Subjects to and from the *East Indies*: And Whereas it is reasonable and just that Relief should be given to Persons who may have inadvertently incurred Penalties and Forfeitures, by offending against such Prohibitions, Regulations and Provisions: Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That nothing contained in the said Acts, or in any other Act or Acts passed for the like Purposes or any of them, shall extend or be construed to extend to or in any way affect the Importation or Exportation by the United Company of Merchants trading to the *East Indies*, or by any other of His Majesty's Subjects in British registered Vessels navigated according to Law, or in Vessels registered or trading under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to make further Regulations for the Registry of Ships built in India, of any Goods, Wares or Merchandises at, into or from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, or to affect the Importation or Exportation at, into or from any Place whatsoever in such Vessels as aforesaid, of any Goods, Wares or Merchandises of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any Place within the Limits aforesaid, or to require that any Bond for the Exportation or Importation of Goods in any particular manner, shall be given in respect of any such Vessels bound to or from any Place situate within the Limits aforesaid.*

11 G. 2. c. 11.
13 G. 2. c. 7.
21 G. 2. c. 2.
2 G. 3.
25 G. 3. c. 7.
7 G. 3. W. 2.
2 G. 4.
4 G. 4. c. 1.

10 G. 1. c. 11

Nothing in the several Acts to affect Import and Export within the East India Company's Charter.
25 G. 3. c. 116.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December next, no Person or Persons, Body Politic or Corporate, shall be liable to be fined for any Penalty, nor any Ship, Vessel, Goods, Wares or Merchandises liable to be seized by reason of any Trading contrary to any such Prohibition, Regulation or Provision as aforesaid, or by reason of any such Bond as aforesaid not having been given in respect of any Ship or Vessel bound to or from any Place within the Limits aforesaid; and further, that all Ships, Vessels, Goods, Wares and Merchandises, which before the said Twenty-fifth Day of December next shall have been found, and all Penalties which before the said last mentioned Day shall have been paid for by or for the use of any such Officers as aforesaid, shall be forthwith returned or returned to the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, by whom the same may have been forfeited, upon Payment to the Person or Persons who shall have found or paid for the same, of his or their reasonable Costs of Suits or Suits; any Law, Statute or other thing to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent any Person or any Body Politic or Corporate from discharging the Liability of any Judgment or other Proceeding by Appeal or otherwise, in the same manner as if this Act had not been passed, or to prevent any Person or Body Politic or Corporate from taking the Benefit of any other Mode of Relief from any such Penalties or Penalty as aforesaid, to which he or they by any Act or Acts now in force or otherwise may be entitled.

Provision as to the Bond for Penalties at Breams after 17th Dec. next.
Ships, etc. bound before 17th Dec. next, released, &c.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter or affect the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

present Majesty, intended *An Act for continuing in the East India Company for a further Term the Possession of the British Territories in India, together with certain exclusive Privileges for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories and the better Administration of Justice within the same; and for regulating the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter; and another Act passed in the Fifth fourth Year of the same Reign, intitled *An Act for the further Regulation of the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the Charter of the East India Company; and another Act passed in the Fifth fifth Year of the same Reign, intitled *An Act to make further Regulations for the Registry of Ships built in India; and another Act passed in the present Session, intitled *An Act to regulate the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the Charter of the East India Company, and certain Privileges of His Majesty in the Mediterranean; as to alter or affect the Laws now in being relative to the Trade of Foreign Nations in Amity with His Majesty with the said East India Territories under the Government of the said Company in the East Indies.****

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That His Majesty's Secretaries at the Cape of Good Hope shall, for the Purpose of this Act, be deemed, construed, and taken to be within the Limits of the Charter of the East India Company.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall, and may be lawful to import into any Island or Territory within the Limits of the said Company's Charter, not being under the Government of the said Company, in Vessels which may belong to any State being in Amity with His Majesty (not being a European State), and lying within the said Limits, any Articles of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any such State, and to export in any such Vessel any Goods which by virtue of this or any other Act may have been legally imported into His Majesty's said Islands or Territories.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed so extend to affect an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to continue and extend the Privileges of an Act of the Forty sixth Year of the present Majesty, for regulating the Trade and Commerce to and from the Cape of Good Hope, and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and also for regulating the Trade of the Island of Mauritius.*

C A P. XCIV.

An Act for suspending until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty the Duties on Coal and Culm removed Coastwise within the Principality of Wales, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof. [10th July 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fourth sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for equalising the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, Duties of Customs are to be levied, imposed, collected and paid upon Goods, Wares or Merchandise brought or carried Coastwise from one Port or Place in Great Britain to any other Port or Place within the same: And Whereas it is expedient to suspend, for a time to be limited, the Duties now payable on Coal and Culm brought or carried Coastwise within the Principality of Wales: Do it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Duties of Customs on Coal and Culm brought or carried Coastwise to any Port or Place within the Principality of Wales shall be suspended during the Period hereinafter mentioned, save and except in all cases relating to the recovery, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively which may on the last passing of this Act remain unpaid, or to any Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before the last passing of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in lieu and instead of the Duties of Customs hereby suspended, there shall be levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in ready Money (except as hereinafter is provided), without any Discount whatever, upon Coal and Culm brought or carried Coastwise to any Port or Place within the Principality of Wales, the several Duties of Customs, as the same are respectively ascertained, defined and set forth in Figures in the Table hereunto annexed, marked A.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, for all Coal and for any Purpore relating to the carrying on the Works for the manufacturing of Tin Stone at Penynggarn in the County of Pembroke, called The Penynggarn Works, for which the Duties granted by this Act shall have been duly paid, a Drawback shall be allowed of all such Duties, not exceeding the Sum of One thousand Pounds in any One Year: Provided always, that the Drawback by this Act allowed shall be paid upon the Proofs and under the Conditions required by an Act passed in the Thirtieth fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for allowing a Drawback of the Duties upon Coal used in carrying on the Penynggarn Works in the County of Pembroke.*

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Duties of Customs by this Act imposed on all Coal which shall be used in smelting or burning Copper or Lead Ore within the Isle of Anglesey, or which shall be used in Fire Engines for drawing Water out of the Mines of Copper and Lead within the said Isle, shall be repaid; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that the Drawback by this Act allowed shall be paid upon the Proofs required by an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for allowing a Drawback of the*

Duties

Duties upon Coals used in fueling Copper or Lead Ovens, and in Fire Engines for draining Water out of the Copper and Lead Mines within the Isle of Anglesey.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties of Customs by this Act granted and imposed shall be appropriated and applied in full and the like amounts and to the like Uses and Purposes as the former Duties on Coals, Culm and Cinders, granted by the said full revised Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, were appropriated and applied.

App. amount of
Duties.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties of Customs by this Act imposed may and shall respectively be managed, administered, raised, levied, collected, assestred, paid and recovered in full and the like manner, and by the same Means, Ways or Methods, as the former Duties of Customs by this Act repealed were or as to be managed, administered, raised, levied, collected, assestred, paid and recovered; and such Coals, Culm and Cinders shall be and the same are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions, Severance, Sales and Forfeitures to which such Coals, Culm and Cinders were (or are) subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the said passing of this Act, respecting the Revenue of Customs; and all Penes, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures, of whatever Nature or Kind the same may be, as well Penes of Death or others, for any Offence whosoever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the said passing of this Act made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers, Privileges and Directions contained in any such Act or Acts, shall and are hereby declared and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, provided and put in Execution, for and in respect of the several Duties of Customs hereby charged, in as full and ample manner to all Persons and Particulars whatsoever as if the said Acts, Clauses, Powers, Privileges, Directions, Penes, Penes, Privileges or Particulars were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act, and made Part thereof.

Duties here to
be levied.

Persons Admisi-
ble in Customs
extended in this
Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Full Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

Continuance of
Act.

SCHEDULE A.

Coals (except Charcoal made of Wood) brought Coalwicks to any Port or Place within the Principality of Wales, in case they are such as are most usually sold by Weight, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	d	s	d.
Coals, in case they are such as are most usually sold by Measure, the Chaldron, Winchester Measure	0	0	9
Culm, in case most usually sold by Weight, the Ton of 20 Cwt.	0	1	0
Culm, in case most usually sold by Measure, the Chaldron, Winchester Measure	0	0	1
Culm, in case most usually sold by Measure, the Chaldron, Winchester Measure	0	0	8

C. A. P. XC VII.

An Act for ratifying Articles of Agreement entered into by the Right Honourable Henry Hall Viscount Gage, and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues; and for the better Management and Improvement of the Land Revenue of the Crown.

[10th July 1817.]

WHEREAS Articles of Agreement, bearing Date the Fifteenth Day of May in this present Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, have been made and entered into between the Right Honourable Henry Hall Viscount Gage, of the Park Part; the Right Honourable William Hallifax, William Davies Adams, and Henry Danks, Esquires, Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, for and on the behalf of His Majesty, of the Second Part; and the King's Most Excellent Majesty, of the Third Part; in Substantance and to the Effect following: (That is to say,) The said Henry Hall Viscount Gage, for himself, his Heirs, Executors and Administrators, did thereby covenant, promise and agree to and with The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to sell and dispose of, and the said Commissioners, Parties in the said Articles of Agreement (by and with the Consent and approbation of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury) for and on the behalf of The King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, did thereby agree to purchase and buy of and from the said Henry Hall Viscount Gage, his Heirs and Assigns, all those several Manors of Penance and Sudbury, situate within the County of Gloucester and Gloucestershire, or One of them, together with all Courts Levee, Courts Baron, Cattleways and other Courts, Profits and Privileges of Courts, Fines, Chief or Quit Rents, Heriots, Fines, and all other Rights, Royalties, Privileges and Appurtenances to the said Manors or either of them incident, appurtenant or in anywise belonging; and all Rights of Soil and other Rights of him the said Henry Hall Viscount Gage, his Heirs or Assigns, of and in all Waste Lands and Commoners Estate within or being Part and Parcel of the said Manors or either of them; and all Rights of Common and other Rights of him the said Henry Hall Viscount Gage to or upon the Forest of Dore or any Part thereof; and all that newly inclosed Meilage or Dwelling House situate at Borewood, with the Out Buildings thereto belonging or in anywise appurtenant; and all the Right of him the said Henry Hall Viscount Gage to or the Free to the Parish Church of Nantwich, in the said Manors Manors of Blyth Manors belonging, or actually held, used or occupied by the Owners or Proprietors of such Manors Manors; and all those several Meilages, Dwelling Houses, Cottages, Farms, Arable, Meadow, Pasture and Wood Lands of him the said Henry Hall Viscount Gage, situate, lying and being

Agreement,
dated 15th May
1817, for the
Purchase of the
Hops Manors
Manors, second.

being in the several Parishes, Districts or Places of *Shiloh, Swanton, District and Newbold*, and each and every of them, in the said Counties of *Glasgow and Monmouth*, then or later in the several Tenants or Occupations of him the said *Henry Hall Vilemont Gage*, and of certain Persons in the said Articles of Agreement entered, as Tenants to him the said *Henry Hall Vilemont Gage*, all which said Lands and Premises consisted together by Estimate Four thousand two hundred and fifty four Acres and Fifteen Perches, or thereabouts (be the same more or less); and all Timber and other Trees now growing, sitting or being in or upon any of the said Woods, Plantations, Farms, Lands and Premises; and all their Fences, Pastures, Irron and Tin Works of him the said *Henry Hall Vilemont Gage*, situated at *Redbank* and *Lidford* in the Counties of *Glasgow and Monmouth* or One of them; and all their Corn Mills situated at *Redbank* and *Lidford* aforesaid; and all their Lame Kine situated at *Cherry Orchard, Caldwel, or elsewhere* in or upon any of the Lands or Premises theretofore described; and all that Market House situated at *Caldwel* in the said County of *Glasgow*, and all Tolls, Customs, Permits, Commodities, A.D. ratings and Appurtenances arising from the Market of *Caldwel*, or to the said Market belonging; and all Waters, Millings, Ways, Roads, Paths, Enclosures, Rights, Manners, Privileges and Appurtenances whatsoever, to the said *Mosses, Mellagee, Dwelling Houses*, and other Houses, Farms, Lands and Premises, or any of them belonging or in anywise appertaining, (except the Address of the Rectory of *Swanton* and of the Vicarage of *Dunelm*), as or for the Price or Sum of One hundred and fifty five thousand eight hundred and sixty three Pounds Three Shillings and Two pence, to be paid at the time, in the Proportions, and by the Instalments, theretofore mentioned; (that is to say, the Sum of Thirty one thousand one hundred and seventy two Pounds Twelve Shillings and Seven pence, Part thereof, on the Second Day of *August* then and now next; the Sum of Thirty six thousand one hundred and seventy two Pounds Twelve Shillings and Seven pence (other Part thereof) on the Second Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and eighty eight; and the Sum of Thirty one thousand one hundred and seventy two Pounds Twelve Shillings and Seven pence (other Part thereof) on the Second Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and the Sum of Thirty one thousand one hundred and seventy two Pounds Twelve Shillings and Two pence, to be paid on the Second Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, together with Interest for the same several times, or so much thereof as should from time to time remain unpaid, at and after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, such Interest to be computed from the said Second Day of *August* then and now next, and to be paid by Half Yearly Payments until the whole of the said Principal Purchase Money should be fully paid and discharged; and the said *Henry Hall Vilemont Gage* did thereby for himself, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, further covenant, promise and agree to and with The King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, that he the said *Henry Hall Vilemont Gage*, his Heirs or Assigns, should and would, within Two Calendar Months from the Date of the said Articles of Agreement, cause or procure to be made out and delivered to the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, a complete and perfect Abstrait of the Title of him the said *Henry Hall Vilemont Gage* or his Heirs, to the said *Mosses, Mellagee, Dwelling Houses*, and other Houses, Farms, Lands and all other the Inclosures and Premises by the said Articles of Agreement contracted to be sold, and every Part thereof, and should and would thereby or thereto make out and deliver a good and perfect Title to the Inhabitants thereof in Fee Simple, free from all Incumbrances (save such as are hereinafter mentioned, and except that a small Part of the said Premises at *Dunelm*, then late *Priestland's*, was Copyhold of Inheritance, with respect to which only a Title in Copyhold of Inheritance was to be made out or required); and that he the said *Henry Hall Vilemont Gage* or his Heirs, and all other necessary Parties, should and would, on or before the Second Day of *August* which would and will be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighty, by such good and sufficient Covenants and Assurances as the Law Officers of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, should reasonably advise or require, convey and assure the said *Mosses, Mellagee, Dwelling Houses* and other Houses, Lands and all and singular other the Inclosures and Premises thereto before contracted to be sold, with their and every of their Appurtenances (except as aforesaid), and charged severally with the due Payment of whatever Part or Parts of the said Purchase Money should then remain unpaid, and Interest in the same, unto and to the Use of The King's Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or unto and to the Use of such Person or Persons, and upon such Trust or Trusts and in such manner and Form, as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the said Commissioners, Parties to the said Articles of Agreement, or the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, should direct or appoint, free from the Land Tax (the same having been redeemed), and from all other Charges and Incumbrances whatsoever (save and except certain annual Rents payable to Colonel *Swelby*, to the Duke of *Sussex*, to the Stewards at *Redbank*, to *Myrdal* Spenser and to the Poor of *Swanton*, as specified in the Survey of the said Estate, and which altogether amounted to the annual Sum of Sixteen Pounds Sixteen Shillings and Five pence, but did not exceed that Sum, and also except Three Horsetails payable to Colonel *Swelby*, and the Rents, Customs and Services thereto to become due to the Lord of the Manor of which the said Copyhold Premises were holden); and that the said *Henry Hall Vilemont Gage*, his Heirs, Executors or Administrators, should and would in and by such Conveyance covenant and declare, that the Lands called *Malpas Wood*, containing Seven hundred and twenty seven Acres Three Roods and Fifteen Perches, then in the Tenure of him the said *Henry Hall Vilemont Gage*, and the Lands containing Fifteen Acres One Rood and Two Perches, then in the Tenure of *John Delany*, Parts of the said Premises thereby agreed to be sold, were Extra Parochial, and warrant the same to be so; And the said Commissioners, Parties to the said Articles of Agreement, did

thereby, for and on the behalf of The King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, (referred as aforesaid, further consent, promise and agree, to and with the said *Henry Hall Viscount Gage*, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, that the said Sum of One hundred and fifty five thousand eight hundred and forty three Pounds Three Shillings and Two Pence, the Purchase Money aforesaid, should be paid by and out of the Land Revenues of the Crown to the said *Henry Hall Viscount Gage*, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, at such times, by such Installments or Proportions, and with such Interval as therein before in that behalf mentioned, is set the said *Henry Hall Viscount Gage*, his Heirs or Assigns, should make out and show a good and perfect Title to the said Manors, Messuages, Dwelling Houses and other Houses, Tenements, Lands, Hereditaments and Premises, and every Part thereof, and make and execute such Conveyance thereof as therein before mentioned, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the said Articles of Agreement :

And after agreeing in what manner, to what Proportions, and by whom the Expenses of the necessary Deeds, Conveyances, Affidavits for and the further Expenses incurred in the completing and perfecting the Purchase or Contract by the said Articles of Agreement made and entered into, it is by the said Articles of Agreement further agreed, that all Outgoings for the said Premises should be borne, paid and defrayed by the said *Henry Hall Viscount Gage*, his Heirs or Assigns, up to the said Second Day of August then and now next ; and that His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, should be entitled to the Possession of such Parts of the said Premises as were then in Hand on the said Second Day of August then and now next, and to receive the Rents, Issues and Profits of the Residue of the said Premises as and from that Day ; and after receiving that the Lands and Woods in the Parish of *Down*, Parts of the said Premises, had been valued to the Crown, in the Composition of the said Purchase Money, as being exempt from all Rents and Vicarage Tithes, it was further agreed, that if the said *Henry Hall Viscount Gage*, his Heirs or Assigns, should not make out and deduce a clear and satisfactory Title to the Tithe of the said last mentioned Lands and Woods, or to an Exemption from the Payment thereof, then and in such case the said *Henry Hall Viscount Gage*, his Heirs or Assigns, should either deduce or allow unto The King's Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, out of the said Purchase Money, the Sum of One thousand five hundred and eleven Pounds Five Shillings, or to the Beneficiaries of the said Commissioners solemnly His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, from any Loss, Damage, Costs, Charges or Expenses on account of such Tithe or any Claims or Demands in respect thereof ; and it was by the Articles of Agreement expressly agreed, that nothing therein contained should extend or be construed to charge the Commissioners, Parties thereto, in their own Persons, or their or any of their own proper Lands or Tenements, Goods or Chattels, with or for the Performance of any of the Contents or Agreements in the said Articles of Agreement contained, but that such Contents or Agreements should only be enforced as against the Land Revenues of the Crown ; and that all Costs, Charges and Expenses which should or might become payable by reason or means of any such Contents or Agreements, or any Breach or Non Performance thereof, should be referred, ruled, taxed and recovered by, from or out of such Revenues only, any thing in the said Articles of Agreement contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding : And after further resolving that it was intended to apply to Parliament in the then and now present Session for an Act to confirm the said Agreement, and to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues to raise the Sums requisite to pay the several Installments of the Purchase Money before mentioned, as they should respectively become due, by Sales of competent Parts of the Land Revenues of the Crown, it was thereby expressly provided and declared, that if such Act of Parliament as aforesaid should not be passed in the present Session of Parliament, then the said Articles of Agreement and the Contract thereby made, and every thing therein contained, should cease, terminate and be wholly void : And Whereas from the Quantity of surviving Oak Timber now growing on the said Estates, Manors, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments by the said Articles of Agreement agreed to be sold and disposed of, and the Facility of converting the Timber growing thereon into use to the Government Dock Yards by Water Carriage, and from the Causiugy of the said Estates, Manors, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to the Royal Family of *Down*, whereby the same may be managed in the Crown Lands by the Officers of the said Forest at a small Expense, the same appears to be a desirable Purchase, and it is therefore expedient to make Provisions for enabling the said Commissioners, Parties to the said Articles of Agreement, to make good the Contract thereby entered into on behalf of His Majesty, and to carry the same into Effect ; and in order to have a Fund ready for the Payment of the several Installments of the said Purchase Money as they shall respectively become due, it is expedient that the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues should be authorized and empowered to sell and dispose of certain Parts and Possessions of the Land Revenues of the Crown, to raise the Money which will be requisite to pay the said Installments as they shall become payable, and should be enabled to apply the Means so to be raised in the Payment thereof accordingly : And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for the better Support of His Majesty's Household, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown*, it was amongst other things enacted and declared, that all every Grant, Lease or other Allowance, which from and after the Twentieth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and two, should be made or granted by the said Queen, Her Heirs or Successors, Kings or Queens of that Realm, under any of the Seals therein mentioned, or by Copy of Grant, Roll, or otherwise lawfully, of any Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Tithes, Woods or other Hereditaments (Advowsons, Churches and Vicarages only excepted), to any Person or Persons, Body Politic or Corporate, whatsoever, whereby any Estate or Interest should pass from the said Queen, Her Heirs or Successors, should be void and of none Effect, unless the same should be made for some Term or Estate not exceeding Thirty one Years or Three Lives, and unless there should be reserved by such Grants, Leases or Allowances

1 Ann. Stat. 1.

c. 7. § 2.

* Such

14.

such Reversion as in the said Act is expressed; in which said Act is contained a Power, that where the greatest Part of the yearly Value of any Tenements or Hereditaments which belonged to the said Queen, Her Heirs and Successors, should, at the time of making any Lease or Grant thereof, consist of the Building or Buildings thereupon which might want to be repaired or re-edified, in every such case, to encourage the Rebuilding or Reparation thereof, it was declared and enacted, that it should be lawful for the said Queen, Her Heirs and Successors, at any time after the said Twentieth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and two, to demise or grant such Tenements or Hereditaments to any Person or Persons for any Term or Estate, in as such Term or Estate did not exceed Fifty Years or Three Lives, and in as such Lease or Grant should be made to commence from the Date of making thereof; or if such Grant or Lease should be made to take Effect in Reversion or Expectancy, that then the lease, together with the Estate or Estates in Possession of and in the same Tenements or Hereditaments should not exceed Fifty Years or Three Lives from the Date of making thereof as aforesaid, and to as the lease should not be made dispensable of Wills, and in as there should be returned and payable upon every such Lease or Grant during such Term, not exceeding Fifty Years or Three Lives, as much Rent as was by the said Act required to be returned for the same Tenements or Hereditaments respectively in case of a Lease not exceeding One and thirty Years or Three Lives and not otherwise: And Whereas since the passing of the said Act certain Parts and Portions of the Lands and Land Revenues of the Crown, which from their unmanageable Nature, inconvenient Situation or other Circumstances, were not desirable to be held or retained, have from time to time been sold and disposed of under the Authority of divers Acts of Parliament passed for that Purpose; and some Part of the Monies which have been produced thereby have been applied in the Redemption of the Land Tax charged on the Crown Estates, or have been for and appropriated for that Purpose, and some Parts thereof have been disposed of in the Purchase of other Estates of a more improveable Nature, which have been conveyed or granted in as to form and become Part of the Possessions of the Crown, and other Parts of such Monies have been appropriated to amercise and improve some Parts of the Crown Estates: And Whereas it would greatly tend to the better Management and Improvement of the Land Revenues of the Crown, if the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues were authorized and empowered to purchase and buy, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, for and in the behalf of His Majesty, from time to time as advantageous Opportunities may arise or occur, any Estates, Manors, Lands, Townships or Hereditaments, (to become Part of the Land Revenues of the Crown, and to be placed within the Government and under the Ordering and Survey of the Court of Exchequer,) which can be procured on fair and reasonable Terms, which may be fit and advantageous or near to any of the Royal Forests, or to any other Estates already forming Part of the Possessions of the Crown, and which from their Situation or other Circumstances may be conveniently placed wholly or principally under the Management of the Officers or Agents having already the Care of such Forests or other Estates of the Crown, under the Superintendence and Council of the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, and which in their Judgment shall be desirable to be purchased for and on the behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; and that for raising the Funds necessary for effecting such Purchases, the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues should be authorized and empowered from time to time, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to make Sale and dispose of any Part or Parts of the Possessions or Land Revenues of the Crown within the Ordering and Survey of the Court of Exchequer, which shall in their Judgment be desirable to be sold, and which shall be sufficient to make the necessary Purchase Monies for effecting and completing such Purchases; and that it is also expedient to make other Provisions for the benefit and Improvement of the Land Revenue of the Crown: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said herebefore in part recited Articles of Agreement, bearing Date the said Twentieth Day of May in this present Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall be and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed, and made valid and effectual in all Invents and Purposes whatsoever.

11. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to contract and agree with any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, for the Sale of, or otherwise to make Sale and dispose of any Part or Parts of the Possessions or Land Revenues of the Crown within the Ordering and Survey of the Court of Exchequer, which do or shall consist of any Ropings, Honours, Hundreds, Manors, Lordships, Freeholds or any Rights, Members or Appurtenances thereof, or tenements belonging or appertaining, or any Pines, Oaks, Amarcunts, Procks, Dams or Moors sitting thereon, or incident to, or recoverable in respect thereof, or any Millraces, Lands, Tithes, Rents, Mines, Minerals, Collieries, Woods, Wood Grounds, Fens, Marshes, Waste Lands or any other Tenements or Hereditaments whatsoever, which shall in their Judgment be desirable to be sold, at or for the best Price or Consideration in Money which the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, be able to procure for the same, as well with a Sum sufficient to pay the said Purchase Money to be paid to the said *Rev. Earl Viscount Gage*, and the *Baronet de la Roche*, and the Expenses of making and completing the said Purchase and Sale, and the Monies arising from the Sale or Sale of any of the said Possessions or Land Revenues of the Crown, shall be laid out by the Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being,

Recited Articles of Agreement ratified and confirmed.

Commissioners of Woods empowered to sell other Possessions or Land Manors of the Crown, in order to raise the Funds necessary to be paid to Lord Gage with interest.

(who are for that Purpose hereby authorized to make Drafts on the Bank for the same,) in the Payment and Discharge of the respective Installments of such Purchase Money as they shall respectively become due, and the Interest there payable to the said Money Staff Veterans Gage, his Heirs and Assigns, and in the Payment of such Expenses as aforesaid; and in the mean time, and until such respective Installments and the Interest thereon shall become due and payable, and such Payments shall be required, all and every Sum and Some of Money arising from such Sales shall from time to time be paid into the Bank of England, and placed to the Account directed, by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases*, to be raised in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, intituled *'The Account of the Public Moneys of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being The Woods and Forests.'*

30 G. 3. c. 49.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, from time to time as advantageous Purchases may arise or occur, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, to contract for and purchase for and on the behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, any Estates, Manors, Lordships, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in Fee Simple, or any Copyhold Lands or Hereditaments which can be procured on fair and reasonable Terms, Grants and Terms contiguous or near to any of the Royal Forests, or any extensive Estates already forming Part of the Possessions of the Crown, and which from their Situation or other Circumstances may be conveniently placed wholly or principally under the Management of the Officers or Agents having already the Care of such Forests or other Estates of the Crown, under the Superintendence and Control of the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, and which on such Accounts, or for any other Reason, shall in their Judgment be desirable to be purchased for and on the behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors; and all such Estates, Manors, Lordships, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments so to be purchased, as well as the said Manors, Lordships, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments acquired in the said recited Articles of Agreement, shall, on the Completion of the respective Purchases thereof, become Part of the Land Revenues of the Crown within the Ordering and Survey of the Exchequer in England, and shall be settled and administered to the same Uses and in the same manner as such Land Revenues have or hereafter may be settled or administered.

Commissioners of Woods, &c. empowered to purchase Lands on behalf of the Crown, (being adjacent to the Royal Forests, or to other extensive Properties of the Crown.

IV. And for the providing Funds for the Payment of the Purchase Monies of such Estates, Manors, Lordships, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments so to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, from time to time to contract and agree with any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, for the Sale of, and absolutely to make Sale and dispose of any Part or Parts of the Possessions or Land Revenues of the Crown within the Ordering and Survey of the Exchequer in England, which do or shall consist of any Royalities, Honours, Ranks, Manors, Lordships or Fiefs, or any Rights, Members or Appurtenances thereof or thereto belonging or appertaining, or any Fairs, Mews, Amusements, Profits, Dues or Monies arising therefrom or incident to or receivable in respect thereof; or any Messuages, Lands, Tithes, Rents, Mines, Minerals, Collieries, Woods, Wood Grounds, Fens, Marshes, Waste Lands or any other Tenements or Hereditaments whatsoever, or any other Revenues of or belonging to the Crown, within the Ordering and Survey aforesaid, which shall in their Judgment be desirable to be sold, for the best Price or Consideration in Money which the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, be able to procure for the same; and all and every Sum and Some of Money arising from such Sales shall from time to time be paid into the Bank of England, and placed to the Account, intituled *'The Account of the Public Moneys of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being The Woods and Forests'* and the Monies so paid in shall be laid out and applied from time to time, by the Order of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, (who are hereby authorized to make Drafts on the Bank for that Purpose,) in the Payment and Discharge of any Purchase Monies for any Estates, Manors, Lordships, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments so to be purchased for and on behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, by the said Commissioners under the Authority of this Act, when and as such Purchase Monies shall become due and payable to the Person or Persons entitled thereto, and of all Interest due on such Purchase Monies; and in the Payment and Discharge of all Expenses incurred in or about the making and completing any Purchases or Sales under the Authority of this Act, and also in the Payment and Discharge of any Incumbrances or Charges affecting any of the Estates and Possessions of His Majesty within the Ordering and Survey of the Exchequer; but such Monies shall not be applicable to or applied or disposed of for any other Use or Purpose whatsoever.

Commissioners empowered to sell Parts of the Crown Lands for the Purpose of providing for the Purchase Monies of Estates to be bought by them on behalf of the Crown.

and of Interest and Expenses, and of Interest Incumbrances affecting Estates of the Crown.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Contract for the Purchase or Sale of any Estate or Estates shall be made under the Authority of this Act, unless by Special Warrant to be issued for that Purpose by the said Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being.

No Contract for Sale made but by Special Warrant of Treasury.

VI. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being shall have contracted with any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, for the Sale of any of the Possessions or Land Revenues of the Crown hereby authorized to be

When Sales are made, Commissioners to grant Conditions to be

Purchaser,
defending the
Premises, &c.

Receipt of the
Purchase Money
within Ten
Days of the Receipt
of the same.

A Discharge to
Purchaser.

Not paying Purchase Money to the Bank, or not fulfilling Certificate and Receipt in proper time, Penalty.

Warrant from Treasury to the Officers to enforce the same.

Form of Certificate and Receipt.

Form of Certificate and Receipt.

Form of Certificate and Receipt.

Form of Certificate and Receipt.

Form of Certificate and Receipt.

Form of Certificate and Receipt.

Form of Certificate and Receipt.

Form of Certificate and Receipt.

Form of Certificate and Receipt.

Form of Certificate and Receipt.

Form of Certificate and Receipt.

Form of Certificate and Receipt.

he sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners shall grant the Purchaser or respective Purchasers thereof a Certificate under their Hands, describing the Premises so agreed to be sold, and the Amount of the Purchase Money to be paid for the same, and which shall accordingly be paid into the Bank of England within Thirty one Days after the Date of such Certificate; and the Callers of the Bank, or Out of them, shall upon the Production of such Certificate accept and receive the Purchase Money therein mentioned, and carry the same to the Account therein specified, and at the Post or on the Bank of such Certificate, acknowledge the Receipt of the same, without Fee or Reward; and every such Certificate and Receipt shall be according to the Form contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, or as near thereto as the Circumstances of the case will admit; and every such Certificate and Receipt shall, within Two Calendar Months after the Date of such Certificate, be taken to the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue for the District within which the Premises therein described are situate, and be there forthwith enrolled in the proper Books for that Purpose; and such Auditor, having inscribed the said Certificate and Receipt, shall send the same under his Hand, and seal, upon receiving the usual Fees for such enrolment, return the said Certificate and Receipt to the Purchaser or Purchasers; and from and after such enrolment, and thereupon for ever, the respective Purchaser, their Heirs or Successors, shall by force and virtue of this Act be and be adjudged, deemed and taken to be in the actual Seisin and Possession of the Premises, Rights and Interests to be by them respectively purchased, and shall hold and enjoy the same presently and quietly, free and discharged from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or of any Person or Persons claiming under him or them, as fully and amply to all Intents and Purposes as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, might or could have held and enjoyed the same if such Sale had not taken place; and every such Certificate shall be respectively witnessed and attested as to the signing thereof by the said Commissioners, by one of the Principal Clerks or other Officers in that Office; and every such Certificate and Receipt, being enrolled as aforesaid, shall effectually discharge the respective Purchasers to whom the same shall be given or granted, of and from the Consideration or Purchase Money therein expressed, and such Purchasers shall never afterwards be liable to be called upon, sued, troubled, molested or questioned, for or in respect thereof or any Part thereof.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons to whom any such Certificate as aforesaid shall be granted, shall neglect to pay into the Bank the Consideration Money therein to be specified, for the Space of Thirty one Days after the Date of such Certificate, or shall neglect to send such Certificate and the said Caller's Receipt for the Money, for the Space of Two Calendar Months after the Date of such Certificate, then every such Certificate shall be null and void, and the Consideration Money, if paid into the Bank, shall be restored, unless the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue for the time being shall, for any reasonable Cause to be shown to them for the Qualification of such Enrolment, order the same Certificate and Receipt to be enrolled *non pro tunc*, and which, upon such Cause being shown, they are hereby authorized and empowered to do.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That whenever any of such Possessions or Land Revenues of the Crown as aforesaid shall be sold and disposed of by the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, under the Authority of this Act, with the Approbation and under the Authority of a Warrant from the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, issued for that Purpose, the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof shall not be bound or required to make any further Enquiry, whether the same were or are saleable under the Authority of this Act, or into the Powers of the Commissioners in making such Sale, but every such Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, having obtained the same to have been sold under the Authority of a Warrant from the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and having obtained such Certificate as aforesaid, and paid the Purchase Money therein specified, and procured the Receipt of the Callers of the Bank of England, or Out of them, for such Purchase Money, and having inscribed the said Certificate and Receipt with the Auditor of the Land Revenue within the time and in manner required by this Act, shall hold the Premises so purchased by him, her or them, and shall have free, quiet and peaceable Possession and Enjoyment thereof, and shall not be liable to be thereafter disturbed under any Pretence or Pretences that the Estate, Possession or Revenue so sold and purchased by him, her or them, were not saleable under the Powers or Authorities of this Act, or any other Pretence or Pretences whatsoever.

IX. And Whereas Doubts have arisen and may hereafter arise in cases where any Notice, Claim, Demand or Entry may be requisite to be given or made by or on the behalf of The King's Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, touching any of the Estates or Land Revenues of the Crown within the Ordering or Survey of the Exchequer, either with a View to the claiming Possession thereof, by compelling the Tenant, Lessee or Occupier thereof to quit and yield up the same, or with a View to enforce the Performance of any Covenant, Contract or Agreement, or of any other Act in relation thereto, or the Payment of any Sum of Money which is or ought to be paid in respect thereof, or for any other Purpose relative to such Estates or Land Revenues, or any Part thereof, whether the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue can lawfully give such Notice or make any such Claims, Demands or Entries, where no express Powers are referred or given to them for those Purposes; and it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed, and that the said Commissioners should be authorized and empowered to do all such Acts as hereinafter expressed, for or on the behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to give any Notice or Notice, or make any Claim or Demand, Claims or Demands, and to depose or in-

theirs any Person or Persons to make any Entry or Entries, which shall be requisite or expedient to be given or made by or on the behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, either with a View to compel any Tenant, Lessee or Occupier of any of the Estates which do now or shall hereafter belong to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, within the Ordering and Survey of the Exchequer, to quit or deliver up the Possession thereof, or to perform any Covenants, Conditions or Engagements in relation thereto, or to do any Act which is or ought to be done in regard to the Repairs, Cultivation or Management of any of such Estates, or otherwise in relation thereto, or to the Payment of any Sum of Money which is, shall or ought to be paid to or for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in respect thereof, or any other Notice, Claim, Demand or Entry which shall or may be requisite or expedient to be given or made by or for, or on the behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, touching any of the Estates, Possessions or Land Revenues which do now or shall hereafter belong to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, within the Ordering and Survey of the Exchequer; and that every such Notice, Claim or Demand which shall hereafter have been or which shall be given or made in Writing under the Hands of the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or any Two of them, for any of the Purposes aforesaid; and every Entry which shall or may be made by any Person or Persons by them depauper or authorised to make the same on the behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, into or upon any of the said Estates or Possessions, shall be good, valid and effectual to all intents and Purposes whatsoever, and shall have such and the like Force and Effect as if the same had been or were respectively given or made by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or some Person authorised by Law to give or make the same respectively on his or their behalf, and all such Notices, Claims, Demands or Entries shall respectively be deemed, construed and taken to have been and to be given and made by or on behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

X. And Whereas there are in *Newmarket*, in the County of *Cambridge*, certain Buildings and Grounds held and enjoyed therewith respectively, belonging to the Crown, but of more Extent than Value to the Crown, and it is expedient that the same should be sold, namely, a certain Building called *The Palace*, and a certain Building (heretofore the *Greyhound Inn*) thereto adjoining, and now or heretofore called or known with occupied or enjoyed, with the *Arms*, Courts and Garden Grounds thereto belonging, extending from the High Street in Front to *Rose Lane* in the Rear thereof, in *Newmarket* aforesaid; and also certain Buildings called *The King's Great Stables*, with the Tonnages, Offices, Yards and Grounds thereto belonging, situate in *Rose Lane* aforesaid; and also a certain Tenement, with the Offices, Yards and Garden Grounds thereto belonging, called *The Nursery*, or *The King's Dove Yard*, in *Stanton Lane* in *Newmarket* aforesaid; and adjoining in Part to the Yard of *St. John's Church* there; and also a certain Building used as and for a Depository for *Iron*, and called *The Iron Works* or *Iron Mill*, in *Newmarket* aforesaid: And Whereas Doubts may arise whether such Premises are within the Survey and Receipt of the Exchequer in England, and whether the same are saleable under the Powers contained in this present or any existing Act of Parliament for the Sale of Property belonging to the Crown: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, with the Consent and Approbation of the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, to make Sale and absolutely to dispose of the said Buildings at *Newmarket* (except any Parts thereof of which the old Materials may have been already sold or disposed of), and the Ground and Soil whereon the same stand, and any other of the Hereditaments and Premises situate in *Newmarket* heretofore described, for the best Price or Consideration in Money which the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being shall, under the Direction and with such Approbation as aforesaid, be able to obtain for the same; and such Sale shall be good, valid and effectual in the Law to all intents and Purposes whatsoever, and shall be made in the same manner and under the like Rules and Regulations as other Sales are hereby directed to be made under the Authority of the Act; and the Purchase Money arising therefrom shall be applied in the same manner and to and for the same Purposes as any other Purchase Money arising from the Sale of any other of the Possessions or Land Revenues of the Crown, hereby authorized to be sold, are hereby directed or authorized to be applied.

XI. And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for making a more convenient Communication from Mary le Bone Park, and the Northern Parts of the Manors in the Parish of Saint Mary le Bone, to Charing Cross, within the Liberty of Westminster; and for making a more convenient Passage for the same*; by which said Act the Commissioners thereby appointed were empowered, amongst other things, by and with the Consent and Approbation in Writing of the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, to convey in Exchange all or any Part of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments of or belonging to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, situate within any or either of the Parishes through which the said Streets and Places respectively to be erected and built, altered, stopped up, repaired or improved, under or by virtue of that Act, extend, in lieu of and in Exchange for any other Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments which should be wanted for the Purposes of that Act; and also to demise or lease, or portions to any such Demise or Lease to enter into any Contract or Agreement for the demise or leasing, with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, all or any Part of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to be purchased, erected, built, altered, repaired and improved under or by virtue of that Act, for any term or terms of Years not exceeding Ninety-nine Years from the making thereof, at such Rent or Rents, and under such Covenants, Conditions, Clauses and Reservations, and in such manner as the said Commissioners for executing that Act should from time to time, with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, judge proper and think most advantageous, and to receive and take

compel Tenants to quit Estates belonging to the Crown.

All Taxes made under Authority of Commissioners do stand void.

Power to sell the Palace and other Land called *The Nursery* in *Newmarket*.

220 J. 111. 324.

The Com-
missioners under
Act G. 3. c. 127,
enacted in order
Leases in like
charge for such
Leasehold Pro-
perty.

* any Fine or Pien for granting such Leases, and to apply all such Pien to the Purposes of this Act; And
* Whereas Doubts have arisen whether under the Authorities thereby granted, the said Commissioners have
* Power of granting Leases in Exchange for other Leasehold Property; which Doubts it is expedient should
* be removed; and it is likewise expedient that the leading Power contained in the said last recited Act and in
* this Act should be extended so as to comprise the Plot of Ground herein after described, and the Buildings
* erected or to be erected thereon; Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the
* Commissioners for the time being for carrying the said last mentioned Act into Execution, by and with the
* Consent in Writing of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any
* Three or more of them, to demise or lease, or previous to any Demise or Lease to enter into any Contract or
* Agreement for the demise or leasing, all or any Part of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and
* Hereditaments or of belonging to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, situate within any or either of the
* Parishes through which the said Streets and Places respectively to be erected and built, altered, stopped up,
* repaired or improved, under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Act, do extend, to any Person or Persons
* for any Term of Years not exceeding Ninety nine Years from the making thereof, or such Rent or Rents, and
* under such Covenants, Conditions, Clauses and Restrictions, and in such manner as the said Commissioners for
* the time being for executing the said last mentioned Act shall from time to time, with such Consent and Appro-
* bation as aforesaid, judge proper, either wholly or in Part, in lieu of or in Exchange for any Lease or
* Leases, Assignment or Assignments, of any other Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments
* which shall be wanted for the Purposes of the said Act, and in which said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements
* and Hereditaments so wanted, the Person or Persons treating for such Exchange may have only a
* Leasehold or some other limited Interest.

* XII. And Whereas some of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments belonging to
* the Crown, situate on the West Side of the Street called *The Haymarket*, and behind the same on the East
* Side of the New Street, extending from *Princesally* on the North to *Charles Street* on the South, and from
* the *Haymarket* on the East to the East Side of the New Street on the West, are adjacent to and in some
* Degree connected with the Improvements now making under the Authority of the said Act, of the Fifth
* third Year of His present Majesty's Reign; but Doubts have arisen whether the same are within the Pro-
* visions of the said Act; but if all such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments were
* expressly included in the Provisions for granting Leases comprised herein and in the said Act, it would
* remove such Doubts and tend to encourage Builders and other Persons to undertake the carrying into Exe-
* cution the Buildings and Works intended to be made with a View to the Improvement of the Western Side
* of the said Street called *The Haymarket*, and behind the same as aforesaid, and such Improvement would be
* of great public Utility; Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Com-
* missioners for the time being for carrying the said Act of the Fifth third Year of His Majesty's Reign into Exe-
* cution, with the Consent and Approbation in Writing of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the
* Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, to demise or lease, or previous to any such Demise or
* Lease to enter into any Contract or Agreement with any Person or Persons for the demise or leasing, with
* such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, all or any Part of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements
* and Hereditaments belonging to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, within the Outgoing and Survey of the
* Exchange, situate on the West Side of the said Street called *The Haymarket*, and all or any Part of the
* Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments belonging to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors,
* within the Outgoing and Survey aforesaid, situate between *Princesally* on the North and *Charles Street* aforesaid
* on the South, and between the Street called *The Haymarket* on the East and the East Side of the New Street
* aforesaid on the West, for any Term or Terms of Years not exceeding Ninety nine Years from the making
* thereof, at such Rent or Rents and under such Covenants, Conditions, Clauses and Restrictions, and either in
* Exchange or not in Exchange for any other Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments, and in such manner
* as the said Commissioners for the time being for carrying the said last mentioned Act into Execution shall from
* time to time, with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, judge proper and think most advantageous, and
* to receive and take any Fine or Pien for granting such Leases, and to apply all such Pien to the Purposes of
* the said Act; and that every Lease of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments
* heretofore demised, to be granted by the said Commissioners for carrying the said last mentioned Act into Exe-
* cution, shall be valid and effectual, and the Rents arising therefrom shall be received, received and applied
* in such and the like manner as if the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments had been
* included within the Provisions of the said last mentioned Act, and in the Map or Plan and Book of Reference
* thereto referred to; and all and every such Lease and Leases of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements
* and Hereditaments, and all and every Lease and Leases to be made in Exchange under the Authority
* of this Act, shall be made according to the Forms and under the like Rules, Regulations and Provisions, as
* other Leases made by the said Commissioners under the Authority of the said recited Act of the Fifth third
* Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, are or shall here be made, as in and under therein as the Circum-
* stances of the case will admit.

* XIII. And Whereas a certain Street or Place called *Market Row South*, situate on the South Side of
* *Saint James's Market*, in the Parish of *Saint James* within the Liberty of *Windsor*, both been said for sev-
* eral Years past, by the Permission of His Majesty's Letters, as a public Street or Thoroughfare, but the Soil
* and Freehold of the said Street have remained and continued and are now called in His Majesty's Right of
* His Crown: And Whereas the Commissioners for carrying the said Act of the Fifth third Year of the Reign
* of His Majesty into Execution are empowered to make several of the Streets, Ways, Passages or Places
* therein described to be widened, altered, stopped up or improved; but Doubts have arisen whether such

* Persons

Forming the
Persons of the
Commissioners,
as to leasing the
Houses on the
West Side of the
Haymarket and
between the
Haymarket, &c.
and the East
Side of the New
Street.

Power extend to authorize or enable the said Commissioners to stop up the said Street called *Market Row*, and that each Street has ceased to be any longer used as a public Thoroughfare, in consequence of another Street or Way being about to be opened from *Market Street* into the *New Street* in *Sea or Road* thereof, and of the Alterations now made and making in the Neighbourhood thereof, and it is desirable that the said Street and the Soil and Freehold thereof should be vested in His Majesty, freed and discharged from all public or other Rights of passing or repassing over the same; Now therefore it is hereby further enacted, That the said Street or Place called *Market Row* shall hereafter for ever hereinafter cease to be a public Street, Way or Passage, and that the Soil and Freehold of the said Street or Place shall remain and continue in all things hereafter vested in His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, freed and discharged from all public and private Rights of passing or repassing over and along the same, and that the same Street, and the Soil and Freehold thereof shall be liable to be sold, exchanged, leased or disposed of by the Commissioners for carrying the said last mentioned Act into Execution, in such and the like manner as any other of the Estates or Possessions of the Crown which are comprised within the Provisions of the said last mentioned Act, and which shall not be wanted for the Purposes of such Act, are thereby authorized to be sold, exchanged or leased.

XIV. And Whereas by an Inquisition taken on the Ninth Day of December in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, by virtue of a Commission issued out of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, it was found that *William Henry White* was indebted to the Crown in the Sum of Forty one thousand Pounds; and the said *William Henry White*, at the Date of such Inquisition, was indebted or owed to a great Number of such Rents, which were heretofore Crown Rents, Chief Rents, Fee Farms and Quit Rents, or other such Rents issuing out of and payable from various Estates situate in many different Counties in England and Wales: And Whereas, from the said Rents being separately of small annual Amount, and being out of Estates situate and lying dispersed in different Counties and Parts of England and Wales, and elsewhere, the ordinary Course of Proceeding to a Sale thereof by Auction, and by making Sale thereof before the Deputy Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, will easily exhaust the Proceeds of such Sale; and it is therefore expedient to make other Provisions for the Disposal of such Rents: Be it therefore enacted, That all and every the Rents which were heretofore Crown Rents, Chief Rents, Fee Farms, Quit Rents or other such Rents issuing out of and payable from any Estates, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments whatsoever, in England or Wales, the same may be Estates, which were the Property of or belonging to the said *William Henry White*, or in or to which he was in any way seized or entitled on or subsequent to the Ninth Day of December in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and Fifteen, shall, from and immediately after the passing of the Act, vest in the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being (subject to the Power of Assize of the said *William Henry White* therein, if any such shall be entitled to), in Trust to sell and dispose thereof in manner hereinafter directed; and the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and empowered, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of the Act, to contract and agree with any Person or Persons, every Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, for the Sale of and absolutely to make Sale and dispose of all or any of the said Rents hereby vested in them in Trust, as aforesaid, at or for the best Price or Consideration in Money which the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues can reasonably procure for the same.

XV. And for facilitating the Conveyance of the aforesaid Rents to the respective Purchasers thereof, be it further enacted, That whosoever the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall have contracted with any Person or Persons, Bodies Public or Corporate, for the Sale of any Rent or Rents hereby authorized to be sold by them, the said Commissioners shall grant unto the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof a Certificate under their Hands, specifying the Rent or Rents so contracted for, the Estates from whence they issue, and the Amount of the Purchase Money to be paid for the same; and the Customers of the Bank of England, or one of them, shall, upon the Production of such Certificate, accept and receive from such Purchaser or Purchasers the Purchase Money therein specified, and at the Foot or on the Back of such Certificate acknowledge the Receipt of the said Money, without Fee or Reward, and return the said Certificate and Receipt to the Purchaser or Purchasers; and from and immediately after such Purchase Money shall be so paid, and such Receipt given, and thenceforth for ever, the respective Purchasers of all and every or any of such Rents, and their Heirs, Successors or Assigns, shall by force of this Act be adjudged, deemed and taken to be in the actual Seizin and Possession of the Rents so by them respectively purchased, and shall hold and enjoy the same peaceably and quietly, and as fully and amply to all Intents and Purposes as the said *William Henry White*, his Heirs or Assigns, might or could have held or enjoyed the same if the said Estate had never been aliened.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Certificates to be granted by the said Commissioners, upon the Sale of any such Rent or Rents of the said *William Henry White* as aforesaid, shall be in the Words and Figures following, or as near thereto as Circumstances will admit; (that is to say,)

By the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues.
 THESE are to certify, That A.B. and C.D. Two of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, have contracted and agreed with E.F. of for the Sale to him (or to them, or to his or her) of all that Rent (or those Rents) of being and payable out of (briefly defining the Lands or Hereditaments chargeable) at or for the Price or Sum of of lawful Money of Great Britain, to be paid by the said E.F. into the Bank of England, and carried to the Account of the Public Money of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being "The Woods and Forests Fund;" and from and immediately after the Payment of the said Sum in manner aforesaid, and thenceforth for ever, the said E.F. (and his

The Street or Row called *Market Row* South, to be shut up.

Inquisition, taken the 9th of December 1815: The said Rents to be sold by the said *William Henry White*, being out of 88 out of diverse Counties, vested in the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, for as well as in right for Payment of the Debt due from him to the Crown, (subject to the Power of Assize of the said *White*).

Certificates to be given to Purchasers of the said small Rents, and the Purchase Money to be paid into the Bank.

Certificates to be in the following Form.

- her or their Heirs, Successors or Assigns, as the *right shall be* shall be assigned, devised, and taken to be in
- the *actual Possession and Possession of the said Rent (or Rents)* to be paid [or to them] purchased by force
- and virtue of an Act of Parliament passed in the Fifty-seventh Year of the Reign of His Majesty King
- George the Third, intitled *An Act (Intending the Title of this Act)*.

Given under the Hands of the said A. B. and C. D. the

Day of

1

Certificates to be
witnessed.
Signature of the
Bank to be in the
following Form.

Which said Certificates shall be respectively witnessed and attested, as to the signing thereof by the said Com-
missioners, by One of the Principal Clerks or other Officers in their Office: And that the Receipts to be
given or subscribed by the Culture of the Bank, at the Foot or on the Back of such Certificates respectively
as aforesaid, shall be in the Words and Form following, or as near thereto as may be: (That is to say,)

RECEIVED the Day of One thousand eight hundred and

of and from E. F. the Sum of

of lawful Money of

Great Britain, being the Consideration Money expressed in the above [or within] written Certificate.

Witness my Hand,

For the Governor and Company of the Bank of England,

(Signed)

Clerk.

Which said Certificates and Receipts shall effectually discharge the said Purchasers or other Persons, to whom
the same shall be so given and granted, of and from the Purchase and Consideration Money therein respectively
expressed; and such Purchasers or other Persons shall never afterwards be liable to or be called upon, paid,
troubled, molested or questioned, for or in respect of such Purchase or Consideration Money, or any Part
thereof.

XVII. And Whereas by an Inquisition taken on the Twenty second Day of January One thousand
eight hundred and sixteen, by virtue of a Writ of Exceat directed to the Sheriffs of the City of London,
granted on the said last mentioned Inquisition, it was found that the said William Henry White, on the
said Ninth Day of December in the said Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and at the
Date of the said last mentioned Inquisition, possessed of a Sum of Six hundred and seventy nine Pounds
Eighteen Shillings and Five pence Three per Cent. Consolidated Bank Annuity, standing in his own Name
in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and which said Sum was by virtue of
the said Writ of Exceat led into The King's Hands, but the same account be paid by reason of the said
William Henry White having absconded and absented himself, and it is expedient to make Provision for the
Said thereof, in order that the Produce thereof may be applied towards the Discharge of the Debt is due
from the said William Henry White to His Majesty: Be it therefore enacted, That a Bill and may be
lawful for the Lord Chief Justice and the rest of the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, upon any
Application to be to them made by or on the behalf of His Majesty's Attorney General for the time being,
to order or direct the Accountant General, Secretary or Deputy Secretary for the time being of the Governor
and Company of the Bank of England, to transfer the said Six hundred and seventy nine Pounds Eighteen
Shillings and Five pence Three per Cent. Consolidated Bank Annuity, so standing in the Name of the said
William Henry White as aforesaid, in the Books of the said Governor and Company, into the Name of the
Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, so the intent that
the same may be by them sold, and the Produce thereof applied and disposed of towards the Discharge of the
Debt is due from the said William Henry White to His Majesty, as aforesaid, and also to receive the Divi-
dends now due and which shall grow due upon the said Bank Annuity before such Transfer shall be made, and
to pay over the same unto the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, for
the Purposes aforesaid; and the Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall and they are hereby
authorised and required to allow such Transfer to be made, and such Dividends to be received and paid in
manner aforesaid.

Certain Bank
Annuities stand-
ing in the Name
of the said White
to be sold, and the
Produce thereof
applied to the
discharge of the
said Debt.

Indemnity to the
Governor and
Company of the
Bank and their
Officers.

Surplus (if any)
which shall be
over after Debt
of the Crown
discharged, to be
paid over to
His Majesty.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That this present Act shall be and is hereby declared to be a full and
ample Indemnity and Discharge to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, their Officers
and Servants, for all things which shall be by them done or permitted to be done by virtue or in obedience
to any such Order as aforesaid; and that the same shall not be questioned or impeached in any Court of Law
or Equity, or in any manner whatsoever, to their Prejudice, Loss or Detriment.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Surplus shall remain from the Monies
arising and to be received from the Sale of the said Rents and Bank Annuity, or from the said Dividends
hereby authorised and directed to be sold, purchased, received and paid as aforesaid, after the Debt due
from the said William Henry White to the Crown shall be fully satisfied and discharged, such Surplus shall
be paid over to the said William Henry White, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns.

XX. And Whereas His Majesty is intitled in Right of His Crown of certain Farms called *The Great
Lodge Farm, and Skyfold or Skyfold Lodge Farm*, and of certain other Farms and Lands situate in or near
the Parish of *Griffiths*, in the County of *Wilt*, with their Righes, Members and Appurtenances, which were
heretofore Parcel of the Feoff of *Beaufort* within the said County of *Wilt*, and were Parcel of the Demesne
of the Crown within the same Feoff, or the Perambulations thereof: And Whereas the said Farms and Lands
have been at all times heretofore held and offered to be encumbered and discharged from all Payments to
the use of Taxes, dues and except a certain annual Contribution, Allowance or yearly Stipend of Forty Pounds,
payable on the Year for the time being of the said Parish of *Griffiths*: And Whereas the said Farms, Lands
and Hereditaments being detached from any other Estates or Possessions of the Crown, and by reason thereof
inconvenient and expensive in regard to the Management thereof, are therefore desirable to be sold, and some
Parts thereof are already contracted to be sold, and the Residue thereof is proposed and intended to be here-
after

after sold; And Whereas it would tend to facilitate such Sales, if the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues were authorised and empowered to indemnify the Purchasers of the said Farms, Lands and Hereditaments from any Claim of Taxes arising from or out of the said Farms and Lands, and from any Payment in lieu of Tithes, tithes and except the said annual Exhibition, Allowance or yearly Stipend of Forty Pounds, or such Part thereof as have been or shall be apportioned or stipulated or agreed to be charged upon each Lot or Parcel of the said Estates, and to be paid by the Purchaser or respective Purchasers thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful, so and for the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, to carry into Execution and complete such Sales as have been or shall hereafter be contracted to be made of the said Farms and Lands, either by and under the Authority of this Act, and in the manner and according to the Forms and Regulations hereby prescribed, or under the Authority and according to the Forms and Regulations contained in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, enabling the said Commissioners to make or perfect the same; and in order to facilitate such Sale or Sales and the Completion thereof respectively, the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues are hereby authorised and empowered, if they shall think it expedient so to do, (by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer or of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, to be signified by any Minute of the said Lord High Treasurer, or the said Commissioners, in Writing or by Letter from any one of his or their Secretaries, in pursuance of any such Minute,) to make or enter into any Deed, Contract, Conveyance, or Agreement, whereby the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall and may contract, undertake, purchase or agree for and on the behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to and with the Purchaser or respective Purchasers of the said Estate, or of any Lot or Lots, Parcel or Parcels thereof, to take, to find, keep harmless and indemnified such Purchaser or Purchasers and his, her and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, and his, her and their Lands or Tenements, Goods or Chattels, of them and against all and all manner of Claims and Demands of any Person or Persons whatsoever, of, in or to any Tithes, Great or Small, predial, personal or mixed, arising or to arise, given or increase out of or from all or any of the said last mentioned Farms, Lands or Hereditaments, and of and from all Payments in respect thereof, and also of and from all or any Charges or Outgoings which shall or may be claimed, lit up, or demanded by any Person or Persons, as against or affecting or payable out of or from or far or in respect of the said Farms, Lands and Hereditaments, or any Part thereof (after then and except such Part or Proportion of the said annual Exhibition, Allowance or yearly Stipend of Forty Pounds, as payable to the Vicar of Crookham is ascertained, or any other Payment, Charge or Outgoing as hath been or shall be stipulated or agreed to be paid and borne by such Purchaser or Purchasers respectively, or as shall be apportioned or lit or agreed to be apportioned or lit, upon the Lot or Lots, Parcel or Parcels of such Farms, Lands and Hereditaments by him, her or them respectively purchased or to be purchased, or which shall be charged or chargeable thereon by the Terms or Conditions of any such Sale or Sales), and also of and from all Actions, Suits, Costs, Charges, Losses, Damages and Expenses, for or on account or by reason or means thereof.

XXI. And it is hereby further enacted, That in case any Sum or Sums of Money shall hereafter become due or payable to any Purchaser or Purchasers, his, her or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, by reason or means of any such Contract, Conveyance or Agreement for his, her or their Indemnity as aforesaid, then and in every such case all and every such Sum or Sums of Money shall and may be raised by the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, and they are hereby authorised and required to raise the same by Sale of any of the Estates, Possessions or Revenues of the Crown by this Act authorised to be sold, which shall be deemed most proper and convenient for their Purposes; and every such Sale or Sales shall be made by and with the Direction and Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer or of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and by and under his or their like Warrant, and shall be completed and carried into Execution under the like Certificate, and the Purchase Money shall be paid into the Bank of England under the like Receipt and within the like Space of time and under the like Penalty, and be carried and placed in the like Account as are hereby provided and enacted with regard to any Sale or Sales to be made for any other Purposes under the Authority of this Act; and the Monies arising therefrom or a competent Part thereof, shall be afterwards raised, paid and applied, by Order of the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues (who are hereby authorised to make Drafts on the Bank for their Purposes), in the Discharge of the Expenses attending such Sale or Sales, and in the Payment of such Sum or Sums as shall be become due or payable to such Purchaser or Purchasers, his, her or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, by reason or means of any such Contract, Conveyance or Agreement as aforesaid.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That no Deed or Conveyance, Mortgage, Assignment or other Instrument which shall be made, executed or signed by any Person or Persons in pursuance of the said recited Articles of Agreement, nor any Minute, Memorandum, Contract or Agreement to be made or entered into by or with the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, for the Sale or Purchase of any other Estates, Manors, Lordships, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, under the Provisions of this Act; nor any Certificate, Contract or Receipt, Deed, Conveyance, Agreement or Indemnity to be given or granted, entered into or made to or with any Purchaser or Purchasers of any Estates, Manors, Lordships, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any of the said Rents herebefore Crown Rents, Chief Rents, Fees Farm, Quit Rents or other Rents to be sold by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, under the Powers and Authority of this Act; nor any Lease or Leases or any Contract or Agreement

The Com-
missioners author-
ised to inden-
tify the Pur-
chasers of Land-
s, in English
Forest against
Claims of Tithes.
&c.

All Monies to
become payable
by reason of such
Indemnities, to
be raised by Sale
of Crown Lands.

All Deeds,
Leases and other
Instruments
under this Act,
to be exempt
from Stamp
Duty.

Agreement for any Lease or Leases to be entered into, made or granted by virtue of this Act, shall be subject or liable in any of the several or other Stamp Duty whatsoever, imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force or to be imposed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament, unless the same be specially subjected and specifically charged therewith in and by each future Act and Acts of Parliament.

Deeds to be inrolled in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Conveyances, Deeds or Instruments, whereby the Estates, Messuages, Lordships, Messuages, Leases, Tenements or Hereditaments by the said revised Agreement contracted to be purchased for or on the behalf of His Majesty, or whereby any Estates, Messuages, Lordships, Messuages, Leases, Tenements or Hereditaments shall be hereafter purchased by the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, for or on the behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, either under or by virtue of the Authority of this Act, or under or by virtue of any other Act or Acts of Parliament, Power or Authority, shall be conveyed to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or to any Person or Persons in Trust for him or them; and all Leases to be made or granted by the said Commissioners, under the Authority of this Act or of any other Act or Acts of Parliament, shall be inrolled in the Office of the Auditor or Auditors of His Majesty's Land Revenue for the District within which the Premises comprised therein shall be situate; for if such Premises shall be situate within the District of more than One such Auditor, then in the Office of any One of such Auditors; upon Payment of the usual Fees for such inrolment, and a Minute or Docket thereof shall be entered and preserved in the Office of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue; and every such Conveyance, Deed, Lease or other Instrument, when so inrolled and entered, shall, without any Inrolment thereof in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity, or any other Inrolment or Register thereof, be as good and available in Law and of the like Force and Effect, in all Respects and to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been or were inrolled in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or as if a Memorial had been entered or registered in the Office appointed for registering Deeds and other Conveyances of Lands and Tenements in the County or Counties in which the same Estates or any of them are situate; any Act of Parliament, Law, Practice or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Good without Inrolment in the Courts, &c.

The Commissioners of Woods, &c. to carry in their Reports to the King, and Parliament, when Purchases or Sales have been made under this Act, and how Monies have been applied.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue for the time being shall, in every Report which shall be made by them to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, and to both Houses of Parliament, touching or concerning the Land Revenue of the Crown, from and after the passing of this Act, in long as the Powers of Purchase and Sale given by this Act shall continue in force, certify and report what Estates, Messuages, Lordships, Messuages, Leases, Tenements or Hereditaments have been purchased for and on behalf of His Majesty, under the Powers and Authority of this Act, describing the Premises so purchased and the Purchase Money paid or to be paid for the same, and the Terms on which such Purchases shall be completed; and also what Part or Parts of the Land Revenue of the Crown shall have been sold under and by virtue of this Act, since the time of their making their last preceding Report, and what Sum and Sums of Money shall have been raised by means of every such Sale, and to what manner the same shall have been applied and disposed of.

XXV. And Whereas there are certain Sums or Funds standing in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, in the Three Funds per Conton Consolidated Account, in the Name or to the Account of the Duchy of Lancaster, which have arisen and been produced by Sales of certain Parts of the Possessions of the said Duchy, and it will tend to the Improvement of other Parts of the Possessions of the said Duchy if a sufficient Part of the said Bank Account was sold, and the Produce thereof applied in the manner and for the Purpose hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Chancellor and Council of the Duchy of Lancaster, by any Order or Orders to be made in Court of Revenue of the said Duchy, from time to time in order or direct that any Part or Parts of the Three Funds per Cont. Consolidated Account now standing or which may hereafter stand in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, in the Name or to the Account of the Duchy of Lancaster, shall be sold and disposed of; and that the Monies arising by any such Sale or Sales shall be applied and appropriated in or towards Payment, Satisfaction and Discharge of any Sum or Sums of Money or Expenses which shall be incurred in the Driftion, Inclosure, Drainage, Embankment or other Improvement of any Messuages, Lands or Tenements belonging to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in Right of His said Duchy, which shall be certified by the Surveyor General of the said Duchy upon Oath, to be filed in the Duchy Office, to be proper, necessary, advantageous and beneficial to His Majesty's said Possessions; and the Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall and they are hereby authorized and required, upon Requisition to them for that Purpose to be made by any Order or Orders of the said Chancellor and Council, and under the Hand of the Attorney General of the said Duchy, to permit such Part or Parts as shall be and by such Order be named and empowered for that Purpose to make any Sale or Sales, Transfer or Transfers of all or any Part of the said Bank Account which now do or shall hereafter stand in the Books of the said Governor and Company in the Name or to the Account of the Duchy of Lancaster; and which Sale or Sales, Transfer or Transfers, being made by the Person to be authorized by the Signature of his own proper Name, for and on the behalf of The King's Majesty in Right of His Duchy of Lancaster, shall be valid, legal and sufficient for the Sale or Transfer of the said Account; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Practice, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Chancellor and Council of the Duchy of Lancaster may sell Part of their Funded Debt, and apply the Money towards the Improvement of the Lands, &c. belonging to the said Duchy.

This Act as to the money in the Bank the things done in obedience to Orders of the Chancellor, &c.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That this present Act shall be and is hereby declared to be a full and complete Indemnity and Discharge to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, their Officers and Servants, for all things which shall be by them done or permitted to be done by virtue or in obedience to any such Order or Orders of the said Chancellor and Council; and the same shall not be questioned or impeached in any Court of Law or Equity, or in any manner whatsoever to their Prejudice, Loss or Detriment.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

FORM of Certificate for Sale, made by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues.

By the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues.

THESE are to certify, That in pursuance of a Warrant from the Right Honourable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing Date the _____ Day of _____ A.D. and C.D. Two of the Commissioners of

His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, for and on the behalf of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, have contracted and agreed with E.F. of _____

for the Sale to the said E.F. of all [here describe the Premises to be sold, and any adjoining Grounds, Leases or Concessions affecting the same] at or for the Price or Sum of _____ of lawful

Money of Great Britain, to be paid by the said E.F. unto the Bank of England, and carried to the Account of the Public Monies of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being

'The Woods and Forests Fund' and from and immediately after the Payment of the said Sum unto the Bank in manner aforesaid, and the Enrolment of this Certificate and the Receipt for the said Purchase Money in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue for the County aforesaid, and thenceforth for ever, the

said E.F. and [him, her or their Heirs or Successors or Assigns] shall be adjudged, deemed and taken to be in the actual possession and Possession of the said Hereditaments and Tenements to be [him, her or them] purchased,

and shall hold and enjoy the same peaceably and quietly, freed and discharged from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or of any Person or Persons claiming under him or them, [if sold

in any Grant, Lease or Contract, also sold, 'free and except the Person or Persons claiming under the said Grant, Lease or Contract,' as the case may be,] and in as full and as ample manner to all Issues and

Perpetuities in His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, might or could have held or enjoyed the same if such Sale had not been made. Given under their Hands, this _____ Day of _____ in the Year

of our Lord _____

Signed by the above named _____

in the Presence of _____

FORM of RECEIPT.

RECEIVED the _____

Day of _____

of and from E.F. the Sum of _____

of lawful Money of Great Britain, being the Consideration Money expressed in

our [above or within] written Certificate.

Witness my Hand,

For the Governor and Company of the Bank of England,

(Signed)

Cashier.

C A P. XCVIII.

An Act for ratifying the Purchase of the Improprate Rectory of *Salter Mary & Jane* in the County of *Middlesex*. [18th July 1817.]

WHEREAS for the purchasing and selling in the Crown the Improprate Rectory and Right of Presentation of and to the perpetual Curacy of *Salter Mary & Jane*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and the Patronage or Right of Presentation of and to the several Chapels in the Parish of *Salter Mary & Jane* heretofore mentioned, with a View to the better Ordering and Regulation of the said Parish, Articles of Agreement, bearing Date the Second Day of *June* in this present Year, have been made and entered into between The King's Most Excellent Majesty, of the First Part; the Right Honourable *William Bayly*, *William Davies Adams* and *Henry Duncanson*, Esquiers, Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, of the Second Part; and the Most Noble *William Henry Cavendish* Earl Duke of *Portland*, of the Third Part; in Substantance and to the Effect following; that is to say, where meeting that the Rectory, Advowson or perpetual Right of Nominations and Appointments of the Curate or Chaplain of the Parish Church of *Marybone*, also *Marybone*, also *Salter Mary & Jane*, in the County of *Middlesex*, whereof the Reverend *Lake Noll*, Doctor of Divinity, is at present Incumbent, is vested in the said Duke and his Heirs, or is a Trustee or Trustees for the said Duke, or for Single, or be in otherwise committed to fill and dispose thereof; and that the said Duke, in Right of such Rectory, is also seized of or claims to be well entitled to the Patronage and perpetual Right of Nominations and Appointments of the several Curates or Officiating Ministers of the several Chapels following; that is to say, *Portman Chapel*, *Southwick Chapel*, *Quaker Chapel*, and *Saint John's Chapel*, all situate within the said Parish of *Salter Mary & Jane*; and that the said Duke is also entitled, with the Consent and Approbation of the Vestrymen for the time being of the said Parish, to nominate and appoint the Clerk and Sexton of *Saint John's Chapel* aforesaid and of the Burial Ground to the same belonging; and the said Duke or his Trustee or Trustees or or any other vested in the said Duke or in the Three several Chapels called *Portman Chapel*, *Oxford Chapel*, and *Woolrich Chapel*, all situate within the said Parish of *Salter Mary & Jane*, and of the Ground and Soil whereof the same are erected and built, and entitled to all the Rents, Profits and Products of such said mentioned Chapels, he presenting proper Ministers, Clerks and other Officers to officiate therein; and

Agreements, and have also, for the Purchase of the Improprate Rectory, aforesaid.

to perform the several Duties which are or ought to be performed therein, *Subject*, as to the said Chapel called *Wilford Chapel*, to a Lease granted thereof, with other Hereditaments, to *William Fowles*, for the Term of Ninety nine Years, under the yearly Rent of Two Pounds, from *Christmas One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight*, and to the Covenants and Agreements therein contained; and also *Subject* to a Rent of Forty two *Pounds per Annum*, reserved out of the same Premises by an Under Lease granted thereof by the said *William Fowles*, for a Term which will expire on the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifty two, of which Under Lease the said Duke or his Trustee or Trustees now also is or are possessed, *Subject* to the same Rent of Forty two Pounds, and to the Covenants and Agreements therein contained; and that the said Duke or his Trustee or Trustees now also is or are seized of or otherwise well entitled to the Free Simple and Inheritance of and in a certain Chapel called *Margaret Chapel*, situate in the said Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane*, *Subject* to a Lease granted thereof, with other Hereditaments, to *Thomas Buddle*, for the Term of Ninety nine Years from *Lady day One thousand seven hundred and forty one*, and under the annual Rent of a Pepper corn; and that the said Duke is also possessed of or well entitled to a certain other Chapel called *Braughfield Chapel*, likewise situate in the said Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane*, held by him for the Redress of a Term of Seventy six Years and One Quarter of a Year (waiving Forty Days) from *Christmas One thousand seven hundred and thirty two*, *Subject* to the Payment of a yearly Rent or Sum of Forty two Pounds, and to the Performance of the Covenants and Agreements in the Lease thereof contained, and which last mentioned Chapel is also *Subject* to an Under Lease, granted of the same by the said Duke to the Reverend *George Leach Payfield* Clerk, for the Term of Fourteen Years from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and under the yearly Rent of Three hundred and fifty Pounds: And also, after reciting, that the said *William Hedges*, *William Davies*, *Adam* and *Henry Darnley*, as such Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Revenues as aforesaid, have (by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland) treated with the said Duke for the Purchase of the said Rectory, Advowson, Right of Patronage, Nomination and Appointment of the Curate or Chaplain of the said Parish Church of *Morpheus*, also *Morpheus*, also *Saint Mary & Jane*, and of all his Rights and Incumbents in the said Rectory, and of and to the said several Chapels and Premises, for and on the behalf of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, and have proposed to give the Price or Sum of Forty thousand Pounds for the same, and that the said Duke has agreed to accept such Proposal, and to sell and dispose of the said Rectory, Advowson, Rights and Incumbents, with the Exceptions and *Subject* to determinations expressed and contained, at or by the said Price or Sum of Forty thousand Pounds; it is by the said Articles of Agreement witnessed, that the said *William Hedges*, *William Davies* *Adam* and *Henry Darnley*, as such Commissioners as aforesaid, (at the Request and by and with the Consent and Approbation of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury,) do, for and on the behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, thereby covenant, contract and agree to and with the said Duke, his Heirs, Executors and Administrators, to purchase and buy, and the said Duke doth thereby for himself, his Heirs, Executors and Administrators, covenant, contract and agree to and with His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to sell unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, at or for the said Price or Sum of Forty thousand Pounds, to be paid at the times and in manner thereupon mentioned, all that the said Rectory, Advowson or perpetual Right of Nomination and Appointment of the Curate or Chaplain of the said Parish Church of *Morpheus*, also *Morpheus*, also *Saint Mary & Jane* aforesaid; and also the Privilege and perpetual Right of Nomination and Appointment of or belonging to the said Duke, in Right of such Rectory or otherwise, of the several Curates or officiating Ministers of and to the said several Chapels called *Parsons Chapel*, *Braughfield Chapel*, *Quaker Chapel* and *Saint John's Chapel*, situate in the said Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane*, and with such Consent and Approbation as before mentioned, of the Clerk and Sexton of *Saint John's Chapel* and Burial Ground aforesaid; and also all those the said Three several Chapels called *Parsons Chapel*, *Quaker Chapel*, and *Wilford Chapel*, and the Ground and Soil whereon the same respectively stand and are situate and built, situate in the said Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane*, *Subject*, as to the said Chapel and Premises called *Wilford Chapel*, to the respective Leases affecting the same as therein before mentioned, and also all Rights, Profits and Produce to arise and become payable to the said Duke, his Heirs, Executors or Administrators, from the said Chapels and Premises; and also all that Chapel called *Margaret Chapel*, situate in the said Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane*, and the Ground and Soil whereon the same is situate and built, *Subject* to the last Indenture of Lease granted thereof with other Hereditaments to the said *Thomas Buddle*, and to the Covenants, Conditions and Agreements therein contained; and also all that *Leithfield Chapel* called *Braughfield Chapel*, situate in the said Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane*, for and during all the Estate, Term and Interest of the said Duke therein, *Subject* to the said Under Lease granted thereof to the said *George Leach Payfield*; and all the Chapel, Tithes, Covenants and other Lands and Grounds, Rights and Privileges, to the said Chapels and Premises or any of them belonging or in anywise appertaining; and all the Estate, Rights, Tithes, Incumbents, Property, Claim and Demand whatsoever, of him the said Duke, of, in and to the said Rectory, Advowson, Patronage, Chapels and Premises (except and always reserved to the said Duke, his Heirs and Assigns, all the Pews as well in the new Parish Church as in the old Church or Chapel of *Saint Mary & Jane* aforesaid, now appropriated as or used by the said Duke, his Family or Domestics, and also the Burying Ground or Vault of or belonging to the said Duke and his Family in the said old Church or Chapel of *Saint Mary & Jane*; and also here and except all the Tithes, Gross and Small, and all Modities, Compensation and other Payments in law thereof, assually arising, growing or accruing, or hereafter to arise, grow or accrue from or out of all and every of the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, belonging to the said Duke in the said Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane*; and

except and also reserved to the said Duke and his Heirs the Right of nominating or preferring the Reverend *Thomas White*, the present Curate of *St Pauls Chapel*, to that Chapel, whereas it shall become vacant by the Death, Cessation or Promotion of the Reverend *Charles Dyer*, the present Incumbent thereof, of the said *Thomas White* shall be thoughtful and capable of taking and holding the same; to hold the said Rectory, Advowson, Right of Nominations and Appointments and all the said several Chapels and Premises (either then except and subject as aforesaid, and except the said Chapel called *Breadfield Chapel*) unto The King's Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors for ever, or unto and in the use of such Person or Persons as the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall (by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them) direct, in trust for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors for ever, free from all Charges and Incumbrances whatsoever, but subject to the Incumbency of the past and present Curate or Chaplain of the said Parish Church of *St. Mary* in aforesaid, and to the continuing of the several Curates or officiating Ministers, Rectors, Clerks, Organists and other Officers, in the said Church and several Chapels during their respective Lives, if they shall, by themselves or sufficient Deputies or Assistants, be long continue to discharge the Duties of their respective Offices and Stations in a due and regular manner, and as they have respectively heretofore done; and also subject to the Payment of the several yearly and any other Salaries and Sums of Money in the Schedule hereunder written mentioned, now paid or payable to them by the said Duke during their respective Lives, or so long as they shall continue in such their respective Ministries, Offices or Stations, and to sundry small Payments to several such Officers and Servants, which do not exceed in the whole the yearly Sum of Fifteen Pounds; and to hold the said Chapel called *Breadfield Chapel* unto The King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or to such Person or Persons as the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall, by and with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, direct or appoint, in trust for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for and during all the said Relt and Residue and Remainder of the said Term of Seventy five Years and One Quarter of a Year (wanting Forty Days) yet to come and unexpired, subject to the Payment of the said yearly Rent of Forty two Pounds, and to the Performance of the several Covenants and Agreements under which the said Duke holds the same, and which are and ought hereafter, on the Lessor's Part and Behalf, to be paid, observed and performed in respect thereof, and also subject to the said Under Lease granted of the said last mentioned Chapel and Premises unto the said *George Sackley Payfield*; and the said Duke doth thereby, for himself, his Heirs, Executors and Administrators, covenants, promises and agree to and with The King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in manner following; that is to say, that he the said Duke, his Heirs, Executors or Administrators, shall and will, within the time or Space of Three Calendar Months from the Date thereof, make out and deliver, or cause to be made out and delivered, unto the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, or their Solicitor, for their Use, a full and complete Abstract of his or their Title to the said Rectory, Advowson, Chapels and Premises, and the Fee Simple and Inheritance thereof, free from any Incumbrances, except and subject as aforesaid, and except as to the said Chapel called *Breadfield Chapel*, as to which the said Duke shall by such Abstract deduce and shew a clear Title to the same, for all the said Relt and Remainder of the said Term of Seventy five Years and One Quarter of a Year (wanting Forty Days), subject to the said yearly Rent or Payment of Forty two Pounds, and also subject to the said Under Lease granted thereof to the said *George Sackley Payfield* as aforesaid; and also he the said Duke, His Heirs, Executors and Administrators, upon receiving the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds, being the full Indulgence of the said Purchase Money or Sum of Forty thousand Pounds, on or before the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eighty six, and on having the Payment of the said Relt and Remainder thereof at the time and in the Proportions thereunder mentioned, secured in manner therein after expressed, with such Interest for the said Sum of Forty thousand Pounds as thereafter mentioned, shall and will, by such Deeds, Instruments, Conveyances, Assurances or Assignments as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, or the Law Officers of the Crown for the time being, shall reasonably require, and at such Costs and Charges as thereafter mentioned, well and effectually convey, assign and assure the said Rectory, Advowson, Chapels and Premises thereby contracted to be sold, and the Fee Simple and Inheritance thereof, (either then except and subject the said Chapel called *Breadfield Chapel*, and except and subject as before mentioned, and subject to and charged and chargeable with the Payment of the said Relt and Remainder of the said Purchase Money and Interest, by such Installments as thereafter mentioned, and with such Term or Term of Years as the Council of the said Duke, His Heirs or Aliens, shall advise or require for securing the due Payment of such Installments and such Interest as aforesaid,) unto The King's Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or unto such Person or Persons as shall be for that Purpose nominated and appointed as aforesaid, in trust for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors for ever, free from all Charges and Incumbrances, save and except as aforesaid, and assigns the said Chapel called *Breadfield Chapel*, for all the said Relt and Remainder of the said Term of Seventy five Years and One Quarter of a Year (wanting Forty Days), subject to the Payment of the said Yearly Rent of Forty two Pounds, and to the Performance of the several Covenants and Agreements which are and ought on the Lessor's Part, as well from the Twenty sixth Day of September next, to be kept, done and performed in respect of the said last mentioned Chapel, and also subject to the said Under Lease granted thereof to the said *George Sackley Payfield*, and to the said Indulgence of the said Purchase Money and the Interest thereof, but free from all other Charges, Outgoings and Incumbrances whatsoever: And the said *William Hayles*, *William Davies Allen* and *Henry Dawson*, do by the said Articles of Agreement (by and with such Consent and Approbation of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury as aforesaid, for and on behalf

• behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors,) do hereby covenant, promise and agree to and with the
 • said Duke, his Heirs or Assigns, that the said Sum of Forty thousand Pounds, the Purchase Money above-
 • said, shall be paid to the said Duke, His Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, or to whom he or
 • they shall appoint, by and out of the Land Revenues of the Crown, at the times, by the said Duke, and
 • in the Proportions thereafter mentioned and appointed for the Payment thereof; that is to say, the Sum of
 • Ten thousand Pounds, being One Fourth Part of the said Principal Sum, on or before the Twenty sixth
 • Day of September which will be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixteenth, upon
 • the Expiration of each Decade, Conveyance, Allotment and Assessment as aforesaid by all proper Parties,
 • and a good and sufficient Title being made out and shewn to the said Refectory, Adoratory, Chapel,
 • and Premises, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the said Agreement; the further Sum of
 • Ten thousand Pounds, being One other Fourth Part thereof, on the Twenty sixth Day of September
 • which will be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixteenth; the further Sum
 • of Ten thousand Pounds, being one other Fourth Part thereof, on the Twenty sixth Day of September
 • which will be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and the further Sum of
 • Two thousand Pounds, being the remaining Fourth Part thereof, on the Twenty sixth Day of September
 • which will be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, together with Interest
 • for the said Sum of Forty thousand Pounds, or so much thereof as shall from time to time remain unpaid,
 • at and after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, such Interest to commence and be computed
 • from the Twenty sixth Day of September next ensuing the Date thereof; and to be paid by Half Yearly
 • Payments, until the whole of the said Principal Purchase Money shall be fully paid and discharged; And
 • it is by the said Articles further agreed by and between the said Commissioners Parties thereto on behalf
 • of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the said Duke on behalf of himself, his Heirs, Executors
 • and Administrators, that His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall be entitled to all the Rents, Profits
 • and Advantages arising and resulting from the said Refectory, Adoratory, Chapel and Premises, which the
 • said Duke, or his Heirs, Executors or Administrators would have been entitled to, or could or might have had,
 • received, taken or enjoyed, as and from the Twenty sixth Day of September next, if the Contract or Agree-
 • ment had not been made; and that all such Rents and other Profits, and all Powers, Privileges and Advan-
 • tages of or belonging or resulting from the said Premises, shall be received, had, taken, cancelled and enjoyed
 • by the said Duke, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, for him and their own Use and Bene-
 • fit up to that time, subject however to the Restrictions thereafter contained, and which shall or may be con-
 • tained in the Act of Parliament thereafter mentioned; Provided, and it is thereby further agreed, that if at
 • any time between the Date of these Articles and the Close of the present Session of Parliament, the said Pa-
 • rish Church or Chapel of Saint Mary & Leon, or any of the said Chapels or Offices, shall become vacant by rea-
 • son of the Death, Cessation, Deposition or Promotion of the present incumbent, or of any of the officiating
 • Ministers or other Officers, no Nomination or Appointment of any Person or Persons to supply such
 • Vacancy or Vacancies shall be made or take place before the End of the present Session of Parliament,
 • unless the Act of Parliament thereafter mentioned shall have been received the Royal Assent, in
 • which case all such Nominations and Appointments are to be regulated by the Provisions of the
 • said Act, and after providing by whom and in what manner the Expenses of making out the Title Deeds
 • Abstracts and necessary Conveyances required for completing the said Purchase shall be borne and dis-
 • charged, and apportioning the same, and after providing that nothing therein contained shall extend or be
 • construed to charge the said Commissioners, Parties thereto, in their own proper Person, or those or any
 • of their own proper Lands or Tenements, Goods or Chattels, with or for the Performance of any of the
 • Covenants or Agreements therein contained, but that such Covenants or Agreements shall only be entered
 • as against the Land Revenues of the Crown; and that all Costs, Charges and Expenses which shall or may
 • become payable by reason or means of any such Covenants or Agreements, or any Breach or Non Perform-
 • ance thereof, shall be raised, levied and recovered by, from or out of such Revenues only, any thing therein
 • contained to the contrary thereof to the contrary notwithstanding; and after reciting that an Application is
 • intended to be made to Parliament in the present Session for an Act to confirm the said Agreement, and to
 • regulate the Nomination and Appointment of Persons to supply any Vacancies which may occur by the
 • Death, Cessation, Deposition or Promotion of the present incumbent, or of any of the officiating Ministers
 • or other Officers aforesaid, before the Title to the said Refectory and Premises shall be fully approved, and
 • such Deeds, Conveyances, Allotments and Assessments as aforesaid shall be executed; and also to en-
 • able the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being to raise
 • such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be requisite for the Completion of the said Purchase, by Sale of Lands
 • or Hereditaments belonging to the Crown; it is by the said Articles of Agreement, expressly provided and
 • declared, that if such Act of Parliament cannot be obtained, or shall not pass during the present Session of
 • Parliament, that then the said Agreement and the Contract thereby made, and every thing therein contained,
 • shall cease, determine and be void; And Whereas it is expedient that the said Articles of Agreement should
 • be confirmed, and that Provision should be made for enabling His Majesty and the said Commissioners,
 • Parties thereto, to make good the Contract thereby entered into on behalf of His Majesty, and to carry
 • the same into Effect; and that in order to provide a Fund for the Payment of the said Purchase Money
 • when the same shall become due, the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and
 • Land Revenues should be authorized and empowered to sell and dispose of certain Parts of the Land
 • Revenues and Possessions of the Crown, and to apply the Money arising from such Sales to the Payment of
 • such Purchase Money, and the completing and making good the Contract entered into by the said Parties
 • aforesaid Articles of Agreement: And Whereas it may hereafter be deemed expedient, with a View, the more

apportionment of
 the same, and of
 carrying it into
 effect, by means
 of the Purchase
 Money.

effectually to extend to the Possessions of the said Parish of *East Mary* all the Benefit of Ecclesiastical Superintendence, and the Performance of Ecclesiastical Duties, in relation to such Persons and Children and others requiring Spiritual Assistance, and the Promotion and Improvement of the religious and moral Habits of the Persons residing therein, that the said Parish should be divided and formed into several Parishes, and distinct Parishes, and to make Provision for the better ordering and Regulation thereof; and it is therefore necessary, with a View to such future Division and Improvement of the said Parish, that the Commissioners do hereby empower, and to the several Officers hereinafter mentioned, should be put under the Regulations hereinafter contained; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Common, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said hereinafter in part recited Articles of Agreement, bearing Date the last Second Day of June in this present Year One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, shall be and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed and made valid and official to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

II. And be it further enacted, That as shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to contract and agree with any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, for the Sale of, and absolutely to make Sale of such or so many or so much of the Royalities, Honours, Hundreds, Manors, Lordships or Feudalties, or any Rights, Members or Appurtenances thereof or thereto belonging or appertaining, or any Fees, Fines, Issues, Amercements, Profits, Dues or Monies arising therefrom, or incident to or recoverable in respect thereof, or any Millgraves, Leases, Rents, Tithes, Moors, Marshes, Calveries, Woods, Wood Grounds, Fens, Marishes or Waste Lands, or any other Tenements or Hereditaments, or any other Revenues of or belonging to the Crown, within the Ordering and Survey of the Exchequer is Enlarged, for the full Price or Consideration in Money which the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or any Three of them, be able to procure for the same, as well under a Sale followed for paying the Amount of the said Purchase Money, or any Installments or Instalments thereof, and the Interest to be paid or payable in respect thereof, and the Expenses of such Sale or sales, and of completing and carrying into Effect the Contract to be entered into by the hereinafter in part recited Articles of Agreement, and the Monies to arise from such Sale or Sales shall be paid into the Bank of England in manner hereinafter mentioned, and applied by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, who are for that Purpose hereby authorized to make Drafts on the Bank in the Payment and Discharge of the Monies to be paid for the Purchase of the said Premises, with the Interest thereon, when the same shall become due and payable according to the said Articles of Agreement, or at such other time or times as the said Commissioners shall think expedient, and in discharge of the Expenses incurred and to be incurred in the making and completing such Sale or Sales, and in completing the Contract to make with the said Drafts, and in carrying the same into Execution; and in the mean time and until the same shall be required for the Purpose aforesaid, the Monies arising from the Sales hereby authorized to be made shall from time to time be paid in manner hereafter mentioned, into the Bank of England, and be there placed to the Account directed by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *an Act for enlarging the Office of Surveyor General of the Land Revenues of the Crown and Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases*, to be entered in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank, entitled "*The Account of the public Monies of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being The Woods and Forests Fund.*"

III. Provided always and be it further enacted, That no such Contract shall be made unless by special Warrant to be issued for that Purpose by the Lord High Treasurer or the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being.

IV. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being shall have contracted with any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, for the Sale of any Royalities, Honours, Hundreds, Manors, Lordships, French Fees or any Rights, Members or Appurtenances thereof or thereto belonging or appertaining, or any Fees, Fines, Issues, Amercements, Profits, Dues or Monies arising therefrom or incident to or recoverable in respect thereof, or of any Millgraves, Leases, Rents, Tithes, Moors, Marshes, Calveries, Woods, Wood Grounds, Fens, Marishes, Waste Lands or other Tenements or Hereditaments, or any other Revenues under the Authority of the Act to be sold as aforesaid, the said Commissioners shall grant to the Purchaser or respective Purchasers thereof a Certificate under their Hands, defining the Premises so agreed to be sold, and the Amount of the Purchase Money to be paid for the same, and which shall accordingly be paid into the Bank of England within thirty one Days after the Date of such Certificate; and the Cashier of the Bank or One of them shall, upon the Production of such Certificate, accept and receive the Purchase Monies therein mentioned, and carry the same to the Account therein specified, and in the Foot or Back of such Certificate acknowledge the Receipt of the same, without Fee or Reward; and every such Certificate and Receipt shall be according to the Form contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, or as near therein as the Commissioners of the Sale will admit; and every such Certificate and Receipt shall, within Two Calendar Months after the Date of such Certificate, be taken to the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenues for the District within which the Premises therein delineated are situate, and be there forthwith enrolled in the proper Books for that Purpose; and such Auditor having enrolled the said Certificate and Receipt shall send the same under his Hand, and Seal, upon receiving the usual Fees for such Enrolment, to the said Cashier, and Receipt to the Purchaser or Purchasers, and from and after such Enrolment and transmission for ever the respective Purchasers, their Heirs or Successors or Assigns,

Agreement con-
firmed.

The Contract
between Woods,
An agreement
to sell and
by Sale of Woods
Lands for the
Comptroller of
the Purchase.

The Act
intituled
the Bank of
the Comptroller
and placed
to the Credit
of the Woods and
Forest Fund,
to pay the
and applied
in the
of the Purchase.

The Contract
between Woods
and Treasury.

The Sale
contracted by
the Woods,
shall be a
Certificate
thereof, and
every Sale
shall be
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Receipt of the
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Alfices, shall by force and virtue of this Act be and shall be adjudged, deemed and taken to be, in the actual Seisin and Possession of the Royalties, Honours, Handbreds, Manors, Lordships, Feoffments or any Rights, Members or Appurtenances thereof or thence belonging or appertaining, or any Tithes, Mines, Amerciaments, Profits, Dues or Manors sitting themselves or incident to or recoverable in respect thereof, or any Messuages, Lands, Reots, Tithes, Mines, Minerals, Collieries, Woods, Wood Grounds, Pews, Moorths, Walls Lands or other Treatments or Hereditaments or Reversions to be by them respectively purchased, sold and sold and enjoy the same peaceably and quietly, freed and discharged from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or of any Person or Persons claiming under him or them, as fully and amply as all Licenses and Purgatives as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, might or could have held or enjoyed the same if such Sale had not taken place; and every such Certificate shall be respectively witnessed and attested, as to the signing thereof by the said Commissioners, by One of the principal Clerks or other Officers in their Office; and every such Certificate and Receipt, being enrolled as aforesaid, shall effectually discharge the respective Purchaser to whom the same shall be given or granted, of and from the Purchase or Consideration Money therein expressed, and such Purchaser shall never afterwards be liable to be called upon, sued, troubled, molested or questioned for or in respect thereof or any Part thereof.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, to whom any such Certificate as aforesaid shall be granted, shall neglect to pay into the Bank of England the Purchase or Consideration Money therein to be specified, for the Space of Thirty one Days after the Date of such Certificate, or shall neglect to send such Certificate, and the said Cashier's Receipt for the Money, for the Space of Two Calendar Months after the Date of such Certificate, then every such Certificate shall be null and void, and the Consideration Money, if paid into the Bank, shall be forfeited, which the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being shall, for any mailable Cause to them shown for the Quittance of such Enrolment, order the said Certificate and Receipt to be enrolled *non pro rata*, and which, upon such Cause being shown, they are hereby authorized and empowered to do.

VI. Provided always and be it further enacted, that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being shall in every Report which shall be made by them to His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, and to both Houses of Parliament, touching and concerning the Land Revenue of the Crown, from and after the passing of this Act, in doing as the Power of Sale given by this Act shall continue in force, certify and report what Part or Parts of the Land Revenue of the Crown shall have been sold under and by virtue of the Provision of this Act, since the time of their making of their last preceding Report, and what Sum and Sums of Money shall have been raised by means of every such Sale, and in what manner the same shall have been applied and disposed of; and that when and as soon as the Monies required for the Purposes of paying the said Purchase Money and completing the said Contract made with said Duke and the Payment of the Expenses aforesaid shall have been raised, the said Commissioners shall certify the same to their next Report; and when and as soon as the same shall be so raised, all the Powers of Sale hereby given to them shall cease and be no further exercised.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Conveyances, Deeds or Instruments, whereby the Rectory, Advowson, perpetual Right of Nomination and Appointment, and other Rights, Chapels, Parsonages, Hereditaments and Premises, by the said recited Agreement contracted to be purchased, shall be conveyed to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or to any Person or Persons in trust for him or them, shall be enrolled in the Office of the Auditor of His Majesty's Land Revenues for the County of *Middlesex*, on Payment of the usual Fee for such Enrolment, and a Minute or Docket thereof shall be entered and preserved in the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues; and every such Conveyance, Deed or Instrument, when so enrolled and entered, shall, without any Enrolment thereof in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity, or any other Enrolment or Registry thereof, be as good and available in Law, and of the like Force and Effect, in all Respects and to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been or was enrolled in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or as if a Memorial thereof had been entered or registered in the Office appointed for registering Deeds and other Conveyances of Lands and Tenements in the said County of *Middlesex*; any Act of Parliament, Law, Practice or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Deed or Writing, Conveyance, Mortgage, Assignment or other Instrument, which shall be made, executed or signed, in pursuance of the said recited Articles of Agreement, or for carrying the same into Execution, nor any Certificate or Receipt, Deed or other Instrument to be given or granted to any Purchaser in Pursuance of any Royalties, Honours, Handbreds, Manors, Lordships, Messuages, Lands, Tithes, Reots, Treatments or other Hereditaments hereby authorized to be sold by the Purposes aforesaid, shall be subject or liable to any ad valorem or other Stamp Duty whatsoever imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, nor any Stamp Duty to be imposed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament, unless the same be specially subjected thereto and specially charged therewith in and by such future Act or Acts of Parliament.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in case the said perpetual Curacy of the said Parish of *Saint Mary* & *John* shall become vacant by the Death, Cessure, Deprivation or other Avoidance of the said *Leodegast*, or of any succeeding Curate, after the passing of this Act, and before Provision shall be made by any other Act or Acts of Parliament for the making or better ordering and Regulation of the said Parish, no permanent Nominations of any Person to the said Curacy shall be made without the Consent of Parliament; but all Ecclesiastical Dues which the Curate of the said Parish of *Saint Mary* & *John* for the time being would have been bound to perform if this Act had not been made, shall be done, discharged and performed by a fit and proper Person to be appointed by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, such Appointment to be by

Warren

Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, concurred in by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom, or any Three of them for the time being; which Person is to be appointed shall continue to discharge the Duties of the said Curacy until Provision shall be made by some future Act or Acts of Parliament for the Regulation of the said Parishes, which the said Curacy shall sooner become again vacant, by the Death, Cessation or other Avoidance of the Person so appointed, in which case some other Person shall be in like manner appointed to succeed therein, and in from time to time as often as any Vacancy shall occur, until such Provision as aforesaid shall be made for the permanent Regulation of the said Parishes, and the Performance of the Duties of the said Curacy; and that in the mean time the Tithes, Dues, Fees, Profits and Revenues belonging to the said Curacy, or thence arising, or payable in respect thereof, shall be received, taken and collected by the said Duke or his Heirs, or such Person or Persons as he or they shall appoint, subject to the Provisions of the said Agreement, until the Title to the said Rectory and Premises shall be accepted and approved, and such Conveyances thereof as in the said Agreement mentioned shall be executed; and from thenceforth the same Tithes, Dues, Fees, Profits and Revenues shall be received, taken and collected by such Person or Persons as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer, or of the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, for that Purpose appoint; and the Monies to be produced thereby or collected therefrom shall be from time to time paid into the Bank of England, and be there placed to the Account of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to be held by him or them, or invested in the Public Funds, and the further Disposal thereof shall be directed and appointed by any such future Act or Acts of Parliament as aforesaid; and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being shall have and they are hereby invested with all such Powers and Authorities to see far, enforce and compel Payment of the said Tithes, Dues, Fees, Profits and other Revenues, in the Name of the Person by whom the said Duty or Office of Curacy shall be performed, in such and the like manner, and by the same Process, Suit or Means, as the Curacy for the time being of the said Parishes could or might have had or stood in such this Act had not been made, and as if such Person had been duly nominated and was in Fact and in Right the permanent or perpetual Curate of the said Parishes.

X. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, out of the Monies to be received for such Tithes, Dues, Fees, Profits and Revenues as aforesaid, to allow and pay such Sum of Money as to him or them shall appear a competent Salary to the Person so nominated by them to execute for the time being the Duties of Curacy of the said Parishes, and also to the Person who shall be appointed to collect or receive the said Tithes, Dues, Fees, Profits and Revenues.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case any of the said Chapel shall become vacant, by the Death, Cessation, Depreciation or other Avoidance of any of the Ministers thereof, or in case any Vacancies shall occur either in the said Parishes Church or in any or either of the said Chapels, or in the Office of Sexton, Clerk or any other Office of, in, or to which the said Duke has the Right of Nomination or Appointment, after the passing of this Act, and before the making of such Provision for the permanent Regulation of the said Parishes by Parliament as aforesaid, that then and in every such case (except in the case of *Banstead Chapel*, and also except in the case of any Vacancy in *Withrich Chapel*, to be occasioned by the Death, Cessation or Depreciation of the present Curate or Minister thereof, if the said *Tithe*: *Where* shall be the same and defences of being nominated therein, in which case the said Duke or his Heirs is and are to be at Liberty to nominate the said *Tithe*: *Where* to be the Curate or Minister of such said mentioned Chapel, no permanent Appointment of any Minister, Clerk, Sexton or other Officer, to supply any such Vacancy (except as aforesaid) shall be made; but His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall have full Power and Authority to appoint fit and proper Persons to execute the Office as becoming vacant, until such Provision shall be made by Parliament for the permanent Regulation of the said Parishes as aforesaid, such Appointment to be by Warrant under the Hands of any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom for the time being; and all the Rents, Profits and Revenues arising and accruing from the said Chapels, shall be taken, received and collected by the said Duke or his Heirs, or such Person or Persons as he or they shall appoint, subject to the Provisions of the said Agreement, until the Title to the said Rectory and Premises shall be accepted and approved, and such Conveyances thereof as in the said Agreement mentioned shall be executed; and from thenceforth the same shall be received, taken and collected by such Person or Persons as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being (by and with the Consent and Approbation of the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them) for that Purpose appoint; and the Surplus of the Monies arising therefrom, after Payment of the Salaries or Stipends of the several Curates or Ministers of the said Chapels, and of the several Officers of the said Parishes Church and Chapels to whom Salaries or Stipends shall be payable, shall be paid into the Bank of England, to be placed to the Account of the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to be held by them, or invested in the same Way as heretofore directed with regard to the Tithes, Dues, Fees, Profits and Revenues of the said Curacy of the said Parishes of *St. Mary's* in *London*.

XII. Provided and be it hereby further enacted and declared, That in case any such Vacancy as aforesaid shall happen in the Curacy of the said Parishes, or in any of the said Chapels or Office (except as aforesaid), by the Death, Cessation, Depreciation or other Avoidance of the Curate, Minister or any of the said Officers for the time being, before the Title of the said Duke or his Heirs to the said Rectory shall be accepted and approved, and before the Conveyances to be executed thereof as aforesaid shall be executed, that then

the Curate of the said Rectory to be performed by a Person appointed by the Duke, and by the Tithes and other Dues to be collected, received and received by the Duke and, in this Rectory appointed and then by the Person appointed by the Commissioners with the Approbation of the Treasury. *Minister* shall be the Bank of England.

Salary to officiating Minister.

No permanent Appointment of any Curate, Sexton or Minister to any of the said Chapels, nor of any other Officers, to be made until such time as the Regulation shall be made, except in the case of the Appointment of Mr. White to *Withrich Chapel*, and except in the case of *Banstead Chapel*, and Profits of Chapels received by the Duke's

and then by the Duke appointed by the Commissioners with the Approbation of the Treasury.

In any Vacancy in the Curacy, the Title to be accepted and the Curacy to be executed, that then

Appointments of
the Treasury, is
to communicate
Performances,
Such Vacancies.

Wife's Title to
the Honorary be
was accepted, the
Duke is to have
and enjoy the
Great Rights as if
the full Access
were had never
been refused, as this Act
passed

General Salary.

then and in each rule the Person or Persons to be appointed to supply every such Vacancy shall be nominated by the said Duke or his Heirs, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the said Lord High Treasurer, or the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them; but all such Persons shall be liable to be disannointed and removed by the said Lord High Treasurer, or the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, immediately or at any time after the said Title shall be so approved and accepted, and the Conveyances thereof shall be so executed as aforesaid.

XIII. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That in case the Title of the said Duke or his Heirs to the said Honorary and Prerogative shall not be accepted and approved, and that by reason thereof or for any other Cause the Contract for the Purchase thereof shall be annulled or not carried into Execution, that then and in such Case the said Duke and his Heirs shall themselves have and enjoy all such Rights of Nominations, and other Rights, Powers and Privileges, as, to and over the Rectory, Church, and other Offices, and the Appointments of the Curate, Minister and other Officers aforesaid, in as full and as ample manner to all Invents and Purpuses as if the said Agreement had never been executed, or this proviso Act had never been passed; and that then and from thenceforth all the Restrictions and Provisions herein contained, touching the Nominations of the Curate, Minister and other Officers, shall cease, determine and be no longer of any Force or Effect; any thing herein contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XIV. Having always to all and every Person and Persons, their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns respectively, except the said Duke or Princess, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, all such Rights, Titles and Interests, Privileges, Powers and Authorities in the Premises, as they or any of them could have had, exercised or enjoyed, in as full and as ample manner, to all Invents and Purpuses, as if this Act had not been made; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

FORM of Certificate of Contracts to be made by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue.

BY the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue: This is to certify, That in pursuance of a Warrant from the Right Honourable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the _____ Day of _____

A. B. and C. D. two of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, for and on behalf of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, have contracted and agreed with E. F. of _____ for the Sale to the said E. F. of all _____ here described the Premises to be sold, and any adjoining Grounds, Leases or Contracts affecting the same at or for the Price or Sum of _____ of lawful Money of Great Britain to be paid by the said E. F. into the Bank of England, and carried to the Account of the Public Money of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, being "The Woods and Forests Fund;" and from and immediately after the Payment of the said Sum into the Bank in manner as aforesaid, and the Execution of this Certificate and the Receipt for the said Purchase Money in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue for the County aforesaid, and thenceforth for ever, the said E. F. and his, her, or their Heirs (or Successors, as the case may be,) or Assigns, shall be adjudged, deemed and taken to be the actual Seller and Possessor of the Hereditaments and Premises to by him (her or them) purchased, and shall hold and enjoy the same peaceably and quietly, free and discharged from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or of any Person or Persons claiming under Him or them, (if subject to any Grant, Lease or Contract, then sold "free and except the Person or Persons claiming under the said Grant, Lease or Contract," as the case may be,) and in as full and as ample manner to all Invents and Purpuses as His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, might or could have held or enjoyed the same if such Sale had not been made. Given under their Hands this _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord

Signed by the above named

in the Presence of

FORM OF RECEIPT.

RECEIVED, the _____ Day of _____ of lawful Money of Great Britain, being the Consideration Money mentioned in the above (or within) written Certificate.

Which my Hand,
For the Governor and Company
of the Bank of England,

(Signed)

Cashier.

An Act to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms; and for enforcing the Residence of Spiritual Persons on their Benefices; and for the Support and Maintenance of Sundry Curates in England.

[10th July 1817.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King Henry the Eighth, intitled *An Act against Phœnicians of Benefices, taking of Farms by Spiritual Men, and for Repealing And Wherunto another Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty King Henry the Eighth, intitled An Act for compelling Spiritual Persons to keep Benefices upon their Benefices*: And Wherunto another Act was passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His Majesty Queen Elizabeth, intitled *An Act touching Leases of Benefices, and Ecclesiastical Livings and Cure*: And Wherunto there is another Act passed in the Fourth, Eighth, and Twelfth Years respectively of the Reign of His said Majesty Queen Elizabeth, for explaining and amending the said several Acts of the Thirtieth Year aforesaid; and which were made perpetual by an Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His Majesty King Charles the First, intitled *An Act for the Continuance and Repair of diverse Statutes*: And Wherunto another Act was passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend the Laws relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and for enforcing the Residence of Spiritual Persons on their Benefices in England*: And Wherunto another Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act made in the former Reign of Parliament, intitled 'An Act to amend the Laws relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and for enforcing the Residence of Spiritual Persons on their Benefices in England, and to remove a Doubt respecting the Title of the Statute of the Twelfth Year of King Henry the Eighth above mentioned'*: And Wherunto an Act was passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for the better Maintenance of the Curates within the Church of England, and for preventing any Ecclesiastical Persons from leaving the most Advantageous of any Church Preferment*: And Wherunto an Act was passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the further Support and Maintenance of Curates within the Church of England, and for making better Regulations respecting the Appointment of such Curates, and the Admission of Persons in Curæ assigned by Queen Anne's Bounty, with respect to the Advowsons of other Benefices*: And Wherunto another Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the further Support and Maintenance of Sundry Curates*: And Wherunto Doubts have arisen upon the Construction of some of the Provisions of the said Acts; and it is therefore necessary that such Provisions of the said Acts should be explained, and other Provisions made, and that the several Laws relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and to tithing and selling, and for enforcing the Residence and the Maintenance of Sundry Curates, should be consolidated in one Act: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in each of the last several recited Acts passed in the Reign of His Majesty King Henry the Eighth, and in each of the last recited Acts of the Reign of His Majesty Queen Elizabeth, and of the last recited Act of His Majesty King Charles the First, as relates to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and to Leases of Benefices and Livings, and to tithing and selling, and to Residence of Spiritual Persons on their Benefices; and also in each of the last recited Act of His Majesty Queen Anne, and of the last recited Act of the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as relates to the Maintenance of Curates within the Church of England, and making Provision for appointing Stipends for such Curates, and all the last several other recited Acts passed in the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be and the same are respectively hereby repealed.

II. And he it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Spiritual Person having or holding any Dignity, Prebend, Canonry, Benefice or any Sundry Curacy or Livingship, to take in farm, for Occupation by himself, by Lease, Grant, Wards or otherwise, for Term of Life or Term of Years, or at Will, any Lands, exceeding in Amount the whole Ectly Acres, for the Purpose of occupying or using or cultivating the same, without the Consent in Writing of the Bishop of the Diocese in which such Dignity, Canonry, Prebend, Benefice, Sundry Curacy or Livingship shall be locally situate, specially given for that Purpose; and every such Permission to any Spiritual Person to take in farm, for the Purpose of occupying the same, any greater Quantity of Land than Eighty Acres, shall specify the Number of Years, not exceeding Seven, for which the Permission is given; and every such Spiritual Person so authorised who shall, without such Permission as aforesaid, take in farm any greater Quantity of Land than Eighty Acres, shall forfeit for every Acre of Land above the Quantity of Eighty Acres he takes in farm, the Sum of Forty Shillings for each and every Tree during or in which he shall so occupy, use, cultivate or farm such Land contrary to the Provisions of this Act, to be recovered by and to the Use of any Person who may inform and sue for the same.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Spiritual Person having or holding any Dignity, Prebend, Canonry, Benefice, Sundry Curacy or Livingship shall by himself, or by any other for him or to his Use, engage in or carry on any Trade or Dealings for Gain or Profit, or deal in any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, by buying and selling for Loans, Grant or Profit, in any Market, Fair or other Place, upon pain of forfeiting the Value of the Goods, Wares and Merchandises, by him or by any to his Use, bargained and bought to sell upon contrary to the Provisions of this Act; and that every Bargain and Contract so made by him, or by any to his Use, in any such Trade or Dealings, contrary to this Act shall be utterly void and of no Effect.

one Effort; and the one Half of every such Perfection shall go to His Majesty, and the other Half to him that shall do for the same.

Proviso for
Spiritual Persons
engaged in keep-
ing Schools, &c.
as Teachers, &c.
in respect of any
thing done, or
any buying or
selling in such
Employment;
and the follow-
ing thing shall
not be bought
nor sold by the
one Half of the
Family, or
any other, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained in relation to being engaged in Trade or Dealing, or buying or selling, shall extend or be construed to extend so, or so far, as to subject to any Penalty or Forfeiture, any Spiritual Person for keeping a School or Seminary, or acting as a Schoolmaster or Tutor in Instruction, or being in any manner concerned or engaged in giving Instruction or Education for Profit or Reward, or for buying or selling, or doing any other Act, matter or thing in the Conduct of, or carrying on, or in relation to the Management of any such School, Seminary or Employment; or so any Spiritual Person whatever, for the buying of any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or Articles or things of any Description, which shall, without Fraud or Covin, be bought, to the Owner and Purports, at the buying thereof, to be sold and employed by the Spiritual Person buying the same for his Family or in his Household, and after the buying of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or Articles or things, the selling the same again, or any Parts thereof, which such Person may not want or choose to keep, although the same shall be sold at any advanced Price beyond that which may have been given for the same; or for any buying or selling again for any Losses, Gains or Profit of any manner of Cattle or Cows, whether manners or things whatever, necessary, proper or convenient to be bought, sold, kept or maintained by any Spiritual Person, or any other Person for him, or to his Use, for the Occupation, Manner, Improving, Pasturage or Profit of any Glebe, Donative, Farms, Lands, Tithes or Rectories or Rectorships, which may be lawfully held and occupied, possessed or enjoyed by such Spiritual Person, or any other person or to his Use. Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize any such Spiritual Person to sell any Cattle or Cows, or other manners or things as aforesaid, or Person, in any Market, Fair or Place of public Sale.

Non-Residence

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act every Spiritual Person holding any Benefice, who shall, without any such License or Exception as is in this Act allowed for that Purpose, wilfully absent himself therefrom for any Period exceeding the Space of Three Months together, or to be accounted at several times in any one Year, and make his Residence and Abiding at any other Place or Places except at some other Benefice, Donative, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry of which he may be possessed, shall, when such Absence shall exceed such Period as aforesaid, and not exceed Six Months, forfeit and pay One third of the Annual Value (deducting therefrom all Outgoings, except any Stipend paid to any Curate) of the Benefice, Donative, Perpetual Curacy, or Parochial Chapelry from which he shall be absent himself as aforesaid, and when such absence shall exceed Six Months and not exceed Eight Months, one Half of such Annual Value; and when such absence shall exceed eight Months, Two Thirds of such Annual Value; and when such Absence shall have been for the whole of the Year, Three Fourth of such Annual Value, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or the Courts of Great Sessions in Wales, whether as Efflags, Privileges, Protection or Writ of Law, or more than one Instance, shall be allowed; and the whole of every such Penalty or Forfeiture shall go and be paid to the Person or Persons who shall inform and sue for the same, together with such Costs of Suit as shall be allowed, according to the Practice of the Court in which such Action shall be brought.

When no House
belonging to the
Benefice, or Re-
sidence within
Limits of Parish,
or legal Re-
sidence.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Spiritual Person having any Benefice, and who shall not have any House of Residence thereto, and who shall have resided Nine Months in the Year within the Limits of his Benefice, or within the Limits of the City, Town, Place or Parish in which his Benefice may be situated, provided such last mentioned Residence be within the Distance of Two Miles from the Church or Chapel of his Benefice, shall not be liable to any Penalties on account of Non-Residence, nor be obliged to take out any License in respect thereof, but that the same shall be deemed a legal Residence to all the Intents and Purposes of this Act; and in all Returns made by the Bishops, Persons in residing shall be returned as resident.

Benefice not
House purchas-
ed by Government
or Queen Anne's
 Bounty to be
deemed Re-
sidence.

VII. And Whereas the Government of Queen Anne's Bounty have in some Instances purchased and may hereafter purchase Houses not situate within the Parishes for which they are purchased, but so contiguous as to be sufficiently convenient and suitable for the Residence of the officiating Minister thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That such Houses, having been previously approved by the Bishop by Writing under his Hand and Seal, and duly registered in the Registry of the Diocese, shall be deemed Houses of Residence appertaining to such Benefices to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Residence having
Vicarsage be-
longing.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of Rectories having Vicarages endowed, the Residence of the Vicar in the Rectory House shall be deemed a legal Residence to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; provided that the Vicarage House be kept in proper Repair, to the Satisfaction of the Bishop.

Power to Bishop
to allow any of
House belonging
to the Parson
age to be a
House of Re-
sidence.

IX. And be it further enacted, That a shall be lawful for the Bishop, in every case in which there shall not be a House of Residence belonging to any Benefice within his Diocese, to allow and adjudge any fit House within the Limits of such Benefice and belonging thereto, or any fit House belonging thereto not within the Limits, but so contiguous as to be sufficiently convenient for the Purports, to be the House of Residence thereof; and such Allowance and Adjudication in Writing under the Hand and Seal of such Bishop shall thereupon be registered in the Registry of the Diocese from year to year; and such House shall thereupon be deemed the House of Residence for the time being to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

such Allowance
as he is authorized
to make with the
following Pro-
visions excepted
from Penalties
for Non-Resi-
dence
Chancellor, or
any other Uni-
versity.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Spiritual Person, being Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor or Commissary of either of the Universities of Oxford or Cambridge or being Warden, Dean, Provost, President, Rector, Principal, Master or other Head Ruler of any College or Hall within the said Universities, and no Spiritual Person having or holding any Prebendship or any public Readership in either of the said Universities, being actually resident within the Premises of the University and reading Lectures therein; and no Scholar under the Age of Thirty Years, studying for Society without Fraud in either of the said Universities; and no Chaplain of the King's or Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, or of any of the King's or Queen's Children, Brothers or Sisters,

Bishops, during so long as he shall actually attend in the Discharge of his Duty as such Chaplain in the Household to which he shall belong; or as Chaplain of any Archbishop or Bishop, or of any Temporal Lord of Parliament, or of any other Person or Persons authorized by Law to appoint any Chaplains or Chaplains, during so long as such Chaplains or Chaplains shall abode and dwell and daily attend in the actual Performance of his Duty as such Chaplain in the Household to which he shall belong; and no Spiritual Person actually living as a Chaplain of the House of Commons, or as Clerk of His Majesty's Closet, or as a Deputy Clerk thereof, or a Clerk of the Closets of His Majesty, or as a Deputy Clerk thereof, or as a Chaplain General of His Majesty's Forces by Sea or Land, or Chaplain of His Majesty's Dock Yards, while such Spiritual Person shall be actually attending and performing the Duties of such Office respectively; or as a Chaplain in the Household of any British Ambassador residing abroad, during the time of his performing the Duties of such his Office; or as a Chancellor or Vice General, or a Comptroller, whilst executing the Duties of their Offices respectively; or as an Auditor, while upon Visitation or otherwise engaged in the Exercise of his Functions; and as Spiritual Persons being a Minor Canon or Vicar Choral, or Preb. Vicar, or any such other Public Officer, in any Cathedral or Collegiate Church, during the time for which such Spiritual Person shall actually reside within the Precincts of the Cathedral or Collegiate Church to which he shall belong, or within the City or Town in which the said Cathedral or Collegiate Church is situate or the Suburbs thereof, and shall actually perform the Duties of his Office; or as a Dean or Subdean, or Priory or Rector, in any of His Majesty's Royal Chapels as *Saint James's Palace*, or as a Rector in His Majesty's Priory Chapels as *Windsor* or elsewhere, whilst residing and actually performing the Duty of any such Office respectively; or as a Preacher in any of the Inns of Court over the Walls; or as Barister, Treasurer, Dean, Vice President, Subdean or Public Tutor or Chaplain, or any such Public Officer in any College or Hall in either of the Universities of *Oxford* or *Cambridge*, during the Period for which he may respectively be required, by statute of any such Office, to reside and perform the Duties of any such Office, and actually shall reside and perform the Duties of the same; or as Public Librarian or Public Registrar or Proctor, or Public Officer, or other such Public Officer, in either of the said Universities, during the Period for which he may respectively be required by statute thereof to reside and perform the Duties of any such Office, and actually shall reside and perform the Duties of the same; or as Fellow of any College in either of the Universities, during the time for which he may be required to reside by any Charter or Statute; and shall actually reside therein; or as Warden, Provost or Fellow of *Exeter* or *Windsor* College, or the Master of the Charter House, during the time for which he may be required to reside and shall actually reside therein respectively; or within the City or Town or Suburbs of the City or Town within or near to which the said College or University respectively situate; or as a Master or Tutor in the said Colleges of *Exeter* or *Windsor*, or as a Master or Tutor of *Windsor* School, or as Principal or Professor of the *Left* Laws College; or who shall be specially exempt from Residence under the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament not repealed by this Act, shall be liable to any of the Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures in this Act contained, for or on account of any Non Residence, during any such Period as aforesaid, on any Session; but every such Spiritual Person shall with respect to Residence under this Act, be entitled to account such Period in if he had legally resided as some other Person; and there is this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XL. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Spiritual Person being Dean, during such time as he shall reside upon his Decanery, or being Prelate, or Canon, or holding any other Dignity or Office, in any Cathedral or Collegiate Church or Churches, who shall reside any Period not exceeding Four Months together within the Year upon such Decanery or Decaneries, to account such Residence as if he had legally resided so long Benefice: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any Spiritual Person having or holding any Prebend, Canonry or Dignity in any Cathedral or Collegiate Church, in which the Year for the Period of Residence is accounted to commence at any other Period than the First of January, and who may keep the Periods of Residence required for Two successive Years in such Cathedral or Collegiate Church, in whole or in part, between the First of January and the Thirty first of December in any One Year to account such Residence, although exceeding Four Months in the Year, as withdrawn from the First of January to the Thirty first of December, as if he had legally resided so long Benefice: any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. And it be further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Bishops of the Dioceses in which any Benefice shall be actually situate to create any longer Period of Non-Residence upon any such Benefice of any Preliminary Canon, or of any other Building, or of any Cathedral or Collegiate Church, in any case in which it shall appear to such Bishops, for the Recovery of such Cathedral or Collegiate Church in which it is actually situate within his said Diocese, for or in aid of the Construction of the Bishopric of the Diocese in which the Cathedral or Collegiate Church shall be actually situate, to be required for the Performance of any Duties in any such Cathedral or Collegiate Church: provided that every such Spiritual Person shall during such Period abide on such Pastoral Charge or Ministry.

XIII. Provided always, that no Spiritual Person appointed to any Prebend, Canonry or Rectory in any Cathedral or Collegiate Church before the pulling of this Act, shall be subject to any Penalty or Forfeiture for Non-Residence upon any Benefice during the Period of his actually residing upon such Prebend, Canonry or Rectory.

XIV. And he is further willed, That every Spiritual Person having any House or Residence upon his Brother, who shall not abide therein, shall, during each Period or Periods of New Residence, whether the same shall be for the Whole or Part of any Year, keep such House of Residence in good and Efficient Repair; and that every such Spiritual Person who shall not keep such House of Residence in Repair, and who shall not, upon Monition issued by the Bishop of the Diocese in which the same shall be locally situate, put the same in Repair, according to the Requirements of such Monition, within the time specified therein, so that

[illegible]

Periods for Di-
stinction: residing
in Catholic
Churches, etc.
for certain
Periods.
Catholics which
the Year of Re-
ligion in Ca-
tholicism con-
tains in any
other Period
than the 28 of
January.

Wiley may become for a longer period, in the States of a Cathedral or Collegiate Church, requires it.

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Protein Binding
Effects of pH,
Amount of Protein,
and
Temperature on
Binding to
Albumin.

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

Parish.

Bishop may
grant License
for Non Resi-
dence on certain
conditions
residual.

Satisfaction of the Bishop of the Diocese, and to be certified to the Bishop upon each Survey and Report as shall be required by the Bishop in that behalf, shall be liable to all Penalties for Non Residence, notwithstanding any Dispensation or Licence, during the Period of such House of Residence remaining out of Repair, and until the same shall have been put in good and sufficient Repair, to the Satisfaction of the Bishop of the Diocese.

XV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for any Bishop, upon Application made for that Purpose, by Petition in Writing, by any Spiritual Person, or by any lay and proper Person on behalf of any Spiritual Person having or holding any Benefice lawfully incured within his Diocese, upon such Proof as to any Facts stated in any such Petition as any such Bishop may think necessary, and shall require by Affidavit made before any Ecclesiastical Judge or his Surrogate, or any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, or any Master Extraordinary in Chancery (which Oath any such Ecclesiastical Judge or Surrogate or Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, or Master Extraordinary in Chancery, is hereby authorized and required to administer), to grant in such cases as are in this Act enumerated, in which, upon due Consideration of all the Circumstances stated in any such Application, and verified to the Satisfaction of the Bishop as aforesaid, such Bishop shall in his Discretion think it to grant the same, a Licence in Writing under his Hand, expressing the Cause of granting the same to such Spiritual Person to reside out of the Parish, or out of the proper House of Residence of his Benefice, for the Purpose of accepting such Person from any pecuniary Penalty or Forfeiture in respect of any Non Residence therein; (that is to say) to any Spiritual Person who shall be prevented from residing in the proper House of Residence, within the Parish, by any actual illness or infirmity of Body of himself, or of his Wife or Child, making Part of and abiding with him as Part of his Family; and also to any Spiritual Person having or holding any Benefice whereupon or wherein there shall be no House of Residence, or where the House of Residence shall be unfit for the Residence of such Spiritual Person, such Unfitness not being occasioned by any Negligence, Default or other Misconduct of such Spiritual Person, and such Spiritual Person leaving such House of Residence in Repair to the Satisfaction of the Bishop; and also to any Spiritual Person having or holding any Benefice, and occupying in the Parish of the same respectively any Manse or Messuage, or estate in such Manse or Messuage, such Spiritual Person leaving the House of Residence, and other Buildings belonging thereto, in good and sufficient Repair and Condition, and producing to the Bishop Proof to his Satisfaction, at the time of granting and renewing any such Licence, of such good and sufficient State of Repair, and also to any Spiritual Person having or holding any Benefice of small Value, and serving as a Rectorial Sederuntary Curate elsewhere, and procuring for the serving of such his Benefice, to the Satisfaction of such Bishop; and also to any Master or Mistress of any endowed School duly licensed by the Bishop, and actually employed as teaching therein; and also to any Master or Preacher of any Hospital or incorporated Charitable Foundation during the Period for which he may be required to reside by any Charter or Statute of any such Hospital or incorporated Charitable Foundation, or by any other lawful Authority in the same, and shall actually reside and perform his Duties therein; or to any Person holding any endowed Living, or endowed Chapelry, or endowed Rectory, and performing and executing the Duties thereof respectively, with the Licence of the Bishop in whose Diocese he shall so officiate; or to any Spiritual Person having or holding any Benefice of small Value, and serving as a Preacher in any Proprietary Chapel, in any City or Town, with the Licence of the Bishop in whose Diocese he shall so officiate; or to any Spiritual Person actually serving as Chaplain in any of His Majesty's Garrisons, or as Chaplain to the Royal Military Asylum at Chelsea, or Royal Military College at Sandhurst, or as Teacher of the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich, or as Chaplain at either of the Royal Hospitals in Greenwich or Chelsea, or as Chaplain to either of the Royal Hospitals for Scroon in *Hull* or *Plymouth*, or as Chaplain to the Naval Asylum, or in His Majesty's Navy, or as Chaplain of His Majesty's Galley of *Newgate*, or of the Prisoners at *Milbank*, or as Chaplain of any *British Factory*, or as principal Surrogate or Official in any Ecclesiastical Court of any Diocese, or as a Librarian of the *British Museum*, or of His College, or as one of the Trustees of *Lord Green's Charity*, during the time of personal Attendance on the Duties of such Office respectively: Provided always, that the Spiritual Person obtaining any such Licence shall pay to the Secretary or Officer of the Bishop the Sum of Ten Shillings, exclusive of and over and above the Stamp Duty chargeable therein, and no more: Provided also, that if any Spiritual Person applying to any Bishop for any such Licence shall think himself aggrieved by the Refusal thereof, it shall be lawful for such Spiritual Person to appeal to the Archbishop of the Province, who shall forthwith, either by himself, or some Commissioner or Commissioners appointed from among the other Bishops of his Province, under his Hand, order or writ to be made Inquiry into the same, and by Writing signed by himself confirm such Refusal, or grant a Licence under the Act, as shall seem just and proper: Provided always, that in every such case the Spiritual Person in appealing shall give Security to the Bishop for the Payment of such reasonable Expenses occasioned by the Appeal as the Archbishop or his Commissioner or Commissioners shall award.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any such Bishop as aforesaid, in any cases not hereinbefore enumerated, in which under all the Circumstances of any fact such Bishop shall think it expedient to grant to any Spiritual Person possessed of any Benefice a Licence to reside out of the Parish, or out of the proper House of Residence, as the case may be, or as the case may appear to such Bishop to require, and to assign in any case in which a Sederuntary Curate may be employed to do the Duty of such Spiritual Person, such Bishop as he shall judge it to appear, due Respect being had to the Value of such Benefice, and to all other Circumstances of the case: And it shall also be lawful for any Bishop, in case of the Absence from the Residence of any Spiritual Person, to grant any such Licence without any Application made for that Purpose, and from time to time in any such case to renew any such Licence as he shall think

fit, and on every such sale to appoint a *Synodical Curate* in case no Curate duly licensed shall be then employed in serving such Parishes, and to assign a Salary to such Curate; or if any Curate shall have been and be then so employed, to assign any additional Salary to such Curate; and in every and any of such sales to cause such Salaries to be paid by Segregation of the Profits of the Benefice: Provided always, that in every such sale respectively, the Nature and Special Circumstances thereof, and the Reasons that have induced such Bishop to grant such Licence as aforesaid, shall be forthwith transmitted to the Archbishop of the Province to which such Bishop shall belong, who shall forthwith by himself, or by some Commissioner or Commissioners appointed for that Purpose from among the Bishops of such Province, by Writing under his Hand, which Commissioner or Commissioners it and are themselves authorized to take upon himself or themselves the Execution of the said Commission, examine into such sale, and make such Inquiries as to any Particulars relating thereto, as such Archbishop or Commissioner or Commissioners so appointed as aforesaid may think necessary; and after such Inquiries made by himself, or where the same shall be made by such Commissioner or Commissioners, after a Return of the Substances thereof in Writing to such Archbishop, such Archbishop shall thereupon allow or disallow such Licence in the whole or in part, or make any Alteration therein as to the Period for which the same may have been granted or otherwise, and likewise as to the Stipend assigned to the Curate, as to the said Archbishop shall seem fit; and no such Licence shall be good, valid or official under this Act, for any Purpose whatever, unless it shall have been so allowed and approved by such Archbishop, such Allowance thereof being signified by the Signing thereof by such Archbishop: Provided always, that it shall not be necessary in such Licence to specify the Cause of granting the same.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Licence granted under this Act shall be made void by the Death or Removal of the Bishop granting the same, but the same shall be and remain good and valid notwithstanding any such Death or Removal, unless the same shall be revoked by the next or any succeeding Bishop, as the case may require.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Application made by or in behalf of any Spiritual Person holding any Benefice, Deanery, Parochial Curacy, or Parochial Clergy, to the Bishop of the Diocese, for any Licence for Non Residence, shall be in Writing, and shall be signed by the Person making the same, and shall state whether such Spiritual Person intends to perform the Duty himself, and if he does, where and at what Distance he intends to reside; or if he intends to employ a Curate, the Application shall state what Salary he proposes to give to the Curate, and whether the Curate proposes to reside or not to reside in the Parish; and if the Curate intends to reside, then whether in the Parsonage House; and if he does not intend to reside in the Parish, then the Application shall state at what Distance therefrom, and at what Place such Curate intends to reside; and whether such Curate serves any other Parish as Curate or Incumbent, or has any Ecclesiastical Preferment, or holds any Deanery, Parochial Curacy or Parochial Clergy, or officiates in any other Church or Chapel; and such Applications shall also state the gross annual Value of the Benefice in respect of which any Licence for Non Residence shall be applied for; and it shall not be lawful for the Bishop to grant any such Licence, unless the Application shall contain a Statement of the several Particulars aforesaid; and all such Applications and Specifications shall be kept and filed by the Registrar of the Diocese in a separate Book, which shall be kept and preserved for that Purpose; and such Book shall not be open to public inspection, or disclosure, or Copies thereof made, except with the Leave in Writing of the Bishop of the Diocese.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That during the Vacancy of any See, the Power of granting Licences under this Act, subject to the Regulations therein contained, shall be exercised by the Vicar General of the Diocese; or in case such Circumstances shall arise as shall disable the Bishop from exercising in Person the Functions of his Office, it shall be exercised by such Person or Persons as is or are lawfully empowered to exercise his general Jurisdiction in the Diocese.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Bishop who shall have granted any Licence for Non Residence as aforesaid, or for any Successor or Successors of any such Bishop, to revoke any such Licence in any case in which it may appear to him or them proper and expedient to revoke the same: Provided, that any Spiritual Person may appeal against any such Revocation by the Bishop in like manner as is heretofore directed in case of any Refusal of any Licence: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for any Archbishop to whom such Appeal shall be made, to order and direct such reasonable Fees and Charges to be paid by any Spiritual Person appealing as aforesaid, in respect of any such Proceedings as aforesaid, as he shall in his Discretion think fit: Provided also that no Licence for Non Residence granted under this Act shall continue in force for more than Three Years from the granting thereof, or after the Thirty first Day of December in the Second Year after the Year in which such Licence is granted.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That every Bishop who shall grant or revoke any Licence for Non Residence under this Act shall and he is hereby required, within One Month after the Grant or Revocation of such Licence, to cause a Copy of every such Licence or Revocation to be filed in the Registry of his Diocese; and an Alphabetical List of such Licences and Revocations shall be made out by the Registrar of such Diocese, and entered in a Book, and kept for the Inspection of all Persons, upon Payment of the Sum of Three Shillings; and no more; and a Copy of every such Licence with respect to any Benefice shall be transmitted by the Spiritual Person to whom the Licence is granted, to the Churchwardens of the Parish, Township or Place to which the same relates, within One Month after the Grant of such Licence; and every Bishop revoking any Licence shall cause such Revocation to be transmitted to the Churchwardens of the Parish, Township or Place to which it relates, which Copies shall be by them deposited in the Parish Clerk; and every Registrar who shall neglect to enter the same shall forfeit for every Neglect of entering any such Licence or Revocation in any such List the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered by and for the Use of any Person who shall sue for the same in like manner as any Penalty may be recovered under the Provisions of this Act; and a Copy

Reason for
granting such
Licence to be
transmitted to
the Archbishop
for Examination
and Allowance.

No such Licence
good until so
allowed.

In what only
Licences void by
Death, &c. of
Grantor.

Application for
Licence to be in
Writing and
signed, and to
state certain
Particulars.

Archbishop Bp.
to grant or
refuse Licence.

By whom Licence
may be granted
while a
Vacancy, or
Bishop disabled,
&c.

Licences may
be revoked.

Fees may be
paid on an
Appeal by Arch-
bishop.
Duration the
same of L.
Diocese.

Copies of Li-
cences or Revo-
cations to be
filed in the Re-
gistry of the
Diocese, and a
List kept for
Inspection.
Fees.
Copies trans-
mitted to Church-
wardens.
Registrar no
indulgent
Penalty &c.

Copy publicly read at the said Visitation.

A List of all the Licenses in the Archdiocese, as granted on the said Diocese, shall be annually submitted to His Majesty in Council, who may think fit to transmit the same to the Archbishop or to the Bishops.

Each Archdiocese, Bishopric, or Deanery, shall be deemed to be a Diocese, and shall be so treated.

Order to be made by His Majesty in Council, as to the Names of Bishops, Archbishops, and Non-Resident Bishops, who shall be deemed to be Bishops in Council.

Non-Resident Bishops, who shall be deemed to be Bishops in Council, shall be deemed to be Bishops in Council.

Persons, residing in any Diocese, shall be deemed to be Bishops in Council.

Persons, residing in any Diocese, shall be deemed to be Bishops in Council.

Persons, residing in any Diocese, shall be deemed to be Bishops in Council.

Persons, residing in any Diocese, shall be deemed to be Bishops in Council.

A Copy of every such License or Rescission shall likewise be produced, by the Churchwardens, and publicly read by the Registrar or other Officer at the Visitation of the Ecclesiastical District within which the Benefice in respect whereof the License shall have been granted, or Rescission made, shall be locally drawn, immediately next following the granting or Rescission thereof.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That every Archbishop who shall in his own Diocese grant any License or who shall allow or approve, in manner directed by this Act, any License or License in any case or cause not enumerated in this Act, shall annually on or before the Twenty-fifth Day of January in each Year transmit to His Majesty in Council a List of all such Licenses so granted or allowed or approved respectively as aforesaid in the Year ending on the last Day of December preceding such Twenty-fifth Day of January, and shall in every such List specify the Reasons which have induced him to grant, allow or approve the said Licenses, together with the Resolves transmitted to him by the Bishops for granting any such Licenses in their respective Dioceses; and it shall be lawful for His Majesty in Council, by an Order made for that Purpose, to revoke and annul any such License; and if His Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do, such Order shall be transmitted to the Archbishop who shall have granted or allowed or approved such License, who shall thereupon cause a Copy of every such Order, made in relation to any License so allowed or approved, to be transmitted to the Bishop of the Diocese in which such License shall have been granted; and each Bishop shall cause a Copy of the mandatory Part of the Order to be filed in the Registry of such Diocese, and a like Copy to be delivered to the Churchwardens of the Parish to which the same relates, in manner hereinafter directed as to Rescissions of Licenses under this Act; and every such Archbishop shall cause a Copy of the mandatory Part of every such Order, made in relation to any such License so aforesaid granted by him in his own Diocese, to be in like manner filed in the Registry of his Diocese, and a like Copy also to be delivered to the Churchwardens of the Parish to which such License shall relate, in manner before mentioned: Provided always, that after such License shall have been so revoked by His Majesty in Council, the same shall nevertheless, in all Questions that shall hereafter arise touching the Non-Residence of the Spiritual Person to whom the same shall have been granted, between the Period at which the same was granted or allowed or approved, and the time at which the same shall be so revoked as aforesaid, be deemed and taken to be and to have been valid and effectual to all the Intents and Purposes of this Act.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That on or before the Twenty-fifth Day of March in every Year a Return or Return shall be made to His Majesty in Council by every Bishop, of the Names of every Benefice within his Diocese, or subject to his Jurisdiction by virtue of this Act, and the Names of the several Spiritual Persons holding the same respectively who shall have resided, and also the Names of the several Spiritual Persons respectively who shall not have resided therein by reason of any Exemption under or by virtue of this Act, or by reason of any License granted by such Bishop for any and when Cause enumerated by this Act, and also of all Spiritual Persons not having any such Exemption or License, who shall not have resided on their respective Benefices, in like manner as the Bishop is aforesaid thereof; and also the Names of all Curates appointed to serve any Benefice on which the Incumbent is not resident, and whether the gross annual Value of such Benefice amounts to or exceeds Three hundred Pounds per Annum or not, the Amount of the Curate's Salary and the Place of his Residence; and every Spiritual Person who shall be non-resident in any Year subsequent to the passing of this Act, by reason of Residence on any other Benefice, or of any Exemption under this Act and to certify him to which it is not necessary to obtain any License under this Act, within Six Weeks from and after the First Day of January in every following Year, signify the same in Writing under his Hand to the Bishop of the Diocese to whose Jurisdiction he is subject by this Act, or otherwise, in respect of such Benefice, specifying the Nature of such Exemption, and whether the gross annual Value of the Benefice on which he is Non-Resident amounts to or exceeds Three hundred Pounds per Annum or not; and every Spiritual Person who shall have more than one Benefice, and who shall reside on one of them, or who shall reside during any Period of the Year on any Benefice, or in the Performance of the Duties of any Office in any Cathedral or Collegiate Church, or who shall be Non-Resident for any Period of the Year on account of any of the Causes of temporary Exemption specified in this Act, shall in like manner, and within the like Period in each Year, signify the same.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Spiritual Person who shall neglect to make such Notification as by this Act is directed within such Period of Six Weeks as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be levied, by Order of the Bishop of the Diocese, by Sequestration, if not otherwise paid, after Motion to pay the same, out of the Profits of the Benefice in respect of which he shall neglect to make such Notification, by the Bishop of the Diocese to whom the Notification ought to be made, to be applied, as such Bishop may direct, to useful and charitable Purposes: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for such Bishop to remit or order the Repayment of any Part of any such Penalty, in like manner as is allowed by this Act in case of Non-Compliance with an Order for Residence.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to exempt any Spiritual Person or Persons from any Canonical or Ecclesiastical Censure, or affect any Proceedings that shall hereafter be instituted in any Ecclesiastical Court in order to cause the same to be satisfied, or relation to the Non-Residence of any Spiritual Person having or holding any Benefice, who shall not have obtained a License according to the Provisions of this Act, to be absent therefrom, nor have any other lawful Cause of Absence: Provided always, that no Proceedings be instituted in any Ecclesiastical Court against any Spiritual Person for Non-Residence not exceeding Three Months in any one Year, at the Suit or Instance of any Person or Persons other than the Bishop only of the Diocese within which the Benefice in respect whereof such Non-Residence shall have taken place shall be locally drawn; any thing in any Law or Custom, or Ecclesiastical Canon or Canon, to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XXVI. And

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That in every case in which it shall appear to any such Bishop as aforesaid, that any Spiritual Person, having or holding any Benefice, and not being licensed according to a^{the} A^{the} to be absent therefrom, or having any lawful Cause of Absence from the same, does not sufficiently reside on the same respectively, it shall be lawful for such Bishop to dist^{er} or cause to be dist^{er} a Monition to such Spiritual Person forthwith to proceed to and reside therein, and perform the Duties thereof; and to make a Return to such Monition within a certain Number of Days after the issuing thereof, in as much as every such case there shall be Thirty Days between the time of delivering such Monition to such Spiritual Person or leaving the first at his then used or last Place of Abode, or if not there to be found, with the officiating Minister or one of the Churchwardens, and also a Copy thereof at the House of Residence (if any such there be) belonging to such Benefice, to which any such Spiritual Person shall be required by such Monition to proceed and reside thence, and the time specified in such Monition for the Return thereof, and a Copy of every such Monition shall immediately on the issuing thereof be filed in the Registry of such Bishop's Court, and shall be open for Inspection on the Payment of Three Shillings and no more; and the Spiritual Person to whom any such Monition shall be first under the A^{the} shall, within the time specified for that Purpose, make a Return thereto into such Registry, to be there filed; and it shall be lawful for the Bishop to whom any such Return shall be made, to require such Return or any Part contained therein to be verified by the Oath of such Spiritual Person or others, to be taken before some Steward or Justice of the Peace, or Master Extraordinary in Chancery, which Oath any such Steward or Justice of the Peace, or Master Extraordinary in Chancery, is hereby authorized and required to administer, on Affidavits being made for that Purpose; and in every case where any such Return shall be made, or where such Return shall not have been made as shall be deemed satisfactory by such Bishop for the Non Residence of the Spiritual Person to whom such Monition shall have been first as aforesaid, or where the time or any of the Facts contained therein shall not be so verified as aforesaid when the time shall have been required, then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Bishop to dist^{er} in Writing under his Hand and Seal, to require such Person to proceed to and reside as aforesaid, within Thirty Days after such Order in Writing, or a Copy thereof shall have been delivered or left in like manner as aforesaid as required as to Monitions; and in case of Non Compliance, it shall be lawful for such Bishop to suspend the Profits of such Benefice of such Spiritual Person as aforesaid, until such Order shall be complied with, or such sufficient Reasons for Non Residence shall be proved as aforesaid; and so directly, by any Order to be made for that Purpose under his Hand, and filed as aforesaid, the Application of such Profits, after deducting the necessary Expenses of serving the Cause, either to the whole or to such Proportion as he shall think fit, in the first Place, to the Payment of such reasonable Expenses as shall have been incurred in relation to such Monition and Sequestration, and to the next Place towards the Amortisation or Improvement of any such Benefice, or the House of Residence thereof, or any of the Buildings and Appurtenances thereof, or towards the Improvement of any of the Glebe or Donative Lands thereof, or to order and direct the same or any Partion thereof to be paid to the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne, for the Amortisation of the Maintenance of the poor Clergy, to be applied for the Purposes of such Amortisation as such Bishop shall in his Discretion under all Considerations think fit and expedient; and it shall also be lawful for any such Bishop, within Six Months after such Order for Sequestration, or within Six Months after any Money shall have been actually levied by such Sequestration, or made to any such Spiritual Person any Part or Proportion of such Sequestrated Profits, or made the same or any Part thereof that shall have been paid or directed to be paid to the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty to be repaid to such Spiritual Person, which Repayment the said Governors are hereby authorized and required, upon an Order under the Hand of any such Bishop, to make out of any Money then in their Hands, or if no Money shall then be in their Hands, out of the next Money that shall come to their Hands, in any case in which, by reason of the subsequent Obedience of any such Spiritual Person to any such Monition or Order, or the sitting and proving such sufficient Reasons as aforesaid, such Bishop shall think the same proper: Provided always, that when any such Spiritual Person shall check himself approved by order of any such Sequestration issued by any Bishop, it shall be lawful for such Spiritual Person, within one Month after the making any Order for any such Sequestration as aforesaid, to appeal to the Archbishop of the Province to which such Bishop shall belong, who shall forthwith, either by himself or some Commissioner or Commissioners appointed from among the Bishops of his Province for that Purpose under his Hand and Seal, make or cause to be made due Inquiry into the same, and make such Order therein or relating thereto, or to the Profits that shall be so sequestrated as aforesaid, for the Return to such Spiritual Person of the same or any part thereof, or otherwise, as shall under all the Circumstances of the case appear to such Archbishop (after such Inquiry made by himself or by his Commissioner or Commissioners, and in the latter case, after the Substantive of such Inquiry shall have been returned in Writing to the said Archbishop) to be just and proper: Provided always, that the Party so appealing shall give Security to the Bishop for the Payment of such reasonable Expenses occasioned by the Appeal, as the Archbishop or his Commissioner or Commissioners shall award: Provided also, that no such Order for any Sequestration shall be put in force during such Appeal as aforesaid, and until the same shall be determined.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Spiritual Person to whom any such Monition or Order in Writing shall be first as aforesaid under this A^{the}, who shall be at the time of the issuing thereof absent from Residence or be upon his Benefice contrary to the Provisions of this A^{the}, but who shall in obedience to such Monition or Order forthwith return to due Residence, and the Profits of whole Benefice shall by reason of such Return not be sequestrated, shall nevertheless pay all Costs, Charges and Expenses incurred by reason of the issuing and serving such Monition or Order, to be levied as any Costs may be levied upon any Spiritual Person by any Bishop under any of the Provisions of this A^{the}.

If any Spiritual Person does not sufficiently reside, it is lawful for a Bishop to dist^{er} a Monition to such Person to reside in his Benefice and perform the Duties thereof.

Copy shall, and may be deposited in the Registry.

Persons to be made to Monitions, which may be required to be sworn to in open Court.

Where Return shall not be made, or shall not be satisfactory, Bishop may order Residence, and if disobeyed, may suspend of the Profits of the Benefice, and direct an Application of the Profits.

Bishop may within the time hereinafter mentioned, Part of sequestrated Profits.

Appeal against Sequestration to Archbishop.

Appeal to the Archbishop, for Payment of Expenses.

Persons who shall return to Residence on Monition to pay Costs.

of the Peace to whom any such Order for such Possession is produced shall and he is hereby required thereupon to give a Warrant for such Possession, and Possession may thereupon be taken of such House under such Warrant at any time in the Day next, by entering the same by Force, if necessary, without any other Proceedings by Judgment or otherwise; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament or Law or Laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Spiritual Person shall be liable to any Process for not residing in any such House of Residence, during such time as such Tenant shall continue to occupy such House of Residence or other Buildings aforesaid by the Compassion of the King.

XXXIV. And he it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no such shall be compelled or taken by any View in relation to Residence on his Vicarage; any Law, Custom, Constitution or Usage to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XXXV. And he it further enacted, That no Penalty or Forfeiture shall be recovered by any Proceedings or Action against any Spiritual Person under the Provisions of this Act, after or further than three months next preceding the Commencement of such Proceedings or Action.

XXXVI. And he it further enacted, That every Penalty for Non-Residence under this Act, in respect of which no Proceedings shall have been had by Motion before the First Day of April next after the Year in which the same shall have been incurred, may be recovered by Action or Suit in the manner by this Act directed.

XXXVII. And he it further enacted, That an Action of Debt, Bail, Pleint or Information against any Spiritual Person, for the Recovery of any Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, shall be commenced or tried in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or the Court of Great Sessions in Wales, until the First Day of May after the Expiration of the Year in which the alleged Offence shall have taken place.

XXXVIII. And he it further enacted, That for all the Purposes of this Act the Year shall be deemed to terminate on the First Day of January, and he is enacted therefrom on the Thirty first Day of December, inclusive.

XXXIX. And he it further enacted, That for all the Purposes of this Act the Months therein named shall be taken to be Calendar Months, except in any case in which any Month or Months are to be made up of certain Periods less than a Month, and in every such case thirty Days shall be deemed a Month.

XL. And Whereas, notwithstanding the Regulations contained in this Act, Spiritual Persons may through Negligence, and in many cases from unavoidable Circumstances and Causes, become subject to Penalties and Forfeitures and various Prosecutions, unless Provision is made for the Prevention thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Writ shall be issued against nor any Copy of any Process at the Suit of any Informer be served upon any Spiritual Person, for any Penalty or Forfeiture incurred under any of the Provisions of this Act, until a Notice in Writing of such intended Writ or Process shall have been delivered to him or left at the usual or last Place of his Abode, and also to the Bishop of the Diocese, by leaving the same at the Registry of his Diocese, by the Attorney or Agent for the Party who intends to sue or cause the same to be sued out, or served One Calendar Month at the least before the suing out or serving the same, in which Notice shall be clearly and explicitly contained the Cause of Action which such Person hath or claims to have, and the Penalty or Forfeiture for which such Person intends to sue, and on the Back of which Notice respectively shall be endorsed the Name of such Attorney or Agent, together with the Place of his Abode; and on each Notice shall be given before the First Day of April in the Year next after any such Penalty or Forfeiture shall have been incurred.

XLI. And he it further enacted, That no Plaintiff shall recover any Verdict against any Spiritual Person for any Penalty or Forfeiture under the Provisions of this Act, unless it is proved upon the Trial of such Action that such Notice was respectively given as aforesaid; but in Default thereof such Spiritual Person shall recover a Verdict with double Costs.

XLII. And he it further enacted, That no Evidence shall be permitted to be given by the Plaintiff, on the Trial of any such Action as aforesaid, of any Cause of Action, except such as is contained in the Notice hereby directed to be given.

XLIII. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Spiritual Person against whom any Action shall be brought for any Penalty or Forfeiture under the Provisions of this Act, by Leave of the Court in which such Action shall depend, at any time before Issue joined, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he shall see fit; whereupon such Proceedings, Orders and Judgments shall be had, made and given as and by such Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

XLIV. And he it further enacted, That the Court in which any Action, Bail, Pleint or Information shall be depending for the Recovery of any Penalty or Forfeiture for Non-Residence under this Act, may and shall, upon Application made for that Purpose, require, by Rule or Order of the said Court or any Judge thereof, the Bishop of the Diocese within the Limits of which the Benefice shall be locally situate, or to whom the same shall be subject according to the Provisions of this Act, for or by reason of Non-Residence in, at or upon which the Penalties and Forfeitures shall be sought to be recovered by such Action, Bail or Information, to certify in Writing under his Hand to the said Court, and also to the Party for that Purpose named in the said Rule or Order, the reputed Annual Value of such Benefice; and upon such Rule or Order being left with such Bishop or the Registrar of such Bishop, such Bishop shall accordingly certify such reputed Annual Value; and such Certificate shall, in all subsequent Proceedings upon such Action, Bail, Pleint or Information, be received and taken as Evidence of the Annual Value of such Benefice, for the Purpose of this Act; without

the Penalties thereon.

Not liable to Penalties while the Tenant shall continue to occupy.

No such liability in Residence required of Vicar.

Penalties not recoverable before three Calendar Months.

When Penalties may be recovered under Statutes may be recovered by Action.

When Actions for Penalties may be commenced.

Commencement and Conclusion of the Year.

Calendar Months to be taken for the Purpose of this Act.

No Action to be commenced for any Penalty until after One Calendar Month's Notice given to the Defendant and Bishop of Diocese.

What Notice is requisite, and how endorsed.

Plaintiff not to recover without Proof made that such Notice was given.

No Evidence of Cause of Action for such Penalties to be received.

Plaintiff may pay into Court before Issue joined, and by so doing may avoid the Trial.

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License may be
pleaded in bar of
Action, and in
case of Nonres-
idence, bail shall
Cofis.

In case of Ver-
dict for Defend-
ant, Double
Costs
Judge may order
Plaintiff to give
Security for
Costs.

If at the close of
Hearing Motion
on Notice of
Action shall
have been given,
no Action shall
be afterwards
brought, &c.
If such Action
in three con-
secutive
Proceedings.

No Penalty to
be levied upon
such Body when
taken in exer-
cise of Regu-
lation within
Three
Years.
Body when may
be dissolved.
Non Resident
Incumbent
(Exemption)
applied to in re-
spect Curate.
Bishop is appoint
and license.

When such Li-
cense is given.

Curate resident
in all Parishes
above 1000, a
Year, and Po-
pulation 500.
Parish and
upwards.
Proviso for
Special Circum-
stances.

If Duty in-
adequately pro-
vided, the Dis-

without Prejudice nevertheless to the Admissibility or Effect of any such other Evidence as may be offered or given respecting the actual Value thereof.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Spiritual Person to whom any License for Non Residence shall have been granted, and against whom any Action shall be brought for any Penalty or Forfeiture by reason of any Non Residence, or any matter or thing relating whereunto any such License under this Act has been granted, to plead such License in bar of any such Action; and if the Plaintiff in such Suit or Action shall discontinue any such Suit or Action after any Plea of License shall have been pleaded thereto under this Act, then and in such case the Defendant in such Suit or Action shall have full Costs of Suit; and if in any such Suit or Action a Verdict shall be given for the Defendant, or the Plaintiff shall become non-suit, the Defendant shall have Double Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant in such or other cases to recover Costs by Law; and it shall be lawful for the Court, or any Judge of the Court in which any such Suit or Action shall be commenced, upon any Application made in that behalf, in order and discharge, if such Court or Judge shall deem it expedient so to do, that the Plaintiff in any such Suit or Action shall give Security for the Payment of such Costs, and that all Proceedings in any such Suit or Action shall be had until such Security shall be given as to the Court or Judge to whom any such Application shall be made shall from thence.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if at the time of filing any Motion requiring any Spiritual Person to reside on his Benefice, or to recover the Penalties incurred by said Non Residence, on Notice of any Action for any such Penalty or Forfeiture shall have been already given in manner aforesaid, then and in such case no such Action, Suit, Bill, Plea, or Information shall be afterwards brought for any Penalty or Forfeiture incurred by reason of any Non Residence of such Spiritual Person before the filing of such Motion, or during any Proceedings that may be had under such Motion; and if any such Action or Suit shall be so commenced, the Defendant therein may plead in bar thereof, that such a Motion is allowed and has issued in respect of the same Benefice; and such Defendant, within upon Application to the Court (to be made) shall be defended with, shall, upon pleading such matter, file or cause to be filed an Affidavit in the said Court, thereby stating the Period specified in such Motion, and that, according to the Belief of the Defendant, the Bishop who has issued or caused such Motion, to be issued in proceeding upon the said Motion, so the intent to make the same effectual to the Intent and Purposes of this Act, otherwise such Plea shall not be good or available in the Law.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That no Penalty or Costs incurred by any Spiritual Person by reason of any Non Residence on his Benefice, shall be levied by Execution against the Body of any such Person, whilst he shall hold the same or any other Benefice out of the Parishes of which the same can be levied by Sequestration within the Term of Three Years; and in case the Body of any such Spiritual Person shall be taken in Execution for the same, the Court to which the same was committed, or any Judge thereof, may and shall, upon Application made for that Purpose, discharge the Party from such Execution, in case it shall be made to appear to the Satisfaction of such Court or Judge that such Penalty and Costs can be levied as aforesaid.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Spiritual Person holding any Benefice, who does not or shall not actually reside therein Three Months in each Year (unless such Person shall do the Duty of the same, having a legal Exemption from Residence, or a License to reside out of the same, or to reside out of the Par-
sonage House or Vicarage House, or other usual House of Residence belonging to the same), shall for a Period exceeding Three Months absent himself from his Benefice, without leaving a Curate duly licensed or other Spiritual Person to perform, and who shall duly perform the Ecclesiastical Duties of such Benefice, or shall for the Period of Three Months after the Death, Relinquishment or Removal of any Curate who has served his Church or Chapel, neglect to notify such Death, Relinquishment or Removal to the Bishop of the Diocese, or to nominate to the Bishop of the Diocese a proper Curate, then and in every such case, and in every case in which no Curate shall be nominated to the Bishop for the Purpose of being licensed by him within such Period as aforesaid, the Bishop is hereby authorized to appoint and license a proper Curate, with full Salary as by this Act is allowed and directed, to serve the Church or Chapel of the Parish or Place in respect of which such Neglect or Default shall have occurred: Provided always, that the License shall in every case specify whether the Curate is required to reside within the Parish or Place or not; and if the Curate is permitted by the Bishop granting the License to reside out of the Parish or Place, the Grounds upon which the Curate is permitted to reside out of the Parish or Place shall be specified in the said License, and the Distance of the Residence of any Curate from any Church or Chapel which he shall be licensed to serve shall not exceed Five Statute Miles, except in case of Necessity, to be approved by the Bishop, and specified in the License.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That in every case where a Curate is appointed to serve a Benefice upon which the Incumbent is Non Resident for more than Three Months in the Year from Exemption, License or otherwise, such Curate shall be required by the Bishop to reside within the Parish; provided the gross Value of such Benefice amounts to Three hundred Pounds a Year or upwards, and the Population amounts to Three hundred Persons or upwards, or provided the Population amounts to One thousand Persons or upwards, where-
ever may be the Value of such Benefice: Provided always, that whenever it shall be made out to the Satisfaction of such Bishop, that from special and peculiar Circumstances good Inconvenience would arise from such Curate being compelled to reside within the Parish, it shall be lawful for the Bishop to allow such Curate to reside in some near and convenient Place: Provided also, that the License to be granted to such Curate shall specify the special Circumstances which have induced the Bishop to allow such Residence out of the Parish, and shall be entered and filed in the Registry of the Diocese.

L. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall appear to the Satisfaction of any Bishop, either of his own Knowledge, or upon Proof by Affidavit had before him, that by reason of the Number of Churches or Chapels

Chapels belonging to any Benefice locally situate within his Diocese, or the Distance of such Churches or Chapels from each other, or the Distance of the Residence of the Spiritual Person having the free from such Churches or Chapels, or any or either of them, or the Negligence of the Spiritual Person holding the same, that the Ecclesiastical Duties of such Benefices be adequately performed, such Bishop may by Writing under his Hand require the Spiritual Person holding such Benefice to nominate to him a fit Person or Persons, with sufficient Stipend or Stipends, to be received by him to perform or to assist in performing such Duties, specifying therein the Causes of such Proceedings; and if such Spiritual Person shall neglect or omit to make such Nomination for the Space of Three Months after such Requisition be made as aforesaid, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for such Bishop to appoint a Curate or Curates, in the case shall appear to such Bishop to require, with such Stipend or Stipends as such Bishop shall think fit to appoint, not exceeding in any case in the whole the Stipends allowed to Curates by this Act, nor, except in the case of Negligence, exceeding One Half of the gross actual Value of the Benefice, although the Spiritual Person to whom such Churches or Chapels shall belong shall actually reside or leave the same: Provided always, that such Requisition, and any Affidavit made to found the same, shall be forthwith filed by the Bishop in the Registry of his Court: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for any such Spiritual Person, who shall think himself aggrieved by any such Appointment of such Curate or Curates, to appeal to the Archbishop of the Province to which such Bishop shall belong, in such and the like manner, and under such Provisions and Directions, as are allowed to any Spiritual Person thinking himself aggrieved by any Requisition filed by any Bishop.

LII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where the Bishop of the Diocese shall deem it proper to enforce the Performance of Morning and Evening Service on Sundays, or any other Service required by Law in any Parish Church or Parochial Chapel, or the Chapel of any Extra Parochial Place, it shall be lawful for such Bishop to enforce the same by Monitions and Sequestrations, to be issued in the manner by this Act provided.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That every Bishop to whom any Application shall be made for any License for a Curate to serve for any Person not duly residing upon his Benefice, shall before he shall grant such License, require a Statement of all the Particulars by this Act required to be stated by any Person applying for a License for Non-Residence; and it shall not be lawful for any Bishop to grant a License to any Curate to serve the Church or Chapel of any Person as aforesaid, upon any such Application as aforesaid, until a Statement of all such Particulars as aforesaid shall have been delivered to him; and such Statement shall be kept and filed and preserved from public inspection, and disclosed only in like manner and in such cases as is before directed as to Statements of Persons applying for Licenses for Non-Residence.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Bishop, and he is hereby required, (subject to the several Provisions and Restrictions in this Act contained), to appoint to every Curate such Salary as is allowed and specified in this Act; and such License to be granted to a Stipendiary Curate under this Act shall contain and specify the Amount of the Salary allowed by the Bishop to the Curate; and such License, or any Copy of the Registry thereof, signed by the Registrar of the Diocese or his Deputy, shall be Evidence of the Amount of the Salary to be appointed to any Curate in all Courts of Law or Equity; and in case any Difference shall arise between any Rector or Vicar or Person holding any Benefice, and his Curate, touching such Stipend or Allowance, or the Payment thereof, or of the Arrears thereof, the Bishop, on Complaint to him made, may and shall summarily hear and determine the same; and in case of wilful Neglect or Refusal to pay such Stipend, Salary or Allowance, or the Arrears thereof, he shall be and is hereby empowered to proceed by Monitions and Sequestrations to inquire the Profits of the Benefice for and until Payment of such Stipend or Allowance or the Arrears thereof: Provided always, that the Curate obtaining any such License shall pay to the Secretary or Officer of the Bishop the Sum of One Pound, exclusive of any Stamp Duty which may be chargeable thereon; which said Sum of One Pound shall be in Remembrance of it and every Fee or Fines now demandable by the said Secretary or Officer for obtaining such License, or for the Signature of any Declaration by the said Curate in consequence of such License, or of any Certificate of such Curate having signed such Declaration; and provided also, that from and after the passing of this Act, as often as any Person shall be licensed to Two or more Curates within the same Diocese at one and the same time, it shall be sufficient for such Person to sign One Declaration only, appointed to be signed by an Act intitled *An Act of Uniformity* (a); and also that it shall be sufficient for such Person to produce One Certificate only of his having so signed such Declaration before the Bishop of the Diocese. (a) [There also appears to be an Act intitled, "An Act of Uniformity." The Act above referred to is taken to be 13th 14th Car. 2. c. 14.]

LIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Bishop to appoint for the Curate any Stipend or Allowance not exceeding Twenty five Pounds per Annum, and also the Use of the House of Residence, with the Gardens and Stables belonging thereto, or a further Sum of Fifteen Pounds in lieu of the Use of the Rectory or Vicarage House, or other House of Residence, in case there shall be no House, or it shall not appear to the Bishop convenient to allow or assign the House to the Curate, in respect of any Benefice to which the Spiritual Person holding the same was entitled or appointed before the Twentieth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen; but it shall not be lawful for the Bishop to assign any greater Stipend or Allowance than aforesaid, in respect of any such Benefice, during the Incumbency of any such Spiritual Person as aforesaid, unless with the Consent of the Spiritual Person holding the Benefice, or in case of Neglect to appoint or to nominate to the Bishop a proper Curate.

LV. And be it further enacted, That in every case in which any Spiritual Person shall have been, after the Twentieth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, or shall hereafter be intimated or intitled, or nominated or appointed to, or otherwise become Incumbent or possessor of any Benefice, and shall not duly

Stipend may be assigned to Curate, and no Stipend may be assigned to Curate.

Amount of Stipend in each case.

Appeal for Incumbent or Archbishop.

Bishop may also require Performance of Morning and Evening Service.

Statement of Particulars necessary to be given by Person applying for a License for Non-Residence.

Bishop to appoint Salary to Curate.

License, or Copy of Registry thereof, Evidence of Amount of Salary. Bishop may summarily determine Difference touching Stipend.

Money in Lieu of Use for License, &c.

13 & 14 Car. 2. c. 14.

Stipend to Curate of 15 pounds in lieu of July 20, 1813, and the use of the House of Residence.

Exception.

The Stipend payable to Curate to be in pursuance of this Act.

the Value and
Population of
the Rectories.

rectors therein, unless such Parishes shall do the Duty of the same, having a legal Exemption from Residence, or a Licence to reside out of the same, or to reside out of the Parsonage or Vicarage, or other usual House of Residence belonging to the same, the Bishop shall appoint for the Curate residing to serve each Rectory of such Non-Resident Incumbent or Parson as aforesaid, in his Address, such Salary as a Rectorial or vicar rectory; (that is to say), such Salary shall in no case be less than Eighty Pounds per Annum, or than the Annual Value of the Rectory, if the gross Value thereof shall not amount to Eighty Pounds per Annum; and such Salary shall not be less than One hundred Pounds per Annum, or than the whole Value as aforesaid, if the said Value shall not amount to One hundred Pounds per Annum in any Parish or Place where the Population, according to the Returns then last made in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament, shall amount to or exceed Three hundred Persons; and such Salary shall not be less than One hundred and twenty Pounds per Annum, or the whole Value as aforesaid, if the said Value shall not amount to One hundred and twenty Pounds per Annum, in any Parish or Place where the Population shall appear as aforesaid to amount to or to exceed Five hundred Persons; and such Salary shall not be less than One hundred and fifty Pounds per Annum, or than the whole Value as aforesaid, if the said Value shall not amount to One hundred and fifty Pounds per Annum, in any Parish or Place where the Population shall appear as aforesaid to amount to or to exceed One thousand Persons: Provided always, that the annual Value of all Benefices of which the Value, estimated as in herein provided, does not amount to One hundred and fifty Pounds per Annum, shall be estimated from the Returns made by the Bishops of the several Dioceses to the Governor of Queen Anne's Bounty; or from any future Returns which may be made by the said Bishops to the said Governor respecting Parishes or Places contained in the said Returns; or respecting Parishes or Places in the actual income of which it shall be made appear to the Bishops that any considerable Variation has taken place, either by Augmentations made by the said Governors or otherwise.

How the Value
of Benefices
under 1500 per
Annum, is
estimated.

Where the
Benefice exceeds
1500 an Allow-
ance may be
made to Curate
of 1000 per Annum
as aforesaid, as
benefit was
received.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That in any Parish or Place where it shall appear in the Satisfaction of the Bishop that the actual Annual Income of the Benefice, clear of all Deductions, exceeds the Sum of Four hundred Pounds per Annum, it shall be lawful for the Bishop to assign to the Curate of such Parish or Place, being resident within the same, and having no other Cure, a Salary or Allowance of One hundred Pounds per Annum, notwithstanding the Population of such Parish or Place is or not appear as aforesaid to amount to Three hundred Persons; and that in any Parish or Place where the actual Annual Income shall appear to exceed Four hundred Pounds as aforesaid, and where the Population shall also appear as aforesaid to amount to or exceed Five hundred Persons, it shall be lawful for the Bishop to assign to the Curate of such Parish or Place, being resident within the same, and having no other Cure, any larger Salary or Allowance, in that the same shall not exceed by more than Fifty Pounds per Annum the Amount of the Salary or Allowance heretofore respectively required to be assigned to any such Curate.

Smaller Salaries
to be allowed to
Curate in cer-
tain cases.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That in every case in which it shall be made out to the Satisfaction of the Bishop of any Diocese, that any Spiritual Person holding any Benefice is or has become Non-Resident or incapable of performing the Duties thereof from Age, Sickness or other considerable Cause, and that from such or from any other special and peculiar Circumstances of the said great Hardship or Inconvenience would arise if the full Amount of Salary specified in this Act should be allowed to the Curate, then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Bishop to assign to the Curate any such Salary less than the full Amount as this Act specified, as shall under all the Circumstances appear to him just and reasonable: Provided always, that in the Licence granted in every such case it shall be stated, that for special Reasons the Bishop hath not thought proper to assign to the Curate the full Amount of Salary allowed or required to be assigned by this Act: Provided also, that such special Reasons shall be entered fully and at large in a separate Book to be kept for that Purpose, and to be deposited at the Registry of the Diocese, which Book shall not be open to Inspection unless with the Leave of the Bishop or by other proper Authority, as in the case of Applications for Licence for Non-Residents.

Where the Curate
is to have

Special Reasons
to be stated.

Salary of Curate
under Act of 1793
whenever legally
or otherwise
Preaching to the
Lame in
convent.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Incumbent of Two or more Benefices, residing *bona fide*, in different Parishes of each and every Year, on some or on one of his said Benefices, the full Period specified by this Act, shall employ a Curate to perform Ecclesiastical Duty intermediately from time to time upon such of the same as, from which he shall be absent during his own said Absence upon any other thereof, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the Bishop to assign to any such Curate any Salary not exceeding such Salary as would be allowed under this Act for the Largest of such Benefices, nor less than would be allowed for the smallest, as to the Bishop shall under all the Circumstances appear just and reasonable: Provided always, that if any such Incumbent shall employ a Curate or Curates for the whole Year upon each or any of such Benefices, such Incumbent is residing *bona fide* as aforesaid, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the Bishop to assign to either or each of such Curates any such Salary less than the Amount specified in this Act, as he shall think fit.

Special Priests
not to have
more than 1000
Churches or Chapels,
except in
parishes which
and such special
Licence for the
Parishes over
the Bishop.
Reasons for
granting such

LIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act no Spiritual Person shall serve more than two Churches in One Day, or Two Chapels, or One Church and One Chapel, in One Day, unless from the legal Statutes under Churches or Chapels, or from the Value of the Benefices to which they belong, or other special Causes, it may in the Judgment of the Bishop be expedient & necessary, for the Performance of Ecclesiastical Duties in such Places, to grant Licence to any Spiritual Person to serve Three Churches or Chapels, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the Bishop to grant such Licence to any Spiritual Person to serve Three Churches or Chapels, not being distant from each other more than Four miles: Provided always, that in every such case the Reasons for granting such Licence shall be stated by the Bishop or the Law not granted for serving the Third of such Churches or Chapels held by such Spiritual Person, and such Licence shall not be void or effectual unless the Reasons for granting the same

are intimated therein as aforesaid: Provided always, that the Residence of such Curate or Spiritual Person shall be so placed as that it shall not be necessary for him to travel more than Sixteen continued Miles more Day for the Performance of the Duties of such Churches or Chapels.

LX. And be it further enacted, That in every such case where any Bishop shall find it necessary or expedient, for the obtaining any proper Performance of Ecclesiastical Duties, to license any Person holding any Benefice to serve as Curate of any adjoining or other Parish or Place, it shall be lawful for such Bishop to appoint, in for such Spiritual Person so licensed, a Salary, less by a Sum not exceeding Thirty Pounds *per Annum* than the Salary which in the several cases in this Act specified the Bishop is required to assign and appoint; and in every case where the Bishop shall find it necessary or expedient as aforesaid to license one and the same Person to serve as Curate for more than one Parish or Place, it shall be lawful for such Bishop to direct, that during such time as such Curate shall serve such Churches or Chapels, the Salary to be received by him for serving each of the said Churches or Chapels shall be less by a Sum not exceeding Thirty Pounds *per Annum* than the Salary which in the several cases herebefore mentioned the Bishop is required by this Act to assign and appoint.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That all Agreements and Contracts made or to be made between Persons holding Benefices and their Curates, in Fraud or Deceit of the Provisions of this Act, and all Agreements and Contracts whereby any Curate shall undertake or in any manner bind himself to accept or be content with any Stipend or Salary less than that which shall be fixed to be allowed in any Licence of such Curate, shall be void to all Intents and Purposes in the Law whatsoever, and shall not be set up, pleaded, or given in Evidence in any Court of Law or Equity; and notwithstanding the Payment and Acceptance, in performance of any such Contract or Agreement, of any Sum less than the Sum specified in the Licence of such Curate, or any Receipt, Discharge, or Acquittance that may be given in token of such Payment and Acceptance, the Curate or his personal Representatives shall be and remain entitled to the full Amount of what shall remain unpaid of the Stipend, Salary or Allowance specified in his Licence; and the Payment and Acceptance of what shall remain unpaid shall, together with the Costs of recovering the same, be enforced by Motion, or Proof of what shall be remain unpaid to the Satisfaction of the Bishop, and by Sequestration of Profits of the Benefice, to be issued by the Bishop for that Purpose: Provided that the Application of the Curate shall in every such case be made to the Bishop within Twelve Months after he shall have quitted his Curacy, or by the Representatives of any Curate within Twelve Months after his Death; and provided also, that no Sequestration shall by virtue of this Act affect the Profits of any Benefice beyond the time during which the Benefice shall be held by the Person liable to make the Payment in respect of which such Profits shall be sequestered.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That in every case in which any Bishop shall appoint for any Curate a Salary equal to the whole annual Value of such Benefice, such Salary shall be subject to Deductions in respect of all such Charges and Outgoings as may legally affect the Value of such Benefice, and to any Loss or Diminution which may happen to such Value, without the wilful Default or Neglect of the Spiritual Person holding the Benefice.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Bishop upon the Application of any Rector, Vicar or Spiritual Person holding any Benefice, the whole Profits or Income of which shall have been allotted to the Curate, to allow such Rector, Vicar or Spiritual Person to deduct and retain therefrom, in any or each Year, so much Money, not exceeding in any case One Fourth Part of such Profits or Income, or of the Salary allotted to the Curate, as shall have been actually laid out and expended during the Year in the Repair of the Church, Parsonage, Vicarage or other House of Residence, and Premises and Appurtenances thereto belonging, in respect of which such Rector, Vicar or Person as aforesaid, or his Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, would be liable for Disbursements in the said House; and it shall also be lawful for the Bishop, in like manner, to allow any Rector, Vicar or Spiritual Person aforesaid, having or holding any Benefice the Profits or Income of which shall not exceed One hundred and fifty Pounds *per Annum*, to deduct and retain from the Salary allotted to the Curate, in each or any Year, so much Money as shall have been actually laid out and expended in such Repairs as aforesaid over and above the Amount of the Surplus remaining of such Profits or Income after Payment of the Salary allotted to the Curate, in that the Sum is deducted, after laying out such Surplus, shall not in any Year exceed One Fourth Part of the Salary allotted to the Curate.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Bishop who shall grant any Licence to any Curate to serve any Church or Chapel where the Rector or Vicar or Person holding any Benefice is not resident for four Months in each Year, to allow, if he shall think fit, for the Residence of such Curate, the Parsonage or Vicarage House, or other House of Residence of the Person holding the Benefice, with the Office, Stables, Gardens and Appurtenances thereto belonging, if there shall be any such House of Residence belonging thereto, or any Part or Part thereof, during the time of such Curate's serving the Cure, or during the Non-Residence of such Rector or Vicar or Spiritual Person; and it shall be lawful for the Bishop assigning any such House or Residence to any Curate, to sequester the Profits of the Benefice to which the House shall belong, in any case in which Possession shall not be given up to the Curate, and until such Possession shall be given and so apply or direct the Application of the Profits arising from such Sequestration, or to what the same or any Part thereof, as the Bishop shall in his Discretion think fit.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That in every case where the Bishop shall appoint, for the Curate intended to serve any Benefice, a Salary not less than the whole gross Annual Value of the same, and shall, in addition to such Salary, direct that such Curate shall reside in the Parsonage or Vicarage House, or other House of Residence of the Spiritual Person holding such Benefice, such Curate shall be liable during his

Liability to be
Ratified by the
Bishop.

How Salary
assigned where
Curate is pre-
sented to serve
in an adjoining
Parish.

Agreements for
Salaries in Con-
trary to this
Act, void.

Notwithstanding
Payment and
Acceptance of
less than what
mentioned in
Licence.

Payment may
be enforced by
Motion, with
writ of Habeas
Corpus, or by
Application to
Bishop.

Curate's Salary,
if of Value of
Benefice, liable
to certain
Charges.

The Bishop to
allow Rector,
&c. to deduct
from Curate's
Salary, for Re-
pairs, for a house
&c. Amount in
certain cases.

The Bishop may
let the Parsonage
&c. to the Curate
in case of his
Residence in the
vicarage, &c.
Possession of
the House not
necessary.

Curate to pay
Tithes, &c. of
Parsonage
House in
certain cases.

holding such Cure, as the same Town and Parochial Rates and Assessments, in respect of such House and the Appendages thereof of which he may be in Occupation, as if he had been instituted or nominated or appointed to the said Benefice.

LXVI. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Bishop at any time, upon Three Months' Notice in Writing, to direct any such Curate to deliver up any such Parsonage or Vicarage House or other House of Residence, and the Offices, Stables, Gardens and Appurtenances thereto belonging, and such Curate shall thereupon presently deliver up the Possession of the said Premises, pursuant to such Notice; and in case any such Curate shall refuse to deliver up such Premises, he shall forfeit and pay to the Rector or Vicar, or Spiritual Person holding the Benefice, the Sum of Forty Shillings for every Day of such wrongful Possession to be recovered by such Rector or Vicar or Spiritual Person by Action of Debt in any Court of Record in Westminster, as any Premises may be recovered for Non-Residence under this Act.

LXVII. And he is further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the Rector or Vicar or other Person holding any Benefice, in any case in which the Parsonage or Vicarage, or other House of Residence shall have been assigned to the Curate as a Residence, to dispossess such Curate, or take Possession thereof, until the Permission of the Bishop shall have been given in Writing for that Purpose, and Three Months' Notice of such his Intention to the Curate, who shall thereupon quit the same according to such Notice; and every Curate who shall reside in the House of Residence of any Benefice which shall become vacant, shall quit such House of Residence within Three Months after the Institution or Appointment of any Spiritual Person therein, upon being required to so do by the Spiritual Person instituted or appointed, and having one Month's previous Notice at the least given to him to quit such House of Residence.

LXVIII. And he is further enacted, That no Curate shall quit any Benefice to which he shall be licensed, until after Three Months' Notice of his Intention to quit given to the Person holding such Benefice, and to the Bishop of the Diocese, save in the Consent of the Bishop of the Diocese, upon pain of forfeiting to the Spiritual Person holding the Benefice a Sum not exceeding the Amount of his Stipend for Six Months, at the Discretion of the Bishop, which Sum may in each case be retained out of the Stipend, if the time or any Part thereof shall remain unpaid; or if the same cannot be obtained out of the Stipend, may be recovered by the Spiritual Person holding the Benefice, as any Penalty or Forfeiture under this Act may be recovered.

LXIX. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Bishop of the Diocese to license any Curate who is or shall be actually employed by the Rector, Vicar or other Incumbent of any Church or Chapel, although no express Nomination of such Curate shall have been made to such Bishop by the said Rector, Vicar or other Incumbent; and that the Bishop shall have Power to revoke summarily and without Process any License granted to any Curate employed in his Diocese, or subject to his Jurisdiction by virtue of this Act, and to remove such Curate for any Cause which shall appear to such Bishop to be good and reasonable; subject nevertheless to an Appeal to the Archbishop of the Province, and to be determined in summary manner.

LXX. And he is further enacted, That every Bishop who shall grant or revoke any License to any Curate under this Act shall and he is hereby required to make a Copy of such License or Revocation to be entered in the Registry of the Diocese within which the Benefice is respected, whereof any such License shall be granted or Revocations made shall be locally fixated; and an Alphabetical List of such Licenses and Revocations shall be made out by the Registrar of each Diocese, and entered in a Book, and kept for the Inspection of all Persons, upon Payment of the Sum of Three Shillings and no more; and a Copy of every such License and Revocation with respect to any Benefice shall be transmitted by the said Registrar to the Churchwardens or Chapelwardens of the Parish, Township or Place to which the same relates, within One Month after the Grant of such License or Revocation thereof, to be by them deposited in the Parish Chest; and every Registrar who shall refuse or neglect or omit to make any such Entry, or to transmit any such Copy, shall forfeit for every such Offence in Eight the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered in any Penalty or Forfeiture may be recovered under this Act: Provided always, that every such Registrar shall, for every such Copy transmitted to such Churchwardens or Chapelwardens as aforesaid, be entitled as demanded and have from such Churchwardens or Chapelwardens a Fee of Ten Shillings and no more; and such Fee shall be allowed in the Accounts of such Churchwardens or Chapelwardens.

LXXI. And he is further enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Regulations, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things in this Act contained in relation to Bishops in their Dioceses, shall extend and be construed to extend in the Archbishops to the respective Dioceses of which they are Bishops, and also in them as in and under Jurisdiction, as fully and effectually as if the Archbishops were named with the Bishops in every such Act.

LXXII. And he is further enacted, That in all cases wherein the Term Benefice is used in this Act, the said Term shall be understood and taken to mean Benefices with Cure, and no others, and in comprehend therein, for the Purpose of this Act, all Dissensions, Perpetual Curacies and Parochial Chapels.

LXXIII. And he is further enacted, That every Archbishop and Bishop, within the Limits of whose Province or Diocese respectively any Benefice, respectively, Except or Prebend, shall be locally fixated, shall have, and exercise all the Powers and Authorities necessary for the due Execution by them respectively of the Provisions and Purposes of this Act, and for enforcing the same with regard thereto respectively, as such Archbishop and Bishop respectively would have used and exercised if the same were not Except or Prebend, but were subject in all respects to the Jurisdiction of such Archbishop or Bishop; and where any Benefice, Except or Prebend, shall be locally fixated within the Limits of more than One Province or Diocese, or where the same or any of them shall be locally fixated between the Limits of the Two Provinces, or between the Limits of any Two or more such Dioceses, the Archbishop or Bishop of the Cathedral Church, in whose Pro-

vice or Diocese of the Parish Church of the same respectively shall be seized in local Situations, shall have, use and exercise all the Powers and Authorities which are necessary for the due Execution of the Provision of this Act, and enforcing the same with equal efficacy respectively, as each Archbishop or Bishop could have used of the same were not Exempt or Peculiar, but shall be subject in all respects to the Jurisdiction of each Archbishop or Bishop respectively, and the same, for all the Purposes of this Act, shall be deemed and taken to be within the Limits of the Province or Diocese of each Archbishop or Bishop; provided that the Prelates belonging to any Archbishopric or Bishopric, though locally situate in another Diocese, shall continue subject to the Archbishop or Bishop to whom they belong, as well for the Purposes of this Act as for all other Purposes of Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in every case in which Jurisdiction is given to the Bishop of the Diocese, or to any Archbishop, under the Provisions of this Act, and for the Purposes thereof, and the enforcing the due Execution of the Provisions thereof, all other and concurrent Jurisdiction in respect thereof shall wholly cease, and no other Jurisdiction in relation to the Provisions of this Act shall be cited, exercised or enforced, save and except such Jurisdiction of the Bishop and Archbishop under this Act; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, or Usage or Customs to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where Proceedings under this Act are directed by Motion and Sequestration, such Motion shall also under the Hand and Seal of the Bishop, and being duly served shall be returned, with a Certificate of Service, into the Registry of the Consistory Court of such Bishop; and thereupon it shall be competent for the Party mentioned in such Certificate to Affidavit or otherwise, as the case may require, against the Sequestration issuing; and such Affidavit shall be shown to the contrary, the Sequestration shall issue under the Seal of the said Consistory Court, and in such Form as is commonly used on that behalf.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Bishop of any Diocese in which any Spiritual Person shall hold any Benefice or Rectory, or shall serve as Sederbury Curate, to recover any Penalty incurred under this Act, in a summary way, by Motion and Sequestration, to be issued in the manner by this Act directed, with the like Powers and Authorities, and subject to the like Restrictions as respect to Residence and Rejoinder of such Penalty, as are by this Act particularly provided in respect to Penalties for Non-Residence: Provided always, that no Spiritual Person against whom any such Proceeding shall have been made by any Bishop for the Recovery of any Penalty, shall thereafter be subject to any Action at Law by any Informer or other Person for the Recovery of any Penalty for the same Offence in respect of which such Proceeding shall have been made by the Bishop as aforesaid.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That any Fines, Charges, Costs or Expenses incurred or directed to be paid by any Spiritual Person under the Provisions of this Act, which shall remain unpaid for the Period of Twenty-one Days after Demand thereof in Writing delivered to or left at the usual or last Place of Abode of the Spiritual Person liable to the Payment thereof, may be recovered by Motion and Sequestration, to be issued in the manner directed by this Act.

LXXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That none of the Provisions of this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to render void or voidable, before the Thirtieth day of December next, any Licence or Exemption which would have been otherwise valid and effectual, nor to require any Licence to be taken before the said Thirtieth day of December next, which would not have been required by Law before the passing of this Act.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Commission issued by any Bishop to any Commissary or Commissioners appointed to administer the Oaths required to be taken by any Curate for the Purpose of any Licence or Licences granted under the Provisions of this Act shall be subject to any Stamp Duty; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter or affect His Majesty's Royal Prerogative in the granting of Dispositions for Non-Residence upon Benefices, as the same now exists by Law.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That no Parsonage that hath a Vicar endowed, or that hath a perpetual Curate, and having no Cure of Souls, shall be deemed or taken to be a Benefice within the Intent and Meaning of this Act.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Archbishop or Bishop having or who shall have any Benefice shall by reason of Non-Residence upon the same be subject or liable to any Penalties or Forfeitures: Provided always, that any Archbishop or Bishop who shall hold any Benefice in commendam with his Archbishopric or Bishopric, shall nominate and appoint a resident Curate, according to the Provisions of this Act.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed, construed or taken to derogate from, diminish, prejudice, alter or affect, otherwise than as expressly provided, any Powers, Authorities, Rights or Jurisdictions already vested in or belonging to any Archbishop or Bishop under or by virtue of any Statute, Canon, Usage or otherwise lawfully.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or alter the Provisions contained in any Act of Parliament, or any other Provision of Law, for the due Celebration of Divine Service in any Church or Chapel, or for the Discharge of any other Duty of any Rector or Vicar, or Person holding any Benefice, by himself or his Curate.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Provision in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland.

One Instance of the Powers and Authorities of Two Prelates.

Provision subject to Archbishop or Bishop, in every case they belong.

In every case in which Jurisdiction is given to Bishop, all other Jurisdiction ceases.

Issuing and serving such Certificates.

Certificate may be shown against Sequestration.

Penalties to be recovered by Motion and Sequestration.

But Party against whom such Proceedings had, may object to Affidavit at Law.

Recovery of Fines, &c.

Provision for Licences before 31st Dec. have the power to require any Licence before that time.

Commission is shown that the law is not subject to stamp Duty.

Regard for the Bishop's Prerogative in granting Dispositions.

Where Parsonage are deemed a Benefice.

Archbishop or Bishop not liable to Penalties for Non-Residence.

Provision for the Powers of Archbishops and Bishops.

Not for the due Celebration of Divine Service.

Act not to extend to Ireland.

CAP. C.

An Act to relieve the Burden by exempting Small Livings and Charitable Institutions from the Land Tax, and for making further Provision for the Redemption of the Land Tax. [10th July 1817.]

45 G. 3. c. 123.
45 G. 3. c. 41.
35 G. 3. c. 125.
35 G. 3. c. 123.

WHEREAS certain Acts passed in the Forty fifth, Forty sixth, Fifty fifth and Fifty sixth Years of His present Majesty, relating to the Redemption of the Land Tax, authorized the Commissioners appointed by His Majesty's Royal Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain for carrying into Effect certain Powers and Provisions of the Land Tax Redemption Act, to direct the Exemption and Discharge of the Land Tax charged upon Hereditaments belonging to Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions, in the manner and under the Direction in the said *respective Acts* respectively contained or referred to; and pursuant to the Powers so vested in the said Commissioners, they have executed and discharged the Land Tax charged upon the Hereditaments belonging to several Small Livings and Charitable Institutions: And Whereas it may be expedient to augment the Income of other Small Livings, or other Ecclesiastical Benefices, and of Charitable Institutions not already exempted from Land Tax, by exempting the same from the Land Tax charged on the Hereditaments belonging thereto respectively in the same manner as heretofore contained: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more of the Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by His Majesty by His Royal Letters Patent under the Great Seal, pursuant to a Provision contained in an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to alter and amend certain of the Powers and Provisions of several Acts passed for the Redemption and sale of the Land Tax, and for making further Provision for the Redemption thereof*, at any time or times after the passing of this Act, to direct the Exemption and Discharge of the Land Tax charged upon the Messuages, Lands or other Hereditaments belonging to any Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions, in cases where the whole clear annual income of such Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions respectively shall not exceed the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds, without the Transfer or Payment of any Consideration for the same, in the manner and under the Direction and Restrictions in this Act mentioned.

Commissioners under Great Seal pursuant to 35 G. 3. c. 123. &c. may exempt Small Livings and Charitable Institutions, not exceeding upon a Year, from Land Tax, without Transfer or Payment of Consideration. Income, &c. no greater than income to be realized of Income of Livings, &c. and of Commissioners of Hereditaments, &c. and Amount of Land Tax.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Inhabitant of any such Living or other Ecclesiastical Benefice, and all Officers or Trustees of any such Charitable Institution, who shall be desirous that the Hereditaments belonging to such Living or other Ecclesiastical Benefice or Charitable Institution should be exempted from Land Tax under the Provisions of this Act, shall, within Two Years after the passing of this Act, transmit a Memorial to the said Commissioners, verified in such manner as they shall require and direct, showing the Nature and Description of the Property or other Funds or Sources from whence the Income of such Living or Ecclesiastical Benefice or Charitable Institution is derived, and the Amount of Income derived from each respectively; and shall also at the same time transmit to the said Commissioners a Certificate, signed by the Clerk to the Commissioners of the Land Tax acting for the District, Town, Parish or Place where which the Hereditaments belonging to such Living or other Ecclesiastical Benefice or Charitable Institution shall be situate (which Certificate such Clerk is hereby required to grant), containing a Description in Writing of such Hereditaments, and the Name of the Parish or Place, or Parishes or Places, where which the same shall be situate, and the Amount or Amounts of the Land Tax charged thereon.

Commissioners may signify their dissent, putting both Memorials and Certificate.

III. Provided always, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, if they shall deem it expedient, to enlarge the time by this Act limited for the Transmission of any such Memorials and Certificates as aforesaid, for any further Period not exceeding Six Calendar Months from the Expiration of the Period by this Act limited as aforesaid for the Transmission thereof; and all Memorials or Certificates which shall be transmitted to the said Commissioners within such extended Period shall be as valid and effectual to enable the Exemption of Land Tax under the Provisions of this Act, as if the same had been transmitted within Two Years from the passing of this Act; and further, that if any such Memorials or Certificates which shall be transmitted either within the said Period of Two Years, or within the said extended Period, shall be found defective in Form, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to allow such time for the Amendment thereof as they in their Discretion shall think fit, and, upon Return thereof in their amended State, to examine the Hereditaments therein referred to from the Land Tax, as effectually as they could have done if such Memorials or Certificates, when originally transmitted, had not required Amendment.

Defects of Form in Memorials and Certificate may be corrected if transmitted within the time limited.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, by Writing under their Hands, to certify and declare that all the Hereditaments belonging to any such Living or other Ecclesiastical Benefice or Charitable Institutions as aforesaid shall be wholly freed and exempted from the Land Tax charged thereon, and from all further Assessments thereof; and such Hereditaments shall thereupon, and notwithstanding it may afterwards appear that any of them, or any Part thereof, were granted to be rated to the Land Tax at the same such Certificate of Land Tax shall have been obtained, be wholly freed and exempted from all Land Tax and all further Assessments thereof, from such of the quarterly Days of Payment of Land Tax as shall next precede the Day on which such Certificate of Exemption shall be left at the proper Office, for the Purpose of being duly registered in the manner heretofore prescribed.

Commissioners may by Writing signify that Livings are exempted from Land Tax. Such Livings free, though assessed so by rating on the Time Certificate obtained.

V. And Whereas in some Instances the Governors of the County of Queen Anne, for the Augmentation of the Maintenance of the Poor Clergy, have suggested Small Livings by appropriating, for the Benefit of such Livings respectively, undivided Shares in Farms, Lands or other Hereditaments rated to the Land Tax to One entire Share, in which case the Rent payable from the Tenant or Tenants thereof is received by the respective Incumbents of such suggested Livings, according to the Shares with which their re-

Spring

• *Specific Liabilities* have been suggested, on their allocation to the Tenant or Tenants a like proportionate
 • *Share of the Land Tax*, payable in respect of such Farms, Lands or other Hereditaments; Now be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by Letters Patent under the Great Seal, at any time within Two Years after the passing of this Act, to direct the Examiners and Deputies of the Land Tax charged upon any Farms, Lands or other Hereditaments with which Two or more Livings have been or to be jointly suggested as abridged, upon the Application of the Incumbent or Incumbents of any one or more of such Livings, and whether the Incumbent or Incumbents of the other Living or Livings shall or shall not join in such Application, in case it shall appear to the said Commissioners, by the Production of such Evidence as they may require and think satisfactory, that the clear annual income of each of such Livings is augmented (exclusive of the annual Value of the Augmentation) shall exceed the sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds, without the Transfer or Payment of any Consideration for the same, and by Writing under their Hands to certify and declare that the Farms, Lands or Hereditaments with which such Livings shall have been or to be jointly suggested, shall be wholly freed and exonerated from the Land Tax charged thereon, and from all further Assessments thereon, in the same manner as a heretofore directed with respect to the Exonerations of other Livings from the Land Tax under the Provisions hereinbefore contained.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Officer appointed for the Registry of Contracts for the Redemption of the Land Tax shall register all the said Certificates of Land Tax and the said Certificates of Exonerations granted, and shall make out and transmit Duplicate of the Land Tax thereby created and exonerated under the Provisions of this Act, and of all such other Acts and things necessary for the Exemption of the Hereditaments to be exonerated, as by the Acts now in force relating to the Redemption of the Land Tax, or any of them, are directed in regard to Contracts entered into under the Provisions thereof respectively; and every Copy of the Registry of any such Certificate, shall be allowed in all Courts and Places, and before all Persons, to be good and sufficient Evidence of such Certificate; and no such Certificate, nor any Copy of the Registry thereof, shall be liable to any Stamp Duty.

VII. And whereas it occasionally happens that the Hereditaments belonging to Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions, the clear annual income arising from which does not amount to the sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds, have not been rated to the Land Tax; Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to direct the Examiners and Deputies of the Hereditaments belonging to such Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions respectively from any future Assessment of Land Tax thereon, in the same manner and under the same Regulations, so far as the same are applicable, as the said Commissioners are by this Act authorized and empowered to do in cases where the Hereditaments belonging to any such Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions are or shall be rated to the Land Tax.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That a Statement of the Proceedings of the said Commissioners, with regard to the Exonerations of Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions from Land Tax, shall be laid before each of the Two Houses of Parliament before the Expiration of the Session of Parliament ending in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty; but that if, by reason of any Defect in the Form of any Memorial or Certificate, by this Act directed to be transmitted to the said Commissioners, the Proceedings of the said Commissioners, so far as they may relate to the Exonerations of any Land Tax mentioned or referred to in such Memorials or Certificates, shall needfully be delayed, so as to prevent a Return of these Proceedings thereon before the Expiration of such Session, then a Statement of the Proceedings of the said Commissioners, with regard to the Exonerations of the Land Tax mentioned or referred to in such last mentioned Memorials or Certificates, shall be laid before each of the Houses of Parliament before the Expiration of the Session ending in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty one.

IX. And be it further enacted, That where any Tenant or Lessee at a Rack Rent for any Term or Number of Years, or at Will, of any Lands, Tithes or other Hereditaments belonging to any Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions who have been exonerated from the Land Tax under the Provisions of the said Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty sixth, Fifty seventh and Fifty eighth Years of His present Majesty, or any of them, or shall be exonerated from Land Tax under the Provisions of this Act, shall have been or shall be bound by Agreement to pay the Land Tax charged thereon during the Continuance of any Lease or Demise, or any Agreement for a Demise, the Amount of the Land Tax from which such Lands, Tithes or other Hereditaments have been or shall be so exonerated, shall, from the respective Periods of such Exonerations, and during the Continuance of such Lease or Demise, be considered to be so referred or made payable thereon, and the same shall be payable on the same Days, and the same Powers shall be held, used and enjoyed for the Recovery thereof, and all Accrues thereof, from the respective Periods of such Exonerations, as for the Recovery of such Rent when in Arrear.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if every Contract entered into after the passing of this Act, and before the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, according to the Assessment of Land Tax made or to be made for the Year commencing from the Twenty fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, for the Redemption of Land Tax charged on any Messuages, Townships or other Buildings, without any Lands or Grounds adjoining therewith, or on any Messuages, Townships or other Buildings, together with any Lands adjoining wholly of Yards, Courts, Curtilages or inclosed Gardens, held, occupied and charged together with such Messuages, Townships or Buildings, where the Land whereon the said Messuages or Buildings shall stand, and of which the said Yards, Courts, Curtilages and inclosed Gardens shall consist, shall not exceed in the whole one Fourth Part of a Statute Acre, it shall be lawful

Commissioners may transmit from Land Tax Forms with which Two or more Livings have been or to be jointly suggested under Queen Anne's Statute, upon Application of the Incumbent, and may certify.

Certificates to be on Stamp Duty. Officer to transmit Duplicate of Land Tax.

Copy of Registry Evidence of Certificate.

Commissioners may transmit Copies under all Acts relating to the Land Tax, from Livings to be abridged.

Statement of Proceedings as to Exonerations to be laid before Parliament. Power for Deputies to bring before Deputies of Farms, &c.

Where Tenant at Rack Rent is bound to pay Land Tax on Lands belonging to him, he is considered to have paid the Amount of Land Tax exonerated to be considered as so referred.

Consideration for indemnifying Land Tax on Messuages and Buildings not exceeding One Fourth of an Acre less off-set.

Term of Con-

tract.

22nd & 12th

No Contract to be made for Redemption of Land Tax on the Terms of 11 Years Forfeiture, unless Affidavits be submitted showing the Possession of the Premises Capable to and where it is intended that the Tax be levied on them it shall not be valid for more than six calendar Months of equal Amount to that of the Land Tax.

Copy of the Act, as amended, shall be printed and sold by the Commissioners for Redemption of Land Tax, or by any other Person or Persons, at the Office of the Commissioners for Redemption of Land Tax, or by any other Person or Persons, at the Office of the Commissioners for Redemption of Land Tax.

Redemption Contracts to be delivered before the Land Tax is levied on the Land Tax shall not be subject to an Annual Rent Charge.

Provision of the Act Declaring that the Land Tax shall be levied on the Land Tax.

Minors to be provided by the Commissioners for Redemption of Land Tax, or by any other Person or Persons, at the Office of the Commissioners for Redemption of Land Tax, or by any other Person or Persons, at the Office of the Commissioners for Redemption of Land Tax.

Where Land subject to Mortgages, &c., shall be proposed to be sold for redemption of the Land Tax, the Commissioners may

lawful to contract and agree for the Redemption of such Land Tax for a Consideration in Money equal in Amount to Eighteen times the Amount of the Land Tax is contracted to be redeemed, to be paid in One entire Sum within Three Calendar Months from the Date of the Contract; and every such Contract shall be made in the Form, and the Consideration thereof shall be paid according to the Rules, specified in the Schedule marked (C.) to an Act passed in the Fifth third Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend and render more effectual several Acts passed for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax*.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Contract shall be made for the Redemption of Land Tax on the Terms of Eighteen Years' Purchase as aforesaid, unless an Affidavit in Writing shall be exhibited to the Commissioners for executing the said Contract, to be made before any Master Extraordinary in the Court of Chancery, or a Commissioner in One of the Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas, or Exchequer in England, or before some Justice authorized to take Affidavits in the Court of Sessions in Wales, or in the Courts of Sessions or Justiciary in Ireland, showing to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or the said Justice, that the Land Tax on Eighteen Years' Purchase, the Particulars of which the Premises on which the Land Tax intended to be redeemed shall equal, and that the same are of the Quality and do not contain above the Aforesaid amount before described.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Ecclesiastical or Lay Corporation, and Persons and Trustees for charitable or other public Purposes, and all other Persons entitled to the Patronage of any Living or Livings, to contract and agree for the Redemption of the Land Tax charged on the Glebe Lands, Tithes or other Hereditaments belonging to any such Living or Livings, in consideration only of so much Capital Stock in the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuitants and the Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuitants, or one of them, as will yield an Annuity or Dividend equal in Amount to the Land Tax to be redeemed; any thing in the Acts now in force, relating to the Redemption of the Land Tax or any of them, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in order to provide for any such Redemption by any Ecclesiastical or Lay Corporation, or by any Persons or Trustees for charitable or other public Purposes, it shall be lawful for them respectively, by and under the Direction and Authority of the Commissioners under the Great Seal, to sell any Hereditaments belonging to such Ecclesiastical or Lay Corporation, or Persons or Trustees respectively, in the same manner and under the same Regulations and Restrictions as they respectively could or might have done under the Powers and Provisions of the Land Tax Redemption Acts now in force, or any of them, for the Redemption of any Land Tax charged on the Lands belonging to them respectively, or to apply for the like Purposes any personal Property vested in the public Stocks or Funds, or any Legacies or voluntary Donations, or any other Trust Money which such Ecclesiastical or Lay Corporation, or Persons or Trustees, are authorized by the said Acts or any of them to lay out in the Redemption of Land Tax, or any Capital Stock or Money within or to be made by any Sale, Mortgage or Grant made or to be made by any such Ecclesiastical or Lay Corporation, or Persons or Trustees, for redeeming such Land Tax under the Powers and Provisions of the said Acts or any of them.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any such Ecclesiastical or Lay Corporation, or Persons or Trustees for charitable or other public Purposes, who shall be so desirous of redeeming any Land Tax charged on any Living or Livings in these Parishes, to declare in the Redemption Contracts respectively that they are desirous that the Lands or other Hereditaments, the Land Tax on which shall be proposed to be redeemed, shall not be subject to any Annual Rent Charge, or to any other Charge in favour of such Ecclesiastical or Lay Corporation or Persons or Trustees, in respect of such Redemption, in which case such Livings respectively, shall not be liable to the Payment of any such Annual Rent Charge, or to any other Charge in respect of such Redemption, under the Provisions of any of the Acts now in force relating to the Redemption of the Land Tax; but notwithstanding, if no such Declaration shall be contained in such Redemption Contracts, the Ecclesiastical or Lay Corporation, or Persons or Trustees redeeming such Land Tax, shall be entitled to an Annual Rent Charge along out of the Living the Land Tax on which shall be so redeemed, equivalent to the Amount of the Land Tax redeemed, in the same manner as is provided in similar cases by the Acts now in force relating to the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, and to the like Powers, or preventing or restraining any Clerk or Clerks to such Living or Livings, of suspending Payment of such Rent Charges respectively during the Incumbency or Incumbencies of such Clerk or Clerks respectively, as are by the said Acts or any of them given in the said Acts.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when any Lands or other Hereditaments shall be proposed to be sold by any Ecclesiastical or Lay Corporation, or Persons or Trustees for charitable or other public Purposes, for the purpose of redeeming any Land Tax under the Powers hereby before contained, the Ecclesiastical or Lay Corporation, Persons or Trustees for charitable or other public Purposes, desirous of making such Sale, shall procure a Memorial to the Commissioners appointed or to be appointed under the Great Seal, stating the Intention of making such Sale and the Object thereof, for the Approbation of such Commissioners; and such Commissioners or any Two of them are hereby required, if they shall approve of such Sale, to certify their Approbation thereof under their Hands.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That when any Lands or other Hereditaments, the Whole or Part whereof shall be exclusively subject to any Trusts, Mortgages, Liens or Incumbrances, shall be agreed or proposed to be sold under the Powers and Provisions of the Acts passed and now in force relating to the Redemption of the Land Tax, for the Purpose of redeeming any Land Tax charged on Hereditaments which shall, with the Exception of such Trusts, Mortgages, Liens or Incumbrances, first be agreed or settled or subject to the same (Said Trusts, Intests and Purports to the Lands or Hereditaments so agreed or proposed to be sold, or for the purpose of reimbursing any Stock or Money previously transferred or paid for redeeming such Land Tax,

That, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Redemption and Sale of Land Tax for the time being, if in their Judgment the Lands or other Hereditaments be agreed or proposed to be sold shall in either respect be eligible to be sold for the Purpose proposed, to direct the Party or Parties applying for the Sale thereof to make Application to the Court of Chancery in England, if the Estate shall be situate in England, or the Court of Session in Scotland, if the Estate shall be situate in Scotland; and in such cases it shall be lawful for the said Courts respectively (if such Courts respectively shall in their Decision think fit), upon Application made by Petition in a summary Way by or on behalf of the Parties or Parties desirous of making such Sale, to order and direct that the Lands or other Hereditaments be agreed or proposed to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid shall be sold and conveyed subject to such Trusts, Mortgages, Leases or other Incumbrances to which the same or any of them shall be in exclusively subject; and the Commissioners for the Redemption and Sale of Land Tax shall carry such Orders into Effect according to the Tenor and Effect thereof.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That where the Land Tax charged upon any Lands, Tenes or other Hereditaments belonging to any Archbishop or Episcopal See, or to any Bishop or Vicarage, shall have been redeemed by any Archbishop, Bishop, Rector or Vicar for the time being, by and out of the private Monies belonging to such Archbishop, Bishop or Rector or Vicar, and in such cases it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt, or to the Name of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, or to the Name or Name of any Trustees or Trustee, on account or for the Use of any such Archbishop or Episcopal See, or Bishop or Vicarage, which shall have arisen from any Sale, Mortgage or Grant, and which shall not have been applied for the Purpose for which such Sale, Mortgage or Grant shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the Archbishop or Bishop, or Rector or Vicar for the time being, by and under the Direction and Authority of the Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by Letters Patent under the Great Seal, to treat and agree with the Archbishop, Bishop, Rector or Vicar who shall have so redeemed such Land Tax, or with the Executors, Administrators or Assigns of such Archbishop, Bishop, Rector or Vicar, for the Purchase of an Assignment from them respectively of the Land Tax so redeemed; and for the Purpose of completing the Purchase of such Assignment, it shall be lawful for the said last mentioned Commissioners or any Two or more of them in order and direct the Consideration for such Purchase shall be paid or transferred by Sale or Transfer of a sufficient Part of such Stock; and the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and the said Commissioners for Redemption of the National Debt, and the said Accountant General, and all such Trustees or Trustee as aforesaid, are hereby respectively authorized and required, upon the Production of such Order, signed by any Two or more of the said Commissioners under the Great Seal, by Sale or Transfer of a sufficient Part of such Stock, to pay or transfer to the Parties or Parties signifying such Land Tax the Money or Stock specified in such Certificate; and the Receipts or Receipts of such Parties or Parties shall be sufficient Discharges for the Money or Stock to be paid or transferred; and upon any such Payment or Transfer being made as hereby is directed, and upon an Assignment being made of such Land Tax to the Archbishop, Bishop, Rector or Vicar for the time being (and which Assignment shall not be liable to any Stamp Duty), such Land Tax shall forthwith become merged and extinguished for the Benefit of the See or Living the Hereditaments belonging to which respectively or any of them shall have been charged with the said Land Tax.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That where there shall be any Surplus Stock standing in the Name of the Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt, to the Account of any Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Companies, or Partners or Trustees for Charitable or other public Purposes, arising from or produced by any Sale, Mortgage or Grant made or to be made by any such Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Companies, or Partners or Trustees, under the Powers and Provisions of the Land Tax Redemption Acts, or any of them, or of this Act, after satisfying the Purpose for which such Sale, Mortgage or Grant shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by Letters Patent under the Great Seal, by any Writing under their Hands, to order and direct the Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt to sell and transfer to such of such Stock as at the time of such Sale or Transfer shall produce the Sum which shall be allowed by the said Commissioners appointed by Letters Patent under the Great Seal as the Costs of such Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Companies, or Partners or Trustees, attending any such Sales, Mortgages or Grants; which Sum, when so raised, shall be paid to such Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Companies, or Partners or Trustees, to whom such Costs shall have been allowed, or to any Parties or Persons to be nominated by them respectively to receive the same, in Discharge of such Costs accordingly.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of Contracts already entered into, or which after the passing of this Act shall be entered into, by any such Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Companies, or Partners or Trustees as aforesaid, for the Redemption of any Land Tax, either under the Powers of the said Acts, or any of them, or of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said last mentioned Commissioners, by any Writing under their Hands, to give such Orders and Directions to the said Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt, with regard to the Transfer of any such Surplus Stock, or with regard to the Sale thereof or any Part thereof, and with regard to the Application of the Money arising from the Sale thereof, as the said Commissioners appointed by Letters Patent shall think proper, for the Purpose of making good the Transfer or Payment of the Stock or Money Consideration for the Redemption of such Land Tax, according to the Terms of such Redemption Contracts respectively, and for Payment of any Costs to be allowed by the said Commissioners; and the said Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt are hereby required to make or cause to be made all such Transfers, Sales and Payments according to such Orders.

C c 2

XX. And

And that any Application made to the Court of Chancery, if in England, and to the Court of Session, if in Scotland, Order thereon.

Which Land Tax collected by Archbishops, Bishops, and other private Monies, and where it shall standing in the Name of Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt, it is to be sold, but, as herein mentioned, no Order from Two Commissioners shall be made, may be transferred to Parties signifying such Land Tax.

Surplus Stock standing in the Name of Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt may be sold, in any Case of Companies, or Partners, or Trustees, as aforesaid, by the Commissioners.

Commissioners may give Directions to the Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt for making good the Transfer of Stock, according to the Terms of the Contracts, when so transferred accordingly.

In what cases
Allotments may
be made under
Sections A2B
in the Act of 1811
then made
in the Act of 1817
The purchase.

XX. And be it further enacted, That in all cases wherein, by reason of any Purchase made or to be made of any Land Tax under the Powers and Provisions contained in any of the Acts passed for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, the Lands or Hereditaments, the Land Tax on which has been or shall be so purchased, or any of them, have become or shall become charged with a yearly Rent or Sum as a Free Farm Rent, equal or Amount to the Land Tax so purchased, and any Common Lands, Waste Lands, or other Lands situate and being within the Parish, Township or District within which the Lands, any of which any such Free Farm Rent shall be owing, shall be situate, shall hereafter be devised or allotted and sold or sold under any Act or Acts of Parliament already passed or hereafter to be passed, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners or Commissioners respectively authorised to carry such Act or Acts of Parliament into Execution, to fit out or allot and award unto and for the Benefit of the Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Companies, or any other Person or Persons for the time being, seized of or entitled to the Receipt of such Free Farm Rents respectively, and in like manner, Sum or Sums and Discharge of such Free Farm Rents respectively, and to the same or the like Use as at the times of such Allotments shall respectively affect the said Free Farm Rents respectively, such Part or Parts of the Land to be so devised, allotted and sold as aforesaid, in the said Commissioners or Commissioners respectively shall in his or their Judgement deem an Equivalent for the Free Farm Rents in lieu of which such Lands shall be so allotted; such Commissioners or Commissioners taking care that such Allotments shall adjust or be so contiguous as may be to any other Allotments, if any, to the Proprietors of such Free Farm Rents, or to any Mortgagees or old Inclosures, if any, belonging to such Proprietors respectively.

Provisions of
the Act of 1817
and all other
Acts then made
in the Act of 1817
in relation
under the Act

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all and singular the Powers, Charities and Directions contained in an Act passed in the Forty-first Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for establishing in One Act certain Provisions usually inserted in Acts of inclosure, and for facilitating the Mode of proving the several Facts usually required in the passing of such Acts*; and also all and singular the Powers, Charities and Directions contained in any Inclosure Act already passed, but the Allotments under which have not been fit out, and to be contained in any future Acts of Parliament for devising, allotting or including any Common, Waste Lands or other Lands within any Parish, Township or Place in England or Wales, shall, in far as such several Powers, Charities and Directions shall be applicable to the case, be used, applied and exercised with respect to any Allotment or Allotments to be made in lieu of any Free Farm Rents under the Direction of this Act.

Commissioners
for the Affairs
of Taxes made
in the Act of 1817
and all other
Acts then made
in the Act of 1817
in relation
under the Act

XXII. And Whereas it appears that some Deeds of Sale, which, previous to the Reformation of the Commissioners hereinafter granted under the Royal Sign Manual, making the Persons therein named to be Commissioners for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, were intended to have been executed by and under the Authority of the Persons named in such Commissioners, have been executed by the Tenants for Life or other Persons having Authority, with the Consent of such Commissioners, to make such Sales, but have not been executed by such Commissioners; and Inasmuch here as some Instances arise as to the Mode of conducting Taxes under such Commissioners; and it is expedient that a discretionary Power should be given to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes of confirming the same, and also any Deed of Mortgage or Grant that may for the time be found imperfect; Be it therefore further enacted, That upon Provisions to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, or any Two of them, of any Deeds of Sale, Mortgage or Grant, that have been executed by any Tenant or Tenants for Life, or other Person or Persons having Authority under the Land Tax Redemption Acts for the time being to make any such Sale, Mortgage or Grant, with the Consent and Approbation of Two or more of the Commissioners for the time being, executed by and under the Royal Sign Manual, but which Deeds of Sale, Mortgage or Grant, have not been executed by the Commissioners, whose Consent was necessary in the Validity thereof, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes or any Two of them, on their being satisfied that such Deeds of Sale, Mortgage or Grant would have been authorised and available under the Powers and Provisions of the said Acts or some of them, if Two of the Commissioners for the time being acting by virtue of the Royal Sign Manual had been Parties to and executed the same, to sign and seal such Deeds of Sale, Mortgage and Grant, and to cause such Instruments to be made as such Deeds respectively, in the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes may, under the Circumstances of the case, think necessary or proper for showing their Assent to and Confirmation of such Sale, Mortgage or Grant; and all such Deeds of Sale, Mortgage or Grant, which shall be so signed and sealed by the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, or any Two of them, and upon which any such Instruments shall be made, shall be and the same are hereby respectively certified and confirmed from the respective Periods at which such Sales, Mortgage or Grants were respectively intended to take Effect, and the same shall be from such respective Periods as valid and effectual in the Law, and be considered as confirming upon the respective Purchaser or Mortgagees of the Lands and Hereditaments therein respectively comprised, or upon the respective Owners of any Rent Charges, and all Persons claiming by, from, through, under or in Trust for them respectively, as good a Title to the Lands or Hereditaments sold or mortgaged, or to the Rent Charges granted, with Two of the Commissioners for the time being acting under the Royal Sign Manual, and who would in like manner, under the Acts for the time being to confer to such Sales, Mortgage or Grant respectively, but approved of and confirmed thereby respectively, by signing and sealing such Deeds respectively, and on Deeds of Sale, Mortgage or Grant to be confirmed, shall require any Stamp Duty by reason of any Excise or Duties payable by the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, or by reason of any such Deed or Grant to be made thereby, respectively.

And in the
Act of 1817
and all other
Acts then made
in the Act of 1817
in relation
under the Act

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That any Contract shall have been entered into for the Redemption of any Land Tax, and any Contract shall have been entered into for Sale of any Lands or other Hereditaments for the Purpose of raising Money to complete the Contract for the Redemption of such Land Tax, and it shall appear that such Contract for Sale cannot, under the Powers and Authorities of the Land Tax Redemption Acts, or any of them, or by reason of some Defect in the Title to the Lands or other Hereditaments comprised

competed in such manner as they may be competent, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Affairs of Trade, or any Two of them, to assent and declare, with such Consent for Redemption of Land Tax; and thereupon it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to make such Orders and give such Directions as they shall think proper for the Redemption of any Stock or the Re-payment of any Money that may have been previously transferred or paid in purchase of such redeemed Capital; and the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and the several Receivers-General in England, and Collectors in Scotland, to whom the same may respectively appertain, shall, upon a Certificate of such Contract being so renewed, make, and they are hereby respectively required to make, such Renewal or Extension, as may be required.

XXIV. And whereas it is expedient to make Provision for the Enrollment and Register of Deeds which have not been duly enrolled or registered pursuant to the Direction of the General Acts passed relating to the Redemption of the Land Tax: Be it therefore further enacted, That all Deeds required by the said Acts or any act there to be enrolled or registered shall be valid and effectual, although the same should not have been or shall not be enrolled or registered within the Periods prescribed by the said Acts respectively, provided the same shall have been enrolled or registered before the piling of the said Acts, or shall be enrolled or registered within Twelve Calendar Months after the piling thereof; and that in case any such Deeds shall not be enrolled or registered within Twelve Calendar Months after the piling of the said Act, any such Deeds hereafter to be executed under the Powers of the said Acts or any of them, or of any Act, shall not be enrolled or registered within Six Calendar Months after the Execution thereof respectively, it shall be lawful for any Two or more of the Commissioners for the time being for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, if they shall think fit, upon the Production of any such Deeds, to order the same to be enrolled or registered; and that all Deeds to be enrolled or registered pursuant to any such Order shall be as valid and effectual as if the same had been enrolled or registered within the Periods prescribed by the said Acts or by the said Act; and that all Commissions made subsequent to any Deeds already enrolled or registered, or to be enrolled or registered under the said Act, and depending in point of Title on such Deeds, shall be of the Force &c. as if such Deeds had been enrolled or registered on the Day of the Date thereof; nevertheless nothing herein contained shall be valid as to any Affidavits heretofore made or hereafter to be made to correct or supply any Defects arising from the Want of such Enrollment or Register.

“ E.T.V. And Whereas for the Purpose of redeeming or purchasing Land Tax, or of raising Money for reimbursing the Stock or Money previously transferred or paid as the Consideration for a redeeming Land Tax, or for purchasing Assignments of Land Tax, or for some other Purpose for which Lands and Hereditaments were authorized to be sold under the Powers and Provisions of the Acts heretofore pulled, relating to the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax or Parts of them, some Sales of Lands and other Hereditaments have been made, the Titles to which, as derived under such Sales, may be considered good or voidable, or liable to be impeached at Law or in Equity, or be liable to Objections calculated to impede the free Alienation thereof: Now be it further enacted, That all Sales made, and all Conveyances executed, of Lands or other Hereditaments sold for the Purpose of redeeming or purchasing Land Tax, or for raising Money in her behalf as aforesaid, provided such Conveyances shall appear to have been executed under the Authority and with the Consent and Approbation of the respective Commissioners for the time being authorized to make or to be made under the Powers of the said Acts respectively, or any of them, shall be as the same are hereby enacted and confirmed from the respective Periods at which such Sales and Conveyances were respectively made and executed, and the same shall be from each respective Period valid and effectual, and be considered as being such upon the respective Periods of the Lands and Hereditaments thereon respectively comprised, and all Parties claiming by, from, through, under or in Trust for them respectively, a good and valid Title, shall have and enjoy the same, as if the Lands or Hereditaments, in all Intoxic and Purposes whatsoever, were at the said Sales, or any such Sale or Conveyance the entire and sole landings.

XXVII. Power is given, and it is further enacted, That every Person who may conceive himself or herself aggrieved or prejudiced by any Sale or other condition of the Act, of such Rights shall or may, at any legal Disability, in a written True and just Affidavit before the Deveree of a Court of Equity, on a Bill filed, or by a Petition, and by the usual Process directed before the Master or to an Order thereupon, and shall make such Devere Account, and for and thereby such Costs or Expenses, and such Court shall order or direct, in all the said Cases and Terms of such Annual Real Change between different Real Change in such manner as the said Court shall order the Circumstances of the case, in its Discretion think proper; and shall also have Power to make such Order respecting the Calls of the Parties as the said Court shall think fit.

XXVIII. And be it further sealed, That all and every the Powers and Privileges contained in any Act in Force at the time of the passing of this Act, touching the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, shall be lawfully applied and construed in like manner as if the same Powers and Privileges had been contained and enacted in this Act.

1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1033-1037.
 2. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1038-1042.
 3. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1043-1047.

Heavily armed
the units were
directed to clear the
Forest in preparation
for the assault.
The first assault
of the 1st Cavalry
Division was made
on the night of
October 25, 1965.
The 1st Cavalry
Division was
the first to enter
the Forest.

In what only
internal sales
and country-
source combined

100

1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 26

*Please note that Mag-
Net's new EQuipe and
EPA services will be available
at a few locations.

THE

Flowers of *Stellaria media* (long, slender, drooping) and *Hebe* (two opposite, pointed) are shown.

C A P. CL.

An Act to continue an Act, intitled *An Act further to extend and render more effectual certain Provisions of an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intitled 'An Act to prevent frauds and pecuniary Arrears,' and of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, to explain, amend and render more effectual the said former Act; and of Two Acts, passed in the Nineteenth and Forty third Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, extending the Provisions of the said former Act.* [11th July 1817.]

175 G. 3. 1042

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act further to extend and render more effectual certain Provisions of an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intitled 'An Act to prevent frauds and pecuniary Arrears,' and of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, to explain, amend and render more effectual the said former Act; and of Two Acts, passed in the Nineteenth and Forty third Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, extending the Provisions of the said former Act; And Whereas the said recited Act will expire at the End of the present Session of Parliament, unless the same shall be continued; and it is expedient that the same should be continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall continue and be in force until the First Day of November in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and thenceforth until the End of the three next Session of Parliament, and so longer.*

continued.

C A P. CII.

An Act to defray the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and contingent Expenses of the Disembodied Militia in Great Britain, and of the Musters of Cavalry and Dragoon; and for granting Allowances, in certain cases, to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Quartermasters, Sergeants' Mates and Sergeant Majors of Militia, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen. [11th July 1817.]

(This Act, except as to Dates and the Sittings that are retained, and except as to Sittings 1. 18. and 21. which are added, and also except as to Sittings 17. of 25 G. 3. c. 90. which is inserted, is the same as the said Act of 25 G. 3. c. 90.)

WHEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and contingent Expenses of the Regular Militia, and of the Musters of Cavalry and Dragoon (when disembodied), in Great Britain, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and also for making Allowances of Reduced Pay, in certain cases, to Subaltern Officers and Sergeants' Mates of the Regular Militia and Musters of Dragoon and Cavalry in Great Britain, when disembodied; and also Allowances to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors of the Regular Militia, who have been or may be reduced; and to Adjutants, Sergeants and Quartermasters, after long Service: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Secretary at War for the time being may and shall and he is hereby authorized, empowered and required to make to be made and paid the whole Sum required for the Regular Militia of Great Britain (when disembodied), in the manner and for the several Uses hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say,) for the Pay of the said Regular Militia at the Rates following; that is to say,

Secretary at War
to settle the
Money required
for the Pay of
the Regular
Militia when
disembodied.
Rates of Pay.

For each Adjutant, Eight Shillings per Diem :

For each Paymaster, in Corps consisting of Three Companies, and upwards, Six Shillings per Diem :

For each Paymaster, in Corps consisting of Two Companies, Five Shillings per Diem :

For each Paymaster, in Corps consisting of One Company, Four Shillings per Diem :

For each Sergeant, Six Shillings per Diem :

For each Quartermaster, where One had been appointed in a Corps while embodied at an Establishment of not less than Three hundred and forty Private Men, Five Shillings per Diem; and at an Establishment of less than Three hundred and forty Private Men, Three Shillings per Diem :

For each Sergeant Major, having been Sergeant Major of a Provisional Battalion of Militia, Two Shillings and Sixpence per Diem :

For each Sergeant Major, where One is appointed in a Corps consisting of Two or more Companies, One Shilling and Two pence per Diem :

For each Sergeant having been a Colour Sergeant in One of the Provisional Battalions of Militia, Two Shillings per Diem :

For each Sergeant, One Shilling and Sixpence per Diem :

For each Corporal, One Shilling and Two pence per Diem :

For each Drum Major, where One is appointed in Corps consisting of Three or more Companies, One Shilling and Sixpence *per Diem* :

For each Drummer, One Shilling *per Diem* :

Provided always, that when any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer shall be absent on Furlough or Licence, such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer shall during such Absence receive Pay at the following Rates, instead of their above mentioned ; that is to say,

Rate of Pay when absent on Furlough.

Every Sergeant Major, having been Sergeant Major of a Provisional Battalion of the Militia, Two Shillings *per Diem* :

For every Sergeant, having been a Colour Sergeant in any Provisional Battalion of the Militia, One Shilling and Sixpence *per Diem* :

For every Colour Major, where One is appointed in Corps consisting of Two or more Companies, One Shilling and Four pence *per Diem* :

For every other Sergeant, the Sum of One Shilling *per Diem* :

For every Corporal, the Sum of Eight pence *per Diem* :

For every Drum Major, where One is appointed in Corps consisting of Three or more Companies, the Sum of One Shilling *per Diem* :

And for every Drummer, the Sum of Sixpence *per Diem* respectively, and no more :

And also for the Clothing of the Regular Militia (when embodied), in cases in which full Clothing shall be provided by the Colonel or Commandant, at the Rate of Five Pounds Twelve Shillings and One Penny for each Sergeant Major ; Three Pounds for each Sergeant ; One Pound Seventeen Shillings and Four pence for each Corporal ; Two Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Seven pence for each Drum Major ; Two Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Seven pence for each Drummer ; and One Pound Seventeen Shillings for each Private Man ; and so in Proportion in the cases in which only Part of the Clothing shall be provided by the Colonel or Commandant, together with the actual Expense of Package and Carriage, and such Charges for altering and fitting the Clothing as shall have been notified by the Secretary at War ; and that such Sergeant Major, Drum Major, Sergeant, Corporal and Drummer, who may be retained on constant Pay, and resident at Head Quarters, shall be classified once in Two Years, as follows at the Rate of Three pence *per Month* for each Private Man and Drummer, for defraying the contingent Expenses of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps.

Clothing.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Adjutant, Paymaster, Surgeon, Quartermaster, Non Commissioned Officer and Drummer of Regular Militia when embodied, shall be constantly residing within the City, Town, or Place where the Arms of the Corps to which such Officers belong are kept, or within reasonable Distance of the Depot, as shall be notified by the Secretary at War : Provided always, that every such Adjutant, Paymaster, Surgeon, Quartermaster, Non Commissioned Officer or Drummer, shall forfeit his Pay for any Period during which he shall be absent, except when absent by Leave from the Colonel or Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, which Leave shall not exceed beyond Three Calendar Months in One Year, except in case of certified Sickness, or to a greater Proportion than One Third of the Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers at the same time, or beyond such Period of Three Months, except in case of Sickness.

Reference of certain Officers to be where Arms of the Corps are kept, or within reasonable Distance.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Quartermaster of each Regiment of Militia, in which a Quartermaster is appointed, and when no Quartermaster is appointed, then the Paymaster shall have the Charge and Care of the Arms, Accoutrements, Great Coats, Clothing, New Shoes and other Stores, under the Superintendence of the Colonel or Commandant ; and the Paymaster shall, out of the Allowance of Three pence *per Month* for each Private Man and Drummer directed by this Act to be issued and paid for defraying the contingent Expenses of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, freestone to time, Use and pay such Sum of Money, as may be necessary for the Repair of Arms and other useful contingent Expenses, upon an Order in Writing signed by the Colonel or other Commandant ; and after Payment of such Sum as aforesaid, he shall Three times in the Year make up Accounts of all such Money, and of the Expensures thereof, showing the Balance remaining in his Hands, (which said Balance shall form a Bank Fund for the Use of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps,) and shall transmit the same to the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to be by him examined, allowed and signed ; and the said Accounts so allowed and signed, shall be and are hereby declared to be the proper Vouchers and Account of such Paymaster, for the Application and Disposal of such Money.

Quartermaster, or, in Case of Arms, Clothing, Accoutrements, New Shoes and other Stores, under the Superintendence of the Colonel, the Money for contingent Expenses on an Order signed by the Colonel, &c.

Reference to Bank Funds. Accounts directed to be transmitted to the Commandant. The Money to be made up in Accounts.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Sergeants' Mates of the Militia who shall claim under the Authority of this Act to receive any Part of the said Allowances, shall, previous to receiving the same, and in order to entitle themselves thereto, take and subscribe an Oath before some One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the United Kingdom, in the Words or to the Effect following ; (to-wit) :

I, A.B. do swear, That I belong to the _____ of Militia, when the same was embodied, and that I have continued to serve therein from that time until the _____ Day of _____ inclusive, as a Lieutenant, Ensign or Sergeant's Mate (as the case may be), and that I was not in my own Right or in Right of my Wife during the said Period in the actual Possession and Enjoyment or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments of such an annual Value above Repayment as would qualify me to hold a Commission of Captain of a Company in the Militia ; that I have not during the above Period held the Appointment of Adjutant, Surgeon, Paymaster or Quartermaster, in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia ; that I did not hold or enjoy, nor did any _____ Person

- Perfor to be held or doing, during the said Period, any Office or Income whatsoever from the Public, &c. or accept any Half Pay as a
 • of the Army, Navy, Marines or of a Provisional Battalion
 • formed from the Militia (as the case may be).
 So help me GOD.

Which Oath is taken and subscribed shall be produced to the Paymaster of the Regiment of Militia by the Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate claiming the Allowance.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia, after the aforesaid period thereof, and before the time fixed for the Payment of the said Allowance, shall not be called out for the annual Exercise and Training thereof, every Subaltern Officer and Surgeon's Mate belonging to any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and coming within the Description of this Act, who shall have taken and subscribed the Oath herebefore mentioned before any such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the said Allowance as if such Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate had regularly attended the annual Exercise and Training of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps during the Whole of the time by Law appointed for that Purpose, and as if a certificate of such Attendance, signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, had been furnished to the Paymaster of the Regiment.

XI. And be it further enacted, That upon such Oaths and Certificates as aforesaid, or where any Regiment of Militia shall not have been called out in their annual Exercise as aforesaid, upon the said Oaths being produced to the respective Paymaster, it shall be lawful for such Paymaster, and they are hereby authorized and required, to pay to the said Subaltern Officers and Surgeon's Mates, according to their respective Commissions of Lieutenant, Ensign or Surgeon's Mate, the Allowance there mentioned, for Six Months or other proper Period, on the Twenty fourth Day of December next, and the other proper Proportion of the same on the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, without any Deduction whatsoever; the Oaths and Certificates before mentioned to be by them performed and produced among the Vouchers for the Payments from time to time made by them in pursuance of this Act, or of any Regulation made by the Secretary at War.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person being on Naval or Military Half Pay, or being entitled to any Allowance, as having served in any of His Majesty's Forces, or Navy or Marines, and serving in the Militia, shall and may and he is hereby empowered to receive and take the Pay and Allowance by this Act directed to be paid to Field Officers, Captains, Lieutenants, Ensigns, Adjutants, Paymasters, Quartermasters, Surgeons and Surgeon's Mates when entitled to the usual Training; and the receiving and taking any such Pay and Allowance by any such Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Quartermaster, Surgeon or Surgeon's Mate, shall not prevent such Person on Half Pay, or being entitled to any such Allowance, from receiving his Half Pay or such Allowance; and such Person shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to administer the same.

- I, *A. B. de Jure*, I had not between the _____ and the _____ any Place or Employment of Profit
 • Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allowance of Half Pay as a Reduced
 • in His Majesty's Navy [or in the Marines, or in _____] late Regiment of _____
 • or Allowance as an _____ late Troop of Horse Guards, or [_____ Regiment of Horse reduced],
 • and except my Pay or Allowance as a Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Pay-
 • master, Quartermaster, Surgeon or Surgeon's Mate, while entitled for Training and Exercise; (as the case
 • may be,) for serving in the Militia of the County of _____

And the taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to entitle such Person to receive his Half Pay or the said Allowance without taking any other Oath; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, every Adjutant of Regular Militia who shall have served faithfully, either in His Majesty's Regular Forces or in the Regular or Local Militia, for the full Term of Twenty Years in the Whole, whereas Ten shall have been in Service as an Adjutant of Regular Militia, who shall have been or shall be by Age or Infirmary rendered unfit for further Service, shall, on producing to the Secretary at War a Certificate of such Service of Twenty Years as aforesaid, from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, and upon obtaining an Order from the Secretary at War, founded upon such Certificate, be entitled to receive, and the Paymaster aforesaid shall be and is hereby authorized to pay to such Person an Allowance at the Rate of Eight Shillings per Annum: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall hold any Office or Employment with Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty: Provided also, that no such Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay by reason of receiving such Allowance as aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, any Quartermaster of Regular Militia who shall have served faithfully, either in His Majesty's Regular Forces or in the Regular or Local Militia, for the full Term of Thirty Years in the whole, whereas Fifteen shall have been in a Quartermaster of Regular Militia, and who shall have been or shall be by Age or Infirmary rendered unfit for further Service, shall, on producing to the Secretary at War a Certificate of such Service of Thirty Years as aforesaid from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, and obtaining from the Secretary at War an Order founded upon such Certificate, be entitled to receive, and the Paymaster of the Regiment shall be and is hereby authorized to pay to such Person, an Allowance at the Rate of his Pay when serving in the aforesaid Regular Militia: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty: Provided also, that no such Quartermaster shall

shall, by reason of receiving such Allowance as aforesaid, forfeit any Right what so ever to have to Half Pay, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Sergeant of Regular Militia, having faithfully served, either in His Majesty's Regular Forces or in the Militia, for the full Term of Twenty Years, shall by Age or Infirmary be rendered unfit for further Service, he shall, on producing to the Secretary at War a Certificate of such Service of Twenty Years in the whole (Two of which he shall have served as a Sergeant of Militia) from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps in which he shall have belonged, and obtaining an Order from the Secretary at War founded upon such Certificate, be entitled to receive, and the Paymaster of the Regiment shall be and he is hereby authorized and required to pay to such Person as Allowance at the Rate of Six Shillings per Diem, commencing the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; Provided always, That no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty; but no Person receiving such Allowance shall by reason thereof forfeit his Right to any Half Pay to which he may be entitled.

XX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia shall have already existed and determined or been reduced in its Establishment, or shall exist and determine or be reduced in its Establishment during the Continuance of this Act, the Sum of Four Shillings per Diem shall be paid to such Person as has actually served as Adjutant to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, to the time such Regiment shall exist and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment, in the Case may be, to the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty; but no such reduced Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay of the Navy, Army, Marine or a Periodical Pensions formed from the Militia by reason of receiving such Allowance as is last aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

XXI. And whereas certain Adjutants and Sergeant Majors are entitled to and have received certain Allowances in consequence of having been induced under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirty fourth and Forty first Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, which Allowance has been continued, and so to such Adjutants and Sergeant Majors as are entitled to such Allowance, be it therefore enacted, That all such Adjutants and Sergeant Majors shall be entitled to receive and shall receive such Allowance from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, to be paid as heretofore by the Receiver General of Customs; and all Payments of such Allowance to any such Adjutant by any Receiver General shall be deemed good and valid Payments, and be also on their Accounts as such.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That every reduced Adjutant entitled to any Allowance under the said Act of the Thirty fourth and Forty first Years aforesaid, or any subsequent Acts continuing such Allowance, or this Act, may receive and take such Allowance together with any Full Pay, Half Pay or Allowance which was payable together with such reduced Allowance under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for amending and reducing into one Act of Parliament the Laws relating to the Militia in that Part of Great Britain called England* (a): Provided always, that no such reduced Adjutant shall be entitled to receive any Allowance under this Act during the time he shall hold any Place or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, other than such as aforesaid.

(a) [26 G. 3. c. 107. Repealed 42 G. 3. c. 96. § 1.]

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money granted for the Pay, Clothing, Allowances and contingent Expenses for the Regular Militia when disbanded as aforesaid, shall be issued and paid under the Direction of the Secretary at War, according to such Regulations as have been or shall be established on that Head.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

C A P. III.

An Act for defraying, until the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland; and for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. [11th July 1817.]

[This Act, except as to Dates and the Statutes that are repealed, is the same as 55 G. 3. c. 121.]

WHEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, from the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen until the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for every County, County of a City or Town in Ireland, where the Militia is or shall be raised, there shall be issued and paid out of the Produce of the Consolidated Fund (not in full) for the Pay of the said Militia, at the Rate of Eight Shillings per Day for each Adjutant, and at the Rate of Six Shillings per Day for each Paymaster and Surgeon respectively, where an Adjutant, Paymaster or Surgeon is appointed; and at the Rate of Five Shillings per Day for each Quarter Master, where

Sergeants in Light Infantry, when a Service of six Years, and more for further Service, is necessary in any Day

Adm. to Half Pay.

Reduced Adjutants may receive no more than eight Shillings per Diem.

Adm. to Half Pay.

Adjutants and Sergeant Majors entitled to Allowances under 38 G. 3. c. 11. &c. as G. 3. (U.K.) c. 11. and 18 G. 3. c. 11.

Reduced Adjutants may take such Allowance as is any Pay or other Allowance in which they may be entitled under 18 G. 3. c. 11.

Pay, Clothing, &c. issued under Direction of Secretary at War.

Continuance of Act.

Pay at Advance for each County, &c. where Militia is raised. Rates of Pay.

Costs of
Expenses.
Clothing.

Rate of Pay
when on Full
Pay.

Charges of pack-
ing and convey-
ing of Clothing
provided for.

Allowed to ac-
crued to Lord
Lieutenant and
Treasury the
Deposit Excess,
the, and Vice
Treasurer pay
the same here-
in provided

Money granted
for Pay, &c. to
be paid under the
Direction of
Lord Lieuten-
ants.

Lord Lieuten-
ants, on receiv-
ing a Certificate
from the Colo-
nel, certifying
the Receipt of
the Clothing,
&c. shall draw
Money for the
Payment.

where a Quarter Master is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Two pence per Day for each Serjeant Major and Quarter Master Serjeant resident at the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion or Company; where a Serjeant Major and Quarter Master Serjeant are appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Six pence per Day for each Serjeant to resident as aforesaid; and at the Rate of One Shilling per Day for each Drummer to resident as aforesaid, with the Addition of Sixpence per Day for each Drum Major, where a Drum Major is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling per Day for each Fifer to resident as aforesaid; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Two pence per Day for each Corporal to resident as aforesaid: And also at the Rate of Three pence per Month for each Private Man and Drummer, for defraying the consequent Expenses of such Regiment and Battalion of Militia: And also for the Clothing of the Militia for each County, after the Rate of Four Pounds Fourteen Shillings and Two pence for each Serjeant Major and Quarter Master Serjeant, Three Pounds Nine Shillings and Eight pence for each Serjeant, Two Pounds One Shilling and Two pence for each Corporal, Four Pounds Six Shillings and Seven pence for each Drum Major, and Three Pounds Five Shillings and Two pence for each Drummer, when such Serjeant Majors, Quarter Master Serjeants, Drum Majors, Serjeants, Drummers and Corporals, have not been clothed within Two Years; and with respect to the Private Militia Men, at the Rate of Two Pounds One Shilling and Four pence for each Private Militia Man, when such Private Militia Men have not been clothed within Four Years: Provided always, that where any Serjeant Major, Drum Major, Serjeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall be absent on Furlough or Licence, such Serjeant Major, Drum Major, Serjeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall, during such Absence, receive the Rate of Pay following: (that is to say,) every Serjeant Major the Sum of One Shilling and Four pence, every Drum Major the Sum of One Shilling, every Serjeant the Sum of One Shilling, every Corporal the Sum of Eight pence, and every Drummer the Sum of Sixpence per Day respectively, and no more; and it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to direct that any such Pay shall be paid out of the same fund for any Period not exceeding Four Months from the time when such Advances shall be made.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to direct such further Sums to be raised and paid as shall be requisite for the Payment of the necessary Charges of the packing and conveying of any such Clothing, and for any Alteration thereof to fit the Non Commissioned Officers and Private Men of the said Militia respectively.

V. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors, at a General Meeting to be held for any County, County of a City or Town in Ireland, shall have fixed the Days of Exercise for the Militia, the Colonel or Commanding Officer shall, as soon as may be, certify the same to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or his or their Chief Secretary for the time being, and to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, specifying the Number of Men, and the Number of Days each Man are to be absent from Home on account of such Exercise, not exceeding in the whole Twenty eight Days; and the Vice Treasurer for Ireland is hereby required within Fourteen Days after the Receipt of a Warrant thereon from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to cause to be issued and paid out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund in Ireland, at the Rate of Ten Shillings per Day for the Captain of each Company, at the Rate of Five Shillings and Eight pence per Day for each Lieutenant, and of Four Shillings and Eight pence per Day for each Ensign, at the Rate of Seven Shillings and Six pence per Day for each Adjutant Surgeon, and also at the Rate of One Shilling per Day for each Private Militia Man, for any Number of Days not exceeding Twenty eight during which such Men shall be absent from Home on account of their Attendance at such Place of Annual Exercise.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money granted for the Pay, Clothing and contingents Expenses of the said Militia as aforesaid, and the Allowances to Adjutants and Serjeants of the said Militia, shall be issued and paid under the Direction of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, who are and are hereby empowered to issue such Regulations as he or they may deem expedient to adapt from time to time to the said Militia.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, as soon as he or they shall receive a Certificate under the Hand of the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the respective Regiments or Battalions of the Militia of Ireland, certifying the Receipt of the Clothing, which Certificate shall specify the Number of Serjeant Majors, Quarter Master Serjeants, Serjeants, Corporals, Drummers and Private Men for whom the same shall have been supplied, shall issue a Warrant to the Vice Treasurer for Ireland for Payment of the same; and the said Vice Treasurer upon receiving an Order from the said Colonel or Commanding Officer for Money due on account thereof, payable in the Prison or Penitentiary who furnished the said Clothing, shall cause the Sums mentioned in such Warrant and Order to be paid to the Prisoner entitled to receive the same, provided the said Clothing shall not exceed the Allowances hereinafter directed; and such Warrant and Order, together with the Receipt of the Prisoner receiving the said Money, shall be a sufficient Voucher for such Payment.

C. A. P. CIV.

An Act to reduce the Number of Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers in the Militia of Ireland, whilst disembodied.

[11th July 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's said Majesty, intituled *An Act for amending and reducing into One Act the several Acts relating to the Militia of Ireland*; it is amongst other Things enacted, that the Ordinary Establishment of Militia shall be Sixty five Privates, Four Sergeants, Five Corporals and Two Drummers: And Whereas it may not be found necessary to have so great a Proportion of permanent Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers in the said Militia whilst the same is disembodied; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of the Death or Dismissal or Removal of any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, or any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, which shall not be embodied and filled up until the Numbers of such Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers shall be reduced below the Number of One Sergeant and One Corporal for every Thirty Private Men, and One Drummer to every Company; and that from and after such Reduction by Death, Dismissal or Removal as aforesaid, the Ordinary Establishment of the Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers in every Company of every Regiment or Battalion of Militia, while the same shall be disembodied and shall not be filled up until the Numbers of such Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers shall be reduced below the Number of One Sergeant and One Corporal, and no more, in every Company, with an Addition of One Drummer to each Flank Company; and if it shall happen that there shall then remain a Surplus of Private Men and less than Thirty, every such Regiment shall and may in such Case have One additional Corporal for such Surplus Number of Men; and when any such Regiment of Militia shall be drawn out into actual Service, such Addition shall be made thereto that there shall be One Sergeant and One Corporal to every Twenty Private Men, and Two Drummers to every Company.

Year of His present Majesty's said Majesty, intituled *An Act for amending and reducing into One Act the several Acts relating to the Militia of Ireland*; it is amongst other Things enacted, that the Ordinary Establishment of Militia shall be Sixty five Privates, Four Sergeants, Five Corporals and Two Drummers: And Whereas it may not be found necessary to have so great a Proportion of permanent Sergeants, Corporals or Drummers in the said Militia whilst the same is disembodied; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of the Death or Dismissal or Removal of any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, or any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, which shall not be embodied and filled up until the Numbers of such Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers shall be reduced below the Number of One Sergeant and One Corporal for every Thirty Private Men, and One Drummer to every Company; and that from and after such Reduction by Death, Dismissal or Removal as aforesaid, the Ordinary Establishment of the Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers in every Company of every Regiment or Battalion of Militia, while the same shall be disembodied and shall not be filled up until the Numbers of such Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers shall be reduced below the Number of One Sergeant and One Corporal, and no more, in every Company, with an Addition of One Drummer to each Flank Company; and if it shall happen that there shall then remain a Surplus of Private Men and less than Thirty, every such Regiment shall and may in such Case have One additional Corporal for such Surplus Number of Men; and when any such Regiment of Militia shall be drawn out into actual Service, such Addition shall be made thereto that there shall be One Sergeant and One Corporal to every Twenty Private Men, and Two Drummers to every Company.

By C. J. 1817
No. 104.

Regulation no. 104.
Ordinary Estab.
Militia of
Sergeants, &c.
of the Militia

C. A. P. CV.

An Act to encourage the Establishment of Banks for Savings in Ireland. [11th July 1817.]

WHEREAS certain Provident Institutions or Banks for Savings have been and may be established in Ireland for the safe Custody and Investment of small Savings belonging to the indolent Classes of His Majesty's Subjects there; and it is expedient to give Provision to such Institutions and the Funds so thereby established, and to afford Encouragement to others to form the like Institutions; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Number of Persons who have formed or shall form any Society in any Part of Ireland, for the Purpose of establishing and maintaining any Institution in the Nature of a Bank, to receive Money for the Benefit of the Persons depositing the same, and to accumulate the Produce of so much thereof as shall not be required by the Depositors, their Executors or Administrators, to be paid in the Nature of Compound Interest, and to return the whole or any Part of such Deposits, and the Produce thereof, to the Depositors, their Executors or Administrators, deducting only out of such Produce so much as shall be required to be so returned for the Purpose of paying and discharging the necessary Expenses attending the Management of such Institutions, according to such Rules, Orders and Regulations as shall have been or shall be established for that Purpose, but drawing no Benefit whatsoever from any such Deposit or the Produce thereof, shall be deemed of having the Benefit of the Provisions of this Act, such Persons shall make the Rules, Orders and Regulations established or to be established for the Management of such Institutions, to be entered, deposited and filed in manner hereafter directed, and thereupon shall be deemed to be entered so and shall have the Benefit of the Provisions contained in this Act.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no such Institution so established shall have the Benefit of this Act, unless the Rules, Orders and Regulations for the Management thereof shall be entered in a Book or Books to be kept by an Officer of such Institution to be appointed for that Purpose, and which Book or Books shall be open at all reasonable times for the Inspection of the Persons making Deposits in the Funds of such Institution; and unless such Rules and Regulations shall be fairly transcribed on Parchment, and such Transcript shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division or Place wherein such Institution shall be established; which Transcript shall be filed by such Clerk of the Peace, with the Rolls of the Seals of the Peace in his Office, without any Fee or Reward to be paid in respect thereof; but nevertheless nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent any Alteration in or Amendment of any such Rules, Orders or Regulations so entered and deposited and filed as aforesaid, or repealing or annulling the same or any of them in the whole or in part, or making any new Rules, Orders or Regulations for the Management of any such Institution, in such manner as by the Rules, Orders and Regulations of such Institution shall from time to time be provided; but such new Rules, Orders and Regulations, or such Alterations in or Amendments of former Rules, Orders and Regulations, or any Order annulling or repealing any former Rules, Orders or Regulations, in the whole or in part, shall not be in force until the same respectively shall be entered.

Persons forming
Society according
to the Provisions
hereof, entitled
to the
Benefit of this
Act.

Rules, &c. of the
Institution to be
entered in a
Book, and a
Copy deposited
with the Clerk
of the Peace,
and filed.

No Fee.
Funds for
Alterations, &c.
in Rules, &c.

New Rules, &c.
to be entered,
&c. in before
mentioned.

entered in such Book or Books as aforesaid, and a Transcript or Transcripts thereof shall be deposited with such Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, who shall fee the same without Fee or Reward as aforesaid.

III. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That no such Institution as aforesaid shall have the Benefit of this Act unless it shall be expressly provided by the Rules, Orders and Regulations for the Management thereof, that no Person or Persons being Treasurer or Treasurers or Managers of such Institution, or having any Control in the Management thereof, shall derive any Benefit from any Deposits made in such Institution, but that the Persons depositing Money therein shall have the sole Benefit of such Deposits and the Produce thereof; save only and except such Salaries and Allowances, or other necessary Expenses as shall, according to such Rules, Orders and Regulations, be provided for the Charges of managing such Institution, and for Remuneration to Officers employed in the Management thereof, exclusive of the Treasurer or Treasurers, Trustee or Trustees, or other Persons having Beneficial in the Management of such Institution, who shall not, directly or indirectly, have any Salary, Allowance, Profit or Benefit whatsoever therefrom, beyond their rates Expenses, for the Purposes of such Institution.

IV. And he it further enacted, That all Rules, Orders and Regulations from time to time made and in force for the Management of any such Institution as aforesaid, and duly entered in such Book or Books as aforesaid, and deposited with such Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, shall be binding on the several Members and Officers of such Institution, and the several Deponents therein and their Representatives, all of whom shall be sworn and taken to have full Notice thereof by such Entry and Deposits as aforesaid; and the Entry of such Rules, Orders and Regulations in such Book or Books as aforesaid, or the Transcripts thereof, deposited with such Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, or a true Copy of such Transcripts, examined with the Original, and proved to be a true Copy, shall be received as Evidence of such Rules, Orders and Regulations respectively in all cases; and no Certiorari shall be brought or allowed to remove any such Rules, Orders or Regulations into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record; and every Copy of any such Transcript deposited with any Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid shall be made without Fee or Reward, except the actual Expence of making such Copy; and such Copy shall not be subject to any Stamp Duty.

V. And he it further enacted, That in case the Managers of any such Institution shall receive any Deposit of Money from or for the Benefit of any Person under the Age of Twenty one Years, it shall be lawful for the Managers of such Institution to pay to such Person his or her Share and Interest in the Funds of such Institution, and the Receipt of such Person shall be a sufficient Discharge, notwithstanding his or her Incompetency or Delinquency in Law to act for him or herself.

VI. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Friendly Society established under and by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to Friendly Societies, from time to time to subscribe the whole or any Part of the Funds of such Friendly Society, as they shall from time to time direct, through their Treasurer, Steward or other Officer, into the Funds of any Institution which shall take the Benefit of this Act, and which shall be willing to receive the same, under such Terms and Conditions as shall be specially provided for that Purpose by the Rules, Orders and Regulations of such Institution: Provided always that the Receipt or Discharge of the Treasurer, or other Officer of such Friendly Society for the time being, for any Money, Stock or the Public Funds or other Security, paid, transferred or delivered according to the Regulation of such Treasurer, or other Officer apparently authorized to acquire such Payment, Transfer or Delivery, shall be sufficient Discharge for the same; and the Institution in which such Deposits shall be made shall not be responsible for any Misapplication of any such Money, Stock or Security, by the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be so paid, transferred or delivered, or for Want of Authority of the Person or Persons requiring or receiving such Payment, Transfer or Delivery.

VII. And he it further enacted, That if any Treasurer or Treasurers, or other Officer or Officers, or other Person whatsoever, who shall be intrusted with the Receipt or Custody of any Sum or Sums of Money lawfully or deposited for the Purposes of such Institution, or any Interest or Dividend from time to time accruing thereon, shall be required by the Rules or Regulations of such Institution to become bound with Sureties, for the full and faithful Execution of such Office or Trust, or such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be required by the Rules, Orders and Regulations of such Institution, such Surety shall and may be given by Bond or Bonds to the Clerk of the Peace for the County, County of a City, or County of a Town or Place where such Institution shall be established for the time being, without Fee or Reward; and in case of Forfeiture it shall be lawful for the Persons authorized for that Purpose by the Rules, Regulations and Orders of such Institution, to fix upon such Bond or Bonds in the Name of such Clerk of the Peace for the time being, and to carry on such Suit at the Costs and Charges and for the Use of the said Institution, fully indemnifying and discharging such Clerk of the Peace from all Costs and Charges in respect of such Suit; and no Bond or other Security to be so given shall be subject to be changed or chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatever.

VIII. And he it further enacted, That all Monies, Goods, Chattels and Effects whatsoever, and all Securities for Money, or other obligatory Instruments and Endorsements, Mortgages, and all other Effects whatsoever, and all Rights or Claims belonging to or held by such Institution shall be vested in the Trustee or Trustees of such Institution for the time being, for the Use and Benefit of such Institution and the respective Deponents therein, their respective Heirs and Assigns; and, after the Death or Removal of any Trustee or Trustees shall vest in the succeeding Trustee or Trustees, for the same Estate and Interest as the former Trustee or Trustees had therein, and subject to the same Trusts, subject any Assignment or Conveyance wherever, except the Transfer of Stock and Securities in the Public Funds of Ireland, and also shall for all Purposal of Action or Suit, as well Criminal as Civil, in Law or in Equity, in any proceedings or concerning the same, be deemed and taken to be, and the same every such Proceeding (where necessary) be deemed to be the Property of the Person or Persons appointed to be

Office of Trustee or Trustees of such Institution for the time being, in his, her or their proper Name or Names, without further Descriptions; and each Person or Persons shall and they are hereby *expressly* authorised to bring or defend, or cause to be brought or defended, any Action, Suit or Prosecution, Criminal as well as Civil, in Law or Equity, touching or concerning the Property, Right or Claim aforesaid, or for belonging to or held by such Institution; and each Person or Persons so appointed shall and may, in all suits concerning the Property, Right or Claim aforesaid of such Institution, sue and be sued, plead, and be impleaded, in his, her or their proper Name or Names, as Trustee or Trustees of such Institution, without other Descriptions; and no such Suit, Action or Prosecution shall be discontinued or stayed by the Death of such Person or Persons, or his, her or their Removal from the Office of Trustee or Trustees so aforesaid, but the same shall and may be proceeded in by the succeeding Trustee or Trustees in the proper Name or Names of the Person or Persons commencing the same, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and each succeeding Trustee or Trustees shall pay or receive like Costs as if the Action or Suit had been commenced in his, her or their Name or Names, for the Benefit or to be repaid from the Funds of such Institution.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to and for the Trustee or Trustees, Manager or Managers for the time being of any such Institution as aforesaid taking the Benefit of this Act, at any time to place or deposit any Sum of Money which shall have been paid to such Institution by any Donator, or any Interest or Profit arising therefrom, in the Hands of any Banker or Bankers, except as hereinafter provided, or upon any Personal Security, except such Sums of Money so from time to time shall accidentally remain in the Hands of the Trustee or Trustees of such Institution to answer the Engagements thereof.

X. And be it enacted, That the Trustees of any Institution which shall take the Benefit of this Act, in manner hereinafter provided, shall be and they are hereby empowered to pay into the Bank of Ireland any Sum or Sums of Money, not being less than One hundred Pounds, on the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, upon the Declaration of the said Trustee of such Institution, or any Two or more of them, that such Monies belong exclusively to the Institution for which such Payment is intended to be made; and the Culture or Cultures of the Bank of Ireland are hereby required to receive all such Monies, and to place the same into a new and separate Account to be ruled in the Names of the said Commissioners for the time being in the Books of the Bank of Ireland, to be denominated "The Fund for the Banks for Savings."

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That persons to any Payment being made into the Bank of Ireland as aforesaid, the Person or Persons applying for that Purpose shall in all cases produce to the Officer of the said Commissioners, at their Office in Dublin, an Order according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.) under the Hands of Three of the Trustees of such Institution, on the Assent of which such Payment is to be made; and on the Production of such Order to the said Officer, he shall grant his Certificate in the Form expressed in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (B.); and upon the Delivery of the Certificate granted to the Party by the said Officer, and Payment of the Sum expressed therein at the Bank of Ireland to the Account of the said Commissioners, the said Officer shall and he is hereby required to make out, within Five Days after such Payment, and to deliver to such Person or Persons producing the said Certificate, a Debiture containing a Receipt, signed by One of the Cultures of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, for the Amount of such Payment, carrying Interest after the Rate of Three pence per Centum per Annum, payable with the Principal, at the Bank of Ireland, on the Fifth Day of April then next following, to be dated on the Day on which such Payment or Payments shall be made; which said Debiture shall lie in the Form specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C.); and the Principal and Interest of all such Debitures shall be charged and chargeable upon, and they are hereby charged and made payable out of the Monies or Funds standing in the Names of the said Commissioners in the Books of the Bank of Ireland.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Trustees of any such Institution, or any Two or more of them, to demand Payment at any time, other than on the Fifth Day of April in every Year, of the said Culture or Cultures, of the Principal Sum specified in any Debiture or Debitures issued in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, together with all the Interest due thereon, computing such Interest from the Day of the Date of the Debiture inclusive, up to and including the Five Days following the Date of the Order of the said Trustee demanding such Payment.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That previous to the Payment of the Principal of any such Debiture or Debitures, together with the Interest due thereon as aforesaid, the Person or Persons applying to receive the same shall in all cases produce to the Officer of the said Commissioners at their said Office at Order indorsed on the Back thereof under the Hands of Three Trustees of the Institution for which such Payment shall be demanded, according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (D.); and the said Officer shall and he is hereby required, within Five Days after the Receipt of such Order, to grant his Certificate in the Person or Persons applying, in the Form specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (E.); and upon the Production and Delivery at the Bank of Ireland of such Certificate, the said Culture or Cultures shall thereupon pay such Principal and Interest out of any Monies standing in the Names of the said Commissioners in the Books of the Bank of Ireland, or from the Sale of Stock purchased with the Monies originally invested in any Debiture or Debitures as aforesaid, in the said Commissioners shall direct: Provided nevertheless, that if at any time the said Trustee shall require a new Debiture or Debitures in lieu of the Debiture or Debitures to be paid off (and the same being so required in the said Order of the said Trustee), it shall be lawful for the Officer of the said Commissioners to make out and deliver to the Person or Persons applying to receive the same, a Debiture or Debitures of the like Amount, in lieu of paying the Amount of such original Debiture in Money.

XIV. And

Trustees may
bring and defend
Actions, &c.

No Abatement
by Death or
Removal of
Trustee.

Cash.

Trustees not to
deposit Money
of Institution
with Bankers,
&c.
Exception.

In what Bank
Bank of Ireland
to open an Ac-
count called
"The Fund for
the Banks for
Savings."

Payments to such
Payments into
the Bank, on
Order to be pro-
duced, and a
Certificate
granted; also to the
Commissioners
on the Dis-
bursement in
Monies of such
Money Bank,
bearing Interest
at 3d. per Cent.
per Annum.
Form of Debit-
ture.

Trustees may
demand Pay-
ment of Prin-
cipal and Interest
incurred by De-
bitures.

Mode of Appli-
cation for Pay-
ment of Debit-
tures with
Interest.

New Debit-
ures may be
granted.

Money paid in
on Saving Bank
Accounts to be
inserted in the
Books, and not
paid to any
Account.

Debitum et
credendum.

Debitum et
credendum
to be
inserted in the
Books, and not
paid to any
Account.

Fiduciary
and
Debitum et
credendum.

Procurator.

Procurator
and
Application of
Procurator.

Procurator
and
Application of
Procurator.

Account of all
Monies received
by Commissioners
for the National
Debt from
Treasury of
Procurator to be
inserted in the
Books.

Procurator
and
Application of
Procurator.

On Change of
Treasury, Book
to be transferred
by former
Treasury to the
Name of the
new Treasury
and continuing
Treasury, &c.

Treasury may
execute a Letter
of Attorney for
that Purpose.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall cause all the Monies paid into the Bank of Ireland, and placed to their Account, in pursuance of the Provision of this Act, to be inserted from time to time in the Particular of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum Bank Accounts in their Minutes, and to be carried to a new and separate Account, under the Title of 'Saving Bank Accounts;' and the Interest which shall arise from time to time and become due thereon, shall in like manner be inserted in the Particular of like Bank Accounts as aforesaid.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Debitum or Debitumum shall be issued under the Provisions of this Act, shall be transferable or assignable, but every such Debitum or Debitumum shall remain and continue to be the special Property of the Trustees of the Saving Bank or Banks, on the Accounts of which every such Debitum or Debitumum was or were originally issued, until the same shall be actually paid off.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That no Debitum or Debitumum, nor any Order or Order required from the Trustees of any Saving Bank, issued or produced in pursuance of this Act, shall be subject or liable to any Stamp Duty whatever; and that if any Debitum or Debitumum issued under the Provisions of this Act shall be lost or destroyed, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, upon satisfactory Evidence being produced by the Party, and good and sufficient Security given to the said Commissioners, to direct the said Officer to grant a Duplicate Debitum to the Party applying, under the same Regulations as by this Act are required for the Issue of an original Debitum.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Order and Declaration produced to the said Officer, for the Purpose of paying Monies into the said Bank to the Account of the said Commissioners as aforesaid, shall contain any Mistrust or thing which shall be false or untrue, then and in every such case the same so paid, and also the further Sum of Five hundred Pounds, shall be forfeited to the said Commissioners; which Penalties respectively shall be paid for, recovered and applied in the manner directed by this Act.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all necessary Provisions and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be recoverable in the Name of His Majesty's Attorney General in Ireland, on the Part of His Majesty by Information to the Court of Exchequer in Dublin; and such Penalties and Forfeitures shall go and belong to the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and shall be applied to the same Purposes and under the same Regulations as any other Monies paid into the Bank of Ireland, to the Account of the said Commissioners, under the Provision of this Act: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to cause such Reward money that think fit, not exceeding One Mince of any such Penalties or Forfeitures to be recovered, after deducting all Charges and Expenses incurred in recovering the same, to be paid thereout to any Person or Persons who shall appear to them to be entitled thereto as Informers or Informers, in respect of such Penalties or Forfeitures so recovered; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the following Account shall be prepared by the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and shall be annually laid before both Houses of Parliament on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March, in every Year, if Parliament shall be sitting, and if Parliament shall not be sitting, then within Fourteen Days after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament; to-wit, an Annual Account, made up to the Fifth Day of January in every Year of all Sums of Money which shall have been received by the said Commissioners from the Trustees of any Institution or Institutions aforesaid, in pursuance of the A.B. for the Amount of all Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum Bank Accounts which shall have been purchased by the Application of such Sums, and the Amount of Interest or Dividends receivable thereon by the said Commissioners; and distinguishing in such Account the Amount of Interest payable by the said Commissioners on all Debitumum issued in the said Trust as aforesaid, laid within the same Period, and terminating on the Fifth Day of January in every Year.

XX. And whereas it is expedient to provide against an improper Investment of Monies under the Provisions of this Act: Be it therefore further enacted, That the Privilege aforesaid of paying Money into the Bank of Ireland, and of receiving Debitumum for the same, shall be restricted to such Institutions only which shall by One or more of their Rules provide that the Sums paid by our Person as any one Year shall not exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds in the whole from each Depositor; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, previous to the Payment of any Sum or Sums into the Bank of Ireland in pursuance of this Act, to require the Production of such Rule or Rules by issuing the Sums to be deposited to the Account there mentioned, certified under the Hands of Three of the Trustees or Managers of each such Institution respectively, or any other Proof they may think it necessary to require.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That upon every Change of a Trustee or Trustees, the preceding Trustee or Trustees, his or their Executors or Administrators, shall and do forthwith transfer all Stock and Accounts in the Public Funds belonging to such Institution, from the Name or Names of such preceding Trustee or Trustees, to the Name or Names of the new Trustee or Trustees who shall be appointed as hereinafter mentioned, or of such new Trustee or Trustees, and any continuing Trustee or Trustees, if any of the former Trustee or Trustees shall be continued, as the case shall require, in so well the time in such new Trustee or Trustees, and the continuing Trustee or Trustees, as the case shall happen; and in case any Sale or Sales, Transfer or Transfers, of any Part of such Stocks or Accounts shall from time to time be directed, according to the Rules, Orders and Regulations of such Institution, every such Transfer or Sale shall be made by the Trustee or Trustees or whole Name or Names the same shall then stand, or by some Person or Persons duly authorized by such Trustee or Trustees, by Letter of Attorney executed as is required by Law in such cases; and where any such Transfer or Sale as aforesaid shall be made under or by virtue of any Letter of Attorney, such Letter of Attorney shall not be subject to or charged or chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatsoever.

XXII. And

XXII. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall at any time appear expedient to any Society or Institution which may be established in Ireland under this Act, or to the Committee or Managers of such Society or Institution, to appoint any Banker or Bankers to be Transfer or Trustees, Trustee or Trustees of such Society or Institution, or to place in the Hands of any Banker or Bankers, from time to time, any Portion of the Funds of such Society or Institution, not exceeding in the whole at any one time the Amount of Twenty per Centum, or One Fifth Part of the whole of the Funds of such Society or Institution, it shall and may be lawful for such Society or Institution to do so, and for such Banker or Bankers to pay and allow to such Society or Institution Interest after the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum upon all Money from time to time so placed or remaining in the Hands of such Banker or Bankers; and it shall be lawful for such Banker or Bankers to give and pay out or more acceptable Receipts or Receipts for all such Money so deposited or remaining in his or their Hands, any Act of Parliament in Force in Ireland, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in as much notwithstanding.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons who shall have or receive any Part of the Monies, Effects or Funds or of belonging to such Institution, or shall in any manner have been or shall be intrusted with the Disposition, Management or Custody thereof, or of any Securities relating to the same, his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns respectively, shall upon Demand made in pursuance of any Order of the Committee of such Institution, or of any other delegated Authority as aforesaid, or at any General Meeting of the Managers thereof, give in his or their Account or Accounts to such Committee or other Authority as aforesaid, or to such General Meeting of the Managers of such Institution, or to such other Person or Persons who shall be nominated to receive the same, to be examined and allowed or disallowed by the said Committee or Managers respectively, and shall on the like Demand pay over all the Monies remaining in his or their Hands, and assign and transfer or deliver all Securities, Effects or Funds, taken or becoming in his or their Name or Names as aforesaid, or being in his or their Hands or Custody, to such Person or Persons as the said Committee or Managers of such Institution shall appoint; and in case of any Neglect or Refusal to deliver such Account, or to pay over such Monies or to assign, transfer or deliver such Securities, Effects or Funds in manner aforesaid, it shall be lawful to and for the Trustee or Trustees of such Institution for the time being to exhibit a Petition to the Justices of the Peace, at their General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division or Place wherein such Institution shall be established, who shall and may proceed thereupon in a summary way, and make such Order therein, upon hearing all Parties concerned, as to such Court in their Discretion shall seem just, which Order shall be final and conclusive; and all Assignments, Sales and Transfers made in pursuance of such Order shall be good and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Person who is or shall be a Member of any Friendly Society, established or to be established in Ireland under and by virtue of any Act or Acts relating to Friendly Societies, shall by reason of such Person being or becoming a Depositor in any Institution taking the Benefit of this Act, be considered as subject or liable to any Penalty, Forfeiture or Disfranchisement, declared or expressed, or intended to be so, by or in the Rules, Orders or Regulations of such Friendly Society; any Rules, Orders or Regulations of such Friendly Society, made or hereafter to be made, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Depositor in the Funds of any Institution taking the Benefit of this Act shall die, leaving any Sum or Sums of Money in the said Funds, or any Dividends or Interest due thereon, belonging to him or her at the time of his or her Death, according to the whole the Sum of Twenty Pounds, the same shall not be paid to any Person or Persons as Representative or Representatives of such Depositor, but upon Probate of the Will of such Depositor, or Letters of Administration of his or her Estate and Effects: Provided always, that where the whole Estate or Effects of any such deceased Depositor, for or in respect of which any Probate or Letters of Administration respectively shall be granted, shall be under the Value of Fifty Pounds British Currency, no Stamp Duty shall be chargeable thereon, nor upon any Legacy or Residue or Part thereof bequeathed, nor upon any Share or Part of the Estate or Effects to be paid or distributed by or under such Probate or Letters of Administration: Provided also, that in every such case the Person or Persons claiming such Probate or Letters of Administration free of Stamp Duty, under this Act, shall exhibit to the Court or Person having Authority to grant the Probate or Letters of Administration in such case, a Certificate of the Amount and Value of the Share and Interest which the deceased Depositor had in the Funds of the said Institution; which Certificate shall be granted in such Form and manner as shall here be settled by the Rules, Orders, Regulations, or the Laws of the Institutions respectively, and shall be signed or testified by such Person or Persons as shall be directed therein; and every such Certificate shall be taken and received by the Court or Person having Authority to grant such Probate or Letters of Administration, as Evidence of the Amount or Value of the Share and Interest of the deceased Depositor in the Funds of the said Institution.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Depositor in the Funds of any such Institution shall die, leaving a Sum of Money in the said Fund, which, with the Interest thereon, shall not exceed in the whole Twenty Pounds, it shall be lawful for the Trustee or Managers of such Institution, and they are hereby authorized and required, if no Will shall be proved, or no Letters of Administration shall be taken out within Six Calendar Months after the Death of the said Depositor, to pay the same according to the Rules and Regulations of the said Institution in such case made and proceeded; and in the Event of there being no Rules and Regulations made in that behalf, then the said Trustee or Managers are hereby authorized and required to pay and divide the same to and amongst the Person or Persons entitled to the Effects of the deceased Testator, according to the Statute of Distributions.

Bankers in Ireland to pay Interest at 6, give Receipt per Annum for the Money deposited in their Hands by the same under this Act.

Persons entitled to such Money to receive and deliver it to the Person whom required.

Registering or settling.

General or Quarter Sessions may proceed in summary Way.

Members of Friendly Societies are not liable to Penalties to such Societies by reason of their being Depositors in any Institution under this Act.

Amount of Deposit, exceeding 20, not paid to the Representative, &c.

When Property is under the Value of 50, no Stamp Duty to be paid in order of Administration.

Particulars relating to Probate Certificate or Letters of Admin.

Such Certificates returned in Evidence of Amount.

Payments under
Provisions of
Will, or other
wills executed,
void.

Remedy for
Representatives
against Persons
acting.

Power of At-
torney by
Trustees or
Deputies.

Receipts and
Returns
due from Stamp
Duty.

Where Rules
drafted in Ad-
ministration, the
Award is in
fact.

Public Act.

XXVII. And Whereas such Institutions may be subject to considerable Losses on Payment of Money or Transfer of Securities to Persons who may have obtained Letters of Administration of the Effects of a Depositor, or Probate of a Will, or Testamentary Disposition or supposed Will, or Testamentary Disposition of such Deposits, which Letters of Administration or Probate may afterwards be reported or decreed null and void: Be it further enacted, That Payment or Transfer of any Money or Securities for Money by any such Institution as aforesaid, to any Person or Persons having any such Letters of Administration or Probate of any such Will or Testamentary Disposition, granted by any Ecclesiastical Court, and appearing to be in force, shall be valid and effectual with respect to any Demand of any other Person or Persons, as the lawful Representative or Representatives of such Depositor, against the Funds of such Institution, or against the Trustees, Trustees or Managers thereof; but nevertheless such lawful Representative or Representatives shall have Remedy for such Money or Securities for Money, so paid or transferred as aforesaid, against the Person or Persons who shall have received the same.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Power, Warrant or Letter of Attorney, granted or to be granted by any Person or Persons as Trustee or Trustees of any Institution established under this Act, for the Transfer of any Share or Shares in the Public Stocks or Funds, standing in the Name or Names of such Person or Persons as such Trustee or Trustees, or of Eschequer Bids, nor any Power, Warrant or Letter of Attorney, given by any Depositor or Depositors in the Funds of such Institution to any other Person or Persons, authorizing him, her or them to make any Deposit or Deposits of any Sum or Sums of Money in the said Funds on the behalf of the said Depositor or Depositors, or to sign any Document or Instruments required by the Rules, Orders, Regulations or Bye Laws of such Institution, to be signed on making such Deposits, or to receive back any Sum or Sums of Money deposited in the said Funds or the Dividends or Interest arising therefrom; nor any Receipts given for any Dividend or Dividends in any Public Stock or Fund, nor any Receipt, nor any Entry in any Book of Receipt, for Money deposited in the Funds of any such Institution, nor for any Money received by any Depositor, his or her Executive or Administrators, Assigns or Attorneys, from the Funds of such Institution, shall be subject or liable to or charged with any Stamp Duty or Duties whatsoever.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That where Provision shall be made by one or more of the General Rules, Orders or Regulations of any such Institution, and filed as heretofore required, for a Reference to Arbitrators of any Matter in Dispute between any such Institution, or any Person or Persons acting under them, and any individual Depositor, trustee, or any Executor, Administrator, next of Kin or Creditor of any deceased Depositor, or any Person claiming to be such Executor, Administrator, next of Kin or Creditor, then and in every such case the matter to be referred to such Arbitrator or Arbitrators as shall have been named, according to the General Rules, Orders or Regulations of such Institution; and whatever Award, Order or Determination shall be made, according to the true Purport and meaning of the Rules, Orders and Regulations of such Institution, shall be binding and conclusive on all Parties, and shall be good to all Intents and Purposes, without any Appeal.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed a Public Act and shall be judiciously taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and other Persons whatsoever, without the same being specially shown or pleaded.

SCHEDULE.

(A.)

FORM of the ORDER for the Trustees to make Payments into the Bank of Ireland, to be produced to the Office of the Commissioners there for the Reduction of the National Debt.

WE, being Three of the Trustees of the Saving Bank established in [insert the Town and County], do, in pursuance of an Act of the Fifty seventh George the Third, Cap. entitled [here insert the Title of this Act] hereby authorize and direct A. B. to pay into the Bank of Ireland, to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, Pounds, and so receive for the same, on account of us the said Trustees, a Saving Bank Debenture of the like Amount, carrying Interest at the Rate of Three Pence per Centum per Annum: And we hereby declare, that the Sum above stated is the exclusive Property of the Saving Bank specified in this our Order, arising wholly from individual Contributions, not exceeding the Amount specified in the said Act for the Contribution of each Contributor.

Witness our Hands, this

Day of

A. - - -	} Trustees.
B. - - -	
C. - - -	

(B.)

CERTIFICATE of the Officer of the Commissioners, to enable Payments to be made into the Bank of Ireland.

I Do hereby certify, That it appears by an Order dated to the Purview of an Act of the Fifty seventh George the Third, Cap. [insert the Title of this Act], that Three of the Trustees of the Saving Bank established in [insert the Town and County] have authorized and directed A. B. to pay into the Bank of Ireland, to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, the Sum of	produced to me conformably included [here insert the Title of this Act] Pounds, arising from Contributions not exceeding
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receiving the Amount in the said A.B. mentioned, and to receive a Saving Bank Debenture of the like Amount, carrying Interest at the Rate of Three pence per Centum per Diem.

Witness my Hand,

A. . . . Superintendent.

INDORSEMENT on the Back of the Trustees' Order, upon the Receipt of the Debenture.

Receiving the Debenture within defined, in virtue of the foregoing Order.

Witness my Hand,

A. . . . Acting for the Trustees.

(C.)

FORM of the DEBENTURE to be Used by the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.

No. _____

A. _____

Received _____ of the Saving Bank established at _____
in the County of _____ Pounds, which Sum is placed to the Account of the Commissioners
for the Reduction of the National Debt.

For the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland.

A. B. . . . Cashier.

WHEREAS by virtue of an A.B. of the Fifty seventh George the Third, Cap. _____ intituled [thus before the Title of this Act], the Sum of _____ Pounds hath been paid into the Bank of Ireland, to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, an account of the Saving Bank, established at _____ in the County of _____

Now this Debenture is chargeable on the Moneys or Funds standing in the Names of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt at the Bank of Ireland, and under the said Saving Bank to the Principal Sum of _____ Pounds, carrying an Interest after the Rate of Three pence per Centum per Diem from the Day of the Date hereof, payable at the Bank of Ireland, at the Fifth Day of April next, to the Trustees or to their Use, by the Order of Three of such Trustees intitled hereto; or the Principal Sum contained in this Debenture, and Interest thereon at the Rate above stated, is payable at the Bank of Ireland at any time upon the Production of such Order at the Office of the said Commissioners, the same being intitled under the Hands of Three of the Trustees of the said Saving Bank, discharging Payment thereof to be demanded by the Person producing the same; and the Interest shall in all cases be computed to and include the Five Days following the Day of the Date of such Order.

Dated this _____

Day of _____

A. . . . Superintendent.

This Debenture is not transferable nor assignable.

(D.)

INDORSEMENT of the Order of the Trustees on the Debenture to receive Payment.

WE, Three of the Trustees of the Saving Bank within defined, do hereby authorize and direct A. B. to demand [and receive both the Principal and Interest of this Debenture in Money], or [and receive the Interest due thereon in Money, and also a new Debenture of the like Amount in lieu of this Debenture, bearing the like Interest], as he may see fit.

Witness our Hands, this _____

Day of _____

A. . . .
B. . . .
C. . . . } Trustees of the said Saving Bank.

Dated the _____

Day of _____

(E.)

CERTIFICATE of the Office of the Commissioners to enable the Payment of the Principal and Interest of the Debenture.

I Do hereby Certify, That the Debenture No. _____ for the Principal Sum of _____ Pounds, hath been delivered at the Office to the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, conformably to an Order intitled thereto under the Hands of Three of the Trustees of the Saving Bank established at [after the Title and County] pursuant to the Production of an A.B. of the Fifty seventh George the Third, Cap. _____ intituled [before the Title of this Act], and that the Interest due thereon, computed to and including the Five Days following the Day of the Date of the said Order, amounts to _____ Pounds _____ Shillings and _____ Pence.

And I do further certify, That the said Trustees have authorized and directed A. B. [to receive both the Principal and Interest of the said Debenture in Money] or [to receive a new Debenture of the like Amount in lieu of the said Debenture, and also the Interest due thereon in Money].

Witness my Hand this _____

Day of _____

A. . . . Superintendent.

The RECEIPT for the above Principal and Interest shall be acknowledged on this Certificate as follows:

Received in virtue of the Order specified in this Certificate [the Principal Sum of _____ Pounds in Money, being the Amount of the Debenture within defined] or [a new Debenture for the Sum of _____ 37 Geo. III. £ s d]

of
and also the Interest due thereon, computed as and including the Five Days following the Day of the Date
of the said Order.

Witness my Hand,

A. acting for the said Trustees

(See page 130, a similar Act for Savings Banks in England.)

C A P. CVI.

An Act to provide for the Establishment of Asylums for the Lunatic Poor in Ireland.

[1818 July 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the distressed State of the Lunatic Poor in Ireland should be provided for; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That as any time after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, by and with the Advice and Consent of His Majesty's Privy Council in Ireland, to direct and order that any Number of Asylums for the Lunatic Poor in Ireland shall be erected and established in and for such Districts in Ireland as to the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors and Privy Council shall seem expedient; and that every such District shall consist of the whole of Two or more Counties, or of One or more County or Counties, and One or more County or Counties of Cities or Towns, but shall not include Part only of any County, County of a City or Town; and that all Lunatic Poor within every such District respectively shall be maintained and taken Care of in the Asylum belonging to such District; and that every such Asylum shall be sufficient to contain such Number of Lunatic Poor, not being less than One hundred nor more than One hundred and fifty as may seem Asylum, as shall from time to time be directed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, and Privy Council; and every Order of Council to be made for such Purpose shall be published in the Dublin Gazette.

Lord Lieutenant may erect any Number of Asylums for the Lunatic Poor in Ireland, and may direct

Grand Jury of each County shall be responsible for the Asylum

II. And be it further enacted, That any time after any such Order of Council shall be made and published in the Dublin Gazette, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of the several Counties, Counties of Cities and Towns, within any such District, at any Asylum, to provide such Sum or Sums of Money to be raised off such Counties, Counties of Cities or Towns respectively, as shall be requisite for defraying the Expenses of erecting and establishing such Asylums, and for maintaining the same, to such Amount and in such Proportions as shall be directed by any Order to be made by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council in Ireland.

Lord Lieutenant may direct Money to be advanced out of the Consolidated Fund.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council in Ireland, to order and direct that any Sum or Sums of Money shall be advanced and issued and paid out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom arising in Ireland, or such Person or Persons as shall be named in any such Order of Council, or into the Bank of Ireland, in the Names of any such Person or Persons, to be paid and applied for the Purpose of erecting and establishing any such Asylum for the Lunatic Poor in any such District in Ireland, in such Sums and at such times, and in such manner and Proportions, and under such Rules, Regulations, Terms and Conditions, and to incur such Penalties for Breach of set Rules, Regulations, Terms and Conditions, as to such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors and Privy Council shall seem best suited for promoting the beneficial Purposes of this Act; and after any such Asylum shall be fit for the Reception of such Lunatic Poor, the Grand Jury of every County, County of a City or Town, within the District in and for which such Asylum shall be erected and established, shall present such Sum or Sums of Money at the several raising of Rates for the Payment of the Money so advanced, and at such times and in such Proportions as shall be directed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland.

After Asylum erected, Grand Jury may present sum from rate of the County.

Lord Lieutenant may appoint Trustees and Commissioners for Asylum erecting the Asylum

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council in Ireland, to nominate and appoint such Persons as he and they shall think fit and proper to be Governors or Directors of every or any such Asylum in any such District, and also to nominate and appoint any Persons not exceeding Eight in Number to be Commissioners for General Control and Correspondence, and for the superintending and directing the Erection, Establishment and Regulation of all such Asylums; and also that it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland and Privy Council to make, frame and establish, or upon the Suggestions and Recommendations of such Commissioners for General Control and Correspondence to adopt and authorize any Rules and Regulations for the good and beneficial Management of such Asylums in general, or of any such Asylum in particular: Provided always, that every Person who shall be appointed to be a Governor or Director of any such Asylum, or to be one of the Commissioners for General Control and Correspondence, shall act without any Salary, Fee, Reward or Emolument whatsoever.

No Salary or Reward, &c.

C A P. CIVL.

An Act to provide for the more deliberate Investigation of Proferments to be made by Grand Jurors for Roads and Public Works in Ireland, and for accounting for Money raised by such Proferments.

[11th July 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the regular and deliberate Investigation of the Necessity and Property of all public Roads, Buildings and Works which may be proposed to be executed under the Proferment of the several Grand Jurors in Ireland, under and by virtue of sundry Acts of Parliament: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for every Magistrate of every County, County of a City, and County of a Town in Ireland, within their respective Jurisdictions, who shall be sworn and qualified of a Freehold Estate in Fee Simple or Fee Tail to Possession of the Annual Value of Three hundred Pounds at least, or of a Leasehold Estate in Perpetuity, or for Life or Years, or for any Term of Years not less than Twenty Years unexpired, of the Annual Value of Five hundred Pounds at the least, or who shall be Her Apparent or any Person seized or possessed of Freehold or Leasehold Estates of Double such Amount, or who shall be entitled to act as a Magistrate for any County of a City or County of a Town, or for any City and Liberties, according to the Charter of Incorporation of such City or Town, although not possessed of a Freehold or Leasehold Estate in the several Amounts aforesaid, to assemble, and such Magistrates are hereby required to assemble, in the Court House and other usual Places of holding the Sessions in each and every County, County of a City, or County of a Town, at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace holden and to be holden in the month of April in each and every Year, (or in the Month of July in cases hereafter provided for by this Act,) after all the usual Bailiffs at such Sessions shall have been completed; and such Magistrates so assembled shall adjourn such Sessions for the Purpose of this Act from Place to Place, within every County of Ireland, until such Sessions shall have been holden at all the several Court Houses and other usual Places of holding such Sessions in each and every District within each County, under the Provision of an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the better and more convenient Administration of Justice, and for the Recovery of Small Debts in a summary Way at the Sessions of the Peace of the several Counties at large within this Kingdom, except the County of Dublin; and for continuing and amending an Act, intitled 'An Act for the better Execution of the Law and Preservation of the Peace within Counties at large'; and such Magistrates shall have Power to adjourn from Day to Day only (except from Saturday to Monday), and from Place to Place, until such Sessions shall be completed in every District of every County at large, and in every County of a City and County of a Town in Ireland; and shall, at every such Sessions and Adjournment thereof, upon the Bench in open Court, proceed to take into Consideration all Proposals for the making or repairing of Roads, or for the executing of any public Works belonging to the County of a City, County of a Town, or District in which such Magistrates are so assembled; and also shall proceed upon the Bench in open Court to hear the several Persons concerned in the Truth of such Affidavits as shall be produced to such Magistrates, with Reference to every such Proposal, according to the Direction of this Act: Provided always, that such Magistrates shall preside as Chairman at every such Meeting as shall be chosen by the Majority of the Magistrates then present.*

11. And be it further enacted, That at the First Meeting of such Magistrates at each Quarter Sessions (not less than five Magistrates being present) the Magistrate appointed to be Chairman at such Meeting shall take and subscribe an Oath according to the Form in Schedule (A. No. 1.) to this Act annexed, by and before any Two of the said Magistrates to be sworn present, (which Oath any Two of such Magistrates are hereby authorized to administer); and after such Chairman shall have been so sworn, every Magistrate who shall attend at any such Meeting, or any Adjournment thereof, shall, before sitting to Execution of this Act, take and subscribe such Oath in like manner by and before such Chairman; which Oath such Chairman (being previously sworn as aforesaid) is hereby authorized and required to administer.

12. And be it further enacted, That the Consensus producing at each and every such Meeting held under this Act shall transmit to the Secretary of the Grand Jury of the County, County of a City or Town respectively, a correct List, signed by himself, of the Magistrates who shall have taken and subscribed the said Oath, which List shall be laid before the Grand Jury by the said Secretary at the ensuing Assizes.

13. And be it further enacted, That Notice in Writing of all Proposals for the laying out, making, making or repairing of Roads, or for building or repairing of Court Houses, Sessions Houses, Bridges or Walls, or for executing any other public Works intended to be submitted to the Magistrates at such Sessions, shall be posted by or on behalf of the Persons making such Proposals, on the Door of the Parish Church, where there is any such Church in Repair, and where there is not any such Church in Repair, then on the Door of the next adjoining Parish Church which is in Repair, and also on the Door of the Chapel of the Parish to which such Proposal relates, upon the Sunday Week immediately previous to the First Day of holding of such Sessions; and a Copy of every such Notice shall be given and delivered on or before the Saturday next immediately preceding such Sunday, by or on behalf of the Persons making such Proposals, to the High Constable of the Barony within which such Roads, Court Houses, Sessions Houses, Bridges, Walls or other Public Works shall be respectively situate.

14. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town, to profer any Money for the making or repairing of any such Roads, or for the building

Magistrate of County of Dublin to attend at Sessions and take Oath under Act 57 G. 3. c. 107.

57 G. 3. c. 107.

and proceed to administer Oath to the Chairman of the Magistrates.

Magistrates to be sworn to the Oath of the Act.

Consensus to be sent to the Secretary of the Grand Jury of the County of a City or Town respectively.

Not Proferment to be made for the building

Wages, except
in Summer
Affairs,
except for Re-
pairs and Salaries
or Wages ac-
crued.

Provides for Pro-
curement for
Repairs of
Mansions situated
by Order of Lord
Lieutenant, the

Surveyor of
Public Works
to be appointed
by Lord Lieutenant,
and to be in
each County.

Form of Oath.

Grand Jury may
appoint Salary
for Surveyor,
to be laid in
before them
Grand.

He Surveyor is
to be appointed
who has not
received a Cer-
tificate of his
Qualification
from a Board of
Civil Engineers
in Dublin, to be
appointed by
the Lord Lieut-
enant.

Surveyor to have full Power
of Commission
and Oath.
To keep an
Office open.

Next Surveyor
may be appoint-
ed to this
County, or
to any other
County within
the same to be
appointed.

Notice of
his Office.

If Surveyor be
disabled, he may
deposit another
Qualification and
Oath by such
Deputy.
Notice deposited
shall be the
Salary.

building of Court Houses or Sessions Houses, Gaols, Prisons, Bridges, Walls or other public Works, fire and except at the Summer Assizes in each and every Year: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury to present Money for the necessary Repairs of any Court House, Sessions House, Gaol or Prison, and for the Salary of any Officers belonging to the same, as well as the Spring Assizes as at the Sum- mer Assizes in every Year.

VII. Provided always, and to be enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to limit the Authority of Grand Juries in making any Provisions for any Assizes for the Repayment of any Money advanced by Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or for the making of any Money for the Support and Maintenance of any Charitable Establishment, or for any Purposes not specially provided for by this Act, for which such Grand Jury are empowered to make any Provisions by any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That when and as soon as Provisions be found properly qualified for the Office of County Surveyor, there shall be attached to each and every County, County of a City, and County of a Town in Ireland, a Surveyor of public Works, to be named and appointed from time to time by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, in Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, and to be removable by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland; and every such Surveyor shall be deemed to be the Professor of the other Members of the Grand Jury of each and every such County, County of a City and Town, at the Assizes for each County, County of a City or Town, sent after such Surveyor shall be so named or appointed, according to the Form of Oath contained in the Schedule (marked A. No. 1.) annexed to this Act, which Oath shall be entered, signed and enrolled in the County Book; and it shall be lawful for such Surveyor to sit in Execution of this Act immediately upon his Appointment, until the Assizes then next ensuing; and it shall be lawful for each and every Grand Jury respectively, at every Assize for every County, County of a City or Town, to present any Sum, not exceeding the same hereafter respectively specified, as a Salary for every such Surveyor respectively for the Half Year preceding such Assize, to be paid of such County, County of a City and Counties of Towns respectively; that is to say, of the Counties of Cork, Down, Donegal, Galway, Kerry, Mayo, Tipperary and Wexford, a Sum not exceeding the Sum of Three hundred Pounds; and all the Counties of Antrim, Clare, Cavan, Drogheda, Limerick, Monaghan, Roscommon, Sligo, Wick, and all the Counties of the County of a City or County of a Town, a Sum not exceeding the Sum of One hundred Pounds: Provided always, that no Person shall be appointed to be such Surveyor of the Public Works, unless he shall have been previously examined by a Board of Civil Engineers in Dublin, and shall have obtained a Certificate from such Board, testing forth that such Person hath been duly examined, and is qualified to undertake the Office of Surveyor as aforesaid; and such Board of Civil Engineers or Persons appointed to conduct such Examinations, and grant such Certificates as aforesaid, shall consist of at least Three Civil Engineers, and shall be appointed from time to time for each Purpose by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and shall sit without any Salary or Emolument; and such Surveyor shall be and he is hereby vested with all Powers heretofore vested in the Commissioners of public Works in the several Counties in Ireland; and no Commissioner of public Works shall be appointed or shall continue to sit in any County, County of a City, or County of a Town, in or for which any such County Surveyor shall be appointed under this Act; and every such Surveyor shall be taken and deemed to be an Overseer of all or any public Works within the County, County of a City or County of a Town, for which he shall be appointed, and shall exercise his Office upon such Works, as are hereafter more particularly specified, and shall have and keep an Office open for his regular Attendance on Business in the County Town of the County, or in the County of a City or County of a Town, for which he shall be so appointed, and shall give his Attendance at all Assizes for the County, County of a City or Town, for which he shall be appointed, for the Purpose of being examined upon Oath or otherwise by the Court of Grand Jury, upon all or any Matters touching the Execution of his Office.

VIII. Provided always, and to be enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the same Person to be appointed Surveyor to any Two Counties, or to any County, and also to any County of a City and County of a Town, if it shall be thought expedient by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland; and that in such case the Magistrates required by this Act to sit at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace in the Months of April or July in each Year shall sit at the same time at the County of a City or County of a Town, at the April Quarter Sessions, and in the other of such Counties or Counties of a City or Town, at the July Quarter Sessions, in each and every Year; and that the said several Sessions shall be holden separately in each such County, or County of a City or Town, in April or July respectively, as shall be specified for that Purpose in the Appointments of such Surveyor; and whereof Notice shall be given by such Surveyor to the Clerk of the Peace of each such County, or County of a City or Town respectively, Fourteen Days at least before the first Day of each such Session respectively.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in case such Surveyor shall be disabled from giving his Attendance on account of Indisposition, to be certified to the Grand Jury upon Oath, it shall and may be lawful for such Surveyor to deposit another Surveyor to sit for him, such Surveyor is deposited having been previously examined by the Board of Civil Engineers as aforesaid, and having taken the Oath appointed for Surveyors, and having been likewise approved by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; and such Surveyor, so deposited, shall be paid and shall be entitled to receive the full Salary payable to the Surveyor by whom he shall be so deposited; and in case any Surveyor shall be disabled by Indisposition

poor man from Attendance on his Duty for Six Calendar Months successively, a new Surveyor shall be appointed in his stead.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City or County of a Town, for which any such Surveyor shall be appointed, to pretend any Money to be lent for the erecting or repairing any Building, the Estimate for which shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, or for the laying out any new Road or Footpath, or for the widening an old Road, or lowering a Hill, or filling up a Hollow, or filling up Gravel, the Expense of which respectively shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, unless the Necessity or Expediency of such Works respectively, together with the Plans (where any such Plans shall be required by Law to be made) and Estimates for the same, shall have been previously examined by such Surveyor; and that in all cases in which such Surveyor shall not concur in the Necessity or Expediency of the Work proposed, such Surveyor shall attend the Grand Jury at the Assizes, and shall be examined by them touching the same; and that in all cases where such Surveyor shall approve of the Work being intended, but shall disapprove of the Plan and Estimate laid before him, it shall be the Duty of such Surveyor to prepare a new Plan and Estimate, or to alter the Plan and Estimate which have been so proposed to him in such manner as he shall think fit and proper, previous to the same being laid before the Grand Jury for their Decision.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Person appointed to be Surveyor of public Works pursuant to this Act shall lay before the Magistrates assembled at every Special Sessions authorized and required to be held under this Act, and also before the Grand Jury at every Assizes, a full and particular Report of the several Duties of his Office performed by him since his Appointment to such Office, or since the Date of any former Report made by him at the Sessions and Assizes immediately preceding; which Report shall also contain a detailed Statement of the Progress, Repairs, State and Condition of the several Court Houses, Sessions Houses, Gaols, Bridewells, Roads, Bridges, Walls and other public Works within the County, County of a City or County of a Town, of which such Person shall be Surveyor, for the Expenses whereof the Grand Jury are by Law enabled or required to make any Provisions; (specifying which of such public Works or Roads are of such immediate Necessity or Utility, and whether any others are required; listing also the several Roads or Lines of Communication which it may be necessary to open, and the Roads and Ways which it may be expedient to stop up, or to turn or divert, or to leave to be repaired at private Expense only; listing also the Names and Descriptions of all Persons prosecuted by such Surveyor for any Injury or Nuisance to such Roads, and before what Magistrate, and with what Refect any Provision for any such Offence was had, and generally during all Matters relating to the Office of such Surveyor, or heretofore belonging to the Office of Coordinator of public Works; And in such Report all Roads (not being Turnpike Roads) shall be classed under the Three following Heads or Divisions; First, The Direct or Fast Roads, being such as form an immediate Line of Communication between the County Town and the City of Dublin, or between such County Town and any other County Town, or between such County Town and any Bog, or any Sloop or any Port or Place of Exportation, situate on any navigable River; Secondly, Cross Roads, being such as form an immediate Line of Communication between the County Town and any Market Town, or between any Market Town and another, or between any Market Town and any Bog, or any Sloop or any Port or Place of Exportation, situate on any navigable River; Thirdly, Private or narrow Roads communicating between Market Towns and Villages or between Villages and Villages; And such Surveyor shall also state in such Report what Turnpike Roads pass through any Part of the County, and the Places within such County where such Turnpike Roads begin and end respectively; and every such Report shall (if so required by the Grand Jury) be verified upon the Oath of such Surveyor, which Oath the Foreman of such Grand Jury is hereby authorized to administer: And a Copy of such Report shall be signed and sealed with the Seal of Proficiency made in such Assizes, and shall be transferred to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of Ireland, and laid before Parliament in like manner as is required by Law with respect to such Provisions.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Proposal for executing any Road or other public Work shall be made upon an Estimate verified by a grounding Affidavit, in such Form as are now required by Law, or in such other Form as may from time to time be devised and authorized by the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City or Town; and every such Estimate and Affidavit shall (in such Counties where any County Surveyor shall be appointed pursuant to the Provisions of this Act) be lodged with such County Surveyor, and in such Counties where it shall happen that no such Surveyor shall be appointed, shall be lodged with the Clerk of the Peace, Six Weeks in the last session to the Fast Day of the Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden in the Month of April or July respectively in each and every Year, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act; and every such Surveyor or Clerk of the Peace (in the case may require) shall immediately, upon the Receipt of such grounding Affidavit, arrange the same to the best of his Skill and Knowledge, according to the several Districts in which they shall lay, to be taken into Consideration, and shall number all such Affidavits, and shall make Abstracts of the Contents of the same in separate Schedules, according to the Number of Districts, (that is to say, One Schedule of the Abstracts of all such Affidavits for each District,) with a separate Schedule for all such Provisions as are liable to be projected, to be laid out either on the County or Burgh, at the Discretion of the respective Grand Jurors; and every Abstract in every such Schedule shall be marked with a Number corresponding with the Numbers indorsed upon the several Affidavits, and in such manner as that all the proposed Repairs on any Lane or Road in any District shall be placed in regular Order one after the other.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the County Surveyor, or the Clerk of the Peace where no such Surveyor shall be appointed, shall lay before such Magistrates at such Sessions, and the several Adjournments thereof,

No Provisions for any Building above the Sum of £20, or for the laying out a new Road or Footpath, &c. unless examined by such Surveyor.

In what cases Plans and Estimates may be altered, or new ones made.

Surveyor to make a Report of the State of all Public Works, Roads, &c. within the County. When such Reports are to be made.

Roads (excepting those) classed in such Report.

Report verified upon Oath if required by Grand Jury. Copy transmitted to Chief Sec. of Lord Lieut. &c.

Proposals for executing Works to be done by Estimate, verified by an Affidavit. Affidavits to be independently verified by the Surveyor, the Justice, &c. or other qualified Persons, and make separate Schedules of the same. Schedules to be numbered with the same Numbers as the Affidavits.

Surveyor, &c. to lay Affidavits before Sessions.

register with
Opinion of
Surveyors.

Proceedings by
Magistrates
thereon.

All Affidavits
and proceedings
relating thereto
to be drawn before
Magistrates in
the proper
Districts
Surveyors to fill
up the Form of
Preferment
according to the
Opinion of the
Meeting
Proposals and
Forms necessary to
be delivered to
Secretary of
Grand Jury.
Treasures
Secretary, Col-
lection. No one to
be empowered on a Jury

Quals of Grand
Jury, relations
Preferments
for money
Money, etc.

Grand Jury
may divide
Evidence given,
as to each
Proposals,
Secretary to
Grand Jury to
make Schedules,
examines Ab-
ridgments of Ap-
plications and
other matters
before meeting
ad.

thereof, all the Proposals, Affidavits and Estimates which shall have been lodged a return as aforesaid, for executing public Works within the District or County of a City, or County of a Town, in which such Magistrates shall be so assembled, together with the Schedule of the fees to be made by him as aforesaid; and the Opinion of such Surveyor respecting all such Proposals, Affidavits or Estimates shall be signed at the Foot of every Affidavit relating to such Proposals or Estimates in any County in which such Surveyor shall be appointed; and such Magistrates be assembled, on each Number as shall be printed, being not less than Three, shall proceed, in open Court upon the Bench there, to take into Consideration and dispose of all such Proposals whereof Notice shall have been published and given in manner required by this Act, and where others, such Notice to be given to the Satisfaction of such Magistrates; and each of the said Proposals as shall be approved by the Majority at such Sessions as aforesaid shall be signed by the Chairman, with the Word "approved" prefixed, and all such Proposals as shall be disapproved by the Majority at such Sessions shall be signed by the Chairman, with the Word "disapproved" prefixed; and such Chairman, in all cases when the Numbers are equal, shall have a casting voice: Provided always, that all Affidavits relating to such Proposals for public Works shall be sworn before the Magistrates assembled as aforesaid within the District in which such Work is proposed to be executed, in open Court upon the Bench there; and that in all cases the Chairman of such Meeting, and some one other Magistrate present at such Meeting, shall both of them sign the Jurat of every such Affidavit; and that in cases in the Magistrates assembled at such Meeting shall have examined and decided upon all such Proposals for public Works in such Districts as shall be laid before them at such Meeting, the County Surveyor or Clerk of the Peace where on such Surveyor shall be appointed, shall fill up in Writing the Form of Prefrment applicable to each Proposal, for the Execution of such Works as shall be approved of by such Magistrates, in Conformity with the Opinion of the Magistrates at such Meeting, specifying at the Head of each Prefrment the Act under which such Prefrment is authorized to be made by the Grand Jury; and the Chairman of such Meeting shall deliver all such Proposals, whether approved or disapproved, together with the Affidavits, Estimates, Specifications and Certificates relating to the same, to the said County Surveyor or Clerk of the Peace; and all such Proposals, whether approved or disapproved, together with the Form of Prefrment relating to each of them as are approved, shall, by the said Surveyor or Clerk of the Peace, be forthwith transmitted or delivered to the Secretary of the Grand Jury, to be laid before them at the next ensuing Assizes.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Sheriff of any County, County of a City or County of a Town, to return upon any Panel for any Grand Jury at any Assizes in such County, County of a City or County of a Town, any Person who shall be either Treasurer of the County, Secretary of the Grand Jury, County Surveyor, Chief Constable or Collector of any Barony, or Clerk of the Crown and Clerk of the Peace.

XV. And be it further enacted, That after the Commencement of this Act, each and every Grand Jury, immediately after being sworn before the Judge of Assize, in such manner and Form as hath heretofore been practised according to Law at the several Assizes in Ireland, shall, in open Court at such Assizes, also take the Oath following; That is to say,

"YOU shall diligently inquire, as behalf of the County, [or, County of the City or County of the Town] and true Prefrment make, of all such matters and things as shall be lawfully given to you in Charge, or as shall come before you in any wife relating to the doing of any Money upon the said County [or, County of City or County of Town] of or upon any Barony, Half Barony, District or Parish therein, or relating to the accounting for the Expenses of any such Money: You shall not prelate, nor allow nor disallow any matter or thing, nor shall you have any matter or thing suppressed which is profitable, through Hatred, Malice or Ill Will, nor through Fear, Favour, Affection or Reward: But in all such things you shall prefer the Truth, the whole Truth, and nothing but the Truth, according to the best of your Knowledge and Judgment.

"So help you GOD."

And it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury to disclose any Evidence or other matter or thing whatsoever relative to the making or making of any such Prefrment, or relative to the accounting for the Expensures of any Money raised by Prefrment; any Law, Statute, Custom or Usage whatever to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary to the Grand Jury shall, forthwith after the Meetings of Magistrates shall have been held in the several Districts at the times specified, and that the several Proposals, Affidavits, Estimates and Forms of Prefrments have been lodged with him as aforesaid, arrange and number all such Proposals, Affidavits, Estimates and other matters relating to Prefrments, and shall cause Abridgments thereof to be made and inserted in Schedules, to be made (one for each Barony and Half Barony, and one for the County) with each Item separately numbered, in a Series, corresponding to the Numbers of its respective Affidavits or other matters to which every such Item shall respectively relate, designating by the Words "approved" or "disapproved" the Determination of the Magistrates on every such Proposal, at any Meeting holden under this Act, and having the Sum of Money required for each Item, and adding up the Amount of all such Sums at the Foot of each Page, and carrying forward the same, in so to show the total Amount of the Sum which is proposed or required to be raised off the County at large, and the same Sum proposed or required to be raised in each Barony and Half Barony, and specifying the Amount of the Charge which such Amount would, if prefrented, amount on each Barony or Half Barony, particularizing and discharging the Charge proposed or required to be raised on every Barony or Half Barony for their respective Use, and the Proportion of the same to be raised on the same Barony or Half Barony arising from the Charge on the County at large; and such Secretary shall cause a Copy of such Schedules to be entered in the County and Barony

Books,

Copy of In-
dents to be re-

Books, according to the Usage shall belong either to the County or Barony, always referring in the County Book (such as may be doubtful, as depending on the discretionary Power vested in Grand Jurors; and each Secretary shall forthwith cause a Number of Copies of such Schedules to be printed and distributed, Fifteen Days at least before the Commencement Day of the ensuing Summer Assizes, among the Grand Magistrates of each District, and such other Persons as usually compose the Grand Panel of the County, County of a City or Town, to which such Secretary belongs, not exceeding Thirty Copies for each Barony and Half Barony; and each Secretary shall likewise deliver a Copy of each printed Schedule to the Foreman of the Grand Jury, immediately after each Grand Jury shall have been sworn, and also a Copy to the Judge of Assize, immediately upon his opening the Commission, and shall keep a Copy in his Office, for the Inspection of all whom it may concern; and the said Secretary shall have such Copy ready for Inspection at his Office at all reasonable times, after such Schedule has been printed, previous to each Assize.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary to the Grand Jury at every Summer Assize (so soon as the Grand Jury shall be sworn at such Assize) shall deliver all such Affidavits as have been taken at any and every Sessions of such Magistrates, together with the Form of the Professions on each of them as shall have been approved of by the Magistrates at any such Sessions to the Foreman of such Grand Jury, and such Grand Jury shall proceed to take the same into Consideration; and such of the said Professions as shall be disapproved by such Grand Jury shall and may be forthwith either altered or cancelled accordingly; and shall, by the Secretary, be voided from or altered in the County or Barony Books; and such of the said Professions as shall be approved by the said Grand Jury shall be final and, conformably to such Approval, by the Signature of the Foreman of such Grand Jury; and a Bill and may be lawful for any Grand Jury to make any Professions in respect of any Road or public Work, the Particulars of the Purposes relating in which shall be entered in such printed Schedules, although any such Proposal for such Road or public Work shall have been disapproved of by the Magistrates at any such Sessions; and also to prevent any smaller Sum to be expended, or any less Number of Perches of Road to be made, widened or repaired, or any less Number of Perches of Fences to be made, or at a smaller Rate by the Perch, than may be required to lay forth in any Affidavit and Estimate as which any Professions shall be grounded, or to prevent a Part only of any Sum required, according to the Direction of such Grand Jury, in they shall think proper.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Professions shall be taken into Consideration by the Grand Jury, nor shall be taken by the Court for any of the Purposes aforesaid, which the Particulars of such proposed Professions shall be entered in such printed Schedules; such Professions, matters or things only excepted as Grand Jurors are or may be authorized by Law to prefer, the Particulars of which and the Amount whereof cannot be ascertained under the Provisions of this Act, until after the times respectively herein specified as aforesaid, or until after the Grand Jury shall have been sworn up at the Assize; all which Professions, matters and things shall and may be preferred by such Grand Jury after being so permitted, although the Purposes thereof shall not be specified or referred to in any of such Schedules as aforesaid, and although as Particulars of the same shall have been delivered in manner required by this Act with respect to any other Professions proposed or required to be made by such Grand Jurors: Provided always, that if it shall appear by the Oaths of Two credible Persons, who occupy and pay Cuts for Two Acres of Ground within such County, and by the Certificate of the County Surveyor, or any County where such Surveyor shall be appointed, that any Road or any Bridge or Part of a Bridge, or Pipe, Arch or Culvert or Wall, shall have been damaged by sudden Accident, after the time when such Schedule shall have been printed, and that it is absolutely necessary to rebuild or repair the same before the Assize next following, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury to prefer such Sum or Sums of Money as may be sufficient to rebuild such Bridge, Arch, Pipe, Culvert or Wall, and for the Court to set such Professions, although the Particulars of such Professions shall not have been printed in such Schedule: Provided also, that it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury, at any Spring or Summer Assize, to prefer any Sum or Sums of Money, as may be sufficient for the Repair of any Road or the carrying on of any public Work in any County where a Surveyor shall be appointed, upon the Certificate of such County Surveyor that such Repair is absolutely necessary, or that greater Expence would be, in the Opinion of such Surveyor, incurred by the Delay of such public Work, and on the Certificate of Two Magistrates approving of the Amount of the Sum proposed to be expended; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury, at any Summer Assize for any County in which no County Surveyor shall be appointed, to prefer any Sum of Money not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be raised off such County, as an Allowance or Remuneration to the Clerk of the Peace for his Attendance at the preceding General Quarter Sessions, and for the performing and executing the Duties required by the Act to be performed by such Clerk of the Peace, in case where no such Surveyor shall be appointed; and it shall and may also be lawful for any Grand Jury to prefer any Sum or Sums of Money in the Way of Salary, or any other Allowance, for the Payment or Remuneration of any Person holding or executing, or having held or executed, any Office for which such Salary or Allowance is claimed, as well at any Spring Assize as at any Summer Assize, any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding; but that no Professions shall be made for any Payment or Remuneration to any such Person, which shall be an Affidavit of such Person preferred to the Form of such Professions when laid before such Grand Jury, seven before a Justice of the Peace in Presence of the Grand Jury, setting forth, that such Office, for whom the Money is required to be preferred, hath diligently and faithfully executed the Duties of his Office, as prescribed by Law, since the preceding Assize; and that he has entered into all such Recognizances for the due and faithful Execution of his Office, which by any Law he is required to do, to the best of

acted in the County and Barony Books, and to be produced as aforesaid.

Secretary to deliver a Copy of said Schedule to the Foreman of Grand Jury and to the Judge of Assize, and Affidavits and Forms of Professions delivered by the Secretary to the Foreman of the Grand Jury. Proceedings thereon.

Grand Jury may make Professions in respect of Public Works entered in such Schedules, although disapproved by Magistrates.

No Professions to be considered as aforesaid in case of any error in printed Schedules, except such as are required by Law, and the Assize whereof could not be previously ascertained. Grand Jurors may prefer for public Works in the year 1818, although not entered in such Schedules.

Grand Jury may make Professions of Allowance to Clerk of Peace, &c.

but no Affidavits preferred for any Professions, which by Law made Affidavits in such manner.

Persons whose
Applications for
Salary shall be
by Grand Jury
for each of the
Mileposts of
Offices.

Account of
Proceedings of
Masters in each
Barony, made
by Affidavit,
to be delivered
to the County
Surveyor or
Clerk of the
Peace for Re-
cognition, and
transmitted to
the Secretary
of the Grand Jury
Regiment in
to the riding,
do, of each Af-
fidavit.

Proceedings on
both Accounts,
do.

No Affidavit for
accounting for
the Execution of
such Work
shall be allowed, until the
County Sur-
veyor certifies.

Accounting Af-
fidavits may be
received, pro-
vided Notice
given to the
accounting
Overseer
Nine days be-
fore he be
tried.

For as Treas-
ure.

Cash.

Sums are re-
quired and ac-
counted for
within Two
Years, to be
produced again,
do.

Persons as to
Mileposts shall
be informed.
Where Barons
could not attend
and unconnected
Parts, the Sums
to be raised on

his Knowledge and Belief, specifying the Names of the respective Barons; and no Application shall be made for any Prebend for any Salary or Remuneration in any Particular in any Affidavit which might have been applied and preferred for at any previous Affidavit, unless the Person making such Application shall make an Affidavit, stating some Reason satisfactory to the Grand Jury why such Application was not made at such previous Affidavit; and if it shall happen that any Application for any Salary or Remuneration shall be rejected or refused by any Grand Jury at any Affidavit, on Account of any Neglect or Misconduct in Office of the Party making such Application, it shall not be lawful for any Grand Jury, at any subsequent Affidavit, to make any Prebend for any such Salary or Remuneration in respect of any Period previous to the Affidavit at which such Application was rejected or refused.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all Accounts of the Expenditure of every Sum of Money con-
sented by any Grand Jury for the making or repairing of any Road, or executing any other Public Work
within any Barony or Half Barony of any County, or within any County of a City or County of a Town,
shall be delivered by or on behalf of the Party accounting to the County Surveyor, in Counties where such
Surveyor shall be appointed, or to the Clerk of the Peace in Counties where it shall happen that no such
Surveyor shall be appointed, Six Weeks at least before the First Day of the several General Quarter Sessions
to be holden for the Purposes of this Act, in and for every District of such County, or in and for each
County of a City or County of a Town respectively, in the Months of April or July respectively next after
the Summer Assizes at which such Prebendments shall have been made; and at every such Sessions all such
Accounts, and all Vouchers relating thereto, shall be verified by the Affidavit of the attending Overseer
appointed by the Grand Jury, and shall be examined in open Court at such Sessions by the County Sur-
veyor, in Counties where such Surveyor shall be appointed; and all such Affidavits shall be sworn in open
Court, and attested by Two Justices of the Peace attending at such Meeting, in the Presence of each other,
and all such Accounts, and all Affidavits relating thereto, shall be signed by the County Surveyor who shall
have examined the same, where there shall be such County Surveyor, and shall be forthwith transmitted or
delivered to the Secretary of the Grand Jury by such County Surveyor, or by the Clerk of the Peace
where no such Surveyor shall be appointed, to be proceeded upon by such Grand Jury at the ensuing Sum-
mer Assizes, in such manner in all Respects as is now required by Law with respect to accounting Affidavits
laid before Grand Juries at any Assizes.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no Affidavit accounting for the Execution of such Public Works
in aforesaid shall be allowed by the Grand Jury or Court at any Assizes for any County in which a County
Surveyor shall be appointed, unless such Surveyor shall have previously certified at the Feet of such Af-
fidavit, that in the Opinion of such Work has been executed faithfully and honestly, according to Prebendment;
and in case of the Repair of any Road, every such Affidavit shall state, and such Surveyor shall certify at
the Feet thereof, that he is satisfied that the Parts of the Roads so repaired were the worst, and such as most
required Repair, between the given Points specified in such Affidavit.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person occupying or paying
Cott for Ten Acres of Ground to appear at any such Assizes, and to offer to controvert the Truth of any
accounting Affidavit there produced, on the Ground of the Infallibility of the Execution of the Work to
which such Affidavit shall relate; provided that the Person offering to controvert the Truth of such Af-
fidavit as aforesaid shall have given Notice in Writing of his Intention to do so, to the accounting Overseer,
before the First Day of such Assizes; and whenever any such Person is having given Notice as aforesaid
shall be allowed to appear and offer to controvert the Truth of such Affidavit, it shall be lawful for the Court at such
Assizes, and they are hereby required, to try the Truth of the Fall or Falls alleged in Controversy of the
Truth of such Affidavit, by a Jury, in the same manner as in any Trial of any Assize within the Juris-
diction of such Court might be tried at such Assizes; and in case the Truth of such Fall or Falls shall
be found, the accounting Affidavit shall be disallowed accordingly; and it shall not be lawful for the Clerk
of the Crown or Clerk of the Peace, or any other Person, to take or receive, upon such Trial, any Fee
for or in respect of any such Trial excepting the lawful Sum which may be taken by Law upon any
Trial within the Jurisdiction of such Court; and it shall be lawful for the Court before which such Trial
shall be had, to give such Costs either to the Party controverting such Affidavit, in case such Affidavit shall
be disallowed, or to the accounting Overseer in case such Affidavit shall be allowed, as such Court shall in
either case think fit and reasonable.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever and so often as it shall happen that any Sum of
Money heretofore lent, or hereafter to be lent, or to be raised off any County, County of a City
or County of a Town, or any Barony or Half Barony, shall not be expended agreeable to such Preb-
ment, and accounted for within the Space of Two Years next after such Prebment shall have been made,
it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of such County, County of a City, or County of a Town,
and they are hereby required, again to prefer such Sums of Money, to be applied to other Purposes, and in
like manner to prefer any Saving which may be made on any Prebment, to be expended upon some
other Work within the Barony or Half Barony upon which the former Sum or such Saving was preferred
to be raised, or within the County, if raised on the County at large. Provided always, that where Sums are
preferred to be raised by Impositions for executing any Public Work, it shall not be imperative on the
Grand Jury again to prefer such Sums for other Purposes in manner aforesaid.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, in all cases
where any Barony within any County shall consist of any Two or more distinct and unconnected Parts, being
more than Five Miles distant from each other, and the Grand Jury shall be of Opinion that it would be con-
venient and expedient to consider such unconnected Parts as separate Baronies or Half Baronies, it shall and
may

may be lawful for each Grand Jury to prefer any Sum to be raised upon each Parson, in such manner that a Proportion of such Sum may be raised on each of such unincorporated Parts of such Parson, in like manner as of such Parts were separate and distinct Barons or Half Barons; and the same shall be raised and levied accordingly; any former Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where, upon any Affidavit for procuring any Profection, or for accounting for public Money, it shall appear to the Grand Jury that the Parson or Parsons making such Affidavit has or have been guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury, with the Consent of the Judge, to make such Profection for defraying the Prosecution of such Delinquent as to them may seem fitting and expedient.

XXVI. And Whereas it is expedient that Regulations should be made for further securing the Receipts of Treasurers and Collectors of Money raised by Profection in the several Counties in Ireland: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the termination of the second Spring Assizes which shall be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, it shall not be lawful for any Parson to act as Treasurer of or for any County, County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland, or as Collector of any public Money in any such County, County of a City or Town, or in any Barony or Half Barony, Parish, Township, District or Division of any County at large, unless the Security to be given by such Treasurer or Collector and their Sureties shall have been previously approved by His Majesty's Attorney or Solicitor General for Ireland, or by some one of His Majesty's Serjeants at Law in Ireland, testified by an Opinion in Writing, signed by some one of such Persons, signifying their having examined and approved such Security, which Opinion shall be laid before the Grand Jury, and the Judge at the ensuing Assizes; nor unless such Treasurers and Collectors shall have given Security, with Two Sureties (in such Sum as the Grand Jury shall require), by Recognizance to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, conditioned for the due Performance of their Office, and duly accounting for all Monies received by them on the Account of such County.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the termination of the second Spring Assizes which shall be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, it shall not be lawful for any Parson to be Treasurer of any County, County of a City or County of a Town, or Collector of any public Money in any such County, County of a City or Town, or in any Barony, who shall be a Merchant or Trader, or who shall act as a Merchant or Trader at any time after he shall be appointed to be such Treasurer or Collector, or who shall act, when required by the Grand Jury at any Assizes, under Oath before them, testing forth that he is possessed of Property of his own to the full Amount of the personal Security which he is required to give by Law upon undertaking the Office of Treasurer or Collector, and that such Property is over and above his just Debts, and no Add or Adds for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors shall extend or be construed to extend to relieve, release or exonerate any such Treasurer or Collector from the Effect of the Recognizance given by him, or to prevent any such Treasurer or Collector, or his Sureties, from being liable for the full Amount of the Recognizance severally entered into by them as aforesaid, unless such Parson or Persons shall be specially named in such Indenture AG.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Treasurer of any County, County of a City or County of a Town, shall compound for any Sum to be raised on the Public, nor shall make any Deductions whatsoever from any Sum paid by him to any Parson but such as he shall duly account for; and of any such Treasurer shall offend thereon, or neglect to make up his Accounts, or shall refuse or neglect to pay the Amount of all such Quotas as shall have been discharged, without Fine or Reward, or any Deductions in the Way of Discount; or if any Parson shall act as Treasurer or Collector without his Security being approved as aforesaid, or without producing a Certificate from the proper Officer that his Security has been duly recorded in the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, or shall act either directly or indirectly as a Merchant or Trader after he shall have been appointed Treasurer or Collector, such Treasurer or Collector be offending in any of such Particulars shall be fined by the Judge of Assize in such Sum as he shall think fit, and shall be by him dismissed from such Office of Treasurer or Collector, and be thereupon rendered incapable of ever holding such Office of Treasurer or Collector.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That an accurate Abstract of the Account of every Treasurer of a County, County of a City or Town, fitting all his Receipts and Payments from the preceding Assizes, with the Balance in the Hands of such Treasurer at the Commencement of such Account, shall be printed and prefixed to the Copies of undischarged Quotas when printed after such Assizes, with the full Balance of the public Money then in the Hands of such Treasurer paid at the Foot thereof.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That no High or Chief Constable shall be appointed by the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland, to be the Collector of any public Money, to be raised within such County, County of a City or Town, or in any Barony or Half Barony, Parish, Township, District or Division within any County at large, and that no Collector of any public Money, who shall have been or shall be appointed by the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City or Town, shall be removed or displaced by any subsequent Grand Jury for such County, County of a City or Town, unless for reasonable Cause shown in open Court, and allowed by the Judge at some Assizes for such County, County of a City or Town respectively; any Law, Practice or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, the County Rate in every County in Ireland shall be collected by Two equal Half Yearly Payments, at such times as Money collected at the several Spring and Summer Assizes respectively are collected; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

them may be
appointed

In case of Per-
jury, Grand
Jury may pro-
ceed against
Prosecutors.

Treasurers, &c.
to give Securities
in the Court by
Recognizance.

Treasurers, &c.
must be a
Trader, or
to act as high
after Appoin-
ment, and no such
Oath respecting
the Property as
before mentioned,
shall be
given by Grand
Jury.

Treasurer
not to compound or
make Dis-
counts.
Refusing to
pay, or
refusing without
Security ap-
proved, &c.
shall and be
fined, and
dis-
missed.

Abstract of
Treasurer's
Account to be
printed, &c.

High Constables
not to be ap-
pointed Col-
lectors
Parsons or no
Grand Jury
removing Col-
lectors.

County Rate
not to be collected
by Half Yearly
Payments.

Provision for
County and City
of Dublin.

at G. 3. c. 14.
(U)

County Affi-
davit to be
lodged 10 Days
previous to pre-
siding Term,
with sitting
Secretary of
Grand Jury,
Schedules of
such Affidavits
prepared and
passed for Deliv-
ery 10 Days
before the
Term, in the
County of
Dublin.

Grand Jurors
may present for
signature of pre-
paring and print-
ing such Schedules,
an Affidavits of Persons
that the Charge
is reasonable.

Provision for
Local A.D.s re-
specting County
Magistrate.

Commencement
of A.D.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be con-
strued to extend to the County of Dublin or to the County of the City of Dublin, except only so far as it
hereinafter expressly enacted and provided by the Act.

XXXIII. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twenty-fifth Year of the Reign
of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for making, widening and repairing public Roads in the County of*
Dublin, and for repairing Parts of several Acts formerly made for that Purpose; it is enacted, that every
Affidavit to ground a Prentisement or to account for Work done, shall be lodged with the Secretary of the
Grand Jury Four Days at least before the first Sitting Day of each presiding Term; and it would be of
great Benefit and Advantage to the said County of Dublin that the said Affidavits should be lodged with
the sitting Secretary of the Grand Jury of the said County in every Days previous to the first Sitting
Day of each presiding Term, that Schedules of such Affidavits might be prepared and printed for Deliv-
ery to Magistrates and others previous to each Term? Be it therefore enacted, That all Affidavits for
Prentisements for forming, leveling, fencing, draining, widening, making, repairing or otherwise improving any
Road in the County of Dublin, and for the building, repairing or otherwise improving any Bridge, Selson
Horse, Canal or other Molen Work in the County; and also all accounting Affidavits of Overlows appointed
from Year to Year to keep the Roads of the said County in Repair and free from Nuisances, shall be lodged
Thirty Days at the least before the first Sitting Day of each presiding Term, with the sitting Secretary
of the Grand Jury of the said County; and such Secretary is hereby required to keep an Office open for
the Purpose, and forthwith after the Receipt of such Affidavits to cause Schedules of such Affidavits to be
prepared and printed, and to be ready for Delivery at his Office Twenty one clear Days before the first
Sitting Day of each presiding Term, to each Magistrate and Landholders in the said County of
Dublin as may apply for the same; provided that the Number is to be printed shall not exceed One
hundred for each Highway in the said County of Dublin (the Barrenes of *Saint Sepulchre's* and *Danser*
excepted).

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of the said
County of Dublin, and they are hereby authorized and required, at each presiding Term for the said County,
to present such Sums or Sums as shall be necessary for defraying the Expenses of preparing and printing the
said Schedules; provided always, that an Affidavit of the Printer, bearing his Charge to be usual and reason-
able, be first laid before the said Grand Jury at each presiding Term; and that no such Prentisement for the
preparing such Schedules and printing of such Copies shall be made, unless such printed Copies were ready
for Delivery at the Office of the Secretary Twenty one clear Days before the first Sitting Day of the Term
at which such Prentisement shall be applied for.

XXXV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be
construed to extend to affect or alter any Charter, Powers or Privileges contained in any Special Act or Acts
of Parliament, relating particularly to the Election or Maintenance of any Court House, Selson Horse or
County Hoole, or to any Gaol or Prison in or for any County, or County of a City, or County of a Town,
in Ireland.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Act shall commence and take Effect from the First Day
of November One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and not before.

SCHEDULE (A. No. 1.)

FORM of Oath of Magistrate at Quarter Sessions, being in Execution of this Act.

I A. B. of G. B. do swear, That I am seized and possessed of a Freehold Estate in Fee Simple, or in Fee
Tail, or Possession, of the annual Value of Three hundred Pounds, (or, of a Leasehold Estate of Per-
petuity, or, for Life or Lives, or, for a Term of Years not less than Twenty Years unexpired, of the annual
Value of Five hundred Pounds; or, that I am Heir Apparent of A. P. who is seized or possessed of a Free-
hold Estate of the annual Value of Six hundred Pounds, or, of a Leasehold Estate for Life or Lives, or for
a Term of Years not less than Twenty Years unexpired, of the annual Value of One thousand Pounds; and
that such Estate is situate in the Parish of _____, or, that I am entitled to act as a Magistrate
for the County of the City of _____, or, for the County of the Town of _____
according to the Charter of Incorporation thereof, [adding the particular Qualification under which such
Magistrate shall claim to act, as the act shall require]; and that in the Execution of an Act made in the Fifth
seventh Year of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled [here insert the Title of this Act] I will truly,
faithfully and impartially do and perform all such matters and things as I am authorized and required
to do by the said Act, without Fear, Affection, Hatred, Malice or ill Will, according to the best of my
Judgment upon the Information to be laid before me. To help me GOD.

SCHEDULE (A. No. 2.)

OATH of County Surveyor.

County } I _____ having been duly approved Surveyor of the
County [County of the City, or County of the Town] of _____ do swear,
That I will diligently and faithfully execute the Duty of a Surveyor of the said County [County of a City,
or, County of a Town] according to the Rules and Regulations of such Office, as prescribed to and by an
Act passed in the Fifth seventh Year of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled [here insert the
Title]

'*That of this Act*': and that I have not certified and will not certify my Opinion upon any public Work which shall be proposed to be executed within this County, or upon any such public Work after it has been executed, without having previously carefully viewed and considered the same, conformably to such Certificates respectively; and that in all matters which concern my Duty as Surveyor, I will impartially declare and certify the Truth, the whole Truth and nothing but the Truth; and that in examining the Accounts of public Money expended in the said County, [County of a City or County of a Town] I will examine the Duties by the said Act required truly, diligently and impartially, to the best of my Skill, Knowledge and Belief, without Favour or Affection, Pique or Partiality; and that I have not received, nor will receive, directly or indirectly, by myself or any other Person, any Fee, Reward, Profit or Advantage, now and above the Payment authorized by Law.

So help me GOD.'

C A P. CVIII.

An Act for the Regulation of levying Tolls at Fairs, Markets and Ports in Ireland.

[11th July 1817.]

'**W**HEREAS certain Customs, Tolls and Duties unwaranted by Law have been at sundry times levied in Ireland: And Whereas it would tend materially to prevent the same, if a Board or Boards, specifying the separate Customs, Tolls or Duties payable on all Articles sold at any Fair or Market, or upon landing the same at any Port, and the Names or Names of the Person or Persons or Corporation claiming the same, were publicly exhibited at such Fairs, Markets and Ports: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, all Persons collecting Customs, Tolls or Duties, or claiming the same, at any Fair, Market or Port in Ireland, shall erect, after and keep up, during the whole Continuance of such Fair or Market, in some conspicuous Place at each principal Entrance of the same, and the principal Quay or Landing Place at each Port, a painted Board, having thereon a Schedule in large and legible Characters, specifying distinctly the Customs, Toll or Duty claimed on each and every Article or thing sold at such Fair or Market, or landed at such Port, and the Names of the Person collecting the same, and of the Person or Persons or Corporation claiming Right to the same, in that such Boards may be referred to and examined by all Persons desirous of its being.

After July 18, 1818, painted Boards, specifying Tolls, to be erected at Fairs, Markets and Ports.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall attempt to collect or levy any Customs, Toll or Duty, without having previously erected such Boards as aforesaid, or without having kept up the same as aforesaid, shall for every Customs, Toll or Duty which he shall attempt to collect or levy, either in Money or Kind, not being specified on such Boards as aforesaid, or at a time when such Boards shall not be up as aforesaid, forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Forty Shillings to any Person suing for the same.

Levying Tolls without having erected such Boards.

Penalty 40s.

III. Provided always, and be it hereby enacted, That in case it shall appear that the Toll Board or Boards shall have been defaced or removed by Violence, then such Collector shall not be liable to such Penalty, unless he shall neglect to re-erect such Boards as soon as the same may be reasonably done.

Penalty for Boards removed by Violence, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall deface or remove such Board or Boards, or shall be engaged in any Riot in which such Board or Boards shall be defaced or removed, shall forfeit Five Pounds to any Person suing for the same.

Removing, &c. such Boards by Force, Penalty 5l. Forfeiture here mentioned.

Deface.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Penalties herebefore in forth shall be recoverable and recovered, on summary Conviction of either of the Offences aforesaid, before any Two Magistrates or Justices of the Peace of the County, City or Town where such Offence shall be committed, and shall be levied by Distress under the Warrants of such Magistrates or Justices of the Peace, who are hereby empowered to disse the same.

Appeal to Quarter Sessions.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for Persons so convicted to appeal to the usual manner to the next ensuing Quarter Sessions, where the case shall be finally determined.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons or Corporations claiming a Right to levy any Customs, Toll or Duty at any Fair or Market or at any Port in Ireland, shall and they are hereby required, on or before the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, to deliver in to the Clerk of the Peace of the County, City or Town where such Customs, Toll or Duty may be claimed, a Schedule of the Tolls, Customs and Duties claimed by such Persons or Corporations on every Article sold at such Fairs or Markets, or landed at such Ports; and in default thereof, that it shall not be lawful for any such Persons or Corporations to levy any such Customs, Toll or Duty, or any Person for them; and that such Persons or Corporations, and all Persons attempting to levy any Customs, Toll or Duty for them, shall incur and forfeit such Penalty or Penalties as have been provided by Law against Persons taking illegal Tolls: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for Persons and Corporations who shall deliver such Schedules after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, to the Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, to levy the legal Customs, Tolls and Duties after they shall have delivered in such Schedules as aforesaid.

Schedules of Tolls to be delivered to Clerk of the Peace.

Penalty for levying Tolls, &c. Delivery of Schedules.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace shall keep a Registry of all such Schedules, and shall give to every Person or Corporation as aforesaid a Certificate of having registered such Schedule, when such Schedule shall be delivered to him.

Clerk of the Peace to be Certificate of Registry of Schedules.

Provisional
Regulation, &c. of
the Irish Revenue
Folio, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall (except as is hereinafter provided) extend, directly or otherwise, to the Rights of Persons claiming or paying Customs, Tolls or Duties at such Ports, Harbours or Ports, or the Provisions to which they may become liable, or their Mode of Redress, otherwise than as the same are or pretend by Law established.

C A P. CIX.

An Act to shew the Subsidy and Allowance of the Old and New Draperies, and of all Woollen Manufactures, in Ireland, and to authorize the Payment out of the Consolidated Fund of an Annual Sum to John Lord de Alington, during the Continuance of his Interest in the Office of Alinger.

[18th July 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient, for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in Ireland, that the Subsidy and Allowance of Old and New Draperies, and of all other Woollen Manufactures made in Ireland, should be established, and that all Regulations relating to the same and to the said Manufactures should be repealed: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and immediately after the passing of this Act, the Subsidy and Allowance of the Old and New Draperies, and of all Woollen Manufactures whatsoever made within Ireland, shall cease, determine and be no longer due or payable; any thing in an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for the true making of all Sorts of Cloth, called the Old Drapery and New Drapery, and the true finishing and finishing thereof by His Majesty's Alinger within this Kingdom, or any other Law, Statute, Usage, Precedence or Custom whatsoever, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.*

II. And be it further enacted, That from and immediately after the passing of this Act, the said recited Act of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the better Regulation of the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom;* and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twenty first and Twenty second Years of His present Majesty's Reign, for repealing so much of the said second Act of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and of the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, as relates to the New Drapery, Customs and Stockings; and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for amending and rendering more efficient several Acts heretofore passed in this Kingdom, for the true making of Woollen Cloth called and known by the Name of Old Drapery, and all Cloths, Trowsers, Frocks and Regulations in the said Acts or any of them contained, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.*

III. And Whereas the Right Honourable John Baron de Alington is, under and by virtue of certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, bearing Date the Eleventh Day of July One thousand seven hundred and sixty three, entitled to hold the Office of Alinger in Ireland, to him, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, for the Continuance of a certain Term of Forty eight Years, or the said Patent specified and yet to come and unexpired; and all the Fees, Profits and Emoluments of the said Office will immediately after the passing of this Act be entirely put an End to; and it is fitting that some Compensation should be made for the Loss of such Fees, Profits and Emoluments: Be it therefore enacted, That One Annuity or Yearly Rent or Sum of Five hundred Pounds Strength Currency shall be issued, and payable out of and charged upon the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland (after paying or retaining sufficient to pay all such Sums and Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of the same, but with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may hereafter be charged upon or payable out of the said Fund); and the same shall from time to time be paid Quarterly, five and four of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, in manner and Form following; that is to say, to the said John Baron de Alington, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, for and during so much and such Part of the said Term of Forty eight Years as is yet to come and unexpired, which said Annuity or Yearly Rent or Sum shall commence and take Effect from the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the First Payment to be computed from the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen and the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and from thenceforth shall be paid and payable on the Four usual Days of Payment in the Year, that is to say, the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October in each and every Year, by rent and equal Portions; and the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland as and are hereby authorized, empowered and required to issue and pay the said Annuity, or to make the same as so often and paid from time to time out of the growing Produce of the said Consolidated Fund arising in Ireland, by Four Quarterly Payments or manner aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Annuity or Yearly Rent or Sum shall be considered as the Emolument and Profit of the said Office of Alinger during the said Term of Years yet to come and unexpired; and that the Acquittance or Acquittance, Receipt or Receipts of the said Act's Baron de Alington, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, respectively, shall according to their several and respective Involes be good and sufficient Discharge and Discharge for the Payment of the said Annuity or Yearly

Rent

Act of 1763
intituled *An Act
for the better
Regulation of the
Woollen Manufactures
of this Kingdom;*
and also an Act
made in the
Parliament of
Ireland in the
Twenty first and
Twenty second
Years of His
present Majesty's
Reign, for
repealing so much
of the said second
Act of the
Seventeenth and
Eighteenth Years
of the Reign of
King Charles the
Second, as relates
to the New
Drapery, Customs
and Stockings;

Acquittance or
Acquittance of the
said Act's Baron
de Alington, his
Heirs, Executors,
Administrators or
Assigns, respectively,
shall according to
their several and
respective
Involes be good
and sufficient
Discharge and
Discharge for the
Payment of the
said Annuity or
Yearly

Rest or Sum of Five hundred Pounds in money awarded, without any other Warrant to be paid for or obtained in that behalf; and that the said Attorney or Yearly Rest or Sum, and every Part thereof, shall be paid free and clear from all Taxes, Charges and Impediments whatsoever.

C A P. CX.

An Act to make further Regulations for the better collecting and securing the Duties upon Spirits distilled in Ireland. [18th July 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further Regulations for the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, in each of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, at the time of the passing of this Act, in regulation or defence the Number of Charges of Singshops or Low Wines for the Quantity of Spirits producible, wherefrom any Distiller is chargeable with Duty in respect of any Still or Stills used by such Distiller, shall be and the same is hereby regulated; and that from and after the Commencement of this Act every Distiller in Ireland shall, for every Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days during which any Still or Stills in the Distillery of such Distiller shall be chargeable as working, under the Regulations or Provisions of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland for the regulating or securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, be charged with and shall pay Duty for each respective Quantity of Spirits as might be produced according to the Rates specified in any Act or Acts in force from the several Number of Charges of Singshops or Low Wines severally set forth in the Table to this Act annexed, for and in respect of each and every such Still being of the several Contents in the said Table specified and contained, in lieu of the former Charges in respect of such Stills; and that the said Table, and all and every the matters therein specified and contained, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of this Act to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and that every such Distiller shall, over and above each several Quantity respectively, be charged with and shall pay Duty in respect of each and every such Still or Stills, for as much more Spirits as might be produced, according to the Rates in the said Act specified, from all Walk, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singshops which such Distiller shall actually distil within every such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, over and above those such several Quantities respectively; and the Officer or Officers of Excise shall make a Return of the Quantities of such Spirits, and of the Duties thereon accordingly; and each Distiller shall pay the Duty so charged and returned, under such Rules, Regulations and Directions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are contained in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland for the regulating or securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland.

It is provided always, and be it enacted, That every Distiller who shall be licensed to keep any Still or under One hundred Gallons Content, and who shall work the same under the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions hereinafter in this Act mentioned and contained, shall in respect of such Still be chargeable and charged with and shall pay Duty for every such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, during which the Still of such Distiller shall be chargeable as working, for each respective Quantity of Spirits as might be produced, according to the Rates specified in any Act or Acts in force, from Nancy Charges only of Singshops or Low Wines, for and in respect of such Still, according to the Contents thereof; any thing in this Act or the Schedule therein annexed, or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; and that every such Distiller shall, over and above the Quantities aforesaid, be charged with and shall pay Duty for as much more Spirits as might be produced, according to the Rates aforesaid, from all Walk, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singshops which such Distiller shall actually distil within every such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, over and above each Quantity aforesaid; and the Officer or Officers of Excise shall make a Return of the Quantity of such Spirits and the Duties thereon accordingly; and each Distiller shall pay the Duty so charged and returned, under such Rules, Regulations and Directions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are contained in any Act or Acts in force for the regulating or securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland.

It is provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever any Distiller licensed to keep a Still or Stills under One hundred Gallons Content, and according One hundred Gallons Content, shall advert in the Notice which he is bound by Law to give to the Collector, Surveyor and Gauger before he commences or resumes business to work a Still, or shall give Notice in like manner ten Days before the Expiration of any Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, during which any Still shall be chargeable as working, that such Distiller purports to work any Still or Stills in his Possession during the next succeeding Period, with Turf only not charged, and not with Coal or other Fuel than Turf not charged, such Distiller shall for every such Period, during which any such Still or Stills shall be worked with no other Fuel than Turf not charged, be charged with and pay Duty for each Quantity of Spirits as might be produced (according to the Rates aforesaid), from Five Sixths of the Number of Charges of Singshops or Low Wines to which such Still would otherwise be liable; and also with Duty for as much more Spirits as might be produced according to the said Rates from all Walk, Pot Ale, Singshops or Low Wines, which such Distiller shall actually distil within each Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, over and above the Quantity producible from such reduced Number of Charges of Singshops or Low Wines as aforesaid: It is provided always, that every such Distiller shall also, in any Person in the Commencement of any Period during which such Distiller purports to work any Still or Stills in his Possession with Turf only not charged, and not with Coal or other Fuel than Turf not charged, give Notice of such his Intention to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes, and in Default of giving

in each of any Act or Acts in the Number of Charges of Low Wines, to,

repaid to pay the Distiller such Quantity of Spirits as might be produced from the Number of Charges of Low Wines specified in Table annexed.

For every Still in respect of Stills for as much more Spirits as might be produced according to the Rates in the said Act specified, Officers of Excise to make Returns.

Distiller working under the Regulations of this Act, liable to Nancy Charges only of Singshops or Low Wines for each Period of Four Weeks.

Further Duty for as much more Spirits as might be produced in Stills mentioned, according to the Rates aforesaid.

Distiller keeping a Still of a content limited to give Notice when he commences to work with Turf only not charged.

Duty in fact only to be charged.

Notice also to be given to the Commissioners, in addition to the full Number of

Charges for
Defence.

Still worked
with Coal, &c.
after giving full
Notice, as in
Default is the
full Number of
Charges

Coal, &c. used
as Fuel, in
other Works of
working with
Turf, as in the
Schedule

Penalty not
to be paid in
full Number of
Charges.

Penalty on
Dishiller for
not keeping a Still
of certain Capacity,
having burning
Copper of great
or less Content than
herein directed.

Still Dishiller
having more
than One Mash
Kieve of certain
Capacity, for
burning of Mash
Kieve, and

Penalty 100
Pounds applying
for a Still to
be used in
distilling
any Liquor,
specifying the
true Content of
every Copper,
&c. and Back or
Vessel for
fermenting Worts,
&c.

Penalty 100
Pounds for
every Copper,
&c.

Sum of each
Back for
fermenting Pot Ale
shall not exceed
the Proportion
of 10 Gallons
for every Gallon
Content of the
Still.
Penalty 100
Pounds, &c.
for each.

every such effective Notice, the Still or Stills of such Dishiller so making Default shall be seized and liable to the full Number of Charges of Singings or Low Wines for the whole of such Period.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Still in the Possession of any Dishiller shall at any time during any Period as which the Dishiller shall have given Notice of working any such Still or Stills with Turf only, be worked with any Coal, Coke, charred Turf or other Fuel than Turf not charred, every such Still shall be seized and liable to the full Number of Charges of Singings or Low Wines for the whole of such Period, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Dishiller shall have given such Notice that he purports to work any such Still or Stills in his Possession during any Period with Turf only as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for such Dishiller or him or keep within his Dishillery or any Premises connected therewith, at any time during such Period, any Coal or any other Fuel than Turf not charred; and if, during any such Period, any Coal or any other Fuel than Turf not charred shall be found within the Dishillery of such Dishiller, or within any Premises connected therewith, all such Coal or other Fuel shall be forfeited and may be seized, and the Dishiller within whose Dishillery or other Premises such Coal or other Fuel shall be found, shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and such Dishiller shall also be seized and liable to the full Number of Charges of Singings or Low Wines for the said Period, for and in respect of every Still in his Dishillery, which shall by Law be considered as working, without any Allowance whatever for or in respect of the Use of Turf therein, and as if every such Still had been worked with Coal during such Period.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Dishiller licensed to keep any Still or Stills of under One hundred Gallons Content, to have, keep or make use of any Copper or Vessel, or Coppers or Vessels, for warming or boiling Water for brewing Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, which in the whole shall be capable of containing any greater Quantity than after the Rate or in the Proportion of Twenty Gallons for every One Gallon which the Still which such Dishiller shall be licensed to keep shall be capable of containing; and if any such Dishiller shall have, keep or make use of any such Copper or Coppers, Vessel or Vessels, which shall in the whole be of a greater Content than as aforesaid, all and every such Copper and Vessel shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise; and such Dishiller shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and shall be liable for the Officer who shall seize such Copper or Coppers, Vessel or Vessels, to make the Contents of the same to be spoiled.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Dishiller licensed to keep any Still or Stills of under One hundred Gallons Content, to have, keep or make use of any greater Number of Mashing Kieves than One Mashing Kieve, nor any Mash Kieve which shall be capable of containing any greater Quantity than after the Rate or in the Proportion of Twenty four Gallons for every One Gallon of the Content of the Still which such Dishiller shall be licensed to keep; and if any such Dishiller shall have, keep or make use of any greater Number of Mashing Kieves than One Mashing Kieve, or if any such Dishiller shall have, keep or make use of any Mashing Kieve which shall be capable of containing any greater Quantity than after the Rate or in the Proportion of Twenty four Gallons for every One Gallon of the Content of the Still which such Dishiller shall be licensed to keep, every such Second or further Mashing Kieve, and also every Mashing Kieve which shall be of greater Content than as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, together with any Materials which shall or may be found therein respectively; and every such Dishiller shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person requiring a License, after the Commencement of this Act, to keep a Still or Stills of under One hundred Gallons Content, shall, in the Account which such Person is by Law required to make out, sign and deliver, before the granting of any such License, specify and set forth the true and full Number of Gallons which each and every Copper, and the true and full Number of Gallons which the Mash Kieve, and also the true and full Number of Gallons which each and every Back or other Vessel to be kept or used by such Dishiller for keeping or fermenting any Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, is or are capable of containing, and distinguishing each such Copper, Kieve, Back and Vessel by the Number thereof respectively; and if any such Dishiller shall have, keep or make use of any Copper or Kieve, or any Back or other Vessel for keeping or fermenting any Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, of which such Account shall not have been made out, signed and delivered as aforesaid, or of the Number or Content of which any false or untrue Account shall be delivered; or if any Copper or Kieve, or any Back or Vessel for keeping or fermenting Worts, Wash or Pot Ale in the Possession of any such Dishiller, shall exceed the Content specified in such Account as being the Content of such Copper, Kieve, Back or Vessel, every such Dishiller shall, in each and every of the respective case and cases aforesaid, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and every such Copper, Kieve, Back or other Vessel, with the Contents thereof, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Dishiller licensed to keep any Still or Stills of under One hundred Gallons Content, to have, keep or make use of any one Back or other Vessel for fermenting any Worts, Wash or Pot Ale, which shall be capable of containing any greater Quantity than after the Rate or in the Proportion of Twenty Gallons for every One Gallon of the Content of the Still which such Dishiller shall be licensed to keep; and if any such Dishiller shall have, keep or make use of any Back or other Vessel for fermenting Worts, Wash or Pot Ale of any greater Content than as aforesaid, every such Dishiller shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every such Back or Vessel which shall be of greater Content than as aforesaid; and every such Back or Vessel, together with all or any Material which the same shall or may contain, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Distiller licensed to keep any Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content, to have, keep or make use of Backs or Vessels for fermenting Worms, Wash or Pot Ale, which altogether shall be capable of containing any greater Quantity than after the Rate or in the Proportion of Eighty four Gallons of Worm, Wash or Pot Ale, for every One Gallon of the Content of the Still which such Distiller shall be licensed to keep; and if any such Distiller shall have, keep or make use of Backs or Vessels for fermenting Worms, Wash or Pot Ale, all of which together shall be of greater Content than as aforesaid, every such Distiller shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and all and every such Backs and Vessels shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Distiller licensed to keep a Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content, to have, keep or make use of any greater Number of Under Backs than One Under Back, nor any Under Back which shall be capable of containing any greater Quantity than after the Rate or in the Proportion of Twelve Gallons for every One Gallon of the Content of the Still which such Distiller shall be licensed to keep; and if any such Distiller shall have, keep or make use of any greater Number of Under Backs than one Under Back, or if any such Distiller shall have, keep or make use of any Under Back which shall be capable of containing any greater Quantity than after the Rate aforesaid, such second or further Under Back, and also every Under Back which shall be of greater Content than as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, together with any Materials which shall or may be found therein respectively; and every such Distiller shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Distiller licensed to keep a Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content, to have or keep in any Cooler any fermented Worms, Wash or Pot Ale, nor shall have or keep therein any other Liquor or Material, save and except Water or Worms, Wash or Pot Ale not fermented; and if any such Distiller shall have or keep in any Cooler any fermented Worms, Wash or Pot Ale, or any other Liquor or Material, save and except Water or Worms, Wash or Pot Ale not fermented, every such Distiller shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Distiller licensed to keep a Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content, to have or keep any fermented Worms, Wash or Pot Ale, or any Worms, Wash or Pot Ale in any Stage or Process of Fermentation, in any Under Back or Cooler, or in any Cask or Vessel, other than and except in the licensed Still of such Distiller, or in such Backs or Vessels for fermenting Worms, Wash or Pot Ale, and the Still Charger of which Backs, Vessels and Still Chargers of which such Account as by Law required shall have been duly given to the Collector of Excise or other Officers in Charge of the Collection of the Distillery; and if any fermented Worms, Wash or Pot Ale, or any Worms, Wash or Pot Ale in any Stage or Process of Fermentation, shall be found in, or shall be discovered to have been in any Under Back or Cooler, or in any other Cask or Vessel than such Still or such fermenting Backs and Vessels and Still Chargers, every such Distiller to whose Possession any such Worms, Wash or Pot Ale shall be found, or shall be discovered to have been contrary thereto, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds: Provided always that no such Still Charger shall be capable of containing any greater Quantity than the Still which such Distiller shall be licensed to keep; and if any Still Charger shall be found in the Possession of such Distiller, which shall be of greater Content than aforesaid, the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise; and the Distiller shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Copper, Kieve, Cooler, Under Back or fermenting Back or Vessel or Still Charger, nor any material the same may respectively contain, shall be forfeited or liable to Seizure, nor shall any Distiller be liable to any Penalty imposed by this Act in respect thereof, for or by reason of any Excess of Content of such Copper, Kieve, Cooler, Under Back or fermenting Back or Vessel or Still Charger respectively, not being more than *Pro per Content* above the Content thereof respectively prefcribed, limited and appointed by this Act; any thing hereinbefore to the contrary notwithstanding.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Distiller licensed to keep any Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content to make any greater Number of Brewings than one Brewing in any one Day; and if any Coven or Genie, made or confirmed, shall be found in the Making Kieve of any such Distiller at any time between the Hour of Eight of the Clock of the Night of one Day and the Hour of Six of the Clock of the Morning of the next following Day, every such Distiller shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Distiller licensed to keep a Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content, to make, extract or produce from any one Brewing of Corn or Grain any greater Quantity of Worms, Wash or Pot Ale, than after the Rate or in the Proportion of Twelve Gallons of Worms, Wash or Pot Ale, for every One Gallon of the Content of the Still which such Distiller shall be licensed to keep; and if any such Distiller shall make, extract or produce any greater Quantity of Worms, Wash or Pot Ale than as aforesaid, every such Distiller shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Distiller having at the time of the passing of this Act a License is forced to keep a Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content, shall, after the Commencement of this Act, require a License to keep such Still, or a Still of the like Content, and shall be diligent in working the same, under the Rules, Regulations and Provisions of any Act in force immediately before the Commencement of this Act, for regulating and improving the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, (save as to the Number of Charges of Stillings or Low Worms for the Quantity of Spirits producible, wherefrom any Distiller is under the Possession of the said Act chargeable with Duty for any Period of Four Weeks

1000000 of
Worms, Wash or
Pot Ale, for every
One Gallon of the
Content of the Still,
for each and
every year.

Each Distiller
not to make use
of more than
One Under
Back, and the
same in the pro-
portion of 12
Gallons for every
One Gallon
Content.
Under Back, do.
forfeited, and
Penalty 500.

Keeping or Distilling
any fermented
Worms, Wash or
Pot Ale in any
Cooler,
(excepted)
Penalty 500.
Each Distiller
having any
Worms, Wash or
Pot Ale in any Cask
or Vessel (other than
licensed Back
and Still,

Penalty 500.
Having Still
Charger of under
One hundred
Gallons,
forfeited, and
Penalty 200.
No distiller of
Copper, Kieve, or
any other of these
Instruments in Com-
munication with a
Cistern,

Every Distiller
not to brew
above
once a Day, but

Penalty 1000.
Each Distiller
not to make use
of more than
One Under
Back, and the
same in the pro-
portion of 12
Gallons for every
One Gallon
Content.
Penalty 500.

Each Distiller
requiring a Li-
cense for a Still
of 100 Gallons
Content, and
who shall be de-
ficient in working
under this Act

may have the
Option of in-
dents upon, and
drawing in pay
for 200 Charges
of Stagnals per
Month.

How Distiller to
be charged
thereupon.

Every such
Distiller is to
furnish, &c. may
also Unusually,
change out with
the same in A.D.
Proviso.

Treasury may
alterably with
Regulations of
A.D. relating to
Distillers/
Vatfalls, and
make other Re-
gulations.

Distiller liable to
Duty on Dist-
illery of Spirits
in Warehouses.

and to pay the
same before
Spirits taken out
of Warehouses.
Duties may be
levied by
Distiller.

Distiller not to
maintain A.D.
against Crown
in Spirits dis-
tilled by Fire
in King's Ware-
houses; no Duty
payable on such
Spirits.

Provisions of
former Acts ap-
plying to the
Collection of
Duties on Spirits

Works on Twenty eight Days during which any Still of such Distiller shall be chargeable as working.) It shall and may be lawful for each Distiller to do, with the Leave of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes, on any Three of them, upon such Distiller, in his Application to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes for such Licence, setting forth that he is willing and consents to be chargeable and charged with and pay Duty for a Quantity of Spirits proportionable, according to the Rates specified in any Act or Acts in force, from Two hundred Charges of Stagnals or Low Wines for each and every Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days for which the Still of such Distiller shall be by Law chargeable as working; and thereupon the said Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes, on any Three of them, shall and may, if they shall think fit, grant to such Distiller a Licence to keep such Still, and so work the same accordingly, specifying in every such Licence the Content of such Distiller to be chargeable and charged as aforesaid; and thereupon every such Distiller shall, from and after the granting of such Licence, be chargeable and charged with and shall pay Duty for each and every such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days during which the Still of such Distiller shall be chargeable as working, for each respective Quantity of Spirits as might be produced, according to the Rates specified in any Act or Acts in force, from Two hundred Charges of Stagnals or Low Wines, for and in respect of such Still, according to the Content thereof; and that every such Distiller, over and above the Quantity aforesaid, shall be charged with and shall pay Duty for as much more Spirits as might be produced, according to the Rates aforesaid, from all Worts, Wafes, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Stagnals which such Distiller shall actually distil within any such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, over and above the Quantity aforesaid; and the Officer or Officers of Excise shall make a Return of the Quantity of such Spirits and the Duties thereon accordingly; and such Distiller shall pay the Duty so charged and returned, under such Rules, Regulations and Directions, Forms, Particulars and Particulars, as are contained in any Act or Acts in force for the regulating or lessening the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland.

XVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That every such Distiller who shall be content to be chargeable and charged with and shall pay for each Number of Charges as aforesaid, shall and may be as lawfully authorized to have, keep and make use of any Copper, Kettle, Cooler, Under Back or fermenting Back or Vessel, although the same may not be of the proper Dimensions or Content, according to the Regulations of this Act; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that an Account of every such Copper, Kettle, Cooler, Under Back or fermenting Back and Vessel, shall have been duly made out and delivered to the Collector of Excise, as other Officers in charge of the Collection of the Duties, and entered and registered in the Excise Office of each District.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, when they shall deem it expedient, by Order in Writing under the Hands of any Three of them, in difference with all or any of the Regulations in this Act relating to the Size, Dimensions or Contents of Coppers, Kettles, Backs or other Vessels or Utensils, or to the making or brewing of any Corn or Grain, or to the making, sending or producing any Worts, Wafes or Pot Ale; and it shall also in like manner be lawful for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to make and alter such other Rules and Regulations for the said Purposes, or any of them, as to the said Commissioners shall seem proper; and all and every such Rules and Regulations shall be obeyed and complied with by every such Distiller.

XX. And be it further enacted, That in case the Quantity of any Spirits which shall have been or shall be lodged in any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores, shall at any time or by any means fall short or be deficient of the actual Quantity which ought to be or remain warehoused or stored, after allowing for its growth and loss Part of such Spirits as shall have been delivered for Exportation or Home Consumption, or for Removal to any other of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores, if any such Fall shall have been so delivered, the Distiller or Proprietor of such Spirits shall be subject and liable to the full Duties due and payable upon such Spirits at the time when such Deficiency shall be ascertained, for and in respect of the Quantity so deficient as aforesaid, and shall pay and satisfy the same before any of the Spirits so warehoused or stored then remaining shall be permitted to be taken out of such Warehouse or Store, and all such Spirits so remaining shall be subject to the Duties on the Quantity so deficient, and shall and may be sold for Payment of the same, and of Warehouse Rent and other Charges; and it shall also be lawful for the Collector of Excise, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties, to issue his Warrants, and cause to be levied by Distiller and Sale the Duties due and owing on the Quantity of Spirits so deficient, in the like manner and with the like Powers, Authorities and Remedies as all Collectors, or any Collector of Excise, or other Officer in Charge as aforesaid, is by Law authorized and empowered to levy or cause to be levied any Duties due by any Distiller.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Spirits warehoused in any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores shall be destroyed by Fire, it shall not be lawful for the Distiller, Proprietor, or other Person whatsoever, to claim or demand, or to maintain any Action or Suit against His Majesty, or against the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland, or against any Officer or Person employed by or acting under the said Commissioners, for any Compensation or Damages for or on account of or by reason of such Spirits having been destroyed by Fire as aforesaid; and no Duty shall be demanded or paid for any Spirits so destroyed as aforesaid.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Particulars, Particulars and Modes of Recovery preferred, mentioned and contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland for the regulating or lessening the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, shall be applied and put in Practice in the Execution of this Act as fully and effectually to all intents and Purposes whatsoever as if all the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Directions, Provisions and Particulars

statutes contained in the said Acts or any of them, shall be expressly repealed and re-enacted in this Act, and made applicable to the Provisions herein contained, except in far as the same are repealed or altered by this Act or any other Act or Acts; and that the said Acts and this Act shall be construed together as One Act to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, in far as the same are compatible or consistent with each other, and as the said Acts are amended and altered by this Act.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, shall be paid and recovered in British Currency, and shall and may be sued for and recovered, levied and applied to such manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities as are preferred, directed and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled *An Act for settling of the Rights or now Savag upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Statute therein referred to*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, matters and things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, as fully and effectually to all Intents, Constitutions and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and enacted in this Act, with like Kennedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the said Acts, or any Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, is provided.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Act shall commence and take Effect from and after the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

TABLE referred to by this Act.

NUMBER of Charges of Singlets or Low Wines for the Quantity of Spirits producible, wherefrom any Distiller in Ireland shall be chargeable with Duty within a Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, in respect of every Still of such Distiller being of the several Contents following: (that is to say.)

CONTENTS OF THE STILL.	NUMBER OF CHARGES.
1,000 Gallons and upwards	110 Charges.
Under 1,000 and not less than	
900	113
800	115
700	118
600	120
500	123
400	125
300	127
200	129
100	131
75	132
50	133
25	134
10	135
5	136
2	137
1	138
Not exceeding 100, and not less than	44

C. A. P. CXL.

An Act to suspend, until the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, a Part of the Duties on Sweet or Made Wines. [11th July 1817.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to suspend, for a limited time, Part of the Duties payable on Sweet or Made Wines made in Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, One Third Part of the Duties of Excise payable on every Barrel of Liquor made in Great Britain for Sale, by Indistillation, Fermentation or otherwise, from Fruit or Sugar, or from Fruit or Sugar mixed with any other Ingredients or Materials whatsoever, commonly called Sweets, or called or distinguished by the Name of Made Wines, and is in proportion for any greater or less Quantity, shall be suspended until the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering, paying or allowing any Arrears thereof, which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto respectively which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

II. And be it further enacted, That One Third Part of the Countervailing Duties on Sweet or Made Wines of English Manufacture which shall be imposed directly from Ireland on Great Britain, shall be suspended during all such time as One Third Part of the said annual Excise Duty on Sweet or Made Wines of English Manufacture shall be suspended under or by virtue of this Act.

C A P. CXII.

An Act to amend an Act of the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for better regulating the Office of Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, as far as respects the Mode of Applications for certain Services in the Victualling Department. [11th July 1817.]

25 G. 3. c. 21.
21.

When Money is
expended in the
Department of Vi-
ctualling for Pay-
ment of Bills,
the Commissioners
may apply
by Letter to
Treasurer of
Navy to take
from Treasury
Sums required,
such Money to
be drawn back
on Treasurer's
Account.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for regulating the Office of Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, it is among other things provided, that the Treasurers, in all Memorials presented by him to the Treasury for Naval Services, shall transmit with every Memorial a Copy of the Letter from each of the Naval Boards respectively directing him to apply for the same wanted, and shall also state the Balances then in his Hands under each Head of Service respectively: And Whereas it is expedient that the same Mode should be adopted in the Victualling Department as has been established in that of the Commissioners of the Navy since the passing of the before recited Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His present Majesty: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, as often as Money shall be wanted in the Department of the Commissioners for victualling His Majesty's Navy for Payment of Bills of Exchange, Postages due to the Widows of Sea Officers, or for General Services, the said Commissioners for victualling His Majesty's Navy for the time being shall and may by Letter apply to the Treasurer of the Navy to take from the Treasury such Sums or Sums of Money as will be wanted for the Purposes above mentioned, or any of them, under the Head of General Services only, to which Letter the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required and directed to specify the Balance in the Hands of the Treasurer of the Navy under such Head of General Services as it shall stand on the Day when such Letter shall be written as aforesaid, a Copy of which Letter shall be transmitted by the Treasurer of the Navy for the time being with each and every Memorial to be by him presented to the Treasury for Money for such Services, and in which Memorials the said Treasurer shall pray that such Sums as shall be required by the Commissioners for Victualling may be issued to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England on his Account.

C A P. CXIII.

An Act to prevent the further Circulation of Dollars and Tokens, issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for the Convenience of the Public. [11th July 1817.]

25 G. 3. c. 21.

§ 1. 2.

25 G. 3. c. 21.

Circulation of
Bank Dollars
and Tokens to
cease after
March 11, 1818.
Afterwards con-
tinuing them.

WHEREAS the Governor and Company of the Bank of England did, in and subsequent to the Year One thousand eight hundred and four, for the Convenience of the Public, cause to be coined or stamped, and circulated, a large Quantity of Silver Dollars; and by an Act passed on the Tenth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and four, entitled *An Act to prevent the counterfeiting of Silver Coins*, issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, called Dollars, and Silver Coins, which may be issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, called Tokens; and to prevent the bringing into the United Kingdom or carrying any counterfeit Dollars or Tokens; all Persons counterfeiting the said Dollars, or uttering or vending the same when so counterfeited, were subjected to the Punishment in the said Act therein fixed: And Whereas the said Governor and Company did, in and subsequent to the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, with the Approbation of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and under the Authority of an Act passed on the Twenty sixth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, entitled *An Act to prevent the counterfeiting of Silver Pieces denominated Tokens*, intended to be issued and circulated by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for the respective Sums of Five Shillings and Sixpence, Three Shillings, and One Shilling and Sixpence; and to prevent the bringing into the Kingdom or uttering any such counterfeit Pieces or Tokens, false and counterfeit, for the further Convenience of the Public, a Quantity of Silver Pieces called Tokens, for the respective Sums of Three Shillings, and One Shilling and Sixpence; and by the said last mentioned Act all Persons counterfeiting the said Tokens, or uttering or vending the same when so counterfeited, were subjected to certain Punishments thereby imposed: And Whereas, in consequence of the recent Circulation of the new current silver Coins, it becomes necessary any longer to continue the said Dollars and Tokens in Circulation, and it is expedient to prohibit the further Circulation thereof, after a time to be limited: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the said Dollars and Tokens shall no longer pass or circulate, or be received in Payment, or Exchange, or otherwise lawfully; and that in case any Person or Persons shall from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, utter, offer or tender in Payment, or give in Exchange, or pass, circulate or put off, any such Dollars or Tokens, whether the Value thereof shall be paid or given in Money or Goods, or in any other manner whatsoever, every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted upon the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace sitting for the County, Riding, City or Place within which such Offence shall be committed, shall for every such Dollar or Token so uttered, offered, or tendered in Payment, given in Exchange, or passed, circulated or put off, contrary to the Prohibition herebefore con-

tinued

twelve, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices of the Peace who shall hear and determine such Offence: Provided that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent any Person or Persons from prosecuting any such Dollars or Tokens for Payment to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or at any time before the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty, or to any of these Officers or Governors, or to discharge or exonerate the said Governor and Company from their Liability to pay the same before the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall release or exempt any Person or Persons after the Twenty fifth Day of March next from selling or disposing of any such Dollars or Tokens as aforesaid in old Silver according to the Weight thereof at the current Price of Silver, and without regard to the nominal or current Value at which the same shall have been circulated.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace sitting for the County, Riding, City or Place within which any Offence against the Act shall be committed, to hear and determine the same in a summary Way: and such Justice or Justices, upon any Information exhibited, or Complaint made upon Oath in that behalf, shall summon the Person or Persons accused, and also the Witnesses on either Side, and shall examine into the Matter of Fact, and upon due Proof made thereof, either by the voluntary Confession of the Person or Persons accused, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, which Oath such Justice or Justices in or any hereby authorized to administer, shall swear the Offender or Offenders, and adjudge the Penalty for such Offence.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall be summoned as a Witness to give Evidence before such Justice or Justices, either on the Part of the Informer or Prosecutor, or of the Person or Persons accused, and shall neglect or refuse to appear at the time or Place to be for that Purpose appointed, without a reasonable Excuse for such his Neglect or Refusal, to be allowed by such Justice or Justices, then such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be levied and paid in such manner and by such means as may be directed for Recovery of other Penalties under this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Justice or Justices before whom any Offender or Offenders, Witnesses or Witnesses shall be convicted as aforesaid, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in the manner and Form following: (that is to say,)

• **BE** remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord
 • *A. B.* having appeared before me [or us] one [or more] of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace
 • [or the said may be] for the County, Riding, City or Place [as the said may be] and due Proof having
 • been made upon Oath by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, or by Confession of the Party [or
 • the said may be] is convicted of _____ [specifying the Offence.] Given under my Hand and
 • Seal, [or our Hands and Seals] the Day and Year aforesaid.

Which Conviction the said Justice or Justices shall cause to be returned to the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the County, Riding, City or Place where such Conviction was made, to be filed by the Clerk of the Peace, to remain and be kept among the Records of such County, Riding, City or Place.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Clerk of the Peace for any County, Riding, City or Place, and be it hereby required, upon Application made to him by any Person or Persons for that Purpose, to make a Copy or Copies of any Convictions or Convictions, filed by him under the Direction of this Act, to be forthwith delivered to such Person or Persons, upon Payment of One Shilling for every such Copy.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures hereby incurred and made payable upon any Conviction against this Act, shall be forthwith paid by the Person or Persons convicted, as follows: One Moiety of the Forfeiture to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish or Place where the Offence shall be committed; and in case the Person or Persons is convicted shall refuse or neglect to pay the same, or to give sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices, to prosecute any Appeal against such Conviction, such Justice or Justices shall, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, together with all Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale, returning the Overplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners; and which said Warrant of Distress the said Justice or Justices shall cause to be made out in the manner and Form following: (that is to say,)

• To the Constable, Headborough or Tythingman of _____
 • **WHEREAS** *A. B.* of _____ in the County of _____ in this Day convicted before me
 • [or us] one [or more] of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace [or the said may be] for the County
 • of _____ [or for the Riding of the County of _____] [or for the Town, Liberty or
 • District of _____ as the said may be] upon the Oath of _____
 • a credible Witness or Witnesses [or by Confession of the Party, as the said may be] for that the said
 • *A. B.* hath [or he hath the Offence] contrary to the Statute in that case made and provided, by reason
 • whereof the said *A. B.* hath incurred the Sum of _____ to be distributed as herein is mentioned,
 • which he hath refused to pay: There is therefore in His Majesty's Name to command you to levy the said
 • Sum of _____ by Distress of the Goods and Chattels of him the said *A. B.*, and if within
 • the Space of _____ Days next after such Distress by you taken, the said Sum, together with
 • the reasonable Charges of taking the same, shall not be paid, then that you do sell the said Goods and
 • Chattels to be by you distrained, and out of the Money arising by such Sale, that you do pay One Half

Peace.

But they may be produced at the Bench on which they are to be tried in old Silver.

Justices of Peace empowered to hear and determine Offences.

Witnesses not excusable.

Penalty not.

Form of Conviction.

Clerk of the Peace to give Copies.

Fee.

Penalties here levied and apportioned.

Appeal.

Form of Warrant of Distress.

• II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled
“An Act for allowing, under certain Restrictions, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and
“for, the bringing in a limited Quantity of Coals, Cokes or Cinders in London and Westminster, by John Mow-
“son, certain Duties were imposed on all Coals, Cokes or Cinders brought along the Grand Junction or An-
“dalgam Canals across to London than the Stairs or Park, and thereby required to be crested and maintained, and
“near to the Tower Path of the said Grand Junction Canal, at or near the North East Point of Green Park,
“and contiguous to the Wharf there in the Possession and Occupation of the East of Gloucester: And Whereas
“the Amount of the said Duties was altered by Three Acts of the Forty sixth, Forty seventh and Forty eighth
“Years of the Reign of His present Majesty: And Whereas by Schedule A, annexed to an Act passed in the
“Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for repealing the several Duties of
“Custom chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, other Duties are imposed in
“lieu thereof upon the said limited Quantity of Coals, Cokes and Cinders under the Conditions, Regulations
“and Restrictions of the said last recited Act: And Whereas the said several Acts were further continued
“by several subsequent Acts until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and seventeen: And
“Whereas it is expedient, that the said Acts should be further continued:” It is therefore enacted, That the
“said last recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in far as the same relates to the
“Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which the said limited Quantity of Coals, Cokes, and Cinders
“may be brought within One Year by the said Grand Junction and Paddington Canals across to London
“than the said Stairs or Park, and the said recited Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty regarding
“the Amount of the Duties chargeable thereon and the Appropriation thereof, shall be and the same are hereby
“further continued until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

CAP. CXV.

An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act of the Twelfth Year of His late Majesty King George the First, and an Act of the Twenty second Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, against Payment of Labourers in Goods or by Truck, and to secure their Payment in the lawful Money of this Realm, to Labourers employed in the Manufacture of Articles made of Steel, or of Steel and Iron combined, and of Plated Articles, or of other Articles of Cutlery.

[11th July 1817.]

• WHEREAS the provisions of paying the Wages of Labourers concerned in the Wages
“Trade in Goods was by the Provisions of an Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late
“Majesty King George the First, intitled An Act to prevent unlawful Combinations of Workmen employed in
“the Woollen Manufacture, and for better Payment of their Wages, prohibited by certain Regulations and
“under certain Penalties therein enacted: And Whereas, though the Provisions of this Act were extended
“by the Act of the Twenty second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second,
“intitled An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuses committed by Persons employed in
“the Manufacture of Hats, and in the Woollen, Linnen, Fustian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax,
“Silk, and Silk Manufactures: and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Journeyman Dyers and
“Journeyman Hat Pressers, and of all Persons employed in the said several Manufactures, and for the better
“Payment of their Wages: yet the Security thereby given, for the Receipt of their Wages in Money, as in
“and under of these Acts extended to labouring Men employed in the Manufacture of Articles made of Steel,
“or of Steel and Iron combined, and of Plated Articles, or of other Articles of Cutlery: And Whereas
“great Injury and Loss have arisen to labouring Men employed in the Manufacture of Articles made of
“Steel, or of Steel and Iron combined, and of Plated Articles or of other Articles of Cutlery, from
“being paid their Wages in Goods, or by way of Truck, or otherwise than in the lawful Coin of this
“Realm:” It is therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and
“Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by
“the Authority of the same, That the Provisions of the aforesaid Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of
“His late Majesty King George the First, which prohibits the Payment of the Wages of Persons employed in
“the Woollen Manufacture in Goods, and to secure the Payment of every Part of their Wages in good
“and lawful Money of this Kingdom, be extended to Labourers employed in the Manufacture of Articles made
“of Steel, or of Steel and Iron combined, and of Plated Articles, or of other Articles of Cutlery.

• II. And be it further enacted, That all the Provisions of the said Act, to facilitate the Labourers in the
“Woollen Trade receiving the Wages for which they have stipulated, or to which they are entitled, as well
“as the Provisions respecting a Penalty on Masters paying Labourers in Goods, be extended to Persons em-
“ployed in the Manufacture of Articles made of Steel, or of Steel and Iron combined, and of Plated
“Articles, or of other Articles of Cutlery, in as full and ample a manner as if they had been enumerated
“in the aforesaid Act: and that all Remedies, Penalties, Modes of Recovery, Powers and Privileges, and all
“other matters and things therein for their Purposes contained, be and they are hereby extended to Persons
“concerned in such Manufactures or connected therewith.

C A P. CXVI.

An Act for limiting the time now allowed by Law for Production of the Certificate of due Delivery of Goods removed from one Warehouse Port in Great Britain to another for the Purposes of Exportation; for shortening the Hours for Shipping Goods in the Port of London; and to empower Officers of the Customs and Excise to permit the Removal of Goods from one Bonding Warehouse to another in the same Port.

[11th July 1817.]

10 G. 3. c. 46.
11 G.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifthth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to permit the Removal of Goods, Wares and Merchandises from the Port in Great Britain where they are warehoused to any other Warehousing Port for the Purposes of Exportation*, whereby it is provided, that on the Removal of Goods from any Warehouse where they have been lodged or deposited under the Regulations of certain Acts of Parliament therein recited or mentioned, to any other Port in Great Britain, for the Purpose of being exported from such Port, Bond shall be entered into with Condition to produce a Certificate that the Goods have been delivered within Three Months from the Date of the Bond; And Whereas it is expedient to limit the time for producing such Certificate; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, the Conditions of every Bond given for the truly delivering any such Goods, Wares and Merchandises under the said Provision of the said recited Act, shall be to produce the Certificate of such Delivery within Two Months from the Date of the Bond, instead of Three Months as required by the said in part recited Act; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Conditions of
such Bond shall
be as previous
Conditions were
in Warehouse of
Three Months.

11 G. 3. c. 11. § 1.

II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of His late Majesty Queen Elizabeth, intitled *An Act limiting the time for laying on Land Merchandises from beyond the Seas, and touching Customs for Stout Pines*, it is provided, that no manner of Profits or Profits shall receive or take into any Ship, Crier or other Vessel, any Goods, Wares or Merchandises (except as therein before excepted), to be transported into any Place beyond the Sea, by way of Merchandises, at any other Hour or time than from the first of September until the Port of March, between the Hours of Seven in the Morning and Four in the Afternoon; And Whereas it is expedient to permit Goods which have been put off into the Quay in the Port of London within the legal Hours to be received on board the exporting Vessels until Sixteen within the Period hereinafter mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for any Profits or Profits to receive or take, at any time before and until sunset, from the Thirtieth Day of September to the First Day of March in each Year, into any Ship or Vessel bound to Ports beyond the Sea, any Goods, Wares or Merchandises which may be lawfully exported, and which have been put off or water-borne from any Quay in the Port of London, according to Law, within the legal Hours for putting off the same; any thing in the said recited Act, or any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Goods may be
taken on board
Vessels before
and until sunset
from 30th
Sept. to 1st
of March in
any Year.

11 G. 3. c. 1. § 1.
§ 2.

III. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to permit the Removal of Goods from one Bonding Warehouse to another in the same Port*, it is enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for the Importer, Proprietor or Consignor of any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, which have been or may be lodged or deposited in any Warehouse or Warehouses or otherwise secured under the Regulations of certain Acts (therein particularly mentioned), to remove any such Goods, Wares or Merchandises from the Warehouse or Place wherein or at which the same may have been first deposited or otherwise secured in the Port of London, or any other Port in Great Britain, under the Regulations of the said Acts or either of them, to any other Warehouse or Place in the same Port wherein or at which the like Articles are allowed to be warehoused or otherwise secured, provided that Permission for that Purpose shall have been previously obtained from the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England or Scotland (as the case may be), and also from the Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland (as the case may be), if such Goods, Wares or Merchandises to be removed shall be subject to any Duty at Excise, and that the Removal take place at the Risk and Expense of the Importer, Proprietor or Consignor, under such Regulations as the said Commissioners respectively may deem necessary for the Security of the Revenue; And Whereas it would afford greater Dispatch if the several Collectors and Commissioners of the Customs and Excise respectively at the several Ports in Great Britain, other than the Port of London, were empowered to permit Goods, Wares and Merchandises to be removed from the Warehouse or Place wherein or at which the same may have been first deposited or otherwise secured under the Regulations of the said Acts or either of them, to any other Warehouse or Place in the same Port wherein or at which the like Articles are allowed to be warehoused or otherwise secured; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Collectors and Commissioners of the Customs and of the Excise (in cases where that Revenue is concerned) at any of the Ports in Great Britain, other than the Port of London, to permit any Goods, Wares or Merchandises to be removed from the Warehouse or Place wherein or at which the same may have been first deposited or otherwise secured, at any of the Ports in Great Britain, other than the Port of London, under the Regulations of the said Acts or either of them, to any other Warehouse or Place in the same Port wherein or at which the like Articles are allowed to be warehoused or otherwise secured, under such Regulations as may be deemed necessary by the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, for the Security of the Revenue, and subject to all the Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Penalties, Forfeitures, Regulations, Restrictions, Acts, matters and things contained in the aforesaid recited Act passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Regn.

Collectors, &c.
at any Port
other than Lon-
don, may permit
Goods to be re-
moved from one
Warehouse to
another in any
Port of G. B.
(except the Port
of London)
under such Re-
gulations as
Treasury may
deem necessary,
subject to
11 G. 3. c. 1. § 1.

C A P. CXVII.

An Act to regulate the issuing of Excesses in Aid.

[11th July 1817.]

WHEREAS Excesses in Aid have in many cases been issued for the levying and recovering of larger Sums of Money than were due to His Majesty by the Debtors on whose behalf such Excesses were issued, and it is expedient to prevent such Practice in future; and in other cases Excesses in Aid have been issued at the instance and for the Benefit of Persons indebted to His Majesty by Simple Contract only:

Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That upon the issuing of every Excess in Aid, on behalf of any Debtor to His Majesty, after the passing of this Act, His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster, or the Chancellor of His Majesty's Exchequer, or Lord Chief Baron or other Baron of the said Court, granting the Writ for the issuing of such Excess in Aid, shall cause the Amount of the Debt or Sum of Money due or claimed to be due to His Majesty to be stated and specified in the said Writ; and that in all cases in which the Debt or Debt or Debts issued due to the Debtor to His Majesty shall be equal to or exceed the Debt stated and specified in the said Writ as aforesaid, the Amount of the Debt so stated and specified in the said Writ shall be indorsed upon the Writ, and the Writ so indorsed shall be deemed to be and be the Authority and Direction to the Sheriff or other Officer who shall execute such Writ, in making his Levy and executing the same, as to the Amount to be levied and taken under the said Writ; and that in all cases in which the Debt or Debts issued due to the Debtor to His Majesty shall be of less Amount than the Debt stated and specified in the said Writ as aforesaid, the Amount of such Debt or Debts issued due to such Debtor to His Majesty shall be indorsed upon the Writ, and the Writ so indorsed shall be deemed to be and be the Authority and Direction to the Sheriff or other Officer who shall execute the said Writ, in making his Levy and executing the same, as to the Amount to be levied and taken under the said Writ; and that the Money levied, taken, recovered or received under or by virtue of every such Excess in Aid so professed and issued, shall be, by Order of the said Court, paid over to and for His Majesty's Use, towards Satisfaction of the Debt to be due to His Majesty as aforesaid.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every case in which the Sum produced by the Sale of any Lands, Goods or Chattels taken, or by the Receipt of any Sum of Money by any Sheriff or other Officer under any such Writ of Excess, for the purpose of levying the Amount or Sum of Money indorsed upon the Back of the Writ, shall be more than sufficient to satisfy the Amount of the Sum so indorsed upon the Writ, such Overplus shall be paid into the Court of Exchequer, together with the said Amount indorsed upon the said Writ; and the said Court shall, upon any Summary Application or Applications, make such Order, for the Return, Disposal or Distribution of any such Overplus, or any Part or Proportion thereof, as to the said Court shall appear to be proper.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained, and no Sentence of any Debt into the Hands of His Majesty, or Part Recovery or Payment of such Debt, or other Proceeding had under or in pursuance of this Act, or in relation to the applying for, obtaining or executing any such Writ, or disposing of any such Overplus, shall affect as in any manner prejudicial, either at Law or in Equity, any Right, Claim or Demand of the Person or Persons to whom such Debt shall have been due or owing, when first due into His Majesty's Hands, or his or their Assignee or Assigns, or Executor or Executors, or Administrator or Administrators, as to the remaining Part of such Debt, or as to the thing any Person or Persons against whom any such Writ shall have been issued, or whose Lands or Goods shall have been seized or taken under any such Writ, for the Balance or remaining Part of such Debt, or as to the Recovery of or receiving any Balance or remaining Part of any Debt so issued or in Part levied, recovered or paid, or any balance or other Debt issued or paid for under or by virtue of any such Excess, but still remaining due and unpaid, either in the Whole or in Part; but that it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons so aforesaid, his or their Assignee or Assigns, Executor or Executors, or Administrator or Administrators, to demand, sue for, and recover the Remainder of any such Debt so issued, or any other Debt or Debts, by the like Process and in the like manner as if no such Excess in Aid had issued; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons, Companies or Societies of Persons, Corporate or not Corporate, who shall or may be indebted to His Majesty by Simple Contract only; nor for any such Person or Persons, Companies or Societies, who shall or may be indebted to His Majesty by Bond for answering, accounting for, and paying any particular Debt or Debts, or Sum or Sums of Money, which shall arise or become due and payable to His Majesty from such Person or Persons, Companies or Societies respectively, for and in respect and in the Course of his or their particular Trade, Manufacture, Profession, Business or Callings; nor for any such Distributor of Stamps who shall have given Bond to His Majesty; nor for any Person who shall have given Bond to His Majesty, either jointly or severally, as a Surety only for some other Debtor to His Majesty, until such Surety shall have made Proof of a Demand having been made upon him on behalf of His Majesty, in consequence of the Non Performance of the Conditions of the Bond by the Principal, and then only to the Amount of the said Demand; to sue out and prosecute any Excess or Excesses in Aid, by real or on account of any such Debt or Debts to His Majesty respectively, for the Recovery of any Debt or Debts due to such Person or Persons, Companies or Societies, or to such Sub Distributor of Stamps or Surety so aforesaid; and that all and every Commission and Commissions to such Debtors, Excess and Excesses in Aid, and

Amount of Debt due to the Crown stated and specified in Writ, as he is directed upon the Writ, as the Court is to be bound by the Sheriff.

Regulation when Debt of less Amount than stated and specified in Writ.

If any Overplus of Money produced by Sale of Lands, &c. Court is directed of a sum Summary Application, &c.

Not to prejudice the Debtor as to the Crown in recovering the Remainder of any Debt.

Excess in Aid and to be paid into the Court by the Sheriff (continued) Debtors in the Crown, who by Bond as before mentioned, except as herein stated.

other Proceedings which shall be so issued or solicited at the Instance of or for such Single Contract or Bond Debtor or Debtors respectively, and all Proceedings thereupon, shall be null and void: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to preclude or prevent any Persons who shall or may become Debtors or Debtors to His Majesty by Single Contract only, by the Collection or Receipt of any Money arising from His Majesty's Revenue for His Majesty's Use, from applying for and being out any Commission or Commissions, Letters or Letters in Aid, in due time or more of such Persons shall be bound to His Majesty by Bond or Specialty of Record in the said Court of Exchequer, for answering, answering, paying over or accounting for to His Majesty, the particular Dates or Sums of Money which shall constitute the Debt that may be so then due from such Person or Persons to His Majesty; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. Provided nevertheless, and he is further enacted, That no Extent in Aid shall be issued on any Bond given by any Person or Persons as a Surety or Sureties for the paying or accounting for any Duties which may become due to His Majesty from any Body or Society, whether incorporated or otherwise, carrying on the Business of Insurance against any Risques either of Fire or of any other Kind whatever.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons who may now or who shall hereafter be imprisoned under or by virtue of any Writ of Capias in any Extent or Extents in Aid, to apply to the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in England or Scotland, or to any Barons of the same Court in Vacations, for his, her or their Discharge, giving One Month's previous Notice in Writing to the Person or Persons to whom he, she or they owe the Debt or Debt or Sums of Money for which he, she or they are or are imprisoned, at the time such Debt was incurred under such Extent in Aid, of his, her or their Intention to make such Application, and having such Notice the Ground of such Application, and an Examination and Declaration of all and every the Property, Debt and Effects whatsoever of such Person or Persons in his, her or their own Possession or Power, or in the Possession or Power of any other Person or Persons for him, her or their Use; and for the said Court, or any such Barons in Vacations to whom such Application shall be made, to order such Person or Persons to be brought before them or both to be examined upon Oath touching and concerning his, her or their Property and Effects; and if such Person or Persons respectively shall upon such Examination make a full Declaration of all his, her or their Property and Effects, to the Satisfaction of the said Court or Barons, or if shall otherwise appear reasonable and proper to such Court or Barons that such Person or Persons should be no longer imprisoned under such Writ, for such Court or Barons to order a Writ of *habeas corpus* quod *corpus* to be issued out of the said Court for the Liberation of such Person or Persons from such Imprisonment: Provided always, that no such Liberties as aforesaid shall be held or deemed to satisfy or supersede such Extent in Aid or any Proceedings thereon, except as to such Imprisonment as aforesaid, or the Debt or Debts incurred under and by virtue thereof, and for which such Person or Persons shall be so imprisoned.

C. P. CXVIII.

An Act for authorizing the Executors or Administrators of deceased licensed Navy Agents to receive Prize Money, Bounty Money and other Allowances of Money upon Orders given to such deceased Agents.

[14th July 1817.]

WHEREAS Difficulties have arisen respecting the Receipt of Prize Money, Bounty Money and other Allowances of Money due to Petty Officers and Boatswains, Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines, in consequence of the Death of Agents licensed in pursuance of an Act of Parliament passed in the Forty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually Manning His Majesty's Navy during the present War*; and for the Encouragement of Seamen; and for the better and more effectually providing for the Interest of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, and the Royal Hospital for Soldiers at Chelsea; and to extend the Privileges of the said Act in cases arising in consequence of Hostilities commenced since the passing of the said Act: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Executors or Administrators of such deceased licensed Agents, (such Executors or Administrators having first duly obtained Probates of the Wills or obtained Letters of Administration to the Effects of such Agents,) upon any Order given to such Agents in their Lifetime for the Payment of any Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money thereon mentioned, to receive the same by such Order in like manner as the Agents when living could have done: Provided always, that every such Order shall continue receivable at Pleasure, as before the passing of this Act, by the Person making the same: Provided also, that such Executors or Administrators shall, before they shall receive any Part of such Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money, take out a License for the Purpose from the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the time being, who is hereby authorized and empowered to grant the same on good and sufficient Security (to be approved by the said Treasurer) being given by Bond, as in the case of Licenses to Agents to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money, and for which License the said Payment shall be made, and the Money received for the same shall be paid over in like manner as in the case of the said other Licenses; and which Licenses so to be taken out by such Executors or Administrators shall be in force the Space of Three Years from the Date thereof, and be receivable by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy as in the case of the said other Licenses.

II. And Whereas it is expedient that the *Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy* for the time being should be authorized to revoke Licences granted to Persons to receive Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money and other Allowances of Money of Petty Officers and Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines or Marines, who shall not have duly accounted with or shall have professed any Fraud or Impediment on the personal Representatives of such Petty Officers or Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines or Marines: He is therefore enabled, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful to and for the said *Treasurer* to revoke any such Licence to any such Agent as aforesaid, or to the Executors or Administrators of any such deceased Agent, for not having duly accounted with, or for any Fraud or Impediment professed on, any personal Representative or Representatives of any deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, in such and the same manner as any such Licence is now by Law revocable for such Agents not duly accounting with or professed any Fraud or Impediment on any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine.

III. And Whereas under the Provisions of the said recited Act the *Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy* is authorized to withdraw Licences from such Licensed Agents as are therein mentioned only in the cases of Misconduct towards Petty Officers and Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines or Marines: And Whereas it is expedient that the Powers and Authorities given to the said *Treasurer* in these cases should be extended to all such like cases of Misconduct by such Agents towards all Commissioned and Warrant Officers in His Majesty's Naval Service, and Commissioned Officers in the Royal Marines, and their respective Personal Representatives, in respect to any Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money which may be due to or for the Services of such Persons respectively: He is therefore enabled, That it shall and may be lawful for the *Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy* for the time being to revoke, in the manner in the said recited Act mentioned, any Licence which may have been granted under the Authority of the said Act for any such like Misconduct as therein mentioned, by any such Agent committed or to be committed towards any Commissioned or Warrant Officer in His Majesty's Naval Service, or Commissioned Officer in the Royal Marines, or his personal Representative or Representatives, in any manner relating to any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money, which may be due to or for the Services of any such Officers respectively.

C. P. CXIX.

An Act to exempt *Brandy and Irish Stone Bottles*, made and used for the sole Purpose of containing Liquid Blacking, from the Duties of Excise on Stone Bottles granted by an Act of this Session of Parliament. [11th July 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in this Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to extend the Duties of Excise on Stone Bottles*, and charge other Duties in here thereof, a Duty of Excise of Five Shillings is imposed for every Hundred Weight of Stone Bottles, not exceeding Two Quarts Measure, made in Ireland and reported from thence into Great Britain; and by the said Act a Duty of Five Shillings is imposed for every Hundred Weight of Stone Bottles, not exceeding Two Quarts Measure, made in Great Britain: And Whereas it is expedient to exempt Stone Bottles made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, and used for the sole Purpose of containing Liquid Blacking, and which shall be of the Description hereinafter mentioned, from the Duties hereinafter named and imposed by the said Act: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and Seventeen, all Stone Bottles made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, and used for the sole Purpose of containing Liquid Blacking, and which shall be of the Description hereinafter particularly mentioned and specified, shall be wholly exempted and freed from the several heretofore imposed Duties imposed, and shall not be entitled to the Drawback granted by the said Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Bottle made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland and reported from thence into Great Britain, of Earthen or Stone Ware, or of Earth or Clay alone, or mixed with any other Material or Materials, which shall not exceed One Pint in Measure, and the Mouth and Neck of which shall be not less than One Inch and a half in Diameter in the narrowest Part of the Inside thereof, and which shall be permanently stamped in the making thereof, in ink and legible Characters, with the Words "Blacking Bottle;" and no other, shall be deemed and taken to be a Stone Bottle made for the sole Purpose of containing Liquid Blacking within the meaning of this Act, and be exempted from the said Duties.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and Seventeen, sell any such Stone Bottle or Bottle as aforesaid for any Purpose or Uses whatsoever other than and except for the sole Purpose of containing Liquid Blacking, or shall attempt to export the same upon Drawback, such Person or Persons in offending shall for each and every such offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds, over and above all other Penalties and Forfeitures whatsoever, to be laid for, recovered, levied or satisfied by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be lawfully recovered, levied or satisfied by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer at Edinburgh, respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, or any Three or more of them respectively, shall and they respectively are hereby authorized and empowered to

Such Licence may be revoked by the *Treasurer of the Navy* for Fraud, &c.

49 G. 3. c. 118, 119.

Licences under recited Act may be revoked by *Treasurer of the Navy* for Fraud committed towards Commissioned or Warrant Officers, as well as to Petty Officers and Seamen, &c.

4. 18. 1817.

Stone Bottles used for containing Liquid Blacking (hereinafter described), exempted from the Duty under recited Act.

Drawback on all Stone Bottles so exempted from Duty.

Selling such Bottles for any other Purpose than for containing Blacking, or attempting to export them as Drawback.

Penalty.

Charge of Duty on such Bottles.

Notice to be
exchanged.

could say Sun or Some of Money which shall have been charged on any such Duty for or in respect of any such Batches as aforesaid hereby exempted from Duty, to be discharged from and out of the Banks and other Documents containing any Entry or Entries of or relating to any such Charge, or Sun or Sums of Money.

C. A. P. CII.

An Act to authorize the Court of Directors of the East India Company to make extraordinary Allowances, in certain Cases, to the Owners of certain Ships in the Service of the said Company.

[15th July 1817.]

28 G. 3. c. 119.
120—1.

East India Com-
pany may allow
the Owners of
certain Ships
extraordinary al-
lowances from
the Freight.

although such
in case of Force.

Such Allowance
may be made the
Owner per Ton
between India
and India.

Allowance
in case of
Disturbance in
Port of Arrival.

1 such Ship
a full, or more
or less Allowance
a further main-
tenance, Owners
to pay the
proportionate
maintenance;

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating the manner in which the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies shall hire and take up Ships for their regular Service, various Provisions, regulating the manner in which the said United Company shall hire and take up Ships for their Service, are now in force; and according to the Effect of such Provisions the said United Company are not at liberty to release the Owners of Ships taken up for their Service from their several Contracts, or to grant them any Rate of Freight beyond what they are entitled to under such Contracts; And Whereas by reason of the loss of the late War, and the Consequence of the extraordinary Price of Articles of Equipment of Ships after the Conclusion of Peace, great Hardships might arise in compelling the Owners of certain Ships now in the Service of the said United Company to a total Evacuation of their Contracts; and therefore it is expedient that the Court of Directors of the said United Company should be empowered, under reasonable Limitations, to give them some Relief in respect thereof; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in case the Owners of all or any of the Ships hereafter mentioned; that is to say, *The Lady Melville, The Princess Amelia, The London Eagle, The Phoenix, The Charles Grant, The Asia, The Regent, The Prince Rupert, The Margate Wellington, The Cayenne, The William Fox, The Marchmont of Ely, The Apollo, The Margate Gordon, The Warren Hastings, The Minerva, The Lord Colborne, The Princess Charlotte of Wales, The Strathmore, The Swallow, The Taylor, The Margate Hastings, The Eagle Hastings, and The Calcutta*, shall pay or become to the said United Company by way of Penalty, for each and every of the Six Voyages contracted to be performed by each of the said Ships respectively, on a permanent Peace Freight under the Provisions of the said Act, which had not been performed or commenced on the Twentieth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Sum of Eight hundred and thirty three Pounds Six Shillings and Eight Pence, being One sixth Part of the Penalty of Five thousand Pounds, incurred by not performing the Whole of each Six Voyages according to the terms of their respective Contracts, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Court of Directors of the said United Company to make and allow, and to pay and make to be paid, to the Owners of the said Ships, or to such of them who shall have to pay or give Security for Payment of the said Penalty aforesaid, such Allowances and Payments over and above the Peace Freight and Demurrage which the said Ships respectively shall be entitled to under and by virtue of their several Contracts, in respect of every Voyage performed or to be performed after the said Twentieth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, as to the said Court of Directors shall appear just and reasonable, with Reference to the Prices and Expenses of Stores and Articles of Quota which prevailed in the Autumn of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, although such Ship or Ships may have come short or hereafter may come short, in case of Force; the said Act of Parliament passed in the Thirty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, or any Contract or Agreement, or any other Matter, Condition or Thing to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.*

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the said Court of Directors to make and allow, and to pay or make to be paid to the Owners of any of the said Ships of One thousand Tons and upwards, any Sun or Allowance exceeding the Rate of Eight Pounds per Ton, nor to the Owners of any of the said Ships of less than One thousand Tons, any Sun or Allowance exceeding the Rate of Eight Pounds per Ton according to Builders' Measure; and the Owners of the said Ships respectively are entitled to receive under and by virtue of their several Contracts, or any Rate of Freight which, added to the Rate of Peace Freight, which the Owners of the said Ships respectively are entitled to receive under and by virtue of their several Contracts, would amount to more than the Rate of Twenty six Pounds per Ton for Ships of One thousand Tons and upwards, and Twenty six Pounds Two Shillings per Ton for Ships of less than One thousand Tons, according to Builders' Measurement.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in case on any Voyage or Voyages which the said Ships, or any of them, shall have to perform under and by virtue of their said Contracts, the Prices and Expenses of Stores and Articles of Quota shall be reduced below the Prices and Expenses thereof which prevailed in the Autumn of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, then there shall be a proportionate Abatement made from any extra Payment which shall have been agreed to be allowed under the Authority of the said Act, to the Owners of any of the said Ships in respect of such Voyage or Voyages.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any such Ship shall be lost or captured on any such Voyage as aforesaid, or shall meet with any Accident, whereby her Owners shall, according to their respective Agreements or Charterparties, lose or be deprived of any Claim upon the said United Company for any Payment of Freight in respect of such Voyage, then, and in every such case it shall not be lawful for the said United Company to exact from the Owners of such Ship, for and in respect of such Voyage, the Payment of the said Sun or Eight hundred and thirty three Pounds Six Shillings and Eight Pence; and in case

the said Sum shall have been expended to the said United Company, the same shall be refunded to the said Owners.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in and on any Voyage or Voyages which any of the said Ships shall have to perform under their several existing Contracts, the Owners of such Ships shall hereafter become entitled under and in virtue of such Contracts to any Allowance in respect of additional Charges arising to them in time of War and Hostilities, or in consequence of War and Hostilities, then and in such case the Owner shall not be entitled to have for such Voyage or Voyages any Payment or Allowance under or by virtue of the Act; but the Payments to be made for such Ships in respect of such Voyage or Voyages shall be regulated and ascertained and made as they would have been according to the Rights of the Parties in case the Act had not been made.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, be deemed or taken to prejudice, or in any manner to affect the Rights of such Owners of any of the said Ships as shall not pay or receive such Penalty as is heretofore mentioned, nor the Rights of such Owners that be and remain as if the former Act had not passed; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof in any-wise notwithstanding.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the Owners of any of the said Ships, who shall take any Advantage under or by virtue of the Act for any Voyage, shall not be entitled to any increased Freight under their existing Contracts in performance of the said Act of the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be deemed or taken to have Reference to or in any manner to affect any Contract existing between the said United Company and the Owners of any Ships now in their Service, other than such Contracts between the said United Company and the Owners of the Ships herein mentioned.

IX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the Act shall not, nor shall any thing to be done by virtue thereof, extend or be construed to extend to release or discharge the said United Company, or the Owners of the said several Ships, from any Part of the Contracts and Agreements by which the said Ships are severally agreed to be hired by or to the said United Company, nor to alter or vary the terms of the said Contracts further or otherwise than as by the Act is specially provided and enacted.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Court of Directors of the said United Company shall, and they are hereby required from time to time hereafter, to lay Copies of all Proceedings of the said Court touching the Execution of the Act before both Houses of Parliament, at the same time and together with the Accounts required to be annually laid before Parliament by the Act passed in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for continuing to the East India Company for a further Term the Privileges of the South Territories in India, together with their existing Trade, under certain Limitations, for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories, and the better Administration of Justice within the same; for appropriating in certain Cases the Revenues and Profits of the said Company; and for making Provision for the good Order and Government of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.*

C A P. CXXI.

An Act for regulating Payments to the Treasurer of the Navy under the Heads of Old Stores and Imprests. [11th July 1817.]

WHERRAS by an Act passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for better regulating the Office of Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, all Matters required by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the time being for Navy Services are directed to be paid to the Government and Company of the Bank of England, and to be placed to the Account or Accounts of such Treasurer, and drawn for in the Manner therein mentioned: And whereas from Sum of Money are from time to time payable to such Treasurer under the Heads of Old Naval Stores and Imprests, which Moneys have hitherto been recovered by the Cashier of His Majesty's Navy, and paid into the Bank of England through the Hands of the Paymaster of the Navy: And whereas it is expedient that all such Moneys should be paid immediately into the Bank of England, without passing through the Hands of any Officer in the Treasurer's Department: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of the Act, whenever any Sum or Sums of Money shall be payable by any Person or Persons to the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for or under the Head of Old Stores or Imprests, the said Treasurer, or the Paymaster or Deputy Paymaster of the Navy, or the Cashier of the Navy or Victualling Department for the time being, as the said any person, shall give an Order or Orders in Writing to the Person or Persons liable to make such Payments, directing and requiring him, her or them to pay the Money in such Order or Orders specified to the Cashier of the Bank of England, to be placed to the Credit of the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy; and the Person or Persons to whom such Order or Orders shall be so given to and are hereby authorized and required to pay the Sum or Sums of Money therein specified to One of the Cashiers of the Bank of England; and such Cashier shall, upon Receipt of every such Sum or Sums of Money, give to the Person or Persons paying the same a Certificate or Receipt in Writing specifying the Amount thereof, and the Certificate or Receipt of such Cashier shall upon every such Payment be a good and sufficient Discharge to the Person or Persons making the same for the Sum therein expressed to be received; and all and every Sum or Sums of Money so paid into the Bank of England shall be placed to the same Account of the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, and shall be drawn*

If the Owner becomes entitled to additional Charges under or by virtue of the Act, then in Addition to the said Act.

Particular Rights of Owners are not paying Penalty.

Owners are entitled to demand increased Freight.

Proviso for existing Contracts, except for Ships herein mentioned.

How the Act is to extend any other Contracts respecting the Hire of Ships.

Proceedings of Court of Directors to be laid before Parliament.

14 G. 3 c. 32.

Treasurer, &c. to give Orders in Writing to Persons liable to make Payments under the Head of Old Stores or Imprests to pay the same into the Bank.

Receipt of Cashier to be drawn Discharge.

Money to be drawn.

Amount of the
Treasury.

drawn for in the same manner as if the same had been issued from the Exchequer to the Bank of England on the Account of such Treasurers in pursuance of any Warrant or Approaches made by such Treasurers for that Purpose.

Certificates as
Receipts may be
in Discharge to
Stamp Duty
Receipts.

II. And be it further enacted, That no Certificate or Receipt to be given or signed by any of the Customs of the Bank of England in pursuance of this Act shall be subject or liable to any Stamp Duty whatsoever imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, nor to any Stamp Duty to be imposed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament, unless such Certificate or Receipts shall be specially subjected to and charged with Stamp Duties by such future Act or Acts of Parliament.

C A P. CXXII.

An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act of the Twelfth Year of His late Majesty King George the First, and an Act of the Twenty second Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, against Payment of Labourers in Goods or by Truck, and to secure their Payments in the lawful Money of this Realm, to Labourers employed in the Collieries, or in the working and getting of Coal, in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and for extending the Provisions of the said Acts to Scotland and Ireland.

[12th July 1817.]

12 G. 1. c. 36.

WHEREAS the pernicious Practice of paying the Wages of Labourers concerned in the Woollen Trade in Goods was by the Provisions of an Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intitled *An Act to prevent unlawful Combinations of Workmen employed in the Woollen Manufacture, and for better Payment of their Wages*, prohibited by certain Regulations and under certain Penalties therein enacted; And Whereas, though the Provisions of this Act were extended by the Act of the Twenty second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuses committed by Persons employed in the Manufactures of Hats, and in the Woollen, Linen, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hosiery, Flax, Mahogany and Silk Manufactures; and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Journeymen Dyers and Scourers, against Hat Pressers, and of all Persons employed in the said several Manufactures, and for the better Payment of their Wages*; yet the Severity thereby given, for the Receipt of their Wages in Money, or in any of these Acts extended to labouring Men working in Collieries, and other Businesses connected with the Trade of working and getting Coal: And Whereas great Injury and Loss have arisen to labouring Men working in Collieries and other Businesses connected with the getting of Coal, from being paid their Wages in Goods or by way of Truck, or otherwise than in the lawful Coin of this Realm: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Provisions of the aforesaid Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, which prohibits the Payment of the Wages of Persons employed in the Woollen Manufacture in Goods, and to secure the Payment of every Part of their Wages in good and lawful Money of this Kingdom, be extended to Labourers employed in working and getting Coal in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

Provisions of
12 G. 2. c. 36.
extended to
Labourers in
Collieries.

Provisions of
22 G. 2. c. 37,
applicable to this
Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That all the Provisions of the said Act, to facilitate the Labourers in the Woollen Trade concerning the Wages for which they have stipulated, or to which they are entitled, as well as the Provisions imposing a Penalty on Masters paying Labourers in Goods, be extended to Persons employed in Collieries, and in working and getting Coal, in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in as full and ample a manner as if they had been mentioned in the aforesaid Act; and that all Breaches, Penalties, Modes of Recovery, Powers and Proceedings, and all other Matters and Things therein for their Purposes contained, be and they are hereby extended to Parties concerned in Coal Works, or concerned therein.

Provisions of
aforesaid Act
extended to Scot-
land and Ireland.

III. And be it also further enacted, That the Provisions of the Acts of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First and of the Twenty second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, be extended, and are hereby extended to Scotland and Ireland.

C A P. CXXIII.

An Act for imposing a Duty of Excise on the Excess of Spirits made from Corn in England above the Proportion of Nineteen Gallons of Spirits for every One hundred Gallons of Malt; and for further securing the Duties on Wines and Malt made for distilling Spirits in England; and for authorizing the Shipment of Rum for Stores in Casks containing Sixty Gallons.

[12th July 1817.]

WHEREAS the Duties of Excise upon Wines or Malt brewed or made for extracting Spirits in England, and the Countervailing Duties upon Spirits, are by Law imposed upon the Consumption of a certain Quantity of Spirits being extracted from One hundred Gallons of Wines or Malt: And Whereas many Makers and Distillers of Spirits in England do extract from such Wines or Malt a much larger Quantity of Spirits than such Proportion, whereby such Excess of Spirits has been stored into Cellars and without Payment of any Duty, to the great Injury of Trade and of His Majesty's Revenue: For remedy whereof, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Maker or Makers, Distiller or Distillers of Spirits in England shall, in the Year

Distilling and
any Quantity of

ending

ending on the Fifth Day of July in every Year after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and five, to make, distil, rectify or produce, or shall have made, distilled, rectified, or produced, from Wort or Wash prepared or made from Malt, Corn, Grain, or Tils, or any Mixture with the same, any Quantity of Spirits exceeding, upon the Average of ten, less or more Work in each Year, the Proportion of Quarter Gallons of Spirits, computed at the Strength of Eighty per Centum over Hydrometer Proof for every One hundred Gallons of such Wort or Wash to be distilled into Spirits as aforesaid, every such Maker or Maker, Distiller or Distiller, shall, in lieu of any Penalty for the Excess upon such Average as aforesaid, pay Daily for all such Spirits exceeding the Proportion upon such Average as aforesaid, computed as aforesaid, at and after the Rate of Nine Shillings and Two-pence half-pence for every Gallon of all such Excess and Excesses, computed as aforesaid, over and above all other Duties on Wort or Wash as aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Duty by this Act imposed shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, and shall be raised, levied, collected, recovered and paid in such and the like Manner, and in or by any or either of the general or special Warrants, Ways or Methods by which the Duties of Land on Wort or Wash brewed or made for extracting Spirits for Home Consumption in England were or might be raised, levied, collected, recovered and paid; and the Persons, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, or Commodities by this Act respectively made liable to the Payment of or chargeable with the said Duty imposed by this Act, shall be and the same are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Customs, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Sequestrations to which such Persons, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, or Commodities, were generally or specially subject and liable to by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, respecting the Duties of Excise on Wort or Wash as aforesaid, or other Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise in England were or might be subject or liable; and all and every Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures, or any others or kind whatever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, for leaving the Revenue of Excise or other Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise respectively, or for the Regulation and Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend so, and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in Execution for and in respect of the said Duty hereby charged and imposed, in as full and ample manner to all Inhabitants and Persons whatsoever as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys arising by the Duty by this Act imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, no Person or Persons whatsoever shall erect, let up, enter, or make use of any House or Place whatsoever in England for the rectifying or compounding of Spirits, or for receiving or keeping of Spirits by any Rectifier or Compounder of Spirits, within the Distance of One Quarter of a Mile in a direct Line from any House or Place which shall be entered or used for preparing Wort or Wash, or for the making or distilling of Spirits for Home Consumption, or for the receiving or keeping of Spirits by any Maker or Distiller of Spirits; nor shall any Person or Persons whatsoever erect, let up, enter or make use of any House or Place whatsoever in England, for preparing Wort or Wash, or for the making or distilling of Spirits for Home Consumption, or for receiving or keeping Spirits by any Maker or Distiller of Spirits, within the Distance of One Quarter of a Mile in a direct Line from any House or Place which shall be entered or used for rectifying or compounding of Spirits, or for receiving or keeping of Spirits by any Rectifier or Compounder of Spirits; on Pain of forfeiting in each and every such case the Sum of Five hundred Pounds for every Work that such House or Place shall be erected, let up, entered or used respectively as aforesaid; and all and every Entries or Entry of any such House or Place, to make use of either for the rectifying or compounding or keeping of Spirits, or for the preparing Wort or Wash, or making or distilling or keeping of Spirits, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever: Provided always, that none of the Prohibitions, Penalties, Forfeitures or Executions herebefore contained shall extend or apply, or be deemed or construed to extend or apply, to or in respect of any House or Place, Site or Premises, which may have been erected, let up, entered, used, occupied or employed for preparing Wort or Wash, or making or distilling Spirits, or for the rectifying or compounding, or for receiving or keeping of Spirits respectively, on the Eighteenth Day of June in the Year One thousand eight hundred and five, or within One Month previous thereto, in that no Spirits be at any time after the said Fifth Day of April received from any Part of any such House, Place or Premises entered, used, occupied or employed by any Maker or Distiller of Spirits, or from the Cellars or Stock of any such Maker or Distiller, into any Part of any such House, Place or Premises entered, used, occupied or employed by any Rectifier or Compounder of Spirits, or into the Stock or Cellars of any such Rectifier or Compounder, by any Way, Means or Communication whatsoever, other than by Carriage of a Cart or Waggon through and by means of an open Street or Road.

V. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any House or Place, Site or Premises, used or employed for the preparing of Wort or Wash, or for the making or distilling of Spirits, or the receiving or keeping of Spirits by any Maker or Distiller of Spirits, and any House or Place, Site or Premises, used or employed for the rectifying or compounding or keeping of Spirits by any Rectifier or Compounder of Spirits, shall be situate within the said Distance of One Quarter of a Mile of each other, so as to be entitled

Spirits, extending on an average of ten less or more Work in the Year to the Proportion of Quarter Gallons of Spirits as aforesaid, in any Part of the said House, Place or Premises.

Duty to be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England, and to be levied in such Manner, and under the same Warrants and Provisions.

Not to extend to Customhouse Port.

After April 1818, Houses for rectifying or compounding Spirits are to be entered or used within One Quarter of a Mile of any such House, &c.; and a Well House is to be entered within One Quarter of a Mile of a House for rectifying or compounding Spirits.

Exception in case houses entered.

Distilling and rectifying Houses are situated within a Quarter of a Mile of each

what, may be recovered, in giving Twelve Months Notice to the Owner, and making Compensation for Damage.

Commissioners may treat with Owners for the Expenses incurred by removal, and returning from other Health, &c.

In case the Parties do not agree, Expenses to be fixed by Arbitrators in Law.

Difference to be the Terms of the Difference fixed by the Officer of the Court.

Special Jury.

Cash.

In lieu of the Credit for Spirits in proportion to the Quantity of Wine, the Distiller, after Oct. 20, 1817, is to be entitled to Credit for the whole Spirits, computed at Eight per Cent. over Hydrometer Proof, produced from the said Spirit, and ready sold.

to the Excise-office, if shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Excise, or any Three or more of them, if they shall think it expedient, at any time to give Twelve Calendar Months Notice to the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, Occupier or Occupiers of any such House or Place to visit or employed for the rectifying or compounding or keeping of Spirits by any Rectifier or Compounder of Spirits, to discontinue the Use and Employment of such House or Place to visit and employed by such Rectifier or Compounder, Rectifiers or Compounders, and to remove the Trade or Business thereof to some other House or Place, Scit or Premises, not within the last Distance of One Quarter of a Mile from the said or any other House or Place and or employed for preparing Wort or Wash, or for the making or distilling of Spirits, or for the receiving or keeping of Spirit by any Maker or Distiller of Spirit : Compensation and Satisfaction being made to all and every the Owner and Owners, Proprietor and Proprietors, Occupier and Occupiers of any such House or Place, Scite or Premises, who shall sustain or incur any Loss, Damage or Injury by reason or in consequence of such Discontinuance or Removal, or remove themselves mentioned; and in the Execution of the same contained in each Notice, the Probationers, Possibilities, Fencibles and Endowments contained in the Act shall apply to and be in force with respect to any such House or Place in respect of which the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, Occupier or Occupiers thereof, shall have received such Notice as aforesaid, any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized and empowered to treat and agree with the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, Occupier or Occupiers of such House or Place, Scite or Premises, to visit and employed for the rectifying or compounding of Spirits, or for receiving or keeping of Spirits by any Rectifier or Compounder of Spirits as aforesaid, for the Expenses incurred or to be incurred by such Removal, and in the procuring some other House or Place as aforesaid, and for the Compensation and Satisfaction to be made to such Parties or Persons as aforesaid for all and any Loss, Damage and Injury by, for or they shall or may sustain or incur through, by reason, or in consequence of such Discontinuance or Removal, and able to treat and agree with the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, Occupier or Occupiers of such House or Place, Scite or Premises, visit or employed for preparing Wort or Wash, or for the making or distilling of Spirits, or for the receiving or keeping of Spirits by any Maker or Distiller of Spirits, for the Compensation and Satisfaction to be made to such last mentioned Person or Persons, or any of them, for all or any Loss, Damage and Injury by, for or they shall or may sustain or incur through, by reason or in consequence of the Discontinuance or Removal of the Trade or Business of such Rectifier or Compounder as aforesaid; and so also the said Commissioners of Excise shall not be able to agree with any of the said Parties as to the Amount of such Expenses, or such Compensation and Satisfaction, then and in every such case the Amount of such Expenses and such Compensation and Satisfaction shall be fixed and ascertained in an Action upon a signed Bill or Bills upon the Amount of such Expenses and such Compensation and Satisfaction, or of such Compensation and Satisfaction only, as the case may be, to be tried in any Court of Record at Westminster, in which Action the Parties claiming such Expenses, or such Compensation and Satisfaction, or any of them, shall be the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, and the Secretary of the Board of Excise for the time being, on behalf of the Commissioners of Excise, shall be the several Defendants, who shall accept a Declaration and plead to the said Action; and in case any Difference shall arise touching the terms of the said Bill, the same shall be settled by the proper Officer of the said Court in which such Bill shall be tried, and such Bill shall be tried before a Special Jury, to be summoned, impanelled and returned in the usual manner, as in cases of Actions at the Common Law; and the said Court shall have Power to direct a new Trial upon the said Bill if they shall so fit, and shall give Judgments for the Amount ultimately awarded by the Verdict of such Jury, together with Costs to be taxed by the proper Officer; and thereupon the said Commissioners of Excise shall, within One Month afterwards, pay the said Amount for which Judgment shall be given to the said Parties claiming as aforesaid: Provided always, that if the said Commissioners shall have made an Offer to the said Parties, or any of them, of a Sum of Money for such Expenses, Compensation and Satisfaction, or Compensation and Satisfaction only, which Offer shall not be accepted, the said Parties relating or claiming such Offer shall not be entitled to any Costs, unless there shall be awarded by the Verdict of a Jury as aforesaid a larger Sum by One Tenth Part than the Amount of such Offer.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the Credit for Spirits in Proportion to the Quantity of Wort or Wash made or brewed, to which Makers or Distillers of Spirits in England are now by Law entitled, every such Maker or Distiller shall, from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, be entitled to Credit for the whole Quantity of Spirits, computed at the Strength of Eight per Cent. over Hydrometer Proof, which he, he or they shall distil, make, rectify or produce, and which shall be taken Account of by the proper Officer in the Spirit Cask provided by such Distiller for the Reception of the Spirits extracted from the Low Wine produced from such Charge of his, her or their Wash Still or Wash Still; and if at any time after the said Tenth Day of October any such Maker or Makers, Distiller or Distillers as aforesaid, shall make, distil, rectify or produce, or there shall be found to be, her or their Stock, Cask or Possession, any Excise of Spirits over and above such Credit as aforesaid, computed as aforesaid, added to any Quantity of Raw Spirits legally brought and received into such Stock by Permit, all such Excise and Excises shall be deemed to be Spirits unlawfully made, and a Quantity equal thereto shall and may be taxed by any Officer or Officers of Excise out of and from any Part of the Stock of any such Maker or Makers, Distiller or Distillers as aforesaid; and such Maker or Makers, Distiller or Distillers, shall, for every Gallon of such Excise and Excises computed as aforesaid, forfeit and lose the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

* VII. And

• VII. And Whereas by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for establishing the Use of an Hydrometer called *Siber's Hydrometer* in ascertaining the Strength of Spirits, called of *Charles's* Hydrometer, it is enacted, that in all Trials of the Strength of any Spirits by any Officer or Officers of Excise with the said Hydrometer called *Siber's Hydrometer* in any Part of the United Kingdom, the Strength of Eight *per Centum* above Proof denoted by the said Hydrometer called *Siber's Hydrometer*, shall be substituted for the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof mentioned in an Act made in the Twenty fifth Year of His present Majesty, among other things for the better Regulation of the making and vending *British* Spirits; or in another Act made in the Twenty eighth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, among other things for better regulating the Exportation of *British* made Spirits from England or Scotland, and from Scotland to England; or of another Act made in the Twelfth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, among other things to continue Two Acts made in the Twenty eighth and Twenty ninth Years of His said Majesty's Reign therein mentioned; or of another Act made in the Fifty second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, among other things for regulating the Warehousing of Spirits distilled from Corn in Ireland for Exportation, without Payment of the Duty of Excise chargeable thereon, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise in any Part of the United Kingdom, is ever immediately before the passing of the said Act made in the last Session of Parliament; and that all Spirits made subject to Forfeiture under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Acts or any or either of them, for or by virtue of their higher Degree of Strength than last ascertained, Shall, together with the Casks and Packages containing the same, be and remain forfeited for and by reason of the said Spirits being of a higher Degree of Strength than the said Eight *per Centum* above Proof; and it was by the said Act provided, that if the Strength of any Spirits mentioned and imported from that Part of Great Britain called Scotland into that Part of Great Britain called England as ascertained Shall, upon Trial by any Officer or Officers of Excise in England by the said Hydrometer, be denoted to be greater than that of Eight *per Centum* above Proof, and such Spirits shall not exceed Three *per Centum* over and above the said Strength of Eight *per Centum* above Proof, then and in such case the said Spirits shall not be forfeited, but shall be charged with the further Duty proportioned to their said *Scotch* Strength: And Whereas it has been found that the said Strength of Eight *per Centum* above Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, exceeds by more than One *per Centum* the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof mentioned in the said Act, for which the same is substituted as ascertained: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Twelfth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, in all Trials of the Strength of any Spirits, the Strength of Seven *per Centum* above Proof denoted by the said Hydrometer called *Siber's Hydrometer* shall, in lieu of the Strength of Eight *per Centum* above Proof mentioned in the said Act of the last Session of Parliament, be substituted and taken for the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof mentioned in all and every of the said Acts, and in all other Acts and Acts relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise on *Scotch* and *Irish* Spirits respectively; and that all and every of the Customs, Acts, Regulations, Provisions, Enforcements, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures made and contained in any of the said Acts, or in the said Act of the last Session of Parliament, or in any other Act or Acts relating or applying to or in respect of any Spirits of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, or to Eight *per Centum* above Hydrometer Proof as the Substitute thereof mentioned in the said Act of the last Session of Parliament, shall extend and apply and be put in force to and in respect of any Spirits of or above or under the Strength of Seven *per Centum* above Proof, in the case may happen, to be, and as denoted by the said Hydrometer called *Siber's Hydrometer*, in lieu of the said Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and Eight *per Centum* above Hydrometer Proof respectively, mentioned in the said Acts or any of them, as fully and effectually as if the same were heretofore repeated and re-enacted to and by the said Act; any Thing in the said Act or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

• VIII. And for the better securing the Duties of Excise on Wort or Wash, be it further enacted, That from and after the Twelfth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the Wash used or made by any Maker or Driller of Spirits in England shall, before it is put into his, her or their Still or Stills for Distillation into Low Wines, be conveyed from each fermenting Back or Vessel in which it shall have been fermented, into an entered circular or elliptical Vessel called *Jack Back*, having no Pipe or other Communication with any other Vessel or Vessels, Urn or Urns whatsoever, except with such fermenting Backs, and with the Wash Still or Stills, by means of the Wash Main Pipe and the Wash Pump, and which Jack Back shall be used for no other Purpose, and shall be of a Size not less than Three Fourths of the Content of the Wash Still or Stills, including the Head or Heads thereof, intended to be charged, and the mean Diameter of which at the Head shall not exceed the Depth thereof; and as soon as Wash shall be conveyed into such Jack Back as one time that is sufficient to charge the Still or Stills then intended to be charged; and every Charge of Wash shall be conveyed into such Jack Back before such Still or Stills shall be collected for the Purpose of being charged; and the whole Quantity of Wash conveyed into such Jack Back, after being pumped by the Officer, shall be conveyed into the Still or Stills; and if any Wash used or made by any Maker or Driller of Spirits in England shall not, before it is put into the Still or Stills for Distillation into Low Wines, be conveyed from each fermenting Back or Vessel, into which it shall have been fermented, into such Jack Back as aforesaid, or if such Jack Back shall have any other Pipe or Communication than as aforesaid, or be used for any other Purpose than as aforesaid, or if more Wash be conveyed therein at one time than is necessary to charge such Wash Still or Wash Stills, or if the Wash, or any Part thereof, at any time conveyed into any Wash Back shall be removed or conveyed from such Jack Back before the proper Officer shall have taken an Account thereof in such Jack Back, or any Part thereof shall be kept or collected from such Officer in any manner whatsoever, or if the whole Quantity of conveyed shall not, then such Account thereof has been taken, be

C. 123. 123.
123.

The Strength of Seven per Cent. above Proof, denoted by *Siber's Hydrometer*, shall, in lieu of the Strength of Eight per Cent. above Proof, mentioned in the Act of 1812, be substituted for One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in any Act relating to Spirits. Regulation of all Acts relating to Strength of Spirits, as directed in this Act.

After Oct. 12, 1817, Wash, before it is put into the Still, is to be conveyed from the fermenting Vessel to an entered circular or elliptical Vessel called Jack Back, &c.

Driller not complying with this Regulation incurs forfeiture.

Proviso 1000.
Redfishers for
using the Vell
which Jack Back
was ordered to
change the
Sill, and also
the Sill of a
conveying the
Wash into the
sea, where the
Jack Back is not
used.

conveyed from each Jack Back into the Wash Still or Wash Sills in the manner herein directed, every Jack Maker or Distiller shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Maker or Makers, or Distiller or Distillers of Spirits in England, who shall at the time of putting this Act in force and who any entered Jack Back for charging his, her or their Wash Still or Wash Sills with Wash, to continue to have and use each Jack Back for the Purpose of receiving the Wash in the Course of its Passage and Transmission from the respective fermenting Backs into each Jack Back, as by this Act is required, for continuing at one time the Wash of the Wash which is to be run, pumped or conveyed into the Wash Still or Wash Sills intended to be charged for any Charge thereof, and there to be taken Account of by the proper Officer, such intermediate Jack Back not having at any time hereafter any Pipe or other Communication with any other Vessel or Utensil whatsoever, except the Wash Main Pipe and entered Wash Pump, not being used for any other Purpose than to contain Wash in the Course of such Passage or Transmission as aforesaid; and for any Maker or Makers, or Distiller or Distillers of Spirits in England, on loss of entering or using any Jack Back, to convey, by means only of his, her or their entered Wash Pump, the Wash of his, her or their Wash immediately from the Wash Main Pipe, into his, her or their Wash Still or Wash Sills, for the Purpose of making and distilling therefrom Low Wine, without running, pumping or conveying the same into any Jack Back or other intermediate Vessel or Utensil whatsoever; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: Provided, that no Jack Maker or Makers, Distiller or Distillers as aforesaid, shall have or keep, or pump, run or convey into any Wash Still or Wash Sills, any Ferment, Liqueur, Water, or other Matter or Things whatsoever except Wash, or draw off or distil any Wash from any Wash Still, until the Officer or Officers of Excise shall have gauged and taken Account thereof of the whole Quantity of unrunned and undistilled Wash run, pumped or conveyed into each Wash Still or Wash Sills for the Charge thereof respectively, without making any Allowance for the Evaporation of such Wash from Heat or otherwise, and ascertained that such Quantity of Wash is not less than Three Parts in Four of the Quantity which each Still, including the Head thereof, is capable of containing; and if any such Maker or Makers, Distiller or Distillers as aforesaid, shall at any time hereafter use or employ any Jack Back for any other Purpose than to distill, or shall keep or continue any Wash in any such intermediate Jack Back as aforesaid, and not pump and convey the same forthwith into the Jack Back immediately required, in which all such Wash is to be gauged and taken Account of by the Officer as aforesaid, or shall use or employ any Jack Back removed, or having any Pipe or other Communication with any other Vessel or Utensil than as aforesaid, or if any Maker or Makers, Distiller or Distillers as aforesaid, not using or employing any Jack Back whatsoever, shall not run, pump or convey the Wash of his, her or their Wash directly from the Wash Main Pipe into his, her or their Wash Still or Wash Sills as aforesaid, or shall have, keep, run, pump or convey any Ferment, Liqueur, Water, or other Matter or Things whatsoever, into each Wash Still or Wash Sills, or draw off from or distil therefrom any Wash, until the proper Officer shall have gauged and taken an Account of the whole Quantity of unrunned and undistilled Wash in each Wash Still or Wash Sills at such and every Charge thereof respectively, without making any Allowance for the Evaporation of such Wash from Heat or otherwise, and shall have ascertained that the same is not less than Three Parts in Four of the Quantity which each Still, including the Head thereof, is capable of containing, such Maker or Makers, Distiller or Distillers, in any such Case offending, shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Proviso 1001.
After 68. 10.
Discharge Pipe
of Wash
Backs often
changed, to be
looked and
opened by the
proper
Officer, to run
the Wash into
the Jack Back,
&c.
Locks, &c. pro-
vided for the
Evaporation of
Distillers, &c.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first Tenth Day of October, all and every the Discharge Pipes, Pipes and Cocks of every Wash Back used or employed by any Maker or Makers, or Distiller or Distillers of Spirits in England, when charged with Wort or Wash, shall be looked and sealed and opened by the proper Officer of Excise, for the Purpose of enabling such Distiller or Distillers to run the Wash from any such fermenting Back, of which Notice shall be given, into the Jack Back aforesaid, in order to charge the Wash Still or Sills, in the same manner as the Wash Pump and charging Cock of the Wash Still used by each Maker or Distiller are now by Law required to be looked and sealed and opened by such Officer; and that in like manner there shall be proper Fillings and Locks provided for the same to the Satisfaction of such Officer as aforesaid, at the Expense of such Maker or Distiller; and that the Wash Main Pipe communicating between the fermenting Backs and the Jack Back aforesaid, shall be so placed and fixed that all Wash or Liqueur put or entering thereon shall run and be discharged or conveyed from thence into the Jack Back, and not neither off in each Main Pipe or run elsewhere, and shall run in Pipe or other Conduits entering into or putting out of the same, except the Plug Hole or Pipe from each fermenting Back hereby directed and required to be looked as aforesaid, and the Sewer Cock or Pipe to be kept looked by the proper Officer, and opened only for walking out or cleaning each Wash Main Pipe, and shall have an other Cock thereon when ever; and if any such Maker or Distiller shall not provide, fit, maintain and keep each Wash Main Pipe as aforesaid, or shall wilfully open, break or damage, or cause or suffer to be opened, broken or damaged, any of such Locks, Fillings, Pipes or Cocks, or use any other Art or Contrivance whereby any Wash may or can be privately conveyed away or concealed from the Officers, or in any respect offend in any of the Matters or Things aforesaid, every such Maker or Distiller shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Proviso 1002.
Redfishers filling
up any other
than Spirits of
Wine, &c. or
filling, &c.
new Spirits, and
Distils

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Redfisher or Redfishers of Spirits shall fill, feed out, or deliver in England any rectified Spirits, not being Spirits of Wine, Arrack Brandy, Arrack Gin, or Compound; and that no raw Spirits shall be sold, removed or delivered on, or bought, taken, had or received by or into the Stock or Distillation of any Dealer in or Retainer of Spirits or Wine whatsoever in England, not being an entered Redfisher of Spirits; and if any such Spirits as aforesaid shall be sold, removed or delivered to or taken, had or received by any such Dealer or Retainer as aforesaid, the same, together with the Casks or

other

other Packages in which the same shall be contained, and the Boute and other Vessels, Casks and other Containers, and Hides or Cattle used for removing the same, shall be respectively forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Person or Persons respectively selling, delivering, buying, removing, taking, having or receiving the same, shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers, Distiller or Distillers, or Rectifier or Rectifiers of Spirits in England, receiving any Spirit, not being Foreign Spirit, into his, her or their Custody or Possession, shall break Bulk or draw off any Part thereof, or add Water or any thing thereto, or in any respect alter the same, or tap or open any of the Casks, or alter or change any of the Packages containing any such Spirit, or the Spirits therein removed, until the proper Officer or Officers of Excise shall have taken an Account of the Strength and Quantity thereof; and every such Maker, Distiller and Rectifier as aforesaid shall, on the Receipt of any such Spirit, give Notice thereof to his, her or their Surveying Officer of Excise, and deliver to such Officer the Permit received by him, her or them with such Spirit, whereupon such Officer shall attend and take an Account of the Strength and Quantity of such Spirit; and if any such Maker, Distiller or Rectifier, who shall receive any such Spirit into his, her or their Custody or Possession, shall fail to give such Notice and deliver such Permit as aforesaid, or shall, without such Officer shall not attend within Three Hours after receiving such Notice and take such Account as aforesaid, break Bulk or draw off any Part of such Spirit, or add Water or any thing thereto, or in any respect alter the same, or tap or open any of the Casks, or alter or change any of the Packages containing any such Spirit, or the Spirits therein removed, until the proper Officer or Officers of Excise shall have taken an Account of the Strength and Quantity thereof, all such Spirit, or a Quantity equal thereto, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and such Maker or Makers, Distiller or Distillers, Rectifier or Rectifiers offending, shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That any Maker or Makers, Distiller or Distillers, Rectifier or Rectifiers or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Spirits in England, who shall deliver, remove or receive any Spirit, for the Removal of which a Permit is by Law required, without such Permit, or a greater Quantity of Spirit, or of a different Kind or Quality, than shall be expressed in such Permit, or having obtained such Permit shall not send out therewith the Spirits therein described, or remove the said Permit within the Time now by Law required, and every Person or Persons who shall sell, lend, deliver or employ, or make use of, or cause or suffer any such Permit as aforesaid, or any other Permit granted under any Law or Laws of Excise, to be sold, lent, delivered, employed or made use of to or for any other Use or Purpose whatsoever than to accompany the actual Removal of the Spirit or Goods respectively for which the same was obtained and granted, and which shall be therein expressed or delimited, or shall produce or cause or suffer the same to be produced to any Officer or other Person, as having been received with any Goods other than as aforesaid, or shall in any manner use or employ, or cause or suffer to be used or employed, any Permit, in or in any Account kept or checked, or to be kept or checked by the Officer or Officers of Excise by such Permit shall or may be frustrated or evaded, he, he or they shall for every such Offence severally forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, over and above all other Penalty and Penalties, Forfeitures and Forfeitures whatsoever; and every Permit used for any Purpose whatsoever other than to accompany the Removal of the Spirit or Goods respectively for which it was obtained and granted, and which shall be therein expressed or delimited, shall be deemed and taken to be a false Permit, and such Use shall, over and above all other Penalties and Penalties, subject the Person or Persons to using the same in all and every the Penalties and Penalties imposed by Law upon any Person or Persons for using, giving or receiving any false Permit.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Dealer or Dealers in Foreign Wine, not being an entered Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Spirits in England, shall receive or take into his, her or their Custody or Possession any Spirit of Wine exceeding Two Gallons at any one time, or any other Spirit of Spirits, except Spirit of Wine, of a greater or higher Degree of Strength than Twenty per Centum under Hydrometer Proof; and if any such Dealer as aforesaid, not being an entered Dealer in, or Retailer of Spirit as aforesaid, shall have, receive or take into his, her or their Custody or Possession any Spirit of Wine exceeding Two Gallons at one time, or other Spirit of Spirits, except Spirit of Wine of a greater or higher Degree of Strength than Twenty per Centum under Hydrometer Proof, all such Spirit shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Person or Persons in each case offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all Spirit of Wine shall be made and kept of the Strength of Forty three per Centum under Hydrometer Proof as the law, and that the actual and true Strength of all Spirit of Wine shall be expressed and specified in the Request Note for a Permit, and in the Permit granted for or to accompany the Removal thereof, and shall be taken Account of by the Officer in the respective Stools of every Dealer in and Retailer of Spirit according to the actual Strength thereof; and that every Dealer in or Retailer of Spirit shall keep all Spirit of Wine in a separate and distinct Cask or Place entered for that Purpose, in which no other Spirit or Foreign Wine or Spirits or Made Wine is, are or shall be kept; and if any Spirit of Wine shall from and after the passing of this Act be kept or removed of less Strength than as aforesaid, or be mixed or mingled with any Foreign Wine, Foreign Spirit or other Spirit of Spirits, or by any means be reduced, lowered or weakened in the Strength thereof, or shall be removed without the Person expressing the Strength thereof, or shall be found so or upon the Production or in the Custody or Possession of any such Dealer or Retailer as aforesaid, otherwise than in such separate casked Cask or Place as aforesaid; all such Spirit of Wine, and all Wine or Spirit with which any Spirit of Wine shall be mixed or mingled, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of

Excise, and
shall be
forfeited
and may be
seized

And that the
Strength of
any Spirit
shall be
expressed
and specified
in the
Request Note
for a Permit
and in the
Permit granted
for or to
accompany the
Removal thereof

And that the
Strength of
any Spirit
shall be
expressed
and specified
in the
Request Note
for a Permit
and in the
Permit granted
for or to
accompany the
Removal thereof

Penalty paid.
Removal of
without a Permit
or a greater
Quantity of
Spirit, or of a
different Kind
or Quality, than
shall be
expressed in
such Permit

Penalty.
What Penalty
shall be
incurred

Penalty.

What Dealer in
Foreign Wine,
not being an
entered Dealer
in, or Retailer
of Spirit as
aforesaid, shall
have, receive
or take into
his, her or
their Custody
or Possession
any Spirit of
Wine exceeding
Two Gallons
at any one
time, or other
Spirit of
Spirits, except
Spirit of Wine
of a greater
Degree of
Strength than
Twenty per
Centum under
Hydrometer
Proof

Penalty paid.
Strength of
any Spirit
shall be
expressed
and specified
in the
Request Note
for a Permit
and in the
Permit granted
for or to
accompany the
Removal thereof

If found of less
Strength than
as aforesaid,
or be mixed
or mingled
with any
Foreign Wine,
Foreign Spirit
or other Spirit
of Spirits, or
by any means
be reduced,
lowered or
weakened in
the Strength
thereof, or
shall be
removed
without the
Person
expressing the
Strength
thereof, or
shall be
found so
or upon the
Production
or in the
Custody or
Possession
of any such
Dealer or
Retailer as
aforesaid

Penalty and,
35 G. 3. c. 123.
§ 1.
35 G. 3. c. 123.
§ 12-14.

Rum may be
taken out of
Warehouses and
allowed to be
shipped on Casks
containing not
less than five
Gallons, or
Staves, to be
confirmed on
board, than from
Duty
Chambers.

Penalty.

Recovery and
Application of
Penalties.

All may be
altered, i.e. this
Section.

Excise; and the Dealer or Dealers and Retailer or Retailers as aforesaid offending therein shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XVII. And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for permitting the Removal of Goods from one Bonded Warehouse to another in the same Port, it is enacted, that any Rum of the Growth or Produce of the British Sugar Plantations imported into Great Britain in any Cask of Sixty Gallons or upwards, shall be allowed to be warehoused in the same manner as Foreign Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Spirits or Aqua Vice, is or are, by an Act made in the First third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, allowed to be warehoused*: And whereas by the Laws made in these last Rum may be delivered from or out of any such Warehouse to be shipped as Staves, to be kept and confirmed on board any Ship or Vessel in any Voyage to Ports beyond the Seas, freed and discharged from all the Duties of Excise, provided such Rum be not so shipped in any Cask which shall contain less than One hundred Gallons: And Whereas it is expedient that such Rum should be allowed to be shipped as aforesaid in Casks containing not less than Sixty Gallons; be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, any Cask not containing less than Sixty Gallons of such Rum as aforesaid shall or may be delivered from or out of any Warehouse, and shipped as Staves to be kept and confirmed on board any Ship or Vessel in any Voyage to Ports beyond the Seas, freed and discharged from all the Duties of Excise, *subject nevertheless to all and singular the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, and all fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, contained, provided, intuled or established in or by all or any of the Laws now in force for or in respect of any Rum shipped or to be shipped as Staves, as fully and effectually as if the same had been shipped as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in the Body of the said Act*: Provided always, that no Rum shall be shipped for Staves on board of any Ship (except by the special Order and Permission of the Commissioners of Excise,) but at the Port at which the Ship or Vessel is listed out for the Voyage; and that the Cask required by Law to be made, thus the same is to be shipped as Staves to be kept and confirmed in the Voyage, shall be made by Affidavit in Writing by the Master or Purser of each Ship or Vessel; and that if the Contents of any such Cask shall be drawn off, or the Rum or any Part thereof be used or altered, either in Quantity or Quality, before such Ship or Vessel shall have left the Port and sailed upon her intended Voyage, each Cask or Casks and the Rum therein contained or drawn off shall be forfeited, over and above the Penalty of the Bond given to the Shipmaster thereof, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, shall be paid, recovered, levied or mitigated by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Justices, Justices or Justices may be lawfully, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Act of Duty, Bill, Pleas or Informations in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; and that One Month of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Month to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act, or any of the Provisions thereof may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act to be made in this Session of Parliament.

C. A. F. CXXIV.

An Act to amend an Act made in the present Session of Parliament, for authorizing the Hire of Exchangeable Bills, and the Advance of Money for carrying on Public Works and Fisheries, and Employment of the Poor. [15th July 1817.]

C. 24. § 2. sec.

§ 2. 172

WHEREAS by an Act made in this present Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act to authorize the Hire of Exchangeable Bills, and the Advance of Money out of the Consolidated Fund, in a limited Amount, for the carrying on of Public Works and Fisheries in the United Kingdom, and Employment of the Poor in Great Britain, in manner therein mentioned*, if in among other things enacted, that at any time after the passing of the said Act, by or out of such Monies as shall at any time or times remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland, or out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, *subject as aforesaid* (after paying or referring (as herein to pay all such Sums and Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid in Ireland out of the said Consolidated Fund), there shall and may be issued, by Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, from time to time, in manner and under the Regulations in the said Act mentioned and contained, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, to be applied to the Purpose of the said Act in manner and under the Regulations therein mentioned: And Whereas the perfect Disposed State of the Poor in some Parts of Ireland may require more speedy Relief than could be afforded under the Regulations of the said entitled Act; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and he and they in and are hereby authorized, to authorize and appoint to money and such Persons as he or they shall think fit, not exceeding five in Number, to be Special Commissioners for the Purpose of receiving Applications for Relief in Cases of extreme Necessity; and upon the Report and Recommendations of such Commissioners or any Three of them, it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being to direct that any Part or Portion of the said Sum of Two hundred and fifty thousand

Lord Lieutenant
of it shall any
appoint Special
Commissioners
for receiving
Applications for
Relief, and upon
their Returns.

the said Funds shall be paid and advanced in Aid of any private or local Contribution, or Subscription for the Relief and Employment of the Poor in any Part or Parts of Ireland, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, and in any such time or times, and in any such manner and proportions, and under any such Regulations and Directions as shall be suggested and recommended by such Commissioners, and as shall be approved of and authorized by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; any thing in the said recited Act of this Session of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners in to be appointed under the Authority of this Act shall, whenever they shall be thereto required by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or his or their Chief Secretary, transmit an Account or Accounts in Writing of all their Proceedings under the Act, to the Office of such Chief Secretary, and the same shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament.

III. And Whereas many Public Works of Drainage are to be executed, or are in the Course of Execution, under the Authority of Parliament, by Commissioners or Trustees, out of Taxes upon Land, or other Funds or Revenues raised or charged to pay the Expenses of such Works; and Doubts have arisen whether the said recited Act authorizes the Advance of Money to such Commissioners or Trustees for such Works, without personal Security, upon Conditions which are properly applicable to such Works of Drainage; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for carrying the said recited Act into Execution, to make any Advances of Money by Exchequer Bills, under the said recited Act, in Aid of any Work or Works of Drainage, either with or without Navigation, to be executed, or in the Course of Execution, by Commissioners or Trustees under the Authority of Parliament; such Advances to be made to such Commissioners or Trustees without personal Security, upon the Credit of any Rates or Taxes payable from any Lands or Grounds, or upon any other Funds or Revenues for such Works: Provided always, that in every such case of Advances for Works of Drainage under the Act, or the said recited Act, the Commissioners for carrying the said recited Act into Execution shall be furnished of the Utility of the Work, and that the Rates, Taxes, Funds and Revenues to be mortgaged and assigned according to the Provisions of the said recited Act, shall be an adequate Security for the said Advances.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Exchequer Bills whenever which shall be made out in pursuance of the said recited Act, shall be advanced for any of the Purposes in the said recited Act or this Act mentioned, shall be made payable on the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and at no other time; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Advance shall be made under the Provisions of the said recited Act for the Use of any Parish, Township or Place in Great Britain, in which the Amount of the Money actually expended for the Relief of the Poor in the Year ending at Easter One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, or ending at the stated Quarter Day immediately preceding Easter One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, shall not exceed by Three Fourths the average annual Amount of the Money expended for the Relief of the Poor for the Three Years preceding Easter One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, or shall not exceed by One Half the Amount so expended for the Year ending Easter One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Principal Sums contained in the Exchequer Bills which shall be advanced or lent by the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act in Great Britain, under the Authority of the said recited Act, the Payment whereof shall not be otherwise provided for pursuant to the said recited Act, shall be repaid without Deduction or Abatement, together with Interest for the time at and after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to the Callers or Callers of the Bank of England, at their Office, by the Space of Fifteen Days at least before the time when each such Exchequer Bill shall become payable according to the Provisions of this Act; such Interest to be computed on the said Principal Sums from the Date of such Exchequer Bill to the time of the Payment thereof.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all the Claims of the Commissioners under the said recited Act shall be paid and satisfied out of the Estate and Effects of any Person or Persons who shall become Bankrupt, and against whose Estate Requisition shall be awarded as aforesaid, out of the Estate and Effects of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and in preference to the Claim of any other Creditor or Creditors; notwithstanding without Prejudice to Preference, duly obtained according to the Law so directed, upon the Head Estate of Persons who shall become Bankrupt.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners named in and appointed by the said recited Act, and their Successors for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to receive Applications in Writing from the Trustees of any Road or Roads, Railway or Railways, or the Trustees or Commissioners of any Harbours or Drainage, whether situated under the Authority of Parliament or otherwise, or from any Person or Persons for the Encouragement of the Fisheries, or the Support of any Colleges or Monks, or from any Person or Persons proposing to employ the Poor of any Parish or Parishes in Great Britain in any beneficial Object or Work, for the Loan and Advance of Money by Exchequer Bills or otherwise, according to the said recited Act, and the said Commissioners shall proceed to take such Applications into their Consideration in such and the like Manner as any other Applications mentioned and referred to in the said recited Act, and to grant such Loans or Loans in pursuance thereof as the said Commissioners may think fit, having regard to considering all such Applications as are mentioned in the said recited Act and this Act, or the Records which may arise in affording Employment for the labouring Classes of People and the Numbers to be employed, and to the Validity of the Security proposed for the Repayment of the Money or Exchequer Bills advanced.

monetary, some Part of the said system, may be obtained for the Employment of the Poor.

Commissioners to give an Account of their Proceedings to Chief Secretary

Advances may be made for Drainage on the Credit of the Rates

of Commissioners limited of the Utility of the Work

Exchequer Bills, when payable

Regulating Advances to Parishes

Repayment of Exchequer Bills

Preference to Claims of Bankrupts' Creditors

Advances may be made to Trustees of Roads, Harbours, and other under Authority of Parliament, and for Encouragement of Fisheries, Colleges, &c.

Commissioners may take in Addition to the Mortgages, Copyhold or Leasehold Property, or any other Security in the same manner as aforesaid.

Commissioners may take in Addition to the said Securities, Heritable Securities in Scotland, and in such Cases, and in Addition thereto.

Secretary, under Direction of Commissioners, may do all Acts requisite to give Effect to such heritable Security or Assignments thereof.

Commissioners may take, in a further Security, Depositions before them, under their Seal, of the Bills of Exchange, or any other negotiable Securities.

Debtors, Mortgagees, or others, who are the Commissioners, Assignees, Receivers, Ac. may take in such Security.

Commissioners may, in and to the

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners named in and appointed by the said recited Act, and their Successors for the time being, or any Three or more of them, in all Cases where they shall be Obedient, to accept and take as a further and additional Security for any Loan to be made of any such Exchange Bills mentioned in the said recited Act, and as a further Security for any Loan to be made of any such Exchange Bills mentioned in the said recited Act, or for Part of such Loan from any Principal or Party in such Loan, to require and take Security by Mortgage, Assignment, Surrender or other competent Assurance, upon the Freehold, Copyhold or Leasehold Estates or Estates of such Principal or Party, or other Person or Persons by whom such Loan shall be required, or as or for whose Use such Loan shall be granted: such Mortgages, Assignments, Surrenders or other Security to be respectively granted and made to and in the Name of the Secretary to the said Commissioners for the time being, in Trust for the said Commissioners, and upon such Terms, Conditions and Covenants as the said Commissioners or any Three or more of them shall direct and appoint with respect to such Loan, or any Part thereof.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, in all Cases where they shall be Obedient, to accept and take as a further and additional Security for any Loan to be made of any Sum in such Exchange Bills as aforesaid, under the said recited Act or this Act, or Part of such Loan, from any Principal or Party in such Loan, or other Person or Persons having Lands, Holdings or other Real Estates in Scotland, or any heritable Security whatsoever, which may affect, charge or charge the said Real Estates of such Principals or Parties, or such other Person as aforesaid by the Laws of Scotland; and also to accept and take as a like further and additional Security from any such Principal or Party, or other Person or Persons possessed of any heritable Security, affecting, encumbering or charging any Real Estates in Scotland, any Assignment of such heritable Security proposed, according to the Forms prescribed by the Laws of Scotland; and that every such heritable Security which shall be so granted and constituted, and every Assignment of any heritable Security which shall be so made as any such further and additional Security for such Loan as aforesaid, shall respectively be granted, constituted and made, to and in the Name of the Secretary of the said Commissioners for the time being, in Trust for the said Commissioners, in virtue of the Loan, for which the same shall be a Security: and the said Secretary for the time being shall, under the Direction of the said Commissioners or any Three or more of them, have full Power and Authority to perform, execute and carry into Effect any Acts, Matters and Things whatsoever, which shall be requisite for the further and better effecting and validating any such heritable Security or Assignment thereof as aforesaid, and for enforcing, prosecuting and pursuing the same, for the Recovery of the Sums for which such Securities were respectively granted, constituted and made, in all Courts of competent Jurisdiction in Scotland, as fully and effectually as all Intents and Purposes as if the same Securities respectively were granted, constituted and made to the Secretary for the time being, as a Security for his own proper Debt in Scotland; and that on Payment or Satisfaction of the Principal Sums for which such Security shall be given, with Interest for the same, and all Costs incurred in recovering the same, the said Secretary for the time being shall and he lawfully authorized, under the Direction of the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, to execute on Behalf of the said Commissioners a Discharge or Reconveyance of the said Money so paid and funded, as he prepared as the Costs of the Party or Parties making such Payment or Satisfaction, according to the Forms prescribed by Law for discharging and releasing any heritable Debt or Incumbrance upon a Real Estate in Scotland; and that such Discharge shall be good and valid in Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners named in and appointed by the said recited Act, and their Successors for the time being, or any Three or more of them, in all Cases where they shall be Obedient, to accept and take as a further and additional Security for any Loan to be made of any such Exchange Bills mentioned in the said Act, or any Part of such Loan, over and above the Security required by the said recited Act or this Act, any Exchange Bills, India Bonds, or any transferable Share or Shares in any Corporation, Company or Public Work carried on under the Authority of Parliament, Bills of Exchange or other negotiable Securities for Money whatsoever, which shall be assigned, transferred or deposited for that Purpose, as the said Commissioners or any Three or more of them shall direct; and all such Exchange Bills, India Bonds, Share or Shares in any such Corporation, Company or Public Work, Bills of Exchange, or other negotiable Securities for Money if assigned, transferred or deposited, shall, in Discharge of Payment of such Loan in the Manner directed and appointed by the said Commissioners under and by virtue of the said recited Act or this Act, or any Three or more of them, become and be sold in the said Commissioners, and shall and may be sold and disposed of, or the Money due or payable by virtue thereof shall and may be paid for as due Chief of Law, in the Name of their Secretary for the time being, for the Use of the said Commissioners under the said recited Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That as soon as His Majesty, or any heritable Securities, or any Assignments of any heritable Securities, or any Mortgage, Surrender, Assignment, or other Instrument or Assurance taken by the said Commissioners or in the Name of their Secretary for the time being, or otherwise, under the said recited Act or this Act, or any Exchange Bills, Affidavits, Depositions, Receipts or Confirmations by Statute or Statute in an Extension of Time granted by the said Commissioners for Payment of any Exchange Bills advanced to any Principal by virtue of the said recited Act or this Act, or any Receipt or other Document that may be taken or made under and by virtue of the said recited Act or this Act, and for the Purpose of carrying the said Acts and each of them into Execution, shall be liable in any Stamp Duty whatever, any thing in any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain or Ireland to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners under and by virtue of the said recited Act and this Act, to carry into Effect in which it may become necessary, to sue and be sued in the Name of their Secretary for the time being; and that no Action or Suit in Law or Equity to be brought or commenced

commenced by or against the said Commissioners on account of the said recited A. 1. or this A. 1. in the Name of their Secretary for the time being shall abate or be discontinued by the Death or Removal of such Secretary, or by the A. 1. of such Secretary, without the Consent of the said Commissioners; but the Secretary to the said Commissioners for the time being shall always be deemed the Plaintiff or Defendant in such Action or Suit, in the Case may be; and no Action or Suit shall be brought against the said Commissioners collectively or individually, or against their Secretary, except in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in England, Scotland or Ireland respectively, and with the Leave of such Courts respectively first had and obtained, and upon such Terms and Conditions as the said Courts shall direct.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners under the said recited A. 1. and this A. 1. in every Case in which they are empowered to make any Advance under the Provision of the said recited A. 1. upon the Deposit of any Proportion specified in the said A. 1. of the Money advanced as the Costs of the Completion of the Whole of any Public Works, to make such Advances in different Sums at different Periods, and without requiring the Whole of any such Proportion to be provided by the Body Corporate or Politic, or Company or Proprietors, or Persons interested in such Public Works, to be expended or deposited as required by the said recited A. 1. Provided always, that in every such Case the Whole of such Proportion shall be actually subscribed for, and made subject to Calls under the Provision of some A. 1. or A. 1. of Parliament relating to such Work, or be otherwise secured to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, and Twenty five Pence per Centum thereon actually paid and deposited; and provided always, that no such Advance be from time to time made by the said Commissioners shall exceed Twice the Money actually from time to time raised, paid, expended or deposited upon any such Subscription; any thing in the said recited A. 1. to the contrary notwithstanding.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Execution of the said recited A. 1. in Great Britain, or any Three or more of them, upon any Application which shall be made to them under the said A. 1. from the Trustees of any Roads or Railways, or the Commissioners for any Drainage, for the Advance of any Money by Exchequer Bills under the said recited A. 1. to grant such Applications, upon having an adequate Fund for Repayment of the Money so advanced secured to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, being not less in annual Amount than shall be sufficient to pay in or towards after the Rate of Five Pence per Centum per annum on the Principal Money advanced, and a further annual Sum of Five Pence per Centum to be applied as a Sinking Fund for the Redemption of the Principal so advanced, within such time as the said Commissioners for the Execution of the said A. 1. shall direct and appoint, and as shall be specified in the Mortgage or Assignment to be made of the Roads or Turns of such Roads, Railways or Drainage; and that in all Cases in which Security shall be given in manner aforesaid, it shall not be required of the Party or Parties applying for such Advance to give or enter into any personal Security; any thing in the said A. 1. contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XVI. And Whereas it is expedient that all Letters and Packets addressed to the Secretary to the said Commissioners should pass free of the Duty of Postage; be it therefore enacted, That all Letters and Packets addressed to the Secretary of the said Commissioners at their Office shall pass free of the Duty of Postage.

C A P. CXXV.

An A. 1. to authorize the driving and keeping a Hackney Coach or Chariot under the same Licence.

[18th July 1817.]

WHEREAS an A. 1. of Parliament was made and passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His most Excellent Majesty, entitled *An A. 1. for the better Regulation of the Drivers of Licensed Hackney Coaches*, for explaining and amending an A. 1. passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, relating to Hackney Coaches, and for authorizing the licensing of a limited Number of Hackney Chariots (a); And Whereas another A. 1. of Parliament was made and passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An A. 1. to amend several Acts relating to Hackney Coaches*, for authorizing the licensing of an additional Number of Hackney Chariots, and for licensing Carriages drawn by One Horse; whereby the Commissioners for licensing and regulating Hackney Coaches were empowered, in the manner in the said recited Acts directed, to license Hackney Chariots, not exceeding certain Numbers specified in the said A. 1. And Whereas the Holder of a Licence to drive and keep a Hackney Coach cannot, under the Authority of such Licence, drive or keep a Hackney Chariot, or the Holder of a Chariot Licence drive or keep a Hackney Coach, under the Authority of the same; And Whereas it would be beneficial both to the Public keeping such Carriages and to the Public, and is it therefore expedient, that the persons Holders of such Licences, in any Person to whom Licences may hereafter be granted, should respectively be allowed to drive and keep Hackney Coaches or Chariots under the same Licences, without a Special Licence for each Description of Carriage; be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this A. 1. it shall be lawful for any Holder of a Licence already granted, or which may in future be duly granted by the Commissioners of Hackney Coaches, to keep or drive or make to be driven either a Hackney Coach or a Hackney Chariot, under the Authority of the same Licence, without being subject to any Penalty by reason thereof; provided that no such Person shall drive or make to be driven for Hire, at one and the same time, more than

240. g. a. 423.

240. g. a. 137.

The same Licence is given for a Coach or Chariot.

[a] (Session 1.—13 of 34 G. 3. c. 147. relating to hackneying, 18. Tithes, repealed, 35 G. 3. c. 139. s. 1.)

Forces License,
what is to be paid.

One Carriage under One and the same License; and that in all Licenses to be hereafter granted by the Commissioners of Hackney Coaches under the several Acts now in force relative to Hackney Coaches, it shall be expressed, that the same authorise the driving or keeping a Hackney Coach or Hackney Chariot, but no more than One Carriage at one and the same time, any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Holders of Li-
censes driving
more than One
Carriage at the
same Time.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Holder of a License already or in future to be duly granted by the Commissioners of Hackney Coaches for the same being, or the major Part of them, to drive a Hackney Coach or Chariot, shall from and after the passing of this Act use or drive, or cause to be used or driven for Hire under such License, more than One Carriage (whether Coach or Chariot), at one and the same time, within the Cities of London or Westminster, or the Suburbs of the same respectively, or any of the Parishes or Places comprised within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, on any other Place or Places within which, by any of the Laws now in force, Hackney Coaches and Chariots are to be driven, he or she shall, upon being thereof offended on the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses before the major Part of the said Commissioners, forfeit and pay for every such Offence a Penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds, in the Discretion of the major Part of the said Commissioners; One Half of which Forfeiture and Penalty shall go to His Majesty, and the other Half to the Informers, to be levied and recovered as any Penalty may be levied and recovered under any Act of Parliament relating to Hackney Coaches; or otherwise it shall be lawful for the major Part of the said Commissioners to revoke the License of the Parties so offending.

Penalty.

Coaches are
to charge more
than the Act
agreed to, &c.
though the
Licenses be
revoked.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person to request any Hackney Coachman to drive for a fixed Sum of Money a Distance in the Discretion of such Hackney Coachman; and in case such Coachman shall exceed the Distance to which such Person was entitled to be driven for such fixed Sum of Money, the Coachman shall not be entitled to demand more than the Sum for which he was so engaged to drive.

C. P. CXXVI.

An Act to repeal an Act, passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for the Punishment of Persons destroying Stocking or Lace Frames, and Articles in such Frames; and to make, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty, other Provisions in lieu thereof. [18th July 1817.]

1817. 1. 4. 16.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Persons destroying or injuring any Stocking or Lace Frames, or other Machines or Engines used in the Framework Knitted Manufacture, or any Articles and Goods in such Frames or Machines; to continue in force until the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen: And Whereas an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to repeal an Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, for the Punishment of Persons destroying Stocking or Lace Frames, or any Articles in such Frames, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof: And Whereas it is expedient that the said last recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year should be repealed, and other Provisions made in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said last recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year should be repealed, and the same is hereby repealed, save and except as to so much of the said last recited Act as respects the said second Act of the Fifty second Year abovesaid, and also save and except as to any thing done before the passing of this Act, with respect to which the said Act shall remain and be in full Force and Effect as if the said Act had not been made.**

1817. 1. 4. 16.

repealed.

Persons formerly
employing Hand-
looms, or such
frames, to cut, break
or destroy, or the
stealing or making
use of, or the
use of the same
in the cutting
or breaking of
frames, or
Goods therein,
to be deemed
guilty of Felony.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person or Persons shall by Day or by Night enter by force into any House, Shop or Place, with an Intent to cut or destroy any Framework Knitted Piece, Stockings, Lace or other Articles or Goods, being in the Frame, or upon any Machine or Engine thereto annexed, or through to be used or prepared for that Purpose, or with an Intent to break or destroy any Frame, Machine, Engine, Tool, Instrument or Utensil used in and for the working and making of any such Framework Knitted Piece, Stockings, Lace or other Articles or Goods in the History or Framework Knitted Manufacture, or shall wilfully and maliciously, and without having the Consent or Authority of the Owner, destroy or cut, with an Intent to destroy or render useless, any Framework Knitted Piece, Stockings, Lace or other Articles or Goods, being in the Frame or upon any Machine or Engine as aforesaid, or prepared for that Purpose, or shall wilfully and maliciously, and without having the Consent or Authority of the Owner, break or destroy any Machinery contained in any Mill or Mills used or may be employed in preparing or spinning of Wool or Cotton, or other Materials, for the Use of the Stocking or Lace Manufacture, upon Offender being thereof lawfully convicted shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death or Imprisonment without Benefit of Clergy.

Death.
Commencement
of Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force until the First Day of August, which will be in the Year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

C. A. P. CXXVII.

An Act to settle the Share of Prize Money, Droits of Admiralty, and Bounty Money payable to Government Hospitals, and for securing to the said Hospitals all unclaimed Shares of Vessels found derelict, and of Securities for Breach of Revenue, Colonial, Navigation or Slave Abolition Laws.

[11th July 1817.]

WHEREAS Duties have arisen whether by virtue of the several Laws now in force the Per-centage hereinafter payable to the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich out of all Prize Money, Droits of Admiralty and Bounty Money, continued to be payable to the said Institution after the Expiration of the Statute which called at the time Provision was made for the Payment of the said Per-centage; and at Independent that further Provisions and Regulations should be made relating thereto: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That immediately after the passing of this Act the said Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich in the County of Kent shall be and are hereby declared to be entitled to receive the Sum of Five Pounds per Centum, not only upon all Prizes taken by any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels up to the Termination of the said Statute, but also upon the Net Proceeds of all Prizes taken and condemned since the Seventeenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and upon all Grants made to the Royal Navy or Marines, and upon all Bounty Monies and Securities under the Revenue, Colonial, Navigation or Slave Abolition Laws; and also upon all Droits of Admiralty whatsoever, which shall have arisen and become payable, or shall be distributable to or amongst the Officers and Crews of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels since the said Seventeenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all and every Prize Agent and Prize Agents already appointed or hereafter to be appointed by virtue of any Act now in force, or of any Power Act heretofore to be passed, shall, from and out of the Net Proceeds of all Prizes taken and condemned since the said Seventeenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and from out of the Net Proceeds of all Bounty Bills, and of all Securities under the Revenue, Colonial, Navigation or Slave Abolition Laws, and of all Monies arising from Demittees, and of all Grants whatsoever which shall respectively have come into their Hands since the said Seventeenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and are not yet distributed, or shall hereafter come into their Hands, retain for the Use of the said Royal Hospital, and shall, within Ten Days next after the Account of the said Monies shall have been examined and certified by the Examiner of Naval Prize Accounts, or if there should be no such Officer, then within Ten Days from the Notification of any Distribution of the said Monies, pay over to the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital, or his Deputy, or to any Person to be appointed by such Treasurer by Writing under his Hand and Seal to receive the same, for the Use of the said Royal Hospital, the Sum of Five Pounds per Centum on the Net Proceeds of every such Prize, Grant or other Monies; and such Payment and the Receipt of the said Treasurer or his Deputy, or such Person to be appointed as aforesaid, shall be a full and final Discharge to such Agent or Agents for the time in his or their Accounts with all Persons entitled to any Share of any such Proceeds.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Receiver of the Droits of Admiralty for the time being shall and he is hereby authorized and required, as soon after the Net Proceeds arising from any such Droits shall come into his Hands as may be, after the passing of this Act, and after the Expiration of the Period within which any Appeal can be lodged against any Adjunction in relation to such Droits, as the same can be done, deliver to an Account thereof, and pay over to the said Treasurer or his Deputy, or such other Person or Persons as the Treasurer shall by any Writing under his Hand and Seal authorize and appoint to receive the same, Five Pounds per Centum upon the Amount of such Net Proceeds, for the Use of the said Hospital.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in order to bring into Force the several Provisions made for the Prevention and Punishment of the Crimes of Perjury and Forgery for the Purpose of obtaining Prize Money, if any Person or Persons shall wilfully or knowingly perjure or falsify affirm, or cash or procure any other Person to perjure or falsify affirm, the Name or Character of any Commissioned Officer, Warrant or Petty Officer, or Seaman, or any Commissioned or Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marines, or any other Person entitled or supposed to be entitled to any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, Pension Money or other Allowance of Money for or in respect of Services performed or supposed to have been performed on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or the Wife, Widow, Executrix or Administratrix, Relation or Creditor of any such Officer, Seaman, or other Person as aforesaid, in order to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, Pension Money or other Allowance of Money due or supposed to be due for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine or other Person as aforesaid, performed or supposed to have been performed on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors; or shall falsify make, forge, counterfeit or alter, or cash or procure to be falsified made, forged, counterfeited or altered, or wilfully set on or still in the falsifying, forging, counterfeiting or altering any Letter of Attorney, Order, Bill, Ticket, Certificate of Service or other Certificate whatsoever, Allignment, bill, Will or other Power or Authority whatsoever, in order to receive or to enable any other Person to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, Pension Money or other Allowance of Money due or supposed to be due for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine or other Person as aforesaid, performed or supposed to have been performed on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, with intention to defraud any

Government Hospital entitled to Five per Centum on Prizes taken and condemned, and on Grants to Navy or Marines, and on Bounty Money, Securities and Droits of Admiralty.

Prize Agent or Agents shall pay over to the Treasurer Five per Centum on the Net Proceeds of Prizes, &c.

Receiver of Droits of Admiralty to pay over Five per Centum on the Proceeds to the Treasurer in the manner.

Persons guilty of perjury or of falsifying the Name or Character of whom entitled to Wages or Prize Money, in order to receive the same,

as counterfeited Letters of Allignment, &c.

and attending the
Lecture of Mr.
Barnes, etc.

including a full
list of available
Products of WMA
a Letter of
Authorization,
an order in this
case. Pay or
Cash Advance.

any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate whatsoever, or shall utter or publish as true, or shall aid or assist in uttering or publishing as true, any Letter, forged, counterfeited or altered Letter of Attorney, Order, Bill, Ticket, Certificate of Service, or other Certificate whatsoever, Affirmant, let Witness either Power or Authority whatsoever, in order to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, Pension Money, or other Allowance of Money due or supposed to be due for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine or other Person as aforesaid, performed or supposed to have been performed on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, with Intention to defraud any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate whatsoever, knowing the same to be false, forged, counterfeited or altered; or shall wilfully and knowingly take a false Oath to obtain the Probate of any Will or Wills, or to obtain Letters of Administration, in order to receive or to enable any other Person to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, Pension Money or other Allowance of Money due or supposed to be due for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine or other Person as aforesaid, performed or supposed to have been performed on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors; or shall demand or receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, Pension Money, or other Allowance of Money due or supposed to be due for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine or other Person as aforesaid, performed or supposed to have been performed on board of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, or by virtue of any Probate of any Will or Letters of Administration, knowing the Will on which such Probate Bill has been obtained to be false, forged and counterfeited, or knowing the Probate of such Will, or such Letters of Administration as he or she so shall, to have been obtained by means of any such false Oath as aforesaid, with Intention to defraud any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate whatsoever, then every such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof convicted according to the Course of Law, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

V. And be it further enacted, That when and as the said Per-centage shall have been paid into the Hands of the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital, the same shall be appropriated to the current Services of the said Royal Hospital.

VI. And he is further enacted, That the said Royal Hospital for Surgeons at Greenwich shall be and they are hereby declared to be entitled to all forfeited and unclaimed Shares of and in the Proceeds which shall have arisen or shall hereafter arise out of and from all Vessels found desert or any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, and out of and from all Surmises for Breach of the Revenue, Colonial, Navigation and Slave Acts, and all manner of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, and of all Accounts, Returns and other Documents

100

The Pen-anti-
sept sponsored
no contest. Ap-
pears in that
column.

Medical registered
on all certified
and unlicensed
physicians.

Agency for
Development of
Proverbs, Inc.
Subject to
Registration of
1st 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 84

C. A. P. COVAT

An Act for extending the Exemptions from the Duties granted by certain Acts of the Forty-third and Forty-fifth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, as Dwelling Houses in Scotland; and for altering the Manner of claiming and ascertaining the Exemptions to be granted.

11.10.2017

[illegible]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the several Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Trade,* and granting new Rates of Tax thereon; for giving more Direction in the said Acts therein contained as for raising the Rate of Duty on all Luggages sent from Great Britain to the Colonies, it was enacted, That whereas, under the said Commission for the Affairs of Trade, and for raising the Rate of Duty on all Luggages sent from Great Britain to the Colonies, it was amongst other things resolved, That any Person inhabiting a Dwelling House in England, containing not more than Three Windows in the Whole, and under the Annual Rent of Twenty Shillings, should be exempted from the Duties contained in Schedule (A.) of that Act, in which Persons should be poor and indigent, and should not be affixed or liable to be affixed to any of the Duties contained in Schedules (B.), (C.), (D.), or (E.) of that Act.

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Abstracts 10-11

Swedish, consisting not more than Four Windows in the whole, and not exceeding the Rent or Value of Three Pounds Sterling, shall be exempted from the Duties contained in the several Schedules of the said several Acts respectively marked (A.), or either of the said Acts, in each such Person shall not be affixed, nor shall be so affixed, to any of the Duties contained in the said several Schedules of the said several Acts, respectively marked (B.), (C.), (D.) or (E.), or any of the said Schedules.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and Seventy, every Person inhabiting a Dwelling House in *Sweden*, containing not more than Six Windows in the whole, and not exceeding the Rent or Value of Five Pounds, shall be exempted from the Duties contained in the several Schedules of the said several Acts respectively marked (A.), or either of the said Acts, in each such Person shall be poor and indigent, and shall not be affixed to any of the Duties contained in the said several Schedules of the said several Acts respectively marked (B.), (C.), (D.) or (E.), or any of the said Schedules; which Exemption shall be proved and claimed in the manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, where any such Dwelling House shall be brought into Charge by virtue of the said several Acts, and the Occupier or Occupiers thereof shall be entitled to the said Exemption by reason of Poverty as herein before specified, then and in every such case the Person or Persons to be entitled to Exemption shall give Notice thereof to the Surveyor of the District, who shall forthwith enter on the Affidavit the Fact that such Notice hath been given, and his Opinion whether any of the said Persons, and which of them, are or is entitled to the said Exemption or not; and every such Surveyor shall, before the Affidavit for the same Person or Place shall be allowed, forthwith certify the same to any One of the Commissioners of Supply of the District, resident in or near the said Parish or Place where such poor Person or Persons shall reside, who shall forthwith file his Returns in Five, Four or Three substantial Householders of the same Parish or Place, in shilling as a Day and at a Place in be mentioned in the said Statutes, to ascertain the Fact of Poverty entered on the said Affidavit; and the said Surveyor and Justices, being so assembled, shall carefully examine the Affidavit of the said Person for the said Parish or Place as far as respects the Persons who shall have given such Notice, and ascertain the Facts entered thereon by such Ways and Means as they shall think necessary, either from their own Knowledge, or from the Information of others who may attend, and who shall be then and there examined touching the Truth of the Allegations made by the Person or Persons so charged; and after such Examination and Enquiry the said Justices shall by their Certificate under their Hands certify to the Commissioners of the said District the Names of the Persons entitled to such Exemption, and every Person returned by such Certificate to be entitled to such Exemption shall be exempted accordingly, unless the said Surveyor shall object to the said Certificate, in which case the said Commissioners shall examine the said Surveyor and any other Person or Persons touching the Validity of his Objections, and after such Examination shall confirm or discharge the said Certificate as to such Person or Persons only to whom the Objections of the said Surveyor shall relate: Provided always, that the Name of every Person so exempted, and the Number of Windows and Amount of Rent or Value of the House occupied by such Person, shall remain on the Affidavit without Charge for that Term.

C. A. P. CXXIX.

An Act for vesting in His Majesty a certain Part of the Open Commons and Waste Lands within the Manor or Royalty of *Rushin and Retraide alias Retraid* in the Parish of *Saint Coland Major*, in the County of *Cornewall*. [11th July 1817.]

WHEREAS The King's Most Excellent Majesty, in Right of His Crown, is seized to Her Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, of the Manor or Royalty of *Rushin and Retraide alias Retraid* in the County of *Cornewall*, and of certain open Commons and Waste Lands within and Parcel of the same Manor, which are estimated to contain Eight hundred and fifty Acres or thereabouts, and are usually called *Cattle Down* or otherwise *Cattle Down* or otherwise *Cattle* or *Down*, and of a certain Moor called the *Cyle Moor*, adjacent thereto; and His Majesty, in Right of His Crown, is also seized of or entitled to certain Mof, Berges, Pastures, inclosed Lands and Grounds situate within the Parish of *Saint Coland Major* in the said County of *Cornewall*, called *Tremetial and Retraid*, and the Lessees or Occupiers of such Farms are entitled to Rights of Common upon and over the said Commons, Moor and Waste Lands: And Whereas Sir *William Lewis Barratt*, *Mary Harris Spindler*, *Richard Brown Elqum*, *John Peter Decker of Perth*, *Richard Brown Elqum*, *William Brown*, *John Howard* and *James Humble*, are the Owners or Proprietors of certain inclosed Moflages, Cottages, inclosed Lands and Grounds within the said Parish of *Saint Coland Major* in the said County of *Cornewall*, and as such claim to be entitled to Rights of Common upon and over the said Commons, Moor and Waste Lands: And Whereas the said Commons, Moor and Waste Lands in these several Parts yield but little Profit, and are incapable of any considerable improvement; but if the same were divided, and a specific Part thereof allotted unto His Majesty, and the *Refines* thereof was to be let out and reversion to and for the Utmost Benefit of the several said Persons interested therein, and if the Allotment to His Majesty was separated and set apart from the Remainder of the said Lands, great Benefit and Advantage would accrue from such Division and Inclosure to His Majesty, as well as to the several Persons having Rights of Common in and over the said Lands; but such beneficial Purposes cannot be effected without the Aid and Authority of Parliament: He is therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That *John Marjory Esq. of Stone*, in the County of *Cornewall*, and *John Heywood of Treve*, in the same County, Surveyors, and their Successors to be nominated or appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned, shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for dividing, allotting and inclosing the said Commons and Moor, and all the

more than Five Windows, and not exceeding (1) Five, excepted from Duty.

on all Houses with not more than Six Windows, and not exceeding (1) Five, if the Statute is not repealed, but

Mean to be given to the Surveyor, who shall ascertain the Poverty of the Claimant. Proceedings by Surveyor.

Certificate of Notice of Persons entitled to Exemption.

Each House

held Open Concomitant Lands and Grounds, and for carrying into Execution the several other Purposes of the Act in such manner as is hereinafter provided or mentioned.

II. And he it further enacted, That no Commissioners shall act in the Execution of any of the Powers by this Act granted (save and except the Power of appointing and giving Writes of the First Meeting of the said Commissioners), until he shall have taken and subscribed the following Oath; which Oath any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Cornwall may administer: (That is to say),

1. *I, A. B. do swear [or, doing one of the People called Quakers, do solemnly affirm], That I will faithfully, honestly and impartially, according to the best of my Skill and Judgement, execute the Trusts reposed in me as a Commissioner, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth twentieth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled [here insert the Title of said Act]; and that I am neither Proprietor or Occupier of, nor to the best of my Knowledge am I concerned as Guardian, Steward or Agent for any Proprietor of Millingtons, Cottages, Houses, Lands or Gracings, or other Person having or claiming any Right of Common, or any Manorial Rights, Tithes or any other Right or Interest whatsoever in, over or upon the Open Commonable Lands and Waste Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed by virtue of the said Act.* So help me GOD

For help, see 000.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case the said *John Murray May*, or any Person to be nominated or appointed a Commissioner in his Room or Stead by virtue of this Act, shall die, neglect, refuse or become incapable to act as such Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, then and in each case it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, by any Writing under their Hands, within One Calendar Month after such Death, Neglect, Refusal or Incapacity as aforesaid shall be made known to them, to nominate and appoint a proper Person (not interested in the said intended Division, Allotment and Inclosure) to be a Commissioner in the Room or Stead of the said *John Murray May*, or of such other Person nominated or appointed in his Room or Stead by dying, neglecting, refusing or becoming incapable to act as aforesaid, and to from time to time as often as any Commissioner to be nominated and appointed by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues as aforesaid, shall die, neglect, refuse or become incapable to act as such Commissioner in the Execution of this Act.

...resolving, that each, single, refuse or become incapable to act as such Commissioner in the Execution of this Act; and in case the said John Raymond, or any Person to be nominated and appointed a Commissioner in his Room or Stead by virtue of this Act, shall die, neglect, refuse or become incapable to act in the Execution of this Act, then and in every such case the farming or remaining Commissioner shall, within Fourteen Days next after such Death, Neglect, Refusal or Incapacity shall happen to be known to him, convene a Meeting (of which Meeting Twenty one Days' Notice at the least, and of the Purposes thereof, shall be given by Advertisement in the Greenwich Gazette Newspaper, if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspaper printed or circulated in the said County of Cornwall,) of all and every the Owners or Proprietors claiming such Rights as aforesaid, to be holden within Thirty Days from the Date of such Notice; and the same Part in Value of such Owners or Proprietors who shall attend such Meeting in Person, or by their Agents or Powers duly authorized for that Purpose, shall Value, in case of any Difference or Dispute touching the same, to be ascertained by Reference to the Land Tax Assessments of the said Parish, shall and they are hereby required at such Meeting to nominate and appoint, by any Instrument in Writing under their Hands, or under the Hands of these Agents or Powers, (one or more proper Person, not specified in the said intended Division, A Return and Indolence, to be a Commissioner in the Room or Stead of the said John Raymond, or of such other Person nominated and appointed in his Room or Stead by dying, neglecting, refusing or becoming incapable to act as aforesaid, and so from time to time as often as any Commissioner to be nominated and appointed by such Persons having Rights of Common or other Rights as aforesaid, or by their Agents or Powers, shall die, neglect, refuse or become incapable to act as such Commissioner in the Execution of this Act; and every Person to be nominated and appointed to act as a Commissioner in manner as aforesaid shall, after taking and subscribing the Oath herein performed or then taken, shall like Powers and Authorities in every respect for carrying this Act into Execution, and shall be subject and liable to the said Rules, Regulations and Reformation, as if such Person or Persons had been originally nominated a Commissioner or Commissioners in and by this Act.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, or the said Parties having such Rights of Common or other Rights as aforesaid, or their Agents or Proxies as aforesaid, or either or any of them respectively, shall make Default in commencing and appointing any new Commissioners (as directed to be commenced and appointed by them respectively as aforesaid within the respective times for that Purpose limited, and in manner aforesaid, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the foregoing or succeeding Commissioners, and be it hereby required from time to time, by Writing under his Hand, within One Calendar Month next after the Expiration of such respective times as aforesaid for commencing and appointing such new and succeeding Commissioners as aforesaid, to commence and appoint a fit and proper Person, not interested in the land intended to be sold, Allocated and Inclosed, to be a Commissioner in the Room or Stead of such Commissioner as dying, neglecting, refusing or becoming incapable to act as aforesaid, and every Commissioner so nominated and appointed shall, after taking and subscribing the Oath herein prescribed in that behalf, have the like Power and Authority for carrying this Act into Execution, and shall be subject and liable to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as if he had been originally nominated a Commissioner in and by the Act.

Figure 1. The effect of the concentration of the solution on the adsorption of the dye. The concentration of the solution was 0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0, 7.0, 8.0, 9.0, 10.0, 15.0, 20.0, 30.0, 40.0, 50.0, 60.0, 70.0, 80.0, 90.0, 100.0, 150.0, 200.0, 300.0, 400.0, 500.0, 600.0, 700.0, 800.0, 900.0, 1000.0, 1500.0, 2000.0, 3000.0, 4000.0, 5000.0, 6000.0, 7000.0, 8000.0, 9000.0, 10000.0, 15000.0, 20000.0, 30000.0, 40000.0, 50000.0, 60000.0, 70000.0, 80000.0, 90000.0, 100000.0, 150000.0, 200000.0, 300000.0, 400000.0, 500000.0, 600000.0, 700000.0, 800000.0, 900000.0, 1000000.0, 1500000.0, 2000000.0, 3000000.0, 4000000.0, 5000000.0, 6000000.0, 7000000.0, 8000000.0, 9000000.0, 10000000.0, 15000000.0, 20000000.0, 30000000.0, 40000000.0, 50000000.0, 60000000.0, 70000000.0, 80000000.0, 90000000.0, 100000000.0, 150000000.0, 200000000.0, 300000000.0, 400000000.0, 500000000.0, 600000000.0, 700000000.0, 800000000.0, 900000000.0, 1000000000.0, 1500000000.0, 2000000000.0, 3000000000.0, 4000000000.0, 5000000000.0, 6000000000.0, 7000000000.0, 8000000000.0, 9000000000.0, 10000000000.0, 15000000000.0, 20000000000.0, 30000000000.0, 40000000000.0, 50000000000.0, 60000000000.0, 70000000000.0, 80000000000.0, 90000000000.0, 100000000000.0, 150000000000.0, 200000000000.0, 300000000000.0, 400000000000.0, 500000000000.0, 600000000000.0, 700000000000.0, 800000000000.0, 900000000000.0, 1000000000000.0, 1500000000000.0, 2000000000000.0, 3000000000000.0, 4000000000000.0, 5000000000000.0, 6000000000000.0, 7000000000000.0, 8000000000000.0, 9000000000000.0, 10000000000000.0, 15000000000000.0, 20000000000000.0, 30000000000000.0, 40000000000000.0, 50000000000000.0, 60000000000000.0, 70000000000000.0, 80000000000000.0, 90000000000000.0, 100000000000000.0, 150000000000000.0, 200000000000000.0, 300000000000000.0, 400000000000000.0, 500000000000000.0, 600000000000000.0, 700000000000000.0, 800000000000000.0, 900000000000000.0, 1000000000000000.0, 1500000000000000.0, 2000000000000000.0, 3000000000000000.0, 4000000000000000.0, 5000000000000000.0, 6000000000000000.0, 7000000000000000.0, 8000000000000000.0, 9000000000000000.0, 10000000000000000.0, 15000000000000000.0, 20000000000000000.0, 30000000000000000.0, 40000000000000000.0, 50000000000000000.0, 60000000000000000.0, 70000000000000000.0, 80000000000000000.0, 90000000000000000.0, 100000000000000000.0, 150000000000000000.0, 200000000000000000.0, 300000000000000000.0, 400000000000000000.0, 500000000000000000.0, 600000000000000000.0, 700000000000000000.0, 800000000000000000.0, 900000000000000000.0, 1000000000000000000.0, 1500000000000000000.0, 2000000000000000000.0, 3000000000000000000.0, 4000000000000000000.0, 5000000000000000000.0, 6000000000000000000.0, 7000000000000000000.0, 8000000000000000000.0, 9000000000000000000.0, 10000000000000000000.0, 15000000000000000000.0, 20000000000000000000.0, 30000000000000000000.0, 40000000000000000000.0, 50000000000000000000.0, 60000000000000000000.0, 70000000000000000000.0, 80000000000000000000.0, 90000000000000000000.0, 100000000000000000000.0, 150000000000000000000.0, 200000000000000000000.0, 300000000000000000000.0, 400000000000000000000.0, 500000000000000000000.0, 600000000000000000000.0, 700000000000000000000.0, 800000000000000000000.0, 900000000000000000000.0, 1000000000000000000000.0, 1500000000000000000000.0, 2000000000000000000000.0, 3000000000000000000000.0, 4000000000000000000000.0, 5000000000000000000000.0, 6000000000000000000000.0, 7000000000000000000000.0, 8000000000000000000000.0, 9000000000000000000000.0, 10000000000000000000000.0, 15000000000000000000000.0, 20000000000000000000000.0, 30000000000000000000000.0, 40000000000000000000000.0, 50000000000000000000000.0, 60000000000000000000000.0, 70000000000000000000000.0, 80000000000000000000000.0, 90000000000000000000000.0, 100000000000000000000000.0, 150000000000000000000000.0, 200000000000000000000000.0, 300000000000000000000000.0, 400000000000000000000000.0, 500000000000000000000000.0, 600000000000000000000000.0, 700000000000000000000000.0, 800000000000000000000000.0, 900000000000000000000000.0, 10000000

Excuse, and duly qualify himself by taking and subscribing the Oath herein preferred in that behalf, or if either of the said Commissioners shall at any time after the said First Meeting wilfully absent himself from any Three following successive Meetings appointed to be held by virtue of this Act, or having been absent from Two successive Meetings, shall not attend during the whole of the Third or next succeeding Meeting, such Meetings being known to him, either by his being present at the Appointment thereof, or by Notice thereof in Writing having been given to him or left at his last or usual Place of Abode by the Clerk or Clerks of the said Commissioners, and such Commissioner not being prevented by Sickness or other reasonable Cause, to be allowed by the other Commissioners, from attending or continuing at such Meeting or Meetings; or if any Commissioner to be nominated and appointed in manner by this Act directed shall not attend and qualify himself to act as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act at the First Meeting of the said Commissioners after his Nomination or Appointment, or shall thereafter wilfully absent himself from any Three following successive Meetings to be held by virtue of this Act, or having been absent from Two successive Meetings, shall not attend during the whole of the Third or next succeeding Meeting, such Meetings being known to him, either by his being present at the Appointment thereof, or by Notice thereof in Writing having been given to him or left at his last or usual Place of Abode by the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners, and such Commissioner not being prevented by Sickness or other reasonable Cause, to be allowed by the other Commissioners, from attending or continuing at such Meetings; then and in every of such cases such Absence or Non-Attendance shall be deemed and taken to be a Refusal to act within the Intent and Meaning of this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Difference or Disagreement of Opinion shall arise between the Commissioners for carrying this Act into Execution, touching or concerning any matter or thing to be done by them, by virtue or in the Execution of this Act, the said Commissioners from time to time, when and so often as such Difference or Disagreement of Opinion shall arise between them, shall by Writing under their Hands appoint some fit and proper Person, not being interrelated to the said intended Division, allotment and Inclosure, nor being the Attorney or Agent of any Person so interrelated, to be an Umpire between them; and the matter upon which such Difference or Disagreement of Opinion shall or may arise shall be referred to and shall be settled and determined by such Umpire, whose Determination shall be made in Writing, and shall be binding and conclusive upon all Parties whatsoever; and for the Purpose aforesaid, but not for any other Purpose, such Umpire shall have and be a hereby vested with the said Powers and Authorities as are by this Act given or referred to the said Commissioners; but no Person shall be capable of acting as such Umpire as aforesaid, until he shall have taken and subscribed an Oath in the Form or to the Effect following: (that is to say,)

"I do swear, That I will faithfully, impartially and honestly, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute and perform the several Powers and Authorities vested and imposed in me as an Umpire by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth seventh Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled *An Act (here refers the Title of the Act)*, according to Equity and good Conscience, and without Fear or Affection, Prejudice or Partiality, to any Person or Persons whatsoever."

"So help me GOD."

Which Oath the said Commissioners or either of them are and is hereby empowered to administer; and such Oath, and also the Writing appoynting an Umpire, shall be annexed to and recorded with the Award of the said Commissioners.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and empowered to appoint a Clerk or Clerks to assist them in the Execution of this Act, and shall and may remove such Clerk or Clerks, and appoint another or others in his or their Room or Street, as often as to them shall seem meet; and in case of the Death, Incapacity, or default or neglecting to act of any such Clerk or Clerks, then and in any of such cases the said Commissioners shall and may appoint any other Person or Persons they may think proper to be their Clerk or Clerks.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, by Writing under their Hands, to nominate and appoint some fit and proper Person or Persons, not interrelated in the said Division, to be the Surveyor or Surveyors, for the Purpose of surveying, conveying and measuring the said Commons and Moor, and all the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed; and such Surveyor or Surveyors in and are hereby accordingly authorized and directed, as soon as conveniently may be after as or they shall be so nominated and appointed, to view, survey and measure the same Lands or Grounds, and to describe and lay down the same by way of Map or Plan, or to use for that Purpose any Map or Plan or Maps or Plans already made, and shew the same in a Book of Reference to be annexed thereto, shall be set forth the Number of Separate Acres and Decemal Parts of an Acre of all the Lands and Grounds so authorized and directed to be surveyed as aforesaid; and that when and so soon as the said Surveyor or Surveyors shall have finished and completed the said Survey, Map or Plan, he or they shall, by Notice in Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, appoint the said Commissioners thereof, and appoint a time and Place for a Meeting with them, of which Meeting Fourteen Days previous Notice at the least shall be given to the said Commissioners; at which Meeting the said Surveyor or Surveyors shall deliver unto the said Commissioners his or their Survey, Plan and Book of Reference; and shall subscribe the same with his or their Name or Names in the Presence of the said Commissioners, who shall enter the same.

and Ministers, constituted as a Refusal to act.

Umpire to be appointed.

Umpire not to act before Oath taken.

Umpire's Oath.

Commissioners to appoint a Clerk or Clerks.

Surveyor appointed by Commissioners of Woods.

Survey of such Surveyors.

Surveyor not to
sell without Oath.

Form of Sur-
veyor's Oath.

Commissioners
may administer.

For appointing
two Surveyors
from time to
time.

Commissioners
of Woods and
Fields in ap-
pointing, a Sur-
veyor, when
Commissioners
for executing
this Act shall
appear.

Commissioners
Annoal to be
made within
Two Years from
Survey.

Allowance to
Commissioners,
Clerks and
Surveyors.

Proprietors and
Agents to pay
their own Ex-
penses.

Duty.

Time and Place
to be held and order
Matters to be
proceed.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall act as a Surveyor in the Execution of any of the Powers hereby given, until he shall have taken and subscribed the Oath following: (that is to say,)

“ I, A. B. do swear [not doing any of the Persons called Quakers, do solemnly affirm], That I will faithfully, impartially and lawfully, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the several Powers and Authorities vested and reposed in me as a Surveyor by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Kings of Great Britain the Third, intitled *An Act [here insert the Title of the Act]*, without Fear or Affection, Prejudice or Partiality, to any Person or Persons whatsoever. ‘ So help me GOD.’

Which Oath or Affirmation it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or either of them to administer; and the said Oath when it shall be written on Parchment, and subscribed by the said Surveyor or Surveyors, and duly attested by the said Commissioners under their Hands, and shall be enrolled with the Award to be made by the said Commissioners.

X. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Surveyor or Surveyors to be appointed as aforesaid, or any succeeding Surveyor or Surveyors to be nominated or appointed a Surveyor or Surveyors in his or their Room or Rooms by virtue of this Act, shall die, neglect, refuse or become incapable to act as such Surveyor in the Execution of this Act, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, by any Writing under their Hands, within Twenty eight Days after such Death, Neglect, Refusal or Incapacity as aforesaid shall be made, known to them, to nominate and appoint some other fit and proper Person, not interested in the said intended Division, Allowance and Inclosure, to be a Surveyor in the Room or Stand of any Surveyor for dying, neglecting, refusing or becoming incapable to act as aforesaid, and to bear time to time as often as any Surveyor or to be nominated and appointed by virtue of this Act shall die, neglect, refuse or become incapable to act as such Surveyor in the Execution of this Act; and every Person to be nominated and appointed to act as a Surveyor in manner aforesaid, shall, after taking and subscribing the Oath herein prescribed in that behalf, have the like Powers and Authorities in every respect for carrying the said Act into Execution, and shall be subject and liable to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as if such Person or Persons had been originally appointed a Surveyor or Surveyors under and by this Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall make Defaults in nominating and appointing any Surveyor or Surveyors to be directed to be nominated and appointed by them as aforesaid, within the time for that Purpose limited, and in manner aforesaid, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners acting in the Execution of this Act, and they are hereby required from time to time by Writing under their Hands, within One Calendar Month next after the Expiration of the time so allowed for nominating and appointing any new and succeeding Surveyor or Surveyors as aforesaid, to nominate and appoint a proper Person, not interested in the said Division and Inclosure, to be a Surveyor in the Room or Stand of any such Surveyor for dying, neglecting or becoming incapable of acting as aforesaid; and every Surveyor so nominated and appointed shall, after taking and subscribing the Oath prescribed in that behalf, have the like Powers and Authorities, and shall be subject to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as if he had been originally appointed a Surveyor under and by virtue of this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That after the said Surveyor shall have made and delivered his Survey of the said Open Commonable Lands, Meas and Waste Ground, to the said Commissioners, in manner herein directed, the said Commissioners shall proceed in the Execution of this Act with all possible Dispatch, and make their Award within Two Years after they shall have received the said Survey from the said Surveyor, unless the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, shall by any Writing under their Hands think fit to extend or enlarge the time for making the same, in which case such Award shall be made within such extended or enlarged time or times.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall be paid the Sum of Three Guineas each, and no more, for each Day they shall be actually attending in and about the Execution of this Act, and in travelling to and from the Meetings necessary for that Purpose, the same to include and be in Satisfaction of all Costs and Expenses in travelling and otherwise, which they shall be put to in executing the same; and that the Surveyors and Clerk or Clerks shall be paid and allowed for their Pains and Trouble such Sum or Sums of Money as the said Commissioners shall think just and reasonable; and that every Proprietor, Attorney and Agent, who shall attend the said Commissioners at any of their Meetings to be held in pursuance of this Act, shall pay his own Expenses at all such Meetings; and in such cases as the Objection or Approbation of the Proprietors of any A.O. matter or thing to be done or proposed to be done in pursuance of this Act, is directed to be made and intitled at any Meeting or Meetings, it shall be lawful for the Proprietors to attend such Meetings or Meetings by their respective Agents or Persons, duly authorised by Writing under his, her or their Hand or Hands, whose Acts or Votes shall be as effectual as if such Proprietors were present in Person.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the First Meeting of the Commissioners for putting this Act into Execution shall be held at the House known by the Sign of *The Red Lion* in the Town of *St. Columb* in the County of *Cornwall* aforesaid, or at some other convenient House or Place in the Town aforesaid, within Two Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, or as soon after as circumstances will admit; and that the said Commissioners shall cause Notice in Writing to be affixed upon each of the parished over Doors of the Church of the said Parish of *St. Columb Major*, and also a like Notice to be given by Advertisement to be inserted in the *Cornwall General Newspaper*, if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspaper wholly circulated in the said County of *Cornwall*, of the time and Place of their First and every future Meeting (Meetings by Adjournment only excepted) for the Execution of the Powers hereby vested in them, Fourteen Days at least before the time appointed for such respective Meetings; and in case only One of the

said Commissioners shall attend at the Time and Place appointed for any Meeting, or to which any Meeting shall be adjourned, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and to and for the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners, to take notice of the said Commissioners shall attend, to adjourn the said Meeting to be holden on any future Day not exceeding Twenty one Days from the Day of Adjournment, at the same or some other convenient Place within Eight Miles of the said Parish; and the Commissioner or Clerk or Clerks making such Adjournment is and are hereby required to give timely Notice thereof to the absent Commissioner or Commissioners.

Proviso as to
of only One or
no Commissioner
attending.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all other public Notices requisite or necessary to be given by the said Commissioners, shall be given by Advertisement to be inserted in the said General Gazette Newspaper, if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspaper usually circulated in the said County of Cornwall.

Other Notices,
how to be given.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, after the passing of this Act, dig, cut, or take away any of the Tithes, Rents, Underwood or Soil of the Lands or Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed by virtue of this Act, for any Use or Purpose whatsoever, under any Rights, Privileges or Claims, or Pretence of Rights, Privileges or Claims whatsoever, then and in every such case, on due Proof made before the said Commissioners on Oath, (which Oath the said Commissioners are hereby empowered to administer,) the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, directed to any Person or Persons whatsoever, to make any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Five Pounds to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so offending in the Premises, rendering the Overplus (if any) on Demand to the Person or Persons whose Goods and Chattels shall be so distrained and sold, after deducting the Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale; and the Money so to be taken as aforesaid shall be applied towards the Payment of the Costs, Charges and Expenses of obtaining and executing this Act.

Tithing Tithes,
the value of
Lands inclosed.

Proviso

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Inclosures or Encroachments made on the said Commons, Moor or Waste Lands, and which have been made within the Space of Thirty Years now last past, and for which no Licence or Grant shall have been obtained from the Crown, shall be deemed and considered Part and Parcel of the Lands and Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed by virtue of this Act, as if the same were actually lying open and uninclosed.

Grants En-
closures &c.
to be allowable.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required, before they proceed to make any Division or Allotment directed by this Act, to set out and appoint any new and additional public Roads or Highways, or any new Traills or Ways for such public Roads or Highways, as to and over the said Commons, Moor or Waste Lands, and to make such Order or Orders as to them shall seem proper in relation thereto, subject to the Restrictions, Provisions and Directions of this Act; and that the said Commissioners shall and may turn or state and stop up, or close or order to be turned, or closed and stopped up, any ancient Carriage Road or Way, Roads or Ways, or any ancient Footway or Path, Footways or Paths, be, through, upon or over, any of the Lands and Grounds hereby authorized and directed to be divided and inclosed, where they shall judge it requisite or expedient, and to make such Order or Orders as to them shall seem proper for that Purpose, subject nevertheless to the Provisions, Restrictions and Directions of this Act: Provided always, that no Turnpike Road shall be altered or diverted without the Consent of the Trustees having the Care and Management thereof, or any Five or more of them, at a public Meeting of such Trustees, to be convened by due Notice and held for that Purpose, nor any public Highway or Road be first up or discontinued until the Road or Roads so marked out as intended to be and remain public Highways shall be set out and made, according to the Directions of this Act; and until the same shall be properly formed and made convenient and safe, for Horses, Cattle and Carriages: Provided also, that all private Roads, Ways and Footpaths which shall be set out and appointed by the said Commissioners, shall be made and for ever maintained and kept in Repair by such Person or Persons, and in such manner as the said Commissioners shall by their Award, or by any other Writing under their Hands, order, direct or appoint.

Commissioners
authorized to
set out new and
additional Roads,
and to close and
stop Roads, &c.

Proviso as to
Consent of
Trustees of
Roads.

Proviso for keep-
ing up private
Roads.

Alteration the
Height of
Roads.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required, in so far as conveniently may be, after having set such public Roads and Highways as by this Act are directed, to set out and alter upon and for the Formation and Repair of the Highways made or to be made within the Limits of the said Commons, Moor or Waste Lands, in such and such Part and Parts of the Open and Commonable Lands and Grounds within the same, and in such Places, as the said Commissioners shall think proper, for giving Street, General or other Materials for the Formation or for the Repair from time to time the want of the public and private Roads and Highways made or to be made within the Limits of the said Commons, Moor or Waste Lands, and the Grass and Herbage arising therefrom shall be offered in such Places as the said Commissioners shall allow the same upon; and the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby also authorized and required to set out Watering Places on the said Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, for Cattle and Drags, for the common Use and Benefit of all Persons who are or shall be entitled to Rights of Common in or over the said Lands or Grounds.

Alteration
Roads.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required, after making and setting out the several Allotments heretofore mentioned, to divide, set out and alter one full Mow or Half Part of all the Past, Grass and Remainder of the said Commons, Moor and other Commonable Lands hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, due Regard being had to the Quality and Situation thereof, unto The King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in full and compensation as well of His Majesty's Right of Soil as Lord of the said Manor or Royalty, as also in full and compensation of and for the Rights of Common and other Rights of His Majesty's Tenants, Lessees or Occupiers of the said Meadows, Farms, inclosed Lands and Grounds called *Trovalld and Ranneth*.

ap. 2

upon and over the other Moiety of the said Common, Moor and Waste Lands; and which Allowance, as often as the same shall be made and severed from the Lands adjoining thereto, shall become and remain the exclusive and absolute Property of The King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors for ever, freed, exempted and discharged of and from all Rights of Common, Common of Pasture and Turbary, Estovers, and all other Rights of what Nature or Kind soever.

Allegation of the
Benefit.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all the Right, Refidue and Remainder of the said Common, Moor and other Commonable Lands, shall be and remain for the Benefit of the several other Owners or Proprietors of ancient Messuages, Cottages, inclosed Lands and Grounds, entitled to Rights of Common in, over and upon the said Common, Moor and other Commonable Lands or Grounds, according to their several and respective Rights and interests therein, freed and discharged from all Claims of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, as Lord or Lords of the said Manor or Royalty, or as Proprietors or Proprietors of the said Messuages, Farms, inclosed Lands and Grounds called *Freehold and Rented*, and of His Majesty's Lessees or Tenants or Occupiers of the said Farms or others of them, in, upon or over the same, save such Rights and Interests as are hereinafter expressly excepted and referred to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

Commissioners to be and provide
Revised and fully
Attestation.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required to let out such and so many private Roads and Ways as shall be necessary for giving convenient Access to each Allowance as shall be so as aforesaid made to or for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors.

Three Originals
of Award, One
to be retained in
the Exchequer,
One to the Of-
fice of the Au-
ditor of the
Land Revenue,

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That where and as often as the said Commissioners shall have let out the Allowance heretofore directed to be made and let out to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, they shall prepare an Award, with a Map or Plan of each Allowance annexed thereto, wherein there shall be Three Originals, One to be enrolled in the Court of Exchequer at *Windsor*, another in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue for the said County of Cornwall, there to remain on Record, and which shall afterwards be filed and preserved amongst the Manuscripts of the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, and the said Award or the Enrolment thereof shall or may be produced, read and received in Evidence on all Occasions where any Question, Doubt or Controversy may arise relating to or affecting the Rights and Interests of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in respect of the Allowance to be referred to the King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by virtue of this Act; and the Third of the said Awards shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Cornwall.

and the Third
deposited with
Clerk of the
Peace.
Proviso for
Tithes.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prejudice, lessen or defeat the Right, Title or Interest of any Person or Persons whatsoever in or to any Tithes, Great or Small, arising or accruing out of or payable for or in respect of any of the Lands, Townships or Parishes to hereby directed to be divided, allotted or inclosed, but that all such Great and Small Tithes shall be paid and payable at all times hereafter in such and the like manner as they would have been in case this Act had not been passed.

How Tithes to
the King's Al-
lowance made.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the several owners or Proprietors of the said Moiety to be allotted to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors as aforesaid, of the said Common, Moor and other Open and Commonable Lands or Grounds, shall be made in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct and appoint; and such owners or Proprietors shall be raised and made, and for ever thereafter maintained, supported, and kept in Repair, in such Particular Proportions and in such manner and by such Persons as the said Commissioners shall by their Award direct and appoint.

The King's Al-
lowance shall
Benefit of Owners
of Lessee or
Leases in-
closed.
Remedy for
Lessee ap-
peared.

XXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Allowance to be made to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, of the said Common, Moor and other Open and Commonable Lands, by virtue of this Act, shall be allotted to and held by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, freed and discharged from all Rights or Claims of any Lessee or Lessees, in, or upon the said Allowance, or any Part thereof, to be derived under or by virtue of any Lease or Leases of the said Manor or Royalty, or of the said Messuages, Farms, inclosed Lands and Grounds called *Freehold and Rented*; and in case any such Lessee or Lessees shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved thereby, and the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, and such Lessee or Lessees, shall not settle the same to their mutual Satisfaction, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners for carrying this Act into Execution, on Application made to them by either Party, to take the matters in Question into their Consideration, and by their Orders to make unto such Lessee or Lessees, for his, her and their Loss of Commonage or other Loss by means of the said Division, Allowance and Inclosure, such a fair and adequate Allowance and Compensation, either in Money to be paid down, or by way of Abatement or Reduction in the Rack Rents of such Lease or Leases referred, or otherwise, as the said last mentioned Commissioners shall think just and equitable.

Expenses of the
Act.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all the Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to and attending the passing of this Act, and of carrying the same into Execution, shall be paid, borne and defrayed by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors; save only and except that the Charges and Expenses of the said *John Raymond*, and of every other Commissioners to be nominated and appointed in his stead by the several other Persons having Rights of Common upon and over the said Common, Moor and other Open and Commonable Lands, shall be paid, borne and defrayed by the Persons having such Rights of Common.

Proviso for His
Majesty's Right
to Mines.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall not extend or prejudice the Right or Interest of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in or to any Mines of Coal, Lead, Tin, Ores or any other Minerals or Fossils whatsoever, in or under the Common, Moor or Open and Commonable Lands hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, or any Part thereof; but that His Majesty,

Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and his or their Lessees and Grantees, Agents, Servants and Workmen, may search for, work, dig, mine and carry away all Coal, Lead, Tin, Ores, Metals and all other Minerals and Vossils whatsoever, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever as if this Act had not been passed: but only that they shall respectively do as little Damage as possible to the Lands to be divided, allotted and inclosed as aforesaid, and shall make reasonable Satisfaction and Recompence from time to time to the Parties or Persons polluted thereof, for all Damage that shall be done thereto, or to any Part thereof, by searching for, working, digging, raising and carrying away the said Coal, Lead, Tin, Ores, Metals and all other Minerals, Vossils or any of them.

XXX. And he it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall prejudice, lessen or defeat the Right, Title or Interest of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, as Lord or Lords of the Manor of *Rialba* and *Ravallia* also *Rovell* aforesaid, or, in or to any other Seigneurie, Regalian, Manorial Rights, and other Rights, Customs and Services incident or belonging to such Manor, but that he or they shall and may at all times hereafter hold and enjoy the same, and all Rights and Services, Customs, Penalties and Profits of Courts, Fairs, Franchises, Waifs, Ebrays, Deadlands, Tithe-mow and all other Regalian, Prerogatives, Pre-eminences, and Appurtenances to such Manor incident, belonging or appertaining, (except only such Rights for which Compensation is hereby directed to be made,) in as full, ample and beneficial manner as he or they could or might have held and enjoyed the same in case this Act had not been made.

XXX. Saving always The King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and to all Bodies Corporate, Police, Corporate or Collegiate, and their Successors, and to all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, his and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, all such Estates, Rights, Title, Interests, Claims and Demands whatsoever, (other than and except such as are hereby expressed, meant and intended to be barred, destroyed or extinguished,) as they, carry or any of them had or enjoyed is, so or out of the said Commons, Moor, Open Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed as aforesaid, before the passing of this Act, or would have had and enjoyed therein in case this Act had not been passed.

C A P. CXXX.

An Act to encourage the Establishment of Banks for Savings in England.

[16th July 1817.]

WHEREAS certain Prudent Institutions or Banks for Savings have been established in England, for the safe Custody and Increase of small Savings belonging to the industrious Class of His Majesty's Subjects; and it is expedient to give Protection to such Institutions and the Funds thereby established, and to afford Encouragement to others so far as the like Institutions may in a virtuous spirit Your Majesty that it may be created, and to be created by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Number of Persons who have borne or shall form any Society in any Part of England, for the Purpose of establishing and maintaining any Institution in the Nature of a Bank, to receive Deposits of Money for the Benefit of the Persons depositing the same, and to accumulate the Produce of so much thereof as shall not be required by the Depositors, their Executors or Administrators, to be paid in the Nature of Compounded Interest, and to remove the whole or any Part of such Deposit and the Produce thereof to the Depositors, their Executors or Administrators, deducting only out of such Produce so much as shall be required to be so retained for the Purpose of paying and discharging the necessary Expenses attending the Management of such Institution, according to such Rules, Orders and Regulations as shall have been or shall be established for that Purpose, but deriving no Benefit whatsoever from any such Deposit or the Produce thereof, shall be deemed of being the Benefit of the Provisions of this Act, such Persons shall count the Rules, Orders and Regulations established or to be established for the Management of such Institution to be entered, deposited and filed in manner hereinafter directed, and thereupon shall be deemed as to be entitled to and shall have the Benefit of the Provisions contained in this Act.

II. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no such Institution as aforesaid shall have the Benefit of this Act, unless the Rules, Orders and Regulations for the Management thereof shall be entered in a Book or Books to be kept by an Officer of such Institution, to be approved for that Purpose, and which Book or Books shall be open at all reasonable times for the Inspection of the Persons making Deposits in the Funds of such Institution; and unless such Rules, Orders and Regulations shall be fairly transcribed on Parchment, and such Transcript shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division or Place wherein such Institution shall be established; which Transcript shall be filed by such Clerk of the Peace with the Rolls of the Sessions of the Peace in his Custody, without any Fee or Reward to be paid in respect thereof; but nevertheless nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent any Alteration or Amendment of any such Rules, Orders or Regulations to be entered and deposited and filed as aforesaid, or repeating or amending the same, or any of them, in the Whole or in Part, or making any new Rules, Orders or Regulations for the Management of any such Institution, in such manner as by the Rules, Orders and Regulations of such Institution shall from time to time be provided; but such new Rules, Orders or Regulations, or such Alterations or Amendments of former Rules, Orders or Regulations, or any Order amending or repeating any former Rule, Order or Regulation in the Whole or in Part, shall not be in force until the same respectively shall be entered in such Book or Books as aforesaid, and a Transcript or Transcript thereof shall be deposited with such Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, who shall file the same without Fee or Reward as aforesaid.

and for the King
as Lord of the
Manor of
Rialba.

Provision being
thereby accord-
ing to the Pro-
visions herein
provided, as
related to the
Benefit of the
Act.

Rules, &c. of the
Institution to be
entered in a
Book, and a
Copy thereof
sent to the Clerk
of the Peace,
and filed.

The Fee,
Provided for
Alterations, &c.
in Rules, &c.

New Rules, &c.
to be entered,
&c. no fee is
mentioned.

Officers of the Institution not to receive Benefit (Money)

Exception.

It shall be lawful,

Entry of Rules, &c. in Copy thereof, not to be Evidence of such Rules. No Certificates.

Fine.

No Money Due; Stated Money may be paid in there

Trustees Indemnity may discharge any Part of their Funds into the Funds of Friendly Societies. Proceeds of Friendly Societies being a Discharge.

Transfers, &c. to give Stock as required by the General Rules.

I list of Institutions not to be taken into the time being, without their consent.

except in the Transfer of Stock in the Public Funds.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That as such Institutions as aforesaid shall have the Benefit of this Act, unless it shall be expressly provided by the Rules, Orders and Regulations for the Management thereof, that no Person or Persons being Treasurer, Trustees or Managers of such Institutions, or having any Control in the Management thereof, shall derive any Benefit from any Deposit made in such Institution, but that the Persons depositing Money therein shall have the like Benefit of such Deposits and the Produce thereof; save only and except such Salaries and Allowances or other ancillary Expenses as shall, according to such Rules, Orders and Regulations be provided for the Charges of managing such Institutions, and for Remuneration to Officers employed in the Management thereof, exclusive of the Treasurers or Trustees, or Trustees or Trustees, or other Persons having Direction in the Management of such Institutions, who shall not, directly or indirectly have any Salary, Allowance, Profit or Benefit whatsoever therefrom, beyond their actual Expenses for the Purposes of such Institution.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Rules, Orders and Regulations from time to time made and to have for the Management of any such Institution as aforesaid, and duly entered in such Book or Books as aforesaid, and deposited with such Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, shall be binding on the several Members and Officers of such Institution, and the several Depositors therein and their Representatives, all of whom shall be bound and taken to have full Notice thereof by such Entry and Deposit as aforesaid; and the Entry of such Rules, Orders and Regulations in such Book or Books as aforesaid, or the Transcript thereof deposited with such Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, or a true Copy of such Transcripts examined with the Original, and proved to be a true Copy, shall be received as Evidence of such Rules, Orders and Regulations respectively in all cases; and no Certificates shall be brought or allowed in evidence any such Rules, Orders or Regulations into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record; and every Copy of any such Transcripts deposited with any Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid shall be made without Fee or Reward, except the usual Expenses of making such Copy; and such Copy shall not be subject to any Stamp Duty.

V. And be it further enacted, That in case the Managers of any such Institution shall receive any Deposit of Money from or for the Benefit of any Person under the Age of Twenty one Years, it shall be lawful for the Managers of such Institution to pay to such Person his or her Share and Interest in the Funds of such Institution; and the Receipt of such Person shall be a sufficient Discharge, notwithstanding his or her Insolvency or Disability in Law to sue for his or her said.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Friendly Society, established under and by virtue of any Act or Acts relating to Friendly Societies, from time to time to subscribe the Whole or any Part of the Funds of such Friendly Society, as they shall from time to time direct, through their Treasurers, Stewards or other Officers or Officers, into the Funds of any Institution which shall take the Benefit of this Act, and which shall be willing to receive the same, under such Terms and Conditions as shall be specially provided for that Purpose by the Rules, Orders and Regulations of such Institution: Provided always, that the Receipt or Discharge of the Treasurer or other Officer of such Friendly Society for the time being, for any Money, Stock in the Public Funds or other Security, paid, transferred or delivered according to the Regulations of such Institution or other Officers, apparently authorized to require such Payment, Transfer or Delivery, shall be a sufficient Discharge for the same; and the Institution in which such Deposits shall be made shall not be responsible for any Misapplication of any such Money, Stock or Security by the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be so paid, transferred or delivered, or for any Want of Authority of the Person or Persons requiring or receiving such Payment, Transfer or Delivery.

VII. And be it further enacted, That any Treasurer or Treasurers, or other Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons, who shall be entrusted with the Receipt or Custody of any Sum or Sums of Money deposited or deposited for the Purposes of such Institution, or any Interest or Dividend from time to time accruing thereby, shall be required by the Rules or Regulations of such Institution to become bound with Sureties for the full and lawful Execution of such Officer or Trust, in such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be required by the Rules, Orders and Regulations of such Institution, such Security shall and may be given by Bond or Bonds to the Clerk of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division or Place, or to the Town Clerk of the Place where such Institution shall be established for the time being, without Fee or Reward; and in case of Default it shall be lawful for the Persons authorized for that Purpose by the Rules, Regulations and Orders of such Institution, to sue upon such Bond or Bonds in the Name of such Clerk of the Peace or Town Clerk for the time being, and to carry on such Suit at the Costs and Charges for the Use of the said Institution, fully indemnifying and saving harmless such Clerk of the Peace or Town Clerk from all Costs and Charges in respect of such Suit; and any Bond or other Security to be so given shall be subject to or charged or chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatever.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Monies, Goods, Chattels and Effects whatever, and all Securities for Monies, or other obligatory Instruments and Endowments or Mortgages, and all other Effects whatever, and all Rights or Claims belonging to or had by such Institution, shall be vested in the Trustee or Trustees of such Institution for the time being, for the Use and Benefit of such Institution and the respective Depositors therein, their respective Executors or Administrators, according to their respective Charters and Statutes, and, after the Death or Removal of any Trustee or Trustees, shall vest in the succeeding Trustee or Trustees for the same Estate and Interest as the former Trustee or Trustees had therein, and subject to the same Trusts, without any Abatement or Continuance whatever, except the Transfer of Stocks and Securities in the Public Funds of Great Britain; and also shall for all Purposes of Action or Suit, as well Criminal as Civil, as Law or in Equity, in anywise touching or concerning the same, be deemed and taken to be, and shall in every legal Proceeding (where necessary) be taken to be, the Property of the Person or Persons appointed to be the Officer or Trustee or Trustees of such Institution for the time being, in his, her or their proper Name or Names,

without further Delinquency; and such Person or Persons shall and they are hereby respectively authorised to sue for, defend, or cause to be brought or defended, any Action, Suit or Prosecution, Criminal as well as Civil, in Law or Equity, touching or concerning the Property, Right or Claim aforesaid or belonging to or held by such Institution; and such Person or Persons to appoint and assign, in all Cases concerning the Property, Right or Claim aforesaid of such Institution, for and be filed, plead and be replied, in law, but on their proper Name or Names, as Trustee or Trustees of such Institution, without other Descriptum; and on such Suit, Action or Prosecution shall be discontinued or abate by the Death of such Person or Persons, or his or their Removal from the Office of Trustee or Trustees as aforesaid, but the same shall and may be proceeded as by the succeeding Trustee or Trustees in the proper Name or Names of the Person or Persons concerning the same, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and such succeeding Trustee or Trustees shall pay or receive the Costs as if the Action or Suit had been commenced in his or their Name or Names, for the Benefit of or to be reimbursed from the Funds of such Institution.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to and for the Trustee or Trustees, Manager or Managers for the time being of any such Institution as aforesaid, taking the Benefit of this Act, at any time to place or deposit any Sum of Money which shall have been paid to such Institution by any Depositor, or any Interest or Profit arising therefrom, in the Hands of any Banker or Bankers, or upon any Personal Security, except such Sum of Money in from time to time shall necessarily remain in the Hands of the Trustee or Trustees of such Institution to answer the Engagements thereof.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Trustee of any Institution which shall take the Benefit of this Act in manner hereinafter provided, shall be and they are hereby empowered to pay into the Bank of England any Sum or Sums of Money, not being less than Fifty Pounds, to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, upon the Declaration of the Trustee of such Institution, or any Two or more of them, that such Monies belong exclusively to the Institution for which such Payment is intended to be made, whether such Monies shall have been deposited therein before the passing of this Act, or thereafter shall be deposited therein; and the Culture or Cultures of the Bank of England are hereby required to receive all such Monies, and to place the same into a new and separate Account, to be raised in the Names of the said Commissioners for the time being, in the Books of the Bank of England, to be denominated "The Fund for the Banks for Savings."

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That previous to any Payment being made into the Bank of England as aforesaid, the Person or Persons applying for that Purpose shall in all cases produce to the Office of the said Commissioners, at their Office in London, an Order according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.); under the Hands of Two of the Trustees of such Institution on the accounts of which such Payment is to be made; and on the Production of such Order to the said Office, he shall grant his Certificate in the Form specified in the Schedule to the Act annexed, marked (B.); and upon the Delivery of the Certificate granted to the Party by the said Office, and Payment of the Sum expressed therein at the Bank of England to the Account of the said Commissioners, the said Office shall and he is hereby required to make out, within Five Days after he shall have received Notice of such Payment, for Delivery to such Person or Persons producing the Order of the said Trustee, a Debiture containing a Receipt, signed by one of the Cultures and Company of the Bank of England, for the Amount of such Payment, carrying Interest after the Rate of Three pence per Centum per Diem, payable, with the Principal, at the Bank of England, on the Fifth Day of April then next following, to be dated on the Day on which such Payment or Payments shall be made; which said Debiture shall be in the Form specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C.); and the Principal and Interest of all such Debitures shall be charged and chargeable upon, and they are hereby charged and made payable out of, the Monies or Funds standing in the Names of the said Commissioners in the Books of the Bank of England.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Trustee of any such Institution, or any Two or more of them, to demand Payment, at any time other than on the Fifth Day of April in every Year, of the said Culture or Cultures, of the Principal Sum specified in any Debiture or Debitures issued in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, together with all the Interest due thereon, computing such Interest from the Day of the Date of the Debiture, inclusive, up to and including the Five Days following the Date of the Order of the said Trustee demanding such Payment.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That previous to the Payment of the Principal of any such Debiture or Debitures, together with the Interest due thereon as aforesaid, the Person or Persons applying to receive the same shall in all cases produce to the Office of the said Commissioners, at their said Office, an Order indorsed on the Back thereof under the Hands of Two Trustees of the Institution for which such Payment shall be demanded, according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (D.); and the said Office shall and he is hereby required, within Five Days after the Receipt of such Order, to grant his Certificate to the Person or Persons applying, in the Form specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (E.); and upon the Production and Delivery at the Bank of England of such Certificate, the said Culture or Cultures shall thereupon pay such Principal and Interest out of any Monies standing in the Names of the said Commissioners in the Books of the Bank of England, or from the Sale of Stock purchased with the Monies originally invested in any Debiture or Debitures as aforesaid, as the said Commissioners shall direct: Provided nevertheless, that if at any time the said Trustee shall require a new Debiture or Debitures in lieu of the Debiture or Debitures to be paid off, with or without the Interest to be added thereto (the same being as expressed in the said Order of the said Trustee), it shall be lawful for the Office of the said Commissioners to make out and deliver, to the Person or Persons applying to receive

Trustee may bring and defend Actions, &c.

No Abatement by Death or Removal of Trustee.

Costs.

Trustee may deposit Money in any Banker or Bankers for Interest.

Bank of England to receive monies called "The Fund for the Banks for Savings."

Previous to such Payments into the Bank, an Order to be produced, and the receipt upon a Certificate, and generally all accounts the Commissioners to effect Debitures in the Name of such Institution, having interest at per Cent. per Diem.

Form of Debiture.

Trustee may demand Payment of Principal and Interest before by Debiture.

Previous to such Payment, an Order on the part thereof and thereupon Certificate granted.

New Debiture may be granted.

the same, a Debenture or Debentures of the like Amount, in lieu of paying the Amount of such original Debenture (with or without the Interest to be added thereto) to Mowbray.

Money paid in
on being Bank
Account to be
inclosed in bills
and sent in to
a new Bank.
Debentures not
transferable.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall credit all the Money paid into the Bank of England and placed to their Account in pursuance of the Provision of this Act, so be inclosed from time to time in the Purchase of Bank Annuities to their Names, and to be carried to the new and separate Account hereinafter provided; and the Interest which shall arise from time to time and become due thereon shall in like manner be credited to the Purchase of Bank Annuities as aforesaid.

Debentures, &c.
not liable to
Stamp Duty, and
if lost, Debentures
Debitors may
be present.

XV. And be it enacted, That the Debenture or Debentures issued under the Provision of this Act shall not be transferable or assignable, but shall remain and continue to be the actual Property of the Trustees of the Institution on the account of which every such Debenture or Debentures was or were originally issued, until the same shall be actually paid off.

Tells Declara-
tion for paying
in Bills, &c.
Partly.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That no Debenture or Debentures, nor any Order or Orders required from the Trustees of any such Institution, issued or produced in pursuance of this Act, shall be subject or liable to any Stamp Duty whatever; and that if any Debenture or Debentures issued under the Provision of this Act shall be lost or destroyed, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, upon satisfactory Evidence being produced by the Party, and good and sufficient Security given to the said Commissioners, to direct the said Officer to grant a Duplicate Debenture to the Party applying, under the same Regulations as by this Act are required for the Issue of an original Debenture.

Account by
Commissioners
for National
Debt to be
laid before
Parliament.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Order or Declaration produced to the said Officer, for the Purpose of paying Money into the Bank of England to the Account of the said Commissioners as aforesaid, shall contain any matter or thing which shall be false or untrue, then and in every such case the Sum so paid shall be forfeited to the said Commissioners.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the following Account shall be prepared by the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and shall be annually laid before both Houses of Parliament on or before the Twenty-fifth of March in every Year, if Parliament shall be sitting, and if Parliament shall not be sitting, then within fourteen Days after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament; to-wit, An Annual Account, made up to the Fifth Day of January preceding, of all Sums of Money which shall have been received by the said Commissioners from the Trustees of any Institutions or Institutions as aforesaid in pursuance of this Act, showing the Amount of all Bank Annuities which shall have been purchased by the Application of such Sums, and the Amount of Interest on Dividends receivable thereon by the said Commissioners, and shewing in such Account the Amount of Interest payable by the said Commissioners, on all Debentures issued to the said Trustees as aforesaid within the same Period, and terminating on the Fifth Day of January in every Year.

Providing upon
an original
Institution of
Money.

XIX. And Whereas it is expedient to provide against an improper Investment of Money under the Power of this Act, be it therefore further enacted, That the Privilege aforesaid of paying Money into the Bank of England, and of receiving Debentures for the same, shall be restricted to such Institutions only which shall by One or more of their Rules provide that the Sums paid by one Person in any one Year, and applied to the Purchase of the aforesaid Debentures, shall not exceed the Sum of One hundred Pounds in the first Year, and Fifty Pounds in every Year afterwards, in the whole from each Depositor, except in the cases where Friendly Societies shall become Depositors; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, previous to the Payment of any Sum or Sums into the Bank of England in pursuance of this Act, to require the Production of such Rule or Rules in bearing the Sums to be deposited to the Account above mentioned, certified under the Hands of Two of the Trustees or Managers of each such Institution respectively, and any other Proof they may think it necessary to require.

On Change of
Trustees, shall
be transferred
to former
Trustees, and the
Name of the
new Trustees
and continuing
Trustees, &c.

XX. And be it further enacted, That upon every Change of a Trustee or Trustees, the preceding Trustee or Trustees, his or their Executors or Administrators, shall and do forthwith transfer all Stocks and Annuities in the Public Funds belonging to such Institution, from the Name or Names of such preceding Trustee or Trustees, to the Name or Names of the new Trustee or Trustees who shall be appointed in heretofore mentioned, or of such new Trustee or Trustees and any continuing Trustee or Trustees, if any of the former Trustee shall be deceased, as the case shall require, so as to wit the same in such new Trustee or Trustees and the continuing Trustee or Trustees, as the case shall happen and in case any Sale or Sales, Transfer or Transfers, of any Part of such Stocks or Annuities, shall from time to time be directed according to the Rules, Orders and Regulations of such Institution, every such Transfer or Sale shall be made by the Trustee or Trustees in whose Name or Names the same shall then stand, or by some Person or Persons duly authorized by such Trustee or Trustees, by Letter of Attorney executed as is required by Law in such cases; and where any such Transfer or Sale as aforesaid shall be made under or by virtue of any Letter of Attorney, such Letter of Attorney shall not be subject to or charged or chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatever.

Trustees may
execute any
Letter of
Attorney for
that Purpose.
Parties consent-
ing with Effects
to be secured in
accordance and
delivered up
Effects when
required.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person who shall have or receive any Part of the Money, Effects or Funds of or belonging to such Institution, or shall in any manner have been or shall be concerned with the Disposition, Management or Custody thereof, or of any Securities relating to the same, his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns respectively, shall, upon Demand made in pursuance of any Order of the Committee of such Institution, or of any other delegated Authority as aforesaid, or at any General Meeting of the Managers thereof, give in his, her or their Accounts or Accounts to such Committee or other Authority as aforesaid, or to such General Meeting of the Managers of such Institution, or to such other Person or Persons who shall be nominated to receive the same, to be examined and allowed or disallowed by the said Committee or Managers respectively; and shall on the like Demand pay over all the Money remaining in his or their Hands, and assign and transfer or deliver all Securities, Effects or Funds

taken or standing in his or their Name or Names as aforesaid, or being in his or their Hands or Custody, to such Person or Persons as the said Comptroller or Managers of such Institution shall appoint; and in case of any Neglect or Refusal to deliver such Account, or to pay over such Money, or to assign, transfer or deliver such Securities, Effects or Funds in manner aforesaid, it shall be lawful to and for the Trustees or Trustees of such Institution for the use hereof to exhibit a Petition to the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County, Borough, Division or Place wherein such Institution shall be established, who shall and may proceed thereupon in a summary Way, and make such Order therein, upon hearing all Parties concerned, as to such Courts in their Discretion shall seem just, which Order shall be final and conclusive, and all Allegations, Claims and Transfers made in pursuance of such Order shall be good and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person who is or shall be a Member of any Friendly Society established or to be established under and by virtue of any Act or Acts relating to Friendly Societies, shall, by reason of such Person being or becoming a Depositor in any Institution taking the Benefit of this Act, be considered as subject or liable to any Penalty, Forfeiture or Disability, declared or expressed, or intended to be, by or in the Rules, Orders or Regulations of such Friendly Society; any Rules, Orders or Regulations of such Friendly Society made or to be made to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Depositor in the Funds of any Institution taking the Benefit of this Act shall die, leaving any Sum or Sums of Money in the said Funds, or any Dividends or Interests due thereon, belonging to him or her at the time of his or her Death, according to the Whole the Sum of Twenty Pounds, the same shall not be paid to any Person or Persons as Representative or Representatives of such Depositor, but upon Probate of the Will of the deceased Depositor, or Letters of Administration of his or her Estate and Effects: Provided always, that where the whole Estate or Effects of any such deceased Depositor, for or in respect of which any Probate or Letters of Administration respectively shall be granted, shall be under the Value of Fifty Pounds Sterling, no Stamp Duty shall be chargeable thereon, nor upon any Legacy or Residue or Part thereof bequeathed, nor upon any Share or Part of the Estate or Effects to be paid or distributed by or under such Probate or Letters of Administration: Provided also, that in every such case the Person or Persons claiming such Probate or Letters of Administration free of Stamp Duty under this Act shall exhibit to the Court or Person having Authority to grant the Probate or Letters of Administration in such case, a Certificate of the Amount and Value of the Share and Interests which the deceased Depositor had in the Funds of the said Institution; which Certificate shall be granted in such form and manner as shall have been settled by the Rules, Orders, Regulations or By-Laws of the Institutions respectively, and shall be signed or attested by such Person or Persons as shall be directed therein; and every such Certificate shall be taken and received, by the Court or Person having Authority to grant such Probate or Letters of Administration, as Evidence of the Amount or Value of the Share and Interests of the deceased Depositor in the Funds of the said Institution.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Depositor in the Funds of any such Institution shall die, leaving a Sum of Money in the said Fund, which, with the Interest thereon, shall not exceed in the whole Twenty Pounds, it shall be lawful for the Trustees or Managers of such Institution, and they are hereby authorized and required, if no Will shall be proved, or no Letters of Administration shall be taken out, within Six Calendar Months after the Death of the said Depositor, to pay the same according to the Rules and Regulations of the said Institution in such case made and provided; and in the Event of there being no Rules and Regulations made in that Behalf, then the said Trustees or Managers are hereby authorized and required to pay and divide the same in and amongst the Person or Persons entitled to the Effects of the deceased testator, according to the Statute of Distribution.

XXV. And Whereas such Institutions may be subject to considerable Losses on Payment of Money or Transfer of Securities to Persons who may have obtained Letters of Administration of the Effects of a Depositor, or Probate of a Will or Testamentary Disposition, or supposed Will or Testamentary Disposition of such Depositor, which Letters of Administration or Probate may afterwards be annulled or deemed null and void: Be it further enacted, That Payment or Transfer of any Money or Security for Money by any such Institution as aforesaid to any Person or Persons having any such Letters of Administration or Probate of any such Will or Testamentary Disposition, granted by any Ecclesiastical Court, and appearing to be in force, shall be valid and effectual with respect to any Demand of any other Person or Persons as the lawful Representative or Representatives of such Depositor against the Funds of such Institution, or against the Trustees, Trustees or Managers thereof; but nevertheless such lawful Representative or Representatives shall have Remedy for such Money or Securities for Money so paid or transferred as aforesaid, against the Person or Persons who shall have received the same.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Power, Warrant or Letter of Attorney granted or to be granted by any Person or Persons as Trustee or Trustees of any Institution established under this Act, for the Transfer of any Share or Shares in the Public Stocks or Funds standing in the Name or Names of such Person or Persons as such Trustee or Trustees; nor any Power, Warrant or Letter of Attorney given by any Depositor or Depositors in the Funds of such Institution to any other Person or Persons, authorizing him, her or them to make any Deposit or Deposits of any Sum or Sums of Money in the Funds on the behalf of the said Depositor or Depositors, or to sign any Document or Instrument required by the Rules, Orders, Regulations or By-Laws of such Institution to be signed on making such Deposits, or to receive back any Sum or Sums of Money deposited in the said Funds, or the Dividends or Interests arising therefrom; nor any Receipts given for any Dividends or Dividends in any Public Stock or Fund, or Interest of Exchange Bill; nor any Receipt, nor any Entry in any Book of Receipts for Money deposited in the Funds of any such Institution,

Negligence
refusing.

General or
Quarter Sessions
may proceed in a summary Way.

Members of
Friendly Societies
not liable to
Penalties by
belonging to
any Institution
under this Act
Share of Dividends,
interest, and not paid but
upon Probate,
or.

When Property
is under the
Value of 50*l*. no
Stamp Duty to
be paid in case of
Administration.
Person claiming
to be entitled
Certificate of
Amount of
Share.

Such Certificate
required as
Evidence of Amount.

Where the Effects of a Person dying intestate shall not exceed 20*l*. Administration may be made by the Executors.

Payments made
Probate of Wills, &c. afterwards annulled,
valid.

Remedy for
Representative
against Probate
transfer.

Power of Attorney by
Trustees or
Depositors.

Receipts and
Entries.

from any Stamp Duty.

Where Rules of Institution directed in Arbitration, the Award to be final

shall be final

nor for any Money received by any Depositor, his or her Executors or Administrators, Assigns or Attorneys from the Funds of such Institution, shall be subject or liable to be charged with any Stamp Duty or Duties whatsoever.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That where Provision shall be made by one or more of the general Rules, Orders or Regulations of any such Institution, and filed as heretofore required, for a Reference by Arbitration of any Matter in Dispute between any such Institution, or any Person or Persons acting under them, and any individual Depositor therein, or any Executor, Administrator, next of Kin, or Creditor of any deceased Depositor, or any Person claiming to be such Executor, Administrator, next of Kin, or Creditor, then and in every such case the Matter in Dispute shall be referred to such Arbitration or Arbitrators as shall have been named according to the general Rules, Orders or Regulations of such Institution; and whatever Award, Order or Determination shall be made, according to the true Purport and meaning of the Rules, Orders and Regulations of such Institution, shall be binding and conclusive on all Parties, and shall be final to all Intents and Purposes, without any Appeal.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices, and other Persons whatsoever, without the same being specially shewn or pleaded.

SCHEDULES.

(A.)

FORM of the ORDER for the Trustees to make Payments into the Bank of England, to be produced to the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.

WE, being Two of the Trustees of the Saving Bank established at [insert the Town and County], do, in pursuance of an Act of the 57 Geo. 3. Cap. _____ hereby authorize and direct A. B. to pay into the Bank of England, to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt _____ Pounds, and to receive for the same, on account of us the said Trustees, a Saving Bank Debenture of the like Amount, carrying Interest at the Rate of Three Pence per Centum per Annum: And we hereby declare, that the Sum above stated is the exclusive Property of the said Saving Bank specified in this our Order, arising wholly from individual Contributions, not exceeding the Amount specified in the said Act for the Contribution of each Contributor, or arising from the voluntary Donations to the Funds of the said Society.

Witness our Hands, this

Day of

A. . . . } Trustees.
B. . . . }

(B.)

CERTIFICATE of the Officers of the Commissioners, to enable Payments to be made into the Bank of England.

I Do hereby certify, That it appears by an Order dated _____ produced to me conformably to the Provisions of an Act of the 57 Geo. 3. Cap. _____ intituled [insert the Title of the Act] that Two of the Trustees of the Saving Bank established at [insert the Town and County] have authorized and directed A. B. to pay into the Bank of England, to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, the Sum of _____ Pounds, arising from Contributions not exceeding the Amount in the said Act mentioned, and to receive a Saving Bank Debenture of the like Amount, carrying Interest at the Rate of Three Pence per Centum per Annum.

Witness my Hand,

A. . . . Superintendent.

INDORSEMENT on the Back of the Trustees Order, upon the Receipt of the Debenture.

Received the Debenture within described, in virtue of the foregoing Order.

Witness my Hand,

A. . . . acting for the Trustees.

(C.)

FORM of the DEBENTURE to be filed by the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.

No _____ of the Saving Bank established at _____ in the County of _____ Pounds, which Sum is placed to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.

For the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.

A. B. . . . Cashier.

WHEREAS by virtue of an Act of the Fifty seventh George 3. Cap. _____ entitled, [insert the Title of the Act] the Sum of _____ Pounds hath been paid into the Bank of England, to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, on account of "The Saving Bank" established at _____ in the County of _____

Now this Debenture is chargeable on the Monies or Funds standing in the Names of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt at the Bank of England, and secures the said Saving Bank to the Principal Sum of

Pounds, carrying an Interest at the Rate of Three Pence *per Centum* *per Annum* from the Day of the Date hereof, payable at the Bank of England to the Trustees, or to their Heirs, by the Order of Two of such Trustees indorsed thereon, on the Fifth Day of April next after the Date hereof, or at any other time, upon the Production of such Order at the Office of the said Commissioners, the same being indorsed thereon under the Hands of Two of the Trustees of the said Saving Bank, directing Payment thereof to be demanded by the Person producing the same; and the Interest shall in all cases be computed to and include the Five Days following the Day of the Date of such Order.

Dated this

Day of

A. - - - Superintendent.

This Debenture is not transferable nor assignable.

(D.)

INDORSEMENT of the Order of the Trustees on the Debenture to receive Payment.

WE, Two of the Trustees of the Saving Bank within defined, do hereby authorize and direct A. B. to demand [and receive both the Principal and Interest of this Debenture in Money] or [to receive the Interest for three or more Years, and also a new Debenture of the like Amount in lieu of this Debenture, bearing the like Rate of Interest, or a new Debenture or Debentures of the like Amount, and the Interest added thereto, bearing the like Rate of Interest], or *as the Cash may be*.

Witness our Hands this

Day of

A. - - -
B. - - -

} Trustees of the said Saving Bank.

Dated this

Day of

(E.)

CERTIFICATE of the Officer of the Commissioners to enable the Payment of the Principal and Interest of the Debenture.

I DO hereby certify, That the Debenture No. for the Principal Sum of Pounds, hath been delivered at the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, conformably to an Order indorsed thereon, under the Hands of Two of the Trustees of the Saving Bank established at [insert the Town and County] pursuant to the Provision of an Act of the Fifty seventh George 3. Cap. entitled [insert the Title of this Act], and that the Interest due thereon, computed to and including the Five Days following the Day of the Date of the said Order, amounts to Pounds Shillings and Pence.

And I do further certify, That the said Trustees have authorized and directed A. B. [to receive both the Principal and Interest of the said Debenture in Money] or [to receive a new Debenture of the like Amount in lieu of the said Debenture, and also the Interest due thereon in Money, or with the said Interest added to the Amount of the said Debenture.]

Witness my Hand, this

Day of

A. - - - Superintendent.

THE RECEIPT for the above Principal and Interest shall be acknowledged on this Certificate, as follows:

Received in virtue of the Order specified in this Certificate [the Principal Sum of Pounds in Money, being the Amount of the Debt or debts within defined] or [a new Debenture for the Sum of Pounds, being of the like Amount, and in lieu of the Debenture within defined] and also the Interest due thereon, computed to and including the Five Days following the Day of the Date of the said Order.

Witness my Hand,

A. - - - acting for the said Trustees

C A P. CXXII.

An Act for the better Regulation of Polls, and for making other Provisions touching the Election of Members to serve in Parliament for Places in Ireland. [12th July 1817.]

• WHEREAS it is necessary to amend the Laws for regulating the Election of Members to serve in Parliament for Places in Ireland, and to provide for the more expeditious taking of Polls thereof; Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of August next, every Poll which shall be demanded at any Election for a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for any County, City, Borough or other Place in Ireland, shall commence on the Day upon which the same shall be demanded, or upon the next Day at which (unless it shall happen to be a Sunday, Christmas Day or Good Friday, and then on the Day next after), and shall be duly and regularly proceeded in from Day to Day (Sundays, Christmas Day and Good Friday always excepted) until the same be finished; but so as that no Poll at any Election held by virtue of a Writ shall continue longer than the Fourteenth Day at farthest after the Trial thereof, and if by virtue of such Writ the Election

From Aug. 1, 1817, every Poll shall commence on the first day after it is demanded, whether it be Sunday, then, and shall not commence longer than a certain Day, except on Sunday, Christmas Day, or Good Friday.

Mean of Polls
declared to be
declared to be
Chair of the Poll,
within Two Days,
and Return
made.

After Fourth
Day, Returning
Officers may take
any Booth when
no more than 20
Booths polled in
the Day.

Within Two
Days after Receipt
of Writ,
Proclamation to
be made of the
Election.

Whenever more
than 2000 Free-
holders are to be
polled in one
Barony, the
Names of Free-
holders to be in-
scribed that no
more than 1000
shall have to poll
in one Booth.
Expense of
Booths, &c.

Sheriff to have a
Booth, Agents and
scrutineers of
Polling Booths,
where he is to
attend.

§ 40.
§ 41. G. 3. 17.
§ 42.

§ 43. G. 3. 17.
§ 44.
§ 45. G. 3. 17.
§ 46.

Officers to at-
tend at the
Polls, &c.

Exception.

Persons to ap-
pear to take
the Polling
Oath.

Election shall be held by Poll, as Poll at each Election shall continue longer than the Thirtieth Day at farthest after the Date thereof; and if each Poll shall continue respectively until such Fourth or Thirtieth Day, then the same shall be finally closed at or before the Close of Three in the Afternoon of the same Day; and the Returning Officer or Officers at every such Election shall immediately, or on the Day next after the said Close of the Poll, truly, fairly and publicly declare the Name or Names of the Person or Persons who have the Majority of Votes on such Poll, and shall forthwith make a Return of such Person or Persons.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Returning Officer or Officers, and be as they are hereby required, on any Day after the Fourth Day of Polling, to close finally any Booth in which no more than Twenty Electors have polled, or have been referred for Division to the Booth of such Returning Officer or Officers, during that Day.

III. And whereas it is expedient to afford full time before the Return of the Writ for the polling of Freeholders at the Election of a Knight or Knights to serve in Parliament for any County in Ireland, It is enacted, That immediately after the Receipt of the Writ for making any such Election, it shall and may be lawful for the Sheriff of such County, and he is hereby required, to make on the Back thereof the Date of receiving the same, and within Two Days after the Receipt thereof to cause Proclamation to be made at the Place where the said Election ought by Law to be holden, and to cause to be affixed on the Door of the County Court House public Notice thereof, signed by himself, of a Special County Court to be there holden, for the Purpose of such Election only, on any Day, Sunday excepted, not later than the Day of making such Proclamation and affixing such Notice than the Sixteenth Day, nor later than the Tenth Day.

IV. And be it enacted, That whenever in any one Barony or Half Barony of any County in Ireland, the Number of Freeholders registered within Eight Years previous to the Text of the Writ for holding such Election, and exceeding Twelve Calendar Months previous to the Text of such Writ, shall exceed Two thousand, it shall and may be lawful for the Sheriff, and he is hereby required, on receiving written Notice thereof from any Candidate, to divide alphabetically, as equally as can be (but in as not in any case to divide the Names beginning with the same Letter), all the Names of the Freeholders so registered in such Barony or Half Barony, in that it shall not be necessary for more than Two thousand to poll in any Booth, and so credit as many more Booths, or hire as many more Buildings, as may be necessary for the Purpose, and to appoint as many additional Deputies or other Officers as shall be necessary, to take the Poll at such additional Booths or Buildings, not exceeding One Deputy and One Poll Clerk to each such Booth or Building; and the Expense of every such additional Booth or Building, and the Wages of every such additional Deputy or Officer, at the same Rate as other Booths or Buildings, and as other Deputies or Officers, shall be paid in the Sheriff by all Candidates jointly on Demand.

V. And Whereas it is expedient that any Reference made to the Sheriff should not interrupt the Poll, It is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Sheriff of any County in Ireland, and he is hereby required, to erect a Booth or hire a Building where he may and shall decide such calls as may be referred to him, exclusive of the Number of Booths or Buildings now required by Law; and such Sheriff is hereby required to give his constant Attendance therein, during the entire Number of Hours that the Polling shall continue each Day.

VI. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Tenth Year of His present Majesty, intituled *As it is amend the Laws for regulating the Election in Ireland of Members to serve in Parliament*, it is (among other things) enacted, That when a Poll shall be demanded at any Election of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for any County, City, Town or Borough in Ireland, the Returning Officer or Officers at any such Election, after such Poll shall be demanded, shall, at the Instance and Request of any Candidate or Candidates at such Election, under his or their Hand or Hands, immediately after such Request, and before he or they shall proceed further in taking the Poll, retain, maintain and appoint Two or more Jurors of the Peace (as the case may require) to administer the Oaths and Declarations required in and by an Act passed in the Tenth Year and Fourteenth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *As it is made His Majesty's Statute, of whatever Parliament, in which their Majesty is King, and also another Act, passed in the Thirtieth third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled As it is for the Relief of His Majesty's People or Roman Catholic Subjects in Ireland*; and that the Clerk of the Peace, or a Deputy by him appointed to Writing under his Hand for that Purpose, shall attend such Persons: And Whereas there are other Oaths besides those contained in the said Act which Voters at Elections of Members to serve in Parliament may be by Law required to take, the proper Mode of administering whereof is accorded with Duty and Convenience, be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for such Jurors of the Peace as are appointed, and they are hereby empowered and required, severally and at different Places separate and apart from the Place where the Poll shall be taken, to administer all the Oaths and the Declarations and Affirmations required to be taken or made by Persons offering to vote at any Election (the Bribery Oath or Affirmation only excepted), which Oath or Affirmation shall be taken or made at the Place of taking the Poll, at the Desire of any Candidate or Elector, by every Person offering to vote at any Election, as before the passing of this Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every such Person so appointed as aforesaid shall, immediately after such Appointment, and before he shall take upon him to act under such Appointment, take the following Oath, in place of the Oath required by the last recited Act; (that is to say),

I, A. B. do swear, That I will faithfully and impartially administer the Oaths and take the Affirmations now required by Law to be taken or made by Voters at Elections for Members to serve in Parliament (except the Bribery Oath or Affirmation) to and from such Persons as shall lawfully apply to me in that behalf, in order to qualify themselves to vote at this Election.

Which Oath, to be taken by the several Persons respectively so to be appointed, the Returning Officer or Officers, or any of them, it and are hereby authorized and required to administer: and each Clerk of the Peace, or a Deputy to be appointed by him for the Purposes aforesaid, shall cause each of such Jurors of the Peace during the Administration of such Oaths, Affirmations and Declarations, and shall give, without Fee or Reward, to every Person who shall take such Oaths or make such Declarations or Affirmations respectively, a Certificate thereof in manner hereinafter mentioned, and shall take the following Oath, in place of the Oath required by the last section &c: (that is to say).

* I, A. B. do swear, That I will, on being thereunto required, faithfully and truly give, without Fee or Reward, to every such Person, or any of them, who shall take such Oaths or make such Declarations or Affirmations respectively, any of them, as are now required by Law to be taken or made by Voters at Elections for Members to serve in Parliament, before the Justices of the Peace appointed by the Returning Officer, a Certificate thereof; and that I will not give such Certificate to any Person, before he shall have taken such Oath or Oaths, or made such Declaration or Declarations, Affirmance or Affirmations respectively, as shall be mentioned in such Certificate, in my Presence.

Which Oath, to be taken by the several Persons respectively so to be appointed, the Returning Officer or Officers, or any of them, is and are hereby authorized and required to administer.

VIII. And he is further certified by the Authority aforesaid, That after the Persons so appointed shall have taken such Oath as is required to be taken by them respectively as aforesaid, any Person or Persons claiming a vote at any such Election as aforesaid may, at any time before he or they shall give in or their Vote or Votes at such Election, apply to any One of the Persons so appointed and sworn as aforesaid, to take the Oaths and make the Declarations and Affirmations of any of them; and the Person to whom such Application shall be made shall accordingly deliver the same to such Person or Persons so claiming a Right to vote; and the said Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, to swear and appoint, shall, immediately upon such Oaths being taken, and Affirmations or Declarations being made, sign and deliver a Certificate thereof to such Person who shall have taken such Oaths or made such Affirmations or Declarations respectively, which Certificate shall contain the Name, Address and Place of Abode of the Person to whom the same shall be so given; and in case of Persons taking the said Oath shall be in the Terms following: that is to wit:

* A. B. [assuming the *Perpetrating the Oath, Declaration or Affirmation*] of [assuming the Place of such Person's
Abode, and the Address or Congregation] has taken the Oath [or Oaths, Affirmation or Affirmations, De-
clarations or Declarations] of [assuming the said Oath or Oaths, Affirmation or Affirmations, Declaration or De-
clarations, & administered], before me, this _____ Day of _____

And every such Person to whom such Certificate shall be so given shall, on producing such Certificate to the Person or Persons lawfully taking the Poll at such Election, be deemed to have taken or made such Oaths, Declarations or Affirmations as aforesaid, in order to enable him to vote at such Election, as if the same had been taken or made in manner and form required before the calling of the roll of the A.S.

IX. And he is further called by the Assembly aforesaid, That when any Person or Persons offering to vote at any such Election, without producing such Certificate as aforesaid, shall be lawfully required to take the said Oath, or make the said Declarations or Affirmations or any of them, then such Oath, Declarations or Affirmations, or any of them, shall not be administered by the Returning Officer or Officers or other Person or Persons taking the Poll, or at the Place of taking the said Poll, but the Elector or Electors is required to take such Oath, or make such Declarations or Affirmations, well immediately withdraw, and shall take the said Oath, or subscribe and make the said Declarations or Affirmations respectively, before One of the Commissioners appointed and sworn as aforesaid in manner hereinafter expressed.

X. And he is further encharged, That every Elector having received such Certificate as aforesaid, shall be bound as he shall have polled, deliver the same to the Person taking the Poll, who shall forthwith cause the same to be returned.

" XI. And he is further enacted by the Assembly aforesaid, That if at any time during the Poll at any such Election, it shall be found that the Number of Persons so appointed as above, is deficient for the Purpose aforesaid, and the Poll is delayed thereby, the said Number of Persons so appointed shall be Quota, Deductions and Additions as aforesaid, shown in every such case the Returning Officer or Officers at such Election may, and he or they, as the case may be, hereby empowered and required, at the Expense and Request in Writing of any Candidate thereat, in person, in person, in person, and appoint such further Number of Persons, for the Purpose of completing the said Quota, Deductions and Additions as aforesaid, and in granting such Certificate as aforesaid, it shall be necessary to prevent such Delay; and the Persons so nominated and appointed shall take the like Oath, which shall be administered to them respectively in like manner as is heretofore directed with respect to the Parties first mentioned for the Purpose aforesaid.

K.I.F. And be it further enacted, That the Returning Officer, or Officers as aforesaid, and as and are hereby required to appoint, and provide a proper Place for every such Polling to be appointed, as aforesaid, in execution the Duty hereby imposed upon such Polling, to which Place the respective Electors may have free Access, without interrupting the Poll, and so as to enable the Polling to be appointed to sit separately without interfering with each other in the Execution of their Office; and that each of the said Places be appointed shall be open and attended by the Polling or Polling appointed to sit there during all such times as the Poll at any such Election shall be kept open, and shall continue at least Eight Hours on every Day, between the Hours of Eight in the Morning and Eight in the Evening, until the final Closing

Chick of the
Fence, Inc. to
get Certificate
of Work, Inc.
within five, and
to visit the
following work.

7. Elections to apply
 8. before voting,
 9. to Parties in
 10. appointed, who
 11. shall administer
 12. the Oaths, etc.
 13. and Clerks of
 14. the Peace to
 15. give Certificates
 16. thereof.

Form of Condition
Form of selling
Market day

Production and
Certification for
export to the United States

Persons offering to vote without providing Confidentiality Affidavits, as being required, to withdraw and take the Oath before the Clerk of the Council.

11. Continue as in
step 10 until the
solution is clear.

of the House of Representatives is appointed to administer the oath should be held. Every man may be appointed by Bureau of Census.

Return Returning. Different from an appeal, proper phraseology is *return*. **APR**

aid. However, keep
in mind that there
is a lot of

Returning Officer
may provide
printed Forms
of Certificates.

Returning Officer
may be desired to
provide proper
Places for ad-
ministering Oaths,
&c.
Expenses, or
Fees, in reason-
ably allowed by
Candidates.

Clerk of the
Peace to send
Deputy to attend
with Affidavits
of Registry of
Freeholds.

Returning Officer,
on Demand
of Candidates, to
appoint Inter-
preters.

Interpreters to
take the follow-
ing Oath.

Allegation to
such Person
made by Can-
didate.

Deputy to ex-
amine Election
as to Quali-
fications.
No other Person
to examine or
poll.

Deputy not to
investigate Right
to vote, but to
refer to Return-
ing Officer.

Certificate of
Registry of
Freeholds being
regular con-
clusive Evidence.

the Poll; and that the said Oaths and the said Declarations and Affirmations shall respectively be administered to as many of the Electors, being ready and desiring to take or make the same respectively, as can conveniently take or make the same together, not exceeding the Number of Twelve at one time; and each Returning Officer or Officers shall also do, provide and deliver to each Person who shall be appointed by him or them in manner aforesaid, a sufficient Number of printed Certificates, agreeable to the Form heretofore directed, to be filled up as Occasion may require, and signed by the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, appointed or chosen as aforesaid, according to such Person as aforesaid, and delivered to such Elector so taking the said Oath or declaring or affirming as aforesaid.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the Candidates or any of them shall, Three Days at least before any such Election, give or cause to be given Notice in Writing to the Returning Officer or Officers, to provide proper Places for administering said Oaths, Declarations and Affirmations to the Electors, then and in every such case Notice or such other proper Places shall be prepared and provided, in as to be ready before and against the Day of Election; the Expense of which Notice or Places, and of the said printed Forms, and also the Allowance and Compensation (if any) to be made to the several Justices of the Peace administering said Oaths, Declarations and Affirmations as aforesaid, for their Trouble and Attendance, not exceeding One Guinea a Day to every of them, and also the Allowance and Compensation to be made to the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputies, appointed as aforesaid, for their Trouble and Attendance, not exceeding Half a Guinea a Day to every of them for each Day of Attendance, shall be defrayed and repaid by the Candidates at such Election, in equal Proportions, to the Returning Officer or Officers who shall have incurred such Expenses.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace shall and is hereby required to attend, or send his Deputy to attend, during the whole of every Election of Members to serve in Parliament, the Returning Officer or Officers in his or their Booth, Court or Building where he or they shall preside at such Election; and the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall bring with him all the original Affidavits of the Registry of Freeholds, and shall, on Demand of the Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their Affiant, produce such Affidavits as may be required by him or them.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for the Returning Officer or Officers, and he or they in and are hereby required, on Demand or Request in Writing of any Candidate or Candidates, immediately after such Request, to obtain, nominate and appoint as many competent Persons to act as Interpreters as there shall be Places of Polling, or Places of taking the Oaths, Declarations and Affirmations as aforesaid, in that one such Interpreter shall attend each of such Places to read and faithfully such Oaths, Declarations and Affirmations, and such Questions and Answers as are heretofore or hereafter required to be taken, made, asked or given at the Place of Polling, and also before the Persons appointed to administer Oaths, Declarations and Affirmations as aforesaid; and every such Interpreter shall, immediately after such Appointment, and before he shall take upon him to act under such Appointment, take the following Oath, which the Returning Officer or Officers are hereby required to administer:

- I, A.B. do swear, That I will faithfully interpret such Oaths, Declarations, Affirmations, Questions and Answers as I shall be directed to interpret by the Returning Officer or Officers, his or their Deputies, and the Persons appointed to administer Oaths, Declarations and Affirmations at this Election.

And the Allowance and Compensation to be made to the several Persons appointed as aforesaid for their Trouble and Attendance, not exceeding Half a Guinea a Day to every of them for each Day of Attendance, shall be defrayed and repaid by the Candidates at such Election, in equal Proportions, to the Returning Officer or Officers.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at all Elections at which any Person shall tender his Vote as having a Freehold, the Deputy presiding in any Polling Booth or Building shall previously examine such Person as to his Name and Residence, as to the Value, Terms and Situation of his Freehold, and whether it arises from a Rent Charge; but it shall not be lawful for any other Person, besides the Deputy, whether Bailiff, Attorney, Agent, Candidate, Elector or other Person, to plead or speak to or examine any Person tendering his Vote, on any Pretence whatever, during the Continuance of the Poll, or in any of the Polling Booths.

XVII. And Whereas Docters have written as to the Power of Rejection and Examination of Persons tendering their Votes by the Deputies of Returning Officers: Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall not be lawful for any Deputy to examine any Person tendering his Vote, except as heretofore directed; and that if any Objection shall arise as to the Right of such Person to vote, such Objection shall be forthwith referred to the Returning Officer or Officers; but it shall not be lawful for any Deputy to investigate such Person's Right to vote, nor to reject such Person's Vote, without Reference to the Returning Officer or Officers.

XVIII. And Whereas great Delay has taken place from unnecessary Searches for original Affidavits of Registry at various Elections, notwithstanding the Freeholders tendering their Votes had produced legal Certificates of them having registered their Freeholds: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That after the passing of this Act, in every case in which a Person offering to poll shall produce a Certificate of Registry in manner and form by Law required, without Error or Incompleteness, such Certificate shall be deemed conclusive Evidence of his having duly registered such Freehold; but if any Variances between such Certificate and the Book of Registry shall appear to the Deputy, or if no such Certificate shall be produced by such Person, it shall and may be lawful for such Deputy, and he is hereby required, to

refer such Petition, if objectionable, to the Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their Assessor or Assessors, who, or one of whom, are hereby exclusively authorised to examine such Petition's original Affidavit of Registry.

XXIX. And Whereas by an Act of the Irish Parliament, passed in the Thirty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the further Regulation of the Election of Members to serve in Parliament*, it is enacted, that any Person intitled to a Freehold, not consisting of a Rent Charge, shall declare in register 4, in proof of the Value of Fifty Pounds or Twenty Pounds, be both in the Oath or Affirmation therein provided, name the Parish or Parishes, and the Townland or Townlands in which such Freehold may be situated; And Whereas it is expedient that the Name of the Parish or Parishes should in the said Oath be stated, and that the Townland or Townlands, or other Description by which the Place is generally known, whereas the Freehold is situated, be named in the said Oath or Affirmation: Be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person intitled to a Freehold, not consisting of a Rent Charge, who shall desire to register it as being of the yearly Value of Fifty Pounds or Twenty Pounds, to make in said Oath or Affirmation the Name of the Parish or Parishes in which said Freehold may be situated, and to name therein the Townland or Townlands, or other Description by which the Place is generally known, whereas the said Freehold may be situated.

XXX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person who shall be by due Course of Law convicted of having polled a Second time at the same Election, except as hereinafter mentioned, or of having persecuted any other Person for the Purpose of polling at such Election, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and be transported for Seven Years to some Part of His Majesty's Dominions out of Europe, or be imprisoned for any term not more than Seven Years, at the Discretion of the Judge or Judges who shall try such Person.

XXXI. And Whereas it is expedient that Persons having Freeholds under the yearly Value of Twenty Pounds, and subject only to CROWN or QUART RENT, or sitting from Free Farm Grounds, or under a Lease or Leases for ever, or for Lives renewable for ever, should have the Power of voting at Elections for Members of Parliament, although they should not reside thereon, or occupy such Freeholds by selling or grazing, or to the Amount of Forty Shillings yearly Value thereof: Be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for Persons having Freeholds under Twenty Pounds yearly Value, not consisting of a Rent Charge, and liable only to CROWN or QUART RENT, to register the same in like manner as is provided for Persons having Freeholds of the yearly Value of Twenty Pounds in an Act of the Thirty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, notwithstanding in part recited.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That such Person so registering his Freehold, shall insert in the Act of Registry the Words "Forty Shillings," instead of the Words Twenty Pounds or Fifty Pounds; and shall add the following Words, "and that the said Freehold does not consist of a Rent Charge, and that it is liable to no Rent, except CROWN or QUART RENT," or "that it sits from a Free Farm Ground," or "that I hold it under a Lease or Leases for ever," or "that I hold it under a Lease or Leases for Lives, renewable for ever," as the case may be.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall offer to vote by virtue of a Freehold under the yearly Value of Twenty Pounds, and holding the same subject only to CROWN or QUART RENT, before he be admitted to poll, shall make the same Affirmation and take the same Oaths as are now provided for Persons having Freeholds of the Value of Twenty Pounds: Provided always, that such Person shall in such Oaths make the same Alterations and Additions as are herein set forth in the Oath of Registry for such Person.

XXXIV. And Whereas by Under Statutes passed by the Parliament of Ireland, and also by the Forty-fifth of His present Majesty, it is enacted, that every Oath or Affirmation made and subscribed at any Sessions of the Peace for Registry of any Freehold, shall be read aloud in open Court and signed by Two of the Justices presiding therein: And Whereas the Number of the Justices who are empowered to act within several of the Counties of Cities and Towns in Ireland, agreeably to the Charter thereof, is extremely limited in Amount, and often confined to a great Degree to those who from Age and Infirmary are incapacitated for the Performance of Duty: And Whereas it is necessary to provide against any such or other Inconvenience or Delay of Persons possessed of Freehold Property who wish duly to register such Freeholds, and to qualify themselves for exercising the elective Franchise: Therefore be it enacted, That in all Counties of Cities and Towns in Ireland, the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate of such County of a City or County of a Town, or other his sufficient Deputy appointed by him pursuant to the Charter, or in case of his Death or Absence from such City or Town, shall continue to hold such General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for one entire Day after the Criminal and other Business of every such Session has been fully transacted, commencing his Sitting at the Hour of Two in the Forenoon, for the Purpose of registering all such Freeholders as present themselves for that Purpose, in such manner and form as now required by Law; and that the said Mayor shall continue his Sitting until the Hour of Four in the Afternoon, and administer all the Oaths and sign all Certificates which are now required by Law to render the Registry of such Freehold valid; and that the Signature of such Chief Magistrate or his Deputy shall be singly and of itself a sufficient Attestation of such Registry, in place of the Signatures of Two Magistrates as now required by Law, and shall be then and there delivered by such Mayor or his Deputy to the Clerk of the Peace, to be filed and kept among the Records of the Court.

XXXV. And it is hereby further enacted, That if the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate shall, by himself or his sufficient Deputy, neglect or wilfully omit to hold any such Session, in manner and form as herein-before required, or to admit to register their Freeholds therein such Persons duly qualified to do so, present themselves for that Purpose to the said Mayor or Chief Magistrate, such Mayor or Chief Magistrate in offending

Penalty paid.
Clerk of the
Peace neglecting
his Duty.
Penalty paid.

Poll Clerk to
take the follow-
ing Oath.

Oath.

Returning Offi-
cer neglecting to
be, imprisoned
six Months, and
disfranchise.

Deputy Sheriff,
as returning
Officer, to forfeit
Commission, and
be imprisoned.

Returning Offi-
cer, for refusing
to perform his
Duty.
Penalty.

Qualification of
Deputy Sheriff.

In case of Death
or Absence of Re-
turning Officer,
and Deputy Offi-
cer, not being
in Poll, the Re-
turning Officer,
Penalty paid.

Persons having
voted for Can-
didate dying
during the Poll,
imprisoned in
next session.
Penalty.

Oath to be taken
by Persons acting
as Polling men.

Returning Of-
ficer may sum-
mon Jurors, &c.

shall forfeit the penal Sum of One hundred Pounds for each and every such Neglect of Duty; and if the Clerk of the Peace or his sufficient Deputy shall neglect or omit to attend at such Sessions of the Peace, and then and there to do all Acts now required of him by Law for the Registry of Freehold, such Clerk of the Peace shall forfeit the penal Sum of Fifty Pounds; such Penalties to be recovered by Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin; One Moiety whereof shall be payable to our Lord the King, and the other Moiety to him who shall sue for and recover the same.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after passing the said recited A.D. at any Election for any Member or Members to serve in Parliament for any County, City, Borough or Town in Ireland, every Person whom the Returning Officer or Officers shall refuse to act as a Clerk for taking the Poll, shall, before he commences to take such Poll, take the following Oath:

"I, A. B. do swear, That I will truly and indifferently take the Poll at this Election, and set down the Name and Residence of each Voter, the Value, Tenure, Situation and Place and Date of Registry of his Freehold, and whether sworn to or affirmed by such Voter, as the case may be, and for whom he shall poll."

Which Oath of every such Poll Clerk the said Returning Officer or Officers may or are hereby authorized and required to administer.

XXVII. And Whereas it is necessary to guard against improper Conduct of Returning Officers at such Elections for Members to serve in Parliament, Be it enacted, That every Returning Officer who shall be by due Course of Law convicted of having acted corruptly or partially in the Execution of his Duty of Returning Officer at any Election for Members to serve in Parliament, shall be adjudged guilty of a high Misdemeanour, and be imprisoned for Three Years; and each Person, so convicted, is hereby declared to be for ever incapable of holding any Office or Situation, Civil or Military, under the Crown.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That any Deputy Sheriff, Commissioners for administering Oaths, Deputies and Assistants as aforesaid, Poll Clerk, Clerk of the Peace or Deputy Clerk of the Peace, appointed as aforesaid, or Interpreter, absconding himself, shall forfeit all Commissions for Attendance during such Elections; and the Returning Officer or Officers may or are hereby authorized and required, in case of the Absence of any such Person or Persons, immediately to appoint, as before herein directed, a Justice or Persons to fill his or their Place or Places.

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Returning Officer, or Deputy Returning Officer, Sheriff or Deputy Sheriff, Clerk of the Peace or Deputy Clerk of the Peace, or other Officer herebefore mentioned, who shall refuse or neglect to perform his Duty according to the Provision of this A.D. shall forfeit Ten Pounds with Treble Costs for each and every such Instance of Refusal or Neglect, to any Person suing for the same at any Session of the Peace within Twelve Calendar Months after such Instance of Neglect or Refusal.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That no Sheriff of any County in Ireland shall appoint, after the passing of the present A.D. any Person to act as his Deputy, unless such Person shall be a Freeholder of such County, having a Freehold of the yearly Value of Fifty Pounds at least above all Charges; and such Sheriff is hereby required to demand, upon Oath, of each Person offering to be sworn as Deputy, whether such Person has a Freehold of such Value.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That in case of the Death or Sudden Absence of the Returning Officer or Officers during the Continuance of the Poll, it shall and may be lawful for the first sworn Deputy, who shall be sworn by himself for this Purpose before the Commencement of the Poll, and he is hereby required, under the Penalty of Forfeiting One thousand Pounds to any Person suing for the same, to proceed in the Poll, and to act in every respect for all the Purposes of the Election as if he had been originally Returning Officer, and take the Oath as directed by Law for the Returning Officer at the Commencement of the Poll, which any Two Justices of the Peace are hereby authorized to administer, and proceed in the Poll, and to act in every respect as Returning Officer for all the Purposes of such Elections, as if he had been originally Returning Officer, and shall make a Special Return of the Votes, as the case may be, under his Authority shall be previously sanctioned by the Recovery of the Returning Officer, or the legal Appointment of a new one, as the case may be.

XXXII. And Whereas it is expedient, in the Event of the Death of any Candidate during a Poll, that all Persons who have given their Votes for such Candidate should be enabled to vote once again; Be it enacted, that the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases where it shall be made to appear to the Returning Officer, upon Oath of any credible Witness, which Oath he is hereby empowered and directed to administer at any time before the Poll is finally closed at any Election, that any Candidate for whom any Votes have been given at such Election shall have died, then such Returning Officer shall cause public Notice thereof to be given, and shall direct such Poll to be adjourned till the next Day, and in such case every Elector who shall have voted for such deceased Candidate shall be admitted, if he think fit, to vote over again: Provided always that nothing herein contained shall extend to enable any Person who shall have so voted for any deceased Candidate to vote again for more than one Candidate, or to give such Votes in favour of any Candidate for whom he shall have before voted.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That in every such case of any Person being so admitted to vote a Second time, the following Words shall be omitted out of the Oaths or Affirmations now directed by Law to be taken or made by every such Person before he is admitted to poll: (that is to say), "And that I have now been before polled at this Election;" and then to him thereof the following be subjoined: (that is to say), "and that I have polled at this Election for A. B. now deceased."

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That at any Election for any County, City, Borough or Town in Ireland, it shall be lawful for any Returning Officer or Officers to summon all Constables, Bailiffs or other

Peace

Peace Officers, to attend and keep the Peace at each Election; and that any such Constable, Bailiff or Peace Officer neglecting to attend during the whole of each Election, shall forfeit each Office of Constable, Bailiff or other Peace Officer, and all Salary due to him.

XXXIV. And be it further resolved, That any Constable, Bailiff or other Peace Officer, convicted of a Breach of the Peace during such Election, shall be adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor, and be imprisoned for any term not more than Twelve Calendar Months.

XCVI. And be it further enacted, That the Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, at any Election, shall have Power, and be he or they are hereby authorized, to commit all Persons to Goal, without Bail or Mainprize, who shall be found voting or attempting the Poll, or wilfully preventing the Approach of Electors to the Place of polling: provided that the time of such Imprisonment shall not in any case exceed Twenty four Hours.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all former Acts of Parliament, made for the Regulation of the Election of Members to serve in Parliament for Places in Ireland, not heretofore repealed, are hereby confirmed; and enacted, except as the same are herein amended or altered.

CAP. CIRCUIT

An Act for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament.

Age Group	Percentage of Respondents
18-29	~45%
30-49	~55%
50-69	~65%
70+	~75%

I.	£1,000,000	0 0	Out of the Duties of 26 G. 3. c. 17.			} Granted to make good the Supply of Great Britain and Ireland for 1817.
II.	1,000,000	0 0	Out of Amount of Probary Tax under 46 G. 3. c. 45.			
III.			Treasury to direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out as directed by 48 G. 3. c. 1. on Fourteen Days' Notice in the London Ga- zette, and in three or more of the London Newspapers, of the Day of Payment.			
IV.			Power of 48 G. 3. c. 1. extended to Cash Exchequer Bills.			
V.			Cash Exchequer Bills to bear Interest not exceeding 3½d. per Cent. per Annum.			
VI.			And may be taken in Payment of the Revenue after Expulsion of Four Months after their Date.			
VII.	1,000,000	0 0	Each may advance on Credit of Aids, mowith- standing 5 & 6 P. 18 M. c. 7. or any subse- quent Act.			
VIII.	15,749	15 1	Surplus of Grants for 1817	- - -		
IX.	1,849,110	1 6½	— " — " for 1818	- - -		
X.	1,115,978	1 5	— " Confined Fund	- - -		
XI.	400,000	0 0	From Sale of Old Naval and Victualling Stores	- - -		
XII.	3,000,000	0 0	Raised by Exchequer Bills under c. 5.	- - -		
	14,000,000	0 0	— " — " — " — "	c. 10.		
	18,000,000	0 0	— " — " — " — "	c. 10.	also,	Granted as above, and appropriated to Ultra- marine expenditure. See § XIII. etc.
	9,000,000	0 0	— " — " — " — "	c. 10.		
	3,800,000	0 0	Moneys arising from Lotteries	c. 10.		
	15,749	15 1	Raised by Irish Treasury Bills	c. 81.]		
	1,849,110	1 6½	(granted above, { VIII.]	- - -		
	1,115,978	1 5	— " — " — " — " { IX.]	- - -		
	1,000,000	0 0	— " — " — " — " { X.]	- - -		
	400,000	0 0	— " — " — " — " { I.]	- - -		
	1,000,000	0 0	— " — " — " — " { XI.]	- - -		
	1,000,000	0 0	— " — " — " — " { II.]	- - -		
XIII.	5,849,412	1 1	For Naval Services; (from 1st day,	d. s. d.		
	116,000	0 0	For Wages of 15,000 Men,	{ At per	1 18 0	
	235,700	0 0	For Victuals,	{ Min per	2 1 0	
	245,100	0 0	For Wear and Tear of Ships,	{ Month.	2 3 0	
	24,800	0 0	For Ordnance for Sea Service,	{ Month.	0 4 0	
	1,141,418	11 4½	For Ordinary Establishment of the Navy	- - -		For 6 Months, com- mencing 18 Jan. 1817.
	740,719	4 7½	For Extraordinary Ditto	- - -		
	142,000	0 0	For Transport Service, Sick and Wounded Seamen, and Prisoners of War	- - -		
	250,700	0 0	For Wages of 15,000 Men,	{ At per	1 18 0	
	271,450	0 0	For Victuals,	{ Min per	2 1 0	
	185,550	0 0	For Wear and Tear of Ships,	{ Month.	2 3 0	For 7 Months, from 17th Jan. 1817.
	26,800	0 0	For Ordnance for Sea Service,	{ Month.	0 4 0	
	1,660,000	0 0	Towards paying off the Debt of the Navy and Transport Service.	- - -		

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	2,119,086	16	6	For Transport Services, Sick and Wounded Seamen, and Prisoners of War	For 7 Months, commencing with June 1817.
	1,311,111	13	3	For Ordinary Establishment of the Navy	
	848,885	17	42	For Extraordinary Duties	
	300,000	0	0	For Provisions for Troops and Garrisoned on Foreign Stations, and Returns for Troops to be embarked on board of Ships and Transports	For the Year 1817.
XIV.	6,442,171	14	0	For Land Forces and other Services; (that is to say, For Land Forces) for G. B. and on Stations abroad, (excepting the Corps stationed in France, and the Regiments employed in the Territorial Possessions of the S. A. Company)	1817.
	1,137,500	0	0	For Land Forces for Ireland	From 25th Dec. 1816 to 24th Dec. 1817.
	438,000	0	0	Towards Charge of Corps, &c. resting on the British Establishment in 25th Dec. 1816, but now dissolved, or proposed to be wholly or partially reduced in 1817, and also for Two Regiments proposed to be transferred to the Indian Establishment in the course of the said Year 1817.	
	131,500	0	0	Towards Charge of Corps, &c. in Ireland, proposed to be reduced in the course of the Year 1817.	
	16,700	0	0	For Volunteer Corps in G. B.	
	17,500	0	0	For Volunteer Corps in Ireland	
	15,800	0	0	For 1st Parachutist <i>Chiffre Hospital</i>	From 25th Dec. 1816 to 24th Dec. 1817.
	80,500	0	0	For <i>Almonston Hospital</i>	
	8,900	0	0	For 2nd Parachutist <i>Chiffre Hospital</i>	
	193,000	0	0	For 3rd Parachutist <i>Chiffre Hospital</i>	
	88,700	0	0	For <i>Almonston Hospital</i>	
	1,377,171	5	6	To complete the Sum required for Land Forces for G. B. and on Stations abroad, (excepting the Corps stationed in France, and the Regiments employed in the Territorial Possessions of the S. A. Company)	
	438,405	15	2	To complete the Sum required for Land Forces in Ireland	
	111,548	18	1	For General and Staff Officers, and Officers of the Hospitals serving with the Forces in G. B. and on Foreign Stations, excepting France and India	From 25th Dec. 1816 to 24th Dec. 1817.
	33,066	13	11	For Duties in Ireland	
	93,773	0	7	For Allowances to the Principal Officers of certain Public Departments in G. B., their Deputies, Clerks and Correspondents	
	8,818	7	3	For Duties in Ireland	
	15,000	0	0	For Medicines and Surgical Materials for Land Forces on the Establishment of G. B., and of certain Hospital Correspondents	For the Year 1817.
	11,446	3	1	For Duties in Ireland	
	33,500	0	0	To complete the Sum required for Volunteer Corps in G. B.	
	15,863	0	7	For Duties in Ireland	
	17,824	1	3	For Four Troops of Dragoons, and Twelve Companies of Foot, stationed in G. B. for exercising the Corps employed in the Territorial Possessions of the S. A. Company	From 25th Dec. 1816 to 24th Dec. 1817.
	177,160	6	0	For Pay of General Officers in Land Forces, not being Colonels of Regiments upon the Establishment in G. B.	
	1,684	12	4	For Duties in Ireland	
	77,043	3	4	For Garrison at Home and Abroad, on the Establishment of G. B.	For the Year 1817.
	5,013	6	1	For Garrison in Ireland	
	107,811	13	4	For Full Pay for retired Officers, and unattached Officers of Forces on the Establishment of G. B.	From 25th Dec. 1816 to 24th Dec. 1817.
	5,324	7	10	For Full Pay for retired Officers of Forces on Establishment of Ireland	
	193,490	0	0	For Half Pay for retired Officers of Land Forces upon the Establishment of G. B.	
	70,492	7	8	For Half Pay for retired Officers of Land Forces upon the Establishment of Ireland	

2,500 00 11	ent	For Military Allowances to reduced Officers at Land Forces upon the Establishment of G. B.	
133,464 0 0		— Ireland	
22,519 0 4		For Half Pay and reduced Allowances to the Officers of disbanded Foreign Corps, Pensions to Wounded Officers, and Allowances to the Widows and Children of deceased Foreign Officers	
8,348 11 11	ent	To complete the Sum required for In Pensions of <i>Chlois Hospital</i>	
223,480 2 11		— <i>Kilmainham Hospital</i>	
82,308 15 4	ent	— Out Pensions of <i>Chlois Hospital</i>	
82,770 0 0		— <i>San Hospital</i>	
12,614 9 0	ent	For Pensions to Widows of Officers of Land Forces and Marines upon the Establishment of G. B.	
165,308 3 7		— Ireland	
19,320 0 0		For Allowance on Compensation List to Officers for Wounds	
19,873 6 1		For Allowance to Reduced Adjutants of Local Militia in G. B.	
5,834 13 10	ent	For Allowances, Compensation and Emoluments in the nature of Superannuations retired Allowances to Persons belonging to several Public Departments, in respect for their having held Public Office or Employment of a Civil Nature	
35,000 0 0		— Ireland	
131,714 0 0		For Fees expected to be paid at the Exchequer on Claims for Army Services for the British Establishment	
16,747 0 0	ent	To complete the Sum required for Corps, &c. existing on the British Establishment on 25th Dec. 1816, but now disbanded, or proposed to be wholly or partially disbanded in 1817; and also for Two Regiments proposed to be transferred to the Indian Establishment in the Course of the said Year.	
85,238 0 0		To complete the Sum required for Corps, &c. in Ireland, proposed to be reduced in the Course of the Year 1817.	
100,649 0 0		For the Service of the Barrack Department in G. B.	
194,466 11 10	ent	For Supply of Bread, Meat and Foreign Goods, Carriages, Suits and Furniture, for the Troops in G. B. and for casual Supplies of the Troops on Foreign Service, and also for the Pay of the Commissariat Department	For the Year 1817.
70,000 0 0	ent	For the Commissariat Department in Ireland	
111,433 19 9	ent	For Pay and Consequent Allowances of Yeomanry Corps on Permanent Service in Ireland	From 25th Dec. 1816 to 24th Dec. 1817.
11,076 18 4	ent	For Serviced Barrack Department in Ireland for Three Months ending 30th March 1817, calculating the Military Establishment at 2,175 Cavalry and 24,287 Infantry, and for Nine Months to 24th Dec. 1817, calculating the Military Establishment at 2,175 Cavalry, and 21,185 Infantry.	
207,832 7 0		For the External Establishment of <i>Kilmainham Hospital</i>	For the Year ending 24th Dec. 1817.
124,532 17 3	ent	For the Disembodied Militia of G. B.	
1,400,000 0 0		— of Ireland	For the Year 1817.
800,000 0 0		For Extraordinary Expenses of the Army for G. B.	
1,000,000 0 0		— for Ireland	For the present Year.
		To Field Marshal the Duke of Wellington, and His Majesty's Forces and those of His Majesty's Allies serving under His Grace's Command at the Battle of <i>Wassena</i> including Capture of <i>Paris</i> , in such manner as His Majesty shall direct, the Sum of Twenty five Millions of Francs, assigned to His Majesty from the Treasury Indemnity payable by France under the Treaty of the 25th Dec. 1815, by the Protocol of the Ministers of the Allied Powers at the same Date.	
XVI. 1,000,000 15 0		For the Land Forces for Service in France	From 25th Dec. 1816 to 24th Dec. 1817.

XVII. £1,000,000 0 0	Towards the Office of Ordnance for Land Service	For the Year 1817.
248,000 0 0	For the Office of Ordnance for Land Service for Great Britain	From the 1 st Jan. to the 30th June 1817.
25,000 0 0	For Services performed by the Office of Ordnance for Land Service for Great Britain, and not provided for by Parliament in the Year 1816.	
25,000 0 0	For Services performed by the Office of Ordnance for Land Service for Great Britain, and not provided for by Parliament for the Year 1816.	
25,000 0 0	For Expenses of Retention in the Office of Ordnance for Land Service in Great Britain	
105,000 0 0	For the Office of Ordnance for Great Britain on account of the Allowances to Superannuated, Retired and Half Pay Officers, to Officers Promoted, and to Officers for good Services, to Superannuated and disabled Men, also for Pensions to Widows and Children of deceased Officers late belonging to the several Ordnance Military Corps	From 1 st Jan. to 30th June 1817.
30,831 9 6	For Allowance to Superannuated and Half Pay Officers, to Superannuated and disabled Men, also for Pensions to wounded Officers late belonging to the several Ordnance Military Corps in Great Britain, and not provided for by Parliament in the Year 1816.	
15,000 0 0	For Allowances, Compensation and Emoluments in the nature of Superannuated or Retired Allowances, to Persons late belonging to the Office of Ordnance in Great Britain, in respect of their having held any Public Office or Employment of a Civil Nature, and also for the Charge of Widows' Pensions	
71,000 0 0	For the Office of Ordnance for Ireland	
7,000 0 0	For the Office of Ordnance in Ireland on account of the Pay of Retired Officers of the late Royal Irish Artillery and of Royal Engineers, and of Pensions to Widows of deceased Officers of the same	From 1 st Jan. to 30th June 1817.
1,750 0 0	For Allowances, Compensation and Emoluments in the nature of Superannuated or Retired Allowances, to Persons late belonging to the Office of Ordnance in Ireland, in respect of their having held any Public Office or Employment of a Civil Nature, and also for the Charge of Widows' Pensions	
548,855 15 10	In full for the Office of Ordnance for Land Service for Great Britain	For the Year 1817.
63,886 15 5	In full for the Office of Ordnance for Ireland	
25,000 0 0	In full for Expenses of Retention in the Office of Ordnance for Land Service in Great Britain in the Year 1817.	Ordnance for Land Service
105,728 10 17	In full for the Office of Ordnance for Great Britain on account of the Allowances to retired General Officers, to Superannuated, Retired and Half Pay Officers, to Officers Promoted, and to Officers for good Services, to Superannuated and disabled Men, also for Pensions to Widows and Children of deceased Officers late belonging to the several Ordnance Military Corps	
15,000 0 0	In full for Allowances, Compensation and Emoluments in the nature of Superannuated or Retired Allowances, to Persons late belonging to the Office of Ordnance in Great Britain, in respect of their having held any Public Office or Employment of a Civil Nature, and also for the Charge of Widows' Pensions	For the Year 1817.
7,000 0 0	In full for the Office of Ordnance in Ireland on account of the Pay of Retired Officers of the late Irish Artillery and Engineers, and of Pensions to Widows of deceased Officers of the same	
1,750 0 0	In full for Allowances, Compensation, and Emoluments in the nature of Superannuated or	

Retired Allowance, to Perform his bequeathing to the Office of *Quartermaster in Ireland*, in respect of their having held any Public Office or Employments of a Civil Nature, and also for the Charge of Widows' Pensions

XVIII.	£41,000,000	0	0	For discharging Outstanding Exchequer Bills under 36 G. 3. c. 4.
XIX.	13,000,000	0	0	Ditto - - - - - c. 54.
XX.	1,125,000	0	0	(<i>Irish Currency</i>) Treasury Bills issued in Ireland pursuant to 33 G. 3. c. 52.
				and 36 G. 3. c. 47.
XXI.	3,000,000	0	0	(<i>British Currency</i>) Treasury Bills issued in Ireland pursuant to 36 G. 3. c. 47. 4th and 47.
XXII.	12,175,000	0	0	Exchequer Bills charged on the Aids of 1816.
XXIII.	1,000,000	0	0	Ditto - - - - - under 35 G. 3. c. 176.
XXIV.	Civil Establishments, viz.			
	19,814	0	0	<i>Sicily Linn.</i>
	11,440	0	0	<i>Nova Scotia.</i>
	11,815	0	0	<i>New South Wales.</i>
	11,325	0	0	<i>Upper Canada.</i>
	6,249	10	0	<i>New Brunswick.</i>
	5,485	0	0	<i>Newfoundland.</i>
	3,266	0	0	<i>Salut Isles (Prince Edward Island).</i>
	1,320	10	0	The <i>Salut Isles</i> , in addition to the Salaries now paid to the Public Officers out of the Duty Fund, and the incidental Charges attending the same.
	1,550	0	0	<i>Cape Breton.</i>
	800	0	0	<i>Dominica.</i>
XIV.	500,000	0	0	For such Expenses of a Civil Nature in <i>Great Britain</i> as do not form Part of the ordinary Charges of the Civil List.
	1,000,000	0	0	For discharging Interest on Exchequer Bills.
	130,000	0	0	Being the Hundredth Part of the Sum of Thirty three Millions of Exchequer Bills authorised in the last Session of Parliament to be issued and charged upon the Aids granted in the present Session, by Quarterly Payments to be placed to the Account of the Commissioners of the National Debt.
	41,239	8	4	For discharging on the 5th of April 1817 certain Annuities granted by 37 & 42 G. 3.
	18,155	4	9	For the Royal Military College
	26,415	5	5	For the Royal Military Asylum at <i>Gloucester</i>
	75,400	0	0	For the clothing, maintaining and employing <i>Convicts at home</i>
	80,000	0	0	For Bills drawn, or which may be drawn, from <i>New South Wales</i>
	17,000	0	0	For printing Acts of Parliament for the two Houses of Parliament, for the Sheriffs, Clerks of the Peace and Chief Magistrates throughout the United Kingdom, and for the Assize Justices throughout <i>Great Britain</i> ; also for printing Bills, Reports, Evidence and other Papers and Accounts for the <i>Highland Lords</i> .
	1,532	11	9	For printing 1,250 Copies of Vol. 49. of Journals of the House of Peers.
	115	8	4	To make good the Deficiency of the Grant of 1816, for printing 1,750 Copies of Vol. 49. of Journals of the House of Commons.
	3,680	0	0	Expenses that may be incurred in 1817 for printing 1,750 Copies of Vol. 50. of Journals of the House of Commons.
	3,250	0	0	Vol. 50.
	1,150	0	0	Vol. 50.
	8,400	0	0	Expensing Journals and Reports of the House of Commons.
	6,472	17	0	To make good Deficiency of Grant for 1816 for expensing Journals and Reports of the House of Commons.
	11,000	0	0	For printing Bills, Reports and other Papers, by Order of the House of Commons, during the present Session.
	8,157	6	8	To make good the Deficiency of the Grant of 1816 for printing Bills, Reports and other Papers, by Order of the House of Commons, during the last Session.

For the Year ending the 10 Feb. 1818.

To be paid without any Forer other Deduction.
For the Year 1815.
From the 10th Dec. 1816, to 14th Dec. 1817.

For the Year 1817.

For the Year 1817.

4,200	0	0	For printing the Votes for the House of Commons during the present Session of Parliament.	
4,825	6	0	For Superintendence of Affairs according to 36 G. 3. c. 86.	For the Year 1817.
12,000	0	0	For American Loyalties	For the Year 1817.
3,000	0	0	For clothing and maintaining criminal Lunatics	
20,000	0	0	For Law Charges	For the Year 1817.
4,000	0	0	For extraordinary Expenses for Pardons, Ac. relating to the Cops of this Kingdom	
265	13	4	For Superannuation Allowance or Compensation to one of the late Paymasters of Exchequer Bills	For the Year 1817.
1,050	0	0	For Superannuation Allowance or Compensation to retired Clerks and other Officers formerly employed in the Office of the Comptroller-General for auditing the public Accounts	
331	10	0	For Superannuation Allowance or Compensation to retired Clerks and other Officers formerly employed in the Lottery Office	For the Year 1817.
610	0	0	For Superannuation Allowance or Compensation to retired Officers formerly employed in His Majesty's Map	
20,000	0	0	For further Execution of 43 G. 3. c. 82. towards making Roads and building Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland	For the Year 1817.
2,825	08	10	For Repair of Henry the 7th's Chapel	
3,000	0	0	For the National Vaccine Establishment	For the Year 1817.
5,377	15	5	For Management of the British Museum	
10,000	0	0	For defraying of Works carrying on at the College of Edinburgh, for the Year 1817	For the Year 1817.
11,400	0	0	For Parliamentary House, from the 24th June 1817, to the 24th June 1818	
40,000	0	0	Tortoise building a Parliamentary House at Millbank, for the Year 1817	For the Year 1817.
490	10	5	To make good Deficiency of Grant in the present Session for printing 2,750 Copies of the 70th Volume of Journals of the House of Commons.	
300,000	0	0	For such Expenses of a Civil Nature as do not form a Part of the ordinary Charges of the Civil List.	For the Year 1817.
25,000	0	0	For inland Navigation from the Eastern to the Western Sea, by <i>Downpatrick</i> and <i>Port Bann</i>	
7,614	0	0	To complete the original estimated Expense of the Works at <i>Malpas</i> Harbour, for the present Year	For the Year 1817.
450	0	0	For making a Landing Place at <i>Port Downpatrick</i> , on the Hill of <i>Malpas</i> , for the Landing of the Mails from the Packets by Boats, when the Wind does not enable them to reach the Harbour in time to land the Mail by the Coach	
8,551	0	6	Supplemental Charge for Miscellaneous Printing done by Order of the House of Commons in the Session of 1816.	For the Year 1817.
40,000	0	0	For extraordinary Expenses of the Mint in the Gold Coinage	
20,000	0	0	For improving Landing Portions of the <i>Malpas</i> Roads	For the Year 1817.
600	0	0	For paying off and discharging on the 10th of October 1817 certain Advances granted by 37 & 42 Geo. 3.	
23,000	0	0	For maintaining and repairing the British Posts to the Coast of Africa	For the Year 1817.
3000	0	0	For the Board of Agriculture	
XXVI. 245,508	14	8 net.	To make good the Parliamentary Charges of Ireland outstanding and unpaid for on the 5th January 1817.	To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
XXVII. 1,250	0	0	For the Remuneration of several Public Officers for their extraordinary Trouble, to the Treasury.	
XXVIII. 31,514	0	0	Board of Works in <i>Ireland</i>	For the Year 1817.

*Irish Currency acc.
d. 22,543 14 5*

		Postage, Stationery and other Disbursements for the Chief and Under Secretaries' Offices and Apartments and other Public Offices in Dublin City, and for Riding Charges and other Expenses of the Deputy Parliaments and extra Messengers attending the said Offices; also superannuated Allowances to the said Chief Secretary's Office	For One Year, ending 5th January 1818.
10,000	0	0	Publishing Proclamations and other Matters of a Public Nature in the Dublin Gazette and other Newspapers in Ireland
3,216	5	0	Printing 1,200 Copies of a compressed Quarto Edition of the Statutes of the United Kingdom for the Magistrates of Ireland, and 200 Copies of a Folio Edition of <i>Ibid.</i> bound for the Use of the Lords, Bishops and Public Officers in Ireland
25,000	0	0	Chemical Publications and other Law Expenses
1,000	0	0	Appropriating Public Officers
9,227	0	0	For completing the Sum for the Support of Non-Confessing Ministers
4,111	0	0	For Support of the seceding Ministers from the Synod of Ulster
1,112	0	0	For Salaries of the Lottery Officers
1,017	5	00	For Passage of the Port of Dublin
740	0	0	For Clothing Battlemens Guards
18,000	0	0	For completing Works of the Harbour of Rymsk, in addition to the Balance in the Hands of the Commissioners, and of the Sale of the Machinery, Barges, Lighters, Railways, Tools and other Implements.
14,000	0	0	To carry on the Works in <i>Dunmore Harbour</i> in the Current Year.
43,333	6	8	For Civil Contingencies
<i>Seeling.</i> 4,000	0	0	For the Board of Inland Navigation
XXIX.	<i>Irish Currency acc.</i>		
10,000	0	0	For building Churches and Globe Houses and purchasing Globes
20,000	0	0	To the Trustees and Commissioners of Public Funds, to be by them employed towards the building, rebuilding and enlarging of Churches and Chapels, the building of Globe Houses and procuring Globes, in such manner as they shall think fit.
20,000	0	0	For Trustees of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures, to be by them applied in such manner as shall appear to them to be most conducive to promote and encourage the said Manufactures
12,000	0	0	For Commissioners for making wide and convenient Streets in Dublin
300	0	0	For an additional Allowance to the Chairman of the Board of Inland Navigation
350	0	0	For the Royal Irish Academy in the City of Dublin
XXX.			
35,445	0	0	For the Foundling Hospital at Dublin
30,000	0	0	For the House of Industry and Asylum for indigent Children in Dublin
7,420	0	0	For the Richmond Lunatic Asylum at Dublin
8,000	0	0	For the Mileend Society for Soldiers' Children in Dublin
2,081	0	0	For the Mileend Marine Society in Dublin
3,000	0	0	For the Female Orphan House in the Circular Road, Dublin
9,000	0	0	For the Wytheborough Lock Hospital in Dublin
3,421	0	0	For the Lyngan Hospital in Dublin
1,000	0	0	For Doctor Stevens's Hospital

Irish Currency acc.

at 1,000 0 0

504 0 0

3,716 0 0

113 0 0

9,453 0 0

10,000 0 0

4,918 0 0

1,500 0 0

41,130 0 0

9,673 0 0

For the House of Recovery and Fever Hospital
in Card Street, Dublin

For the Hospital for Insane at Dublin

For the Association for disseminating Vice
and promoting the Knowledge and Practice of
the Christian Religion

For the Green Gate Hospital for the City of Card

For defraying the Sums required in furtherance
of several Objects of the Society for pro-
moting the Education of the Poor

For the Dublin Society

For the Farming Society of Ireland

For the Card Institution

For the Protestant Charter Schools of Ireland

For the Roman Catholic Seminary.

For One Year ending
31st Dec. 1816.

XXXI. Supplies to be applied for the Purposes aforesaid.

XXXII. Rules for Application of Half Pay.

XXXIII. Half Pay to Officers of *Morre* Forces.

XXXIV. ——— Chaplains of Regiments although in Possession of Ecclesiastical Benefices.

XXXV. Application of Overplus of Sum under 35 Geo. 3. c. 148. †

† [As in this Edition the Title of the Act 35 Geo. 3. c. 148 is revised instead of the Title of 35 Geo. 3. c. 147.]

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

DECLARED PUBLIC.

AND TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED.

N. B.—The Continuance of such of the following Acts as are Temporary will be known (where it is not expressly stated) by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letter at the End of the Title.

- (a) For 20 Years, viz. [i. e. to the End of the next Session] from a Day named in the Act.
 (A) For 20 Years, viz. from the passing of the Act.
 (c) For 20 Years, viz. after the End of the Term under former Acts.

The following are all PUBLIC ACTS; in each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

- "And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and
 "shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded."

Cap. i.

An Act to extend the Limits of an Act, made in the last Session of Parliament, for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement of Coals in certain Parishes in the Counties of Middlesex and Essex.

[4th March 1817.]

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes in the County of Middlesex lying between the Parish of Saint Luke Choline, and the Mouth of the River Colne, near Staines; and also between Limehouse Hole and the Mouth of the River Lee, near Blackwall, and also within the several Parishes in the Counties of Middlesex and Essex adjoining to both Banks of the River Lee, and the Branches thereof between the River Thames and Edmonton, and* Public Office was directed to be provided or continued at or near Hammer-smith, in the said County of Mid-
Essex, which should be deemed and taken to be the Principal Land Coal-Meter's Office for the several Parishes, Hamlets and Places in the County of Middlesex lying upon and adjoining to the North Side or Bank of the River Thames, between the Parish of Saint Luke Choline, and the Mouth or Entrance of the said River Colne, near Staines; and also between Limehouse Hole, and the Mouth or Entrance of the said River Lee, or Bow Creek; and also for the several Parishes in the Counties of Middlesex and Essex lying upon or adjoining to the said River Lee, or Bow Creek, and of every Stream or Branch thereof, on both Sides or Banks thereof respectively, Situate between the said River Thames and the said Parish of Edmonton; and that in or by the several Parishes, Hamlets and Places of Saint Luke, Fallow, Hammer-smith, Chiswick, Ealing, Brentford, Harefield, Uxbridge, Twickenham, Teddington, Hampton, Sunbury, Uxbridge, Laleham, Bracon, Saint Andrew Limehouse (except in much thereof as is Situate between Tower Dock and Limehouse Hole), Poplar and Blackwall, in the Parish of Roper; Saint Leonard Bromley, Saint Mary Stratford-at-Bow, Saint John at Hackney, and Tottenham, in the County of Middlesex; and All Saints, West Ham and Leyton, in the County of Essex; and Three Subordinate Offices were directed to be provided and continued at the respective Places following: (that is to say), One at Stratford-at-Bow in the County of Essex, and One at Brentford, and another at Stamford Hill, in the said County of Middlesex; and Abraham Landerfel of the Parish of Roper, in the County of Middlesex, Gentleman, was thereby constituted and appointed the Principal Land Coal-Meter for executing the Provisions of the said Act, and the Manager of the several Offices thereby directed to be provided, for the time and in the manner therein mentioned, and certain Provisions and Regulations were thereby made for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes and Places in the said Act mentioned: And Whereas it is apprehended that if the Provisions of the said Act were extended to the several Parishes of All Saints Edmonton, and Saint Andrew Enfield, in the County of Middlesex; Saint Margaret Berling, Great Hord, Little Hord and Saint Lawrence Watlington Bay Grog, commonly called Watlington Alby, in the County of Essex; and Saint Mary Chelmsford, in the County of Essex, they would be of great Benefit to the Inhabitants thereof respectively: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Expire of Fourteen Days from the passing of this Act, the said Principal and Subordinate Land Coal-

26 G. 3. c. 10.

The Provisions and Subordinate.

N. a.

Mour's

And Meter's Office, directed to be provided and continued by the said recited A^d, shall be and be deemed and taken to be the Principal and Subordinate Land Coal Meter's Office, not only for the Places included within the Limits of the said recited A^d, but also for the Parishes and Places hereinafter mentioned: (that is to say) the said Parishes of *All Saints Edmund* and *Saint Andrew Egheld*, in the County of *Middlesex*; the said Parishes of *Saint Margaret Barkin*, *Great Hild*, *Little Hild* and *Saint Lawrence Walham Holy Croft*, commonly called *Walham Alley*, in the County of *Essex*; and the said Parish of *Saint Mary Claydon*, in the County of *Essex*; and that the said *Abraham Sandwyke* shall be the Principal Land Coal Meter for the same Parishes, as well as for the Parishes and Places comprised within the Limits of the said recited A^d: Provided always, that in addition to the Land Coal Meter's Office already established under the said recited A^d, there shall be an Office to be situated in *Edmonton* or *Walham Alley* aforesaid, and another Office to be situated in *Barkin* or *Hild* aforesaid.

Fervid of
the G. J. C. 1817
referred to this
A^d for the Parishes
before men-
tioned.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Fourteen Days from the passing of this A^d, all the Regulations, Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Directions, Prescriptions, Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things in the said recited A^d at the Fifth sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty contained, shall extend and be construed to extend to the said Parishes of *All Saints Edmund*, *Saint Andrew Egheld*, *Saint Margaret Barkin*, *Great Hild*, *Little Hild* and *Saint Lawrence Walham Holy Croft*, commonly called *Walham Alley*, and *Saint Mary Claydon*, and shall operate and be in force according to the true Intent and Meaning of this A^d, as fully and effectually to all intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the said Parishes of *All Saints Edmund* and *Saint Andrew Egheld*, *Saint Margaret Barkin*, *Great Hild*, *Little Hild*, *Saint Lawrence Walham Holy Croft*, commonly called *Walham Alley*, and *Saint Mary Claydon*, had been originally comprised within the Limits of the said Land Coal Meter's Office appointed to be provided and continued by the said A^d, or as if the same Regulations, Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Directions, Prescriptions, Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things were particularly repeated and recited in the Body of this A^d, and the Names of the said Parishes of *All Saints Edmund*, *Saint Andrew Egheld*, *Saint Margaret Barkin*, *Great Hild*, *Little Hild*, *Saint Lawrence Walham Holy Croft*, commonly called *Walham Alley*, and *Saint Mary Claydon*, were always inserted therein, and in every Case to be taken, and Taken, delivered in pursuance thereof, together with the Names of the Parishes and Places in the said A^d mentioned, when and as often as the same Names shall occur, and the Title of the said A^d were inserted in addition to the Title of the said recited A^d in all Forms appointed to be used by the said A^d, in which the Title of the said recited A^d is directed to be inserted.

Public A^d.

III. And be it further enacted, That this A^d shall be deemed and taken to be a Public A^d, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. 2.

An A^d for paving the Footways, and for lighting and cleansing the Streets, Lanes and Public Places within the Town and Borough of *Tedbury*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and for preventing Nuisances therein.

[17th March 1817.]

Cap. 12.

An A^d for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two A^ds of the Seventeenth and Thirty-eighth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Higfield* to *Brightelmston*, and from *Poyning's Common* to *Higfield*, in the County of *Salisbury*; and for opening in much of the said A^d as relates to certain Parts of the said Roads. (s.)

[17th March 1817.]

[*Additional Tynnes*. Former Tolls in *use*. New Tolls granted. One Half additional Toll on *Weekdays*.]

Cap. 13.

An A^d for more effectually repairing the Roads from *Geomestry* to *Warwick*, and from *Geomestry* to *Martyn's Gate*, in the County of the City of *Geomestry*, and in the County of *Warwick*. (s.)

[17th March 1817.]

Cap. 14.

An A^d for improving the Road from the Cross Hands, on the *Warwick* and *Oxford* Turnpike Road, to *Stifford Bridge*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of *Gloucester*, *Warwick* and *Warwick*. (s.)

[17th March 1817.]

Cap. 15.

An A^d for enlarging the Terms and Powers of several A^ds of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Town of *Shrewsbury* to *Brighthelmston*, and several other Roads near or adjoining thereto, in the Counties of *Salisbury* and *Stafford*. (s.)

[17th March 1817.]

[*Additional Tynnes*.]

Cap. 16.

An A^d for making better Provision for the Support and Maintenance of the Rectory of the Parish of *Saint Olave*, in the Town and Borough of *Southwark*; and for providing a more convenient Rectory or Parsonage House for the said Rectory.

[17th March 1817.]

[*Provision for His Majesty's Right as Patron*.]

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As A.D. for further continuing, until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, the Powers given by an Act of the Forty Fifth Year of His present Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners acting in Execution of an Agreement made between the *East India Company* and the private Creditors of the *Nabob of the Carnatic*, the Power to carry the same into Effect.

Attest
 17th March 1817.
 Secy.

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

An Act for providing a convenient House, with suitable Accommodations, for His Majesty's Judges at the Assizes for the County of Northampton.

W^{HEREAS} the Lodgings in the Town of Northampton, in which His Majesty's Judges have heretofore abided during their Attendance at the Assize for the County of Northampton, are very inconvenient, and do not afford proper and suitable Accommodations to them during their Residence in the said Town; And Whereas the Justices of the Peace for the said County assembled at the Quarter Sessions holden at Northampton on the Seventeenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, having duly considered the Propriety of procuring a better Accommodation for the Judges, were of opinion that such Accommodation ought to be procured, and that there appears no Mode of procuring suitable Accommodations for them but the taking on Lease from time to time, or by purchasing, repairing, or building of some House for that Purpose, and for which the Expensive of a considerable Sum of Money will be necessary; And as the same cannot be done without the Authority of Parliament, may it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That at the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden after the passing of this Act in Northampton, and for the said County of Northampton, and afterwards on any subsequent General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the said County, it shall and law be lawful for the Justices of the Peace for the said County then and there assembled, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to make from time to time such Order or Orders for taking on Lease, purchasing, building, repairing, providing and furnishing, in the Town of Northampton aforesaid, any proper House, or any Piece or Pieces of Land or Hereditaments whereas a House may be built, with suitable Offices and Accommodations for the Residence of His Majesty's Judges at the Assize for the said County, with their Officers and Attendants, and for transferring the said House usually transferr'd at the Lodgings of His Majesty's Judges during the Assize, as to them the said Justices is affirmed, or the major Part of them, shall from time to time appear expedient or necessary, and for paying, discharging and defraying all the Expence, Costs and Charges of and attending the taking, purchasing or receiving of any Lease or Leases, or the purchasing, erecting, building, repairing, providing and furnishing of such House, Piece or Pieces of Land and Hereditaments, and of effecting and carrying into Execution the several Purposes of this Act, by and out of the Public Stock on County Rates; Subject to such Regulations and Provisions as are hereinafter contained; and that such Order or Orders for the purchasing or building of any House for the permanent Accommodations of the said Judges may be made and carried into Execution at any time hereafter, notwithstanding any previous Order or Orders that be made for the taking or purchasing the Lease of any House or Houses for their temporary Accommodations.

Justice as Quaker William was asked to make Orders for providing Lodgings for the Indians.

11. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Justices of the Peace assembled at any General or Quarter Sessions for the said County, from time to time to order and direct such Salary or Allowance to be paid out of the Monies to be raised by virtue of this Act, or out of the County Rates, to the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Northampton for the time being, or his Deputy, for affixing to the Executions of this Act, or for executing any Rules, Orders or Regulations to be made in pursuance thereof, as shall be thought reasonable by the said Justices.

Clerk of the Peace is re-nominated for his fourth consecutive year.

III. And for the more richly carrying into Execution the Powers of this Act, he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Justices assembled at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or the mayor Part of such Justices, to borrow and take up at legal or lower Interest any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Seven thousand Pounds, on the Credit of the Rates to be made, raised and collected upon and within the said County, and by Writing under their Hands and Seals to mortgage or assign over any such Rates to the Person or Persons who shall advance or lend such Money, or to his, her or their Trustee or Trustees, as a Security for the Repayment of any Money so to be advanced for the Purposes of this Act, with Interest as aforesaid; and all Persons to whom any such Mortgage or Assignments shall be made, or who shall be entitled to the Money thereby secured, shall be, in proportion to the Sums in such Securities contained, Creditors on the said Rates equally one with another, without any Preference in respect of the Priority of advancing such Money, or the Date of any such Mortgage or Assignments; and every such Mortgage or Assignment shall be good, valid and effectual in the Law for the Purposes thereby intended; all which Mortgages or Assignments shall be in the Terms or to the Effect following: (That is to wit),

Quantum Fields
may borrow
Mass: on the
Origin of the
Cosmic State
and Properties of
it.

¹ W.E. A. R., one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and Chairman of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County of Northampton, holds as Northamptonshire

and C. D., E. F., G. H., and I. K., Four orders of His Majesty's Jetties at the

the Peace shing for the said County, and assembled in the said Court, in pursuance of the Powers so given by an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, in which *the said Act* for providing a convenient *Hall*, with *judicial accommodations*, for His Majesty's Judges at the *Assizes* for the County of Northampton, do hereby in open Court mortgage and charge all the Rates to be raised within the said County under the Discontinuance of County Rates, by the Laws now in being, with the Payment of the Sum of *£*1000 which *L. M.* of *his* hath proposed and agreed to lend, and hath now actually advanced and paid for the Purposes of the said Act; and do hereby confirm and establish the same unto the said *L. M.* his Executors, Administrators and Assigns, for bearing the Repayment of the said Sum of *£*1000 and Interest for the same after the Rate of *five per cent* for One hundred Pounds a Year; and do hereby order the Treasurer of the Western Division of the said County to pay the Interest of the said Sum of *£*1000 half yearly, as the same shall become due, until the Principal shall be discharged.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the respective Persons entitled to any of the Securities to be given for Money advanced for the Purposes of this Act, and their respective Executors, Administrators or Assigns, as may done by Writing under their Hands and Seals to transfer such Securities to any Person or Persons whomsoever; and Copies of all Mortgages and Assignments which shall be made in pursuance of this Act, and Extracts or Memorials of all Transfers thereof, shall be entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose by the Clerk of the Peace for the said County; which Extracts or Memorials shall specify and contain the Dates, Names of the Parties and the Sums of Money thereby issued, to which Book any Person interested shall at all reasonable times have Access, and shall have free Liberty to inspect the same without Fee or Reward; and for the Entry of every such Transfer the said Clerk of the Peace shall be paid, by the Person to whom such Transfer shall be made, the Sum of Five Shillings and no more; and after such Entry made of any such Transfer, every such Transfer is entered shall entitle the Person to whom the same shall be made, and his, her and their respective Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to the Benefits of the Security thereby transferred.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Money to be expended in the purchasing, building, erecting, providing, fitting up and furnishing such House, Buildings, Lands, Offices, Accommodations, Furniture and Appointments as are by this Act directed, shall not in the whole exceed the Sum of Seven thousand Pounds: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the said Justices as aforesaid to make any further Sum or Sums of Money, over and above the said Sum of Seven thousand Pounds, which shall be found wanting to discharge and pay all the Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to and attending the obtaining and getting of this Act, together with legal Interest for any Money which may be lent or advanced by any Person or Persons for that Purpose.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Justices as aforesaid, or the major Part of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time to treat, contract and agree with the Owners of and Persons interested in any Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments which they shall judge to be proper or necessary for the Purposes of this Act, for the Purchase or Letting thereof, and by and out of the said public Stock and County Rates of the said County to pay or cause to be paid for the Purchase of such Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments, or for a Fine on the granting or renewing the Lease or Leases thereof, such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be agreed upon between such Owners and Persons interested as aforesaid and the said Justices, and also the Costs and Charges attending such Agreement and Purchase, or the granting or renewing of any such Lease or Leases as aforesaid; and upon Payment of the Money agreed to be paid for the Purchase or Lease of any such House, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Justices of the Peace, or any Two or more of them, their Barretors, Workmen or Agents, at any time themselves to enter upon and take Possession of the said House, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments; and the same shall be conveyed or leased to the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Northampton for the use being for the Purposes of this Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Rodes Police, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Trustees for Life or in Fee Tail General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, and all Husbands, Tradesmen or Professors in Trade, Executors, Administrators, Guardians, Commissioners, and all other Trustees whomsoever, not only for and on behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for and on behalf of their Civil and Trade, whether Justice, like custom, Fines Courts, Leases, Minors or other Persons or Persons whomsoever, and so and for all Fines Courts who are or shall be seized, possessed of or interested in their own Right, and to and for all and every Person or Persons whomsoever who are or shall be seized, possessed of or interested in any of such House, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments, to treat, contract and agree with the said Justices, or the major Part of them as aforesaid, for the Sale or Letting of such House, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments, and of all or any Part of them herself therein, or in any Part thereof, and to convey or lease the same to such Person or Persons for the Purposes of this Act, and in such manner as they the said Justices, or the major Part of them be aforesaid as aforesaid, shall direct, and as Occasion shall require; and all Contracts, Sales, Leases and Conveyances which shall be made, shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes, say Law, Statute, Usage or other matter to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; and all and every such Rodes Police, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Husbands, Tradesmen, Professors, Executors, Administrators, Guardians, Commissioners and all other Persons, shall be and are hereby authorized for what they shall do by virtue of this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed to be paid for the Purchase or Lease of any House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchased or leased by virtue of the Powers

of this A. d. for the Purpols thereof, which shall belong to any Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or to any Person in Trade, Profession, Administration, Husband, Guardian, Commissioner or other Trustee, for or on behalf of any Infant, Lunatic, Mute, Feme Covert or other Civil-capable Trustee, or to any Person as Purpols whose House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments are leased in Right or other Settlement, or to any other Person or Persons under any other Disability or Incapacity whatsoever, each Money shall, in and to the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account as paid for the Satisfactions of the Price for the County of Northampton, to the Intent that such Money shall be applied, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary Way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in the Purchase of the said Land Tax, or in or towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debts, or such other Incumbrances or Part thereof as the said Court shall otherwise be paid, affecting the same House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or affecting any other House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments lent therewith to the same or the like Use, Trade, Interest or Purpols; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested, under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Use, Trade, Interest and Purpols, and in the same manner, as the House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments which shall be so purchased or where no Land as aforesaid Good settled or loaned, or such of them as at the time of making the Conveyance and Settlement shall be capable and undetermined and capable of making Effect; and in the meantime and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the said Court of Chancery, upon Application therein, be invested by the said Accountant General in his Name in the Purchase of Three Months Bank Consolidated, or Three Months Bank Reduced Bank Annuities; and in the meantime, and until the said Bank Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be paid for the Purpols aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Proceeds of the said Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities shall from time to time be paid by Order of the said Court to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments so being directed to be purchased, to use such Purchase or Settlement were made.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money is agreed to be paid for any House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchased or leased for the Purpols aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Comptroller or Comptrollers, or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank with the Privy and in the Name of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner herebefore directed; or otherwise the same shall be paid, at the like Option, in Two Tranches, to be accounted by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace for the said County; such Nominations and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the commissioning and approving Parties, in order that such Principal Money and the Dividends arising thereon may be applied in manner herebefore directed, so far as the same may be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the said Court of Chancery.

X. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when such Money is agreed to be paid as aforesaid before mentioned shall not exceed Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased or leased for the Purpols of this A. d. in such manner as the said Justices, or the major Part of them so aforesaid as aforesaid, shall think fit; or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Comptroller or Comptrollers, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person or Persons to any Money to be paid into the Bank of England in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, in pursuance of this A. d. for the Purchase of any House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right or Interest in any House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased in pursuance thereof, or in any Bank Annuities to be purchased with any such Money, or to the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Annuities, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to be lawfully entitled to such House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, and the contrary shall be shewn to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery; and the Dividends or Interest of the said Bank Annuities to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Annuities shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

XII. Provided

where necessary
to be according
to Act.

Application
where the said
purchasing is less
than £200, the
method is

Application
where the
Money is less
than £20.

Respecting
disputed Titles.

The Court may order suitable Expenses of Pur-
chases to be paid
by the Judges.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Person or Persons or Corporation entitled to any House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased or taken on Lease under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the said Court, and to be applied as the Purchase of other Houses, Build- ings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be settled to the like Use in pursuance thereof, it shall be lawful for the said Court to order the Expenses of all such last mentioned Purchases from time to time to be made as purchases of this Act, or as much of such Expenses as the Court shall deem reasonable, together with the necessary Costs and Charges of obtaining such Order, to be paid by the said Judges of the Peace out of the Money to be raised by virtue of this Act, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

Clerk of the
Peace to give
Notice when the
House, &c. are
completed.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That as soon as such House, Buildings and Accommodations shall have been provided and furnished, and put into a proper State for the Reception of His Majesty's Judges as afore- said, it shall be lawful for the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Northampton for the time being, and be it hereby required, forthwith to give Notice thereof to the High Sheriff of the County of Northampton for the time being; and it shall be lawful for such Sheriff or his Under Sheriff, within Eight Days previous to any Assize, or to any Special Commission of Oyer and Terminer for the Trial of Offenders, to be holden for the same County, to enter upon and occupy the said House, Buildings and Offices: so to be appropriated for the Accommodation of His Majesty's Judges as aforesaid, and also the Foreman and Usher in the same, in order that he may prepare and make ready the same for the Reception of His Majesty's Judges as aforesaid, the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy delivering to the said Sheriff or his Under Sheriff an Inventory or Schedule of all Furniture and Articles of Household Use appertaining to the said House and Premises, and the said Sheriff shall be accountable for the due Care and Rectitude of the same, all reasonable Damage or Loss by Wear and Tear excepted; and the said High Sheriff, Under Sheriff and every Person or Persons to be employed by them or either of them, is and are hereby authorized and empowered to require all and every Tenant or Tenants of the said Premises, and all other Person or Persons then and there found therein, to remove and quit the same for the Reception and Accommodation of the Judges as aforesaid, and in case of their not removing and quitting, taking in his and their Alliance a Constable or Peace Officer, to displace and remove the Person or Persons so not removing, or quitting, without being liable or subject to any Action for Trespass, or any Indictment for forcible Entry, or otherwise, for so doing.

Purchaser under
this Act to be
valued to the
Clerk of the
Peace.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That any House, Buildings, Lands, Offices and Accommodations, and all Furniture therein to be provided as aforesaid, with their Appurtenances, shall at all times from and after the same shall be purchased or leased, or erected, built, finished, fitted up and furnished, be valued, and the same are hereby declared to be valued, in the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Northampton for the time being, for the Purposes of this Act; and it shall be lawful for the Judges of the Peace for the said County, assembled at any General or Quarter Sessions, or at the major Part of them, from time to time as they shall think proper, to let any House, Buildings, Land, Furniture and Premises to be purchased, leased or provided under the Provisions of this Act, to any Person or Persons, from Year to Year, or for any shorter Period, for the best Rent that can be gotten for the same; nevertheless referring the Premises for the Use of His Majesty's Judges during the Assize or any Special Commission as aforesaid, and subject to the Power heretofore given to enter upon the same Eight Days previous thereto, and also referring full Powers for the Payment of the Rent and Recovery thereof; and the Rent to be received for the same, or to much thereof as may be requisite, shall be annually expended and applied, by Order of the said Judges, in defraying any Expenses which may be incurred in cleaning, airing or repairing the said House, Buildings, Furniture and Premises; and in case any Surplus shall remain after such Expenditure, and after any other Payments by this Act au- thorized to be made, the same shall be annually paid to the Treasurer of the Western Division of the said County, and form Part of the public Stock or Fund of the said County.

Lands or Build-
ings not erected
may be leased.

XV. And Whereas it may be necessary for effecting the Purposes of this Act to purchase more Land or Buildings than it may be absolutely necessary to reserve for the Purposes of this Act; or it may be found expedient to surrender, sell or dispose of any Lease or Leases which may be taken or purchased under the Provisions of this Act; Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Judges so assembled as aforesaid, or the major Part of them, and they are hereby empowered, from time to time to make any such superfluous Land or Buildings, or any such Lease or Leases, to be sold and disposed of, together or in Parts, either by public Sale or private Contract, as they shall find most advantageous and convenient, and to order the same to be conveyed, or any such Lease or Leases to be surrendered or assigned, by Indenture or Instrument under the Hand and Seal of the Clerk of the Peace for the said County for the time being, to such Person or Persons as shall be willing to contract for and purchase the same, or to accept of such Surrender or Surrender, or Assignment or Assignments, and to apply the Monies to arise by such Sale or Sales, or the Money, if any, to arise by such Surrender or Surrender, or Assignment or Assignments, to and for the Purposes of this Act; but the Purchaser or Purchasers shall not be obliged to form to the Application of such Purchase Money, or be accountable for the Misapplication or Nonapplication thereof, or of any Part thereof; and the Receipts and Receipts of the Treasurer of the Western Division of the said County for the time being, for all such Purchase Money, shall be a sufficient Discharge and Discharge to any Person or Persons for him, her or their Purchase Money.

Assizes in
Court for the
said House will
not be paid by the
Judges under this

XVI. And be it further enacted, That during such time as any House, Buildings and Offices to be pro- vided by virtue of this Act, shall be paid for the Accommodation of His Majesty's Judges at the Assize, or at any Special Commission as aforesaid, all and every Sum and Sums of Money allowed to the Sheriff of the said County for the time being, out of His Majesty's Exchequer, for such Lodgings and Accommoda-

tices, shall be paid over by the said Sheriff to the Treasurer of the Western Division of the said County for the time being, to be taken and applied as Part of the public Stock of the said County collected under the Rates for the said County.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That from time to time and at all times whenever such House, Buildings, Office or Accommodations shall require Alteration, or shall become out of Repair, or any Furniture therein belonging shall become unfit for the Use of the said Judges, then and in every such case the said Justices be authorised, authorised, or the major Part of them, shall, as the same may become necessary, direct the making of such Repairs and supplying of all matters, things and Furniture wanting from time to time, and the Discharge of all Rent, Taxes and Demands upon the said House, Buildings and Hereditaments; and it shall be lawful for such Justices, or the major Part of them, and they are hereby authorised to direct that such Rent or Taxes as shall be expended in the Repairs and Alteration, or Supply of such matters, things or Furniture as may from time to time become necessary as aforesaid, if the Rent of the said Premises shall not be sufficient for that Purpose, to be defrayed by the Treasurer of the Western Division of the said County for the time being out of any Money in his Hands of any County Rate, or to make any Rate for that Purpose; and the Treasurer of the said Western Division of the said County is hereby authorised and required to pay any Sum of Money so ordered by such Justices, and such Order shall be a sufficient Authority or Discharge to the said Treasurer for such Money; and that it shall be lawful for the said Justices to appoint a proper Person, with a competent Salary and Allowance, to take care of the said House, Buildings and Offices, and to have the Charge of the Furniture being in the said House; and also it shall be lawful for the said Justices to order the said House, Buildings and Offices and Furniture to be insured from Fire, and the Sum or Sums of Money to be expended, and all Charges incident thereto, as well as any Rent payable for the said House, to be defrayed and paid out of the said County Rates, in manner aforesaid, or out of any Rents which may be received for the said House and Premises.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace for the time being for the said County may and be held for or in respect of any Claim, Contract or other matter or thing made or done, or in any way arising under the Authority of this Act, in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity, and that no Action or Suit to be brought or commenced by or against the said Clerk of the Peace by virtue of this Act shall abate or be discontinued by the Death or Removal of such Clerk of the Peace, or by any Act of the said Clerk of the Peace done without the Consent of the said Justices, but such Clerk of the Peace for the time being shall always be deemed the Plaintiff or Defendant in such Action or Suit respectively, but the same shall be carried on and defended under the Direction of the said Justices, or the major Part of them as aforesaid in aforesaid, and the Damages (if any) shall be levied, and all Expenses be by them defrayed in like Manner as the other Charges under this Act, and the said House, Buildings, Offices, Furniture and Appointments, and all Furniture, Articles, matters and things therein or thereto belonging, or any Lands or Hereditaments purchased by virtue of this Act, shall in any Indictment or Information be laid, alleged and delivered to be the Property of the said Clerk of the Peace for the time being, under the Style and Description of "The Clerk of the Peace" for the County of Northampton." Provided always, that in all and every Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, to be brought and commenced as aforesaid, no Parties or Parties whatsoever shall be deemed incompetent to give Evidence by reason of his, her or their paying or contributing towards the public Stock of the said County, or by reason of his, her or their being charged with or liable to pay any of the public Rates of the said County.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Parties or Parties for any thing done in pursuance or by virtue of this Act after Six Calendar Months next after the Feast commencing, or Cycle of Actions expired for which such Action or Suit shall be brought; and the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence as any Trial to be had thereupon.

XX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. 6.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from Wyllington to Denbury Stacks in the County of Leicestershire. (1)

21 G. 3. c. 181.
[19th March 1817.]

Cap. 11.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from Tansley to the Turnpike Road in Gotten End, in the Parish of Hardington, in the County of Northampton. (1)

21 G. 3. c. 181.
[19th March 1817.]

[Additional Taxfree. Former Tolls as usual. New Tolls granted. Additional Half Toll on Sundays.]

Cap. 16.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from and out of the Turnpike Road at the Bottom of Cuckfield Dale, in the Parish of Macclesley, into the Turnpike Road leading from Shifnal to Shrewsbury, at or near a Place called Watling Street, in the Parish of Wellington, all in the County of Salop. (1)

22 G. 3. c. 183.
[19th April 1817.]

[Additional Half Toll on Sundays.]

Cap. xix.

An Act for making and relincensing a Turnpike Road from the Town of *Cromford* to the Town of *Belper*; and for making a Branch of Road from and out of the said Road near the River *Don*, to join the Turnpike Road at *Bull Bridge*, all in the County of *Derby*. (H) [29th April 1817.]

Cap. xix.

An Act for lighting and watching *Kings Town* in the Parish of *Saint Peter* in the County of *Middlesex*. [29th May 1817.]

Cap. xx.

13 G. 3. c. 117. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Stratford upon Avon Canal* Navigation to raise Money to discharge these Debts, and to complete the said Canal. [29th May 1817.]

14 G. 3. c. 73.
15 G. 3. c. 11.
16 G. 3. c. 111.
17 G. 3. c. 111.

Cap. xxi.

17 G. 3. c. 126. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of the Seventeenth and Thirty-seventh Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Makins* to *Sligfold*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*, in so far as relate to the Road from *Pengthorpe* to *Sligfold*. (H) [29th May 1817.]

18 G. 3. c. 126.
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[New Tryfryn.]

Cap. xxi.

16 G. 3. c. 126. An Act to continue and amend an Act passed in the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty for mending, widening, altering, improving, and keeping in Repair the Road leading out of the Turnpike Road between *Apthorpe* and *Wetherby*, through *Princes Rylborough*, in the County of *York*. [29th May 1817.]

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[Royal Family, &c. exempted from Toll.]

and for 24 Years, &c. afterwards.

Cap. xxii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts passed for repairing and widening the Roads from the East End of *Stratford upon Avon* to the County of *Wiltshire*, by the East of *Apthorpe Bridge*, to *Spencer Bridge* in the said County. (H) [29th May 1817.]

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[New Tryfryn. Former Tolls continued until 24th July 1817, and then New Tolls. Additional Tolls on Sundays.]

and for 24 Years, &c. afterwards.

Cap. xxi.

11 G. 3. c. 94. An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for building a new Church and Workhouse in the Parish of *Easton*, in the County of *Leicester*. [29th May 1817.]

† [Saint Mary's.]

Cap. xx.

18 G. 3. c. 126. An Act for improving and maintaining the Harbour of *Ayr*, and for regulating Vessels relating thereto. [29th May 1817.]

19 G. 3. c. 126.
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[Proviso for His Majesty's Ships, &c. and Yachts, &c. of the Royal Family, and for 54 G. 3. c. 126.]

Cap. xxi.

An Act for providing an additional Burial Ground for the Parish of *St. Martin* in the East Riding of the County of *York*. [29th May 1817.]

Cap. xxi.

14 G. 3. c. 126. An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, for rebuilding *Newnham Chapel* †, in the County Palatine of *Leinster*. [29th May 1817.]

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† [All Saints' Chapel.]

Cap. xxiii.

An Act for better lighting the Streets and Houses of the Metropolis with Gas.

[29th May 1817.]

WHEREAS several Streets and Houses in the City of *London* are now lighted to the Satisfaction and Advantage of the Inhabitants thereof, and the Benefit of the Public, with inflammable Air or Gas, produced from Coal, and conveyed by Means of Pipes: And Whereas certain Persons who have carried to and sold under the Title of 'The City of *London* Gas Light and Coke Partnership,' have expended considerable

• *Several Tons of Money in working Works and laying down Pipes in the City of London, and have entered into Contracts with the Commissioners of Sewers, Lamps and Pavements of the said City of London, and several other Parishes, for lighting several Streets and public Places, and also several private Houses, with inflammable Air or Gas: And Whereas the Parishes carrying on the said Business are not able to raise sufficient Money among themselves for completing the Works necessary for supplying with such inflammable Air or Gas the Streets and Places which they have contracted or agreed to light as aforesaid: And Whereas some of the said Parishes are willing to relinquish their Shares in the said Undertaking to the others of them, and the several other Parishes hereafter named, who are desirous at their own Costs and Charges to complete and extend the said Works; but the same cannot be effected without the Aid and Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That *Company* hereinafter named, *James Lyons, Charles Coffin, William Fisher, Martin Ward, William Packard, James Swinford, Charles Hastings, Timothy Shephard, James Sidney, Samuel Fife, Timothy Tyrrell, Richard Ford, John Brooker, Thomas Hallhead, Henry Sparrow, Anthony Wainwright, James Maister, William Kingston, William Ferguson, and all and every such other Persons or Persons as shall from time to time become Proprietors of the Company hereby established as hereinafter is mentioned, their respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns* shall be and are hereby united into a Company for supplying the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Borough of Southwark, and the Liberties and Parishes thereof respectively, with inflammable Air or Gas, and making and maintaining the Works necessary for that Purpose, under the Regulations hereinafter contained, and shall be one Body Corporate, by the Name of 'The City of London Gas Light and Coke Company'; and that Name shall from and after the passing of this Act be and continue for and during and unto the full End and Term of Forty six Years, and have a Common Seal, and Seal and may be and be used; and that from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the said Company to make inflammable Air or Gas, and also Coke, Oil, Tar, Pitch, Asphaltum, Ammoniacal Liqueur, and any other Products to be obtained from the Manufacture of such Air or Gas, and to sell and dispose of the same respectively in such manner as they shall think proper.*

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the said Company to contract with the Commissioners of Sewers of the City of London, and any other Commissioners, Trustees, Persons or Bodies, having the Control, Direction or Management of the lighting of any of the Parishes, or Extra Parochial Places, in the said Cities of London and Westminster, and the Borough of Southwark, and the Liberties and Parishes thereof respectively, or any of them respectively or adjacent thereto, or any Parishes, Bodies Politic, Corporations or Societies, willing to contract with the said Company for the lighting of any such Parishes or Places, or any Streets, Roads, Highways, Lanes or Passages, or Manufactories, Shops, Warehouses or private Houses, or Places of public Exhibition within the said Parishes, or Extra Parochial Places respectively.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporations, in whom by any Act or Acts of Parliament, or otherwise, the Care, Superintendence and Control of lighting the same public Streets or Roads, Ways, Lanes and Passages aforesaid, or any Part thereof, as aforesaid, shall be vested, shall think it fit and convenient to contract with the said Company to light the said public Streets, Roads, Highways, Lanes, Passages or Places, or any Part of them, by means of such inflammable Air or Gas as aforesaid, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Company and their Successors, with the Approbation and under the Direction of such Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons or Bodies, and under the Inspection of their Surveyor, to break up the Soil and Pavement of any such Streets, Roads, Ways, Lanes, Passages and Places, and dig and sink Trenches, and lay Pipes, and put Cocks, Syphons, Flaps or Branches from such Pipes, in such Places as aforesaid, in such manner as shall be necessary, for the Purpose of supplying any such Light as aforesaid, and from time to time with such Approbation, and under such Direction and Inspection as aforesaid, to alter the Position of, and to repair, relaid, and maintain such Stop Cocks, Syphons and Flaps, and to do all such other Acts, matters and things as the said Company and their Successors, or such other Persons or Persons as aforesaid shall, with such Approbation, and under such Direction and Inspection as aforesaid, from time to time think necessary and convenient for completing, mending, repairing, improving and using the same.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if the said Company shall not duly perform any Contract with any such Commissioners or Trustees as aforesaid, for lighting any Parish or Place, or Part of any Parish or Place, then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Commissioners or Trustees to determine such Contract respectively, giving Six Calendar Months' Notice thereof, and then and in such case, and also at the Exppiration of any such Contract, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees either to purchase the Pipes, Cocks, Flaps, Branches of Piped and other Materials belonging to the said Company, and employed in lighting such Parish or Place, at such Price as shall be agreed upon between the said Commissioners or Trustees and the said Company, or to call the said Commissioners or Trustees to purchase, then it shall be lawful for the said Company to remove such Pipes, Cocks, Flaps, Branches and other Materials at the Exppiration of such Contract or Determination thereof by such Notice; and in the meantime for such Commissioners or Trustees to lay such Pipes, Cocks, Flaps, Branches and other Articles as shall be necessary for the Supply of such Parish or Place, or Part of a Parish or Place, at the Exppiration or before Determination of such Contract.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company, and they are hereby fully authorized and empowered, in such case as to them shall seem meet and convenient, to carry, fix up and maintain

Power to the Company to contract for lighting Parishes, Streets and Houses.

Power to Company, under Direction of Commissioners, &c. of Parishes, to break up the Pavement for laying Pipes, &c.

Power to Commissioners &c. to determine Contracts.

Trustees to carry, fix up and maintain

furnish any Pipe or Pipes, Cocks or Branches or other necessary Apparatus, from any Main Pipe laid in any Street, Way, Road, Lane, Passage or Place by the said Company, by virtue of this Act, in, to or through any Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, for the Purpose of lighting the same, or any public or private Lamp from any such Main, with the Consent of the Owner or Occupier of such Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, but not otherwise: Provided always, that the said Company in carrying into Execution the Power hereby granted in respect of fitting up any such Dwelling Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, shall employ or appoint such Manufacturers or or Dealers of the Materials to be used as to the said Company shall from time to time and proper; and such Manufacturers or Dealers shall execute the same, under and subject to the Superintendence, Control and Direction of the said Company: Provided also, that the said Company shall not on any Account or upon any Pretence whatsoever employ or let to work in fitting up any such Dwelling Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, any Workmen or Servants, or any other Person in the Pay or Employ of the said Company; nor shall the said Company themselves manufacture, sell or vend any of the Materials requisite, except Slop Cocks and Barons, nor directly or indirectly take or derive any Emolument, Advantage or Profit from such Works, upon Pain of forfeiting for every Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds, with full Costs of Suit, to the Party who shall for the discharge, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or on the Oath, Bill, Plea, Denial or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, in which an Edict, Prohibition, Writ of Habeas Corpus more than One Impetrate shall be allowed.

Power to Com-
pany to lay
Main and to
erect Machinery
requiring the
Storing a con-
siderable Supply
of Gas to Dis-
tinguish from
other Gas, and to
store and
manage the same
Work.
Company may
also lay down
Main, and may
erect Machinery
in Streets or
in Trenches
in Works
within the Com-
pany's property
Main Pipes.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall have full Power and Authority to lay any Main requisite for the Supply of any Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, Workshops, public or private Buildings, in the said Cities of London and Westminster, and the Borough of Southwark, and the Liberties and Precincts thereof respectively, or any of them respectively, or adjacent thereto, and to erect and fit up, by themselves, or their Agents, Servants and Workmen, any Machine or other Apparatus necessary or requisite for bringing to such Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, Workshops, public or private Buildings, a proper and competent Supply of Gas, or for measuring and ascertaining the Extent of such Supply; and also to alter or amend any laid or imperfect Work which shall have been placed in such Dwelling Houses, Manufactories, Workshops, public or private Buildings, any thing in this Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to permit or authorize or empower the said Company, or any Officer or Person appointed or employed by the said Company, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, at any time or times hereafter, to break or take up or remove any Street, Ground, Soil or Pavement in or of any Streets, Roads or public Places whatsoever or wherefore, in order to lay down any Main Pipe or Pipes to convey Gas, without the Consent of the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Superintendence or Control or Property of or in such Streets, Ground, Soil or Pavement, in or of any such Streets, Roads, or public Places, or a competent Number of them, from time to time, in Writing first obtained; but that nothing in this Clause contained shall be deemed or construed to extend to prevent the said Company from separating such Main Pipes, after such Consent obtained as aforesaid, or from breaking or taking up or repairing any Street, Ground, Soil or Pavement, in or of any Streets, Roads or public Places whatsoever, for the Purpose of laying down or repairing any Service Pipe or Pipes leading from such Main Pipes, after such Consent is obtained as aforesaid.

Subscribers re-
spectively breaking
up Pavements

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to or for the said Company, or any Person or Persons acting by or under their Authority, after such Consent shall have been given as aforesaid, to break or take up, or make to be broken or taken up, any of the Pavements or Ground in any Streets, Roads, Lanes or public places, for the Purpose of making or laying down or repairing any Main or Main of Pipes, or any Pipe or Pipes, or of altering the Position of or repairing any Pipes, Slop Cocks, Valves or Syphons, or other Works, or for any other Purpose, without Notice in Writing of their Intention to break or take up such Pavement or Ground, signed by the Principal Clerk or Secretary, or Inspector or Surveyor to the said Company, specifying the Street, Road, Lane or public Place, and the particular Part of such Street, Road, Lane or public Place, in which such Pavement or Ground is intended to be broken or taken up, shall have been given to a Surveyor of the Pavements or Roads by the time being (duly appointed and notified in pursuance of any Act of Parliament now or hereafter to have for that Purpose) of the Parished or other District or Place wherein such Street, Road, Lane or public Place, the Pavement, Ground or Soil whereof it is intended to be broken or taken up shall be situate, or shall have been left for him at his Dwelling House or Office within first Parished or other District or Place, for the Space of Three Hours at the least before such Pavement or Ground or any Part thereof shall be to be broken or taken up, except in all cases of sudden Emergency, in which such Notice as aforesaid shall be given to such Surveyor of Pavements or Roads as soon as possible after such Pavement or Ground or any Part thereof shall be broken or taken up; and then the said Company shall not break or take up or disturb, or make to be broken or taken up or disturbed, the Pavement or Ground in any Street, Road, Lane or public Place within the Limits aforesaid, for the Purpose of laying down any Main or Pipes, except Service Pipes of a Diameter not exceeding One Inch in the Bore, without the Consent in Writing of the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements or Roads, Ground or Soil, in any Parished or other District or Place, signified under the Hand or Hands of their Clerk or Clerks, or other proper Officer or Officers, first obtained; and that if the said Company or any Person or Persons acting by or under their Authority, shall break or take up, or make to be broken or taken up, any of such Pavement or Ground without such Notice being given or left as aforesaid (except as aforesaid), or shall break or take up or disturb, or make to be broken or taken up or disturbed, any of such Pavement or Ground, for the Purpose of laying down any Main or Pipes (except Service Pipes as aforesaid), without such Consent as aforesaid, then and in every such case the said Company shall forfeit and pay to the Commissioners or Trustees,

Notice of break-
ing up.

Provision laying
down Service
Pipes.

Breaking up
without Notice
or Consent.

Penalty.

or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements or Roads within the Parished or other District or Place in which such Pavement or Ground is broken or taken up or disturbed shall be liable, or to their Treasurers, Clerk or Surveyor, or to such other Person as they may appoint, the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Square Foot of Pavement or Ground which shall be so broken or taken up without first Notice or Consent as aforesaid, to be recovered, with full Costs of Suit, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, or on the Case, Bill, Plea, Suit or Information, wherever an Effrigo, Profection, Wager of Law or more than One Impedance shall be allowed: Provided always, that the said Company shall not be liable or liable to the Payment of more than One Penalty, or to more than One Action, Suit or other Proceeding in respect of any One Offence committed, whether by virtue of the Act or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now or hereafter in force, any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

One Penalty, due only for One Offence.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever and so often as the said Company shall have lawfully broken up or removed the Streets, Ground, Soil or Pavement, in or at any Street, Road, Highway, Lane or public Place, or any Part thereof, the said Company shall and they are hereby required immediately thereafter to make and make good such Ground, Soil or Pavement, to as good fixed State and Condition as the same was or were in at the time of being so broken up, to the Satisfaction of the Surveyor of the Commissioners or Trustees of such Pavement, Soil or Ground respectively; and the said Company shall carry away all surplus Earth, Fills and Rubbish accumulated thereby at their own Costs and Charges; and that during the Works of the said Company, and maintaining such Ground, Soil or Pavement as aforesaid, the said Company shall provide proper Watchmen with necessary Lamps, and otherwise secure and guard the said Works, in as to prevent any Damage or Inconvenience happening to Pedlars, Cattle or Carriages; and in case the said Company shall neglect and make Default in making good and maintaining such Ground, Soil or Pavement as aforesaid, within Twenty-four Hours next after Notice given to or left for the said Company at their House or Office, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees to reconstitute and make good such Ground, Soil or Pavement, and the Charges and Expenses thereof shall be reimbursed and repaid by the said Company or their Treasurer to the said Commissioners or Trustees or their respective Treasurer; and in Default of Payment thereof within Seven Days next after Demand thereof in Writing, shall have been made by the Clerk of the said Commissioners or Trustees, Proof of such Demand being made by the Oath of One credible Witness before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, all such Sum or Sums of Money to be paid by them shall and may be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the said Company, together with the Charges of such Distress and Sale, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any such Justice or Justices of the Peace as aforesaid, and which Warrant such Justice or Justices it and are hereby empowered to grant, and such Sum or Sums of Money shall be paid to the said Commissioners or Trustees, or their Treasurer.

Requiring Company to maintain Pavement, or other Ways, &c. in as good fixed State.

Company to guard the Works, and to make of Nightly Proceedings.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if it shall at any time or times be deemed necessary or expedient by the Commissioners or Surveyors of the City of London or Westminster, or the Commissioners or Trustees for paving or repairing the said Streets, Roads, Ways, Lanes and Passages respectively, to require the said Company to raise, sink or otherwise alter the Situation of any of the Pipes, Stop Cocks, Plugs or Branches, which shall be laid down for the Purposes aforesaid, the said Company shall at their own Expenses, within Three Calendar Months next after being required to do so, by Notice in Writing to them given by the said Commissioners or Trustees respectively, signed by their Clerk, raise, sink or alter such Pipes, Stop Cocks, Plugs or Branches, according to such Notice, in such Manner and in such Place or Places as the said Commissioners or Trustees respectively shall think right and proper; and in Default thereof it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees or their Surveyor, or any other Person or Persons acting by their Order or under their Authority, to cause such Pipes, Cocks, Plugs or Branches to be raised, sink or altered, and that the reasonable Costs and Charges for doing the same shall immediately thereafter be paid by the said Company: Provided nevertheless, that if such reasonable Costs and Charges be not paid within One Calendar Month next after Demand shall be made by such Surveyor or other Person acting by or under the Authority of the said Commissioners or Trustees at the Office of the said Company, Proof of such Demand being made by the Oath of One credible Witness, before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, all such reasonable Costs and Charges shall and may be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the said Company, together with the Charges of such Distress and Sale, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of any such Justice or Justices of the Peace as aforesaid; and which Warrant such Justice or Justices it and are hereby empowered to grant; and such Costs and Charges shall be paid to the said Commissioners or Trustees, or their Treasurer.

Company to raise, sink, Plug or Requisition of Commissioners.

If the Costs are paid in herein mentioned.

Proceedings.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if by the raising, sinking or altering any of the said Pipes, Cocks, Syphons, Plugs or Branches, any Damage or Injury shall be actually or negligently done to the Person by the said Commissioners, Trustees or their Surveyors, then and to every such sole such Damage or Injury shall be made good as fully as Circumstances permit, and the Costs, Charges and Expenses thereof, shall be paid by the said Commissioners or Trustees.

In what case Damages to be made good by Commissioners.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Company shall upon due and reasonable Application made to them for that Purpose at the behalf of any Parish or Parishes, or Parts of any Parish or Parishes, or Extra Parished Place or Places within the Cities of London or Westminster aforesaid, the Borough of Southwark, Suburbs, Precincts and Liberties of the same Cities, undertake to furnish, and shall furnish such Parish or Parishes, or such Parts of any Parish or Parishes respectively with a sufficient Supply of inflammable Air for the Purposes of lighting the said Parish or Parishes, or Part or Parts thereof with a brighter and better Light, and at a cheaper and lower Price, all Expenses included, than such Parish

Company to light Parishes on Application, but not a sole Expense of their Capital.

Term of Con-
tract.

Contractor who
Presents and if
it is Proved for Gas
to be greater than
said.

Persons of Op-
posing opinion
with the Com-
mittee of the
House of Com-
mons, 1817.

Company not to
be off, in Man-
chester for
conveying Gas
to the House of
Commons.

Report of the
Committee of the
House of Com-
mons, 1817.

Persons and
Works to be
open to all com-
ing to the Com-
mittee of the
House of Com-
mons, 1817.

Persons of op-
posing opinion
with the Com-
mittee of the
House of Com-
mons, 1817.

Persons of op-
posing opinion
with the Com-
mittee of the
House of Com-
mons, 1817.

Persons of op-
posing opinion
with the Com-
mittee of the
House of Com-
mons, 1817.

or Parities, or Part or Parts of Parities shall be supplied with Gas lighted in the usual manner during the Existence of the Contract which they may enter into with the said Company: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend to compel or require the said Company to expend any greater Sum or Sums of Money for the Purposes mentioned in this Act than the Members of the said Company shall have voted under the Powers granted by this Act for the Purpose of the said Undertaking, nor to contract with any such Parities or Parities, or Place or Places, for a less Term than Fourteen Years, but at the Option of the said Company.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Contract or Agreement entered into by any Parity or Parities, or Parts of Parities, with the said Company, shall contain a Clause providing that the said Contract shall be null and void at any time the Price charged for inflammable Air sold in lighting the Parity shall be greater than what at the time such Parity may be lighted for in the usual manner with Oil, for a Period not less than Twelve Months, by any Contractor offering due Security for the Performance of his Contract.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Company shall not under any Pretence or Pretences, or by any Ways or Means, contract to supply, or shall be permitted to supply with such inflammable Air as aforesaid, for the Purpose aforesaid, any Parity or Parities, or any Part or Parts of Parities that shall not be or be situate within the Cities of London or Westminster, or one of them, or the Borough of Southwark, or the Suburbs, Liberties or Parishes of the said Cities or Borough respectively or adjacent thereto.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall not by any Ways or Means, or under any Pretence or Pretences, contract to sell and furnish, or shall sell or furnish any Stove, or Pipe or Pipes, or Apparatus or Machinery of any Description whatever, for the Purpose of conveying or whereby such inflammable Air as aforesaid, or any Quantity thereof, may be conveyed into any Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactures, public or private Buildings, for the Purpose of lighting the same.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Committee of Management of the said Company shall and they are hereby required within One Calendar Month after every Half Yearly General Meeting of the said Company, or after if required by the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Home Department for the time being, to transmit to the said Secretary of State, a Report in Writing signed by the Chairman or Deputy Chairman, or One of the Members of the said Committee of Management, of the State of the said Company, and of their Works and the Means proposed by the said Company for securing the Continuance of their Operations, and such other matters relating to the Works and Proceedings of the said Company, as the said Secretary of State shall from time to time require.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all the Statutes and Works of the said Company shall be open at all convenient times for the Inspection and Examination of such Parities or Parities as the said Secretary of State for the Home Department for the time being shall appoint from time to time for that Purpose; and the said Company shall, and they are hereby required to conform to such Regulations and Proceedings in the several Parts of their Works and Operations, as well as respect of things already erected or executed as of such as shall hereafter be erected and executed, as the said Secretary of State shall consider necessary and proper and shall direct to be adopted for the better and more effectually lighting the several Parts of the Metropolitan, and the Suburbs, Liberties and Parishes thereof, where the Mains and Pipes of the said Company shall be, and for more effectually securing a proper and permanent Supply of Gas for lighting the public Lamps thereon, and for affording and advancing the benefits to be derived from an active and efficient Police, and for such other Purposes as to the said Secretary of State shall from time to time appear to be for the Advantage of the Public.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Parity shall lay or seek to be laid any Pipe to communicate with any Pipe belonging to the said Company, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and also the further Sum of Twenty Shillings a Day for every Day such Pipe shall so remain; to be recovered by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Town, Place, Division or District where the said Offence shall be committed, and which Warrant such Justice or Justices as are and are lawfully empowered to grant; and the Sums after such Penalty or Penalties, and the Charges of such Distress and Sale are deducted, shall be returned upon Demand to the Owner of such Goods and Chattels; and in such instances Distress cannot be forced, or such Parities shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices to cause such Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Common Gaol of the said County, City, Town, Place, Division or District, there to remain without Bail or Mainprise for such time as such Justice or Justices shall direct, not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless such Parities and all reasonable Charges be sooner paid and satisfied.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Parity shall wilfully and maliciously remove, take away, destroy, damage or injure any or any Part of any Pipe, Pile, Plug, Lamp or other Apparatus, matter or thing actually in use during the Existence of any Contract with any Parity or Parities for the Purpose of obtaining such Contract, or shall wilfully and maliciously waste or improperly use any of the inflammable Air or Gas supplied by the said Company, every Parity so offending in any of the respective Premises, and being thereof lawfully convicted, or the Owner of On credible Words, before One or more Justice or Justices for the County, City, Town, Place, Division or District, where the said Offences shall be committed, shall forfeit and pay to the said Company and their Successors, or such other Parity or Parities as aforesaid, Three times the Amount of the Damage proved upon Oath to be done, at the Discretion of such Justice or Justices; such Penalty, together with reasonable Costs, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Offender, returning the Overplus (if any); or such Offender shall and may be executed

to the Common Gaol of the said County, City, Town, Place, Division or District, for any term not exceeding Three Calendar Months, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom such Offender shall be committed.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the said Company to purchase and hold to them and their Successors, the Buildings, Grounds, Works and Estates belonging to the said City of London Gas Light and Coke Company, of and from the Parties entitled thereto, and sell from time to time to purchase and hold to them and their Successors and Assigns any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments situate in the said Cities of London and Westminster and the Borough of Southwark, and the Liberties and Precincts thereof respectively, or any of them respectively, or adjacent thereto, (the Annual Value of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments in the use of such Parties, not exceeding the Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain,) and also to sell and dispose of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or any of them, as they shall think proper, and purchase and hold either Houses, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, (not exceeding the Annual Value aforesaid,) without incurring any of the Penalties or Forfeitures of the Statute of Mortmain.

23- And be it further enacted That a Seal be lawful for the said Company to make and purchase among themselves a Sum of Money, by way of Capital or Joint Stock, to be applied and used in establishing and carrying on the Undertaking and the Purposes aforesaid, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, to be (distributed in Shares of One hundred Pounds each.

XVI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That the said Company shall not be authorized to exercise any of the Powers granted under this Act, until such time as the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds shall have been subscribed.

XXII. And he is further resolved, That in order to provide a sufficient Sum of Money for advancing the Purposes of this Act, the said Company shall be obliged to make among themselves, by Subscription, the full Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds within the Period of Nine Years from the passing of this Act.

XXIII. And if it further resolved, That all and every Persons and Parties, by or for whom any Subscription shall be made or accepted, or any Payment made pursuant to the Order of any General Meeting of Members to be held in pursuance of the same, or for towards the raising of the said Capital Sum of £400,000, hundred thousand Pounds as aforesaid, his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns respectively, shall have and be entitled to a Share of and in the said Capital Joint Stock of the said Company, in proportion to the Monies to which he, she or they shall have so contributed towards making up the same, and to a proportional Share of the Profits and Advantages accruing the Capital Stock of the said Company, and shall be admitted to be a Member or Members of the same.

ARTICLE IV. Books and Records, and Inspection thereof. That the several Members of said Company shall keep, in Books and Records, and shall make up and deliver up to all Debtors and Creditors of the said Company, to the full Amount of their several and respective Shares in the Capital of the said Joint Stock Company, but shall not be any further or otherwise liable, either personally or in their several and respective Liabilities, Transmissions, Hereditaments, Goods, Chattels or Effects, for any Undertakings, Engagements, Contracts or Agreements entered into by the said Company, or be liable or liable, by reason of or in their being Members of the said Company, or of any A.C. of the said Company, to the Satisfaction respecting Bankrupts, or any of them.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the said Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds shall be divided into Shares of One hundred Pounds Sterling each, and that no Person or Persons shall be a Subscriber or Subscribers for a less Sum than one hundred Pounds Sterling; and that all Shares in the Joint Stock and undertaking of the said Company, and in the Net Profits and Advantages thereof, shall be deemed Personal Estate, and not of the Nature of Real Estate, and that be so (notwithstanding)

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall not borrow or take up by Way of Loan any Sum or Sums of Money whatsoever, other than by a Subscription for Shares in manner and to the Extent hereinafter directed.

XCVIII. And he is further covenanted, That there shall be elected from time to time, as hereinafter is mentioned, from among the Members of the said Company who shall have subscribed for or be entitled to at least Fifteen Shares in the Joint Stock of the said Company, Five Persons, who shall and are hereby declared to be the Committee of Management for managing the Affairs of the said Company, and Out of such Committee shall afterwards be elected the Chairman of the said Company, and one or more the Deputy Chairmen of the said Company; and that no Person who shall not be entitled to Fifteen Shares in the Joint Stock of the said Company at the time of the passing of this Act, shall be eligible to be One of such Committee until he shall have continued entitled to Fifteen such Shares for the Space of Three Calendar Months; and that no Person who shall be a Member of the said Committee shall be a Dealer, either directly or indirectly, in any of the Articles manufactured and sold or supplied by the said Company, or shall hold any other Office or Place of Profit under the said Company.

XXVIII. Provided that any Person who shall be a Member or member, that if any Person being a Member of the said Company shall directly or indirectly be interested or concerned in doing any Work for or on the behalf of the said Company, or supplying any Materials, Articles or Things to or for the use of the said Company, every such Person shall immediately give to the Members of the said Company, and shall never afterwards be eligible, and every such Person shall also, for every such Offence, forfeit, and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Person or Persons who shall first for the time, be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, to be commenced within three Calendar

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Acknowledgments

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Computer and network
skill needed
Familiarity with
Microsoft Office

Delayed as he
travels within
Fort Worth,
Holtzclough is
there in the
house, though in
preparation for
great Holtzclough
moments.

Subscribers hold
in the books of
the Company in
proportion to
their shares.

Stress: described as
the "hormonal" response
usually caused by long
periods of stress.

How the Commission may help you in February.

Callers will also
be charged.

File Systems are up
to a Standard on
Automated Storage
Networks, Inc. (a
Storage Company), in
order to achieve the
best results.

For more information,
call or e-mail:
Mrs. Jennifer Cramer,
parent, and principal
at the Leary
elementary.

dar Month next after the Office vacated, in which Address or Seat respectively as *Pro-Office*, *Effings* or *Wager* of *Law*, or where this Office Impartance, shall be allowed.

Regulations of
the Company as
to General
Meetings.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Affairs and Concerns of the said Company shall be conducted and managed under and subject to the several Rules, Regulations and Resolutions hereinafter contained; (that is to say,) the Members of the said Company shall assemble together at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon on the Seventh Day next after the passing of this Act, and shall assemble at such other times and Places as they shall be duly convened in manner hereafter mentioned; and every such Assembly shall be styled a General Meeting; and Two such Meetings shall be held in every Year, on the Third Wednesday in the Month of January, and the Third Wednesday in the Month of July, which shall be styled Half Yearly General Meetings; and that a Special General Meeting may be called at any time by the Committee of Managers; and that Two or more Members of the said Company, holding in the Aggregate Fifty Shares or upwards in the said Joint Stock, may at any time, by Writing under their Hands left at the Office of the said Company, require the Committee of Management to call a Special General Meeting, in as such Regulation fully express the Object for which such Meeting is required to be called; and in case of the Neglect or Refusal of the said Committee to call such Meeting, the same may be called by the said Members, as hereinafter is expressed; and that every General Meeting may be adjourned from time to time, and from Place to Place, as shall be found expedient; and that at least Six Days' previous Notice of every General Meeting, and Three Days' previous Notice of every Adjournment of any General Meeting, shall be given by Advertisement in Two or more of the London Newspapers.

What Number
of Shares entitled
to vote.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That no Member of the said Company shall be entitled to be present or to vote at any General Meeting or Adjournment thereof, unless he shall have furnished for at least Three Shares in the Joint Stock of the said Company at the time of the passing of this Act, or unless he shall afterwards have been entitled to or continued possessed of at least Three Shares in the said Joint Stock for at least Three Calendar Months before such Meeting; and that such Members of the said Company shall have a Vote or Votes at such General Meetings in proportion to the Number of Shares held by them respectively, as hereinafter is mentioned; (that is to say,) For Three Shares and less than Seven Shares, One Vote; for Seven Shares and less than Twelve Shares, Two Votes; for Twelve Shares and less than Twenty Shares, Three Votes; for Twenty Shares and less than Thirty Shares, Four Votes; and for Thirty Shares or upwards, Five Votes; but no Person or Persons shall be entitled to vote in respect of any Share or Shares after a Day appointed for Payment of any Installment thereof to be called for as hereinafter is mentioned, until such Installment or Call shall have been paid; and that no Person or Persons shall vote at any General Meeting, upon any Question or Questions relating to the Concerns of the said Undertaking in which such Person or Persons shall be otherwise interested, other than as a Subscriber or Subscribers, Proprietor or Proprietors, in or of the said Undertaking.

No Person in-
terested, other
than as Sub-
scribers, to vote.

Shares standing
in the Name of
more than One
Person, the Per-
son whose Name
stands first shall
be of all the Por-
tion of the said
to demand the
Dividend.

Impowering
Proprietors of
Shares to vote
by Proxy.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That when any Share or Shares in the said Joint Stock shall be the Property of more than One Person, the Owner or Proprietor whose Name shall have been entered first in Order on the Books of the said Company shall, for all the Purposes of the said Company, be deemed and taken to be the Owner or Proprietor of such Share or Shares; and all Monies required to be given to the Owner or Proprietor of any Share or Shares in the said Company shall and may be given to or served upon such Person whose Name shall be named first in Order in the Books of the said Company, and such Service upon such Person shall be deemed and taken to be a Service upon all the Owners or Proprietors of such Share or Shares, for all the Purposes for which such Service is intended to be made upon the Owner or Proprietor of any Share or Shares, and such Person shall be entitled to any Vote or Votes which may be given in respect of such Shares.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That any Female, Infant or other Proprietor of Three or more Shares in the said Joint Stock, entitled to vote in respect of such Shares at any General Meeting of the said Company, shall have full Power and Authority to give her or her Vote or Votes at such General Meetings as aforesaid, either as Person or by Proxy, every such Proxy being a Member of the said Company entitled to vote; Provided nevertheless, that no Person shall deliver in Presence for more than Three Members; and the Appointment of such Proxies may be made in the Form following; *to-wit*,

Form of Ap-
pointment of
Proxies.

" I, *A. B.* of
" and *Coke* Company, do hereby nominate, constitute and appoint *C. D.* of
" to be my Proxy, in my Name and in my Address to vote or give my Address to or Deliver from any Business,
" matter or thing relating to the said Undertaking, that shall be mentioned or proposed at any General Meet-
" ing of the said Company, in such manner as he the said *C. D.* shall think proper, according to his Opinion
" and Judgment, for the Benefit of the said Undertaking, or any thing relating thereto. In Witness whereof
" I have hereunto set my Hand, the
" Day of

Regulations of
Election of
Chairman,
General Man-
agers, &c.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That at the First General Meeting, to be held on the Seventh Day next after the passing of this Act, and any Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, a Chairman shall be elected by the Members present; and that at every subsequent General Meeting the Chair shall be taken by the Chairman of the said Company, or in his Absence by the Deputy Chairman of the said Company, and in their Absence by a Member to be elected by the Members present; and that at every such General Meeting all Questions shall be decided by a Majority of Votes of the Members and Proxies present, and not declining to vote, according to their respective Number of Votes; and upon any Difference of Opinion any Member may require such Votes to be taken by Ballot, but no Ballot shall be kept open more than One Hour; and that such Member as shall be in the Chair shall be entitled to vote, and shall also have a casting Vote in case the Number of Votes shall be equal; and the Orders and Proceedings of every General Meeting shall be entered by the Secretary or Clerk in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose,

polls, and shall be signed by the Chairman; and such Orders and Proceedings so entered and signed shall be allowed to be read in Evidence in all Courts and Places whatsoever; and that no Business shall be transacted at any Special General Meeting before the Business for which it shall have been called, and no other Business shall be conducted at any Adjourned Special General Meeting than the Business left unfinished at the Meeting from which such Adjournment took place; and if at any Special or General Meeting Seven Members entitled to vote shall not assemble and proceed to Business in One Hour from the time appointed for such Meeting, or if that Number be not present when the Whole or any Part of the Business to be transacted shall be decided upon, the Meeting shall adjourn to the same Day in the following Week, or some other Day to be appointed by the Committee of Management.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That at the First General Meeting to be holden on the Seventh Day next after the passing of this Act, or some Adjournment thereof, the First Committee of Management of the said Company, and the First Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the said Company, shall be elected.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That at the Half Yearly General Meeting to be held in January in every Year, or some Adjournment thereof, Two Members of the Company, qualified as aforesaid, who shall have been Members of the Committee elected in the preceding Year, shall be re-elected Members of the Committee of Management; and as soon as such Elections shall have been made, Three other Members of the said Company, qualified as aforesaid, shall be elected Members of the said Committee, and after such Committee shall have been elected, Two of the Members thereof shall be elected Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the said Company for the ensuing Year; but all the Members of the said Committee, and the Chairman and Deputy Chairman, elected in the preceding Year, shall be successively re-eligible; and after such Elections as aforesaid shall have taken place, the said Officers respectively, who shall not be re-elected, shall respectively go out of their respective Offices.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That any Chairman, Deputy Chairman or other Member of the said Committee of Management, may at any time be removed from his respective Office by a General Meeting specially called for that Purpose; and any Chairman, Deputy Chairman or other Member of the said Committee, may at any time vacate his Office, by sending his Resignation in Writing to the Office of the said Company; and if any Chairman, Deputy Chairman or other Member of the said Committee shall, during the Continuance of his respective Office, by Transfer, Parture or otherwise, reduce the Number of Shares in the said Joint Stock held by him respectively below the Number of Fifteen Shares, or shall otherwise become disqualified to be a Member of the said Committee, then and in every such case the Office of such Chairman, Deputy Chairman or other Member of the said Committee, shall instantly determine and become vacant; and that every Vacancy in the Office of Chairman, Deputy Chairman and Members of the Committee, by Death, Resignation, Relinquishment or becoming ineligible or disqualified as aforesaid, shall be filled up at a Special General Meeting to be called for that Purpose, within Fourteen Days next after such Office respectively shall become vacant; and every Person who, in consequence of a Vacancy occasioned by any other Cause than that of going out of Office according to the Statutes aforesaid, shall be appointed Chairman, Deputy Chairman or a Member of the said Committee, shall be deemed only a Substitute for the Person whose Place he shall supply, and shall continue in Office upon the same Terms and only for the same Period as the Person whose Place he shall supply would have continued, if his Office had not been vacated before the time at which he must necessarily have gone out of Office.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the General Meeting shall from time to time elect some Persons to be Treasurers of the said Company, and it shall not be necessary that such Persons be a Member of the said Company; and any General Meeting may from time to time elect, create or suspend such Treasurer from time to time as they shall think fit; and the first Treasurer shall be elected at the First General Meeting to be holden on the Seventh Day next after the passing of this Act, or some Adjournment thereof.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That any General Meeting, or General Meeting specially called for that Purpose, shall have full Power to call for, and examine and settle the Accounts of the said Company; and that at every Half Yearly General Meeting, or some Adjournment thereof, an Half Yearly Dividend or Dividends shall be made out of the Interest, Profits or Advantages of the said Undertaking, unless such Meeting shall declare otherwise; and such Dividend or Dividends shall be at and after the Rate of so much for every One Hundred Pounds upon all and every the Sum and Sums of Money paid to the said Company by the Members thereof, their Executors, Administrators, Successors or Assigns, as such Meeting or Meetings shall think fit to appoint and determine: Provided that no Dividend shall be made or paid for until after the Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds shall have been subscribed for towards the Capital or Joint Stock of the said Company; and that no Dividend shall be paid in respect of any Share or Shares after a Day appointed for Payment of any Call for Money in respect thereof, until such Call shall have been paid: Provided also, that no Dividend shall be made whereby the Capital of the said Company shall be in any Degree reduced or impaired; and that the Chairman, Deputy Chairman and Committee of Management, who shall make such Dividends, shall be personally responsible to the Proprietors, and also to the Creditors of the said Company, for any Injury which may arise therefrom.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That any Half Yearly General Meeting, or Special General Meeting so be called for that Purpose, or Adjournment thereof respectively, shall have full Power to make such Call or Calls for Money from the several Subscribers and Proprietors of the said Undertaking, their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, as such Meeting shall from time to time find wanting and necessary for the Purpose of the Undertaking, in so far as any such Call do exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds for or in respect of any one Share or One hundred Pounds, and to that so Call or Calls be made but at the Interval of One Calendar Month at least from another; and that the Sum or several Sums of Money so to be

Office of First Chairman, Deputy Chairman and Committee, The Half Yearly Meeting in January to elect Two Managers, the Chairman and Deputy Chairmen.

The Office may be removed, and may be supplied by Special General Meetings.

General Meeting to elect a Treasurer.

General Meeting to elect adividend, and Half Yearly Meetings to declare Dividends.

Half Yearly or Special General Meetings may make Calls on Subscribers.

called for shall be paid into the Hands of the Treasurer to the said Company, and that the said several Sums of Money so called for shall be paid at such Time and Place as shall be appointed by each General Meeting, of which time and Place Thirty Days previous Notice at least shall be given in Two or more of the Daily London Newspapers.

Minutes of General Meetings to be kept, viz. Lists,

and minute
Proceedings.

Bye Laws to be submitted to the Court of England.

Regulations concerning Meetings of the Committee.

Questions decided by Majority.

Persons and Duties of Committees at the calling of General Meeting.

Special Meetings of the Company may be convened by Members on Notice of Communication.

Persons to the Committee to appoint Clerks, &c.

General Powers of Committee, &c.

XL. And be it further enacted, That the General Meetings shall have full Powers to supersede, regulate and control all the Affairs and Concerns of the said Company, and shall have full Power and Authority from time to time to make such Rules, Orders and Bye Laws as to them shall seem most, and proper for the good Government of the said Undertaking, and for regulating the Proceedings of the Committee of Management, and for the Management of the said Undertaking in all respects whatsoever, and from time to time to alter and repeal such Rules, Orders and Bye Laws, or any of them, and to make others, and repeal and insert such reasonable Fines and Penalties upon all Persons offending against such Rules, Orders and Bye Laws, or any of them, not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds for any one Offence, as to the said General Meeting shall seem meet and expedient; and all Rules, Orders and Bye Laws so made as aforesaid, being reduced into Writing, and the Common Seal of the said Company thereto affixed, shall be printed, and be binding upon all Persons, and shall be followed in any Court of Law or Equity to justify all Persons who shall act under the same: Provided always, that such Rules, Orders and Bye Laws be not repugnant to the Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, or any of the express Directions or Provisions of this Act: Provided also, that all such Rules, Orders and Bye Laws shall be subject to Appeal in manner by this Act directed.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the Committee of Management of the said Company shall meet together at the Office of the said Company one Day in every Week at the least, and at such other times as they shall think proper; and any Two of the said Committee may at any time call a Meeting of the said Committee, by Notice in Writing sent to the Residence of every Member of the said Committee, when they shall think fit; but no Business shall be transacted at any Meeting of the said Committee, unless Three Members be present when such Business shall be decided upon; and that the Chair shall be taken at every Committee by the Chairman, or in his Absence by the Deputy Chairman, or in their Absence by a Member to be chosen by the Members present; and that all Questions, matters and things which shall be proposed, discussed or considered by them, shall be decided and determined by the Majority in Number of the Members then present; and in case of an equal Division, the Member for the time being in the Chair shall have the casting Vote, besides his own Vote; and that if, on the Day appointed for any Meeting of the said Committee, Three Members shall not attend, that then and in every such case the Meeting shall be adjourned to the next Day by the Members or Member then present, or if none be present, by the Secretary or Clerk to the said Company, or such other Person as shall attend in his Place; and the Proceedings of every Committee shall be entered in a Book to be kept by the Secretary or Clerk for that Purpose, and signed by the Person in the Chair.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That the Committee of Management shall and may call a Special General Meeting of the said Company for any Purpose they may think proper, and shall appoint the time and Place of holding every General Meeting, and shall give at least Six Days' Notice of every General Meeting by Advertisement in Two or more of the London Newspapers, and shall give Three Days' Notice of every Adjourned General Meeting, and such Notice shall be given for every Special Meeting which shall be required to be held by Five or more Members holding in the aggregate Fifty Shares or upwards, within Six Days next after such Request shall have been given, and shall call a Special General Meeting to be called within Fourteen Days next after any Vacancy shall happen in the Office of Chairman, Deputy Chairman or Member of the Committee, and shall cause to be specified in the Notice of every Special and Adjourned General Meeting the Objects for which such Meetings respectively are to be held.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Committee of Management for the time being shall refuse or neglect for the Space of Six Days to comply with any such Requisition, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the Members who shall have signed the same to call a Special Meeting of the Company by Advertisement in Two or more of the London Newspapers, specifying the Place where and the time when such Meeting is to be held, the time not being less than Six Days after such Notice, and the Place somewhere in the said City of London, and likewise specifying in such Notice the Resolves for and Intention of calling such Special Meeting; and the Members are hereby authorised to meet pursuant to such Notice, and take any Consideration the Matter or Matters to be submitted to them by the Persons calling such Special Meeting, and specified in such Notice; and the Decision and Determination of the Proprietors present at such Meeting, or the major Part of them, according to the Number of Votes they shall have a Right to give respecting such matter or matters, shall be as valid to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been made at a General Meeting of the said Company of Proprietors.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That the Committee of Management shall appoint all the Clerks, Officers, Servants and Workmen, and Undertakers of the said Company, and dismiss and supersede them as they shall think fit, and may require such Security from the Clerks and Officers, and also from the Treasurer for the time being of the said Company, as they shall think necessary.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That the Committee of Management for the time being shall have the Custody of the Common Seal of the said Company, and shall have Power and Authority to direct the Affairs and Business of the said Undertaking, as well in doing, securing and laying out and disposing of all Sums of Money to be issued or received, laid out or disposed of, for the Purposes of the same, as in contracting for and purchasing Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Materials, Goods and Chattels for the Use of the said Undertaking, and entering into Contracts for the Laying of any such Parks, Places, Streets, Roads,

Ways, House or Buildings is afforded, and in ordering, directing and employing the Works and Workmen, and in filling and disposing of all Articles produced from such Manufacture of Air or Gas as aforesaid, and in making all Contracts or Bargains touching or in anywise concerning the same, subject to such Orders, Bye Laws, Resolutions and Regulations as shall at any time be duly made by the said Company in Relation, Control or Regulation of the Powers and Authorities by this Act granted.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That the Treasurer or Treasurers, or other Officers or Officers to be appointed by the said Company, shall not after any Sum or Sums of Money on account of the said Company without an Order or Orders in Writing signed by Three or more Members of the said Committee; and that the Receipts of the said Treasurer, for all Moneys payable to him on account of the said Company, shall be effectual Discharges for the same.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Persons who have subscribed, or who shall hereafter subscribe or advance any Money for and towards carrying on the Works hereby authorised to be made, shall and they are hereby required to pay the Sum or Sums of Money by them respectively subscribed, or such Parts or Portions thereof as shall from time to time be called for by any General Meeting, order and by virtue of the Powers and Directions of this Act, at such times and Places as shall be directed by a General Meeting in manner before mentioned; and in case any Person or Persons shall neglect or refuse to pay the same at the time and in the manner required for that Purpose, it shall be lawful for the said Company to sue for and recover the same in any Court of Law or Equity.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Subscriber or Proprietor of any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, he, her or their Executors, Administrators, Successors or Assigns, shall neglect or refuse to pay his, her or their Part or Portion of the Money to be called for by any General Meeting as aforesaid, by the time appointed for Payment thereof, then in such case such Person or Persons in neglecting or refusing shall (whether or not the time shall then have been fixed for in any Court of Law or Equity) absolutely forfeit all his, her or their Share, Part and Interest in the said Undertaking and Capital Stock, and all Profit and Advantage thereof, and all Money thereto advanced by him, her or them on account thereof, to and for the Use and benefit of the said Company, which otherwise determined by a Special General Meeting; and that all Shares which shall or may be so forfeited shall or may be sold at a public Sale for the most Money that can be gotten for the same, and the Produce thereof shall go to and make Part of the Capital or Joint Stock of the said Company; but that no Advantage shall be taken of such Forfeiture of any Share in the said Undertaking as aforesaid until after Thirty Days' Notice shall be given by the Chairman or Deputy Chairman of the said Company to the Owner or Owners thereof, by Notice in Writing left at his, her or their usual or last Place of Abode; and that every such Forfeiture is to be declared shall be an absolute Indemnification and Discharge to and for the Subscriber or Subscribers, Proprietors and Proprietors, or their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, in testimony, against all Actions, Suits and Prosecutions for any Breach of Contract or other Agreement between such Subscriber or Subscribers, Proprietors or Proprietors, his, her or their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns.

XLX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, Proprietors or Proprietors of any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking shall die before Payment shall have been made by him or her of the full Sum to be called for or in respect thereof as aforesaid, without having made any sufficient Provision as aforesaid, by Will or otherwise, how such Share or Shares shall be disposed of, and how the future Calls in respect thereof shall be satisfied, that then and in such case the Executors or Administrators of such Proprietor and Proprietors, and the Trustee or Trustees, Guardians or Guardians of any Infant or other Person entitled to the Estate and Effects of such Proprietor or Proprietors, shall be indemnified against such Infant, and all other Persons whatsoever, for paying any Money which shall be called for as aforesaid in respect of the Share or Shares of such deceased Proprietor.

L. And in order that where the original Holder or Proprietor of One or more Share or Shares in the said Undertaking shall die, become Insolvent or Bankrupt, or go out of the Kingdom, or shall forsake his or her Right and Interest in such other Person, and no Regular shall have been made of the Transfer thereof with the Clerk of the said Company, it may not be in the Power of the said Company to know who is the Owner or Proprietor of such Share or Shares, in order to give him, her or them, their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, Notice or Notice of Calls to be made on such Share or Shares, and to maintain any Action or Actions against him, her or them, their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, for the Recovery of the same, or for the Purpose of safely paying to him, her or them, their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, the Interest or Dividends to which he, her or they may be entitled by virtue thereof. Be it therefore further enacted, That in all the cases aforesaid, where the Right and Property in One or more Share or Shares in the said Undertaking shall pass from the original Subscriber or Subscribers, or any Proprietor or Proprietors thereof, to any other Person or Persons, by any other legal means than by a Transfer or Conveyance thereof in the Form and manner herein specified, an Affidavit shall be made and sworn to by Two credible Persons, before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, stating the manner in which such Share or Shares hath or have passed to such other Person or Persons, their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, and that such Affidavit shall be transmitted to the Clerk of the said Company, to the extent that he may enter and register the Name or Names of every such other Proprietor or Proprietors in the Register Book, or List of Subscribers and Proprietors to the said Undertaking, to be kept in the Office of the Clerk to the said Company; and that in all or any of the said cases it shall be lawful for the Subscribers and Proprietors, at any General Meeting, after Thirty Days' Notice shall have been given by the said Treasurer or Clerk to the Owners or Persons claiming by such Affidavit to be Owner or Owners thereof, and that such Person or Persons, their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns,

Treasurer
The Money
without an
Order signed
by Three of the
Committee.
To compel
Payment of
Subscriptions

In Default of
Payment of
Calls, Shares to
be forfeited.

In Default of
Payment of
Calls.

Executors, to
be indemnified in
paying Calls.

For securing
the Proprietors
of Shares in
case of the
Death of the
Proprietor.

Transfer of
Calls may be
made in any

shall not have paid his, her or their Portion of the Money becoming payable by virtue of any Call or Calls, and after Notice thereof shall have been given Three times, at the Interval of Seven Days at least between each Advertisement, in some Two or more London Newspapers, to declare, at any General Meeting, the same Share or Shares to be forfeited, and that in such case the same shall be and become forfeited, and be sold and disposed of in such manner as the said Members at any Meeting or Meetings shall direct, or otherwise become consolidated in the General Fund of the said Company.

Shares may be
transferred

L.I. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the several Members of the said Undertaking, their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, to sell and transfer any Share or Shares of which they shall respectively be possessed, and every such Transfer shall be in the Form and to the Effect following; (that is to say,)

Form of Trans-
fer

I of do hereby declare, sell and transfer to the said paid to me by the Sum of Capital Stock of and in the Undertaking called "The City of London Gas Light and Coke Company" being my Share [or Shares] No. [or] in the said Undertaking, to hold to the said Executors, Administrators and Assigns, subject to the same Rules, Orders and Restrictions, and on the same Conditions, that I held the same immediately before the Execution hereof; and I the said do hereby agree to accept and take the said Share, subject to the same Rules, Orders, Restrictions and Conditions, as aforesaid our Hands and Seals, this Day of in the Year of our Lord

Writings to be
registered

Endorse

And that every such Transfer shall be registered in the Books of the said Company; and a Copy of such Register, signed by the Clerk or other Officer of the said Company duly authorized thereto, shall be sufficient Evidence of every such Sale, and removed as such in all Courts before any Court in the United Kingdom; and that, until such Transfer shall be registered in the Books of the said Company as aforesaid, no Purchaser or Possessor of any Share or Shares, their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, shall have any Part or Share in the said Undertaking, or in the Profits and Advantages thereof, nor shall receive any Interest or Dividends for or in respect of such Share or Shares so purchased, nor be entitled to vote at any Meeting or Meetings as Member or Members of the said Undertaking in respect of such Share or Shares, until the Expiration of Three Calendar Months after such Transfer shall have been registered.

No Shares to
be sold after a Call
shall the Money
be paid.

In such case
Transfer void

L.II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That after any Call for Money shall have been made by virtue of this Act, no Person or Persons shall sell or transfer any Share or Shares which he, she or they shall possess in the said Undertaking, after the Day appointed for the Payment of the said Call, until the Money so called for or in respect of his, her or their Shares intended to be sold shall be paid; and until such Money be so called for shall be paid, any such Sale or Transfer of any Share or Shares shall be void; and all every Person or Persons making Default herein shall be subject and liable to forfeit such his, her or their Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, to and for the general Benefit of the said Undertaking, unless he, she or they shall at the time of such Sale or Transfer pay to the Treasurer of the said Company the full Sum of Money called for upon every Share to be sold or transferred; such Forfeiture nevertheless to be first notified and declared in manner directed by this Act with respect to the Forfeiture of Shares for not answering the Calls to be made thereon as aforesaid.

Names, &c. of
Proprietors to be
entered, and
Certificate of
them Shown
upon request
therein.

L.III. And be it further enacted, That the said Company, or those Committee of Management, shall and they are hereby required to cause the Names and Designations of the several Persons who shall be entitled to Shares in the said Undertaking, with the Number of the Shares, and also the proper Number by which every Share shall be distinguished, to be fairly and distinctly entered in a Book to be kept by their Clerk, and after such Entry to cause the same to be signed by their Chairman, and they shall also cause a Certificate, to be signed by the Chairman and Clerk, to be delivered to every Proprietor upon Demand, (specifying the Share or Shares to which he or she is entitled in the said Undertaking; and such Certificate shall be admissible in all Courts whatsoever as Evidence of the Title of such Proprietor, he or her Executors, Administrators and Assigns, in the Share or Shares therein specified; but the Want of such Certificate shall not hinder or prevent the Owner of any of the said Shares from selling or disposing thereof.

Appeal to Quarter
Sessions

Ways of
Appeal.

Power of Quarter
Sessions.

L.IV. And be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons thinking himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Judgment or Determination of any Justice or Justices of the Peace relating to any matter or thing in this Act mentioned or contained, may within Three Calendar Months next after such Order, Judgment or Determination shall have been made or given, (first giving Twenty one Days Notice of such Complaint to the Justice or Justices against whom such Complaint is intended to be made,) complain to the Justices of the Peace at the General Quarter Sessions to be held in and for the City or County in which the Cause of Appeal shall arise, who shall in a summary way either hear and determine the said Complaint at such General Quarter Sessions, or, if they think proper, may adjourn the Hearing thereof to the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for such City or County; and the said Justices may, if they for Cause, mitigate any Forfeiture or Fine, or may order any Money to be returned which shall have been levied in pursuance of such Determination; but no Proceedings to be had and taken in pursuance of this Act shall be quashed or nullified for Want of Form, or be removed by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or elsewhere; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Power to light
Streets or
Highways, &c.

L.V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall have the Effect of depriving any Person or Persons of any Right which he or they at present possess, or of transferring with any Right which he or they may hereafter acquire, of lighting Streets or Highways with Gas Light, or in any other

other manner: Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to defile, abridge, abate, obstruct or in any manner interfere with the Powers and Authorities of the Commissioners or Trustees for Lighting or Paving, or of the Commissioners of Sewers, or the New River Company, or any other Company established for the Supply of Water in or for any of such Parishes or Places, or any Part or Parts thereof, or the Rights of any Person or Persons to make, enlarge, repair or amend any Vessel under any Street within such Parishes or Places: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to prevent any Person or Persons from proceeding against the said Company, or against any of their Officers, Servants or Workmen, in respect of any Works of the said Company, or the Mischief which shall be employed by them for furnishing such Light as aforesaid, in a public or private Nuisance, or from bringing any Action against the said Company, or any of their Officers, Servants or Workmen, for any Injury sustained by means of any such Works or Method of Lighting, whether such Injury shall proceed from the Nature of such Method of Lighting, or the Carelessness or Want of Skill of the Persons employed therein.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judiciously taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. xxiv.

An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for the better repairing the several Roads leading into and from the City of Worcester.

25 O 2 c. 4.
[25 May 1817.]

Cap. xxv.

An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of the Fifteenth and Thirty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, for amending and widening the Road leading from *Tennessy Bridge* through *Leck Farmstead*, in *Cambridgeshire*, in the County of *Suffolk*. (c)

25 G 3 c. 6.
25 H 5 c. 10.
[25 May 1817.]

enacted during the Session of this respective Parliam., and for 24 Years, viz. 1817-1841.

Cap. xxvi.

An Act for amending the Roads leading from *Baylsham*, near *Sageham*, through *Farslow*, in the County of *Surrey*, and *Alton* and *New Alford*, to *Wingfield*, in the County of *Southampton*. (d)

26 O 4 c. 15.
26 H 2 c. 17.
[25 May 1817.]

[Additional Tolls on Sandways.]

Cap. xxvii.

An Act for more effectually improving the Road from *Richmond*, in the County of *Tork*, to *Longcliffe*, in the County of *Yorkshire*, and the Road from *Richmond* to *Longcliffe*, and from *Gilling* to the *Torspike Road* on *Gartberly Moor*, in the County of *Tork*. (a)

26 G 4 c. 15.
26 H 2 c. 17.
[25 May 1817.]

enacted by this Act, repealed from 1841 to 1845.

Cap. xxviii.

An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Town of *Bedford* in the County of *Bedford*, to *Stamilton* in the County of *Huntingdon*. (a)

26 G 4 c. 15.
[25 May 1817.]

[New Tolls. Powers to appoint Additional Tolls. Former Tolls in 1816, and new Tolls granted.]

26 H 2 c. 17.
[25 May 1817.]

Cap. xxix.

An Act for better paving, improving and regulating the Streets of the Metropolis, and removing and preventing Nuisances and Obstructions therein.

[16th June 1817.]

WHEREAS many of the Streets and public Places within that Part of the Metropolis which is Situate within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and the Parishes of *St. Pancras* and *St. Mary Abchurch*, in the County of *Middlesex*, are divided into parochial and other Divisions, and are paved and repaired and regulated, and Obstructions and Nuisances therein are removed, under the Direction of certain Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons appointed to superintend and regulate the same in each of such parochial or other Divisions, by virtue of certain local Acts of Parliament, and the Provisions of many of such Streets and public Places are often in a State dangerous to Passengers, and frequently contain Nuisances and Obstructions which are offensive or injurious: And Whereas it would materially tend to the remedying of such Defects in the Pavements, and such Nuisances, if more summary means of compelling the Repairers of the Pavements of such Streets and public Places, and of enforcing due Regulations as to the various Water and Gas Companies and Commissioners of Sewers, by whom the Pavements of such Streets and public Places have been frequently displaced; and also if more adequate Funds and Authorities were given to the said several Commissioners, Trustees and other Persons having the Superintendence and Regulation of the Pavements of such Streets and public Places: For which Purposes, may it please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That this Act and the Provisions herein contained shall extend to all Streets and public Places which are now paved, or which may hereafter be paved, within the Cities of *London* and *Windsor* and Borough of *Southwark*, and any other Parts of the Metropolis which are included within

and for Commissioners of Pavement, Sewers, New River Company, &c. Power for Persons appointed proceeding against the Company.

Public Act.

26 G 4 c. 15.
[16th June 1817.]

the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and in all Streets and public Places which are now paved, or which may be hereafter paved, within the Parishes of *Sancti Pancras* and *Sancti Mary* is now in the said County of *Middlesex*, except only any Parochial which may be hereafter particularly excepted.

Surveyors of
Parishes to be
appointed in
Parishes or other
Districts.

II. And be it further enacted, That within Two Calendar Months after the passing of this Act the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of any Parish or other District included within the Operation of this Act, shall appoint One or more competent Persons or Persons, being a Housekeeper or Housekeepers, and having an House or Houses, or an Office or Offices, within their several Parishes or other Districts, and to be and he called "The Surveyor" or "The Surveyors of the Pavements," within each of such respective Parishes or other Districts, and that such Persons or Persons to be appointed the Surveyor or Surveyors shall incorporate the Pavements of the several Parishes or other Districts to which he or they shall be so appointed by the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements therein, and shall observe and perform all the Duties imposed on Surveyors or Inspectors of Pavements by this Act, or by the several local Acts of Parliament whereby or by virtue whereof such Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons shall have been and shall be appointed, and which they shall be from time to time directed to observe and perform by the several Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons by whom they shall be so appointed; and also that all and every the Surveyors so appointed shall and may be discharged and removed from time to time by the several Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons by whom they shall be so appointed, at their Pleasure; and that they shall be paid such annual or other Salaries, Gratitudes or Compensation, out of the Monies arising from the Rates made and to be made for or towards the paving and repairing the Pavements of such of such Parishes or other Districts, and other separately or jointly with any other Objects or Purposes, during their continuance in the said Office, as the said Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons by whom they shall be severally appointed, shall from time to time think fit: Provided nevertheless, that this Act shall not limit or prevent the Appointment by the said Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons, of any Inspectors or other inferior Officers for the Assistance of the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements within each of their respective parochial or other Districts, as they shall think necessary for the better Performance and Superintendence of the Pavements therein.

When Persons
appointed shall
begin to
execute.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall at any time hereafter be appointed to the Office of Surveyor of the Pavements of and in any Parish or other District, or shall continue in such Office, or shall act therein, who at the time of such Appointment shall be, or after such Appointment shall become, a Commissioner or Trustee, or a Person having the Control of the Pavements of such Parish or other District by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament or otherwise, or who shall be a Pinner or Mafin, or Dealer in Stones, and who shall have any Share or Interest in any Employment or Contract for the Pavement or Repavement of the Pavement of such Parish or other District, or in any other public Works under such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons within such Parish or other District; and that no Person shall be continued in such Office of Surveyor of Pavements by any Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of any Parish or other District, or shall act therein, who shall cease to be a Housekeeper, or to have an House or Office within the particular Parish or other District, to the Superintendence of the Pavements whereof he shall have been so appointed, or who shall become otherwise disqualified by virtue of this Act; and that if any Person shall continue to act as a Surveyor of Pavements for and in any Parish or other District, being disqualified as herein mentioned, every such Person shall for every such Act forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered in the manner in which other Forfeitures and Penalties are heretofore directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

Surveys of
Parishes shall
begin.

IV. And be it hereby further enacted, That from time to time and at all times hereafter, within One Calendar Month after the Death or Removal or Disqualification of any Person appointed by any Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements within any parochial or other District, to be a Surveyor of the Pavements of and within such parochial or other District, the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other such Persons, shall appoint another competent Person, qualified as heretofore directed, to the Office of a Surveyor of the Pavements of and within such parochial or other District, in the Room or Stead of the Person who shall be so or be removed, or otherwise become disqualified for such Office.

Commissioners,
Trs. or other
Persons, to be
appointed within
One Month
after Vacancy.

V. And be it hereby further enacted, That the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of and in every parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, from time to time and at all times within Fourteen Days after they shall have appointed any Person or Persons to the Office of a Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements of and within such parochial or other District, shall cause to be painted on Beeds the Church and Burrows of each and every such Person or Persons in from time to time by them appointed to the Office of Surveyor for such parochial or other District, with the Number of the House, and the Street or other public Place within the said parochial or other District which may then be the Dwelling House or Dwelling Houses, or Office or Offices, of the Person or Persons so appointed a Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements in such particular parochial or other District, and that such Inscriptions shall be so painted on the said Beeds in Old Characters, and in Roman Letters, being at least One Inch in Height; and that they the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of and in every such parochial or other District, shall also cause one of such Beeds, being so painted, to be set up or fixed in a conspicuous Place at the external Part of every Parish Church and parochial Chapel and Watch House, within their several parochial or other Districts, and also as any Walls or Enclosures or Buildings within their several parochial or other Districts respectively, not being private Dwelling Houses, so they may think necessary, and from time to time may vary and remove the same, or cause the same to be varied or transposed, as they shall think necessary or convenient; and that they the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of and in every such parochial or other District, from time to time and at

all

all times shall cause to be mended or repaired and repainted all and every such Boards with the Inscriptions aforesaid, when and as often as occasion shall require, and to cause the Inscriptions on the said Boards, with the Names and Residence of the several Surveyors of the Parishes of and in every parochial or other District, shall be legible at all times during the Day; and that if any Person shall wilfully remove, destroy or injure any of such Boards, or shall obstruct or deface the Words painted thereon, or any of them, or any Part thereof, or shall cause or procure the same to be removed, destroyed or injured, or obliterated or defaced, then every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Thirty Shillings nor less than Fifteen Shillings, to be recovered in the manner hereinafter provided.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person being the Occupier of an inhabited Dwelling House, House in any Parish or Place sits within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and stand in the Relief of the Poor of such Parish or Place whereas such Dwelling House shall be situate, at the Sum of Fifty Pounds at the least, for and in respect of such Dwelling House, or in case any Two Persons being the Occupiers of Two several inhabited Dwelling Houses situate in any Parish or Place, Parishes or Places, sit within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and each of whom shall be situate in the Relief of the Poor of such Parish or Place, Parishes or Places, whereas such Dwelling Houses shall be respectively situate, at the Sum of Twenty five Pounds at the least, for and in respect of their said respective Dwelling Houses, shall think that the Pavement of any Street or public Place in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or any Part of such Pavement, is in a State dangerous to Passengers, or is very defective as to occasion serious Inconvenience to Passengers and Carriages, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for each One Person alone, or for each Two Persons jointly, to prepare a Notice, signed with his or their respective Hand or Hands, setting forth the Number of his or their respective Dwelling House or Dwelling Houses, and the Street or public Place, or Streets or public Places, wherein such Dwelling House or Dwelling Houses is or are situate, and describing the Part of the Pavement of any Street or public Place which he or they consider to be then dangerous to Passengers, or is very defective as to occasion serious Inconvenience to Passengers and Carriages, and also requiring the Reparation thereof, and to address such Notice to any Person being a Surveyor for the time being of the Pavements of and within the parochial or other District wherein the Part of any Street or public Place shall be situate, the Pavement whereof shall then be dangerous to Passengers, or is very defective as aforesaid, and to give such Notice to any such Surveyor, or to leave the same for him at the Dwelling House or Office within such parochial or other District, intended on the Boards to be from time to time put up by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of and within such parochial or other District, pursuant to the Direction of this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person from time to time hereafter being the Surveyor of the Pavements of any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, to whom shall be given or for whom shall be left a Notice, signed and prepared as before directed, of the dangerous or very defective State as aforesaid of any Part of the Pavement of any Street or public Place in the parochial or other District in and for which he shall then be a Surveyor of Pavements, shall forthwith respect the Part of the Pavement described in such Notice given to or left for him; and if the same or any Part thereof shall only be in a State dangerous to Passengers, or is very defective as to occasion serious Inconvenience to Passengers and Carriages, and if the Costs and Charges of and about the repairing of such dangerous or very defective Pavement will not exceed the Sum of Two Pounds, he shall cause such Pavement to be effectually repaired within Three Days after the Day wherein such Notice shall have been given to or left for him as aforesaid; and if the Costs and Charges of and about the repairing of such Pavement will exceed the Sum of Two Pounds, but will not exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds, then he shall cause such dangerous or very defective Pavement to be effectually repaired within Seven Days after the Day wherein such Notice shall have been given to or left for him as aforesaid; and in either of such cases, such Surveyor may and shall cause such Pavements to be effectually repaired by and at his own Authority, and without any Order or Direction from the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the parochial or other District wherein he shall be appointed to sit; and the Costs and Charges of such effectual Reparation shall be paid by such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the parochial or other District wherein such dangerous or very defective Pavement may be situate; but if it shall appear to the said Surveyor, upon the Inspection of the Pavements described in any Notice to be given to or left for him as aforesaid, that the same is really in a State dangerous to Passengers, or is very defective as to occasion serious Inconvenience to Passengers and Carriages, and that the Costs and Charges of and about the effectual Reparation of such Part of the said Pavements may then be in a State dangerous to Passengers, or is very defective as to occasion serious Inconvenience to Passengers and Carriages, he shall deliver a Copy of the Notice given to or left for him as aforesaid, to the Clerk or Clerks or other proper Officer of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of such parochial or other District, within Three Days after such Notice shall have been given to or left for him as aforesaid, and shall in Writing require such Clerk or Clerks, or other proper Officer, duly to summon a General Meeting of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of such parochial or other District, according to the usual Custom of such Clerk or Clerks, or other proper Officer, or to the Direction of the local Act or Acts of Parliament under or by virtue whereof such Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of and in such parochial or other District, shall be appointed; and that such Clerk or Clerks, or other proper Officer, within Two Days after he shall receive such Notice and Requisition from the said Surveyor, shall summon or cause to be summoned a General Meeting of the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of and in such parochial or other District, to be held within Four Days then next, for the Purpose of considering the Notice

Removal or
obliteration of such
Boards or In-
scriptions, Penalty.

Notice to be
delivered by the
Surveyor of the
Pavement of any
Street or public
Place, and the
Reparation thereof.

Surveyor to
cause such
dangerous or
defective
Pavement to
be repaired.

If Charge do not
exceed it.

If exceeding it.

Such Charge to
be paid by Com-
missioners or
Trustees, &c.

If Charge ex-
ceeds and
Proceedings.

Notice given to or left for the Surveyor appointed by them as aforesaid; and that the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of such parochial or other District, or a sufficient Number of them for the Transference of Notice, according to the Provision of the said Act or Acts of Parliament under or by virtue of which they are or shall be appointed, shall assemble at their usual Place of Meeting pursuant to such Summons, and shall then and there consider such Notice given to or left for the said Surveyor of the Pavements of such parochial or other District; and if such Part of the Pavement described in such Notice, or any Part thereof, shall really be in a State dangerous to Pedestrians, or so very defective as to occasion serious Inconvenience to Pedestrians and Carriages, then such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons shall then and there direct the efficient Repairs of such Part of the Pavements mentioned in the said Notice as may be dangerous to Pedestrians, or so very defective as aforesaid, and shall cause the same and every Part thereof to be so effectually repaired at their Costs and Charges, within Twenty-eight Days then next, if the Charges of and about so effectually repairing the same will not in their Judgment exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and within Six Weeks then next if the Charges of and about so effectually repairing the same will in their Judgment exceed the said Sum of Fifty Pounds.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if at any time or times hereafter the Pavements of any Street or public Place within the Jurisdiction of this Act, being in a State dangerous to Pedestrians, or so very defective as to occasion serious Inconvenience to Pedestrians and Carriages, whereof a Notice, prepared and signed as hereinafter is directed, shall have been given to or left for any Person being a Surveyor of the Pavements of the parochial or other District wherein the Pavement is dangerous to Pedestrians, or so very defective as aforesaid, may be signed, shall not be sufficiently repaired within the time hereinafter appointed for the Repairs thereof, (that is to say) within Three Days from the Day wherein the said Notice shall have been given or left as aforesaid, if the Costs and Charges of and about such Repairs would not exceed the Sum of Two Pounds, and within Seven Days from the Day wherein the said Notice shall have been given or left as aforesaid, if the Costs and Charges of and about such Repairs would not exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds, and within Twenty-eight Days from the Day wherein the said Notice shall have been given or left as aforesaid, if the Costs and Charges of and about such Repairs would not exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and within Six Weeks next after the said Notice shall have been given or left as aforesaid, if the Costs and Charges of and about such Repairs would exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds, then it shall and may be lawful to and for the Person or Persons by whom any Notice signed as hereinafter is directed shall have been given or left as aforesaid, to apply and complain to any Two Justices of the Peace sitting for the City, Borough or County wherein the Pavement of the Street or public Place described in the Notice is given or left as aforesaid shall be signed, and that upon Panel upon Oath, by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, that a Notice, prepared and signed as hereinafter is directed, shall have been given to or left for a Person appointed and notified to be a Surveyor of the Pavements of such parochial or other District wherein the Pavement described in such Notice may be signed, and according to the Directions of this Act, and that the Part of the Pavement in any Street or public Place described in such Notice, and being in a State dangerous to Pedestrians, or so very defective as to occasion serious Inconvenience to Pedestrians and Carriages, had not been sufficiently repaired within the time hereinafter limited by this Act, according to the Costs and Charges which may be incurred in and about such Repairs; then such Justices of the Peace, by a Summons under their Hands, shall require the said Person, being appointed and notified to be a Surveyor of the Pavements for the parochial or other District wherein the Pavement of any Street or public Place is dangerous to Pedestrians, or so very defective as aforesaid, shall be signed, to or for whom the said Notice, prepared and signed as aforesaid, shall have been given or left, according to the Directions of this Act, to appear before them the said Justices, at a Place and time to be mentioned in such Summons, (and the Time being Twenty-four Hours at the least after the said Summons shall have been given to the said Surveyor, or shall have been left for him at his Dwelling House or Office within the parochial or other District the Pavement whereof he shall be appointed to survey, informed on the Boards hereinafter directed to be set up in every parochial and other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act,) and then and there to show Cause why the Pavement described in the said Notice hath not been sufficiently repaired according to such Notice, within the time hereinafter by this Act limited, according to the Expense which may be incurred in and about such Repairs; and that if the said Surveyor, or some Person authorized by him, shall not attend before the said Justices at the time and Place mentioned in such Summons, or if he or such other Person authorized by him shall then and there attend, and shall not show to them the said Justices a sufficient Cause or sufficient Cause why the said Pavement described in the said Notice given to or left for the said Surveyor as hereinafter is directed, and every Part thereof, hath not been sufficiently repaired according to such Notice, then and upon Panel upon Oath by Two or more credible Witnesses that the Pavement described in the said Notice is then dangerous to Pedestrians, or so very defective as aforesaid, and that the same is signed within the parochial or other District for which the said Surveyor shall have been appointed and notified as appointed to do, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Justices, by Order under their Hands and Seals, to order and direct that the said Surveyor shall pay to the Person or Persons by whom the said Notice shall have been signed as aforesaid, such Sum of Money as he or they shall have legally expended for the Costs and Charges of such Summons and Order, and which said Sum of Money to be by the said Justices ordered to be paid by the said Surveyor shall and may be recovered in the same manner in which any other Forfeitures and Penalties are heretofore directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act; and the said Justices shall also then and there, by an Order under their Hands and Seals, order the said Surveyor to sufficiently repair or cause to be repaired all the Pavement described in the said Notice being in a State dangerous to Pedestrians, or so very defective as aforesaid, and being in the parochial or other District

I shew me
The Justices may
give such Surveyor,
may, and make
a Report

Panel on Oath
of One Witness

Summons to show
Cause why
Pavement not
repaired

On Default Justices may order
the Surveyor to pay
Money expended,
and to repair

wherein the said Surveyor shall have been appointed to act as Surveyor of the Pavements, within Three Days (then next of the Costs and Charges of and about such Repair will not exceed the Sum of Two Pounds, and within Seven Days then next of the Costs and Charges of and about the said Repair will not exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds, and within Twenty-eight Days then next of the Costs and Charges of and about such Repair will exceed the Sum of Two Pounds but will not exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and within Six Weeks then next of the Costs and Charges of and about such Repair will exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and the said Order of the said Two Justices of the Peace, within Twenty-four Hours after the same shall be made, shall be given to the said Surveyor, or left for him at his Dwelling House or Office within the Parish or other District the Pavements whereof he shall be appointed to survey, subscribed as the said Boards herebefore directed to be signed, and shall be obeyed and performed by him; and the said Surveyor shall sufficiently repair the said Pavements, or cause the same to be sufficiently repaired, within the time to be directed by the said Order, at the Costs and Charges of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of that parochial or other District where the Pavements shall be made, which by such Order shall be so ordered to be repaired; but if the said Surveyor, in such Summons, or shall show to the said Justices that such Notice was not prepared and signed and given or left according to the Direction of this Act, or that the Pavement described in such Notice was not in a State dangerous to Passengers, or was not in a State so very defective as to occasion serious Inconvenience to Passengers and Carriages, either at the time of the Delivery of such Notice, or at the time of the Application of the Parish or Persons signing such Notice as such Justices, or shall then and there show to such Justices such other Cause or Causes as they shall deem sufficient why the said Pavements have not been repaired according to such Notice, then and in any or either of the said Cases the said Justices shall dismiss the said Complaint of the Parish or Persons by whom the said Notice shall have been signed as aforesaid, and by an Order under their Hands and Seals shall declare that such Parish or Persons having signed the said Notice, and having made the Application and Complaint to them, the said Justices, hath or have forfeited the Sum of Forty Shillings, and shall direct the same Sum of Forty Shillings to be paid by him or them to the said Surveyor or other Person authorized by him, then attending before the said Justices, for his own Use and Benefit; and such Sum of Forty Shillings so forfeited shall be recovered in the manner in which other Forfeitures and Penalties are heretofore directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act: Provided always, and be it hereby also enacted, That if it shall appear to the said Justices of the Peace that the Costs and Charges of and about the Repair of any Pavement to be then ordered to be repaired as aforesaid will exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds, or that such Reparation cannot be probably completed within Six Weeks then next, then and in such case, or under any other special Circumstances, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Justices to extend any of the time for completing the Repair of any such Pavement to some other time beyond the Period of Six Weeks, or beyond the other Periods mentioned by this Act, at their Discretion, and so that such Repair be completed with all the Expedition which the Extent of such Repair and such special Circumstances, in the Judgment of the said Justices of the Peace, will permit.

[X. And be it further enacted, That if any Person from time to time hereafter, being the Surveyor of the Pavements of any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and being summoned by any Two Justices of the Peace as heretofore is directed, shall refuse or neglect, either personally or by some Person authorized by him, to attend before such Justices at the time and Place to be mentioned in such Summons, or shall refuse or neglect to perform and obey any Order which may be legally made by such Two Justices of the Peace, under their Hands and Seals, as heretofore is directed, and which shall direct, according to the Provision of this Act, the Reparation of any Pavements dangerous to Passengers, or so very defective as to occasion serious Inconvenience to Passengers and Carriages in any streets or public Places within the parochial or other District for which he shall be appointed to act as a Surveyor of the Pavements, and to perform and obey the same within the time (specified therein, (he having Notice thereof as heretofore is directed, and not being prevented from the Obedience and Performance of such Order by Force or other unavoidable Circumstances, or by the Neglect, or Proceedings of any Water or Gas Company, or Commissioners of Sewers) then and in such Case the said Person being the Surveyor as aforesaid shall forfeit and pay for such Refusal or Neglect any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds for the First Offence, and a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds for a Second Offence, and a Sum not exceeding Thirty Pounds for every Third Offence, to be recovered in such manner as other Penalties or Forfeitures are by this Act heretofore directed to be recovered, and to be paid, when recovered, to the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of the Parish or District where any such dangerous or defective Pavements shall be found, and to be by them applied to and for the Use of the Poor of such Parish or District, and in aid of the Rates for the Relief of the Poor of such Parish or District, and to no other Person or Persons, and for no other Use or Purpose whatsoever; and such Person who shall be guilty of such Third Offence shall therewith become disqualified from acting in the said Office of a Surveyor of the Pavements in the future or in any other parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and from being reappointed or appointed thereto, and from acting therein, either gratuitously or otherwise, or under any Privilege whatsoever, which he shall be left under the Direction and by the Command of the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons by whom he shall have been appointed: Provided always, that all Costs, Charges and Expenses which such Person, being the Surveyor of the Pavements of any parochial or other District, shall incur or expend in and about the Obedience and Performance of any such Order made by the said Two Justices of the Peace as aforesaid for the Reparation of the Pavements in such parochial or other District being dangerous to Passengers or very defective as aforesaid, as heretofore is directed, or which he shall incur or be put unto as a consequence of his Refusal

Prescribed by the said Order

If Surveyor files this Notice not duly signed, &c.

Justices may do, and Complaint, and relief

Penalty of 40s.

Parish where Expense of Repair made, &c. or may be completed within Six Weeks

Surveyors neglecting to attend as Justices, or disobeying their Orders

First Offence. Second Offence. Third Offence. Forfeitures.

Disqualified.

Penalty for Reimbursement of Costs incurred by any Person in Performance of Orders of a, &c. and costs, &c.

or Neglect as persons and obey any such Order by the Directors in Writing of the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the parochial or other District for which he may be appointed to act, shall be forthwith paid or reimbursed to him by such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, out of the Money which they shall then possess, or shall first therewith receive, by notes or on Account of any Rates or Assessments themselves or themselves made, for and towards the Expenses of the Paving or Repavement of the Pavements of such parochial or other District, or otherwise, by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament, or by virtue of this Act.

Notice of Appointment to be given to Water and Gas Companies.

and Commissioners of Sewers.

Provision for giving Notice to Water and Gas Companies.

Provision for giving Notice to Water and Gas Companies and Commissioners of Sewers to Survey before they break up any Pavement, except for Repairs, &c.

Notice to be given to Water and Gas Companies and Commissioners of Sewers to Survey before they break up any Pavement, except for Repairs, &c.

Notice to be given to Water and Gas Companies and Commissioners of Sewers to Survey before they break up any Pavement, except for Repairs, &c.

X. And he is further enacted, That from time to time, when and as often as any Person shall be appointed by the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, to be a Surveyor of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places in such parochial or other District, such Appointment shall be notified, within Seven Days after every such Appointment, by the Clerk or Clerks or some other Officer of such Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons, to a Clerk, Secretary or some Officer or Servant of each of the several Companies for the Supply of Water, or Proprietors of Water Works, commonly and hereinafter called and denominated as "Water Companies," and of each of the several Companies or Societies or Proprietors of Works for the Supply of inflammable Air or Gas or Gas Light, commonly and hereinafter called and denominated as "Gas Light Companies," whose Pipes for the Conveyance of Water or Gas may or shall then be laid beneath the Surface of any of the Streets or public Places within each of such parochial or other Districts for which such Surveyor shall have been appointed, and also to a Clerk or Secretary of the Commissioners of Sewers then having Jurisdiction over the common and public Drains and Sewers within every such parochial or other District, by a Notice in Writing to be signed by such Clerk or Clerks or other proper Officer of such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, and to be given to a Clerk, Secretary or some other Officer or Servant of the said several Water and Gas Light Companies, or to a Clerk or Secretary of such Commissioners of Sewers, or to be left for them or some or some of them at their or some or some of their Dwelling Houses or Dwelling Houses or Places or Places of Abode, or at an Office or Counting House for the time being of each of such Water and Gas Light Companies or Commissioners of Sewers: Provided, that it shall not be necessary to give any such Notice to any Water or Gas Light Company or Commissioners of Sewers which shall not have previously notified that their Pipes or Drains and Sewers have been and are placed beneath the Streets or public Places within each of such parochial or other Districts, to the Clerk or Clerks or other proper Officers of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places within each of such parochial or other Districts respectively.

XI. And he is further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to or for any Water or Gas Light Company, or for any Commissioners of Sewers, or any Person or Persons acting by or under the Authority of them or any of them, or on their Account, to break or take up, or cause to be broken or taken up, any of the Pavements in any of the Streets or public Places within the Jurisdiction of this Act, for the Purpose of making and laying down any Main or Mains of Pipes, or of making any Sewer, Vault or Drain, or for any other Purpose (except for the Purpose of altering the Position of, or of repairing any Pipes, Stopcocks or Flaps, or of substituting Iron for Wooden Mains or Pipes, or of repairing, cleaning or altering any Sewer, Vault or Drain), unless Notice in Writing of their Intention to break or take up such Pavement, signed by the principal Clerk or Secretary of such Water or Gas Light Company, or Commissioners of Sewers for the time being, or by their Surveyor, or Inspector, or Turncock for the time being, specifying the Street or public Place, and the particular Part of such Street or public Place in which such Pavement is intended to be broken or taken up, shall have been given to a Surveyor of the Pavements for the time being of the parochial or other District wherein such Street or public Place the Pavement whereof is to be broken or taken up shall be liable, or shall have been left for him at his Dwelling-house or Office within such parochial or other District, for the Space of Three Days at the least before such Pavement or any Part thereof shall be so broken or taken up for the Purpose aforesaid; and that no Gas Light Company shall break or take up or disturb, or cause to be broken or taken up or disturbed, the Pavement of any Street or public Place for the Purpose of laying down any new Main or Pipes, without the Consent in Writing of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any parochial or other District, signified under the Hand or Hands of their Clerk or Clerks, or other proper Officer or Officers, first obtained; and also, that any Water or Gas Light Company, or Commissioners of Sewers, or any of them, who shall break or take up, or cause to be broken or taken up, any of the Pavements in any of the Streets or public Places within the Jurisdiction of this Act, for the Purpose of altering the Position of or repairing any Pipes, Stopcocks or Flaps, or of substituting Iron for Wooden Mains or Pipes, or of repairing, cleaning or altering any Sewer, Vault or Drain, shall give such Notice thereof as aforesaid, signed as aforesaid, and in manner aforesaid, unto such Surveyor as aforesaid, within Twelve Hours after any such Water or Gas Light Company, or Commissioners of Sewers, or any Person or Persons acting by or under the Authority of them, or any of them, or on their Account, shall begin to break or take up, or to cause to be broken or taken up, any of such Pavements for the Purpose last aforesaid; and that if any such Water or Gas Light Company, or any Commissioners of Sewers, or any Person or Persons acting by or under their Authority, or on their Account, shall break or take up, or cause to be broken or taken up, any of such Pavement (except for the Purpose of altering the Position of or repairing any Pipes, Stopcocks or Flaps, or of substituting Iron for Wooden Mains or Pipes, or of repairing, cleaning or altering any Sewer, Vault or Drain) without such Three Days previous Notice being given or left as aforesaid; or if any Gas Light Company shall break or take up or disturb, or cause to be broken or taken up or disturbed, any of such Pavement, for the Purpose of laying down any new Main or Pipes, without such Consent as aforesaid; or if any Water or Gas Light Company, or Com-

milliners of Sewers, who may break or take up, or cause to be broken or taken up, any of the Pavements aforesaid, for the Purpose of altering the Position of or of repairing any Pipes, Stoppcocks or Flaps, or of substituting Iron for Wooden Main or Pipes, or of repairing, cleaning or altering any Sewer, Vault or Drain, shall make or engage to give or cause, or to cause to be given or laid, such Notice thereof as aforesaid within Twelve Hours after any such Water or Gas Light Company, or Commissioners of Sewers, or any Person or Persons acting by or under the Authority of them, or any of them, or on their Account, shall begin to break or to take up, or to cause to be broken or taken up, any of such Pavements, then and in every or any such case, the Company, or Commissioners of Sewers, or other Person or Persons so breaking or taking up the same Pavement, or any Part thereof, or causing or directing the same to be broken or taken up, or under whose Authority or on whose Account the same shall be so broken or taken up, or the Persons so breaking or taking up the same, shall forfeit and pay to the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements within the parochial or other District in which such Pavement is broken or taken up or disturbed shall be found, or to their Treasurers, Clerk or Surveyor, or to such other Person as they may appoint, the Sum of Forty Shillings for every Square Foot of Pavement which shall be so broken or taken up without such Notice or Consent as aforesaid, to be recovered in the same manner in which other Forfeitures and Penalties are heretofore directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all new or complete Main or Pipes for the Conveyance of Water, or inflammable Air or Gas, which after the passing of this Act shall be laid down beneath the Surface of any Streets or Public Places within the Jurisdiction of this Act, by or on account of any Water or Gas Light Company, and whether such new or complete Main or Pipes shall or shall not be substituted for or added to any other complete Main or Means of Pipes for the Conveyance of Water or inflammable Air or Gas, theretofore laid down for the Conveyance of Water or of inflammable Air or Gas, shall consist and be made of Iron alone, and of no other Material; and that the Pavements of any Streets or public Places within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or any Part thereof, shall not be broken or taken up for the Purpose of laying down any new Main of Pipes for the Conveyance of Water or of inflammable Air or Gas, during any Part of the Month of December, January or February in any Year; and also, that from and after Ten Years from the passing of this Act, all and every new Main Pipes and Pipes for the Conveyance of Water, or of inflammable Air or Gas, which shall be laid down by or on account of any Water or Gas Light Company, or other Persons, shall consist and be made of Iron alone, and of no other Material; and all and every new Service and other Pipes shall not consist or be made of Wood, but shall consist or be made of Iron or Lead, or of some durable Material; and that if any Water or Gas Light Company, or any other Person, shall break or take up, or cause to be broken or taken up, any such Pavement for the Purpose aforesaid during the Months aforesaid, or shall lay or cause to be laid down any Pipes consisting or made of any Materials in Violation of the Provisions of this Act, then and in every such case the Company or other Person so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds for every Square Foot of Pavement which shall be so broken or taken up by them or on their Account, and the like Sum for every Foot or Length of Pipe which shall be so laid down consisting or made of any such Material; and which said Forfeitures and Penalties shall be recoverable in the same manner in which other Forfeitures and Penalties are heretofore directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to hinder or prevent any Water Company, at any time within or after the Space of Ten Years from the passing of this Act, from repairing all or any of their present Main or Service Pipes, which are not constructed of Iron, with Wood or such other Materials whereof such Main or Pipes are now constructed.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person appointed to act as a Surveyor of the Pavements in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and to and for any other Person or Persons appointed by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of any such parochial or other District, when he shall be directed to do so by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom he or they shall be appointed to act, from time to time and at any times between the Hours of Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon and of Four of the Clock in the Afternoon of any Day not being a Sunday or Holiday appointed by Law, at the Office or Counting House of any Water or Gas Light Company, any of whose Pipes for the Conveyance of Water or of inflammable Air or Gas shall then be laid beneath the Surface of any of the Streets or public Places within each of such parochial or other Districts, the Pavements whereof shall be under the Control of such several Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, or for which any such Surveyor shall be appointed to act, and at the Office of any Commissioners of Sewers then having Jurisdiction over the common and public Drains and Sewers within every such parochial or other District, to examine and inspect any and every Map or Plan, or Draft or Survey, or Delinution or Description, of all and every the Main of Pipes and Pipes belonging to any of such Water or Gas Light Companies, then possessed by them, or being in their Custody or Power, and any and every Map or Plan, or Draft or Survey, Delinution or Description, of the common and public Drains or Sewers being within such parochial or other District, and under the Jurisdiction of such Commissioners of Sewers, then possessed by them, or being in their Custody or Power, to such Surveyor for the time being, or such other Person or Persons appointed by the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any such parochial or other District, having given to a Clerk or Secretary of any such Company or Commissioners of Sewers, or having left at the Office or Counting House of such Company or Commissioners of Sewers, Two Days previous Notice in Writing of his or their Intention to attend at the Office or Counting House of such Company or Commissioners of Sewers for the Purpose aforesaid; and then the Secretary or Clerk, or some other Officer of such Company or Commissioners of Sewers shall then and there produce and show, or cause to be produced and shown, unto such Surveyor or other

Penalty.

How Notice of Water Pipes, &c. to be made of Iron only.

Not laid down during the Months of December, January or February. And to show Ten Years from passing this Act.

Penalty.

Penalty for Water Companies not complying with this Act.

Plans of Pipes and Sewers may be examined by Surveyors of Pavement, &c.

Notice given in Writing.

other Person or Persons, all and every the Maps, Plans, Drawings, Surveys, Delimitations and Descriptions aforesaid, in the Custody or Power of the said Company or Commissioners of Sewers, and shall permit him or them then and there to take Extracts therefrom, or Copies thereof, or of and from any of them, or any Part or any of them, so far as may relate to the Means of Pipes or Pipes, and to the public or common Sewers or Drains which shall be laid or be beneath the Surface of the Streets or public Places within the parished or other District for which such Surveyor of Pavements, or other Person or Persons appointed by any such Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of Pavements, shall be disposed to direct.

Officers of Com-
panies, &c. to
assist them
in and about
the Place of Abode
of the Clerk or
Commissioners
or of Surveyors
of Pavements

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Secretaries or Clerks, Surveyors or Inspectors, and the several respective Turncocks employed or appointed, or heretofore being employed or appointed by all and every the Water and Gas Light Companies, any of whose Pipes shall be laid beneath the Surface of any Street or public Place in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and also all and every the Clerks and Clerks, Secretaries and Secretaries appointed or being heretofore appointed by any Councils, Boards of Sewers whose Jurisdiction shall extend over the common or public Drains or Sewers within every such parished or other District, within Forty Days next after the passing of this Act, or within the Space of Five Days next after he or they shall be heretofore severally appointed to such several Offices, Stations or Employments, shall give Notice in Writing to each and every of the Clerk or Clerks to the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements, or to the Surveyor and Surveyors of the Pavements of each parished or other District, beneath the Surface of the Streets or public Places wherein the Main or Pipes of such Company, or any of them, shall be laid, or there shall be appurtenance or public Drains or Sewers within the Jurisdiction of such Commissioners of Sewers, of his, their and every of their Christian and Surnames and Place or Places of Abode, and of the Company or Commissioners of Sewers by whom he or they is or are, or hath or have been appointed or employed, and also at the Place which he appointed as the Office or Consulting House of the said Company or Commissioners of Sewers, and to cause any such Person or Persons shall signify to give such Notice within the respective times aforesaid, every such Person or Persons in attending is either of the said Cities shall incur and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner in which other Penalties and Forfeitures are heretofore directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

Penalty.

Surveyors may
require Repairs
of Pipes and
Drains when
defective

Notice to be
given to repair
them.

§ 4c

To be done
within six Hours
from Notice, &c.

§ 4c

and Notice
directed to Com-
missioners, &c.

Company to
whom the Pipes
belong and to
personnel by
Notice thereof
or Surveys, &c.

XV. And be it further enacted, That when and as often as it shall appear to any Person appointed to act as a Surveyor of Pavements in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, that any Pipe or Pipes, Stopcock, Plug or other Thing belonging to any Water or Gas Light Company, or that any public Sewer beneath the Surface of the Pavement of any Street or public Place within such parished or other District, be broken or damaged, it shall be lawful for such Surveyor, and he is hereby required, to give immediate Notice, signed by himself, to the Company or Commissioners of Sewers in whom it may appear to him that such Pipe or Stopcock, Plug or other Thing, or Sewer, doth or may belong, by either giving such Notice to a Clerk or Secretary, or to a Turncock of such Company, or to a Clerk or Secretary of such Commissioners of Sewers, or to him or any of them, or by leaving the same at the Place or Places of Abode of him or any of them, or at the Office or Consulting House of such Company or Commissioners of Sewers, and shall require that such Pipe, Stopcock, Plug or other Thing, or Sewer, be examined, and, if needful, that such Pipe, Stopcock, Plug or other Thing be repaired, altered, amended or renewed, and such Sewer be repaired by such Company or Commissioners of Sewers; and that within Forty eight Hours after such Notice shall be so given or left as aforesaid, the said Company or Commissioners of Sewers, or to or for whom, or to or for whose Office or Servant such Notice shall have been given or left as aforesaid, shall cause to be taken up the Pavement of the Street or public Place beneath which the Pipe, Stopcock, Plug or other defective Thing, or Sewer, shall be, and shall cause the Ground to be opened, and shall also cause the said Pipe, Stopcock, Plug or other Thing to be substantially repaired, altered, amended or renewed, or the said Sewer to be examined, and, if necessary, to be substantially repaired, and the Ground properly filled in with hard Rubbish or other good Materials, and rammed down, within Forty eight Hours next after such Notice shall be given or left as aforesaid, or with all convenient Expedition, in the Judgment of the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the parished or other District wherein such Pavement, Street, or public Place shall be situated, and to their Satisfaction, or the Satisfaction of any Three or more of them, and also within Twelve Hours after such Pipe, Stopcock, Plug or other Thing shall be so substantially repaired, altered, amended or renewed, or such Sewer shall be so substantially repaired, and the Ground above the same shall be so filled in and rammed down, the said Company or Commissioners of Sewers shall cause Notice thereof, signed by the Clerk or Secretary to such Company or Commissioners of Sewers, to be given to the said Surveyor of Pavements, or to the Parish or Parson or other Persons then employed or appointed by the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in such parished or other District, to pass and repair the Pavements within such parished or other District, as the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons for the time being may from time to time direct, that such Examination, and, if necessary, such Repairs, Alterations, Amendments or Renewals, shall have made pursuant to such Notice of the Surveyor of Pavements, and that the Ground hath been filled and rammed down, that the Pavement in such Street or public Place may be forthwith relaid in the manner directed by this Act; and in case the Water or Gas Company, or Commissioners of Sewers, to or for whom such Notice of the Surveyor of Pavements shall have been given or left as aforesaid, and in whom such Pipe, Stopcock, Plug or other Thing or Sewer, referred to in such Notice shall belong, shall neglect to cause the same to be repaired, altered or renewed, or to cause the same to be filled in and rammed down to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in such parished or other District, or any Three or more of them, within the time hereinbefore limited and appointed for their Purpose, or shall neglect to give

or

or cause to be given Notice thereof as aforesaid to the said Surveyor of the Pavements, or to some Person or Persons, or other Persons employed or appointed by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in such parochial or other District, to give and repair the Pavement within such parochial or other District; and the said Company or Commissioners or Trustees shall for the said Neglect and Offence forfeit and shall pay the Sum of Eight Pounds, and for the third and every subsequent Neglect and Offence shall forfeit and shall pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner in which other Penalties and Forfeitures are directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That as soon as it shall happen and it shall be discovered, after any Pavement in any Street or public Place shall have been taken up, and the Ground shall have been opened, that any Pipe, Stopcock, Plug or other Thing, beneath the Surface of the Pavement of any Street or public Place, which shall have appeared to any Surveyor of Pavements to require to be repaired, altered, amended or renewed, shall not belong to the Water or Gas Company to or for whom such Notice for the Reparation, Alteration, Amendment or Renewal thereof as aforesaid shall have been given or left as is herein before directed by the said Surveyor, but to some other Water or Gas Company, or to some other Person, then such Company to or for whom the said Notice of the said Surveyor of Pavements shall have been given or left, within Twenty-four Hours after the Notice from the said Surveyor of Pavements shall have been given or left as aforesaid, shall make a Notice, signed by the Secretary or Clerk, to be given in the same manner herein before directed as to the Service of the original Notice to the Company or other Persons to whom the Pipe, Stopcock, Plug or other Thing shall appear to belong, which said Notice to the said Surveyor of Pavements to require Reparation, Alteration, Amendment or Renewal, and shall thereby require them to obey and perform and comply with the said original Notice from the said Surveyor of Pavements, instead of the Company to whom such original Notice had been given; and that such Company or other Persons to whom such Pipe, Stopcock, Plug or other Thing shall belong, shall nevertheless and pay as Demanded to the first mentioned Company to or for whom the original Notice may have been given or left, the reasonable Costs and Charges which they shall have incurred in and about taking up the Pavements and opening the Ground, and shall also, execute, and perform the said original Notice of the said Surveyor, and the Directors of this Act relating thereto, in such and the same manner, and within such and the same time, in all respects, as if the said original Notice from the said Surveyor had been given to them, and they shall be liable to and shall incur the same Penalties and Forfeitures on Neglect to do, as they ought to have done, or would have been liable to, and would have incurred, if the said original Notice had been given to them in manner before directed; and that the Company by whom the Pavements shall be first taken up and the Ground shall be opened, who shall neglect to give the Notice hereby required to the Company to whom the Pipe, Stopcock, Plug or other Thing which shall appear to the Surveyor of the Pavements to require Reparation, Alteration, Amendment or Renewal, shall appear to belong, in manner hereinbefore directed, shall for the said Neglect and Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, and for the second Neglect and Offence shall forfeit and shall pay the Sum of Eight Pounds, and for the third and every subsequent Neglect and Offence shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner in which other Penalties and Forfeitures are hereinbefore directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever after the passing of this Act any Water or Gas Light Company, or Commissioners of Sewers, pursuant to the Provisions hereinbefore contained, shall take up or cause to be taken up any Pavement of any Street or public Place in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or shall place in any Street or public Place any Pipes or other Materials and Things, for the Purpose of executing any Works beneath the Surface of any Street or public Place, or otherwise, and every such Works shall be executed and completed within such reasonable time as the Commissioners or Trustees, or any other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places in such parochial or other District, or any Three or more of them, shall from time to time and at any time direct and appoint; and also, that all such Pipes or other Materials and Things shall be and remain on the Surface of any such Street or public Place, and of any Street or public Place in any parochial or other District, for no longer Period than shall be absolutely necessary in the Judgment of the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in such parochial or other District, or any Three or more of them; and also that the same Pipes or other Materials and Things shall be from time to time and at all times removed and taken away off and from the Surface of any and every Street or public Place by the Water or Gas Light Company, or Commissioners of Sewers, or by the Officers or Servants of the Company, or Commissioners of Sewers, by whom or by whose Orders, or by whose Officers or Servants, or for whose Office or Works, all or any such Pipes or other Materials or Things shall have been brought to and placed on the Surface of such Street or public Place, or any of them, and at their Costs and Charges, within Forty-eight Hours after such Company or Commissioners of Sewers shall have been required to remove and take away the same by the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any such parochial or other District, or any Three or more of them, by a Notice signed by Three or more of such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, and given to such Company or Commissioners of Sewers, or left for them at the Dwelling House or Place of Abode of any Secretary or Clerk or Townsack employed by such Company, or of a Clerk or Secretary to such Commissioners of Sewers, or at the Office or Counting House of such Company or Commissioners of Sewers; and that in case any Company or Commissioners of Sewers shall at any time or times neglect to comply with any and every such Notice, and to obey all and every the Directions which the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any parochial or other District, or any of them, are by this Act authorized and empowered to give, then and in every

First Officer
Second Officer
Subsidiary
Pavement
Notice

Where Notice
may be given
to the proper
Company

Penalties.

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Part Officers
forbid and shall pay the Sum of Five Pounds, and for the Second Neglect and Offence shall forfeit and shall pay the Sum of Eight Pounds, and for the Third and every subsequent Neglect and Offence shall forfeit and shall pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner in which other Penalties and Forfeitures are directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

Buildings
and Structures
erected on
Streets by the
Regents of Pipas,
Sec. 10.10 (Specially
provided)

or Notice.

Neglecting,

Penalty 10.

Bars, Work-
men and other
Inconveniences
may be provided
during Repair
of Pavements,
or prevent
Accidents,

on Streets.

Neglecting,

Penalty 10.

Barriers in the
Pavement may

every or any such safe each Company or Commissioners of Sewers shall for the First Neglect and Offence forfeit and shall pay the Sum of Five Pounds, and for the Second Neglect and Offence shall forfeit and shall pay the Sum of Eight Pounds, and for the Third and every subsequent Neglect and Offence shall forfeit and shall pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner in which other Penalties and Forfeitures are directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Dirt, Gravel, Filth, Rubbish and other Things, which at any time or times after the passing of this Act shall be placed, collected or occasioned by or by means of any Water or Gas Light Company or Commissioners of Sewers, or of any Reports or other Works executed and performed or intended to be executed and performed by their Officers or Servants, or by their Orders or Directions, or on their Account, in any Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, by the taking up of the Pavement of such Streets or public Places, or any of them, or by opening the Ground beneath the Surface of such Streets or public Places, or by the Execution of the Works of any Water or Gas Light Company or otherwise, or which shall be in anywise contiguous thereto or incidental thereto, to the Judgment of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places in any such parochial or other District, or any Three or more of them, shall be from time to time and at all times collected and removed and carried away, by or at the Costs and Charges of such Company or Commissioners of Sewers, with all practicable Expedition, and to the Satisfaction of such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in such parochial or other District, or any Three or more of them; and that each Company or Commissioners of Sewers shall especially so do wherever they shall be required so to do by any Notice from such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in such parochial or other District, or any Three of them, or from any Surveyor of the Pavements appointed by them, signed by them or him, and given to such Company or Commissioners of Sewers, or left for them at the Dwelling House or Place of Abode of any Secretary or Clerk or Turncock employed by such Company or Commissioners of Sewers, or at any Office or Counting House of such Company, or of any Clerk or Secretary to any such Commissioners of Sewers; and that in case any such Company or Commissioners of Sewers shall neglect to collect, carry away and remove, or cause to be collected, carried away and removed, from all and every such Streets and public Places, all such Dirt, Gravel, Filth, Rubbish and other Things whatsoever, within Twenty four Hours after any such Notice shall be from time to time given or left as aforesaid, to the Satisfaction of such Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons by whom any such Notice shall be signed, then the said Company or Commissioners of Sewers shall for every such Neglect and Offence forfeit and shall pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered and applied in the same manner in which other Penalties and Forfeitures are heretofore directed to be recovered and applied by virtue of this Act.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That from time to time and at all times after the passing of this Act, all and every Water or Gas Light Company or Commissioners of Sewers, who shall take up or shall cause or direct the taking up of any Pavement in any Street or public Place in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, for the Purpose of laying down or repairing any Pipe or other Thing, or any Sewer or Drain beneath the Surface of any Street or public Place, or for executing any other Works or otherwise, from time to time and at all times, from the Commencement until the Completion of all and every such Works, and from the breaking up of the said Pavement of any Street or public Place until the same Pavement shall be mended and repaired, at their Costs and Charges (which the said Works shall be completed during the Day on which the said Works shall be commenced) shall place or cause to be placed such Poles, Rails, Bars or Ropes, Lanthorns and Watchmen, as any and every such Street or public Place, and adopt and execute all such other Means for the Protection of any Pedestrians or Mankind to any Pedestrians, Horses, Cattle or Carriages, and every other public Inconvenience, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the parochial or other District wherein any such Street or public Place shall be situated, or of a Surveyor of Pavements, or other Officer or Person appointed by them, in the manner and whenever from time to time such Company or Commissioners of Sewers shall be required so to do by such Surveyor of the Pavements, or any Officer or Person appointed by the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in such parochial or other District, by any Notice to be signed by him or them, and given to such Company or Commissioners of Sewers, or left for them at the Dwelling House or Place of Abode of any Secretary or Clerk or Turncock employed by such Company, or of any Clerk or Secretary to any such Commissioners of Sewers, or at any Office or Counting House of such Company or Commissioners of Sewers; and that in case any such Company or Commissioners of Sewers, for Three Hours after any such Notice as aforesaid, signed or as aforesaid, be given or left as aforesaid, shall neglect to place, or shall neglect to continue for the time before limited, in any Street or public Place, such Poles, Rails, Bars or Ropes, Lanthorns and Watchmen, or to adopt and execute any and every other Means for the Purpose aforesaid, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the parochial or other District wherein any such Street or public Place shall be situated, or of a Surveyor of Pavements or other Officer or Person appointed by them, by whom any such Notice shall be signed, pursuant to and in the manner directed by any such Notice as aforesaid given or left as aforesaid, then and in every such case the said Company or Commissioners of Sewers shall for every such Neglect and Offence forfeit and shall pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner in which other Penalties and Forfeitures are heretofore directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

XX. And be it hereby further enacted, That in case at any time or times hereafter any Pavement in any Street or public Place in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act shall be by the breaking

breaking or falling in or Decay of any Sewer or Drain, Cesspool or Watercourse, or any Pipe or Pipes, Stepcock, Plug or other Thing, become broken or irregular, is so to be dangerous or hazardous to Pedestrians or Carriages, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Surveyor of the Pavements for any such parochial or other District to cause and direct such Part of the Pavements of any Streets or public Places as he shall deem fit dangerous or hazardous to be forthwith inclosed, in such manner, by such Persons, and with such Materials as he may direct, and so may be needful to prevent such Danger and Hazard to Pedestrians or Carriages; and that the Costs and Charges incurred thereupon shall be ascertained and determined by him, and shall be paid and discharged by the Commissioners of Sewers, Water or Gas Company, or other Person or Persons to whom the Sewer or Drain, Cesspool or Watercourse, Pipe or Pipes, Stepcock, Plug or other Thing, is broken, fallen in or decayed, and by the Branch, falling in or Decay whereof such Breach or Irregularity of the Pavement is aforesaid may have been occasioned, and shall and may be certified to them or him, and be paid by them or him within the time, and shall and may be recovered, from them or him in such and the same manner as is by this Act directed, limited and authorised as to any Means to be used to recover from any Persons whomsoever for the Costs and Charges of repairing or putting or repairing any Pavements of any Streets or public Places by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act.

To be used by Surveyors.

By whom costs paid.

Sewer Cocks placed along Streets.

To the Direction of the Surveyors.

Penalty 20s.

Works to be made by Companies, &c.

may be executed by Surveyors of Pavements.

Charges to be paid by Surveyors by Commissioners.

The Amount thereof shall be ascertained and recovered.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no Water Company whose Pipes or Pipes shall be laid beneath the Surface of any Street or public Place in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, shall place or let up, or cause to be placed or let up, any Stand Cock or Pump, or other Instrument, Machine or Thing, for the Supply of Water in times of Flood or otherwise, in any public Street or Place within the Jurisdiction of this Act, which shall be furnished with any other than a Stand Cock and Spout, so be to the Satisfaction of the Surveyor of the Pavements for each parochial or other District for the time being; and that any Water Company who shall let up or cause to be let up any other Stand Cock, Pump or other Instrument, Machine or Thing, furnished with any other than a Stand Cock and Spout, in any Street or public Place, and which shall not be to the Satisfaction of the Surveyor of the Pavements for each parochial or other District, shall forfeit and shall pay for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Shillings, to be recovered in the same manner as which other Penalties and Forfeitures are hereinafter directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

XXII.—And be it further enacted, That in case any Water or Gas Light Company, or Commissioners of Sewers, at any time or times after the passing of this Act, shall apply to take up the Pavement in any Street or public Place in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act; or to open any Ground beneath the Surface of such Street or public Place; or substantially to repair, alter, amend or renew any Pipe, Plug, Stepcock or other Thing, or any public Sewer, as the case may be; or to give the Notice required by this Act to any other Company, or to any Person, Surveyors of Pavements or other Persons, or to remove or take away any Pipe or other Materials or Things from any Street or public Place; or to collect and carry away or remove all Dirt, Gravel, Filth, Rubbish and other Things, from any Street or public Place; or to place and construct Poles, Rails, Bars or Ropes, Ladders and Walkways, in any Street or public Place; or to do and execute all and every such Works and Things, and all or any other Works and Things directed and required by this Act to be done and executed by any such Company or Commissioners of Sewers, and pursuant to any Notice given or left as herein directed by any Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places within any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act; or by the Surveyors of Pavements, or other Officers or Persons appointed by them or otherwise, and to their respective Satisfaction, and within the several times and Periods specified and directed by this Act; then and in every or any of such cases, and at all times afterwards, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Surveyor of the Pavements of the parochial or other District wherein the Street or public Place shall be situated as to which any such Neglect shall occur, and all and every such Surveyors are hereby empowered and required, forthwith to cause all and every such several Works, Matters and Things, which shall not be executed and performed by every such Company or Commissioners of Sewers, or which shall not be well, substantially and effectually executed and performed to his or their Satisfaction, or to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom he or they shall be appointed, within the times and Periods limited by this Act, to be well and effectually performed, to his or their Satisfaction, or to the Satisfaction of such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, as herein provided, as the Costs and Charges of such Company or Commissioners of Sewers who shall have so neglected well, substantially and effectually to perform and execute the same, and every of them, and every Part thereof; and that such Costs and Charges and every of them shall be ascertained and paid by any and every such Company or Commissioners of Sewers to such Surveyor or Surveyors of Pavements, or to the Person or Persons employed by him or them to perform and execute any or every of such Works, or to the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the parochial or other District within which such Works shall be performed and executed, or to their Trustees, or to such other Person or Persons as such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons shall from time to time appoint to receive the same; and that the Amount of such Costs and Charges, and of the Monies so to be paid, being directed by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, shall be ascertained and received, and certified and recovered, (now and above all and every the Penalties and Forfeitures which may be incurred for any such Neglect by virtue of this Act,) in the same manner as which any Costs and Charges which may be incurred, and any Monies which may become due, for and about, and in respect of the relaying or repairing of any Pavements hereafter broken or taken up in any Streets or public Places by or by the Direction or in Accord of any Company, Commissioners of Sewers or other Persons, are to be ascertained and notified and certified, and may be recovered by virtue of this Act.

XXIII. And

Payments
taken up by
Company, &c.
to be made by
Commissioners
of Pavements.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That when and as often as any Payment of any Street or public Place to any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act shall be broken or taken up by any Water or Gas Light Company, or by any Commissioners of Sewers, or by any Person or Persons acting by or under their respective Orders or Authorities, or by any other Person or Persons by the Directions of this Act, or by and with or without the Consent of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any parochial or other District wherein any Street or public Place shall be made the Pavements whereof or any Part whereof shall be broken or taken up, then all such Part and Parts of the Pavements of any such Street or public Place which from time to time and at all times shall be so broken or taken up as aforesaid, and the Payment contiguous thereto, as far as may be rendered necessary in the Judgment of a Surveyor of Pavements to such Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in such parochial or other District, and after the Ground opened shall be filled and rammed down pursuant to the Directions of this Act, shall be with all convenient Speed completely and substantially repaired, with all necessary Stones, Ballast, Gravel and other Materials, and shall be kept in complete Repair, by the Parish or Master then contracting with or employed by such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, or by such Person or Persons as they may from time to time appoint for that Purpose, under the Inspection and Direction and to the Satisfaction of the said Surveyor of Pavements or the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, for the Periods following; (that is to say) all such Part or Parts of the Pavements of any such Street or public Place, which from time to time and at all times shall be so broken or taken up as aforesaid, and the Payment contiguous thereto as aforesaid, which shall be so broken or taken up for the Purpose of making and laying down any Main or Main of Pipes, or of substituting lines for Wooden Pipes, or of making any Sewer, Vault or Drain, for Twelve Calendar Months next ensuing the breaking and taking up of the same Pavements; and all such Part or Parts of the Pavements of any such Street or public Place, which from time to time and at all times shall be so broken or taken up as aforesaid, and the Payment contiguous thereto as aforesaid, which shall be so broken or taken up for the Purpose of altering the Position of or of repairing any Pipes, Spouts or Flues, or of repairing, cleaning or altering any Sewer, Vault or Drain, for Three Calendar Months next ensuing the breaking and taking up the same Pavements; and that the Costs, Charges and Expenses of doing out any Ground, and filling in hard Rubbish or other good Materials, and of repairing and keeping in necessary Repair for the Periods aforesaid all or any such Pavements in manner aforesaid, and all the Expenses of Cartage, and all other Charges and Expenses attending the same, as well as all Costs and Charges which may be incurred pursuant to the Directions of this Act by any Surveyor of Pavements in and about executing and performing any Works or Matters required to be executed and performed by any Company or Commissioners of Sewers, as heretofore aforesaid, shall be ascertained and fixed from time to time by the Surveyor of Pavements to such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons within whose parochial or other District such Works or other Matters shall have been performed and executed, or such Pavements shall have been broken up and repaired; and such Costs and Charges from time to time, whenever directed by the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons, shall be certified by their Clerk or Clerks, Surveyor or Surveyors of Pavements, or one of them, or some other Officer or Person appointed by them, by a Note to be given to the said Company or Commissioners of Sewers or other Person who shall have neglected to perform and execute such Works, or by whom, or by whose Orders or Authorities or on whose Account such Payment shall have been broken or taken up, or to be left to the said Company, Commissioners of Sewers, or other Person or Persons, at their Dwelling House or Dwelling Houses, or Place or Places of Abode, or at any Office or Counting House, of any such Company or Commissioners of Sewers, or at the Dwelling House or Place of Abode of any Secretary, Clerk or Turncock employed by such Company, or at any Clerk or Secretary to any such Commissioners of Sewers; and that the full Amount of the Costs and Charges so certified shall be paid within Two Months after the same Note shall be given or left as aforesaid, by such Company or Commissioners of Sewers, or other Person or Persons to or for whom the same Note shall have been given or left as aforesaid, to the Surveyor of Pavements, or to the Treasurers to such Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements as aforesaid, or to the Master or Master or other Person or Persons as the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, by the full Note of their Clerk or Clerks, Surveyor or Surveyors, or other Officer or Person, shall direct and appoint to receive the same, or any Part thereof; and the Receipt or Receipts of the Person or Persons so appointed to receive the same shall be a good and effectual Discharge or Discharges for any and every such Payment, and for all and every the Moneys in any such Receipt or Receipts specified and acknowledged to have been received; and also that it shall be in any time or times the full Amount of such Costs and Charges so certified as aforesaid shall not be so fully paid without any Deductions or Abatement whatsoever, within Two Months after such Note as aforesaid shall have been given or left as aforesaid, and although no other Demand shall be made of any such Amount or Costs and Charges, or any Part thereof, then from time to time and at all times afterwards it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements as aforesaid, to recover Double the Amount of such Costs and Charges so certified and being unpaid, of and from the Company or Commissioners of Sewers, or other Person or Persons to or for whom such Note shall have been given or left as aforesaid, either by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Company or Commissioners of Sewers or other Person or Persons, by a Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace for the City, Borough or County wherein such parochial or other District shall be situate, and which Warrant every such Justice is hereby empowered and required to grant, upon Proof of the Service of such Note as aforesaid, and of the Nonpayment of the Costs and Charges thereby certified, by the Oath or Affirmation of the Person who shall have left any such Note as directed by this Act, and by

Charges thereof
ascertained and
certified,

the Amount to
be paid within
Two Months,

or Double the
Amount from
time to
time.

the Oath or Affirmation of the Parties or Persons appointed by such Note to receive such Costs and Charges of the Management thereof, and every Part thereof, to him or them, and which Oath or Affirmation may and every such Justice of the Peace is hereby empowered and required to administer, or to recover the same and every Part thereof in any Court or Courts of Requests or County Court, or by any Justice or Justices in any Court of Law; and that in any such Proceedings in any Court or Courts of Requests or County Court, or in any such Action or Actions, it shall be not necessary for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, or the Claimant or Claimants, Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, in any such Proceedings or Actions, to prove the Service of such Note pursuant to the Direction of this Act, to entitle him or them to recover by such Proceedings, or by such Action or Actions, from the said Company or Commissioners of Sewers or other Persons or Persons, Double the full Amount of such Costs and Charges as certified by such Note, unless the said Company or Commissioners of Sewers or other Persons or Persons shall prove, upon the Return of the Summons in such Proceedings in any Court or Courts of Requests or County Court, or on the Trial of such Action or Actions, the actual Payment of the full Amount of the Costs and Charges as certified, within Two Months after the said Note was left as aforesaid, to the Parties or Persons thereby appointed to receive the same; and that in any and every such Action or Actions, no Costs, Proceedings or Wager of Law, or Plea in Abatement, or any dilatory Plea, or more than One Imparliament, shall be allowed.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That it may be lawful to and for the Persons, who, under any local Act or Acts of Parliament for any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, are empowered to make Rates and Assessments for the Expenses of paving or keeping in Repair the Pavements of any Streets or public Places within such parochial or other Districts, either separately or jointly with other Parishes, from time to time and at all times after the passing of this Act, for and towards making any Pavements or Repairs, Manners or Things, in such local Act or Acts of Parliament contained, to enter and sign all and every or any such Rates or Assessments as shall be from time to time necessary or expedient for paving or repairing the Pavements of the Streets and public Places within such parochial or other District, pursuant to the Direction of the local Act or Acts of Parliament for such parochial or other District, or of this Act; and for the Payment of all Debts or Charges heretofore incurred or hereafter to be incurred in and about the Execution of such local Act or Acts of Parliament and of this Act, or either of them, as to the paving and repairing the Pavements of and in such parochial or other District; and for the Payment of any Taxed, or Annuities charged or chargeable on the Parish Rates of the said parochial or other District, or for the Payment of any principal Monies which may be due in respect thereof, either separately or jointly for other Parishes, as to such Persons shall seem reasonable and proper, not exceeding in Amount in any one Year double the Sum or Sums in the Pound limited and fixed in the local Act or Acts of Parliament for such parochial or other District as the Rate or Rates in the Pound which may be made for and towards the Charges of paving and repairing the Pavements thereof, and either separately or jointly with any other Object or Objects, except in such parochial or other Districts wherein the Sum or Sums in the Pound limited and fixed in the local Act or Acts of Parliament for such of such parochial or other Districts, as such Rate or Rates in the Pound, are at the time of the passing of this Act limited and fixed in a Sum not exceeding One Shilling in the Pound, and in any such parochial or other District not exceeding in Amount in any one Year twice the Sum or Sums in the Pound, be limited and fixed; and that such Rates or Assessments may be either submitted for the Rates or Assessments directed by such local Act or Acts of Parliament to be made for or in respect of the paving and keeping in Repair the Pavements of such parochial or other District, either separately or exclusively or jointly with any other Object or Objects, or may be additional thereto, as the Persons making the said Rates or Assessments from time to time at the making thereof may determine and direct; and that such Rates and Assessments, and also all Rates or Assessments made and signed from and after the passing of this Act, for and in respect of or towards the paving or repairing the Pavements of the Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District, and either separately or jointly with or towards any other Object or Objects, by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament, or by virtue of this Act, shall be laid upon all and every Person or Persons who do and shall inhabit, hold, occupy, be in Possession of or enjoy, any Messuages, Tenements, Lands, Grounds, Coach Houses, Stables, Cellars, Vaults, Houses, Shops, Warehouses or other Buildings or Hereditaments, tenements or being within any of the Streets or Places within the said parochial or other District, and shall be full and equal Pound Rates, and shall be laid according to the usual Rates or Value of such Messuages, Tenements, Lands, Grounds, Coach Houses, Stables, Cellars, Vaults, Houses, Shops, Warehouses or other Buildings and Hereditaments respectively; and also that all Rates or Assessments heretofore made by virtue of this Act shall be made and signed and allowed and published by the same Persons and in the same manner as hath been directed by the local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to each particular parochial or other District, as to the Rates or Assessments for such parochial or other District for and towards the Expenses of paving and repairing the Pavements thereof, and either separately or jointly with any other Object or Objects, by such local Act or Acts of Parliament; and that all such Rates or Assessments, being so made and signed and allowed and published (where such Signatures, Allowance and Publication shall be necessary), shall be good and effectual; and that all and every such Rates and Assessments to be made by virtue of this Act, or to be hereafter made by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament for any such parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, shall become due and payable and may be recovered and enforced as here at the time shall have been duly made and signed, published and allowed, when such Signatures, Publication and Allowance shall be necessary under any local Act or Acts of Parliament for any such parochial or other District; but that the same may be collected in one or several Payments, or partly or half yearly, or quarterly, as the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places of any

Street,
Paving Rates
not to be made by
Persons having
expressed;

not exceeding
12. in the Pound.

Upon when laid.

Laid according
to Assessment
or Value, and so
to be published, &c.

As aforesaid,
and to be collected
half
yearly.

Proviso for
Corporation of
public Works
in Southwark.

such parochial or other District, shall from time to time think proper and direct: Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to render the Inhabitants and Owners of public Works within the Town and Borough of Southwark liable to a greater Proportion of such Rates or Assessments than they now are liable to under the local Acts of Parliament relating to the Pavements and Improvements of the said Town and Borough of Southwark.

Separate Rates
may be made for
other Objects.

XXV. Provided always, and be it also enacted, That in any parochial or other District wherein by virtue of the local Act or Acts of Parliament One general Rate or Assessment only is directed to be made for the paving and repairing of the Pavements thereof, as well as for other Objects and Purposes mentioned in such local Act or Acts of Parliament, it may be lawful to and for the Persons authorized by such local Act or Acts to make such Rate or Assessment, to make and levy from time to time such separate Rates or Assessments for the other Objects and Purposes mentioned in such local Act or Acts of Parliament, and to make and levy such other separate Rate or Assessment as may be necessary for the Purposes of paving or repairing the Pavements of such parochial or other District, and for the Payment of any Interest or Annuities charged thereon, or for the Payment of any principal Monies due or which may become due in respect thereof under and by virtue of this Act, or shall and may make and levy from time to time general Rates or Assessments, as well for and towards the Expenses of and concerning the paving or repairing the Pavements of such parochial or other District, for all and every or any of the other Objects and Purposes relating to the said parochial or other District mentioned in any such local Act or Acts of Parliament, as such Persons authorized by such local Act or Acts to make such Rates or Assessments shall from time to time deem most expedient; and that the Monies to be raised under and by virtue of such several separate Rates or Assessments, or general Rates or Assessments, when and as they shall be collected and received, or any Portion of such general Rates or Assessments, shall be either paid to Our Treasurer or other Person or Persons, and be considered as One general Fund, to be applied to the Purposes mentioned in such local Act or Acts of Parliament and in this Act, or shall be paid to different Treasurers or other Persons or Persons, and be considered as separate and distinct Funds, to be applied in Part for and towards the Expenses of and concerning the Pavements of the Streets and public Places in each of such parochial or other Districts, and in other Part towards the other Objects and Purposes for which the several separate Rates and Assessments or general Rates or Assessments shall be made, as the Persons authorized to make such separate Rates or Assessments, or such general Rates or Assessments, from time to time at the making and levying thereof may determine and direct.

To whom to be
paid.

Indisputable
Deeds to not
otherwise made.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if the Persons authorized by any local Act or Acts of Parliament for any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act to make the Rates and Assessments for and towards the Expenses of paving or keeping in Repair the Pavements of any Street or public Place within such parochial or other District, jointly or separately with any other Objects or Persons, shall refuse or neglect to make such Rates or Assessments from time to time as shall be necessary for paving and repairing the Pavements of and within such parochial or other District, and for the Payment of any Interest or Annuities charged on the paving or other Rates of such parochial or other District, and for the Discharge of any Debt due and demandable in respect of the Pavements thereof, and for all the Purposes of this Act, after deducting the Charges and Expenses attendant upon and of the other Objects and Purposes for which any such Rates or Assessments may from time to time be made, then and in every such case, and so often as it shall happen, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places within such parochial or other District, and they are hereby empowered, as next together, and having ascertained the Money necessary to be raised for the Purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, or such Number of them as, under and by virtue of their particular local Act or Acts of Parliament or of this Act, shall be competent to act, or more of them, shall make and levy such full and equal Parochial Rates or Assessments as may from time to time be needed to produce and obtain such Money necessary to be raised for the Purposes aforesaid; and that such Rates or Assessments shall be made and allowed and published in the manner before directed as to Rates and Assessments to be made by virtue of this Act, where any Allowance or Publication shall be necessary under any local Act or Acts of Parliament for any such parochial or other District, and which Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, being so made and signed, published and allowed, when such Signature, Publication or Allowance shall be necessary as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be as good, valid and efficient, and shall and may be collected and levied in like manner, as if the same had been made and signed by the Persons authorized to make and levy such paving or other Rates or Assessments for such parochial or other District by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament; any such Act or Acts, or any other Custom, Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commons, etc. may make
Rate of Rates.

Other Rates
may be collected,
or, in default
of levying such
Paving Rates,

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Clerk or Clerks, or any other Person or Persons appointed by the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, under any local Act or Acts of Parliament, or by the Persons authorized by any such local Act or Acts of Parliament, or by virtue of this Act, to make any Rates or Assessments for or towards the paving and repairing the Pavements of the Streets and public Places within any such parochial or other District, either separately or jointly with any other Objects or Persons as heretofore is mentioned, at any time or times between the Hours of Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon and Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, on any Day not being a Sunday, or on a Holiday appointed by Law, or public, business and respect the Bank or Books of the Rates or Assessments for the Relief of the Poor, or for the Land or Aided Taxes, or of any other public, parliamentary, parochial or local Tax affecting or charged upon or in preparation to the Messengers or Heretofore mentioned, hold or proceed by any Person or Persons within any such parochial or other District, in order that thereby the Names of such Persons liable to be assessed to such paving or other Rates or Assessments,

and

and the Messengers or Herodiments in respect whereof such Person or Persons shall be charged to such Rates or Assessments, and the Value of such Messengers or Herodiments, may be more correctly ascertained; and that such Clerk or Clerks or other Person or Persons to be appointed, at the Expense of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom he or they shall be employed or appointed, may then take Copies or Extracts from such Books and Rates and Assessments at his or their Persons; and the Clerk or Clerks, Collector or Collectors, or other Persons having the Custody or Power over such Books and Rates and Assessments, shall and he and they it are hereby directed to produce the same, and all and every of them, whenever demanded required by the Clerk or Clerks or other Persons so appointed as aforesaid for the Purposes aforesaid, by a Notice signed by such Clerk or Clerks or other Person or Persons so appointed as aforesaid, given in or left for him or them, or any of them, at his or their or any of their Dwelling House or Dwelling Houses, Office or Offices, or his or their Place or Places of Abode, at the Hour and on the Day and in the Dwelling House or Office mentioned in such Notice; and that if such Clerk or Clerks, Collector or Collectors, or other Person or Persons having the Custody or Power of such Book or Books, Assessment or Assessments, shall neglect to do, then he or they shall forfeit for such Offence and Neglect and shall pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner in which other Forfeitures and Penalties are levied, after directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Messengers or other Herodiments shall be purely within two or more parishes or other Districts within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or partly within any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and partly without such Jurisdiction, then the Inhabitants, Holders or Occupiers thereof, or other Person or Persons liable to be rated in respect thereof, shall be rated and assessed to the Rates and Assessments to be made by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Payment of such of such parishes or other Districts, jointly or separately with any other Parish or Parishes, or by virtue of this Act, so the paying and other such Rates and Assessments, for each of such parishes or other Districts, for a proportionable Part of the Rate or Value thereof, according to the Quantity or Extent or Value of the Part of any such Messengers or other Herodiments which may be in each of such parishes or other Districts; and that it shall and may be lawful for any Commissioners or Trustees, or any other Person having the Control of the Payments in such of such parishes or other Districts, and they are hereby respectively authorized and required, to ascertain, settle and determine in what Proportion of the Rate or Value of such Messengers or Herodiments such Person or Persons shall be rated and assessed and shall pay towards the said rating and other Rates or Assessments of each of such parishes or other Districts respectively.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That if it shall appear to the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Payments in any Streets or public Places in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, at any time or times after any Rating Rate or Assessment shall have been duly made, or made and allowed, by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament for their parish or other District, or by virtue of this Act, that the Name or Names of any Person or Persons who ought to be included in such Rate or Assessment hath or have been omitted therein, or that the Name or Names of some Person or Persons hath or have been inserted in such Rate or Assessment as Inhabitants, Holders or Occupiers of any Messengers or Herodiments, for and in respect of which some other Person or Persons ought to have been rated or assessed, or that any other Alteration or Amendment of such Rate or Assessment may be necessary, then and in any or either of such cases it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons, to add or insert, or cause to be added and inserted, to or in such Rate or Assessment, the Name or Names of the Person or Persons so omitted, together with the Sum or Sums for which he or they ought to be rated and assessed, and the Amount of such Rate or Assessment as respects thereof; and also to insert and substitute, or cause to be inserted and substituted, the Name or Names of such Person or Persons as may be the Inhabitants, Holders or Occupiers of any Messengers or Herodiments, instead of and for the Name or Names of the Person or Persons incorrectly inserted in such Rate or Assessment as the Inhabitants, Holders or Occupiers of any Messengers or Herodiments, and otherwise from time to time to alter and amend the said Rate and Assessment as they may from time to time deem necessary; and that every such Addition, Insertion, Alteration and Amendment, to or in any such Rate or Assessment, shall be valid and effected in Law to all Intents and Purposes, and the Moneys charged to any Person or Persons in consequence thereof shall and may be demanded, received and recovered in the same manner as if the Name or Names of such Person or Persons, or other Alteration or Amendment, had been inserted and made in such Rate or Assessment at the time of or previous to the original making or Signature or Allowance or Publication thereof, where any Signature or Allowance or Publication may be required by the said local Act or Acts.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That it may be lawful to and for the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Payments of the Streets or public Places in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, to include in any Rate or Assessment for or towards the Costs and Charges of paving or repairing the Pavement of and within such parish or other District, either jointly or separately with any other Objects as Purposes, to be hereafter made by virtue of the said local Act or Acts relating to the Payment of such parish or other District, or to such Payments and other Objects, or by virtue of this Act, and to cause to be rated and assessed thereby any cathedral, college or other Church or Churches, parishes and other Chapels, Meeting Houses, Places for Religious Worship, Hospitals, public Schools, and all other public Buildings within each of such parish or other Districts, which now is or hereafter may be built, and all other Place or Places which by any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any particular parish or other District may be or are to be liable to be rated

and Collections at the Expense of the Commissioners, &c.

Rates to be provided as before.

Power to add Parish Districts to the proportionally assessed.

Commissioners, &c. may rectify Omissions or Errors in Rating Rates.

Public Buildings to be rated.

Cathedral Churches, &c. parishes, &c.

need or affixed for these Purposes, or any of them, at a Rate not exceeding in any one Year the Sum of One Shilling for every Square Yard of the Foot, Curbage Way, and other Pavements contained in One Half of the entire Width of as much of any and every Street or public Place as shall or may lay before as at the Sides or Rear of, or abut upon or adjoin to such Cathedral, collegiate, or other Church or Churches, parished and other Chapels, Meeting Houses, Places for Religious Worship, Hospitals, public Schools, and other public Buildings or Place or Places respectively, as before, upon or to the Area or Ground in front of or fronting or adjoining to the same, or any Part or Parts thereof, or the Entrance to the same; and also to any and all lands thereby all and every the Church Yards, Cemeteries or other Burying Places, dead Walls, and wall Spaces of Ground within such parished or other Districts, and which are not charged to such Rates or Affirmances in respect of any Messuages or other Buildings whereunto they may be appertinent, at a Rate not exceeding in any one Year the Sum of One Shilling for every Square Yard of the Foot and Curbage Way, and other Pavements contained in One Half of the entire Width of as much of any and every such Street or public Place as shall or may lay before at the Side or Rear of, or abut upon or adjoin to such Church Yards, Cemeteries or other Burying Places, dead Walls and wall Spaces of Ground, or any Part or Parts thereof; and that every of the said Rates or Affirmances to made from time to time shall be paid for such Cathedral, collegiate or other Churches, parished and other Chapels, Meeting Houses, Places for Religious Worship, Hospitals, public Schools, and other public Buildings, Church Yards, Cemeteries or other Burying Places, dead Walls and wall Spaces of Ground, by the Persons following; (that is to say), the Rates or Affirmances of and for any Cathedral or collegiate Church, by the Dean or Chapter thereof; and of and for any other Churches or parished Chapels, and Church Yards and parished Cemeteries, by the Churchwardens or Chapwardens thereof respectively for the time being; and the Rates or Affirmances of or for any Hospitals, by the Stewards or Housekeepers of such Hospitals for the time being; and the Rates or Affirmances of or for any public Schools, by the Masters or Mistress of such public Schools for the time being; and the Rates or Affirmances of and for any Gallies Houses or Gaols, or Courts of Justice, by the Clerk or Clerks of the Peace for the City, Borough or County for the time being; and the Rates or Affirmances of and for any other public Buildings, by the Housekeeper or other Keepers, or other Person or Persons having the Care of such other public Buildings as aforesaid for the time being; and that such Rates or Affirmances of and for any other Cemeteries or Burial Places, not being parished, shall be paid by the Owners or Proprietors thereof respectively, or by the Persons who for the time being shall receive the Money which shall be paid for the Interment of the Dead thereon; and such Rates or Affirmances of and for any other Chapels or Meeting Houses and Places for Religious Worship (not being parished) shall be paid by the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, Occupier or Occupiers thereof respectively, or any Person or Persons who shall receive or collect any Money for the Seats or Pews therein, or any other Money arising thereon; and such Rates or Affirmances of and for such dead Walls or wall Spaces of Ground shall be paid by the Owner, or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, Occupier or Occupiers thereof respectively, or the Person or Persons claiming to be the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of any wall Spaces of Ground, where there shall be no actual Occupier or Occupiers thereof respectively, as the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any such parished or other District shall from time to time direct; and that all and every such Person respectively shall be charged with and shall pay such Sums of Money as shall from time to time be rated, affixed or applied as or in respect of or for the said Pavements respectively; and the Rates or Affirmances for any other Place or Places which by any such local Act or Acts as aforesaid may be or are or are liable to be rated and affixed, shall be paid by such Person or Persons, Officer or Officers, as by the (said local Act or Acts are directed to pay the Rates thereby authorized to be made and affixed; and that the same Rates and Affirmances may be recovered from all and every such Person respectively, and be applied, in such manner as other Rates and Affirmances made for and towards the Expenses of paving and repairing the Pavements, either separately or jointly with any other Districts and Purposes, are directed to be recovered and applied by any local Act or Acts relating to the Pavements and other Districts and Purposes of such parished or other District, or as or and by the Acts.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That every Rate or Affirmance which at any time or times hereafter shall be made, had or affixed, by virtue of this Act, or by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament, for or towards the paving or repairing the Pavements of the Streets or public Places in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, either exclusively or jointly with or for any other Districts or Purposes, for or in respect of any Messuages or Hereditaments which any Ambassadors, Envoys, Resident Agents, or other public Member of any Foreign Prince or State, or the Servant of any such Ambassadors, Envoys, Resident Agents, or other public Member, or any other Person who may not be liable by Law to pay such Rate or Affirmance, now made or hereafter shall make, shall be paid by and recoverable from the Landlord or Owner of every such Messuage or Hereditament, who shall be liable and compellable to the Payment thereof; and the same shall be recovered from such Landlord or Owner in such and the same manner as the other Rates or Affirmances made by virtue of this Act, or by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament, for or towards the paving or repairing the Pavements of the Streets or public Places in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, either exclusively or jointly with or for any other Districts or Purposes, may be recovered from any other Owner or Occupier of any Messuages or Hereditaments either by virtue of this Act or of any such local Act or Acts.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Messuages or Hereditaments, at the time of making any of the Rates or Affirmances directed to be made under or by virtue of this Act, or of any local Act or Acts of Parliament, for or towards the paving or repairing the Pavements of the Streets or public Places in any parished

parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, either exclusively or jointly with or for any other Objects or Purposes, shall be empty, untenanted or unoccupied, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Parson or Parsons entitled by any local Act or Acts of Parliament or by this Act to make such Rates or Assessments for such parished or other District, so soon and as often such Messuages or Hereditaments respectively at One Half of such Rates or Assessments during the time only that such Messuages or Hereditaments shall be empty, untenanted or unoccupied, and also in case any such Premises, after the making of such Rates or Assessments, shall become tenanted, untenanted or unoccupied, One Half only of such Rate or Assessment shall be charged on such Premises respectively, for and during so long time as the same shall continue empty, untenanted and unoccupied; and then and in any of the said cases, the said Rates or Assessments, and all Arrears due thereon, shall be paid by the Owner or Owners, or by the Act or any other Tenant or Occupier thereof respectively; and in which last case every such Tenant or Occupier shall and may be and is hereby authorized to demand and detain the same out of his or their Rent or Rents respectively, and the Owner or Owners of such Messuages or Hereditaments in and are hereby required to allow such Deduction and Payment out of his or their respective Rent or Rents, and the said Tenant or Tenants, Occupier or Occupiers, shall be and is and are hereby acquitted and discharged of and from so much of his or their Rent or Rents as shall be the Amount of any such Rates or Assessments, and all Arrears due thereon to be paid by him or them in respect of such Messuages or Hereditaments, during such Period as the same shall have been empty, untenanted, and unoccupied, previous to his or their Tenancy or Occupation thereof.

By whom such Rates paid.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That as to and for any Messuages or other Hereditaments in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, the yearly Value of any of which Messuages or Hereditaments shall not exceed Twenty Pounds, or which shall be let to weekly or monthly Tenants, or shall be let furnished or in Lodgings, or in separate Apartments, or at Rents which shall become payable and to be collected at any future Periods then quarterly, the Owner or Owners of all and every such Messuages or Hereditaments (for the Purpose of this Act, but not as to any Settlement which may be made by any Parson or Parsons in respect of his, her or their renting or occupying such Messuages or Hereditaments, or any Part or Parts thereof,) shall be deemed and taken to be the Occupier and Occupiers of such Messuages or Hereditaments, and may be rated and assessed for and in respect of the same accordingly; and that the Parson or Parsons having such Messuages or Hereditaments respectively, or claiming or receiving the Rents and Proceeds thereof, may be from time to time demanded and considered to be the Owner and Owners thereof; and that all and every such Owner and Owners from time to time and at all times hereafter may be rated and assessed to and by any Rates or Assessments made or to be made for or towards the Expense of paving or repairing the Pavements of the Streets or public Places in the parished or other District within which such Messuages or Hereditaments may be situate, either exclusively or jointly with or for any other Objects or Purposes, either by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such parished or other District, or of this Act, as the Occupier or Occupiers of such Messuages or Hereditaments respectively, which the Parson or Parsons making such Rates or Assessments by virtue of any such local Act or Acts, or of this Act, shall from time to time prefer and determine to rate the actual Occupier or Occupiers of such Messuages or Hereditaments respectively; and the Parson or Parsons so rated, whether the Owner or Owners, or the Occupier or Occupiers, shall from time to time pay or cause to be paid all and every such Rates or Assessments in respect of such Messuages or Hereditaments respectively; and upon Nonpayment thereof, such Rates or Assessments may be levied by the District and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Parson or Parsons respectively, wherefore they shall be bound, or of the Goods and Chattels of the Parson or Parsons inhabiting the same Messuages or Hereditaments respectively, and may be otherwise levied for or recovered in like manner in which such Rates or Assessments may be levied and recovered from any other Persons by virtue of such local Act or Acts of Parliament, or by virtue of this Act: Provided always, that no Owner or Owners, nor any Parson or Parsons, shall be charged with or liable to pay for and in respect of any licensed Rent referred or made payable on him or them for or on account of any Agreement made by such Owner or Owners, or Parson or Parsons, with the actual Occupier or Occupiers of such Messuages or Hereditaments, that such Owner or Owners or other Parson or Parsons would pay the several Rates or Assessments thereupon upon the Occupier or Occupiers of such Messuages or Hereditaments respectively: And provided also, that if the Owner or Owners of any Messuage or Hereditament, the yearly Value whereof shall not exceed Twenty Pounds, and which shall be let to One Tenant only at a Rent which shall be no payable and be collected only by quarterly Payments, shall be rated and assessed as the Occupier or Occupiers of any such Messuage or Hereditament, then upon Request in Writing under the Hand or Hands of any such Owner or Owners, and a true and full Statement in Writing of the Name of the actual Tenant or Occupier at every such Messuage or Hereditament, and such other Information relating thereto as the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Payment in any such parished or other District respectively shall from time to time demand and require, and make or Satisfaction, the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons aforesaid shall compound with any such Owner or Owners of such Messuage or Hereditament for Payment of the said Rates or Assessments for and in respect of every such Messuage or Hereditament, in such reduced yearly Rental as such Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons shall think reasonable, not being more than Three Fourth Parts nor less than One Half of the said Rent; or Annual Value of such of such Messuages or Hereditaments respectively, or shall even to such Owner or Owners Such Part of such Rate or Assessment as such Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons shall think reasonable, not being less than One Fourth Part nor more than One Half of such Rates or Assessments, to which such Owner or Owners shall be rated or assessed in respect of such of such Messuages or Hereditaments respectively; and also, that it may be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons so aforesaid, if they shall think proper, to compound with any Owner or Owners of any Messuages or other Hereditaments

Rates they be assessed for shall be paid by the Owner or Owners, or by the Act or any other Tenant or Occupier thereof respectively.

By whom such Rates paid.

Part 6. respecting Assessment for paving Roads in Towns, Cities and Villages.

It is not to be paid by the Owner or Owners, but by the actual Tenant or Occupier, who shall be liable to pay the same, and may be rated and assessed accordingly.

Commissioners may compound the Rates with

Presented at
Washington, D.C.,
September 1962

roommate in their apartment or other District, which shall be let to weekly or monthly Tenants, or which shall be let furnished or in Lodgings, or in separate Apartments, or at Rooms which shall become payable or to be collected at any future Periods than quarterly. For Payment of the said Rate or Affiliations for or in respect of such Messuages or Hereditaments at such reduced Yearly Rental as such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons shall think reasonable, not being less than Two Third Parts of the Rack Rent or Annual Value of such Messuages or Hereditaments respectively, or to remit to the Owner or Owners of any such Messuages or Tenements respectively the said mentioned Part of such Rate or Affiliation as such Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons shall think proper, not being more than One Third Part of the Rate or Affiliations in which such Owners or Owners shall be rated or assessed in respect of each of such last-mentioned Messuages or Hereditaments respectively, or otherwise to collect from such Owners or Owners the whole of such Rate or Affiliations, in they shall think proper; and also that any such Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, may vary, discontinue or resume either or any of such Compulsions, as such Commissioners, Trustees and other Persons shall think good to cause done or executed.

November 1997
 November 1998
 November 1999
 November 2000

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further covenanted, That nothing in the A.G. contained shall be construed, deemed or taken to impede, alter or make void any Agreement made between any Landlord and Tenant in any Lease now granted, or hereafter to be granted, pursuant to any Covenants or Agreements now existing; any thing to the A.G. contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Planted some good
ones in the garden.

XXXX. And he it being said, That in case any time or times hereafter any Owner or Owners, or Occupier or Occupiers of any Messuage or Housestead, Situate in any Street or Place in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this A.C. do and is refused, allowed or as they shall be rated or assessed to any Rate or Assessment made or to be made for and towards the Expenses of paving or repairing the Pavement of the Streets or public Places in such parished or other District, and either voluntarily or jointly with or for any other Object or Objects, either by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such parished or other District, or by virtue of the A.C. or any other Statute or Statutes so rated and assessed, or liable to be rated and assessed, or in pay the Money so rated or assessed as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to pay the Money rated and assessed upon him or them respectively, or which he or they may be liable to pay by virtue of such local Act or Acts of Parliament or of this A.C. and all Arrears now or hereafter due thereon, or upon any former Rate or Rates or Assessments or Assessments

For more information:

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1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 26

1. **Project Name:** [Project Name]
 2. **Project ID:** [Project ID]
 3. **Project Manager:** [Project Manager]
 4. **Project Status:** [Project Status]

shall be lawful for any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City, Borough or County wherein such parcel or other District shall be situate, and is hereby authorized and directed, by Writing under his Hand, or in his Name under the Hand of any Person authorized by him to sign the same, on Complaint made by the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Payments of such parochial or other District, or any One or more of them, or any Officer or other Person appointed by them, to Summon all and every Person and Persons who shall have refused and neglected as aforesaid, to appear, at a time and Place to be mentioned in such Summons, before the Justice, or before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the same City, Borough or County who shall be then and there present; and it shall be lawful for any Person appointed to collect and receive the Rates or Assessments, or for any of the Constables, Headboroughs or Beadles of any such parochial or other District, or for any other Person, to serve all and every such Summons and Summonses upon all and every Person and Persons so refusing or neglecting to pay as aforesaid, either by delivering the same to the Person or Persons thereby intended to be summoned, or by leaving the same at his or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, or at or on the Premises for or in respect whereof the Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments mentioned in such Summons, shall remain due and owing; and if any Person or Persons so Summoned shall refuse or neglect to attend at the time and Place mentioned in such Summons, or if he or they shall attend, yet shall not show good and sufficient Cause to such Justice or Justices as may be then and there present, that he or they or any of them are not chargeable with such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, then and in every such case every such Person or Persons shall pay the Rate or Rates in respect of which such Summons was issued, and also the Costs and Charges of such Summons; and in all cases where such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, or any of them, shall not be paid upon the Return of such Summons, it shall be lawful for the Justice who shall have signed and issued such Summons or Summonses, or who shall have directed such Summons and Summonses to be signed and issued as aforesaid, or for any other Justice of the Peace for the same City, Borough or County, and he is hereby authorized and required, upon Oath made before him of the due Service of such Summons or Summonses by the Person who shall have served the same, to grant a Warrant under his Hand and Seal, authorizing or directing any such Person appointed to collect such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments as aforesaid, or any Constable, Headborough, Beadle of the said parochial or other District, or any other Constable, Headborough or other Person, to levy such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessment, and all Arrears thereof, and the said Costs, and Charges of the Summons (if the same shall not have been paid before), and the Costs and Charges of every such Warrant, and also the Costs, Charges and Expenses of executing the same, by Distress of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so neglecting or refusing, which shall be found either within the said parochial or other District, or elsewhere, and of which said Goods and Chattels he or they may either continue in Possession on the last Premises where the same shall be distrained, or they may be removed therefrom, as the Person or Persons making the Distress shall think proper; and if within Five Days next after any Distress shall be made pursuant to the Direction of this Act, the said Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, with all Arrears due thereon, together with all the said Charges for the said Summons, and the said Charges for the said Warrant, and the Charges and Expenses of executing the same Warrant, and of making such Distress, and of keeping such Goods and Chattels, shall not be paid, then the said Person appointed to collect as aforesaid, or the Constable, Headborough, Beadle or any other Person authorized by the Justice

Warrant, shall cause the said Goods and Chattels to be appraised by one or more Appraisers or Appraisors, and as to be sold either at the Auctioneers where the same shall be delivered, or elsewhere, or such Part or Parts thereof as in his or their Judgments shall be sufficient to pay the said Rate or Rates, Assessments or Assessments, together with all Arrears due thereon, and the said Costs, Charges and Expenses of the said Summons, Warrant, Delivery, Removal or keeping, Satisfaction of such Goods and Chattels to be delivered, and the reasonable Costs, Charges and Expenses of appraising and selling the same, and shall return the Surplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels respectively, upon Demand thereof made by him or them; and in case no such Goods and Chattels can be found to be delivered by virtue of any such Warrant, or in case any such Goods and Chattels, shall be locked up or frozen, or shall be removed, so that such Person appointed to collect the said Rate or Assessments as aforesaid, or such Constable, Headborough, Tithing or other Person, cannot deliver the same, or in case, after such Delivery and Appointment or Sale as hereinbefore are directed, the Proceeds thereof shall not be sufficient to pay such Rate or Assessments, with the Arrears due thereon, and all the said Costs, Charges and Expenses as aforesaid, then and in any of such cases, upon Information thereof given as aforesaid of the Peace for the City, Borough or County within which such parcel or other District shall be situate, it shall be lawful to and for any such Justice of the Peace, and in his or her by and underwritten and requested, to issue a Warrant under his Hand and Seal for the Apprehension of any such Person or Persons making Default in the Payment of such Rate or Assessments and the Arrears thereof, or of any Part thereof, and of such Costs, Charges and Expenses, or any of these, and to commit such Person or Persons to the Common Goal or House of Correction for the City, Borough or County within which such parcel or other District shall be situate, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding the Space of One Calendar Month, until such Rate or Assessments and all Arrears thereof, and all such Costs, Charges and Expenses, or so much thereof as shall remain unsatisfied by any such Default or Defaults or otherwise, shall be levied and paid.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no affidavit where a District is authorized to be made by any local A.B. or A.C. of Parliament, relating to the passing of any parol or other District, within the said Session of this Act, other exclusively to justify the bringing of any Objection or Petition, or by this Act, of any Constable or Headborough of any Parish or Place within which such parol or other District shall be made, or of any other Parish or Place where such District is to be made, upon being required by every Person appointed to collect any Rates or Assessments, or by any other Person (who shall have obtained a Warrant for such Districts from any Justice of the Peace,) shall refuse or neglect to aid or assist in making a District and Rate pursuant to such Warrant, every such Constable or Headborough shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner in which other Penalties and Forfeitures are lawfully directed to be recovered for any of the A.B.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Warrant of Detention for Nonpayment of any Rate or Assessment, authorized and directed to be issued by virtue of this Act, shall be in the Words or to the Effect following :

[The Clerk shall say:] TO the Collector of the Paving Rates [or, of the paving and Lighting, and Sweeping or Cleansing Rates, as the case may be] for the Parish or District of *[insert the District according to the last Act]*, and to all Constables, Headboroughs, Beadles and Peace Officers in the said City, Borough or County sheweth, as the case may be: Whereas the under mentioned Person [or Persons, if more than One] were or late an Owner or Occupier [or Owners or Occupiers, if more than One] of a Messuage [or of Messuages, if more than One] situate in the *[insert the Name of the District]* of other Hereditaments within the said *[insert the Name of the District]* was and is, or were and are [as the case may be] seized and possessed, or is or are [as the case may be] liable to the Payment of the Sum or Sums of Money [or at and opposite to him or their respective Name or Names [as the case may be] hereunder written, by virtue of a Rate or Rates duly made under and by virtue of a certain Act [or Acts] passed in the Year [or Years, as the case may be] of the Reign of *[insert the Title of the Act or Acts under which the Rate or Rates were made]*: And Whereas the said Person or Persons has or have [as the case may be] refused or neglected to pay the Sum or the several Sums of Money [or at and opposite to his or their Name or Names [as the case may be] hereunder written, due from him or them by virtue of such Rate or Rates [as the case may be], and the said several Sum and Sums of Money is or are [as the case may be] still remaining due and unpaid, as appears upon Oath to me, One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said City, Borough or County, as the case may be; and also that several Person or Persons [as the case may be] having been summoned to appear to answer the Promises, as also appears to me the said Justice upon Oath, and neither he or they nor either of them [as the case may be] having shown any sufficient Cause why such Sum or Sums of Money [as the case may be] should not be paid by him or them respectively [as the case may be], so also appears to me upon Oath: Now therefore in His Majesty's Name to will and require you or either of you forthwith to levy the said Sum or several Sums of Money [as the case may be] due from the said Person or Persons [as the case may be] and hereunder set at and opposite to him or their Names respectively [as the case may be], and also the two several Sums of *[insert the Amount of the Costs and Charges for the Summons and for the Warrants, or for either of them, as the case may be]* for the Costs and Charges of the said Summonses and of their Process, by Distress or Sale of his or their respective Goods and Chattels [as the case may be], such Goods and Chattels being kept for the Space of Five Days before the same are sold, providing to him or them respectively [as the case may be] the Overplus [if any] on Demand, and the reasonable Charges of such Distress, and of any Removal or keeping of Goods, unless a Appearance or Sale thereof, being first deducted; and if no sufficient Distress can be had or taken, that then you certify the same to me, to the end such Proceedings may be had therein as to the Law

or Aliquots, Sheriffs or other Officers, by Deed or by Act in Law, or by such other Means as are appointed by this Act for the Recovery of Rates or Assessments when imposed by any Person or Persons whomsoever, and by such other legal Ways and Means as to them shall seem meet: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend so as to charge such Messengers or Aliquots, or Sheriffs or other Officers, with the Payment of any of such Rates or Assessments for more than One Year then last paid, or of any larger Sum or Sums of Money than the Value of the Goods, Chattels or Effects which any such Messenger or Aliquots, or Sheriff or other Officers, shall have, or of which Possession shall be taken by him or them.

Proviso as to charging Sheriff, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case at any time or times hereafter any Person or Persons who hath or have been rated and assessed to any Rates or Assessments which shall be made by virtue of this Act, or by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament, for and towards the Expenses of paving and repairing the Pavements of any Streets or public Places in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, either exclusively or jointly with any other Objects or Purposes, shall quit his or their Messings or Hereditaments within the said parish or other District, for or in respect whereof he or they shall be rated or assessed, before he or they shall have paid any such Rates or Assessments, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons appointed to collect or receive any such Rates or Assessments by the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Person having the Control of the Pavements of such parish or other District, or any One of them, (such being made by him or them that he or they doth or do so lawfully that such Person or Persons hath or have removed his, her or their Goods and Chattels,) by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City, Borough or County where such parish or other District shall be situate, and which Warrant such Justice or Justices is or are lawfully authorized and required to grant, (and in case such Person or Persons shall have removed into any other County, City or Place, such Warrant being first backed and countersigned by some Magistrate of the County, City or Place in which such Person or Persons shall have removed, and which Warrant every such Magistrate is lawfully empowered and directed, without Fee or Reward, to back or countersign,) to distress and apprehend and sell the Goods and Chattels of such Person or Persons who shall have inquired the said Messings or Hereditaments before he or they shall have paid such Rates or Assessments, for the Sum or Sums of Money due from any such Person or Persons by virtue of such Rates or Assessments, or any of them, or any Part thereof, and for all Costs, Charges and Expenses occasioned by such Warrant, Distress, Apprehension, and Sale, in any County, City or Place to which such Person or Persons shall have removed, in such and in the same manner as if the same Person or Persons had continued in the parish or other District wherein the Messings or Hereditaments shall be situate in respect whereof any such Rates or Assessments shall have been made.

Rates may be recovered from Persons removed into

by Warrant from Justice,

without Fee.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Goods and Chattels of such and every Person and Persons occupying any separate Part or Apartment of or in any Messings or Hereditaments, and the Goods and Chattels in every Messings or Hereditaments let out or tenanted, although the Person or Persons occupying such Messings or Hereditaments, or separate Part or Apartment, be not rated or assessed under or by virtue of this Act, or of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, shall be liable to be distrained and sold by virtue of any Warrant under the Hand and Seal of One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, which he is by this Act authorized and directed to grant, for any Rates or Assessments made by virtue of this Act, or of any local Act or Acts, for or towards the Expenses of paving and repairing the Pavements of such parish or other District, and either exclusively or jointly with any other Objects and Purposes, which have accrued or become due during the term of the Occupancy by any such Person or Persons of any such Messings or Hereditaments, or separate Part or Apartment thereof, and for the Costs and Charges and Expenses of such Warrant, and of any Apprehension, Distress, Removal or Sale of such Goods and Chattels, or attendance thereupon; but as such Person or Persons shall be required or compellable to pay any greater Sum for or towards the Discharge of the said Rates or Assessments, or any of them, than the Amount of the Rent actually due and payable by such Person or Persons to the Owner or Owners of such Messings or Hereditaments, or other Person or Persons rated or assessed in the Occupancy or Occupancies of the Messings or Hereditaments in entirety or partly occupied by such Person or Persons; and that each and every Person or Persons who shall pay any such Rates or Assessments as ought to have been paid by the Owner or Owners of any such Messings or Hereditaments, or by his or their Landlord or Landlords, or upon whose Goods or Chattels the same shall be levied in pursuance of this Act, shall and may deduct the same from and out of the Rent due and payable to him or her or their Landlord or Landlords in hiring out the same Messings or Hereditaments, or separate Part or Apartment, to him or them, (such there shall be some Agreement to the contrary between the Landlord and Tenant); and the Receipt and Receipts for such Payment or Payments shall be a sufficient Discharge to every such Person or Persons for so much Money as he or they shall have so paid, or which shall have been levied on him or them Goods and Chattels in pursuance of this Act, and shall be repaid by such Owner or Owners, or be allowed by such Landlord or Landlords of such Messings or Hereditaments, or part or full Payment, as the case may be, for the Rent due or to become due to him or them from such Person or Persons as aforesaid, for or in respect of such Messings or Hereditaments, or separate Parts or Apartments thereof respectively.

Rates shall be due from Tenants of several Tenements or be payable by Landlords;

and may be deducted from Rent, under Agreement, in this case.

XIII. And be it further enacted, to prevent Disputes touching the Discharge of Owner or Landlord as Proprietors of any Messings or Hereditaments intended to be made liable to be rated and assessed by any Rates or Assessments made or to be made for or towards the Expenses of paving or repairing the Pavements of any Streets or public Places in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and either exclusively or jointly with any other Objects or Purposes, and sales by virtue of this Act or of any local Act or Acts of Parliament, That the Person or Persons lawfully authorized and empowered to receive and collect,

Person receiving any Rates in his District District,

or securing and collecting, or claiming to be entitled to receive and collect, the Rents of any Messuages or Hereditaments from the Tenants or actual Occupiers thereof, or any of them, may be deemed and taken to be the Owner or Owners, Landlord or Landlords, Proprietor or Proprietors of such Messuages or Hereditaments; and shall be liable to be rated and assessed, and shall be compellable to pay the Rates and Assessments, in respect of such Messuages or Hereditaments, in all cases in which either Owners or Landlords or Proprietors are made liable to be rated and assessed and to the Payment of Rates and Assessments by virtue of this Act, or of any such local Act or Acts, unless the real Owner or Owners, or Landlord or Landlords, or Proprietor or Proprietors thereof, shall be declared by himself or themselves to be the real Owner or Owners, Landlord or Landlords, or Proprietor or Proprietors thereof, or shall be definitely and expressly known to their Satisfaction by the Commissioners or Treasurers, or other Persons having the Control of the Payments in any such parochial or other District.

Act, in which
Owner declared

Rates may be
apportioned for
rents, assessments
and outgoing
Taxes.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons, now or hereafter occupying any Messuage or other Hereditament in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, shall remove out of or from or quit the Possession of any such Messuage or Hereditament, before any Rate or Assessment made or to be made for or towards the Expenses of paving or repairing the Pavements in any such parochial or other District, and either exclusively or jointly with any other Object or Objects, charged as or in respect of any such Messuage or Hereditament by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such parochial or other District, or of this Act, shall be paid and discharged; or if any Person shall enter into the Occupation of any such Messuage or Hereditament, out of or from which any other Person shall have to remove, before any such Rate or Assessment shall have been paid and discharged, or which, at the time of rating or assessing the same, shall be empty or unoccupied, then and in every such case, the Person so removing out of, and the Person entering into the Possession or Occupation of any such Messuage or Hereditament, shall be respectively liable to the Payment of every such Rate or Assessment, in proportion to the time that such Person or Persons possessed or occupied the same respectively, in like manner as if the Person so removing or quitting or about to quit had remained in the Possession or Occupation of such Messuage or Hereditament, or the Person or Persons so entering into the Occupation thereof had been rated or assessed in respect thereof in any such Rate or Assessment at the time of the making thereof; and that the Amount of such Proportion (in case any Disputes should arise) may be ascertained and determined by the Commissioners or Treasurers or other Persons having the Control of the Payments of the parochial or other District in which such Messuage or other Hereditament may be situate; and that according to such Determination such Rates and Assessments shall be paid by each of such Persons in such Proportion, and may be levied and recovered from each of such Persons accordingly; but that the same shall be without Prejudice to any of the Provisions heretofore contained as to the Messuages or Hereditaments being empty and unoccupied, and as to the Rates or Assessments remaining charged on the Messuages or Hereditaments in respect whereof they shall be made, or to any other of the Provisions heretofore contained.

Proprietors may
be rated and
assessed by
Commissioners,
&c.

Money may be
levied by
Commissioners,
Treasurers or
Treasurers, &c.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful from time to time, and at all times hereafter, for the Commissioners or Treasurers, or other Persons having the Control of the Payments in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and they are hereby empowered, upon the Complaint or Request of any Person or Persons subject to the Payment of any Rate or Rates, Assessments or Assessments, made or to be made for or towards the Expenses of paving or repairing the Pavements of any Streets or public Places within any such parochial or other District, and either exclusively or jointly with or for any other Object or Objects, and either by virtue of this Act or of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any such parochial or other District, who shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved thereby, or incompetent to pay the same, to mitigate, reduce or better the same, as they in their Discretion shall think just and reasonable, and also to remit or excuse the Payment thereof for any Cause which they shall deem sufficient, or for or on account of the Poverty or Indigence of any Person or Persons liable to pay the same, in complying or respecting the Remission or Exemption of any such Rates or Assessments.

Commissioners
&c. to appoint a
Treasurer.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners or Treasurers, or other Persons having the Control of the Payments of the Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, may from time to time appoint One or more Treasurer or Treasurers for receiving all the Money to be rated and collected for and towards the Expenses of paving or repairing the Pavements in such parochial or other District, either exclusively or jointly with or for any other Object or Objects, and either by virtue of this Act or of the respective local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to their respective parochial or other Districts, not being above the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners or Treasurers or other Persons having the Control of the Payments of the Streets or public Places in any such parochial or other District; and from time to time, as they shall think necessary, may remove such Treasurer or Treasurers, and appoint such other Person or Persons in his or their stead, as they shall think proper; and such Treasurer and Treasurers so and are hereby directed to keep distinct Accounts of the Money by him or them received and paid of, for or on account of such Commissioners, Treasurers or other Persons having the Control of the Payments, by whom he or they shall have been appointed, and from time to time to pay and deliver up all such Sums of Money to the said Commissioners, Treasurers or other Persons so appointed and directed him or them thereunto to pay; and the said Treasurer or Treasurers shall account, whenever thereto required by the said Commissioners or Treasurers, or other Persons by whom he or they shall have been appointed, for all the Money by him or them received and paid of, for or on account of the said Commissioners or Treasurers, or other Persons; and the said Treasurer or Treasurers shall pay all such Sums as upon the Balance of the said Accounts respectively shall remain in his or their Hands, to such Person or Persons as the said Commissioners or Treasurers, or other Persons by whom he or they shall have been so appointed, shall by Writing under their

Any of such
Treasurers or
Treasurers may
be appointed
&c.

Hands authorized to receive the same, whenever he or they shall be required so to do; and if any such Treasurer or Treasurers shall at any time or times refuse or neglect to render any such Accounts, and make such Payments as aforesaid, then and in every such case every and any such Treasurer or Treasurers shall be liable to such Proceedings, and upon Conviction shall be liable to such Penalties and Punishments, as by this Act, or by any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such parochial or other District, by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Payments whereof he or they shall have been so appointed, are imposed or directed to be imposed on Collectors or other Officers neglecting or refusing to account at the times and in the manner thereby directed; and that any Person or Persons being so appointed a Treasurer as aforesaid, although he shall be a Commissioner or Trustee, or one of the Persons having the Control of the Payments of such parochial or other District, shall not in consequence of such Appointment become disqualified or incapable to act as a Commissioner or Trustee, or as the Control of the Payments for such parochial or other District; any Thing in this Act or in any local Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That if the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Payments in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, shall have appointed or shall hereafter appoint any Treasurer or Treasurers as aforesaid, then and in every such case such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons shall and they are hereby required to take good and sufficient Security from each Treasurer or Treasurers, by the Seal or Bonds of Two or more sufficient Persons or a sufficient Penalty, and such further Security as they may deem necessary and shall approve, conditioned that such Treasurer or Treasurers shall duly account for and pay all Moneys received by him or them pursuant to the Direction of this Act, or of the local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such parochial or other District, by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Payments whereof he or they shall be or they shall have been so appointed.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Payments of any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, may at any Meeting or Meetings appoint a Clerk or Clerks, and may appoint One or more Collectors of the Rates or Assessments, and an Inspector or Inspectors of the Payment within such parochial or other District, and such other Officer or Officers for the Execution of this Act or of the local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the paying of such parochial or other District, exclusively or jointly with any other Masters or Clerks, as such Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons shall think proper, and may from time to time remove them or any of them, and appoint other Persons in his or their Stead, as they shall think it necessary or convenient; and by and out of the Moneys to be raised by virtue of this Act, or of such local Act or Acts of Parliament, may and they are hereby empowered to appoint and pay such Salaries, Christmas and Allowances to such Clerk or Clerks, Collectors, Inspectors and other Officers, and to the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Payments by this Act directed to be appointed, and to all other Persons by them the said Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons employed in the Execution of this Act, or of such local Act or Acts, as they shall think reasonable; and aforesaid shall take good and sufficient Security from every such Collector, and may take such Security for the due Execution of their respective Offices by such other Officers and Persons as aforesaid, as they shall think proper; and that in case of the Appointment of any Collector or Collectors of the said Rates or Assessments, then all and every Person or Persons who is or are liable to pay any such Rates or Assessments, or any Name of Money authorized to be raised and demanded by this Act, or by such local Act or Acts of Parliament, shall pay the same to such Collector, or to the Person who shall from time to time be so appointed to collect and receive the same, according to the true Meaning of this Act, or of such local Act or Acts of Parliament; and that each and every of such Collector or other Person or Persons, weekly and every Week, or as often as they or any of them shall be thereto required by the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Payments of such parochial or other District, by whom he or they shall have been so appointed, shall render and deliver unto them the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, or to their Clerk or Clerks, or to any other Persons whom they shall direct, distinct, true and perfect Accounts in Writing, signed with their own Hands respectively, of all Moneys from Week to Week and from time to time collected and received by them, and each and every of them respectively, of any Person or Persons whatsoever, for or on account of such Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons, by whom he or they shall have been so appointed; and that all other Officers and Persons so to be appointed as aforesaid, under their Hands, and at such time and in such manner as the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom they shall have been appointed may direct, shall deliver to them, or to any other Persons whom they shall direct, true and perfect Accounts in Writing of all Moneys and Things committed to their Charge, and also of all the Moneys which shall have been by such Officers or Persons respectively received by virtue of such Appointment, or for or on account of such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom they shall severally have been appointed, and how much thereof hath been paid and disbursed, and for what Purposes, together with the proper and legal Receipts or Vouchers for such Payments; and that the said Collectors of the said Rates and Assessments shall weekly and every Week pay to the Treasurer or Treasurers appointed by the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons for the same being, or to such Person or Persons as they shall direct, all Sums or Sums of Money by each of them respectively collected and received during the preceding Week, or shorter, if the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons shall so direct and require; and that all other Officers and Persons so to be appointed as aforesaid shall from time to time pay to such Treasurer or Treasurers, or such Person or Persons as the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Payments shall direct, all Moneys which may be and remain in their or any of their respective Hands; and that they the said Collectors for the

Treasurer, or
Treasury, &c.
shall be
liable to
the same.

A Collector
may be a
Trustee.

Treasurer,
or
Trustee, &c.
may be a
Collector.

Collectors
may be
appointed
by the
Commissioners,
&c.

and Clerks, &c.

and also Sec-
retary.

Collectors
may be
appointed by
the Commissioners,
&c.

The like is to
other Officers.

Collectors may
be Treasurers,
&c.

The like is to
other Officers.

Collection in
early than ap-
pointed to Oak.

Collector or
a 1st Officer or
seconding
Accounts, &c.

Commissioner,
he may bring
Admon.

or may apply to
Judge of the
Peace

Proceedings
therein.

Collector agreed
to have publicly
detailed Ma-
ney, &c.

Proceedings for
the same, and
Costs by District.

If an Offender,
or Party con-
vinced.

What Proceed-
ings by Com-
missioners for
each Offence.

In regard to
proceedings
Commis-
sioners, &c.

these being, and each and every of them, if otherwise required by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom they shall have been appointed, shall verify the Truth of all Accounts and Statements in readiness and delivered by them from time to time respectively upon Oath, and which Oath any and every Commissioner or Trustee or other Person having the Control of the Payments in any such parochial or other District, is hereby empowered to administer; and that if any Collector or other Officer or Person appointed as aforesaid, shall not render and deliver, signed with his own Hand, all and every such Statements and Accounts, or shall not verify the same upon Oath, when thereto required as aforesaid, or shall not produce and deliver up the Receipts or Vouchers relating to all Moneys received and paid by him, or shall not pay any Moneys in his Hands to such Treasurer or Treasurers, or to such other Persons as the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom he shall have been appointed shall direct, or shall not deliver to such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom he shall have been appointed, or to any other Person or Persons whom they shall direct, all Books, Papers and Writings in his or their Custody or Power relating to the Execution of the Act or of any such local Act or Acts of Parliament as aforesaid, within Twenty-four Hours after he shall have been required to do by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom he shall have been appointed, then and in either of the cases aforesaid, such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom any such Collector or other Officer or Person shall have been appointed, may and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to bring or cause to be brought any Action or Actions against any such Collector, Officer or other Person for neglecting or refusing as aforesaid, for the Recovery of the Moneys that shall be in the Hands of such Collector, Officer or Person respectively, or against the Person or Persons having become Sureties for him, or such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, or their Clerk or Clerks, or any other Person whom they shall direct for that Purpose, may complaint of any such Refusal or Neglect as aforesaid to any Justice of the Peace for the City, Borough, County or Place wherein such Collector or other Officer or Person is neglecting or refusing shall be and suffice; and such Justice may and is hereby authorized and required, by a Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cause the Collector or other Officer or Person to be taken or arrested, and against whom such Complaint shall be made, to be brought before him, and upon his appearing, or not being to be found, to hear and determine the Matter in a summary Way; and if upon the Collection of the Party, or by the Testimony of any credible Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, it shall appear to such Justice that any of the Moneys that shall have been collected and received by any such Collector or other Officer or Person shall be in the Hands of such Collector or other Officer or Person, or that he shall not have rendered and delivered such true and perfect Accounts, signed as aforesaid, or shall have detained any Receipts or Vouchers, Books, Papers or Writings aforesaid, then such Justice may and is hereby authorized and required, by a Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cause such Money, and all Costs, Charges and Expenses incurred and to be incurred thereunto, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods, Chattle and other Effects of such Collector or other Officer or Person respectively; and if as Goods or Chattle of such Collector or other Officer or Person can be found sufficient to answer and satisfy the said Money, and the said Costs, Charges and Expenses of distressing, removing and selling the same Goods, Chattle and other Effects, and all other Costs, Charges and Expenses to be incurred thereunto, then and in either of the Cases aforesaid such Justice shall commit every such Offender to the Common Goal or House of Correction for the City, Borough or County wherein such parochial or other District shall be situate, as wherein such Offender shall reside, without Bail or Mainprize, until he shall have rendered and delivered, signed as aforesaid, such true and perfect Accounts as aforesaid, and shall have delivered as aforesaid all Receipts and Vouchers relating thereto, and shall have paid all Moneys received by him for and in respect of the said Rates and Assessments, or otherwise as aforesaid, remaining in his Hands, or shall have expended for the Amount of such Moneys due from him with the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons by whom he shall have been appointed, to their Satisfaction, and shall have paid the Amount of such Commission in such manner as they shall approve (and which Commission they are hereby empowered to make and accept), or until he shall have delivered up all Books, Papers and Writings as aforesaid to his Custody or Power, or shall have given Satisfaction in respect thereof to the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons by whom he shall have been appointed; and that in any such Action or Actions or other Proceedings against any such Collector, or against any Person or Persons who shall have become Sureties for him, it shall not be necessary for the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom he shall have been appointed to prove the Receipts by him of every Sum of Money included in any Rate or Assessment which he shall have been appointed to collect, with the Amount thereof and with which they shall seek to charge him or them, and to recover from him or them by any such Action or Actions, or other Proceedings, but that it shall only be necessary for such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons to prove the total Amount of the several Rates or Assessments which he shall have been appointed to collect, and that the full Amount thereof shall be deemed to be due from him, and from any Person or Persons having become Sureties for him, and shall be recovered from and be paid by him or them accordingly, except only such Part or Parts thereof as he or they shall prove, by a credible Witness or Witnesses upon Oath, to have been paid by him the said Collector to such Treasurers or Treasurers as aforesaid, or to some other Person or Persons directed to receive the same by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom he shall have been appointed as aforesaid, or that he hath not received and collected, from the Person or Persons charged with the Payment of any Sum of Money by the said Rates and Assessments which he shall have been appointed to collect, any of the Sum of Money charged by such Rates and Assessments: Provided always, that such Collector or other Officer or Person so committed as aforesaid shall not be detained and kept in Prison by virtue of such Warrant or for any longer Space of time than Twelve Calendar Months: Provided also, that no Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Payments in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction

of this Act, by whom any Treasurer or Treasurers, Collector or other Officer shall be appointed, shall be liable for or by reason of any Default of such Treasurer or Treasurers, Collector or other Officer so appointed; and that any Sum or Sums of Money which shall or may be received by any such Treasurer or Treasurers, Collector or other Officer, and which shall not be recovered from him or them, shall and may be made up by any future Rates or Assessments, to be made for or towards the Expenses of paving or repaving the Pavements of the Streets or public Places within any such parochial or other District, either exclusively or jointly with or for or towards any other Objects or Purposes whatsoever.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That in and by any Calendar of the Rates or Assessments so appointed as aforesaid shall at any time exist and here in his Hand any Sum or Sums of Money, amounting together to the Sum of Twenty Pounds, collected and received by him by virtue of such Appointment for the Space of Seven Days, without paying over the same to the Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being to the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, by whom he shall have been appointed, or so far as other Person or Persons as they shall have from time to time appointed or directed to receive the same, then every such Collector shall for every such Retention or Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner in which other Penalties and Forfeitures are heretofore directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

XLIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Prefecture on Commitment, Alias or other Proceedings, or of appeal any Treasurer, Collector or other Officer appointed as aforesaid, by any Council, Sanction or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act as aforesaid, nor any Compulsion accepted by them from him, shall in any manner acquit, release or discharge any Society or Society that shall or may have been taken by or given to or for the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom he shall have been appointed, for the due and faithful Execution of the Duties of any such Appointment as Treasurer, Collector or other Officer, or for the due and punctual Payment and Application of the Moneys received by him in pursuance or by virtue of such Appointment, or for the proper Observance and Performance by him of the Duties enjoined on any such Treasurer, Collector or other Officer by virtue of this Act, or of any local Act or Acts of Parliament, nor shall acquit, release or discharge in any manner any Person or Persons who shall have become bound for him or as his Bail in such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom he shall have been appointed, except only, that in case any Compulsion shall be accepted as aforesaid, then such Person or Persons shall be discharged from the Payment of so much Money as shall be received by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by virtue thereof.

L. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be appointed to be a Treasurer, Surveyor, or Inspector of the Pavements, or Collector, or if any Person who shall be otherwise employed by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or for the Execution thereof, shall exact, take or accept any Fee or Reward whatsoever, other than such Salaries, Allowances and Rewards as are directed by this Act, or by any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such parochial or other District, or as shall be from time to time appointed, allowed and approved of by the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements as aforesaid, for or on account of any thing done or to be done by virtue of such Office or Appointment, or shall in any way be concerned or interested in any, Bar, gain or Contract, whether it be made by or with the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom he shall be appointed, then he shall forfeit and shall pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner in which other Penalties and Forfeitures are heretofore directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act; and if he shall in any way be concerned or interested in any Bargain or Contract made or to be made by or with the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom he shall be appointed, he shall also be disqualified and for ever incapable of continuing to serve or of being employed by such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom he shall have been appointed, as well as farther and pay the Penalty aforesaid.

LI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Treasurer or Treasurers, Collector or Collectors, Officers or other Persons, appointed by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, for the Collection and Receipt of the Moneys to be collected and received by virtue of any Rates and Assessments which may be made for or towards the Expenses of paving and keeping in Repair the Pavements of any Streets and public Places within such parochial or other District, either exclusively or jointly with or for or towards any other Objects or Purposes, shall happen to die or become Bankrupt before he or they shall have fully paid and satisfied all Moneys received by him or them for or on behalf of any such Rates or Assessments, or for or on account of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom he or they shall have been appointed, then and in every such case, if such Treasurer or Treasurers, Collector or Collectors, Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons, shall die, the Executor or Executors, Administrators or Administratrix, Representative or Representatives, or other Person or Persons possessing the Estate and Effects of every such Treasurer or Treasurers, Collector or Collectors, Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons appointed by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places within such parochial or other District, or if he or they shall become Bankrupt, then the Assignee or Assignees of the Estate and Effects of such Bankrupt, shall, out of such Estate and Effects, pay to the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places within such parochial or other District as aforesaid, or to such Person

Defects of
Treasurer

Collectors ac-
tually receive
Moneys,

Penalty not

Proceedings
against Officers
on Commitment
not to discharge
the Corporation.

Exemption

Off. are ex-
empted from
any com-
mitment
if paid.

Penalty not

Representatives
of Officers de-
clared as having
received, in
account,

Persons as Persons as they shall from time to time direct to receive the same, all such Sums and Sums of Money as shall have been collected or received by such Treasurer or Treasurers, Collector or Collectors, Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons appointed by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, and which shall be due and owing from time to time to the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid by whom he or they shall have been so appointed, at the time of his or their Death, or at the time of the issuing out any Commission of Bankruptcy against him or them, and not paid over, or so much thereof as the said Estate and Effects of such Treasurer or Treasurers, Collector or Collectors, Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons appointed by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, who shall be die or become Bankrupt, will extend to pay, and in preference to any other Debt or Debts (except Debts due to the King's Majesty), and the Receipt or Receipts of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places within each parish or other District, or of any Person or Persons directed by them from time to time to receive the same, shall be a good Discharge or good Discharges for the Money therein expressed to be received; and that every Executor or Administrator, Assignee or Assignees, or other Persons possessing the Estate and Effects of any such Treasurer, Collector, Officer or other Person as aforesaid, may, to any Action or Suit commenced or brought against him or them, plead or give in Evidence the Authority of this Act for such Payment, and shall be allowed the same prior to any other Debt or Demand whatsoever (fine and except any Debt due to the King's Majesty as aforesaid), and in case of Nonpayment of all and every such Sums or Sums of Money by any Executor or Administrator, Assignee or Assignees, or other Person as aforesaid, for the Space of Ten Days after the same shall have been demanded by or on the Behalf of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons by whom such Treasurer, Collector, Officer or other Person dying or becoming Bankrupt had been appointed, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements within each parish or other District, by whom any such Treasurer, Collector, Officer or other Person had been appointed, to commence one or more Actions or Actions in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster against such Executor or Administrators, Assignee or Assignees, or other Persons as aforesaid, for the Recovery of the same Sums or Sums of Money; and that in any such Action or Actions it shall only be necessary for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons to prove the Amount of the Sum or Sums of Money due from such Treasurer, Collector, Officer or other Person, without proving what Moneys, Estates or Effects of the Person or Persons so dying or becoming Bankrupt shall have been or might have been received by any of such Executors or Administrators, Assignee or Assignees; and that they shall by such Action or Actions recover the full Amount of all the Sum or Sums of Money due from such Treasurer, Collector, Officer or other Person at the time of his Death, or of the issuing of the said Commission of Bankruptcy, with the full Costs of such Action, to be taxed as between an Attorney and his Client, and in which Action no Affidavit, Protection or Wager of Law, nor more than one Impignorage, shall be allowed.

Cobb.

Commissioners, for any person within their District, having Moneys or being called on there

LII. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, from time to time to give and keep in Repair, or cause to be paved and kept in Repair, or to enter into any Contract or Contracts for paving and keeping in Repair, all or any Part or Parts of the Carriageways or Footways of all or any of the Streets or public Places in their respective parishes or other Districts within the Jurisdiction of this Act; and also that all and every the Pavements, Stones, Poets and other Materials which now are or which may be hereafter placed in the Foot or Carriageways of any Streets or public Places within their respective parishes or other Districts, which shall have been or may from time to time be perished or required by the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavement in each of their respective parishes or other Districts, and all Things and Implements which shall be thus laid down, or may be purchased, provided or made use of by them therein as aforesaid, shall be and the same are hereby vested in the respective Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places within each of their respective parishes or other Districts, and shall and may be laid and used as their Property, according to the general Name or Title by which they are distinguished in the respective local Acts or Acts of Parliament relating to their respective parishes or other Districts, under and by names whereof they are or shall be from time to time appointed to act, and not according to their surnames, Name or Names, in any Indenture, Instrument, or other Proceeding which may be preferred or filed, or taken against any Person or Persons for removing or taking away, stealing, detaining, spoiling, injuring or destroying the same Pavements or Materials, or Implements or Things, or any of them, or any Part or Parts thereof; and also that it shall and may be lawful for them from time to time to order all or any of the Stones and other Materials then lying in any such Streets or public Places, as they may from time to time pare or repair, to be made use of in or towards the paving or repairing the Foot or Carriageway Pavements in any Streets or public Places within their respective parishes or other Districts; and also may from time to time purchase, or rent upon Lease or otherwise, any Premises which they may think necessary, for the Purpose of laying or depositing or otherwise disposing of all or any of their Stones or other Materials or Implements, for and until such time as they shall see fit to use the same; and also that they may from time to time sell and dispose of all or any Part of the said Pavements or other Materials or Implements possessed by or belonging to them, to such Person or Persons as shall be willing to purchase the same, they applying the Moneys arising from time to time by way and every such Sale in and of the Moneys raised and to be raised within their respective parishes or other Districts for or towards the Expense of paving and repairing the Pavements therein; and also shall and may cause to be dug, carried, and removed out of or brought into any Streets or public Places within their res-

Persons for or in their Streets, for taking away, or otherwise Materials

Commissioners, for any person within their District, having Moneys or being called on there

and the same may be disposed of by them;

and Comd-ment, for any

officers appointed or other Deputies, and shall and may purchase any such Groves, Stems, and other Materials, Herbs, Cuts and Tools, and employ such Architects, Workmen, Labourers, Carvers and other Persons, and shall pay Money on their Accounts, and do all and every such other Acts and Things as the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements as aforesaid, may from time to time judge necessary or expedient. He or she shall at all times the paving or repairing the Pavements of any Streets or public Places within their respective parishes or other Districts, or incidental thereto; and also that they or their respective Surveyors or Surveyors of the Pavements, or any Inspectors or other Officers by them appointed for the time being, shall and may from time to time cause the Ground of any Streets or public Places within their respective parishes or other Districts to be raised or lowered in such manner as they or he shall think necessary; and also that they or their respective Surveyors, Inspectors or other Officers for the time being, during the time of the paving or of the repairing the Pavements of any Streets or public Places within their respective parishes or other Districts, or of any Groves, Drains or Sewers (therein), shall and may order the necessary Materials to be placed or deposited in any such Street or public Place, or in any adjoining Street or public Place; and may stop up the Way through or along any such Street or public Place, or any adjoining Street or public Place, for the Purposes aforesaid, for as long time as they shall from time to time think necessary; and also that they or their respective Surveyors, Inspectors or other Officers for the time being, shall or may from time to time direct and cause the Carriage of any Coffer or Chest, running in or through any Street or public Place within their respective parishes or other Districts, to be raised or altered in such manner as they shall think proper, and so direct and cause the Groves already placed or hereafter to be placed over any Sewers (at their Charge) to be removed and replaced in such manner and at such Place and Places as they shall think proper; and also that they or their respective Surveyors, Inspectors or other Officers for the time being, may (at such their Charge) sink, lay or otherwise alter, or cause or direct to be raised, sunk or altered, any Pipes or Flues, or the Situation or Position of any Pipes or Flues of any Water or Gas Light Companies, or any of the Ladders or other Pipes which may be laid into or from any of the Mains or Pipes of any of the said Companies, when and in what Place as they or their respective Surveyors, Inspectors or other Officers for the time being shall deem expedient, for the Purpose of the better paving or repairing or keeping in Repair the Pavement of the Streets or public Places within their respective parishes or other Districts, but with as little Detraction and Inconvenience to the said Companies, as in the Judgment of the said Surveyors, Inspectors or other Officers, the Commissioners will permit.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall take or break up, or cause to be taken or broken up, any Pavement in any Street or public Place in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or make any Alterations therein, under any Pretence whatsoever, without the Consent of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in such parish or other District, or their Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements for the time being, first obtained and certified under the Hand or Hands of these Clerk or Clerks, or Surveyor or Surveyors for the time being, and that all and every Person and Persons in whose Case Consent shall be granted, shall be subject and liable to all the Provisions in this Act contained in respect to the Water and Gas Light Companies and the Commissioners of Sewers, as to the Reparation of the Pavements, and as to the Removal of all Rubbish and other Obstructions, and as to the Provision of Bars, Watchmen and other Securities, and to all Penalties by this Act imposed on the Breach of any of such Provisions respectively, and to such other Conditions and Regulations as the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons exercising as aforesaid, shall appoint and direct, and that they and persons the same and every of them; and that in case any Person or Persons (except Water and Gas Light Companies and the Commissioners of Sewers, and who are in conform to the particular Provisions of this Act relating to them,) shall take or break up, or cause to be taken or broken up, or shall wilfully damage any Pavement in any Streets or public Place, or shall make or cause to be made any Alterations therein, without their Consent as aforesaid, certified as aforesaid, then any and every such Person or Persons so every such act so offending, shall for such and every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum not being less than Five Pounds nor exceeding Ten Pounds; and also for such and every Square Foot of such Pavement exceeding One Foot so taken or broken up or altered, or so wilfully damaged, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not being less than Five Pounds nor exceeding Ten Pounds, to be recovered in the first instance in which other Penalties and Provisions are hereinafter directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Place in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, may from time to time and at all times hereafter inspect and survey all Streets or public Place, or other Parts of their respective parishes or other Districts, as may not have been theretofore paved or repaired by virtue of or under the respective local Acts or Acts of Parliament for such parish or other District, and whether the same shall have been or shall not have been theretofore paved by any other Person or Persons than such Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any such parish or other District, by virtue of such local Act or Acts of Parliament; and that as to any such Part or Parts as may have been already paved, in case it shall appear to the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, that such Part being thus paved any act is sufficient Repair, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or for their Surveyor of the Pavements for the time being, to cause a Notice to be given to the Owner or Owners, or for the Occupier or Occupiers of all or any Messuages, Houses, Lands or other Hereditaments adjoining on such Parts of the said Streets or public Place, or other Parts within their respective parishes or other Districts themselves paved as are not in sufficient Re-

parable to
officers, labour,
tools and employ
Workmen, &c.

and raise or
lower Streets,
&c.

and deposit Ma-
terials as may be
necessary.

and stop up
streets, during
Reparations;
and may close
the Church
doors; &c.

and may raise or
lower Pipes, &c.

Persons are
to be allowed
as least Person-
nel of Com-
missioners, &c.

and subject to
Provisions of
Act.

Reparations, Re-
pairs, &c. with-
out Consent.

Penalty.

Commissioners
may survey
Pavements.

and give Notice
to Owner or
Occupier to
pave, &c.

page.

party, and by each Member or Member to require each Owner or Owners, Occupant or Occupants, to pay or to secure, or to repair, (as the Case Contingencies or Traffic or other Parties is affected, or their Surveyor or the Payment as affected, shall first ascertain,) the Foot and Curbage Payments relating to the Mollages, Houses, Lands or other Hereditaments belonging to or occupied by him or them, upon the Street or public Place wherein or on one Side whereof any such Mollages, Houses, Lands or other Hereditaments may be situated; and that each Member or Members may be placed to or left for each Owner or Owners, or Occupant or Occupants, on any or either of them, as he or they or any or either of their usual or left known Place or Places of Abode, or at or on or affixed against the Mollages, Houses, Lands or other Hereditaments, or some of them, on some Part thereof, indicating as so occurred by each Owner or Occupant respectively, or at or on some

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons to so order and determine; and that themselves all and every such Streets and public Places shall be from thenceforth included within the Jurisdiction of such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons; and that all Powers and Authorities of such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, and of their Surveyors, Officers and Servants, and also the Powers and Privileges of the said local A.B. or Acts of Parliament for such parished or other District, and of the A.B. shall apply and extend thereto, in such and the same manner as if such Streets or public Places, or any of them, had by virtue of the said local A.B. or Acts of Parliament or otherwise theretofore formed Part of the parished District within the Jurisdiction of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, and by such local A.B. or Acts of Parliament or otherwise had been originally and thenceforth included therein, any thing in any such local A.B. or Acts of Parliament or in this A.B. or otherwise to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; but provided that those shall be more than One District, and under the Jurisdiction of separate Parag. Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, in any one Parish, then the Powers heretofore given to the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements as aforesaid, shall and may be used and exercised only by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in that particular District, within any such Parish, whose District shall be composed or annexed to any such Streets or public Places, or in case they shall refuse to include the same and to order and determine as aforesaid, then by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in that particular District within any such Parish as doth contain the greatest Number of the Messages and Households then being within any such Parish as aforesaid, and may and shall not be used or exercised or claimed by any other Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons whatsoever.

L.V. And be it further enacted, That when and as often as at any time or times hereafter there shall be Occasion to make any new or additional Grates, or to repair or alter any Grates now placed or hereafter to be placed over any public Sewer on any Street or public Place in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this A.B., the same shall be made, repaired, or altered by and at the Expence of the Common Council of the City of London, sitting for such parished or other District, or such Part thereof wherein any such Street or public Place may be situate, and shall be laid down in such Places and in such manner and Form as shall be directed by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places in such parished or other District, or by their Surveyor of the Pavements for the time being; and the said Commissioners of Sewers shall also from time to time and at all times repair, cleanse and empty any and every public Sewer within their Jurisdiction, whenever they shall be required to do so by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any parished or other District wherein any such public Sewer may be situated, at the like Expence of the said Commissioners of Sewers; and in case the said Commissioners of Sewers shall refuse or neglect to execute any of such Works for the Space of Two Days next after any such Notice in Writing given or left as is herebefore directed as to any other Works to be executed by them, then and in any and every such Case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements as aforesaid, or any Three or more of them, to cause such Grates or Grates to be made, repaired, altered and laid down, and all or any such public Sewers to be repaired, cleansed and emptied by such Person or Persons, and in such manner as they may think proper, and to their Satisfaction; and the Costs and Charges thereof shall be certified to the said Commissioners of Sewers, and shall be reimbursed or paid by them in the manner and within the time heretofore directed as to the Charges of relaying Pavements, and shall and may be obtained and recovered of them in like manner, and by such and the same Proceedings, or any of them, as are heretofore directed or authorized as to the Recovery of any Charges and Expences of relaying Pavements in any Streets or public Places in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this A.B.

L.VI. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this A.B., at any time or times hereafter may make or cause to be made any new public Sewers or Drains to communicate with the said Streets or public Places within their respective parished or other Districts or any of them, and with any other public Sewer under the Jurisdiction of any Commissioners of Sewers, and also any new Grates or Grates over such new Sewer or Sewers, Drain or Drains, but conformably to the Regulations of the said Commissioners of Sewers for the time being; and the Expences attending the making any such new Sewers or Drains or Grates over such new Sewers or Drains, shall be borne and paid by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, out of the Monies raised and to be raised for and towards the Charges of paving or relaying the Pavements within their respective parished or other District, or out of such Monies as they the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, may contribute thereto; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid to contribute out of any Monies which they shall receive and collect by virtue of any Rates or Assessments, such Sums or Sums as they may think proper towards the Expences of or towards the making of any such new Sewers or Drains, or new Grates over such new Sewers or Drains, by the said Commissioners of Sewers, or by any other Persons; and that the new Sewers or Drains or Grates, when made and completed, shall be under the Care, Management and Direction of the Commissioners of Sewers, in like manner as other public and common Drains or Sewers; and the said Commissioners of Sewers shall thenceforth cause such Sewers or Drains from time to time to be repaired, cleansed and emptied, and such Grates or Grates to be from time to time repaired, replaced or altered in the manner directed by any local A.B. or Acts of Parliament relating to such parished or other District, or by this A.B. as to any former or other Sewers or Drains or Grates; and the new Sewers or Drains or Grates shall be subject to all the Proceedings relating to any Sewers or Drains or Grates contained in any local A.B. or Acts of Parliament for any such parished or other District, as in the A.B.

and Powers of A.B. Sec. 10. and therein.

Parishes where more than One District is One Parish under Jurisdiction of separate Commissioners.

Commissioners of Sewers to make and repair Grates.

Relaying to be at the Notice, Commissioners of Pavement, Sec. 10. not printed.

and may recover the Charges.

New Sewers and Drains may be made made and repaired by Commissioners Sec. of Pavement, Sec. 10. not printed.

To be under Commission of Sewers.

Persons in or
out to be
classified.

as made by
Commissioners,
for the Owners or
Occupiers of
Houses, &c.

Gates, for
inspection.

Commissioners,
for any person.

Persons, several
Groups.

Persons may be
arrested in
Streets, &c. for
the Prosecution
of the Persons
of the Streets.

Persons, for
the same.
Persons.

Commissioners,
for any person
or persons.

Persons, for
any person
on any Day,
&c.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever from time to time or at any time hereafter it shall appear to the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or to any Two or more of them, or to their Surveyor or Surveyors for the time being, or any of them, that any private Drains, Sewers, Collied, Gutter or Watercourse running through or above or communicating with any other Drains or Sewers beneath any of the Pavements of any of the Streets or public Places in any such parochial or other District doth require to be repaired, amended, altered, enlarged or deepened, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of such Pavements as aforesaid, or any Two or more of them, or their Surveyor or Surveyors as aforesaid for the time being, or any of them, to give or cause to be given a Notice or Notices under their Hands, or under the Hand or Hands of such Surveyor or Surveyors of Pavements for the time being, to or for the Owner or Owners or for the Occupier or Occupiers of all or any Messuages, Houses, Lands or other Hereditaments to which such Drains, Sewers, Collied, Gutter or Watercourse shall belong, or by whom the same shall be used or enjoyed, or from whose Messuages, Houses, Lands or Hereditaments any such Drains, Sewers, Gutter or Watercourse shall proceed or flow, or whereunto the same or any such Collied shall communicate, well and sufficiently to repair, amend, alter, enlarge or cleanse the same and every Part thereof, and to cut any such Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers, within Three Days after any such Notice shall be given or left as aforesaid, shall not well and sufficiently repair, amend, alter, enlarge or cleanse any such Drain or Sewer and every Part thereof, pursuant to such Notice, and to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or of their Surveyor or Surveyors for the time being, then it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or for their Surveyor or Surveyors for the time being, to direct such Drains, Sewers, Collied, Gutter or Watercourse to be repaired, amended, altered, enlarged or deepened, with such Materials and in such manner as they or he may direct, and by such Person or Persons as they or he may from time to time appoint; and that the Amount of the Charges and Expenses incurred thereunto, and also of taking up, relaying or repairing any Pavements in any Streets or public Places which may for those Purposes or any of them be taken up, shall be ascertained and determined by such Surveyor or Surveyors of Pavements as aforesaid, and shall be certified by him or them to such Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers, and shall be paid by him or them within the same time, and may be recovered with the same Penalties in case of Non-payment, in such and the same manner and by such and the same Proceedings, as are by the Act authorized and directed for the abatement and discontinuance, certifying and recovering any Monies so become due and to be recovered from any Person whatsoever, for the Costs and Charges of making or giving or repairing any Pavements of any Streets or public Places by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, may cause Posts of Wood, Stone or Iron to be let up over or adjoining the Foot Pavements, in such Part or Parts of all or any of the Streets or public Places within their respective parochial or other Districts, as they shall judge necessary; and also shall and may let up Posts and Rails any or adjoining to any vacant Ground, or other exposed or dangerous Place, shutting upon or adjoining to any of the Streets or public Places in such parochial or other District, in case they shall think proper so to do, for preventing Accidents or Collisions; and if any Person or Persons shall wilfully or carelessly knock down, break, damage or injure such Posts or Rails, or any of them, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not being less than Forty Shillings nor exceeding Ten Pounds; and shall also make a full Satisfaction (to be ascertained by the Justice before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted) to such Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons or Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the parochial or other District within which the Offence shall be committed, for the Damage so done; and that such Penalty and Satisfaction shall be recovered in the same manner in which Penalties and Forfeitures are heretofore directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, Trustees or any other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and who by any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating thereto are also authorized and empowered to direct the cleansing of the Streets or public Places within such parochial or other District, at any time or times hereafter to agree by private Contract or by public Auction, or by Tender or Proposal if they shall think fit, for any time not exceeding Three Years, with any Person or Persons to be the Scavenger or Scavengers, Raker or Rakers, Cleaner or Cleaners of the Streets and public Places within the said parochial or other District; and such Person or Persons, on a certain Day in every Week, and oftener when thereto required by any Three or more of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or by the Surveyors of the Pavements of such parochial or other District, or any Inspector or other Officer or Person appointed by them or any of them, shall bring or cause to be brought convenient Carriages into all such Streets or public Places where such Carriages may be drawn over or past into, and as or before their Approach, by Bell, Horn, Chime or otherwise, by a loud Noise or Cry, shall give Notice to the Inhabitants, and shall give the like Notice in every other Place into which the said Carriages may pass and abide; and such Scavengers, Rakers or Cleaners shall take and carry away or cause to be taken and carried away from the respective Houses and Premises of the Inhabitants or Occupiers, their Soil, Ashes, Cinders, Rubbish, Dirt, and Filth, and all which the said Scavengers, Rakers or Cleaners shall carry away or cause to be carried away at their own Costs

and Charges, upon Pain of forfeiting a Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Neglect or Default, (except after-Fines) so, that all such Rabbits, Earth, Dust and Filth as shall be occasioned by building, repairing, unroofing or altering any House or Houses or any other Building or Buildings, or by cleaning or repairing any Ditch or Sewer; and also that the said Rabbits, Earth, Dust or Soil thereby occasioned, and every Part thereof, within the Space of Twelve Hours after the same or any Part thereof shall be first left or placed in any Street or public Place, shall be carried away by or at the Charge of the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of such Houses and Buildings, or by the Commissioners of such Streets respectively as aforesaid; and that such Owners or Occupiers or Commissioners neglecting to remove the same and every Part thereof, or to cause the same to be removed, within the time above limited, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds for every Neglect to remove the same within the time above limited; and also, that if any Person or Persons shall refuse to permit such other Soil, Ashes, Cinders, Rubbish, Dust, Dirt or Filth to be taken away by the Scavengers, Rakers or Cleaners, or other Persons appointed by and agreeing with the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, then every such Person or Persons so offending shall in like manner forfeit and shall Pay the like Sum of Five Pounds: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Com. Power to Com- missioners to ap- point different Persons to col- lect and to take the said Soil, Ashes, Cinders or other Persons having the Control as aforesaid, either to contract and agree with and to appoint the same Person or Persons or a different Person and other Persons to be the Scavengers, Rakers or Cleaners within their respective or other District of the Streets or public Places therein, and to be the Persons to collect and carry away and dispose and retain the Soil, Ashes, Cinders, Rubbish, Dust, Dirt and Filth from the Houses and Premises within their respective parochial or other Districts, as they shall deem most expedient; but that the Right and Benefit of such Soil, Ashes, Cinders, Rubbish, Dust, Dirt and Filth, shall belong exclusively to the Person or Persons who shall be from time to time by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid appointed to collect and dispose the same; any thing in any local Act or Acts of Parlia- ment or in the Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

LX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons other than the Scavengers, Rakers or Cleaners of any parochial or other District, or the other Person or Persons employed or appointed by or con- tracting with the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, to collect and retain the Dust, Cinders or Ashes within their respective parochial or other District, or those employed by and under such Person or Persons, shall on any Pretence whatsoever go about to collect or gather, or shall ask for, receive or carry away any Dust, Cinders or Ashes, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace for the City, Borough or County within which such parochial or other District may be situate, upon Complaint to him made, to grant a Warrant to bring before him such Offender or Offenders, and also for any Person or Persons who shall for any such Offence concerned to seize, and also for any other Person or Persons to assist in seizing, the Offender or Offenders, together with the Horses, Ales, Cattle, Carts, Trucks, Wheelbarrows, or other Carriages or Implements made use of for carrying the same away; and by the Authority of this Act, and without any other Warrant, to convey him, her or them before such Justice of the Peace, or any Justice of the Peace for the said City, Borough or County; and such Justice shall and he is hereby authorized and required to examine upon Oath the Person or Persons apprehending such Offender or Offenders, or any Witness or Witnesses who shall appear to give Information or Evidence touching such Offence; and if the Party or Parties shall be convicted of going about to collect or gather, or of asking for, receiving or carrying away any Dust, Cinders or Ashes from any House or other Premises within any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, not being the Person or Persons employed or appointed by or contracting with the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Premises within such parochial or other District, to collect and dispose the Dust, Cinders and Ashes from the Houses and Premises therein, or not acting with or under his or their Authority, he, she or they shall respectively, for the First Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds; for the Second Offence, the Sum of Fifteen Pounds; and for the Third and every other subsequent Offence, the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and One Month of which respective Penalties shall be paid to the Informer or Informers, or to the Person or Persons who shall apprehend the Offender or Offenders, and the other Moneys shall be paid and shall belong to the Person or Persons so employed or appointed by or contracting with the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid; and if such Offender or Offenders shall not so Convince pay the said Penalty or Penalties, such Justice is hereby required to direct such Horses, Ales, Cattle, Carts, Trucks, Wheelbarrows or other Carriages or Implements which shall have been so seized, to be appraised and sold; and after deducting out of the Moneys to arise by such Sale the Penalty or Penalties incurred, together with the reasonable Charges and Expenses of such Warrant, and of such District, Apprehension and Sale, the Overplus thereof shall be returned upon Demand to the Party or Parties whose Horses and other Things shall be appraised and sold; and in case there shall have been as such Seizure as aforesaid, or if the Horses, Ales, Cattle, Carts or other Things which shall be appraised and sold, shall not produce a sufficient Sum of Money to pay the said Penalty or Penalties, Charges and Expenses, then if such Offender or Offenders shall not upon the Conviction pay the said Penalty or Penalties, or such Part or Parts of the said Penalty or Penalties, Charges and Expenses, which shall remain over and above the Produce of the Horses, Ales, Cattle, Carts and other Things so seized and sold, then such Justice is hereby required to commit such Offender or Offenders to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the City, Borough or County where such parochial or other District shall be situate, there to be kept to hard Labour for any time not ex- ceeding Thirty Days, unless such Penalty or Penalties, and Charges and Expenses, and every Part thereof, shall be sooner paid and satisfied.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That in case such Person or Persons be employed or appointed by or contracting with the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons for the Purposes aforesaid, shall neglect for the Space of Seven Days in bring or cause to be brought Carts or proper Carriages into all the Streets or public

Owner or Occu- pier of Houses, &c. not com- ing Day, &c. Penalty &c.

Power to Com- missioners to ap- point different Persons to col- lect and to take the said Soil, &c.

Persons, other than such Scav- engers, &c. &c. &c.

Penalties.

First Offence.

Second Offence. Subsequent Offences.

if Penalty not paid, Penalties.

On the Neglect of Scavengers to remove Dust for Seven Days, &c.

shall carry for the
mortality by any
other Person.

as Notice is
Sweepers.

That not to be
except from any
Common Sewer.

Penalty sh.

Footways to be
except by Sweep-
ers daily during
Frost and Snow.

Except Sunday.

Penalty

Straying Cattle,
breaking Harms,
driving Cattle,
and Carriage on
Footways, and
driving Horses,
&c.

Proceedings.

public Places at street-door where such Carriages can pass, and to give Notice to anyone who shall be the Inhabitant of any such Street, Lane, Alley, or Court, or to give the like Notice in every Place into which the said Carts and Carriages cannot pass, or to take away and remove all such Dirt, Dirt, Soil, Rubbish, Filth or Cinders or Ashes from the Houses and Premises of all and every the Inhabitants of such Streets or public Places, or from such Part or Parts of such Houses or Premises where such Dirt, Dirt, Soil, Rubbish, Filth, Cinders and Ashes shall be deposited, that then [after Twenty-four Hours' Notice given to such Person or Persons to be employed or appointed by or contracting with the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons for the Purposes aforesaid, or left for him or them at his or their usual House or Houses, Yard or other Premises, regarding him or them to bring or cause to be brought Carts or Carriages to take away their Dirt, Dirt, Filth, Cinders or Ashes, and to take away and remove the same from their respective Houses and Premises,] it shall and may be lawful for such of the Inhabitants of such of the said Streets or public Places, who shall have given such Notice as aforesaid, to give away or to fill their Dirt, Dirt, Filth, Cinders or Ashes to any Person or Persons whomsoever; and that such Person or Persons who shall take and carry away the said Dirt, Dirt, Filth, Cinders or Ashes, shall not be subject or liable to any Penalty or Penalties for so doing upon every such Neglect; any thing in this Act or in any local Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That no Sweepers, Rakers or Cleaners, or any other Person, shall sweep, rake or place any of the Dirt, Mud, Dirt, Dirt, Rubbish, Ashes, Filth or Soil, found or being in any Streets or public Places in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, during the Continuance of Frost, or after or during the Fall of Snow, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, shall once in every Day before the Hour of Two of the Clock in the Forenoon of each Day, except Sunday, Sweep and cleanse, or cause to be swept and cleansed, the Footway all along the front Side or back Walls of their respective Houses, Tenements, Warehouses, Shops, Sheds, Coach Houses, Stables, Chapels, Meeting Houses or other public or private Building; and that every Occupier who shall neglect to do shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Ten Shillings, to be levied and recovered and applied in such and the same manner in which other Penalties are by this Act hereinafter directed to be recovered and applied, and also that the Owner or Owners of any House or other Tenement within the Jurisdiction of this Act, which may be let furnished, or in divided Apartments, shall be deemed and taken, for the Purpose of this Provision, to be the Occupier or Occupiers of every such House or other Tenement respectively.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Occupier of any House, Tenement, Warehouse, Shop, Shed, Coach House, Stable, Chapel, Meeting House or other public or private Building in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, during the Continuance of Frost, or after or during the Fall of Snow, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, shall once in every Day before the Hour of Two of the Clock in the Forenoon of each Day, except Sunday, Sweep and cleanse, or cause to be swept and cleansed, the Footway all along the front Side or back Walls of their respective Houses, Tenements, Warehouses, Shops, Sheds, Coach Houses, Stables, Chapels, Meeting Houses or other public or private Building; and that every Occupier who shall neglect to do shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Ten Shillings, to be levied and recovered and applied in such and the same manner in which other Penalties are by this Act hereinafter directed to be recovered and applied, and also that the Owner or Owners of any House or other Tenement within the Jurisdiction of this Act, which may be let furnished, or in divided Apartments, shall be deemed and taken, for the Purpose of this Provision, to be the Occupier or Occupiers of every such House or other Tenement respectively.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, in any Street or public Place in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, at any time or times hereafter, leave or deposit any Cattle or Carriage, or shall drive any Carriage or Carriages, for the Purpose of breaking, exercising or trying Horses; or shall ride any Horse, Mare or Gelding for the Purpose of exercising, using, trying, driving or exercising such Horse, Mare or Gelding for Sale (otherwise than by passing through such Streets or other public Places); or shall draw, cart or lay, or shall make, permit or suffer to be thrown, cart or laid, or to remain, any Ashes, Dirt, Dirt, Soil, Rubbish, Offal, Dung, Soil, Blood or other Filth or Annuance, or any matter or thing, in or upon the Footway or Footway Footway of any such Street or other public Place in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act; or shall kill, slaughter, fatten, dress or put up any Beef, Swine, Calf, Sheep, Lamb or other Cattle, in or so near to any of the said Streets or other public Places, as that the Blood or Filth shall run or flow upon or over, or be on any or either of such Footways; or shall run, roll, draw, draw or place, or cause, permit or suffer to be run, rolled, drawn, drawn or placed, upon any of the said Footway Footways of any Street or public Place in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, any Waggon, Cart, Droy, Sledge or other Carriage, or any Wheel, Wheelbarrow, Handbarrow or Truck, or any Hogshead, Cask or Barrel; or shall wilfully ride, lead or drive any Horse, Ali, Mule or other Beast upon any of the Footway Footways aforesaid; then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice of the Peace for the City, Borough or County wherein any such parish or other District may be situate, and he is hereby required, upon Complaint to him made upon Oath or Affirmation of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, to issue a Summons requiring such Offender or Offenders to appear before him, at such time and place as shall be in such Summons specified; or it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons whomsoever, who shall for any such Offence committed, if he or they shall think proper, to seize, and also for any other Person or Persons so seized in Seizing, such Offender or Offenders by the Authority of this Act, and by such Authority, and without any other Authority or Warrant whatsoever, to convey such Offender or Offenders before some Justice of the Peace for the City, Borough or County wherein any such parish or other District may be situate; and upon the Party or Parties appearing in pursuance of such Summons, or not appearing after having been so summoned, or being brought before such Justice who is seized or otherwise, be the said Justice shall proceed to examine upon Oath or Affirmation any

Witness

Witness or Witnesses who shall appear or be produced to give Evidence touching such Offence; and if the Party or Parties aforesaid shall be convicted of any or either of the Offences aforesaid upon his or their own Confession, or upon the Oath or Affirmation of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses as aforesaid, then and in every such case the Person or Persons so convicted shall forfeit and pay a Sum not less than Forty Shillings nor exceeding Five Pounds for each and every Offence; and that One Penny of every such Penalty shall be paid to the Informer or Informers, or to the Person or Persons who shall apprehend such Offender or Offenders; and the other Moneys thereof shall be paid to the Treasurer or Treasurers of the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places in the parochial or other District wherein any such Offence or Offences shall have been committed.

LXX. And he is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons at any time or times hereafter shall fix or place, or cause or permit to be set or placed by any Servant or Person employed by him, her or them, or otherwise, any Stall Board, Chopping Block, Slew Board, or Hinges or otherwise, Balist, Wren, Mire, shambles, Calks or Goats of any Kind whatsoever; or Stall hoop, place, walk or street, or stand to be hooped, nailed or staked, any Pige, Barrel, Cask or Vessel, or upon or over any Part of the Carriage or Footways in any Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act; or shall fix, set, lay or place, or cause or procure, prevent or suffer to be set, set, laid or placed, any Coach, Cart, Wain, Waggon, Dray, Wheelbarrow, Handbarrow, Sledge, Truck or other Carriage upon any of the said Carriage Ways, (except such Coaches, Chaises and Chaises as have been or shall be heretofore licensed by the Commissioners for regulating and licensing Hackney Coaches, Chaises and Chaises, and which stand for Hire according to the Statute and Bye Laws made for those Purposes,) and also except for the necessary time of loading or unloading any Cart, Wain, Waggon, Dray, Sledge, Truck or other Carriage, or taking up or setting down any Fare, or waiting for Passengers when actually hired, or travelling or unloading the Goods from any Coach, Cart, Wain, Waggon, Dray, Sledge, Truck or other Carriage; or if any Person or Persons shall fix or place, or cause to be set or placed, in or upon or over any of the said Carriage or Footways, any Timber, Stones, Bricks, Lime or other Materials or Things for building whatsoever, (unless the time shall be noticed, as in and by any local Act or Acts of Parliament, or by this Act, or some of them, may be directed,) or any other matters or things whatsoever; or shall hang out or expose, or cause or permit to be hung out or exposed, any Mast or Offal, or other matter or thing whatsoever, from any House or Houses or other Buildings or Premises belonging to or occupied by him, her or them, over any Part of either of such Pavements, or over any Area or Areas of any Houses or other Buildings or Premises, or shall place or put out, or cause or permit to be placed or put out, any Garden or other Pans, (except the time shall be perfectly licensed from taking, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any such parochial or other District, or of their Surveyors of the Pavements for the time being,) or any other matter or thing, from and on the Outside of the Front or any other Part of any House or Houses, or other Buildings or Premises, over or next unto any such Street or public Place; and shall not immediately remove all or any such matters or things, being themselves required by any Surveyor or Surveyors of Pavements, or by any other Person or Persons employed or appointed by the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any parochial or other District; and whether the same shall have been so set or placed, exposed or put out by himself, herself or themselves personally, or by any of his, her or their Servants, or by any Person or Persons employed by him, her or them, and shall not continue and keep the same so removed; or if any Person or Persons, having, in possession of any such Reprehensions or Reprehensions as aforesaid removed or caused to be removed any such Stall Board, Slew Board, Chopping Block, Balist, Wren, Mire, shambles, Calks, Goats, Coach, Cart, Wain, Waggon, Dray, Wheelbarrow, Handbarrow, Sledge, Truck, Carriage, Timber, Stones, Bricks, Lime, Mast, Offal, Garden Pots or other matters or things, fail at any time thereafter again to set, lay or place, expose or put out, or cause or procure, prevent or suffer to be again set, laid or placed, exposed or put out, the same or any of them, or any other Stall Board, Slew Board, Chopping Block, Balist, Wren, Mire, shambles, Calks, Coach, Cart, Wain, Waggon, Dray, Wheelbarrow, Handbarrow, Sledge, Truck, Timber, Stones, Bricks, Lime, Mast, Offal, Garden Pots or other matters or things whatsoever, (save and except as aforesaid,) in or upon or over any of the Carriage or Footways of or over any such Streets or public Places within the same parochial or other District as aforesaid; then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice of the Peace for the City, Borough or County wherein the said parochial or other District may be situate, and he is hereby required, upon Complaint to him made by any One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, to give a Summons requiring the Person or Persons convicted of such Offence, or the Owner or Owners of the Goods, Materials, Mast, Offal, Garden Pots, matters or things, or of the Coaches, Carts, Waggons, Drays, Wheelbarrows, Handbarrows, Sledges, Trucks or other Carriages which shall be so set or placed, exposed or set out, or the Master or Masters of the Person or Persons, by whose Servants, or by the Person or Persons employed by whom, such Offence shall have been committed, to appear before him, or before any other Justice of the Peace for the same City, Borough or County, as shall be then or, there, present, at such time and Place as shall be to such Summons specified, and that and there to proceed to examine upon Oath or Affirmation any Witnesses or Witnesses who shall appear or be produced to give Evidence touching such Offence; and if the Person or Persons so offending shall be convicted of any or either of the Offences aforesaid, upon his, her or their own Confession, or upon the Oath or Affirmation of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses as aforesaid, he, she or they who shall be so convicted, and the Owner or Owners of such Goods, Materials, Mast, Offal, Garden Pots, matters or things, or of the Coaches, Carts, Waggons, Drays, Wheelbarrows, Handbarrows, Sledges, Trucks or other Carriages which

Penalty.

Fines, by
Commissioners,
Justice, Magistrate,
and other Min-
isters, by whom
used in the
Parish, &c.

Carriage way.

regulating Tyre-
lock, &c.Exception:
nothing out of
Mast, &c.at Garden Pots,
&c.
Exception.and not removing
the same as
being required.as, keeping on,
removed, keeping
the same, &c.

Exception.

Proceedings.

Field Officer, Subaltern, Officer, Privy	which shall be to let or placed, exposed or let out as afield, and the Master or Master, Employer or Employers of the Perles or Persons so offending, shall forfeit and pay for the Field Officer the Sum of Forty Shillings, and for the Second and every subsequent Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and that such respective Penalties shall be paid to the Treasurer for Turnaments of the Constabulary, Trailers or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places in the parochial or other District wherein any such Offences shall have been committed, or to such other Person or Persons as they shall direct and appoint; and also, that not only shall such Penalties become payable and to be recovered, but that it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons appointed or to be appointed by the said Commissioners or Trailers or other Persons as afield for that Purpose, without any Warrant or other Authority than the Act, to seize any such Still Bench, Shew Board, Chopping Block, Basket, Wagon, Merchandise, Casks, Goods, Coach, Cart, Wain, Waggon, Dray, Wheelbarrow, Handbarrow, Sledge, Truck or other Carriage, together with the Horses or Horses, Ales or Ales, Males or Males, if any shall be, thereunto belonging, with the Harness, Gear and Accoutrements thereof, or any such Timber or other Materials, or other matters or things afield, or any of them; and in case any of the Wares, Goods and Merchandise so seized shall be forfeitable, or shall be Articles of Food, then the same shall be immediately forfeited, and such Person or Persons who shall have the same shall deliver the same or cause the same to be delivered to the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor, or some of them, or to the Master of any Workhouse Situate in the said parochial or other District, or of the Parish whereunto such District shall belong; and the same shall and may be given and distributed by him or them unto one or among any one or more of the poor Inhabitants of the said parochial or other District, or of such Workhouse, to and for his or their Benefit; but otherwise such Person or Persons shall cause the Still Bench, Basket, Cask, Goods, Coach, Cart, Wain, Waggon, Dray, Wheelbarrow, Handbarrow, Sledge, Truck or other Carriage, Basket or Horses, Ales or Males, or any Materials and Things so seized, to be removed to any Place appointed for the Reception thereof in any such parochial or other District, if any such there be, and otherwise to such Place or Places as he or they shall judge convenient, giving public or written Notice of such Place or Places wherunto the same shall be removed, unto the Owner, Driver or other Person having any Interest in the Goods, Coach, Cart, Wain, Waggon, Dray, Wheelbarrow, Handbarrow, Sledge, Truck or other Carriage, Horses, Ales, Males, Materials or other things so seized or removed, if he, she or they shall be then and there present; and the same shall be there kept and detained until such Owner, Driver or other Person interceded thereon as afield shall cause to be paid the said Penalty, together with the Charges for taking or removing the same, and of keeping such Horses or Horses, Ales or Males, if any; and in case the Goods, Carriage, Horses, Materials or other things so removed (not being forfeitable or Articles of Food) shall not be claimed, and the said Penalty and Charges be paid, within Five Days next after such Removal thereof, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trailers, or other Persons as afield, or their Surveyors of the Pavements, or any other Person to be appointed by the said Commissioners or Trailers or other Persons as afield, to order the same to be appraised and sold; and the Overplus of the Money arising by such Sale shall be returned to the Owner or Owners thereof, if he or they shall have given such Notice as afield, after deducting the said Penalty, and such Costs, Charges and Expenses attending such taking, removing, keeping, appraising and selling the same; as the said Commissioners or Trailers or other Persons as afield, or any Surveyors of the Pavements in any parochial or other District, shall otherwise and allow.
If Goods (not forfeitable) not claimed within Five Days, Penalties.	LXVI. And he is further enacted, That in all cases where by this Act or by any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, it may be directed, required and provided, that any Person or Persons bring or place; any Still Bench, Chopping Block, Basket, Wagon, Merchandise, Pape, Barrel, Cask or Vessel, Goods, Timber, Stones, Bricks, Lime or any other materials, matters or things, or causing or procuring the same or any of them to be so or placed upon any of the Carriage or Foot Pavements or otherwise, contrary to the Regulations herein or in any such local Act or Acts contained, in any of the Streets or public Places within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or that any Person or Persons deliver or place any Coach, Cart, Wagon, Dray, Wheelbarrow, Handbarrow, Sledge, Truck or other Carriage in or upon or over any of the Foot Pavements in any Streets or Places within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or causing or procuring the same to be so driven or placed, shall have Notice and be required to remove the same previous to such Person or Persons being seized or liable to the Penalty as Penalties imposed by virtue of such local Act or Acts or of this Act, and in the Same, Forfeiture, Appropriation, Appraisement or Sale of any such Goods, Materials, matters and other things, Coaches, Carts, Waggon, Drays, Wheelbarrows, Handbarrows, Sledges, Trucks or other Carriages, in manner directed by such local Act or Acts or by this Act, then if any Person or Persons shall so or place any Goods, Materials, matters or other things, or shall so, place or drive any Coaches, Carts, Waggon, Drays, Wheelbarrows, Handbarrows, Sledges, Trucks or other Carriages upon or over the said Pavements, or any of them, or any Part thereof, at any time or times subsequent to his, her or their having received such Notice, or having been required to remove the same, or any other Goods, Materials, matters or things, or any other Coaches, Carts, Waggon, Drays, Wheelbarrows, Handbarrows, Sledges, Trucks or other Carriages from off the said Pavements or any of them, or shall cause or permit the same or any of them to be so or placed or driven by him or their Servants, or by any Person or Persons employed by him or them; is any and every such case it shall not be necessary or requisite that any Person or Persons, being such Offence or Offences committed again, should require the Removal of the said Goods, Materials, matters or things, or Coaches, Carts, Waggon, Drays, Wheelbarrows, Handbarrows, Sledges, Trucks or other Carriages; but the same or any of them, being so again so, placed or driven in, upon or over the said Pavements or any of them, or any Part thereof, contrary to the Directions of any such local Act or Acts of Parliament, or of this Act, shall and may be seized, for-
after Notice,	ward,
such Notice not necessary.	
but Goods, &c. may be seized, and Offences tried.	

found, removed, applied, detained, appraised and sold, in manner herein provided as to any other Goods, Materials, matters or things, or Coaches, Carts, Waggon, Drays, Wheelbarrows, Handbarrows, Sledges, Trucks or other Carriages, which shall not be removed on a Requisition or Notice being given to do as hereinafter provided; and the Person or Persons in committing the said Offence or Offences, and the Owner or Owners of the Goods, Materials, matters or other things, or Coaches, Carts, Waggon, Drays, Wheelbarrows, Handbarrows, Sledges, Trucks or other Carriages which shall be in place or driven, and the Master or Masters, Employer or Employers of the Person or Persons in offending, shall be subject and liable to the same Penalty or Penalties, Forfeitures, Proceedings, Charges and Punishments, as if such Person or Persons offending had neglected or refused to remove the said Goods, Materials, matters or other things, or Coaches, Carts, Waggon, Drays, Wheelbarrows, Handbarrows, Sledges, Trucks or other Carriages, when required to do so, under and by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament, or of this Act; and although the said Notice or Requisition shall not have been repeated or again given to the Person or Persons committing or committing or permitting such Offence or Offences, or any of them; any thing in this Act or in any local or other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Hag Stye, Slaughter House, Horse-boiling Establishment, or any other matter which is the Judgment of the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, is a Nuisance to the other Inhabitants of such parochial or other District or any of them, at any time or times hereafter shall be so any of the Streets, Lanes or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the said Streets and public Places, upon Complaint thereof to them made by any Inhabitants, and after due Investigation of such Complaint, by Notice in Writing under the Hand or Hands of any of their Surveyor or Surveyors, or of their Clerk or Clerks for the time being, to order that every or any such Hag Stye, Noddlery House, Slaughter House or other matter, being a Nuisance, shall be forthwith remedied or removed; and if the same shall not be remedied or removed within Seven Days after such Notice given to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of the Premises whereon such Nuisance or Nuisances shall be situate, or left for him, her or them, at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, or on the said Premises, then every such Owner or Occupier is neglecting to remedy or remove such Nuisance pursuant to such Notice, and to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, or of their Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements for the time being, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds for every such Neglect and Delinquency; and also it may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons to build or cause to be erected such Porch or Porches in neglecting or disobeying any such Notice, at the then area or at any future Ground or Quarters Situated or Adjacent Quarter Situated of the Piece for the City, Borough or County whereon such parochial or other District may be situate, for such Nuisance, or for such Delinquency and Offence; and such Porch or Porches being found guilty thereof, such Nuisance or Nuisances shall be removed, taken down and cleared according to Law with regard to public or common Nuisances, or may be subject to such Punishment for a Misdemeanour, as the Justice situate at a General, Quarter or Adjourned Sessions for the said City, Borough or County, may direct.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons whatsoever, at any time or times hereafter, shall breed, feed, or keep any kind or Species of Swine in any House, Building, Yard, Garden or other Hereditaments situate and being in or within Forty Yards of any Street or public Place in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, nor shall suffer any kind or Species of Swine belonging to him or them to stray or go about in any Street or public Place in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act; and that any Person or Persons who shall so offend shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Forty Shillings, and shall also forfeit the said Swine and every of them unto the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any such parochial or other District; and that a shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, or their Surveyor or Surveyors, Inspector or Inspectors, or any other Officer or Person or Persons directed and appointed by them, and for any Constables and Headboroughs, at all times hereafter all such Swine as here, taken, drive and carry away, and sell for the best Price that can be lawfully had; and the Money thereby produced, after deducting all the Costs and Charges of and incidental to such Seizure, Removal and Sale, to pay to the Treasurer or Treasurers of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, or to such other Person or Persons as the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid shall from time to time direct and appoint.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons at any time or times hereafter shall fill, burn or flush, or cause to be filled, burned or flushed, any Lane in any Street or public Place in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or shall cause the same to be so done, without the Consent of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places in such parochial or other District, or of their Surveyor or Surveyors of Pavements for the time being, and without also previously erecting an Hoard or Inclosure, with the Licence of the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements in any such parochial or other District first obtained, as directed in any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any such parochial or other District, or in this Act, and which Hoard or Inclosure shall inclose all such Lane when and as it shall be filled, burned or flushed; then he, she or they shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence a Sum not being less than Forty Shillings nor exceeding Five Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner in which other Penalties are hereafter directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

Hag Stye and other Nuisance

not remedied or Complaint.

Penalty not and Compensation, in any parochial or other District.

Punishment.

Swine not to be kept, nor to stray, in the Streets.

Penalty for and Swine destroyed.

Such Swine taken, burn and sold.

Building, the Lane in the Street without Consent of Commissioners, and erecting Inclosure, &c.

Penalty.

Licensees to
Cellars and Cell
Holes, Bars, and
Atriums, for to be
covered and
secured.

LEE. And be it further enacted, That if at any time or times hereafter the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers, of any House, Building or Premises in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, having any Iron or Wooden Rails or Bars over the Arches or Openings to any Kitchens or Cellars or other Part or Parts of his or their House, Building or Premises, beneath the Surface of the Foot Pavements of any Streets or public Places in any such parochial or other District, or having any Door-way or Entrance into the Basement or Cellar Story thereof, shall not either keep the same, or the Walls of such Kitchens or Cellars, in sufficient and good Repair, or safely and securely guard and constantly keep the same bravely guarded by a Rail or Rails, or cover the same over with a strong Flap or Trap Door, according to the nature of the case, and to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in such parochial or other District, or of the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements in any such parochial or other District for the time being, or of any Inspectors or other Officers or Persons appointed by the said Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or some of them, and in so as to prevent Damage to Persons passing and repassing; or if any such Occupier or Occupiers do or shall leave open, or not sufficiently and substantially cover and keep covered and secured, to such Satisfaction as aforesaid, any Cell or other Hole, Passage, Trap Door or Cellar Flap, belonging to or connected with his, her or their respective Houses, Buildings or Premises (save and except only during such reasonable time as any Casks, Wood, Casks or other things shall be putting down or taking out of any such Vault or Basement Story, or during such reasonable time as the Flap, Trap Door or Covering thereof shall be altering, repairing or mending); or if such Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers, shall not repair, and from time to time keep in good and substantial Repair, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, or of the said Surveyor or Surveyors, Inspectors or other Persons appointed by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, all and every or any such Iron or Wooden Rails, Guard Rails, Flaps, Trap Doors and other Covering; then and in every such case the Person or Persons neglecting to do so shall for every or any such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not being less than Forty Shillings nor exceeding Five Pounds, to be recovered in such and the same manner in which other Penalties are hereafter directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act; and that in any or either of such cases of Neglect, it shall and may be also lawful to and for any Two or more of the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, and without the Assent of any public or general Meeting, or for their Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements for the time being, or for their Inspectors, or for any other Person by such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons appointed as aforesaid, to cause all and every such Doorways, Entrances, Holes and Passages to be well and securely covered over and guarded, and all Iron or Wooden Rails, or Guard Rails, Flaps, Trap Doors or Coverings, to be well and substantially repaired or renewed by such Person or Persons as they shall think proper to employ, and with such Materials and in such manner as they or he may think good; and that all the Costs, Charges and Expenses attending the same be ascertained and certified by the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements in any such parochial or other District, and shall be borne and paid by the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupier, or other Person or Persons neglecting to repair and make good the same in manner aforesaid; and that if such Costs, Charges and Expenses shall not be so paid by such Person or Persons to the said Surveyor or Surveyors, or to such other Person or Persons as he or they shall or may appoint to receive the same, within Twenty-four Hours after an Account of the Costs, Charges and Expenses is ascertained and certified shall have been given to or left for such Person or Persons at or on such House, Buildings or Premises, then double the Amount of the Sum so certified shall become due and payable from such Person or Persons, over and above the other Penalties hereby imposed, and shall and may be recovered and levied in such and the same manner in which any other Penalties are hereafter directed to be recovered, or in which any Costs and Charges of relating any Pavements, by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such parochial or other District, or of this Act.

Owner or Occu-
pler having the
same open, &c.

Exception.

Not extending,
&c.

Penalty.

Commissioners,
&c. may cause
such Cell Holes,
&c. to be covered.

Charges to be
paid by the Own-
er or Occupier;
&c. as set forth.

Double the
Amount certifi-
ed to be paid,
above the Penal-
ties.

Holes made
for Wells, to be
secured.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That if at any time or times hereafter any Person or Persons shall dig or make or cause to be dug or made any Hole, or bore or cause to be bored any Hole before any vacant Ground, or before or behind or on the Side of any House or other Tenement or Building erected or being erected or about to be erected or adjoining to any Street or public Place formed or to be formed or forming in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, for the Purpose of making any Vault or Vault, or the Foundation or Foundations to such House or other Building, or for any other Purpose whatsoever, and shall not forthwith make the same in a good and sufficient manner, to the Satisfaction of the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements for the time being in the Commission or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in such parochial or other District, or shall keep up or cause to be kept up and continued any such Excavation for any time which shall be longer than shall be absolutely necessary in the Opinion of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or of their Surveyor or Surveyors of Pavements for the time being, or shall not, when thereto required by such Surveyor or Surveyors, or either of them, well and sufficiently brace or make any such Hole or Holes, or Area or Areas, or Space or Spaces, opened or left open, and intended for an Area or Areas, Foundation or Foundations, or for any other Purpose whatsoever, in the Front of or behind or on the Side of such vacant Ground, House or other Tenement or Building, in and adjoining to any such Street or public Place formed or to be formed or forming, within Six Hours after he or they shall be required to do so by the said Surveyor or Surveyors of Pavement, and in the manner and with such Materials as he or they shall think good, and to his or their Satisfaction, then and in every or any such case he or they shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence, and for every such Neglect or Neglect, any Sum not being less than Forty Shillings nor exceeding Five Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner in which other Penalties are hereafter directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

Penalty.

LXXII. And

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That a Ballad may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and for their Surveyor or Surveyors of Pavements from time to time and at all times hereafter, to regulate or remove, in such manner as he or they shall from time to time judge proper, all Signs, Signs Incon, Signs Potts and other Poles, Signs, Postboards, Spouts, Gutters, Steps, Stairs, Cellar Doors, Bow and other Windows projecting over any Part of either of the Footways or Carriage Ways of any of the said Streets or public Places, Window Shutters, Stumps, Shades, Rails, Fences, Palisades, Fences, Bulbs, Show Glasses and Show Boards, Pails, Coffins, Coffers and Refrains for Water, and all other or any fixed or movable Projections, on Hinges or otherwise, from the Front or Sides of any House or Houses or other Buildings, and now affixed or belonging to, or which shall be hereafter affixed or belonging to any House or Houses or other Buildings or on abutting upon or contiguous to any Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or to the Owner or Owners or Occupier or Occupiers of any such House or other Buildings, and which in the Judgment of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or of their Surveyor or Surveyors of Pavements for the time being, then do or may obstruct the Circulation of Light and Air, or are inconvenient or unnecessary to any Passengers along the Carriage or Footways of any of the said Streets or public Places or of within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or any Part thereof, or to any Inhabitants of such parochial or other District; and then the same, and all the Rails, Cornices, Eaves and Parapetings or of belonging to such House or Buildings respectively, and all Water Pipes or Trunks affixed or belonging or to be affixed or belonging to any such House or other Buildings respectively, shall from time to time and at all times be regulated, removed, placed and altered by the Owner or Owners or Occupier or Occupiers of such House or other Buildings respectively, as in the Judgment of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or their Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements for the time being, shall be necessary or desirable for the public Convenience; and that in case any Person or Persons acting as agents for any House or Houses or other Buildings or on abutting upon or contiguous to any Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, on being required by any Member signed by any Three or more Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the parochial or other District within which the said House or Houses or Buildings may be situate, or by their Surveyor or Surveyors of Pavements for the time being, given to or left for such Person or Persons, or any of them, in or at or upon the said House or Houses or other Buildings or any of them, or at him, or their usual or last known Place or Places of Abode, shall not from time to time and at all times immediately either entirely remove or alter, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any such parochial or other District, or of their Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements for the time being, any Signs, Signs Incon, Signs Potts and other Poles, Signs, Postboards, Spouts, Gutters, Steps, Stairs, Cellar Doors, Bow and other Windows, Window Shutters, Stumps, Shades, Show Boards, Awnings, Rails, Fences, Palisades, Fences, Bulbs, Show Glasses and Show Boards, Pails, Coffins, Coffers and Refrains, or other Things then affixed or affixed, or belonging to or connected with any such House or Houses or other Buildings, and all other fixed or movable Projections or things projecting from the Front or Sides of, or added or appended or belonging to any House or Houses or other Buildings, or to the Owner or Owners or Occupier or Occupiers of any such House or Houses or other Buildings, or to any Footways or Carriageways of any Streets or public Places within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or any Part, or any of them, and the Rails, Cornices, Eaves and Parapetings, Waterpipes or Trunks, affixed or to be affixed, or belonging or to be affixed upon or connected with any of such House or Buildings respectively; then and in every such case any and every such Person or Persons refusing or neglecting immediately to do so, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or of their Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements for the time being, shall for every such Offence, and upon every such Refusal or Neglect, forfeit and pay a Sum not being less than Forty Shillings or exceeding Five Pounds, and which may be recovered in the same manner in which other Penalties are now or hereafter directed to be recovered by section of this Act.

LEXIII. And be it further enacted, That, if any Person or Persons at any time or times hereafter shall drive or cause to be driven any Cart, or other Carriage with any Soap Looz, Night Soil, Ammoniacal Liquor, Slag, Fifth or Channel Dirt or Dust thereon, through or in any of the Streets or other public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of the Act, without such Cart or other Carriage having a proper Covering or Boards, called Plank Boards, to prevent the same from dropping or falling in any of the said Streets or other public Places; or shall at any time or times hereafter drive or cause to be driven any Cart or other Carriage with any Soap Looz, Night Soil or Ammoniacal Liquor thereon, through or in any of the Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, between the Hours of Six of the Clock in the Morning and Eight of the Clock in the Evening of any Day; or shall fill any such covered Cart or other Carriage, in such town over or call any Soap Looz, Night Soil, Ammoniacal Liquor, Slag, Mire or Channel Dirt or Fifth, in or upon any of the said Streets or other public Places; it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons whomsoever to seize and apprehend and to seize in seizing and apprehending the Offender or Offenders, and by the Authority of this Act, and without any other Warrant or Authority, to convey him, or them before some Justice of the Peace for the City, Borough or County wherein said parochial or other District shall be situate; and which Justice is hereby authorized and required to hear Evidence and determine upon such Offence; and every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner as other Penalties are heretofore directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act: Provided always, that in only the

Doğa ve diğer
doğal kaynakların
korunması ve
kullanılabilirliği
hakkında bilgilendirme
ve farkındalık
kampanyası.

and O'Brien are
described as being
in contact with
the Communist
Party, U.S.A.,
in Mexico.
Negotiating to be
etc.

References

Step 5: Step 4, A, is repeated only as needed.

1. *Die Kunst der Kunst*
 2. *Die Kunst der Kunst*
 3. *Die Kunst der Kunst*

References

[illegible]

Keywords: *Self-esteem, self-esteem threat, self-esteem threat sensitivity, self-esteem threat sensitivity scale, self-esteem threat sensitivity scale-2*

In other Acts
Of Acts, Sec. 18
1777

House of common
ing Night Soil,
Sec.

Offender may be
apprehended.
Proceedings.

Offender may be
committed to
House of Com-
mission.

Penalty, if no
Carts, or Carriage
Proceedings
thereon.

Penalty, how
disposed of.

House to be
erected, but not
without Licence
of Surveyor.

What is to be
erected in
Lanes.

Sec.

Erecting House,
&c. without
Licence.

is wholly con-
tinued.

Penalty.

Commissioners,
&c. may cause
House, &c. to be
erected.

Person or Persons so offending cannot be apprehended, then the Owner or Owners of such Cart or Carriage in which such Soap Leds, Night Soil, Ammunition Lagoon, Soap, Pitch, Mure or Chained Dirt shall be put or placed, and also the Employer or Employers of the Person or Persons so offending, shall be liable to cause said Cart and pay such Penalty as aforesaid, to be recovered as aforesaid.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons at any time or times hereafter shall empty or begin to empty any Bag House or Bag Houses, or to take away any Night Soil from any House or Houses or Premises within the Streets or other public Places in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or shall come with Carts or Carriages for that Purpose (save and except between the Hours of Twelve of the Clock to the Night and Five of the Clock in the Morning from Lady Day to Michaelmas in every Year, and between Twelve of the Clock at Night and Six of the Clock in the Morning from Michaelmas to Lady Day in every Year); or if any Person or Persons shall put or cast or cause to be put or cast out of any Cart or Tubs or otherwise any Night Soil in or near any of the Streets or other public Places in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, it shall be lawful for any Constables, Headboroughs, Parols, Beadles or Watchmen (and they are hereby lawfully charged and required to do so), or for any other Person or Persons whatsoever, without any Warrant or other Authority than this Act, to apprehend and carry any Person or Persons guilty of the said Offences, or either of them, to any Watch House of the parished or other District wherein such Offence shall have been committed, or to any other Place of Confinement or Security, and from thence to convey him, her or them, as soon as conveniently may be, before some Justice of the Peace for the City, Borough or County wherein such parished or other District shall be situate, who (upon Oath or Affirmation made of such Offence or Offences as aforesaid) shall commit every such Offender or Offenders to the House of Correction for the same City, Borough or County wherein such parished or other District shall be situate as aforesaid, for any time not exceeding Thirty Days, to be computed from the Day of Commitment; and the Owner or Owners of any Cart, Carriage, Horse or Horses employed to and about emptying or moving such Night Soil, or coming for that Purpose (save and except within the Hours hereby allowed), or the Employer or Employers of any Person or Persons who shall be put or cast out of any such Night Soil, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds for every such Offence; and any Person or Persons may seize such Carts or Carriages or the Horses or Horses drawing the same, with the Gear, Harness and Accoutrements, and remove or take such Carts or Carriages, Horses or Horses, to such Place in the said parished or other District as may be appointed for such or similar Purposes, if any such thing be, or otherwise to such Place or Places as the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements of such parished or other District shall order and direct, there to be detained until the Owner or Owners, Employer or Employers, shall pay the said Penalty, together with all Costs, Charges and Expenses incurred in and about or relating to the seizure, removing and keeping the said Carts or Carriages or Horses, or in any manner incidental thereto; and in case the same shall not be demanded, and the said Penalty and all such Costs, Charges and Expenses, to be ascertained and determined by the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements of the said parished or other District for the time being, and within Five Days next after such Seizure, then it shall be lawful for such Surveyor or Surveyors to order the same to be appraised and sold, and the Money arising therefrom shall be applied in Payment of such Penalty and Costs, Charges and Expenses; and after deducting the same, the Overplus, as is ascertained by the said Surveyor or Surveyors, may be paid to the Owner or Owners thereof, when he or they shall apply for the same; and also that One Moiety of such Penalty shall belong to and shall be paid to or among the Person or Persons giving Information of such Offences, or any of them, and apprehending the Offender or Offenders, and seizing, removing and detaining such Carts or Carriages, and Horses or Horses, as is herebefore is authorized and directed.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons whatsoever shall erect, place, set up or build, on any Street or other public Place in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, at any time or times hereafter, any Hoard or Scaffold, or place or erect any Posts, Bars, Rails, Boards or other thing, by way of Inclosure, for the Purpose of making Mast or of depositing or storing, forwarding or lading any Brick, Stone, Lime, Sand or any other Materials for building or repairing any House or other Tenement or Ecclesie, or for other Works, or for any other Purpose, without Leave or Licence first had and obtained under the Hand or Hands of the Surveyor or Surveyors for the time being of the Pavements of such parished or other District, who is and are hereby required to grant the same forthwith for the Purpose of making Mast, and depositing or storing, forwarding or lading any Bricks, Stone, Lime, Sand or any other Materials for building or repairing any House or other Tenement or Ecclesie, specifying therein the Length of Time for which the same shall be erected or set up may be continued, and giving such other Directions respecting the same as he or they may think necessary, on being paid by every Person so applying for such Licence the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence; and that if any Person or Persons shall erect, place, set up or build, or cause or permit to be erected, placed, set up or built any such Hoard or Scaffold, or any Inclosure, Posts, Bars or Rails, or any other matter or thing for the Purposes aforesaid, or for any other Purpose, without the Leave or Licence, signed as aforesaid, of the said Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements of such parished or other District, or shall erect, set up or build the same, or cause or permit the same to be set up or erected in any other manner, or to be continued for any longer time than shall be allowed or expressed in such Licence, then and in either of the said cases such Person or Persons as the Person or Persons by whom he or they shall or may be employed, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Shillings for every Day that the same shall have been and shall be set up and continued; and also that it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of such parished or other District, or for the said Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements for the time being, to cause the same to be

pulled down and removed, and the frame and all the Materials thereof, and of every Part thereof, to be kept and detained until such Notice or Notices shall be given to the said Surveyor or Surveyors of the Premises, or to the Person or Persons in whose Custody the same shall be, all the Penalties incurred by such Person or Persons, together with the Charges of pulling down, removing and keeping the same, to be ascertained and determined by the said Surveyor or Surveyors; and in case the same shall not be cleared, and the said Penalties and Charges aforesaid shall not be paid, within the Space of Five Days next after the pulling down and Removal thereof, then it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or for their Surveyor or Surveyors of the Premises, in order or cause the same to be appraised and sold; and the Money arising therefrom, after deducting all the said Charges, shall be paid to the Trustee or Trustees of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or to such other Person or Persons as they from time to time shall or may direct or appoint.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Premises of the Streets and public Places in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, may order and direct all and every the Houses and other Tenements or Buildings within all or any of the Streets and other public Places within their respective parished or other District (if no other public Body shall possess and have exercised such Power) to be numbered with Figures placed or painted upon or over the Doors thereof, or such other Part of the said Houses, Tenements or other Buildings respectively, as they the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or their Surveyor or Surveyors of the Premises for the time being, shall think proper; and may also order and direct to be engraved, painted or otherwise described on a conspicuous Part of any House, Tenement or other Building, at or near the End or Corner of each Street and other public Place, the Name by which such respective Street and public Place is already or properly called or known; and if any Person or Persons shall wilfully destroy, injure, obliterate or deface any such Number, Figure, Name or Description, or any Part thereof, or cause or procure the same to be destroyed, injured, obliterated or defaced, and shall be convicted thereof by his or their own Confession, or by the Oath or Affirmation of any One or more credible Witnesses, before any Justice of the Peace for the City, Borough or County wherein such parished or other District shall be situate, and which Oath or Affirmation such Justice is lawfully empowered to administer, every such Person be offending for every such Offence shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings; and also, when any Number, Figure, Name or Description shall be engraved, painted or otherwise described, placed or affixed as aforesaid on any House, Tenement or other Building within any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and the same or any Part thereof shall be destroyed, injured, obliterated or defaced, the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of any such House, Tenement or other Building where the Number, Figure, Name or other Description or any Part thereof shall have been so destroyed, injured, obliterated or defaced, upon Notice given to or left to him or them at such House, Tenement or Building, or at his or their last or last usual Place of Abode, signed by the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Premises to the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Premises in such parished or other District, or by such other Person or Persons as the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid shall appoint, shall cause the same Number, Figure, Name or Description to be in the same or like manner engraved, painted or described, placed or affixed on such House, Tenement and other Building, within Three Days after such Notice shall be given or left as aforesaid, at his or their own Charges; and in case he or they shall refuse or neglect so to do, pursuant to such Notice, he or they shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence a Sum not being less than Ten Shillings: and according Twenty Shillings for each and every Day after the Expiration of the said Term of Three Days, after such Notice shall be given or left, during which he or they shall so refuse or neglect; and that every such Penalty shall be recovered in the same manner as other Penalties or forfeitures directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Premises of any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, from time to time and at any time hereafter to cause all or any of the Situated or other public Places within their respective Jurisdiction to be walled, and to be so walled either by any Person or Persons employed by them, or by any other Person engaging to execute the same by public Contract or private Agreement, for such Prices and for such term, and in such Manner and on such Terms, as they shall think proper and approve, and also may cause any Wall or Walls to be dug or sunk, and any Pump or Pumps to be made and erected, in such Places (not being a Vault, Cellar or other Building, under any of the said Surveyor or other public Places), and also to cause any Pump or Pumps now standing, or which shall hereafter be erected for the Purpose of watering the same, from time to time be repaired, altered or repaired; and may purchase and repair Carts and Horses and Pigs and other Implements, and may employ any Carters, Workmen and Servants, and may erect or erect any Stables or other Buildings necessary for the Purpose of keeping such Carts and Implements and Horses, and may do or cause to be done all other matters and things which they may deem necessary for that Purpose; and the Charges and Expenses thereof shall be paid out of the Moneys received for and towards the paving and improving the Premises of such parished or other District, either exclusively or jointly with, for or towards any other Objects or Purposes, or out of any Moneys to be raised and produced by the Rates or Assessments hereafter authorized to be made for that Purpose; and that it may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, at any Meeting or Meetings, from time to time in each and every Year, to make and sign such farther and additional Rates or Assessments upon all and every Person and Persons who do or shall inhabit, hold, occupy, be in Possession of, or enjoy any Messuages, Tenements, Lands, Grounds, Coach Houses, Stables, Cellars, Vaults, Houses, Shops, Warehouses or other Buildings or Hereditaments whatsoever, within any such Street or public Place which

Forwarding
thereon.

Commissioners
may direct
Persons to be
employed, and
Houses to be
numbered,
Rampson.

Justice of the
Peace, &c.

Penalty
Money and
Number to be
returned.

no House is
within the
District.

Penalty.

Street may be
walled by
Direction of
Commissioners,
see of Premises.

Wall and
Pumps to be
made, &c.
and Carriage,
see employed.

Expenses of
watering Street
may be defrayed
by special Rating.

shall be wanted for virtue of this A.B. as may, in the Opinion of the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, present at such Meeting, be sufficient for defraying the Charges and Expenses of lighting such Wills, and erecting and repairing such Pumps, and watering such Streets and public Places respectively, and all other Charges and Expenses relating to incidental matters; for that in any one Year such further additional Rate or Assessments shall not exceed the Sum of Sixpence in the Pound upon or according to the full Annual Rate or Value of such Hereditaments respectively; and that every such Rate and Assessment shall specify the Period for which it is made, and shall be demanded and collected from the usual Quarter Day preceding the time of making and signing the same; and that all and every such Rates or Assessments, if so made and signed, shall be paid, by the Parties and Persons liable to the Payment thereof, to the Collector or Collectors or other Parties or Persons appointed or from time to time to be appointed to collect the Rates or Assessments made or to be made for or towards the Expenses of paving and repairing the Pavements of the Streets and public Places within such parochial or other District, either separately or jointly with, for or towards any other Objects or Purposes; and also, that all such Rates or Assessments shall be recovered and levied of and from such Parties or Persons, and shall be accounted for and paid over to such Parties and Persons, in such and the like Form and Manner, with such Powers of Distress, and according to such Rules, Methods and Directions, as are mentioned and appointed in and by this A.B. or by any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such parochial or other District, relating to collecting, receiving, accounting, keeping, accounting for, and applying the several Rates and Assessments made and to be made for and towards the Expenses of paving or repairing the Pavements of any Streets or public Places within such parochial or other District, either exclusively or jointly with or for or towards any other Objects or Purposes as aforesaid.

LXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, may not use or allow the Inhabitants or Occupiers of any Houses, Hereditaments or Premises, or other suitable Property within any Street or public Place in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this A.B. with any such further or additional Rate or Assessment, unless a Majority of the Inhabitants or Occupiers of such Houses, Hereditaments and Premises, and other suitable Property (such Majority not being less than Three Fourths of such Inhabitants or Occupiers within such Streets or public Places), shall at the time or at some previous time have signified and expressed their Will and Consent in Writing that such Street or public Place should be watered, and shall have signed their Names to such Writings, and delivered or caused the same to be delivered to the said Commissioners or Trustees, or such other Parties as aforesaid, or to their Clerk or Clerks for the time being.

LXXIX. And Whereas there are certain parochial or other Districts within the Jurisdiction of this A.B. which Courts, Alleys and Places which, without Inconvenience to the Public, might be discontinued and Ropped up, and which, from their private and confined situation, and by being darksome or inconvenient for Edith and Robbitt, are useless and offensive; Be it therefore further enacted, That if upon the Vote of any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City, Borough or County wherein such Court, Alley or Place may be situate, it shall to them appear that any such Court, Alley or Place is become unnecessary, and may, without Inconvenience to the Public, or to the Owners of Houses or Tenements adjoining thereto, be discontinued and Ropped up, then within such rule it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justices, by and with the Consent of the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Parties having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places in such parochial or other District, notified by Writing under the Hand of the Clerk or Clerks to such Commissioners or Trustees, or other Parties as aforesaid for the time being, and by and with the Consent of the Owner and Owners of the House, Lands or Tenements adjoining to four Parts in Five on the Length of any such Court, Alley or Place, notified by Writing under his, her or their Hand or Hands, at any Special Session to be holden for that Purpose, by Order under the Hands and Seals of such Justices, to discontinue and Rop up any and every such Court, Alley or Place; and all such Courts, Alleys and Places, or such Properties thereof as may adjoin to the Houses or Tenements of such Parties who shall have so consented, shall be discontinued and Ropped up accordingly, subject to Appeal, as hereinafter is mentioned: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend so as to authorise the discontinuing or Ropping up any Court, Alley or Place, or any Part or Parts thereof, wholly or in consequence whereof any House, Tenement or Land shall be so inclosed (unless with such Consent as aforesaid) that the Owner or Owners thereof shall be prevented from passing freely to and repassing freely from such House, Tenement or Land.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That for the Improvement of the Streets and public Places in the parochial or other Districts within the Jurisdiction of this A.B. and for the public Advantage, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Parties having the Control of the Pavements of any parochial or other District, from time to time and at all times hereafter to alter, widen, pave or extend any of the Streets or other public Places within any such parochial or other District (except Turnpike Roads), and to lay down and continue or open the same from the Sides or Ends of any Streets or public Places within any parochial or other District, into any other Street or public Place within such or any other parochial or other District, and to make, level, lower, drain, bullock, gravel or pave such one Part or Parts of any such Streets or public Places to alter, widened, extended, opened or lengthened as aforesaid; and that if any House, Walls, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or any Part thereof, shall be adjudged by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Parties as aforesaid to project into, obstruct or prevent them from so altering, turning, widening, extending, lengthening, opening or opening the said Streets or public Places within the said parochial or other District, and that the Possession, Occupation and Purchase of such House, Walls, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments will be necessary for that Purpose, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Parties as aforesaid, and they shall have full

Power

Power and Authority, to treat, contract and agree, or to employ any Person or Persons to treat, contract and agree with the several Owners or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of all such Houses, Walls, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments, of whatever Nature, Tenure, Kind or Quality, for the Purposes aforesaid, and to pay for the same such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be agreed upon by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, and the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers thereof, out of the Money to arise and be raised and to be received by them, either by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such parcelled or other District, or of this Act, and to pull down, site, fell or dispose of such Houses, Walls and Buildings, and the Materials thereof, and lay the Site thereof, and also such other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to lease thereof as they the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid shall think proper, into the said Streets or other public Places, and all such new Parts of such Streets or public Places; and the Owners and Occupiers of Houses and Buildings, Messuages and other Hereditaments therein and adjoining thereto, shall be subject and liable to all the Rates, Assessments, Powers, Provisions, Orders, Clauses and things to be made by virtue of or contained in any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such parcelled or other District, or by virtue of or contained in this Act, in the same manner as the private Streets and public Places included in any such local Act or Acts, or within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and the Owners and Occupiers of Houses or Buildings and Messuages or other Hereditaments therein and adjoining thereto.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Towns for Life or in Tail, or others having a partial or qualified Interest or Estate in any Houses, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, Hedlands, Fences Covert, Guardians, Trustees and Professors in Trust for Charities or other Purposes, Committees, Executors or Administrators, and all other Persons whatsoever, not only on behalf of themselves and their respective Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Successors, but also on behalf of all Persons entitled to Reversion or Remainder expectant on an Estate Tail, and on behalf of all Persons entitled to Reversion or Remainder expectant on an Estate for Life, or other less Estate, or by way of executory Devise, in such such Person shall be incorporated or declare to trust, and on behalf of their respective Wives and Collegiate Trusts, whether Infants, like unborn, Lunatics, Idiots, Fences Covert or others, and for all and every other Person or Persons whatsoever who are and shall be seized, possessed or so interested in any such Houses, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to treat and agree with the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places in any parcelled or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act as aforesaid, for the absolute Sale thereof, and to sell and convey to the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, by Deed, Patent, Lease and Release, or Bargain and Sale, by Deed intended and needed in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, for such valuable Consideration as shall be *found due* agreed upon for such Houses, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments as shall be adjudged necessary and convenient for the Purposes aforesaid; and that all Contracts, Agreements, Sales or Conveyances which shall be *found due* made for the Purpose aforesaid, shall be good and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes; any thing to the contrary thereof in any writ notwithstanding.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or any other Person or Persons seized or possessed or so interested in any such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments as aforesaid, shall refuse to treat or agree, or shall not agree, or by reason of Absence or Disability cannot agree with the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of any Streets or public Places in any parcelled or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act; or with any Person or Persons authorized by them, for the Sale and Conveyance of their respective Estates and Interests therein, or cannot be found or known, or shall not produce and execute a clear Title to the Premises they are in Possession of, or to the Interest they claim therein, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or of the Person or Persons so authorized by them, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, and they are hereby required, to cause a Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, directed to the Sheriff or Sheriffs or Bailiff or other proper Officer of the City, Borough or County wherein the Premises shall respectively be or be, when as hereby authorized, directed and required accordingly to command, summon and return a competent Number of indifferent and disinterested Persons qualified to serve as Jurors, not less than Forty eight nor more than Seventy two; and out of such Persons to be so summoned, summoned and returned, a Jury of Twelve Men shall be drawn by some indifferent Person to be by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid appointed, in such manner as Jurors for the Trial of Issues joined in His Majesty's Courts at Westminster are by an Act made in the Third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the better Regulation of Jurors*, are directed to be drawn; which Persons to be so summoned, summoned and returned as aforesaid, are hereby required to come and appear before the Justice of the Peace for the City, Borough or County wherein the Premises shall be or be, at some Court of General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the same City, Borough or County, or at some Adjournment thereof, as in such Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, shall be directed and appointed, and to attend such Court of General or Quarter Sessions from Day to Day until discharged by the said Court; and all Persons concerned shall and may have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen, but shall not be at Liberty to challenge the Array; and the said Justices are hereby authorized and empowered, by Precept or Precepts, from time to time as Occasions shall require, to call before them all and every Person and Persons whatsoever who shall be thought proper and necessary to be examined as a Witness or Witnesses in his, her or their Oath or Oaths, touching or concerning the Premises; and the said Justice, if they think fit, shall and may, on the Application of either Party,

who may purchase Houses, &c. adjoining;

and Owners, &c. of Houses, &c. liable to Rates.

Corporations or Collegiate Bodies and occupants of Persons entitled as full for the Purposes aforesaid.

All such Commissions, &c. good.

When Persons refuse to treat or agree, or shall not agree, or by reason of Absence or Disability cannot agree with the said Commissioners or Trustees.

who are to be drawn as a Jury.

Jury is attend, &c. &c. they be discharged.

Justices, on the Application of either Party,

either Party, may shew a View of the Premises. Jury to sit the Day as the Date.

Verdict of the Jury, &c. to be final, previous Notice being given within Fourteen days.

If the Sum offered shall not exceed the Sum offered.

The Collector shall deliver, &c. to the said Party.

and the Comptroller, &c. may retain the same.

Through the Clerk of the Court, &c.

And the Comptroller, &c. may retain the same.

Fine levied by the Clerk.

Application of Comptroller.

Party, sheweth the said Jury to view the Place or Places or Premises in question in such manner as they shall direct; and the said Justices shall have Power to adjourn such Court from Day to Day as Occasions shall require, and to command such Jury, Witnesses and Parties to attend until all such Affairs for which they were summoned shall be concluded; and the said Jury upon their Oaths (which Oaths, as to the Oaths of such Parties or Persons shall be called upon to give Evidence, the said Justices are hereby empowered and required to administer) shall require of the Value of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, and of the proportionable Value of the respective Estates and Incomes of all and every Person and Persons named or supposed thereof, or interested therein, or of all or any Part or Parts thereof, and shall assess and award the Sum or Sums of Money to be paid to such Person or Persons, Party or Parties respectively, for the Purchase of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, and of such respective Estates and Incomes therein, and also for Good Will, Improvements or any Injury or Damage whatsoever that may affect any such Person or Persons, Party or Parties, either as Leaseholders or Tenants at Will, provided that such Good Will shall be estimated by what, in the Opinion of such Jury, the same would have been worth in case the Improvements intended by this Act had not been in Contemplation; and the said Justices shall and may give Judgments for such Sum or Sums of Money to be so assessed; which Verdict or Verdicts, and the Judgment and Judgments, Determinations and Determinations thereupon, (Notice in Writing being given to the Person or Persons interested or claiming to be so, at least Fourteen Days before the Time of the Meeting of the said Justices as aforesaid and Jury, by leaving such Notice at the Dwelling House of such Person or Persons, or at his, her or their last usual Place or Places of Abode, or with some Tenant or Occupier of the Premises respectively intended to be valued,) shall be binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever against all Bodies Politic, Corporate and Collegiate, and all and every Person and Persons claiming any Estate, Right, Title, Traffick or Interest in, or out of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments and Premises, as Possessor, Reversioner, Remainder or Expectancy, as well Indefeasible and Infee simple, Location, Lease and Fines Court, and Persons under any other legal Incapacity or Disability, as all other Ecclesiastical, Trust, Charitable and Free House, Successors, Executors and Administrators, and against all other Persons whatsoever; and the said Verdicts, Judgments and Determinations, and all other Proceedings of the said Justices and Juries to be made, given and pronounced as aforesaid, shall be fairly written on Parchment, and signed by the Clerk of the Peace for the time being of the City, Borough or County wherein the Premises shall respectively lie or be; and in case it shall so happen that the Sum or Sums of Money to be so assessed and awarded in consequence of such Verdict shall be more and agree as aforesaid, as the Value of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or as such proportionable Value as aforesaid, and as the Reasonable and Satisfaction to be made for the Injury or Damage sustained as before mentioned respectively, shall not exceed the Sum or Sums of Money which the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, or any Person or Persons authorized by them, shall have previously offered to pay in and for such Value, Reasonable and Satisfaction; then and in every such case all the reasonable Costs, Charges and Expenses of valuing and procuring such Value and Reasonable and Satisfaction to be so assessed and awarded as aforesaid, and also assenting and awarding the same, shall be borne and paid by the Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or other Person or Persons to be assessed or supposed of or interested in such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, and in assenting to trust and agree as before mentioned respectively; and the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, are hereby authorized and empowered to satisfy and return the said Costs, Charges and Expenses out of the Sum or Sums of Money to be so assessed or awarded as aforesaid, or out of any Part thereof: Provided always, that in all cases where any Person or Persons shall by reason of Absence have been prevented from viewing about such Reasonable and Satisfaction as aforesaid, such Costs and Charges shall be borne and paid by the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, in manner aforesaid.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Justices shall have Power from time to time to impose any reasonable Fine, not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds, on each Sheriff or Bailiff, or his Deputy or Deputies, Bailiffs or Agents respectively, making Default as the Premises, and on any of the Persons who shall be summoned and returned on any such Jury or Juries, and shall not appear, without sufficient Excuse, or appearing but refuse to be sworn as the said Jury or Juries, or being so sworn shall not give his or their Verdict; and also on any Person or Persons who shall be summoned to give Evidence touching any of the matters aforesaid, and shall not attend, or attending shall refuse to be sworn, or to affirm, or who shall refuse to give his, her or their Evidence, and on any Person or Persons who shall in any other manner wilfully neglect his, her or their Duty as the Premises, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the Act; and from time to time to levy such Fine or Fines, by Order of the said Justices, by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, together with the reasonable Charges of every such Distress and Sale, returning the Overplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners; and that a Copy of the Order of the said Justices, signed by the Clerk of the Peace for the time being of the City, Borough or County wherein the Premises shall lie or be, as the case shall require, shall respectively be sufficient Authority to the Person or Persons therein to be approached, and to every other Person sitting or sitting and assenting thereto, to make such Distress and Sale; and all such Fines shall be paid to the Treasurer or Treasurers of the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid having the General of the Payments in the parochial or other District wherein such Premises shall lie or be, or to such other Person or Persons as they may respectively from time to time appoint.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Buildings, Tenements or Hereditaments, or for any other matter, Right or Interest, of what nature

ture or kind form, purchased, taken or used by virtue of the Powers of this Act for the Purpose thereof, which shall belong to any Corporation, Firm, Company, Estate, Person, or Person or Persons under any other Disability or Incapacity, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed in his Account there or paid to the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Payments of the Rents or public Places in the parishes or other Districts within the Jurisdiction of this Act, whereas such Lands, Buildings, Tenements or Hereditaments shall be or be as aforesaid, together with the Name or Names of such Person or Persons as the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, by Writing signed by them, shall direct and appoint, to the Issue that such Money shall be applied, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be applied by an Order made upon a Petition to be performed in a summary Way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Buildings, Tenements or Hereditaments, in the Purchase of Land Tax, or Discharge of any Debt or Debt, or such other Incumbrance or Part thereof as the said Court shall authorize to be paid effecting the same Lands, Buildings, Tenements or Hereditaments, or affecting other Lands, Buildings, Tenements or Hereditaments, standing situate therewith on the same or the like Uten, Interest or Propriety, or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested, under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Messuages, Lands, Buildings, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Uten, Traffic, Interest and Propriety, and in the same manner as the Messuages, Lands, Buildings, Tenements and Hereditaments which shall be so purchased, taken or used as aforesaid, had, held or bought, or such of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing undisturbed and capable of taking Effect; and in the meantime and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the Court of Chancery, upon Application thereto, be received by the said Accountant General, in his Name, as the Purchase of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities; and in the meantime and until the said Bank Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be paid for the Purpose aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Profits of the said Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities shall from time to time be paid, by Order of the said Court, to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Buildings, Tenements and Hereditaments so lawfully directed to be purchased, in case such Purchase or Settlement were made.

LXXXV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That if any Money be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Buildings, Tenements or Hereditaments, or for any other matter, Right or Interest, of what nature or kind form, purchased, taken or used for the Purpose aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such case the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Hereditaments so purchased, taken or used, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank in the Name and with the Privy of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner hereafter directed; or otherwise the same shall be paid, at the like Option, to Two Trustees, to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid (such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating and approving Parties), in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends arising thereon, may be applied in any manner herebefore directed, in far as the case be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the Court of Chancery.

LXXXVI. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That where such Money be agreed or awarded to be paid as and before mentioned shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such case the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Hereditaments and Premises so purchased, taken or used for the Purpose of this Act, in such manner as the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, shall think fit; or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons as aforesaid respectively.

LXXXVII. And he it further enacted, That upon Payment of any Sum or Sums as agreed or awarded to the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be so awarded, or upon the Deposit of the same in the Bank of England in manner by this Act directed (as the case may be), the said Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments in respect whereof the same shall have been to be paid or deposited as aforesaid, shall vest in the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid for the time being, in manner and for the Purpose aforesaid, who shall be deemed in Law to be in the actual Possession thereof to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, freed and discharged from all former and other Estates, Rights, Titles, Interests, Claims and Demands whatsoever.

LXXXVIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person to any Money to be paid into the Bank of England in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right or Interest in any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased in pursuance of this Act, or to any Bank Annuities to be purchased with any such Money, or the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Annuities, the Person or Persons who shall have been

where amounting to 200l.

Application where the Consideration less than 200l. and exceeding 20l.

Application where the Money is less than 20l.

On Payment of the Purchase Money Premises to vest in Commissioners, &c.

How far, where any Question shall arise touching the Title to Money to be paid, the Person who shall be Possession of the

Lands, &c. in the name of such Purchaser, shall be deemed unalienable interests, according to such Possession.

The Court of Chancery may enter reasonable Expenses of Purchaser to be paid by the Com- missioners, &c.

Tenant at Will, &c. to deliver Possession on Six Months' Notice.

Where Tenant obliged to quit before Expiration of Term, Commissioners, &c. to make Compensation, which may be demanded by a Jury. Refusing to give up Possession, Forfeitures.

Cash.

Mortgages not in Possession, on Transfer of Principal and Interest, and Six Months' Interest, to convey in Chancery, &c. &c.

as in the Statute of Mortgages.

as before, Interest on Money due to credit Mortgages not to be paid more than the real

in Possession of such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery; and the Dividends or Interest of the said Annuities to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Annuities, shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

LXXXIX. Provided also, and he is further enacted, That where by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Person or Persons or Corporation entitled to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased, or purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the Court of Chancery, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be letted to the like Uses in pursuance of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Court of Chancery to order the Expenses of all Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or so much of such Expenses as the said Court shall deem reasonable, to be paid by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

XC. And he is further enacted, That every Tenant at Will or Lessee for a Year, or any other Person or Persons in Possession of any such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or any Part thereof, which shall be purchased by virtue and for the Purposes of this Act, and who shall have a greater Interest in the Premises than as Tenant at Will or Lessee for a Year, or from Year to Year, shall deliver up the Possession of such Premises to the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid having the Control of the Premises in the Streets or public Places in the parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, whereas such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or any such Person or Persons as the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid shall appoint to take Possession of the same, upon having Six Calendar Months' Notice to quit such Possession from the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or from the Person or Persons so authorized by them; and such Person or Persons in Possession shall at the End of the said Six Calendar Months, whether such Notice be given with reference to the name or names of such Tenants holding or not, or in force as he, she or they shall be required, peaceably and quietly deliver up the Possession of the said Premises to the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, or the Person or Persons authorized by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid to take Possession thereof; and in case any such Tenant should be compelled to quit before the Expiration of his or her Term or any such Possession, then and in such case the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, shall and they are hereby required so make Satisfaction and Compensation for the Loss or Damage which he or she shall or may sustain thereby; and in case any Difference or Dispute shall arise as to the Amount of such Satisfaction or Compensation, the same shall or may be determined, settled and adjudicated by a Jury, in such and the like manner as the Sum or Sums of Money to be paid for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, is hereby directed to be determined, settled and adjudicated; and then in case any such Person or Persons in Possession as aforesaid shall refuse to give such Possession as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful so and for the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, to issue their Precepts or Writs to the Sheriff or Sheriffs, or Bailiff, or other proper Officers of the City, Borough or County wherein such parochial or other District shall be situate, to deliver Possession of the said Premises to such Person or Persons as shall in such Precepts or Writs be commanded to receive the same; and the said Sheriff or Sheriffs or Bailiff, or any other proper Officer, is hereby authorized and required to deliver such Possession accordingly of the said Premises, and to levy such Costs as shall accrue from the issuing and Execution of such Precept or Writs on the Person or Persons in refusing to give Possession as aforesaid, by Distress and Sale of his, her or their Goods.

XCI. And he is further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons who shall have any Mortgage or Mortgages on such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, not being in Possession thereof by virtue of such Mortgage or Mortgages, shall, on the Transfer of the Principal Money and Interest due thereon, together with the Amount of Six Calendar Months' Interest on the said Principal, by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Premises in the Streets or public Places in such parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, whereas the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments shall be or be as aforesaid, or by such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, immediately convey, assign, and transfer such Mortgage or Mortgages to the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint; or in case such Mortgage or Mortgages shall have Notice in Writing from the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or from such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, that they will pay off and discharge the Principal Money and Interest which shall be due on the said Mortgage or Mortgages at the End or Expiration of Six Calendar Months, to be computed from the Day of giving such Notice, that then at the End of the said Six Calendar Months, on Payment of the Principal and Interest in due, such Mortgage or Mortgages shall convey, assign and transfer his, her or their Interest in the Premises to the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or to such Person or Persons as shall be appointed in Trust for them; and in case the Mortgage or Mortgages shall refuse to convey and assign as aforesaid on such Transfer as Payment, that then all Interest on every such Mortgage shall from thenceforth cease and determine.

XCII. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That in case the Sum due upon any such Mortgage or Mortgages, with all Interest due thereon, shall amount so more than the real Value of the Premises, to be mortgaged as directed by this Act, then the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid

shall not be liable to pay to the Mortgagee or Mortgagees more than such real Value of such Premises, as ascertained as aforesaid.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That the Conveyance of any such Estate or Interest of any Freehold or Tenement to the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid for the time being, or any Five or more of them, or any Person or Persons in Trust for them, by Indenture or Instrument of Bargain and Sale, duly acknowledged and delivered by such Freehold or Tenement to the Prefecture of and attested by Two credible Witnesses, and duly acknowledged, and to be enrolled in the High Court of Chancery within Six Calendar Months after the making thereof, shall as effectually and absolutely convey the Estate and Interest of such Freehold or Tenement as any Free or Free, Recovery or Reversion, would or could do, if levied or suffered thereof in due Form of Law; and further, that all Bargains and Sales whatsoever to be made of any such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, as shall be purchased by the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid for the time being, by virtue and for the Purpose of this Act, and enrolled as aforesaid, shall have the like Force, Effect and Operation in Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as any Free or Free, Recovery or Reversion whatsoever, would have had if levied or suffered by the Bargainers or Bargainers, or any Person or Persons bound of or entitled to any Estate or Interest in the Premises in Trust for such Bargainers or Bargainers, in any manner or Form whatsoever.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment of the Principal Money and Interest due on any Mortgage as aforesaid into the Bank of England, at the End of Six Calendar Months from the Day of giving such Notice as aforesaid, for the Use of the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank shall give a Receipt or Receipts for the said Money, in like manner as aforesaid directed to make of any Payments into the Bank; and thereupon all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Use, Trust, Property, Claim and Demand of the said Mortgagee or Mortgagees, and of all and every Person or Persons in Trust for him, her or them, shall with in the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, and they shall be deemed to be in the actual Possession of the Premises comprised in such Mortgage or Mortgage, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money, or other Consideration, Redemption or Satisfaction, to be paid or made pursuant to any such Agreement or Verdict as aforesaid, or in Discharge of any such Mortgage, shall be paid or tendered to the Party or Parties entitled to the same, or paid into the Bank of England as aforesaid, before the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or any Person or Persons authorized by them, shall proceed to pull down any House or Houses, or other Erection or Buildings comprised in or affected by such Agreement, Verdict or Mortgage respectively, or to use the Ground for any of the Purposes before mentioned in this Act.

XCVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, from time to time absolutely to sell and dispose of all or any of the Freehold or Leasehold Estates, Lands, Houses, Hereditaments and Premises which shall hereafter be conveyed to them in pursuance of the Act or otherwise; provided the said Freehold or Leasehold Estates, Lands, Houses, Hereditaments and Premises (as purchased as aforesaid) shall be offered for Sale to the respective Person or Persons to or from whom the Premises respectively were purchased by or on behalf of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid; and if such Person or Persons respectively shall not then and thereupon agree (except with respect to and on account of the Price thereof as hereinafter mentioned) or shall refuse (except with respect to and on account of the Price thereof) to purchase the same respectively, an Affidavit shall be made and sworn before a Justice in the High Court of Chancery, or before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City, Borough or County wherein such parcel or other District shall be situate (who are lawfully respectively empowered and directed to take the same), by some Person or Persons authorized to the said Freehold or Leasehold Estates, Lands, Houses, Hereditaments or Premises, stating that such Offer was made by or on the behalf of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, and that such Offer was not then and thereupon agreed to, or was refused by the Person or Persons to whom the same was so offered; and that any such Affidavit shall in all Cases whatsoever be sufficient Evidence and Proof that such Offer was made and was not agreed to, or was refused by the Person or Persons to whom such Offer was made, as the case may be; and in case such Person or Persons shall be desirous of repurchasing the same, and be, he, or they and the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, shall offer and not agree with respect to the Price thereof, then the Price or Prices thereof shall be ascertained by a Jury, in the manner hereinafter directed with respect to the disputed Value of Premises to be purchased by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid in pursuance of this Act; and the Expenses of hearing and determining such Differences shall be borne and paid in the manner as is hereinafter directed with respect to such Purchase made by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid (as aforesaid); and the Money to arise by the Sale or Sales which may be made by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, of such Freehold or Leasehold Estates, Lands, Houses, Hereditaments and Premises, shall be applied by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid to the Purpose of the local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the parochial or other District over the Parsonage whereof they shall possess a Control, or to the Purpose of this Act; but the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof shall not be answerable or accountable for any Misapplication or Misapplication of the Money paid by him or them for such Freehold or Leasehold Estates, Lands, Houses, Hereditaments and Premises.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful from time to time and at all times hereafter to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Parsonage of any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or such Number of them as judges or by

Widow of
Premises.

Bargains and
Sales as aforesaid
Purvey of Food
and Requisites.

Upon Payment
of Principal
and Interest
on Mortgage
into the Bank,
Premises to sell
in the usual
Manner, &c.

Notice to be
paid or tendered
before any Sale
under of the
Premises.

Estate conveyed
to Commissioners
may be sold
by them, the
Persons to whom
they were bought
having the first
Offer.

Such Person not
agreeing to purchase.
(Exception)
Two endings.

In which case
Price to be
ascertained by a Jury.

Money arising
from Sales by
Commissioners,
how applied.

Power to Com-
missioners, Sec.
or to purchase
Mortgage

virtue of their particular local Act or Acts of Parliament or of this Act shall be competent to do, to borrow and take up at Interest, on the Credit of the Rates and Assessments to be made by virtue of such local Act or Acts of Parliament or by virtue of this Act, any Sum or Sums of Money for or towards the Expence of paving or repaving the Pavements of the Streets or public Places within such respective parished or other District, either exclusively or jointly with or towards any other Object or Purposes, which they shall from time to time deem necessary, requisite or of and in addition to any other Sum which the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid have been or may at the passing of this Act be empowered to borrow and take up at Interest under and by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such parished or other District, to be applied for and towards the Charges and Expences which have been or may be hereafter incurred for or towards the better paving or repaving the Pavements of the Streets and public Places in such parished or other District, and for the purposes of this Act; and the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid are hereby fully authorized and empowered to assign unto the said Rates and Assessments, or any Part thereof (and the Costs and Charges of assigning the same being paid out of the said Rates and Assessments), as a Security for any such Sum or Sums of Money to be borrowed with Interest, to such Person or Persons or their Trustees or Trustees, as shall advance the same, on Payment, under the Hands of Five of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, by the following Words of Assignment, or by any other Words to the like Effect:

A clause assigns the Rates and Assessments as a Security.

Form of Assignment on Deeds.

"BY virtue of certain Powers and Authorities vested in us in and by a certain Act or certain Acts of Parliament, We, the undersigned, Five [here insert the Name or Title by which the Parties having the Control of the Property are severally designated] in consideration of the Sum of
 £ of the lawful Money of Great Britain to us in hand paid by A. B. do assign unto the said A. B. his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, or Successors and Assigns, [as the right may be,] all and singular the Rates and Assessments to be raised, levied and collected in the said [parished or other District, as the right may be,] made and to be made for or towards the paving or repaving the Pavements of the Streets or public Places within such [parished or other District, as the right may be,] either exclusively or jointly with or for or towards any other Object or Purposes [as the right may also be,] and all the Eights, Rights, Title and Interest of the said [Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, as the right may be,] and of their Successors, if, in and unto the same, to hold unto the said
 A. B. his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns [or Successors and Assigns], until the Sum of
 £ together with Interest for the same after the Rate of
 per Centum per Annum, shall be repaid. Witness our Hands."

Persons making such Assignments entitled to their Proportion of Rate.
 How Money borrowed applied.

Commissioners, who empowered to give Bonds to their Trustees or Clerks.

Treasurer empowered to sell such Bonds by public Auction.

Mortgage selling from Sale, how to be applied.

Security given by Endorsers.

Form of the Deed.

And all and every Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Aggregate or Sole, to whom such Appointment or Assignment shall be made, shall be equally entitled to their Proportion of the said Rates and Assessments, according to the respective Sums in such Assignment mentioned to be advanced, to secure the Repayment thereof with Interest as aforesaid, without any Preference by reason of Priority of Assignment, or on any other Account whatever; and the Money so borrowed as aforesaid shall be applied in and about the Purposes aforesaid, and for the Purposes of this Act, and in carrying the same, and the General Provisions, Powers and Authorities herein and therein contained, unto full Execution.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, from time to time and at all times hereafter, and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time, to grant unto their respective Treasurer or Treasurers, or Clerk or Clerks for the time being, any Bond or Bonds under the Hands of them the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or any Five or more of them, for the Sum of One hundred Pounds on each Bond, with Interest for the same after the Rate of Five Pence per Centum per Annum, upon the Credit of the said Rates or Assessments; and that it shall and may be lawful from time to time to and for such Treasurer or Treasurers, or Clerk or Clerks for the same being, by and with the Direction of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, from time to time to make Sale and dispose of public Auction of all and every or any such Bond or Bonds so to be granted as aforesaid, unto any Person or Persons, for the best Price or Prices in Money that can be reasonably had or obtained for the same; and that all Monies which shall be from time to time received by any such Treasurer or Clerk for the same being from such Sale or Sales as aforesaid (after deducting thereout all Costs, Charges and Expences incidental thereto,) shall be applied by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid to and for the Purposes aforesaid and of this Act, pursuant to the Provisions to that behalf herein contained.

XCIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Person, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Aggregate or Sole, to whom such Assignment or Assignment shall be made as aforesaid, or who shall be entitled to the Money thereby borrowed, may from time to time personally, or by Attorney thereto lawfully authorized, assign or transfer his, her or their Rights, Title, Interest or Benefit in the said Principal and Interest Money thereby secured, to any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Aggregate or Sole, whatsoever, by endorsing on the Back of such Security, before One or more Witnesses, who shall subscribe his Name thereto, the following Words, or Words to the like Effect: (witnessed,)

"I DO transfer the Assignment, with all my Right and Title to the Principal Money thereby secured, and to all the Interest Money now due or hereafter to be due, unto C. D. his, her or their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns. Dated this Day of

Witness, E. F.

"A. B."

Which

Which Transfer shall within Fourteen Days from the Date thereof be produced and notified to the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid for the time being, who shall enter the same in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose; and after such Entry made, but not till then, every such Assignment shall entitle any such Assigner or Assignees, his, her or their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, to the Bonds thereof and Payments thereon; and each Assigner or Assignees may assign the same again, and to as many parties; and that each Clerk or Clerks shall be entitled to receive the Sum of Ten Shillings and no more for the Entry of every such Assignment of every such Bond or Security; and it shall not be in the Power of any such Person or Persons who shall have made any such Assignment, to make void, release or discharge the same, or any Moneys thereby due, or any Part thereof: Provided nevertheless, that the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid may at all times pay off and discharge all such Bonds or Assignments or any Part or Parts thereof, and also any Moneys due on Securities given and granted under and by virtue of any particular local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Purview of their respective parochial or other Districts, either exclusively or jointly with respect to any other Objects or Purposes, when and as they shall think proper, upon giving Notice to such Person or Persons entitled to the same, or to or their Assigner or Assignees, and upon giving Two Calendar Months, public Notice thereof in *The London Gazette*, and One more public Newspaper; and at the Expiration of the said Two Calendar Months after such Notice shall come to be paid on the said Principal Moneys to be incurred by such Bonds or Assignments under this Act, or by any Securities granted under and by virtue of any such local Act or Acts of Parliament.

C. And be it further enacted, That the Interest of the Money which shall be borrowed on such Bonds or Mortgages or Assignments as aforesaid, from the time the said Money shall be advanced, shall be paid Half Yearly by the respective Trustee or Trustees, or other Person or Persons deputed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons borrowing the same Moneys, or by their Successors for the time being.

CL. And Whereas many Persons may prefer to advance such Money as may be necessary for the Purposes aforesaid for the Purchase of Annuities, to be incurred upon and payable out of the said Rates and Assessments; Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful from time to time and at all times hereafter to and for any Person or Persons to contribute, advance, and pay unto the Hands of the said Council, Bursar or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or to their respective Trustee or Trustees for the time being, or to such Person or Persons as they may appoint, any Sum or Sums of Money for the Purposes aforesaid, or of this Act, for the absolute Purchase of One or more Annuity or Annuities, to be paid and payable during the full Term of the natural Life of such Person or Persons, being of the Age of Thirty five Years and upwards, as shall be recommended by or on the behalf of such respective Contributors or Purchasers at the time of the Payment of their respective Purchase Money; all which Annuities so to be purchased shall be payable and paid by the said respective Trustee or Trustees, or other Person or Persons deputed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid for the time being, out of the Moneys to arise by or from the said Rates and Assessments, by Half Yearly Payments, the first Payment to be made to the respective Contributors or Purchasers, or their Assigns, at the Expiration of Six Calendar Months after the Payment of their respective Purchase Money, the Rate whereof shall be settled and adjusted by a public Sale of the said Annuities, by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, to the best Bidder for the same, or shall be such as the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid shall think reasonable, and at any General Meeting shall approve.

CLII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Annuity or Annuities so to be purchased under or by virtue of this Act shall be and are hereby charged upon and shall be paid and payable from time to time out of the Moneys arising by the said Rates and Assessments to be made as aforesaid, and all and every the Contributors or Purchasers duly paying the Consideration or Purchase Money at the Rate aforesaid for any such Annuity or Annuities as aforesaid, or his, her or their respective Executors, Administrators or Assigns, shall have, receive and enjoy the respective Annuity or Annuities so to be purchased out of the said Rates or Assessments by this Act appointed for Payment thereof as aforesaid, during the natural Life or Lives of the Person or Persons to be nominated by each of such Purchasers as before mentioned; and that all and every such Purchaser and Purchasers, and their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, shall have good, sure, absolute and indefeasible Estates and Interests in the Annuity or Annuities so by him, her or them respectively to be purchased, according to the Tenor and true meaning of this Act.

CLIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Annuity and Annuities to be purchased and received under and by virtue of this Act shall be so granted by a Writing on Parchment, and shall be signed by Five of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, and shall be in the Words or to the Effect following: (That is to say,)

WE, whose Names are hereunto subscribed, being Five of the [Lives *(after the Name or Title by which the Person having the Control of the Purview are severally designated)*] in consideration of the Sum of *£* of lawful Money of Great Britain, to us in hand paid by A. B., do hereby grant unto the said A. B. an Annuity or Yearly Sum of *£* to be paid out of the Rates or Assessments to be raised, levied and collected in the said [parochial or other District, as the case may be,] made and to be made for or towards the paving or repairing the Pavements of the Streets or public Places within such [parochial or other District, as the case may be,] either exclusively or jointly with or for or towards any other Objects or Purposes [as the case may be]; and which Annuity or yearly Sum of *£* shall be paid to the said A. B.

Transfer made to Clerk of Commissioners, &c. and entered

Assigner may assign, &c.

Commissioners may pay off full Bonds, &c.

in Streets.

Interest on Moneys borrowed is to be paid Half Yearly.

Money may be borrowed on Annuities.

Annuities chargeable on the Rates.

Term of Years of Annuity.

- or his or her Assigns, during the Term of his or her natural Life [or, as the act may be], to the said A. B.,
- his Executors, Administrators and Assigns, upon the Day of
- and the Day of
- and up to the Day of the Death of the said A. B. [or, as the act may be]; In Witness whereof, we the
- said [Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, as the act may be] have hereunto set our Hands the
- Day of
- hundred and

Form of Trans-
fer of Grant of
Annuity.

And after that all and every Person and Persons to whom any such Annuity or Annuities shall be so granted and secured as aforesaid, and his, her and their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, shall and may, by Endorsement on his, her or their respective Securities, assign or transfer his, her or their Right and Interest to and in the Annuities thereby respectively secured, in the Words or to the Effect following; (that is to say,)

- I DO hereby assign and transfer the within-written Security, and the Annuity [or Annuities] thereby
- granted or secured, unto
- [] Executors, Administrators or Assigns, [or as the act may be];
- Witness my Hand this
- Day of
- One thousand eight hundred and

Transfer written
- Clerk of
Commissioners,
and attested.

Which Transfer shall, within Fourteen Days after the Date thereof, be produced and attested to the Clerk, or Clerks to the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid for the time being, who shall enter the same in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose, and shall be entitled to receive for every such Entry the Sum of Ten Shillings and no more; and thereafter such Entry made, but not till then, every such Assignment shall entitle any such Assignee or Assigns, his, her or their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, to the Benefits thereof and to Payment thereof.

Annuities to be
granted only at
Public Meeting.

CIV. Provided always, That no Monies shall be obtained by any such Sale of Annuities, unless at or after a Public Meeting of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, to be held for that Purpose, whereof Seven Days' Notice shall be given in Two or more public Newspapers printed and published within the City of London or Westminster.

No Annuity to be
paid on re-
versible unless a
Proper Condi-
tion of Life or
Contingency has
been produced.

CV. And be it further enacted, That no Annuity or Annuities to be granted and secured under this Act shall be paid and recoverable, unless upon the Demand of each half Yearly Payment thereof the Person for whose Life the same shall have been so granted and secured shall personally appear before the respective Trustees or Transferees or Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or before some Person whom they shall designate for that Purpose, nor unless the Person or Persons entitled to receive such Annuity or Annuities shall then produce or cause to be produced the original Security or Securities for the same; or in case of his or her Nonappearance, the Person or Persons entitled to receive such Annuity, or his, her or their Executors or Assigns duly authorized to receive the same, shall produce such Security or Securities and a Certificate to the said Trustees or Transferees, Clerk or Clerks, or other Person as aforesaid, of the Life of such Contingent Vis, signed by the officiating Minister of the Parish wherein he, she or they shall be residing, upon the Day when such Annuity becomes due, or such other Evidence as shall be satisfactory to the said Trustees or Transferees, Clerk or Clerks, or other Person as aforesaid, of the Existence of such Contingent Vis, upon the Day when the said Annuity becomes due, if such Contingent Vis shall be then in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and in case such Contingent Vis shall not be within the said United Kingdom, then such other good and sufficient Proof of his or her being upon the Day when each half Yearly Payment of the said Annuity or Annuities shall respectively become due shall be produced to the said Trustee or Transferees, Clerk or Clerks, or other Person as aforesaid, as shall be satisfactory to him or them; and it shall not be necessary, in order to render valid the Grant of any such Annuity or Annuities, to record or register a Memorial thereof pursuant to the Provision contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Annuities, or to any other Act or Acts of Parliament whatsoever.

Local value of
Monetary not
to vary.

If Annuities
due, other Annuities
may be
granted.

CVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Annuity or Annuities, Monies or Numbers, to whom and for whose Lives any Annuity or Annuities may be granted from time to time under and by virtue of this Act, shall die, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid from time to time and at all times hereafter to permit any Person or Persons to purchase of them the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Person as aforesaid, other and any Annuities upon the Life of both other Person or Persons upon such Terms and Conditions and payable such sum or sums as above mentioned; or to call the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Person as aforesaid shall call on and pay off any Bonds, Assignments or Mortgages of the said Estates or Assignments, it shall and may be lawful for them to borrow on similar Bonds, Assignments and Securities, or by the Sale or Grant of Annuities, other Sum or Sums of Money from time to time for the Purposes aforesaid or of this Act.

Annuities to be
advanced Periodical
Gifts
Commissioners,
&c. shall not be
gr. thereby liable.

CVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Monies advanced and paid, and all Bonds, Assignments, Securities and Assignments given and granted under and by virtue of this Act, shall be and be deemed Periodical Gifts and Gifts; and also that the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid for the time being, signing or executing such Bonds, Mortgages, Assignments or Grants, or any of them, or any other of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or the Transferees or Transferees, or Clerk or Clerks, or any of them, or those or any of their Executors or Assigns, shall in so well be charged with or responsible, either at Law or in Equity, for the Payment of any of the Monies or Annuities thereby incurred or granted, or increased and increased to be so, or any Part thereof.

CVIII. And

CVIII. And be it further enacted, That the respective Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid for the time being, shall enter in a Book or Books, to be for that Purpose provided and kept by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, a Copy or Copies or an Extract, or Extracts of or from all Securities given for Monies borrowed, and of and from the Grants of all Annuities granted by virtue or in pursuance of this Act; and also of all Assignments of such Securities for Monies borrowed, and of such Grants of Annuities as given or granted as aforesaid, expressing in Words at Length the Names, Surnames, Additions, Places of Abode and Descriptions of all such Persons who shall from time to time be entitled to such Securities and Annuities; and also the Name, Surname, Addition, Place of Abode and other Description of every Person for whose Life any Annuity or Annuities shall be granted, and the Days whensoever the Interest of the said Securities and the said Annuities shall be payable; and which Book and Books the Person and Persons entitled to and possessed of such Securities or Annuities at all reasonable times may have free Liberty to inspect, or to make or take Extracts or Copies thereof or therefrom, on the Payment of the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence to the said Clerk or Clerks for any and every such Inspection.

Securities to be entered in the Book to be by Commissioners, &c.

Book may be inspected.

CIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, from time to time and at all times afterwards to assemble and meet together for the Execution of the local Act or Acts of Parliament whereby or by virtue whereof they may have been appointed, and of this Act, within their respective parishes or other District or elsewhere, and may adjourn such Meetings from time to time as they shall think proper; but that One such General Meeting shall be held at least Once in every Calendar Month, and that Five or more of such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons shall attend at and be necessary to constitute every such General Meeting; and the Acts, Resolutions and Proceedings of the Majority present at such Meetings, shall be deemed and considered to be the Acts, Resolutions and Proceedings of such Meetings; and that such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid may retain and employ and discharge and pay such Clerks, Surveyors, Inspectors and other Persons, as they from time to time shall deem expedient, and also shall and may detain and allow to themselves and to each other, and to their Officers and Servants, all Expenses necessarily incurred in and about the Execution of any local Act or Acts of Parliament, or of this Act; and also shall and may from time to time purchase or rent upon Lease, for a Term or Terms of Years or otherwise, or may erect, build, alter or improve, any Houses, Offices and other Places which they may deem necessary or expedient for their Places of Meeting, or for the Transference of their Official Business, or for the Deposit and safe Custody of their Books, Vouchers and Documents; and also may purchase or rent upon Lease or otherwise from time to time such Place or Places, to be called "The Green Yard," for such parish or other District, for the Reception, Deposit and safe Custody of any Article stored and removed by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament, or of this Act, within their respective parishes or other Districts, or of any Harbours, Docks, Cattle or any Animals or other things which may be found straying, or which shall be in or about any Streets or public Places within their respective parishes or other Districts, or which, according to any local Act or Acts of Parliament, or to this Act, or to the Customs or Statute Law, may be impounded; and may appoint any Person or Persons to inhabit and take care of such Houses, Offices and other Places of Meeting, and to have the Custody and Care of such Books, Vouchers and Documents, and to take care of and superintend such Places of Deposit as aforesaid; and may appoint the Fees and Charges which shall be paid and payable, and which may be demanded as or for the Deposit and safe Custody of any such Articles to be stored, or of any Harbours, Docks, Cattle, Animals or other things which shall be there impounded as aforesaid; and that the said Fees and Charges shall be to be paid before any such Articles or things shall be given up or returned to any Persons whatsoever, or shall and may be deducted out of the Proceeds of any Appraisement or Sale of any such Articles and Things, and which may be effected thereof under and by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament, or of this Act.

Commissioners may meet, and adjourn.

Commissioners, &c. may retain and discharge Clerks, &c.

may rent, the Offices, &c.

and a Place to be called the Green Yard.

may appoint Persons to take Care of Offices, &c. and may appoint Fees.

CX. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, shall, at least One Day previous to any General Meeting of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, send a Notice to be left for every such Commissioner as Trustee or other Person at his Dwelling House or Office, or left at usual Place of Abode, in such parish or other District, of every such General Meeting, and of the Place and Time when and where such General Meeting is intended to be held.

Notice of General Meetings to be given.

CXI. And be it further enacted, That in case Five Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid shall not attend at any such General Meeting within One Hour after the time appointed for such Meetings respectively, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Clerk or Clerks to such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid to declare such General Meeting to be adjourned until a future time, within Seven Days after such Meeting was appointed to be or ought to have been held, and forthwith to cause Notice of such Adjournment to be left for every such Commissioner or Trustee or other Person having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places in such parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, in manner herebefore mentioned and directed.

General Meetings may be adjourned, if an adequate Number be not present.

CXII. And be it further enacted, That in case every General Meeting of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements as aforesaid, any One Commissioner or Trustee or other Person then present, who shall be designated by the Majority of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid present at any such Meeting, shall preside at every such Meeting, and take the Chair

At General Meetings a Chairman to be appointed.

as Chairman of each Meeting; and in case of an Equality of Votes on any Transaction, including the Vote of the Chairman, the Chairman at such Meeting shall have another or the casting Vote.

Special General Meetings may be convened on Emergencies.

CXLII. And be it further enacted, That if any Five or more of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, shall on any Occasion think it necessary or expedient to call or convene a Special General Meeting of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, it shall and may be lawful for such Five or more Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons to direct their Clerk or Clerks for the time being to summon such Special General Meeting of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons respectively, to be assembled at the usual Place of Meeting, and at such time as the said Five or more Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid shall direct, by a Notice (specifying the particular Object of such Special General Meeting, and of which Special General Meeting Notice shall be accordingly given by the Clerk or Clerks in the manner hereinafter directed to be given of any General Meeting.

Proceedings at Meetings to be entered in Books, which shall be good Evidence.

CXLV. And be it further enacted, That all Acts, Orders and Proceedings of the said Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid at any of their Meetings, shall be entered in a Book or Books to be kept by their Clerk or Clerks for the time being for that Purpose, and shall be signed by such Clerk or Clerks; and that all such Orders and Proceedings shall then be deemed and taken to be original Acts, Orders and Proceedings; and such Book or Books shall and may be produced and read in Evidence of all such Acts, Orders and Proceedings, upon any Appeal or Trial or Information, or any Proceeding Civil or Criminal, and in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity whatsoever; and that it shall not be necessary upon any Appeal or Trial or Information or Proceeding, or upon any Oath, to prove the Appointment of such Clerk or Clerks; and that within Two Years after the Date of any such Acts, Orders and Proceedings, Proof of the Hand-writing of such Clerk or Clerks shall alone be necessary to verify the same or their Appointment, and the Accuracy of such Entries of such Acts, Orders and Proceedings; and that after the Expiration of Two Years from the Date of any such Acts, Orders and Proceedings, no other Proof shall be necessary, or shall be required of his or their Appointment, or of the Accuracy of such Entries, than the Production of such Book or Books appearing to be signed by some Person or Persons as the Clerk or Clerks for the time being; and that any Proof of his or their Hand-writing shall not be necessary, nor shall be required, nor shall then upon any Appeal or Trial or Information, or other Proceeding Civil or Criminal, and in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity, a Certificate from the Clerk or Clerks for the time being, signed by him or them, that any Person or Persons who have or have acted or may act as Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any parochial or other District, or as a Surveyor or Surveyors of Pavements, or in any other Office, was or were or is or are One or more of such Commissioners or Trustees or Persons having the Control of the Pavements in such parochial or other District, or was duly appointed to be and was a Surveyor or Surveyors of Pavements, or to such other Office wherein such Person or Persons shall or may have acted, or shall or may act or appear, shall be sufficient and conclusive Evidence of the Appointment and Authority of such Person or Persons, without any other Proof or Evidence whatsoever.

When Proof required of Appointment of Clerks, &c.

Bye Laws may be made by Commissioners.

CV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of the Streets and public Places within the Jurisdiction of this Act, present at any General Meeting, from time to time and at all times hereafter to make such Bye Laws, Rules, Orders and Regulations for the better regulating their own Proceedings at any of their General or other Meetings, and of enforcing the good Conduct and Behaviour of the several Officers and Servants employed by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, in the Execution of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such parochial or other District, or of this Act, and for the Application of the several Modes that may be levied, collected or received by virtue of such local Act or Acts of Parliament, or of this Act, to the Purpose thereof, and likewise from time to time to vary, alter, amend or repeal all or any of such Bye Laws, Rules, Orders, and Regulations, and to fix and appoint all such reasonable Fines and Penalties for the Breach or Non-performance of any such Bye Laws, Rules, Orders or Regulations, or any Part thereof, as to them shall seem proper, so that no such Fine or Penalty shall exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds; and all such Bye Laws, Rules, Orders and Regulations when made, and all Alterations, Variations and Amendments thereof, shall be confirmed at another General Meeting, and being so confirmed shall be printed and be hung up or affixed at the several Places of Meeting of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid; and all such Bye Laws, Rules, Orders or Regulations, when so made, confirmed, printed and affixed, shall be good and binding upon all Persons concerned; provided that the same be not inconsistent with or repugnant to the Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom called England, nor inconsistent with or repugnant to the Provisions and Directions in any local Act or Acts of Parliament for such parochial or other District, or in this Act contained; and that any Person or Persons offending himself or themselves approved thereby shall and may appeal against the same as hereinafter is provided; and that all Penalties thereby imposed, if incurred, shall and may be recovered in such manner as any Penalties imposed by this Act may be recovered by virtue of this Act.

and appeals thereon not exceeding ten Pounds may be confirmed.

Appeal. Two Penalties thereby imposed, incurred. Penalties to be allowed, &c. Bye Laws.

CVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall offend himself or themselves approved thereby, in any Breach or Non-performance of any such Bye Law, Rule, Order or Regulation, when so made, confirmed, printed and affixed, shall be good and binding upon all Persons concerned; provided that the same be not inconsistent with or repugnant to the Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom called England, nor inconsistent with or repugnant to the Provisions and Directions in any local Act or Acts of Parliament for such parochial or other District, or in this Act contained; and that any Person or Persons offending himself or themselves approved thereby shall and may appeal against the same as hereinafter is provided; and that all Penalties thereby imposed, if incurred, shall and may be recovered in such manner as any Penalties imposed by this Act may be recovered by virtue of this Act; provided always, that no such Bye Law, Rule or Regulation, when so made by the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, and confirmed, printed and affixed, shall be null, altered, amended or repealed, save and except at some Meeting to be held for that Purpose, of which Meeting and of the Purpose thereof Three Days' Notice at the least, with the Name of the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons therein, shall be left for each and every Commissioner, Trustee or other Person as aforesaid, in the manner directed as to other General Meetings by virtue of this Act.

CXVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid at any of their General Meetings shall and may and they are lawfully authorized and empowered from time to time to contract or agree with any Person or Persons whatsoever for removing the Dull and Aches, cleaning, paving and repairing the Pavement of and within their respective parished or other District, and for doing and executing all or any of the Works which, under and by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating thereto, or of this Act, the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid may think to be done and executed; and also to purchase or provide, either by Contract or otherwise, from time to time, such Goods, Materials and things whatsoever, as they shall think proper for efficiently executing the Powers and Possibilities of such local Act or Acts of Parliament or of this Act, and shall pay or order the Payment of the Money due or to become due upon any such Contracts, Agreements or Purchases, to the Person or Persons entitled to receive the same, by and out of all or any Monies which shall or may be paid to or received by them by virtue of any such local Act or Acts of Parliament or of this Act, for and towards the Expense of paving and repairing the Pavements of the Streets or public Places within their respective parished or other Districts, either exclusively or jointly with or for or towards any other Objects or Purposes, or whereof they may be authorized and entitled to dispose.

CXVII. And be it further enacted, That previous to any Meeting of the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, for the making of any such Contracts which they may deem expedient for the better Execution of this Act, Seven Days Notice of such Meeting to make any such Contracts shall be given in Two or more of the public Newspapers published in London or Westminster, signifying the Nature and Objects of each of such Contracts, in order that any Person or Persons willing to contract may make Proposals for that Purpose, to be offered and presented to the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, or to their Clerk or Clerks, at the Time and Place mentioned in such Notice; and also that the Particulars of all such Contracts or Agreements, and all Receipts and Payments by such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons in the Execution of the said local Act or Acts of Parliament or of this Act, and also Minutes of their Proceedings at all and every of their General Meetings, shall be fairly entered by their Clerk or Clerks, or by him or their Direction, in a Book or Books to be provided for those Purposes, and to be carefully preserved.

CXVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Contract or Contracts, for any Purpose or Purposes whatsoever, shall have been heretofore or shall be hereafter entered into by any Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid acting in pursuance of any local Act or Acts of Parliament or of this Act, and the Person or Persons who may have entered or who shall hereafter enter into any such Contract or Contracts, shall be guilty of any Breach or Nonperformance of any such Contract or Contracts, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid, at any of their General Meetings, in case they shall deem it proper and expedient, to declare such Contract or Contracts to be null and void, and such Contract or Contracts shall be from thenceforth null and void accordingly; or it shall or may be lawful to and for them to compound for such Sum or Sums of Money with the Person or Persons having entered into or who shall hereafter enter into such Contract or Contracts, for such Breach or Nonperformance of such Contract or Contracts, and for all Costs, Charges and Expenses which have been or shall be occasioned thereby, so to them the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons shall appear proper and expedient; or it shall and may be lawful to and for them the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid to sue for and to recover the full Penalty or Penalties contained and expressed in any such Contract or Contracts, or in any Bond or Bonds given and executed for the due Performance of such Contract or Contracts, by Affirm of Debt or on the Case in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, in which Action or Actions no *Edigna Prohibitio*, *Wager at Law*, nor more than One Imparance, shall be allowed.

CXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all and every the Persons possessing or entitled to any Bonds, Mortgages, Annuities or other Securities affecting or charged upon the said Rates or Assessments for any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and all Persons rated to the Rates or Assessments to be made for or towards the Expenses of paving or repairing the Pavement in any parished or other District, either exclusively or jointly with or for or towards any other Objects or Purposes, either by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament or of this Act, at all reasonable and convenient times to peruse and inspect and to make and take Extracts from all Rates or Rate Books, and all other Book or Books, Accounts, Vouchers, Papers and Writings whatsoever, which shall be kept under any such local Act or Acts of Parliament, or under this Act, in relation to the paving or repairing the Pavements of such parished or other District, either exclusively or jointly with or for any other Objects or Purposes, in the Calidity or Power of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements for the time being; and also, that the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid for the time being, or One of them, within Twenty Days after Demand made thereof in Writing, signed by any one of the Persons before mentioned, and delivered to or left for him or them at his or their usual or last Place of Abode, shall make and deliver or cause to be made and delivered a Copy or Copies of all and every such Book and Books, Accounts, Vouchers, Papers and Writings whatsoever, or of any Part or Parts thereof, whereof a Copy or Copies shall be so demanded, to the Person or Persons demanding the same, on his or their Application for the same, at any time after the Expiration of the said Term of Twenty Days, he or they paying for the same, at or before the Delivery thereof, in and after the Rate of Two Shillings and Sixpence for every Three hundred Words contained in such Copy or Copies so demanded and delivered as aforesaid, every Figure in such Copy or Copies being calculated as a Word; and in case any such Clerk shall at any time refuse or wilfully neglect to make and deliver or cause to be made and delivered such Copy or Copies of all and every such Book and Books, Accounts, Vouchers and Papers, and of every Part thereof respectively, to the Person or Persons demanding the same, on Application for the same, after Twenty Days from the Day

Comptroller may enter into Contracts as herein authorised.

Public Notice to be given of all Meetings for making Contracts.

Contracts, Accounts, Receipts, &c. to be entered on Books.

Commissioners may sue or compound for Breach of Contracts.

Accounts and Books may be inspected, &c. by Persons entitled to Securities.

and Copies delivered to such Persons demanding.

Fee.

Clerk refusing, or, in default Copy.

Penalty 10*l*.

Attorneys may be brought and defended by Commissioners, then in the Name of the Clerk.

Attorney not to be introduced, &c. by Clerk, &c. of Clerk.

Clerk to be introduced in Court, &c.

In what case Clerk to be personally liable.

Indebtedness may be Witness.

Excluding Unconscientious and Scurrilous Performance of their Duty.

of the Demand thereof as sheriff, on Payment for the same as aforesaid, then every such Clerk shall for every Refusal or Neglect forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds; One Month's Salary to the Treasurer or Treasurers to the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid for the time being, and the other Money in any Petition or Process who shall sue for the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt or on the Case, wherein no Delay, Protection, Wager of Law, nor more than One Imparison, shall be allowed.

CXX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Payments in any Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, may for and be sued in the Name of their respective Clerk or Clerks for the time being; and that all Actions or Suits that the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Payments in any Streets or public Places in any such parochial or other District, may at any time or times hereafter do and be brought for the Recovery of any Penalty or Sums, or any other Sum or Sums of Money from time to time or at any time due or payable from or by any Water or Gas Company, or Commissioners of Sewers, or any other Person or Persons, due or payable by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to their respective parochial or other District, or of this Act, or for or in respect of any other matter or thing relating to such local Act or Acts of Parliament or to this Act, may be brought in the Name of such Clerk or Clerks respectively for the time being, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in which no Delay, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparison, shall be allowed, and in which Actions or Actions it shall be sufficient for the Clerk or Clerks, as such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, to declare that the Defendant or Defendants is or are indebted to him or them as such Clerk or Clerks in the Sum of Ten Shillings, (or such other Sum as the Clerk or Clerks shall suppose to be then due or forfeited,) for so much Money before then owing (forfeited or due by him, as the case may be,) from or by the Defendant or Defendants to the said Clerk or Clerks by virtue of such local Act or Acts, or either of them, relating to his or their respective parochial or other District, or by virtue of this Act, (as the case may be, and containing the Titles of such Act or Acts respectively); and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any such Action or Actions, he or they shall have full Costs, to be levied and recovered as other Monies upon Judgments may now by Law be levied and recovered; and that no Action or Suit which may be brought, commenced or prosecuted by or against the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control as aforesaid, or any of them, by virtue or on account of such local Act or Acts of Parliament, or of this Act, in the Name of such their respective Clerk or Clerks, shall abate or be discontinued by the Death, Sickness or Removal of such Clerk or Clerks, or by any Act or Default of such Clerk or Clerks done or suffered without the Consent or Direction of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons as aforesaid; but the Clerk or Clerks in the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons for the time being shall be always deemed Plaintiff or Defendants in every such Action or Suit (as the case may be), except in such Action or Actions as shall be prosecuted between the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons and their respective Clerk or Clerks for the time being; in which Action or Suit any One of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control as aforesaid, shall or may be Plaintiff or Defendant (as the case may be): Provided always, that every such Clerk or Clerks or other Person in whose Name any Action or Suit shall be commenced, prosecuted or defended in pursuance of this Act, shall always be introduced and paid, out of the Monies to arise by virtue of any such local Act or Acts towards the Expenses of paying or repaying the Payments of the Streets or public Places in any such parochial or other District, either exclusively or jointly with or for any other Objects or Purposes, or of this Act, all such Costs, Charges and Expenses as he or they shall be put to or become charged or chargeable with by reason of his or their being so made Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Defendant or Defendants therein; but no such Clerk or other Person shall be personally answerable or liable for the Payment of the same or any Part of the same, unless such Action or Suit shall have been brought or commenced, or the Defence of such Action or Suit shall be commenced, without the Order or Direction of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, or shall be prosecuted, carried on and continued contrary to their Approbation and Consent.

CXXI. And be it further enacted, That in any Action, Prosecution, Information, Appeal, Cause, Suit, Hearing, Examination or Proceeding whatsoever, relating to or concerning the Execution of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or relating to or concerning any Rate or Assessment made or to be made upon any Person or Persons in respect of any Property in any such parochial or other District, or in any such township, concerning or relating to any such parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, any Indebtedness or Ouster or Occupier of Property in any Part of any such parochial or other District may be a competent Witness, and shall be admitted to give Evidence, notwithstanding he might be excused for and on behalf of such parochial or other District, or might or is or then or thereafter should be charged with or liable to pay any Rate or Assessment to be raised, levied and collected within any such parochial or other District by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament or of this Act, or by any other Authority whatsoever.

CXXII. And be it further enacted, That in any Person or Persons shall at any time or times hereafter in any manner whatsoever wilfully obstruct, hinder or molest any Commissioners or Trustees or any other Persons having the Control of the Payments in any Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or any Surveyor or Surveyors of Payments, or any other Officer or Officers, Person or Persons whatsoever, who are, or shall be appointed or employed to put in Execution this Act or any local Act or Acts of Parliament by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Payments of the Streets and public Places in any such parochial or other District

within the Jurisdiction of this Act, in the Performance or Execution of his or their Duty, then every Person or Persons so offending shall for the First Offence forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, and for the second Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds, and for the Third or any subsequent Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner in which other Penalties are hereinafter directed to be recovered by virtue of this Act.

CXXIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where One or more Justices or Justices of the Peace in or may be empowered by Law to proceed on the Complaint of the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any Streets or public Places in any parish or in any District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or any of them, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices of the Peace, and he and they in and are hereby required, to proceed on the Complaint of any One of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other such Persons, or of their Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements, or of their Clerk or Clerks for the time being, or any of them, or of any Person or Persons whom they or any Two or more of them by Writing under their Hands shall appoint for that Purpose, in such and the like manner to all Intents and Purposes as if such Complaint had been made by such Commissioners or Trustees or other such Persons as aforesaid, or any or all of them.

CXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in every case wherein no particular Number of Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any Streets or public Places in any parish or in other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, are by any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such parish or other District, or by this Act, appointed and required to be necessary to perform any Act, matter or thing by such local Act or Acts of Parliament or by this Act required or directed to be done and performed, that all and every such Act, matter and thing may be legally and effectually done, executed and performed by any Two or more of such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control for the time being of the Pavements in the Streets or public Places in the particular parish or other District for which they are appointed or empowered to do any thing in such local Act or Acts of Parliament or in this Act in the contrary notwithstanding.

CXXV. And be it further enacted, That any Justice of the Peace in and for any City, Borough or County within the Jurisdiction of this Act, shall and may do any Act or Deed relative to the Office of the Justice of the Peace directed by this Act or by any local Act or Acts of Parliament, relating to any parish or other District therein or otherwise, notwithstanding he shall or may at the same time be a Commissioner or Trustee or other Person having the Control of the Pavements in the Streets and public Places in any parish or other District within such City, Borough or County, and shall and may act in the Execution of this Act or of any local Act or Acts of Parliament, or of any By-Laws, or upon any Summons, Appeal or other Proceeding whatsoever relating to any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, notwithstanding he shall then be an Inhabitant of any such parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or shall pay or may be then or thereafter liable to pay any Rates or Assessments charged or to be charged upon any House or Owners of Property in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

CXXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom any Offender or Offenders shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, or against any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or against any Bye Law, Rule or Order made in pursuance of any such local Act or Acts or of this Act, and he and they are hereby required, by and with the Direction or Consent of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any such parish or other District, or of their Clerk or Clerks, or Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements for the time being, or of any Person appointed by them or any of them, to allow and pay or to order the Allowance and Payment of such Part of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture which shall be imposed upon and shall be received of any such Offender or Offenders convicted before him or them of any such Offence as aforesaid (which herein otherwise directed), not exceeding One Half Part thereof, to the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons as aforesaid, or their Clerk or Clerks, or Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements as aforesaid, or any of them, shall direct or approve, unto the Informer or Informers against such Offender or Offenders, in such Sums and Proportions as to such Justice or Justices shall first meet; and that the Remainder of such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture (which herein otherwise directed as aforesaid), shall be paid to and shall belong to the Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being to the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in the parish or other District wherein any such Offence shall have been or shall appear to have been committed, or to such other Person or Persons or Company at the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons shall from time to time appoint to receive the same, and to be applied towards the Costs and Charges of such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, and of proving and repaying the Pavements within any such parish or other District; any other Act, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CXXVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Appeals, Hearings or other cases where the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any Streets or public Places in any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or are by any local Act or Acts of Parliament, or by this Act, shall or may be summoned or required, or shall deem it necessary or expedient, to examine any Person or Persons on Oath or Affirmation, it shall be lawful for such Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, or for such Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, and they and he or she and is hereby respectively authorized and required to adjourn on Oath or Affirmation to any such Person or Persons, and also may require the Production of any Books, Instruments or Papers in the Custody or Power of any Person or Persons appearing to them or her, which in their or his Judgment may be necessary to

First Offence,
Second Offence
Subsequent
Offence.
Penalty.
Justices to proceed on Com-
plaint of Com-
missioners.

Two Com-
missioners may act
where no parti-
cular Number is
required in any
local Act or by
this Act.

Justices may act
although they are
Commissioners,
Act or Inhab-
itants of Districts.

Justices, with
Consent of Com-
missioners, Act
may make
Allowance to
Informers out
of Fine and
Penalty which is to be
applied in
Pursuance of the
Act.
Amount of
Allowance.

Commissioners,
Act, or Justices,
may summon
Clerk, &c.

and may require
the Production
of Books, &c.

illustrate the Subject of any such Appeal; and that if any Person or Persons, being so sworn, or having solemnly affirmed, shall upon his, her or their Examination upon Oath or Affirmation before the said Council, Judges or Justices, or other Persons, or before any Justice or Justices respectively, or any of them, wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is an offender declared to be subject and liable to such Penalties and Forfeitures to which by any Law then in being any Person or Persons would be subject and liable who should be convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

Perjury.

Justices may
swear the
Attendants of
Witnesses.

CXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice or Justices of the Peace who is and are made competent, empowered or required to hear and determine any Complaint or Matter under or by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or under and by virtue of this Act, to cite a Summons under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals to any Person or Persons whatsoever to attend as a Witness or Witnesses, and to give Evidence upon Oath or solemn Affirmation before any such Justice of the Peace touching any Matter of Fact contained in any Information or Complaint for any Offence against any such local Act or Acts of Parliament, or against this Act, or against any Bye Law, Rule or Order made in pursuance thereof, whether on the Part of the Prosecutors or Informers, or Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Premises in any such parochial or other District, or of the Person or Persons complained of, and which Summons such Justice or Justices as aforesaid are hereby required to issue, if thereto required; and if such Person or Persons so summoned as aforesaid, upon being paid or tendered such Sum for his or their Costs and Charges, Trouble and Attendance, as the said Justice or Justices shall think reasonable, shall refuse or neglect to appear at the time and Place to be for that Purpose appointed, without such Excuse for such his, her or their Refusal or Neglect as shall be approved of by such Justice or Justices, or appearing shall refuse to be examined on Oath or solemn Affirmation, or to give Evidence before such Justice or Justices, then and in every such case every such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not being less than Two Pounds, nor exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be afterwards recovered in the manner hereinafter directed by virtue of this Act.

Witnesses, on
being paid and
tendered their
Costs, not
appearing.

Penalty.

Distresses as to
Service of
Summons, Sum-
mons, &c.

CXXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Notices, Communications, Documents, Demands and Accounts, which are directed and required to be given by any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or by this Act, or which are or may be directed or required to be given by any Bye Law, Rule or Order to be made in pursuance thereof, or of any of them, or which shall or may be necessary for carrying into Execution any of the Powers of any such local Act or Acts or by this Act, or any or either of such Bye Laws, Rules or Orders, of which the nature of serving the same is not particularly directed by such local Act or Acts or by this Act, shall be printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, and shall or may be served, either by delivering the same personally to the Person or Persons, or one of them, to whom such Notices, Communications, Demands and Accounts respectively are to be given, or by leaving the same at his, her or their usual or last known Warehouse or Warehouses, Manufactory or Manufactories, Office or Offices, Counting House or Counting Houses, or with any of his or their Partners, Trustees, Clerks or Servants, at his or their last or usual known Place or Places of Abode, or at or upon any Tenements, Premises or Hereditaments belonging to or occupied by any such Person or Persons, or whereunto any such Notices, Communications, Documents, Demands or Accounts may relate.

Notices and
Documents, how
to be recovered.

CXXX. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines by any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or by this Act inflicted or imposed or authorized to be imposed (the manner of levying and recovering whereof is not in such Act or Acts of Parliament or herein otherwise directed), upon Proof of the Offences respectively, within Three Calendar Months after such Offences respectively shall have been or shall be committed, before any One or more Justices of the Peace for the City, Borough or County wherein the parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act shall be situate wherein any such Offences shall have been committed, or shall be charged or shall appear to have been committed, either by Commission of the Party or Parties offending, or by the Information of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath or Affirmation, (such Oath and Affirmation such Justice or Justices of the Peace is and are hereby empowered and required to administer without Fee or Reward, and the Informer and Informers are hereby declared to be and is and are hereby rendered in any and every such case a competent Witness or competent Witnesses,) shall be levied by Districts and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties offending by Warrant or Warrants under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices, which Warrant or Warrants such Justice or Justices is and are hereby empowered and required to grant; and the Penalties and Forfeitures when recovered (notwithstanding the Overplus, if any there be, after deducting all the Costs, Charges and Expenses of any Summons, Informations, Complaints, Hearings, Warrants, and of such Districts and the Keeping, Appraisalment or Sale thereof, or otherwise relating thereto, unto the Person or Persons whose Goods and Chattels shall be so distrained and sold,) shall be paid as hereinafter directed to the Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being to the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Premises in any such parochial or other District, or to such Person or Persons or Company as they shall from time to time appoint or appoint to receive the same; and to be applied as hereinafter is directed, and subject to the Powers of awarding Informers hereinafter contained; and in every such case where Districts are directed to be made, levied or taken by any such local Act or Acts of Parliament or by this Act, and Infriction Districts shall not be found, and such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, and Costs, Charges and Expenses shall not be forthwith paid, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices

How and to
whom Penalties
paid.

Where Districts
are found, &c.

Forfeitures.

of the Peace, and he and they in and are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant or Warrants under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, to cause such Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the City, Borough or County aforesaid, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures or Fines, and all such Costs, Charges and Expenses attending so or occasioned by any such Offence, or any Summons, Informations, Complaints, Hearings, Warrants, or of such Distress, and the Keeping, Apprehension or Sale thereof, or otherwise relating thereto, shall be sooner paid and satisfied; and also that any one Justice of the Peace may and is hereby required to act in any and every case to which the Concurrence of Two Justices of the Peace shall not be expressly required by any local Act or Acts of Parliament, or by this Act: Provided always, that no Penalty, Forfeiture or Fine inflicted or imposed or authorized to be imposed by virtue of this Act, shall become due or be incurred by any Person whatsoever for any Offence or Offences under or against this Act, unless such Offences shall have been committed after the Expiration of One Calendar Month from the passing of this Act.

CXXXI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Justice or Justices of the Peace, before whom any Person or Persons shall be convicted of any Offence against any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up in the following Words, or any other Form of Words to the same Effect, (that is to say,)

Form of Conviction.

• **B**E remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____, in the Year of
 • our Lord _____, A. D. is duly convicted before
 • of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the [City, Borough or County, as the case may be,]
 • of having [here state the Offence, as the case may be,] contrary to the Form of a Statute [or of course Statute, as the case may be,], in that said made and provided: And I [or we, as the case may be,] do declare
 • and adjudge that the said A. B. hath forfeited for his or her [as the case may be,] said Offence the Sum of _____
 • and also the Sum of _____ for the Costs, Charges and
 • Expenses already incurred thereabout. Given under my Hand [or Hand and Seal, or our Hands, or
 • our Hands and Seals, as the case may be,] the Day and Year first above written.

CXXXII. And be it further enacted, That where any Distress shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, on account of any Defect or Want of Form in any Proceedings relating thereto; nor shall the Party or Parties be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers of lands on account of any Irregularity which shall be afterwards done by the Party or Parties following; but the Person or Persons aggrieved by such Irregularity may recover full Compensation for the special Damage incurred by an Action on the case: Provided always, that no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any such Action on the case, or in any action commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or in pursuance of this Act, unless such Action shall be commenced within Twenty eight Days after any alleged Irregularity, Trespass or wrongful Proceeding shall be done, nor unless Notice in Writing of such intended Action shall have been given to the Clerk or Clerks of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Payments in any such parish or other District, or left at his or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, Twenty one Days before such Action shall be commenced, signed by the Attorney for the intended Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the date or dates of such Action; nor shall any Plaintiff or Plaintiffs recover in such Action for Satisfaction for special Damage or otherwise, or for any such Irregularity, Trespass or other Proceedings, if Tender of satisfaction Amounts shall be made by or on the behalf of the Party or Parties who shall have committed or caused to be committed every or any such Irregularity, Trespass or wrongful Proceeding, before such Action shall be brought; and in case as such Tender shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, by Leave of the Court where such Action shall depend, at any time before they be joined in such Action, to pay into such Court such Sum of Money as he, he or they shall think fit; whereupon such Proceedings or Order and Judgment shall be had, made or given in and by such Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court; and that if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in any such Action or Actions shall be acquitted, or suffer a Discontinuance of such Action, or if upon a Demurrer or Verdict or otherwise, Judgment shall be given for or shall be obtained by the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, then and in every such case the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be liable and subject to the Payment to the Defendant or Defendants of Treble Costs; and the Defendant or Defendants shall have all and every such Remedies for recovering the same, as any Defendant may have by Law for the Recovery of Costs in any other case.

and Plaintiff in Action for recovery shall not recover if satisfaction Amounts have been tendered. Limitation of such Action. Notice, &c.

Treble Costs.

CXXXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Conviction or Order of any Justice or Justices of the Peace acting in and for any City, Borough or County within the Jurisdiction of this Act, for any Offence committed against any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any parish or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or against this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person or Persons to appeal to the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace for such City, Borough or County, provided the same shall not be held within Seven Days after such Conviction or Order shall be made, and then to the

Appeal from Conviction of Justices.

to General or Quarter Sessions.

Says Rate.

From Bye Laws,
&c.in General
Sessions, &c.

Ref'd

Appeal from
Commissioners,
or to General
Quarter sessions.Status of
Appeal.

Recognizance.

Costs.
And on Appeal,
on an Assessment,
full Costs to be
awarded between
Debtor and Creditor
Determination
of Appeal final.
The Clerk, or
Commissioner or
Justice.Commissioner to
be sworn to the
Oath of Office,
&c.

General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace for each City, Borough or County then next following; and also if any Petitioner or Petitioner shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, made or to be made for or towards the Expence of paving or improving the Pavements of the Streets or public Places in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, either exclusively or jointly, with or for or towards any other Object, and Paraphrase, or by any Bye Law, Rule or Order made or to be made in pursuance of any such local Act or Acts of Parliament, or in pursuance and by virtue of this Act, or by any other statute or thing done or directed to be done in pursuance of such local Act or Acts of Parliament, or of this Act, then such Petitioner or Petitioner shall apply for Relief to the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements for such parished or other District for which such Rate or Assessment shall then have been made, or by whom any such Bye Law, Rule or Order, or other matter or thing, shall have been made, or done or directed to be done, at any Meeting to be held within Thirty Days next after the making of any such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, or soon after any such matter or thing done and committed by or by in or Order of the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, by which such Petitioner or Petitioner shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved; and the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, are hereby authorized and empowered to grant such Relief in the Premises as to them shall seem necessary; and if such Petitioner or Petitioner shall not be satisfied with the Determination of such Commissioners, Trustees, or other Persons, or the said Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons, shall neglect within Thirty Days after such Application to determine or to give Notice of such Determination to the Petitioner or Petitioner for applying for Relief, then and in either of such cases he, she or they may appeal to a Quarter or General Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the City, Borough or County within such parished or other District shall be seated, within Four Calendar Months next after such Application to the said Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons; but that as all every such case of Appeal every such Appellant, unless he, she or they shall be Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements as aforesaid, or their Clerk or Clerks, or Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pavements for the time being, or some Petitioner or Petitioner appointed by them, and whether such Appeal shall be against any Commission or Order of any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or against any Rate or Assessment, or against any Bye Law, Rule, Order, matter or thing made or done or directed to be done by the said Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons, shall full give or cause to be given Fourteen Days Notice at least in Writing of his, her or their Intention to bring such Appeal, and of the matter thereof, signed by every such Appellant, and specifying him, her or their true Residence and Trade or Profession, to the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements as aforesaid, by delivering such Notice to him or them, or by leaving such Notice for him or them at his or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, and within Three Days next after the Service of such Notice shall enter into a Recognizance before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said City, Borough or County, with Two sufficient Sureties, in the Sum of Forty Pounds, conditioned to try such Appeal, and to abide the Order of said to pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the Justices in such Quarter or General Sessions of the Peace for the said City, Borough or County; and the said Justices at such General or Quarter Sessions, upon due Proof of such Notice being given as aforesaid and such Recognizance being entered into, in such cases in which such Notice and Recognizance are hereby directed and required, shall hear and determine the Cause and Matters of such Appeal in a summary way, and award such Costs to the Parties appealing or appealed against as they the said Justices shall think proper; and in all cases wherein the Appeal shall relate to the Premises contained in the Act for compelling speedy and effectual Reparation of imperfect Pavements, the said Justices in such General or Quarter Sessions shall award full Costs to the Party in whose Favour they shall decide and determine, to be allowed as between Debtor and Creditor, and to be settled by the Clerk of the Peace for such City, Borough or County for the time being; and the Determinations of such Justices at their Quarter or General Sessions shall be final, binding and conclusive; and that the Recognizances, in any Party disobeying, or refusing or neglecting to obey, any Order which may be made by such Justices, shall be forfeited, and that every such Party shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor and that if any Costs awarded by them, when so forfeited by the said Clerk of the Peace, shall not be forthwith paid, then Double the Amount thereof may be recovered by an Action of Debt, or on the case in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, whenever a Writ, Procession or Writ of Law, or more than One Imparison, shall be allowed; and that the Payment of any Rate or Assessment shall not be suspended or delayed in consequence of any such Notice of Appeal, or which such Appeal may depend, but that the same and every Part thereof shall and may be demanded, collected and recovered in such and the same manner as if no such Notice of Appeal had been given.

CXXXIV. And to be further enacted, That all and every the Recognizance and Recognizances entered into by any Petitioner or Petitioner relating to any Appeal as aforesaid, shall be delivered on Demand to the Clerk or Clerks for the time being to the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements in any parished or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, to whom such such Appeal shall relate, by the Justice or Justices who shall have taken the Oath; and that the Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements of such Parished or other District, shall and may, or he, recover and recover the Penalty, and Penalties as Sum and Sums contained in any such Recognizance or Recognizances, either in full and all, (same manner as any Rent, Penalty, or Fine may be paid for and recovered by him or her) or by Action or Actions at Debt or on the case, or other Actions or Actions in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, with full Costs of Suit; and that in any such Action or Actions no Writ, Procession, or Writ of Law, or more than One Imparison, shall be allowed.

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CXXXV. And

CXXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, nor any Proceeding to be had touching the Collection of any Offender or Offenders against this Act, or any Order made, or any other matter or thing to be done or transacted in or about the Execution of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or in or about the Execution of that Act, or in pursuance or by virtue thereof, shall be awarded or granted for want of Form; but that any Rate or Assessment, or any manner of Form or any Commission, Order, Proceeding or other matter and thing, may be awarded, as the Justice of any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace for such City, Borough or County may order and direct; nor shall any Rate, Proceeding, Commission, Order, matter or thing be removed or removable by Writ, or by any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or elsewhere; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

CXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done or omitted in pursuance of any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating, either exclusively or jointly with any other Object or Purposes, to the Payment of any parochial or other Defect within the Jurisdiction of the Act, until after Twenty one Days' Notice in Writing, signed by the Person or Persons intending to bring such Action or Suit, and specifying his or their real Residence, and his or their Trade or Professions, shall be thereof given to the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners or Trustees, or other Persons having the Control of the Payments in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of the Act, whereas any Suit may be commenced, or for which such Action or Suit may be brought; nor after sufficient Satisfaction shall be made or tendered, nor after Three Calendar Months next after the Suit may be commenced for which such Action or Suit shall be brought; and all such Actions or Suits shall be laid and tried in the County of Middlesex or City of London, and not in any other County, City or Place; and that the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Actions, Suit and Suits, and every of them, may plead the General Issue, and give any local Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any such parochial or other District, or this Act, and the several matters in Evidence at any Trial or Trials which shall be had thereupon, and that the matter or thing for or on which such Action or Suit shall be brought was done in pursuance and by the Authority of any local Act or Acts, or of this Act; and if the said matter or thing shall appear to have been so done, or if it shall appear that such Action or Suit was brought before Twenty one Days' Notice was given as before directed, or that sufficient Satisfaction was made or tendered or paid into Court as aforesaid, or if any such Action or Suit shall not be commenced within the time before for that Purpose limited, or shall be laid in any other County, City or Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants therein; and if a Verdict shall be found for such Defendant or Defendants, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Action or Suit shall become nonsuit, or suffer a Discontinuance of such Action or Suit, or if upon a Demurrer or Demurrers in such Action or Suit, or upon a Verdict or otherwise, Judgment shall be given for the Defendant or Defendants therein, then and in either of the cases aforesaid such Defendant or Defendants shall have Twelve Cents, and shall have such Reasonable recovery the same as any Defendant may have for the Recovery of Costs in other cases by Law.

CXXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Articles, matters and things in this Act contained, and applying or relating to any Commissioners or Trustees having the Control of the Payments in any Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, shall also extend and apply to, and all the Powers, Privileges, Indemnities and Authorities hereby conferred upon them shall and may be exercised and enjoyed by all and every other Persons having the Control of the Payments in the Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, under and by virtue of any local Act or Acts of Parliament or otherwise, and hereafter such Persons having such Control may be designated, entitled and distinguished in and by such local Act or Acts of Parliament or otherwise, and whether they be so designated, entitled and distinguished as Vestrymen, Commissioners, Courts or otherwise; any thing contained in such local Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; and that they and every of them shall and may have, exercise and enjoy all such Powers, Privileges, Indemnities and Authorities, in such and the same manner as if every such public Body and such Persons was or were separately and separately enumerated, mentioned and set forth in this Act, and in every Clause, matter and Provision herein contained.

CXXXVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That neither any Act or Acts of Parliament relating either exclusively to the paving or repairing the Pavements of the Streets or public Places in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or relating thereto jointly with any other Object or Purposes, nor any Clauses, matter or Provision therein contained, shall be hereby repealed; but that the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons by any such local Act or Acts of Parliament vested with the Control or Superintendence of the Payment of the Streets and public Places in every such parochial or other District, shall extend and may, exercise all and every the Powers and Authorities by all and in any such local Act and Acts of Parliament conferred upon them or any of them; and that they may from time to time and at all times either act under and upon all or any of the Provisions, Clauses, Powers and Authorities of such Act or Acts of Parliament or of any of the Provisions, Clauses, Powers and Authorities of this Act, as they from time to time, upon such Emergency or each particular Occasion, may think proper and deem most expedient; but subject nevertheless to all the Provisions contained in this Act as to the Appointment of Surveyors of the Pavement in every parochial or other District, and as to the same hereby provided for compiling the speedy and efficient Repairs of imperfect Pavement in all Streets and public Places within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and the Regulation and Improvement of such Streets, and Removal and Prevention of Nuisances and Obstructions, according to the Provisions of this Act.

CXXXIX. Provided

Proceedings not to be removed from Trial,

a reasonable time to be allowed

Notice and time to be allowed for the payment of the same in the County of Middlesex or City of London, and not in any other County, City or Place

County of Middlesex or City of London

Twelve Cents

The Powers conferred on Commissioners and Trustees in relation to Vestrymen, Commissioners, Courts and other Persons having the Control of the Payments

Local Paving Acts of Parliament not hereby repealed

Parish for
Estate of Mar-
quis Camille de
Saint Pauline.

And for the
Estate of Lord
Somerset.

And for the
Wellmeadow and
Barry, &c.
Commissioners
of Sewers.

All not so ex-
pressly making
any Thorough-
fare, or Street,
Garden or Open
air of Estate.

Provision
Parishes of
Middlesex and
Hampshire.

34 G. 3. c. 118.
1816, 19.

Proviso for the
said Act as
above recited.

34 G. 3. c. 118.
1816.

Proviso for
making the Parish
of Saint Mary
in London, within
the said Act, to
be deemed as a
Parish of London.

CEXXIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That neither this Act, nor any Enactment, Clause, Provision, matter or thing herein contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to the Estate of The Most Honourable The Marquis Camille de Saint Pauline, situate and being in the Parish of Saint Pauline in the County of Middlesex, but that the same shall be completely and entirely excepted therefrom; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

CEX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That neither this Act, nor any Enactment, Clause, Provision, matter or thing herein contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to the Estate of the Right Honourable John Somerset Lord Somerset, situate and being in the Parish of Saint Pauline in the County of Middlesex, but that the same shall be completely and entirely excepted therefrom; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

CEXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared, That the several Powers and Authorities by this Act granted shall not extend or be construed to extend to enable any Parishes or Parishes whatsoever to have any Control, Right, Power or Authority over the Sewers and other Works now under the Control and Direction of the Commissioners of Sewers for the City and Liberty of Wyndham and Part of the County of Middlesex, or for the Limits extending from East Middlesex to Surrey to Runnymede in Kent; but that all such Powers, Rights and Authorities now vested in the said Commissioners, shall remain and continue in them fully and completely, and so others, in such and the same manner to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had not been passed.

CEXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to withdraw the taking down or removing any Bar, Gate, Rail or other Fence fixed for preventing any Thoroughfare into or from any Square, Street or Way, without the Consent of the Owner of the Estate or Property upon which such Bar, Gate, Rail or other Fence, Square, Streets or Ways shall be Situate.

CEXIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That neither this Act, nor any Enactment, Clause, Provision, matter or thing herein contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to the Parishes of Saint Mary Magdalen, or of Saint Jude in Barbary, in the County of Middlesex, although such Parishes are included in the Weekly Bills of Mortality, but that the said Parishes shall be completely and entirely excepted therefrom; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

CEXIV. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for amending the Act in and under the Fifth third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for opening a new convenient Communication from Mary to Isam Park to Charing Cross, and for paving the Streets to be made in Mary to Isam Park, and to enable His Majesty in great small Portions of Land as is taken for public Buildings, or to be used as Greenways within the Bills of Mortality; it was enacted, that it should be lawful for the Commissioners for executing that Act to authorize and permit the building or erecting and making of any Pavements, Archedways or other covered Ways, projecting from any Buildings or Houses, which should or might be built on the Sites of the new Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts, Pallages or Places comprised within the Provisions of the said Act, extending over any Footways of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts, Pallages or Places under the Restrictions therein contained; and to permit the erecting or making, or continuing or altering or referring to remain the Fronts of any Houses or Buildings in the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts, Pallages and Places, in such manner as that those Fronts might stand behind or in advance before others and with Row Windows or other Projections, and with Verandas, Alcoves, Balconies, Pilasters, Columns and Shop Windows, or other Projections under the Restrictions therein mentioned; Now therefore be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter, abridge, repeal or affect any of the said Provisions in the said recited Act of the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty contained, as to authorize or empower any Surveyors of Parishes, or other Parishes or Parishes, to remove or alter, or to require the Removal or Alteration of any Pavements, Archedways or other covered Ways, Row Windows, Verandas, Alcoves, Balconies, Pilaster Columns, Architectural Ornament or other Projections which have been heretofore or shall be hereafter authorized or permitted, by the Commissioners for the time being for executing the said recited Act, to be made in or to any Houses or other Edifices which shall have been or shall or may be erected or built in any of the Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts, Pallages or Places comprised within the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

CEXV. And Whereas by the said last mentioned Act it was enacted, that each of the Houses, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments, which were intended to be taken and used under the Provisions and for the Purposes of the said Act therein recited, as are situate in the Parish of Saint Mary le Bone, and also the Houses and Buildings to be erected on the said Lands, should for ever thereafter, in making any Rates or Assessments for the paving, repaving, widening, lighting and cleansing the several Streets and other Places in the said Parish of Saint Mary le Bone, be charged and assessed thereto, as being altogether and in the whole of the yearly Rent or Value of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds, and so more; and that the same should for ever thereafter be charged and assessed as in the said yearly Rent of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds, whether the Rent or Value of the same should be more or less; Be it therefore further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed or extend to alter, repeal or annul the Provisions contained in the said recited Act of the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, with Relation thereto; but that all such Houses, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments comprised within the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, as are situate within the said Parish of Saint Mary le Bone, shall for all the Purposes of the Act be charged and assessed as being altogether and in the whole of the said yearly Rent or Value of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds, and so more; and that the said Sum of Six thousand

thousand and eighty four Pounds shall at all times hereafter, and for all the Purposes of this Act, be deemed and taken to be the several Rent or Value of all such Houses, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

CXLVI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to extend to the Collegiate Church of *St. Peter Wyke*, which has a Parsonage of its own to maintain, or to such Part or Parts of the immediate Cloke thereof, which have been hitherto exempt from parsonage Rates; nor to give Power to the Curate or Curates or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Parsonage of any parochial or other District under the Operation of this Act, to purchase or to pull down any Houses, Walls or Buildings, being Part of the said Collegiate Church, *Wyke* School and the Buildings thereto appertaining, situate within the ancient Cloke of the same Collegiate Church, or in *College Street, Dean Street, South Street or The Rectory*, and which are adjoining to *Dean's Field*, or adjoining to any of the Houses contiguous to *Dean's Field* and the Yards or Play Grounds belonging to the same Houses; any thing hereto contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Power for the Collegiate Church of *St. Peter Wyke* and other parsonages and places exempted thereto.

CXLVII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That neither this Act, nor any Enactment, Clause, Provision, matter or thing herein contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to any Turnpike Road or Turnpike Roads or to any Part of any Turnpike Road or Turnpike Roads, whether the same shall be paved or unpaved, now being in any parochial or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, but that the same shall be completely and entirely exempted therefrom; any thing hereto contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

and for Turnpike Roads.

CXLVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others without being specially pleaded.

Public Act.

Cap. ccc.

An Act to regulate the loading of Ships with Casks in the Port of *Newcastle upon Tyne*. (S.)
[16th June 1817.]

50 G. 3. c. 192.

Cap. cccii.

An Act for fixing the Dues, Duties and Payments for all Goods, Wares and Merchandises, landed on or shipped from the Pier or Quay of the Town of *Pennance* in the County of *Cornwall*, and on all Ships and Vessels resorting to the said Pier or Quay, or to the Harbour of *Pennance*. [16th June 1817.]

Cap. ccciii.

An Act for the further Improvement of the Town and Harbour of *Greenwich*; for establishing and supporting a Harbour Police; and for the better regulating the Port of the Three Parishes of *Greenwich*. [16th June 1817.]

51 G. 3. c. 118.
50 G. 3. c. 123.
41 G. 3. c. 118.
(U.K.)

Cap. ccciv.

An Act for altering and amending an Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Police of the City of *Edinburgh* and the adjoining Districts, and for other Purposes relating thereto. [16th June 1817.]

43 G. 3. c. 100.
34 G. 3. c. 100.
51 G. 3. c. 100.
50 G. 3. c. 100.

Cap. cccv.

An Act for making the Hamlet of *Paplar and Blackwell*, in the County of *Middlesex*, a separate and distinct Parish; and for erecting a Parish Church therein, and other Purposes relating thereto. [16th June 1817.]

Cap. cccvi.

An Act for enlarging the Church Yard of the Parish of *St. John Church* in the County of *Surrey*; and for other Purposes relating thereto. [16th June 1817.]

Cap. cccvii.

An Act for enlarging the Church Yard, and providing additional Burying Ground, for the Parish of *Bradford*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. [16th June 1817.]

Cap. cccviii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Turn Road from *Bulfr Road Lane*, in the Parish of *Mossfield*, in the County of *Nottingham*, to communicate with the *Cranford Canal at Fosses Light* in the Parish of *Plorton*, in the County of *Derby*. [16th June 1817.]

Cap. cccix.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parishes of *Norton and Hockingham*, in the County of *Nottingham*; and for draining certain Lands in the said Parish of *Norton*. [16th June 1817.]

41 G. 3. c. 109.

Cap. xxviii.

AN ACT to amend an Act, passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for proving and rendering more commodious such Parts of the County and County of the City of Dublin as are situate on the South Side of the River *Doomsday*, and West of His Majesty's Castle of Dublin; and for the Appointment of an Inspector of the Prebendaries and other Accounts of the County of the City of Dublin.

[18th June 1803.]

[1st G. 2. c. 19. 3d G. 2. c. 17. 7 G. 3. c. 7. 11 G. 3. c. 17. 13 G. 3. c. 11. 16 G. 3. c. 22. 17 G. 3. c. 43. 18 G. 3. c. 54. 18 G. 3. c. 73. 20 G. 3. c. 61. *High Act*, and 47 G. 3. 58 G. 3. (U. R.) c. 1. *in locis*, extended to this Act, &c.]

Cap. xxviii.
Act to amend
an Act, passed
in the
Schedule.

Members may
sign the Bill
in the
Schedule.

Members, in the
County of Dub.
Bill in the Com.
Bill.

Act may be
proposed or
defended in the
Name of the
Clerk, Secretary
&c.

Act may be
proposed or
defended in the
Name of the
Clerk, Secretary
&c.

A Certificate
by the Clerk,
Secretary of the
County of Dub.
to the Clerk,
Secretary of the
County of Dub.
to the Clerk,
Secretary of the
County of Dub.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful to and for the said Commissioners to take down, remove or make use of, for any of the Purposes of this Act, any Messings, House or Buildings, other than and except such as are specified, mentioned and declared in the Schedule hereto annexed.

III. Provided also, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners to take down, alter, remove and make use of any Messings, House or other Buildings, and to cut, alter, through, divide or cover, and make use of the Lands and Grounds whereas the same shall be situate, for any of the Purposes of the said several Acts and this Act, in any such Street, Lane, Way or Passage as aforesaid, notwithstanding the Name or Names of the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers thereof, in or are not mentioned in the Schedule to this Act, in all cases where it shall appear to any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City and County of the City of Dublin, and be certified by them under their Hands, that the Name or Names of such Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers, hath or have been certified by Mistake in the said Schedule, or that instead of his, her or their Name or Names, the Name or Names of some other Person or Persons hath or have been by Mistake inserted therein; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Members who serve in Parliament for the County of Dublin for the time being, shall be and become Commissioners for carrying the said several Acts and this Act into Execution, in as full, ample and beneficial a manner, and with such and the like Powers and Authorities, and subject to such and the like Rules, Orders and Directions, as if they had been nominated or appointed by the said several Acts or any of them.

V. And be it further enacted, That all and every Suit and Suits at Law or in Equity, which are now carrying on and prosecuting against the said Commissioners, or defended by the said Commissioners in their own Names, shall and may from and after the passing of this Act be carried on, prosecuted and defended by the said Commissioners in the Name of their Clerk or Clerks, Secretary or Secretaries, or the Person or Persons appointed thereon for the time being; and that all Suits or Suits at Law or in Equity, touching or concerning any Contract or Contracts or Agreements heretofore made or entered into by the said Commissioners, shall be carried on, prosecuted and defended in the Name of such Clerk or Clerks, Secretary or Secretaries for the time being; and that all such Suits and Proceedings in any Court of Law or Equity, in the Name of such Clerk or Clerks, Secretary or Secretaries, shall be as good and effectual to all Intests and Purposes as if such Suits and Proceedings had been commenced, prosecuted and defended, or carried on, in the Name of the said Commissioners or any of them; and in case any Bill or Petition shall be filed or exhibited in any Court of Equity against the said Commissioners for the time being, or on account of any matter or thing by the said Commissioners, or any of them made or done in Execution of the Powers, Authorities, or Trusts heretofore or lawfully yielded in claim the said Commissioners or any of them, shall not be obliged to answer such Bill or Petition; but that the Answer of such Clerk or Clerks, Secretary or Secretaries, in such Bill or Petition, shall be deemed and taken to be the Answer of the said Commissioners, and shall be binding upon them in all Intests and Purposes whatsoever; and in case such Clerk or Clerks, Secretary or Secretaries, shall happen to die, or be removed by the said Commissioners, while such Suit or Suits shall be depending, then and in such case such Suit or Suits shall not abate by the Death or Removal of such Clerk or Clerks, Secretary or Secretaries, but shall be carried on and defended in the Name of the succeeding Clerk or Clerks, Secretary or Secretaries, or if more than one, in the Name of the Survivors, and shall stand in all Intests and Purposes in the same State and Condition as it was immediately before the Death or Removal of such former Clerk or Clerks, Secretary or Secretaries.

VI. And be it enacted, That as all Indemnities and Criminal Proceedings in all cases whatsoever, in all Courts of Law or Equity and before all Magistrates in the Kingdom of Ireland, a Certificate of any Order, Proceeding, Appointment or other Act of the said Commissioners, under the Hand and Seal of the Clerk or Clerks, Secretary or Secretaries of the said Commissioners for the time being, shall, without further Proof, be deemed and taken as conclusive Evidence that such Order, Proceeding, or other Act as shall be directly certified, in the Order, Proceeding, Appointment, or Act of the Commissioners for making wide and convenient Streets in the City of Dublin; and every such Certificate of the Appointment of their Clerk or Clerks, Secretary or Secretaries, shall be conclusive Evidence in like manner that the Person or Persons named in such Appointment in the Clerk or Clerks, Secretary or Secretaries to the said Commissioners.

VII. Pro-

VII. Provided always, That every such Clerk or Clerks, Secretary or Secretaries, in whose Name any Actions or Suits shall be prosecuted or defended in pursuance of this Act, shall be fully reimbursed and paid, out of the Money which shall arise from any Rates or Assessments to be levied under this Act, all such Costs, Damages, and Expenses as by the Event or in consequence of any such Action or Proceedings he or they shall pay, bear, expend or be put unto, or become chargeable with by reason of his or their being so made Parties or Plaintiffs, or Defendants or Defendants, as aforesaid.

Check as done, they shall pay.

VIII. And be it enacted, That in all the cases where the said Commissioners or their Successors shall think it necessary to purchase any Grounds, Houses, Buildings, or Premises, Part whereof shall be situate in the County of Dublin, and other Part whereof shall be situate in the County of the City of Dublin, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or their Successors to cause such Premises, whether situate in the County or County of the City of Dublin aforesaid, to be valued by one and the same Jury, they the said Commissioners or their Successors causing six of the Jurors to be impartial and sworn for such Valuation to be Men of the County of Dublin, and the other Six of such Jurors to be Men of the County of the City of Dublin; and that all and every the Powers and Authorities vested in the said Commissioners by any former Acts, touching or concerning any Valuation or Valuations by a Jury, shall and may extend and be construed to extend to all Valuations to be made in pursuance of this Act.

Parties to be sworn in the County of Dublin and partly in the City, may be valued by one Jury

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall Public Act be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

The SCHEDULE to which the Act refers.

Description of Premises	Where situate	Owners.	Chargers.
A Dwelling House	No. 57, Fildemole Street	Joseph Smith, Esq. Representative of Passmore Foxe	Thomas Perry. Jedid McCann.
Two Dwelling Houses	Stand 59, Lane Street	Berkley Buckingham Smyth Stafford, a Minor	Charles O'Neill.
A Dwelling House and Warehouse	60, Lane Street	Thomas Murphy, Elizabeth White, Earl of Moira	William Osborne.
A Dwelling House and Premises	No. 17, Skinner Row	Abraham Maken	Maria Harney.
A Dwelling House	18, Lane Street	Amehole Bownell	Amehole Bownell.
A Dwelling House	19, Lane Street	Assignees of John Tador	Terence O'Levyghlin
A Dwelling House	20, Lane Street	Done do	Edward Murphy.
A Dwelling House	21, Lane Street	Done do	Unoccupied.
A Dwelling House	22, Lane Street	John Hadlock, the Assignees of John Tador	Joseph Malone.
A Dwelling House	23, Lane Street	Assignees of John Tador	Unoccupied.
Three Dwelling Houses	24, 25, 26, Lane Street	Dean and Chapter of Christ Church	Unoccupied.
A Dwelling House	27, Lane Street	George Hamilton	Jas Thorne.
A Dwelling House	28, Lane Street	Richard Fells, Joseph Decker	Stephen Storch.
A Dwelling House	29, Lane Street	Robert Mulock, Sir Compton Donville, Bart.	John Wright.
A Dwelling House	30, Lane Street	Benedict Compton, Jane Hadlock, the Dean and Chapter of Christ Church	Matthew Tomlin.
A Dwelling House	31, Lane Street	Thomas Gilchrist, Jane Hadlock, Dean & Chapter of Christ Church	Thomas Friedrother.
A Dwelling House	32, Lane Street	Sir Compton Donville, Bart.	Bridget Perry.
A Dwelling House	33, Lane Street	Nicholas Henry Mulockworth, Archdeacon King	George Friend.
A Dwelling House	34, Lane Street	John Hyman, Dean and Chapter of Christ Church	John Hyman.
A Dwelling House	35, Lane Street	Dean and Chapter of Christ Church	Unoccupied.
A Dwelling House	36, Lane Street	Done do	Unoccupied.
Three narrow Houses	No. 1, 2, 3, Christ Church-yard	Done do	Unoccupied.
A Dwelling House	3, Lane Street	George Dawdall, the Dean and Chapter of Christ Church	John Bate.
A Dwelling House	40, Lane Street	Robert Williams, William Hall	John Kirlian.
A Dwelling House	41, Lane Street	Robert Williams, William Hall	Unoccupied.
Two Dwelling Houses	42 and 43, Lane Street	William Hall	Charles O'Neill.
Two Dwelling Houses	43 and 44, Lane Street	Rev. John Gorges	Patrick Kirk.
A Dwelling House	45, Lane Street	Done do	Mary Peck.
A Dwelling House	46, Lane Street	Dean and Chapter of Christ Church	Jane Bell.

SCHEDULE—continued.

Description of Premises.	Where Situate.	Owners.	Occupiers.
A Dwelling House	No. 47, Kew Street	William Collins, Dean and Chapter of St. Patrick's Cathedral	Daniel Drisholl.
A Dwelling House	48, Lane Street	Ditto ditto	Joseph O'Brien.
A Dwelling House	49, Lane Street	Ditto ditto	George Clark.
A Dwelling House	No. 7, St. Patrick's South Gate	Vicars Choral of St. Patrick's Cathedral	William Collins.
A Dwelling House	5, Lane Street	Ditto ditto	Mr. Thomas Barnes.
A Dwelling House	5, Lane Street	Ditto ditto	William Maguire.
Four small Dwelling Houses	No. 1, 2, 3, 4, Miss Alley	Thomas Mathews, Vicars Choral of St. Patrick's Cathedral	William Collins.
A Dwelling House	5, Lane	Vicars Choral of St. Patrick's Cathedral	Unoccupied.
A Dwelling House	No. 5½, Lane	Vicars Choral of St. Patrick's Cathedral	Unoccupied.
A Dwelling House	6, Lane	James Lyons, Vicars Choral of St. Patrick's Cathedral	Darby Evans.
A Dwelling House	7, Lane	Thomas Mathews, Vicars Choral of St. Patrick's Cathedral	Charles Smyth.
A Dwelling House	St. Patrick Street	Assignees of William Eggar, a Bankrupt, Bridges Doyle, Richard Corbally, Auctioneers of Dublin	John Lynch.
A Yard	Same Street	Ditto ditto	Edward Kelly.
A Dwelling House	Same Street	Ditto ditto	Edward Dwaney.
A Dwelling House	55, Lane Street	Michael Payne, Francis Hagan, Petty Casement of St. Patrick's Cathedral	Thomas Gold.
A Dwelling House	58, Lane Street	John Byrne, Francis Hagan, Petty Casement of St. Patrick's Cathedral	James Towern.
Two Dwelling Houses	55 and 60, Lane Street	Dean and Chapter of St. Patrick's Cathedral	Mary Gorman.
A Dwelling House and Warehouse	54, Bride Street	Edward Conshable, Petty Casement of Patrick's Cathedral	William Rebinfos.
A Dwelling House	55, Lane Street	Ditto ditto	Unoccupied.
A Dwelling House	5, Cannon Street	Ditto ditto	Robert Tomkins.
A Dwelling House	5, Lane Street	Ditto ditto	James Towern.
A Dwelling House	3, Lane Street	Ditto ditto	James Towern.
Two Dwelling Houses	4 and 5, Lane Street	Ditto ditto	Alexander Copeland.
A Dwelling House	6, Lane Street	Ditto ditto	James Towern.
A Market House for the Sale of Corn	St. Thomas Street	Corporation of the City of Dublin	

Cap. xl.

An Act for continuing the Town and enlarging the Powers granted to the Principal Lead Coal Masters for the City and Liberty of *Wexhampton*, and for extending the Limits of their Office to the Parish of *Saint Luke Chelms*. [18th June 1817.]

1817 c. 103

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for explaining, amending and reducing into one Act of Parliament the several Acts passed for more effectually governing the Franks and Alms committed in the Advowsonment of Cuth within the City and Liberty of Wexhampton, and that Part of the Duchy of Lancaster adjoining thereto, and the several Parishes of Saint Giles in the Fields, Saint Mary le bone, and that Part of the Parish of Saint Andrew Holborn as lies in the County of Middlesex: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Thirty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for further amending and amending the several Acts passed for governing the Franks and Alms committed in the Advowsonment of Cuth within the City and Liberty of Wexhampton, and that Part of the Duchy of Lancaster adjoining thereto, and the several Parishes of Saint Giles in the Fields and Saint Mary le bone, and that Part of the Parish of Saint Andrew Holborn as lies in the County of Middlesex: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to remove Doubts as to certain Acts relating to the Advowsonment of Cuth in the City and Liberty of Wexhampton and Parishes adjacent; and to remove and remove an Act passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to the Advowsonment of Cuth within the limits aforesaid, and to amend all Provisions who have acted in pursuance of any***

1817 c. 104.

1817 c. 104.

of the *Provisions of the said Act* : And Whereas, by virtue of the first of the said second Acts, an Office was established within the City and Liberty of *Wynhaughe*, called by the Name of the Land Coal Master's Office for the City and Liberty of *Wynhaughe*, to be managed by such Two Persons as should be nominated and appointed by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors ; which Two Persons should be called by the Title of : The Principal Land Coal Masters for the City and Liberty of *Wynhaughe*, and continued by the last of the said recited Acts until the Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and five, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament ; And Whereas, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of His present Majesty, respectively bearing Date the Third Day of *March* in the Tenth eighth Year of His Majesty, and the Twenty third Day of *December*, in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty, His said Majesty granted to *John Baker* of *Northumberland Street, Wynhaughe*, Gentleman, and *Alexander Talbot* of *Saint Albans Street, Wynhaughe*, Gentlemen, the said Land Coal Master's Office for the City and Liberty of *Wynhaughe*, and nominated and appointed them the Principal Land Coal Masters for the City and Liberty of *Wynhaughe*, during His Royal Will and Pleasure : And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the several Acts for regulating the Trade and Delivery of Coals within the County of London and Westminster, and Liberties thereof, and in certain Parts of the County of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent and Essex, and for making better Provision for the same*, the several Acts of Parliament heretofore referred to were repealed, and other Provisions and Regulations were made for preventing Frauds and Abuses in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the Limits in the said Act mentioned ; and by the said Act it was enacted, that the said *John Baker* and *Alexander Talbot*, the Two Persons then last nominated and appointed by His said present Majesty, and then holding and exercising the Office of Principal Land Coal Masters for the City of *Wynhaughe*, should remove and continue such Principal Land Coal Masters for the Purpose of administering Coals within the City and Liberty of *Wynhaughe*, and for that Part of the Duchy of *Lancaster* adjoining thereto, and for the several Parishes of *Saint Giles in the Fields, Saint Mary le Bone*, and for such Part of the Parishes of *Saint Andrew Holborn* as lies in the County of *Middlesex*, and for other Parishes mentioned in the said Act, first and except he or they should die or be removed from such Office or Offices by His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, which Removal His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, are thereby empowered to make, until the Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and five, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament ; And Whereas the Regulations contained in the said recited Act have been found very beneficial to the Consumers of Coals within the Limits therein comprised : And Whereas the Term for which the said *John Baker* and *Alexander Talbot* were continued Principal Land Coal Masters as aforesaid hath nearly expired, and His Majesty has been graciously pleased that the same should be renewed in manner heretofore mentioned : And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the said Principal Land Coal Masters have the Power of suspending or dissolving the licensing Land Coal Masters appointed by them by virtue of the said second Act ; and it is therefore expedient that such Power should be expressly given to them : And Whereas by the said second Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes in the County of Middlesex lying between the Parish of Saint Luke Church and the Mouth of the River Colne near Staines ; and also between Littleton Hall and the Mouth of the River Lee near Blackwall ; and also within the several Parishes in the County of Middlesex and Essex, adjoining to both Banks of the River Lee and the Branches thereof between the River Thames and Edmonton*, Regulations have been made for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals in all the Places adjoining the River Thames between the Mouth of the River *Lee* near *Blackwall* and the Mouth of the River *Colne* near *Staines*, excepting only the said Parish of *Saint Luke Church* : And Whereas, since the Establishment of the Land Coal Master's Office for the City and Liberty of *Wynhaughe*, the said Parish of *Saint Luke Church* hath greatly increased in Population and Buildings, and the Houses and Streets therein adjacent and contiguous with certain Parts of the City and Liberty of *Wynhaughe* : And Whereas the Provisions of the said Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty are liable to be greatly evaded by carrying Coals loaded in the said Parish of *Saint Luke Church* into the City and Liberty of *Wynhaughe* ; and it is apprehended that if the Regulations contained in the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty were extended to the said Parish of *Saint Luke Church*, they would be of great Benefit to the Inhabitants of the said Parish, and would prevent the Provisions of the said Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty from being evaded : And Whereas, in consequence of the numerous Variety of the said Parish of *Saint Luke Church* in the said City and Liberty of *Wynhaughe*, the said Parish of *Saint Luke Church* might work peculiar Inconvenience be compared within the Limits of the said Land Coal Master's Office for the City and Liberty of *Wynhaughe* : May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the said Land Coal Master's Office for the City and Liberty of *Wynhaughe* shall be deemed and taken to be the Principal Land Coal Master's Office, not only for the said City and Liberty of *Wynhaughe*, and for that Part of the Duchy of *Lancaster* adjoining thereto, and for the said several Parishes of *Saint Giles in the Fields, Saint Mary le Bone*, and such Part of the said Parish of *Saint Andrew Holborn* as lies in the County of *Middlesex*, but also for the said Parish of *Saint Luke Church* : Provided always, that in addition to the Land Coal Master's Office already established under the said recited Acts in and for the City and Liberty of *Wynhaughe*, there shall be an Office to be situated in the Parish of *Saint Luke Church*, for the Accommodation of the Inhabitants thereof.

at Ch. x. fol. 2. a.

at Ch. x. fol. 2. a.

Land Coal Master's Office to be in the said Parish of *Saint Luke Church*.

Regulations of
41 G. 3. shall be
in force, extended
to Chelsea.

II. And he is further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all the Regulations, Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Directions, Prescriptions, Forfeitures, Clauses, covenants and things in the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty contained concerning the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, and that Part of the Duchy of *Langueley* adjoining thereto, and the said several Parishes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, *Saint Mary & Bene*, and each Part of the Parish of *Saint Andrew Holborn* as lies in the County of *Middlesex*, or concerning the Land Coal Mines's Office for the said City and Liberty of *Windsor*, or the principal or labouring Land Coal Mines belonging to the same; or concerning the Admeasurement, Sale, or Delivery of Coals, or the Sale of Money to be paid for advertising Coals, or the Storage or warehousing of Coals, or any other Act, matter or thing whatsoever as be done under the Provisions of the said Act, within the same City and Liberty, Places and Parishes, shall extend and be construed to extend to the Parishes of *Saint Luke Chelfin*, and shall operate and be in force, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever as if the said Parishes of *Saint Luke Chelfin* had been originally included and specified in the said several recited Acts, and comprised within the Limits of the said Land Coal Mines's Office for the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, and as if the said Parishes of *Saint Luke Chelfin* had been specified with the said several Parishes in the said last recited Act mentioned, in all Regulations, Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Directions, Prescriptions, Forfeitures, Clauses, covenants and things in the said Act specified, and in all Forms directed to be used thereby, together with the Names of the said City and Liberty of *Windsor* and that Part of the Duchy of *Langueley* adjoining thereto, and the several Parishes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, *Saint Mary & Bene*, and each Part of the Parishes of *Saint Andrew Holborn* as lies in the County of *Middlesex*, when and so often as the same Names occur therein, and as if the Title of this Act were inserted in addition to the Title of the said recited Act, as all Forms directed to be used by the said Act, in which the Title of the said recited Act is directed to be inserted, and as if the same respectively were severally and separately recited in the said Act, in relation to the said Parishes.

John Baker and
Alexander Tullick
to be Principal Land
Coal Mines's Office
Surveyors for
Windsor, and
Chelsea (to be
in force) for the
fourth Term
of 14 Years.

III. And he is further enacted, That the said *John Baker* and *Alexander Tullick*, the Two Persons nominated by His said present Majesty, and now holding and exercising the Office of Principal Land Coal Mines for the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, shall remain and continue and are hereby appointed such Principal Land Coal Mines for the Purpose of advertising Coals within the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, and that Part of the Duchy of *Langueley* adjoining thereto, and in the several Parishes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, *Saint Mary & Bene*, and each Part of the Parishes of *Saint Andrew Holborn* as lies in the County of *Middlesex*, and also within the said Parishes of *Saint Luke Chelfin*, and for other the Purposes in the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty and this Act mentioned or referred to, (here and except they or either of them shall die or be removed from such Office or Offices, by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, which Removal His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, as are hereby empowered to make,) from the Expiration of the Term limited by the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for and during the further Term of Fourteen Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

His Majesty to
appoint Principal
Land Coal
Mines's Office
Surveyors.

IV. And he is further enacted, That in case, and when and as often as the said *John Baker* and *Alexander Tullick*, or either of them, or any other Principal Land Coal Mines be from time to time appointed for the Purposes of the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be removed from his Office, or the time limited for the Execution of such Office shall expire, or shall die, or become incapable of acting in the Execution of his Office, then a shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to nominate and appoint the same, or any other Person or Persons, as the case may happen, to be Principal Land Coal Mines, in the Room or Stead of such Principal Land Coal Mines, who shall be so removed, or whose time limited for the Execution of his Office shall expire, or who shall die, or become incapable of acting in the Execution of his Office, for any Term not exceeding Fourteen Years, and in such position, as often as any such case shall happen.

Principal Land
Coal Mines
may be appointed
at different
Mines.

V. And he is further enacted, That the Principal Land Coal Mines for the time being for the City and Liberty of *Windsor*, and that Part of the Duchy of *Langueley* adjoining thereto, and the said several Parishes of *Saint Giles in the Fields* and *Saint Mary & Bene*, and each Part of the Parishes of *Saint Andrew Holborn* as lies in the County of *Middlesex*, and the said Parishes of *Saint Luke Chelfin*, or either of them, may, from time to time, suspend or dismiss the Labouring Land Coal Mines appointed or to be appointed by virtue of the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty as this Act, as and when they or he shall in their or his Discretion think fit.

Parliament may
make Regulations,
and
covenants, for
the better
regulation and
improvement
thereof.

VI. Provided always nevertheless, and he is further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, or any Three or more of them, to make such Rules and Regulations, for better securing to the Public a just Quantity and Quality of Coals, as he or they shall deem proper; and also to suspend or dismiss any Principal Land Coal Mines, or Labouring Land Coal Mines, appointed or to be appointed by virtue of the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or of this Act, as and when he or they shall in his or their Discretion think fit; and also, that it shall and may be lawful for such Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners, as the case may be, to appoint from time to time such or as many other fit and proper Persons as he or they may deem sufficient and necessary to perform and execute, or assist in performing and executing, the several Duties required to be performed and executed by the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or by the Regulations of the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners, by the Principal Land Coal Mines, or Labouring Land Coal Mines, with such Salaries as shall

shall

Cap. xlii.

An Act for making and keeping in Repair a Carriage Road from the Township of *Manchester* to *Newton Chapel*, in the Township of *Newton*, with a Branch to the River *Stuffed*, in the Township of *Droyghda*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. (c)

[16th June 1817.]

Cap. xliii.

21 G. 3. c. 90. An Act for putting up and discontinuing a certain Way or Passage called *Old Parry Garden Lane*, situate up the Parish of *Chapel Church* in the County of *Surrey*, and for letting and disposing of the Ground and Soil thereof.

[16th June 1817.]

21 G. 3. c. 91
a. 43. Terms to
make, not, or
put up with the
Act, described
enacted for
21 Years, &c.
48 G. 3. c. 43
repealed.

21 G. 3. c. 1.

Cap. xlii.

An Act to continue an Act, passed in the Parliament of *Ireland* in the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for improving and repairing the Turnpike Road leading from *Dublin* to *Maltingar*, and for repealing the several Laws theretothen made relating to the said Road.

[16th June 1817.]

Cap. l.

An Act to continue the Terms, and alter and enlarge the Powers, of an Act of His present Majesty, for keeping in Repair the Road leading from the Town of *Rockdale*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, to the Town of *Bury*, in the said County; and for making Two new Branches of Road to communicate therewith. (c)

[16th June 1817.]

[Additional Provisions. Former Tolls to cease. New Tolls granted.]

Cap. li.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Queker* to the Parish of *Lerby*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*, to *Hemphill Lane End* in the same Parish, with a Bridge or Bridges on the Line of such Road. (A.)

[16th June 1817.]

[Royal Family exempt.]

Cap. lii.

21 G. 3. c. 122
repealed in 24
Turnpike Roads. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Bridge of *Der*, southward, through the County of *Kincridine*, to *Shankerville*, and from thence, by *Jewsherris* and by *Laurelbank*, to the Lower and Upper Bridges over the River *North Esk*, and for making and repairing other Roads in the said County. (A.)

[16th June 1817.]

Cap. liii.

An Act for letting the Right of Patronage or Presentation of or to a Chapel to be called *Stungel Chapel*, in the Parish of *Beughda*, in the County of *Suffolk*.

[16th June 1817.]

Cap. lvi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the Town of *Greenfield*, in the County of *Lancashire*, to the Town of *Eps*, in the County of *Northampton*. (c)

[16th June 1817.]

Cap. lv.

21 G. 3. c. 98.
21 G. 3. c. 100. An Act to continue the Terms and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Wrexham Heath* to *Fine Cop*, and from *Wrexham Heath* to *Madgham*, in the County of *Denbigh*; and the Road from the said Road into the Turnpike Road from *Marneworth* to *Madgham* in the said County. (c)

[16th June 1817.]

[Additional Provisions.]

Cap. lvi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the *Lothian Road*, near the City of *Edinburgh*, to join the *Forth* and *Glade* Navigation near *Falder*, in the County of *Seiklog*.

[17th June 1817.]

Cap. lvii.

21 G. 3. c. 93.
17 G. 3. c. 48.
40 G. 3. c. 13.
a. 23. repealed. An Act for giving farther Powers to the President and Assistants of the Charitable Society of the Town of *Blyth*, in the County of *Devon*, to supply the said Town with Water, and to improve their Estates.

[17th June 1817.]

Cap. lviii.

An Act for Building a Bridge across the River *Swart*, from *Waver Street* in the Township of *Salfield*, to *Spine Mary's Gate* in the Township of *Manchester*, all in the County of *Lancaster*; and for making proper Arches therein.

[17th June 1817.]

Cap.

Cap. lix.

An Act for granting further Powers for improving the Town of Great Salken, in the County of Lancaster.

1203 3. 10.
revised

[29th June 1817.]

Cap. lx.

An Act for granting an Equivalent for the Discontinuance of the Profits of the Office of Gauger of the City of London, and providing the Payments to be made by Bookers.

[29th June 1817.]

WHEREAS by Letters Patent, bearing Date the Twentieth Day of June, in the Eleventh Year of the said King His Majesty King Edward the Fourth, in Consideration of the Sum of Seven thousand Pounds, Part of the Money then owing by His said Majesty to the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, His said Majesty did grant to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, and three Successors, (among other things therein contained,) the Office of Gauger within the City of London: And Whereas the said Grant was afterwards confirmed by certain other Letters Patent, respectively bearing Date the Eighteenth Day of October, in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the First, and the Twenty fourth Day of June, in the Sixthteenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second: And Whereas until the Completion of the Docks authorized to be made by certain Acts of Parliament made and passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Twenty sixth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, which are respectively called the *Wst India Docks*, and the *London Docks*, the Obsolete Leagues reported into London were accustomed to be leased within the said City, and the Gauger appointed as the Deputy of the Lord Mayor of the said City was accustomed to gauge such Leagues by virtue of the Grant contained in the aforesaid Letters Patent, and the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens received Profits and Revenues to a considerable Amount in respect thereof: And Whereas, upon the Abolition of the Office of Deputy Gauger by *Anthony Harris* Esquire, (who succeeded his Father therein, and had held the said Office Twenty three Years and upwards,) in Favour of his Brother *Nicholas Barnes Harris* Esquire, the said *Nicholas Barnes Harris*, on the Eighteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and six, was duly appointed to the said Office of Deputy Gauger, under the yearly Rent of Seven hundred and Fifty Pounds: And Whereas previous to the Appointment of the said *Nicholas Barnes Harris*, the said Office of Gauger had been exercised for upwards of a Century all over the Port of London, and it was considered that he would have the Right of gauging in the said Docks, and in consequence of the London Dock Company having obtained that Right, the Question was tried in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, where such Right was confirmed by the Verdict of the Jury; but upon a new Trial at Bar in the said Court of King's Bench, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, granted upon the Application of the said Dock Company, it was determined that the Right of gauging did not extend to the Ships of the said Docks: And Whereas the said Acts of Parliament require the greater Part of the Leagues reported into London to be loaded in the said Docks, and in consequence thereof the said Deputy Gauger, and the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens have sustained considerable Loss from the Discontinuance of the Profits of the said Office of Gauger within the said City of London: And Whereas the said *Nicholas Barnes Harris* departed this Life on the Twenty third Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and Letters of Administration with his Will annexed have been granted to *Charles Church* out of the Prerogative Court of the Archbishop of Canterbury: And Whereas it is just and expedient that some Compensation should be made to the said Administrators of the said *Nicholas Barnes Harris*, and to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens for the Discontinuance of the Profits of the said Office: And Whereas by an Act made and passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for regulating the Act of the Fifth Year of King James the First, intitled 'An Act for the well parking of Spices, and for granting an Equivalent to the City of London, by admitting Strangers'* after reciting that the Office of Gauger was Part of the Revenues of the City of London, and was then let by Lease to *William Stewart*, under the Rent of Three hundred Pounds per Annum, the Profits of which Office and the Right of the said *William Stewart* to the same, by repealing the said Act, would be very much diminished; it was enacted, that from and after the Determination of the then Session of Parliament, all Profits then payable to the said Bookers within the City of London and Liberties thereof, should from year to year be advanced to be paid by the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the said City for the time being, under such Regulations and Limitations for their lawful and good Behaviour as that Court should think fit and reasonable, and should upon such their Admission pay to the Chamberlains of the said City for the time being, for the Use aforesaid and hereinafter mentioned, the Sum of Forty Shillings, and should also yearly pay to the said City the Sum of Forty Shillings upon the Twenty sixth Day of September in every Year; all which Monies should as the said Place be applied for and towards the paying and satisfying to the said *William Stewart* the Sum of Nine hundred and Sixty seven Pounds Ten Shillings, for a Compensation for his Interest in the said Office; and that from and after the full Payment of the said Sum of Nine hundred and Sixty seven Pounds Ten Shillings to the said *William Stewart*, all the Monies owing by such Administrators and yearly Payments should go to and be enjoyed by the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London; and it was further enacted, that if any Person or Persons, from and after the Determination of the said then present Session of Parliament, should take upon him or itself as a Booker, or employ any other under him to act as such within the said City and Liberties, not being admitted as aforesaid, every such Person so offending should forfeit and pay to the Use of the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the said City, for every such Offence, the Sum of Twenty five Pounds, to be recovered

Letters Patent dated with these, 1203 3. 10. granting the Office of Gauger to London, confirmed by Letters Patent, which Call 14 Cap. 1. and 29th June, 1606 Cap. 2. 1606 40 2. c. 20th.

14 Ann. c. 18.

recovered in Manner therein mentioned: And Whereas a Compensation may be made to the said Adm'd-
 ' tator of the said *Nicholas Baron Haverley*, and to the said Mayor and Community and Citizens, for the
 ' Loss sustained by them respectively in consequence of the Dissolution of the Profits of the said Office of
 ' Gauger, by granting the Sum of Money to be paid by Persons hereafter to be admitted to sell as Dealers
 ' within the said City of London and Liberties thereof as aforesaid, and it is expedient that the Profits
 ' imposed upon Persons who shall sell as Dealers, not being duly admitted as aforesaid, should be increased: May
 ' it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most
 ' Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons,
 ' in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Persons that from and after
 ' the First Day of July next after the passing of this Act shall be admitted to sell as Dealers within the City
 ' of London and Liberties thereof by the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the said City for the Time being, in
 ' pursuance of the said recited Act of Parliament, shall upon such their Admission, every and above the Sum of
 ' Forty Shillings required to be paid by the said recited Act, pay to the Chamberlains of the said City for the next
 ' being the Sum of Three Pounds, and shall also yearly pay to the said Chamberlains, over and above the
 ' yearly Sum of Forty Shillings required to be paid by the said recited Act, the Sum of Three Pounds, on
 ' the Twenty sixth Day of September in every Year; all which Moneys shall go to and be enjoyed by the said
 ' Mayor and Community and Citizens of the City of London, subject to the Payment of such Compensation to
 ' the Administrator of the said *Nicholas Baron Haverley*, for the Loss sustained by him in the Dissolution of the
 ' Profits of his said Office as aforesaid, either in a gross Sum of Money, or by annual Sums for any Number of
 ' Years, as shall be agreed upon between the said Mayor and Community and Citizens, and the said Admi-
 ' nistrator of the said *Nicholas Baron Haverley*.

Broken about
 ' and after July 1,
 ' to say the ad-
 ' mitted Sums
 ' had the man-
 ' nement.

8 Ann. c. vi.
 ' § 2. repealed.

Broken selling
 ' without Adm'd-
 ' tion.

Penalty.

Public Act.

11. And be it further enacted, That to each of the said recited Acts as imposes a Penalty of Twenty
 ' five Pounds upon any Person who shall take upon him to sell as a Broker, or employ any Person under him
 ' to sell as such, not being admitted in pursuance of the said recited Act, shall be and the same is hereby
 ' repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person shall take upon him to sell as a
 ' Broker, or employ, or cause, permit or suffer any Person not being duly admitted to sell as such, or for him
 ' to sell as such within the said City and Liberties, not being admitted in pursuance of the said recited Act,
 ' every such Person so offending shall forfeit and pay to the Use of the Mayor and Community and Citizens
 ' of the said City, for every such Offence, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Action of
 ' Debt, in the Name of the Chamberlains of the said City, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, in which
 ' an Protection, Efflags or Wager of Law shall be allowed, or any more than One Imparsonation.

111. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be
 ' publicly taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. lxi.

An Act to enable *John William Tindley of New Road Street*, in the City of *Windsor*, Engineer to the
 ' Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, to dispose of his Collection of Paintings, Drawings and Engravings,
 ' together with several Copies of certain Books therein mentioned, and the Lease of the Premises called
 ' The British Gallery of Pictures, by way of Lottery. [27th June 1817.]

Cap. lxii.

An Act to amend Two Acts for maintaining and improving the Commercial Docks in the Parish of *Saint*
 ' *Mary Rotherhithe*, in the County of *Surrey*. [7th July 1817.]

30 G. 3. c. viii.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled, *An Act*
 ' ' for maintaining and improving the Docks and Warehouses called The Commercial Docks, and for making
 ' ' and maintaining other Docks and Warehouses to communicate therewith, all in the Parish of *Saint Mary*
 ' ' Rotherhithe in the County of *Surrey*: And Whereas by the said Act the several Persons therein named,
 ' ' with other Persons therein described, were created a Joint Stock Company, by the Name of ' The Com-
 ' ' mercial Dock Company; for the Purpose of maintaining and improving a certain Dock formerly called
 ' ' Greenland Dock, and other Docks and Premises adjoining thereto, and making other Docks, Tunnels
 ' ' Ponds, Sluices, Quays, and other Works, necessary for the Accommodation of Vessels laden with
 ' ' Timber and other Articles in the said Act mentioned: And Whereas by the said Act the said Company
 ' ' were authorized to raise and contribute among themselves for the Purposes for aforesaid in the said Act, in
 ' ' addition to the Sum then already raised or then then already subscribed for, a further Sum not exceeding
 ' ' the Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds, which additional Sum of One hundred and thirty thou-
 ' ' sand Pounds, together with the Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds then already subscribed for,
 ' ' it was thereby enacted should form One Joint Capital Stock of the said Company: And Whereas the whole
 ' ' of the original Subscriptions of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds, and also the whole of the further
 ' ' Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds authorized to be raised by the said Act, have been raised and
 ' ' expended towards the Purposes of the said Act, in the Purchase of the said Docks and other Premises, and
 ' ' in making other Docks and Timber Ponds for the Reception and Discharge of Timber Ships, and the
 ' ' Addition and Starting of Tunnels, Docks, and other Wood Goods, and in making Warehouses and other
 ' ' Works, and under the Permission to and proper for the warehousing and bonding of Timber and other
 ' ' Wood Goods, and affording Security to His Majesty's Revenue: And Whereas another Act was passed in
 ' ' the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to amend and make more*
 ' ' *Efficient an Act of His present Majesty, for maintaining and improving the Docks and Warehouses called The*
 ' ' *Commercial Docks, in the Parish of Saint Mary Rotherhithe in the County of Surrey, and for extending*

31 G. 3. c. viii.

the Powers of the said Act: And Whereas by the said last recited Act the said Company were authorized to raise and contribute among themselves, for the Purpose of improving, completing, and maintaining the Docks, Piers, Quays, Wharfs, Embankments, Ways, Banks, Bridges, Offices, Stables, Wharfs, Warehouses, and Works then already made or to be made in pursuance or by Authority of the said Act, the further Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds, by the Creation of Two hundred and thirty additional Shares of Fifty Pounds each; and which additional Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds allowed to be raised under the said last recited Act, upon Two thousand five hundred Shares, and the Shares then already subscribed for, making in the whole Three hundred and sixty thousand Pounds, it was thereby enacted, should make One Joint Capital Stock of the said Company: And Whereas the said Company have raised the Sum of Forty thousand Pounds, Part of the said Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds authorized to be raised as aforesaid, by the Creation of Eight hundred new Shares of Fifty Pounds each, and have expended the Monies so raised for the Purposes of the said Act, and in erecting their Docks, Piers, Works, and Promissory more commodious and useful for the Trade of the Port of London, and affording Security to His Majesty's Revenue in the Warehousing and loading of Timber, Deal, and other Wood Goods; and the Company have also proceeded to raise a further Sum of Money by the Creation of Two hundred and twenty-five new Shares of Fifty Pounds each, on which they have made Calls amounting to Fifty Pounds per Share, thereof, and are proceeding to get in the whole of the said last mentioned Calls under the Provisions of the said last recited Act: And Whereas it is expedient, in order to enable the said Company to raise the Remainder of the Money so authorized to be raised as aforesaid, and more effectually to carry the Purposes of the said Act into Execution, that the Powers and Provisions of the said last recited Act should be amended and enlarged: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in case the Majority of the Proprietors of the said Docks entitled to vote, and respectively present at any Two Meetings to be specially called for the Purpose, by Notice to be inserted in the London Gazette, and also in Three of the Daily Newspapers printed or published in London, Fourteen Days at the least previous to the First of such Meetings, and the Second of such Meetings to be held Two Days at least after the First of such Meetings, shall deem it expedient and determine to borrow at Interest, or raise by granting Annuities, the Sum of Seventy five thousand two hundred and fifty Pounds, being so much of the said Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds authorized to be raised by the said recited Act of the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty as the said Company have not already raised or proposed to raise by the Creation of additional Shares in the manner thereby prescribed, or in case they shall deem it expedient and determine to raise Part only of the said Sum of Seventy five thousand two hundred and fifty Pounds by way of Augmentation of their Capital Stock, and to borrow at Interest or raise as aforesaid the Remainder thereof, it shall be lawful for the said Company to borrow and raise the said Sum of Seventy five thousand two hundred and fifty Pounds, or any Sum or Sums of Money, Part or Parts of the said Sum of Seventy five thousand two hundred and fifty Pounds, and which may not be hereafter subscribed for in the manner prescribed by the said recited Act of the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, either by way of Mortgage of the Lands, Tenements, Docks, Hereditaments and Premises, and Real Estates of the said Company or any Part thereof, together with or separately from the Rates and Charges which the said Company are by the said recited Act or otherwise authorized or allowed to demand and take, or by Mortgage of such Rates and Charges separately from the said Estates, or by granting Annuities charged upon and to be payable out of the said Lands, Tenements, Docks, Hereditaments and Premises, and Real Estates, or any Part thereof, together with or separately from, the said Rates and Charges, or to be charged upon and payable out of the said Rates and Charges only during the natural Life of the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Annuity or Annuities respectively, or during the Life or Lives of any Person or Persons to be nominated by and on the behalf of such Purchaser or Purchasers, which Annuity or Annuities shall be granted and made payable either with or without Benefit of Survivorship, and in such manner as the said Company shall think proper, subject to the Provisions of this Act.

11. And be it further enacted, That every such Mortgage is to be given as a Security for any Sum or Sums of Money to be borrowed as aforesaid shall be in the following Form, or in any other Form of Words to the same Effect; *videlicet*,

BY virtue of an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled *As to the* Form of Mort.
As [here insert the Title of this Act], we, the 'Commercial Dock Company' in consideration of the
 Sum of _____ to us paid by _____ do mortgage
 unto the said _____ his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns,
 [or Successors and Assigns, or the said may be,] all and singular the Lands, Tenements, Docks, Hereditaments and Premises of and belonging to the said Company, situate and being in the Parish of Saint Mary *Mary*
Redcliffe in the County of Surrey, and also all and singular the Rates and Charges arising by virtue of Two
 Acts, one passed in the Fifthth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled *An Act for maintain-*
 ing and improving the Docks and Warehouses called The Commercial Docks, and for making and maintaining
 other Docks and Warehouses in communi-ation therewith, all in the Parish of Saint Mary Redcliffe in the
 County of Surrey; and the other passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of King George the Third,
 intituled *An Act to amend and rectify were* *official* *an Act of His present Majesty, for maintaining and im-*
 proving the Docks and Warehouses called The Commercial Docks, in the Parish of Saint Mary Redcliffe
 in the County of Surrey, and for extending the Powers of the said Act, the said Mortgage is so intended to be
 complete both the Real Estate and Rates and Charges, or only a Part of the Real Estate, *definite* *valued* *in* *in*
 57 Geo. III. 3 A. *is intended*

Company was
 passed in the
 year of the
 1817.

and Shares by
 Mortgage

Form of Mort.
 104.

* *inserted in the charge*] and all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest of the said Company in and to the same, in
 * *hold unto the said* *his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns,*
 * *Assigns, [or Successors or Assigns,] until the said Sum of* *together*
 * *with Interest for the same after the Rate of* *per Centum per Annum, shall be*
 * *repaid.* Dated the _____ Day of _____

And every such Mortgage, being executed by Three of the Directors of the said Company for the time being, shall be binding on the said Company, and be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and all and every Person and Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporations or Collegiate, Aggregate or Sole, to whom any Mortgage or Mortgages shall be made, shall be entitled to the full Benefit of such Mortgage or Mortgages respectively, with Preference according to the Order and Course of Priority of their respective Securities.

III. Provided always, and by a further method, That it shall be lawful to make any Mortgage to be made as aforesaid, if the Majority of the said Company, or the Proprietors present and entitled to vote at any Two such Meetings as aforesaid, shall think fit, an Agreement by which a Right shall be given to the respective Person or Bodies Politic or Corporations, who shall advance and lend the said Money, or any Part thereof to the Person who for the time being shall be entitled thereto, to have an Option of having the several and respective Loans repaid in Money, or of being admitted to have such a Share of the Capital Stock of the said Company in lieu thereof, at such time or times, and upon and under such Terms, Conditions and Covenants as all Respects, (and with or without such Powers to the Directors for the time being, or any Three or more of them, with the Consent of the Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporations, who shall so advance or lend Money as such Securities as aforesaid, or of their Executors, Administrators, Successors or Assigns, to vary or alter such Terms, Conditions and Covenants,) as shall be determined upon by the Majority of such Proprietors present at such Two Meetings as aforesaid; and the Intention of any such Agreement in any such Mortgage or Securities as aforesaid, signed by any Three or more of the Directors of the said Company for the time being, shall be conclusive Evidence for the Benefit and Security of the Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporations, who shall advance Money upon such Securities, and his, her and their Executors, Administrators, Successors or Assigns, that such Agreement was entered into with such Person as is above required, and shall be binding and conclusive on the said Company.

IV. And by it further enacted, That any Grant of any such Annuity as aforesaid shall be made in the Words following, or in Words to the like Effect; (that is to say),

BY virtue of an Act passed in the Fifty-fourth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled
An Act [over before the Title of this Act] W^o, The Commercial Dock Company, in consideration of
the Sum of _____ to be paid by _____ do grant unto the
his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, [or Successors
and Assigns, as the case may be,] an Annuity of _____ to be charged upon, and
to be paid to the said _____ his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, [or
Successors or Assigns] [as the case is or is not intended to comprise all the Lands, W^o, then situate only the Parcels
intended to be comprised, and if the Rates and Charges are not intended to be comprised, then out the
Distress] out of the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises, and Real Estates of and belong-
ing to the said Company, and on and out of the Rates and Charges arising by virtue of Two Acts, One
passed in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intitled An Act for maintaining and im-
proving the Docks and Wharves called The Commercial Docks, and for making and maintaining other
Docks and Wharves to communicate therewith, all in the Parish of Saint Mary Rotherhithe in the County
of Surrey; and the other passed in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intitled
An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for maintaining and improving the
Docks and Wharves called The Commercial Docks, in the Parish of Saint Mary Rotherhithe in the
County of Surrey, and for extending the Powers of the said Act, an Annuity of _____
to be payable to the said _____ his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns,
[or Successors or Assigns, as the case may be,] during the Life of _____ or the Lives of
[if more than One] and the Life of the Survivor of them [as the case may be,]
and a proportionable Part of the said Annuity to be paid up to the Day of the Decree of _____
or to the Day of the Decree of the Survivor of _____ [as the case
 * *may be.] Dated the _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred*
 * *and _____*

And every such Grant of Annuity, being executed by Three of the Directors of the said Company for the time being, the Chairman or Deputy Chairman of the Court of Directors of the said Company for the time being, being One of such Three Directors, shall be binding on the said Company, and be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and the Purchasers of such Annuities respectively shall be entitled thereto, and to the full Benefit thereof respectively, with Preference according to the Order and Course of Priority of their respective Securities for such Annuities respectively: And in case the Money authorized to be raised as aforesaid shall be raised partly by Mortgage and partly by Annuity, in such case the Mortgages and Annuities respectively shall be entitled to the full Benefit of their respective Securities and Assignments, with Preference according to the Order and Course of Priority of the Mortgages and Annuities respectively.

V. And for preventing any improvident Grants of Annuities under this Act, be it further enacted, That no Annuity shall be granted by virtue of this Act for any single Life, or any higher Rate than the following; (that is to say,) when the Age of the Annuitant, or Person for whose Life the Annuity shall be granted,

Provision may be
 inserted in
 Mortgage to
 require the
 Money to be
 repaid in the
 said Period.

Form of Grant
 of such Ann.

Form of Grant
 of such Ann.

Mortgage and
 Annuity to be
 repaid by the
 said Company
 Repayment to
 be provided
 Annuity.

granted, shall not exceed Thirty five Years, the Assent to be granted shall not exceed the Rate of Eight Pounds Three Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money paid for the Purchase thereof; when the Age of each Partee shall not exceed Forty Years, the Assent to be granted shall not exceed the Rate of Eight Pounds Two Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money; when the Age of each Partee shall not exceed Forty five Years, the Assent shall not exceed the Rate of Nine Pounds for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money; when the Age of each Partee shall not exceed Fifty Years, the Assent shall not exceed the Rate of Nine Pounds Twelve Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money; when the Age of each Partee shall not exceed Fifty five Years, the Assent shall not exceed the Rate of Ten Pounds Eight Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money; when the Age of each Partee shall not exceed Sixty Years, the Assent shall not exceed the Rate of Eleven Pounds Eight Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money; when the Age of each Partee shall not exceed Sixty five Years, the Assent shall not exceed the Rate of Twelve Pounds Seventeen Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money; when the Age of each Partee shall not exceed Seventy Years, the Assent shall not exceed the Rate of Fifteen Pounds One Shilling for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money; and when the Age of each Partee shall not exceed Seventy five Years, the Assent shall not exceed the Rate of Eighteen Pounds Two Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money.

VII. And be it further enacted, That a Transcript or Copy of every such Mortgage or Grant of Assent, or an Entry or Memorial thereof, containing the Dates, Names of the Parties, and Sums of Money paid, shall be made in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose by the Clerk of the said Company; which Book or Books may be perused at all reasonable times by any of the Proprietors of the said Undertaking or other Persons interested, without Fee or Reward.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Partee and Parties, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, to whom any such Mortgage or Grant of Assent shall be made as aforesaid, may from time to time personally, or by Attorney thereunto lawfully authorized, assign and transfer such Mortgage or Grant of Assent to any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and in so doing; and that the Assignment and Transfer shall and may be made by Instrument or Instruments on such Mortgage or Grant, and in the Words or to the Effect following: (that is to say,)

I, _____ in Consideration of the Sum of _____ paid by _____ do hereby assign and transfer the within Security, and all my Right, Title and Interest in and to the same, and all Benefits and Advantages to arise therefrom, unto the said _____ his, (her or their) Executors, Administrators and Assigns. Witness my Hand and Seal, this _____ Day of _____

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Transfer shall, within Thirty Days after the Date thereof, be produced and left with the Clerk of the said Company, who shall within Ten Days thereafter next cause an Entry or Memorial to be made thereof in like manner as of the original Securities; and after such Entry made, but not till then, every Partee or Parties to whom such Assignment or Transfer shall be made, shall be entitled to the Benefits of such Mortgage or Grant, and the future Payments thereon, and to all Benefit and Advantages arising therefrom; and for the Entry of every original Mortgage or Grant, and of every such Assignment and Transfer, the said Clerk shall be paid by the Party to whom such Mortgage or Grant or Transfer shall be made, the Sum of Five Shillings and no more.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Interest of the Money which shall be borrowed on Mortgage as aforesaid, and the several Assents to be granted as aforesaid, shall be paid Half Yearly on the several Parties entitled thereto, in Preference to any Dividend or Distribution among the Members of the said Company, and shall be duly provided for and set apart before such Dividend or Distribution shall be made or declared.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Sum or Sums of Money to be lent and advanced on Mortgage shall be paid off and discharged (save and except with the Consent of the Partee or Parties entitled to receive such Sum or Sums of Money) unless Six Calendar Months previous Notice in the London Gazette shall have been given by the said Company of their Intention to pay off and discharge the same; and that on the Expiration of the said Six Calendar Months, all Interest shall cease to be paid on the Principal Sums relative to which such Notice shall have been given, unless the said Principal Sums shall not have been paid off by the said Company.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case all or any of the Sums of Money which shall or may be advanced on Loan to the said Company on such Mortgage as aforesaid, shall at any time afterwards be paid off and discharged by the said Company, that then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Company, with the Consent of Two Courts of Proprietors, to be specially called for such Purpose as hereinafter mentioned, upon to borrow or raise on Mortgage, as a hereinafter mentioned, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole, with the Assent of the Members then assembling and agreed on such Mortgage as aforesaid, and the Money which may have been raised by Grants of Assents, the said Sum of Seventy five thousand two hundred and fifty Pounds, and in so doing.

XII. And Whereas the last-mentioned Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty contains a Provision for regulating the Use when the Parties who shall subscribe for the said new Shares or any of them shall be entitled to a rateable Share or Proportion of the Profits of the said Company, and also for regulating the Payment of Interest in the meantime: And Whereas Doubts have been entertained as to the Meaning and Construction of such Provision: Be it therefore enacted, That inasmuch of the said-mentioned Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty as aforesaid, that the several Persons who shall subscribe for the Two thousand six hundred new Shares hereby authorized to be raised or created or any of them, shall not be

Entitled to Mortgage and Grants of Assent to be made in the Company's Books

Mortgages and Assignments thereto by Indenture.

Entries of Transfers to be made in the Company's Books.

Interest and Assents to be paid Half Yearly

Notice to be given of payment of Mortgage.

In case any of the Sums advanced shall be paid off, the Company may again borrow the Money.

21 G. 5. c. 100. s. 4.

entitled to any *reversible Share or Propriety of the Profits of the said Company* until after the Expiration of One Year, to be computed from the Day on which the said Two thousand five hundred new Shares shall be created, and that in the meantime the several Partners who shall subscribe for new Shares as aforesaid shall be entitled to receive, and the Company shall pay to him or them respectively, interest on the several Sums to be paid by them or him in respect of such new Shares, at and after the Rate of Five Pence per Centum *per Annum*, from the time or times on or at which such Sums or Sums of Money shall be given or him paid, half, as to all or any Shares hereafter to be created or created, he and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed as to
former Shares.
Company em-
powered to sit
now when new
Shares shall be
created to
Parties.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Company shall be desirous to raise, and shall hereafter raise any Part of the Money which they are authorized to raise as aforesaid, and which now remains unraised, by the Creation of new Shares, that then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Two several General Courts of Proprietors of the said Company as in the said last recited Act are mentioned, to determine and direct the time or times when or from which all or any such new Shares hereafter to be created as aforesaid shall be entitled to a *reversible Share or Propriety of the Profits of the said Company*, and to make all such Rules and Regulations respecting the same, and for Payment of Interest in the meantime, as to them shall seem as proper; and it shall also be lawful for such Two several General Courts of Proprietors of the said Company to make, or to authorize the Directors of the said Company for the time being to make, such Allowance or Allowances, Deductions or Deductions to the Parties or Persons who shall subscribe for all or any of the new Shares as aforesaid, for or in respect of Payment of the Money to be paid for such new Shares as aforesaid, before the time or times when the Installments or Calls would become due and payable, to such Extent, or within such Limits, and with and under such Rules and Regulations, or without any such, as to the said Courts of Proprietors shall from time to time appear.

XIV. And Whereas by the said recited Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the said Company are authorized to sell any Lands, Buildings and Hereditaments which they might purchase under the Provision of the said Act, and which might not be necessary to be made use of for the Purposes of the said Act; but Doubts may be entertained whether the said Company are by the said Act empowered to sell any of the Lands, Buildings or Hereditaments belonging to or purchased by or for the Use of the said Company previously to the passing of the said Act, or purchased under the Provision of the said Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and which may not be necessary for the Purposes aforesaid; Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company to sell and dispose of any Part or Parts not wanted for the Purposes of the said recited Act or of this Act, not only of such Lands, Buildings or Hereditaments as have been purchased in pursuance of the Provision of the said recited Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, but also of any Lands which at the time of the passing of the said Act belonged to or had been purchased by or for the Use of the said Company, or which have been purchased in pursuance of the Provision of the said Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; and all and every the Powers, Clauses and Provisions contained in the said Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for enabling the said Company to sell Lands, Buildings and Hereditaments not wanted for the Purposes of the said Act, and relative to such Sale, shall, in so far as the same will apply, extend to such Lands, Buildings and Hereditaments as belonged to or had been purchased by or for the Use of the said Company previous to or at the Time of the passing of the said Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and which have been purchased in pursuance of the Provision of the said Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: Provided always, that the said Company before they shall sell and dispose of any of the Lands, Buildings or Hereditaments which have been purchased in pursuance of the said recited Act or either of them, and not wanted for the Purposes of the said recited Act or of this Act as aforesaid, shall first offer the same for Sale to the Parties or Persons of whom the same shall have been purchased; and if such Parties or Persons shall then and thereupon refuse, or shall not agree (except with respect to an account of the Price thereof) to purchase the same, as Aforesaid to be made and sworn before a Master or Master Extraordinary in the High Court of Chancery, or before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Surrey (who are hereby respectively empowered to take such Affidavit), by some Parties or Persons so very interested in the said Lands, Buildings or Hereditaments, Notice that such Offer was made by or on the behalf of the said Company, and that such Offer was then and thereupon refused, or was not agreed to by the Parties or Persons to whom the same was made, shall in all Courts whatsoever be sufficient Evidence and Proof that such Offer was made, and was refused, or not agreed to by the Parties or Persons to whom such Offer was made (as the case may be); and in such a case such Parties or Persons shall be desirous of purchasing such Lands, Buildings and Hereditaments, and he, she or they, and the said Company shall offer or not agree with respect to the Price thereof, then the Price or Prices thereof shall be ascertained by a Jury, in manner in the said recited Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty directed with respect to disposed Value of Premises to be taken and purchased in pursuance of the said Act; and the Money to arise by Sale or Sales of such Lands, Buildings and Hereditaments shall be applied by the said Company to the Purposes of the said recited Act or of this Act; but the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof shall not be answerable or accountable for any Multiplication or Nonmultiplication of such Money, provided nevertheless, that as to such of the Lands, Buildings, and Hereditaments which belonged to or were the Property of the said Company before or at the time of the passing of the said Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as such as have not been purchased by the said Company under the Provision of the said recited Act or either of them, it shall not be necessary or requisite for the said Company to offer the same Lands, Buildings or Hereditaments as Sale to the Parties or Persons respectively of or from whom they have or shall or may have purchased the same respectively.

Company may
sell Lands not
wanted for the
Purposes of the
Act.

When Parties of
Land are to be
sold, the said
Offer to be made
to the original
Proprietors.

14.
Difference re-
specting Price to
be fixed by a
Jury.

Parties not
accountable for
Application of
Purchase
Money.

XV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Ordinary or Extraordinary General Court or Meeting of the said Company or of the Proprietors thereof, shall have resolved to sell any Loads, Buildings or Merchandises belonging to the said Company, it shall be lawful for any Three of the Directors of the said Company for the time being (the Chairman or Deputy Chairman of the Court of Directors for the time being being One of such Three Directors) to execute such Deeds and Affidavits as shall be requisite to effect such Sales; and the Executions by such Three Directors as aforesaid of such Deeds and Affidavits shall be full and conclusive Evidence to and for the Purchaser or Purchasers, that the Merchandises sold or loan or others are not wanted for the Purposes of the said recited Acts or either of them, and of the Consent of the said Company, or of such Ordinary or Extraordinary Court or Meeting of the said Company, or of the Proprietors, to such Sale or Sales; and such Deeds and Affidavits so executed as aforesaid shall be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as fully as if the said Directors were absolute Owners of the Merchandises intended to be conveyed.

How Deed shall be executed.

Such Executions are better Evidence of such Sales as being wanted, &c.

Proprietors respecting Affidavits of Transfer, &c.

XVI. And for better regulating the Entry of any Memorial of any Transfer or Sale of a Share or Shares in the said Stock of the said Company, be it further enacted, That no Memorial of any Transfer or Sale of any Share or Shares of and in the Stock of the said Company shall be made and entered, until the Clerk of the said Company shall have endorsed on the Certificate or Certificate, or Deed of Transfer to the Seller, as by the said last recited Act are directed to be produced to the Clerk of the said Company for the time being as therein mentioned, a Memorandum or Declaration, signed by such Clerk, of the Transfer and Sale of any Share or Shares of and in the Stock of the said Company.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Tonnage or Admeasurement of all Ships and Vessels required to be registered by any Act or Acts of Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or of either of such Kingdoms, and trading or coming to or departing from the Port of London, and liable to the Payment of any of the Rates and Charges of or for Tonnage allowed to be taken under the said recited Acts, or either of them, shall be ascertained according to the certified Tonnage in the Ship's Register; and the Master or other Person having the Command of any such Ship or Vessel is hereby required to produce such Certificate of Registry at the Time of Payment of the said Rates and Charges, to the Person or Persons who shall be authorized to collect and receive the same by the Directors of the said Company or a Quorum of them; and in case of any Dispute in respect of the Tonnage of any Ship or Vessel not required to be registered, or of any Foreign Ship or Vessel, then the Tonnage of any such Ship or Vessel shall be ascertained in the manner and according to the Directions of an Act passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for the Encouragement of Shipping and Navigation*.

To ascertain the Tonnage or Admeasurement of Ships according to the Deeds.

Act G. 3. c. 22. s. 14.

Collection, &c. by the said Acts, &c. by the said Acts, &c. by the said Acts, &c.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That for more fully collecting the said Rates and Charges, the Collector and Collectors thereof, and such other Person or Persons as the said Directors shall from time to time duly appoint in this behalf, shall at proper and reasonable times here at the Custom House free Accounts to and Inspectors of the respective Registers and Papers of all ordinary Ship and Ships returning to the Port of London, on or after their Entry or Clearance at the Custom House, without any Fee or Reward for such Accounts and Inspections.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if the Collector or Collectors of any of the said Rates and Charges, or such other Person or Persons as the said Directors shall duly nominate and appoint in their behalf, and the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of any such Foreign Ship or Vessel, cannot agree about and ascertain the Tonnage of such Ship or Vessel, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Collector or Collectors, or Person or Persons appointed aforesaid, from time to time, and at all convenient and reasonable times, to stop, detain, cover over, weigh, measure and gauge the same; and in case the same shall upon such weighing, measuring or gauging, appear to be of greater Tonnage than shall be then for forth and contained in the Account which shall have been given thereof, then the Master or Person giving in such Account shall pay the Costs and Charges of such weighing, measuring or gauging; all which said Costs and Charges, upon Request of Payment thereof on Demand, shall and may be recovered and levied by such Ways and Means, and in such manner, as the said Rates and Charges are hereby appointed to be recovered and levied; but if any such Ship or Vessel shall be found to be of the same or of less Tonnage than the same shall by such Account appear to be of, then the said Collector or Collectors, or such other Person or Persons respectively, shall pay the Costs and Charges of such weighing, measuring or gauging, and shall also pay such further Damages as shall appear to any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace sitting to and for the County of Surrey, on Oath of any credible Witness, to have arisen from such Detention; and in Default of immediate Payment thereof by the Collector or Collectors, it shall be lawful for any such Justice or Justices to issue his or their Warrant or Warrants, authorizing any Person or Persons to levy the Amount of such Costs, Charges and Damages, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Collector or Collectors, or of the said Company; and if any Surplus Money shall remain after Payment of such Costs, Charges and Damages, and the reasonable Costs and Charges of such Distress and Sale, (so be ascertained, in case of Dispute, by any such Justice or Justices,) such Surplus Money shall be returned on Demand to the Party or Persons on whom such Distress shall be made; and if any Master, Commander or other Officer of any Ship or Vessel, or any other Person or Person whatsoever, shall obstruct or hinder any Person or Persons if employed from weighing, measuring or gauging any Ship or Vessel in pursuance of the said Acts, every such Master, Commander or other Person shall for every such Offence forfeit any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, over and above the said Rates and Charges.

Power to measure, stop, detain, cover over, weigh, measure and gauge the same, when Tonnage cannot be ascertained upon.

Costs of measuring, &c.

Obtaining such Measurements, &c.

Penalty.

XX. And be it further enacted, That for further preventing the Hazard and Danger of Fire within the said Docks, and on board Ships and other Vessels therein, no Person whatsoever shall from and after the passing of this Act, at any time after the Hour of Four in the Evening, so before the Hour of Seven in the Morning,

Further Provisions to prevent Accidents by Fire.

Morning, between the Twenty sixth Day of September and the Twenty sixth Day of March in every Year, or after the Hour of Seven in the Evening, or before the Hour of Five in the Morning, between the Twenty fifth Day of March and the Thirtieth Day of September in every Year, (make any Tobacco, or other Material sold for Smoking, either within the said Dock, or on board any Ship or vessel in or within the said Dock, upon Pen of forfeiting for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, to be recovered and applied as any Penalty not exceeding that Amount may be recovered and applied under the said recited Acts or either of them.

How Debtors to be proved in case of Bankruptcy of Debtors to the Company.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That in all cases under any Commission or Commissions of Bankrupt awarded or to be awarded against any Person or Persons who is or are or shall be indebted to the said Company, or against whom the said Company shall or may have any Claims or Demands, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons in the Employ of the said Company, who shall from time to time be by that behalf constituted and appointed by Writing under the Hand of the Treasurers of the said Company for the time being to appear, and be and they is and are hereby authorized and empowered to appear and act on behalf of the said Company in respect of any such Debt, Claim or Demand, before the Commissioners under any Commission of Bankrupt, either personally, or by his or their Attorneys in be duly sworn and exhibited in the usual manner, in order to prove and establish any such Debt, Claim or Demand under such Commission; and every such Person or Persons to be so constituted and appointed shall in all such cases be admitted and allowed to make Proof or tender a Claim under any such Commission of Bankruptcy, as befall and for the Benefit of the said Company, in respect of the Debt or Debts, or other Demands of the said Company against such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, in like manner as any other Person or Persons, being a Creditor or Creditors of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts in his or their own Right, might or could do in respect of his or their Debt or Debts; and any Person or Persons to be so constituted or appointed in manner aforesaid, shall have full Power and Authority to appear on behalf of the said Company at any Meeting of the Creditors of any such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and to vote therein in respect of any Debt or Debts which shall be admitted and allowed to be proved on behalf of the said Company under any such Commission of Bankrupt as aforesaid, in like manner as any other Creditor or Creditors of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts could or might do in respect of the Debt or Debts by him or them proved under such Commission or Commissions of Bankrupt.

po 3. i. vol. 145.

XXII. And Whereas by the said Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty it was enacted, that not less than Five of the Directors of the said Company should be a Quorum capable of acting, and thereby empowered to act at the ordinary Meetings of the said Directors: And Whereas it would facilitate the Dispatch of Business if a less Number of Directors were required to constitute a Quorum: Be it therefore further enacted, That so much of the said Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as contains not less than Five of the said Directors a Quorum capable of acting at the ordinary Meetings of the said Directors, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed.

Three of the Directors to be a Quorum.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, Three of the said Directors shall be a Quorum capable of acting, and are hereby empowered to act at the ordinary Meetings of the said Directors.

Power of former Acts amended in this Act.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Privileges, Pensions, Forfeitures, Claims, matters and things contained in the said recited Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, (so far as the same are not by the said recited Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty or by the Act aforesaid, varied or repealed,) and all the Powers, Privileges, Pensions, Forfeitures, Claims, matters and things contained in the said recited Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, (so far as the same are not hereby altered, varied or repealed,) shall extend to this Act, and the several matters and things herein contained, and shall and may be extended, applied, used and put in force as effectually for the Purpose of this Act as if the same were herein repeated and re-enacted.

Regulating the Payment of Costs of obtaining Damages, &c.

XXV. And Whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for the Payment of reasonable Costs, Charges and Expenses in cases in which Claims may be made for any Damage which may arise or happen to the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments of any Person from the making the new Docks, Barges, Piers, Sluices, Embankments and other Works authorized by the said recited Acts to be made: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in case the said Company, and any Person or Persons to whose Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments any Damage shall arise or happen, cannot agree upon the Compensation or Satisfaction to be made for such Damage, and a Jury shall be summoned as directed in the said recited Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty to ascertain the Amount of such Damage, then and so forth as, if the Sum awarded by the Jury shall exceed the Sum which shall previously have been offered or tendered by or on behalf of the said Company, such Person or Persons shall be entitled to and have his, her or their reasonable Costs and Charges to be paid by the said Company; and if the Sum awarded by the Jury shall not exceed the Sum which shall have been previously offered or tendered by or on behalf of the said Company, then the said Company shall be entitled to and have reasonable Costs and Charges to be paid by the Person or Persons to whom the Compensation shall be awarded, in the like manner as in cases of Satisfaction awarded by a Jury for the Purchase of Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments under the Provisions of the said recited Acts; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Expenses of Acts here to be paid.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Directors shall pay and discharge all the Costs and Charges of obtaining and passing this Act with and out of any of the Moneys already collected or hereafter to be collected or borrowed by or for the Use of the said Company, or with and out of the other Moneys received or to be received by them or on account of the said Company.

XXVII. And

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judiciously taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded. PUBLISHED

Cap. lxxi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the River *Great Ouse* to *Chichester* Harbour, and from thence to *Langston* and *Portsmouth* Harbours, with a Cut or Branch from *Staple* Common, to or near the City of *Chichester*; and for improving the Navigation of the Harbour of *Langston*, and Channels of *Langstone* and *Thorney*. [7th July 1817.]

Cap. lxxv.

An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for improving the Navigation of the River *Hull* and *Fredensham* Sea, and extending the same to the Town of *Great Driffield*, in the County of *York*. 18 G. 3. c. 97.
44 G. 3. c. 1000.
[7th July 1817.]

Cap. lxx.

An Act for enlarging the Market Place and regulating the Market in the Town of *Taunton*, in the County of *Somerset*, and for improving the said Town; and for amending an Act of His present Majesty relative thereto. 18 G. 3. c. 114.
[7th July 1817.]

Cap. lxxv.

An Act to amend and continue an Act of the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for improving certain Roads in and through the Parish of *Gloucester*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and several other Roads therein mentioned. (c) 18 G. 3. c. 115.
[7th July 1817.]

[One half additional Toll on Sundays, commencing from Twelfth of Clock on Saturday Night to Twelfth of Clock on Sunday Night, — 55 G. 3. c. 119. amended in the Act. § 9.]

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act for continuing † and amending Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading from the Town of *Taunton*, in the County of *Somerset*. (a) 18 G. 3. c. 97.
[7th July 1817.]
20 G. 3. c. 1000.

[Additional Tolls — 18 G. 3. c. 97. as in Surveys giving Materials repeated. § 13.]

† [No Term mentioned, vide § 1. 41. of this Act. — 18 G. 3. c. 97. is before in Part repeated by 55 G. 3. c. 119. and by 55 of 40 G. 3. c. 101.]

Cap. lxxvii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Cambridge*, to the Old North Road near *Abington* Bridge, in the County of *Cambridge*. (c) 25 G. 3. c. 819.
[7th July 1817.]
18 G. 3. c. 115.
20 G. 3. c. 1000.

[Additional Trolley. Former Tolls in 1815. New Tolls granted.]

Cap. lxxviii.

An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for draining Lands in *South Holland*; and for continuing † and amending another Act of His present Majesty, for maintaining and repairing a certain Bank, and the Road thereon, from *Spalding* High Bridge to *Brook* Bridge, all in the County of *Lincoln*. 25 G. 3. c. 819.
[10th July 1817.]
22 G. 3. c. 100.

† [No Term mentioned, vide § 69. 94. of this Act.]

Cap. lxx.

An Act for improving the Harbour of *Stokeley*, within the Port of *Stokeley* and *Clap*, in the County of *Northampton*. [10th July 1817.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act of His late Majesty King *William the Third*, for making the River *Leach*, alias *Barn*, navigable. 13 G. 2. c. 11.
[10th July 1817.] c. 11.

[New Commissions. — Power to take new Tolls in Lieu of former Tolls.]

Cap. lxxxi.

An Act for rebuilding the Church and improving the Church Yard of the Parish of *St. Paul* *Shadwell*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [10th July 1817.]

Cap. lxxxii.

An Act for raising Money, by Assessment on otherside, for the Purpose of erecting a Workhouse for the Use of the Poor of the Parish of *St. John* of *Whapping*, in the County of *Middlesex*. 26 G. 3. c. 15.
[10th July 1817.]
25 G. 3. c. 120.
Cap.

Cap. lxxv.

21 G. 3. c. 128. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the North Tarpole Road, at or near *Alford*, through *Merby Titheli*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to join the Tarpole Road within the *Allegersney District*, near *Alged y Bwr Neaf*, to the County of *Monmouth*. (s) [20th July 1815.]

[Additional Tithes. One half Toll additional on Sundays, computing from Twelve o'Clock on Saturday Night to Twelve o'Clock on Sunday Night.]

Cap. lxxv.

21 G. 3. c. 128. An Act to continue and amend an Act passed in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for altering the Road from *Marbleford* to *Claydon*, in the County of *Gloucester*. (s) [20th July 1815.]

suppld in its
former state.
c. 127.

[Additional Tithes. Former Tolls repealed. New Tolls granted.]

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act to empower the Commissioners of the Royal Naval Office to make use of any Part of the Accumulation of the Interest of the Monies which were given by the Committee for managing the *Patrician Fund* to the said Commissioners, for the Purpose of the said Act. [20th July 1815.]

WHEREAS at a General Meeting of the Committee for managing the *Patrician Fund*, held at Lloyd's Coffee House, in the City of London, it was resolved, that the Sum of Forty thousand Pounds should be paid to the Commissioners of the Royal Naval Office, out of the Contributions made on the Day of Thanksgiving, on their undertaking, by a Resolution of their Board, to maintain and educate such Children of either Sex as should be recommended by the Committee for managing the said *Patrician Fund*, and was within the Rules of the said Royal Office: And Whereas in the Month of August One thousand eight hundred and six, Sixty-one thousand Pounds, Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Bank Annuities, were transferred by the Committee of the said *Patrician Fund* to *Samuel Thomson* and *John Selous Aggreykin*, acting for the Commissioners of the said Royal Naval Office: And Whereas the Interest upon the said Capital Sum has been permitted to accumulate: And Whereas the Commissioners for the Management of the said Royal Naval Office have, by a Resolution of their Board, undertaken to maintain and educate such Children of either Sex as may be recommended by the Committee for managing the said *Patrician Fund*, and are within the Rules of that Institution: And Whereas doubts are entertained whether the said Commissioners can make use of any Part of the Accumulation of the Interest of the said Capital Sum so transferred to the said *Samuel Thomson* and *John Selous Aggreykin*, in Trust as aforesaid, for the Purpose of the said Charity, without the Authority of Parliament: Be it therefore enacted, by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the said Royal Naval Office, for the use being, to make use of the said Accumulation, or such Part thereof as shall be thought necessary for the carrying on the benevolent Purpose of the said Institution.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Commissioners
of Naval Office
may make use of
Money given
from the *Patrician*
Fund.
Public Act.

PRIVATE ACTS,

PRINTED BY THE KING'S PRINTER,

AND WHEREOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE.

N. B. To each of *these Acts* is annexed a *Clause* in the *Form* following :

" And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the several Printers to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, duly authorised to print the Statutes of the United Kingdom, and that a Copy thereof, if printed by any of them, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices and others."

Cap. 1.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Drayton*, in the County of *Shropshire*. [17th March 1817.]

Cap. 2.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Eryford*, in the County of *Suffolk*. [29th March 1817.]

Cap. 3.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor of *Embsay*, in the County of *Fork*. [13d May 1817.]
" Allowance to Rector in Fee of Small Tithes, § 28.

Cap. 4.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Cyffwrdd* whereof *Cyffwrdd* is in the County of *Wrexham*. [13d May 1817.] 48 G. 3. c. 100.

Cap. 5.

An Act for extending certain Parts of an Act of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Affwalia*, and in the several Parishes of *Affwalia*, *Brenford* and *Alldwaleu*, in the County of *Cumberland*, and for amending the said Act. [13d May 1817.] 51 G. 3. c. 126.

" Lands in *Brenford* exempted from Tithes, § 4.

Cap. 6.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Oxton* in the County of *Hereford*. [13d May 1817.]

Cap. 7.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Barnes Salmon* in the Parish of *Monk-ford*, in the County of *Fork*. [13d May 1817.]

Cap. 8.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Willy*, in the Parish of *Preyfige*, in the County of *Hereford*. [13d May 1817.]

Cap. 9.

An Act for setting part of the Settled Estates of *Edward Gilbert Elgins*, whereof *Edward Scott Elgins*, in Trustee, to be sold; and for applying the Proceeds in or towards the Discharge of the Incumbrances on the said Estates. [15th June 1817.]

Cap. 10.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Melham*, in the Parish of *Melhambury*, in the West Riding of the County of *Fork*. [15th June 1817.] 48 G. 3. c. 107.

Cap. 11.

An Act for settling Lands in the Township or Liberty of *Litchmore*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary the Virgin and Toftey*, otherwise *Uffley*, in the County of *Oxford*. [16th June 1817.]

"Alloement to Provost and Scholars of *Oriel College* and their Lessor as Impropriators in lieu of Tithes in " *Saint Mary the Virgin*, § 19. "Alloement to the Archdeacons of *Oxford* and his Lessor as Impropriators in " lieu of Tithes in *Toftey*, § 20.

Cap. 12.

An Act for inclosing and encumbering from Tithes, Lands in the Parish of *Eggleston* in the County of *Northampton*. [16th June 1817.]

Cap. 13.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Freuden*, in the Chapelry of *Colton* and Parish of *Whitby*, in the County of *Lincoln*. [16th June 1817.]

Cap. 14.

41 G. 3. c. 109. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manors, Townships or Divisions of *Underbarrow* and *Bradleyfield* in the Parish of *Ridley* in *Rendel*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. [16th June 1817.]

Cap. 15.

An Act for selling certain Estates, devised by the Will of *John Scars*, and now held in undivided Shares in Trust, to be sold; and for settling the Purchase Money of the Shares of each of the Parties interested as are Infants in the Purchase of other Estates, to be conveyed to them according to their respective Rights and Interests in lieu of such Shares. [16th June 1817.]

Cap. 16.

An Act to enable the Trustees for the time being of the Clergy Estates of *William Richey* deceased, Situate in *Richmond*, in the County of *Surry*, to grant Building and Expiring Leases thereof. [16th June 1817.]

Cap. 17.

An Act for confirming and establishing the Sales made by *Ann Fyfe* Widow, and *Frederick Glen*, of the Estates devised to them for Sale by the Will of *John Fyfe* Esquire. [16th June 1817.]

Cap. 18.

An Act for inclosing *Rancliffe* and *Liddon Dreen* Commons, in the Parish of *Milnes Aithes* in the County of *Dorset*. [16th June 1817.]

"Alloement not discharged from Tithes, § 31.

Cap. 19.

An Act for dividing and inclosing *Howarth Moor* in the Manor or Township of *Howarth*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*; and for vesting the Rights of *Stony* and *Average* over certain Lands called *Half Year Lands*, Situate in the Suburbs or Precincts of the City of *Park*. [16th June 1817.]

" Certain Scrivels of Land as herein described sold or altered to His Majesty, § 10, 12.

Cap. 20.

41 G. 3. c. 109. An Act for inclosing and encumbering from Tithes Lands in the Parishes of *Parish Saint Martin and Farn*. revised. See *Saint Gonsou* otherwise *Parish Saint Gonsou*, in the County of *Bedford*. [16th June 1817.]

" Annual Rents in lieu of Tithes, § 34. When Tithes to cease, § 35.

Cap. 21.

An Act for settling in Trust, in Trust for *Samuel Robert Gough* Esquire, discharged from certain Estates created therein, and from other Rights and Interests, a Fee Farm Rent of Seven hundred and Sixty Pounds and Eleven pence Three Farthings, towards the Estate of the Right Honourable *John Lord Gough* deceased. [17th June 1817.]

Cap. 22.

An Act for settling the settled Estates of *William Lyder Foster* Esquire, in Trust, in Trust to be sold; and for laying out the Purchase Money arising from such Sale, in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. [17th June 1817.]

Cap.

Cap. 23.

An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Session in Scotland to sell such Parts of the Estates of *Stewart* and others, limited in the County of *Ross*, which were entitled by *Francis Lord Stewart* deceased, as shall be sufficient for Payment of the Debts and Provisions which shall or may be made to affect the said entailed Estates, and for granting certain Powers relative to Leases and Fines of Parts of the said entailed Estates. [27th June 1817.]

Cap. 24.

An Act to authorize the Trustees of the deceased *James Edmon* to grant Building Leases, and Fines of certain Parts of the Lands and Rectory of *Pygham*, to sell the SuperiORITY thereof, and for other Purposes relating thereto. [27th June 1817.]

Cap. 25.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Hollington*, in the several Parishes of *Longford* and *Bradford*, in the County of *Derby*. [27th June 1817.]

" Allotments to Tithe Owners, &c. § 18. Compensation for Tithes of ancient Inclosures, § 19, 20.
" Allotment in lieu of Tithes of ancient Inclosures belonging to Persons not entitled to Allotment of Open Lands, § 21. When Tithes to cease, § 22. Allotments in lieu of Tithes freed, &c. for Three Years
" in the Public Expense, § 27. Tithe Owners not liable to Expenses of Act, § 43.

Cap. 26.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Palmerston*, in the County of *Stafford*. [27th June 1817.] 41 G. 3. c. 209.
" Allotments in lieu of Rectorial and Vicaral Tithes, § 18. Such Allotment to be freed at the Expense second
" of Proprietors of the Lands subject to the Tithes, § 22. Time to which Tithe Owners may receive
" Tithes, § 24.

Cap. 27.

An Act to enable *James Rochdall Esquire*, and the Heirs of *Estell* succeeding to him in the Estate of *Jennet Ash*, to grant Fees thereof upon certain Terms and Conditions. [30th June 1817.]

Cap. 28.

An Act for exchanging an Estate in the County of *Essex*, belonging to the Earl of *Thames*, for an Estate in the same County, devised by the Will of *Thomas Holmes*. [7th July 1817.]

Cap. 29.

An Act for making a Partition of the Estates of *English*, *Anderson*, *Hutton*, *Barnwick*, *Stewart* and *Edington*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, of the late *Henry Rochdall Esquire*. [7th July 1817.]

Cap. 30.

An Act for confirming an Exchange made by *Philip Gell Esquire*, of certain of the Settled Estates of *Philip Gell Esquire*, deceased, in the County of *York*, for other Estates in the County of *Derby*. [7th July 1817.]

Cap. 31.

An Act for effectuating an Exchange between *Richard Peter Wills Clerk*, Rector of the Rectory and Parish Church of *Milborne otherwise Milborne*, in the County of *Devon*, and *Arnyngs Gough Esquire*, of the Rectory House and Part of the Glebe Lands of the said Rectory, for a House and Lands in the said Parish of *Milborne* otherwise *Milborne*, belonging to the said *Arnyngs Gough*. [7th July 1817.]

Cap. 32.

An Act for vesting certain Estates, devised by the Will of *Sir James Tybony Long*, in the Counties of *Devon* and *York*, in Trustees, to be sold, and for laying out the Money therein arising (after Payment of certain specific Incumbrances) in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled, in lieu thereof, in the same Uses. [7th July 1817.]

Cap. 33.

An Act to enable the Prebendary of the Prebend of *The Mass*, in the City of *London*, founded in the Cathedral Church of *St. Paul* in *London*, to grant a Lease of certain Messuages, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments, situate in the Parish of *St. Giles without Cripplegate*, in the said City, Part of the said Prebend, in money therein mentioned; and to enable the granting of Sub Leases for repairing and otherwise improving the same. [7th July 1817.]

Cap. 34.

41 G. 3. c. 129.
revised.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Barlow*, in the Townships of *Great Barlow* and *Little Barlow*, in the Parishes of *Streatley* and *Dreghfield*, in the County of *Derby*. [10th July 1817.]

- " Allocations in lieu of Tithes to the Duke of *Devonshire* and the Bishop of *Stonely*, § 22.; and in lieu of a yearly Payment of Tithes belonging to the Duke of *Portland*, § 23.; to the Vicar of *Dreghfield*, § 23.; to *William Howard*, § 24.; to the Duke of *Portland*, § 31.; to the Curate of *Barlow*, in lieu of a yearly Payment out of Tithes belonging to the Duke of *Portland*, § 33. Manor of *Barlow* discharged from Tithes, § 34. Proprietors not having an Interest in the Lands inclosed equal in Value to the Tithes of his or her other Estates, to make good the Deficiency, § 35. Fixing Tithes Allocations, § 36.

Cap. 35.

41 G. 3. c. 130.
revised.

An Act for improving a certain Piece of Land called *Gemma Field*, in the Liberty of the Borough of *Redditch*, in the County of *Worcester*. [10th July 1817.]

- " Proviso for Royalties, &c. of His Majesty's Lordship of *Bromfield and Felt*, § 32.; and for his Rights as Lord of the Manor of *Bromfield and Felt*, § 41.

Cap. 36.

An Act for selling a certain Estate, late of *Peter Wallden*, of *Chelms*, in the County of *Essex*, Yeoman, deceased, situate in *Chelms* aforesaid, in Trust, to be sold, for paying off Incumbrances thereon; and for purchasing other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. [10th July 1817.]

Cap. 37.

41 G. 3. c. 131.
revised.

An Act to enable the Vicar for the time being of the Parish of *Bolton*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, to sell and convey in Fee Simple a certain Portion of the Glebe Land belonging to the Vicarage of *Bolton*. [10th July 1817.]

Cap. 38.

An Act for confirming an Agreement relating to the Redemption expenses of certain Estates in the Counties of *Warwick* and *Essex*, late of Sir *Lyster Rolle* Baronet, deceased, and Property belonging to *Abraham Brackenridge* Esquire; and for selling such Estates and Property in Trust, to convey and allow the same according to the said Agreement. [10th July 1817.]

I N D E X

TO THE

PUBLIC GENERAL ACTS, 57th GEO. III.

* *Signifies that the Act relates exclusively to Ireland.*

A DMINISTRATORS of decanted Navy Agents, empowering to re- ceive Money in certain Cases Cap. 118	portion of certain Goods, &c. to Cap. 74	be brought to London and West- minster Cap. 114
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A
T A B L E
Containing the TITLES of all
THE STATUTES,

Passed in the SIXTH Session of the FIFTH Parliament

or
The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland ;
58th GEORGE III.

PUBLIC GENERAL ACTS.

1. AN Act to repeal an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to continue an Act to empower His Majesty to seize and detain such Persons as His Majesty shall suspect are conspiring against His Person and Government.* Page 377
2. An Act to suspend, until the End of the present Session of Parliament, the Operation of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, to provide for the more deliberate Consideration of Propositions to be made by Grand Jurors for Roads and Public Works in Ireland, and for accounting for Money raised by such Propositions. *Ibid.*
3. An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco and Starch, in Great Britain; and on Perfumes, Offices and Personal Estates, in England, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen. 378
4. An Act for raising the Sum of Thirty Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen. *Ibid.*
5. An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have consented to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the time limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and to permit such Persons in Great Britain as have consented to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attorneys and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and to allow Persons who make and file such Affidavits, although the Persons whom they served shall have neglected to take out their Annual Certificates. *Ibid.*
6. An Act for indemnifying Persons who, since the Twenty sixth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, have acted in apprehending, imprisoning or detaining in Custody Persons suspected of High Treason or Treasonable Practices, and in the Suppression of tumultuous and unlawful Assemblies. 379
7. An Act to indemnify all Persons who have been concerned in adding, issuing or carrying into Execution any Order or Orders for permitting the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Commodities in Foreign Commerce into and out of certain of His Majesty's West India Islands. 381
8. An Act to authorize the Governors of the Hospital of King Charles the Second for ancient and trained Officers and Soldiers of the Army of Ireland, (usually called the Royal Hospital at Kildisdom,) to suspend or take away the Privileges of such Pensioners of the said Hospital as shall be guilty of any Fraud in respect of Prize Money or Pensions, or of any other great Misdemeanor. *Ibid.*
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51. An Act to revise and continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, several Laws relating to the Duties on Glass made in Great Britain; and to prohibit the making of Stacks within a certain Distance of any other Glass Works, only the Makers of any other Kind of Glass. 398
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57. An Act to permit the Importation of certain Articles into His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in the *West Indies*, or on the Continent of *South America*; and also certain Articles into certain Ports in the *West Indies*. 407
58. An Act to repeal an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for establishing the Office of an Hydrostatic called *Ridley's Hydrostatic*, in ascertaining the Strength of Spirits, called of *Clavel's Hydrostatic*; and for making other Provisions in law thereof. 408
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61. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, to make further Regulations for the building and repairing of Court Houses and Offices thereon in Ireland. *Ibid.*
62. An Act to amend in much of an Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, as relates to the Salaries of Clergymen officiating as Chaplains in Houses of Correction. 411
63. An Act to alter the Allowance for broken Plate Glass, and to exempt Manufacturers of certain Glass Ware from Penalties for not being licensed. *Ibid.*
64. An Act to repeal the several Bounties on the Exportation of refined Sugar from any Part of the United Kingdom, and to allow other Bounties in lieu thereof, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and for reducing the Size of the Packages in which refined Sugar may be exported. 412
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66. An Act to carry into Execution a Treaty made between His Majesty and the King of Spain, for the preventing Traffic in Slaves. *Ibid.*
67. An Act for further continuing, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an Act of the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty, to continue the *Redemption*, contained in several Acts of His present Majesty, on Payments of Cash by the Bank of England. 415
68. An Act to extend and render more effectual the several Regulations for the Relief of Suffering Men and Boys, Subjects of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Foreign Parts. *Ibid.*
69. An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for amending the Law of Ireland respecting the Recovery of Tenements from absconding, overthrowing and delinquency Tenants, and for the Protection of the Tenants from such Delinquency. 418
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59. An Act to grant certain Rates, Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Five Hurdles, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Carriages and Dogs, in lieu of former Rates, Duties and Taxes thereof; and to provide for the Payment thereof to the Collectors of Excise; and for the more effectual executing for the same. *Ibid.*
60. An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, Two Acts of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing the Duties of Customs on Maltdy, imported into Great Britain; and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof. 477
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63. An Act to delay the Change of the Pay, Clothing and Contingent Expences of the Detached Militia, in Great Britain; and for granting Allowances in certain cases to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Quartermasters, Sergeants, Surgeons' Mates and Chaplains of Militia, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty. 500
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71. An Act to empower any Three or more of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to exercise all the Powers and Authorities given to the said Commissioners by any Act or Acts of Parliament. 513
72. An Act to provide for the more deliberate Investigation of Petitions to be made by Grand Jurors for Roads and Public Works in Ireland, and for accounting for Money raised by such Petitions. 514
73. An Act to repeal in each of an Act passed in Ireland in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, intended for taking away the Right of Clergy to receive tithes; and for taking away the Right in all cases; and for repealing Part of the Statute for transporting Felons, as when away the Benefit of Clergy from Persons having priority from the Prison of another; and more effectually to prevent the Crime of Larceny from the Prison. 515
74. An Act for the Regulation of Parish Vestries. 523
75. An Act for repealing such Parts of several Acts as relate pecuniary and other Rewards on the Commission of Persons for Highway Robbery, and other Crimes and Offences; and for facilitating the Means of prosecuting Persons accused of Felony and other Offences. 524
76. An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lottery. 528
77. An Act for improving and completing the Harbour of Glasgow, in the County of Walsbylton, and rendering it a Safe Harbour for His Majesty's Fleets. 530
78. An Act for regulating the Payment of regimental Debts, and the Distribution of the Effects of Officers and Soldiers dying in Service, and the Receipt of Sums due to Soldiers. 539
79. An Act for the further Regulation of Payments of Pensions to Soldiers upon the Establishments of Chiffre and Edinburgh. 540
80. An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Offences committed with the unlawful Detention and Sale of Game. 541
81. An Act to subject Foreigners to Arrest and Detention for Smuggling within certain Districts of any of the Dependencies of His Majesty, for supplying Rewards to the Seizing Officers, according to the Tenor of Writs or Bonds issued and conditioned; and for the further Prevention of the Importation of Tea without making due Entry thereof with the Officers of Customs and Excise. *Ibid.*
82. An Act to repeal the Duty upon each Salt delivered for feeding or mixing with the Food of Cattle, and imposing another Duty, and making other Provisions in lieu thereof. 543

78. An Act to make further Provision for the better Securing the Collection of the Duties on Salt, and to amend the Laws relating to Breweries in Ireland. 545
79. An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for granting Duties on Auctions in Ireland. 570
80. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Transfer of Capital from certain Public Stocks or Funds in Great Britain to certain Public Stocks or Funds in Ireland. 552
81. An Act for extending to that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland certain Provisions of the Parliament of Great Britain in relation to Executors under the Age of Twenty one Years, and to Marriages of Centesims. 554
82. An Act to prevent Frauds in the Sale of Grain in Ireland. 555
83. An Act to amend and reduce into One Act the several Laws relating to the manner in which the East India Company are required to have Ships. *Ibid.*
84. An Act to remove Doubts as to the Validity of certain Marriages had and solemnized within the British Territories in India. 559
85. An Act to carry into Execution a Convention made between His Majesty and the King of Portugal, for the preventing Traffic in Slaves. 560
86. An Act for raising the Sum of Eleven millions five hundred thousand Pounds by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighty. 568
87. An Act for raising the Sum of Eight hundred thousand Pounds British Currency, by Treasury Bills, in Ireland, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighty. *Ibid.*
88. An Act to amend Two Acts made in the last Session of Parliament, for enhancing the Office of Exchequer Bills, and the Advance of Money for carrying on Public Works and Fisheries, and Employment of the Poor; and to extend the Powers of the Commissioners appointed for carrying the last Acts into Execution in Ireland. *Ibid.*
89. An Act to amend in such of an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, as requires the Attendance of Magistrates on board Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Plantations or to Foreign Parts. 570
90. An Act to alter and amend certain of the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority, and for the Case of His Majesty's Royal Purges, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Death; and for the Resumption of the Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty.* *Ibid.*
91. An Act for appointing Commissioners to inquire concerning Clergymen in England for the Education of the Poor. 579
92. An Act to consolidate and amend the Provisions of several Acts, passed in the Fifty sixth and Fifty seventh Years respectively of the Reign of His present Majesty, for enabling Widows and Families of Soldiers to return to their Homes. 574
93. An Act to afford Relief to the last of the Holders of Negotiable Securities, without Notice that they were given for a certain Consideration. 577
94. An Act to continue, until the Twentieth sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eighty, and to amend an Act passed in Ireland, in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for amending Regulations respecting Aliens arriving in or residing in this Kingdom, in certain cases. *Ibid.*
95. An Act to prevent Aliens, until the Twentieth sixth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighty, from becoming naturalized, or being made or becoming Denizens, except in certain cases. 579
96. An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of His Majesty's Reign, for rendering more effectual an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, for the Abolition of the Slave Trade. *Ibid.*
97. An Act for altering and amending an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, to amend an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, to improve the Land Revenue of the Crown, so far as relates to the Great Tithes of Brecknock, in the County of Brecknock; and for selling in His Majesty's certain Parts of the said Tithes, and for including the said Tithes. 580
98. An Act for selling in His Majesty's certain Parts of the Haystacks of Brecknock and Brecknock, and of certain Commutable Lands and Open Uncultivated Grounds in the Township of Brecknock, within the Forest of Brecknock, in the County of Brecknock. 582
99. An Act for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighty. 596

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

DECLARED PUBLIC,

AND TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED.

1. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Town of Stroud, in the County of Gloucester, through Fitcham, into the City of Gloucester. Page 594
2. An Act to continue the Terms, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts passed in the Twenty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, and in the Eleventh and Thirty fourth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Road from the City of York to Beveridge in the County of York. 604
3. An Act for extending the Powers of an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for repairing Roads in the County of Dorset. *Ibid.*
4. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty's Reign. *Ibid.*

- Reign, for improving the Road from *Manxby* to *Rushale*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of *Leicester*; in so far as relates to the *Barry* and *Ratcliffe* Bridge District of Road therein mentioned; and for making Two new Branches of Road to communicate with the said District of Road. *Id.*
5. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads leading from the City of *Glasgow* towards *Chesham* and *Treadley* in the County of *Glasgow*. *Id.*
6. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from near the Town of *Manxby* in the County of *Leicester* to *Hyde Lane Bridge* in the County of *Cheshire*. *Id.*
7. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty for repairing the Roads near the Towns of *Buckton*, *Kirkington*, *Saundwell*, *Normanton* and *Wickwarren*, with a Branch from *Kirkington* to the *Great Gate Road*, and the *Newport* and *Saundwell* Turnpike Road at *Great Bridge*, in the County of *Westminster*. *Id.*
8. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Crane* Hill, in the Parish of *Hayfield*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Brightelmston* to *Guildford*, and from the East Side of the said Turnpike Road to the Cross Roads in the Town of *Durford*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Id.*
9. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Road from *Manxby*, in the County Palatine of *Leicester*, to *Safer's Brook*, in the County Palatine of *Cheshire*. *Id.*
10. An Act for making more effectual Provision for Payment of the Debt due by the Trustees for Turnpike Roads, in the County of *Essex*, and for other Purposes connected therewith. *Id.*
11. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Wyl Green*, near *Newcastle upon Tyne*, to the *Alnham* Turnpike Road, in the County of *Northumberland*. *Id.*
12. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from *Arden* Green, near *Manxby*, in the County Palatine of *Leicester*, to the Bridge at the Carr Mills at *Widiflow*, in the County Palatine of *Cheshire*. *Id.*
13. An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Towcester* to the Turnpike Road in *Games End*, in the Parish of *Barnet*, in the County of *Hertfordshire*. *Id.*
14. An Act for improving the Road from *Blackdown Post*, in the Parish of *Wigley* and County of *Worcester*, to *Stowington* in the County of *Warwick*. *Id.*
15. An Act for amending an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for improving the Port, Harbour and Town of Whitehaven*, in the County of *Cumberland*, and for better supplying the said Town with Water. *Id.*
16. An Act to enable the *Grand Junction Canal* Company to vary the Line of Port of their Canal in the County of *Buckingham*, and for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts relating to the said Canal. *Id.*
17. An Act to enable the *Glasgow and Bannockburn* Canal Company to vary and alter the Line of their Canal, and for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for making and maintaining the said Canal. *Id.*
18. An Act for making the Company of Proprietors of the *Thames and Medway* Canal to make a further Sum of
- Money for completing the said Canal, and the Works therein belonging; and for altering, enlarging and rendering more effectual the Powers for making the said Canal and Works. *Id.*
19. An Act for altering, explaining and amending the several Acts of Parliament passed, relating to the *Birmingham* Canal Navigations; and for improving the said Canal Navigations. *Id.*
20. An Act for providing a convenient Place, with suitable Accommodations, for His Majesty's Judges at the Assizes for the County of *Leicester*; and for making therein a convenient Place for the Judges of the Peace to meet and transact any Public Business of the said County; and also for the safe Custody of the Public Records of the said County. *Id.*
21. An Act for altering and amending an Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for constructing a Pier and Harbour at or near the Town of *Fairlight*, in the County of *Kent*; for varying the Limits, and enlarging and rendering more commodious the said Pier and Harbour; for making a further Sum of Money for completing the same; and for extending the Powers and Privileges of the said Act. *Id.*
22. An Act for enlarging the Church Yard of the Parish of *Chipping Norton*, in the County of *Oxford*, and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Id.*
23. An Act to continue the Term, and to amend and enlarge the Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Road from *Cromwyley* to *Broad*, and another Road therein mentioned, both in the County of *Glasgow*. *Id.*
24. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of the Eleventh and Thirty-seventh Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Moss* in the County of *Salop*, to the *Loose Rocks* at *Bees* & *Gurth*, and several other Roads in the Countess of *Salop* and *Shropshire*; for repairing and altering the Roads leading out of the said Road from *Moss* to *Bees* & *Gurth* into the Turnpike Road leading from *Ellymore* to *Woolston*; and for repealing in much of the said Acts so relates to several Parts of the said Roads. *Id.*
25. An Act for repairing and maintaining the Harbour of the Burgh of *Regality of Fraserburgh*, in the County of *Aberdeen*. *Id.*
26. An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of the Thirty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Dover*, in the County of *Kent*, through *Deal*, to *Sandwich*, in the said County. *Id.*
27. An Act for altering and enlarging the Terms and Powers of certain Acts, in so far as the same relate to the Road leading from the Toll House in *Payley Lane*, in the West Side of the Entry to the New Bridge of *Gloucester*, by or near *Fairlight*, to the East End of the Bridge at *Regford*. *Id.*
28. An Act to extend and amend the Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for building *The Waterloo Bridge*, and making Roads communicating therewith; and to authorize the Relinquishment of the repairing, lighting and watering of the Roads on the South Side of the Bridge, to the Trustees of the *Great New Road*, acting under Two several Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for making, widening and keeping in Repair certain Roads in the several Parishes of *London*, *Newington*, *St. George Southwark*, *Barnesbury*, and *Chigwell*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for widening and lighting the said Roads. *Id.*
29. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present

- perfect Majesty, for maintaining a Road from *Wormouth Bridge* to *Yau Bridge*, with a Branch to *South Shields*, &c. in the County of *Durham*. *Ibid.*
222. An Act for repairing the Roads into and from the Town of *Templeberry*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
223. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts, for repairing the Roads from *Lakeau Carver* in the Parish of *Wincoburn*, to *Harwood Bridge* in the County of *Wilt*, and from the Well Corner of *East Lane's Street* in the City of *New Sarum* to *Langford*, and other Roads in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid.*
224. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the Town of *Rushy*, in the County of *Warwick*, to the Borough of *Warwick*, in the same County. *Ibid.*
225. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Salisbury* to *Salisbury*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*, in so far as relates to the Part situate of the said Road, from *Salisbury* to *Huddersfield*. *Ibid.*
226. An Act for repairing the Road from *Bradbourne* in the Parish of *Old Stratford*, in the County of *Warwick*, to the Top of *Long Gwyther Hill* in the same County, and another Road therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Warwick*, *Warwick* and *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
227. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Town of *Highfield*, in the County of *York*, to join the *Morphe Bridge Road* in the Parish of *Chelms*, in the County of *Derby*, with a Branch to *Herrin's Road*, in the Parish of *Hatfield*, in the said County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
228. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from the West End of the Town of *Burton upon Trent*, in the County of *Stafford*, through the said Town, the South End of the Town of *Derby*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
229. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the South End of *Angel Lane*, in *Stratford-upon-Avon*, to a certain Public Highway in *Stratford-upon-Avon*; and also from *Clay's Cottage*, in *Rennetworth*, to the North End of *Kilbuck Bridge*; and from the South End of the said Bridge to the West End of the Village of *Henric Roberts*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
230. An Act for diverting such Part of the Public Carriage Road leading from *Little Swanton* to *Darlington*, in the County of *York*, as is within the Township of *Stapleton*; and for forming up and discontinuing a certain Footpath as the said Township. *Ibid.*
231. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty for repairing the Road from the North End of *Hamphill Lane* to the City of *Chichester*, and from *Chichester* down to *Brighthelm*, in the County of *Sussex*. *Ibid.*
232. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads between the *High Street Bridge* in *Stoke Newington*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and the Town of *Morden*, and from the North Bridge of *Newport Pagnel*, in the said County of *Middlesex*, to the said *High Street Bridge*. *Ibid.*
233. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Lockwood* to *Abraham*, and a Branch of Road to *Abraham Mills*, &c. in the Parish of *Almsbury*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
234. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road between *Warminster* and *Lower Arden*, in the County Palatine of *LANCASHIRE*. *Ibid.*
235. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road leading from *Brady Bridge*, through the Borough of *Chippingdon*, to *Portsmouth*, and from the East End of *Chippingdon Bridge* to *Lower Stanton*, and from the East End of the said Bridge to join the Road at *Draycot Green*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Ibid.*
236. An Act for continuing and amending Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading from the Town of *Pader*; and also for repairing other Roads in and near the said Town, and from *Greenham* to *Coventry*, with Two Branches to the Great *Widdow Road*, in the Counties of *Derby* and *Wilt*. *Ibid.*
237. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His late Majesty, and Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading to and from the Town of *Wincoburn*, and the Roads communicating therewith, in the Counties of *Worcester*, *Wilt* and *Derby*. *Ibid.*
238. An Act for amending Two Acts of His present Majesty, in so far as the same relate to the Establishment of Chapels in the *High Wyke* and *Widdow Pore* in the County of *Lincoln*. *Ibid.*
239. An Act to amend Two Acts, passed in the Fifty second and Fifty fourth Years of His present Majesty, for settling the Forest of *Delamere* in the County of *Cheshire*. *Ibid.*
240. An Act for amending the Fund for carrying into Execution several Acts of His present Majesty, for improving the Drainage of the *Middle and South Levels*, Part of the Great Lord of the Fee called *Bedford Level*, and other Lands therein mentioned; and for improving the Navigation of the *River Ouse* in the County of *Yorkshire*, and of the several Rivers communicating therewith. *Ibid.*
241. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Thirty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for dividing, allotting, inclosing, draining and partitioning certain Common and Waste Grounds within the Manor and Parish of *Rushy*, in the County of *Staffordshire*, and for repealing a certain Act therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
242. An Act for draining and improving Lands in the Parishes of *Bray*, *White Waltham*, *Middesham*, *Lancashire Waltham*, *Beckley*, *Radstock*, *Wargrave*, *Remenham* and *Worley*, in the County of *Berk*, and the Liberties of *Widley* and *Brand Blount*, in the Parish of *Bergh*, in the Counties of *Berks* and *Wilt*. *Ibid.*
243. An Act for building a new Gaol and House of Correction for the City and County of the City of *Exeter*. *Ibid.*
244. An Act to alter and amend an Act for erecting and maintaining a Bridewell, Gaol, Court House and Public Offices, for the Borough of *Salisbury* and County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid.*
245. An Act for enlarging the Parish Church and Church Yard of *Sturminster* in the County of *Dorset*. *Ibid.*
246. An Act for clearing, lighting, watching and otherwise improving the Town of *Highfield* in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
247. An Act for lighting with Gas the City of *Stock* and the Liberties and Parishes thereof, and that Part of the Parish of *Widley* which lies without the Liberties of *Stock*, and the Parish of *Sturminster*, in the County of *Worcester*; and for constructing Galleries and other Works therein, and in the Parish of *Widley* in the said County. *Ibid.*
248. An Act for lighting with Gas the Town and Neighbourhood of *Leeds*, in the Borough of *Leeds*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
249. An Act for lighting with Gas the Town and County of the Town of *Nottingham*. *Ibid.*
250. An Act for providing an additional Burial Ground for the Parish of *St. Giles*, *Reading*, in the County of *Berk*, and a Room for the Use of the Minister in performing the Burial Service; and for stopping up one of the Footpaths over the parish Church Yard of the said Parish. *Ibid.*
251. An Act for better paving, cleansing, lighting, watching and improving the Streets, Lanes and other Public Places and Passages of the City of *Abbeville*, and the Roads and

- Avenues within the Freedom and Royalty thereof; and for supplying the Inhabitants of the said City with Water. *Id.*
64. An Act for rendering more effectual several Acts of His present Majesty for draining certain Low Lands on both Sides of the River *Widdow*, and in *Widdow* Fen, and in the *Widdow* and *East Fen*, and other Low Lands adjoining or contiguous thereto, in the County of *Lincoln*. *Id.*
65. An Act for erecting and maintaining a Harbour, and Works connected therewith, in the Bay of *Portsmouth*, in *Richmond*, within the Barony of *Ligon*, in the County of *Wight*. *Id.*
66. An Act to amend the several Acts passed for making *Wat Dock*, *Bulins*, *Cuts* and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue within the Port of *London*. *Id.*
67. An Act for making a Railway from the *Hay Railway* near *Eastbury*, in the County of *Worcester*, to the *Leam* Works near *Buckingham*, in the County of *Bedford*. 659
68. An Act for lighting with Gas the University and City of *Oxford*, and the Suburbs of the said City. 660
69. An Act for lighting with Gas the Town and Parishes of *Sheffield* in the County of *York*. *Id.*
70. An Act for lighting with Gas the Port and Town of *Liverpool*, and Township of *Townsend Park*, in the County of *Lancaster*. *Id.*
71. An Act for lighting the City and Suburbs of *Edinburgh*, and Places adjacent, with Gas. *Id.*
72. An Act for enabling the Southwark Bridge Company to raise a further Sum of Money, and to amend the Acts for building the said Bridge. *Id.*
73. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from *Strawley* in the County of *Surrey*, to *Redditch* in the County of *Stafford*. 671
74. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the Turnpike Road leading from *Overton* to *Redditch*, into the Turnpike Road leading from *Widbury* to *Redditch*, and a Continuation of the said Road from the last mentioned Turnpike Road to join the Turnpike Road leading from *Longley* to *Redditch*. *Id.*
75. An Act for more effectually converting into Money the Statute Labour in the Streetways of *Richmond*; for repairing the Highways, Bridges and Ferries therein; and for making and maintaining certain Turnpike Roads within the said Streetways. *Id.*
76. An Act for repairing the Road from *Clipping Campden*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to *Clifford Hill Gate* in the Parishes of *Old Stratford*, in the County of *Warwick*. *Id.*
77. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of several Acts for repairing the Roads from *Stapleford*, through *Spetchley Lane*, *Seven Sottery* and *Stapleford*, in the County of *Shropshire*, to a Place called *Lobson Green*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Id.*
78. An Act to alter and amend an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His Majesty's said Majesty, for raising a Fund for making Provision for the Widows of the Widows to His Majesty's Signet in *Scotland*. *Id.*
79. An Act to explain and amend an Act of the Fifty-third Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the Improvement of the Harbour of Kilmory*, and for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal or Watercourse in *Kilmory* and *Liberty*, and other *Parishes* therein mentioned, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*; and to alter and enlarge the Powers thereof. 671
80. An Act to continue the Term, and to amend, alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty's said Majesty, for repairing an Act of the Twenty-fifth Year of His said present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from the *Stone's End* to *Blackman Street*, in the Borough of *Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*, to *Highgate* in the County of *Stafford*, and other Roads therein mentioned; and for making a New Road from *Greening Lane* to *Condewell Green* in the said County of *Surrey*. 672
81. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for draining, dividing and enclosing a Common called *Greenland*, Common, otherwise *Goggsfield*, and certain Open Hall Year's Meadows, Commonable and Waste Grounds, called *The Waples* and *Fiddler Lane*, in, adjoining or near the Township of *Greenland*, in the County of *Lincoln*. *Id.*
82. An Act for repairing, widening and improving the Lower Road leading from the Town of *Greenwich* to the Town of *Woolwich*, in the County of *Kent*. *Id.*
83. An Act to alter the Term and Powers of Four Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading to, through and from the Town of *Mansfield*; and for making Two Pieces of Road to communicate therewith. *Id.*
84. An Act to provide additional Salaries to the present Clerks in the Register Office of the High Court of Chancery, and to provide additional Clerks for the said Office, and for making further Provision for the Clerks in the said Office. *Id.*
85. An Act for paving the Footways, and cleaning, lighting and watching the Streets in the Town of *Mansfield*. 673
86. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road at or near *Southampton*, and other Roads in the said Act mentioned, in the County of *Hants*. *Id.*
87. An Act for lighting the Borough of *Kilminster*, in the County of *Worcester*, with Gas. *Id.*
88. An Act for lighting with Gas the City of *Worcester*, and the Liberties, Parishes and Suburbs thereof; and those Parts of the several Parishes of *Salter Peter*, the *Grave Saint Martin*, *Saint Michael* in *Redwardine*, *Salter John* in *Redwardine*, *Gloucester* and *Saint Clement*, which are contiguous to but without the Liberties of the said City, and in the County of *Worcester*. *Id.*
89. An Act for better supplying the Inhabitants of the Town of *Mansfield* with Water. *Id.*
90. An Act for building a Chapel of Ease in the Township of *Presbury*, and Parishes of *Leck*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. *Id.*
91. An Act for lighting with Gas the Town of *Brighton*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Id.*

PRIVATE ACTS,

PRINTED BY THE KING'S PRINTER,

AND WHEREOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE

1. **A** N Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Cranford*, in the County of *Middlesex*. 636
2. An Act for enabling the Trustees acting under Letters Patent granted by King Charles the Second, to dispose of certain old Almshouses and other Premises, held in Trust for the Parish of *St. Martin in the Fields*, in the County of *Middlesex*; and for selling Part of the new Burial Ground belonging to the said Parish, at or near *Camden Town*, in the said Township, as a Site for building new Almshouses thereon; and for other Purposes. *Ibid.*
3. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Leicester-Field*, including the Taking of *Ford*, in the County of *Wilt.* *Ibid.*
4. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Barnston South*, in the County of *Wilt.* *Ibid.*
5. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wootton Bassett*, in the County of *Wilt.* *Ibid.*
6. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Thetford*, in the County of *Suffol.* *Ibid.*
7. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Middle otherwise Middlep*, in the Parish of *Ecstingfield*, in the County of *York.* *Ibid.*
8. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Gaifring*, in the Parish of *Pratford*, and County of *York.* *Ibid.*
9. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor of *Shaftebury*, in the Parish of *Shaftebury*, in the County of *Dorset.* *Ibid.*
10. An Act to amend an Act made in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Elsworth, Nether and Twickenham*, in the County of *Middlesex.* 637
11. An Act for Alienating Lands in the Parish of *Nude*, in the County of *Oxford.* *Ibid.*
12. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Eryngley, Colby, Buntingham and Sapworth*, in the County of *Herts.* *Ibid.*
13. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Nurston, Gales, Wicken and Wood Dalby*, in the County of *North.* *Ibid.*
14. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Great Milton otherwise Milton Saint Mary, and All Saints*, in the County of *Worc.* *Ibid.*
15. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Morton Park*, and in the Hamlet or Taking of *Parish*, in the Parish of *Stratford*, both in the County of *Glouc.* *Ibid.*
16. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Netherby*, in the County of *Dur.* *Ibid.*
17. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Marden, Swine Saint Michael, Swine Saint Nicholas, and Wellingham*, and certain Chapelrys, Townships and Parishes adjacent thereto, in the County of *Hertford.* *Ibid.*
18. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *South Marston*, in the County of *Berk.* *Ibid.*
19. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Walsingham-Melton*, in the County of *Suffol.* *Ibid.*
20. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Etton*, in the Parish of *Etton*, in the East Riding of the County of *York.* 637
21. An Act to enable Prior *Pranall*, and others therein mentioned, to grant a Building Lease of certain Premises situate in *High Street*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Newington*, in the County of *Surrey.* *Ibid.*
22. An Act to enable the Trustees of *Saint Paul's School*, in the City of *London*, to purchase Buildings and Land adjoining or near to the said School, for the better Accommodation of the Scholars, and for other Purposes. 638
23. An Act to enable the Governors of the Free Grammar School of *King Charles the Second*, at *Stratford*, in the County of *York*, to sell the old School House, and to sell certain Lands belonging to the said Foundation, and to apply the Money arising by such Sales in the Building of a new School House, and in the Purchase of other Estates, to be sold in the Governors on the Trusts of the said Charity; and to convey the Inheritance in Fee Simple, for building upon reserved Rents, or to make Building Leases of certain Parts of the Estate of the said School; and also to enable the Governors to increase the Number of Masters, and show proper Salaries; and for enlarging the Trusts and Powers of the said Governors. *Ibid.*
24. An Act for effecting an Exchange of an Estate in the County of *North.* devised by the Will of *Robert Harvey Elgum* to *John Harvey Elgum*, under certain Limitations, for an Estate belonging to the said *John Harvey Elgum*, in Fee Simple, to be subjected to the like Limitations. *Ibid.*
25. An Act for dividing land among Lands in the Parish of *Lodbrooke*, in the County of *Suffol.* *Ibid.*
26. An Act for inclosing Lands, in the Parish of *Stratford*, in the County of *Wilt.* *Ibid.*
27. An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for dividing and inclosing Herworth Moor, in the Manor or Township of Herworth, in the North Riding of the County of York, and for conveying the Rights of Way and Advantage over certain Lands called Hall Year Lands, situate in the Suburbs or Precincts of the City of York*; and for extending the Provisions of the said Act to the Inclosure of certain Lands in the Suburbs or Precincts of the City of *York.* *Ibid.*
28. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Kilnhampton, Saint James, Cheltenham, Crumlin, Newcastle and Rucknall*, in the County of *Durham.* *Ibid.*
29. An Act for enlarging a limited Right of Common over certain Coppices or Woodlands and Grounds in the Parish of *Weymouth-Tarweston*, in the County of *Dorset*; and for alienating and selling out a Part of the same, to be subject to a more extensive Right of Common, in lieu of the Right enlarged. *Ibid.*
30. An Act for empowering Trustees to join, as to One undivided Fourth Part of certain Estates devised by the Will of *Edward Bernard Gresham*, deceased, in the Sale of the

- the Extincty of the same Estates, and to purchase other Lands to be settled to the same Uses; and also for enabling the three Trustees to join, as to the same undivided Fourth Part, in making a Partition of the same Estates; and also for empowering certain Trustees to join in granting Leases of the Extincty of the same Premises, and for other Purposes. *Id.*
31. An Act for repealing an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty's Kings, intitled *An Act for settling Part of the Settled Estates of Sir Charles Knollys Barons, which were devised by the Will of Lucy Knollys Esquire, in Testes, to be sold, and for laying out the Money arising thereby in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled in his thereof, and in the same Use, and for other Purposes*; and for vesting that Part and other Parts of the said Settled Estates in other Trustees, to be sold, and for applying Part of the Money arising thereby in the Discharge of certain Incumbrances thereon, and laying out the Residue of the same Money in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. *Id.*
32. An Act to render effectual a Conveyance of the legal Fee as to a Moiety of certain Hereditaments in the Parishes of *Ellendune, Ellenspercy and Llandudno*, in the County of *Monmouth*, belonging to *Robert Ingram Esquire*. *Id.*
33. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Llystall Marwara and Llystall Nigher*, in the County of *Deff*. *Id.*
34. An Act for effecting and establishing an Exchange between the Reverend *Robert Philip Gendwyngh, Rector of Carlow, in Londond*, in the County of *Monaghan*, and *Henry Gasky Knight Esquire*, of *Globe* and other Lands in *Carlow* shire. *Id.*
35. An Act for vesting in the surviving and new Trustees certain Estates and Property in *Ireland* of the Most Honourable *Walter Marquis and Earl of Grosvenor in Ireland*, and *Baron Sudeley in England*, which have not been sold or disposed of under and by virtue of Three Acts of Parliament made in the Thirty fifth, Forty fifth, and Forty eighth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty. *Id.*
36. An Act for letting a Moiety of a yearly Rent of Four hundred Pounds, discharged from certain Estates created therein, upon *William Dandy Esquire* and *Caroline his Wife*, and their Heirs. *Id.*
37. An Act for confirming an Exchange of certain Estates in the Counties of *Hampshire and Suffolk*, of which *Samuel Brookesby, Esquire*, is Tenant for Life under the Will of her late Uncle *Johu Barker Esquire*, for certain Estates in the said Counties to which the said *Samuel Brookesby* and her Sisters, *Jane Maria Brookesby* (Wife of *Henry D'Esterre Brookesby Esquire*), *Ann Amelia Brookesby Spinster*, and *Isabel Huntington* (Wife of *Johu Barker Huntington Esquire*), became entitled by Devises from their late Father *James Brookesby Esquire*. *Id.*
38. An Act for effecting the Sale of the settled Freehold Estates of *Thomas Leach the Elder, Esquire*, tenant in the Counties of *Lincoln, Kent and Surrey*, and for applying the Money to arise by such Sale in Manner therein mentioned. *Id.*
39. An Act for vesting certain Pieces or Parcels of Land, and other Hereditaments, belonging to *Henry Saffin College*, in the University of *Cambridge*, in Trustees for Sale, with Powers to lease on Fees, and for applying the Purchase Money, and Money to arise from Fees, in Manner therein mentioned. *Id.*

PRIVATE ACTS,

NOT PRINTED.

40. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Tithing of *Upholde*, in the Parish of *Lodden*, in the County of *Derby*.
41. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor of *Talworth* otherwise *Talworth*, in the Parish of *Leap Drove*, in the County of *Surrey*.
42. An Act for naturalizing *Johu Adam Schmiedeknecht*.
43. An Act for naturalizing *Martin Baker*.
44. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Horsfield*, in the Parish of *Saugh*, in the County of *York*.
[*Assent for Tithes. Value of Tithes ascertained. If Proprietor has not sufficient Land to convert his old Inclosure from Tithes, the Deficiency is to be made up in Money. How and by when Tithes Assentments to be framed. Tithes to continue payable till Assentments made.*]
45. An Act for confirming a Partition and Division of certain Estates situate in the County of *Westmoreland*, and in the Town and County of the Town of *Manchester*, late the Property of *Russell Benson Jordan Esquire*, and for settling the Shares which upon the said Partition and Division were allotted to each of the Parties therein mentioned, to the several Uses therein mentioned.
46. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Great Cumbles*, in the County of *Worcester*.
[*Assentment to Rector and Proprietor in Area of Tithes. Payments to be made by Proprietor and Rector. Land to be conveyed for Tithes. Expenses in Tithes Assentments deemed Part of general Expenses.*]
47. An Act for inclosing and converting from Tithes Lands in the Parish of *Barnard Saint Leonard*, in the County of *Wilt*.
[*Tithes Assentment. Until Lands put into Tithes to continue. Tithes Assentments to be framed by the older Proprietors.*]
48. An Act for allotting, exchanging, and inclosing Lands in *Leap Land*, within the Parish of *Marbach*, in the County of *Devon*.
49. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Udby* with *Fotherington* otherwise *Fotherington*, otherwise *Fotherington*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
[*Assentments for Great and Small Tithes. For joining Glbe and Tithes Assentments. Tithes payable until Assentments are made.*]
50. An Act for inclosing certain Waste Lands in the Borough of *Strilghen*, and the several Parishes of *Freestone, Monaghan in Monaghan, and Saragay*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
[*Act not to assist Tithes.*]
51. An Act for inclosing *West Moor*, in the County of *Devon*, and other Lands in the several Parishes of *Curry Rivel, Drapton, Swell and Froeham*, in the said County.
52. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manors of *Westminster, Hudders*, and *Prigley*, in the Parish of *Wigmore*, in the County of *Salop*.
[*Right in Tithes not to be assisted.*]

53. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish or Township of *Widborough*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
[*Allowance for Tithes. The Allowance in lieu of Tithes to be paid for the other Proprietors. No Lease of the Rector's Lands to be good unless His Majesty's Counsel shall be first obtained.*]
54. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Treyham*, in the Parish of *Bromdesham*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
[*Proprietors who charge in common Cows Tithes may do so. Expenses of Ring fencing Title Allowance to be considered as Part of the general Expenses.*]
55. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Bucknell* and *Chesford*, in the County of *Salop*.
[*Allowance in the Rector in lieu of Great and Small Tithes. Tithes payable till Allowance are made.*]
56. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Villages of *Frayfield* and *Engfield*, in the Parishes of *Frayfield* and *Wibon*, in the County of *Wilt*.
57. An Act to define the Marriage of *Philip Leigh* the younger, Gentleman, with *Catherine Leigh* his own Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
58. An Act for naturalizing *Andrew Kays*.
59. An Act for naturalizing *Alexander Craik Perrell*.
60. An Act for naturalizing *Steven Desbriek Rucker*.
61. An Act for naturalizing *William Frederick Lufagen* Consul Lufagen.
62. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Bahedill* and *East Packington*, and in the Hundred of *de Helynes*, all in the County of *Warwick*.
[*Allowance for Great and Small Tithes. Tithes of East Packington to be commuted for by an annual Rent to be regulated by the Price of Wheat.*]
63. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Harborough*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
[*Proviso for Tithes, &c.*]
64. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Shirwell*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
[*Allowance for Tithes of old Inclosures, &c. Commissioners to ascertain the Number of Acres not subject to Tithes in Kind. Proportion in which Proprietors shall contribute to Title Allowance. Allowance to be determined upon a Plan and Statements respecting Discharges from Tithes drawn up by the Proprietors. Title Allowance to be forced. Tithes to be payable till Allowance made. Proprietors of old Inclosures who have an sufficient Lands to make Compensation for Tithes, to pay the Value thereof in such Proportions as the Commissioners shall appoint. Tenants for Life, &c. of old Inclosures improved to charge their Estates with Money paid for discharging the same from Tithes.*]
65. An Act for naturalizing *Alexis James Drouot*.
66. An Act to enable The Right Honourable *Johan Christian*, commonly called *Dowager Lady Elcho*, to take and use the Surname of *Tracy*, and to bear the Coat of Arms of the Name and Family of *Tracy*, pursuant to the Will of Robert Tracy Esquire, deceased.

THE STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno Regni GEORGH III. Britanniarum Regis,
Quinquagesimo Octavo.

AT the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Twenty fourth Day of November, Anno Domini 1812, in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith; And from thence continued, by several Prorogations, to the Twenty fourth Day of January 1813; being the Sixth Session of the Fifth Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

CAP. I.

*An Act to repeal an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled **An Act to continue an Act to empower His Majesty to seize and detain such Professors as His Majesty shall suspect are conspiring against His Person and Government.*** [31st January 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled ***An Act to empower His Majesty to seize and detain such Professors as His Majesty shall suspect are conspiring against His Person and Government;*** which Act was to continue in force until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen: And Whereas another Act was afterwards passed in the same Session of Parliament, intituled ***An Act to continue an Act to empower His Majesty to seize and detain such Professors as His Majesty shall suspect are conspiring against His Person and Government;*** which last mentioned Act was to continue in force until the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen: And Whereas it is deemed no longer necessary for the Public Safety that the last last mentioned Act, or the Provisions therein contained, should remain in force: Therefore be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said last mentioned Act shall from and after the passing of this Act be and the same is hereby repealed.

CAP. II.

An Act to suspend, until the End of the present Session of Parliament, the Operation of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, to provide for the more deliberate Investigation of Propositions to be made by Grand Jurors for Roads and Public Works in Ireland, and for accounting for Money raised by such Propositions. [18th February 1812.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled ***An Act to provide for the more deliberate Investigation of Propositions to be made by Grand Jurors for Roads and Public Works in Ireland, and for accounting for Money raised by such Propositions;*** And Whereas it is expedient that the Operation of the said Act should be suspended in manner hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act, and all every the Provisions, matters and things therein contained, shall stand and be and continue suspended and inoperative from the passing of this Act until the End of this present Session of Parliament; and that from and after the passing of this Act all and every Act and Acts of Parliament repeated, altered, varied, amended or in anywise affected by the said recited Act of the last Session, or by the Operation thereof, or of any Clause or Provisions therein, shall be revised and shall stand and be and continue of the same Force, Virtue and Effect, in all respects, and to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, until the End of this present Session of Parliament, as if the said recited Act of the last Session had not passed, and not otherwise.

nor any further; any thing in the last recited Act of the last Session contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Act may be altered, amended, or repealed.

II. And he is further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

[See Chap. 57. page 6.]

C A P. III.

An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff, in Great Britain; and on Postmen, Offices and Postpaid Letters, in England; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen. [13th February 1818.]

[This Act is the same as 57 G. 3. c. 3. except as to the Words "and for extending the Contributions of" Persons receiving Postages and holding Offices" which are inserted in the Title of this Act, — as in the Schedule in this Act of 57 G. 3. c. 3. — as to Duties, — as in the Schedule that are here retained, — and as in the Schedule of the Words "by the Authority aforesaid," in Sections 5. 7. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. and 17. and which are referred to in the corresponding Sections of 57 G. 3. c. 3. and of the same Words in Sections 48. 49. 50. and 52. of this Act, which are referred to in Sections 49. 50. 52. and 53. of 57 G. 3. c. 3.]

Money paid into the Exchequer under this Act shall be entered separate from other Payments.

Surplus Moneys shall be carried to Consolidated Fund.

XL. And he is further enacted, That there shall be prepared and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster One Book of Register, in which all the Money that shall be paid into the Exchequer at Westminster for the said Rates and Duties hereby granted on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, and also the Rates and Allowances hereby granted on Postpaid Letters, and on Offices and Employments of Postmen, Postmen, Messengers and Stipendiaries, shall be entered and registered apart and distinct from all other Moneys paid and payable to His Majesty.

L. And he is further enacted, That the Surplus of the Moneys arising from the Rates, Duties and Allowances granted and imposed by this Act, after paying off and satisfying all the Exchequer Bills offered by virtue of this Act, together with the Interest that may become due thereon, and the Charges of exchanging and circulating the same, shall, as the Surplus of any such Moneys respectively shall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer at Westminster, be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

C A P. IV.

An Act for raising the Sum of Thirty Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen. [13th February 1818.]

"TREASURY may raise 30,000,000, by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1. — § 1. The Clerk, &c. in relation to the Act, § 1. A. Treasury to apply the Money raised, § 3. Exchequer Bills to be payable out of the Supplies for next Session. § 4. Interest 3 1/4 per Cent. per Annum. § 5. Exchequer Bills to be current at the Exchequer after April 5. 1819. — § 6. Bank of England may advance 20,000,000, on the Credit of this Act, not exceeding § 4 & 6 W. & M. — § 7. Act may be altered, amended or repealed this Session. § 8.

C A P. V.

An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the time limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and to permit such Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indemnities of Clerks to Attorneys and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and to allow Persons to make and file such Affidavits, although the Persons whom they served shall have neglected to make out their Annual Certificates. [13th March 1818.]

[This Act is the same as 57 G. 3. c. 14. except the Words "and to allow Persons to make and file such Affidavits, although the Persons whom they served shall have neglected to make out their Annual Certificates," which are added in the Title of this Act; and except also the Words and the Schedule which remain.]

Persons who had made Certificates to be served, and Affidavits of having served as Clerks to Attorneys, &c. to be filed before Hilary Term 1819.

"WIL. And Whereas many Persons have omitted to cause Affidavits to be made, and afterwards to be filed in the proper Office, of the actual Execution of several Contracts in Writing entered into by them to serve as Clerks to Attorneys or Solicitors, Scriveners or public Notaries, in Great Britain, and such Contracts, and the Indentures thereof, to be executed within the time in which the same ought to have been done; and many Scriveners, Attorneys, Notaries, and others, may have omitted to take out annual Certificates, or to enter the same in the proper Office, and many Infants and others may thereby incur certain Disabilities; For preventing thereof, and relieving such Persons, be it enacted, That every Person who at the passing of this Act shall have neglected or omitted to make any such Affidavit or Affidavits as aforesaid to be made and filed, or such Contract or Indenture to be executed, and who, on or before the First Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, shall cause such Contract or Indenture to be executed with the proper Officer in the said Bill, and One or more Affidavits or Affidavits to be made, and afterwards to be filed in such

anyway as the same ought to have been made and filed in due time, shall be and is hereby indemnified, freed, and discharged from and against all Penalties, Forfeitures, Incapacities, and Disabilities, in or by an Act & Acts of Parliament mentioned and incurred as to be incurred for or by reason of such Neglect or Omission; and every such Affidavit and Affidavits in to be made, and which shall be duly filed on or before the First Day of February Term One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, shall be as effectual as all former and Future shall be if the same had been made and filed within the respective times the same ought, by the Laws now in being for that Purpose, to have been made and filed; and that the respective Officer or Officers who ought to receive, file, enter, or register the same, by reason that the Attorney, Solicitor, or Notary Public, to whom such Affidavit or other Process shall have been committed or have committed to serve, shall have omitted to take out his annual Certificate or to register the same, but each Officer or Officers are hereby directed and empowered to receive, file, enter, or register the same, notwithstanding such Omission; and that every Person who shall have regularly served any Attorney or Attorneys, Solicitor or Solicitors, Public Notary or Public Notaries, for the Term of Years required by Law, shall not be prevented or disqualified from being admitted as Attorney, Solicitor or Public Notary, by reason of any Omission of the Person or Persons to whom he served for the said Term, or for any Part thereof, having so neglected to take out his annual Certificate or to register the same; provided that such Person is otherwise entitled to be created and admitted to such Office by the Laws now in force relating thereto.

WILL. And be it further enacted, That in case any Affidavits, Subj. Bill of Indictment, or Informations, shall come and after the passing of this Act be brought, carried on or prosecuted against any Person or Persons hereby meant or intended to be indemnified, recompensed or released, for or on account of any Forfeiture, Penalty, Incapacity or Disability whatsoever, incurred or to be incurred by any such Neglect or Omission, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and upon their Defence give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence upon any Trial to be had thereupon.

C A P. VI.

An Act for indemnifying Persons who, since the Twenty sixth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, have acted in apprehending, imprisoning or detaining in Custody Persons suspected of High Treason or Treasonable Practices, and in the Suppression of tumultuous and unlawful Assemblies. [17th March 1818.]

WHEREAS a numerous Conspiracy was formed in Great Britain for the Purpose of overthrowing by means of a general insurrection, the established Government, Laws and Constitution of the Kingdom: And Whereas divers Persons have tumultuously, unlawfully and in a seditious manner assembled together in Great Britain, under Pretence or for the Purpose of proceeding to London in such Numbers as greatly to disturb and endanger the public Peace and Tranquillity, and to excite Terror and Intimidation in the Minds of His Majesty's loyal and peaceable Subjects: And Whereas in order to secure the internal Peace and Tranquillity of the Country, and to counteract such numerous Conspiracy, it has been deemed necessary, since the Twenty sixth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, from time to time to apprehend, commit, imprison and detain in Custody divers Persons suspected of High Treason or Treasonable Practices, and to seize the Papers of divers of such Persons, and also to disperse the Persons in tumultuously, unlawfully and in a seditious manner assembled together as aforesaid, and to apprehend, commit and detain in Custody divers of such last mentioned Persons, and so search the Houses of divers Persons for Arms and other offensive Weapons concealed or suspected to be concealed therein: And Whereas in case the Acts and Proceedings of the several Persons concerned or employed in such apprehending, committing, imprisoning, and detaining in Custody, and searching and searching as aforesaid, should be called in question, it may be impossible for them to justify or defend the same without an open Disclosure of the Informations given, and the means by which the said numerous Designs and unlawful Purposes were discovered; and it is necessary for the Safety and Protection of the Persons by whose Information and means the same have been discovered, and for the secure Preservation of similar Practices, that such Informations and means should remain secret and undisturbed: And Whereas some of the said Acts done may not have been strictly justifiable in Law, but being done for the Preservation of the public Peace and Safety, in such that the Persons doing the same should be saved harmless in respect thereof: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all persons Actions, Suits, Indictments and Prosecutions, hereafter brought, commenced, preferred or exhibited, or now depending or to be hereafter brought, commenced, preferred, or exhibited, and all Judgments thereupon obtained, if any such thing be or shall be done, and all Proceedings whatsoever against any Person or Persons for or on account of any Act, matter, or thing by him or them done as aforesaid, ordered, directed or advised to be done, since the Twenty sixth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, for apprehending, committing, imprisoning, detaining in Custody or discharging any Person or Persons who hath or have been imprisoned or detained in Custody for High Treason, or Suspicion of High Treason or Treasonable Practices, not relating to Coin, or for apprehending, committing, imprisoning or detaining in Custody any Person or Persons who have been imprisoned or detained in Custody for having been tumultuously, unlawfully, and in a seditious manner assembled as aforesaid, or for dispersing any Persons assembled as aforesaid, or for seizing the Papers of any such Person or Persons, or for searching Houses for Arms and other offensive Weapons as aforesaid, shall be discharged and made void; and that every Person

indemnified and discharged from Penalties;

and Officers to receive and enroll, or file, such Affidavits.

Persons having served Charters can be admitted by reason of his Master not having taken out a Certificate.

Persons so prosecuted and hereby meant to be indemnified, may plead the General Issue.

Making that a criminal Conspiracy was formed in Great Britain, to overthrow the Government, and that it had been deemed necessary to apprehend and detain in Custody divers Persons suspected of High Treason, &c. and to search the Papers, &c. and that it was necessary to protect the Persons who opened such Papers.

Persons and Proceedings in connection with any thing done in apprehending or detaining in Custody Persons charged with High Treason, &c. made void, and that the Persons against whom such Acts are brought be indemnified.

by whom any such Act, matter, or thing shall have been done, or committed, ordered, directed, or advised to be done, shall be freed, acquitted, discharged and indemnified, as well against The King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, as against the Prison and Persons in apprehended, committed, imprisoned or detained in Custody, discharged, or dispersed, and all and every other Parties and Persons whomsoever.

General Issue.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Affidavit Suit hath been or shall be brought, commenced, or had in any Court of that Part of the United Kingdom called England, against any Person or Persons for or on account of any such Act, matter, or thing as aforesaid, he and they may plead the General Issue, and give the Act and the Special Matters in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become vanquished, or for other further Profection, or suffer Discontinuance in any such Action or Suit, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein, the Defendant or Defendants shall have and be entitled to Double Costs, for which he or they shall have the like Remedy as in other Cases in which Costs by Law are given to Defendants; and if any such Action or Suit hath been or shall be brought, commenced or had in any Court, within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, the Court before whom or in which such Action or Suit shall be brought, commenced or had, or shall be depending, shall allow to the Defendant or Defendants therein the Benefit of the Discharge and Indemnity heretofore provided, and shall further decree the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs to pay the Defendant or Defendants the full and real Expenses which he or they shall be put to by such Action or Suit: Provided always, that in such Cases in which any such Action or Suit shall have been commenced before the Twenty seventh Day of February now last past, and in which the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, shall not have continued since the Twenty seventh Day of February, or shall not heretofore continue the Proceedings in any such Action or Suit, such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, shall not be liable to any Costs or Expenses.

Prelims.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Action, Suit, Indictment, Information, Profection or Proceeding hath been or shall be brought, commenced, preferred, exhibited or had in any Court against any Person or Persons for or on account of any such Act, matter or thing as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Defendant or Defendants, Defendant or Defendants, in any such Action, Suit, Indictment, Information, Profection or Proceeding, or for any of them, to apply by Motion, Petition, or otherwise, in a summary Way, to the Court in which the same hath been or shall be brought, commenced, preferred, exhibited or had, or shall be depending, if such Court shall be sitting, and if not sitting, then to any one of the Judges or Justices of such Court, to stay all further Proceedings in such Action, Suit, Indictment, Information, Profection or Proceeding; and such Court, and any Judge or Justice thereof when the said Court shall not be sitting, is hereby authorized and required to examine the matter of such Application; and upon Proof by the Oath or Affidavit of the Person or Persons making such Application, or any of them, on other Proof to the Satisfaction of such Court, Judge or Justice, that such Action, Suit, Indictment, Information, Profection or Proceeding is brought, commenced, preferred, exhibited or had for or on account of any such Act, matter or thing as aforesaid, to make an Order for staying Execution and all other Proceedings in such Action, Suit, Indictment, Information, Profection or Proceeding, in whatever State the same shall or may then be; and the Court or the Judge or Justice making such Order for stay of Proceedings in any Action or Suit as aforesaid shall also order unto the Defendant or Defendants, Defendant or Defendants, and he or they shall have and be entitled to Double Costs for all such Proceedings as shall be had or carried on in any such Action or Suit after the passing of this Act, and for which Costs he and they shall have the like Remedy as in Cases where Costs are by Law given to Defendants or Defendants: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons, being a Party or Parties to any such Action, Suit, Indictment, Information, Profection or other Proceeding, to apply by Motion, Petition, or otherwise, in a summary Way, to the Court in which the same shall have been brought, commenced, preferred, exhibited or had, or shall be depending, to vacate, discharge or set aside any Order made by any Judge or Justice of that Court for staying Proceedings, or for Payment of Costs as aforesaid, in any such Application be made within the first Four Days on which such Court shall sit next after the making of any such Order by any Judge or Justice as aforesaid; and such Court is hereby required to examine the Matter of such Application, and to make such Order thereon as if the Application had been originally made to the said Court, but notwithstanding in the meantime, and until such Application shall be made to the said Court, and unless the said Court shall think fit to vacate, discharge, or set aside or reverse the Order made by any such Judge or Justice as aforesaid, the same shall continue in full Force in all Intents and Purposes whomsoever.

Application may be made to the Court by which the Action shall be brought, or to any of the Judges of the Court, or to any Judge or Justice thereof when the said Court shall not be sitting, to stay all further Proceedings.

And on Proof by Oath or Affidavit of such Person or Persons, that such Application is made.

Double Costs.

Power for Application to set aside Order.

In Actions brought in England, General Issue may be pleaded.

and Order to stay Proceedings may be summary Application.

IV. Provided also, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action or Suit hath been or shall be brought, commenced or had in any Court to that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, for or by reason, or on account of apprehending, committing, imprisoning, detaining in Custody or discharging out of Custody, any Person or Persons in Ireland who have or hath been charged with High Treason, or Sufficiency of High Treason or Treasonable Practices, committed or carried on, or alleged to have been committed or carried on in Great Britain, any Person or Persons against whom any such Action or Suit hath been, or shall be brought, commenced or had, may plead the General Issue, and give in Evidence the Act and the Special Matters, and shall be entitled to Double Costs in like Cases in which any Defendant or Defendants stand in Great Britain: And he or they shall have the like Remedy for the same; and the Court in Ireland in which such Action or Suit hath been or shall be commenced whilst sitting, and the respective Judges thereof whilst the Court is not sitting, are and is hereby empowered, authorized and required, upon Application made for that Purpose in a summary Way by any Defendant or Defendants, to examine the Matter of such Application, and thereupon to make Orders as to staying Execution and other Proceedings, and as to Double Costs, in such and the like Manner as is heretofore enacted and provided with respect to Applications made to any Court or Judge in England; and with such and the like Power to the Courts when sitting to vacate, discharge or set aside any Order made by any Judge of such Court when the said Court was not sitting.

V. And he is further enabled by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons discharged out of Custody as aforesaid, although he shall not have been discharged according to Law, shall be deemed and taken to have been legally discharged out of Custody.

Persons dis-
charged out of
Custody deemed
legally dis-
charged.

C. A. P. VII.

AN ACT to indemnify all Persons who have been concerned in advising, issuing or carrying into Execution any Order or Orders for permitting the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Commodities in Foreign Bottoms into and out of certain of His Majesty's *West India Islands*.

[19th March 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for the encouraging and improving of Shipping and Navigation*, and by other Acts of Parliament now in force, no Goods or Commodities whatsoever can be imported into or exported out of any Lands, Islands, Plantations or Territories in His Majesty's Kingdom, or in His Majesty's Possession, or which may hereafter belong unto or be in the Possession of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in *Asia, Africa or America*, in any other Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels whatsoever, but in such Ships or Vessels as do truly and without Fraud belong solely to the People of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or of any of the Territories thereof, in the manner and subject to the Exceptions and Regulations in the said Acts respectively contained; but Whereas, notwithstanding the said Acts, His Majesty's Governor of the Island of Dominica, and the Person sitting as Governor of *Saint Lucia*, have issued themselves under the Necessity of opening, with the Advice of their respective Councils, the Ports of the said Islands for a limited time, for the Importation of certain Articles necessary for the Supply of the said Islands, Colonies, Settlements and Territories, in Foreign Bottoms, and in like manner for the Exportation of certain Articles the Produce of the said Islands in return for the same: And Whereas such Importation and Exportation as aforesaid are contrary to the said Acts of Parliament, but being permitted from the Necessity of the Occasion, the same ought to be justified by an Act of Parliament, and rendered valid and of due Force in Law, and all Persons advising or issuing any Order or Provision of the said Governor, or Persons sitting as such, ought to be respectively justified: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Orders and Permissions be and be deemed valid accordingly, and of due Force in Law; and that all persons Attorneys and Suits, Indictments, Informations and all Proceedings and Proceedings whatsoever, which have been or shall be hereafter prosecuted or commenced against any Person or Persons for having advised or issued or carried into Execution any such Order or Permission at any time before the passing of this Act, be, and are and shall be discharged and made void by virtue of this Act; and that if any Action or Suit shall be prosecuted or commenced against any Person or Persons for or by virtue of any such Act, matter or thing so advised, commanded, appointed or done, be, or they may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in any Action or Suit so to be prosecuted or commenced in that Part of the United Kingdom called England, or that part called Ireland, or in the said *West India Islands*, shall become plaintiff, or before further Prosecution, or before Discontinuance, or if a Verdict shall pass against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover his, her or their Double Costs, for which he, she or they shall have the like Remedy as in Cases where the Costs by Law are given to the Defendants; and if any such Action or Suit as aforesaid shall be commenced or prosecuted to that Part of Great Britain called Ireland, the Court before which such Action or Suit shall be commenced or prosecuted shall allow to the Defendant the Benefit of the Discharge and Indemnity thereby provided, and shall further allow him his Double Costs of Suit in all such Cases as aforesaid.

II. And be it also enacted, That if any Action or Suit hath been already commenced against any Person or Persons for any such Act, matter or thing so advised, commanded, appointed or done, it shall and may be lawful for the Defendants or Defendants in such Actions or Suits respectively, in whatever Court in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the said *West India Islands*, such Action or Suit shall have been commenced, to apply to such Court or Courts respectively to stay all Proceedings thereon respectively, by Motion in a Summary Way, and such Court or Courts are hereby required to make Order for that Purpose accordingly; and the Court or Courts making such Order shall allow and award to the Defendants or Defendants respectively Double Costs of Suit, for which they shall respectively have the like Remedy as in Cases where the Costs are by Law given to the Defendants or Defendants.

C. A. P. VIII.

AN ACT to authorize the Governors of the Hospital of King Charles the Second for ancient and married Officers and Soldiers of the Army of Ireland, (usually called the Royal Hospital at *Kilmainham*;) to suspend or take away the Pensions of such Pensioners of the said Hospital as shall be guilty of any Fraud in respect of Prize Money or Pensions, or of any other gross Misdemeanor.

[19th March 1818.]

WHEREAS no sufficient Provision is made for punishing Frauds in Ireland relating to Pensions or Prize Money of Soldiers; and it is expedient that Powers should be given to the Governors of the Hospital of King Charles the Second, for ancient and married Officers and Soldiers of the Army of Ireland, (usually called the Royal Hospital at *Kilmainham*;) to take away or suspend the Pensions payable on the

Revival of Stat.
25 Geo. 2. c. 25.

And that the
Governors of
Dominica and
St. Lucia had
been obliged to
open the Ports
of the said Islands
for Importation
and Exportation
of certain arti-
cles, in British
bottoms.

Ordering the
Importation of
Articles from
foreign Ports
necessary to the
civil and mili-
tary Adminis-
tration, in
General Order.

Double Costs

and in Actions
in Ireland,
Indemnity and
Double Costs.

If any Applica-
tion, Pro-
ceedings may be
brought on Summary
Application.

Double Costs.

Governors may
refused to take
any Pension of
Rank, or of
Pay, or of
allowance, or
grat. Milite-
rents.

* said Hospital of such Persons as shall be guilty of Frauds or other gross Misdemeanors: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, upon Complaint and Proof being made to the Satisfaction of the Governors of the said Hospital, on any Three of them, that any Fraud either with respect to the Receipt of Prize Money or Pension, or any other Money in the Nature of Allowance or Bounty Money, hath been or shall be attempted or practised by any Person being a Pensioner of the said Hospital, or that any such Pensioner hath attempted or practised any other gross Misdemeanor, it shall and may be lawful for the Governors of the said Hospital, and they are hereby authorized to suspend or entirely to take away the Pension payable at the said Hospital to the Person so offending; and upon the Order of the said Governors under their Corporate Seal, or of any Three or more of such Governors, under their Hands and Seals, the Pension therein mentioned shall be suspended or altogether taken away, according to the tenor of the said Order, any thing in any other Act contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. IX.

An Act to further continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, Two Acts of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing the Duties of Customs on MaMer imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof.

[17th March 1818.]

34 G. 3. c. 28.

* WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for repealing the Duties of Customs on MaMer imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, in continue in force until the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen: And Whereas another Act was passed in the same Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act of the present Session of Parliament, for repealing the Duties of Customs on MaMer imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, Two Acts of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing the Duties of Customs on MaMer imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof: And Whereas it is expedient that the said last recited Act, as altered by the second recited Act, should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said last recited Act, as amended by the said second recited Act, shall be further continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.***

34 G. 3. c. 29.

35 G. 3. c. 56.

35 G. 3. c. 56.
continued.

C A P. X.

An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act, passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and to indemnify certain Persons in relation thereto.

[17th March 1818.]

Revised of Pri-
v. G. 3. c. 12.

35 G.

* WHEREAS an Act was made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and passed on the Twenty second Day of June in the said Year, intitled *An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters: And Whereas it was in and by the said Act enacted, that the said Act should continue in force within Great Britain from the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark and Isle of Man, and the Islands thereto belonging, from the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen until the First Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and in Gibraltar, Spain and Portugal, from the Twenty fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen to the Twenty fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and in all other Parts of Europe where His Majesty's Forces might be serving, and in the West Indies, North America and Cape of Good Hope, from the Twenty fifth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifteen to the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and in all other Places from the Twenty fifth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and sixteen to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen: And Whereas an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of the present Majesty, intitled *An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters: And Whereas it was by the said Act enacted, that the said Act should continue in force within the several and respective Colonies and Places mentioned as aforesaid for the several and respective Periods in the said last recited Act specified, and in all other Places from the Twenty fourth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen to the Twenty fifth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas the said Act passed for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, have always been made to continue, in all such other Places as aforesaid, for a much longer Period than in the said Places specified in the said Acts, on account of the Distance of such other Places, and to allow of sufficient Time for the Transmission of the Act of the following Year, and the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year alone, and ought therefore to have been continued, according to the usual Course of the said Acts, in all such other**

* Places,

And that
35 G. 3. c. 12.
ought to have

Place, until *November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*: And Whereas *March* was referred in the said last mentioned Act to *Mistake* instead of *November*, and by reason thereof, and of the succeeding Acts of the said fifth Year of His Majesty's reign being made to continue in such distant Places for the said Periods without such *Mistake* in the preceding Act having been discovered, the Provisions of the said Acts have not been in force in the *East Indies*, and such other distant Parts and Places; and it is therefore expedient, and necessary that such *Mistake* and Confusion should be corrected, and that all Acts, matters and things, which would, if the said last recited Act had been in force during the said Period, have been valid and effectual, should be confirmed, and that all Persons who have during the said Period executed any Powers or Authorities, or done any Act, matter or thing, which would have been authorised by the said Act, if the same had been in force, should be indemnified: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Powers and Authorities used and executed, and all Orders which have been issued, given and obeyed, and all Acts done, and matters and things which have happened or arisen in relation to the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and the Preservation of Discipline, and the Payment of the Army and their Quarters, which would, if the Provisions of the said last recited Act had been in force, have been valid and effectual, shall be and are hereby confirmed, and declared to be valid and effectual, to all Intent and Purposes as if such *Mistake* had not arisen, and as if the said last recited Act had been continued to the Twenty fifth Day of *November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*, and the Provisions thereof had been in full Force and Effect; and all Persons who have issued or obeyed any Order or done any Act in relation thereto, and all other matters and things which would have been good, valid and effectual under the Provisions of the said last recited Act, if the said Act had been continued to the said Twenty fifth Day of *November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*, shall be and are hereby declared to be fully authorised and wholly released from any Action, Suit or other Proceedings law or in respect of having issued or obeyed any such Order or done any such Act, and for or in respect of any such matters and things so specified, so fully and effectually to all Intent and Purposes as if the said last recited Act had been in full Force and Effect during the said Period as aforesaid.

been continued till Nov. 1817, and then by *Mistake*, *March* had been referred instead of *November*.

Acts done in 1817 were confirmed during the Session of the House of Commons on 18th Nov. 1818, and *Proviso* continued.

C. A. P. XI.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. [17th March 1818.]

WHEREAS the raising or keeping a Standing Army within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in time of Peace, whilst it is with the Consent of Parliament, a useful Law: And Whereas it is judged necessary by His Majesty, and this present Parliament, that a Body of Forces should be maintained for the Safety of the United Kingdom, the Defence of the Possessions of His Majesty's Crowns, and the Preservation of the Balance of Power in Europe, and that the whole Number of such Forces should consist of One hundred and thirteen thousand five hundred and forty effective Officers and Men, (including the Forces stationed in France,) and also four thousand two hundred Officers and Men proposed to be disbanded, but exclusive of the Officers and Men belonging to the Regiments now employed in the Territorial Possessions of the *East India Company*, or ordered from thence to *Great Britain*: And Whereas no Man can be deprived of Life or Limb, or subjected in time of Peace to any Kind of Punishment without due Notice by Martial Law, or in any other manner than by the Judgment of his Peers, and according to the known and established Laws of this Realm; yet nevertheless, it being requisite, for the carrying on of the before mentioned Forces in their Duty, that an exact Discipline be observed, and that Soldiers who shall mutiny or stir up Sedition, or shall desert His Majesty's Service, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punishment than the usual Forms of the Law will allow: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person who is or shall be commissioned or is or shall be in Pay as an Officer, or who is or shall be listed or is or shall be in Pay as a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall at any time during the Continuance of the said Act begin, execute, make or join in any Mutiny or Sedition in His Majesty's Land or Marine Forces, or shall not use his utmost Endeavour to suppress the same, or coming to the Knowledge of any Mutiny or intended Mutiny, shall not without Delay give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer; or shall neglectance himself before the Enemy; or shall shamefully shew or deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post, or Guard committed to his Charge, or which he shall be commanded to defend; or shall compel the Governor or Commanding Officer of any Garrison, Fortress or Post, to deliver up to the Enemy, or to surrender the same; or shall break Words, or use any other Means to induce such Governor or Commanding Officer, or others, to surrender before the Enemy, or shamefully to shew or deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard committed to their respective Charge, or which he or they shall be commanded to defend; or shall leave his Post before ordered; or shall be found sleeping on his Post; or shall hold Correspondence with, or give Advice or Intelligence to any Rebel or Enemy of His Majesty, either by Letters, Messages, Signs or Tokens, in any manner or way whatsoever; or shall treat or converse with any Person with such Rebel or Enemy, without His Majesty's Licence, or Licence of the General or Chief Commander; or shall strike or use any Violence against his Superior Officer, being in the Execution of his Office; or shall disobey any lawful Command of his Superior Officer; or shall desert His Majesty's Service; or in any other Particular or Particulars do offending in any of the matters before mentioned, whether such Offence shall be committed within this Realm, or in any other of His Majesty's

Members of Council 11/11/18.

Every Officer or Private Man, during the Continuance of the said Act, who shall mutiny or stir up sedition.

or shall be found sleeping upon his Post, or shall strike or use any Violence against his Superior Officer, or shall desert, or shall disobey any lawful Command of his Superior Officer.

Twenty fifth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to the Twenty fifth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

[*This Act is in the form, and all the Schedule are of the form, as 57 G. 3. c. 12. and 57 G. 3. c. 25. except as to Dates, Numbers of Pages, &c. and the Sections that are here retained.*]

C A P. XII.

An Act for the regulating of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore,

[17th March 1818.]

WHEREAS it may be necessary, for the Safety of the United Kingdom, and the Defence of the Possessions of the Crown of Great Britain and Ireland, that a Body of Royal Marine Forces should be employed in His Majesty's Fleet and Naval Service, under the Direction of the Lord High Admiral or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland: And Whereas the said Royal Marine Forces may frequently be quartered on Shore, or fast in or out of any Transport Ships or Merchant Ships or Vessels, or Ships or Vessels of His Majesty not being in Commission, or any Corvet Hulk or Ship, where they will not be subject to the Laws relating to the Government of His Majesty's Forces by Sea; yet notwithstanding it being requisite, for the retaining of such Forces in their Duty, that as exact Discipline be observed; and that Marines who shall mutiny or stir up Sedition, or shall desert His Majesty's Service, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punishment than the Law will allow: Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, if any Person being entered or in Pay as an Officer of Royal Marines, or who is or shall be hired or in Pay as a Non Commissioned Officer or Private Man in any Division of Royal Marines in His Majesty's Service, and on the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen shall remain in such Service, or during the Continuance of this Act shall be voluntarily engaged and in Pay as a Marine Officer or Private Man in His Majesty's Service, and being ordered or employed in such Service, at any time during the Continuance of this Act on Shore in any Place within the said Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, or on board any Transport Ship or Merchant Ship or Vessel, or any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty not being in Commission, or any Corvet Hulk or Ship, shall begin, excite, guide or join in any Mutiny or Sedition in the Company in which he doth or shall belong, or in any other Company, Troop or Regiment, whether of Marine or Land Forces, in His Majesty's Service; or shall not at his utmost Endeavour to suppress the same, or coming to the Knowledge of any such Mutiny or intended Mutiny, shall not without Delay give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer; or shall desert His Majesty's Service; or being actually engaged as a Marine in any Company, shall hit himself in any other Company, Troop or Regiment, or enter as a Seaman in His Majesty's Service, without first having a Discharge in Writing from the Officer commanding in Chief the Company in which he last served as a Marine, in which Case he shall be regarded a Desertion; or shall be found sleeping upon his Post, or shall know it before entered; or shall hold Correspondence with any Rebel or Enemy of His Majesty, or give them Advice or Intelligence of any kind, by any Ways or Means, or in any manner whatsoever; or shall treat with such Rebels or Enemies, or enter into any Confiance with them without His Majesty's License, or Licence of the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being; or shall strike or do any Violence against his Superior Officers being in the Execution of his Office; or shall disobey any lawful Command of his Superior Officers; and every Person and Persons in offending in any or either of the Matters before mentioned on Shore, in any Part of this Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, or on board any Transport Ship or Merchant Ship or Vessel, or any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty not being in Commission, or any Corvet Hulk or Ship, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be inflicted.

III. And be it also enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for such Courts Martial respectively, by their Sentences or Judgments, to inflict Corporal Punishment, not exceeding in Life or Limb, on any Marine for Insurrection, Misbehaviour or Neglect of Duty, on Shore, in any Place or Places within this Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Transport or Merchant Ships or Vessels, or any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty not being in Commission, or any Corvet Hulk or Ship, during the Continuance of this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, at any time during the Continuance of this Act, to make and establish Rules and Articles in Writing under his or their respective Hand or Hands; which Articles shall be judicially taken Notice of by all the Judges, and in all Courts whatsoever, for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, Insurrection, Misbehaviour and Neglect of Duty, in any of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces, while on Shore in any Part of this Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, or in Transport or Merchant Ships or Vessels, or any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty not being in Commission, or any Corvet Hulk or Ship, and for bringing Offences against the same to Justice; and to make and constitute Courts Martial, with Power to try, hear and determine any Crimes or Offences specified in such Rules and Articles, and inflict Punishments by Sentence or Judgment for the same, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and all such Articles of War shall from time to time, as soon after the same shall have been established as the same can be done, be transmitted

John Martin
25, 1818, every
Marine Officer,
Non Commissioned
Officers, and Private
Men,

who shall mutiny
or desert, &c.

or hit in any
other Regiment,
&c.

or shall be found
sleeping upon his
Post, or shall know it
before, &c.

or shall strike or
do Violence to his
Superior Officers;
shall suffer
Death, or such
Punishment as a
Court Martial
shall inflict.

Courts Martial
may inflict Corporal
Punishment for In-
surrection, &c.

Articles en-
acted in pursu-
ance of this
Act for the Pun-
ishment of Mu-
tiny and De-
sertion, &c.

and to consti-
tute Courts
Martial.

by the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time, being to the Judges of His Majesty's Courts at *Windsor* and *Dublin* and into *Scotland* respectively.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That Every High Constable, Constable, Beadle or other Officer or Person whatsoever, who by virtue or colour of this Act shall quarter or billet, or be employed in quartering or billeting, any Marine Officers, or Private Men, shall arrest or refuse for the Space of Two Hours to quarter or billet such Officers or Marines, when thereunto required, in such manner as is by this Act directed, provided sufficient Notice be given before the Arrest of such Person; or shall receive, demand, extort, or agree for any Sum or Sums of Money, or any Reward whatsoever for or on account of quartering, or in order to enable, any Person or Persons whatsoever from quartering or receiving into his, her or their Houses any such Officer or Marine; or in case any Villain, or any other Person liable by this Act to have any Officer or Marine billeted or quartered on him or her, shall refuse to receive or to afford proper Accommodation to or to withhold any such Officer or Marine is quartered or billeted upon him or her as aforesaid, or shall refuse to furnish or allow, according to the Directions of this Act, the several things herebefore respectively directed to be furnished or allowed to Non-Commissioned Officers or Marines so quartered or billeted on him or her as aforesaid, at the Rate which is or shall be established by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in that behalf, and shall be thereof convicted before any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, City or Liberty within which such Offence shall be committed, either by his own Confession, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses (which Oath the said Justice or Justices is and are lawfully empowered to administer), every such High Constable, Constable, Beadle or other Officer or Person so offending, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds, or any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings (as the said Justice or Justices before whom the Matter shall be heard, shall in his or their Discretion think fit), to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of the Person offending, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of His Majesty and Seal of such Justice or Justices before whom such Offender shall be convicted, or of One or more of them, to be directed to any other Constable within the County, City or Liberty, or to any of the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish where the Offender shall dwell, and the said Sum of Five Pounds, or the said Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings, when levied, to be paid to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish where the Offence shall be committed, or to some one of them, for the Use of the Poor of such Parish.

XXX. And for the better preventing Absconder quartering or billeting the Royal Marines in pursuance of this Act, be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace within their respective Counties, Cities or Liberties, by Warrant or Order under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, at any time or times during the Continuance of this Act, to require and command any High Constable, Constable, Beadle or other Officer who shall quarter or billet any Royal Marines in pursuance of this Act, to give an Account in Writing unto the said Justice or Justices regarding the names of the Number of Officers and Private Men who shall be quartered or billeted by them, and with the Names of the Housekeepers or Persons upon whom every such Officer or Private Man shall be quartered or billeted, together with an Account of the Street or Place where every such Housekeeper dwells, and of the Signs (if any) belonging to their Houses, to the end it may appear to the said Justice or Justices where such Officers and Private Men are quartered or billeted, and that he or they may thereby be the better enabled to prevent or punish all Absconder the quartering or billeting of them.

LII. And Whereas several Marines, who being duly sworn, may afterwards desert and be found wandering, or otherwise absconding themselves illegally from His Majesty's Service; it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Constable, Headborough or Townsman of the Town or Place where any Person who may reasonably be suspected to be such a Deserter shall be found, or if no such Constable, Headborough or Townsman can be immediately met with, then for any Marine Officer or Marine, to apprehend or cause such suspected Person to be apprehended, and to bring or cause him to be brought before any Justice of the Peace living in or near such Town or Place, who is lawfully empowered and required to examine such suspected Person; and if, by his Confession, or the Testimony of One or more Witness or Witnesses upon Oath, or by Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear or be known that such suspected Person is a Marine duly sworn, and ought to be with the Company to which he belongs, whether such Company shall be employed on board any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, or quartered on Shore, or employed on board any Transport Ship, or Merchant Ship or Vessel, or any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty now being in Commission, or any Convict Hulk or Ship; such Justice of the Peace shall, without Fee or Reward to himself or Clerk, forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Guard of the County or Place where he shall be found, or to the House of Correction or other public Prison in such Town or Place where such Delinquent shall be apprehended, or to the Gaol, in case such Delinquent shall be apprehended within the Cities of *London* or *Windsor*, or Places adjacent, and transmit an Account thereof to the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being, and to the Commandant of the Division to which the said Delinquent may belong, to the end that such Prison may be proceeded against according to Law; and the Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction or Prison, shall receive the full Satisfaction of such Delinquent, during the time he shall continue in his Custody, for the Maintenance of such Delinquent; but shall not be entitled to any Fee or Reward on account of the Impriisonment of any such Delinquent; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being, if he should think fit, to order the Release and payment of any Arrears of Pay, or of the Surplus of such Pay, or any Portion thereof, to or on account of such Non-Commissioned Officer or Marine, during or after the Expiration of his Period of Imprisonment in any Gaol, or House of Correction or other public Prison.

LIII. And for the better Encouragement of any Person or Persons to become or apprehend such Defectors, be it further enacted, That each Justice of the Peace, upon receiving a Certificate from the Commanding Officer of the Division to which any Person apprehended may appear to belong, stating that he is really a Defector from the Royal Marines, that ails affect his Warrant in Writing to the Collector or Collector of the Land Tax Money of the Parish or Township in Great Britain where such Defector shall be apprehended, or is *bound* to the Collector or Collector of His Majesty's Revenue in the District where such Defector shall be apprehended, for paying out of the Land Tax Money or Revenue within or to or into in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, into the Hands of such Parish or Persons who shall apprehend or cause to be apprehended any such Defector from His Majesty's Service, the Sum of Three Pounds for every such Defector that shall be so apprehended and committed; which Sum of Three Pounds shall be satisfied by each Collector or Collectors to whom such Warrant shall be directed, and allowed upon his or their Account; the Magistrate informing the Commandant of the Division to which such Defector may belong, that the same may be charged against his Pay and Subsidience.

Warrant for
making of Cer-
tificates.

Magistrate to in-
form Command-
ant.

Order to be
made by Justice
for Pay due for
the Period of the
extended Par-
lour.

Form.

Justice to keep
Accounts and
other Particulars
upon the For-
lough, and Co.
Act, &c.
Amount there-
upon to be paid
by Parish Dis-
cretary
and repaid by
Excise Collector.

Justice not
making Order
on Justice
Barrister.

Act in Part may
be altered or re-
pealed this
Bill.

LXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all Cases in which any Extension of Forlough shall be granted as aforesaid in England, and upon the Request of any such Non-Commissioned Officer or Marine to whom the same shall be granted, it shall be lawful for the Justice of the Peace granting the same, or where the same shall be granted by any such Officer as aforesaid, for any Justice of the Peace, upon the Production of a Certificate in Writing from such Officer, which he is hereby required to give, to make an order in Writing, in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (D.), under his Hand, upon the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place wherein such Non-Commissioned Officer or Marine shall reside, requiring them to pay to such Non-Commissioned Officer or Marine any Sum of Money directed in such Order, not exceeding Two thirds of his Daily Pay; such Justice of the Peace taking particular Care to have upon the Forlough, in Words, the Amount so directed by him to be paid, and the Periods from and to which the same has been ordered to be paid, both inclusive, considering the Statement of his Signature, and further specifying upon the Order to the Parish Officer of the Date of the Forlough originally granted, and the Name of the Commanding Officer by whose Order; and the same to be returned shall be paid accordingly upon Production and Delivery to him of such Order, by any such Parish Officer, out of any Money in his Hands applicable to the Relief of the Poor; and the same to be advanced by such Parish Officer shall, upon the Production and Delivery of such Order to the Collector of Excise of the District within which such Parish, Township or Place shall be situated, or any Person officiating for such Collector, be repaid to such Parish Officer, to be applied to the Relief of the Poor, by such Collector or Excise or other Person out of any Public Monies in his Hands, and the same shall be allowed in his Accounts; and such Orders of Justices shall be taken as Cash in the Payment of Duties of Excise ordered by him; and all Sums of Money so advanced out of any Duties of Excise shall be repaid to the Account of the said Duties by the Paymaster of the Royal Marines to any Person or Persons authorized by the Commissioners of Excise in England, or any Three or more of them, to draw for and receive the same: Provided always, that if any Justice of the Peace shall not think fit to make such Order for paying any such Money as aforesaid, he shall transmit Reasons for such Refusal in Writing at the Back of the Forlough.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act, in so far as relates to the Allowances to be made for the quartering of Royal Marines, and providing for their Horles may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

[This Act is the same, and all the Schedules are of the same, as 37 G. 3. c. 13, except as to Dates and the Sections that are here retained.]

C. A. P. XIII.

An Act for charging Duties on Licensees for retailing *Apes Fins* in Scotland.

[19th March 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated
*An Act to repeal the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, a Licence Duty was imposed upon every Person who, within the Limits of any Royal Burgh, Burgh of Burrows or Regality, in any Part of Scotland, or in any Place in any other Part of Scotland other than within the Highlands of Scotland, limited and described in the Acts in that Case made and provided, should retail any Spirits made or distilled from Malt, Corn, Grain, Barley, Beer, Bagg or other British Materials, and commonly called or known by the Name of Apes Fins in that Part of the United Kingdom, for every such Licence to retail plain Apes Fins only, Two Pounds; and upon every Person who should retail such Spirits within the several Counties and Districts of the Highlands of Scotland, the Royal Burghs, Burghs of Burrows or Regality therein excepted, for every such Licence One Pound; And Whereas by another Act, made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated *An Act for granting in His Majesty, until the Fifth Day of April, One thousand eight hundred and eleven, additional Duties of Excise on Great Britain on Spirits, Tobacco, Sugar, and Exotic Licences, an additional Licence Duty was imposed upon every Person who, within the Limits of any Royal Burgh of Burrows or Regality in any Part of Scotland, or in any Place in any other Part of Scotland other than within the Highlands of Scotland, limited and described in the Acts in that Case made and provided, should retail any Spirits made or distilled from Malt, Corn, Grain, Barley, Beer, Bagg or other British Materials, and commonly called or known by the Name of Apes Fins in that Part of the United Kingdom, for every such Licence to retail plain Apes Fins only, Two Pounds; and upon every Person who should retail such Spirits within the several Counties and Districts**

41 G. 3. c. 49

37 G. 3. c. 13.
Act A.

28 G. 3. c. 83.

of the Highlands of Scotland, the Royal Burghs, Burghs of Burgh or Regality therein excepted, for every such Licence One Pound: And Whereas by another Act, made in the Fifth Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *an Act for repealing the Duties payable for Licences for retailing Beer, Ale, Cyder, Perry, and Spirits in Great Britain; and for imposing other Duties in lieu thereof*, the several Duties and Sums of Money payable by Law for or in respect of Licences for retailing Spirits were, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, repealed, and other Duties were imposed in lieu thereof; but in the Impositions of such new Duties the Licences Duties which were intended to be paid by Retailers in Scotland of plain *Ague Fife* only were omitted: For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid throughout Scotland, to and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several annual Sums of Money hereafter mentioned, for and upon all L. . . to be taken out according to the Licence in each Case made and provided by Statutes of plain *Ague Fife* only in Scotland, that is to say, by every Person who, within the Limits of any Royal Burgh, Burgh of Burgh or Regality, in any Part of Scotland, or in any Place in any other Part of Scotland other than within the Highlands of Scotland, limited and delimited in the Acts in that Case made and provided, shall retail any Spirits made or distilled from Malt, Corn, Grapes, Barley, Beer, Bogg or other British Materials, and commonly called or known by the Name of *Ague Fife* in that Part of the United Kingdom, for every such Licence to retail plain *Ague Fife* only, Four Pounds: and by every Person who shall retail such Spirits within the several Counties and Districts of the Highlands of Scotland, the Royal Burghs, Burghs of Burgh or Regality therein excepted, for every such Licence Two Pounds.

and if in the
Royal Burghs,
Burghs of Burgh
or Regality
Duties under
Commissioners
of Customs
Duties have to
be levied.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Duties by this Act repealed shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

III. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Sums of Money above mentioned and hereby imposed shall and may be respectively raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered, adjudged and allowed, in such and in the like manner as in and by any or either of the several or special Statutes, Writs or Warrants by which the former Duties of Excise respectively of the same kind respectively were or might be raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered, adjudged or allowed; and the Retailers respectively before mentioned shall be and are lawfully made subject in all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures to which such Persons in general, and also in all and every the special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Forfeitures respectively, to which the like Persons respectively were subject or liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of the Act relating to the Duties of Excise; and all and every Fines, Penalties, Fines or Forfeitures of any Nature or Kind whatsoever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act made for levying the Revenue of Excise, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in execution for and in respect of the several Duties of Excise and Sums of Money hereby imposed and made payable respectively, in as full and ample Manner to all Licences and Purveyors whosoever as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and recited in the Body of this Act.

Former Acts in force.

Duties carried to Consolidated Fund.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Duties and several Sums of Money by this Act imposed and made payable as aforesaid, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer as *Wolmister*; and the said Money be paid into the Receipt of Exchequer as aforesaid shall be carried to and paid out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

Act may be altered, in this Session.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

CAP. XIV.

An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for preventing the further Circulation of Dollars and Tokens issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.

[19th March 1818.]

17 G. 3. c. 13.

51.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *an Act to prevent the further Circulation of Dollars and Tokens issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for the Convenience of the Public*, as then enacted, that from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the Dollars and Tokens to the said Act mentioned should no longer pass or circulate, or be received in Payment or Exchange, or otherwise howsoever, under the Penalties in the said Act mentioned: And Whereas a considerable Quantity of the said Dollars and Tokens yet remain in Circulation, and it is expedient to allow the same to be received and received in Payment for the Purposes hereafter mentioned, be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the said Dollars and Tokens shall and may pass and circulate, and be received in Payment or Exchange, by such Persons as shall be willing to accept thereof,

the same for
Licences of
Bank Tokens
and Dollars are
repealed.

thereof, in like manner as before the passing of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; and that it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons, from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and until and upon the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, to utter, offer and tender any such Dollars or Tokens in Payment of any Taxes, Rates or Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for Affairs of Taxes, or of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise, or Stamps in Great Britain, or of any Postage, or in the Purchase of any Stamped Paper, or in the Payment of any Rent by the Tenants of any Lands, Tenements, Messuages or Hereditaments in Great Britain, or of any parochial or other public Rate, or in Payment to any Banker or Banks, or any common Carrier, or to any other Person or Persons whatsoever, for the Purpose of such Dollars or Tokens being transmitted to the Bank of England; and that any Person or Persons who shall during the said Period respectively offer, utter or tender in Payment any such Dollars or Tokens, according to the Provision of this Act, shall not be liable to any Penalty under the said recited Act; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, and all the Provisions and Clauses therein contained, shall be and continue in full Force and Effect, except only so far as the same in and are altered by the express Words of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

Former Act in relation to this subject altered.

Act may be altered, in this Session.

C A P. XV.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement of the Fisheries carried on in the *Greenland Seas* and *Danish's Straights*, in so far as relates to the Duties thereby required to be taken. [18th March 1818.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the further Support and Encouragement of the Fisheries carried on in the Greenland Seas and Danish's Straights*; And Whereas by the said Act certain Duties are required to be taken by One or more of the Owners, and by the Master or Chief Officer of every Ship or Vessel going to and returning from the said Fishery; And Whereas the said Duties may preclude Persons from applying for and obtaining the Rewards to which they may become entitled in pursuance of any Act of Parliament for discovering the Longitude at Sea, and encouraging Attempts to find a Northern Passage between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, and to approach the Northern Pole; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Act as relates to the Duties to be taken by One or more of the Owners, and by the Master or Chief Officer of every Ship or Vessel going to and returning from the said Fishery, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That previously to the License specified in the said Act being granted, One or more Owner or Owners, and the Master or Chief Officer of each Ship or Vessel, shall make Oath before the Persons authorized by the said Act to administer the same, that it is really and truly their own Property and Intention that each Ship shall, as soon as License shall be granted, forthwith proceed, manned, furnished and equipped in the manner directed by the said Act, on a Voyage to the *Greenland Seas* and *Danish's Straights*, or the Seas adjacent, and there, in the then approaching Spring, to seek the utmost endeavours of themselves and their Ship's Company to take Whales or other Creatures living in the Sea, and on no other Design or View of Profit in such Voyages, save and except any Reward or Rewards offered by any Act of Parliament for more effectually discovering the Longitude at Sea, or encouraging Attempts to find a Northern Passage between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, and to approach the Northern Pole, and to impose the Whale Fin, Oil and Blubber thereof into Great Britain (meaning the Port thereof to which it is then intention to return); and that, on the Return of any such Ship or Vessel to Great Britain, the Master and Mate shall make Oath that they did, in pursuance of the License granted in pursuance of the said Act (narrating the Day of their Departure), proceed on a Voyage directly to the Places before mentioned, and have not since been on any other Voyage, or pursued any other Design or View of Profit, save and except any Reward or Rewards offered by any Act of Parliament for more effectually discovering the Longitude at Sea, or encouraging Attempts to find a Northern Passage between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, and to approach the Northern Pole, and that they did there (narrating the time of their Stay in those Seas) use the utmost Endeavours of themselves and their Ship's Company to take Whales and other Creatures living in those Seas, and that all the Whale Fin, Oil and Blubber (if any) imported in such Ship or Vessel, were really and lawfully caught and taken in the said Seas by the Crew of such Ship or Vessel employed with the Assistance of the Crew of some other British built Ship or Vessel licensed for that Voyage pursuant to the Direction of the said recited Act; and the making of the said respective Oaths in the Form prescribed by this Act shall (all the other Requisites of the said Act being duly complied with) be sufficient to authorize the granting of the Licenses for the sailing of such Ships and Vessels, and the Payment of the Bounties granted by the said Act.

24 G. 3. c. 41.

1 b

So far as relates to the Duties taken by the Owners and Masters of Vessels exported.

Previously to granting License under recited Act, the Owners and Masters of Vessels to make Oath for the Performance of certain Particulars herein mentioned.

Taking the Oaths by the Act, sufficient to authorize the granting of the Licenses and Payment of Bounties.

C. A. P. XVI.

An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and amend an Act of the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for reducing the Duties payable on Horses used for the Purposes therein mentioned. [8th May 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for reducing the Duties payable on Horses used for the Purposes therein mentioned, for Two Years, and for repealing the Acts granting Allowances in respect of Children, certain Duties of Assize* Taxes were discontinued and suspended, and other Duties substituted in lieu thereof, for the Term of Two Years next after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and it is expedient to continue the same Rates of Duty in the said Act mentioned for a further time to be limited: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Duties, and the Regulations and Provisions for affixing, charging, raising, levying, collecting and applying the same, in the said Act mentioned, shall be and the same are hereby severally continued from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

II. And Whereas by the said recited Act, Persons occupying Farms, whether as Owners or Tenants, are not entitled to be assessed at the reduced Rates of Duty therein mentioned, unless they respectively make their Livelihood solely by such Occupancy; with a proviso, that in certain Cases an Annual Income not exceeding Ten Pounds Sterling, arising from any other Source than those mentioned, shall not preclude any Occupier of Lands therein benefited from the benefit of such reduced Allowance: And Whereas it is expedient that in small Farms of the Value and Description hereinafter mentioned, the respective Owners or Tenants thereof should not be precluded from the benefit of the reduced Allowance provided by the said Act: Be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, where any Person having or being possessed of or entitled unto any Farm of Lands which, estimated according to the said Act, shall in the whole be of less Annual Value than Fifty Pounds Sterling, whereof a Part shall be let or underlet by him or her, nothing in the said Act contained shall be construed to preclude such Person from the benefit of the reduced Allowance in the said Act provided in respect of the Lands in his or her Occupation, by reason that he or she shall have an Income from the Lands so let or underlet, be or the making his or her Livelihood wholly from the said Farm or Lands so occupied, let or underlet by him or her as aforesaid, and not from any other Source, and which shall together not exceed the Value of Fifty Pounds *per Annum*, estimated as aforesaid.

C. A. P. XVII.

An Act for charging certain Duties on Four wheeled Carriages constructed and drawn in the manner therein described. [8th May 1818.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to reduce the Duties payable on Four Wheel Carriages constructed and drawn in manner herein mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Duties imposed on Four Wheel Carriages of the Description herein mentioned, and not drawn by any Horses, Mares or Geldings, or Mules, shall cease and determine; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, there shall be substituted, charged and paid to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the Rates and Duties following; *videlicet*,

For every Carriage having Four Wheels of less Diameter than Thirty Inches each, which in every respect shall be built, constructed, marked and described as a Tread Cart according to the Regulations prescribed by Law for Tread Carts, except as to the Number of Wheels as before mentioned, and which shall be drawn by any One Pony or Mule not exceeding Twelve Hands in Height, or by an Ox or Ass, and of which Carriage the original Price shall not have exceeded, or the Value shall not at any time exceed, the Sum of Fifteen Pounds Sterling, and which shall not be constructed with a Spring or Springs of any Materials whatever, there shall be charged the several Sum of One Pound and Nine Shillings; and if such Carriage shall be constructed with a Spring or Springs of any Materials whatever, except of Iron, Steel or any other metallic Substances, either wholly or in part, there shall be charged the several Sum of Two Pounds and Fifteen Shillings:

For every Carriage having Four Wheels of less Diameter than Thirty Inches each, constructed, marked or described in any manner different from a Tread Cart, or contrary to the Regulations prescribed by Law for Tread Carts, except as to the Number of Wheels as aforesaid, or constructed with a Spring or Springs of Iron, Steel or any other metallic Substances, or which shall be drawn by any Two or more Ponies or Mules not exceeding Twelve Hands in Height, or Oxen or Asses as aforesaid, of which Carriage the original Price shall have exceeded, or the Value thereof shall at any time exceed, the Sum of Fifteen Pounds Sterling, there shall be charged the respective Sums payable by Law on Carriages with less than Four Wheels, and according to the Number of Wheels used in drawing the said Carriages with Four each Wheel as aforesaid, and the additional Body or Bodies successively used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels:

Provided,

Provided, that for every such Carriage with Four Wheels not constructed according to the Directions of this Act, or constructed according to the said Directions, but drawn in any manner contrary to the said Directions, there shall be charged the respective Sums payable by Law on Carriages with Four Wheels.

II. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties on Carriages herein mentioned shall be assessed, raised, levied, paid and accounted for under the Provisions and Regulations of the several Acts in Force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, in relation to the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and this Act shall be construed in such manner and to the like Effect in all respects as if the said Duties on Carriages were expressly directed to be charged, under and subject to the several Provisions, Exemptions and Penalties in the said Acts contained; and as if the said several Provisions, Exemptions and Penalties were expressly enacted in this Act; and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things contained in such Acts respectively, so far as the same are respectively applicable to the Duties on Carriages mentioned in this Act, shall severally and respectively, in the Execution of this Act, be duly observed, professed and put in Execution throughout Great Britain, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things were particularly and respectively repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act, and shall severally be applied, construed, deemed and taken to belong to this Act, in like manner as if the same had been enacted herein, and expressly applied to the said Duties on Carriages herein mentioned.

III. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Duties hereby imposed, or by the Duties hereby consolidated (the ordinary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted), shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, in One Sum, to the Account of Assessed Taxes, and shall be carried to and be made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. XVIII.

An Act to charge an additional Duty on Corks ready made, imported into Ireland.

[8th May 1818.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an additional Duty of Customs should be imposed on all Corks ready made, imported into Ireland; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon all Corks ready made, imported into Ireland, an additional Duty of Customs of Three Shillings and Sixpence British Currency for every Pound Weight.

II. And be it further enacted, That the additional Duty of Customs hereby imposed shall be managed, administered, raised, levied, collected, paid, recovered and applied in such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs in Ireland of the like Nature are managed, administered, raised, levied, collected, paid, recovered and applied.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. XIX.

An Act to allow for Three Years, and until Six Weeks after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament, the Importation into Ports specially appointed by His Majesty, within the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, of the Articles therein enumerated, and the Re-exportation thereof from such Ports.

[8th May 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for permitting, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, the Importation of certain enumerated Articles into the British Colonies as the Colonies of North America, from the United States of America, and the Exportation of other enumerated Articles from the same Colonies to the said States*; which said Act was continued and extended by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to authorize His Majesty in Council, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, any Goods and Commodities to be imported into and exported from Nova Scotia and New Brunswick in any Ship or Fleet whatsoever*; which said Act was continued by an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of His Majesty's Reign; (sundry Articles were allowed to be imported into and exported from certain Ports in His Majesty's Colonies of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick from and to certain Foreign Ports, which Acts have now expired: And Whereas great Advantage related to the said Colonies from the Facilities given to the Trade thereof by the said Acts: And Whereas it is expedient to grant similar Facilities at the present time: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful, in any

Duties to be
levied and paid, as
by former Acts

Duties carried to
Consolidated
Fund.

Act may be
amended, altered
or repealed, for this
Session.

Additional Duty
of 3s. 6d. per
Pound Weight.

To be levied in
any Duty of
Customs in Ire-
land.

Act may be
amended, altered
or repealed this
Session.

47 G. 3. c. 1.
c. 31.

49 G. 3. c. 19.

Importation of
certain Articles

verfed in the Sciences of Mathematics, Astronomy or Navigation, to be annually felled, chafed and named, as hereinafter provided, fhall be Commiffioners for difcovering the Longitude at Sea, and for examining, trying and judging all Propofals, Experiments and Improvements, relating to the fame, and for rewarding Perfons making ufeful Discoveries and Improvements in or connected with Navigation.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Three Members of the Royal Society, fo to be Commiffioners, fhall be the Right Honourable Charles Lord Cuthbert, Doctor Gilbert Efqre, and Colonel William Mudge; and that in the Event of any Vacancy by Death, Relinquifh or Refufal to aft of any of the faid Three Perfons, or of any Perfon hereafter chofen to fucceed them, fuch Vacancy fhall be filled up by the Chofen and Election of the Prefident and Council of the Royal Society; and that the faid Three other Commiffioners fhall be Doctor William Rufe Wollafton, and Doctor Thomas Penn, and Captain Henry Kater, who fhall continue Commiffioners until the Full Day of January One thoufand eight hundred and twenty, after which time the Three Perfons to be the faid laft mentioned Commiffioners fhall be annually, or as often as a Vacancy by Death, Relinquifh or Refufal to aft may occur, felled, chafed and named by the Lord High Admiral, or Commiffioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, and fhall be Perfons well verfed in the Sciences of the Mathematics, Astronomy or Navigation, and fhall be generally refident in or near the City of London, and capable of attending at the Board of Commiffioners, and of affifting in the Objects herein intrufted to the faid Board.

IV. And Whereas by the faid recited Act, and by divers other Acts paffed from time to time, and all founded upon and referring to the faid laft recited Act, divers Duties and Authorities were impofed and conferred upon the Commiffioners constituted by the faid recited Acts, and divers Sums of Money for various Purpofes, and under different Conditions, were from time to time granted and provided to be employed and expended towards the Difcovery of the Longitude at Sea, and for divers Purpofes in fuch Acts mentioned, and for Rewards to fuch Perfons as fhould afcertain the Longitude within certain Limits and Conditions therein fpecified; and for enabling the faid Commiffioners to caufe a Survey to be made of the Shores of Great Britain and Ireland, and afcertaining the Latitude and Longitude of the Capes, Promontories, and Headlands thereof: And Whereas fome of the Provisions of the faid Acts have been repealed, and others thereof have expired, and it is expedient wholly to repeal the fame, for the Purpofes of rectifying and confirming upon the new Commiffioners fuch of the Powers, Authorities and Duties at prefent vefted in the old Commiffioners, as are fit to be continued in Force: Be it therefore enacted, That all and every Act, conferring any Duty, Authority or Power on the Commiffioners constituted by the faid laft recited Acts, fhall be and are hereby repealed.

V. And Whereas the Longitude hath been afcertained within certain of the Limits and Conditions fo fpecified in the faid Acts: And Whereas certain other of the Limits and Conditions fhall hereafter be confidered as impracticable, and have never been tried: And Whereas it may conduce to the Advancement of Science, and to the Honour and Interests of this Country, that fo and proportionate Rewards fhould be provided for Perfons who fhall afcertain the Longitude within certain new Limits and Conditions: And Whereas it is expedient that fuch Limits and Conditions fhould not be immediately fixed by Act of Parliament, but fhould be regulated as Scientific Principles by the faid Commiffioners for the Difcovery of the Longitude, and fhould be varied from time to time according to the Progress of Discoveries and the Advancement of Science: Be it enacted, That the faid laft mentioned Commiffioners fhall from time to time, as they may for proper, propofe, by their Memorial to His Majesty in Council, to direct and eftablifh Three Scales of proportionate Rewards to be paid to any Perfon or Perfons who fhall by any Principle or Principles already made public, afcertain the Longitude within Three correfponding Scales of Limit and Condition, fuch Rewards not exceeding the refpective Sums of Five thoufand Pounds, Seven thoufand five hundred Pounds, and Ten thoufand Pounds; and if His Majesty in Council fhall be pleafed to confider and approve fuch Propofals, then that the fame fhall be published in the London Gazette, and that the faid Commiffioners fhall have full Power and Authority to inquire into and examine all Propofals which may be made for finding the Longitude; and if on valuable Experiment, to be judged of and certified by the faid Commiffioners, it fhall be found that the Longitude hath been afcertained within any of the faid Three Scales of Limit and Condition, agreeably to the faid Order in Council, it fhall be lawful to them to pay or caufe to be paid the proportionate Rewards affigned to the Scale within which fuch Difcovery or Experiment fhall have afcertained the Longitude.

VI. And Whereas it is expedient that the faid Commiffioners fhould be enabled to expend certain Sums towards making Experiments of Inftruments, Models or Propofals, and for making and publishing Obfervations, Calculations and Tables for afcertaining the Longitude, or towards improving or correcting fuch as may have been already made, or for other Purpofes ufeful to Navigation: Be it enacted, That they may pay or expend any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding One thoufand Pounds in any one Year, towards the making, correcting or publishing any fuch Experiments, Models, Obfervations, Calculations or Tables.

VII. And Whereas it is expedient that the faid Commiffioners fhould be enabled to caufe to be afcertaind, as accurately as may be, the Latitude and Longitude of Places whereof the exact Situation hath not been already fufficiently afcertaind: Be it enacted, That they may expend or caufe to be expended any Sum not exceeding in the whole One thoufand Pounds in any one Year for fuch Purpofes.

VIII. And Whereas it may happen that Propofals, Inventions or Tables, ingenious in themfelves and ufeful to Science, and which may deferve Encouragement, though they do not come within the Limits and Conditions fpecified for the before mentioned Rewards, may be made to the faid Commiffioners; and it is expedient that they fhould be enabled to beftow fuch moderate Rewards upon the Perfon or Perfons who may have made fuch Propofals,

Notes of the
Three Members
of the Royal
Society appointed
Commiffioners in
Hear Three years
of fuch Three
Persons fhall
be
Names of the
three Three
Commiffioners.
Regulations of
Duties of fuch
Three after 25
January 1820.
All Acts conferring any Duty or Authority on the Commiffioners constituted by recited Acts, repealed.

Commiffioners may propofe
Three Scales of
Rewards in Per-
fons afcertain-
ing Longitude by
any Principle
or Principles
already made public.

If Propofal is
approved by His
Majesty in
Council, Com-
miffioners may
pay the propofed
Rewards.

Commiffioners
may expend
money, a Year
in making Ex-
periments, &c.

And a like Sum
in afcertain-
ing the Latitude and
Longitude of
Places.

Rewards may be
allowed to Per-
fons making im-
provements in
former inven-
tions.

• Invention

• *Invention or Correction*.' Be it therefore enacted, That the said Commissioners may pay or cause to be paid such Sum, not exceeding Five hundred Pounds, to any one Person for any one Proposal or Invention, or Two thousand Pounds in any Year, as they may consider the said Proposals, Inventions, Tables or Calculations to deserve.

1818 c. 13

• I. K. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Eighteenth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *an Act for giving a public Reward to such Person or Persons, living His Majesty's Subject or Subjects, as shall discover a North west Passage through Hudson's Straights to the Western and Southern Oceans of America*, a Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds was provided for the Owner or Owners of any Ship or Vessel which should first find out and sail through such Passage; and the Persons holding certain Offices therein named, for the time being, were appointed Commissioners for the said Discovery; And Whereas by an Act passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *an Act for giving a public Reward to such Person or Persons, living His Majesty's Subject or Subjects, as shall discover a Northern Passage for Ships by Sea between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, and also any such as shall first approach by Sea within One Degree of the Northern Pole*; the Reward in the last recited Act was extended to the Commander or Commanders, Officers and Seamen, of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, and to the Owner or Owners of any private Ship or Vessel which should first approach within any Passage by Sea, between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, in any Direction or Parallel of the Northern Hemisphere to the North of the Fifty second Degree of North Latitude; and further affording a Reward of Five thousand Pounds to the Commander or Commanders, Officers and Seamen, of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, or to the Owner or Owners of any private Ship or Vessel which should first approach within One Degree of the Northern Pole; and appointing the Commissioners of the Longitude to be Commissioners for executing the last recited Act: And Whereas many Advantages, both to Commerce and Science, may be expected from granting such proportionate Rewards as well to such Person or Persons as may accomplish the Objects of the said Two last mentioned Acts, as to such other Person or Persons as may approach thereto within certain Limits or Conditions: And Whereas it is expedient that the Regulation of such Limits and Conditions, and the Decision, whether and how far such Object may have been accomplished, should be confided to the Commissioners for the Discovery of the Longitude at Sea appointed by this Act: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Two last recited Acts shall be and they are hereby repealed.

repealed.

Reward for first finding out and sailing through any Passage between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, belonging to any of His Majesty's Subjects, or to His Majesty, shall first find out and sail through any Passage by Sea, between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, in any Direction or Parallel of the Northern Hemisphere, the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, if belonging to any of His Majesty's Subjects, or the Commander or Commanders, Officers, Seamen, and Marines of such Ship or Vessels, if belonging to His Majesty, be first finding out and sailing through such Passage shall receive a Reward for such Discovery, of the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds.

Reward for first approaching within One Degree of the Northern Pole.

• XI. And Whereas Ships employed both in the *Spindurpes* Seas and in *Davis's Straights* may have Opportunities of approaching the *Nival Pole*: And Whereas Approaches towards the *Northern Pole* may be attended with many Advantages to Commerce and Science: Be it therefore enacted, That if any Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, shall approach within One Degree of the Northern Pole, the Owner of such Ship or Vessel, Ships or Vessels, if belonging to any of His Majesty's Subjects, or the Commander or Commanders, Officers, Seamen and Marines of any Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, if belonging to His Majesty, be first approaching within One Degree of the Northern Pole, shall be entitled to receive a Reward of Five thousand Pounds.

Commissioners as Directors of The King in Council may reward Attempts to approach the same.

XII. And for the Encouragement of Persons who may attempt the said Passage, or approach to the Northern Pole, but not wholly accomplish the same; be it enacted, That the said Commissioners for the said surveying the Longitude at Sea may, by their Memorial, propose to His Majesty in Council to direct and establish proportionate Rewards to be paid to such Person as should who shall have accomplished certain Portions of the said Passage or Approach; and if His Majesty in Council shall be pleased to find and approve the said Proposal, then that the same shall be published in the *London Gazette*; and any Person or Persons accomplishing such Passage, or the specified Portions of them, shall be entitled, on the Award of the said Commissioners, to receive such total or proportionate Sum as may have been offered for the Object which he or they may have then accomplished.

Proceedings for ascertaining the Discoveries of such Northern Passage, and first Approaches to the Northern Pole.

• XIII. And in order to ascertain who are the first Discoverers of the said Northern Passage into the Pacific Ocean, and who are the first Approaches to within One Degree of the Northern Pole, and to whom either the whole Rewards or the proportionate Rewards by this Act respectively given do belong: Be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for the Discovery of the Longitude by Sea be authorized and empowered to call for the respective Journal or Journals, Book or Books and Papers, kept on board the respective Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, of the Claimant or Claimants respectively; and also to examine upon Oath all such Persons as they the said Commissioners shall think proper, with regard to any Claim or Claims, as well any Person or Persons produced by the respective Claimant or Claimants, or any other Person or Persons who may seem capable of giving any Information; which Oath the said Commissioners are hereby empowered and required to administer; and the said Commissioners being fully satisfied, upon such Examination and Proof, that such Northern Passage is effectually discovered and sailed through, or that such Approach within One Degree of the Northern Pole, or any specified Portion of the said Passage or Approach, shall have been made and accomplished, they are hereby authorized to pay or cause to be paid the said Rewards, or such Proportion

Proportion of them as the Claimant or Claimants may under this A.2. or under such Order in Council, be entitled to receive.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the said Rewards, or either of them, shall be claimed by and adjudged to the Commander or Commanders, Officers, Seamen and Marines of any Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, belonging to His Majesty, the same shall be disposed in favour of and distributed among such Commander or Commanders, Officers, Seamen and Marines, in such Proportions as shall be directed by His Majesty in Council, and in no other manner.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Encouragements and Alliances of any Person or Persons to whom any Sum whatsoever shall be awarded by the Commissioners for the Discovery of the Longitude, shall be entitled to receive the same in the Event of the Death of such Person or Persons.

XVI. And Whereas the Publication of the *Nautical Almanack*, constructed by proper Persons, under the Direction of the said Commissioners for the Discovery of the Longitude at Sea, is of great Importance to the Safety of Ships and Persons, and highly conducive to the general Interests of Commerce and Navigation; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful so and for the said Commissioners to cause such *Nautical Almanacks* or other useful Tables to be constructed, and to print, publish and vend, or cause to be printed, published and vend, any *Nautical Almanack* or *Almanacks*, or other useful Table or Tables, which they shall from time to time judge necessary and useful, in order to facilitate the Method of *Ascertaining* the Longitude at Sea; any Law, Statute, exclusive Privilege, former Charter or other Custom to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XVII. And be it enacted, That no Person or Persons shall print, publish or vend, or cause to be printed, published or vend, any *Nautical Almanack* or *Almanacks*, or other Table or Tables, constructed under the Direction of the said Commissioners, without being first licensed by the said Commissioners; and if any Person or Persons not so licensed, or not being authorized by the Person or Persons so licensed by the said Commissioners, shall print, publish or vend, or cause to be printed, published or vend, any such *Almanack* or *Almanacks*, or other Table or Tables, under such Person or Persons shall, for every Copy of such *Nautical Almanack* or Table so printed, published or vend, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor*; and that One Moiety of such Penalty and Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall prosecute, inform and sue for the same.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Penalty or Forfeiture shall be paid, informed and prosecuted for by the Secretary of the said Commissioners of the Longitude for the time being, or by some other Person or Persons authorized by the said Commissioners, and shall not be paid, informed or prosecuted for by any other Person or Persons whatsoever; and that such Suits, Prosecutions and Informations shall acquire by reason of the Death of such Prosecutors or any of them, but shall be continued in the case of a sole Plaintiff or Informer dying before Judgment obtained, in the Name of the Secretary of the said Commissioners for the time being.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no such *Nautical Almanack* or *Almanacks*, so published under the Direction of the said Commissioners, shall be subject or liable to any Stamp Duty whatsoever.

XX. And be it further enacted, That there shall be annually paid to each of the Three last named Commissioners and their Successors, to be annually ascertained according to the Provisions of this A.2. such annual Sum as His Majesty by any Order in Council shall be pleased to direct.

XXI. And Whereas it is necessary to continue the Appointment of a Secretary to the Board of Commissioners for *Ascertaining* the Longitude: And Whereas it is highly expedient to the Interest of Navigation, and the Honour of this Country, that the said *Nautical Almanack* should be accurately computed, compared and published, and that the Method of finding the Longitude by Timekeepers should also be encouraged; and that the Timekeepers belonging to His Majesty for the Use of his Ships of War should be carefully examined and regulated; Be it further enacted, That some Person of competent Skill and Ability shall be nominated and appointed by the Lord High Admiral or Commissioners of the Admiralty to be Secretary to the said Board of Commissioners, and for superintending, under the Direction of the Board in general, and the Admirer Royal in particular, the due and correct Publication of the *Nautical Almanack*, and for taking care of and regulating such Timekeepers may be entrusted to his Care by the Lord High Admiral or Commissioners of the Admiralty.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Secretary shall hold his said Office during the Pleasure of the Lord High Admiral or Commissioners of the Admiralty; and for his Trouble and Pains therein he shall receive such annual Salary as His Majesty by any Order in Council may be pleased to direct; but if it shall happen that a Person shall not be found competent to execute the Three several Duties of Secretary to the said Board, and of superintending the Publication of the *Nautical Almanack*, and the Care and Regulation of Timekeepers, it shall be lawful to the said Commissioners to propose to His Majesty in Council to divide the said Duties, and assign them to several Persons, and to apportion to each Person such Part of the Salary established for the Performance of the said Duties as may seem to them fit and proportionate to the several Duty or Duties to be performed by such Person.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Salaries to the Three several Commissioners, and the said Secretary or Persons performing the last mentioned Duties, shall be annually placed on the Ordinary Estimate of the Navy.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Receipt of any Salary or Reward under this A.2. shall prevent any Officer entitled to any Military or Naval Half Pay from receiving such Half Pay in Addition to any such Salary or Reward.

Rewards claimed by Officers and Men of King's Ships have already been distributed.

Encouragements may receive the same.

Commissioners may make *Nautical Almanacks*, &c. to be made and published.

Unauthorized Persons publishing *Nautical Almanacks*, &c.

Penalty not.

Penalties to be paid for by Secretary of the said Commissioners of Longitude.

Nautical Almanack not liable to Stamp Duty.

Salary to Three of the Commissioners.

Secretary, Discharge of publishing the *Nautical Almanack* and Regulation of Timekeepers, to be appointed.

Terms of Office and Salary of Secretary.

The said Three Duties may be divided.

Salaries to be included in the ordinary Estimate of the Navy.

XXV. And

J. E. 2

Estimate of Expenses to be prepared by Commissioners, &c.

State of progress of Works and other circumstances of Works.

Certificate.

Question of Commissioners.

When General Councils to be held are to be present.

Meetings of Commissioners.

IXV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for discounting the Longitude at Sea shall, at the beginning of every Year, make an Estimate of the Sum or Sums which they shall deem to be necessary for executing the Purposes of this Act in such Year, which Estimate shall be transmitted to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and no being approved or assented by the Lord High Admiral or Commissioners of the Admiralty, shall be placed on the Ordinary Estimate of the Navy.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That any Sum or Sums of Money to be paid under the Authority of this Act shall be paid, upon Certificates under the Hands and Seals of the Commissioners for the Discovery of the Longitude at Sea, to the Commissioners of the Navy for the time being; and the Commissioners of the Navy shall forthwith make out a Bill or Bills for the Sum or Sums contained in such Certificate or Certificates, payable by the Treasurer of the Navy, and such Sum or Sums of Money the said Treasurer of the Navy is hereby required to pay immediately to the Payee or Payees mentioned in the said Certificate or Certificates, out of any Money which shall be in his Hands supplied for the Use of the Navy: Provided always that all such Sums of Money as shall exceed the Sum of Five thousand Pounds shall be certified under the Hands and Seals of Two thirds at least of the said Commissioners, and all such Sums as shall exceed the Sum of One thousand Pounds shall be certified under the Hands and Seals of the major Part of them, and that all such Sums as shall not exceed One thousand Pounds shall be certified under the Hands and Seals of any Five or more of them: such Certificates being in every Case whatsoever signed by One at least of the following Commissioners; that is to say, the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Payee Commissioner of the Treasury, the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or Payee Commissioner of the Admiralty, the Secretaries of the Treasury, and the Secretaries of the Admiralty.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That in any other respects where any Power or Authority is vested in the Commissioners under this Act, the same may be exercised by any Five or more Commissioners at the Board assembled, in as full and ample a manner as if the whole Commissioners were then and there present: Provided always, that at every such Board one of the following Commissioners at the least shall be present; that is to say, the Payee or one other of the Commissioners, or One of the Secretaries of the Admiralty; and that also Three other of the following Commissioners at the least shall be present, that is to say, the President of the Royal Society, the Astronomer Royal, the Proficiency and Observer at the Two Universities, and the Three Commissioners actually elected and receiving Salaries as aforesaid.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That there shall be held at least Four stated Meetings of the said Commissioners within every Year, to be held on such Days as His Majesty by any Order in Council may appoint, and such other Meetings as from time to time may be necessary; of all of which Meetings due Notice shall be given to the said Commissioners respectively.

C A P. XXI.

An Act to revise and continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, several Laws relating to the Duties on Glass made in Great Britain; and to prohibit the making of Stalls within a certain Distance of any other Glass House, or by the Maker of any other Kind of Glass. [18th May 1818.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Laws heretofore mentioned should be revised and further continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in and to an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glass and Crown Glass, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; and for the better Collection of the said Duties*; as well by another Act made in the Fifty first Year of the Reign aforesaid continued until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and by another Act made in the Fifty second Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued to the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and by another Act made in the Fifty third Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued to the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fourteen; and by another Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued to the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and by another Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign aforesaid revised from the last First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and further continued to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, shall be and the same hereby revised and further continued, and shall be, remain and continue in force from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and that all and singular the Duties thereby imposed and made payable shall, from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen until the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, be payable, and be revised, levied, collected and paid, as directed in and by the said first recited Act in heretofore continued as aforesaid, as if the same had never expired.

II. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the Duty on the Materials used in making Flint and Plate Glass, and for granting, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, other Duties in lieu thereof; and for continuing and amending an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled 'An Act for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glass and Crown Glass, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for the better Collection of the said Duties'* which was by an Act made in the Fifty second Year of the Reign aforesaid continued until the First Day of August One thousand

in 1818, 1819, 1820, 1821, 1822, 1823, 1824, 1825, 1826, 1827, 1828, 1829, 1830, 1831, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, 1838, 1839, 1840, 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866, 1867, 1868, 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 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2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 2681, 2682, 2683, 2684, 2685, 2686, 2687, 2688, 2689, 2690, 2691, 2692, 2693, 2694, 2695, 2696, 2697, 2698, 2699, 2700, 2701, 2702, 2703, 2704, 2705, 2706, 2707, 2708, 2709, 2710, 2711, 2712, 2713, 2714, 2715, 2716, 2717, 2718, 2719, 2720, 2721, 2722, 2723, 2724, 2725, 2726, 2727, 2728, 2729, 2730, 2731, 2732, 2733, 2734, 2735, 2736, 2737, 2738, 2739, 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743, 2744, 2745, 2746, 2747, 2748, 2749, 2750, 2751, 2752, 2753, 2754, 2755, 2756, 2757, 2758, 2759, 2760, 2761, 2762, 2763, 2764, 2765, 2766, 2767, 2768, 2769, 2770, 2771, 2772, 2773, 2774, 2775, 2776, 2777, 2778, 2779, 2780, 2781, 2782, 2783, 2784, 2785, 2786, 2787, 2788, 2789, 2790, 2791, 2792, 2793, 2794, 2795, 2796, 2797, 2798, 2799, 2800, 2801, 2802, 2803, 2804, 2805, 2806, 2807, 2808, 2809, 2810, 2811, 2812, 2813, 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2980, 2981, 2982, 2983, 2984, 2985, 2986, 2987, 2988, 2989, 2990, 2991, 2992, 2993, 2994, 2995, 2996, 2997, 2998, 2999, 3000, 3001, 3002, 3003, 3004, 3005, 3006, 3007, 3008, 3009, 3010, 3011, 3012, 3013, 3014, 3015, 3016, 3017, 3018, 3019, 3020, 3021, 3022, 3023, 3024, 3025, 3026, 3027, 3028, 3029, 3030, 3031, 3032, 3033, 3034, 3035, 3036, 3037, 3038, 3039, 3040, 3041, 3042, 3043, 3044, 3045, 3046, 3047, 3048, 3049, 3050, 3051, 3052, 3053, 3054, 3055, 3056, 3057, 3058, 3059, 3060, 3061, 3062, 3063, 3064, 3065, 3066, 3067, 3068, 3069, 3070, 3071, 3072, 3073, 3074, 3075, 3076, 3077, 3078, 3079, 3080, 3081, 3082, 3083, 3084, 3085, 3086, 3087, 3088, 3089, 3090, 3091, 3092, 3093, 3094, 3095, 3096, 3097, 3098, 3099, 3100, 3101, 3102, 3103, 3104, 3105, 3106, 3107, 3108, 3109, 3110, 3111, 3112, 3113, 3114, 3115, 3116, 3117, 3118, 3119, 3120, 3121, 3122, 3123, 3124, 3125, 3126, 3127, 3128, 3129, 3130, 3131, 3132, 3133, 3134, 3135, 3136, 3137, 3138, 3139, 3140, 3141, 3142, 3143, 3144, 3145, 3146, 3147, 3148, 3149, 3150, 3151, 3152, 3153, 3154, 3155, 3156, 3157, 3158, 3159, 3160, 3161, 3162, 3163, 3164, 3165, 3166, 3167, 3168, 3169, 3170, 3171, 3172, 3173, 3174, 3175, 3176, 3177, 3178, 3179, 3180, 3181, 3182, 3183, 3184, 3185, 3186, 3187, 3188, 3189, 3190, 3191, 3192, 3193, 3194, 3195, 3196, 3197, 3198, 3199, 3200, 3201, 3202, 3203, 3204, 3205, 3206, 3207, 3208, 3209, 3210, 3211, 3212, 3213, 3214, 3215, 3216, 3217, 3218, 3219, 3220, 3221, 3222, 3223, 3224, 3225, 3226, 3227, 3228, 3229, 3230, 3231, 3232, 3233, 3234, 3235, 3236, 3237, 3238, 3239, 3240, 3241, 3242, 3243, 3244, 3245, 3246, 3247, 3248, 3249, 3250, 3251, 3252, 3253, 3254, 3255, 3256, 3257, 3258, 3259, 3260, 3261, 3262, 3263, 3264, 3265, 3266, 3267, 3268, 3269, 3270, 3271, 3272, 3273, 3274, 3275, 3276, 3277, 3278, 3279, 3280, 3281, 3282, 3283, 3284, 3285, 3286, 3287, 3288, 3289, 3290, 3291, 3292, 3293, 3294, 3295, 3296, 3297, 3298, 3299, 3300, 3301, 3302, 3303, 3304, 3305, 3306, 3307, 3308, 3309, 3310, 3311, 3312, 3313, 3314, 3315, 3316, 3317, 3318, 3319, 3320, 3321, 3322, 3323, 3324, 3325, 3326, 3327, 3328, 3329, 3330, 3331, 3332, 3333, 3334, 3335, 3336, 3337, 3338, 3339, 3340, 3341, 3342, 3343, 3344, 3345, 3346, 3347, 3348, 3349, 3350, 3351, 3352, 3353, 3354, 3355, 3356, 3357, 3358, 3359, 3360, 3361, 3362, 3363, 3364, 3365, 3366, 3367, 3368, 3369, 3370, 3371, 3372, 3373, 3374, 3375, 3376, 3377, 3378, 3379, 3380, 3381, 3382, 3383, 3384, 3385, 3386, 3387, 3388, 3389, 3390, 3391, 3392, 3393, 3394, 3395, 3396, 3397, 3398, 3399, 3400, 3401, 3402, 3403, 3404, 3405, 3406, 3407, 3408, 3409, 3410, 3411, 3412, 3413, 3414, 3415, 3416, 3417, 3418, 3419, 3420, 3421, 3422, 3423, 3424, 3425, 3426, 3427, 3428, 3429, 3430, 3431, 3432, 3433, 3434, 3435, 3436, 3437, 3438, 3439, 3440, 3441, 3442, 3443, 3444, 3445, 3446, 3447, 3448, 3449, 3450, 3451, 3452, 3453, 3454, 3455, 3456, 3457, 3458, 3459, 3460, 3461, 3462, 3463, 3464, 3465, 3466, 3467, 3468, 3469, 3470, 3471, 3472, 3473, 3474, 3475, 3476, 3477, 3478, 3479, 3480, 3481, 3482, 3483, 3484, 3485, 3486, 3487, 3488, 3489, 3490, 3491, 3492, 3493, 3494, 3495, 3496, 3497, 3498, 3499, 3500, 3501, 3502, 3503, 3504, 3505, 3506, 3507, 3508, 3509, 3510, 3511, 3512, 3513, 3514, 3515, 3516, 3517, 3518, 3519, 3520, 3521, 3522, 3523, 3524, 3525, 3526, 3527,

thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and by another A. & made in the Fifty third Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and fourteen; and by another A. & made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and by another A. & made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign aforesaid, renewed from the said First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and further continued to the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; shall be and the same is hereby renewed and further continued, and shall be, remain and continue in force from the said Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and that all and singular the Duties thereby imposed and made payable shall, from the said Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, until the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, be payable, and be levied, levied, collected and paid, as directed in and by the said A. & as of the same had never expired.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Person or Persons whatsoever, shall make, manufacture or keep, or erect, in, up, enter or make use of any House or Place whatsoever in Great Britain for the making, manufacturing or keeping of a certain Glass called Smalts within the Distance of One Mile in a direct Line from any House or Place which shall be entered or used for the making, manufacturing or keeping of any other Glass; nor shall any Person or Persons whatsoever make, manufacture or keep, or erect, in, up, enter or use any House or Place whatsoever in Great Britain for the making, manufacturing or keeping any other Glass within the Distance of One Mile in a direct Line from any House or Place which shall be entered or used for making, manufacturing or keeping the said Glass called Smalts; nor shall any Maker or Manufacturer of Smalts make or manufacture any other Kind of Glass, on pain of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; and all and every Excess and Excess of any such House or Place is made use of for the making, manufacturing or keeping of either Smalts or other Glass contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, shall be void and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. XXXI.

An Act for fixing the Rates of Subsistence to be paid to Innkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers.

[5th May 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, it is enacted, that Officers and Soldiers shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer upon paying and allowing for the same the several Rates then and there to be established by any Act or Acts of Parliament; and an Oath is given to Innkeepers and others upon whom Officers and Soldiers are quartered and billeted, to furnish certain Articles gratis in lieu of Diet and Small Beer; and it is just and expedient that an adequate Allowance shall be made and established for Provision and other Articles furnished to Officers and Soldiers: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Non-Commissioned Officer and Private Soldier who shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer, within those Parts of the United Kingdom specified in the said recited Act, by the Innkeepers or other Persons on whom such Non-Commissioned Officers or Private Soldiers shall be quartered and billeted by virtue of the said A. & shall pay and allow for the same the Sum of One Shilling and Two pence per Diem; and that for such Allowance of One Shilling and Two pence the Innkeeper or other Person shall furnish One Meal; and that a hot Dinner, if required, in each Day to each Non-Commissioned Officer, Trumpeter, Drummer and Private Soldier quartered and billeted on him, to consist of such Quantities of Diet and Small Beer as have been or shall be specified and fixed on and by any Regulations made or to be made from time to time by His Majesty in that behalf, but not exceeding One Pound and a Quarter of Meat previous to being dressed, One Pound of Bread, One Pound of Potatoes or other Vegetables previous to being cooked, and Two Pints of Small Beer, and Vinegar, Salt and Pepper; and that the Accounts of the same shall be rendered, and Payment thereof made, in like manner as is directed by the said A. &

III. And be it further enacted, That the Sum to be paid to the Innkeeper or other Person within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom on whom any of the Hosts belonging to His Majesty's Forces shall be quartered by virtue of the said A. & for Hay and Straw, shall be One Shilling per Diem.

[This Act is the same as 57 G. 3. c. 78. except as to Dates and the Sections that are here retained.]

Persons having Places for making or keeping Smalts within the Distance of a Mile from any mineral Glass for keeping other Glass.

Penalty paid.

Act may be altered, amended or repealed.

Allowance for the Diet of Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers, &c. 2d. per Day.

For Hosts quartered in one Day or less paid for Hay and Straw.

CAP. XLII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Three Millions, by the Transfer of certain Three Pounds per Centum Annuities into other Annuities, at the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum, and for granting Annuities to discharge certain Exchequer Bills.

[8th May 1818.]

Enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great

W E, Your Majesty's most Excellent and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, being desirous to raise the necessary Supplies which we have cheerfully granted to Your Majesty in this Session of Parliament, and being desirous also of making Provisions to satisfy the principal Sums contained in certain Exchequer Bills now outstanding; Do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person and Body Politic and Corporate who shall, on or before the Twenty fourth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, have subscribed his or their Name or Names to the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for the Purpose of converting not less than Two thousand Pounds Capital Stock in the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Annuities, into Annuities at the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum, shall, upon the Transfer of such Three Pounds per Centum Annuities to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and upon Payment to the Chief Cashier or Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, at the time hereafter mentioned, of the Sum of Eleven Pounds to Money for every One hundred Pounds of the said Annuities, be entitled to One hundred Pounds in Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum; which Annuities shall be charged upon the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and shall be payable Half Yearly at the Bank of England on the Fifth Day of April and the Tenth Day of October in every Year, and shall be transferable in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the whole of the Money to arise from the Payment of Eleven Pounds on each One hundred Pounds Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Annuitant, subscribed to be transferred as aforesaid, shall not exceed the Sum of Three Millions.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Person and Body Politic and Corporate having subscribed such Annuitant, and having transferred Fifteen Pounds per Centum thereof to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, on or before the Fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, shall transfer or cause to be transferred, on his or their behalf, the remaining Eighty five Pounds per Centum on or before the Twenty seventh Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and the Accountant General of the Bank of England, or his Deputy or Deputies, shall grant a Certificate or Certificate in Writing to every Subscriber who shall under the Provisions of this Act transfer any Three Pounds per Centum Annuitant to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and which Certificate or Certificate shall be assignable by indorsement therein in the manner and within the time herein after mentioned.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Person and Body Politic and Corporate having subscribed as aforesaid, and having made a Deposit with the Cashier or Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England (which Cashier or Cashiers we are hereby appointed the Receiver and Receivers of such Contributions, without any other Warrant to be had in that behalf,) of One Pound upon every One hundred Pounds Three Pounds per Centum Annuitant subscribed to be transferred, shall advance and pay, or cause to be advanced and paid, unto the said Cashier or Cashiers, the several Remainders of the Sums by them respectively subscribed towards the said Sum of Three Millions, at or before the respective Days and times and in the Proportions hereafter limited and appointed in that behalf; that is to say, the further Sum of One Pound on or before the Nineteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; the further Sum of One Pound on or before the Twenty fourth Day of July then next following; the further Sum of One Pound on or before the Seventh Day of August then next following; the further Sum of One Pound on or before the Fourth Day of September then next following; the further Sum of One Pound on or before the Sixteenth Day of October then next following; the further Sum of One Pound on or before the Fourth Day of November then next following; the further Sum of One Pound on or before the Fifteenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; the further Sum of One Pound on or before the Fifth Day of February then next following; and the remaining Sum of One Pound on or before the Fifth Day of March then next following.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Person and Body Politic and Corporate in subscribing and paying the whole of the Sums of Money by them respectively subscribed, in respect of the said Annuities to be transferred to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt as aforesaid, at any time on or before the Fourth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, shall be entitled to an Allowance of so much Money as the Interest of such Sum is paid in advance for completing his or their Subscription respectively shall amount unto after the Rate of Two Pounds per Centum per Annum, to be computed from the Day of completing the same to the Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; which Allowance is to be paid by the said Cashier or Cashiers out of the Money to be raised in pursuance of this Act, as soon as each respective Subscriber, their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns shall have completed such Payments.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Person and Body Politic and Corporate who shall, on or before the Second Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, or have caused to be transferred as aforesaid, to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, the Whole of the Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated or Reduced Annuities subscribed by him or them, shall be entitled to the principal Sum of Eighty eight Pounds in Annuity, at the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings *per Centum* for every One hundred Pounds of Three Pounds *per Centum* Bank Annuities transferred; and such Annuity at the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings *per Centum* shall commence from the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and the First Payment of such Annuity to be made on the Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and every Person and Body Politic and Corporate who shall, after the Second Day of *June*, and on or before the Twenty seventh Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, have transferred, or have caused to be transferred as aforesaid, to the Account of the said Commissioners, the Whole of the Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated or Reduced Annuities subscribed by him, shall be entitled to the principal Sum of Eighty eight Pounds in Annuity, at the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings *per Centum* for every One Hundred Pounds of Three Pounds *per Centum* Bank Annuities transferred; such Annuities at the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings *per Centum* to commence from the Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and the First Payment of such Annuity to be made on the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and every Person and Body Politic and Corporate who shall, on or before the Fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, have paid to the Chief Cashier or Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* the Sum of Eleven Pounds in Money for every One hundred Pounds of Three Pounds *per Centum* Bank Annuities subscribed by him or them, shall be entitled to the further principal Sum of Twelve Pounds in Annuity, at the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings *per Centum* for every Sum of Eleven Pounds so paid; such Annuities to commence from the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and the First Payment of such Annuity to be made on the Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, if the Payment shall be completed on or before the Seventh Day of that Month, and on the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, if the Payment of the Annuity aforesaid shall not be completed until after the said Seventh Day of *October*; and such Annuities at the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings *per Centum* *per Annum* shall not be reduced, nor shall the principal Sum of such Annuities be paid off, in any time before the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and twenty nine.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Person and Body Politic and Corporate, having completed the Transfer to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of the whole of the Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated Annuities subscribed by him or them, shall be entitled to a Dividend or Interest at the Rate of Fifteen Shillings for every principal Sum of One hundred Pounds in such Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated Annuities which may have been so transferred; and such Dividend or Interest shall be paid at the Bank of *England* on the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, provided the whole of the Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated Annuities subscribed by such Person or Body Politic or Corporate shall be transferred to the said Commissioners on or before the Second Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, or on the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, provided the whole of the Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated Annuities subscribed by such Person or Body Politic or Corporate shall be transferred to the said Commissioners after the Second Day of *June*, and on or before the Twenty seventh Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and after Payment of the said Dividend or Interest, the whole of the said Consolidated and Reduced Annuities which may be transferred to the said Commissioners, shall be respectively cancelled, and the Interest or Dividends which would have been payable thereon shall from thenceforth respectively cease to be paid from the Receipt of the Exchequer, or to be charged upon the Consolidated Fund; and the Money which would have been applicable to the Payment thereof shall remain and be a Part of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and they are hereby authorized and required, to purchase the said Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings *per Centum* issued by this Act, in the Proportion of at least One Pound *per Centum* *per Annum* on the Capital to be created, whenever the principal Sum of One hundred Pounds of such Annuities can be purchased for less than One hundred Pounds in Money.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, for the Reduction of the National Debt, and they are hereby empowered and required, to accept and receive Three Pounds and Ten Shillings *per Centum* Bank Annuities in the Consideration for the Purchase of Life Annuities; and for the Purpose of ascertaining the Price of such Stock or Annuities, the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of *England* shall and they are hereby required, on every Day on which any of the said Annuities shall have been bought at the Bank of *England*, to cause an Account to be made out of the Average Price thereof, according to the Regulations prescribed by any Act or Acts now in force for ascertaining the Average Price of Three Pounds *per Centum* Bank Annuities, for enabling the Purchase of Life Annuities; which said Account shall be submitted to the Officers appointed by the said Commissioners, to enable him or them to ascertain the respective Amounts of the like Annuities which may be purchased by the Transfer of such Three Pounds and Ten Shillings *per Centum* Bank Annuities as aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That when any Three Pounds and Ten Shillings *per Centum* Bank Annuities shall be transferred to the said Commissioners for the Purchase of Life Annuities, that such Three Pounds and Ten Shillings *per Centum* Bank Annuities shall be first converted, by the Computation of the said Officer, into Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities (at the Option of the Purchaser),

Persons making Transfers of the Stock aforesaid before certain Periods, entitled to 22, to the Amount of 21 per Cent. for every 100, 21 per Cent. Annuities to be transferred, to commence at the first term mentioned.

Annuities of 21 per Cent. not to be reduced nor paid off before 2nd April 1849.

Persons completing Transfers of the 3 per Cent. Annuities by a certain time, entitled to a Dividend of 15s. per Cent.

Provided the whole of the 3 per Cent. Bank Annuities subscribed shall be transferred on or before 2nd June, and by 2nd Nov. 1818.

In what case and Proportion Commissioners of the said Debt may purchase 1 per Cent. Annuities. 11 per Cent. Annuities may be taken by the Commissioners for the Purchase of Life Annuities.

and on Transfer the interest to be paid may 21 per Cent.

power to subscribe the Amount of such Deposit, or such Deposit may be taken into Account as a Part Payment of the Subscriptions of such Person or Body Politic or Corporate.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Guardian or Trustee having the Disposition of any Three Pounds per Centum Annuitie, and of any Money, or of any Exchequer Bills of any Intest, to transfer such Annuitie, and to pay such Money, and deliver in such Exchequer Bills in manner aforesaid; and such Intest, upon the Transfer of the Annuitie, and Payment of the Sum or Value of Money, or Delivery of Exchequer Bills subscribed by such Guardian or Trustee, shall be entitled to have and receive the Annuitie, Advantages and Payments in respect thereof, in such and the like manner as any other Subscriber and the said Guardian and Trustee, as to the said Annuitie transferred, and Sum or Value so advanced, or Exchequer Bills delivered in, is hereby discharged, so as the Name of such Intest to be expressed in such Transfer, and in the Receipt or Receipts for such Money or Exchequer Bills.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Body Politic or Corporate, who shall have subscribed any Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Annuitie, to be transferred to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt under the Provisions of this Act, and who shall have paid the Deposit of One Pound in respect of each One hundred Pounds subscribed to be transferred, and shall also have transferred Fifteen Pounds per Centum thereon to the said Commissioners, by any Indenture under their Common Seal, to be lodged with the Clerk of the Bank or Cashiers of the Bank of England, to direct any Person or Persons to subscribe his or their Name or Names for the Purpose of having any Exchequer Bills; and the Certificate or Certificates to be granted by the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills shall be made out in the Name of such Person or Persons, and shall be eligible by law or them in the same manner as if the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Annuitie, in respect of which such Exchequer Bills were subscribed to be funded, had been subscribed by such Person or Persons in his or their own Name or Names.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That every Person and Body Politic and Corporate who shall have made a Deposit at the Bank of England to the Amount of Five Pounds per Centum on the Exchequer Bills subscribed by such Person or Body, shall receive from the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills a Certificate or Certificates, upon which a Receipt for the Deposit made at the Bank of England shall be written; and such Certificate or such Certificates shall be carried to the Office of the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills at the time of making every future Payment, the Receipt for which shall be written thereon; and when the whole Amount of Exchequer Bills expended in such Certificate or Certificates shall have been acknowledged to have been received by the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills, such Certificate or Certificates being carried into the Bank of England, and lodged with the Governor and Company of the said Bank, shall entitle the Persons or Bodies Politic or Corporate respectively holding the same, for every One hundred Pounds principal Money, contained therein, to thirty four Pounds Capital Stock in the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Annuitie, the Interest whereof shall commence from the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and the First Payment thereon to be made on the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, if the Certificate or Certificates before mentioned shall have been lodged with the Governor and Company of the said Bank on or before the Second Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and if such Certificate or Certificates shall not be so lodged until after the first Second Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, the First Payment shall not be made until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and also to thirty four Pounds Capital Stock in Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Annuitie, the Interest whereof shall commence from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and the First Payment thereon to be made on the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, if the Certificate or Certificates before mentioned shall have been lodged with the Governor and Company of the Bank on or before the Seventh Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; but if such Certificate or Certificates shall not be so lodged until after the first Seventh Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the First Payment upon such Amount of Reduced Annuitie shall not be made until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and the said Paymasters of Exchequer Bills are hereby authorized and required to deliver to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England the Cheques or Counterfoils of such Certificates.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Interest on all Exchequer Bills which shall be deposited at the Bank of England, or which may be carried into the Office of the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills as aforesaid, shall be computed up to the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eighteen inclusive, from which time the same shall cease; and the Interest which may be due on such Bills, from the Day of their Date up to the said First Day of August, shall be paid by the said Paymasters as soon as conveniently may be after the said Bills have been deposited, or delivered in to the Person or Persons by whom the Deposit was made, or by whom the Bills were carried in.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every such Subscriber as aforesaid who shall be desirous of making up any Part of his Subscriptions in Money instead of Exchequer Bills, shall be at liberty to do so, upon paying the same into the Bank of England to the Account of the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills, together with a Sum equal to One Pound per Centum upon such Money Payment; and also, if such Payment should be made after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, a further Sum equal to Two Pence per Centum per Annum on the Amount of such Payment in Money, to be computed from the said First Day of August up to the Day of the actual Payment thereof; and the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills shall, upon the Payment to their Account being duly certified to them, issue a Receipt on such Certificate as aforesaid for such Payment, in the same manner as if Exchequer Bills to such Amount had been brought into their Office; and the said Paymasters of Exchequer Bills shall and they are hereby required within Five Days after they shall be apprized of the Payment of the said Money to their Account at the Bank of England, pay the same into

Certificates
Transfer may
be made
before.

And it is
enacted, that the
said Commission-
ers, or any one of
them, may, in their
discretion, receive
the said Money, and
pay the same into
the Bank of Eng-
land.

Certificates to
be given by the
Paymasters of
Exchequer Bills
to the Subscribers
of the same, being
lodged at the
Bank of Eng-
land, shall be
entitled to the
same shall be
computed, from
the day of their
Date up to the
said First Day
of August, and
also to the day
of the actual
Payment thereof.

Paymasters to
deliver Certificates
to the Subscribers
of the same, being
lodged at the
Bank of Eng-
land.

Interest on such
Exchequer Bills
shall be com-
puted up to the
said First Day
of August, and
also to the day
of the actual
Payment thereof.

Subscribers may
make up their
subscriptions in
Money instead
of Exchequer
Bills.

Paymasters to
issue a Receipt

and pay into the
Bank of Eng-
land the sum of
£ 2.

the Exchequer of Great Britain, and shall account for the same in the Exchequer according to the *das Couste* thereof.

Exchequer Bills shall be received at the proper Office, and converted, and the Interest paid.

Time of Payment of the Amount granted in lieu of the Exchequer Bills.

Persons entitled to have the Bills in Account.

Receipts to be countersigned by the Cashier, and to be countersigned by the Treasurer and the Clerk of the Bank of England.

No Stamp Duty.

Assurances to be entered in the Books of the Bank of England, and to be countersigned.

Books of the Bank of England to be countersigned.

To be done in compliance with the Statute in force July 1811, the Bank of England to be paid the 3 per Cent. on the Bank of England to be paid the 3 per Cent.

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XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the proper Officer or Officers at the Office of the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills for the time being, to take in and receive from all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, who or which are or shall be possessed of, interested in or entitled unto as such Exchequer Bills is subscribed as aforesaid, all the said Exchequer Bills, to such Amount as aforesaid, which any such Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall have so subscribed, according to the Provisions of this Act; and the said Paymasters of Exchequer Bills are hereby authorized and required, upon Receipt of any such Bills, to mark and cancel the same, and to pay the Interest thereupon, according to the Provisions of this Act.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, who shall have delivered any such Exchequer Bill or Bills as aforesaid, upon producing such Certificates as are hereby directed to be made forth by the said Paymasters of Exchequer Bills, in lieu of the principal Sums contained in such Bill or Bills, shall for every Sum of One Hundred Pounds contained therein, and so in proportion for any greater Sum, have and be entitled to the Capital Stock in Annuities heretofore mentioned, which shall be in lieu of such Exchequer Bills; and the Annuities thereon shall be respectively payable Half yearly at the Bank of England in manner following: the said Consolidated Annuities on the Fifth Day of July and the Fifth Day of January, and the said Reduced Annuities on the Fifth Day of April and Tenth Day of October respectively in every Year; and that all Persons and Bodies Politic or Corporate entitled to any such Annuity or Annuities aforesaid, and his and their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns respectively, and all Persons and Bodies Politic or Corporate lawfully Claiming under him or them, shall have good, law, absolute and undisturbable Estate and Interest in the said Annuities, according to the true Tenor and Meaning of this Act, until the Redemption thereof in the Manner herein directed.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all Receipts by the Chief Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, or Certificates by the Accountant General of the Bank of England, or his Deputy or Deputies, or by the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills, which shall be delivered under and by virtue of this Act, in respect of any such Transfers or Payments as aforesaid, shall be assignable by Indorsement thereupon, provided such Indorsement is made upon any Receipt or Receipts granted by the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England on or before the Fifth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and upon any Certificate or Certificates, Receipt or Receipts, granted by the Accountant General of the Bank of England, or his Deputy or Deputies, or the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills, at any time before the Nineteenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and no longer; and no such Receipt, Certificate or Assignment thereupon, shall be charged with any Stamp Duties whatever.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That as soon as any Subscriber, or Subscribers, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, shall have completed their Payments and Transfers as aforesaid under and according to the Provisions of this Act, and the Certificates granted by the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills shall be lodged with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and which they are hereby authorized and required to take in and receive, the respective principal Sums or Annuities in respect of which such Payments and Transfers shall have been made as aforesaid, shall herewith be, in the Books of the Bank of England, placed on the Credits of such respective Subscribers, their Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, completing such Transfers or Payments; and the Persons to whose Credit such principal Sums shall be so placed, their respective Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns shall and may have power to assign and transfer the same, or any Part, Share or Proportion thereof, to any other Person, Body Politic or Corporate whatsoever, in the Books of the Bank of England; and the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England are hereby required, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, to prepare proper Books for the Purpose of entering the Names of all such Subscribers, and of placing to their Credit the principal Sums to which they may be respectively entitled under the Provisions of this Act; and all such principal Sums respectively shall be taken and deemed to be Stock transferable according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, until Redemption thereof, in such manner as is hereinafter mentioned.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Subscriber or Subscribers shall have completed his or their Subscriptions, and shall have lodged the Certificates or Certificates thereof with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England on or before the Second Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, by which the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Annuities created by this Act would become transferable in the Books of the said Governor and Company, or the Dividend or Interest which may become due thereon on the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, shall belong to and shall be paid on the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen to the Person or Persons, Body Politic or Corporate, in whose Name or Names said Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Annuities shall have been standing in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen: Provided always, that in case any such Subscriber who shall have transferred any Three Pounds per Centum Annuities to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, or who shall have already deposited with or shall hereafter pay to the said Cashier or Cashiers any Sum or Sums of Money or Exchequer Bills, or carry into the Office of the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills any Exchequer Bills, at the time and in the manner heretofore mentioned, in part of the Sum or Sums to be then respectively subscribed, or their respective Executors, Administrators, Successors or Assigns, shall so transfer to the said Commissioners, or advance and pay to the said Cashier or Cashiers, or carry into the Office of the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills, the Balance of the Three Pounds per Centum Annuities, Money or Exchequer Bills subscribed, at the time and in the manner before mentioned, then and

in every such Case to much of the respective Annuities, Money or Exchange Bills as aforesaid, as shall have been actually transferred, paid or delivered in part thereof as aforesaid, shall be forfeited for the Benefit of the Public, and all Right and Title to the said Annuities in respect thereof shall be extinguished; any thing to the contrary contained to the contrary thereof is hereby notwithstanding.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That in the Office of the Accountant General of the Government and Company of the Bank of England for the Time being, a Book or Books shall be provided and kept, in which the Names of the Subscribers shall be fairly entered; which Book or Books the said respective Subscribers, their respective Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, shall and may, from time to time, and at all reasonable times, refer to and inspect, without any Fee or Charge; and that the said Accountant General shall, on or before the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, transmit an attested Duplicate, fairly written on Paper, of the said Book or Books, into the Office of the Auditor of the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer of Great Britain, there to remain for ever.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That Books shall be constantly kept by the said Accountant General for the Time being, wherein all Assignments or Transfers of all Annuities created under the Provisions of this Act shall be entered and registered; which Entry shall be concurred in proper Words for that Purpose, and shall be signed by the Parties making such Assignments or Transfers, or if such Parties be absent, by their respective Attorneys or Attorneys at Law fully authorized, in Writing under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, to be attested by Two or more credible Witnesses; and that the several Persons to whom such Transfers shall be made may respectively acknowledge their Acceptance thereof; and that no other Method of assigning and transferring the said Annuities, or any Part thereof, or any Interest therein, shall be good or available in Law: Provided always, that all Persons possessed of any Share or Interest in the said Annuities, or any Estate or Interest therein, may devise the same by Will in Writing, attested by Two or more credible Witnesses; but that no Payment shall be made upon any such Devise, until so much of the said Will as relates to such Share, Estate or Interest in the said Annuities, be entered in the said Office; and that, in default of such Transfer or Devise, such Share, Estate or Interest in the said Annuities shall go to the Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns; and that no Stamp Duties whatsoever shall be charged on any of the said Transfers; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons who shall be entitled to any of the Annuities hereby granted, and all Persons lawfully claiming under them, shall be satisfied thereof as of a Personal Estate, which shall not be defendable to Heirs, nor liable to any foreign Attachment, by the Custom of London or otherwise; any Law, Statute or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That such Subscribers duly transferring or paying or delivering in the whole Amount is aforesaid at or before the respective times in this Act limited in that behalf, and their respective Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled by virtue of this Act to have, receive and enjoy the said Annuities by the Act granted in respect of the Amount so subscribed, and shall have good and sure Interests and Estates therein, according to the several Provisions in this Act contained; and that the said Annuities shall be free from all Taxes, Charges and Impositions whatsoever.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That, at any time after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty nine, and not sooner, upon Six Months' Notice to be printed in the London Gazette, and affixed upon the Royal Exchange in London, by Authority of Parliament, and upon Representation by Petitioners of the whole of the said Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum, or any Part thereof, by Payments not less than Five hundred thousand Pounds at one Time, in such manner as shall be directed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf, and also upon full Payment of all Arrangements of the said Annuities, then, and not till then, such and so much of the said Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum, as shall be attending on the principal Sum or Sums so paid off, shall cease and determine, and be understood to be redeemed; and that any Vote or Resolution of the House of Commons, signified by the Speaker in Writing, to be entered in the London Gazette, and affixed on the Royal Exchange in London as aforesaid, shall be deemed and adjudged to be sufficient Notice when the Words and Meaning of this Act.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That all the Consolidated Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum which shall be created under the Provisions of this Act, shall, after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, be added to the Joint Stock of Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, into which the several Sums, carrying an Interest after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, were, by several Acts made in the Twenty fifth, Twenty eighth, Twenty ninth, Thirty second, and Thirty third Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, and by several subsequent Acts consolidated, and shall be deemed Part of the said Joint Stock of Annuities, subject nevertheless to Redemption or Payment in such manner and upon such Notice as, in the said Act made in the Twenty fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign is directed in respect of the several and respective Annuities redeemable by virtue of the said Act; and that all and every Person and Persons and Corporation whatsoever, in proportion to the Money as which he or they shall become entitled as aforesaid by virtue of this Act, shall have and be deemed to have a proportional Interest and Share in the said Joint Stock of Annuities at the Rate aforesaid.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That all the Reduced Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum, created under the Provisions of this Act, shall be added to the Joint Stock of Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, which, by an Act made in the Twenty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, were reduced from Four Pounds per Centum per Annum to Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, and shall be deemed Part of the said Joint Stock of Annuities, subject nevertheless to Redemption by Parliament in such manner

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and upon such Notice as in the several Acts by which the said *Assessments* after the Rate of Four Pounds *per Centum* *per Annum* were respectively granted, are directed in respect of the *Assessments* redeemable by virtue thereof; and that all and every Person or Persons and Corporations whatsoever, in proportion to the Money to which he or they shall become entitled as aforesaid by virtue of this Act, shall have and be deemed to have a proportional Interest and Share in the said joint Stock of *Assessments* at the Rate aforesaid.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all the *Assessments* created under the Provision of this Act, and Interest and Dividends whereof shall become payable in respect of the stock, shall be charged and chargeable upon, and are hereby charged upon, and made payable out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, either paying or retaining sufficient to pay all such Sums of Money in (and being directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament; and the said *Assessments* at the Rate of Three Pounds *per Centum* shall be subject to Redemption by Parliament at another less effective moment.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That so much Money shall from time to time be in and apart and issued in the Receipt of the Exchequer in England, out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to the said Cashier or Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, as shall be sufficient to satisfy and pay the respective *Assessments* to be created under the Provision of this Act, together with the Charges attending the same.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, shall from time to time, until all the said *Assessments* shall be redeemed, appoint and employ one or more sufficient Person or Persons within their Office in the City of London to be their Chief or Part Cashier or Cashiers, and one or more sufficient Person within the same Office to be their Accountant General; and that so much of the Money then due to time being in the Receipt of the Exchequer, and forming the Consolidated Fund by this Act made applicable for that Purpose, as shall be sufficient to satisfy the said *Assessments*, shall, by Order of the Commissioners of the Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, without any further or other Warrant to be had for, had or obtained in that behalf, from time to time at the respective Days of Payment in this Act appointed, be had and paid at the Receipt of the Exchequer to the said Chief or Chief Cashier or Cashiers of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors for the time being, by way of Deposit, and upon Account for the Payment of the said *Assessments*; and that such Cashier or Cashiers to whom the said Money shall from time to time be issued shall, from time to time, without Delay, apply and pay the same accordingly, and tender his or their Accounts thereof according to the due Course of the Exchequer in Great Britain; and that the said Accountant General for the time being shall from time to time inspect and examine all Receipts and Payments of the said Cashier or Cashiers, and the Vouchers relating thereto, in order to prevent any Fraud, Negligence or Delay.

XXXV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to retain out of the said Sums allocated to them at the Rate of Eight hundred Pounds for every Million allotted to them, in respect of the Treasury of Three Pounds *per Centum* *per Annum* to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, as an Allowance for the Service, Pains and Labour of the said Cashier or Cashiers employed in receiving, paying and accounting for the same, and also for the Service, Pains and Labour of the said Accountant General, for performing the Trusts imposed in him by this Act; which Allowance in respect of the Service, Pains and Labour of the said Cashier or Cashiers and Accountant General of the said Governor and Company, shall be for the Use of the said Governor and Company, and not their Disposal only.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That out of the Money arising from the said Subscriptions, any Three or more of the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall have Power to discharge all such incident Charges as shall necessarily attend the Execution of this Act, in such Manner as to them shall from time to time be just and reasonable.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, to issue and apply from time to time all such Sums of Money as shall be in and paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Great Britain by the said Cashier or Cashiers, or by the Payment of the Exchequer Bills, in respect of all the Monies allocated or paid under the Provision of this Act, to such Services as shall then have been voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in this present Session of Parliament.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or shall wilfully sell or assist in the forging or counterfeiting, any Receipt or Receipts, or Certificate or Certificates, for the Whole or any Part or Parts of the said Money, Annuities or Exchequer Bills allocated under the Provision of this Act, either with or without the Name or Names of any Person or Persons being referred therein, as the Subscriber or Subscribers thereof, or Transferee or Transferees, or Payee or Payees thereof, or of any Part or Parts thereof, or any Certificate or Certificates directed to be made and by this Act, or any Assignment thereof, or Indorsement thereof, or shall alter any Number, Figure or Word therein respectively, or utter or publish as true any such Bills, forged, counterfeited or altered Receipt or Receipts, or Certificate or Certificates, or Assignment or Assignments thereof, or Indorsement or Indorsements thereof, with Intent to defraud His Majesty or the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or any Body Politic or Corporate, or any Person or Persons whatsoever, every such Person or Persons so forging or counterfeiting, or causing or procuring to be forged or counterfeited, or wilfully acting or assisting in the forging or counterfeiting, or causing or procuring to be forged or counterfeited, being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

XXXIX. Provided

XXXIX. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, notwithstanding the Redemption of all or any of their own Funds, in pursuance of the Acts for establishing the same or any of them, shall continue a Corporation for the Purposes of this Act, until the Assent to this Act granted shall be received by Parliament as aforesaid; and that the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or any Member thereof, shall not incur any Disability for or by reason of their doing any matter as thing in pursuance of this Act.

Bank of England to continue a Corporation until Assent-received.

XL. And he is further enacted, That no Fee, Reward or Gratitude, whatsoever shall be demanded or taken of any Person or Persons whatsoever, for receiving or paying the said Subscription or Contribution Money, or any of them, or for any Receipts concerning the same, or for paying the said Assent to any of them, or for any Transfer, or for any Sum, great or small, on the usual Days of Transfer, to be made in pursuance of this Act, upon pain that any Officer or Person offending, by taking or demanding any such Fee, Reward or Gratitude, shall for every such Offence forfeit the sum of Twenty Pounds to the Party aggrieved, with full Costs of Suit, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, whereas an Effusion, Protection, Privilege or Wager of Law, Injunction or Order of Restraint, or any more than One Injunction shall be granted or allowed.

Taking Fee

Penalty, &c.

XLI. And he is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be sued, molested or prosecuted for any thing done by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give in a Bill and the General Matter in Evidence on his, her or their Defence or Defencees; and if afterwards a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant, or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall do otherwise, her or their Action or Protection, or be refused, or Judgment shall be given against her, her or them upon Demurrer or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs awarded to her, her or them against any such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

General Issue.

Treble Costs

XLII. And he is further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof, may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

Act may be altered, &c. this Session.

C A P. XXIV.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to make further Provision for His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, and to settle an Annuity on the Princess of Hesse, in case she shall survive His said Royal Highness.

[25 May 1818.]

Most Gracious Sovereigns,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, having taken into Consideration the Messages of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, acting in the Name and on the behalf of His Majesty, communicating that a Treaty of Marriage was in Negotiation between His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge and Her Serene Highness the Princess Augusta Wilhelmine Louise, youngest Daughter of His Serene Highness the Landgrave Frederick of Hesse Cassel, and Niece of His Royal Highness the Elector of Hesse; Do most humbly sheweth Your Majesty that it may be expedient; and he is enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by any Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to give and grant unto His said Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, for and during His Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure, an Annuity or Yearly Sum of Six thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, in such Proportions and in such manner and Form as His Majesty in His Willom shall think fit to (ordn and appoint the same; which Annuity shall commence and take effect from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and shall be paid and payable Quarterly, in equal Portions, at the four next usual Days of Payment in the Year, (that is to say,) the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October, the Fifth Day of January, and the Fifth Day of April in each and every Year; and also that it shall and may be lawful to and for The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to give and grant unto Her said Serene Highness the Princess Augusta Wilhelmine Louise of Hesse Cassel, when she shall become Duchess of Cambridge, or in such other Person or Persons as His Majesty shall think fit to be named in such Letters Patent, and her or their Heirs, to the Use of or in Trust for Her said Serene Highness, an Annuity of Six thousand Pounds of His lawful Money, which said Annuitment and take effect immediately from and after the Death of His said Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, in case Her said Serene Highness shall survive him, and shall continue from thenceforth for and during the natural Life of Her said Serene Highness, and shall be paid and payable in equal Portions at the four Days of Payment herebefore mentioned; the First Payment thereof to be made on such of the said Days of Payment as shall first and next happen after the Death of His said Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, in case Her said Serene Highness shall survive him as aforesaid; and that the said several Annuities shall not may be and by such Letters Patent be directed to be respectively charged and payable out of and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, (after paying or relieving sufficient to pay all such Sums as have been directed to be paid out of the same by any Act or Acts of Parliament made previous to the time of passing this Act,) but with preference to all other Payments which shall or may at any time or times after the passing of this Act be charged upon and payable out of the said Fund.

An Annuity of Six thousand Pounds granted to the Duke of Cambridge during his Life.

Payable Quarterly as hereto mentioned.

An Annuity of Six thousand Pounds granted to the Duchess of Cambridge, if she survive the Duke.

Payable Quarterly. The said Annuity payable out of the Consolidated Fund.

XLIII. And he is further enacted, That the said several Annuities, as the same shall take effect, shall be paid and payable during the Continuance of the same respectively at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer

and payable at the Exchequer, without Fee.

at *Windsor*; and the Auditor of the said Receipts shall be so hereby required by virtue of such Letters Patent respectively to make forth and pay Debentures from time to time for paying the said several Annuities during the Continuance of the same respectively, and as the same shall become due and payable, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same, or any Part thereof; and the said Debentures so to be made forth and paid as aforesaid shall be a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipts of the Exchequer now and for the time being for the Payment of the said several Annuities, as the same shall take effect, according to the Directions of this Act, without any further or other Warrant to be sued for, had or obtained in that behalf.

Annuitant class
of Taxes.

III. And be it enacted, That the said several Annuities, and every Part thereof respectively, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Rates and Assessments, and all other Charges whatsoever, imposed or to be imposed by Authority of Parliament or otherwise.

C. A. P. XXV.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to settle an Annuity on Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Cambridge, in case of her surviving His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge.

[18th May 1818.]

• Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, having taken into Consideration the most Gracious Majesty of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, acting in the Name and on the behalf of His Majesty, have resolved that a Sum of Six thousand Pounds per Annum be settled on Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Cambridge, in case Her Royal Highness should survive His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge; Do most humbly sheweth Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by any Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to give and grant unto Her said Royal Highness the Duchess of Cambridge, in case she shall survive His said Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, or to such Person or Persons as His Majesty shall think fit to be named in such Letters Patent, and his or their Heirs, to the Use of or in Trust for Her said Royal Highness, One Annuity or Twenty Sums of Six thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, such Annuity or Twenty Sums of Six thousand Pounds, and every Part thereof, to commence and take effect immediately from and after the Death of His said Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, and continue from thenceforth for and during the natural Life of Her said Royal Highness, and shall be paid and payable at the Year most usual Days of Payment in the Year, (that is to say,) the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October in every Year, by even and equal Portions, the First Payment thereof to be made on the First Quarterly Day of Payment next after the Death of His said Royal Highness, of such Proportion of such Quarterly Payment as shall have accrued between the Day of such Death and such Quarter Day; and that the said Annuity of Six thousand Pounds shall and may by such Letters Patent be directed to be issuing and payable out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland during the Life of Her said Royal Highness, (after paying or retaining sufficient to pay all such Sums as shall have been directed to be paid out of the same by any Act or Acts of Parliament made previous to the time of passing this Act,) and with a Preference to all other Payments which shall or may at any time or times after the passing of this Act be charged upon and payable out of the said Fund.

An Annuity of
Twenty Sums
to the Duchess
of Cambridge
for Life, in
case she shall
survive the Duke.

To be paid
Quarterly on the
Days herein
expressed, out
of the Consoli-
dated Fund.

Payable in the
Exchequer,
without Fee.

Annuitant class
of Taxes.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Annuity of Six thousand Pounds shall be paid and payable at the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Windsor*, and the Auditor of the said Receipts shall and he is hereby required by virtue of such Letters Patent to make forth and pay Debentures from time to time for paying, according to the Directions of this Act, the said Annuity, as the same shall become due and payable, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same or any Part thereof; and the said Debentures so to be made forth and paid as aforesaid shall be a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipts of the Exchequer now and for the time being for the Payment of the said Annuity according to the Directions of this Act, without any further or other Warrant to be sued for, had or obtained in that behalf.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Annuity of Six thousand Pounds, and every Part thereof shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Rates and Assessments, and all other Charges whatsoever imposed or to be imposed by Authority of Parliament or otherwise.

C. A. P. XXVI.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of January next, One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, Two Acts made in the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, for regulating the Trade in Spices between Great Britain and Ireland respectively, and to amend the same.

[18th May 1818.]

24 G. 3. c. 149.

25 G. 3. c. 151.

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to regulate until the End of the next Session of Parliament the Trade in Spices between Great Britain and Ireland respectively*; and which by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His

His present Majesty, was continued until the End of the then next Session of Parliament: And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, to amend and continue the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid, and to grant and allow new countervailing Duties and Drawbacks on Spirits imported and exported between England and Scotland and Ireland respectively, the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid was further continued, except in so far as the same was altered by the last mentioned Act, until the End of the last Session of Parliament; and the said recited Acts were by an Act of the last Session of Parliament to further continued until the End of the present Session of Parliament; and it is expedient that the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid, be altered as aforesaid, and such Parts of the said Act of the Fifty sixth Year aforesaid as are now in force, except as hereinafter mentioned, should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid, as altered by the said Act of the Fifty sixth Year aforesaid, and such Parts of the last mentioned Act as are now in force, except as hereinafter mentioned, and the several Duties and Drawbacks thereby granted and allowed and now payable, shall be and they are and are hereby further continued from and after the End of the present Session of Parliament, and shall remain and continue in force from thence until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

II. And Whereas by the said Act made in the Fifty sixth Year aforesaid, the Strength of Eight per Centum above Proof demanded by His Majesty's Hydrocomer was substituted for the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrocomer Proof mentioned in the said Acts, and the Strength of Twenty two per Centum above Proof demanded by the said Hydrocomer was substituted for the Strength of One to Four Hydrocomer Proof mentioned in the said Acts: And Whereas the said Strengths so respectively substituted have been found to exceed the said Strengths for which the same were so respectively substituted, and further Population is made by an Act of the present Session in that behalf; and it is therefore expedient to repeal so much of the aforesaid Act of the Fifty sixth Year aforesaid as substituted such Strengths as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much of the said Act as aforesaid shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

C. A. P. XXVII.

An Act to permit the Importation of certain Articles into His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in the West Indies, or on the Continent of South America; and also certain Articles into certain Ports in the West Indies. [23d May 1818.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to allow the Importation of certain Articles into His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in the West Indies, or on the Continent of South America; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to import Tobacco, Rum, Grain, Peas, Beans and Flour into any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in the West Indies, or on the Continent of South America; for the Supply of the Inhabitants thereof, in British built Ships, owned, registered and navigated according to Law, from any Colony or Possession in the West Indies, or on the Continent of America under the Dominion of any Foreign European Sovereign or State.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to import Peas and Beans, being the Growth or Productions of any of the Colonies or Possessions in the West Indies, or on the Continent of America, belonging to or under the Dominion of any Foreign European Sovereign or State, into any of the Ports in His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in the West Indies enumerated in an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to consolidate and extend the several Laws now in force for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandise into and from certain Ports in the West Indies*, and in another Act, passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled *An Act for enabling His Majesty to permit the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Commodities into and from the Port of New Harbour in the Island of Tortola*; and likewise in another Act, passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Commodities into and from the Port of Valparaiso in the Island of Jamaica*; and in another Act, passed in the Fifty second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandise into and from the said Islands*; and in another Act, passed in the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled *An Act to extend several Acts for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandise to Porto Maria in the Island of Jamaica, and to the Port of Bridgetown in the Island of Barbadoes, in Vessels of the late Dutchess, and subject to the late Rules, Regulations and Restrictions as are required by the aforesaid Acts permitting certain Articles to be imported into the Ports enumerated therein, and in Vessels of the late Dutchess, and subject to the late Rules, Regulations and Restrictions as are required in an Act passed in the Fifteenth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for amending and continuing in force an Act passed in the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for consolidating and extending the several Laws in force for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandise into and from certain Ports in the West Indies*, which was afterwards continued, by an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and revised and made perpetual by another Act, passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty.*

23 G. 3. c. 20.

24 G. 3. c. 149.

as altered by

25 G. 3. c. 100.

See further

continued.

26 G. 3. c. 205

18, in part re-

pealed.

Tobacco, &c. may be imported from Foreign European Colonies in West Indies and America, into the West Indies or South America in British built Ships.

Peas and Beans of such Foreign European Colonies may be imported into any Ports in the British Colonies in the West Indies enumerated in 45 G. 3. c. 12. 46 G. 3. c. 79. 47 G. 3. c. 12. 24 G. 3. c. 29.

25 G. 3. c. 74.

Subject to the Regulations then in force, and also to the Regulations required by 25 G. 3. c. 12.

24 G. 3. c. 1.

24 G. 3. c. 21.

said Majesty, intended An Act to revive and make perpetual certain Acts for ascertaining and extending the several Laws in force for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Articles into and from certain Ports in the West Indies.

C A P. XXVIII.

An Act to repeal an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for establishing the Use of an Hydrometer called *Saler's Hydrometer*, in ascertaining the Strength of Spirits, instead of *Clarke's Hydrometer*; and for making other Provisions in lieu thereof.

[23d May 1818.]

18 G. 3. c. 120.

21 G. 1. c. 49.

22 G. 3. c. 18.

§ 17.

25 G. 3. c. 32.

26 G. 3. c. 128.

(Extempore)
repealed.Spirits deemed to be of the Strength denoted by *Saler's Hydrometers*.
Barometres.

Spirits (as usual, &c.) to define the Operation of the Hydrometers, to be used, and may be used.

Regulations for trying the Strength of Spirits by *Clarke's Hydrometers* to be applied to *Saler's Hydrometers*.

Tables of the Strengths of Spirits formed

WHEREAS a certain Act was made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for establishing the Use of an Hydrometer called *Saler's Hydrometer*, in ascertaining the Strength of Spirits, instead of *Clarke's Hydrometer*; seeing therein, that by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, among other things, for making perpetual so much of an Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty as related to ascertaining the Strength of Spirits by *Clarke's Hydrometers*, it was enacted, that so much of an Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for making Allowances to the Dealers in Foreign Wines, for the Lack of certain Foreign Wines in their Possession at a certain time, upon which the Duties on Importation have been paid, and for extending several Laws relating to the Revenue of Excise, as directed that all Spirits should be deemed and taken to be of the Degree of Strength at which the Hydrometers commonly called *Clarke's Hydrometers* should, upon Trial by any Officer or Officers of Excise, denote any such Spirits to be, which was to continue in force until the Fifth Day of April One thousand first hundred and eighty eight, and which, by several subsequent Acts, was continued until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and one, should be made perpetual; and that since the passing of the said Acts, as Hydrometers called *Saler's Hydrometers* had with great Care been compared, and had, by proper Experiments made for that Purpose, been ascertained to denote as Proof Spirits that which, at the Temperature of Fifty-one Degrees by *Fahrenheit's Thermometer*, weighs exactly Twelve Thirtieth Parts of an equal Measure of Distilled Water, and also to determine the Strengths of all other Spirits, in proportion to the Quantity of such Proof Spirit which is contained therein, or which can be made from them, with a Degree of accuracy never before attained; and that it was expedient to establish the same in law and without of the said Hydrometers called *Clarke's Hydrometers*, which had remained in Use in Great Britain under and by virtue of the said Act; and that it was also expedient to repeal the said recited Clause of the said Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign aforesaid; and also an Act made in the Forty second Year of the Reign aforesaid, intituled *An Act to authorize the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury in Great Britain, and the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of the Treasury in Ireland, to order the Use of the Hydrometers now employed in the Management of the Revenue to be discontinued and other Instruments to be used instead thereof*; And Whereas the said Act, by which the Acts therein related as aforesaid were repealed, and the Use of *Saler's Hydrometer* established as aforesaid, will expire on the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and it is expedient to repeal the said Act, save and except as hereinafter mentioned, and make further Provision for the Purposes therein mentioned; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Act of the Fifty sixth Year aforesaid shall be and the same is hereby repealed, save and except in all Cases relating to the receiving any Tax, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fine, Penalties or Forfeitures, which shall have been incurred under said Act at any time before or on the passing of this Act, and save and except as to so much of the said Act as repealed the said Clause of the Act of the Forty sixth Year, and the said Act of the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, which shall, notwithstanding any thing therein contained, remain wholly repealed.*

II. And be it further enacted, That in and throughout the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, from and after the passing of this Act, all Spirits shall be deemed and taken to be of the Degree of Strength at which the said Hydrometer called *Saler's Hydrometer*, used under the Direction of the Commissioners of Excise, shall, upon Trial by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, denote such Spirits to be, except any Spirits (not being Foreign Cordons, Foreign Brandy, or Foreign Compounds) which shall be freshened, or have any Legitimate or Ingredients mixed with or put into the same, in or to defeat the Operation of the said Hydrometer, or deceive the Officer in trying the true Strength thereof with the said Hydrometer, whereby His Majesty may be defrauded; in all and every of which Cases, such Spirits shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, any thing in any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding; and all Sales, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things in any Act or Acts contained, and not hereby expressly controlled or altered, are repugnant to the Provisions of this Act, relating to the ascertaining of the Degree of Strength of any Spirits, or to the Degree of Strength of any Spirits, for any Purpose whatever relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, whether of them, by the said Hydrometer called *Clarke's Hydrometer*, or by any other Hydrometer in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, shall be in full Force, and applied in all respects as to the said Hydrometer called *Saler's Hydrometer*, as fully and effectually, as if the same were hereby particularly mentioned as to such last mentioned Hydrometers.

III. And Whereas the Strengths of Spirit denoted by the said Hydrometer called *Saler's Hydrometer*, according to the Temperature thereof, have been, under the Direction of the Commissioners of Excise for England,

“ *England*, set down in a Table intitled = A Table of the Strength of Spirits drawn by Riker's Hydro-
 “ *meter*,” and which said Table has been and is published by the Hand of the Right Honourable Nicholas
 “ *Malet*,” Character of the Engraver, and signed with the Commissioners of Excise for *England*; and it
 “ is expedient to make such Provision for and in respect thereof as is hereinafter mentioned.” It is therefore
 enacted, That the Strength of Spirits set down in the said Table shall, in and throughout the said United
 Kingdom, be deemed and taken to be true and just; and that the said Table shall on all assize or common
 Sessions be laid by every different Office of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs and Excise respectively,
 and throughout the said United Kingdom, for the Purpose in that behalf aforesaid, and the Refills of
 each of the said on all Occasions be deemed and taken to be accurate and just Refills.

IV. And it is further enacted, That in all such Trials of the Strength of any Spirit by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise, with the said Hydrometer called Silar's Hydrometer, in any Part of the said United Kingdom, the Strength of Twenty one per Centum above Proof denoted by the said Hydrometer called Silar's Hydrometer, shall be fabricated and taken for the Strength of One to Four over Hydrometer Proof mentioned in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs or Excise in any Part of the said United Kingdom in force immediately before the passing of this Act; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid the Strength of Nine per Centum above Proof denoted by the said Hydrometer called Silar's Hydrometer, shall in like manner be fabricated and taken for the Strength of One to Nine over Hydrometer Proof mentioned in any such Act or Acts; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid, the Strength of Seven per Centum above Proof denoted by the said Hydrometer called Silar's Hydrometer, shall in like manner be fabricated and taken for the Strength of One to Two over Hydrometer Proof mentioned in any such Act or Acts; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid, the Strength of Thirteen per Centum under Proof denoted by the said Hydrometer called Silar's Hydrometer, shall in like manner be fabricated and taken for the Strength of One to Eight under Hydrometer Proof mentioned in any such Act or Acts; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid, the Strength of Fifteen per Centum under Proof denoted by the said Hydrometer called Silar's Hydrometer, shall in like manner be fabricated and taken for the Strength of One to Six under Hydrometer Proof mentioned in any such Act or Acts; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid, the Strength of Seventeen per Centum under Proof denoted by the said Hydrometer called Silar's Hydrometer, shall in like manner be fabricated and taken for the Strength of One to Six under Hydrometer Proof mentioned in any such Act or Acts; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid, the Strength of Twenty two per Centum under Proof denoted by the said Hydrometer called Silar's Hydrometer, shall in like manner be fabricated and taken for the Strength of One to Five under Hydrometer Proof mentioned in any such Act or Acts; and that in all Assays to be taken under or by virtue of any such Act or Acts, by any Officer or Officers of Excise, of the Stock of Spirits already distilled British Spirits, Raw British Spirits, Compounds, or other British Spirits of any Rectified or Reddified, or Compounder or Compounders of Spirits, and all every such Stock and Stocks, shall be taken and compared at the Strength of Twenty eight and Two thirds per Centum under Proof by the said Hydrometer called Silar's Hydrometer, unless and instead of taking and comparing the Line at the Strength of One to Three and Three fourths under Hydrometer Proof mentioned in any such Act or Acts; and that all British Spirits of a greater or higher Degree of Strength than Forty two per Centum above Proof denoted by the said Hydrometer called Silar's Hydrometer, shall be deemed and taken to be Spirits of Wine within the Meaning of all and every such Act and Acts; and that all and every Penalty and Forfeiture, Penalties and Forfeitures, Powers, Authorities, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Conditions, matters and things in any such Act or Acts mentioned or contained, touching or relating to any Spirit of the aforesaid Strengths, or any of them, by the said Hydrometer called Clark's Hydrometer, shall remain and be in force, and shall be incurred, applied, observed and complied respectively, in as full and ample manner in all Exits and Purposes whatsoever, with respect to Spirits of the aforesaid Strengths respectively by the said Hydrometer called Silar's Hydrometer to befabriated for them as aforesaid, as if such last mentioned Strengths respectively had been originally labored in and made Part of such Act or Acts, in lieu of the said Strengths respectively by Clark's Hydrometer for which the same are hereby respectively substituted: Provided always, that if the Strength of any Spirit manufactured and imported from that Part of Great Britain called Scotland into that Part of Great Britain called England as aforesaid, shall, upon Tryed by any Officer or Officers of Excise in England, by the said Hydrometer called Silar's Hydrometer, be proved to be greater than that of Seven per Centum above Proof, and the Strength thereof shall not exceed Ten per Centum above Proof, then and in such Case the said Spirit shall not be forfeited, but shall be charged with a farther Duty proportioned to their said Scotch Strength.

And he is further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Exche, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or Dublin, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that one Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform against or sue for the same.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That any Spirit of the respective Strengths of which shall have been taken and afterwards in *Ireland* pursuant to the Directions of the said recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reize, shall not be liable to be destroyed or seized; nor shall any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture be incurred in respect of any such Spirits (not being liable so Forfeitures for any other Cause) for or by reason of any Kanach which, upon any Trial of the Strengths of such Spirits to be made by any Officer of Customs or Excise in Great Britain or Ireland under the Provisions of this Act, shall or may appear less

under the Commission of Enquiry, to be used by the College of Cardinals.

Corvallis, Maine, and
through to
John's High-
school. He has
published in
Maine and various
national mag-
azines.

Health: Spikes Higher than 40 per Cent, Increased Spread of Virus

Penetration, Inc., relating to Clinton's Hydro-mass shall be applicable to Clinton.

Fourth species
Imported into
England during
the early years of
the 17th and has
become a pest,
especially in the
south of England,
where it is a
serious pest of
the hop and
other crops.

both rights, the strength of which has been demonstrated on June 11, 1975, may help our Parliament to do most of us.

Excess of
Strength.

Commencement
of Act, so far as
relates to law
land.

All may be al-
tered, for, this
Session.

or beyond the Strength of each Spirit which have been previously taken and ascertained as aforesaid; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And he it further enacted, That this Act and the several Provisions therein contained, so far as relates to *Ireland*, shall commence and take effect on the Expiration of Ten Days next after the passing thereof, and not before.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. XXIX.

An Act for regulating the Payment of Fees for Pardons under the Great Seal. [23d May 1818.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Expenses incident to a Pardon granted by the Crown should no longer be payable and paid by or on behalf of the Petitor or Petitors in whole Person or to whom such Pardons shall be granted; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Fee, Gratuity or other Duty paid or payable for or in respect of any Grant of a Pardon by His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or for or in respect of any Letters Patent, Charter, Warrant, Bill, Decree, or other Instrument appertaining thereto, or the Transcript of any such Instrument, shall be paid or payable by or on behalf of the Petitor or Petitors in whole Person or to whom such Pardons shall be granted; but that all Fees which are now paid and payable for the granting and passing of any such Pardons or Pardons, shall be paid by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and *Ireland*, in the same manner and by the same Persons as other Law Expenses on behalf of His Majesty are paid.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no such Letters Patent, Charter, Warrant, Bill, Decree, Instrument or Transcript as aforesaid, shall be subject to or liable to be charged with any Stamp Duty or Duties whatsoever.

C A P. XXX.

An Act for preventing frivolous and vexatious Actions of Assault and Battery, and for Sanctions Words, in Courts. [23d May 1818.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to prevent, as much as may be, frivolous and vexatious Actions and Suits of Assault and Battery, and for Sanctions Words, in inferior Courts; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in all Actions or Suits of Trespass for Assault and Battery, to be commenced in any Court having, or which by His Majesty's Writ of *Ad Quodam* may have Jurisdiction to hold Pleas in Actions or Suits to the Amount of Forty Shillings (other than His Majesty's Courts in *Windsor*, the Court of Great Sessions for the Principality of *Wales*, the Court of Great Sessions for the County Palatine of *Gloucester*, the Court of Common Pleas for the County Palatine of *Lincoln*, or the Court of Pleas for the County Palatine of *Dorset*), if the Jury upon the Trial of the Issue in such Action, or the Jury that shall inquire of the Damages, do find or affirm the Damages under Forty Shillings, then the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Action or Suits shall have and recover only so much Costs as the Damages so given or affirmed amount unto, without any further Increase of the same; any Law, Statute, Custom or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That in all Actions or Suits of Assault and Battery, or for Sanctions Words, to be tried or prosecuted in any Court whatsoever which hath not Jurisdiction to hold Pleas to the Amount of Forty Shillings, in such Actions or Suits, if the Jury upon the Trial of the Issue in such Action or Suits, or the Jury that shall inquire of the Damages do find or affirm the Damages under Forty Shillings, then the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Action or Suits shall have and recover only so much Costs as the Damages so given or affirmed shall amount to, without any further Increase of the same; any Law, Statute, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XXXI.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, to make further Regulations for the building and repairing of Court Houses and Sessions Houses in *Ireland*. [23d May 1818.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, to make further Regulations for the building and repairing of Court Houses and Sessions Houses in *Ireland*; And Whereas it is expedient that the same should be amended as hereinafter provided; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all Cases in which any Performance hath been or shall be made for building, rebuilding, enlarging or repairing any Court House whatsoever in *Ireland*, and no Agreement hath been or shall have been made for the Purchase of any House, Building, Land, Tenement or Hereditaments which hath been or shall be thought by the Grand Jury by whom such Performance shall have been made, or by any Subordinate Grand Jury competent to make such Performance, proper to be purchased for the Purposes of such Performance, and that such Grand Jury shall thereupon direct

Fees, &c. for
Pardons to be
paid by the
Treasury.

This Instrument
excepts from
Henry Danks.

In Actions of
Trespass for A.C.
Suits, as in
former Courts,
if Damages are
given under 40s.
Plaintiff re-
covers only so
much Costs as
Damages so
given.

In Courts not
holding Pleas to
the Amount of
40s. if the
Jury affirm the
Damages under
40s. Plaintiff re-
covers only
Costs as the
Amount of
Damages given.

In Cases of Per-
formance for
building, &c.
Court Houses,
and Buildings
thought to be
warrantable for

that the same be purchased by or under the Valuation of a Jury, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners appointed or to be appointed under the last recited Act, or any Three or more of them, to affix their Warrants to the Sheriff in manner directed by a certain Act passed in the Fifteenth Year of His Majesty's Reiga, for repaying the several Loans relating to Prisons in Ireland, and for remitting such of the Penalties thereof as have been found useful, with Amendments, and thereupon such and the like Proceedings shall and may be had and taken for summing up, impeaching and swearing Juries, and valuing the Prisons as directed to be purchased, and each and every Part thereof respectively, and for obtaining the full Sells and Poll-books thereof, and a good Title thereto in the said Commissioners, and with and subject to all the Laws, Rules, Regulations, Conditions and Jurisdictions as concerning any Prisons to be purchased by such Valuation under the aforesaid Act of the Fifteenth Year of His Majesty's Reiga as in the said Act provided, and the said Commissioners shall in that behalf have, possess and exercise all and every the same and the like Powers and Authorities as by the said Act last mentioned are granted (as is set out in the Commissioners therein mentioned.

II. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Court House or for any County at large in Ireland shall have been built or enlarged pursuant to the Provision of the last recited Act of the Fifty-third Year of His Majesty's Reiga, and of this Act, or of either of them, or otherwise, where if such Court House, or the Addition thereto made thereto, shall be within a County of a City or County of a Town wherein the Affairs or Concerns of Civil and Criminal and Good Delivery for such County have usually lay or been held, then every such Court House which shall have been built or enlarged, and all Additions thereto made, and Appurtenances therewith occupied, shall be deemed and taken to be Part and Parcel of the County at large for which the same shall have been built as aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act to be made in the Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. XXXI.

An Act to amend in much of an Act of the Fifty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, as relates to the Salaries of Clergymen officiating as Chaplains in Houses of Correction. [1784 May 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reiga, intitled *an Act for altering the Powers of Two Acts of His said Majesty, for providing Clergymen to officiate as Chaplains in Gaols and Houses of Correction within England and Wales*, it was enacted, that no Salary be assigned to any Clergyman for officiating in any House of Correction should exceed Fifty Pounds a Year: And Whereas it has been found impossible, in down Cases, to provide Clergymen who are fit and willing to undertake the Duties of the said Office of Chaplain in Houses of Correction for so small a Salary: And Whereas it is therefore expedient that Powers should be given to the Justices of the Peace in their Quarter Sessions to assign a larger Salary to Clergymen officiating in such Capacity: Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of the several Counties of England and Wales, in their Quarter Sessions respectively, to assign any larger Salary than the said Salary of Fifty Pounds a Year, to Clergymen officiating as Chaplains in Houses of Correction: Provided always, that in no Case such Salary shall exceed the Sum of One hundred Pounds a Year.

II. And be it further enacted, That should the said Justices of the Peace or the major Part of them assembled at their General Quarter Sessions think proper, in pursuance of the Act of the Fifty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, to appoint One Person to officiate as Chaplain to the Gaol and House of Correction, that they be authorized to allow such Chaplain a Salary not exceeding One hundred and Fifty Pounds.

C. A. P. XXXII.

An Act to alter the Allowance for broken Plate Glass, and to exempt Manufacturers of certain Glass Wares from Penalties for not being Bordered. [1784 May 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifty-fourth Year of the Reiga of His present Majesty, amongst other Things, to alter the Duties on Plate Glass, and to prevent Frauds therein, it was enacted, that any Maker or Makers of Plate Glass who should break to Pieces in the manner therein mentioned any Number of such Plates of unground and unpolished Plate Glass as therein mentioned, should thereupon be allowed out of the Duties growing and becoming due and payable from such Maker or Makers respectively for Plate Glass, above the Rate of Four Pounds Eighteen Shillings for every Hundred Weight of such Glass as is broken to Pieces: And whereas such Allowance is excessive, and it is expedient to amend the same and to grant a different Rate of Allowance as hereinafter: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Allowance hereinafter stated shall be and the same is hereby enacted: and that in lieu thereof every such Maker and Makers as aforesaid shall be allowed, for every One hundred Pounds Weight of such Plates of Plate Glass as in the said recited Act are so that therein mentioned, to be broken to Pieces as therein mentioned, One hundred and ten pounds Weight, and so in proportion for any less Quantity, out of the Gross Weight of Metal, as ascertained by Gauge, (exclusive of the Quantity of Glass required by Law to be left on the Bottom,) contained in any Pot or Pots of Metal that may be thus depending, or out of any Pot or Pots of Metal of a subsequent Making of Plate Glass by any such Maker or Makers as aforesaid, subject nevertheless

Valuation of a Jury, the Commissioners under the said Act to affix their Warrants to the Sheriff, and the said Proceedings shall take place as directed by 17 C. 3. s. 64.

When Court House shall be built or enlarged within a County of a City or Town, where Affairs, for have usually been held such Court House shall be deemed Part of County at large. An Act may be amended, altered, &c. the Session.

17 C. 3. s. 64. 1.

Justices in Sessions may assign a larger Salary not to exceed 100*l.* a Year.

and not exceeding 150*l.* in the Case of Gaols and Houses of Correction.

17 C. 3. s. 104.

1.

Allowance under aforesaid Act required, and in lieu thereof an Allowance of 100*l.* out of Gross Weight of Metal for such broken to Pieces.

subject to
former Regu-
lation.

Persons carrying on
the Business of
a Drap-Par,
they making them
up of their
Workings, &c.
with the proper
Officers, and ob-
serving the Regu-
lations in re-
spect to the sub-
ject of this Act,
shall be deemed
to be carrying
on the Business
of Drap-Par.

Persons Who
shall found in
any Addition of
the Persons
found.

and Penalty
paid.

Penalty and
Application of
Provisions

to all and every the Provisions, Conditions and Regulations mentioned or prescribed in the last recited Act with respect to the Allowance hereby expended, or the Price of Glass or Bookage thereof for which such Allowance was thereby directed to be made.

II. And he is further enacted, That no Person who shall carry on the Trade or Business of a Drap-Par only, and not make or manufacture any other Kind of Glass or Glass Ware, and who shall use and employ in such Trade or Business Lamp, Pot or Case Glass only, and shall duly make Entry with the proper Officer of Excise of all and every Workshop and Workshops, Room and Rooms, and Place and Places, where he shall carry on such Trade or Business, or keep any Material or Materials for that Purpose, and shall from time to time produce to the Officer or Officers of Excise surveying such Workshop, Room or Place, all Materials by him used or employed in such Trade or Business, and shall at the same time deliver to such Officer an Invoice or Invoices for all Lamp, Pot or Case Glass received into his Custody or Possession, signed by the Maker and Seller of such Glass, or his Foreman or Clerk, and fabricated also by the Officer of Excise surveying the Glass House where such Glass was made, and shall not use or employ as aforesaid any Cellar or Waste Glass, and shall in all other respects observe and perform the several Regulations, Statutes and things by Law imposed for and in respect of such Trade or Business, except taking out a License as a Glass Maker, shall wear or be fitted or liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture for or by reason of using or carrying on such Trade or Business as aforesaid, without having first taken out the License required by Law for that Purpose; any thing in any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: Provided always, that all Cellar or Waste Glass, and all and every other Material and Materials for or which may be used in making any Glass or Glass Ware, found in the Custody or Possession of any such Person or Persons as aforesaid, or any Person or Persons using or carrying on such Trade or Business as aforesaid, fine and except Lamp, Pot or Case Glass for which such Invoice is fabricated shall be produced as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Person and Persons in whose Custody or Possession the same shall be found shall, over and above all other Penalty, forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

III. And he is further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, or by an Act passed in this present Session of Parliament to revise and amend: until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen several Laws relating to the Duties on Glass made in Great Britain, and to prohibit the making of Segns within a certain Distance of any other Glass House, or by the Maker of any other Kind of Glass, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture may be found for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in England, respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall discover, inform or sue for the same.

C A P. XXXIV.

An Act to repeal the several Bounties on the Exportation of refined Sugar from any Part of the United Kingdom, and to allow other Bounties in lieu thereof, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and for reducing the Size of the Packages in which refined Sugar may be exported. [1818 May 16.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the several Bounties respectively allowed on the Exportation from any Part of the United Kingdom, of Sugar, in any way refined within the United Kingdom, shall be discontinued, and that other Bounties shall be granted and allowed in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the several Bounties on the Exportation, from any Part of the United Kingdom, of Sugar, in any way refined within the United Kingdom, whether refined by the Operation of Chipping or otherwise, allowed under or in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, shall cease, determine and be no longer paid; and that interest and in lieu thereof there shall be paid and allowed the several Bounties on all such refined Sugar, whether refined by the Operation of Chipping or otherwise, exported from any Part of the United Kingdom, as the same are respectively detailed and set forth in the Table to this Act annexed.

II. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That the several and respective Bounties on any Sort of refined Sugar exported from any Part of the United Kingdom, which from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen are by this Act repealed, shall be paid or allowed on any such Sugar which shall be actually shipped for the Purpose of Exportation to Foreign Parts from any Part of the United Kingdom on or before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, notwithstanding such Sugar may not be exported until after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

III. And he is further enacted, That the several Bounties on refined Sugar by this Act granted, shall be paid or allowed in such and the like manner in every respect, and subject and under and according to the like Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Conditions, Securities, Penalties and Forfeitures (except where any Alteration is made by this Act), as any Bounties on refined Sugar exported from any Part of the United Kingdom were paid or allowed before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

IV. And be it further enacted, That before any Bounty granted and allowed by this Act shall be paid, or any Debiture made out for the same, the Refiner or Refiners, not being the Exporter or Exporters of such Sugars, shall make Oath before the Collector or other proper Officer of the Customs, that he or they sold such Sugar, comprising the Quantity and the time when, in the Port or Ports intended to export the same, and that, as he or they verily believe, such Sugar was produced from Molasses Sugar imported from His Majesty's Plantations in America, or from Sugars the Produce of the East Indies, and that the several Duties payable thereon were duly paid at the time of exporting the same; and the Exporter or Exporters of such Sugars shall also make Oath that such Sugars, being the Sugars for which such Bounty is then claimed, are the identical Sugars or Part thereof which were sold to him as aforesaid by such Refiner or Refiners; and before the Bounty due upon such Debitures or Debitures shall be paid, such Exporter or Exporters shall also make Oath that the said Sugars have been duly exported, His Majesty's Officers also certifying the shipping thereof, and all the Regulations of Law being duly complied with; and whenever the Refiner or Refiners of such Sugars shall be the Exporter or Exporters thereof, he or they shall also make Oath as well of the due Exportation of the same, as of the several Particulars hereinbefore directed to be sworn by him or them (excepting what relates to the Sale of the said Sugars).

V. And be it further enacted, That all Sugar refined otherwise than by the Operation of Claying shall be entitled to the Bounty allowed and made payable by this Act, and the Table therein amount, without regard to any Rules or Regulations relating to such Operation of Claying; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That nothing contained in an Act made in the Fifty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign for granting Bounties on Sugar refined otherwise than by Claying, or in this Act, shall extend or be construed to extend to give or allow any Bounty, Drawback or Allowance on refined Sugar exported from Great Britain to Ireland, or from Ireland to Great Britain, nor to abate or repeal any of the Countervailing Duties or Equivalent Drawbacks on refined Sugar exported from one Country to the other, granted and made payable under the Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, and the several other Acts relating to such Countervailing Duties and Equivalent Drawbacks in force in Great Britain and Ireland respectively.

VII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to abate or repeal the Deduction to be made from the Bounty allowed on refined Sugar when exported from any Part of the United Kingdom in any other than a British Vessel, saved, imported and registered according to Law, as directed by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for abolishing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain, and for allowing other Drawbacks and Bounties in Lieu thereof, until the Fifteenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and five*; or by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide more effectually for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland; and for allowing British Plantation Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight*.

VIII. And Whereas it is expedient to reduce the Quantity of refined Sugar required to be packed in such Packages for Exportation to obtain the Drawback or Bounty; be it enacted, That the Drawback or Bounty due on the Exportation of refined Sugar, from that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, shall be allowed and paid upon the Exportation of all refined Sugar (except Candy) when packed in Hogsheads, Cases or Cases, each of which shall contain Two Hundred Weight Avoirdupois of such Sugar at the bulk; and also upon the Exportation from that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain of all Sugar called Candy, properly refined and manufactured, and free from Dirt and Scum, when packed in any Boxes or other Packages, each of which shall contain Fifty six Pounds Weight Avoirdupois of such Sugar called Candy at the bulk; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in Force until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

X. And be it further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

TABLE to which this Act refers.

	Bounty on refined Sugar called Blanche, or refined Leaf Sugar broken in pieces, or being ground as powdered Sugar.	Bounty on other refined Sugar as Leaf congreve and white, or Loaves, duly refined, or as such Sugar pressed, cracked or broken, and as Sugar Candy.	Additional Bounty on certain refined Sugar.
Whatever may be the average Price of Brown or Molasses Sugar	30s. the Cwt.	48s. the Cwt.	8s. the Cwt.

C A P. XXXV.

See 33 G. 3.
c. 118.
37 G. 3. c. 18.

An Act to provide for the maintaining of the Royal Canal from the River *Liffey* to the River *Shannon* in *Ireland*.
(13th May 1818.)

C A P. XXXVI.

An Act to carry into Execution a Treaty made between His Majesty and the King of Spain, for the preventing Traffic in Slaves.
(15th May 1818.)

Treaty, dated
May 15, 1812,
revised.

WHEREAS a Treaty was made between His Majesty and His Catholic Majesty the King of Spain, for preventing Traffic in Slaves, and signed at *Madrid* on the Twenty third Day of September One thousand eight hundred and Green: And Whereas by the First Article of the said Treaty, His Catholic Majesty engaged that the Slave Trade shall be abolished throughout the entire Dominions of Spain on the Thirtieth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and that from and after that Period it shall not be lawful for any of the Subjects of the Crown of Spain to purchase Slaves, or to carry on the Slave Trade on any Part of the Coast of *Africa*, upon any Pretext or in any manner whatever; provided however, that a Term of Five Months from the said Date of the Thirtieth of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty shall be allowed for completing the Voyages of Vessels which shall have been cleared out lawfully previously to the said Thirtieth of May: And Whereas it was by the Second Article of the said Treaty agreed, that from and after the Exchange of the Ratifications of the said Treaty, it shall not be lawful for any of the Subjects of the Crown of Spain to purchase Slaves, or to carry on the Slave Trade on any Part of the Coast of *Africa* to the North of the Equator, upon any Pretext or in any manner whatever; provided however, that a Term of Six Months from the Date of the Exchange of the Ratifications of the said Treaty shall be allowed for completing the Voyages of Vessels which shall have been cleared out from Spanish Ports for the said Coast previously to the Exchange of the said Ratifications: And Whereas by the Third Article of the said Treaty, His Majesty engaged to pay in London, on the Twentieth of February One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds Sterling to such Person as His Catholic Majesty shall appoint to recover the same; And Whereas it was by the Fourth Article of the Treaty agreed, that the said Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds Sterling is to be considered as a full Compensation for all Losses sustained by the Subjects of His Catholic Majesty, engaged in the Traffic, on account of Vessels captured previously to the Exchange of the Ratifications of the said Treaty, as also for the Losses which are a necessary Consequence of the Abolition of the said Traffic: And Whereas it was in the Fifth Article of the said Treaty declared and agreed, that every Traffic in Slaves, which should be carried on under the Circumstances in the said Article stated, should be considered as illicit; First, either by British Ships, and under the British Flag, or for the Account of British Subjects, by any Vessel, or under any Flag whatever: Secondly, by Spanish Ships upon any Part of the Coast of *Africa* North of the Equator, after the Exchange of the Ratifications of the said Treaty; provided however, that Six Months should be allowed for completing the Voyages of Vessels conformably to the Tenor of the Second Article of the said Treaty: Thirdly, either by Spanish Ships and under the Spanish Flag, or for the Account of Spanish Subjects, by any Vessel, or under any Flag whatever, after the Thirtieth of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty, when the Traffic in Slaves on the Part of Spain was declared by the said Treaty to cease entirely; and it was by the said Article provided, that Five Months should be allowed for the Completion of Voyages commenced in due time, conformably to the First Article of the said Treaty: Fourthly, under the British or Spanish Flag, for the Account of the Subjects of any other Government: Fifthly, by Spanish Vessels bound for any Port not in the Dominions of His Catholic Majesty: And Whereas by the Sixth Article of the said Treaty, His Catholic Majesty engaged to adopt, in Conformity to the Spirit of the said Treaty, the Measures which are best calculated to give full and complete Effect to the laudable Objects thereof: And Whereas it was by the Seventh Article of the said Treaty stipulated, that every Spanish Vessel which shall be destined for the Slave Trade, on any Part of the Coast of *Africa*, where this Traffic still continues to be lawful, shall be provided with a Royal Passport, conformable to the Model annexed to the said Treaty, and which Model forms an integral Part of the same, written in the Spanish Language with an authentic Translation in English annexed thereto and signed by His Catholic Majesty, and countersigned by the Minister of Marine, and also by the Principal Naval Authority of the District, Station or Port from whence the Vessel clears out, whether in Spain, or in the Colonial Possessions of His Catholic Majesty: And Whereas it was by the Eighth Article of the said Treaty agreed, that it should be understood that this Passport, for rendering lawful the Voyages of Slave Ships, should be required only for the Continuance of the Traffic to the South of the Line, and that their Passports which were then used, signed by the First Secretary of State of His Catholic Majesty, and in Form prescribed by an Order of the Government of December One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, should remain in full Force for all Vessels which may have cleared out for the Coast of *Africa*, as well to the North as to the South of the Line, previously to the Exchange of the Ratifications of the said Treaty: And Whereas it was also agreed and declared by the Ninth Article of the said Treaty, that the Ships of War of His Majesty and of His Catholic Majesty, which should be provided with special Instructions for that Purpose, as mentioned in the said Treaty, may visit such Merchant Vessels of the two Nations as may be suspected, upon reasonable Grounds, for having Slaves on Board, seized by so much Trade; and in the Event only of their finding Slaves on board, may detain and bring away such Vessels, in

¹ order

order that they may be brought to Trial before the Tribunals to be established for that Purpose, as Specified in the said Treaty; and it was by the said Article provided, that the Commanders of Ships of War of the Royal Navies of His Majesty and His Catholic Majesty, who shall be employed in this Service, shall address *Brillies* to the chief Officer of the Instructions which they shall receive for this Purpose; and His Majesty and His Catholic Majesty engaged mutually to make good any Losses which the Subjects of His Majesty and of His Catholic Majesty might respectively incur unjustly, by the arbitrary and illegal Detention of their Vessels, it being understood that this Indemnity shall inasmuch be borne by the Government whose Cruiser shall have been guilty of the arbitrary Detention; provided always, that the Visit and Detention of Slave Ships (specified in the said Article) shall only be effected by their *British* or *Spanish* Vessels which may form Part of the two Royal Navies, and by these only of such Vessels which are provided with the special Instructions annexed to the said Treaty: And Whereas it was also agreed by the Tenth Article of the said Treaty, that no *British* or *Spanish* Cruiser shall detain any Slave Ship not having Slaves actually on board, and that in order to render lawful the Detention of the Ship, whether *British* or *Spanish*, the Slaves found on board such Vessel must have been brought on board the Vessel for the express Purpose of the Traffic, and that on board of *Spanish* Ships must have been taken from that Part of the Coast of Africa where the Slave Trade is prohibited, conformably to the Tenor of the said Treaty; and it was also agreed by the Eleventh Article of the said Treaty, that all Ships of War of the two Nations which shall hereafter be destined to prevent the illicit Traffic in Slaves, shall be furnished with a Copy of the Instructions annexed to the said Treaty, and considered as an integral Part thereof, with a Permit accordingly in the said Treaty, that His Majesty and His Catholic Majesty, with mutual Consent, may alter the Instructions in whole or in part, according to Circumstances: And Whereas it was also by the Twelfth Article of the said Treaty provided, in order to bring to Adjudication, with the least Delay and Inconvenience, the Vessels which may be detained for having been engaged in an illicit Traffic of Slaves, that there shall be established, within a Space of a Year or shorter from the Exchange of the Ratifications of the said Treaty, Two mixed Commissions, formed of an equal Number of Officers of the two Nations, named for that Purpose by the respective Sovereigns; and that these Commissions shall reside, one in a Possession belonging to His Majesty, the other within the Territories of His Catholic Majesty, one of which Commissions is designated by the said Treaty to be always held upon the Coast of Africa, and the other in one of the Colonial Possessions of His Catholic Majesty; and it was by the said Treaty provided, that the said Commissions shall judge the Cases submitted to them without Appeal, and according to the Regulations and Instructions annexed to the said Treaty, which said Instructions were by the said Treaty made an integral Part thereof: And Whereas the Instructions heretofore referred to, and annexed to the said Treaty as Part thereof, relating to the *British* and *Spanish* Ships of War employed to prevent illicit Traffic in Slaves, did in several Articles provide, First, That every *British* or *Spanish* Ship of War shall, in conformity with Article Nine of the Treaty, have a Right to visit the Merchant Ships of either of the Two Nations actually engaged or supposed to be engaged in the Slave Trade; and if any Slaves shall be found on board, according to the Tenor of the Tenth Article of the Treaty; and as to what regards the *Spanish* Vessels, if there shall be Cause to suspect that the said Slaves have been embarked as a Part of the Coast of Africa where the Traffic is no longer permitted, conformably to the said Treaty; and in such Cases alone, the Commander of the said Ship of War may detain such Merchant Ship or Vessel, and shall, as soon as possible, bring the same for Judgment before each of the Two mixed Commissions appointed by the Twelfth Article of the said Treaty, which shall be the court to which the Commander of the capturing Ship shall, upon his own Responsibility, think he can proceed much from the Spot where the Slave Ship shall have been detained: and it was provided, that Ships on board of which no Slaves shall be found, intended for the Purpose of Traffic, shall not be detained on any Account or Pretence whatsoever; and that Negro Servants or Sailors found on board any such Vessels, shall not in any case be deemed a sufficient Cause for Detention: and it was also provided by the Second Article of the said last mentioned Instructions, that no *Spanish* Merchantman or Slave Ship shall, on any Pretence whatever, be detained, which shall be found any where near the Land, or on the High Seas South of the Equator, during the Period for which the Traffic is to remain lawful, according to the said Treaty, unless after a Chase that shall have commenced North of the Equator: and it was also provided by the Third Article of the said last mentioned Instructions, that *Spanish* Vessels, furnished with a regular Passport, having Slaves on board, shipped at such Parts of the Coast of Africa where the Trade is permitted to *Spanish* Subjects, and which shall afterwards be found North of the Equator, shall not be detained by any *British* or *Spanish* Ship of War, if such *Spanish* Vessels can account for their Certificate, either in Conformity with the Practice of the *Spanish* Navigation, by steering some Degrees to the Northward in search of fair Winds, or for other legitimate Causes, such as the Danger of the Sea, duly proved; provided always, that with regard to all Slave Ships detained to the North of the Equator, after the Expiration of the Term allowed, the Proof of the Legality of the Voyage is required to be furnished by the Vessel so detained; on the other Hand, with respect to Slave Ships detained to the South of the Equator, in Conformity with the Specifications of the preceding Article, the Proof of the Illegality of the Voyage is required to be exhibited by the Captain; and it was in like manner stipulated, that the Number of Slaves found on board a Slave Ship by the Commanders, even if the Number should not agree with that contained in the Passport, shall not be sufficient Reason to justify the Detention of such Ship, but that the Captain and the Proprietor shall in such case be denounced to the *Spanish* Tribunals, in order to their being punished according to the Laws of the Country: and it was also provided by the Fourth Article of the said last mentioned Instructions, that every *Spanish* Vessel intended to be employed in the legal Traffic of Slaves, in conformity with the Principles laid down in the said Treaty, shall be commanded by

a return

• a native Spaniard, and Two thirds at least of the Crew shall likewise be Spaniards; and it was provided that
 • the Spanish or foreign Consulate of the Ship or Vessel shall in no wise affect the national Character of
 • the Ship or Vessel, and that the Negro Sailors shall always be reckoned as Spaniards, provided they belong
 • as Slaves to Subjects of the Crown of Spain, or that they have been enfranchised in the Dominions of His
 • Catholic Majesty; and it was also provided by the Fifth Article of the said last mentioned Instructions, that
 • whenever a Ship of War shall meet a Merchantman liable to be searched, it shall be done in the most mild
 • manner, and with every attention which is due between allied and friendly Nations; and in no Case shall the
 • Search be made by an Officer holding a Rank inferior to that of Lieutenant in the Navy of Great Britain
 • or of Captain of a Ship of the Line in the Spanish Navy; and it was also provided by the Sixth Article of
 • the said last mentioned Instructions, that the Ships of War which may detain any Slave Ship, in pursuance of
 • the Principles laid down in the said Instructions, shall have on board all the Cargo of Negroes attached, as
 • well as the Captain, and a Part at least of the Crew of the Slave Ship; and that the Captain commanding the
 • Ship of War detaining any such Slave Ship shall draw up in Writing an authentic Declaration, which shall
 • exhibit the State in which he found the detained Ship, and the Charges which may have taken place in
 • such Ship, and shall also deliver to the Captain of the Slave Ship a signed Certificate of the Papers found
 • on board the Vessel, as well as of the Number of Slaves found on board at the Moment of Detention; and
 • it is also provided, that the Negroes on board of any such Ship shall not be disembarked until the Vessel
 • detained shall arrive at the Place where the Legality of the Capture is to be tried by One of the Two mixed
 • Commissions, in order that in the Event of the Vessel not being adjudged a legal Prize, the Losses of the Pro-
 • prietors may be more easily repaired; with Provision, however, that if urgent Motives, deduced from the
 • Length of the Voyage, the State of Health of the Negroes, or other Causes, require that they shall be dis-
 • embarked entirely or in part, before the Vessel can arrive at the Place of Residence of One of the said
 • Commissions, the Commander of the capturing Ship may take on himself the Responsibility of such Disem-
 • barkations, provided that the Necessary thereof shall be stated in a Certificate in proper Form; and it was also
 • provided by the Seventh Article of the said Instructions, that on Conveyance of Slaves from one Port to the
 • Spanish Possessions or another, shall take place, except in Ships provided with Passports from the Spanish
 • Government on the Spot for that Purpose; And Whereas the Regulations for the mixed Commissions which
 • are to sit on the Coast of Africa, and in a Colonial Possession of His Catholic Majesty, and which were
 • inserted in the said Treaty as Part thereof, have in several Articles provided, First, That the mixed Com-
 • missions to be established by the said Treaty upon the Coast of Africa, and in a Colonial Possession of His
 • Catholic Majesty, shall decide upon the Legality of the Detention of such Slave Vessels as the Ships of War
 • of both Nations shall detain, in pursuance of the said Treaty, for carrying on an illicit Commerce in Slaves,
 • and shall judge without Appeal, according to the Letter and Spirit of the said Treaty; and that the said
 • Commissions shall give Sentence as summarily as possible, and decide (in far as they shall find it practicable)
 • within the Space of Twenty Days, to be dated from the Day upon which every detained Vessel shall have
 • been brought into the Port where they shall reside, first, upon the Legality of the Capture, and secondly,
 • in the Case in which the captured Vessel shall have been liberated, as to the Indemnification to be paid for the
 • Captains and Detention; and it is by the said Regulations provided, that no final Sentence shall be delayed
 • on account of the Absence of Witnesses, or for want of the Process, beyond the Period of Two Months, ex-
 • cept upon Application of any of the Parties interested, when, upon their giving satisfactory Security to
 • charge themselves with the Expenses and Risks of the Delay, the Commissions may, at their Discretion,
 • grant an additional Delay, not exceeding Four Months; and it was also by the Second Article of the said
 • Regulations provided, that the said mixed Commissions, which are to sit on the Coast of Africa, and in
 • the Colonial Possessions of His Catholic Majesty, shall be composed in the following manner; that here say,
 • that His Majesty and His Catholic Majesty shall each of them name a Consular Judge and a Commissioner
 • of Arbitration, who shall be authorised to hear and decide, without Appeal, all Cases of Capture of Slave
 • Vessels which, in pursuance of the Stipulations of the said Treaty, may be laid before them; and it was also
 • provided, that all the essential Parts of the Proceedings carried on before the said mixed Commissions, shall
 • be written down in the legal Language of the Country in which the Commission may reside; and it was also
 • thereby provided, that the Consular Judges and the Commissioners of Arbitration shall make Oath in
 • Presence of the principal Magistrate of the Place in which the Commission may reside, to judge fairly and
 • faithfully, to have no Preference either for the Claimants or the Captors, and to act in all their Decisions in
 • pursuance of the Stipulations of the Treaty; and it was also thereby provided, that there shall be appointed to
 • each Commission a Secretary or Registrar appointed by the Sovereign of the Country in which the Commission
 • may reside, who shall register all its Acts, and who, previous to his taking charge of his Office, shall make
 • Oath in Presence of at least One of the Consular Judges, to conduct himself with respect for their Autho-
 • rity, and to act with Fidelity in all the Affairs which may belong to his Charge; and it was also provided in
 • the Third Article of the said Regulations, that the Form of the Process shall be as follows; that is to say,
 • the Consular Judges of the Two Nations shall, in the first Place, proceed to the Examination of the
 • Papers of the Vessel, and receive the Depositions on Oath of the Captain, and of Two or Three at least of the
 • Principal Individuals on board of the detained Vessel, as well as the Declaration on Oath of the Captain, should it
 • appear necessary in order to be able to judge and to pronounce if the said Vessel has been justly detained or not;
 • according to the Stipulations of the Treaty, in order that, according to their Judgment, the Vessel may be
 • condemned or liberated, and in the Event of the Two Consular Judges not agreeing upon the Sentence,
 • whether as to the Legality of the Detention, or the Indemnification to be allowed, or upon any other
 • Question which might arise from the Stipulations of the Treaty, they shall draw by Lot the Name of One
 • of the Two Commissioners of Arbitration, who, after having considered the Documents of the Process,

shall

shall confide with the Commodity Judges upon the Case in Question, and the final Sentence shall be pronounced conformably to the Opinion of the Majority of the Commodity Judges and of the Commissioners of Arbitration in chief; and it was also provided by the Fourth Article of the said Regulations, that as often as the Cargo of Slaves found on board of a Spanish Slave Ship shall have embarked from any Port whatever of the Coast of Africa where the Slave Trade continues to be lawful, such Slave Ship shall not be detained as a Pretence that the above mentioned Slaves have been brought originally by Land from any other Part whatever of the Continent; and it was also provided by the Fifth Article of the said Regulations, that in the authenticated Declaration which the Captain shall make before the Commission as well as in the Certificate of the Papers Invol, which shall be delivered to the Captain of the captured Vessel at the time of the Detention, the Captain shall state and declare his Name, and the Name of his Vessel, as well as the Latitude and Longitude of the Place where the Detention shall have taken place, and the Number of the Slaves found lying on board the Slave Ship at the time of the Detention; and it was also provided, by the Sixth Article of the said Regulations, that as soon as any Sentence shall have been passed, the detained Vessel, if allowed, and what may remain of the Cargo, shall be restored to the Proprietors, who shall, before the final Commission, claim a Valuation of the Damages which they may have a Right to demand; and that the Captain himself, and in his default, the Government to which the Captain shall belong, shall remain responsible for such Damages, which the said Governments respectively bind themselves to deliver, within the Term of a Year from the Date of the Sentence, it being understood that all such Indemnifications shall be at the Expense of the Government of which the Captain shall be a Subject; and it was also by the Seventh Article of the said Regulations provided, that in case the Commodore of any Vessel for an unlawful Voyage, the Vessel shall be declared lawful Prize, as well as her Cargo, of whatever Description it may be, with the Exception of the Slaves who may be on board, as Objects of Commerce; and the said Vessel, as well as her Cargo, shall be sold by public Sale, for the Profit of the Two Governments; and as to the Slaves, they shall receive from the mixed Commission a Certificate of Emancipation, and shall be delivered over to the Government on whose Territory the Commission which shall have so judged them shall be established, to be employed as Servants or free Laborers; and it was also further provided by the Eighth Article of the said Regulations, that every Claim for Compensation of Losses, sustained by any Ships being impounded and detained, as carrying on an alien Trade in Slaves, but not afterwards considered as lawful Prize by the mixed Commissions, shall be also heard and judged by the said Commissions, in the Form provided by the Third Article of the said Regulations; and in all Cases wherein Reclamation shall be so deemed, the Commissions shall award to the Claimant or Claimants, or his or their lawful Attorney or Attorneys, for his or their Use, a just and complete Indemnification for all Costs of Suit, and for all Losses and Damages, which the Claimant or Claimants may have actually sustained by such Capture and Detention; that is to say, in case of Total Loss, the Claimant or Claimants shall be indemnified, first, for the Ship, her Tackle, Appurtenant and Stores; secondly, for all Freight due and payable; thirdly, for the Value of the Cargo of Merchandise, if any; fourthly, for the Slaves on board at the time of Detention, according to the computed Value of such Slaves at the Place of Detention, deducting therefrom the usual fair average Mortality, for the unexpired Period of the regular Voyage, deducting also for all Charges and Expenses payable upon the Sale of such Carcases, including Commission of Sale; and fifthly, for all other regular Charges in such Cases of Total Loss; and in all other Cases not of Total Loss, the Claimant or Claimants shall be indemnified, first, for all special Damages and Expenses occasioned to the Ship by the Detention, and for the Loss of Freight, when due or payable; secondly, a Demurrage, when due, according to the Schedule annexed as the said Eighth Article; thirdly, a daily Allowance for Subsistence of Slaves, of One Shilling or Four Reals and Half de Voz, for each Person, without distinction of Age or Sex, for so many Days as it shall appear to the Commission that the Voyage has been or may be delayed by reason of such Detention; as likewise, fourthly, for any Deterioration of Cargo or Slaves; fifthly, for any Detention in the Value of the Cargo of Slaves, proceeding from an accidental Mortality beyond the average Amount of the Voyage, or from Sickness occasioned by Detention, this Value to be determined by their computed Price at the Place of Destination, as in the above Table of Total Loss; sixthly, an Allowance of Five per Centum on the Amount of the Capital employed in the Purchase and Maintenance of Cargo, for the Period of Delay occasioned by the Detention; and, seventhly, for all Premiums of Insurance on additional Risks; and the Claimant or Claimants shall likewise be entitled to Interest, at the Rate of Five per Centum per Annum, on the Sum awarded, and paid by the Government to which the capturing Ship belongs; the whole Amount of such Indemnifications being calculated in the Money of the Country to which the captured Ship belongs, and to be liquidated at the Exchange current at the time of Award, accepting the Sum for the Subsistence of Slaves, which shall be paid as, as above stipulated; and to avoid as much as possible every Species of Fraud in the Execution of the said Treaty, it was agreed, that if it should be proved to the Satisfaction of the Commodity Judges of the Two Nations, and without having recourse to the Decision of a Commissioner of Arbitration, that the Captain has been led into Error by a voluntary and reprehensible Fault on the Part of the Captain of the detained Ship, in that case only the detained Ship shall not lose the Right of recovering during the Days of her Detention, the Demurrage regulated by the said Eighth Article; and to the said Eighth Article a Schedule of Demurrage or daily Allowance was annexed, as follows; that is to say, for a Vessel of

100 Tons to 120 inclusive	£ 5	201 Tons to 220 inclusive	£ 11
121 ditto to 150 ditto	6	221 ditto to 250 ditto	12
151 ditto to 170 ditto	8	251 ditto to 270 ditto	14
171 ditto to 200 ditto	10	270 ditto to 300 ditto	15

58 Geo. III.

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and so in proportion; and it was also by the said Ninth Article of the said Regulations provided, that when the Proprietor of a Ship suspected of carrying on an illicit Trade in Slaves, released in consequence of a Sentence of one of the mixed Commissions (or in the Case as above mentioned of Total Loss) shall claim Indemnification for the Loss of Slaves which he may have suffered, he shall in no case be entitled to claim for more than the Number of Slaves which he Vell'd, by the Spanish Laws, was authorized to carry, which Number shall always be stated in his Papers; and it was also provided in the Tenth Article of the said Regulations, that neither the Judges nor the Arbitrators, nor the Secretary of the mixed Commissions, shall be permitted to demand or receive, from any of the Parties concerned in the Sentence which they shall pronounce, any Emolument, under any Pretence whatsoever, for the Performance of the Duties which are imposed upon them by the said Regulations; and it was also provided by the Eleventh Article of the said Regulations, that if any Parties interested shall imagine they have Cause to complain of any violent Ignorance on the Part of the mixed Commissions, they may represent it to their respective Governments, who reserve to themselves the Right of mutual Correspondence, for the Purpose of removing, when they think fit, the Individuals who may compose these Commissions; and it was also provided by the Twelfth Article of the said Regulations, that in case of a Vell'd being improperly detained under Pretence of the stipulations of the Treaty, and the Captor not being able to justify himself, either by the Terms of the said Treaty, or of the Instructions annexed to it, the Government to which the detained Vell'd may belong shall be entitled to demand Reparation, and in such case the Government to which the Captor may belong binds itself to cause Inquiry to be made into the Subject of the Complaint, and to inflict upon the Captor, if he be found to have delayed it, a Punishment proportioned to the Transgression which may have been committed; and it was also by the Thirteenth Article of the said Regulations agreed, that in the Event of the Death of One or more of the Consultary Judges, or the Commissioners of Arbitration, composing the above mentioned mixed Commissions, three Vells shall be supplied *ad interim* in the following manner; that is, on the Part of the British Government, the Vacancies shall be filled successively in the Commission, which shall sit within the Possessions of His Majesty, by the Governor or Lieutenant Governor resident in that Colony, by the principal Magistrate of the same, and by the Secretary; and in that which shall sit within the Possessions of His Catholic Majesty, it was agreed, that in case of the Death of the British Judge or Arbitrator three, the remaining Individuals of the said Commission shall proceed equally to the Judgment of such Slave Ships as may be brought before them, and to the Execution of their Sentence; and in such Cases where the Parties interested shall have the Right of appealing from the Sentence if they think fit, to the Commission resident upon the Coast of Africa; and the Government in which the Captor shall belong shall be bound fully to make good the Compensation which shall be due to them in case the Appeal be decided in favour of the Claimant, but the Vell'd and Cargo shall remain during such Appeal in the Place of Residence of the said Commission before which they shall have been seized; and it was thereby agreed, that on the Part of Spain the Vacancies shall be supplied in the Possession of His Catholic Majesty by such Persons of Trust as the Principal Authority of the Country shall appoint; and upon the Coast of Africa, in case of the Death of any Spanish Judge or Arbitrator, the Commission shall proceed to Judgment in the same manner as above specified, for the Commission resident in the Possessions of His Catholic Majesty, in the Town of the British Judge or Arbitrator; an Appeal being in this Case likewise allowed to the Commission resident in the Possession of His Catholic Majesty, and in general all the Provisions of the former Case being to be applied; and it was further agreed by the said Article, that all Vacancies which may arise in the above mentioned Commissions, from Death or any other Cause, should be supplied as soon as possible; and in case that the Vacancy of any of the Spanish Commissioners in the British Possessions, or of the British Commissioners in the Spanish Possessions, be not supplied at the End of the Term of Seven Months for America, and of Twelve for Africa, the Vells which shall be brought to the said Possessions respectively shall cease to have the Right of Appeal above Regulated.

And Whereas it is expedient and necessary that official Provisions should be made for carrying into Execution the Provisions of the said Treaty, Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for any Officers commanding any Ship of War of His Majesty, duly authorized in that behalf, and provided with Instructions according to the Provisions of the said Convention, to visit and search all Ships and Vells which shall be suspected, upon reasonable Grounds, of having Slaves on board, acquired by an illicit Traffic, and to detain and bring to Adjudication all Ships, Vells and Carpes therein made subject to Detention and Condemnation, according to the Provisions of the said Treaty, and the Regulations and Instructions aforesaid.

And be it further enacted, That all Ships and Vells belonging wholly or in part to His Majesty's Subjects, which shall be suspected upon reasonable Grounds of having Slaves on board, acquired by an illicit Traffic, shall be and are hereby declared and made, according to the Ninth Article of the said Treaty, subject to the Visitation and Search of British or Spanish Vell'ds of War, duly authorized for that Purpose, according to the Provisions of the said Treaty; and that all Ships and Vells belonging wholly or in part to His Majesty's Subjects, which shall be found having Slaves on board, acquired by an illicit Traffic, contrary to the Provisions of the Ninth and Tenth Articles of the said Treaty, in stated as aforesaid, and all Boats, Apparel, Furniture and Slaves belonging to such Ships or Vells, and all Carpes therein, shall be and are hereby declared to be and made subject to the Search and Detention of British or Spanish Vells of War duly authorized for that Purpose, according to the stipulations of the said Treaty, and to Forfeiture according to the Provisions of the said Treaty, and of the Regulations and Instructions aforesaid, and shall also be and are hereby made subject to the Adjudication of and to Condemnation or other Judgment by the Consultary Judges and Commissioners

Notes of what
this instrument
may search for
British Vells,
and detain and
bring them to
Adjudication.
The said British
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such as shall be
suspected of
having Slaves on
board, and to Con-
demn them by
the Court
declared under the
Treaty.

magistrates to be appointed according to the Provisions of the said Treaty, and to the Instructions and Regulations annexed thereto, notified as aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, counterseigned by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the time being, as appears such Comissary Judges and Commissioners of Arbitration as are and by the said Treaty, and Regulations thereto annexed, mentioned to be appointed by His Majesty, and from time to time to supply any Vacancies which may arise in such Office, by appointing other Persons thereto, and to grant Salaries to such Comissary Judges and Commissioners of Arbitration as aforesaid, not exceeding such Annual Sum as the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of Great Britain and Ireland shall from time to time direct; and such Comissary Judges and Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to examine and decide all such Cases of Detention, Captures and Seizures of Vessels and their Cargoes as aforesaid, detained, seized, taken or captured under the said Treaty or Instructions and Regulations, as are by the said Treaty, Instructions and Regulations, and by this Act, made subject to their Jurisdiction, and to proceed therein, and give such Judgments, and make such Orders thereon, and do all other Acts, matters and things appertaining thereto, agreeably to the Provisions of the said Treaty, and the Instructions and Regulations annexed thereto, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if special Powers and Authorities for that Purpose were specifically and particularly conferred and given as relative thereto in this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, counterseigned by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the time being, to nominate and appoint a Secretary or Registrar to the Commission which shall be established in His Majesty's Dominions, and from time to time to supply, by other Appointments, any Vacancy which may thereafter occur in such Office, and to grant Salaries to such Secretary or Registrar, not exceeding such Annual Sum as the said Lords Commissioners shall from time to time direct; and such Secretary or Registrar is hereby respectively authorized and empowered to do, perform and execute all the Duties of such Office, and in, forth and deliberate in the said Treaty, Instructions and Regulations respectively, and to do, perform and execute all such Acts, matters and things as may be necessary for the due Discharge of the Duties of his Office, according to the Provisions of the said Treaty and Instructions and Regulations.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor, or Lieutenant Governor, or principal Magistrate of the Colony or Settlement to which the Commission shall be, within the Possessions of His Majesty, to fill up every Vacancy which shall arise in such Commission, either of Comissary Judge, Commissioner or any Officer thereof, appointed by His Majesty as aforesaid, according to the Provisions contained in the Thirteenth Article of the before recited Regulations annexed to the said Treaty, and inwie, with such Vacancy or Vacancies shall be thereafter filled by some Person or Persons appointed by His Majesty for that Purpose.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Comissary Judge and Commissioner of Arbitration appointed by His Majesty shall, before he shall enter upon the Execution of any of the Duties of such his Office, take an Oath, in the Presence of the principal Magistrate then residing and acting in the Colony, Settlement or Place, whither belonging to His Majesty or His Most Catholic Majesty, in which the Commission shall be appointed to reside; which Oath every such Magistrate to any Colony, Settlement or Place belonging to His Majesty, in which such Court or Commission shall be appointed to reside, is hereby authorized to administer in the Form following; that is to say,

I, A. B. do solemnly swear, That I will, according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, act in the Execution of my Office as
 faithfully, impartially, fairly, and without Preference or Favour,
 either for Claimants or Captors, or any other Persons; and that I will, to the best of my Judgment and Power,
 act in pursuance of and according to the Regulations, Regulations and Instructions contained in the Treaty
 between His Majesty and His Catholic Majesty signed at Madrid on the Twenty third Day of September One
 thousand eight hundred and seventeen.
 So help me GOD.

And every Secretary or Registrar appointed by His Majesty under the Provisions of the Treaty and Regulations and Instructions, and of this Act, shall, before he enters on the Duties of his said Office, take an Oath before the said Comissary Judge as aforesaid, who is hereby empowered to administer the same, in the Form following; that is to say,

I, A. B. do solemnly swear, That I will, according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, act in the Execution of my Office; and that I will conduct myself with Respect to the Authority of the Comissary Judges and Commissioners of Arbitration of the Commission to which I am attached; and will act with Fidelity in all the Affairs which may belong to my Charge, and without Preference or Favour, either for Claimants or Captors, or any other Persons.
 So help me GOD.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Comissary Judges or either of them, or for any such Secretary or Registrar, and they are hereby respectively empowered, to administer Oaths to and take the Depositions of all Parties, Witnesses and other Persons who may come or be brought before them to be examined, or for the Purpose of deposing, in the Course of any Proceeding before the said Comissary Judges, or before the said Comissary Judges and the Commissioner of Arbitration, in the Case in which such Commissioners of Arbitration shall act with the said Comissary Judges under the said Treaty, Instructions or Regulations, or this Act; and it shall also be lawful for the said Comissary Judges and Commissioners of Arbitration, in the Cases aforesaid, to forward before them all Persons whom they may deem it necessary or proper to examine in relation to any Suit, Proceeding or matter or thing under their Cognizance; and to send for and take Process for the producing of all such Papers as may relate to the Matters in question before them, and to

His Majesty may appoint and give Salaries to Comissary Judges and Commissioners of Arbitration.

Power of such Judges and Commissioners.

And this Secretary and Registrar, with their respective powers and emoluments to execute the Duties of their Office according to the Treaty.

Governors, &c. of Colonies may fill up Vacancies in the Commission being in Colonies, or Settlements.

Comissary Judges and Commissioners of Arbitration to take the following Oath.

Secretary or Registrar to take the following Oath.

Comissary Judges and Secretary or Registrar may administer Oaths.

Comissary Judges and Commissioners of Arbitration may examine any Person.

Persons and all
the Powers, &c.

enforce all such Summons, Orders and Precepts by such and the like Means, Powers and Authorities as any Court of Vice Admiralty may do.

Persons giving
false Evidence
guilty of Per-
jury

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence in any Examination or Deposition taken, or in any Proceeding before the said Commissioners Judges or Commissioners appointed under the said Treaty, Instructions or Regulations, of this Act, shall be deemed guilty of Perjury, and being thereof convicted, shall be subject and liable to all the Punishments, Fines and Penalties to which Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are liable; and every such Person may be tried for any such Perjury either in the Place where the Offence was committed, or in any Colony or Set- tlement of His Majesty near thereto, in which there is a Court of competent Jurisdiction to try any such Offence, or in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench in England; and that in case of any Prosecution for such Offence in His Majesty's said Court of King's Bench, the Venue may be laid in the County of Middlesex.

Where tried.

Venue

High sailing, or
Surrender by
Commissioners,
may be pleaded in
Bar, or given
in Evidence, in
any Action
brought for any
thing done under
the Treaty

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Pendency of any Suit or Proceeding, commenced before the said Commissioners, for the Condemnation or Release of any Ship or Cargo, or Slaves, taken, seized or detained by virtue of the said Treaty, or Instructions or Regulations therein contained, or the final Adjudication, Condemnation or Judgment or Determination thereupon, may be pleaded in Bar, or given in Evidence under the General Issue, and shall be and be deemed and adjudged, in any Court whatever, to be a good and complete Bar, in any Action, Suit or Proceeding, whether brought or suffered by any Person or Persons for the Recovery of any such Ship, Vessel or Cargo, or of any Damage, or for any Injury suffered thereby, or by the Persons on board the same, in consequence of any Capture, Seizure or Detention, or Act, matter or thing done under the Authority or in pursuance of the Provisions of the said Treaty, or of the Instruc- tions or Regulations therein contained; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament or Law or Laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

Article in
Treaty as to
the Admiralty
to be pleaded in
Bar of any Ac-
tion for the Release
there, &c.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds, stipulated to be paid by the said Treaty, and paid and accepted accordingly, in a full Compensation for all Losses sustained by the Subjects of His Catholic Majesty, on account of Vessels captured previously to the Exchange of the Ran- som of the said Treaty, and for the Losses which are a necessary Consequence of the Abolition of the said Traffic in Slaves, shall be considered and taken to be a full Compensation for all such Losses as aforesaid; and that the said Regulation, as in this Act recited and contained, may be pleaded in Bar, or given in Evidence upon the General Issue, and shall be and be deemed and adjudged in every Court whatever to be a good and complete Bar in any and every Action, Suit or Proceeding, brought or suffered for Release, or any other matter or thing in relation to any such Capture, or for any Damage or Injury suffered thereby, or in relation thereto, or for any such Losses as aforesaid; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parlia- ment to the contrary notwithstanding.

Proviso for
Judgments of
Prize Courts
and Courts of
Appeal.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of Appeal in Prize Causes, and for the High Court of Admiralty in all Cases and Questions arising out of the said Captures, that may be depending before them, or that may be brought before them on Appeal from any Vice Admiralty Court, according to their respective Jurisdictions, to prevent therein, and to hear and determine all Questions respecting any Right or Interest in or to the same, to which His Majesty, or the Captains or Owners of such Ships, Vessels or Cargoes, may claim to be entitled, by virtue of the Capture or Seizure thereof, and the Laws relating thereto, and to enforce their Judgments and Orders therein, by the usual Process of the said Courts; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Proviso in case
of Capture not
withstanding Code
Regis.

XII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in all such Cases as aforesaid, in which the Captains or Owners shall not establish any Right or Interest on their behalf, by reason of the Capture thereof, and the Laws relating thereto, it shall be lawful for the said Courts respectively to order and adjudge the Ships, Vessels and Cargoes, or the Proceeds thereof, and all and every Part thereof, unto or to which the Captains shall not establish any Right or Interest as aforesaid, to be delivered or paid, to the Use of His Majesty, to such Person or Persons as the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being shall appoint to receive the same, and to receive the Delivery or the Payment thereof by the usual Process of the said Courts respectively; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Proviso for Pa-
rliament in Prize
Causes not Act
or Regulation
of a Slave
Trade

XIII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be deemed or con- sidered as any way to alter, suspend, affect, relax or repeal any of the Clauses, Statutes, Ordinances or Provisions of the Slave Trade; but that all such Acts of Parliament, and all Clauses, Regulations, Provisions, Ordinances and Provisions therein respectively contained, shall remain in full Force and Virtue; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

General Issue

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced, either in Great Britain or elsewhere, against any Person or Persons, for any thing done in pursuance of the said Treaty, or Instruc- tions or Regulations therein contained, or of this Act, the Defendants or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act in evidence against and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of the said Treaty, Instructions or Regulations, or of this Act; and if it shall appear to have been done, the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff shall be convicted, or discontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if Judgment shall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer against the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as Defendants have in other Cases by Law.

C. A. P. XXXVII.

An Act for further continuing, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an Act of the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty, to continue the Restrictions, contained in several Acts of His present Majesty, on Payments of Cash by the Bank of England.

[18th May 1818.]

WHEREAS it is highly desirable that the Bank of England should, as soon as possible, resume the Payment of its Notes in Cash: And Whereas, an Act was passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to continue, until the Month after the Reification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, the Restrictions contained in several Acts made in the Thirty seventh, thirty eighth, thirty ninth and forty third Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Payments of Cash by the Bank of England*, which Act has by several subsequent Acts been continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen: And Whereas, unforeseen Circumstances, which have occurred since the passing of the last of the said Acts, have rendered it expedient that the said Restrictions should be further continued, and that another Provision should be made for the Termination thereof: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby further continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

C. A. P. XXXVIII.

An Act to extend and render more effectual the several Regulations for the Relief of Seafaring Men and Boys, Subjects of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Foreign Parts.

[18th May 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of King William the Third, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Suppression of Piracy*, it was enacted, that in any Ship or Master of a Merchant Ship or Vessel should, after the Ninth and twentieth Day of September One thousand seven hundred, during his being Abroad, leave any Man on Shore, or wilfully leave him behind in any of His Majesty's Possessions or Colonies, or should refuse to bring Home with him again all such of the Men which he carried on with him as should be in a Condition to return, when he should be ready to proceed in his Homeward bound Voyage, every such Master should, being thereof legally convicted, suffer Three Months' Imprisonment without Bail or Mainprize; but no Mode of Prosecution is provided by the said Act in case of Offence committed against the same: For Remedy whereof be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act all Offences committed against the said Act of the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of King William the Third shall and may be prosecuted by Indictment or Information, at the Suit of His Majesty's Attorney General, in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at Westminster; and that in such Indictment or Information the Offence or Offences shall and may be alleged to have been committed at Westminster in the County of Middlesex; and that the said Court shall be and the same is hereby authorized to sit as a Commission or Commissions for the Examination of Witnesses Abroad, and that the Depositions taken under such Commission or Commissions shall be received in Evidence on the Trial of such Indictments and Informations respectively.

II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen employed in the Royal Navy, and for establishing a regular Method for the payment, frequent and certain Payment of their Wages, and for enabling them more easily and readily to receive the same for the Support of their Wives and Families, and for procuring Friends and Acquaintance such Payments*, it is enacted, that every Master or Person having Charge of a Merchant Ship or Vessel that should arrive in Foreign Parts, and be Homeward bound from thence to any Port in Great Britain, should take a signed Cash and by money Seafaring Man or Boys, Subjects of Great Britain, as shall be Signified, Captain or other credible Agent, be drawn or call away to, or that should be discharged as seafarers, from any of the Ships or Vessels of the Royal Navy, or Foreign Parts or Places within Greenock, Mullion and Canals appointed by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, should refuse, or where some fact are evident, where any Two or more *Swamp Merchants* should reside, in the said Greenock, Mullion, Canals or Merchants should directly, on every day Year for each One Hundred Tons of which his Ship should consist; but no Penalty or Mode of Prosecution is imposed as provided by the said Act in case of Neglect or Refusal to obey the Direction therein contained: For Remedy whereof be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, any Master or Person having Charge of any Merchant Ship or Vessel belonging to any of His Majesty's Subjects that shall be or arrive in any such Foreign Parts, and be bound from thence to any Port in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and who shall bring upon him or Hands of any such Captain or Master, Officer or Merchant, to take on board any such Seafaring Man or Boys, Man or Boys, being a Subject or Subjects of the said United Kingdom, or to discharge the Number mentioned in the said Act, for the Purpose of carrying and conveying him or them to the said United Kingdom, and who shall neglect and refuse to take on board or to carry and convey him or them accordingly, shall for every such Offence forfeit and

421

82417

continued

1818

1818

Officers against the said Act to be prosecuted by Indictment or Information in the Court of King's Bench at Westminster, for

1818

1818

Master of Vessel who is charged with carrying on board any such Seafaring Man or Boys, Man or Boys, being a Subject or Subjects of the said United Kingdom, or to discharge the Number mentioned in the said Act, for the Purpose of carrying and conveying him or them to the said United Kingdom, and who shall neglect and refuse to take on board or to carry and convey him or them accordingly, shall for every such Offence forfeit and

Parish.

How recovered.

pay the sum of One hundred Pounds for each and every such Man or Boy whom he shall so refuse or neglect to take on board, and to carry and convey as aforesaid, to be recovered by Information, at the Suit of His Majesty's Attorney General, in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench or Exchequer at *Windsor*; and that in such Information the Officers or Officers shall and may be alleged to have been committed at *Windsor* in the County of *Middlesex*, and that the Court in which such Information shall be brought shall be and be the same is hereby authorized to issue a Commission or Commissions for the Examination of Witnesses Abroad, and that the Depositions taken under such Commission or Commissions shall be received in Evidence as the Trial of such Information.

Register to be
returned to
off of
Housing
Sustains, Men
at Foreign Ports
on Account of
Sickens.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Master or other Person having Charge of any Merchant Ship or Vessel belonging to any of His Majesty's Subjects shall have any Seafaring Man or Boy on Shore at any Foreign Port or Place, on account of Sickens, or any other Inability to proceed on the Voyage, every such Master or Person having the Charge of such Ship or Vessel shall deliver to the Governor, Minister or Consul, if any there, or if not, then to Two respectable Merchants at such Port or Place, a true and full Account of the Wages due to such Seafaring Man or Boy, and pay the Amount thereof, either in Money, or by a Bill upon the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, to such Governor, Minister, Consul or Merchants, as the Case may be, and in default of his so doing, or in case of the Owner or Owners not accepting and paying such Bill when due, such Owner or Owners shall be liable to an Action for the Amount, with interest at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to be brought in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor* or *Dublin*, or in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*, at the Suit of the Holder or Holders of such Bill, as far as Money laid and received by such Owner or Owners to him or them *Ubi* has, in full of Payment of such Wages being duly made as imposed by this Act, the same, when received by the said Governor, Minister, Consul or Merchants, as the Case may be, shall be applied by him or them towards the Payment of any Hospital Expenses of such Seafaring Man or Boy as aforesaid, (except the Charges for his Subsistence,) and also towards the Payment of the Expenses of Chasing, Bidding or other Necessities that may be supplied to him, and the Remainder (if any) shall be paid to such Seafaring Man or Boy.

Masters neglect-
ing to deliver an
Account of
Wages due to
such Seafaring
Persons.
Penalty set.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any such Master or other Person having Charge of any such Ship or Vessel, and having any such Seafaring Man or Boy on Shore as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to deliver a just and true Account of the Wages due to such Seafaring Man or Boy as aforesaid, and to pay the Amount thereof in Money, or by such Bill as aforesaid; or shall deliver a false Account of such Wages or Pay, less than the full and true Amount thereof in manner aforesaid; every such Master or other Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit by any Person or Persons who will sue for the same by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor*, whereon an Affidavit, Declaration, Wage of Law or more than One Imperpetre shall be allowed; and that in such Action, Bill, Plea or Information, it shall be sufficient to allege that the Offence or Offences was or were committed at *Windsor* in the County of *Middlesex*; and that the Court in which such Action, Bill, Plea or Information is brought, shall be and be the same is hereby authorized to issue a Commission or Commissions for the Examination of Witnesses Abroad, and that the Depositions taken under such Commission or Commissions shall be received in Evidence as the Trial of such Action, Bill, Plea or Information respectively.

C. A. P. XXXIX.

An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Fifty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for inserting the Law of *Ireland* respecting the Recovery of Tenements from absconding, overhauling, and defending Tenants, and for the Protection of the Tenant from undue Distress.

(18th May 1818.)

38 G. 3 c. 18.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend the Law of Ireland respecting the Recovery of Tenements from absconding, overhauling, and defending Tenants, and for the Protection of the Tenant from undue Distress*: And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether a Tenement which has been held by a Tenant at the precise Rent of Twenty Pounds by the Year is within the Provisions of the said Act: For Removal thereof, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all Cases where any Tenement shall have been held at a Rent of Twenty Pounds by the Year, it shall be lawful to proceed respecting the said Tenement in the same manner as by the said Act is provided with respect to any Tenement which shall have been held at a less Rent than Twenty Pounds by the Year.

Proceedings may
be instituted
against Tenants
of such a Tenement.

Proceedings by
way of Civil
Bill valid in
Cases under the
said Act.

II. And Whereas it hath been usual in Proceedings by Way of Civil Bill to insert the Civil Bill in the Process served upon the Defendant, but it hath been doubted whether it is not necessary in Proceedings under the said Act to file the Civil Bill with the Clerk of the Peace previous to serving Process upon the Defendant: And Whereas it is reasonable that the Proceedings by Way of Civil Bill under the said Act should be conformable, as nearly as possible, to Proceedings by Way of Civil Bill in other Cases: Be it therefore further enacted, That in all Cases falling within the Provisions of the said Act, the Service of the Civil Bill and Process thereon, in such Cases as are contained in the Schedule to the said Act, amended, or in any other Cases to be hereafter added, shall be as valid and efficient, to all Intents and Purposes, as the Service of any Civil Bill and Process thereon now by Law in any other Proceeding by Way of Civil Bill.

Attorney of
Landlord or

III. And Whereas in Proceedings under the said Act for the Recovery of the Possession of Lands or Tenements, Doubts have arisen as to the Admissibility or Sufficiency in certain Cases of the Affidavit of the

Landlord

Landlord or Lessor or his Agent, for obtaining the Amount of Rent due? For Removal thereof, he is enabled, That in all Proceedings under the said Act, such Affidavits shall be as admissible, and to all Intents and Purposes of the like Force and Efficacy, as it would have been if the Proceeding had been by Action of Ejectment.

their Agents
admissible.

IV. And Whereas it is reasonable that in Proceedings for the Recovery of the Possession of Lands or Tenements under the Provisions of the said Act, the Power of enforcing the Attendance of Witnesses, whether on the Part of the Plaintiff or Defendant, should be the same as if the Proceeding had been by Action of Ejectment? Be it therefore enacted, That in all such Proceedings as aforesaid, the Process of Ejectment, signed by the Clerk of the Peace, shall contain the same Penalty, and be of the same Efficacy, for the Purpose of compelling the Attendance of any Witnesses, whether such Witnesses shall reside within the County or not, as any Judgment or Ejectment which might or could be had out of the Proceeding had been by Action of Ejectment.

Attendance of
Witnesses.

V. And Whereas it is reasonable, in Cases where it may happen that the Assistant Barrister of any County, or the Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace of the County of Dublin, or the Recorder of the County of the City of Dublin, is the Landlord or Lessor of any Tenement within his own Jurisdiction, that Provision should be made for extending to such Landlord or Lessor the Benefits of the said Act? Be it therefore enacted, That in every such Case it shall and may be lawful for such Landlord or Lessor to proceed by Way of Civil Bill respecting such Tenement, before any Judge of Assize who shall preside in the Civil Court of the County wherein such Tenement is situate, in the same manner as any other Lessor or Landlord might proceed, respecting any other Tenement, before such Assistant Barrister, Chairman or Recorder, as the Case may be.

Assistant
Barrister, or
Chairman of
Sessions, or
Recorder of
Dublin, be-
ing a Land-
lord or Les-
sor of any
Tenement,
may proceed by
way of Civil
Bill before
Judge of Assize.
Appeal.

VI. And be it further enacted, That an Appeal shall be from any Decree of such Judge, upon such Civil Bill, to the next going Judge of Assize, in the same manner, and subject to the same Restrictions, Conditions and Limitations, as if the Decree had been pronounced by an Assistant Barrister.

VII. And Whereas the Trouble of the Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, and Recorder, and of the Clerks of the Peace, and of the Attorneys of the Parties, is much greater in Proceedings for the Recovery of the Possession of Lands and Tenements under the Provisions of the said Act, than in Cases of other Civil Bills; and it is reasonable that the Fees of the said Persons upon such Proceedings should be increased? Be it therefore further enacted, That the several Fees and Sums following, and no greater Sums, shall be charged and taken from any Person suing or being sued, upon any Civil Bill brought for the Recovery of the Possession of any Lands or Tenements:

Fees to be taken
by Assistant Bar-
rister, &c.

	s.	d.	s.
To the Assistant Barrister, Chairman or Recorder, upon the Entry of the Civil Bill	—	—	5
Upon every Affidavit	—	—	6
Upon every Recognizance and Bail taken on an Appeal	—	—	1
For signing a Renewal	—	—	6
For signing a Decree or Default	—	—	5
Sum on Charge to be made on the Second Copy thereof	—	—	—
For every Bill of Costs, where the same is actually taxed by him between Attorney and Client	—	—	2
To the Clerk of the Peace entering the Cause	—	—	8
For signing, entering and entering every Decree or Default	—	—	1
For signing and entering every Renewal	—	—	4
For entering the Verdict of a Jury	—	—	8
For the Recognizance or Bail and Certificate of Appeal lodged	—	—	8
To the Plaintiff's Attorney, in lieu of all other Charges for taking Instructions, drawing the Process, drawing Affidavits to verify entering the Cause, preparing for and attending the hearing and drawing up the Decree	1	2	9
To the Plaintiff's Attorney, for attending, drawing and obtaining the Magistrate's Certificate, where the Proceeding is for Recovery of Lands or Possession abandoned	—	10	—
To the Defendant's Attorney, in lieu of all other Charges, for taking Instructions, preparing for and attending the hearing and drawing up the Defence, if the same shall be necessary	1	2	9
To the Attorney, for drawing or filing every Renewal, and drawing or filing up the Affidavit to obtain such Renewal	—	—	6
To the Sheriff for returning a Jury	—	—	1
For every Special Warrant granted at the Petition of the Party requesting the same	—	—	—
To any Witness attending on behalf of either Party; provided such Witness shall have been brought by Process of Ejectment from some Place not within the District where such Trial shall be held, such Witness as shall appear on the Court to be reasonable: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any Attorney on charge to any Client the Expenses of employing Counsel to call such Attorney shall have received written Directions for that Purpose from such Client; no Charge however for such Purpose to be allowed on the Taxation of Costs between Party and Party.	—	—	—

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Sum shall be allowed to the Plaintiff's Attorney, for any Services for Insurances affecting the Lands and Tenements, which he shall have received Directions in Writing, from the Plaintiff or his Land Agent, authorizing him to make the same.

No Sum to be
allowed for
Insurances, unless
authorized in
Writing.

IX. And

Assistant Bar-
rister, for the
said Coils of
Bills.
The
Clerk of the
Peace not re-
tired.

No Attorney
entitled to re-
cover said Coils
are used.

Assistant Bar-
rister, for to ex-
amine the Attor-
ney upon Oath.

Forms to be
used in Proceed-
ings under this
Act, and
§ 6 G. 3. c. 31

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Assistant Barrister, Chairman or Recorder, as the case may be, and he is hereby required, on the Request of either Party or his Attorney, to tax the Coils between Party and Party, and to include the same in the Decree or Default, as the case may be; and further, as the like Request, to tax Coils between Attorney and Client, upon any Proceedings that shall have been taken or may hereafter be taken for the Recovery of the Possession of Lands or Tenements under the Provisions of the said recited Act, or for the Recovery of such such Taxation the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence and no more; and that no Clerk of the Peace shall have any Power to tax the same; and that no Attorney shall be entitled to recover any Sum against any Client for or by reason of any Proceedings under this Act or the said recited Act, or any Preparation for such Proceedings, unless the same shall have been previously taxed in manner herein provided.

X. And be it further enacted, That upon such Taxation it shall and may be lawful for the said Assistant Barrister, Chairman or Recorder, as the case may be, and he is hereby required to examine upon Oath (which Oath he is hereby authorized to administer) the Attorney looking to charge such Client, as to all matters and things which it may appear to the said Assistant Barrister necessary to ascertain for the due Taxation of the said Coils.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Forms in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked A, B, C, and D, or any other Forms to the like Effect, may be used in the respective Cases in the said Schedule mentioned, as and for the Civil Bills and Process; and that the Forms in the said Schedule marked E, F, and G, or any other Forms to the like Effect, may be used in the respective Cases in the said Schedule mentioned, as and for the Decrees of the said Assistant Barrister, Chairman or Recorder, as the case may be; and that the Form marked H, or any other Form to the like Effect, may be used by the Magistrate in the said Act mentioned, as and for a Certificate of Detention; and that the Form marked I, or any other Form to the like Effect, may be used for the Assistant administering the Rent due, to enable the Magistrate to grant the said Certificate.

The SCHEDULE to which this ACT refers.

A.

FORM of a CIVIL BILL, to be used where the Tenant has deserted the Premises.

County of _____ } BY the Assistant Barrister at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said Division
of the said County:
Plaintiff } WHEREAS the Defendant holds all that and those _____ in the
Defendant } Parish of _____ and Barony of _____ and is the
of the said County, as Tenant to the Plaintiff
under a Demise thereof made the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord One
thousand eight hundred and _____ for the Term of _____ which is still in being, or
the Yearly Rent of _____ And Whereas the Sum of _____
Rent of the said Premises, ending on the _____ Day of _____ last past, became due and was
due by the said Defendant to the said Plaintiff, and _____ still remains in due after all due
and just Allowances whatsoever: And Whereas the said Defendant, on the _____ Day of _____
in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and _____ deserted the said Premises and
abandoned the same, and did not leave sufficient Effects therein to cover the Rent so due for the same,
and such sufficient Effects cannot be had to cover the Rent so due
The Defendant is therefore hereby required personally to be and appear before the said Assistant Barrister,
at _____ in the Division aforesaid, in the said County, on the _____ Day
of _____ next, at a Quarter Sessions to be then and there holden for said Division of said
County, to answer the Plaintiff's Bill brought by him for Recovery of the Possession of the Premises, by
reason of the matters aforesaid, and by virtue of the Statutes in that behalf made and provided; or to default
thereof, the said Assistant Barrister will proceed as to Justice shall appear. Dated this _____ Day of _____
in the Year One thousand eight hundred and _____

Signed as behalf of the Plaintiff,

Attorney.

To the Defendant, }

B.

FORM of a CIVIL BILL, to be used where the Tenant's Interest is determined, and Possession has been
demanded by the Landlord in Person.

County of _____ } BY the Assistant Barrister at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said Division of
the said County:
Plaintiff } WHEREAS _____ One of the Defendants, lately held all
Defendant } that and those _____ in the Parish of _____ and
Barony of _____ and is the Division of _____ aforesaid, in the said County, as
Tenant to the Plaintiff, under a Demise thereof made the _____ Day of _____ in the Year
of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and _____ for the Term of _____ at the Yearly Rent
of _____ which Demise determined on the _____ Day of _____ last,
by _____ And Whereas the said Plaintiff after the Determination of the said Demise

to wit, on the Day of now last past, duly demanded the Possession of the said Premises, and a Delivery of the said Possession to him; and the said Possession and the Delivery thereof have and hath been withheld, and the several Defendants are respectively in Possession of the Premises, and no other Person is in Possession of any Part thereof: The Defendant therefore, and all Persons claiming to have any Interest in the said Premises, are hereby required personally to be and appear before the said Assistant Barrister, at the Division of aforesaid, in the said County, on the Day of next, at a Quarter Sessions to be then and there holden for the said Division of said County, to answer the Plaintiff's Bill brought by him for the Recovery of the Possession of the Premises, by virtue of the Statute in that behalf made and provided; or in default thereof, the said Assistant Barrister will proceed as to Justice shall appear. Dated this Day of in the Year One thousand eight hundred and

Signed on behalf of the Plaintiff,

Attorney.

To the Defendant, }

C.

FORM of a CIVIL BILL, where the Tenant's Interest is determined, and Possession has been demanded by a Bailiff or Receiver.

County of } BY the Assistant Barrister at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said
Division of the said County:

Plaintiff } WHEREAS One of the De-
Defendants, lately hold all that and those in the Parish of aforesaid,
and Barony of and to the Division of Day of
in the said County, as Tenant to the Plaintiff, under a Demise made thereof the
in the Year of our Lord One thousand hundred and for the
Term of at the yearly Rent of
which Demise determined on the Day of last past by
And Whereas the Bailiff and Receiver of the said Plaintiff, after the Determination of
the said Demise, to wit, on the Day of now last past, duly demanded the
Possession of the said Premises, and a Delivery of the said Possession to him as such Bailiff and Receiver of
the said Plaintiff, and the said Possession and the Delivery thereof have and hath been withheld, and the several
Defendants are respectively in Possession of the Premises, and no other Person is in Possession of any Part
thereof: The Defendants therefore, and all Persons having or claiming any Interest in the Premises in Question, are hereby required personally to be and appear before the said Assistant Barrister at
in the Division of aforesaid, in the said County, on the Day of
next, at a Quarter Sessions to be then and there holden for the said Division of said County, to answer the Plaintiff's Bill, brought by him for the Recovery of the Possession of the Premises, by
virtue of the Statute aforesaid, and by virtue of the Statutes in that behalf made and provided; or in default
thereof, the said Assistant Barrister will proceed as to Justice shall appear. Dated this Day
of in the Year One thousand eight hundred and

Signed on behalf of the Plaintiff,

Attorney.

To the Defendant, }

D.

FORM of a CIVIL BILL to be used where a Year's Rent is in Arrear.

County of } BY the Assistant Barrister at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said
Division of the said County:

Plaintiff } WHEREAS One of the Defendants, holds all that
Defendants, and their in the Parish of and Barony of
and to the Division of aforesaid, in the said County, as Tenant to the Plaintiff,
under a Demise thereof made the Day of in the
Year of our Lord One thousand hundred and for the Term of which is
not yet expired, at the yearly Rent of payable in equal Cales, on every
during the said Term: And Whereas the Sum of for
Rent of the said Premises, ending on the Day of last past, because
and was due by said Defendant to the said Plaintiff, and thereof, being One full Year's Rent
still remains due thereon: And Whereas the several other Defendants
respectively are in actual Possession of the Premises, or have respectively Interests therein under Deeds and
Instruments duly registered, and creating such Interests respectively, and no other Person, save the Defendants
or some of them, is in such Possession or appears to have any such Interest:
The Defendants therefore, and all Persons having or claiming any Interest in the said Premises, are hereby
required

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required

required personally to be and appear before the said Assistant Barrister, at _____ in the
 Division of _____, in the said County, on the _____ Day of _____
 next, at a Quarter Session to be then and there holden for the said Division of said County, to answer the
 Plaintiff's Bill brought by him for Recovery of the Possession of the Premises, by reason of the matter
 aforesaid, and by virtue of the Statute in that behalf made and provided; or to default thereof the said
 Assistant Barrister will proceed as in Justice shall appear: Dated this _____ Day of _____ in the
 Year One thousand eight hundred and _____

Signed on behalf of the Plaintiff,

Attorney

To the Defendant, }

E.

FORM of a DECREE where the Civil Bill is grounded on the Defection of the Premises.

County of _____ } BY the Assistant Barrister of the Sessions for the County of _____
 Division of _____ }
 Plaintiff } IT appearing to the Court that the Plaintiff caused a Civil Bill to be filed against the
 Defendant, } Defendant, praying to be put into Possession of _____
 lying and being in the Parish of _____ and in the Barony of _____ and County
 of _____ containing _____ or thereabouts, in the Possession of the Defendant;
 which Civil Bill was brought pursuant to the Statute in that behalf made and provided, on the ground that
 the Tenant had deserted the said Premises; and is appearing by the Certificate of _____
 and _____ Esquires, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for said County, that they had
 together gone to and viewed said Premises, and that the same were deserted and left unoccupied by the
 Defendant, and that there was not any Defect thereon sufficient to countervail the Aver of Rent then due
 thereout; upon due Proof thereof, and that Process on said Civil Bill, and also a Copy of said Certificate was
 duly served, requiring the Defendant to appear at these private Sessions to answer said Bill; and it appearing
 that _____ being _____ Year's Rent of said Premises, was justly due and
 owing by Defendant to Plaintiff, after all fair and just Allowances, and that said Premises were deserted and
 left unoccupied by the Defendant, and that there was not any Defect on the same to justify said Rent: It
 is therefore ordered and decreed by the Court, That the Plaintiff be put into the Possession of said Premises,
 and the Sheriff of the County of _____ is hereby commanded to put the Plaintiff into the Possession
 thereof, pursuant to the Statute in that behalf made and provided; and it is further ordered and decreed by
 the Court, That the Plaintiff do recover from the Defendant _____ Pounds _____ Shillings and
 _____ Pence, Cents, and the several Sheriffs of the respective Counties within the Kingdom of
 Ireland are hereby commanded, notwithstanding any Liberty within their Jurisdictions, to execute the same, and
 take in Execution the Body (or Bodies, or Goods, or the Cattle may be) of the Defendant, to satisfy the said
 Decree. Dated at this _____ Day of _____

Witness present,

 Clerk of Peace for the
 said County.Assistant Barrister for
 the said County.

Attorney for the Plaintiff.

FORM of the SHERIFF'S WARRANT on the above Decree, to a Special Bailiff of the Plaintiff's
 Nomination.

County of _____ } I authorize and empower _____ and _____
 to wit _____ or either of them, and their Assistants, Special Bailiffs, at
 the Plaintiff's Peril to execute the above Decree. Given under my Hand and Seal, this _____ Day
 of _____
 (Seal.) _____ Sheriff for the said County.

F.

FORM of a DECREE where the Civil Bill is grounded on the withholding of the Tenant.

County of _____ } BY the Assistant Barrister of the Sessions for the County of _____
 Division of _____ }
 Plaintiff } IT appearing to the Court, that the Plaintiff caused a Civil Bill to be filed against the
 Defendant, } Defendant, praying to be put into the Possession of _____
 in the Parish of _____ and Barony of _____ and County of _____
 containing _____ or thereabouts, in the Possession of the Defendant; which Civil
 Bill was brought pursuant to the Statute in that behalf made and provided, on the ground that the Tenant over-
 held the said Premises; and it appearing to the Court, that Process on said Civil Bill was duly served, re-
 quiring the Defendant and all others having or claiming to have Interest in the Premises, in said Bill mentioned,
 requiring them to appear at these private Sessions to answer said Bill; and it appearing that said Premises were
 held by Defendant from Plaintiff at the yearly Rent of _____ and that
 Defendant's

Defendant's Interest determined on the Day of last, by a Notice to quit, hereinafter served on the Defendant, requiring him to deliver up the Possession thereof to Plaintiff, as the said

Day of last [or *for so long as any other Mode of Determination, as the Case may be*], notwithstanding which the Defendant refused to deliver up the Possession thereof to Plaintiff though demanded: It is therefore ordered and decreed by the Court, That the Plaintiff be put into the Possession thereof, pursuant to the Statute in that behalf made and provided; and it is further ordered and decreed by the Court, That the Plaintiff do recover from the Defendant

Pounds Shillings and Pence, Cotts; and the several Sheriffs of the respective Counties within this Kingdom of Ireland are hereby commanded, notwithstanding any Liberty within their Bailiwicks, to execute the same, and take in Execution the Body [or Bodies, or Goods, as the Case may be] of the Defendant, to satisfy the said Cotts. Dated at this

Witness my hand,
 Clerk Peace for the
 said County.

Assistant Barister for
 the said County.

Attorney for the Plaintiff.

FORM of the SHERIFF'S WARRANT on the above Decree, to a Special Bailiff of the Plaintiff's Nomination.

County of } I authorize and empower and
 or other of them, and their Assistants,
 Special Bailiffs, at the Plaintiff's Peril to execute the above Decree. Given under my Hand and Seal, this
 Day of
 (Seal.) Sheriff for the said County.

G.

N^o FORM of a DECREE where the Civil Bill is grounded on Nonpayment of Rent.

County of } BY the Assistant Barister at the Sessions for the County of
 or other of them, and their Assistants,
 Plaintiff } IT appearing to the Court that the Plaintiff caused a Civil Bill to be filed against the
 Defendant, praying to be put into the Possession of
 the said County of } situate, lying and being in the Parish of and Barony
 of and County of containing by Estimation or
 thereabouts, is the Possession of the Defendant, which Civil Bill was brought pursuant to the Statute in that
 case made and provided, on the ground that a Year's Rent was in arrear and unpaid; and it appearing to the
 Court, that Process on said Civil Bill was duly served, requiring the Defendant and all others having or claiming
 to have Interest in the Premises in said Bill mentioned, requiring them to appear at their preface Sessions to
 answer said Bill; upon due Proof thereof, and that said Premises were held by Defendant from Plaintiff, at
 the yearly Rent of and that the Defendant was indebted to the Plaintiff in the
 Sum of being for One whole Year's Rent and Arrear of Rent of said
 Day of last, after all just and fair Allowances:
 It is therefore ordered by the Court, That the Plaintiff be put into the Possession of said Premises, and the
 Sheriff of the County of is hereby commanded to put the Plaintiff into the Possession
 thereof, pursuant to the Statute in that behalf made and provided; and it is further ordered and decreed by
 the Court, That the Plaintiff do recover from the Defendant Pounds Shillings
 and Pence, Cotts; and the several Sheriffs of the respective Counties within this Kingdom of
 Ireland are hereby commanded, notwithstanding any Liberty within their Bailiwicks, to execute the same, and
 take in Execution the Body [or Bodies, or Goods, as the Case may be] of the Defendant, to satisfy the said
 Cotts. Dated at this Day of

Assistant Barister for
 the said County.

Witness my hand,
 Clerk Peace for the
 said County.

Attorney for the Plaintiff.

FORM of the SHERIFF'S WARRANT on the above Decree, to a Special Bailiff of the Plaintiff's Nomination.

County of } I authorize and empower and
 or other of them, and their Assistants, Special Bailiffs, at the Plaintiff's Peril to execute the
 above Decree. Given under my Hand and Seal, this Day of
 (Seal.) Sheriff for the said County.

H.

MAGISTRATE'S CERTIFICATE.

County of } WE and Two of His Majesty's Judges of the
 or other of them, having been called upon by and at
 his Request having together gone to and viewed all that Part of the Lands of situate
 lying and being in the Parish of and Barony of and County of

Commencement of this Act, is free and inland of any Charge under the said recited Act on any Paper Maker in Ireland, in respect of such and every Engine kept or used by such Paper Maker, every Paper Maker in Ireland shall, for and in respect of such and every Engine kept or used by such Paper Maker for the making of Paper of any Sort or Kind whatsoever, or which shall be employed in preparing any Stuff for making Paper of any Sort or Kind whatsoever, be charged with and shall pay, for each and every Calendar Month, in the Population and at the Rate of Twelve Shillings and Sixpence British Currency for each and every Cubic Foot of the computed Content of such and every such Engine, to be ascertained according to the greatest Length, Depth and Breadth thereof, such Depth to be taken from the Centre of the Spindle of the Roller of such such Engine, if the Depth of such Engine shall be the greatest at that Part, or otherwise in such other Part of such Engine where the Depth thereof shall be the greatest, and such computed Content shall be without any Allowance or Deduction whatsoever for or on account of any Protrusion of Shape or Form of such Engine, or of any Machinery or other matter or thing which shall or may be contained therein, or on any other Accessory; and which said Rate or Sum shall be charged and chargeable, and paid and payable, as and for the Duty in respect of the Quality and Weight of such Quantity of Paper as may be produced from any such Engine within each such Calendar Month as aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Officer or Officers of Excise in Charge of any Paper Mill of any Paper Maker in Ireland shall, within Ten Days after the Fifth Day of every Month, while any Engine or Engines of any Paper Maker shall be working, or shall be by Law chargeable as working, make a Return to the Collector of Excise, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties in which such Paper Mill shall be situate, of the Amount of the Monthly Rate or Sum hereto directed to be charged for the Month ending on such Fifth Day of the Month, in respect of all and every Engine or Engines kept or used by such Paper Maker at any Time in such and every such Month, and also of the Quantity, Quality and Weight of all such Sorts of Paper, if any, which shall have been weighed at such Mill in the Course of such Month, and of the Duty chargeable thereon in respect of the Quality and Weight of such Paper; and every such Return shall be a Charge on the Paper Maker to the Amount of the Monthly Rate or Sum payable under this Act in respect of all and every such Engine or Engines, or in case there shall not have been any Paper of any Sort whatsoever weighed at such Mill in such Month, or in case the Duty chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of the Paper which shall have been weighed at such Mill in such Month shall be less than the Rate or Sum chargeable as aforesaid for all and every such Engine or Engines for such Month, and every such Paper Maker shall pay the Sum so charged and assessed, and in case the Duty chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of all Paper of every Kind, Description and Kind specified in such Return as aforesaid within such Month, shall amount to or exceed the Amount of the Rate or Sum payable in respect of all and every such Engine or Engines as aforesaid, or in case any Engine or Engines shall not be chargeable in any Month, then the Return of the Officer shall be a Charge on such Paper Maker for the Amount of the Duty to be chargeable in respect of all of the Quality and Weight of all such Paper which shall have been weighed in any such Month respectively as aforesaid; and such Paper Maker shall pay the Duty appearing by such Return and chargeable to have become due and payable, within Three Months after the End of the Month for which such Return and Charge shall have been made; and every such Paper Maker shall, for every Default in Payment of any such Duty, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to double the Amount of the Sum so returned and charged, and which shall be to be payable as aforesaid; and every such Officer shall and he is hereby required to keep a true Copy of such Return in Writing under his Hand with every such Paper Maker or in such Paper Mill.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, no License shall be granted to any Person or Persons to keep any Mill for making Paper, unless such and every Engine for making Paper in such Mill shall contain Fifty Cubic Feet at the least, the Content of such Engine to be computed and ascertained according to the greatest Length, Depth and Breadth thereof, pursuant to the Regulations and Directions of this Act; any thing to the said recited Act of the Fifth year of aforesaid, or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; and the Content of every such Engine shall be specified and mentioned in the License to be granted to any Person or Persons to keep any Mill for making Paper, and the Person or Persons to whom such License shall be granted shall be chargeable with Duty for and in respect of such and every such Engine at the said according to the Content which shall be specified and mentioned in such License in the Content of such Engine.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend to prohibit or prevent the granting of any License to any Person or Persons who, on or before the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, was or were licensed to keep any such Mill or Mills in which every or any Engine kept therein for making Paper was of less Content than Fifty Cubic Feet, nor to prohibit or prevent the granting of any such License to any Person or Persons who since the said Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, for the first time obtained a License to keep such Mill or Mills in which any Engine or Engines kept therein for making Paper was or were of less Content than Fifty Cubic Feet, and who shall have such License in force at the commencement of this Act: Provided nevertheless, that it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons so licensed to reduce any Engine in such Mill which at the time of the passing of the Act shall contain Fifty Cubic Feet or more to any Content less than Fifty Cubic Feet; and if any Person shall be obliged any such Engine, the License of such Person shall be and is hereby declared to be void.

V. And be it further enacted, That if the Content of any Engine, to be computed and ascertained according to the Directions of this Act, of which an Accessory, Retort or Motor shall have been given pursuant to the

the said Act, Paper makers to pay at the Rate of 12s. 6d. for each such Month for every Cubic Foot of the Engine used by them.

How such Sum charged and paid.

Officer to make a Return to the Collector of the Amount of the Monthly Rate, and also of the Quantity, Quality and Weight of Paper, and of the Duty Chargeable thereon.

Such Return a Charge on Maker.

Duty to be paid in three Months.

Penalty of Forty Pounds and Costs in default of Payment.

No License granted unless the Engine contain 50 Cubic Feet.

Content of Engine specified in License.

Proviso for granting License to Persons who were licensed on or before Aug. 5, 1816, having obtained such License then 50 Cubic Feet, or in Persons having been so licensed by the said Act.

License a Void, Retort Engine, &c. inserted.

Use such Orders and Directions as they shall think expedient for the following or locking of any such Engine, and all and every such Orders and Directions shall be complied with; and if any Person whose License shall have expired shall refuse or neglect to comply with or obey any such Orders or Directions, every such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and if any Officer shall be prevented from following and locking such and every such Engine, or in case of such Mill being locked and no Person appearing to give Entrance to such Officer, or if any such Engine shall at any Event not be followed or locked in manner aforesaid by Default of any such Person, or if at any time subsequent to the time when any such Engine shall have been followed or locked, any such Engine shall be found not to be followed and locked, or if any Roller, Plate, Lighter or Brasses shall be found in any Engine after the Expiration of the License which shall have been granted to such Person, and such Engine shall be again duly let to work under a new License for the Mill in which such Engine shall be kept, then every such Person shall, in each and every the respective case and cases aforesaid, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Person shall at the Expiration of any License granted to such Person to keep any Mill or Mills for making Paper, discontinue the Trade or Business of a Paper Maker, every such Person shall, within Six Days next after the Expiration of such License, displace and remove, or cause to be displaced and removed, clear out of such and every Engine, the Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses belonging to such Engine, and shall send or convey such Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses to the Exact Stores of the District in which the Mill of such Person shall be situate, there to be kept until the same shall be returned to the Proprietor thereof under a new License, or under the Order of the Commissioners of Excise; and if any such Person shall neglect or refuse to displace and remove, or cause to be displaced and removed, in manner aforesaid, every such Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses, or shall neglect or refuse to send or convey all and every Roller, Plate, Lighter or Brasses within the time aforesaid, to the Exact Stores as aforesaid, every such Person shall, for every such Neglect or Refusal, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Act of the Fifty sixth Year aforesaid as respects, that of the Content of any Engine shall exceed by Three Cubic Feet the Number of Cubic Feet mentioned in any Return, Account or Notice, as being the Content of such Engine, the Paper Maker shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and as authorizes the Officers to make such Return as in said Act mentioned, in respect of the intended Content of such Engine, and as makes such Return to be a Charge on such Paper Maker, and as imposes any Penalty on such Paper Maker for not paying the Amount of such Return, and also so much and such Parts of the said Act of the Fifty sixth Year aforesaid as enables, that it shall not be lawful for any Paper Maker to send or deliver any Ream of Paper, or any Parcel of Pulpboard, Millboard, Sashboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Sheetting Paper, or Buttes Paper or Buttes Board, out of the Mill or Manufactory of such Paper Maker, without such Permit for the Removal thereof, as in the said Act is prescribed and directed, and also so much of the said Act as relates to any Request Note or Requisition for any such Permit, and as relates to the Loss of any such Permit, or to the enlarging the time of the Force thereof, or as requires any Officer granting or renewing any Permit to examine on Oath the Person or Persons applying for such Permit, and also as requires any such Permit to be delivered up to the Surveyor or Gauger, and also as relates to any Certificate on the Back of any such Permit, and also so much of the said recited Act as respects any Fine, Penalty, Forfeiture or Punishment for and in respect or in any ways relating to any Permit for the Removal of any Paper, Pulpboard, Millboard, Sashboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Sheetting Paper, or Buttes Paper or Buttes Board, shall cease and determine, and shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed; save and except so far as the said recited Clauses or Provisions hereby repealed relate or relate to the charging, suing for, recovering, levying, paying or accounting for any Duty or Arrears of Duties, or any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture which shall or may have been incurred or become due on or before the Commencement of this Act; and that all and every the said Clauses and Provisions shall be and remain in full Force and Effect for the charging, suing for, recovering, levying, paying or accounting for the said Duties and Arrears thereof, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as if the said Act had not been made.

XIV. And Whereas it is expedient that a Drawback or Allowance of Duty should be given for Paper used in printing the several Books hereafter mentioned at the Press of the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queens Elizabeth near Dublin; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes as aforesaid for the time being, upon being satisfied that the Duty of Excise shall have been fully paid for any Quantity of Paper of the Irish Mills which shall be used in the printing of Bibles, Testaments, Prayer Books and Books of Common Prayer of the Church of England and Ireland, or in the printing of any Books in the Latin, Greek, Oriental or Northern Languages, or in the printing of any Certificates of Birth, or the larger or smaller Church-books, or any of them, at the Press of the said College, to pay and allow to the said College, or to the Person or Persons respectively authorized to receive the same on behalf of the said College, a Drawback or Allowance of Three pence per Pound Weight for all such Paper to be used as aforesaid, under the Conditions and Regulations hereinafter mentioned and expressed; that it is to say, nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed so extended, to entitle the said College, or any Person or Persons on behalf of the said College, to receive any such Drawback or Allowance, unless the said Paper shall have visible in the Substances thereof a Mark commonly called a Water Mark, of the Date of the present Year of our Lord, in the following Figures, 1818, or of some subsequent Year of our Lord, nor unless the Chief Manager of the Press of the said College shall at least Forty eight Hours before any such Paper is begun to be prepared for printing, give or cause to be given to the Surveyor of Excise of the Ward in which the Press of the said College shall be kept, or other Officer

Persons applying for Commissioned Officers. Penalty on Officers neglecting to follow and lock Engines, or if followed by Default of Person &c.

Penalty on Persons who within Six Days after the Expiration of License, displace and remove, or cause to be displaced and removed, the Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses belonging to such Engine, or if they neglect or refuse to do so.

Penalty on Persons who within Six Days after the Expiration of License, displace and remove, or cause to be displaced and removed, the Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses belonging to such Engine, or if they neglect or refuse to do so.

Penalty on Persons who within Six Days after the Expiration of License, displace and remove, or cause to be displaced and removed, the Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses belonging to such Engine, or if they neglect or refuse to do so.

Penalty on Persons who within Six Days after the Expiration of License, displace and remove, or cause to be displaced and removed, the Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses belonging to such Engine, or if they neglect or refuse to do so.

Penalty on Persons who within Six Days after the Expiration of License, displace and remove, or cause to be displaced and removed, the Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses belonging to such Engine, or if they neglect or refuse to do so.

Penalty on Persons who within Six Days after the Expiration of License, displace and remove, or cause to be displaced and removed, the Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses belonging to such Engine, or if they neglect or refuse to do so.

Penalty on Persons who within Six Days after the Expiration of License, displace and remove, or cause to be displaced and removed, the Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses belonging to such Engine, or if they neglect or refuse to do so.

Penalty on Persons who within Six Days after the Expiration of License, displace and remove, or cause to be displaced and removed, the Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses belonging to such Engine, or if they neglect or refuse to do so.

Penalty on Persons who within Six Days after the Expiration of License, displace and remove, or cause to be displaced and removed, the Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses belonging to such Engine, or if they neglect or refuse to do so.

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authorised by the Commissioners of Inland Revenues and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, in that behalf, a Notice in Writing of the Intention to print such Paper, specifying in such Notice the Number of Sheets or Bundles of such Paper so intended to be printed, and the Name and Name of the Book or Books so intended to be printed, and in what Language such Book or Books is or are intended to be printed, and of what Size the intended Impression or Edition of such Book or Books is to be, and of how many Copies the intended Impression or Edition thereof is to consist, nor unless all such Paper shall be produced to such Surveyor or Officer enclosed in the original Covers or Wrappers in which such Paper was charged with Duty, with the Impression of the Stamp, and the Christian Name and Surname of the proper Officer, and the Date of the Charge, with the Date of such Paper, and the several numbers by Law prescribed and directed to be marked, written or printed, remaining on such Covers or Wrappers respectively, nor unless such Chief Manager of the Press of the said College shall provide good and sufficient Scales and Weights, and shall permit and assist such Officer to use the same for the Purpose of ascertaining the true Quantity and Weight of such Paper, nor unless the Chief Manager of the Press of the said College shall, in like manner, within One Month next after the whole of such Impression or Edition shall have been printed off, dried and folded, give or cause to be given to the Surveyor or Excise of the said Walls, or other Officer so authorised as aforesaid, Forty eight Hours' Notice in Writing of such Impression or Edition being printed off, dried and folded; and thereupon such Surveyor or other Officer shall attend and inspect, examine and weigh the whole of such Impression or Edition so received and so stored, and shall thereupon give and deliver to such Chief Manager of the Press of the said College, a Certificate in Writing of his having done so, specifying therein the Name of such Book, together with the Size thereof, and the Number of Copies of which such Impression or Edition consists, and the Weight of the Paper on which the same is printed; but if such Weight shall exceed the Weight of the Paper actually produced to and taken Account of by the proper Officer previous to the printing thereof as aforesaid, there and in such Case such Weight previous to the printing thereof shall be entered on such Certificate, and the Allowance shall be made for no greater Quantity or Weight than the Weight specified in such Certificate, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XV. Provided also, That no such Drawback or Allowance shall be given, unless the Chief Manager of the Press of the said College shall make and subscribe on the Back of such Certificate an Oath in Writing before the said Commissioners of Inland Revenues and Taxes, or any Two or more of them, (which Oath they the said Commissioners are hereby authorised and empowered to administer,) of the Quantity and Weight of the Paper actually made use of in the printing of any such Impression or Edition of such Book, or any of them, as the Case may require, and that such Chief Manager of the Press of the said College believes that all Duty by Law imposed for or on respect of such Paper used in the printing of such Impression or Edition has been fully paid, and that no Drawback or Allowance has been before claimed or paid for or on respect of such Paper or any Part thereof, and that the whole of the said Impression or Edition has been printed at the usual and ordinary Printing House of the said College, under the Authority and Permission proper for that Purpose.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers and Functions, Rules, Regulations, Prescriptions, Vouchers, Claims, matters and things contained in the said recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, shall be applied and put in Practice on the Enactment of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, so far as the same are compatible and consistent with the Provisions of this Act, and except so far as the same are expressly altered or repealed by this Act.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof in British Currency, and shall be levied, collected, paid for, recovered, assigned and applied in such manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the Recovery or Mitigation of any Penalties or Forfeitures in and by an Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, entitled *An Act for settling the English or new Supply upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Back of Rates therein inserted*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, matters and things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Revenues and Taxes, in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Excise, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were herein repeated and re-enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said recited Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts, as aforesaid, is provided.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed by the present Session of Parliament.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

C A P. XLII.

An Act for enabling the Trustee of certain Premises at Great Farnham in the County of Norfolk, held in Trust for His Majesty, to execute a Conveyance of the same to a Purchaser thereof.

[18th May 1818.]

CAP. XLIII.

An Act for preventing the Destruction of the Breed of Salmon, and Fish of Salmon Kind, in the Rivers of England. [28th May 1818.]

WHEREAS Provision has been made, in various Acts of Parliament, for preventing the Destruction of Salmon, and other Fish of the Salmon Kind, in the several Rivers in England named therein, and in Effluents and Arms of the Sea near the Mouths of the said Rivers; and it would be of great public Advantage if such Protection should be afforded generally in all Rivers throughout England; He it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the Judges of the Peace, assembled at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, from time to time to appoint Constables or Overseers for the Preservation of the Salmon, and Fish of the Salmon Kind, and the Brood, Spawns and Fry thereof, and preventing the Destruction thereof, and enforcing for that Purpose the Provisions of this Act within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of such Justices, and within the Limits of which they shall be so appointed.

Justices or Referees to appoint Constables or Overseers of Rivers.

II. And be it further enacted, That where an Provision is made by any Act now in force for limiting the time within which it shall be lawful to take Salmon, or Fish of the Salmon Kind, in any of the Rivers in England, it shall be lawful for the Judges of the Peace sitting for the several Counties, at their several Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and they are hereby required, at the Request of any Person, such Person having first given Notice, in some Newspaper officially circulated within the County, of his intention to apply to the said Quarter Sessions in that behalf, on six certain Days, not exceeding One hundred and fifty Days in each Year, for each River within their respective Counties, to be Four Days for the several Rivers respectively; during which time it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons whatever to take, kill or destroy, or attempt to take, kill or destroy, any Salmon or Salmon Trout, or Fish of the Salmon Kind, or any Brood, Spawns or Fry of such Fish; and the said Judges are hereby further empowered, at any General Quarter Sessions, to vary annually the Number of such Days, and the Periods at which they shall convene, as they shall think fit.

Quarter Sessions in the Counties in which Salmon shall not be taken, &c.

III. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time hereafter pursue, take, kill or destroy, or seek or endeavour to take, kill or destroy, pursue, hunt or injure any Salmon or Salmon Kind, by laying or using any net, Line or Fils, or Material or Drag pernicious to Fish, or using any Weir in which any Green List or Flea has been disposed, or letting off disguised Water, or any Water impregnated with any Mineral or Drug pernicious to Fish, or if any Person shall use or employ any such Means as aforesaid, or use any Fire or Light or White Object, or lay down any Kind of Net, Engine or Device, or wilfully do or commit, or cause to be done or committed, any Act whatsoever, in any River, Water, Rindlet, Stream, Mill Race, Mill Sluice, Cut, Pool or Pond, communicating therewith, for the Destruction of the Brood, Spawns or Small Fry of Salmon thereto (Anyhow excepted) or if any Person shall knowingly make, erect or fix any Back, Dam, Hedge or Stake, Net or Nets, or place any Fire or Fire, Light or Light, or any White Object or Objects, so that the young Fry or young Salmon be prevented from going down from such Rivers, Rindlets or other Waters communicating therewith as aforesaid, or any of them, every such Person so offending shall for every such First Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds nor less than Five Pounds, and for every Second and subsequent Offence any Sum not exceeding Fifteen Pounds nor less than Ten Pounds, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom the Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, and shall also forfeit all the Fish, Spawns, Brood or Fry so taken, and all the Nets, Weapons, Lines, Instruments, Boats, Devices or things used in the taking thereof.

Destroying Salmon, in the River, Spawns or Fry thereof.

Penalty for Angling.

First Offence.
Second and subsequent Offences.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall, at any time after the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, take, kill or destroy, or knowingly have in his or her Possession, either on the Water or on the Shore, or shall bring to Shore, or try or carry about, sell, offer or expose to or for Sale, or shall exchange for any Goods, matter or thing, any Spawns, Fry or Brood of Fish, or any unfishable Fish, or any Egg or Shell of Salmon, being unfishable Salmon, commonly called *Old Salmon*, or any Salmon caught in any River during the Periods when fishing for Salmon is prohibited under the Provisions of any Law now in force, or when the same shall be prohibited by any Order to be made by the Justices at their Sessions as hereinafter provided, and it shall be lawful for any Constable or Overseer thereof, or any other Person, under the Authority of the Act, to take and seize all or any such Spawns, Fry or Brood of Fish, or such other Fish as aforesaid, wherever the same shall be found, together with all Baskets and Packages in which the same shall be so found as taken, and to deliver the Person or Persons where the same may be found to a Constable or other Peace Officer; and after every such Seizure shall be made, the Spawns, Fry or Brood, or other Fish as aforesaid, together with the Baskets and Packages in which the same shall be so seized, shall be delivered into the Hands of some Constable or other Peace Officer, and every such Constable or other Peace Officer is hereby authorized and required to take every such Offender with whom he shall be so charged for any such Offence into his Custody, and seize the Spawns, Fry or Brood of Fish, and each other Fish as aforesaid, and all Baskets and Packages in which the same shall be so found, and which shall be delivered to such Constable or other Peace Officer as aforesaid, and to every such Offender, and all such Spawns, Fry or Brood of Fish, and each other Fish as aforesaid, together with the Baskets and Packages as aforesaid, which shall have been delivered to any such Constable or other Peace Officer, with all convenient Speed, before some Justice or Justice or Magistrate of the County, City or Place where the Offence shall be committed, for each Offender to be dealt with according to Law; and on the Conviction of any such Offender or Offenders for any such

Killing, taking, having in Possession, selling, or exposing to or for Sale, or exchanging for any Goods, Fry or Brood of Fish, or unfishable Fish, &c.

Constable may seize together with Offender, &c.

Proceedings.

Conviction.

Penalty.

Offence, before any Justice or Justices or Magistrate as aforesaid, every such Offender shall forfeit all and every such Spawns, Fry or Brood of Fish, unsaleable Fish and Fish out of Season, which shall be seized, together with all Baiters or Packages in which the same shall be so seized; and all such Spawns, Fry or Brood of Fish, or such other Fish as aforesaid, together with such Baiters and Packages in which the same shall have been so seized as aforesaid, shall, by Order of the Justice or Justices before whom the same shall be so brought, be delivered to the Parish or Parishes who shall have to found the same, and shall prostrate to Communion any such Offender; and every Offender who shall be so convicted as aforesaid of any such Offence, shall besides forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Two Pounds nor less than Five Pence.

Penalty for Sale, &c. of fish sold, and for sale of Fishes except as provided by this Act.

V. Forfeited also, and he is further enabled, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to legalize, nor to diminish, take away or defray any Net, Fish Leek, Coop, Bay or other Work, which shall have been or may hereafter be lawfully erected, put, placed, fixed or used in any fresh Arm of the Sea, or Estuary or Mouth of any River, or in or upon any Bank, Sand or Shore thereof, or near thereto, or in or near any River, Rivulet, Brook, Stream, Pond, Pool or other Water, Mill Land, Mill Dam, Sluice, or Cut, which runs into or otherwise communicates therewith, or to the nearest Motion or Methods used for taking and killing Fish therein, other than and so are in this Act particularly prohibited.

Execution of Penalties.

VI. And be it further enabled, That every the pecuniary and other Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed may be levied for, recovered and adjudged, and every Offence against the Act heard and determined, by and before any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace or Magistrate for the County, Baire, Division, City or Place wherein any Offender against this Act shall be or reside, or wherein or near to which the Offence or Offences shall be committed, by and upon the Oath or Affirmance of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, or by the Confession of the Party or Parties, which Oath or Oaths, Affirmance or Affirmances, every such Justice of the Peace and other Magistrates aforesaid are hereby authorized, empowered and required to administer, accordingly; and in case any Person who shall be convicted of any Offence or Offences against this Act, and shall not immediately upon such Conviction pay down the Penalty or Penalties, together with such Costs of Suit or Prosecution in which he, she or they shall have been so convicted or ordered to pay as aforesaid, into the Hands of the Justice or Justices of the Peace or Magistrate as aforesaid, by and before whom he or she shall have been so convicted, or other Person by them or any of them authorized to receive the same, in order that the same may be disposed of and distributed according to the Directions of this Act, it shall be lawful for any such Justice or Justices of the Peace or Magistrate aforesaid to order any Credible or other Peace Officer to take the Charge of and keep in Custody any such Person so convicted; and immediately thereupon every such Justice or Justices of the Peace or Magistrate is hereby authorized, empowered and required to grant him or their Warrant or Warrants in due Form of Law, under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, and thereby commit every such Offender to the Common Goal or House of Correction for the County, Baire, Division, City or Place for which such Justice or Justices or Magistrate aforesaid shall act, for such time or times hereinafter mentioned, until the said Penalty or Penalties and Costs shall respectively be sooner paid; or otherwise such Justice or Justices of the Peace or Magistrate shall and may grant him or their Warrant or Warrants in due Form of Law, under their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, to levy and recover the said Penalty and Penalties and Costs by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels; and that all Penalties and Forfeitures which shall be so paid or levied or aforesaid, shall from time to time be paid, applied and disposed of as follows: (that is to say,) Our Moiety thereof to the Informer or Informers, and the other Moiety, after deducting all Costs, Charges and Expenses attending the Prosecution, and the levying and recovering of the Penalty, to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish or Place where the Offence or Offences shall have been committed; and the Overplus of the Money soled remaining (if any there be) after any Penalty or Penalties, and all Costs, Charges and Expenses attending the levying and recovering thereof are deducted, (which Costs, Charges and Expenses shall always be taxed, settled and ascertained by and before the Justice or Justices of the Peace or Magistrate, as by or before whom any such Offender shall be convicted,) shall as Demanded be returned to the Owner or Owners of the Goods and Chattels so distrained; and in case sufficient Distresses or Distresses shall not be found, or such Penalty or Penalties and Costs shall not be immediately paid, that then it shall be lawful for any such Justice or Justices of the Peace or Magistrate, and he and she is and are hereby respectively authorized, empowered and required, for the full Officer to commit every such Offender or Offenders to such Goal or House of Correction as aforesaid for any time not exceeding Four Months nor less than Two Months, for the Second Offence any time not exceeding Eight Months nor less than Six Months, and for the Third and every other Offence, for any time not exceeding Twelve Months nor less than Eight Months, there to be kept in hard Labour, and he and she remain without Bail or Mainprize.

Justice may commit Party who pays Penalty to Common Goal, &c.

or levy Penalty by Distress.

If no Distress, then Party committed to Goal, &c. and kept in hard Labour.

Justice, on receiving Informations, may grant Warrants apprehending Offenders, or Summons and Warrant for Party or Witnesses.

VII. And be it further enabled, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace or Magistrate, or any of them, and they are hereby required, upon Informations being made to him or them upon Oath against any Person or Persons who shall or may offend against any thing contained in this Act, to grant him or their Warrant or Warrants under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, to apprehend any Person or Persons so offending, and commit such Offender or Offenders to be brought before him or them, or some other such Justice or other Magistrate; or as shall and may be lawful to and for any such Justice or Justices, or other Magistrate as aforesaid, upon any Informations made without Oath, to grant him or their Summons or Summons against the Party charged with any such Offence or Offences, or for any Witness or Witnesses to prove any such Offence or Offences as aforesaid; and if any such Person or Persons who shall be duly summoned shall neglect or refuse to appear at the Time and Place appointed by such Summons or Summons, every such Justice or Justices of the Peace or Magistrate shall and may, upon Oath being made

made of the Person or Persons being to duly summoned, grant him or their Warrant or Warrants, under his or their Head and Seal or Heads and Seals, as aforesaid, and bring before him and them, or some other such Justice or Magistrate as aforesaid, the Party or Parties who shall neglect or refuse to appear after being duly summoned as aforesaid; and such Justice or Justices or other Magistrates aforesaid shall inquire into, hear and determine the Matter of every such Offence or Offences in a summary Way.

and may direct
their Summons

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Owner, Farmer or Occupier of, or any Person otherwise interested in any Fishery or Right of Fishing in any Arm of the Sea, River or other Water aforesaid, shall be deemed an incompetent Witness to prove any Offence or Offences done or committed against this Act, by reason of his or her being such Owner, Farmer or Occupier.

Owners, &c. of Fisheries may be Witnesses to prove Offences.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every pecuniary Penalty and Forfeiture imposed by this Act may be recovered in a summary manner according to the Provisions of this Act, or may be laid for and recovered, together with full Costs of Suit, by and to the only proper Use and Benefit of any Person who shall inform or sue for the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, whereas an Effraim, Wager of Law, nor more than One Impetunatio, shall be allowed.

New Penalties may be laid for.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Conviction of every Offender against this Act shall be certified by the Justice or Justices of the Peace by and before whom the same shall be made, to the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County, Riding, Division, City or Place where the Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, and shall there be filed amongst the Records of the said Sessions; and every Conviction shall be in the Form of Words, or to the following Effect:

Form of Conviction.

“BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year _____ A. D. was, upon the Complaint of C. D. considered before me [or us] E. F. One [or Two] of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace [or the Justices of the Peace] in performance of an Act made in the Fifth eighth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, [in force the Title of the Act] for that the said _____ [place the Offence] (and if a Case in which different Penalties are imposed for repeated Offences) this being the First Offence, [Second or Third Offence, as the case may be] and I [or we] do hereby adjudge him [her or them] to pay and suffer for the said _____ of lawful Mischief of Great Britain, together the further Sum of _____ for Costs of Suit and Prosecution, to the said C. D. Given under my Hand and Seal, [or our Hands and Seals, as the case may be] at _____ in the County of _____ the Day and Year above written.”

Which said Conviction and Adjudication shall be good and valid in Law to all Intents and Purposes, and shall not be quashed, set aside or adjudged void or insufficient for want of Form only; and shall not be liable to be removed by Certiorari or otherwise into His Majesty's Courts of King's Bench, or any other of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, but shall be deemed and taken to be final to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XI. And be it further enacted, That where any Offender shall be punished for any Offence by virtue of this Act, such Offender shall not again be prosecuted nor incur any Penalty by virtue of any other Law or Statute now in force, or be liable to any other Punishment for the same Offence.

No double Prosecutions.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall think himself or herself aggrieved by the Judgment of any Justice of the Peace or Magistrates in any of the Cases aforesaid, may appeal to the Justices of the Peace for the County, Shire, Division, City or Place where such Judgment shall be given, at the time next or next but one General Quarter Sessions of the Peace; but that no such Appeal shall be received, heard or determined, unless the Appellant or Appellants shall, within Ten Days next after such Judgment, and Twenty Days at the least before the holding of such Sessions, give and leave in Writing, as well as the public Office of the Clerk of the Peace for such County, Shire, Division, City or Place where such Person or Persons shall be punished, as to the Person or as to the Dwelling House of the Informer or Prosecutor, if he, he, or their Intention to bring such Appeal, and shall also enter into a Recognizance before such Justice or Justices, in such Sum as any such Justice or Justices of the Peace shall think fit, not exceeding Twenty Pounds, conditioned to try such Appeal, and likewise to pay the Costs of such Appeal, in case Judgment and Sentence shall upon the hearing thereof be given against the Appellant, within Ten Days next after the Determination thereof; and that the said Justices at their said Session shall and may, upon due Proof of such Notice given as aforesaid, hear and determine every such Appeal in a summary Way, and shall award or order to the Party or whose behalf such Appeal shall be determined, such Costs and Charges as they in their Discretion shall think reasonable and just to be paid by the Party or Parties against whom such Appeal shall be determined; and in case such Costs and Charges shall not be paid within the Space of Two Days next after the hearing and determining of such Appeal, the same may be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons ordered to pay the same, or his or their Surety or Sureties, in the same manner and by the same Means as all Debts due are ordered to be taken under or by virtue of this Act.

Appeal.

± 2s. Recognizance.

Sessions, or First of Motion, to determine Appellate Costs.

Distress for Costs.

Manner of Attachment for executing the Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Action of Law shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done or to be done by virtue of this Act, until One Calendar Month after Notice thereof in Writing shall have been given to the Person or Persons against whom such Action shall be intended to be brought, or left at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, sitting forth the Cause of such Action, and containing the Name and Place of Abode of the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, and also of his or their Attorney; and that every Action brought for any thing done or to be done as aforesaid shall be brought within the Space of Three Calendar Months next after the Cause of Action or

Limitations of Actions.

General Effect.	Compeller shall sell, and shall be bid and sold in the County, Cities, Division, City or Place where the said shall have been committed, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants therein may plead the General Issue, and give the said and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done by virtue thereof; and also that it shall, and may be lawful to and for such Person or Persons, at any time before Action brought, to tender Amends to the Party complaining, or to his or her Agent or Attorney, and in case the same is not accepted, to plead such Tender in bar to the Action, together with the Plea of Not Guilty, and any other Plea, with the Leave of the Court; and if, on the Trial of such Action, it shall appear that the same was brought before the Expiration of One Calendar Month next after such Notice shall have been given or left as aforesaid, or after the End of Three Months next after the Cause thereof shall have arisen, or if such Action shall have been brought or led in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, or after sufficient Tender of Amends shall have been made to the Party or Parties aggrieved, that then and in any of the Cases aforesaid, the Jury shall find a Verdict for and against the Defendant or Defendants in such Action; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall discontinue the same after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or shall be confessed, and if, upon Discontinuance, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants in such Action shall have Double Costs, and have the like Remedies for recovering the same as Defendants have for recovering their Costs in other Cases at Law; and that no Action, Suit, Information or other Proceeding whatsoever shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any Offence or Offences against this Act, which the same shall be laid or commenced within Six Calendar Months next after any such Offence or Offences shall have been committed.
Double Costs.	XIV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend or alter any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Clause, Provision, Regulation or Penalty or Forfeiture contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force for the Regulation of any Fishery or Fisheries, or the Performance thereof, or of the Bream, Spawen or Fry of Fish, in any particular County or Arms of the Sea, Estuary or River.
Limitation of Action for Offence.	XV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend to affect the Rights of any Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies of any Manor; and it shall be lawful for such Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies, and they are hereby required to appoint Commissioners for the Protection of any River or Rivers within their respective Manors.
Provision for further Action.	XVI. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prejudice or damage from the Rights, Liberties, Privileges, Franchises or Authority of any Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or their Successors, or to prohibit, detain, alter or diminish any Power, Authority or Jurisdiction which such Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, at the time of the passing of this Act, did or might lawfully claim, use or exercise in any River or Rivers as aforesaid.
and for the Rights of Manors.	XVII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to prejudice or damage from the Rights, Liberties, Privileges, Franchises or Authority of the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, or their Successors, or the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, or to prohibit, detain, alter or diminish any Power, Authority or Jurisdiction, which, at the time of making this Act, the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, or the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, as Commissioners of the River Thames and Waters of Medway, did or might lawfully claim, use or exercise.
and for the Rights of Corporation, Collieries, &c.	
and of the City of London.	
and of Lord Mayor, as Commissioner of the Thames, &c.	

C. A. P. XLIV.

25 G. 3. c. 40.
An Act to amend the
Act.
43 G. 3. c. 80.

An Act to alter the Application of Part of the Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds granted by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated *An Act for improving the Road from the City of Glasgow to the City of Carlisle.* [25th May 1818.]

C. A. P. XLV.

An Act for building and promoting the building of additional Churches in populous Parishes.

[30th May 1818.]

WHEREAS the Population of Great Britain, and more particularly in the Metropolis and its Vicinity, and in other Cities and great Towns, has greatly increased, and the Churches and Chapels now existing in the Metropolis and its Vicinity, and in many great and populous Parishes and Extra Parochial Places, are inadequate to the Accommodation of the Inhabitants thereof: And Whereas it is therefore necessary that such Evil should be remedied, and that additional Churches and Chapels for the Celebration of Divine Service, according to the Rites of the United Church of England and Ireland, as by Law established, should be erected and maintained in such Parishes and Places, and that a certain Number of new Seats should be made therein: And Whereas His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, acting in the Name and on the behalf of His Majesty, is desirous of adding His Subjects in the establishing additional Churches in such Parishes and Places as may require the same: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and he is enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by Warrant or Warrants under His Royal Sign Manual, to authorize and empower the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom

His Majesty
may authorize

Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland now or for the first time, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or made or direct) any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out at His Majesty's Exchequer at *Windsor*, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of One Million, in the same or like manner, Form and Order, and according to the same or like Rules and Directions (except where other Directions for making out the same are contained and particularly expressed in this Act), as in and by an Act made in the Forty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *an Act for regulating the issuing and paying off of Exchequer Bills*, are enacted and so provided.

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities contained in the said recited Act of the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, shall be applied and extended to the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said several Clauses or Provisions had been particularly expressed and recited in the Body of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act shall and may bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Two pence per Centum *per Diem* upon or in respect of the whole of the Moneys respectively contained therein, and the Principal and Interest thereof respectively shall be made payable at such Periods as shall be fixed by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the said Lord High Treasurer for the time being, but notwithstanding as that all such Bills as shall be advanced for the carrying the Purposes of this Act into Execution, shall be made payable within Three Years from the issuing thereof; and the principal Sum contained in every such Bill, and with such Interest, as aforesaid, shall be paid off and discharged upon the Days and times respectively appointed for the Payment thereof.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and every the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or so many of them as shall from time to time remain undischarged and unsatisfied after the respective Days on which they shall become due and payable, shall and may after that time pass and be current in all and every the Receipts and Collections in Great Britain of the Customs, Excise or any Revenue, Supply, Aid or Tax whatsoever due or payable to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, and also at the Receipt of Exchequer at *Windsor* from the said Receivers or Collectors; but on each Receiver or Collector shall exchange, at any time before the said Day of Payment thereof, for any Money of such Revenue, Aids, Taxes or Supplies in his Hands, any Exchequer Bill which shall have been offered as aforesaid by virtue of this Act; nor shall any Action be maintained against such Receiver or Collector for accepting or refusing to exchange any such Exchequer Bill for ready Money before the said Day of Payment thereof, any thing in this Act to the contrary contained in anywise notwithstanding; and that such of the same Bills as shall be received at the said Receipt of Exchequer shall and may be locked up and secured as Cash, according to the Orders of the said Exchequer issued and established by Law for locking up and securing Moneys received in Specie there.

V. And be it further enacted, That from time to time at the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, as he appointed as a hereafter provided, shall find it necessary to apply to the Purposes thereof any Amount of such Bills to be advanced under the Provisions of this Act, the said Commissioners shall forthwith represent the same to the said Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of the Treasury of Great Britain and Ireland, and the said Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners, or any Three or more of them for the time being, shall thereupon, if satisfied of such Necessity, direct that such Portion of such Exchequer Bills shall be issued by the Auditor of the Receipts of the Exchequer at *Windsor* for the time being to the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act; and the said Auditor shall, immediately on the Receipt of such Directions, make and direct to be delivered to the Secretary of the said Commissioners, Exchequer Bills payable at such Periods and to such Amount as shall in such Directions be specified, provided that the Total Amount to be issued by virtue of such Certificate shall not at any one time exceed the Amount of Exchequer Bills directed to be issued under this Act; and every such Exchequer Bill shall bear Date on the Day as which the said Directions shall be received by such Auditor, or such other Day as shall in such Directions be specified; and all such Exchequer Bills shall and may be signed by the Auditor of the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer, or in his Name by any Person duly authorized by the said Auditor to sign Exchequer Bills.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Officers or Officers of the Exchequer, by whom such Exchequer Bills shall be delivered, shall from time to time, upon Requisition of the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, deliver or cause to be delivered to them at their Office, complete Lists of all the Exchequer Bills to make out and delivered, specifying therein the respective Dates and Sums expressed therein, and the Periods appointed for the Payment of the same, and distinguishing the Persons to whom and the Numbers of the Certificates by virtue whereof the same respectively were made out and delivered.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance or lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of the Exchequer of Great Britain, upon the Credit of the Exchequer Bills drawn under this Act, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of One Million; any thing in an Act made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, entitled *an Act for granting to Their Majesties several Rates and Duties upon Tonnage of Ships and Vessels, and upon Beers Ale and other Liquors*; and for securing certain Interepts and Advantages in the said Act mentioned, in such Proviso as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of one million five hundred thousand Pounds towards carrying on the War against France, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Commissioners of Treasury or other Exchequer Bills not exceeding One Million.

§ 2. 2. c. 1.

Powers of G. 3. c. 1. extended to Exchequer Bills made out under and under the Act.

Bills to bear an Interest of Two pence per Cent. per Diem. Times when payable.

Such Bills not to be exchanged the Money by Collectors, but before the Day appointed for their Payment, &c.

Any Action for refusing to exchange.

Treasury to direct Exchequer Bills to be issued in the quantity or Certificate of Commissioners.

Total Amount. Date and Signature of Auditor.

Lists of Exchequer Bills made out to be delivered to Commissioners.

Bank may advance Money on Credit of Act.

§ 4. 6. W. & M. c. 24.

VIII. And

His Majesty empowered us to appoint Commissioners for executing Aft.

Commissioners to execute the Statute of Wales.

Commissioners may appoint Secretary and Clerk, and make surveys, Etc., &c., and also receive Salaries.

Treasury to His Majesty for defraying Charges incurred in the Execution of this Aft., of which an Account shall be laid before Parliament.

Commissioners to draw up Rules for their Proceedings, and to the same to be allowed the building Churches, and by such Rules before His Majesty in Council.

Commissioners may grant Money for the building the Churches in Parishes of various Populations, and in most of Accommodations.

Commissioners may take Grants and use Money to build Churches in Parishes, for whom a certain Proportion of the Expenses is paid by Rate or Subscription.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, to nominate, constitute and appoint such Persons as His Majesty shall think fit to be His Commissioners for carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act, and in order and duct in such Appointment that any Five or more of such Commissioners may sit in the Execution of the Powers of this Act; and such Commission shall continue in force for the Term of Ten Years from the Date of such Letters Patent, unless His Majesty shall think fit to alter or revoke the same.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall examine into the present State of the Parishes and Extra Parochial Places in the Metropolis and in Wales, and in all other Parts of England and Wales, so far as conveniently may be, for the Purpose of ascertaining the Parishes and Places in which additional Churches or Chapels for the Performance of Divine Service, according to the Rites of the United Church of England and Ireland as by Law established, are most required, and the most effectual and proper Means of affording such Accommodation.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to appoint a Secretary and Clerk, and to employ such Surveyors and other fit Persons to make Plans and Estimates, and (if the Commissioners shall deem the same necessary) Surveys and Reports for the Purpose of affording to the Commissioners all such Information as they may require for the Purpose of ascertaining the best Mode of providing fit and proper Accommodations for the largest Number of Persons at the least Expence; and may assign and pay to all such Persons reasonable Salaries or Rewards for their Services therein.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being and they are hereby respectively authorized, to issue and advance, or cause to be issued and advanced, all such Sums of Money as shall appear to them to be necessary, to such Person or Persons, in such manner and in such Proportions as the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, or any Five or more of them respectively, shall by Writing under their Hands from time to time direct, and as shall be approved by the said Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being; and such Sums respectively shall and may be issued out of any Part of the Public Monies remaining in His Majesty's Exchequer at *Windsor*; which Sums to be issued and advanced shall be applied to the Pay, most of Allowances and Rewards as aforesaid, and in defraying all other necessary Charges and Expenses in or about the Execution of this Act, without other Account than before the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury; and which Money to be issued shall not be subject to any Tax, Duty, Rate or Allowance whatsoever, imposed by Authority of Parliament; but that an Account of the said Charges and Expenses, so long as the said Commission shall remain in force, shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March in each Year, if Parliament shall be then sitting; but if Parliament shall not be then sitting, then within fourteen Days after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall, as soon after their Appointment as the obtaining necessary Information will allow, draw up certain Rules for their general Proceedings, and shall fix and specify therein the largest Amount of Allowances to be granted for building any Church, and make such other Regulations as the said Commissioners shall deem expedient and necessary to be fixed and known, for the furtherance of the Purposes of the Act, and from time to time, as Occasion may require, shall have Power to alter or vary any such Regulations, and to make any such further or additional Regulations as they may deem expedient; and all such Rules and Regulations shall be laid before His Majesty in Council, who shall have Power to approve or disallow the same.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to make, in His Majesty's Name, out of the Sums so appropriated by this Act, Grants for building, or in case to be built, Churches or Chapels in such Parishes or Extra Parochial Places only in which there is a population of not less than Four thousand Persons, and in which there is not Accommodation in the Churches or Chapels therein for more than One fourth Part of such Population to attend Divine Service according to the Rites of the United Church of England and Ireland, or in which there shall appear to the said Commissioners to be One thousand Persons resident more than Four Miles from any such Church or Chapel, and in which the Commissioners shall be satisfied, from the Commissioners of such Parish or Extra Parochial Place, or the Ministry of the Parishes and Rectories thereof or from any Part of the Clergy of such Building, in addition to the Charge incumbent on the same, and also to make Grants or Loans to assist in building such Churches and Chapels in such other Parishes or Places as may contain a like Population, and may equally require further Accommodations for Divine Service, but in which the said Commissioners may deem the Parishes and Rectories thereof capable of bearing a Part of the Expence of erecting such Churches and Chapels, or of repaying the same by Installments, if advanced by way of Loan.

XIV. And Whereas the Sums granted by this Act is inadequate to the affording Grants to all the Parishes and Extra Parochial Places in want of sufficient Accommodations upon such Divine Service as aforesaid: And Whereas many of such Parishes and Extra Parochial Places may be disposed to raise by Rate, within limited Periods, certain Proportions of the Sums required to build such Churches or Chapels respectively, or well stipulated Persons within the same or elsewhere may be willing to subscribe such Proportions, or such a Part thereof as, together with the Money to be raised by Rate, will amount to such Proportions: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, upon any Parish or Extra Parochial Place offering to contribute or raise by Rate or Subscription, or by Rate aided by Subscription, such Proportion of the Expence of building any Church or Chapel, or Churches or Chapels which may be required in any such Parish or Extra Parochial Place, as shall have been fixed as a proper Proportion by the said Commissioners according to any such Rules and Regulations as aforesaid, or shall be deemed by the said

Commissioners

Commissioners a proper Proportion, and they are hereby empowered to grant to any such Parish or Extra Parochial Place the necessary Sum necessary to build any such Church or Churches, or Chapel or Chapels, and to advance and lend to such Parishes or Extra Parochial Place any Part of the Proportion so proposed to be raised by Rates as aforesaid.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, in the Selections of Parishes and Extra Parochial Places for making their Distribution of the Sums granted by this Act, shall have regard to the Amount of Population in such Parishes and Extra Parochial Places, and also to the Disproportion between the Number of Inhabitants and the perfect Accommodation for Attendance upon Divine Service according to the Rate of the United Church of England and Ireland as by Law established; and in giving Preference among such Parishes and Extra Parochial Places, shall have regard to the Proportion of the Expence of affording the Accommodation required which shall be offered to be contributed or raised in Aid of the Purposes of this Act, towards the building Churches or Chapels in such respective Parishes or Extra Parochial Places, and to the pecuniary Ability of the Inhabitants of such Parishes or Places; and the said Commissioners, in giving Preference in between Parishes and Extra Parochial Places not offering to contribute any Proportion of such Expence as aforesaid, shall have regard to the Order of Priority in which Parishes and Extra Parochial Places under similar Circumstances as to Population, and Disproportion between such Population and the Accommodation afforded by the Churches and Chapels therein, shall have provided and given Notice to the Commissioners of having provided Sums for the Churches intended to be built in such respective Parishes or Extra Parochial Places.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in which the said Commissioners shall be of opinion that it will be expedient to divide any Parish into Two or more distinct and separate Parishes for all ecclesiastical Purposes whatever, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, with the Consent of the Bishop of the Diocese in which such Parish is locally situated, signified under his Hand and Seal, to apply to the Patron or Patrons of the Church of such Parish, for his Consent to enter such Division, and for such Patron or Patrons to signify his or their Consent thereto under his Hand and Seal; and the said Commissioners shall, upon the Consent of the said Patron or Patrons be signified, represent the whole matter to His Majesty in Council, and shall cause in such Representation the Bonds by which it is proposed, with such Consent as aforesaid, to divide such Parish, together with the relative and respective Proportions of Glebe Land, Tithes, Modious or other Endowments, which will by such Division arise and accrue, and remain and be, within each of such respective Divisions; and also the relative Proportions of the estimated Amount of the Value or Produce of Tithes, Oblations, Offerings or other Ecclesiastical Dues or Profits which may arise and accrue within each of such respective Divisions; and if thereupon His Majesty in Council shall think fit to direct such Division to be made, such Order of His Majesty in Council shall be valid and good in Law for the Purposes of dividing such Division: Provided always, that no such Division of any Parish into distinct Parishes shall completely take effect until after the Death, Relinquishment or other Avoidance of the existing Incumbent of the Parish to be divided.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Tithes, Modious, Endowments or other Ecclesiastical Dues or Profits belonging to the Incumbent of any such Parish, whether by Endowment, Prescription, Usage or otherwise, shall, when so divided as aforesaid, belong to and be recoverable by the Incumbents of the Churches of each of the Divisions respectively of the Parish to which they shall be assigned, in like manner as every right as they were before recoverable by the Incumbent of the original Parish.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That during the Incumbency of the existing Incumbent of any such Parish, every new Church therein built, purchased, assigned or provided as the intended Parish Church of any Division intended to become and be a distinct Parish, shall remain a Chapel of Ease, and shall be served, during the Incumbency of such Incumbent of the original Parish, by a Curate to be nominated by such Incumbent, and licensed by the Bishop of the Diocese, and paid in manner hereinafter directed.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every such distinct and separate Parish as aforesaid shall, when such Division as aforesaid shall become complete by the Death, Relinquishment or other Avoidance of the existing Incumbent of the original Parish, be deemed either a Rectory, Vicarage, Decanate or Perpetual Curacy, and the Spiritual Person serving the same, the Rector, Vicar or Perpetual Curate thereof, or Person having Care of Souls therein, according to the Nature of the original Church of the Parish to be divided, and shall be for ever thereafter subject to the Laws, Privileges and Regulations, as to Preferment and Appointments, and as to Institution, Collation, Indultion or Licence, and to all such Jurisdiction of the Bishop, or other Jurisdiction, and to holding Benefices as are by Law applicable to the original Parish.

XX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all such Decanates and Perpetual Curacies shall be subject to Letters or Breves, if an Appointment of a Spiritual Person therein shall be made within Six Months after any Death, Relinquishment, Removal or other Avoidance of the Incumbent thereof respectively: Provided also, that no Spiritual Person appointed to any such Decanate or Perpetual Curacy shall be removable at the Pleasure of any Patron, or Body Corporate or Politic, having the Power of Appointment therein.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That in any Case in which the said Commissioners shall be of opinion that it is not expedient to divide any populous Parish or Extra Parochial Place into such complete, separate and distinct Parishes as aforesaid, but that it is expedient to divide the same into such Ecclesiastical Districts as they, with the Consent of the Bishop signified under his Hand and Seal, may deem necessary for the Purposes of affording Accommodation for the attending Divine Service according to the Rites of the United Church of England and Ireland, to Persons residing therein, in the Churches and Parochial Chapels already built, or in additional Churches or Chapels to be built therein; and as may appear to such Commissioners to be con-

Rules to be observed by Commissioners in making Parishes for Grants; and in giving Preference of Grants.

Types Representations of the Commissioners in manner aforesaid, Parishes by order of The King in Council may be divided into separate Parishes for all Ecclesiastical Purposes.

Tithes, &c. to belong to the Incumbent of each Division.

New Churches of distinct Parishes or separate Chapels of Ease having existing Incumbents.

New Churches, when Division complete, to be Rectories, Vicarages or Perpetual Curacies, like original Parishes.

Letters to be made, if an Appointment made in Six Months.

Parishes may by Order of King in Council be divided into Parishes for distinct Districts, or otherwise Commissioners may build or aid the

Building Chapels, to be served by Curates to be appointed by the Incumbent of the Parish.

without for the enabling the Spiritual Persons or Persons who may serve such Churches or Chapels to perform all Ecclesiastical Duties within the Districts attached to such respective Churches and Chapels, and for the due Ecclesiastical Superintendence of such Districts, and the Preservation and Improvement of the religious and moral Habits of the People residing therein, the said Commissioners shall appoint such Officers in His Majesty in Council, and shall situate in each Representation the Bounds by which such Districts are proposed to be defined; and if thereupon His Majesty in Council shall think fit to direct such Division to be made, such Order of His Majesty in Council shall be valid and good in Law for the Purpose of effecting such Division; or in any Case in which the said Commissioners shall be of Opinion that it is not expedient to make any such Division into such Ecclesiastical Districts as aforesaid, the said Commissioners may build or let the Building of any additional Chapel in any such Parishes or Extra Parochial Places, to be served by Curates to be respectively nominated and appointed by the respective Incumbents of the Churches of the respective Parishes or Extra Parochial Places, and licensed by the Bishop of the Diocese; such Curates to be paid such Salaries as shall be assigned by the said Commissioners, under the Provisions of this Act, in manner hereinafter directed.

Districts shall contain as be directed, and Description of Boundaries enclosed in Chart, &c.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the several new Parishes created by any such complete Division as aforesaid, and also the several Districts of any Parish or Extra Parochial Place where any such Division thereof shall have been so made as aforesaid, shall be determined and marked out by defined Bounds, and the Description of such Bounds shall be enrolled in the High Court of Chancery, and be registered in the Office of Registry of the Diocese, and Notice thereof given in such manner as the Commissioners shall deem necessary and direct for that Purpose.

King in Council may alter such Boundaries.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if His Majesty in Council, upon the Representation of the said Commissioners, made with the Consent of the Bishop of the Diocese, signified under his Hand and Seal, shall think fit to alter such Boundaries at any time within Five Years after such Enactment, such Order in Council shall be valid and good in Law for the Purpose of effecting such Alteration, and the same shall be enrolled and registered in like manner as is above mentioned.

Districts to be separate Parishes for all Ecclesiastical Purposes.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That such Boundaries shall continue and be the Boundaries of such Parishes or Districts respectively, until it is altered, and such Districts shall thereupon become and be called District Parishes, by such Names as shall be given to them respectively in the Instrument so enrolled as aforesaid, and shall become and be separate and distinct District Parishes, and the Churches and Chapels respectively assigned to such Districts shall, when duly consecrated for that Purpose, become and be the District Parish Churches of such District Parishes, for all Purposes of Ecclesiastical Worship and Performance of Ecclesiastical Duties, and as to all Marriages, Christenings, Churchings and Burials, and the Register thereof respectively within the same, and in relation to all Fees, Oblations and Offerings, and the dues, tithes, taxes and proctoring for and recovering the same, and as to all other Purposes whatsoever, save and except as is in this Act particularly excepted.

Exception.

How far Churches and Chapels of such Districts to be deemed Incumbent parishes.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every Church and Chapel built or acquired under the Provisions of this Act, and appropriated to any such District Parish so made under the Provisions of this Act, shall be deemed a Perpetual Curacy, and shall be considered in Law as a Benefice or Benefices, in so far only as that the Living therein shall operate in the same manner as Indultion to any such Benefice, and shall render voidable other Livings in like manner as Indultion in any such Benefice, and the Spiritual Persons serving the same shall be deemed the Incumbent thereof; and such Incumbents shall have perpetual Succession, and shall be and are hereby declared to be Bodies Politic and Corporate, and may receive and take such Endowments in Lands or Tithes, or both, or any such Augmentations as shall be granted to them or their Successors; and all such Incumbents, and all Persons professing or appointing any such Incumbents shall respectively be subject to all Jurisdications and Laws Ecclesiastical or Common, and to all Provisions, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures contained in any Acts of Parliament in force relating thereto respectively; and in case of any Failure or Neglect in not presenting or nominating any such Incumbent for the Space of Six Months, such Presentation or Appointment shall thereupon lapse as in Cases of usual Benefices.

No District Church or Chapel held with any other Church.

XXVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no such Church or Chapel of any such Parish or District Parish created according to the Provisions of this Act, shall be tenable or holden with the original Church of the Parish or Extra Parochial Place out of which such Parish or District Parish shall have been taken, or with the Church or Chapel of any other such Parish or District Parish.

All Acts of Parliament relating to the solemnizing of Marriages, &c. to apply to such District Parishes, Churches and Chapels.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Acts of Parliament, Laws and Customs relating to publishing Banns of Marriage, Marriages, Christenings, Churchings and Burials, and the registering thereof, and in all Ecclesiastical Fees, Oblations or Offerings, shall apply to such separate and distinct Parishes and District Parishes so made as aforesaid, when they shall be become complete, separate and distinct Parishes or District Parishes, under the Provisions of this Act, after the Death, Relinquishment or other Avoidance of the existing Incumbents respectively in such such Parish or Extra Parochial Place, and to the Churches and Chapels thereof, and to the Ecclesiastical Persons having Cure of Souls, or having the same, in like manner in every respect as if the same respectively had been ancient, separate and distinct Parishes and Parish Churches by Law, to all Intents and Purposes.

Banns not to be published, &c. Marriages, &c. to be in any such District Church or Chapel, and also the Duty.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Banns of Matrimony shall be published as Marriages celebrated or solemnized, or Baptisms or Churchings had, by any Person whatever, within any Church or Chapel of any such separate and distinct Parish, to be made by any such Division as aforesaid, or in any private House therein, or within any such District Church or Chapel, or in any private House within such District, nor shall any Burials be performed within any Cemetery, appurtenant or belonging to any such Church or Chapel by any Person whatever, except by the Incumbent of the Church of the Parish or Extra Parochial

Parochial Place from which such Parish shall have been separated, or some Curate of such Incumbent duly licensed to that behalf, and after the Death, Relinquence or other Avoidance of the Spiritual Person who shall be the Incumbent of the Church of the Parish or the Extra Parochial Place at the time of the Constitution of any such Church or Chapel of any such separated Parish or District Parish, and from and after the Death, Relinquence or other Avoidance of the then Incumbent, to be notified under and according to the Provisions of this Act, Banns of Matrimony may be published, and Marriages celebrated and solemnized, and Baptisms, Burials and Churchings had, within the Church or Chapel of any such separated Parish or District Parish, provided the same be respectively published, celebrated, solemnized and had according to the Laws and Customs in force within the Realm in that behalf; and all such Banns as shall be published, and all such and every such Marriages and Marriages as shall be celebrated and solemnized in any such Church or Chapel, after the Enactment, under and according to the Provisions of this Act, of the Notification, under the Hand and Seal of the Bishop of the Diocese, of the Death, Relinquence or other Avoidance of the Incumbent of the Church of the Parish or Extra Parochial Place, shall be as good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were published, celebrated and solemnized in the Church of the Parish or Extra Parochial Place to which the same shall be annexed.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the Death, Relinquence or other Avoidance of the Spiritual Person who was the Incumbent of the Church of any Parish or Extra Parochial Place in which any such separated Parish or District Church or Chapel shall be to be consecrated as aforesaid, at the time of such Consecration shall be notified by the Bishop of the Diocese, under his Hand and Seal, to the Spiritual Person then serving the Church or Chapel, and to the Churchwardens of the Parish or Place in which the Church or Chapel shall be situated; and such Notifications shall be performed with, and Copies thereof shall be entered in the Books of Registers of Marriages, Births and Burials of the Church of the Parish or Extra Parochial Place, and Copies of such Notifications shall be also entered in the Books of Registers to be provided for entering the Publications of Banns and Solemnization of Marriages, and the Baptisms and Burials in such Church, and such Entries shall be authenticated by the Churchwardens of such Churches and Chapels respectively, and shall be sufficient Evidence of the Period of Commencement, under the Provisions of this Act, of the Publication of Banns and Solemnization of Marriages and Baptisms, and Performance of Burials in any such Chapel or any Cemetery thereof.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That such Division of any Parish into District Parishes only, and not into complete, separate and distinct Parishes, shall not in any manner affect any Land, Glebe, Tithes, Modities or Endowment of or belonging to the original Church of the Parish or Extra Parochial Place, all which shall continue to belong to the Incumbent thereof, and to be held, demanded, taken and received by him in like manner to all Intents and Purposes as if no such Division had taken place, and the original Parish shall remain and continue a Parish, as to all such Glebe Land, Tithes, Modities and Endowment, and all Dues, Rights and Remedies in relation thereto, as if this Act had not passed.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Division of any Parish or Extra Parochial Place, whether it be divided into separate Parishes with the Consent of the Patron and Bishop of the Diocese, or into District Parishes, nor any thing in this Act contained in relation thereto, shall affect or in any manner be construed to affect any Parish or Extra Parochial Place so divided, or the Parishes siting therein, in any other respect than in this Act particularly provided, or in any manner to apply to any Poor or other Parochial Rates which may be levied in the Parish or Extra Parochial Place so divided, or in any such separated Parish or District Parish, or to the Maintenance or Relief of Poor Persons, or to any Tithes or Chimes in such Relief, or to any Powers relating to any such Rates, or holding Voluntary, or Appointments or Powers of Parish Officers, or any such Relief or Chime thereto, or to any Act or Acts of Parliament or Law or Custom relating thereto, save and except as to Church Rates, in so far as the same are regulated by the Provisions of this Act; but the original Parish shall in all such Purposes remain and continue in Law a Parish to all Intents, as if no such Division thereof into separate Parishes or District Parishes had been made.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners may ascertain the average Amount, in any Parish or Extra Parochial Place, of all Fees, Oblations and Offerings, whether voluntary or otherwise, for the Three Years preceding the making any such Division into District Parishes, and also for each Year subsequent to such Division, during the Incumbency of the sitting Incumbent, and may for that Purpose examine and examine upon Oath the Incumbent or any other Person or Persons, and require the Production of and examine any Books or Papers necessary for that Purpose, and shall thereupon make Compensation to be made out of the Monies granted by this Act to the Incumbent of any such Parish, during his Incumbency, for any Loss which he may sustain by reason of the Diminution thereof, in consequence of any such Division into District Parishes, and of such Fees, Oblations and Offerings being transferred thereby to the Spiritual Persons serving the Churches or Chapels of District Parishes under the Provisions of this Act; Provided always, that no such Allowance or Compensation made thereupon, or Inquiry made, or Matter or Thing done, or Evidence given or produced in relation thereto, shall in any manner affect or prejudice any Question as to any Right or Claim in relation to any such Fees, Oblations or Offerings.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to accept and take any Building or Buildings fit to be used for or to be converted into such additional Churches or Chapels, and also any Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments proper for Sites of additional Churches or Chapels, not exceeding in Quantity in any one Place what may be sufficient for building of a Church or Chapel, providing a Churchyard, and making a proper and sufficient Aisle or Approach thereto, from any Persons willing to give the same; and every such Site, when conveyed to the said Commissioners, and the Church erected thereupon, and such Monies given to the Bishop of the Diocese, shall henceforth be for ever thereafter devoted to Ecclesiastical

Use, in such or in any manner as the Bishop of the Diocese or the Bishop of Consecration of the Church or Chapel.

Death, &c. of Incumbent of Church to be notified by Bishop, and entered in Registers Births of Parish Church, &c. Such Entries Evidence of Commencement of Publication of Banns, &c. within Church, &c.

Devoted to effect Glebe, Tithes, Modities, &c. but original Parish to remain as to all such Rights, &c.

Parishes for Poor and other Parochial Rates.

Except as to Church Rates or Poor Rates, &c.

Commissioners may ascertain and make Compensation for Losses from Oblations, Offerings, &c.

Parishes for Question of Rights.

Commissioners may accept Buildings and take for Churches or Chapels.

Parishes

of the Matter wherein the same shall be strait, shall be a good and sufficient Conveyance for the Purpose of setting the Free Simple and Indivisible thereof under this Act as fully and effectually as if every Person having Right of Common upon such Commons or Waste Grounds had joined in and executed such Conveyance; and that the Compensation to be paid for any Right of Common upon any such Commons or Waste Grounds as aforesaid shall be paid to the Churchwardens of the respective Parishes wherein such Commons or Waste Grounds shall lie, and shall be by such Churchwardens received and applied for such general or public Purposes within such Parishes respectively as a Vestry of every such Parish, to be assessed by such Churchwardens for that Purpose, shall direct, except as in this Act otherwise provided.

XXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and every Body and Bodies Politic, Corporations or Collegiate, Trustees or other Persons herebefore appointed to sell and convey any Lands, Tenements and other Hereditaments, or otherwise any Copyholds, or any Owners or Owners, and the Occupiers or Occupiers of any Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments required to be taken for the Purposes of this Act, may accept and receive Satisfaction for the Value of such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or of any such Interests as aforesaid; and from and immediately after the time of making and executing such Sale and Conveyance, or any Contract or Contracts for the same, the said Commissioners, or any Person or Persons purchasing the same under the Provision and for the Purposes of this Act, may and shall be at liberty to enter upon, and from thenceforth for ever to have, take and sell the said Lands, Tenements and other Hereditaments for the Purposes of this Act; and in case the Parties interested in such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, cannot or do not agree as to the Amount or Value of such Satisfaction, the same shall be ascertained and fixed by the Verdict of a Jury, as is hereinafter directed.

XI. And for settling all Differences which may arise between the said Commissioners and the several Owners of or Persons interested in any Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments which shall or may be taken or sold for the Purposes of this Act; be it further enacted, That if any Body Politic, Corporation or Collegiate, or any other Person or Persons be intended for and as his, her or their Part or Parts, or for or on the Part of his, her or their College, Trade, or of any other unincorporated Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall refuse to accept such Purchase Money or other Compensation, as shall be offered by them the said Commissioners, or their Agent by or on their behalf, and shall give Notice thereof in Writing to the Secretary for the time being to the said Commissioners within Seven Days next after such Offer shall have been made, and the Party or Parties giving such Notice as aforesaid shall therein request that the Matter or Matters in dispute may be referred to the Determination of a Jury; or if any Body Politic, Corporation or Collegiate, or any other Person or Persons refused or withheld of or interested in any such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments as aforesaid, shall refuse to treat or agree, or shall not agree, or by reason of Absence or Indisability cannot agree with the said Commissioners, or with any Person or Persons authorized by them, for the Sale and Conveyance of their respective Estates and Interests therein, or cannot be found or known, or shall not produce and enforce a clear Title to the Premises they may be in Possession of, or so the Interest they shall claim therein, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or of the Person or Persons authorized by them; then and in every such Case the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby empowered and required from time to time to issue a Warrant under their Common Seal to the Sheriff of the County in which such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments shall lie, or the Matter in question or dispute shall arise; or in case such Sheriff or his Under Sheriff shall happen to be one of the said Commissioners, or shall enjoy any Office of Trust or Profit under them, or shall be otherwise interested in the Matter or Matters in question, then to the Justice or Justices of the said County; and in case he shall be so interested, then to the next Coroner of such County, in point of Seniority, who shall not be so interested as aforesaid, commanding such Sheriff or Coroner or other Person (and the Sheriff or Coroner or such other Person is hereby empowered and required) to imprison, summon and return not less than Twenty four, nor more than Forty eight substantial and indifferent Persons, qualified to serve on Special Juries; and the Persons so to be imprisoned, summoned, and returned as aforesaid, are hereby required to come and appear before the Justices of the Peace for the County wherein the Premises shall lie, at some Court of General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the same County, or at some Adjournment thereof, so as such Warrant shall be directed and appointed, and to attend such Court of General or Quarter Sessions from Day to Day, until discharged by the said Court; and out of such Persons so to be imprisoned, summoned and returned, a Jury of Twelve Men shall be chosen by the Clerk of the Peace for the County wherein such Jury shall be returned, or his Deputy, in such manner as Jurors for Trials of Issues joined in His Majesty's Courts at Westminster may be Law directed to be chosen; and in case a sufficient Number of Jurymen shall not appear at the time and Place appointed as aforesaid, the said Clerk of the Peace as before mentioned, or his Deputy, shall return other substantial, honest and indifferent Men of the Bylanden, or of others who can be legally procured to attend that Service, to make up the said Jury to the Number of Twelve; and all Parties concerned may have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen, but shall not challenge the Array; and the said Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, is hereby empowered and required to summon and call before the said Justices any Witnesses touching the Matters in question, and may order and authorize the said Jury, or any Three or more of them, to view the Place or Places, or matters or things in controversy, and in such Jury shall upon their Oaths (which Oaths, as well as the Oaths to such Witnesses, the said Justices are hereby empowered and required to administer) inquire of, advise and ascertain, and give Verdict for the Sum or Sums of Money which shall be paid for the Purchase of such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Compensation for any Interest therein as aforesaid; and the said Justices shall give Judgment for such Purchase Money or Compensation as is offered by such Jury; which said Verdict, and the Judgment thereupon, shall be binding and conclusive to all Issues and Purposes upon all Bodies Politic, Corporations or Collegiate, and upon all Persons whosoever, provided that Fourteen Days' Notice in Writing

of Lands taken from Commons, &c.

Satisfaction to be made in Money, &c.

and otherwise Compensation to be made, &c.

If Parties cannot agree, Price fixed by Jury.

If Parties are dissatisfied, or are unable to treat, &c. a Jury to be appointed to settle the same.

To whom Complaints to be made in case of refusal to comply with the provisions of the Act.

Persons imprisoned, to appear, &c.

and Jury to be chosen, &c.

Proceedings thereon.

Clerk of the Peace to summon Witnesses, &c.

Verdict.

Verdict and Judgment conclusive.

at the Hall, of the House and Place at which such Jury are to be returned, be given to the Bodie Petitor, Corporate or Collegiate, or to the Petitor or Petitors mentioned or claiming to be, before the time of the Meeting of the said Justice and Jury as aforesaid, by leaving such Notice in the Dwelling House of such Petitor or Petitors, or of the Head Officer of such Bodie or Bodies Petitor, Corporate or Collegiate, or with some Tenant or Occupier of the Premises respectively intended to be seized; and in each and every Case where a Verdict shall be given for more Money as a Recompence or Satisfaction for the absolute Sale of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or as a Compensation for any Injurious Goods as aforesaid, then shall have been previously offered by or on behalf of the said Commissioners before the summoning such Jury, and where no Compensation shall have been previously offered in respect thereof by or on behalf of the said Commissioners, or where, by reason of Absence or other Impediment, or Disability, there shall not be found any Petitor or Petitors at hand who may be legally empowered to contract with and make Conveyances to or receive Compensation from the said Commissioners as heretofore mentioned, then and in all such Cases all the reasonable Expenses of causing such Value or Compensation to be assessed and awarded as aforesaid shall be settled by the said Justice, and be defrayed by the said Commissioners; but if any Verdict shall be given for the same Sum that shall have been previously offered by or on behalf of the said Commissioners, or for a less Sum than shall have been so previously offered, or in case of such Refusal to treat with or make Conveyances to the said Commissioners by any Bodie Petitor, Corporate or Collegiate, or by any Petitor or Petitors whatsoever who is or are by the Provisions of this Act or otherwise legally empowered to treat and convey, or receive such Compensation as aforesaid, then and in all such Cases (except where, by reason of Absence or otherwise, any Petitor shall have been prevented from treating and agreeing as aforesaid, in which Case all such Costs and Expenses shall be borne and paid by the said Commissioners), the reasonable Costs and Expenses of causing such Value or Compensation to be assessed and awarded as aforesaid shall be settled in like manner by the said Justice, and be borne and paid by the Bodie or Bodies Petitor, Corporate or Collegiate, or by the Petitor or Petitors with whom the said Commissioners shall have such Controversies or Disputes, which said Costs and Expenses shall and may be deducted out of the Money so assessed and awarded, and the Payment or Tender of the Remainder of such Sum or Sums of Money shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes to be Payment or Tender of the whole Sum or Sums so assessed or awarded as aforesaid.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That if the Sheriff or other Petitor be directed to summon and return a Jury as aforesaid, or his Deputy or Agent, shall make Default in the Premises, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds; and if any Petitor be summoned and returned as aforesaid upon such Jury shall not appear, or appearing shall refuse to be sworn or to give his Verdict, or shall in any other manner wilfully neglect his Duty, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; or if any Petitor be summoned to give Evidence shall not appear, or appearing shall refuse to be examined or give Evidence, every Petitor is absolving (having no reasonable Excuse to be shown by the said Justice) shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; which Injunct and respective Penalties shall and may be levied by virtue of any Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any one of the said Justice, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Petitor so absolving, rendering to him the Overplus after such Penalty and the Charges of such Distress and Sale shall be deducted; and every such Penalty so recovered from any Petitor who shall have been so summoned on such Jury, or to give Evidence as aforesaid, shall go and be paid to the Party who shall appear to the said Justice to be injured by the Default of such Petitor.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That all the said Judgments and Verdicts (being first signed by the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy present at the taking of such Verdicts and pronouncing of such Judgments respectively) shall be kept by the respective Clerks of the Peace amongst the Records of the Quarter Sessions of the County, in the Case shall require, and shall be deemed to be Records of the said Quarter Sessions to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and the same or true Copies thereof shall be allowed to be good Evidence, and all Persons that have Liberty to inspect the same, paying for each Inspection the Sum of One Shilling, and to take Copies thereof, paying for every Copy the Sum of Sixpence for every One hundred Words, and so in proportion for any less Number of Words.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment or legal Tender of such Sum or Sums of Money as shall have been contracted or agreed for between the Parties, or determined and adjusted by any Jury or Jurors as aforesaid, for the Purchase of any such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Lands and other Hereditaments and Premises, or such other Petitor or Petitors as shall be intended thereof, or entitled to receive such Money or Compensation respectively, at any time after the same shall have been so agreed for, determined or awarded, if the Petitor or Petitors be entitled or intended, or any of them, cannot be found, or shall refuse to receive the same, or shall not be able to make a good Title to the Premises to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or shall refuse to execute a Conveyance or Conveyances of the Premises which shall be required for the Purposes of this Act, then upon Payment of the said Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank of England, as heretofore directed and required (in case the same shall be required), for the Use of such Petitor or Petitors so intended or entitled as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners and their Agents, Servants and Workmen, or any other Persons authorized by them in their behalf, immediately to enter upon such Lands, Grounds and other Hereditaments respectively; and the Fee Simple and Inheritance thereof, together with the yearly Profits thereof, and all the Ewes, Uls, Tithes and Fruits of any Petitor or Petitors therein, shall from thenceforth be vested in such Petitor or Petitors in such manner as directed in and by this Act, or as may be declared

declared in any Sentence of Confeffion under the Provisions of this Act, to, and for the Purpofe of this Act for ever; and fuch Tender, Payment, or Satisfaction fhall not only be all Right, Title, Claim, Interest and Demand of the Perfon or Perfons to whom the fame fhall or might to have been made, but alfo fhall extend to and fhall be deemed and confidered to be the Deed of the Wife, and of every fuch Perfon, and all Heirs, Heirs, and other Heirs in Reversion and Remainder of his, her or their Wife, and of every other Perfon, and all Incumbents whofoever therein: Provided nevertheless, that before fuch Payment or Satisfaction fhall be lawful for the faid Commiffioners, or any Perfon acting under their Authority, to dig into fuch Lands or Grounds for the Purpofe of making any Foundation, or building any Church or Chapel, without Leave of the refpective Owners or Occupiers thereof in Writing under their refpective Hands.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Money fhall be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or for any other Manner, Right or Interest of what Nature or Kind foever, purchafed, taken or alid by virtue of the Powers of this Act, for the Purpofes thereof, which fhall belong to any Corporation, Town Council, Infant, Lunatic, Perfon or Perfons under any Disability or Incapacity as heretofore mentioned, fuch Money fhall, in cafe the fame fhall amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all expences fhall be paid into the Bank of England in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account as *per the Commiffioners* for building Churches, together with the Name or Names of fuch Perfon or Perfons as any Three of the Commiffioners fhall, by Writing figned by them, direct and appoint, to the Intent that fuch Money fhall be applied, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the faid Court, to be liquidated by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a fummery Way by the Perfon or Perfons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the faid Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in the Parfh of the Land Tax, or towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debts, or fuch other Incumbence or Part thereof as the faid Court fhall authorize to be paid, affecting the faid Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or affecting other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments ftanding fetted therewith to the fame or the like Ufe, Intereft or Purpofe; or where fuch Money fhall not be fo applied, then the fame fhall be laid out and expended, under the like Direction and Approbation of the faid Court, in the Parfh of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which fhall be conveyed to, for and upon fuch and the like Ufe, Trefts, Interefts and Purpofes, and in the fame manner, as the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which fhall be fo purchafed, taken or alid as afofaid, fhall be fetled or limited, or fuch of them as at the time of making fuch Conveyance and Settlement fhall be exifting underfettled and capable of taking Effect; and as the fame time, and until fuch Parfhale fhall be made, the faid Money fhall, by Order of the Court of Chancery, upon Application thereof, be received by the faid Accountant General, in his Name, in the Parfh of Three Pounds *per Centum Confolidated or Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuity*; and on the maturity, and until the faid Bank Annuity fhall be ordered by the faid Court to be fold for the Purpofe afofaid, the Dividends and Annual Profits of the faid Confolidated or Reduced Bank Annuity fhall from time to time be paid, by Order of the faid Court, to the Perfon or Perfons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the faid Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments fo heretofore directed to be purchafed, in cafe fuch Parfhale or Settlement were made.

XLV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchafed, taken or alid for the Purpofes afofaid, and belong- ing to any Corporation, or to any Perfon or Perfons under Disability or Incapacity as afofaid, fhall be lefs than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and fhall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all fuch Cafes the fame fhall, at the Option of the Perfon or Perfons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments fo purchafed, taken or alid, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committer or Committers, in cafe of Infancy or Lunacy, to be fignified in Writing under their refpective Hands, be paid into the Bank of England in the Name and with the Privy of the faid Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, and to be placed to his Account as afofaid, in order to be applied in manner heretofore directed; or otherwife the fame fhall be paid, at the like Option, to Three Truftees, to be nominated by the Perfon or Perfons making fuch Option, and approved of by Three or more of the faid Commiffioners, fuch Nomination and Approbation to be fignified in Writing under the Hands of the afofaid and approving Parties, in order that fuch Principal Money and the Dividends arifing thereon may be applied in manner heretofore directed, in far as the Cafe be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the Court of Chancery.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where fuch Money be agreed or awarded to be paid as afofaid mentioned, fhall be lefs than Twenty Pounds, then and in all fuch Cafes the fame fhall be applied to the Ufe of the Perfon or Perfons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments fo purchafed, taken or alid for the Purpofes of this Act, or the faid Commiffioners or any Three or more of them fhall think fit; or in cafe of Infancy or Lunacy, then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committer or Committers, and to and for the Ufe and Benefit of fuch Perfon or Perfons as afofaid refpectively.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That in cafe the Perfon or Perfons to whom fuch Sum or Sums of Money fhall be fo ordered to be paid as afofaid, fhall not be able to make a good Title to the Premifes on the Satisfaction of the faid Commiffioners or any Five of them, or fhall refufe to execute fuch Conveyance or Conveyances; or in cafe fuch Perfon or Perfons to whom fuch Sum or Sums of Money fhall be fo ordered to be paid as afofaid cannot be found; or if the Perfon or Perfons entitled to fuch Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, be not known or difcovered; then and in every fuch Cafe it fhall be lawful for the

Truftees and Pay-
ment, Ac. to be
all Rights,
Deeds, &c.

Commiffioners
not to dig the
Foundations, Ac.
the Payment.

Application of
Commiffioners
not to dig the
Foundations, Ac.
the Payment.

Order of the
Court.

Where the sum
paid, and ex-
ceeding not

Where the sum
paid, and ex-
ceeding not

In case of an
infancy and
Lunacy.

In case of an
infancy and
Lunacy.

Money to be paid into the Bank.

Subject to the Order of the Court of Chancery by Motion or Petition.

Cashier of the Bank to give a Receipt for such Money.

Where Question touching Title to Money, the Person who shall be in Possession of the Lands, or in the case of such Partials, shall be deemed entitled to such Possession.

The Court may order reasonable Expenses of Petitioner to be paid by the Complainants.

Mortgages not in Possession to money on Tender of Principal and Interest, and Three Months' further Interest, by Complainant; or on Notice as Two Months.

Persons whose Mortgage Money were the Value of the Principal.

Persons whose Mortgage comprises Land other than that

said Complainants or any Five or more of them to order the said Sum or Sums to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account to the Credit of the Parties interested in the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments (describing them), subject to the Order, Control and Disposition of the said Court; which said Court, on the Application of any Person or Persons making claim to such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Motion or Petition, shall be and is hereby empowered, in a summary Way of Proceeding or otherwise, as to the said Court shall seem meet, to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Public Funds, or to order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Estates or Estates, Title or Interest of the Person or Persons making claim thereto, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall from just and reasonable; and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, is and are hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums, mentioning and specifying for what and for whose Use the same is or are received to such Person or Persons as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

XLVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person to any Money to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right or Interest in any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased in pursuance thereof, or to any Bank Assurance to be purchased with any such Money, or to the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Assurance, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery; and the Dividends or Interest of the Bank Assurance to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Assurance, shall be paid and applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to such Estate or Interest therein.

XLIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Person or Persons or Corporation entitled to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the said Court, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be settled on the like Use in pursuance thereof respectively, it shall be lawful for the said Court to order the Expenses of all Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or so much of such Expenses as the Court shall deem reasonable, together with the necessary Costs and Charges of obtaining such Order, to be paid by the said Complainants, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

L. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, who shall have any Mortgage or Mortgages on any Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to be taken or used for the Purposes of this Act, not being in Possession thereof by virtue of such Mortgage or Mortgages, shall, on the Tender of the Principal Money and Interest due thereon, together with the Amount of Three Calendar Months' Interest on the said Principal Money, by the said Complainants, or by such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, immediately convey, assign and transfer such Mortgage or Mortgages to the said Complainants, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint; or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, that they will pay off and discharge the Principal Money and Interest which shall be due on the said Mortgage or Mortgages at the End or Expiration of Two Calendar Months (to be computed from the Day of giving such Notice), that then at the End of the said Two Calendar Months, on Payment of the Principal and Interest is due, such Mortgage or Mortgages shall convey, assign and transfer the, her or their Interest in the Premises to the said Complainants, or to such Person or Persons as shall be appointed in Trust for them; and in case such Mortgage or Mortgages shall refuse to convey and assign as aforesaid on such Tender or Payment, that then all Interest on every such Mortgage shall then thereafter cease and determine: Provided always, that in case the Sum due upon any such Mortgage or Mortgages, with all Interest due thereon, shall amount to more than the real Value of the Premises, to be ascertained as directed by this Act, then the said Complainants shall not be liable to pay the Mortgage or Mortgages more than the real Value of such Premises as aforesaid: Provided also, that in case any such Mortgage shall assign or refuse to convey or assign as aforesaid, then upon Payment of the Principal Money and Interest due on any Mortgage as aforesaid into the Bank of England, at the End of Two Calendar Months from the Day of giving such Notice as aforesaid, for the Use of the Mortgage or Mortgages, the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank shall give a Receipt or Receipts for the said Money in like manner as it heretofore doth in Cases of other Payments into the Bank; and thereupon all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Use, Trust, Property, Claim and Demand of the said Mortgage or Mortgages, and of all and every Person and Persons in Trust for him, her or them, shall vest in the said Complainants, and they shall be deemed to be in the actual Possession of the Premises comprised in such Mortgage or Mortgages, for the Purposes of this Act, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever: Provided also, that if such Mortgage or Mortgages comprise any other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments than those which shall be to be purchased or taken by the said Complainants, such Mortgage or Mortgages shall, upon Payment or Tender of the Sum so ascertained as the Value of the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments as aforesaid,

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forthwith convey, assign and transfer his, her or their Interest in such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to the said Commissioners hereby incorporated, or to such Person or Persons as shall be appointed as Trust for them, and in Default of their doing so, and on Payment of such Money into the Bank of England, for the Use of the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank shall give such Receipt or Receipts as shall be required, and thereupon all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Use, Trust, Property, Claim and Demand of the said Mortgagee or Mortgagees, and of all and every Person and Persons in Trust for them, in the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, the Value whereof shall have been so advanced and paid into the Bank as aforesaid, shall vest in the said Commissioners, and they shall be deemed to be in the actual Possession of the said Premises to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and such Sum of Money shall be deducted from the Amount of the Principal and Interest due to such Mortgagee or Mortgagees by virtue of such Mortgage or Mortgages.

L.I. And Whereas the said Commissioners may purchase Lands to be made use of for the Purposes of this Act, and it may happen that no Church or Chapel shall be built thereon, and by reason thereof the same shall not be consecrated and devoted for use to Ecclesiastical Purposes under this Act, and it may in such Case become necessary to sell the same: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, by Indenture under the Hands and Seals of any Five or more of them, as grant and convey, by way of absolute Sale, for a Consideration in Money, such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any such Part or Parts thereof as shall not be wanted for the Purposes of this Act; and all such Conveyances from the said Commissioners shall be valid and effectual, any thing in this Act contained, or any other Law, Statute or Custom to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding; and upon Payment of the Money which shall arise by Sale or Sales of such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, it shall and may be lawful for the Secretary for the time being to the said Commissioners to sign and give Receipts for the Money for which the same shall be sold, which Receipts shall be sufficient Discharges to any Person or Persons for the Purchase Money for which such Lands or Buildings shall be so sold, or for so much thereof as in such Receipts shall be acknowledged or expressed to be received, and such Person or Persons shall not afterwards be liable or accountable for any Loss, Misapplication or Negligent application of such Purchase Money or any Part thereof: Provided always, that the said Commissioners, before they shall sell and dispose of such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall first offer to sell the same to the Person or Persons from whom they shall have purchased the same, or would have been then entitled thereto, in case the same had not been purchased by the said Commissioners, the Price at which the same shall be refused being adjusted and settled by a Jury, in like manner as the Price for any Land to be taken in pursuance of this Act is heretofore directed to be settled, in case of Difference or Dispute as to the Value thereof; and if such Person or Persons shall not agree, or shall refuse to repurchase the same, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, not interested in the Premises, to make an Affidavit, to be sworn before a Magistrate Extraordinary of the High Court of Chancery, or before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County where such Lands shall be situate, stating that such Offer was made by or on behalf of the said Commissioners, and that such Person or Persons did not agree or refuse to purchase such Lands or Buildings, as the Case may be; and such Affidavit shall in all Courts be taken as Evidence and Proof that such Offer was made, and not agreed to, or refused.

L.II. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in which any Parish or Extra Parochial Place is or shall be empowered by any Act or Acts of Parliament to build any Church or Chapel, or enlarge any existing Church or Chapel, and also in every Case in which any Parish or Extra Parochial Place shall be desirous of building any Church or Chapel, or enlarging any existing Church or Chapel, and defraying the Expenses thereof without any Aid from the Commissioners in that behalf, and are not able to procure a fit and proper Site for such new Church or Chapel, or for the enlarging such existing Church or Chapel, by reason of the inability of any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies, interested in such Site or any Part thereof, to convey or make a good Title to the same, and not discharged from all Incumbrances, or shall be unwilling to treat for the Sale thereof, or cannot agree for such Sale and Purchase, then and in every such Case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, if upon Application made for that Purpose, and upon a Statement of all the Circumstances of the Case, they shall think it proper and expedient to proceed, under the Provisions of this Act, to procure such Site, and the Expense of procuring such Site shall be chargeable and charged upon the Parish or Extra Parochial Place making such Application, in like manner as in Cases of Money advanced for Sites under this Act; and all the Powers, Authorities, Provisions and Regulations and Charities in this Act contained, in relation to procuring Sites for Churches to be built under the Provisions thereof, shall extend and apply to the procuring and taking of such Sites as fully in any respect as if such Churches or Chapels were built under the Provisions of this Act.

L.III. Provided always, that be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall empower the said Commissioners to take any private Dwelling House or Offices, or Gardens, Orchards, Yards, Pools, Pleasure Grounds, Pastures or Planted Walks or Avenues appertaining thereto, without the Consent of the Owners and Occupiers thereof.

L.IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to advance Money to any Parish or Extra Parochial Place to purchase any Site or Sites, in case, from the Amount of the Sum, or the State of the Parish or Extra Parochial Place as to its Population, Parochial Rates and other Circumstances, it may appear to the Commissioners to be proper so to make such Advances; and the Commissioners shall in every such Case assign Periods for Repayment of all Moneys so advanced, by Installments within Ten Years.

L.V. And be it further enacted, That if no Site shall be provided in any Parish or Extra Parochial Place, and duly assigned to the said Commissioners, within Six Months after Notice shall have been given by the said Commissioners that a Site would be required in such Parish or Extra Parochial Place, it shall be lawful

then by the Commissioners.

Commissioners empowered to sell Lands not wanted.

Each Office of Justice to be made up the Person of whom the Landowner bought.

Allowing Commissioners to purchase and then the Church for other purposes, as well as to build, or to alter, and then the Commissioners to do.

Commissioners not to take any private Dwelling House or Offices, or Gardens, Orchards, Yards, Pools, Pleasure Grounds, Pastures or Planted Walks or Avenues appertaining thereto, without the Consent of the Owners and Occupiers thereof.

If Parish does not provide a Site, Commissioners may, and

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for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered to purchase a Site, and change the Expense of such Purchase upon the Rates raised or to be raised under the Provisions of this Act in such Parish or Extra Parochial Place, giving Notice of the Amount, and of the Periods within which the Repayment by Instalments will be required.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That the Church Rates of the Parish shall in all Cases be and be deemed in Law to be the Security for the Repayment of all Money expended by the Parish in providing any Site or Sites, or advanced by the Commissioners to any Parish under the Provisions of this Act, or paid by the Commissioners in Cash of Negligence in providing Sites; and all such Sums of Money so expended or advanced under the Provisions of this Act, in carrying into Execution the Purposes thereof in any Parish, shall be and are hereby made chargeable and charged upon such Rates; and the Churchwardens shall in every such Case make, and they are hereby required and empowered to make, proper and sufficient Rates for repaying such Expenses and Advances within the Periods or at the times which shall be specified by the Commissioners under the Authority of this Act in this behalf.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in which any Sum or Sums of Money shall have been expended in purchasing any Site or Sites for any Church or Churches, or Chapel or Chapels, or advanced by the Commissioners under the Provisions of this Act, for any Extra Parochial Place in which no Church Rates shall be made, raised or collected, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to require any Justice or Justices acting in or for the Division of the County in which such Extra Parochial Place shall be, and every such Justice or Justices shall, from time to time as the Case may require, appoint Two or more proper Persons to make, raise, collect and levy Rates for making all such Payments and Repayments as may be required under the Provisions of this Act; and all such Persons so appointed shall have all such and the like Powers and Authorisation for making, raising, levying and collecting and enforcing Payment of any such Rates, as any Churchwardens have by Law in that behalf, and are hereby required and empowered to make, raise, levy and collect sufficient Rates for making such Payments and Repayments as aforesaid; and all Sums so expended or advanced shall be charged upon such Rates, and paid thereout at such Times, and in like manner and under the like Provisions, as if such Place had been and was a Parish in which Church Rates were made, levied and collected by Law; and all such Rates shall be deemed in Law Church Rates for the Purposes of this Act, and made, raised, levied, collected and accounted for as such; and all Acts of Parliament, and Statutes, Provisions, Regulations, Powers and Privileges contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, and all Powers, Authorities and Laws, Ecclesiastical or others, for the making, raising, levying, collecting and accounting for Church Rates, shall apply and be enforced for the making, raising, levying and collecting such Rates in any such Extra Parochial Place from time to time, when and so often as it shall be or become necessary to make or raise any such Rates for the Purposes of this Act.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Churchwardens of any Parish, or Persons appointed in any Extra Parochial Place, with the Consent in any Parish of the Vestry or Select Vestry, or Persons possessing, under any Act or Acts of Parliament, the Powers of Vestry, and with the Consent in any Extra Parochial Place of the Majority of the Persons who would be entitled to vote in Vestry, if the same had been a Parish assembled at any Meeting called for that Purpose, with Notice given to the Church or Chapel of the Extra Parochial Place, or in the Church or Chapel nearest adjoining thereto, to borrow any Money upon the Credits of the Rates of the Parish or Extra Parochial Place to be made as aforesaid; and they are hereby empowered and required, in any Case in which such Money shall have been borrowed, to raise by Rate a Sums sufficient, from time to time, to pay the Interest of the Money so borrowed, and One twentieth Part of the principal Sum borrowed out of the Produce of such Rates, until the whole of the Money so borrowed shall be repaid.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Churchwardens of any Parish, with the Consent of the Vestry or Select Vestry, or Persons possessing the Powers of Vestry, and with the Consent of the Bishop and Incumbent, and they are hereby authorised and empowered, to borrow and raise, upon the Credits of the Rates of any such Parish, such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be necessary for defraying the Expense or any Part of the Expense of enlarging or otherwise extending the Accommodation in the then existing Churches or Chapels of such Parish, and to make Rates for the Payment of the Interest of such Sum or Sums of Money to be borrowed and raised, and for providing a Fund of not less than the Amount of the Interest upon the Sum advanced for the Repayment of the Principal thereof; or for repaying such Principal in such manner and at such Times and in such Proportions as shall be agreed upon with the Persons advancing any such Money: Provided always, that One Half of the additional Accommodation which shall be obtained by any such Expenditure shall be allotted to ecclesiastical or free Seats.

LX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Application and Offer to build or to enlarge any Church or Chapel, either wholly or in part, by means of any Rates upon any Parish, shall be made, unless the major Part of the Inhabitants and Occupiers residing in the Parish of the Vestry or Select Vestry assembled, shall consent thereto, or where any Parish shall be under the Care and Management of any Select Vestry, or where Select Vestry Dues, then with the Consent of not less than Four Fifth of such Select Vestry, by whose Name the same may be called, such Consent to be certified to some Justice of the Peace along for the Division in which such Parish or Extra Parochial Place shall be situated, by One or more of the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish or Place in respect of which the Application shall be made, not within Two third Parts in Value of the Proprietors of Messuages, Lands and Tenements within such Parish (whether for Estates of Freehold or Copyhold, or by virtue of Leases for Terms of not less than Fifteen Years absolute, or determinable upon a Life or Lives,) shall have consented thereto; such Consents to be given by Writing, under the Hands of all Persons and Corporations Sake, and the Consent of every Corporation Aggregate, under the Hand of the Persecutor, Head or Chief Member thereof for the time being, and the Consent of Freemen, Citizens, Minors, Infants

Persons and Persons out of the Kingdom, by and under the Hands of their respective Mothers, Guardians, Commutors, Trustees, Attorneys or Agents, who are respectively authorized to give such Consents, and the Content of the major Part of the Trustees for any charitable or other Purposes, shall be sufficient in respect of the Trust Estate.

1.31. Provided also, and he is further covenanted, That it shall be lawful for the Churchwardens of the Parish of Exura Parochial Place in which any such Church or Chapel shall be built, upon any such Application of the Parsonages or Inhabitants of an Exura Parochial Place as aforesaid, and they are hereby authorized and required, to make Rates for the raising the Portion listed in any such Application to be provided by means of Rates, of the Church or Chapel is proposed to be built partly by Subscriptions and partly by such Rates; or for raising the Sum necessary for the building any such Church or Chapel, if the whole Expense is proposed to be defrayed by Rates; or to borrow any such Sums upon the Credit of any such Rates; and is every such Cate to make Rates for the Payment of the Interest of any Money advanced for the building any such Church or Chapel upon the Credit of the Rates, and for providing a Fund of not less than the Amount of the Interest upon the Sum advanced for the Payment of the Principal thereof, or for repaying such Principal in such manner and at such Times and in such Proportions as shall be agreed upon with the Parson advancing any such Money.

L.III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered, to build or cause to be built Churches or Chapels, under the Provision of this Act, upon freehold land, whether vacant or otherwise, as may appear to them for the serving best and speediest Advancement for the better Instruction of the People of the said Parish, and such other good Uses, as shall seeme unto them; And that the same Churches or Chapels shall be erected by the Commissioners, with the Consent of the Bishop of the Diocese, granted under his Hand and Seal, shall direct, arranged in Power, to be disposed of and let, under the Provision of this Act, and the Part not so assigned shall remain and be assigned for Free Seats, to be used by the Parsonages or Inhabitants of the Parish, District, or Extra Parochial Place in which each Church or Chapel shall be built or tenanted, without any Payment whatever.

1.8.11. And he is further entitled, That he shall be lawful for the said Commensurers to make such Orders as they shall deem expedient as to the Amount of Rent to be entered for each Pew or Seat in any Church or Chapel; and the Parson of each Rectory shall form a Fund, out of which Provision shall be made for the several Persons assigned to serve the Church or Chapel, and for a Clerk.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to assign out of Free Rent a proper Sum to the Spiritual Persons having any such Church or Chapel, with Content of the Bishop of the Diocese, regard being had to the Estate and Population of the Parish assigned to the Church or Chapel, and the Sum which may probably be necessary to enable such Spiritual Persons to preserve a Religion in the Parish, and to all other Circumstances; and the said Commissioners may also assign Salaries to the Clergy of such Churches or Chapels; and if the Commissioners and Bishops do not agree as to the Amount of any such Sum, such Amount shall be fixed by the Archbishop of the Province.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That in any Parish or Extra Parochial Place in which it shall appear to the Bishop of the Diocese that the Churches or Chapels are well supplied, or which may be built or provided under any of the Provisions of this Act, do not or will not afford sufficient Accommodation for the Parishes or Townships thereof to attend Divine Service, according to the Rites of the United Church of England and Ireland, and in which such Bishop shall be of opinion that it is expedient that additional Accommodation should be provided for such Purpose, and that such Purpose would be answered by the Celebration of *Sunday*, and on the great Festivals, of a Third or additional Divine Service, being either the Morning or Evening Service of the United Church of England and Ireland, as shall be directed by the Bishop of the Diocese, with a Sermon, in the Churches or Chapels existing at the time of passing this Act, or by the Celebration of a Third or additional Service as aforesaid, with a Third Sermon, in any Church or Chapel which may be built or provided under any of the Provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful for such Bishop to require the Incumbent of every such Parish, District Parish or Extra Parochial Place, to nominate to him a proper Person to be licensed to serve as a Curate in the existing Church or Chapels, for the Performance of such additional or Third Service with a Sermon, or in any Church or Chapel which may be built or provided as aforesaid, for the Performance of such additional or Third Service with a Third Sermon; and such Incumbent shall within Six Months after such Requisition nominate such Curate to the Bishop to be licensed, and in default of such Nomination such Bishop is hereby empowered to nominate and license a proper Curate for the Purpose aforesaid; and the said Bishop is hereby empowered to require the Churchwardens of every such Church or Chapel to let for the said additional Service such Proportion of the Pews of such Church or Chapel, not being a Pew held by Faculty or Prescription, and at such Rates, as in the Opinion of such Bishop shall be sufficient to afford a competent Salary to such Curate, and such Churchwardens are hereby empowered and required to do so to the same, and to raise and levy, in the manner directed by this Act, the Rents from the Persons who may take the Pews, relieving such Number of Sittings as free Seats, as to such Bishop shall appear expedient, not being less than One fourth: Provided always, that in any Parish, District Parish or Place as aforesaid, any Number of Persons shall respect to such Bishop that they are willing to provide by Subscription such an annual Sum as may be sufficient to afford a competent Salary to a Curate for the Performance of such additional Service with a Sermon, or for the Performance of such additional Service with a Third Sermon; and if the Bishop shall be of Opinion that such Mode of providing a Salary for such Curate is more expedient than the making of such Salary by Pew Rents, it shall be lawful for such Bishop, and he is hereby empowered, to require the Incumbent of such Church or Chapel to nominate a Curate to him as aforesaid, and in default to appoint a Curate himself: Provided always, that such Curate is nominated to be licensed for the Performance of such Third Service as aforesaid shall be (which so, all Bishops

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Salaries, Laws, Statutes and Provisions to which Stipendiary Curates are subject, except in so far as relate to the Amount of Salary, and the Mode of raising and paying the same, which shall be regulated according to the Provisions of this Act.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That in case of such Provision for the Performance of an additional or Third Service being made by Subscription, that every Person so subscribing, being a Parsonage, shall have the Option of any Pew to such Church or Chapel, not being a Pew held by Family or Prebendary, for the use of such additional Service and Service, according to the Amount of his or their respective Subscriptions; or, in case of Equality of the same subscribed, according to the Date of his or their Subscriptions; and shall continue to hold such Pew as long as he or they shall pay such Subscriptions, and no longer: Provided also, that if at any future time the whole Amount of such Subscriptions shall fail to produce such a Sum as shall be deemed by such Bishop a competent Salary for such Curate, such Bishop shall and may in such case authorize and require the Churchwardens to raise, by letting a Proportion of the Pews as aforesaid, such Sum or further Sums as may be sufficient for making up the full Salary: Provided always, that the Salary so to be given to such Curate for the Performance of the said additional Service with Service shall in no Case, except when raised entirely by Subscriptions, exceed the Sum of Eighty Pounds per Annum.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Nominations or Appointment of the Spiritual Person to serve all such District Churches and Chapels shall belong to the Patron of the Church of the Parish or Extra Parochial Place out of which such District shall be taken; and the Spiritual Person so nominated and inducted or accepted (in the Case may be) by the Bishop of the Diocese shall be subject to the same Jurisdiction and Vibration as the Incumbent of the Parish now is.

LXVIII. Provided always, That in any Case in which any Chapel shall be built, either wholly or in part, by means of any Rates to be raised in any Parish, the first and subsequent Nominations of the Minister of the Chapel shall be in the Incumbent of the Church of the Parish or Extra Parochial Place in which such Chapel shall be built.

LXIX. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to or affect the Right of the Principal and Scholars of the King's Hall and College of Brasenose in the University of Oxford, and their Successors, to nominate and prefer from time to time fit Clerics to officiate in all Churches or Chapels built or to be built within the Parish of Southwark, otherwise called Roper, in the County of Middlesex; which Right was and is secured and confirmed to the said Principal and Scholars, and their Successors, by several Acts of Parliament made in the Ninth and Twelfth Years of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne; but that the said Right shall continue and remain to them in respect of all Churches or Chapels that may by virtue of this Act be built or continued within the said Parish, or within any Portion, Division or District thereof, or which by virtue of this Act may be separated therefrom; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That the Repair of all such District Churches or Chapels shall be made by the Districts to which they respectively belong, by Rates to be raised within the District, in like manner as in each of Repairs of Churches by Parishes; and every such District shall be deemed to have a separate and distinct Parish for that Purpose; and the Repairs of all Chapels not made District Churches shall be made by the Parish in or for which the Chapels shall be built.

LXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every such District shall remain notwithstanding subject for Twenty Years, to be accounted from the Day upon which the District Church or Chapel shall be consecrated, to the Repair of the original Parish Church, and be deemed Part of the original Parish for all Purposes of such Repairs, and the making and levying of Rates for that Purpose; and from and after the Expiration of such Twenty Years, the Parish Church shall be repaired by the District of the Parish in which it belongs in to after the other Divisions of Districts are made; and each District shall for ever thereafter make, raise, levy, collect and apply separate and distinct Rates for Repairs of the Church or Churches or Chapels of the District, as if a separate Parish.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That every Deed, Grant or Endowment for bestowing a Provision or Salary to the Spiritual Person serving any Church or Chapel under this Act, shall be enrolled in the Court of Chancery, and registered in the Registry of the Diocese.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That Two fit and proper Persons shall be appointed to act as Churchwardens for every Church or Chapel built or appropriated under the Provisions of this Act, at the said Period of appointing Parish Officers in every Year, and shall be chosen, One by the Incumbent of the Church or Chapel for the time being, and the other by the Inhabitant Householdiers entitled to vote in the Election of Churchwardens residing in the District to which the Church or Chapel shall belong, and of any Extra Parochial Place by such Inhabitant Householdiers as would be entitled to vote in the Election of Churchwardens if such Extra Parochial Place had been a Parish; and the Two Persons, when so elected Churchwardens, shall appear and be admitted and sworn according to Law, and shall collect and receive the Rents of the Seats and Pews, and pay the Stipends or Salaries appointed by the Commissioners to be paid to the Minister and Clerk of and belonging to the Church or Chapel for the time being, and also shall do, perform and execute all lawful Acts, matters and things necessary and requisite for and concerning the Repairs, Management, good Order and Decency of Belonging to be kept and observed in the Church or Chapel by the Overseeers thereof; and the Persons so to be appointed or chosen Churchwardens shall continue in their said Office until others shall be chosen in like manner in their stead; and all the Persons so chosen Churchwardens are lawfully authorized and empowered, in case of Non Payment of the Rents of the Seats and Pews of the Church or Chapel for which they shall be appointed, to enter upon and sell the same, or dist to for the same and recover the same by Action or Actions for such Rents, in the Name of "The Church-

Churchwardens of the Church or Chapel of" (defining the same), as the Clerk shall or may require, without specifying the Christian or Surnames of such Churchwardens, and on such Action shall show by reason of the Death or Removal or going out of Office of any such Churchwarden.

DEKIV. And be it further enacted, That the Churchwardens of every Parish in which any additional Chapel shall be built or provided under any of the Provisions of this Act, without making any Division thereof into separate Parishes or District Parishes, shall be and are lawfully authorized and required to nominate and do all such things as the Churchwardens to be appointed under the Provisions of this Act are authorized and required to do.

XXXV. And he is further enacted, That before the Consecration of any Church or Chapel under the Provisions of this Act, a Seat or Pew sufficient to hold Six Persons at least shall be set apart, in the Body or Ground Floor of the Church or Chapel, and contiguous or near to the Pulpit, for the Use of the Minister of the Church or Chapel for the time being, and his Family; and other Seats in some other convenient Part of the Church or Chapel, not among the First Seats, capable of containing not less than Four Persons, shall also in like manner be set apart for the Use of the Minister's Servants; and that Pews, Stringers, or B-chairs in every Church or Chapel, to be marked with the Words "Poor Seats," amounting in the whole to not less than One Sixth Part of the whole of the Stringers in every Church or Chapel which shall be built, either wholly or in part, out of any Rates, or with any Money raised upon the Credit of any Rates of the Parish or Extra Parochial Place, shall also be appropriated and set apart for the Use of poor Persons requiring alms for every year, upon which Pews to be set apart for the Minister, his Family and Servants, and the Pews, Stringers or B-chairs so appropriated for the Use of the Poor, no Seat or Additional pew, whether built at any time be charged or assigned.

LEXXI. And it is further enacted, That all Subscribers being Parishioners to any Church or Chapel built under the Authority of this Act shall have Choice of Pews at the Rates fixed by the Commissioners under the Provisions of this Act, in the Order of their Amount of Subscription; and as to Subscribers of the same Amount in the Order of their Subscription.

[illegible]

LXXVIII. *Provided always,* and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Churchwardens of any such Church or Chapel, at any time therewith, with the Consent in Writing of the Incumbent, and of the Parson of the Church or Chapel respectively for the time being, and of the Bishop of the Diocese, to give any such yearly Rent or Sum; and any such sale a new Lett or Schedule of Rents or Sums, and the Pews or Seats upon which the same are respectively charged, shall be signed by the Churchwardens, Incumbent, Parson, and Bishop respectively, and shall be recorded with the Diocesan of Consecration of the Church or Chapel.

XXIX. And it is further covenanted, That every Person or Persons possessor of a Seat or Pew in any such Church or Chapel, shall pay the Rent charged thereon as ascertained at Two equal Half Yearly Payments, to wit, on the Monday next after the Nativity of our Saviour Christ, and the Nativity of Saint John the Baptist in every Year; and in case the Rent of any such Pew or Seat or any Part thereof shall happen to be behind and unpaid by the Space of Three Months next after the same shall become due, and Notice in Writing demanding Payment thereof shall have been given to the Owner or Occupier of such Seat or Pew, then the said Churchwardens for the time being of the Church or Chapel shall and may either enter upon and hold such Seat or Pew, or let the same to any other Person or Persons, in such manner as such Churchwardens shall think proper, until the Rent be in Arrear, and all Costs and Charges which shall have been incurred by the Non-payment; or in the Recovery thereof, shall be duly paid and satisfied; or otherwise to sell the same Pews or Seats respectively by Public Auction to the best Bidder, and out of the Money thereon arising pay and satisfy the said Rent in Arrear, rendering the Overplus (if any), after deducting all reasonable Costs and Charges occasioned by or in consequence of such Rent being in Arrear and in the Recovery thereof, to the Owner or Occupier of such Pews or Seats respectively (as the case may be); or the said Churchwardens, at their Discretion, may sue for and recover the said Rent to be in Arrear by Action of Debt or upon the case, by the Life and Discontinuance of such Pew or Seat, to be brought against the Owner or Owners, or any Occupier or Occupiers thereof, in the Name of "The Churchwardens of the Church or Chapel;" (defining the Church or Chapel); and no such Action or Suit shall abate by reason of the Death, Removal or going out of Office of any Churchwarden.

LEXX. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to break up the Premises, or to open the said beneath the same, within any Church or Chapel to be erected under the Premises of this Act, for the Purposes of Burial, or to make any Grave in any Cemetery or Churchyard thereto adjacent or belonging, at any time Distance then Twenty Feet from the Eastern Walls of such Church or Chapel respectively: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent the Burial of Dead Bodies in any Vault wholly erected with Brick or Stone, which may here be authorized for such Purposes under any Church or Chapel, and in which the said Burial shall be by Sides on the Outside of

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the entered Wills thereof; and if any Burial shall take place, or any Grave be made, otherwise than in burial provided, the Parson or Parson ordering or causing the same to be made shall for every such Offence, on Conviction thereof before any Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County or Place, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and in default of Payment thereof the same shall and may be levied and recovered, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justices, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Offender or Offenders, rendering the Overplus (if any) to the Owner thereof; of which Penalty one Moiety shall be given to the Informers, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Poor of the Parish.

Amount to be
annually paid to
the Parson.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That Accounts shall annually be laid before both Houses of Parliament, of the Progress made by the said Commissioners in Execution of the Purposes of this Act, stating the Number of Churches or Chapels built or building, the Stipends allotted to the Incumbents or Curates thereof, the Money expended, and for what Purposes, and all such other Particulars as shall be necessary for explaining the Progress made in carrying the Purposes of this Act into Execution.

Commissioners
may receive and
send Letters
and Papers
directed to
any of the
Justices.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act shall and may receive and send all Letters and Packets relating to the Execution of the Powers of this Act, free from the Duty of Postage, provided that such Letters and Packets shall be directed to "His Majesty's Commissioners appointed under the Act for the building and promoting the building of additional Churches;" and that all such Letters and Packets as shall be sent by the said Commissioners shall be dated from their said Office, and shall be signed on the Outside of such Letters and Packets by such Person as the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act shall appoint, with the Consent of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, under such Restrictions and Regulations as the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall think proper and lawful.

Limitation of
Actions for
enforcing Act, and
when to be
brought, &c.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done by virtue of or in pursuance of this Act, until Fourteen Days' Notice thereof in Writing shall have been given to the Secretary for the time being of the said Commissioners, nor after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; and such Action shall be brought in the said Court of Exchequer in England, and shall be laid in the County of Middlesex, and not elsewhere; and the Defendants or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the several Matters in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear to be in done, or if such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time heretofore limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought without Fourteen Days' Notice thereof, or shall be brought in any other County or Place, or after a sufficient Summons made or tendered as aforesaid, that then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become acquitted, or suffer a Discontinuance of law, or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Triple Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in any other Cause by Law.

General Issue.

Triple Costs.

LXXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared, That neither this Act, nor any thing herein contained, shall extend to invade or repeal any Ecclesiastical Law or Constitution of the Church of England, or to destroy any of the Rights or Powers belonging to any Bishop of any Diocese, or any Archbishop, Chancellor or Official.

Proviso for
Powers of
Bishops, &c.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted and declared, That he and they respectively may at all times lawfully visit, visitate and exercise Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction in all the Parishes to be visited or divided by virtue of or in pursuance of this Act, or in any Part or Place within the same, as fully as they or any of them may do now therein, and in such manner as in any other Parishes or Places within his or their Diocese or Jurisdiction respectively.

and for Exercise
of Ecclesiastical
Jurisdiction.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

All may be at-
tested, &c. in
the Session.

C A P. XLVI.

An Act for Relief of Persons entitled to Retailed Estates, so be purchased with Trust Monies, in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland. [30th May 1818.]

WHEREAS by the Practice of Courts of Equity in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, in Cases in which Money under the Control of such Courts is subject to be laid out in the Purchase of Lands to be leased to Ulster capable of being barred by Fine, the said Courts direct such Money to be paid to the Party or Parties who could by Fine bar the Ulster to which such Lands, on such the same had been purchased, would have been leased, and do not require or compel the actual leasehold of such Monies in the Purchase of Lands, notwithstanding other Persons might take Estates or Interests therein if the same were purchased, and be entitled to hold such Estates or Interests until such Fine was actually made. And whereas nevertheless, where Money under the Control of the said Courts is subject to be invested in the Purchase of Lands to be leased to Ulster not capable of being barred by Fine, but capable of being barred by Recovery, the said Courts, according to the Practice thereof, refuse to direct the same to be paid to the Party or Parties who, in such such Lands had been purchased, could by Recovery have barred all the Ulster to which the same would have been leased, and require and compel the actual Investment of such Monies in a Purchase or Purchases of some Lands; and such last mentioned Practice

" is attended with great Inconvenience and Expence to the Party or Parties who by a Recovery could
 " bar the Title to which such Lands are to be limited when purchased, and the Interest and Benefit of
 " others, who might take Estates heretofore by such Recovery when suffered, is not according to such full
 " measured Practice materially promoted or secured, and it may therefore be expedient to alter such Prac-
 " tice: And whereas it may also be expedient to provide some satisfactory and summary Proceeding,
 " whereby Trustees possessed of Money Subject to be laid out in Lands may be required in proper Cases
 " to pay such Money to the Parties entitled, and under the Act to become entitled, to receive the same: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in all Cases where Money under the Control of any Court of Equity, or of or to which any Individuals as Trustees are possessed as capital, is that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, shall be Subject to be involved in the Purchase of Freehold or Copyhold Hereditaments, or both, to be limited upon any Person or Persons in such manner that it would be competent, in case such Money had been invested in the Purchase of Real Estates, for the Person or Persons who would be the Tenant or Tenants of the first Estate or Estates Tail therein, either alone or together with the Person or Persons who would be the Owner or Owners of the particular preceding Estate or Estates therein, if any, by Deed, Ties or Common Recovery, or any of them, or other lawful Act, in the case of Freehold Hereditaments, or by Surrender and Recovery, or either of them, or other lawful Act, in the case of Copyhold Hereditaments, to bar the first Estate or Estates Tail, and the Rights and Interests of all Persons in Remainder, it shall not be necessary to have such Money actually invested in Lands or Hereditaments, in order that such Estates Tail and Remainders now may be so barred; but that it shall and may be lawful to and for the High Court of Chancery, or such Court of Equity, under the Control of which such Money shall be, in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, and in the Case of Trustees, to and for the said High Court of Chancery, in a Summary Way, upon Petition of the Person or Persons who would be Tenant or Tenants of the first Estate or Estates Tail, and of the Person or Persons who would be the Owner or Owners of the antecedent particular Estate or Estates (if any) in the Lands and Hereditaments, in case the same were purchased, such Petitioners being Adults, and in case where any of the Parties are or is a Feme Covert or a Feme Cover, they or he being first separately examined in Cases, or upon a Commission, and swearing, to order the Money Subjected to such Trusts to be paid to the Petitioners, or any of them, or to be paid and applied in such manner and for such Purposes as the Petitioners shall appoint and the Court shall approve of.

II. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where Money Subjected to be laid out in the Purchase of Hereditaments to be limited as aforesaid shall happen to be invested in Government or Real or other Securities, all such Securities shall for the Purposes of this Act be considered as Money, and shall and may accordingly be transferred, assigned and disposed of under an Order of the respective Courts aforesaid, made in a Summary Way upon the Petition of such Person, and with such Examination and Swearing where necessary as aforesaid, in such and the same manner as Money Subjected to be laid out in the Purchase of Hereditaments to be limited as aforesaid are heretofore authorized to be paid, applied and disposed of.

C. A. P. XLVII.

An Act to establish Fever Hospitals, and to make other Regulations for Relief of the suffering Poor, and for preventing the Increase of Infectious Fevers in Ireland. [10th May 1818.]

" WHEREAS Fevers of an infectious Nature have for some time past greatly prevailed among the Poor
 " in several Parts of Ireland, whereby the Health and Prosperity of the whole Country have been
 " considerably endangered, and it is expedient that Hospitals should be established for the Relief of Sufferers
 " in such Cases, and that Regulations should be made to prevent, as effectually as possible, the Increase of
 " Infection, as well at present as on future Occasions; and such good Purposes are most likely to be pro-
 " moted by vesting Corporations in every County at large, and every County of a City or County of a Town
 " in Ireland, who may exercise the Powers and Trusts hereinafter particularly expressed: Be it therefore
 " enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual
 " and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act there shall be, and Our Body Politic and Corporate is hereby created and
 " constituted in every County, and in every County of a City, and in every County of a Town in Ireland, which
 " shall consist, in every such County, of the Archbishop or Bishop whose Diocese or any Part of whose Diocese
 " shall extend into such County, of the Representatives in Parliament for such County, of all the Justices of the Peace
 " commissioned and sitting in such a such County; and in every County of a City or County of a Town,
 " such Corporation shall consist of the Chief Magistrate, Sheriffs and Recorder of such County of a City
 " or Town, likewise of the Representatives or Representatives in Parliament (if any), and of the Justices of the Peace
 " for such County of a City or Town, all for the time being, and all of such Persons are hereinafter
 " mentioned; which Corporation shall be called by the Name of " The President and Assistants of the Fever
 " Hospital for "

" applying on every of them the Name of its proper County, City or Town; and all the said Corporations shall have perpetual Duration and Succession, and may for and be held in all Courts of Justice by their Names respectively, and shall have a Common Seal, and shall meet at and appear to such Towns and Places with a their Caution, Oath or Towns respectively, as they shall think fit, and only that the said Corporations shall meet, and they are hereby required, subjected, to meet, for the first time, for the County of the City of Dublin, on the Fifth Day of

Where Money is under the Control of Equity, or in the Hands of Trustees Subject to be invested in Estates for and so in that the first Estates Tail therein may be barred, it shall not be necessary to have such Money actually invested in Land: A Court may upon Petition order it to be paid to Persons who would be entitled to the same as before mentioned.

Where commissions Money, and may be transferred, &c. under an Order of the respective Courts

A Corporation created in every County, or County of a City or Town in Ireland, for the Establishment of Fever Hospitals.

July

July next after the passing of this Act, at the Sessions House of the said City, and for the several other Counties, Cities and Towns in Ireland, on the Day (or, at their Election, on the Day next after the Day) when the Judges who shall hold the Summer Assize next after the passing of this Act, in and for the several Counties, or either of such Judges, shall depart from the Town or Place where the Assize shall be held, at the Hall or Sessions-House respectively where the Judges shall have the for the Business of the Assize; and at the First and every future Meeting of the said Corporations respectively, the Archbishop or Bishop, if present when the said Corporations or Quorums of them respectively shall assemble, shall take the Chair, shall put every Question, declare the Majority of Votes, and do all the Duties of President or Head of the Corporation for that Meeting; but if the Archbishop or Bishop shall not be present when the said Corporations respectively shall first assemble, the Representatives in Parliament for that County, County of a City or County of a Town, who shall first come on that Day to the Place of Meeting, if both shall attend, and if not, the Representative in Parliament for that County, County of a City or County of a Town, who shall be present when the said Corporations or Quorums of them respectively shall assemble; and if the Archbishop or Bishop, or the Representative for such County, Cities or Towns respectively, or either of them, shall not attend in every County of a City and County of a Town, the Chief Magistrate, or in his Defect, and in every County at large, the oldest Justice of the Peace who shall be present when the said Corporations respectively or Quorums of them shall first assemble, shall take the Chair, and do all the Duties of President or Head of the Corporation for that Meeting; and the said Corporations respectively shall be considered as assembled for the Purpose of determining who shall be the President of that Day, whenever First shall have come to the Place of Meeting at the time appointed for the First Meeting of the said Corporations respectively; and at all subsequent times thereafter, whenever Five of the said Corporations shall have come to the Place of the Meeting at the respective times to be appointed for such Meetings; and every Person qualified, or capable as aforesaid of presiding at the Meetings of the said Corporations may, at all times after the aforesaid First time appointed for the Meeting of the said Corporations, by Notice in Writing signed by him, to be posted at the proper Assize Town, or at the Sessions House in the City of Dublin, Six Days at the least before the time of Meeting, exclusive of the Day of posting such Notice and the Day of Meeting, cause the said Corporations respectively to do all corporate Acts, but no Special Notice signed by a different Person shall supersede a former; of which Corporations respectively Five shall always be a competent Number to do all corporate Acts; and the said Corporations are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to elect, during good Behaviour, such other Persons, residing within their Counties, Cities or Towns respectively, as they shall think fit; and these also who shall contribute any Sum not less than Twenty Pounds, or who shall subscribe and pay any annual Sum not less than One Guinea, to be applied to the charitable Purposes of the Acts, to be Members of the said Corporations respectively; and it shall be lawful for the said Corporations respectively, and they are hereby authorized, to make Bye Laws reasonable and consistent to the Laws of the Land, and to appoint Reading Committees for the Purposes of this Act, to meet and sit at certain Place or Places to be appointed in each County, City or Town; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporations, and each of them respectively, and they are hereby authorized, empowered and qualified, to accept or take by Purchase, or by voluntary Gift, or by Devise, any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments of Inheritance or for Years, not exceeding to any one of the said Corporations the clear yearly Value of Five hundred Pounds, any Law to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; but the Corporation of any of the said Counties, Cities or Towns, shall at no time have a Capacity to take Lands of Inheritance or for Years, of a greater Value than so aforesaid, except in the Case of Devision or Determination of Interest, in which Case the said Corporations respectively may make such new Acquisitions as aforesaid, not exceeding the clear annual Value aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for the said Corporations, and they are respectively hereby authorized, empowered and qualified, to take all such Donations or Portion Property as shall be made to them, and to accept of all Leases for Years of Houses or Lands, in as so such Lease shall exceed Twenty one Years; but every Lease for Years of Leasehold of a House to be made to any of the said Corporations, exceeding that Term, shall be void, except as hereinafter excepted.

II. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporations respectively, to take, over and above the Five hundred Pounds a Year, and Leases for Years, which they are authorized to acquire as aforesaid, and such Corporations respectively are hereby declared to be capable and qualified to take, by Grant or by Devise, any Quantity of Ground or Land within their Counties, Cities and Towns respectively, not exceeding Four Roods, Plantation Measure, for the Uses of Houses to be built, and Accommodations to be provided, for the Reception of the English Bishops intended to be allowed under the Provisions of this Act; and also, that it shall and may be lawful for every Archbishop and Bishop in Ireland, and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered, to grant any such Portions of Ground or Land as aforesaid, out of the Estates of their Sees respectively, to the said Corporations respectively, for the Sites of such Houses as aforesaid, for such Estates or Estates, either in Fee, for Lives renewable or not renewable, or for Years, as they shall think fit, at such Rent and Fines as such Archbishop or Bishop shall think fit, or without any Rent or Fine if such Archbishop or Bishop shall think fit; and that every such Grant and Lease shall be good and valid against such Archbishop and Bishop, and their Successors respectively, without the Concurrence of any other Person or Body of Men; any thing in an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of the Reign of the late King George the First, intituled *An Act for the Propagation of the Inheritance, Rights and Privileges of Lands belonging to the Church and People Ecclesiastical*, or any other Law or Usage in force in Ireland, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

III. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporations respectively, to take over and above the Five hundred Pounds a Year, and Leases for Years, which they are authorized to acquire as aforesaid, and such Corporations respectively are hereby declared to be capable and qualified to take, by Grant or by Devise, any Quantity of Ground or Land within their Counties, Cities and Towns respectively, not exceeding Four Roods, Plantation Measure, for the Sites of Houses to be built, and Accommodations to be provided, for the Reception of the English Bishops intended to be allowed under the Provisions of this Act; and also, that it shall and may be lawful for every Archbishop and Bishop in Ireland, and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered, to grant any such Portions of Ground or Land as aforesaid, out of the Estates of their Sees respectively, to the said Corporations respectively, for the Sites of such Houses as aforesaid, for such Estates or Estates, either in Fee, for Lives renewable or not renewable, or for Years, as they shall think fit, at such Rent and Fines as such Archbishop or Bishop shall think fit, or without any Rent or Fine if such Archbishop or Bishop shall think fit; and that every such Grant and Lease shall be good and valid against such Archbishop and Bishop, and their Successors respectively, without the Concurrence of any other Person or Body of Men; any thing in an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of the Reign of the late King George the First, intituled *An Act for the Propagation of the Inheritance, Rights and Privileges of Lands belonging to the Church and People Ecclesiastical*, or any other Law or Usage in force in Ireland, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

III. And

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporations, and they are hereby authorized, empowered and required, to build or hire Houses for Hospitals in the several Counties, Cities or Towns, to be called "Fever Hospitals for the Relief of the Poor being ill of Fever," as soon as such Corporations shall be possessed of Funds sufficient for that Purpose, as plans, as durable and as moderate Expense as may be; and that all such Hospitals be divided into Two Parts, of which one Part shall be allotted for such poor helpless Males as shall be judged worthy of Admission, and the other Part for the Reception of such poor helpless Women as shall be judged worthy of Admission, and to furnish the said Hospitals, and to admit into the same from time to time so many sick and helpless poor Patients as the Funds of such Corporations shall admit of; and the said Corporations respectively are hereby authorized and required to make Bye Laws and Orders for the Admission and Discharge of all such Patients, and for the Government of every such Hospital, and to appoint Masters, Physicians, Surgeons, Apothecaries, Nurses and other fit Persons to govern and take care of such Hospitals and the Patients therein, at reasonable and moderate Salaries, Allowances and Wages; and the said Corporations respectively are also hereby authorized to appoint Trustees without any Salary, to receive such Donations and Rents as they shall respectively acquire or become entitled to; and the said Corporations are hereby authorized and required to expend all such Donations and Rents in and for the charitable Purposes required by this Act, and for the Care and Relief of such Patients, with the greatest Care and Economy, upon Pain and Peril that for any Embezzlement or Misapplication of or Partiality in the Disposal of any Part of the Revenue or Property of the said Corporations respectively, which any Individuals of such Corporations shall be respectively guilty of or concur in, every such Individual shall be perfectly answerable by Suit or Information in the Name of The King's Attorney General, on the Relation of any Person or Persons, either in the Court of Chancery or Court of Exchequer in Ireland; and the said Courts shall and are hereby required to hear and determine every such Suit or Information, and to award Costs therein against the Defendants, if found culpable as aforesaid; and in every such Suit a Relation of Property and Possession shall be named, against whom Costs shall be awarded to the Defendant or Defendants, if the Suit, Information or Complaint shall appear to be groundless.

IV. And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifth Year of the present Majesty's Reign, intitled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fifth Year of His Majesty's said Majesty, intitled 'An Act for settling and establishing Public Dispensaries or Hospitals in this Kingdom,'" certain Provisions were made for enabling the Grand Jury to petition certain Sums to be raised on Collection, "for the Provision of local Dispensaries, in answer to the said Act aforesaid;" Be it enacted, That from and after the Full Day of September next, in each of the said recited Acts as relates to such local Dispensaries shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, whenever it shall appear to the Grand Jury of any County, or County of a City or County of a Town, that there has been actually received from private Subscriptions or Donations any Sum or Sums of Money, since the preceding Act, for the Purpose of establishing or supporting a Dispensary for furnishing Medicine and affording medical or surgical Aid to the Poor of any City, Town or Place within such County, it shall be lawful for such Grand Jury to petition, to be raised of such County, or County of a City or County of a Town, and to be paid to the Trustees of such Dispensary, a Sum equal in Amount to the Sum or Sums so received by such Trustees, to be applied under the Direction of the Subscribers, of any annual Sum of not less than One Guinea, or such Committee of them, not fewer in Number than Five, as they shall appear for that Purpose at any General Meeting of such Subscribers, together with the Moneys so received by private Subscription or Donation, in providing Medicines and medical and surgical Aid for the Poor of such Place and its Neighborhood: Provided always, that in all Cases where such Dispensary shall have been actually established, and any Money shall have been raised by Provisions granted for the Use of such Dispensary, previous to such Act, such Trustees shall lay before such Grand Jury an Account of all Receipts and Disbursements up to the First of January or First of July (as the Case may be) immediately preceding such Act; and such Trustees shall also shew to such Account a Statement of all further Sums of Money which shall have actually received from private Subscriptions or Donations for the Support of such Dispensary for the ensuing Year; and the said Account and Statement shall be verified on the Oath of such Trustees, and shall be deemed sufficient Documents whosoever to ground such Provisions; and in all Cases where no Sum of Money shall have been granted as aforesaid previous to such Act, such Statement shall be verified shall be deemed a sufficient Document whosoever to ground such Provisions, and in either Case the Sum or Sums so stated to have been received shall form the First Item in the Debt of such Trustees in his Account for the succeeding Year, or such Trustees shall Oath in every Year lay before such Grand Jury an Account so verified of the Receipts and Disbursements of all Sums received by him, either from private Subscriptions or Donations, or from Provisions as aforesaid, for the Use of such Dispensary.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall subscribe and pay towards the Establishment or Maintenance of any such Dispensary any Sum not less than One Guinea, shall be a Member of the Establishment of such local Dispensary of such County of a City or County of a Town for One Year from the Date of the Payment thereof, for the Management and Direction of such Dispensary.

VII. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall be made appear, by Statement on Oath, to the Grand Jury of any County or County of a City or Town, that there has been actually received from private Subscriptions or Donations any Sum or Sums of Money for the Purpose of settling or laying any House to be applied to the Reception of Fever Patients, and either attached to and connected with any local Dispensary or not as the case may happen, and upon a Certificate by One or more Physicians that there is a Necessity for providing Accommodations for such Patients, it shall and may be lawful for such Grand Jury to petition to be

Fever Hospitals built for the Poor when Funds sufficient

Corporations to make Bye Laws and Orders; appoint Masters, Physicians, Surgeons, and Trustees.

Proceedings by Information.

§ 1. G. 5. c. 11, 12, to be repealed as local Dispensaries repealed.

For establishing Dispensaries in Cities and Towns, Grand Jurors may petition certain Sums equal to the Amount of Subscriptions and private Donations made to the said Dispensary.

When Dispensary is established, Trustees shall produce to Grand Jury Account of Receipts and Disbursements of Sums received by Subscriptions or Donations up to the said Oath.

Subscribers of the Dispensary may become Members.

Grand Jury may lay down Sums and expending Thence the Amount of private Subscriptions for local

Disputation, and for Houses for the Reception of Fever Patients.

raised on any such County as large, or on any such County of a City or County of a Town, as the Case may be, any Sum not exceeding Double the Amount of the Sum or Sums so raised by Donation or Subscriptions, and actually received by such Treasurer, to be applied by the Subscribers to such Local Disputation, or such Committee of them as aforesaid, together with the Monies so received by private Donation or Subscriptions, in erecting or hiring and fitting up such House for poor Fever Patients in such manner as the said Corporation or the said Committee shall in their Discretion deem most advisable; and it shall and may be lawful also for such Grand Jury of any such County, County of a City or County of a Town, from time to time to present any such further Sum or Sums as shall appear to such Grand Jury to be necessary or required for the Support of Houses for the Reception of Fever Patients, whether the same shall have been established before or after the passing of this Act, not exceeding Double the Amount of the Subscriptions or Donations which, by the Accounts of such Treasurer verified on Oath, shall appear to have been raised and actually received for the Support of such Houses; and such Treasurer shall account in like manner and under such Regulations as are hereinafter directed respecting Disputes.

Treasurer in answer.

Grand Jurors may make Proclamations for Fever Hospitals, as he is called by Subscribers within the Year.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful so and for any Grand Jury of any County, or County of a City or County of a Town, in which any Fever Hospital shall not have been erected before the passing of this Act, or in which it shall be made appear to the Satisfaction of the Grand Jury that any Fever Hospital in such County, County of a City or County of a Town, requires to be enlarged, repaired or rebuilt, to petition, at any Assizes for such County, County of a City or Town, any Sum or Sums of Money for the Purpose of erecting and establishing, or hiring, repairing and fitting up, one Fever Hospital in any such County, County of a City or Town, in which no such Hospital shall have been previously established, or for the Purpose of enlarging, repairing, rebuilding or supporting any Fever Hospital which shall have been previously established, and to set forth in such Petition that the Sum thereon mentioned shall be raised and levied within the Period of Six Years, by Half Yearly or Yearly Instalments, and also to set forth in such Petition what Part thereof shall be raised upon any Bazaar or Bazaar in any such County, or on the County at large; and that the Treasurer of such County, County of a City or County of a Town, shall from time to time, without further Authority or Pretextment in that behalf, before his Warrant as such Assizes the Position or Positions be set forth of the Sum so presented; and the same shall be raised and levied in like manner from time to time, and with the like Remedy in case of Nonpayment, as all other Money directed by such Warrant as by Law to be levied; and where and so far as such Petitioners shall have been duly certified by the sitting Clerk of the Crown to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or by his or their Chief Secretary, it shall and may be lawful so and for such Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors for the time being, to direct the Amount of such Sum of Money so presented, or any Part thereof, to be advanced out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund in Ireland, to the Treasurer of such County, County of a City or County of a Town, to be applied for the Purpose for which such Petitioner shall have been made, under such Rules and Regulations as to such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall from time to time direct; and such Money so advanced and paid to such Treasurer shall be accounted for by him in like manner as any other Monies received by him for the Use of such County; and all Securities given by him or on his behalf shall extend to such Money; and such Treasurer shall from time to time pay to the Collector of Excise of the District in which such County, County of a City or County of a Town, all such Sums as shall from time to time be received by him from the Excise or other Collection by virtue of the Proclamations on account of which such Money shall have been advanced, until the whole Sum advanced shall be repaid. Provided always, that if it shall so happen that any Money shall be raised by virtue of any such Petition or Pretextment, which shall not be required for the Purpose for which it shall be so raised, the same shall be carried to the Credit generally of the County, or of the County of the Town, or of the County of the City, whereas the same shall be levied, by the Treasurer of such County, or County of a Town or County of a City respectively.

Proclamations being certified by Clerk of the Crown to Lord Lieutenant, he may order Advancement Money out of Consolidated Fund to Treasurer of County, for the Purpose of Advancement.

Treasurer to repay the Money so advanced. Such Money raised under the Credit of the County.

Grand Jurors empowered to present such a Bill for Support of Houses of Industry over and above Sums raised in the Act. s. 2. p. 2. (1.)

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of each and every County, County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland, to petition to be raised in such County as large, or on such County of a City or County of a Town, any Sum not exceeding Five hundred Pounds in the Year, over and above and exclusive of any Sums which they are by Law empowered to present for the Support of Houses of Industry in Ireland, under an Act made in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for hedging such Poor as shall be found unable to support themselves by Labour, and otherwise providing for them, and for restraining such as shall be found able to support themselves by Labour or Industry from begging, or any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland at the time of the passing of this Act*; and the said Sum, when so raised, shall be paid to the Corporation of the said Houses of Industry in such County, County of a City or Town respectively, and applied by the said Corporation towards the Support and Maintenance of such Houses of Industry in such County, County of a City or County of a Town respectively.

X. And Whereas it is expedient that efficient Provision should be made for preventing the spreading of Fevers or contagious Disorders, whenever such shall happen in any Parts of Ireland, and that the Powers so requisite for that Purpose should be exercised only during the Emergency which may call for the same: Be it therefore enacted, That whenever in any City, Town or District, any Fever or contagious Distemper shall appear or be known to exist among the poor Inhabitants, it shall and may be lawful for any One or more Magistrates, upon the Requisition of Five respectable Householdholders, to convene a Meeting of the Magistrates and Householdholders of such City, Town or District, and of the Medical Practitioners within the same, in order to examine into the Causes tending to spread such Fever or contagious Distemper, and the Number of Persons or Families being affected thereby; and if it shall be the Opinion of such Meeting, and of One or more Magistrates attending, that such Fever or contagious Distemper is of a Nature to require particular Attention and Circumspection to prevent the Intercourse of the Contagion thereof, it shall be lawful for Two or more Magis-

In case of Fever, &c. appearing in any Town or District, Public Meeting convened, and Lord Lieutenant, on Report of One of such Meeting, may appoint a Board of Health.

trusts authorized by such Meeting to join in an Application to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to appoint a Board of Health within and for such City, Town or District; and it shall be lawful for such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland to appoint such Board accordingly, to consist of not more than Thirteen Commissioners, to be selected from among the Governors or Members of the Corporation of any Inland or River Hospital, or other Hospital, and from the Physicians and Medical Practitioners, to sit within such City, Town or District, in such manner and under such Regulations as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or he or their Chief Secretary, shall from time to time order, direct and appoint.

XI. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners to be appointed for the forming such Board of Health, or any Five of them, to give all such Directions for the doing and performing all Acts, matters and things necessary for the preventing the Communication of Contagion, and for restoring the Sick to Health, as shall to such Commissioners seem necessary and expedient; and for that Purpose to direct that all Streets, Lanes and Courts, and all Houses and all Rooms therein, and all Yards, Gardens or Places belonging to such Houses shall be cleaned and purified, and that all Nuisances prejudicial to Health shall be removed therefrom; and that all Houses in which any such Person shall be or shall have been, shall be sealed, lamped, fumigated and whitewashed, the Windows and Doors thereof opened, and all Beds, Bedsteads, Boulding and Furniture therein be exposed to the Air, and be washed and cleaned, and if absolutely necessary, to be burned or destroyed; and that some Mark, Number or Token shall be affixed on every House in which any Inhabitant is infected with Fever, directing that none or one of the Inhabitants therein are to be infected; and to direct that all other Measures shall be carried into Execution which to such Commissioners shall seem requisite for the Purposes aforesaid.

XII. And he is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to be from time to time appointed for forming such Board of Health, to employ any Person or Persons in the Execution of the several Powers to be exercised by them under this Act; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, to order any Sum or Sums of Money to be from time to time advanced out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund in Ireland for the Payment of the actual Expenses incurred by or under the said Commissioners in the Execution of such Powers; and that all Sums of Money to so be advanced shall be repaid by Parliament to be made by the Grand Jurors, and raised off the County or County of a City or Town, in which such Expense shall be incurred.

XIII. And he is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall refuse or oppose any Person or Persons employed by or under the Orders of the said Commissioners to be from time to time appointed for forming a Board of Health, in any County, City, Town or Place, in the Execution of the Powers of the said Commissioners under this Act, or in the doing or performing any matter or thing in Execution of the said Order of the said Commissioners, every such Person or Persons in guilty of refusing or opposing shall, on Conviction thereof before any Two Magistrates within his Jurisdiction, on the Oath or Affirmation of One or more credible Witnesses, or on the Confession of the Party to the contrary, incur such Penalty, not less than Two Shillings nor more than Five Pounds, as such Magistrates shall in their Discretion think proper to impose and collect, or in Failure of making Payment of such Fine, such Offender shall and may be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for any time not exceeding Three Months, and on such Conviction shall be qualified for Infamy, nor shall be removed or removable by Certificate or otherwise, nor subject to any Appeal whatever.

XIV. And he is further enacted, That in all Places where Fever Hospitals, or other Places for the Reception of poor Persons being afflicted with Fever or other infectious Malady shall be established, it shall and may be lawful, upon the Certificate of any Physicians, Apothecaries or Surgeons, that any Person is infected with such Fever or other infectious Malady, and that such Person is confined in not under proper Medical Care, and placed in such Comprehensions and under such Provisions as may most probably tend to prevent the Communication of Contagion to his Family or Neighbours, for the Commissioners forming any such Board of Health, or any Five of them, to order or direct, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, after day and exact inquiry into the Circumstances of the case, that such Person be confined and not being under such Medical Care and placed in such Comprehensions of Prevention as aforesaid, shall forthwith be removed into and placed in such Fever Hospital, or such other Place as shall be established for the Reception of such Patients; and such infected Person shall be removed and placed thereon accordingly: Provided always, that the said Commissioners in forming any such Board of Health shall, in all cases of such compulsory Removal of any Person or Persons into such Fever Hospital, make a special Report or Memorandum thereof, under the Hands of Five of the said Commissioners, to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or to he or their Chief Secretary, within Two Days after such Removal shall take place.

XV. And he is further enacted, That the said Commissioners in forming any such Board of Health shall, on the Monday in every Week during the Continuance of the Powers of such Commissioners under this Act, make a Report in Writing to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, under the Hands of Five of such Commissioners, and shall transmit the same to the Office of the Chief Secretary; and that in such Report there be a true and particular Account of all the Proceedings of the said Commissioners under this Act, so such Form as shall from time to time be directed by the said Commissioners, or in such Form as may at any time be directed by such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, or he or their Chief Secretary; and that whenever it shall be made appear by the Evidence of One or more Medical Persons, or by any other sufficient Means, to any Two Magistrates in any City, Town or District, in which such Board of Health shall be established under this Act, that the Number of Sick or the Danger of

P. 100.
Board of Health.

Money, employ
Persons, &c. &c.
under A. 1.
Money in a ho-
spital, &c. &c.
to be paid by
the Government
to be repaid by
Parliament, &c.
County, &c.

Refusing Orders
in Board of
Health.

Penalty.

In what cases
Board of Health
may order
infected Persons
to be removed
into Fever Ho-
spitals.

Report to be
made by
Commissioners.

Board of Health
to report
Weekly to L. & C.
Under their
seals, &c. &c.
shall send a
Copy.

Contagion or Infection are or is so decreed, that the Powers to be executed by or under such Board of Health shall be no longer necessary, such Two Magistrates shall certify the same to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of Ireland; and in such case, or whenever it shall by any Report of the said Commissioners, or by any other Means, appear to the Satisfaction of such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor, that the Powers of such Board of Health are no longer required in any such City, Town or District, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor, or his or their Chief Secretary, by Letter under his Hand, to signify to such Board of Health that they are no longer to exercise the Powers given to them by this Act; and thereupon all such Powers shall cease and determine, until the same shall be again reserved pursuant to the Directions of this Act.

In Addition for
extending Act.

General Office

Certs.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Action shall be brought against any of the Corporations to be created by virtue of this Act, or against any Commissioners to be appointed under or by virtue of this Act, or any Person employed by such Corporations or Commissioners in Execution of this Act, for any thing done in the Execution of any of the Powers or Duties by this Act given or required, the Defendant or Defendants may, in every such Suit, plead the General Issue, and give the Act and the Special Matters or Endorsements, and to every case where the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Suit shall fail, the Court in which such Suit shall be carried on shall award Costs to the Defendant or Defendants.

C. A. P. XLVIII.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, to encourage the Establishment of Banks for Savings, in England. [26th May 1818.]

17 G. 3. & 18 G.

Schedule (A.)
(B.) (C.) (D.)
and (E.) in or-
dinal Act in-
cluded, and other
Schedules instead
of Schedule
(A.) and (B.)
Office in Com-
missioners of
Highway Duties,
to Office Duties
in Form
marked (C.)

Men Debitors,
in Endorsement
the original Debit-
ments, may be
added according
to Schedule (D.)

Persons to Pay-
ment or Re-
turn of Debit-
ment, as Order
indicated on De-
bitment under
the Hands of the
Trustees accord-
ing to Schedule
(E.) shall be
produced.

A Certificate to
be granted there-
upon, applicable
to Form (F. 1.),
and Cash Book to
pay.

Trustees may re-
quire Interest on
Debitment to be
paid in the
Periods herein
mentioned

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled 'An Act to encourage the Establishment of Banks for Savings, in England: And Whereas the Forms in the Schedule to the said Act annexed have been found inconvenient in carrying the said Act into Effect, and it is therefore expedient to alter and amend the same: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the several Forms contained in the Schedule to the said recited Act annexed, marked (A.) (B.) (C.) (D.) and (E.) shall be and the same are hereby repealed; and that in all cases where, by the said recited Act, the Schedules marked (A.) and (B.) thereto annexed, are required to be used and applied, the Schedules marked (A.) and (B.) to this Act annexed, shall be used and applied to and in and instead thereof.

II. And be it further enacted, That upon the Payment of Money into the Bank of England, to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, as directed by the said recited Act, it shall be lawful for the Officer of the said Commissioners, and he is hereby authorized and empowered, to issue, upon every such Payment being made, one or more Debitments, making together the like Amount, according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C.)

III. And be it further enacted, That upon any Application for the Renewal of any Debitment or Debitments issued in pursuance of the said recited Act, it shall be lawful for the said Officer, and he is hereby authorized and empowered, to issue out one or more new Debitments of the like Amount, bearing the like Rate of Interest, according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (D.), in exchange for such original Debitment or Debitments, either with or without the Interest added thereto, whenever the time shall be required, and expressed in the Order of the Trustees, as directed by the said recited Act or this Act, in lieu of paying in Money such original Debitment or Debitments, with or without the Interest added thereto; provided always, that no fractional Part of a Pound shall be referred in such new Debitment, but such Fraction shall be paid in Money.

IV. And be it further enacted, That previous to the Payment of the Principal and Interest of any Debitment or Debitments, or to the Renewal of such Debitments, the Parties or Parties applying to receive such Payment, or new Debitment shall in all cases produce to the Officer of the said Commissioners as Officer, indicated on the Bank of the Debitment required to be paid or renewed, except as herein excepted, under the Hands of any Two of the Trustees of the Institution for which such Payment or Renewal shall be demanded, certified by Two other Trustees or Managers thereof, or by any Two credible Witnesses, according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (E.); and the said Officer shall, and he is hereby authorized and empowered, within Five Days after the Issuance of such Debitment shall have been computed and returned at the Office of the said Commissioners, to grant his Certificate to the Parties or Parties applying for any Payment to the Form specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (F. 1.); and upon the Production and Delivery at the Bank of England of such Certificate, the Cashier or Officers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall thereupon pay the Sum specified therein out of any Monies standing in the Names of the said Commissioners, in the Books of the Bank of England, or from the Sale of Stock purchased with the Monies originally invested in any Debitment or Debitments issued under the said recited Act or this Act, as the said Commissioners shall direct, any thing to the said recited Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That a shall and may be lawful for the Trustees of any such Institution from time to time, at any time after the Expiration of One Calendar Month next following the Twentieth Day of May and the Twentieth Day of November in any Year, to require that the Interest due on any such Debitment on such Twentieth Day of May or Twentieth Day of November respectively, shall be paid to such Parties or Parties as such Trustees shall from time to time direct, by any Order or Writing (which

(which shall not be liable to any Stamp Duty) under the Hands of Two such Trustees, attested by Two other Trustees or Managers, or any Two credible Witnesses, according to such Form as the said Commissioners shall direct; and the said Order shall be produced to the Officer of the said Commissioners, who shall certify thereon the Amount of Interest then due, and require the same to be paid; and upon the Production of such Order and such Certificate thereon at the Bank of England, the Cashier or Cashiers shall thereupon pay the Sum specified therein, out of any Money standing in the Name of the said Commissioners in the Books of the said Bank.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, upon the Application of the Trustees of any Saving Banks, in manner hereinafter mentioned, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, in lieu of paying off the Principal and Interest of any such Debenture or Debentures in Money, to enable their Agent or Agents (being able Cashiers of the said Governor and Company) to transfer such an Account of either Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, or Bank Annuities at the Rate of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum, as shall by Commission produce, as hereinafter directed, the like Amount in Money as the Account of the Principal and Interest of such Debenture or Debentures, out of any Account of the said Bank Annuities standing in the Names of the said Commissioners in the Books of the Bank of England, into the Name or Names of any Two of the said Trustees, whenever the same shall be expressed and required in the Order of the said Trustees, in lieu of paying such Debenture or Debentures in Money.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That before any Three per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, or Bank Annuities at the Rate of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum, shall be transferred from the Account of the said Commissioners, such Three per Centum, or Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum Bank Annuities, shall be first covered into Money by the Commission of the said Officer, according to the average Price of either Three per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, or Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum Bank Annuities, as the Option of the said Trustees expressed in their said Order, which shall be calculated at the Office of the said Commissioners, under and by virtue of any Act or Acts now in force, on the Day of the Delivery of such Order at their said Office, such Price being the average Price of the said Three per Centum or Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum Bank Annuities, on the Day preceding the Production and Delivery of the said Order as aforesaid; any thing in the said second Act or this Act to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That upon the Issue of any new Debenture or Debentures in Exchange for the original Debentures, with or without the Interest added thereto, such new Debenture or Debentures shall be dated by the said Officer on the Sixth Day from and after the Date of the Trustees' Order regarding the Issue of the same; and in like manner upon the Production of the Trustees' Order demanding Payment of any Debenture or Debentures in Money, the Certificate to be granted by the said Officer, to enable the Payment thereof, shall not be dated before the Sixth Day from and after the Date of the Trustees' Order demanding such Payment; any thing in the said second Act or this Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if at any time it shall happen, upon the Payment of the Principal and Interest of any Debenture or Debentures in Money, that the said Commission and Examination of the Interest thereof shall not be completed by the Sixth Day after the Day of the Date of the Trustees' Order demanding Payment as aforesaid, nothing in the said second Act or this Act contained shall be construed to prevent the Payment of the Interest which shall appear to be actually due upon such Debenture or Debentures, up to the Day inclusive immediately preceding the Day of the completing such Commission and Examination; and the said Officer is hereby authorized and empowered, in all such Cases to compute the Interest thereof up to the Day immediately preceding the Day of completing such said Commission and Examination; any thing in the said second Act or this Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Three per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, or Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum Bank Annuities, shall be required by the said Trustees to be transferred from the Account of the said Commissioners, as hereinafter directed, the said Officer shall and he is hereby authorized and empowered to grant his Certificate for that Purpose, to the Person or Persons applying for the same, according to the Form in the Schedule to the said Act annexed, marked (F. 2.), a Duplicate whereof shall be transmitted by the said Officer to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England; and upon the Production and Delivery of the said Certificate at the Bank of England, the said Agent or Agents of the said Commissioners shall, and he and they is and are hereby required to transfer from any Account of the said Commissioners, standing in the Books of the said Governor and Company, the Amount and Description of Stock therein Rated, into the Names of the Two Trustees of such Saving Bank or Institution as shall be specified and directed in such Certificate.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That upon every such Transfer of Stock being made from the Account of the said Commissioners, as hereinafter directed, the Accountant General of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall, within Five Days after such Transfer shall have been made, transmit to the Office of the said Commissioners, for Delivery to the Person applying for the same, a Certificate thereof, according to the Form in the Schedule to the said Act annexed, marked (G.).

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if at any time the said Trustees shall require the Payment or Renewal of more than One Debenture at one and the same time, it shall be lawful for any Two of the said Trustees to give one General Order in Writing under their Hands, attested by Two other Trustees or Managers, or any Two credible Witnesses, either for the Renewal or for the Payment thereof in Money, or

Commissioners may transfer Stock to the Account of Principal and Interest of Debentures.

Bank Act is to be covered into Money by Commissioners.

The Date of new Debentures.

and of Certificate.

Allowing the time to which Interest is to be computed.

Certificate to be placed on the transferring of Stock according to Schedule (F. 1.)

Accountant General of Bank to transmit Certificate to Commissioners.

Regulation in case of the Payment or Renewal of more than

One Debiture
may have
been entered.

for the Payment thereof in Specie as aforesaid, containing the Number and Amount of each Debiture, according to such Form as the said Commissioners shall direct, in lieu of indorsing such Order on the Back of each separate Debiture, as required by the said recited Act; and the Production and Delivery of such General Order, together with the several Debitures specified therein, to the Office of the said Commissioners, severally indorsed on the Back with the Names and under the Hands of the Two Trustees signing such General Order, shall be deemed as valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, as though such Order had been indorsed by the said Trustees on each Debiture separately; any thing in the said recited Act or this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Schedule to
27 G. 3. c. 135.
may be added, all
which entered in
Act are subject.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent the Use of the several Forms marked in the Schedule to the said recited Act annexed, for all the Purposes to which they are now applicable, notwithstanding the Revocation of the same, and the Adoption in lieu thereof of the several Forms in the Schedule to this Act annexed.

Debitures are
to be entered in
the Book, except by
such Indentures
to reflect the
Receipt of the
value.

XIV. And Whereas it is expedient more fully to provide against any improper Lendment of Money under the Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act; Be it therefore enacted, That the Privilege of paying Money into the Bank of England, and of receiving Debitures for the same, shall, from and after the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, be restricted to such Institutions only which shall, by one or more of their Rules, provide that the Sums paid by any Person who shall pay or subscribe any Sum by Ticket or Number or otherwise, without indorsing his or her Name to the Trustees of such Institutions, shall not exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds in any One Year; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, previous to the Payment of any Sum or Sums into the Bank of England, in pursuance of this Act, to require the Production of such Rule or Rules containing the said Sum or Sums to be so deposited, certified under the Hands of Two of the Trustees or Managers of such such Institution respectively, and any other Proof which they may think necessary to require.

Consequences
of National
Debt to require
Production of
Rules for the
Banking.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Privilege of paying Money into the Bank of England, and of receiving Debitures for the same, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be extended to such Institutions as may have been established at any time previous to the passing of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or who may have since formed or may hereafter form their Rules and Regulations according to the Provisions of the said recited Act and the Act; and it shall and may be lawful for the Trustees of such Institutions respectively to avail any Funds already accumulated by such Institutions, and which shall not have been involved in the case of the passing of this Act, in Debitures in manner authorized by the said recited Act and this Act.

Indentures
former provision
to 27 G. 3.
it is to be
the Trustees of
receiving Money
in the Bank, &c.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That no rules where any Banks for Savings have been or shall be established in any Town or Place, and other smaller Banks have been or shall be established in the Neighbourhood of such Town or Place, as Branch Banks thereof, and such Branch Banks by their Trustees have paid or shall pay any Sums into the Bank in any such Town or Place, as a Central Bank, it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees, or any Two of them, of any such Central Bank, or pay into the Bank of England, in manner prohibited by the said recited Act, along with the Monies belonging to such Central Bank, any Sum or Sums of Money belonging to and on account of any such Branch Bank: Provided always, that the Trustees of such Branch Banks shall certify to the Transfer of such Central Bank, that the Amount contributed by any one Subscriber to any such Branch Bank in any one Year, does not exceed the Proportions required by this Act.

Central Banks
may think the
Money of
Branch Banks.

Proviso.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever a Transcript of the Rules, Orders and Regulations, for the Management of any Institution requiring the Benefit of the said recited Act and of this Act, shall have been or shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division or Place wherein such Institution shall be established, pursuant to the Directions of the said recited Act, such Transcript shall be signed by Two Trustees of such Institution, and shall by such Clerk of the Peace be laid before the Justices for such County, Riding, Division or Place, at the General or Quarter Sessions next after the time when such Transcript shall have been so deposited; and it shall be lawful for such Justices then and there present, after due Consideration thereof, to reject and disapprove of such Part or Parts thereof as shall be repugnant to the true Intent and Meaning of the said recited Act and this Act, or to alter and confirm the said Transcript, or such Part or Parts thereof as shall be conformable to the true Intent and Meaning of the said recited Act and this Act: Provided always, that the said Justices shall signify such Rejection or Disapproval of any one or more of the Rules, Orders and Regulations contained in such Transcript by the Words "Rejected," or "Not approved;" written opposite such Rule or Rules, Order or Orders, Regulation or Regulations, and signed by the Chairman of such Sessions and such Rule or Rules, Order or Orders, Regulation or Regulations, as shall be so rejected or disapproved of, shall not be in force from the time of such Rejection or Disapproval; any thing in the said recited Act or this Act, or in any such Rules, Orders and Regulations, to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that the said Clerk of the Peace do, within the Space of Ten Days next after such Rejection or Disapproval, give Notice thereof in Writing to the Two Trustees of such Institution by whose the Transcript of such Rules, Orders and Regulations shall be signed as aforesaid.

Not to be
deposited in
the Clerk of
the Peace.

New Rule
not to be
entered.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Arbitration Bond or Bond of Reference, nor any Award, Order or Determination of any Arbitrator or Arbitrators, or Umpire, which shall be made under the General Rules, Orders or Regulations of any Institution, filed, or required by the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, and which Award, Order or Determination are by the said Act declared to be final without Appeal, shall be subject or liable to or charged with any Stamp Duty or Duties whatsoever.

Money in Trans-
action subject to
be Clerk of the
Peace.

A. 1818, Statute
No. 113 (which is
the 58th Geo. 3.)

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Arbitration Bond or Bond of Reference, nor any Award, Order or Determination of any Arbitrator or Arbitrators, or Umpire, which shall be made under the General Rules, Orders or Regulations of any Institution, filed, or required by the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, and which Award, Order or Determination are by the said Act declared to be final without Appeal, shall be subject or liable to or charged with any Stamp Duty or Duties whatsoever.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

(A.)

FORM of the Order of the Trustees to make Payments into the Bank of England, to be produced to the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.

WE, being Two of the Trustees of the Saving Bank established at [insert the Town and County] do, in pursuance of Two Acts, made in the Fifty seventh and Fifty eighth Years of the Reign of King George the Third, to encourage the Establishment of Banks for Savings in England, hereby authorize and direct A. B. to pay into the Bank of England, to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt
 Pounds, and to receive for the same, on account of us the said Trustees, a Saving Bank Debenture of the like Amount, [or, Saving Bank Debentures making the like Amount as under] carrying Interest at the Rate of Three Pence per Day for every One hundred Pounds; and we hereby declare that the Sum above stated is the exclusive Property of the said Saving Bank specified in this our Order, and arises from individual Contributors to the said Bank, or, from the Funds of Branch Banks connected with the said Bank, and vested to us by the Trustees of such Branch Banks to be the Produce of individual Contributions, not exceeding in any case the Amount specified in the said Act for the Contribution of each Contributor, or, from voluntary Donations to the Funds of the said Society, or, from the Funds of Friendly Societies, subscribed through their Officers in pursuance of the said Act, and in no other manner, nor from any other Source whatever.

Witness our Hands, this

Day of

Signed in the Presence of us, }
 E. Witness to the signing of C. }
 F. Witness to the signing of D. }

C. — } Trustees.
 D. — }

(B.)

CERTIFICATE of the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to enable Payments to be made into the Bank of England.

I Do hereby certify, That it appears by an Order dated _____ produced to me conformable to the Provisions of Two Acts, made in the Fifty seventh and Fifty eighth Years of the Reign of King George the Third, to encourage the Establishment of Banks for Savings in England, that Two of the Trustees of the Saving Bank established at [insert the Town and County] have authorized and directed A. B. to pay into the Bank of England, to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, the Sum of _____ Pounds, and to receive a Saving Bank Debenture of the like Amount, [or, Saving Bank Debentures making the like Amount as under] carrying Interest at the Rate of Three Pence per Centum per Diem.

Witness my Hand,

G. Superintendent.

(C.)

FORM of the DEBENTURE to be issued by the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.

No. _____ of

Received _____ of the Saving Bank established at _____
 in the County of _____ Pounds; which Sum is placed to the Account of the
 Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.

For the Governor and Company of the Bank of England,
 Entered, A. A. Cashier.

WHEREAS by virtue of Two Acts, made in the Fifty seventh and Fifty eighth Years of King George the Third, to encourage the Establishment of Banks for Savings in England, the above Sum hath been paid into the Bank of England to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, on account of the Saving Bank above stated; Now this Debenture is chargeable on the Moneys or Funds standing in the Name of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt at the Bank of England, and on the said Saving Bank to the said Principal Sum, carrying an Interest at the Rate of Three Pence per Day for every One hundred Pounds, from the Day of the Date hereof inclusive, payable at the Bank of England to the Trustees, or to their Use, by the Order of Two of such Trustees, on the Twentieth Day of May [or, Twentieth Day of November next] next after the Date hereof, or at any other time, upon the Production of such Order at the Office of the said Commissioners, and the Redemption hereon of the Name and under the Hand of Two of the Trustees of the said Saving Bank, drawing Payment thereof to be demanded by

by the *Perfora* producing the same; and the Interest shall in all cases be computed from the Day of the Date of the *Debiture* inclusive, up to and including the Five Days following the Day of the Date of each Order.

Witness my Hand, the Day and Days above written,

G. D. Superintendent.

This *Debiture* is not transferrable nor assignable.

(D.)

FORM of *DEBITURE* to be issued by the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt in Exchange for an Original *Debiture*, with or without the Interest added thereto.

No. _____

£ _____

WHEREAS by virtue of Two Acts, made in the Fifty seventh and Fifty eighth Years of King George the Third, to encourage the Establishment of Banks for Savings in England, a *Debiture* [or, *Debitures*] whereby the Principal, [or, the Principal and Interest] amounting to the Sum of Pounds, both [or, here] been received at the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, as account of the Saving Bank established at _____ in the County of _____

Now this *Debiture* is in Exchange for the same, and is chargeable on the Monies or Funds standing in the Names of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt at the Bank of England, and entitles the said Saving Bank to the said Sum above stated, carrying an Interest after the Rate of Three Pence per Day for every One hundred Pounds, from the Day of the Date hereof inclusive, payable at the Bank of England to the Trustees, or to their Ux, by the Order of Two of such Trustees, on the Twentieth Day of May [or, Twentieth Day of November] next after the Date hereof, or at any other time, upon the Production of such Order at the Office of the said Commissioners, and the Indorsement hereof of the Names and under the Hands of Two of the Trustees of the said Saving Bank, directing Payment thereof to be demanded by the *Perfora* producing the same; and the Interest shall in all cases be computed from the Day of the Date of the *Debiture* inclusive, up to and including the Five Days following the Day of the Date of each Order.

Witness my Hand, this _____

Day of _____

G. D. Superintendent.

This *Debiture* is not transferrable nor assignable.

(E.)

INDORSEMENT of the Order of the Trustees on the *Debiture* to receive Payment.

WE, Two of the Trustees of the Saving Bank within defined, do hereby authorize and direct G. D. to demand and receive both the Principal and Interest of the *Debiture* in Money, [or, to demand and receive the Interest due thereon in Money, and also a new *Debiture* of the like Amount, in lieu of the *Debiture*, bearing the like Rate of Interest;] [or, to demand a new *Debiture* [or, *Debitures*] of the like Amount, and the Interest added thereto, bearing the like Rate of Interest.]

Or,

and A. of _____

Two of the

Trustees of the Saving Bank within defined, do hereby require both an Amount of Three per Centum Consolidated [or, Reduced] Bank Annuities, [or, Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum Bank Annuities] to be transferred into our said Names, as Trustees of the said Saving Bank, in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, computed according to the Provisions of the Acts in that behalf made and provided, as shall produce by such Computation the like Amount as the Principal and Interest of this *Debiture* in Money.

Witness our Hands, this _____

Day of _____

A. — } Trustees of the
B. — } said Saving Bank.

Signed in the Presence of us, }
E. Witness to the Signing of A. }
F. Witness to the Signing of B. }

(F. a.)

CERTIFICATE of the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, to enable the Payment of One or more *Debitures* in Money.

[Do hereby certify to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, that a *Debiture* [or, *Debitures*] both [or, here] been delivered at the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, conformably to an Order under the Hands of Two of the Trustees of the Saving Bank established at [insert the Town and County] pursuant to the Provisions of Two Acts passed in the Fifty seventh and Fifty eighth Years of the Reign of King George the Third, to encourage the Establishment of Banks for Savings in England; and that the Sum to be paid as Account thereof in Money amounts

Double Costs.

Admons in Sen-
tial.

Double Costs.

Proceedings
where Ships have
been sent
onward to be
tried.

Double Costs.

Ships may be
transported from
the Bahamas and
Jamaica to
South America
on License.

His Majesty, in
Council, may
make further
Rules and
Orders.

Regulations as to
the Carriage of
Slaves from
one Settlement
to another by
Sea.

Proviso for ship-
ping Slaves in
Hullboats,
Sloops, &c.

And the Slave
trading Company
may contract
any other Masters
to Sea.

prosecuted or commenced in that Part of the United Kingdom called England or that Part called Ireland, or in any of His Majesty's Possessions on the Continent of South America or in the West India Islands, shall become cognate, or for so far further Prosecutions, or for so far Discontinuance, or if a Verdict shall pass against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover his, her or their Double Costs, for which he, she or they shall have the like Remedy as in cases where the Costs by Law are given to the Defendants; and if any such Action or Suit as aforesaid shall be commenced or prosecuted in the Part of Great Britain called Eng-land, the Court before which such Action or Suit shall be commenced or prosecuted shall allow to the Defendant the Benefit of the Discharge and Indemnity thereby provided, and shall further allow him the Double Costs of Suit in all such cases as aforesaid.

II. And be it also enacted, That if any Action or Suit hath been already commenced against any Person or Persons for any such Impartation, it shall and may be lawful for the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit respectively, in whatever Court of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland or in any of His Majesty's Possessions on the Continent of South America, or in the West India Islands, such Action or Suit shall have been commenced, to apply to such Court or Courts respectively, to stay all Proceedings thereon respectively, by Motion in a summary Way, and such Court or Courts are hereby required to make Order for that Purpose accordingly; and the Court or Courts making such Order shall allow and award to the Defend-ant or Defendants respectively Double Costs of Suit, for which they shall respectively have the like Remedy as in cases where the Costs are by Law given to the Defendant or Defendants.

III. And Whereas it has been represented that there is in the Bahama Islands, and on certain Islands in the Island of Dominica, a considerable Quantity of the Land which, from Length of Cultivation has become exhausted; And Whereas it has in consequence become impossible for the Possessors of such Land to find profitable Employment and Subsistence for the Negro Slaves who are their Property, and have hitherto been supported by cultivating the said Land: And Whereas it might tend to ameliorate the Condition of the said Negro Slaves if they could by Law be transported to various of His Majesty's Possessions on the Coast.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, to grant Licenses for the Transportation of such Slaves from any of the said Islands to any of the said Possessions on the Continent of South America, under certain Regulations and Restrictions, to be hereinafter provided: Provided always, that no such License shall be granted without upon a Representation to His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, from the Possessor of such Negro Slaves, who shall be required to produce satisfactory Proof that the said Slaves may be so transported without Detriment to themselves, and which he shall never use to remove the said Negro Slaves to America.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, to make such further Rules and Regulations, with respect to the Transport and Distribu-tion of any such Negroes, with such Penalties and Forfeitures for the Breach thereof, as shall from time to time see fit to His Majesty, by and with the Advice aforesaid.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to embark, ship, export or carry upon the Sea, any Slave or Slaves from any such Settlement or Territory, now belonging to, or under the Dominion, or in the Possession of His Majesty, on the Continent of South America, to any other Country, Island, Territory or Place whatever, whether under the Dominion of His Majesty, or of any Foreign Sovereign, State or Power; any thing in the said recited Acts or either of them, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, that nothing herebefore contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prohibit or prevent the embarking, shipping, export-ing or carrying by Sea any Slave or Slaves from any such Settlement or Territory, or belonging to, or under the Dominion, or in the Possession of His Majesty, on the Continent of South America, to any other Settlement or Territory now belonging to, or under the Dominion, or in the Possession of His Majesty, on the said Continent of South America, so as that such Slaves are embarked, shipped and so carried by Sea, under and subject to and according to all the Restrictions, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures in the said recited Acts or either of them contained, in relation to the carriage of Slaves from one Island, Colony or Plantation belonging to His Majesty, to any other Island, Colony or Plantation belonging to His Majesty: Provided also, that nothing herebefore contained shall prevent or be construed to prevent any Slave from being employed either in Navigation, Fishing or any other his ordinary Branch or Occupation upon the Sea, or in the same manner as Slaves may now be employed in any British West India Island, in Mines not according to any one Bond or Vattel then actually employed in carrying such Vessels or Boats: Provided also, that nothing herebefore contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent any Slave who shall be really and truly the domestic Servant of any Person residing or being in any such Settlement or Territory, now belonging to, or under the Dominion, or in the Possession of His Majesty as aforesaid, from attending his or her Owner, or Master or Mistress, or any Part of his or her Family, by Sea to any Place whatever, in the same manner and under the same Regulations as are prescribed by any of the said recited Acts as to Slaves attending their Masters from any British West India Island.

CAP. L.

An Act to amend and continue, until the Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twenty an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty, to repeal the Duties payable in Scotland upon Wask and Spirits, and Distillers Licences; to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and to establish further Regulations for the Distillation of Spirits from Corn, for Home Consumption, in Scotland.

(30th May 1818.)

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intimated *That an Act to repeal the Duties payable in Scotland upon Wask and Spirits, and Distillers Licences; to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and to establish further Regulations for the Distillation of Spirits from Corn, for Home Consumption, in Scotland, until the Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and it is expedient that the same should be altered, amended, and continued; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the said Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and until the Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twenty, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned; that is to say,*

38 G. 3. c. 128.

For every Gallon of Wort or Wask brewed or made in any Part or Place in Scotland, from any Malt, Corn, Grain or Tils, or any Mixture with the same, for extruding Spirits for Consumption in Scotland, Seven pence Halfpenny;

From May 10, 1818, to Nov. 20, 1820, the Duties herein mentioned to be levied.

For every Gallon of Spirits of the Strength of Seven per Centum above Proof, as denoted by the Hydrometer called *Sikes* Hydrometer, which shall be made or distilled from any Malt, Corn, Grain or Tils, or any Mixture therewith, in any Part or Place in Scotland, for Consumption in Scotland, Eight pence Halfpenny;

Duties on Worts and Spirits;

The said Duties to be paid by the respective Makers or Distillers of such Worts, Wask or Spirits respectively.

For every Licence to be taken out by any Distiller or Maker of Low Worts or Spirits, in any Part or Place in Scotland, for Sale therein, or for Exportation therefrom, the Sum of Ten Pounds;

On Licences.

For every Licence to be taken out by any Refiner of Spirits, in any Part or Place in Scotland, the Sum of Five Pounds;

The said Duties for Licences to be paid by the respective Distillers and Refiners taking out such Licences respectively.

II. And be it enacted, That the said Duties granted by this Act shall be under the same Management, and shall be raised, levied, collected, incurred and paid, in the same manner, and by the same Ways and Means, and under and subject to all the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and with and subject to such and the like Powers, Authorities and Declarations, as are provided by the said recited Act, except as altered and amended by this Act, and as are provided by an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, intimated *That an Act for repealing the Duties payable in Scotland upon Distillers Wask, Spirits and Licences, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; for the Management, Collection and Recovery of the Duties thereby granted, so far as the same are consistent with the said recited Act and with this Act.*

Duties to be levied under the Provisions of

38 G. 3. c. 127.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Duties granted by this Act (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Exchequer of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Windsor*, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

Duties paid into the Exchequer.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, every Distiller for Home Consumption in Scotland shall be charged with and pay the Duties granted by this Act, at and after the Rate of Twicken Gallons of Spirits of the Strength of Seven per Centum above Proof as aforesaid, for every One hundred Gallons of his or her Wort or Wask prepared or made from Malt, Corn, Grain or Tils, of a Gravity not exceeding Seventy, as indicated by the Saccharometer in manner after mentioned.

Rate at which Duty charged.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller or Distillers of Spirits for Home Consumption in Scotland shall, from the Commencement of the termination of his, her or their Licence, or when such Distiller or Distillers shall previously cease working for the Wort or Wask prepared or made from Malt, Corn, Grain or Tils, any Quantity of Spirits exceeding the Proportion of Twicken Gallons, for every Hundred Gallons of such Worts or Wask distilled into Spirits as aforesaid, every such Distiller or Distillers shall pay Duty for all such Spirits exceeding the Proportion aforesaid at and after the Rate of Four Shillings and Nine pence Halfpenny for every Gallon of such Excise, computed at the Strength of Seven per Centum above Proof as aforesaid, over and above all other Duties on Worts, Wask or Spirits whatsoever.

Where Spirits exceed Proportion of 14 Dist. twicken 100 Gallons of such Worts, an 8d. per Gallon paid for Excise.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the whole Quantity of Worts that are to be placed in any Wask Batch, Tun or Vessel for Fermentation, shall be collected therein within the Space of Twelve Hours from and after the Commencement of raising or conveying any Part of the said Worts from the Coppers or other Vessels; and all and every Distiller or Distillers shall within each Twelve Hours make and deliver to the

The whole Quantity of Worts for Fermentation collected within 12

as aforesaid, as often and at such times as he may think necessary to ascertain the Gravity and Quantity thereof or if such Distiller shall refuse or neglect to remove and put all such Composition or Mixture into the Wash Batch or Fermenting Tuns (specified in such Notice as aforesaid), immediately after the Worts are collected therein, and a Declaration of the Gravity thereof is delivered to, and the Gravity thereof has been tried by the Officer, for the fermenting of which the said Composition or Mixture was specified in such Notice as aforesaid, or shall keep in any such Vessel any such Composition which shall have become attuned to law as Twenty, as indicated by the said Saccharometer, or if such Distiller shall at any time increase the Gravity of such Composition or Mixture after Trial thereof shall have been once made by Means of the said Saccharometer, or if after such Trial shall have been made the Gravity of any such Composition or Mixture shall be found to be more than Five Degrees greater, as indicated by the said Saccharometer, than the Gravity thereby indicated on such Trial as aforesaid, every such Distiller so offending in any of the above Particulars, or in whole or in part any such Offence shall be committed, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always, that if any such Composition or Mixture made by any such Distiller shall not have become attuned to law as Twenty, as indicated by the said Instrument called a Saccharometer, and such Distiller shall within Twenty four Hours after such Composition or Mixture shall have been begun to be made, to be reckoned from the time that the Officer first took Account thereof, remove and put the whole thereof into the Wash Batch or Fermenting Tuns (specified in such Notice as aforesaid), in the Presence of the proper Officer of Excise, and if such Officer shall then find an Excess of the Quantity of Worts in such Wash Batch or Fermenting Tuns equal to the Amount arising from such Composition or Mixture put therein, such Composition or Mixture put therein shall be charged with Duty thereon as Part of the Worts or Wash in such Wash Batch or Tuns, and not distinctly and separately therefrom.

X. And Whereas the Distilling Fists with Wash is injurious to the Quality of the Spirits; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, no Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in England shall mix any Fists with any Wash or Low Wines, or put any Fists into any Still or other Vessel, or mix any Still into which any Wash or Low Wines shall then be, or any Wash into any Still or other Vessel or mix any Still where any Fists shall be; but shall, and every such Distiller is hereby required to provide a proper Fist Cask, sufficient to contain the whole Quantity of Fists necessary for one Charge of the Low Wine Still used by any such Distiller or Distillers; and every such Distiller shall, immediately on the extracting thereof, run and draw all the Fists which shall be produced from such Charge of his or her Still or Stills, directly from such Still or Stills into such Fist Cask, to be kept therein under the Lock of the Officer, and all Fists to be produced by any such Distiller shall be kept and continued in such Fist Cask under such Lock as aforesaid, until the full amount in Quantity to such Charge as aforesaid, and shall be pumped into the Low Wine Still as hereinafter mentioned; and the proper Officer of Excise shall and may from time to time, during such time as aforesaid, take a true Charge, and try the Strength of all Fists in such Fist Cask, and cast and compute the same at the rate of Seven per Centum above Hydrostatic Proof, and keep an exact Account thereof: Provided always, that no such Distiller shall collect or keep at any one time a greater Quantity of Fists than is sufficient for One Charge of the Low Wine Still used by him or her; and that so soon as such Quantity of Fists shall be so collected as aforesaid, every such Distiller shall, and be and he is hereby required to give Notice to the proper Officer that such Fists are so collected, and of his or her Location to charge his or her Low Wine Still therewith, and upon the Officer's attending pursuant to such Notice, to pump all such Fists, in the Presence of such Officer, from and out of such Fist Cask into the Low Wine Still used by such Distiller, and to run the Produce thereof from such Low Wine Still into the Low Wine Receiver; and any Distiller offending in any of the above Particulars shall for every Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distiller or Distillers to apply at any time for a License to still under the Authority of this Act, but that every such License shall expire on the Ninth Day of November immediately subsequent to the Day of the Commencement of such License.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act and the said first recited Act, as altered and amended by this Act and hereby contained, shall be and remain in force until the said Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and the said recited Act and this Act shall be construed and actions Effect together, in the same manner as if such Parts of the said first recited Act as are hereby contained had, as hereby altered, been made Part of this Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

CAP. LI.

An Act to amend certain Acts passed in the Fourth Year of King Edward the Fourth, Fifth and Tenth Years of Queen Anne, First, Twelfth and Thirteenth Years of King George the First, Thirteenth, Twentieth and Twenty sixth Years of King George the Second, and Thirteenth and Fifty seventh Years of King George the Third, prohibiting the Payment of the Wages of Workmen in certain Trades otherwise than in the lawful Coin or Money of this Realm.

[30th May 1815.]

WHEREAS in and by certain Provisions contained in an Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reiga of His Majesty King Edward the Fourth, and by certain other Provisions of an Act passed in the First Year of the Reiga of Her Majesty Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for the more effectual promoting the Trade and Profits of Persons employed in the working up the Woolen, Linnen, Fustian, Cotton and Iron* &c. &c. &c.

Twenty still
Regulations as
to increasing
Mistaken.
In what case
Mistaken
charged as Part
of the Worts.

No Fists to be
mixed with
Wash, &c.
Which to be pro-
vided to contain
the Quantity
necessary for a
Charge.
Regulations for
pumping the
Fists, &c.

Fists to be
collected and
keeping Fists.

Proviso need.

When License
to expire.

Continuance
of Act and of
25 G. 3. c. 125.

Act may be al-
tered, by this
Session.

- 10 ANN. c. 16. *Manufacturers of this Kingdom; and by certain other Provisions of an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled An Act for regulating, improving and encouraging the Woollen Manufacture of Miss or Mordley Broad Cloth, and for the better Payment of the Poor employed therein;*
- 1 G. 3. 1802. c. 12. *and by certain other Provisions of an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intitled An Act to make an Act of the Tenth Year of His late Majesty, intitled An Act for regulating, improving and encouraging the Woollen Manufacture of Miss or Mordley Broad Cloth, and for the better Payment of the Poor employed therein, more effectual for the Benefit of Trade in general;*
- 7 ANN. c. 25. *and also in reader more effectual an Act of the Twelfth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act for the better effectuating the Lengths and Breadths of Woollen Cloth made in the County of York;*
- 22 GE. 3. c. 26. *and by certain other Provisions of an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty King George the Third, intitled An Act to prevent unlawful Combination of Workmen employed in the Woollen Manufacture, and for the better Payment of their Wages; and by certain other Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Third, intitled*
- 15 GE. 3. c. 23. *An Act for the better Regulation of the Woollen Manufacture, and for preventing Disputes among the Persons concerned therein; and for limiting a time for prosecuting the Persecutors appointed by an Act of the Twelfth Year of His Majesty's Reign, in case of Payment of the Workmen's Wages in any other manner than in Money; and by certain other Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled An Act to regulate and amend an Act made in the Fifth*
- 28 C. 2. c. 47. *Year of the Reign of His late Majesty Queen Anne, intitled An Act for the more effectual preventing the Abuse and Frauds of Persons employed in the working up the Woollen, Linnen, Fustian, Cotton and Iron Manufactures of this Kingdom, and for extending the said Act to the Manufactures of Leather; and by certain other Provisions of an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Second, intitled An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuse committed by Persons employed in the Manufacture of Hats, and in the Woollen, Linnen, Fustian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair and Silk Manufactures; and for the preventing the unlawful Combination of Journeymen Dyers and Journeymen Reproffers, and of all Persons employed in the said several*
- 28 GE. 3. c. 23. *Manufactures; and for the better Payment of their Wages; and by certain other Provisions of an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty King George the Second, intitled An Act to reader more effectual an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George, to prevent unlawful Combination of Workmen employed in the Woollen Manufactures, and for better Payment of their Wages; and also an Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, for the better Regulation of the Woollen Manufacture, and for preventing Disputes among the Persons concerned therein, and for limiting a time for prosecuting the Persecutors appointed by the aforesaid Act, in case of the Payment of the Workmen's Wages in any other manner than in Money; and by certain other Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for amending and rendering more effectual the several Laws now in being for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuse, by Persons employed in the Manufacture of Hats, and in the Woollen, Linnen, Fustian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair and Silk Manufactures, and also for making Provisions to prevent*
- 27 GE. 3. c. 41. p. 14. *Frauds by Journeymen Dyers; as well as by the Provisions of Two other Acts of the Fifty seventh George the Third, the one intitled An Act to ratify the Provisions of an Act of the Twelfth Year of His late Majesty King George the Fifth, and an Act of the Twenty second Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, against the Payment of Labourers in Goods or by Trust, and to secure their Payment in the lawful*
- 17 GE. 3. c. 126. *Money of this Realm in Labourers employed in the Manufacture of Articles made of Wool, or of Steel or Iron, and of Plated Articles, and of other Articles of Cutlery; and the other intitled An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act of the Twelfth Year of His late Majesty King George the Fifth, and an Act of the Twenty second Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, against Payment of Labourers in Goods or by Trust, and to secure their Payment in the lawful Money of this Realm, to Labourers employed in the Galleries, or in the working and plying of Coal, in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and for extending the Provisions of the said Acts in Scotland and Ireland; the Payment of the Wages of Workmen in certain Trades and Occupations in the aforesaid Acts mentioned, in any other Way than in the lawful Coin or Money of this Realm, is prohibited and made void; And Whereas it would be expedient that Persons concerned in the Trade or Occupations, or concerned in the Employment of Artificers, Workmen or Labourers, of the Descriptions mentioned in the aforesaid Acts, should be provided in all Cases where such Artificers, Workmen or Labourers, shall be willing to receive the same in Payments, to satisfy and pay the Wages of such Artificers, Workmen or Labourers, in Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or in Notes of any duly licensed Banker or Bankers, issued under the Authority and according to the Provisions of the Acts for the time being for granting and regulating the Stamp Duties, and other the Acts or Acts for the time being, for that Purpose made and provided; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Person or Persons concerned in the Trade or Occupations, or concerned in the Employment of Artificers, Workmen or Labourers of the Descriptions mentioned in the aforesaid Acts, or any of them, to pay the Wages of their, his or her Workman or Workmen, Labourer or Labourers, Artificer or Artificers, in a Note or Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or in a Note or Notes of any duly licensed Banker or Bankers, issued under the Authority of the Statutes for the time being in that behalf made and provided, and according to the Provisions of the Statute for the time being for granting and regulating the Stamp Duties in all Cases where*

Where any be
paid in Bank
Notes of the
Party concerned.

where his, her or their Labour or Labourers, Workmen or Workwomen, Artificers or Artificers, shall freely and voluntarily consent, and be willing to accept and receive the same in Payment or Satisfaction of his, her or their Wages, but not otherwise.

* II. And Whereas by the said Acts or some of them it is provided, that the Forfeitures and Penalties thereby imposed on Persons concerned in the Trades and Occupations, or concerned in the Employment of Artificers, Workmen and Labourers of the Delinquents therein mentioned, who shall pay the Wages of the said Artificers, Workmen or Labourers, or any Part thereof, otherwise than in the lawful Coin or Money of this Realm, contrary to the Provisions of the said Acts, shall be paid in some Coin to the Artificers, Workmen and Labourers, and in other Cases One Moiety to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Party or Parties aggrieved: And Whereas it would tend to the more early Conviction of Offenders, if the said Forfeitures and Penalties were in future in all Cases to be paid, One Moiety to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Poor of the Parish in which the Offence is committed: Be it therefore enacted, That so much of the said Acts or any of them as directs the Payment of the said Forfeitures and Penalties, either to the Labourers, Artificers or Workmen themselves, or in equal Moieties to the Informer and to the Party or Parties aggrieved, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person or Persons shall incur and be convicted in any Penalty or Penalties under any of the said Acts, such Penalty or Penalties, in which any such Person or Persons shall be so convicted, instead of being applied as by the said Acts or any of them is directed, shall be paid and applied, One Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor, or in Default to the Kirk Session of the Parish within which the said Offences shall have been committed, for the Use of the Poor of the said Parish.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the Informer shall be called to give Evidence, the whole of the Penalty shall in that Case go to the Poor of the Parish.

* V. And Whereas Difficulties have occurred in the Execution of the aforesaid Acts by reason of there being no Form of Conviction thereto enacted: Be it therefore enacted, That for the more effectually preventing the periodical Difficulties mentioned in the said recited Acts, and for the more early and effectual carrying into Effect the wholesome Provisions of the said Acts, the Form of Conviction referred to in Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, shall be deemed and taken to be the legal and proper Form of Conviction, as to any Penalty or Penalties to be incurred under any or either of the aforesaid Acts.

VI. And be it also further enacted, That all the Powers, Privileges, Reprehensions, Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures in the said Acts or any of them contained, for the Purposes aforesaid, shall be executed enforced, levied, recovered and applied, in as ample and full a manner as if the same had been hereby enacted.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

Before or on the } BE it remembered, That on this
Day of } at } in the said County
of } A. D. of } was duly convicted
(Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace to and for the
County aforesaid), in the Penalty of } far being paid or caused to be paid the Sum of
due to C. D. of the Parish of } for Wages for Work done for him the
said A. B. in the Trade or Occupation of } otherwise than as provided and directed by an Act
passed in the Fifty-eighth Year of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled *An Act to amend certain
Acts passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of King Edward the Fourth; First and Tenth Years of the
Reign of Queen Anne; the Fifth, Twelfth and Thirteenth Years of the Reign of King George the First; the
Thirteenth, Twenty-second and Twenty-sixth Years of the Reign of King George the Second; and the Thirteenth
and Fifty-fourth Years of the Reign of King George the Third; prohibiting the Payment of the Wages
of the Workmen in certain Trades, otherwise than in the lawful Coin or Money of this Realm.* Given under
our Hands and Seals the Day and Year first above written.

C A P. III.

An Act to continue, until the Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty, an Act of the Fifty-second Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Prosecution of the Peace, by enforcing the Duties of Watching and Warding. [30th May 1818.]

* WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty-second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled
"An Act for the more effectual Prosecution of the Peace, by enforcing the Duties of Watching and
Warding, until the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in those Parts where Dis-
tresses prevail or are apprehended, which Act was afterwards renewed, and has been continued, by an Act
of the last Session of Parliament, until the Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eighteen;
and it is expedient that the same shall be further continued;" Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most
Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Com-
mons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act of the
Fifty-second Year of His said Majesty's Reign shall be and the same is hereby further continued until the
Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

C A P.

C A P. LIII.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to make further Provision for His Royal Highness the Duke of Kent, and to settle an Annuity on the Princess of Leiningen, in case the said Prince his said Royal Highness.
[20th May 1818.]

Most Gracious Sovereigns,

WHERE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, having taken into Consideration the Petitions of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, setting in the Name and on the behalf of His Majesty, commencing that a Treaty of Marriage was in Negotiation between His Royal Highness the Duke of Kent and Her Serene Highness Mary Louise Victoria, Widow of the late Prince of Leiningen and Sister of the reigning Duke of Saxe Coburg and Gotha and of his Royal Highness Leopold George Frederick Prince of Saxe Coburg and Gotha, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by any Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to give and grant unto His said Royal Highness the Duke of Kent, for and during His Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure, an Annuity or Yearly Sum of Six thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, in such Proportions, and in such manner and Form as His Majesty in His Wisdom shall think fit to direct and appoint the same; which Annuity shall commence and take effect, from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and shall be paid and payable Quarterly in equal Portions, at the Four most usual Days of Payment in the Year, (that is to say, the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October, the Fifth Day of January, and the Fifth Day of April in each and every Year; and also that it shall and may be lawful to and for The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to give and grant unto Her said Serene Highness Mary Louise Victoria Princess of Leiningen, when she shall become Duchess of Kent, or so such other Person or Persons as His Majesty shall think fit to be named in such Letters Patent, and her or their Heirs, in the Life of or in Years for His said Serene Highness, an Annuity of ten thousand Pounds of the lawful Money, which shall have Commencement and take effect immediately from and after the Death of His said Royal Highness the Duke of Kent, in case Her said Serene Highness shall survive him, and shall continue from thenceforth for and during the natural Life of Her said Serene Highness, and shall be paid and payable in equal Portions at the Four Days of Payment herebefore mentioned; the First Payment thereof to be made as such of the said Days of Payment as shall first and next happen after the Death of His said Royal Highness the Duke of Kent, in case Her said Serene Highness shall survive him as aforesaid; and that the said several Annuities shall and may be and by such Letters Patent be directed to be respectively issuing and payable out of and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, (after paying or referring sufficient to pay all such Sums as have been directed to be paid out of the same by any Act or Acts of Parliament made previous to the time of passing this Act,) but with preference to all other Payments which shall or may at any time or times after the passing of this Act be charged upon and payable out of the said Fund.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said several Annuities, as the same shall take effect, shall be paid and payable during the Continuance of the same respectively at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster; and the Auditor of the said Receipt shall and he is hereby required by virtue of such Letters Patent respectively to make forth and pay Debentures from time to time for paying the said several Annuities during the Continuance of the same respectively, and as the same shall become due and payable, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same, or any Part thereof; and the said Debentures to be made forth and paid as aforesaid shall be a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer now and for the time being for the Payment of the said several Annuities, as the same shall take effect, according to the Directions of this Act, without any further or other Warrant to be had for, had or obtained in that behalf.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said several Annuities, and every Part thereof respectively, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Rates and Assessments, and all other Charges whatsoever, imposed or to be imposed by Authority of Parliament or otherwise.

C A P. LIV.

An Act to grant certain Rates, Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Carriages and Dogs, in lieu of former Rates, Duties and Taxes therein; and to provide for the Payment thereof to the Collectors of Excise; and for the more effectual accounting for the same.
[18 June 1818.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal the several Rates, Duties and Taxes payable in Ireland in respect of Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants and other Male Persons, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, granted by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth Sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intimated An Act to grant certain Rates, Duties and Taxes in Ireland in respect of Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Carriages and Dogs, in lieu of former Rates, Duties and Taxes, and to provide for the

An Annuity of
6000*l.* to be
Paid to the
Duke of Kent.

Payable
Quarterly

A 5th Annuity
to the Duchess
for Life if she
survive the
Duke, payable
Quarterly.

The said An-
nuities payable
out of Consolidated
Fund.

As the Receipt
of the Exche-
quer, without
Fee.

Assessment due
of Taxes.

more efficient Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, and to grant other Rates, Duties and Taxes in less direct, and to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of all such Rates, Duties and Taxes: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the several Rates, Duties and Taxes on Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants and other Male Persons, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, granted in and by the heretofore recited A.B. and all Regulations and Directions contained in or made by the said A.B. shall cease and determine, and shall be and the same are hereby repealed, except in so far as the said A.B. recite any former Act or Acts, and except also in so far as the said recited Act relates to the charging, assessing, levying, paying, allowing, repaying, or recovering for any Rate, Duties and Taxes on Arrears thereof, due or incurred on or previous to the last Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, save as hereinafter otherwise is provided for the Payment and Collection of the same, and also except in so far as may concern or relate to the prosecuting, suing for and recovering of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture for any Offence against the said A.B. or for any Offence against any Act or Acts relating to the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, which shall have been or shall be committed on or before the last Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and except in so far as relates to any Suit or Proceedings which may have been commenced or continued, or shall be commenced or continued at any time after the last Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and before the passing of this Act, for or in respect of, or relating to any such Rates, Duties and Taxes; and which said Suits or Proceedings shall and may be proceeded on to Judgment and Execution to all Intents and Purposes as if the said A.B. had not been repealed and determined.

II. And he is further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, there shall be levied, raised, collected, paid and satisfied unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon and in respect of the several Fire Hearths or other Places for Firing or Stoves, Windows or Lights, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Carriages, Carriages and Dogs specified, described and contained in the several Schedules marked A., B., C., D., E., F., G., H. and I. respectively in this Act recited, the several Amounts, Sums of Money, Rates, Duties and Taxes as they are respectively described and set forth in the said respective Schedules; and that the said several Schedules, and all and every the Rules, Regulations, Exemptions and Abatements therein respectively specified and contained, shall be deemed and taken to be a Part of the Act to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and the said Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be in law and in fact and in full Satisfaction of all Rates, Duties and Taxes granted by any former Act or Acts of Parliament upon and in respect of the like Articles, matters and things, except such Rates, Duties and Taxes as have been imposed heretofore upon Purpools in Ireland by any Act or Acts of Parliament.

III. Provided always and he is enacted, That every Assessment and Charge of the Rates, Duties and Taxes, in respect of Fire Hearths and other Firing Places or Stoves, and of Windows or Lights, Male Servants and other Male Persons, Horses, Carriages, Carriages and Dogs, or of any of them, which shall have been made, and also every Act or Acts which shall have been done or performed by any Officer or other Person appointed by or acting under the Orders or Directions of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, in relation to the same, at any time since the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and before the passing of this Act, pursuant to the Regulations and Provisions of the said Act heretofore recited and repealed, shall be and the same is and are hereby declared to be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

IV. And he is further enacted, That all Rates, Duties and Taxes by this Act and the several Schedules hereto annexed, granted and made payable, shall be paid and payable and received and receivable in British Currency; and that all and every the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, the necessary Charges of making and accounting for the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

V. And he is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officers or Officers, or other Persons who now is or are or hereafter shall be appointed by or acting under the Orders and Directions of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, for the charging, assessing, collecting or representing the charging, assessing or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, at any time in the Day time between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Forenoon and Sunset, to enter into any House, and into every Out-house, Office or Edifice appertaining or belonging thereto, and into the several Apartments and Places therein, and to take Information, from his own View and Survey, of the Number of Fire Hearths and other Places for Firing or Stoves therein, and also of the Number of Windows or Lights therein; and such House, Office or Edifice shall be charged accordingly with the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of the Number of Fire Hearths and other Places for Firing or Stoves, and of Windows or Lights therein; and if any such Officer or Officers, or other Persons authorized as aforesaid, shall act, on Demand or Entrance by knocking or otherwise, obtain Admission into any such House, Out-house, Office or Edifice, or other Admittance shall not be suffered to enter into all and every the Apartments and other Places therein respectively, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer, or other Person authorized as aforesaid, and he is required to leave a Notice at such House with any Person resident therein above the Age of Sixteen Years, setting forth, that such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, will attend at such House at a certain Day and Hour to be specified in such Notice, such Hour to be within the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Forenoon and Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, and requiring to be admitted into such House, Out-house, Office or Edifice, and into every Apartment and Place therein respectively; and if such Officer or other Person

The Rates on Fire Hearths, Windows, &c. repealed except Arrears, &c.

The Taxes specified in Schedules A. to I. annexed to said Act.

Assessments and Proceedings thereon, from Jan. 5, 1818, to be valid.

Duties paid in British Currency, and received in Consolidated Fund.

Officers may enter Houses to ascertain the Number of Hearths and Windows.

If Admittance be not obtained, Officers to leave Notice of attending at a certain Day and Hour.

Refusing Ad-
mission, after
such Notice,
Penalty not.

Penalty of an
Officer appears
to require
Notice.

Penalty not.

Advantages to
any Apartment
except the
Kitchen or Gar-
den may be
entailed, it is
Change for One
Hearth, and
Three Windows
to be charged
Occupier.

But when it can
be ascertained,
whether a Entry,
Chairs only
or also for several
Members.

Owner of
House let or
different Appar-
tments, deemed
Occupier.

Rates may be
levied on Goods
of Occupier.

Rates to be
charged for the
whole Year, for
each Number of
Hearths and
Windows or
shall be in the
Hearths on the
1st January,
and all additional
ones.

Rating Rates,
by Rating of
Fire Places or
Windows.
Penalty not.

What shall be
deemed Rapp-
ing up of Fire
Places or Win-
dows.

Notice to be
affixed on the
Church Doors,
day of entry
Parish, requiring
Parishioner de-
clares in An-
nual in An-
nual of the
Currying, Ser-
vice, and

Persons authorized as aforesaid shall not at the time mentioned in such Notice obtain Admission into such House, Outhouse, Office or Edition, and into every Apartment and Place therein into which he shall require to be admitted, the Occupier of such House, or the Person deemed the Occupier within the Provisions of this Act, in the order may be, shall for such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pence; and if no Person shall appear at such House, Outhouse, Office or Edition, from whom such Officer or other Person as aforesaid may make Demand of Entrance, or on whom such Notice can be served, then such Officer or other Person as aforesaid shall and he is required to post such Notice as aforesaid on the Door of such House, Outhouse, Office or Edition; and if such Officer or other Person as aforesaid shall not at the time mentioned in such Notice be admitted into such House, Outhouse, Office or Edition, and into every Apartment and Place therein, then the Occupier or Person deemed the Occupier thereof shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pence.

VI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That the Occupier of every such House, or any Person who shall attend such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid upon such Service, may refuse to permit such Officer or other Person to be admitted into any Room or Apartment, except the same be a Kitchen or a Room in an Outhouse, provided that such Occupier or Person who shall be served shall consent that the Tax in respect of One Fire Hearth and of Three Windows shall be charged for such Room or Apartment, and in such case every such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall accordingly charge such House with the Tax for One Fire Hearth and Three Windows for every such Room or Apartment, and no more, unless it shall be ascertained by such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, without coming into such Room or Apartment, that the same contains a greater number of Fire Hearths, Firing Places or Stoves than One, or a greater Number of Windows or Lights than Three; and such Tax shall be paid accordingly: Provided always, that if it shall be ascertained by such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, without entering into such Room or Apartment, that the same does not contain any Fire Hearth or Firing Place or Stove, or contains any less Number of Windows or Lights than Three, every such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall not charge such House with the Tax for any Fire Hearth or Firing Place or Stove for any such Room or Apartment, nor with any Tax for any greater Number of Windows than shall be actually contained in any such Room or Apartment, as the case may require.

VII. Provided always, and he it enacted, That where any House or any Part thereof is or shall be let in different Apartments to any Person or Persons, the Owner of such House in letting the same, or for which Benefit such Letting is made, shall be deemed the Occupier thereof, and shall be charged with and be liable to pay the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of the Fire Hearths and Stoves or other Fire Places, and of the Windows or Lights in such House, with every Outhouse, Office or Edition appertaining thereto.

VIII. And he it further enacted, That the Rates, Duties and Taxes on Fire Hearths, Firing Places and Stoves, and on Windows or Lights, shall be charged on and payable by the Occupiers of such Houses respectively, on the Persons having the Right to occupy the same respectively, and shall and may be levied at any time by Deputies and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Occupier or Person having the Right aforesaid, during whose Occupancy or Right therein, such Rates, Duties and Taxes shall have been or shall be incurred; and that any Arrears of such Rates, Duties and Taxes, not exceeding One Year's Amount, exclusive of the Rates, Duties and Taxes of the current Year in which a Distress shall be made, and no more, shall and may be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of any subsequent Occupier of such House.

IX. And he it further enacted, That the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Fire Hearths or other Fire Places and Stoves, and Windows or Lights, shall be charged Yearly and every Year for the whole Year, commencing on the Sixth Day of January, for each Number of Fire Hearths, or other Fire Places and Stoves, and Windows or Lights, on the Sixth Day of January in any such Year as in any House, or in any such Outhouse, Office or Edition appertaining or belonging thereto, and also for any and every additional Fire Hearth or other Place for Firing, or Stove, and Window or Light, which at any time after the Sixth Day of January, in any such Year shall be in or be made or spread in any such House, or in any such Outhouse, Office or Edition; and if any Person at any time after the Fifth Day of January in any such Year, and in order to evade the Payment of the Duty with which the same are chargeable by Law, shall stop up or in any manner cover or conceal any Hearth, Fire Place or Stove, or any Window or Light, chargeable with the said Rate, Duty or Tax, every such Person shall forfeit and pay Ten Pence, and shall be charged and added for the like Duty or Tax as if such Hearth or Window had not been stopped: Provided always, that the stopping up, covering or concealing any Hearth, Fire Place or Stove, or any Window or Light, shall in every Case be deemed to have taken place after such Sixth Day of January, unless the contrary shall be proved by the Party who shall be found for such Penalty and Forfeiture.

X. And he it further enacted, That no Hearth, Fire Place, Stove, Window or Light shall be deemed to be stopped up, to be discharged from the Rates and Duties payable on the same from and after the Fifth Day of January next, unless the title of such stopping up, unless such Hearth, Fire Place or Stove be built up with Stones or Bricks and Mortar made with Lime, to be thereby to be wholly unfit for Use or such Window or Light be wholly stopped up with the like Materials as the Wall or Roof adjoining thereto respectively is composed of.

XI. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for every such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, and such Officer or other Person is authorized shall and is hereby required, once in every Year, or oftener if necessary, between the Fifth Day of January and the Fifth Day of July in every Year, to affix or cause to be affixed on the Doors of the Church or Chapel, or Market House, or Public School House (if any such there shall be) of every Parish or Place within the respective Wards or Divisions of such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, or in each of the Parishes or Places as shall be prescribed and directed by the said Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, and if any Parish or Place shall not have a Church or Chapel, Market House or Public School House, then as the

Doors of the Church or Chapel or Market House of the paroch or adjoining Parish, a general Notice, signed by such Officer or other Person in such Form as shall have been or shall be directed by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, requiring that every Person residing in the said Parish or Place liable to the said Rates, Duties or Taxes, or any of them, shall make out and deliver as Account of every Hearth, Firing Place or Stove, and Windows or Lights, Carriage, Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding, and Dog, kept, kept, used, retained or employed by such Person at any time after the Fifth Day of January next preceding the Date of such Notice, directed so or for the said Officer, or so or for the said Person authorized as aforesaid, at some House or Place to be specified in such Notice, within Twenty one Days next after the Date of such Notice; and such general Notice shall from time to time when the same shall be affixed be deemed a Requisition or Demand upon every Person within such Parish or Place to deliver such Account within the said Space of Twenty one Days accordingly; and if any Person in such Parish or Place shall neglect or refuse to make out and deliver such Account at the House or Place mentioned in such Notice, directed in manner aforesaid, within the said Space of Twenty one Days, or shall make or deliver any untrue or false Account, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and every Person shall be liable to such Penalty for not complying with such general Notice, whether any particular Notice requiring any such Account shall have been delivered or left to or for such Person or not; and any Person who shall wilfully omit, neglect or obstruct any such Notice as aforesaid, shall forfeit for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, at the Discretion of the Court or Justice before whom such Person shall be convicted of such Offence.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whether such general Notice shall be given and affixed or not as aforesaid, such Officer or Person authorized as aforesaid shall give to every Person in his Walls, Dwelling or District, liable or supposed to be liable to the Rates, Duties and Taxes on Hearths, Fire Places or Stoves, Windows or Lights, or any Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding and Dog, or any of them, and shall leave or cause to be left at the last or latest Place of Abode of such Person a particular Notice, requiring such Person to deliver such Account, and such Person shall and is hereby required to deliver the same within Ten Days next after such Notice shall be given or left as aforesaid; and if any Person shall make Default in delivering such Account within such Ten Days, or shall make or deliver any untrue or false Account, every such Person for every such Offence shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and every such Person shall be liable to the said Penalties for not complying with such Notice, whether any such general Notice as aforesaid shall have been given or affixed as aforesaid or not: Provided always, that any Person who shall deliver such Account as shall be required by such general Notice shall not be bound to deliver such Account as shall be required by any particular Notice, nor shall be subject to any Penalty for not complying with the same; and any Person who shall deliver any such Account as shall be required by any particular Notice shall not be bound to deliver such Account as shall be required by any general Notice, nor shall be subject to any Penalty for not complying with any general Notice.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person in Ireland occupying or having the Right to occupy any House in which, with any Outbuild, Office or Edifice appertaining or belonging thereto, there shall be at any time after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, or after the Fifth Day of January in any subsequent Year, Four or more Hearths or Places for firing or Stoves, or Stoves or more Windows or Lights, and that every Person in Ireland having, keeping, using, retaining or employing or having kept, kept, used, retained or employed, after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, or after the Fifth Day of January in any subsequent Year, any Carriage with Four Wheels, or any Carriage with less than Four Wheels or any Male Servant, or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any Dog, upon or in respect of whom or which any Rate, Duty or Tax is or may be chargeable by Law, shall from time to time, upon Demand made by the proper Officer or any other Person authorized thereto, or within Ten Days next after a Notice shall be served or left at the usual Place of Residence of such Person respectively, deliver to such Officer or Person in such Form as shall be mentioned in such Notice, a true Account in Writing, under his or her Hand, of every Hearth or Place for Firing, or Stove or Window or Light, in any such House, Outbuild, Office or Edifice, and of every such Carriage, and of every such Male Servant or other Male Person, and of every such Horse, Mare and Gelding, and of every such Dog, which any such Person shall or may have kept, kept, used, retained or employed, or shall or may have kept, kept, used, retained or employed, at any time after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, or at any time after the Fifth Day of January in any subsequent Year; and which said Account shall contain the Name and Surname of such Person, the Name of his or her Residence or Place of Abode at the time of delivering such Account, and of the Place, Parish, Barony, City, Town and County, as the Case may be, in which such Residence is situate, and the greatest Number of Fire Hearths or Places for Firing or Stoves, and of Windows or Lights respectively, which were in his or her House, with every such Outbuild, Office or Edifice appertaining or belonging thereto, on the Sixth Day of January then next preceding the Delivery of such Account, or between the said Day and the time of delivering the said Account, and shall set forth the whole Number of Carriages, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs, kept or used, retained or employed by such Person at his or her said Residence, or at any other Place or Place in Ireland, in order that such Person may be charged for the same according to the Rate chargeable on the greatest Number kept or used, retained or employed in the whole, and shall also, if such Person shall so keep, use, retain or employ any Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding or Dog, in more Places than One in Ireland as aforesaid, set forth in what Place such Person desires to be so charged, and the Exact District in which such Person intends to pay for the same; and every Account by this Act required shall set forth the Description of every such Carriage and the

Notice, &c.
Signed by the

Magistrate, or
Justice of the
Peace, or
Magistrate

Delivering Notice
Penalty not

Money to be
left at Dwelling
House, whether
general Notice is
affixed or not

Delivery of not
being Account,
or giving false
Account.
Penalty not
Penalty for the
Person delivering
Account as
general and pen-
sionable Statute

Persons having
Hearths with
four or more
Hearths and
dwelling as more
Windows, and
also Carriage,
Horse, Mare
and Dogs to de-
liver an Account
thereof, when
required.

When Person
has such Ac-
count in his
possession he
shall be liable
to the same

Name and Surname of every such Servant or other Male Person, and the Capacity in which such Servant or other Male Person was, is or shall be or shall have been retained or employed, and the Kind and Description of every such Dog, and the Offer and Purposes for which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding was or is or shall be kept or used; and such Account shall also specify the Place, and the Parish, Barony, County, Town or City in which such Place shall be situate, where each such Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, shall be at the time of the Delivery of such Account; and from time to time, as often as any Person shall begin to keep or have any Carriage, or to retain or to employ any Male Servant or other Male Person, or to keep or use any Horse, Mare or Gelding or Dog, and also from time to time as often as any additional Horse, Fire Place, Store or Window or Light, shall be made or opened or removed, and also from time to time as often as any Person shall keep or have any additional Carriage, or shall retain or employ any additional Servant or other Male Person, or shall keep or use any additional Horse, Mare or Gelding or any additional Dog, beyond the Number of the same respectively expressed in any such respective Account as delivered by such Person, then and in every such Case every such Person respectively, whether any Demand shall have been made or any Notice served on such Person or not, shall within Fourteen Days next after such additional Horse, Fire Place or Store or Window or Light, shall be made or opened or removed, or such Carriage or additional Carriage shall be kept or come into the Possession of such Person, or after any Male Servant or other Male Person, or additional Male Servant or other Male Person, shall be retained or employed, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding or Dog, or additional Horse, Mare or Gelding or Dog, shall be kept or used by such Person, deliver at the said Office of the Debtors a like Account of every such Horse, Fire place and Store, and Window or Light, and of every such Carriage, Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding or Dog, and of every such additional Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding or Dog, as the Case may be.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any such Person shall neglect or refuse to deliver, within the respective times and in manner required by this Act, any such Account as is by this Act herein required, or shall make or deliver any false Account of the Matters and Things required by this Act or any of them; or if at any time any such Person shall have or keep any greater Number of Horses, Fire places or Stores or Windows or Lights, or shall have or keep, retain or employ or use any greater Number of Carriages or Servants, or other Male Persons or Horses, Mares or Geldings or Dogs, being respectively liable to Duty, than shall be expressed and assessed in any Account delivered by or on behalf of such Person, or shall keep, retain, employ or use any Carriage, Servant, Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding or Dog, respectively liable to Duty, not expressed or mentioned in such Account, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if at any time any person Number of Horses, Fire places or Stores or Windows or Lights shall be discovered on any House or in any Court-yard, Office or Edifice, appertaining or belonging thereto, than the Numbers respectively expressed in such Account, such Discovery shall be taken and received as full and complete Proof of a false Account, unless due Proof be made by such Person that the Horses, Fire place or Store, Window or Light, or Horses, Fire Places or Stores or Windows or Lights, so exceeding, had been made or opened within Fourteen Days next previous to such Discovery; and if any Person shall neglect or refuse to fit forth any of such Particulars as is hereby required in such Account, such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted, That every Person required to make or deliver any Account under the Provisions of this Act, and claiming to be within any of the Exceptions allowed by Law from any of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or claiming to be entitled to any Abatement of the same, shall make a due Return of such Claim, and declare the Cause or Grounds of such Exemption or Abatement, and such Declaration shall be specified as or annexed to the Account to be by such Person delivered; and if any Dispute or Difference shall in any Instance arise, whether the Person be entitled to such Exemption or Abatement, the Proof thereof, and of the Circumstances of such Exemption or Abatement, shall lie on the Person claiming such Exemption or Abatement, and not on the Officer charging or assessing such Rates and Taxes.

XVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Person upon whom any such Notice shall be served to return any Account of Carriages, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs, or any of them, shall not, on the sixth Day of January preceding the issuing of such Notice, have had, kept, retained, used or employed any Carriage or any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding or any Dog, or shall not between that Day and the time of the Service of such Notice have had, kept, retained, used or employed any Carriage or any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding or any Dog, every such Person shall nevertheless make and deliver at such Place as shall be mentioned in such Notice, a Declaration or Writing subscribed by such Person, stating forth that such Person had not on the sixth Day of January preceding the Service of such Notice; nor at any time between the said Day and the time of the Service of such Notice, had, kept, retained, used or employed any Carriage or any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding or any Dog; and if any such Person shall neglect or refuse to make and deliver such Declaration within Ten Days next after the Service of such Notice, every such Person shall for every such Neglect or Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person occupying or owning any House subject to any Rate, Duty or Tax, in respect of Fire Horses, Fire Places or Stores or Windows or Lights, or barns, keepings, stables, muzzings or employing any Carriage, or any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare, Gelding, or any Dog, upon or in respect of which any Rate, Duty or Tax is or may be payable as aforesaid, shall be absent from the Place of his or her Abode at the time of the Service or issuing of such Notice requiring such Account as aforesaid, then an Account of the Fire Horses and Windows in any House belonging to such Person, and of any and every Carriage or Male Servant or other Male Person, or Horse,

Mare,

neglecting, &c.
to deliver such
Account, &c.
Debtors
false Account,
&c.

Penalty not
What shall be
Consequence of
false Account

Penalty not
Grounds of Ex-
emption from
the Duty to be
declared in, or
annexed to
Account
Cause Proved as
on Person
claiming Ex-
emption.

For non-compliance
Hence issued,
holding no Car-
riage, &c. to
sign a Declara-
tion that they
do not.

Penalty not
In respect Ab-
sence of Person
liable, shall
again be de-
clared may make
and deliver the
same.

Mare, or Gelding or Dog, kept, used, retained or employed by such Person, made out and subscribed by the Agent, Steward, Housekeeper or Servant of such Person in shew, and delivered as aforesaid, shall be to all Intents and Purposes of the same Effect as if such Account were made out and subscribed and delivered by the Person owning or occupying such House or being, keeping, using, retaining or employing any such Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog respectively, as the case may be, and in such Account shall be a full Account, the same shall subject such Occupier, Owner or Person having, keeping, using, retaining or employing such Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog respectively, to the like Payments and Penalties as if the same had been made and subscribed by any such Person respectively.

Such Accounts
being filed in
any of the
Magistrates
Offices.

Whereas
as House-keepers
an Account
of the Carriage,
the kept by
Lodgers.

Masters to
make him, no
Lodgers.

Who on being
required to
make Declara-
tion and sign
List, &c.

Penalty and
Offences con-
tained by any
Account dis-
covered which
proves defective.

How Officers
are to make
the Affidavit,
when Accounts
are complained
of as defective.

When Apprais-
ing of Houses,
Masters to be
present in the
Magistrate's Office,
within ten Days.

The like to
be used to keep
any Accounts
Carriage, Horse,
&c.

XVIII. And Whereas Differences may arise in determining Lodgers or Inmates liable to pay the said Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Carriages, Male Servants and other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs: Be it therefore enacted, That every Person in whose House any Lodger or Inmate shall reside, shall deliver to any such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, on Demand, or within Ten Days after Notice in Writing shall be for that Purpose served or left at the House of such Person, a true Account in Writing under the Hand of such Person, expressing the Name and Situation of every such Lodger or Inmate, with an Account of every Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, kept, retained, employed or used by such Lodger or Inmate, to the best of the Knowledge and Information of such Person; and for the Purpose of making out such Account, every such Person shall cause the Contents of the Notice left at such House to be read over and made known to each and every such Lodger or Inmate, and shall require every such Lodger or Inmate respectively to declare whether such Lodger or Inmate had kept, retained, employed or used on the Sixth Day of January preceding such Notice, or at any time after the said Sixth Day of January, any Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, and the Number and Kind or Description of the same respectively, and whether such Lodger or Inmate hath another Place of ordinary Residence where he or she intends to be charged; and every such Lodger or Inmate, being thereunto required, shall be obliged to make such Declaration, and to attach the List or Account thereof by his or her Signature; and if any such Person, in whose House such Lodger or Inmate shall reside, shall neglect or refuse to require such Declaration from such Lodger or Inmate, or to deliver such Account as aforesaid in consequence of such Declaration, or shall wilfully omit or misrepresent any Declaration made by such Lodger or Inmate, or shall make or deliver any untrue Account thereof, or if any such Lodger or Inmate shall neglect or refuse to make such Declaration, or to attach the said Account, or shall make any untrue Declaration or attach any untrue Account, every such Person and every such Lodger or Inmate shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That any such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, shall be bound by any Account which shall be delivered to them respectively, by or on behalf of any Person liable to any Duties granted by this Act; but such Officer or other Person shall be and is hereby authorized and required, if he shall find upon due Examination that any Person, Description, Article, number or thing, which ought to be contained in such Account, is or are omitted or wrongly stated therein, to make a true Affidavit upon every such Person, according to the intent and meaning of this Act, of the said Charge which ought to be imposed on such Person.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall neglect or refuse to make out, sign and deliver any such Account as is in this Act directed, within the respective times in this Act mentioned, then the Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall, according to the Affidavit (if any) made on such Person by the Year next immediately preceding, or from the best Information he can obtain, make an Affidavit or Charge upon such Person of the said Rates and Taxes, for and in respect of the Horses, Fire Places or Stoves, Windows or Lights, in the House of such Person, with every such Outchute, Office or Edifice appurtenant or belonging thereto as aforesaid, and for and in respect of every Male Servant or other Male Person, Carriage, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, kept, used, retained or employed by him or her as aforesaid, as the case may be; and every such Affidavit and Charge to made upon any such Neglect or Refusal shall be final and conclusive, unless appealed from as hereinafter provided.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Person shall, at any time after the Expiration of One Calendar Month next after the passing of this Act, stop up any Hearth, Firing Place, or Stove or Window or Light, in respect of which such Person shall be charged or chargeable with any Rate, Duty or Tax, every such Person shall, within Twenty Days next after any such Hearing, Firing Place, or Stove or Window or Light, shall be stopped up, deliver or cause to be delivered at the Excise Office of the District in which such Person shall reside, or to any Officer who shall be employed in charging or stopping the said Rates, Duties or Taxes within the District in which such Person shall reside, a Notice in Writing, signed with the Name of such Person, of the stopping of the same, stating the time of the stopping thereof, and describing the Place, whether Dwelling House, Outchute, Office or other Edifice in which such Hearth, Firing Place or Stove, or Window or Light had been situated; and every Person who, at any time after the Expiration of One Calendar Month next after the passing of this Act, shall cause to remain or employ, have, keep or use, any Male Servant or other Male Person or any Carriage, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, for or in respect of whom or of which any Rate, Duty or Tax is or shall be charged or chargeable on such Person, and shall not retain or employ, have, keep or use any other Male Servant or other Male Person, or any other Carriage, or any other Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any other Dog, liable to Duty in the Place or Street of such Male Servant or other Male Person, Carriage, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, which such Person shall have to cause to retain, employ, have, keep or use, every such Person shall, within Twenty Days next after he or she shall cease to retain or employ, have, keep or use, such Male Servant or other Male Person, Carriage, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, deliver or cause to be delivered at the Excise Office of the District in which such Person shall reside, a Notice in Writing, signed with the Name of such Person, of the ceasing to retain or employ, have, keep or use, such Male Servant or other Male Person, Carriage, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, as the case may be; and every such Notice shall be final and conclusive, unless appealed from as hereinafter provided.

Golding or Dog, deliver or cause to be delivered a like Notice thereof in Writing at the Excise Office of the District in which such Person shall reside, or to such Officer who shall be employed as steward, describing in every such Notice every such Male Servant or other Male Person by his proper Name, and the Capacity in which such Male Servant or other Male Person shall have been retained or employed, and the time when such Male Servant or other Male Person shall intend to be retained or employed, and also describing every such Carriage by its usual Name and Description, distinguishing the Number of Horses used with such such Carriage, and of the Wheels belonging to each such Carriage, and if less than Four Wheels, the Number of Horses used in drawing the same, and also describing the Utensils and Purposes for which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall have been kept or used, and setting forth the Kind or Description of every such Dog; and every such Notice shall also set forth the Name, Addition and Place of Abode of the Person to whom such Carriage, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog shall be putted with, sold or disposed of, and the Day of the Month and Year when the same were respectively putted with, sold or disposed of.

Where Person
intent to deliver
such Account,
or to give Notice
of keeping up,
or sending to re-
tain, they shall
be charged for
the Year in
which the pre-
vious Affidavit
had been made,
&c.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That in every case where any Person shall in the Year beginning the Sixth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, or in any subsequent Year beginning on the Sixth Day of January, omit or neglect to deliver or cause to be delivered any Account which such Person is by this Act required to deliver, of Horses, Firing Places and Stoves, Windows or Lights, and of Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings or Dogs, had, kept, used, retained or employed by such Person, and shall also have neglected to deliver or cause to be delivered, pursuant to this Act, any Notice of the Shipping up of any Horses, Firing Places or Stoves, or Windows or Lights, or of the crafting to retain or employ, have, keep or use, any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Carriage, Horse, Mare or Gelding or Dog, then and in such case every such Person shall be deemed to continue to have, keep, use, retain or employ, after the Sixth Day of January in any such Year, a Number of Five Horses, Firing Places and Stoves, Windows and Lights, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Carriages, Horses, Mares, Geldings or Dogs, as the case may be, at least equal to the Number of the same respectively charged or omitted against such Person for the Year in which the last previous Affidavit had been made against such Person; and every such Person so making Default shall be chargeable and charged as the last with such Sum as the Rates, Duties and Taxes payable for the Year in which such Account and Notice shall not have been delivered would have amounted unto in respect of the Number of Five Horses, Firing Places or Stoves, Windows or Lights, Carriages, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs respectively appearing to have been charged to be delivered for the Year in which such last Affidavit shall have been made against such Person, and every such Person shall be liable to and shall pay the same, and it shall and may be lawful to collect, levy and recover the same in the like manner and with the like Powers, Authorities, Remedies and Modes of Recovery thereof, as are provided by this Act for the collecting, levying and recovering any Rate, Duty or Tax under this Act.

Officers to give
Notice of Affid-
avits, fixing
therein the time
and Place of
Payment.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Officer or Person authorized as steward, who shall charge or affect the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, shall, and each Officer or Person is hereby required, upon making any Affidavit, or as soon after as conveniently can be done, to give or cause to be given to every Person who shall be so affected, or leave or cause to be left at his or her last or usual Place of Abode, in the District where such Affidavit shall be made, a Notice of the Affidavit made against such Person, and of the Amount for which he or she shall have been charged by virtue thereof; and every such Notice shall also set forth the time when, and Place where the Rates, Duties and Taxes to be paid against such Person shall be paid and received, and shall require such Person to pay the same at such time and Place accordingly; and every such Notice shall be deemed and taken to be sufficient Demand on such Person for Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, unless an Appeal against the Affidavit of the same shall be made within the time and in the manner prescribed by this Act: Provided always nevertheless, that no Person shall be compelled or compellable to travel for the making of such Payment of the said Rates and Taxes or any of them, any further or greater Distance than Ten Miles from the Place of his or her Residence or usual Place of Abode.

Such Notice to
be delivered at
District of Rates
within Appeal
Place of Pay-
ment may be to
any more than Ten
Miles.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, and they are hereby required, to make such Rules and Regulations with respect to the Appointment of any Place for the Receipt of such Rates, Duties and Taxes, that no Person shall have Occasion to travel more than five Miles from their Place of Abode, in all cases where it is practicable to do so.

Regulations for
Payment within
Five Miles
where practica-
ble.

XXV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in case it shall happen in any Instance that no Place within the Distance of Ten Miles or Five Miles of the Residence of any Person or Persons liable to the Payment of any of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be appointed, at which the said Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be made payable by such Person or Persons pursuant to the Directions of this Act, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Collector or Officer in charge of the Collection of the District, or for any Person appointed by such Collector or Officer respectively, at any time after any such Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be affixed upon any such Person or Persons, to demand the Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or any Inhabitant thereof, at the Dwelling House of any such Person or Persons liable to the Payment thereof, and if such Person or Persons shall thereupon pay all such Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or such Inhabitant thereof as shall be so demanded of him, her or them, such Person or Persons shall not be liable to the Payment of the Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, nor shall be liable to any other Expenses whatsoever relating to the same; but in case of Refusal or Default in Payment of such Rates, Duties and Taxes upon such Demand, it shall and may be lawful for the said Collector or Officer in charge of the District, or for any Person authorized by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Collector or other Officer, to levy all such Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or any Inhabitant thereof, as shall be so demanded, together with all Expenses of levying the same by Distress and

If on sending a
general Notice,
Rates shall be
collected at the
Dwelling House.

If Payment there-
upon, no Liability
to or in the
Pound or the
pence.
In Default of
Payment,
Distress.

Salto

Sale of any Goods or Chattels liable to such Distress, in like manner in all respects as is by this Act directed in case of Default of Payment of any Rents or Places to be appointed for that Purpose.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for every Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, to interchange any Person with the Rates, Duties and Taxes by this Act granted, or any of them, beyond the Rates, Duties and Taxes or any of them, with which such Person shall have been previously charged; and such Officer or other Person shall give or cause to be given to the Party (so charged) a Notice of such Surcharge, by leaving or sending such Notice to be left at the usual Place of Abode of such Party in the District where such Surcharge shall be made; such Notice to be signed by such Officer or other Person who shall have made such Surcharge, and to contain the Particulars of such Surcharge, and the Amount thereof; and every such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid is hereby empowered to make any such Surcharge, at any time during the Year, for the whole of such Year.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall think himself or herself overrated or overcharged by any Assessment or by any Surcharge which shall be made against such Person of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes or any of them, it shall and may be lawful for such Person respectively, within Ten Days next after Notice of such Assessment or Surcharge (as the Case may be) shall be delivered to such Person, or left at his or her usual Place of Abode, to make his or her Appeal to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *writing*, by leaving or sending to be left, within the time aforesaid, at the Office of the Collector of the District in which such Person shall be assessed or surcharged, a Notice in Writing under his or her Hand, setting forth the Particulars in which the Party appearing thinks himself or herself overrated or overcharged by such Assessment or Surcharge, and also the Grounds of his or her Objections to the same; and every such Collector, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of such District, is hereby required to endorse on every such Notice of Appeal the Day of the Month and Year when the same shall be received at the Excise Office, and shall also make or cause to be made an Entry in a Book to be kept for that Purpose, of all such Notices; and such Collector or other Officer aforesaid shall without Delay transmit all such Notices to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *writing*; and every Assessment or Surcharge against which no such Appeal shall be made within the time aforesaid, shall be and the same is hereby respectively declared to be final and conclusive against the Party so assessed or surcharged, unless such Person shall make due Proof on Oath, or if a Quaker an Affirmation, in Substantive or to the Effect following, that he or she was not at his or her Dwelling House or Place of Abode at the time of the Delivery of such Notice of such Assessment or Surcharge as the Case may be, nor between that Day and the time limited for making his or her Appeal, and that he or she hath not received or had any Knowledge of any such Notice of such Assessment or Surcharge, or that he or she was disabled by Sickness from making his or her Appeal, or that the Non-delivery of his or her Notice of Appeal was occasioned by some Misake or Accident, which shall be specified and set forth, without any Intention to defraud the Revenue; and that the Account delivered by him or her is a full, perfect and complete Account of all Matters and things required of him or her by the Act, to the best of his or her Judgment and belief; or unless such Person shall prove such other Excuse for not having delivered such Notice of Appeal within the time herein limited, as the said Commissioners or any Three of them shall think reasonable and sufficient; and thereupon it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners or any Three of them to enlarge the time for receiving such Appeal.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That upon any Appeal which shall be made pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes shall and they are hereby authorized and required to inquire into the Matter of such Appeal by ordering the same to be investigated by and before any One of such Commissioners, or by and before such Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons, as the said Commissioners or any Three of them shall for that Purpose appoint; and such Commissioner, Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons, are hereby respectively authorized and required to hear such Appeal, and to examine upon Oath or Affirmation, as the Case may be, as well the Party so appealing as the Officer or other Person who shall have made such Assessment or Surcharge, and also all such Witnesses as shall be produced by either of the said Parties, and thereupon, or upon other due Proof, to report to the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, whether such Commissioner, Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons making such inquiry, is or are of opinion that the Party appealing ought to be referred or not; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or any Three of them to make such Order in the Matter as shall appear to them to be just and reasonable; and every such Assessment or Surcharge, or so much thereof as shall be confirmed by the said Commissioners or any Three of them, shall stand good and remain Part of the usual Charge and Assessment against the Party so appealing, who shall forthwith pay the Amount so confirmed; and if, upon the investigation of such Appeal, it shall appear that the Person so appealing is or ought to be further charged to any Amount beyond the Amount contained in such Assessment or Surcharge, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or any Three of them, to order and direct that such Person shall be further charged or surcharged with and in respect of the Matter or thing, or to the Amount of the Sum estimated, and the Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall charge the same against such Person, who shall pay the Amount within One Calendar Month next after such further Charge or Surcharge, as the Case may be, shall be made; and if any such Person shall make Default in Payment of the Sum, the Assessment or Surcharge whereof shall be confirmed on Appeal, as aforesaid as above directed, or in Payment of any such further Charge or Surcharge respectively within the time last aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to collect, levy, and recover the same in the like manner in every respect, and with the like Remedies, Powers and Authorities and Penalties, as all Interest and Penalties, as the Rates, Duties and Taxes contained in this Act, or any of them, may be collected, levied or recovered under the Provisions of the Act: Provided always, that the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes shall not upon any such appeal make any Abatement or Discharge in the Charge made upon any Person

Officers may Surcharge on Notice.

Appeal may be made to the Commissioners, by giving Notice to the Collector.

Collector to endorse Notice

Assessment final, if Appeal be not made within a limited time, unless Oath be made to remove Particulars,

on which Proof of Excise be not delivered Notice of Appeal for made. Matter of Appeal to be investigated by Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes.

Commissioners to make Order therein.

Penalty for not paying if it appear

As an Appellant
shall deliver
to the Officer a
true Account in
Writ.

Errors in the
Charge or Pay-
ment of Duty
may be notified
by Complain-
tants of Excise,
or if Appli-
cations be made
within 12
Months.

Rates to be al-
lowed for the
whole Year,
and may be paid
by Instalments,
or in One Pay-
ment.

Rates to be
taken by the
Collector of
Excise.

Payment may be
made into the
Office of
Excise in which
party charged.

In Default of
Payment, Rates
may be levied
by Distress, with
the further Sum
of 10s. in the
Pound.

Proceedings.

by Affidavit or by Surcharge, but the Charge or Surcharge shall stand good, and every Part of the annual Affidavit, unless it shall, upon the Hearing of such Appeal, appear that the Appellant had previously delivered to the Officer, or Person duly authorized according to the Direction of this Act, a true, perfect and complete List, Account, Declaration or Return of all Matters and things required by this Act, or shall produce before the said Commissioners or Officers, who shall investigate the said Appeal, a true, perfect and complete List, Account, Declaration or Return of all such Matters and things, verified upon the Oath or Affirmation of the said Appellant, before the Commissioners or Officers who shall investigate the said Appeal.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Error shall be discovered in consequence of any Duty or greater Amount of Duty having been paid by any Person than ought to have been paid, it shall and may be lawful for such Person, within Twelve Calendar Months after the time when such Rates, Duties or Taxes had been or shall have been paid, and not afterwards, to make his or her Complaint before the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, who are hereby authorized and required to examine into the Matter of such Complaint; and, upon Proof being made to their Satisfaction, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners or any Three of them to order the sum to be repaid out of any of the Revenue under their Management in their Hands at the time when such Repayment shall be ordered as aforesaid.

XL. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates, Duties and Taxes hereby granted shall be assessed, charged and levied for the whole Year commencing the Sixth Day of January in each Year, and ending on the Fifth Day of January then next following, and shall be payable and paid on Demand at any time after the time that shall be assessed and charged: Provided always, that the said several Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, shall and may be payable and receivable either at one entire Payment, or by such Instalments as the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, shall for that Purpose from time to time direct and appoint in any District or Place to be named by such Commissioners, and sub-ject to all Orders, Rules, Regulations and Directions with respect thereto, and to the assessing, levying, and collecting of the same, as the said Commissioners, or any Three of them shall from time to time think fit to make and appoint.

XLI. And Whereas it is expedient, for the Security of the Revenue, to provide for the better Collection and Receipt of the Rates, Duties and Taxes by this Act granted, by employing in the collecting, levying and recovering of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, the several Collectors of Excise, and other Officers or Officers who shall and may from time to time be in Charge of the Collection of any Duties of Excise in any Excise District as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the several Collectors of Excise, and to and for such other Officers or Officers who shall be in Charge of any Collection as aforesaid, and every such Collector and other Officers or Officers as are hereby respectively authorized and empowered, to collect, receive, levy and recover the several Rates, Duties and Taxes granted and made payable by this Act, and the several Schedules thereto annexed, or any of them; and that every Person chargeable with and liable to pay the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or any Instalment thereof, shall on Demand made, by such Rates as a by this Act directed to be given, requiring Payment thereof, or of any of them, or of any such Instalment, comply or feed at the time or times and in the Place or Places mentioned and appointed in such Notice for the Receipt and Payment of the same, and which Place or Places shall be within the Writs in which such Person shall be charged with or offered for the same, and shall there pay or cause to be paid to the Collector of such District, or other Officer in Charge as aforesaid, the Amount of the several Rates, Duties and Taxes, or Instalment thereof, which such Person shall be chargeable with and liable to, and which shall be then payable and in Arrear by such Person: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for any Person who shall be charged with or offered for any of the said Rates, Duties, and Taxes, to pay the Amount thereof, or of any Instalment, into the Excise Office of the District to which such Person shall be charged or offered, at any time before the time or times appointed for Payment thereof, or within ten Days next after the Expiration of such time or times respectively; and the Receipt of such Collector or other Officer in Charge as aforesaid shall be a sufficient Discharge to such Person for such of the Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any Instalment thereof, which such Person shall so pay; and in default of Payment thereof, or any Part thereof, at the time or times when such Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any Instalment thereof, are made payable and required to be paid by such Person, or into the Excise Office of the District, within Ten Days next after the Expiration of such time or times respectively, it shall and may be lawful for the Collector of such District, or for such Officer in Charge as aforesaid, and such Collector or Officer is hereby respectively authorized to affix his Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to empower any Person or Persons to levy the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any and such of them, and all Arrears thereof, or any Instalment thereof, as shall be then due and in Arrear, and payable by the Person owing the same, together with a further Sum after the Rate of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes in due and in Arrear by such Person; and for such Purpose it shall and may be lawful to and for the Person or Persons to whom any such Warrant shall be directed, at any time in the Daytime to make Entry into and upon any House, Office or other Premises of the Person chargeable with the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or any Instalment thereof to in Arrear, and to levy the same and all Arrears thereof, together with the further Sum after the Rate of One Shilling in the Pound as aforesaid, by Distress and Sale of any Goods and Chattels of the Person chargeable therewith, wherever such Goods and Chattels shall be found, and the Distress is taken to keep for the Space of Four Days, at the Costs and Charges of the Party making Distress of Payment; and if the said Party shall not within the said Four Days pay the respective Sums in due for the said Rates, Duties and Taxes and Arrears, and for the Costs and Charges of such Distress, and for the Removal and Keeping thereof, together with the further Sum of One Shilling in the Pound as aforesaid, the said Distress shall be sold for Payment of the said Sums so due as aforesaid, releasing to the Party the Overplus,

plus, if any, of such Money as such Goods shall be sold for over and above the Rates, Duties and Taxes, and Arrears thereof, then due, together with the said further Sum of One Shilling in the Pound aforesaid, and the necessary and reasonable Costs and Charges of taking such Duties, and of the Removal, Stowing and Sale thereof, which Costs and Charges shall in no Case exceed One fourth Part of the Rates, Duties and Taxes and Arrears to due.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Goods and Chattels, in whomsoever belonging, in any House, or in any Out-house, Office or Edifice whatsoever appertaining, in respect whereof the Rates, Duties and Taxes on Hearths, Fire Places and Stoves, and Windows or Lighten, or either of them, shall be due and to Arrears, shall be, and such Goods and Chattels are hereby made subject and liable to the Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes on Hearths, Fire Places and Stoves, Windows or Lighten and all Arrears thereof, not exceeding One Year's Arrears, exclusive of such Rates, Duties and Taxes of the current Year in which such Duties shall be made; and such Goods and Chattels shall also be subject and liable to the Payment of the further Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, and to the Payment of the necessary and reasonable Costs and Charges of taking the Duties, and of the Removal, Stowing and Sale thereof, as aforesaid.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That in every Case where any Warrant shall, in default of Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, be issued to levy the same, together with the further Sum of One Shilling in the Pound aforesaid, although an Distress shall actually be made under such Warrant for the Rates, Duties and Taxes due and owing at the time of the issuing of the same, the Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes to due, or the Tender of the same to the Person having such Warrant, shall not discharge the Person liable to the Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or of from the Payment of the said Sum of One Shilling in the Pound aforesaid; but it shall and may be lawful to collect and levy the same under such Warrant, by Distress and Sale, in the like manner as the Rates, Duties and Taxes may be levied under this Act.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever any such Warrants shall be issued, if the Party against whom the same shall be issued shall tender to the Officer producing such Warrant the full Amount of all Arrears of Rates, Duties and Taxes for the levying of which such Warrant shall be issued, together with such additional Sum of One Shilling in the Pound, it shall not be lawful for such Officer to levy the same by Distress, or to demand or receive any other Sum or Sums of Money of such Party as or for the Expenses of levying the same; but such Officer shall, upon Payment of the said Arrears, together with such Sum of One Shilling in the Pound, give a Receipt to the said Party for the same.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That every Collector or other Officer who shall receive the said Sum of One Shilling in the Pound payable under the Provisions of this Act in satisfaction of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes within the time prescribed for the Payment of the same, shall keep a separate Account thereof, and shall account for and shall remit and pay the Amount of the said Sum of One Shilling in the Pound aforesaid at the same time and in like manner as by Law such Collector or other Officer ought to account for, remit and pay the said Rates; and the said Sum shall be placed to the Account of the said Duties: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, upon the Application of any Person who shall have paid, or from whom any such Sum of One Shilling in the Pound aforesaid shall be levied, to grant such Relief to such Person, by a Re-payment of such Sum or any Part thereof, as to the said Commissioners or any Three of them shall, under the Circumstances of the Case, seem fitting or expedient.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the several respective Districts of the several and respective Offices of Excise in Ireland shall be deemed and taken to be the proper Districts for the Receipt of the Rates, Duties and Taxes granted by this Act, and for the Purposes of this Act; and that every Person who shall be obliged as chargeable with the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, in any such Excise District, shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes to have been affixed and changed in the proper District, and shall be chargeable and liable to pay the Amount of the Rates, Duties and Taxes due from such Person to the Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Excise District into the Office of which the Affidavit against such Person shall have been returned.

XXXVII. And as an Inducement to Persons to pay the said Rates, Duties and Taxes which shall be affixed against them, be it further enacted, That whenever any Person shall pay to the Collector of Excise, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of any Excise District, the full actual Amount of the Rates, Duties and Taxes with which such Person shall be charged or affixed pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, on or before the Days and times when the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or the first Instalment thereof (if required to be paid by Instalments), shall be required to be paid in manner directed by this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the said Collector or other Officer to allow to such Person a Sum after the Rate of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of the whole of such Rates, Duties and Taxes in such Person shall be actually pay as aforesaid; and if any Person shall, in any case where such Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be required to be paid by Instalments, pay the full Amount of every such Instalment on or before the several Days or times when the said several Instalments shall be respectively required to be paid, it shall be lawful for the said Collector or Officer to allow to such Person, on Payment of the last of such Instalments, a Sum after the Rate of One Shilling in the Pound on the whole actual Amount of such Rates, Duties and Taxes; and the said Collector or Officer shall give to such Person making such Payment a Receipt for the full Amount of the whole of such Rates, Duties and Taxes, or of such last Instalment thereof, specifying the Amount of such Allowance, and deducting the same from the Sum payable in respect of such Rates, Duties and Taxes, or such last Instalment aforesaid.

Defence for Payment of Rates may be made on Goods, in whomsoever belonging; and of the said in the Pound and Cents.

Defence may be made for the Payment of the in the Pound although Rates are levied thereby.

On Tender or Payment of Rates, and of in the Pound, Expenses of levy not to be demanded.

Receipts Accounts of Money received by Charge of in the Pound to be kept and paid over with Rates. Commissioners may grant Relief, by Re-payment or Forfeiture.

Districts of the Offices of Excise to be deemed proper Districts for the Receipt of the Rates.

Allowance of in the Pound to Persons making Payment on or before the Days appointed.

and of Instalments.

If Assistance
be refused to
execute a Warrant, Heals may
be taken open
in the Day time,
and in the Presence
of Peace
Officers.

and District
clerk.

In case of Re-
ward, Collector
of District, to
transmit Com-
mits to Collector
of District
in which the Per-
son charged is
arrested.

Proceeding
thereon.

His Goods taken
in Execution,
do shall be sold
or taken away
until they or
Arrer be paid.

like decree
may be pro-
ceeded in.

Guardian and
Executors liable
to Rates, having
Office in their
Hands.

A List of Rates
due under any
Act to be de-
livered to the
Collector of the
District, or
be delivered to.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person on whom any Warrant issued under this Act shall be directed to levy the said Rates, Duties or Taxes, or any of them, shall be refused Assistance into any House, Out-house or Edifice, or shall act, on Demand of Entrance by knocking or otherwise, obtain Assistance into the same; or if no Person shall attend or appear at such House, Out-house or Edifice, to give Entrance to such Person to whom such Warrant shall be directed, or from whom such Person can make Demand of Entrance; then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful for such Person, upon a Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any one Commissioner of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or upon a Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the Collector of Excise, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the District in which such House, Out-house or Edifice shall be situate, to break open and enter in the Day time any such House, Out-house or Edifice, in the Presence of a Constable or other Peace Officer, who is hereby authorized and required to be aiding and assisting therein, and to levy by Distress and Sale, in manner before in this Act mentioned, the several Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any and each of them as shall be then due in Arrear, together with the further Sum of One Shilling in the Pound aforesaid, and the necessary and reasonable Cost and Charges of taking such Distress, and of the Removal, Keeping and Sale thereof.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Person liable to and charged or chargeable with the Payment of the Rates, Duties or Taxes granted by this Act, or any of them, shall before Payment thereof remove from the District in which the same shall be charged, the Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the said District shall make and sign, and cause to be transmitted to the Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the District where the Person or Persons making Default of Payment shall then reside or be, a Certificate stating the Christian and Surname and former Residence of the Person so removing, and the Amount of the Rates, Duties and Taxes chargeable on and due from such Person at the time of such Removal; and every such Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of such last mentioned District as aforesaid is hereby respectively authorized and empowered to affix his Warrant for the recovering and levying such Amount of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes as shall be specified and set forth in the said Certificate, and the same shall and may be levied accordingly in like manner as any such Rates, Duties and Taxes owing within such last mentioned District may be levied under the Provisions of this Act; and the Collector or other Officer of the District in giving such Certificate shall transmit a Copy thereof to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, and the said Commissioners shall give such Orders and Directions with respect to the paying and accounting for such Sums as he or they shall find fitting and necessary.

XL. And be it further enacted, That no Goods or Chattels whatsoever belonging to any Person or Persons, at any time when any of the Rates, Duties or Taxes granted by this Act charged or assessed upon such Person or Persons may become in Arrear, shall be liable to be taken by virtue of any Execution or other Process, Warrant or Authority, or by virtue of any Attachment, or on any Account or Pretence whatever, unless the Party in which Sum the said Execution or other Process shall be laid out, or any Sum or moneys, or to whom such Attachments shall be made, or from Person on behalf of such Party, shall, before the Sale or Removal of such Goods or Chattels, pay all such Arrears of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or cause the same to be paid to the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the District in which such Goods or Chattels shall be found, not exceeding to the whole the Amount of the Sums which shall be payable for the Year in which such Seizure shall be made, together with the Arrear of One Year immediately preceding; and the said Party at whose Instance such Sum shall be made, after Payment to the said Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection as aforesaid, of all such Arrears due of the aforesaid Rates, Duties and Taxes for One whole Year, if due, and for the Year to which such Seizure shall be made, may proceed in such Seizure as such Party might have done if no Rates, Duties or Taxes had been so due and in Arrear; but in case of Nonpayment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, the said Collector, or any other Officer in Charge of the Collection as aforesaid, is hereby authorized and required to affix his Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to empower any Person or Persons to distress such Goods and Chattels, notwithstanding such Execution or Seizure, and to proceed to the Sale thereof, according to the Provisions of this Act, in order to obtain Payment of all such Arrears of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes then due and payable, together with the necessary and reasonable Costs and Charges attending the Distress, and the Keeping and Sale of such Goods and Chattels.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That where any Person or Persons chargeable with the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, shall be under the Age of Twenty one Year, or where any Person is chargeable shall die, in every such case the Parent or Guardian or Guardians of such Minor having Moneys or Property of such Minor, or where such Rates, Duties or Taxes may be paid, and the Executor or Executors, or Administrator or Administrators of the Person or Persons so dying, having received Assets sufficient for the Purpose, shall be, and in and are hereby made liable to and charged with the Payments which the said Minor ought to have made, and the Person so dying was chargeable with, for or on account of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them; and if such Parent or Guardian or Guardians, Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators, shall neglect or refuse to pay as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to proceed against him, her or them, in like manner as against any other Person or Persons making Default in Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them; and every Parent or Guardian making Payment as aforesaid shall be allowed the same in his, her or their Accounts, and every Executor and Administrator shall be allowed to deduct all such Payments out of the Assets of the Person so dying.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, and they are hereby required, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, to cause to be delivered to the Collector of Excise of each District in Ireland, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection thereof, a true List or Schedule in Writing of all such Sums as shall be due and in Arrear for or in respect of any Rates, Duties and Taxes payable under any Act or Acts

is done immediately before the selling of this Aft, on Horfes, Firing Places or Stoves, and on Windows or Lights, and on Male Servants or other Male Persons, and on Carriages, and on Coachmakers or Makers and Sellers of Carriages, and on Horses, Mares and Geldings, and on Dogs or any of them, within the District of which such Collector or other Officer shall be in Charge; and such List or Schedule shall contain the Names, Surnames and Places of Abode of the several Persons by whom such Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be then due and owing, and the Sum or Sums charged upon and due by each such Person respectively, and on respect of what Articles, matters or things the Sum or Sums so due shall have been charged; and upon the Delivery of any such List or Schedule it shall and may be lawful for every such Collector or other Officer in Charge as aforesaid, and such Collector or other Officer is hereby respectively authorized, empowered and required to demand, receive, levy and recover all such Sums as shall appear from such List or Schedule to be due and to be Arrear, in as full and ample a manner as in all Respects, and with the like Powers, Authorities and Remedies, to all Issues and Process, as any Rate, Duty or Tax may under the Provisions of this Aft be demanded, assessed, levied and received.

X.LIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall happen that sufficient Goods, Chariots or Effects of any Person liable to the Payment of any Rates, Duties and Taxes granted by this Aft, whereon such Rates, Duties and Taxes may be levied pursuant to the Direction of this Aft, shall not be forthcoming, so that such Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any Part thereof, shall remain unpaid and unsatisfied, every such Person shall forfeit and pay a Sum equal to double the Amount of such Rates, Duties and Taxes remaining unpaid, or of so much thereof as shall be remain unpaid and unsatisfied, to be recovered against such Person for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

X.LIV. And be it further enacted, That on Proof of Payment by any Person of any Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of any Carriages, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs, in any One District or Place, by Production of the Receipt signed by the Collector to whom the Payment shall have been made, or of a Certificate by such Collector, such Person shall be acquitted from the Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes respectively, in any other District or Place in Ireland, for the Articles mentioned in such Receipt or Certificate, and for the Period specified therein.

X.LV. And be it further enacted, That every Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall from time to time enter in a Book, to be kept for that Purpose by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, the Number and Kind of Carriages by him or her made and constructed for Sale, and also the Number and Kind of Carriages which such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall put with, sell or dispose of at forced sale on his or her own Account, whether the same shall have been repaired or altered by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or not, and also of the Number and Kind of Carriages kept by him or her for Sale, although the same may not have been built by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, distinguishing the Number of Wheels of each, and if with less than Four Wheels, whether constructed to be drawn by Two Horses, and the Number sold, and the Names and Places of Abode of the Person to whom sold, parted with, or disposed of respectively, and the particular Day on which such Carriage was delivered or sent out of the Shop or Warehouse, Yard, or other Place of such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages; and every Person selling Carriages by Auction or on Commission shall keep a like Book, and in like manner enter in the same the Number and Kinds of Carriages kept for Sale and sold by such Person, distinguishing the Number of Wheels of each, and the Days on which such Carriages were sold, and to whom they were sold respectively; and every Livery Stable Keeper, or other Person receiving any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any Carriage, or found at Livery, shall also from time to time enter in a Book an Account of every Carriage or Horse so finding at Livery, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Person by or on whose behalf such Carriage or Horse had been so put or delivered, and the time of the finding of the same respectively; all which Books shall at all reasonable times in the Day time be open to the Inspection of any such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid; and such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall have Power to enter into the House, Manufactory, Workshop, Stables, and other Buildings and Places of every such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, and other Persons respectively as aforesaid, and take an Account of all Carriages there, and of all Horses so at Livery as aforesaid, and to testify himself of the Truth of such Entries in any such Books respectively; and every Coachmaker or maker of Carriages, and other Persons hereby required to keep such Account respectively, shall, within Twenty one Days next after the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, the Fifth Day of October, and the Fifth Day of January in each and every Year, deliver to the Collector of Excise or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties in which such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person respectively, shall carry on his or her Business, deliver a true Copy in Writing of all and every Entry made in such Book or Books respectively, within the Quarter of a Year ending on such Day respectively, containing the matters and things before directed; and when required to do so by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any one of them, or by the Collector of Excise, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of such Duties, every such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person, or his or her chief Servant, Workman or Manager, shall make Oath, or being a Quaker as Affirmance, of the Truth of such Account, according to the best of his or her Knowledge and Belief; and every such Copy of the Account to be delivered by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person, shall, to the best of his or her Knowledge and Belief, express the Name and Names of every Person required to be entered in such Account, and the Place or Places of his, her or their usual Residence; and if any such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person, shall neglect to keep such Account, or to deliver such Copy thereof, or shall wilfully omit any Description which ought to be contained therein, or shall refuse to submit any such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid into the House, Manufactory, Workshop, Stable or other Buildings or Place or of used by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person, at a reasonable Hour in the

the Collection of such Duties, who shall levy the same, in any Case may be so ordered under this Aft.

For want of sufficient Duties, the Collector shall forfeit double the Amount of the Rates due.

Proof of Payment of Rate in One District to acquit from Payment in another.

Coachmakers to enter in a Book the Number and Description of Carriages made by them, &c.

Persons selling Carriages by Auction, &c. to keep a like Book; and also Livery Stable Keepers.

Books of such Persons may be inspected. Power to enter Premises.

Accounts to be delivered within the next Quarter of the Year ending on the Collection of the Duties several on Cabs, &c. required.

Enforcing, &c. every such Account on producing to select Officer.

Penalty 5d.

Refusing to give Name and Abode, or to furnish an Affidavit, and where so made out their Account.

Penalty 5d.

On Delivery of Account by Coachmakers, the Payment of Duty may be demanded.

Penalty for the Concealment of Carriages from the House of the Coachmaker, &c. to be obtained.

Penalty 5d.

Carriages imported to be properly described in this Receipt.

Stamp Duty on Receipts for Payment of Rates, regulated by 13 G. 3. c. 100. repealed.

Collection, &c. may require the Production of the last Receipt given for Duty.

Who producing at other Notice.

Day time, for the Purposes aforesaid, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall refuse to give and declare his or her Name and Surname, and Addition and Place of Residence, being required to do so by any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or by any Seller of Carriages, or by any Livery Stable Keeper, for the Purpose of enabling such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or Seller of Carriages, or Livery Stable Keeper, respectively, to deliver the Accounts, and to make the Entries which such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, Seller of Carriages or Livery Stable Keeper, is by the Act respectively required to deliver and make; or if any Person shall give or declare to any such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, Seller of Carriages or Livery Stable Keeper, any false or fictitious Name, Surname, Addition or Place of Residence, every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, in any of the Cases aforesaid, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be paid to the Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, Seller of Carriages or Livery Stable Keeper, by whom such Person shall have been required to give and declare his or her Name, Surname, Addition and Place of Abode; and every such Person shall be subject to the same Powers of Imprisonment and Restraint as in any other Provisions in this Act are made subject to.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Collector of the Excise of the District, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection thereof, upon the Delivery of any such Account by or on behalf of any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or by any Person selling Carriages or aforesaid, to demand, receive, levy and collect all such Duties as shall be due by or from any such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or Person selling Carriages, in such manner and with the like Powers, Authorities and Remedies to all Issues and Purposes, in any other Rate, Duty or Tax under this Act may be demanded, received and collected under or by by virtue of this Act.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Carriage shall be sold or disposed of by any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or by any Seller of Carriages by Auction or on Commission, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or Seller, shall, before such Carriage shall be sent out of or from his or her Shop, Warehouse or Concern, apply to the proper Officer of Excise in the District, by delivering or causing to be delivered a Request Note or Requisition in Writing, duly stamped according to Law, for a Permit to convey such Carriage to the Person to whom the same shall have been parted with, sold or disposed of by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or Seller of Carriages; and such Officer shall forthwith without Delay grant such Permit accordingly, without Fee or Reward, stating the Nature or Kind and Description of the Carriage, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or Seller of Carriages, and of the Person to whom the same is to be conveyed; and if any Carriage is sold or disposed of shall be removed out of or from the Shop, Warehouse or Concern of any such Coachmaker, Maker of Carriages or Seller of Carriages, without such Permit duly obtained as aforesaid, such Coachmaker, Maker of Carriages or Seller of Carriages, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Carriage which is or shall be liable to any Rate, Duty or Tax under the Management of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, shall be imported into Ireland, the Entry which shall be made of such Carriage at the Port of Importation shall contain the Description of such Carriage, distinguishing the Number of Wheels, and if with less than Four Wheels, whether constructed to be driven by Two Horses or otherwise, so as to ascertain the Rate, Duty or Tax payable in respect of such Carriage by the Owner thereof, and also the Name, Addition and Place of Abode of the Person on whose Account such Carriage was imported.

L. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, an Stamp Duty shall be payable on any Receipt which shall be given on the Payment of any Rate, Duty or Tax granted by this Act; and that in each of an Act made in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *an Act to provide for the Collection and Management of Stamp Duties payable on Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Receipts and Game Certificates*, in Ireland, as provided that every Receipt or other Discharge given by any Officer of the Revenue on Payment of Money for or on account of any Duty on Dwelling Houses in respect of Hearths or Windows, or on Coaches and other Carriages, or on Horses, or on Male Servants, shall be written or printed, or written and printed, on the proper Receipt Stamp, according to the Amount of the Sum to be paid; and that the Duty on every such Receipt shall be paid by the Person to whom such Receipt shall be given by the Officers of the Revenue; shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

LI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the District, or for any Inspector or Supervisor of the Rates, Duties and Taxes by this Act granted, or any of them, to require any Person chargeable with the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, to produce to such Collector or other Officer, Inspector or Supervisor, the last Receipt passed or given to such Person for and on account of any such Rates, Duties and Taxes, or such of them as such Person was chargeable with and liable to pay; and if on Demand made by such Collector or other Officer, Inspector or Supervisor, at the usual Place of Abode of such Person, such Receipt shall not be produced and delivered to such Collector or other Officer, Inspector or Supervisor, so be required by him for such time as shall be sufficient to enable him to take a Copy of the same, then it shall and may be lawful for such Collector or other Officer, Inspector or Supervisor, and they are hereby respectively required, to leave a Notice at the usual Place of Abode of such Person, setting forth that such Collector or other Officer, Inspector or Supervisor, will attend at such usual Place of Abode of such Person at a certain Day and Hour to be specified in such Notice, and requiring him or her to produce or cause to be produced such Receipt to such Collector or other Officer, Inspector or Supervisor, at the Day and Hour mentioned in such Notice; and if such Person shall not produce

such Receipts to such Collector or other Officer, Inspector or Supervisor, on his sending for that Purpose in the time specified in such Notice, then such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds, unless he or she shall at such time make Oath before such Collector or other Officer, Inspector or Supervisor, (with Oath such Officers are hereby respectively authorized and required to administer without Fee or Reward,) that he or she will duly Diligence to find or procure the said Receipts, and that he or she hath not been able to find or procure the same.

LII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Inspector of Taxes, or any other Officer or Officers who now or hereafter shall be appointed by or under the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes to be *looked* for the Collection or Superintendence of the Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, to demand and require from any Person who shall offer or keep any Dog, Gun, Net or other Engine for the taking or Destruction of Game, to produce and shew to such Officer the proper Certificate to such Person for Liberty to kill Game; and every such Person shall upon such Demand and Requirement as aforesaid, produce such Certificate to the Officer so demanding and requiring the same, and shall permit the same to be inspected accordingly; and if any such Person shall wilfully neglect or refuse to produce and shew a Certificate as aforesaid to him for the Purpose aforesaid, or shall decline to produce or shew the same, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Notices by this Act required to be given in respect of the Rates, Duties and Taxes granted by this Act, or any of them, and the several Accounts to be delivered pursuant to such Notices, and the several Books and Accounts by this Act required to be kept, and the Entries to be made therein, and also the Receipts to be given and delivered by the Officer to the Person paying the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, on such Officer receiving the same, shall and may be in such respective Form or Forms as the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes, in *England*, or any Three of them, may from time to time order, direct and appoint; and it shall not be necessary to prove on the Trial of any Complaint or Information touching the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, the particular Order, Direction or Appointment of the said Commissioners or any Three of them, for or of any such Form or Forms respectively; and if any Person who is by this Act required to keep any Book or Books, shall neglect or refuse to keep such Book or Books in such Form or Forms as shall be so ordered, appointed or directed, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That any Notice which shall be given or served by any Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid under the Provision of this Act, shall not be impeached or affected by reason of any Mistake or Variance in the Christian Name or Surname or either of them, of any Person liable or chargeable with the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or in the Amount of the Rate, Duty or Tax; but that every such Notice shall be valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, notwithstanding any such Mistake or Variance, provided that the Person intended to be deforced shall really be liable to the said Rate, Duty and Tax, or the Rate, Duty or Tax intended to be deforced, shall be chargeable on such Person.

LV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes to *look* for any Three of them, from time to time, as often as they shall think expedient, to call before them any and every Collector, Assessor, Inspector or other Officer employed in the collecting or charging of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes or any of them, and to examine him or them upon Oath, or if a Quaker, on solemn Affirmation, and to ascertain the Sum or Sums of Money that shall have been collected and paid to such Collector or other Person respectively for the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, and also to ascertain the Sum or Sums in Arrears, and the Cause or Causes thereof, and also upon Oath or Affirmation to examine the said Collector or other Person respectively touching the due Payment over of any Sum or Sums previously collected by him or them, and with respect to the Sum or Sums remaining in the Hand or Hands of such Collector or other Person respectively, and to make such Order to the Promisor on the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall judge necessary to present any Failure in the Payment of any Part of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Person appointed to assist, charge, levy or collect the said Rates, Duties and Taxes or any of them, shall with intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, make any false or untrue Entry in any Abstrah, Ledger or other Books which such Officer shall keep, containing the Survey or Collection of his Wale, Drivale or Drivale, or shall, with such intent, omit to make any Entry or Entries in any such Abstrah, Ledger or Book respectively, or shall give or grant any false or untrue Receipt for the said Rates, Duties and Taxes or any of them, or shall make any false or untrue Entry with relation to the said Rates, Duties and Taxes or any of them, or with relation to any such Receipt given or granted by him, or if any such Officer or other Person shall knowingly perjury or falsify the same to be kept in any of the respective Cases aforesaid, every such Officer or Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Affidavit, Oath or Affirmation is by this Act required or directed to be taken or subscribed or administered, every such Affidavit, Oath or Affirmation shall and may be taken or administered by or before any Commissioner of inland Excise and Taxes in *England*, or by or before any Collector of Excise in his proper District, or by or before any other Officer in Charge of the Collection of such District, or by or before any Person who now or hereafter shall be authorized by the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes to *look* for to administer Oaths in Revenue Cases; and every such Commissioner, Collector, Officer or Person is and he is hereby respectively authorized, empowered and required to administer such Affidavit, Oath or Affirmation accordingly.

LVIII. And

*Persons bearing
false Purgery*

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall take or make any Affidavit or any Oath, or make any Affirmation, by this Act required to be taken or made, shall wilfully or knowingly swear or affirm falsely therein, every such Person, being duly convicted thereof, shall suffer the Pains and Penalties in which Persons guilty of wilful or corrupt Purgery are or shall be subject by any Law in force in Ireland; and if any Person shall corruptly procure or induce any other Person or Persons to swear or affirm falsely in any such Affidavit, Oath or Affirmation, such Person being duly convicted of such procuring or inducing, shall for every such Offence incur and suffer such Penalties, Forfeitures, Pains and Disabilities as Persons convicted of Subornation of Purgery are respectively liable unto by any Law in force in Ireland.

*Recovery and
Application of
Fines.*

LIX. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof in British Currency, and shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, had, levied, recovered and applied, (except in Cases where it is otherwise directed in this Act,) in the same manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed for keeping, filing for or recovering of any Penalties or Forfeitures to and by an Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for the settling of the Exchequer or new Impost upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Bank of Ireland therein intitled; or in and by an Act made in the forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, matters and things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes, in Ireland; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Recovery of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually, to all Intent and Purposes, as if the same were herein expressed and enacted; with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said recited Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.*

*Penalties not ex-
ceeding 40s. may
be recovered be-
fore a Justice.*

LX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace in Ireland, within whose Jurisdiction any Offence for which the Penalty shall not exceed Forty Pounds shall be committed against this Act, or any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating in anywise to the Payment, Registration or Collection of the Rates, Duties or Taxes by this Act granted or any of them, and every such Justice is hereby authorized, empowered and required, upon Information or Complaint in Writing made to that behalf by any Officer or other Person acting under the Authority of the Commissioners of Customs and Excise or either of them respectively, within Six Months after the Offence committed, to summon the Party accused of such Offence, and also the Witnesses, if any, on either Side, and to examine into the Facts, and upon Proof thereof made to his Satisfaction, either by the confession of the Party or Person accused of such Offence, or by the Oath of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses, which Oath such Justice is hereby authorized to administer, to give Judgment for such Penalty, and thereupon to affix his Warrant under his Hand and Seal for levying such Penalty on the Goods and Chattels of such Offender, and to cause Sale to be made thereof to raise the sum that is to be recovered within Six Days, reckoning to the Party the Overplus, if any; and where Goods and Chattels sufficient cannot be found to answer such Penalty, such Justice of the Peace, or any other Justice of the Peace of the County or County of a City or Town in which such Commission shall be, is hereby authorized and empowered to cause such Offender or Offenders to Prison until such Penalty shall be paid; and if any Person, whether Prosecutor or Party concerned, shall find himself or herself aggrieved by the Judgment of any such Justice of the Peace, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for such Person, if the Person is appealing shall be the Person concerned, upon giving sufficient Security by Recognizance with Two Sufficient Sureties before such Justice to pay the Amount of the Penalty imposed by such Commission as aforesaid, together with Costs not exceeding Forty Shillings, as such Justice shall appoint, to appeal to the Justice or Justices at the next General Quarter Sessions of the County, County of a Town or City, or the Case may be, which shall be held after Fourteen clear Days from the Day on which such Commission shall have been made, in the District in which such Offence shall have been committed, if such County shall be divided into Districts, or if not so divided, then at the General Sessions of the County or County of a Town or City, which shall happen next after Fourteen clear Days after such Commission shall have been made, of which Appeal Notice in Writing shall be given to the adverse Party Two clear Days previous to the First Day of such Quarter Sessions respectively; and such Justice at such Sessions shall examine and examine Witnesses upon Oath, and finally hear and determine such Appeal; and in case the Judgment of the Justice against whose Adjudication such Appeal shall be brought shall be affirmed, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices at Sessions as aforesaid to award the Prison or Prisons to appealing to pay such Costs to the Prosecutor incurred by such Appeal as to him or them shall seem meet, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Forty Shillings, and such Justice or Justices of the said Court of Quarter Sessions shall and may thereupon proceed in the same manner in all respects as the Justice making such Commission might or could have done if such Appeal had not taken place.

*Appeal to Quar-
ter Sessions, on
giving Security.*

*Notice of Ap-
peal.*

Costs

*Complaints not
to be removed
by Certiorari.*

LXI. And be it further enacted, That on Commission made by any Justice, or before any Justice of Peace at the Quarter Sessions, nor any Sessions or Order given or made by any such Justice or Justices under or by virtue of this Act, shall be removed by Writ or Certiorari out of the County, City, Town or Place wherein such Commission or Proceedings shall have been had or made; and that no Writ of Certiorari shall supersede Executions or other Proceedings upon any Commission, Order or Sentence made or given in pursuance of this Act, but that Executions and other Proceedings shall be had and made thereupon, any such Writ of Certiorari as Aforesaid thereof notwithstanding.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be necessary in any Proceeding before a Magistrate or Magistrates for the Recovery of any Penalty under this Act, or under any Act in force from time to time for the Payment of or for the regulating the Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, that the original or any other Process or Summons, or any Notice or Order whatsoever, should be personally served on the Defendant or Defendants, or any of them, but it shall in all such Cases be sufficient that the first, or a Copy thereof, be served or posted, as the Case may be, at his, her or their then Place or Places of Abode.

Period Service of Process for Penalties not necessary.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses to give Evidence in any Case under this Act before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or before any Justice or Justices at the Sessions, and shall neglect or refuse to appear, the Expense of such Witness or Witnesses, if he, she or they shall be required to go to a greater Distance than Five Miles from Home, being first paid or tendered, without a reasonable Excuse to be allowed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Justice or Justices at Sessions respectively, or upon appearing shall refuse to be examined upon Oath, or to give Evidence before such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Justice or Justices at Sessions respectively, and shall not make reasonable Excuse for such Refusal, to be allowed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace or Justice or Justices at Sessions respectively, then such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Witnesses neglecting, &c. to appear, &c.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That on any Trial or other Proceeding for Recovery of any Penalty under this Act, or under any Act relating to the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, any Informer or other Person who in the Event of a Conviction would be entitled to the Penalty to be recovered thereon, or to any Part, Share or Proportion thereof, or to any Fee, Profit, Reward or Emolument whatsoever, shall nevertheless be received and admitted as a Witness on such Trial or other Proceeding; and such Testimony shall, if believed, be sufficient to prove to all Intents and Purposes, in far as the same Testimony could be if given by any indifferent Person.

Penalty not.

Informers admitted Witnesses.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That any Justice of the Peace before whom any Offender shall be convicted of any of the Offences hereinbefore, or of any Offence against any Act in anywise relating to the Payment, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or of any of them, shall cause the Conviction to be made out in manner and Form following, or in any other Form of Words to the like Effect, *mutatis mutandis*, which Conviction shall be good and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, without sending forth the Evidence, or stating the Case in any more particular manner; that is to say,

Conviction to be made in the following

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ A. D. of _____ in the County of _____ [or County, or County of the City or Town of _____] [as the Case may be], was convicted before me, J. P. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of _____ [or County of the City or Town of _____] for that the said A. D. on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year _____ did [here state the Offence], contrary to the Statute in that Case made and provided; and I do therefore adjudge the said A. D. to have forfeited the Sum of _____ British Currency, making the Sum of _____ Irish Currency. Given under my Hand and Seal, the _____ Day of _____

Form.

Which Conviction the said Justice shall cause to be written fairly upon Paper or Parchment, and to be transmitted within Ten Days from the Date of such Conviction to the Clerk of the Peace for the County or County of a City or Town (as the Case may be), or Place where such Conviction was made, to be filed by him, and to remain and to be kept among the Records of the same County or Place; and if any such Justice shall neglect or omit to do so, he shall for every such Offence forfeit Ten Pounds.

Penalty.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That any Warrant to be issued by any such Justice of the Peace for levying any Sum under any such Conviction from the Goods of any such Offender, shall be in the Form following, or in some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect, which Form shall be good and valid to all Intents and Purposes; that is to say,

Warrant of Distress to be in the following

County of _____ in wit.
To M. and N. and each of them, and their and each of their Assigns.
WHEREAS on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year _____ was duly convicted, for that he [or she] on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year _____ [or County of the City or Town of _____] as the Case may be did [here state the Offence]; and thereupon the said A. D. hath become liable to a Fine or Penalty of _____ British Currency [amounting to _____ Irish Currency]; I do therefore by these Presents authorize you and each of you to take into your Possession the Goods and Chattels of the said A. D. or a sufficiency thereof for levying the Sum last mentioned therein, wherever you shall find the said Goods and Chattels in the County aforesaid; and if the said Goods and Chattels shall not be released by the Payment of the said Sum within Six Days from the Day of taking the same, you are by public Sale thereof in levy of the

Form.

such Collector, or other Officer in Charge shall forthwith transmit such Copy to the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes; and if any such Clerk of the Peace, or Collector or other Officer in Charge as aforesaid, shall neglect or omit to do respectively, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That such Part, Share and Proportion as shall be payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, of, from or out of any Penalty or Fine payable or recoverable under this Act, or under any Act or Acts which shall in anywise relate to the Payment, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, shall, unless otherwise particularly directed, within One Calendar Month next after the same shall be levied or received, be paid by the Justice of the Peace, by whom the same shall have been levied or received, to the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes, or other Chief Officer in Charge of the District in which the Offence was committed; and if any such Justice of the Peace shall neglect or omit to do pay over the same, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Justice of the Peace, Magistrate or Peace Officer in Ireland, shall neglect or refuse in any Instance to carry into Execution this Act, or any Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating in anywise to the Payment, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or any of the Provisions of any such Act or Acts, upon proper Application made to him, such Justice of the Peace, Magistrate or Peace Officer shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds for every such Neglect or Refusal.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, to share, reduce or mitigate any Fine or Penalty which shall at any time be imposed under the Authority of this Act, or under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating in anywise to the Payment, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them; provided that every such Abatement, Reduction and Mitigation shall be under and subject to all such Rules and Regulations as by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland any Fine or Penalty incurred for any Offence against any Act or Acts relating to the Revenue of Excise shall or may be shared, reduced or mitigated.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Fines and Penalties which shall be incurred under this Act, or under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland in anywise relating to the Payment, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, shall be paid and payable, and received and receivable, according to the Amount thereof in British Currency; and that every such Fine or Penalty, nor particularly directed to be otherwise applied, shall be paid and distributed, One Moiety thereof to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Person suing for the same.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Provisions, Clauses, Rules, Regulations and Exemptions contained in an Act made in the Fifth and Year of His present Majesty's Royal, entitled *An Act for granting Exemptions to certain Cattle from the Payment of the Duties charged in respect of Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs kept in Great Britain and Ireland respectively*, shall extend and be construed to extend to the several Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs kept in Great Britain, granted by any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain at the time of the passing of this Act, as fully and effectually as all Intents and Purposes as if the said Provisions, Clauses, Rules, Regulations and Exemptions were repeated and recited in this Act.

LXXIV. And in order to promote the Recovery of Persons afflicted with or labouring under contagious or infectious Fever, and the better to prevent the spreading of the same in Ireland: Be it further enacted, That whenever it shall be made appear to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, by such Proof as the said Commissioners shall require, that the opening of any Window or Window which shall have been stopped up, or the making of any new Window or Opening in any House, Out-house or Office is likely to promote the Recovery of such Person or Persons, or to prevent the spreading of such Fever, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to make such Rules and Regulations, and Orders, and to give such Directions from time to time, for the opening or making of any such Window and again stopping up the same, and for exempting such House from any Charge in respect of such Window, or for charging or taxing such House in respect of such Window, as to the said Commissioners shall in those Circumstances seem requisite and necessary for the Recovery of such Person, or the preventing the spreading of such Fever, and as may appear Friends under Pretence of opening such Window, or by keeping the same open longer than shall be requisite for the Purpose aforesaid.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That this Act and all the Clauses and Provisions herein contained, shall be deemed and taken to have commenced and take Effect from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

Transmitted to Commissioners.
Penalty 10l.

His Majesty's Share of Fines, one to be paid over, (Exception) to Collector of District, the Justice neglecting, &c.
Penalty 20l.

Justice neglecting their Duty.

Penalty 40l.

Commissioners may mitigate Penalties.

Penalties paid in British Currency.

Application thereof.

21 G. 3. c. 74. extended to Act.

Commissioners may direct Windows in Houses, &c. to be opened or prevent Fever, and exempt such House from Duty in respect thereof.

Commencement of Act.

Act may be amended, altered, &c.
Session.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

FIRE HEARTHES.

A SCHEDULE of the Rates, Duties and Taxes payable annually for and out of every Dwelling House, in the whole of which, with every Outhouse, Office and Edifice appertaining or belonging thereto, and hereinafter enumerated, there shall be Four or more Fire Hearths or other Places for Firing, or Stoves.

	DUTY.		
	Yearly Sum in the Pound for the whole Number of Hearths.		
	s.	d.	
In respect of 4	0	12	0
5	0	17	6
6	1	4	0
7	1	11	6
8	2	0	0
9	2	9	6
10	3	0	0
11	3	11	6
12	4	4	0
13	4	17	6
14	5	12	0
15	5	7	6
16	7	4	0
17	8	1	6
18	9	0	0
19	9	19	6
20	11	0	0
21	12	1	6
22	13	4	0
23	14	7	6
24	15	12	0
25	16	17	6
26	18	4	0
27	19	11	6
28	21	0	0
And for and out of every Dwelling House in the whole of which, with every			
such Outhouse, Office and Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be more			
than all Fire Hearths or Stoves, or other Places for Firing, in respect of each			
and every Fire Hearth or Stove, or other Place for Firing, in each Dwelling			
House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be paid			
the yearly Sum of	0	15	0

RULES for charging the said Rates, Duties and Taxes.

Every Kitchen, Cellar, Scullery, Bedchamber, Partry, Larder, Washhouse, Bakehouse, Brewhouse and Lodging Room, or Outchamber or Office used as such, appertaining or belonging to any Dwelling House, whether the same shall be contiguous to or disposed from such Dwelling House, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of such Dwelling House; and all Hearths or other Places for Firing or Stoves therein, shall be reckoned and included in the Number of Hearths in respect of which such Dwelling House shall be charged with the Rate, Duty or Tax.

And in all Cases where there shall be an interval Communication between any Two or more Houses adjoining each other, so as that the same shall be occupied by One Person and his or her Family, Servants or Lodgers, the said Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be charged as if such Houses, with the Outhouses, Offices and Edifices belonging or appertaining to each of them, were one House.

Where any Dwelling House has been or shall be divided into different Tenements, being distinct Properties, every such Tenement shall be subject to the same Duties as if the same were One House, whose Duties shall be paid by the Occupiers thereof respectively.

EXEMPT.

Schedule (A.) — continued.

EXEMPTIONS and ABATEMENTS from the said Rates and Duties.

His Majesty's Castle of Dublin, or any House within the Quays thereof, or any House or Tenement provided for the Residence of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of Ireland for the time being, or of the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or of the Under Secretaries in his Office; and the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queens Elizabeth near Dublin.

Any Dwelling House which after the Twenty-fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eight, and before the Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall have been built on and laid together with any Farm in Ireland, containing not less than Ten Acres Irish Plantation Measure; and in the whole of which Dwelling House, with every Out-house or Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall not have been nor shall be more than Four Fire Hearths or Stoves, or other Places for Firing, shall be exempted from any Duty in respect thereof, from the time when such Dwelling House shall have been first occupied, until the Fifth Day of January next after the End of Seven Years from the time of such first Occupation; provided that such Dwelling House shall have been and shall be occupied together with such Farm; and in all such House shall not be so occupied therewith, the said Dwelling House, with every such Out-house, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto as aforesaid, and the Occupier thereof shall be chargeable with the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Four Hearths or Stoves or other Firing Places therein respectively, on and from the Sixth Day of January in the Year in which such Dwelling House shall cease to be occupied with such Farm, and from thenceforward shall not be entitled to any such Exemption.

Any newly built House or newly built Addition to a House, which shall not be used or inhabited, and where any newly built House, or any newly built Addition to a House, shall be used or inhabited in Part only, the Remainder thereof being used for Use or Habitation, such House shall be charged only in respect of the Fire Hearths in such Parts thereof as shall be used or inhabited.

Any Oven or any fixed Boiler in any Dwelling House, Out-house, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto, shall be exempted from the said Duty on Fire Hearths.

Any House situate within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within any City or Town, and containing Six Hearths, or upwards, in which no Sheep shall be kept for the Sale of any Goods, or in which no Spirituous or other Liquors shall be sold, and which shall be wholly let for Lodgings, or occupied by Lodgers, each Lodging let to or occupied by one Person or Family, and each Lodging not consisting of more than One Room, and the Lodger therein not being provided, by the Person letting such Lodging, with Diet or other Accommodation, shall not be charged with any higher Rate than Two Shillings for each Hearth or Fire Place therein.

Any House situate within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within any City or Town, and containing Eight Hearths or upwards, the greater Part of the Rooms in which shall be let to or occupied by Lodgers, each Lodger not occupying more than One Room, and not being provided by the Person letting such Lodging with Diet or other Accommodation, though such House shall be partly inhabited by the Owner, shall not be charged with any higher Duty than Two Shillings for each Hearth or Fire Place.

Any Hospital, House, provided for the Reception and Relief of poor Persons, Charity School, Gaol, Prison, or Soldiers House, Hall, Office, or other Public Building whatever in Ireland, shall not be charged in respect of Hearths therein, otherwise than in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, all the Dwelling Rooms and Apartments in any such Public Building, being occupied by any Officers, Master, Mistress, or Superintendent or of belonging to or employed in the same, or by any Servants of such Officers, Master, Mistress or Superintendent, shall be deemed Dwelling Houses, and shall be liable to the Tax on Hearths accordingly; and the Persons respectively by whom or by whose Servants such Rooms or Apartments are or shall be inhabited, shall be chargeable with and liable to pay the said Tax on Occupation of Houses as by Law chargeable with and liable to pay the same.

Every House which shall be exempted from and after the Fifth Day of January in any Year, until and in the time of making the Assessment, shall be entered and described as such in the Assessment, with the Number of Hearths and other Places for Firing and Stoves therein, with the Out-houses, Offices and Edifices appertaining thereto as aforesaid; and if such House shall continue wholly unoccupied during the whole of such Year, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Ireland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, upon due Proof of the Fact, made to their Satisfaction, to discharge such House from the Hearths Tax, chargeable thereon for such Year; and if any Person shall in the Course of such Year come into the Occupation of any House which shall be so entered and described in the Assessment made in respect of such House for such Year, every such Person shall make a Notice thereof in Writing to be given to the Collector of Ireland Excise of the District in which such House shall be situate, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of such District, within Twenty Days next after the time when such Person shall first occupy such House; and every Person who shall neglect to give such Notice within the time aforesaid shall be liable to be charged with and shall pay the Rates, Duties and Taxes for Hearths, Firing Places and Stoves with which such House shall be chargeable and charged and assessed for the whole Year in which the same became so occupied: Provided always, that if the Person who shall so occupy any such House shall give such Notice, the said Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be payable only from the time when such Person shall first occupy such House according to the Rates aforesaid, proportioned to and estimated on the Period of such Year remaining unoccupied as the time of such first Occupation; and when a Tenant of any House shall after the Assessment of the same give such Notice on the Determination of the Lease or Tenancy thereof, and Notice thereof in Writing shall within Twenty Days next after be given by such Person, or by the Owner or Landlord of such House to the Collector

Schedule (A.) — continued.

Letter of Receipt of the EXHIBIT in which such House shall be Given, or other Officer in Charge of such Collection, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners or any Three of them to discharge such House from or to enjoy a rentable Proportion of the said Rates or Duties for the Remainder of such Year, in case it shall appear to the said Commissioners that such House shall have continued wholly unoccupied for and during the Remainder of such Year.

SCHEDULE (B.)

WINDOWS.

A SCHEDULE of the Rates, Duties, and Taxes payable annually for and out of every Dwelling House, with the Outbuildings, Offices and Edifices appertaining or belonging thereto, and hereinafter mentioned, having more than Six Windows or Lights.

In respect of Windows or Lights		d.	s.	d.
8		0	15	0
9		1	4	6
10		1	11	6
11		2	2	0
12		2	14	6
13		3	7	0
14		3	19	6
15		4	12	6
16		5	8	0
17		5	28	0
18		6	10	6
19		7	3	0
20		7	15	6
21		8	8	6
22		9	1	0
23		9	13	6
24		10	6	6
25		10	28	6
26		11	11	0
27		12	4	0
28		12	26	6
29		13	19	6
30		14	2	0
31		14	14	6
32		15	7	0
33		15	19	6
34		16	12	6
35		17	5	0
36		17	17	6
37		18	10	0
38		19	3	6
39		19	15	6
40 to 44		20	8	0
45 to 49		21	1	0
50 to 54		22	13	6
55 to 59		23	6	6
60 to 64		27	19	6
65 to 69		29	16	6
70 to 74		31	10	6
75 to 79		32	3	0
80 to 84		34	17	6
85 to 89		36	11	0
90 to 94	inclusive in all Cases	38	5	0
95 to 99		39	18	6
100 to 109		41	11	0
110 to 119		44	3	0
120 to 129		47	10	0
130 to 139		50	17	6
140 to 149		54	4	6
150 to 159		57	12	0
160 to 169		60	19	6
170 to 179		64	6	6
180		67	14	0
And for every such Dwelling House which shall contain more than 180 Windows or Lights, for every Window or Light exceeding the Number of 180		69	17	0
		0	8	3

Schedule (B).—continued.

RULES for charging the said Rates, Duties, and Taxes.

All Windows or Lights in each Dwelling House, with the Outhouses, Offices and Edifices appertaining or belonging thereto, and all Sky Lights, and all Windows or Lights in any Shop, Cafe, Tavern, Cellar, Passage or other Part or Place of or belonging to any Dwelling House, to what Use or Purpose forever applied, shall be reckoned and included in the Number of Windows or Lights in respect of which each Dwelling House, shall be charged with the foregoing Rates, Duties or Taxes.

Every Kitchen, Cellar, Smellery, Storey, Storey, Larder, Walk-houses, Bakehouse, Brewhouse, and Lodging Room, or Outhouse or Office used as such, appertaining or belonging to any Dwelling House, whether the same shall be contiguous to or detached from each Dwelling House, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of each Dwelling House; and all Windows or Lights therein shall be reckoned and included in the Number of Windows or Lights in respect of which each Dwelling House shall be charged with the Rate, Duty or Tax.

In all Cases where there shall be an internal Communication between any Two or more Houses adjoining each other, so as that the same shall be occupied by One Person, and his or her Family, Tenants, or Lodgers, the said Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be charged as if each House, with the Outhouses, Offices and Edifices belonging or appertaining to each of them, were One House.

When a Partition or Division in any Window or Light between Two or more Windows or Lights fixed in any one Frame shall be of the Breadth or Space of Twelve Inches or more, the Window or Light on each Side of each Partition or Division shall be deemed as a distinct Window or Light, and shall be rated accordingly; Provided always, that every Window in a Frame, which is or shall be extended into a greater Number of Rooms, Apartments, Landings or Lobbies than One, shall be reckoned and charged for so many separate Windows as there are Rooms, Apartments, Landings, or Lobbies into which the same shall be extended.

When any Dwelling House has been or shall be divided into different Tenements, being distinct Properties, every such Tenement shall be subject to the same Rates as if the same were One House; which Rates shall be paid by the Occupiers of every such Tenement respectively.

EXEMPTIONS and ABATEMENTS from the said Rates and Duties.

His Majesty's Castle of Dublin, and any House within the Circuit thereof, and any House or Tenement for the Residence of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or of the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or of the Under Secretaries in his Office, and the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth near Dublin.

Any Warehouse being a distinct and separate Building, and not a Part or Parcel of the Dwelling House, nor occupied in part or in the whole as a Dwelling House, but employed solely for the Purpose of lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or for carrying on some Manufacture or Trade, although the same may adjoin to or have internal Communication with the Dwelling House.

Any Window or Light in any Room used wholly for the Purpose of carrying on any Manufacture therein, and not having any internal Communication with a Dwelling House, or any Part thereof, although such Room shall adjoin to each Dwelling House, or be in either respects a Part thereof.

Any Dwelling House which after the Twenty seventh Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eight and before the Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall have been built on and held together with any Farm in Ireland, containing not less than Ten Acres Irish Plantation Measure, and in the whole of which Dwelling House, with every Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall not have been nor shall be more than Four Fire Hearths or Stoves or other Places for Fire, shall be exempted from any Duty in respect of Windows or Lights from the time when each Dwelling House shall have been first occupied, until the Fifth Day of January next after the End of Seven Years from the time of each first Occupation; Provided, that each Dwelling House, shall have been and shall be occupied together with such Farm; and in each such House shall not be so occupied therewith, the said Dwelling House, with any Outhouse, Office, or Edifice appertaining thereto is ascertained, the Occupier thereof, shall be chargeable with Rates, Duties and Taxes, in respect of Windows or Lights therein respectively, as and from the Sixth Day of January in the Year in which each Dwelling House shall cease to be occupied with such Farm, and from thenceforward shall not be entitled to any such Exemption.

Any newly built House or newly built Addition to a House which shall not be used or inhabited, and where any newly built House, or any newly built Addition to a House, shall be used or inhabited in Part only, the Remainder thereof being used for Use or Habitation, such House shall be charged only in respect of the Windows or Lights in such Parts thereof as shall be used or inhabited.

Any House containing Eight Windows or upwards, the Whole or the greater Part of the Rooms of which shall be let to or occupied by Lodgers, and each Lodger not occupying more than One Room, and not being provided by the Person letting such Lodging with Dinner or other Accommodation, shall not be charged with any higher Duty than One Shilling for each Window or Light, provided that each Window and Light in the Room of every such Lodger shall be so constructed as to open and shut, so that the same may contain the Apartments in which each such Window shall be.

Any Hospital, House provided for the Reception and Relief of poor Persons, Charity School, Gaol, Prison, Seizures House, Hall, Office or Public Building whatsoever in Ireland, shall not be charged in respect

Schedule (B).—continued.

of Windows therein, otherwise than as aforesaid mentioned; that it is for, all the Dwelling Rooms or Apartments in any such Public Building being occupied by any Officer, Master, Milbrot or Superintendent of or belonging to or employed in the same, or by any Servant of such Officer or Person as aforesaid; and the Officers or Persons respectively by whom or by whose Servants such Rooms or Apartments are or shall be inhabited, shall be chargeable with and liable to pay the said Taxes as Occupiers of Houses as by Law chargeable with and liable to pay the same.

Where any Window or Light in any Dwelling House shall be occupied with or used for a Locomotive which shall be standing at or under such Window or Light, and really used in Working, no Duty shall be charged in respect of such Window.

Any Dwelling House wholly occupied during the whole of any Year on and from the Sixth Day of January, in such Year to the Fifth Day of January in the Year following, as a Boarding School for the Education of Children, and kept by a Person licensed to keep a School by the Ordinary of the Diocese, or the Justices, as Justices, shall not be charged with any higher Rate than One Shilling for each Window or Light therein: provided that if the said Rate of One Shilling for each Window shall have been paid in any Year, and that fact shall have been paid, Credit shall be given for the Sum so paid out of the Charge to which such House shall become liable in consequence of ceasing to be occupied and kept as aforesaid mentioned.

Every House which shall be unoccupied from and after the Fifth Day of January in any Year used and at the time of making the Assessment, shall be entered and valued as such in the Assessment, with the Number of Windows or Lights therein, with the Outbuildings, Offices, and Edifices appertaining thereto (unoccupied) and if such House shall continue wholly unoccupied during the whole of such Year, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes, or any Three of them, upon due Proof of the Fact made to their Satisfaction, to discharge such House from the Window Taxes chargeable thereon for such Year; and if any Person shall be the Owner of such Year come into the Occupancy of any House which shall be so entered and valued in the Assessment made in respect of such House for such Year, every such Person shall send a Notice thereof in Writing to be given to the Collector of Rates of the District in which such House shall be situate, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of such District within Twenty Days next after the time when such Person shall first occupy such House; and every Person who shall neglect to give such Notice within the time aforesaid, shall be liable to be charged with and shall pay the Rates and Taxes for Windows or Lights with which such House shall be chargeable and charged and assessed for the whole Year in which the same became so occupied: Provided always, that if the Person who shall first occupy any such House shall give such Notice, the said Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be payable only from the time when such Person shall first occupy such House, according to the Rates aforesaid, proportioned to and estimated on the Period of such Year remaining unoccupied at the time of such first Occupation; and when a Tenant of any House shall after the Assessment of the same quit such House on the Determination of the Lease or Tenancy thereof, and Notice thereof in Writing shall within Twenty Days next after be given by such Person, or by the Owner or Landlord of such House, to the Collector of Rates of the District in which such House shall be situate, or other Officer in Charge of such Collection, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners or any Three of them to discharge such House from or to repay a returnable Proportion of the said Rates or Duties for the Remainder of such Year, in case it shall appear to the said Commissioners that such House shall have continued wholly unoccupied for and during the Remainder of such Year.

If Proof shall be made in the manner herein directed to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, that any Person or Number of Persons in Partnership together respectively occupy a Tenement or Building (although the same shall have been previously occupied as a Dwelling House) as a House for the Purpose of Trade only, or as a Warehouse for the sole Purpose of lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise therein, or as a Shop or Counting House, or as a Place for the sole Purpose of dwelling or abiding therein, except in the Day time only for the Purpose of such Trade, such Person, or each of such Persons in Partnership respectively, residing in a separate and distinct Dwelling House, or Part of a Dwelling House charged with the Duties as Windows or Lights, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, according to the Provision hereafter specified, to discharge the Assessment made in respect of such Tenement or Building which shall be so used for the Purpose of Trade, or be employed as a Warehouse for the sole Purpose of lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise therein, or as a Shop or Counting House.

All such Tenements or Buildings, whether employed wholly for the Purpose of Trade, or as a Warehouse for the sole Purpose of lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise therein, or as a Shop or Counting House, may be brought into Assessment as Dwelling Houses; and every Person intending to be relieved from any such Assessment shall give Notice thereof to some official Officer of the District or Ward where any such Tenement or Building shall be situate, and at the same time deliver a Declaration in Writing signed by the Person or Persons where the Dwelling House or Dwelling Houses, or Part of a Dwelling House used as the Residence of him, her or them, or his, her or their Family or Families, are respectively living; and any official Officer of such Ward or District, who by means of such Notice or otherwise shall have Information of such Claim being made, shall from time to time and at all times in the Day time be admitted to inspect and turn up the Tenement or Building intended to be so employed for the Purpose of Trade, as well externally, as internally, and shall inquire and examine into the Uses and Purposes to which such Tenement or Building is or has been employed; and if above any such Claim made, or before or after Allowance thereof, it shall be discovered that the same Tenement or Building has been employed for any other Use than for the Purpose of Trade, or as a Warehouse

Schedule (B.)—continued.

for lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or as a Shop or Counting House, or that any Person shall inhabit or dwell therein, except as aforesaid; then and in such Case the said Tenement or Building shall be affixed and charged as a Dwelling House to the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, in respect of the Windows or Lights therein, notwithstanding such Claim, or any thing herein contained to the contrary.

If the Owner or Occupier of any Mill or Place of Manufacture or Trade, or Warehouse not being Part or Parcel of any Dwelling House, nor occupied in part or in the whole as a Dwelling House, but employed solely for the Purpose of lodging Goods, Wares and Merchandise, or for the Purpose of carrying on some Manufacture or Trade, shall be authorized by License signed by the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, upon Application made to them by such Owner or Occupier, to appoint any One or more of the Servants of such Owner or Occupier named in such License to watch and guard the said Mill or Place of Manufacture or Trade or Warehouse in the Night time, in such Case the hiring of such licensed Servant therein, for the Purpose of watching and guarding the same, shall not render the Owner or Occupier thereof liable in any of the Duties on such Mill or Place of Manufacture or Trade or Warehouse, in respect of the Windows or Lights therein.

**SCHEDULE (C.)
MALE SERVANTS.**

A SCHEDULE of the Rates, Duties and Taxes payable annually for or in respect of every Male Servant retained or employed by any Person or Persons.

NUMBER THEREOF.					Duty.
In respect of 1 such Servant	-	-	-	-	2 8 0
2	-	-	-	-	3 3 0
3	-	-	-	-	4 8 0
4	-	-	-	-	12 0 0
5 and upwards	-	-	-	-	15 15 0
And for each and every Servant exceeding the Number of Five, the further Sum of					5 4 0

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Duties shall be paid by the Person who shall retain or employ such Male Servant or Servants, and shall be paid for every Male Servant who shall be retained or employed by such Person, at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Sixth Day of January in the Year following, in any of the following Capacities; that is to say, Maître d'Hotel, House Steward, Master of the Horse, Groom of the Chamber, Valet de Chamber, Butler, Under Butler, Clerk of the Kitchen, Confectioner, Cook, House Porter, Footman, Running Footman, Coachman, Groom, Postilion, Stable Boy or Helper in the Stable, Gardener, Park Keeper, Game Keeper, Huntsman or Whipper on, or by whatever Name or Names Male Servants, usually called in any of the said Capacities, shall be called or known, or whether such Male Servants shall have been or shall be retained or employed in one or more of the said Capacities, or in any other Business, jointly with any one or more of the aforesaid; and for every Servant hired by the Year with any Carriage or Horses, the Tax on such Servant to be paid shall be charged and chargeable on the Person who shall use such Servant on Hire with any Carriage and Horses as aforesaid.

EXEMPTIONS from the said Rates and Duties.

Any Servant who shall be really retained or employed solely for the Purpose of Husbandry or Manufacture, or of any Trade or Calling by which the Master or Mistress of such Servant shall earn a Livelihood or Profit.

Any Servant of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or of the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth near Dublin, or any Servant of the Royal Hospital near Kinsale, or of the Blue Coat Hospital or Lying in Hospital in Dublin, or of any Hospital or Charitable Institution.

One Servant of any Officer serving in any Regiment of Horse or Dragoons, under the Rank or not receiving the Pay of a Field Officer, provided such Officer retains no more than one Servant; and any Servant of any Officer serving in any Regiment of Artillery, Infantry or Marines, or Corps of Engineers, such Servant being actually a Soldier in the Regiment or Company to which such Officer shall belong; and any Servant of any Officer in His Majesty's Navy, under the Rank of a Master and Commander in actual Employment, such Servant being borne upon the Books of the Ship to which such Officer shall belong.

Any Boy apprenticed to serve for any Term not exceeding Seven Years, by the Foundling Hospital, the Incorporated Society for promoting English Protestant Schools in Ireland, the Hibernian School for Soldiers' Children, the Hibernian Marine Society or any Society or Charitable Institution in Ireland for the Care and Education of Children, supported in the whole or in part by Public Money or Alms.

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE (D.)
CLERES AND SHOPMEN.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for any Male Person retained or employed in the General Capacities after mentioned :

	s.	s.	d.
For every Male Person employed by any Person in Trade, or exercising any Profession whatever, as a Clerk or Book Keeper, or Office Keeper (except Apprentices, for or with whom no Sum, or no Sum higher than Twenty Pounds, has been paid or contracted for as a Fee or Reward), the yearly Sum of	1	0	0
For every Male Person employed by any Person in Trade as a Shopman (except Apprentices as aforesaid), for the Purposes of weighing or Sizing Goods, Wares or Merchandise in any Shop or Warehouse, whether by Wholesale or Retail, the yearly Sum of	1	0	0

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Duties shall be paid by the Person or Persons who shall retain or employ such Male Person or Persons, and shall be paid for every Person who shall be retained or employed in any of the said Capacities, by any Person or Persons, at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Sixth Day of January in the Year following.

SCHEDULE (E.)
CARRIAGES.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for or in respect of all Carriages of any of the Descriptions after mentioned.

NUMBER OF CARRIAGES.	Amount of the Duty.
For Carriages with Four Wheels :	s. s. d.
For 1. each Carriage the annual Sum of	10 0 0
2	21 0 0
3	33 0 0
4	45 0 0
5 and upwards	57 0 0
And for each and every such Carriage exceeding the Number of Five, the farther Sum of	14 0 0
And for every additional Body for the same Carriage, the farther annual Sum of	5 5 0
For Carriages with less than Four Wheels :	
For every such Carriage drawn by One Horse, Mare, Gelding or Male, and no more	5 5 0
And for every such Carriage drawn by Two or more Horses, Mares, Geldings or Males	9 0 0
And for every additional Body for the same Carriage, the farther Sum of	3 3 0
For every Car or Carriage fixed up for carrying Persons, commonly known by the Name of a Jaunting Car, with not more than Two Wheels, and drawn only by One Horse, Mare, Gelding or Male	3 3 0

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Duties shall be respectively charged for every Coach, Berlin, Landau, Chaise, Calash, Chaise-Marion, Chaise, Sociable or Caravan, or other Carriage of the like kind, with Four Wheels, and for every Calash, Chaise-Marion, Chaise, Carria, Chair or Jaunting Car, or Pleasure Car, with less than Four Wheels, or other Carriages of the like kind ; and for any Number of such Carriages respectively, which any Person shall have or keep at any time, between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Sixth Day of January in the Year next following ; and which Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be respectively paid by the Person or Persons having or keeping any such Carriage.

Any Person who shall have in his or her Possession, Care or Keeping, any Carriage whatever, chargeable with any Rate, Duty or Tax, the Rate, Duty or Tax on which shall not have been charged on or paid by the Owner of such Carriage, shall and may be chargeable and charged with, and shall pay the Rate, Duty and Tax payable for such Carriage, in the same manner as each Owner is or ought to be charged or chargeable for the same ; and it shall and may be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from every such Person, in the same manner, and with the like Powers and Authority, as it would be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes, of and from the Owner of such Carriage if the same was in the Possession of such Owner ; and Proof of the Payment of the Rate, Duty or Tax for and in respect of such Carriage

Schedule (E.) — continued.

Carriage by the Owner thereof, shall be on the Person who shall keep or have the same in his or her Possession; and the Person in paying the same for or on behalf of the Owner as aforesaid, shall have a Lien on the said Carriage for the Amount of the Sum which shall have been so paid for or on behalf of such Owner.

EXEMPTIONS and ABATEMENTS from the said Rates and Duties.

Stage Coaches, Hackney Coaches, and other Hackney Carriages, Coaches, Chaises, and other Carriages kept for Hire by any Coachmaker or Person licensed to let and letting out Horses to travel Post by the Mile, or from Stage to Stage, and such Carriages kept for no other Purpose but to be let for Hire to travel Post by the Mile, or from Stage to Stage, and having the Owner's Name highly painted on the Outside of the Door Panel or Shafts of the same, as the Case may be.

Coaches, Chaises or other Carriages kept to be let for Hire, for and in respect whereof any Rate, Duty or Tax applicable to local Purposes in Ireland, shall have been imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland; and which Rate, Duty or Tax shall be usually paid by the Owner.

Carriages kept for Sale by the Makers thereof, until the same shall have been sold or used.

Any Person who is or shall be duly licensed to carry on the Trade of a Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, and any Person who is or shall be duly licensed to carry on the Trade of selling Carriages by Auction or on Commission, shall not be chargeable with the Rate, Duty or Tax for or in respect of any Carriages the Custody or Possession of such Coachmaker or Maker or Seller of Carriages respectively held, sold for Sale; nor shall the Owner or Proprietor of any such Carriages be chargeable; provided that every such Carriage shall have been actually delivered into the Manufactory of such Coachmaker or Maker or Seller of Carriages on or before the Sixth Day of January in any Year for which such Carriage would be otherwise chargeable, and shall have from thence continuously remained there.

Whenever any Person who shall have paid the Duty or Tax on any Carriage kept by such Person, shall part with such Carriage in the Course of any Year, beginning on the Sixth Day of January, and shall in lieu thereof receive and keep any other Carriage of the like Kind or Description, or any Carriage chargeable with a lower Rate, Duty or Tax than such Person had paid for the Carriage parted with, shall not be chargeable with the Rate, Duty or Tax, in respect of such second Carriage so received in lieu of such former one, for the Year ending the Fifth Day of January next after the receiving of such second Carriage.

When any Person shall have paid the Rate, Duty or Tax on any Carriage kept by such Person, and shall part with such Carriage in the Course of any Year, beginning on the Sixth Day of January, and shall in lieu thereof receive and keep any Carriage chargeable with a higher Rate, Duty or Tax than such Person had paid for the Carriage which such Person had so parted with, every such Person shall be allowed Credit for the Sum to be paid out of the Rate, Duty or Tax chargeable in respect of such second Carriage so received in lieu of such former one, for the Year ending the Fifth Day of January next after the receiving of such second Carriage; provided that such Person shall not at one and the same time have had or keep both the said Carriages; and it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and in like manner after the Fifth Day of January in any subsequent Year, to make any Regrayment of the Rates, Duties or Taxes which any Person shall have paid or shall pay in respect of any Carriage which such Person had or shall have or keep in his or her Possession in the Year ending the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or in any subsequent Year ending the Fifth Day of January, upon Proof being made to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners that such Carriage was not in any manner whatever used at any time or times in the Year ending the Fifth Day of January, in respect of which Year such Regrayment shall be claimed by such Person; and every such Regrayment shall be made at the Discretion of the said Commissioners, and in such manner and under such Conditions and Regulations as they or any Three of them shall think or appoint.

SCHEDULE (F.)

A SCHEDULE of the Rates, Duties and Taxes on Carriages chargeable to and payable by the Makers and Sellers thereof.

	<i>£</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>
For and upon every Carriage chargeable with any Rate, Duty or Tax, which any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall order, build or contract for Sale, and for every Carriage so chargeable which shall be sold by any Person in Ireland, or on Commission, the several and respective Sums following; that is to say,			
For every such Carriage with Four Wheels, the Sum of	-	-	1 0 0
For every such Carriage with less than Four Wheels, the Sum of	-	-	0 10 0

To be paid by the Coachmaker or Maker thereof respectively, Auctioneer or Person selling the same respectively, over and above all Duties on such Sale.

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE (G.)

HORSES.

A SCHEDULE of the Rates, Duties and Taxes payable annually for and in respect of all Horses, Mares and Geldings kept by any Person or Persons, for Riding, or for drawing any Carriage chargeable with Duty, at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Sixth Day of January in the Year following.

NUMBER OF HORSES.					Duty.		
For 1 such Horse, Mare or Gelding	-	-	-	-	s.	d.	c.
2	-	-	-	-	3	2	0
3	-	-	-	-	5	6	0
4	-	-	-	-	9	0	0
5 and upwards	-	-	-	-	15	10	0
And for each and every Horse exceeding the Number of Five, the further Sum of	-	-	-	-	11	0	0
	-	-	-	-	4	4	0

RULES for charging the said DUTIES.

Any Person who shall have in his or her Possession, Care or Keeping, any Horse, Mare or Gelding whatsoever chargeable with any Rate, Duty or Tax, the Rates, Duties or Taxes on which shall not have been charged on or paid by the Owner of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, shall and may be chargeable and charged with, and shall pay the Rate, Duty and Tax payable for such Horse, Mare or Gelding, in the same manner as such Owner is chargeable for the same; and it shall and may be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from every such Person, in the same manner and with the like Powers and Authorities as it would be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from the Owner of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, if the same was in the Possession of such Owner; and Proof of the Payment of the Rate, Duty or Tax for and in respect of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, by the Owner thereof, shall be on the Person who shall keep or have the same in his or her Possession; and the Person so paying the same for or on behalf of the Owner as aforesaid shall have a Lien on the said Horse, Mare or Gelding, for the Amount of the Sum which shall have been so paid for or on behalf of such Owner.

EXEMPTIONS from the said Rates and Duties.

Race Horses charged in Schedule (H.)

Any Horse, Mare or Gelding under Three Years old.

Any Horse, Mare or Gelding used truly and without Fraud, for the Purpose of Husbandry only, on Land occupied by the Owner of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, or for the Purpose of drawing any Wagon, Cart or Carriage not liable to Duty under this Act, or carrying Burthen in the Course of the Trade or Occupation of the Person or Persons to whom such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall belong, although such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be used for Riding on the Occasion and in the manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, when returning from any Place to which any Load or Burthen shall have, by such Horse, Mare or Gelding, been drawn or carried, or when going to any Place from whence any Load or Burthen shall be to be brought back by any such Horse, Mare or Gelding, or for the Purpose of procuring Medical Assistance, or for the Purpose of going to and from Markets, or to or from any Place of Public Worship, or to or from any Election of any Member to serve in Parliament, or to or from any Court of Justice; provided such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall not on any Occasion be used for any other Purpose.

One Horse, Mare or Gelding used by any Person occupying a Farm, and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or by any Ecclesiastical Person not possessed of an annual Income of One hundred Pounds or upwards, whether arising from any Ecclesiastical Prebend or otherwise, such Person respectively not having or keeping any other Horse, Mare or Gelding for Riding, or for drawing any Carriage chargeable with any Duty under this Act.

One Horse, Mare or Gelding used by any Person enrolled or to be enrolled and serving in any Troop of Yeomanry Cavalry in Ireland, who shall have attended on Horseback One half at least of the Number of Days appointed for him to exercise or to be on Duty in the Year, and who shall produce a Certificate from the Commanding Officer or Permanent Sergeant of such Attendance.

SCHEDULE (H.)

RACE HORSES.

A SCHEDULE of the Rate, Duty and Tax payable annually for and in respect of Race Horses kept by any Person at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Sixth Day of January in the Year following.

For every Horse, Mare or Gelding kept solely for the Purpose only of racing or running for any Prize, Price or Sum of Money, or other thing, or kept in training for any of the said Purposes, whether in the Stable of the Proprietor or Proprietress, or of any other Person or Persons	s.	d.	c.
	2	17	6

Schedule (H.)—continued.

Any Person who shall have in his Possession, Care or Keeping, any such Race Horse, the Rate, Duty or Tax on which shall not have been charged or paid by the Owner of such Race Horse, shall and may be chargeable and charged with, and shall pay the Rate, Duty and Tax payable for such Race Horse, in the same manner as such Owner is or ought to be charged or chargeable for the same; and it shall and may be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from every such Person, in the same manner and with the like Powers and Authorities as it would be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from the Owner of such Race Horse, if the same was in the Possession of such Owner; and Proof of the Payment of the Rate, Duty or Tax, for and in respect of such Race Horse, by the Owner thereof, shall keep or have the same in his or her Possession, and the Person so paying the same for or on behalf of the Owner as aforesaid shall have a Lien on the said Race Horse for the Amount of the Sum that shall have been so paid by him or her.

SCHEDULE (I.)

DOGS.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for or in respect of Dogs kept by any Person at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Sixth Day of January in the Year following.

	d.	s.	d.
For every Greyhound kept by any Person, whether the same be his or her Property, or the Property of any other Person or Persons	1	0	0
For every Hound, Pointer or Setting Dog, Spaniel, Terrier or Lurcher, where only one such Dog is kept	0	11	6
For every Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Terrier or Lurcher, and for every other Dog, where any Person shall keep Two or more Dogs, of what Description or Description the same may be, except Greyhounds, whether the same may be the Property of him, her or them, or of any other Person or Persons	0	14	0
For every Dog not being a Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Terrier or Lurcher, kept by any Person having one such Dog and no more, whether the same be the Property of him, her or them, or the Property of any other Person or Persons, the annual Sum of	0	8	0

Any Person who shall have in his or her Possession, Care or Keeping, any Dog whatever chargeable with the said Rate, Duty or Tax, the Rate, Duty or Tax on which shall not have been charged on or paid by the Owner of such Dog, shall and may be chargeable and charged with, and shall pay the Rate, Duty and Tax payable for such Dog, in the same manner as such Owner is or ought to be charged or chargeable for the same; and it shall and may be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from every such Person, in the same manner and with the like Powers and Authorities as it would be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from the Owner of such Dog, if the same was in the Possession of such Owner; and Proof of the Payment of the Rate, Duty or Tax for and in respect of such Dog, by the Owner thereof, shall be on the Person who shall keep or have the same in his or her Possession; and the Person so paying the same for or on behalf of the Owner as aforesaid shall have a Lien on the said Dog for the Amount of the Sum that shall have been so paid for or on behalf of such Owner.

EXEMPTIONS.

Any Dog or Whelp under the Age of Six Calendar Months.

All Dogs kept by any Person who shall, in respect of the several Dogs kept by such Person in each Year, pay the full Sum of Twenty Pounds British Currency, by way of Compensation, for all such Dogs, before the twenty-fourth Day of June in each Year.

Any Dog, not being a Hound, Greyhound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Terrier or Lurcher, kept by the Occupier of any House not subject to any Tax with respect to Hearths or Windows, who shall keep one such Dog, and no more.

C A P. LV.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, Two Acts of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing the Duties of Customs on Madder imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof. [18 June 1818.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled
an Act for repealing the Duties of Customs on Madder imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, to continue in force until the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen: And Whereas another Act was passed in the same Session of Parliament, intitled *an Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act of the present Session of Parliament for repealing the Duties of Customs on Madder imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, Two Acts of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty*
 14 G. 3. c. 26.
 24 G. 3. c. 23.
 26 G. 3. c. 29.

Majesty, for repealing the Duties of Customs on Madeira imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; and which was continued by an Act of the present Session of Parliament until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act recited A.B., as amended by the second recited A.B., should be further amended: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said first recited Act, as amended by the said second recited A.B., shall be further continued from the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, to the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

C. A. P. LVI.

An Act to make perpetual an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an additional Bounty on the Exportation of the Silk Manufactures of Great Britain.

[18 June 1818.]

*W*HEREAS it is expedient that an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for granting, during the Continuance of the present War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a definitive Treaty of Peace, an additional Bounty on the Exportation of the Silk Manufactures of Great Britain*, which was continued by an Act of the last Session of Parliament until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, should be made perpetual: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign shall be and the same is hereby made perpetual.

C. A. P. LVII.

An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for granting Duties of Excise in Ireland upon certain Licences, and for securing the Payment of such Duties and the regulating the issuing of such Licences.

[18 June 1818.]

*W*HEREAS it is and by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to grant certain Duties of Excise upon Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, and upon Licences to Persons dealing in Retailable Commodities in Ireland, in lieu of the Stamp Duties payable upon such Licences, and to secure the Payment of such Excise Duties, and to regulate the issuing of such Licences, and to discourage the immoderate Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland, the several Acts therein enacted for regulating amongst other things Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in Ireland are repealed, save as therein excepted, and also save and except such Clauses, Regulations and Provisions in the said several Acts or any of them as were in force immediately before the passing of the said recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, in any way relating to or concerning Persons dwelling in Ireland as Grocers, with respect to their having or obtaining Licences to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, all which last mentioned Clauses, Regulations, and Provisions are, by the said recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, directed to be and continue in force as to such Grocers, and to be applied to such Grocers, with respect to the Duties and Regulations in the said recited Act contained, as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in the said Act: And Whereas by One of the said Acts in force in Ireland at the time of the passing of the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, that is to say, by an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for regulating Licences for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale and Cyder, by Retail, and for discouraging the immoderate Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland*, it is amongst other things enacted, that no Person exercising by himself, or any Person for his Use or Benefit, the Trade or Business of a Grocer, or who shall be licensed as a Grocer, or in whole House, or in any Building occupied by him or her, or any House or Building adjoining thereto, and which shall communicate with such House or Building, the Trade or Business of a Grocer shall be capable of receiving a Licence to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Cyder, by Retail: And Whereas by one other of the said Acts in force in Ireland at the time of the passing of the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year, that is to say, by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to make further Regulations with respect to Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in Ireland*, it is amongst other things enacted and provided, that any Grocer or Person exercising the Trade or Business of a Grocer, who shall be licensed as a Grocer in any Place where the Duty to be paid for a Licence to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail shall not be less than Twenty two Pounds, should be capable of being licensed in such Place to retail Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, Porter, Cyder or Perry, or Malt-bran or Malt; provided that it should not be lawful for such Grocer or Person aforesaid, having a Licence for retailing Spirituous or other Liquors, to sell any Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity less than Two mixed Quarts, nor to sell any Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Malt-bran or Malt, to be consumed in the House, Out-house, Building, Hut, Tent or Place whatever, occupied by such Grocer or Person aforesaid: And Whereas by one other of the said Acts in force in Ireland at the time of the passing of the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, that is to say, by an Act made in the Fifty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend the several Acts for regulating Licences for the Sale of Spirituous**

Spiritus Liquoris, Wine, Beer, Ale and Cyder, by Retail is granted, it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever any such Licence to retail Spirituous Liquors should be applied for by such Grocer or other Person, it should be lawful to grant such Licence to such Grocer, so Places where the Duty on such Liquors is Forty Pence, upon Payment by such Grocer or Person of the Sum of Thirty Pounds only; and in Places where the Duty on such Liquors is Thirty three Pence, upon Payment by such Grocer or other Person of the Sum of Twenty five Pence only; and in Places where the Duty on such Liquors is Twenty two Pence, upon Payment by such Grocer or other Person of the Sum of Seventeen Pence only: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Regulations and Provisions in the last recited Acts of the Forty fifth, Forty seventh and Fifty third Years, relating to Grocers, should be repeated: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Assent of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of January, One thousand eight hundred and seven, the said heretofore recited Regulations and Provisions in the last recited Acts of the Forty fifth, Forty seventh and Fifty third Years aforesaid, shall be and the same are hereby repeated.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, any Grocer or Person who shall be licensed as a Grocer, shall be capable of being licensed in any Place in Ireland to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail; and that in such and may be lawful for every such Grocer so licensed, who shall pay the full Rate or Amount of Duty payable by any Person as such Licence for selling Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, under the last recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, to sell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity less than Two repeated Quarts, any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for any such Grocer to be licensed, nor shall any such Licence authorize any such Grocer to sell any Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Meadgale or Mead, to be consumed in any House, Out-house, Building, Hut, Tent or Place whatsoever, except by such Grocer; and if any such licensed Grocer shall sell any such Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Meadgale or Mead, to be consumed in any House, Out-house or Building, Hut, Tent or Place whatsoever, except by such Grocer, contrary to this Act, such Grocer shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Grocer to be licensed to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, upon Payment of any less Duty than is payable under the Schedule to the last recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, upon Licence to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in the Place for which such Licence shall be granted: Provided always, that if any Grocer who shall have any Licence to sell Spirituous Liquors by Retail in force at the time of the passing of this Act, and who, under the Provision of the said recited Acts hereby repealed, or any of them, shall have paid, on the taking out of such Licence, any Sum of Money less than the full Duty specified on the said Schedule, shall, at any time after the passing of this Act, pay such additional Sum as shall make the whole Duty paid by such Person amount to the full Duty payable on such Licence under the last recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, and the Schedule thereto annexed, together with the further Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of such additional Sum, every such Grocer who shall make such Payment, but not otherwise, shall be authorized, during the time such Licence shall continue in force, to sell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity less than Two repeated Quarts, any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; and if any Grocer in having any Licence for the retailing of Spirituous Liquors in force at the time of the passing of this Act, but who shall not pay such further Duty or Sum aforesaid, shall sell any Spirituous Liquors in any less Quantity than Two repeated Quarts, every such Grocer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Customs to enter in the Day time into any House, Shop, Storehouse, Workhouse, Manufactory, or other Place, of any Person or Persons who shall deal in, retail, make, sell or keep, or expose for Sale, any of the respective Articles or things, or exercise or carry on any Trade, Occupancy or Calling, for the exercising or carrying on of which a Licence is by Law required, and to demand the Value of the proper Licence to such Person; and if a proper Licence is here shall not be produced, such Officer shall report the same to the Collector of Customs of the District or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of such Duties; and thereupon, and if such Person shall not have applied for and obtained such Licence when such Demand shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Collector or other Officer to do in Charge as aforesaid, to distrain the Warrant under his Hand and Seal to empower any Person or Persons to take and distrain all Goods and Chattels found in such House, Shop, Storehouse, Workhouse, Manufactory or other Place belonging to such Person, and to make the same to be sold by Public Auction, giving Six Days' previous Notice thereof, (unless the same shall be ordered before such Sale shall have taken place,) by Payment as hereinafter mentioned, five as to the Costs of the Sale; and if after Payment of the full Amount of the Duty payable on such Licence, together with the Sum of One Shilling in the Pound thereon, and the Costs and Expenses of such taking, distraining and Sale thereof, there shall be any Surplus of the Proceed arising from the Sale thereof, such Surplus shall be forthwith ordered and paid to such Person or his Representatives, and thereupon the Collector or other Officer aforesaid shall, if the Party against whom such Warrant shall have been issued, desire the same, and shall be duly entitled thereto, grant him a Licence for carrying on such Trade without further regard.

V. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend in any manner to repeal or alter any of the Statutes, Acts, Orders, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Matters or things contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time of the Commencement of this Act, relating to or in respect of any Licence granted under the Authority of the Commissioners of Inland Excise

40 G. 3. c. 10.
47 G. 3. c. 10.
51 G. 3. c. 10.
relating to Gro-
cers, repealed.

Licensed Gro-
cers may be
licensed to sell
Spirits by Re-
tail, but not
to be consumed in
their Houses.

Twenty, 10s.

Duty not to be
less than what is
payable under
the Schedule of
recited Act.

51 G. 3. c. 10.
51 G. 3. c. 10.
51 G. 3. c. 10.

51 G. 3. c. 10.
Licences to pay
Duty without
stamp may be
granted in
cases upon
which Duty is
payable under
the Schedule, &c.
and the further
Sum of 1s. in the
Pound on the
Amount thereof.
Twenty, 10s.

Officer may, un-
der Power, in
the Day time,
and demand a
Value of Licence,
and report if no
Licence produced.

Duties for
Amount of 11.
more Duty, &c.

And thereupon
Licence may be
granted.

Power to the officer
Act, may
distrain "every
where"

and *Taxes in Ireland*, except where the same is or are expressly repealed by this Act; and that, except as aforesaid, all such Clauses, Authorities, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Matters and things shall be and remain in full Force and Effect, so all Letters and Warrants, as if the Act had not been made, and shall be applied in the Execution of this Act as fully and effectually as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and that the said Acts and this shall be construed together as one Act, so far as the same are compatible and consistent with each other.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, shall be paid and recovered in *British* Currency, and shall and may be paid for and recovered, levied and applied, in such manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities, as are preferred, directed and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in *Ireland*, in the Twentieth and Twentieth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, entitled *An Act for the settling of the Rights or new English upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein directed*, or in and by an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, and Taxes, in Ireland*, or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* relating to His Majesty's Revenue of *Excise*, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and re-enacted in this Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured, in and by the said Acts, or any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* relating to His Majesty's Revenue of *Excise*, is provided.

C A P. LVIII.

An Act to defray the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and Contingent Expenses of the Disembodied Militia in Great Britain, and for granting Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Quartermasters, Sergeants, Sergeants' Mates, and Sergeants Majors of Militia, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nineteen. [18 Jan 1818.]

[This Act is the first of 37 G. 3. c. 108, except as to Dates, as to the Schedules that are here contained, and as to the Title.]

II. Provided always and be it further enacted, That any Paymaster of Disembodied Militia, being on Naval or Military Half Pay, or being entitled to any Allowance as having served in any of His Majesty's Regular Forces, or Navy or Marines, shall and may as he is hereby empowered to receive and take the aforesaid Rates of disembodied Pay, (viz. *sic*) Six Shillings, Five Shillings or Four Shillings *per Diem*, as the same may be, and the receiving and taking such Rates of disembodied Pay as aforesaid shall not prevent such Paymaster on Half Pay, or being entitled to any such Allowance, from receiving his Half Pay or such Allowance, and such Paymaster shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to administer the same.

I, A. B. do swear I had not between the _____ and the _____
any Place or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allowance of _____
Half Pay as a reduced _____ in His Majesty's Navy (or in the Marines, or in _____
late Regiment of _____) or Allowance as _____ late Troop of Horse _____
Guards, or (_____ Regiment of Horse reduced), first and except my disembodied Pay (of Six _____
Shillings, Five Shillings, or Four Shillings, or else *sic* may be) as Paymaster of the _____
Militia.

And the taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to entitle such Paymaster to receive his Half Pay or the said Allowance without making any other Oath, or any Vow, Oath or Oath to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Adjutant, Paymaster, Sergeant, Quartermaster, Non Commissioned Officer and Drummer of Regular Militia, when disembodied, shall be constantly resident within the City, Town or Place where the Arms of the Corps to which such Officers belong are kept, or within such reasonable Distance of the Depot as shall be sanctioned by the Secretary at War: Provided always, that every such Adjutant, Paymaster, Sergeant, Quartermaster, Non Commissioned Officer or Drummer, shall forfeit his Pay for any Period during which he shall be absent, except when absent by Leave from the Colonel or Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, which Leave shall not extend beyond Three Calendar Months in One Year, except in case of certified sickness, or as a greater Proportion than One third of the Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers at the same time, or beyond such Period of Three Months, except in case of sickness.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Sergeants' Mates of the Militia who shall claim under the Authority of this Act to receive *per Diem* of the said Allowances, shall previous to receiving the same, and in order to entitle themselves thereto, take and subscribe an Oath, before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the United Kingdom, in the Words or to the Effect following: (*videlicet*).

I, A. B. do swear, That I belonged to the _____ of Militia when the same was disembodied, _____
and that I have continued to serve therein from that time until the _____ Day of _____
inclusive, as a Lieutenant, Ensign or Sergeant's Mate (or else *sic* may be), and that I was not in my own _____
Right or in Right of my Wife, during the said Period, in the actual Possession and Enjoyment of or Receipt _____
of the Rent or Profit of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments of such an annual Value above Express _____
as would qualify me to hold a Commission of Captain of a Company in the Militia; that I have not during _____

the above Person held the Appointment of Adjutant, Sergeant, Paymaster or Quartermaster in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia; that I did not hold or enjoy, nor did any Person for me hold or enjoy, during the said Period, any Office or Income whatsoever from the Public, or from any other Government, except my Half Pay as a

Regiment formed from the Militia (as the case may be).

So help me GOD.

Which Oath to taken and subscribed shall be produced to the Paymaster of the Regiment of Militia by the Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate claiming the Allowance.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That every reduced Adjutant entitled to any Allowance under the said A. 6. of the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year aforesaid, or any subsequent Acts containing such Allowance, or this A. 6. may receive and take such Allowance together with any Full Pay, Half Pay or Allowance which was payable together with such reduced Allowance under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for amending and reducing into one Act of Parliament the Laws relating to the Militia in that Part of Great Britain called England*, or under the Provisions of the aforesaid Acts of the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty: Provided always, that no such reduced Adjutant shall be entitled to receive any Allowance under this Act during the time he shall hold any Place or Employment of Public Clerk or Military, under His Majesty, other than such as aforesaid.

Reduced Adjutants may take such Allowance with any Pay or other Allowance to which they may be entitled. 2d G. 3. c. 107.

C. A. P. IX.

An Act for defraying, until the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland; and for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. [18 June 1818.]

[This Act is the same as 27 G. 3. c. 109. except as is stated.]

C. A. P. IX.

An Act to continue, until Three Months after the ceasing of any Restriction imposed on the Bank of England from issuing Cash in Payment, the several Acts for confirming and continuing the Restrictions on Payments in Cash by the Bank of Ireland. [18 June 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for confirming and continuing for a limited time the Restrictions imposed in the Minutes of Council of the Second Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety seven, as Payment in Cash by the Bank, in amongst other things enacted, that it shall not be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland to issue any Cash in Payment of any Debt or Demand whatever, except according to the Provisions therein contained; and that the said Act shall be in force and have Continuance until Three Months after the Restriction imposed by an Act of the Parliament of Great Britain on the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, from issuing Cash in Payment, shall cease, unless the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council of Ireland should by an Order of Council direct that the said Restriction on the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland should sooner cease: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Parliament of the United Kingdom, in the Fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the said second Act of the Parliament of Ireland was amended and further continued; and by Four Acts, made in the Forty fourth, Fifty fifth and Fifty sixth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, both the said second Acts of the Thirty seventh and Forty third Years aforesaid were further continued: And Whereas it is expedient to continue for a further time the said second Acts of the Thirty seventh and Forty third Years aforesaid: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said second Acts of the Thirty seventh and Forty third Years of His present Majesty's Reign shall have Continuance until the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after any Restriction imposed or to be imposed by any Act made or to be made in this present Session of Parliament on the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, from issuing Cash in Payment, shall cease, unless the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors and the Privy Council of Ireland shall by an Order in Council direct that the said Restriction on the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland shall sooner cease.*

18th A.D. 27 G. 3.

27 G. 3. c. 104.

to be continued.

C. A. P. LXI.

An Act for the better Accommodation of His Majesty's Packets within the Harbour on the North Side of the Hill of Howth, and for the better Regulation of the Shipping therein. [18 June 1818.]

WHEREAS the Harbour on the North Side of the Hill of Howth, near Dublin, has been improved and newly completed at the Public Expence, chiefly for the Accommodation and safe lying of His Majesty's Packets; And Whereas great Inconvenience may arise from the occasional crowded State of the Harbour, and the Want of Regulation in mooring the Vessels therein: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after

Lord Lieutenant empowered to

appoint Harbour
Master for the
North Harbour.

30 G. 3. c. 14.

Power of Har-
bour Master.

Refusing to re-
move, &c. dis-
obeying in Dis-
mission of Har-
bour Master.

Penalty.

Obeying
meeting, &c.

Penalty.

Commissioners
under 30 G. 3.
c. 14. may sell
lands vested in
them not neces-
sary for Pur-
poses of Acts,
with Consent of
Lord Commis-
sioners.

Recovery of
Penalties.

the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, from time to time to appoint a Person to be Harbour Master within the said Harbour, and to remove any Harbour Master so appointed, and to appoint another in his Room or Stead, with such Salary or Allowance as to the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall seem fitting and expedient, to be paid in like manner as the Salaries of any Officers appointed by the Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reiga, for improving and completing the said Harbour, and rendering it a Harbour for His Majesty's Ports.

II. And be it further enacted, That every such Harbour Master shall have full Power and Authority to direct the mooring, unmooring, moving and removing of all Ships or other Vessels coming into, or lying in, or being in the said Harbour or any Part thereof, or any Place being within the Distance of Five hundred Yards of the Entrance or Mouth of the said Harbour, and to appoint and regulate the time or times and the manner of their Entrance into, lying in, or going out of or from such Harbour, line and except in Storm or tempestuous Weather, and to regulate and determine the Position of such Ships and other Vessels; and in case any Owner, Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of any such Ship or other Vessel, shall refuse or neglect to moor, unmoor, place, move or remove his Ship or Vessel according to such Direction, immediately upon Notice to him or them shall be given, or left with any Person or Persons on board of such Ship or Vessel for that Purpose, every such Owner, Master or other Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Harbour Master and his Affiliates, and he or his Affiliates are hereby required, to moor, unmoor, place, move or remove such Ship and Vessel accordingly; and in case any Master, Commander, Mate, Pilot or other Person or Persons taking Charge or Command of any Ship or other Vessel, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall obstruct or hinder the mooring, unmooring, placing, moving or removing of any Ship or other Vessel lying or being in the said Harbour, or being within the Distance of Five hundred Yards of the Entrance or Mouth of the said Harbour, then and in every such case such Person or Persons so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners appointed for the Execution of the Act of the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reiga, for improving and completing the said Harbour, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to sell or demise any Part of any Land or Ground vested in the said Commissioners, and which shall not be required for the Purposes of the said Act, to any Person or Persons willing to purchase the same, or to take the same on Lease, for the Purpose of erecting thereon any House or Houses for the Residence of the said Harbour Master, or of any Officers of Customs or Excise stationed in the said Harbour, or for such other Purpose relative to the said Harbour as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall from time to time authorize, direct or appoint.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties to be incurred under this Act shall be recovered in a summary manner, before any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Dublin, by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels; and in case no sufficient Distress can be had, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice of the Peace to commit the Person or Persons so offending to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the said County, for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, or until such Fine shall be paid.

C A P. LIII.

An Act to continue, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, Two Acts of His present Majesty, allowing the bringing of Coals, Cokes and Cinders to London and Westminster.

[18th June 1818.]

30 G. 3. c. 15.

31 G. 3. c. 15.

Further con-
tinued.

43 G. 3. c. 18.

45 U. 3. c. 31.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifth Year of the Reiga of His present Majesty, intitled *an Act to allow, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, the bringing of Coals, Cokes and Cinders to London and Westminster by Island Navigation*, which was continued by several subsequent Acts until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and it is expedient that the Act should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby further continued, from the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reiga of His present Majesty, intitled *an Act for allowing, under certain Restrictions, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, the bringing of limited Quantities of Coals, Cokes or Cinders to London and Westminster by Island Navigation*, certain Duties were imposed on all Coals, Cokes or Cinders brought along the Great Ouse, or on Padstow Coals carried to London from the River or Port directly required to be erected and maintained, or on coals to the Towing Path of the said Great Ouse, or on the North East Point of Great Ouse, and contiguous to the Wharf then in the Possession and Occupation of the East of Gloucester; And Whereas the Amount of the said Duties was altered by three Acts of the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth and Forty-eighth Years of the Reiga of His present Majesty; And Whereas by Schedule A. annexed to an Act passed in the Forty-ninth Year of the Reiga of His present Majesty, intitled *an Act for regulating the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in the thereof, and* Duties not imposed in the thereof upon the said limited Quantity of Coals, Cokes and Cinders, under the

Consent,

* Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions of the said Bill entitled A.D.: And Whereas the said revised A.D. were further continued by several subsequent A.Ds until the Fifth day of August One thousand eight hundred and eighteen: And Whereas it is expedient that the said A.Ds should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Bill entitled A.D. of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, so far as the same relates to the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which the said limited Quantity of Cash, Coin and Orders may be brought within One Year by the said Great Judges and Judges of the Courts at Law to the said State or Port, and the said revised A.D. of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty regarding the Amount of the Duties chargeable thereon and the Appropriation thereof, shall be and the same are hereby further continued until the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

at 2. 3. p. 118.
1189 Under
Imperial
Cash, and
49 G. 3. c. 28.
respecting Duty
continued.

C A P. LXIII.

An A.D. to revive and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an A.D. made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, to permit the Importation of Tobacco from any Place whatever. [3d June 1818.]

* WHEREAS the Law heretofore mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be revived and further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an A.D. made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An A.D. to permit, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Importation of Tobacco into Great Britain from any Place whatever, and which said A.D. was by several subsequent Acts continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall be and the same is hereby revived and further continued, from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

49 G. 3. c. 29.
continued.

C A P. LXIV.

An A.D. to make further Regulations respecting the Payment of Navy Prize Money, and to authorize the Governors of Greenwich Hospital to pay over certain Shares of Prize Money due to Russian Seamen to His Excellency the Russian Ambassador. [3d June 1818.]

* WHEREAS an A.D. passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An A.D. for regulating the Payment of Navy Prize Money, and the Transference of same, and Payment of Balances in Greenwich Hospital: And Whereas it is expedient that Navy Prize Money should, during the Three Months in which they are by the Law now in force destined to distribute Navy Prize or Bounty Money, Grants or other Allowances of Money to Officers, Non Commissioned Officers, Seamen, and Marines, pay the Shares of such Non Commissioned Officers, Seamen and Marines, upon their personal Application only; and that the Payment upon Orders and written Authorities should be confined to the Treasurer and Clerk of the Church of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich: And Whereas it is also expedient to make further Provisions respecting Navy Prize Money: Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this A.D. in which the said A.D. of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty is directly or indirectly continued, the Payment by any Navy Prize Agent of any Prize or Bounty Money, Grants or other Allowances of Money, upon Orders made by Non Commissioned Officers, Seamen and Marines, shall be and is hereby repealed.

50 G. 3. c. 30.

44.
45.

repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this A.D. the Payment of Prize Money upon Orders shall be confined to the Treasurer and Clerk of the Church of Greenwich Hospital, and that an Agent or Agents appointed for the Disbursement of any Navy Prize or Bounty Money, Grant or other Allowance of Money, whether arising from or given in consequence of captured Expedition or Services by the Navy only, shall pay any Share or Share of the said Non Commissioned Officers, Seamen or Marines, or Supernumeraries, entitled thereto, upon any Order or Letter of Attorney, or other written Power or Authority whatsoever, but shall pay the same to the said Non Commissioned Officers, Seamen, Marines and Supernumeraries, upon their respective personal Applications only, upon pain of forfeiting, for every Payment made otherwise than as above directed, the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered by and in the Name of the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital.

Payment of
Prize Money on
Orders confined
to Treasurer and
Clerk of the
Church of
Greenwich
Hospital.
Agents to pay
only on personal
Applications
Penalty 50.
Orders made by
Non Commissioned
Officers, Seamen,
Marines, or
Supernumeraries,
to be paid to
them in full
in Substantia
A.D. which the Com-
missioners ordered B.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this A.D. all Orders made by Non Commissioned Officers, Seamen and Marines, and others entitled to Prize or Bounty Money, Grants or other Allowances of Money in the Nature thereof, shall be in the Form or to the Effect in forth in the Schedule to this A.D. annexed marked (A.), and shall contain in the Body of such Order as each Account of the Money and Goods advanced by the Person in whose Favour such Order is made, in the Person making the same, and a Certificate shall be printed upon every Paper containing such Order according to the Form or to the Effect in forth in the Schedule to this A.D. annexed marked (B.), and shall be duly filled up and attested as directed at the Foot of the said Schedule, and the Treasurer and Clerk of the Church of the said Hospital shall pay upon every such Order, out of the Money belonging to the Person making the same, so much as shall appear to be due to the Payee named therein, with legal interest thereon and so more.

IV. And

Orders to bear
Dates the Day
they are issued.

With reasons.

Prize-money, &c.
Captains, &c.
By Persons im-
ployed, &c.
Prize-money, &c.

Proceeds of
Seizures taken
on the Coast, &c.
Prize-money.

§ 6 G. 3. c. 102.

Payment of Bills
for Out-Pensions
may be directed
to and paid by
Deputies in the
Treasury.

Certificates as
Bills drawn by
Treasury, &c.
to be attested by
Deputy only.

Agents to find
List of Orders
received from
New Commis-
sioned Officers, &c.
in the re-
spective Agents.

Ships and
under such Orders
to be paid new
with particular
Ships to be re-
spected by
Treasury, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly infect or cause to be infected in any Order for the Payment of Prize Money, Bounty Money, Grants or other Allowances of Money, payable by the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, or by their Treasurers, any other Date than the Day on which the said Order shall be executed, or shall knowingly prefer or utter any Order bearing any false Date as aforesaid, such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanour, and punished accordingly.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons really entitled to Prize or Bounty Money, Pension Money, Grant or other Allowance of Money, on account of Services on board of any Ship or Vessel, shall by the Production of any false Certificate, or by making any false Representation, obtain or endeavour to obtain from the said Royal Hospital the said Prize or Bounty Money, Pension Money or other Allowance of Money due to him as aforesaid, such Person or Persons shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanour, and shall forfeit all Prize or Bounty Money, Pension Money, Grant or other Allowance of Money, due to him on account of his said Services.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Proceeds of all Seizures made by Revenue Cruisers, or other Vessels employed in the Service of the Revenue, but under Admiralty Orders, shall be subject to the same Rules, Laws and Regulations with respect to forborne and unclaimed Shares, as Prize and Bounty Money are liable to under this Act, or any other Acts which shall be in force in the passing of this Act relating to Prize and Bounty Money.

VII. And Whereas it is expedient that the Payment of Bills for Out-Pensions, hereinafter, by an Act passed in the Fifth sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for making the Officers in His Majesty's Navy, and their Representatives, to draw for and receive their Half Pay, and for transferring the Duty of making certain Payments from the Clerk of the Chest at His Majesty's Dock Yards to the Clerks of the Treasurers of the Navy at the same Yards, authorized and directed to be made by the Clerks to the Treasurers of His Majesty's Navy*, should be authorized to be made by the Deputy or Deputies of the Treasurers of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich in the County of Kent: Be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Bills drawn by the Paymaster of Pensions at the said Royal Hospital, or under his Authority, for the Payment of Out-Pensions, may be directed to and paid by any Deputy or Deputies to the Treasurers of the said Royal Hospital; and that all every the Clerks, Promoters, Peers, Penalties and Regulations contained and now in force with respect to such Payments of Pensions, when made or directed to be made by the said Clerks of the Treasurers of His Majesty's Navy, shall be applicable and applied to the Payments of Pensions, made or directed or authorized to be made by the Deputy or Deputies of the Treasurers of the said Royal Hospital, as fully and effectually as if the same were herein and hereby repeated and re-enacted.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Certificates upon all Bills drawn by the Treasurers or Deputy Treasurers of Greenwich Hospital, or by the Paymaster of Pensions, for the Payment of any Prize or Bounty Money, Grant, Pension or other Allowance of Money in favour of any Person residing at any Port or Place at which a Deputy of the said Royal Hospital shall have been or shall be appointed, shall be attested by such Deputy, and by any other Person.

IX. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for every licensed Agent to send a List of all Orders which he may have received or shall hereafter receive from New Commissioned Officers, Seamen or Marines to the Agent appointed for the Distribution of any Prize or Bounty Money, Grant or other Allowance of Money; which Orders, if deposited at Greenwich Hospital, shall not be reversible after Distribution of the Money to which they relate shall have commenced; and each Distributing Agent shall not, after receiving any List as aforesaid, pay to the New Commissioned Officers, Seamen or Marines named therein, or any of them, the Share or Shares due to any of them respectively, but shall pay the same over, with the unclaimed and forfeited Shares, to Greenwich Hospital, to be refunded by the Treasurers of the said Royal Hospital as the New Commissioned Officers, Seamen or Marines entitled thereto, or the Payees named in the said Orders respectively, in like manner as unclaimed Shares are directed to be paid and refunded; and the said Distributing Agents shall, upon the Requisition of the Clerk of the Cheque of the said Royal Hospital, deliver to the said Clerk of the Cheque any Order which shall have been deposited in their Hands by licensed Agents, to be kept at the said Royal Hospital; and each Distributing Agent shall receive from the said Clerk of the Cheque a Receipt for the same, and an Undertaking to produce the same wherever the Production thereof shall be demanded or required.

X. And Whereas certain Ships and Vessels belonging to His Imperial Russian Majesty sailed in conjunction with a Squadron of British Ships and Vessels of War belonging to His Majesty, under the Command of Admiral Sir Andrew Mitchell, on the Attack of the *Dard* Fleet in the Year One thousand seven hundred and twenty nine, and became entitled to Share in the Proceeds arising from the Captures made in the said Expedition: And Whereas the Agent for the said Captures did, on or about the Month of December One thousand eight hundred and ten, pay into the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich the Sums of Seven thousand one hundred and eleven Pounds Sixteen Shillings and Eight pence Three Farthings, being the Amount of certain Shares claimed by the Officers, Seamen and Marines of the said Ships of His Russian Majesty: And Whereas it is deemed advisable to pay over the Sum of Six thousand eight hundred and eighty five Pounds Twelve Shillings and Four pence Three Farthings, the Balance now remaining in the said Hospital, to His Excellency Count Leros, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of His Imperial Russian Majesty, or the Ambassador of His Imperial Russian Majesty for the time being at the Court of London, for the Use of the Officers and Men entitled thereto: Be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Royal Hospital for Seamen at Green-

wich

Director of
Greenwich Hos-

which in the County of Kent, and they are hereby authorized and required, to cause to be paid over to the said Court Leutenants, or the Ambassador from His Imperial Russian Majesty at the Court of London for the time being, out of the Funds of the said Hospital, the said Sum of Six thousand eight hundred and eighty five Pounds Twelve Shillings and Four pence Three Farthings, the Balance now remaining in the said Hospital, for the Purpose of being distributed amongst such of the Officers and Crews of the said Ships and Vessels of his said Imperial Russian Majesty as shall not heretofore have received their respective Shares of and in the Proceeds of the said Captains.

XI. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment of the said Sum of Six thousand eight hundred and eighty five Pounds Twelve Shillings and Four pence Three Farthings to the said Court Leutenants, or to His Imperial Russian Majesty's Ambassador at the Court of London for the time being, the Commissioners and Governors of Greenwich Hospital shall be wholly indemnified and freed and discharged therefrom, and be no further liable or accountable for the same to any Person or Persons whatsoever.

and composed to pay over to the Russian Ambassador the said sum of 6885 12s 4d Balance remaining at Payment of Captains made on Account of Dutch Fleet in 1799. Greenwich Hospital indemnified for such Payment.

SCHEDULE to which this ACT refers.

A.

Our
Shilling
Stamp.

TAKE NOTICE, that no Prize Money can be recovered under this Order, except by an Agent duly licensed in conformity to the Act of Parliament of the Fifty fourth Year of King George the Third, or by the Wife, one of the Parents or Children of the Grantee.

* Here insert the Place where and time when the Order is made.

Day of

18

AT Seven Days' Right pay to or by his Order, the Sum of out of the Amount of my Share of Prize or Bounty Money for the Capture of

† Here insert the Name of the Prize and time of Capture, or give such other Description of them as shall be satisfactory in the Agent and the Officers of Greenwich Hospital.

when serving on board His Majesty's Ship or Vessel, the being for advanced to me by the said in quality of Money, and of for Ship or Goods furnished to me by the said To the proper Officers of } Greenwich Hospital. }

B.

* THESE are to certify, That we have examined the said who signed the above Order in our Presence, and from the Documents he has shewn us, viz. []

* Here insert the Nature of the Documents, whether they are written Testates, Certificates or otherwise, and by what Officer they are signed.

and his Answers to our Questions, we have Reason to believe that he was serving on board the said Ship at the time of making the Captains above specified, and has received the Money and that he is Years of Age, of a in the County of Eyes, and Hair, of Complexion,

* If the Party is discharged from the Service, state the time and Cause of Discharge.

Given under our Hands

Note.—This Certificate to be signed by the Captain or Commanding Officer, and one other signing Officer, of the Ship to which the Party belongs.

If discharged from the Service, and resident at any Place where there is a Deputy or Agent of the Hospital, to be signed by that Deputy.

If within Four Miles of the Hospital, by the Clerk of the Cheque or his First Clerk.
If at any other Place within the Bills of Mortality, by the Officer for Prizes in the Navy Pay Office, or his Assistant.

If by Marines at Head Quarters, where there is no Deputy to the Hospital, to be signed by the Colonel or Commanding Officer and the Adjutant.

If by any Person at Sick Quarters, to be signed by the Surgeon and one of his Assistants; but where there is a Deputy, to be signed by such Deputy.

If at any other Place in England, to be signed by the Minister and one of the Churchwardens; and if in Scotland, by the Minister and one of the Elders.

C A P. LXV.

An Act for repealing the Duties of Excise on Verjuice and Vinegar, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof; and for more effectually securing the Duties of Excise on Vinegar or Acetous Acid.

[3d June 1818.]

WHEREAS the Duties of Excise imposed by Law for and in respect of Vinegar have been greatly evaded, and large Quantities of Vinegar have been sent out into Consumption, as Duty paid, without the Officers of Excise having any Assent thereto; And Whereas Vinegar or Acetous Acid, distilled and made under the Denomination of Pyroligneous Acid, has been lately brought into Consumption, of great Strength, without Payment of such Duties as aforesaid; and for Remedy thereof it is expedient to repeal the Duties of Excise now payable for and in respect of Verjuice and Vinegar, and impose other Duties in lieu thereof; So it is therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, all and singular the Duties of Excise now payable by Law in respect of Verjuice and Vinegar, Vinegar Beer, or Liqueurs prepared for Vinegar, brewed or made in Great Britain, or imported into Great Britain from Ireland shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable, free and except in all Cases, relating to the necessary, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall at that time have been incurred.

From Oct. 10, 1818, Duties on Vinegar, Vinegar, &c. to cease, (except Arrears, &c.)

Instead of Duties repealed the following

Duties.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, in lieu and relief of the Duties by this Act repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Rates and Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned; that is to say,

For every Gallon Wine Measure of Vinegar or Acetous Acid or Liqueur prepared or prepared for Vinegar or Acetous Acid, brewed or made in Great Britain for Sale, to be paid by the Maker thereof, Four pence; and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity:

For every Gallon Wine Measure of Vinegar or Acetous Acid or Liqueur prepared or prepared for Vinegar or Acetous Acid, brewed or made in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain, to be paid by the Importer thereof, Four pence; and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity:

For every Gallon Wine Measure of Vinegar or Acetous Acid or Liqueur prepared or prepared for Vinegar or Acetous Acid, imported into Great Britain from Foreign Parts, to be paid by the Importer thereof, One Shilling; and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity:

And that from and after the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eighteen there shall be allowed and paid the following Drawback of Excise; that is to say,

For every Gallon Wine Measure of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, not being under Proof, which after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eighteen shall be brewed or made in Great Britain for Sale, or brewed or made in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain, and exported from thence to Foreign Parts, or which respectively the Duties imposed by this Act have been paid, Four pence.

Wines brewed in foreign Ports, and Drawbacks allowed in like manner as herein mentioned

III. And be it further enacted, That the said several Duties shall be respectively raised, levied, collected, measured and paid in such and the like manner (except as is specially altered by this Act), and in or by any of the general or special Messrs, Ways or Methods by which the former Duties of Excise on Vinegar lawfully imposed were or might be raised, collected, measured, allowed and paid; and the said Drawback shall be allowed and paid in such and the like manner, and in or by any of the general or special Messrs, Ways or Methods by which the Drawbacks of Excise on Glaze exported are or may be allowed and paid, so far as the same are consistent with the special Provisions of this Act; and the said Perfumes, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities in by this Act respectively made liable to the Payment of or chargeable with the said Duties respectively imposed, or entitled to the said Drawback granted by this Act, shall be and the same are hereby respectively made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures to which such Perfumes or Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities, were generally or specially subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act respecting the Duties of Excise or other Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise respectively, and shall be subject and liable to all and every Fine, Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture of any Nature or Kind whatsoever, to which such Perfumes, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities were subject or liable for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, and for securing the Revenue of Excise or other Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise respectively, or for the Regula-

tion

lators or Impregment thereof; and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to, and shall be respectively applied, promulgated and put in Execution, for and in respect of the said Duties of Excise and Drawback respectively hereby charged, imposed and allowed, in as full and ample manner to all Persons and Persons whatsoever, in like as they are not inconsistent with or repugnant to the Provisions of this Act, as if all and every of the said Acts, Clauses, Powers, Directions, Fees, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures were particularly repeated and recited in the Body of this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That: Each of the Duties by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being; and each thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

V. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising from the Duties by this Act imposed (the ancillary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Liquors brewed or made by whatsoever Means or manner into Vinegar or Acetous Acid for Sale, and all Liquors prepared or preparing for or capable of being used, as or applied to the Purposes of Vinegar or Acetous Acid made for Sale, or issued on the Receipt of any Vinegar Maker or Makers for Sale in Great Britain, or imported into Great Britain, whether any such Liquor shall be sold or made for Sale mixed or mixed with any other Ingredient or Ingredients, as shall be known and called by the Name or Names of Vinegar, Alegar, Verjuice, Radical Vinegar, Acetous Acid, Acetic Acid, Pyroigneous Acid, or by any other Name or Names, as, are and shall be respectively subject and liable to and chargeable and charged with the Duties hereby imposed; and that all and every Person and Persons who shall make, prepare, extract, distil, rectify, purify or sell any such Liquors as aforesaid, not being a Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of such Vinegar or Acetous Acid only as he, she or they shall from time to time receive by Permit or Certificate, as hereafter mentioned, from some other retail Vinegar Maker or Makers, Dealer or Dealers, shall be deemed and taken to be a Vinegar Maker or Vinegar Makers, and shall be subject and liable to all and every the Licences and other Duties, Penalties, Rates, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions to which Makers of Vinegar are by Law subject and liable: Provided always, that nothing in this or any other Act shall or shall be deemed or construed to extend to charge with any Duty any Acetous Acid, commonly called Pyroigneous Acid, made or extracted from Wood or Turp, for Sale, in its crude, unpure and unrefined State, or any White Lead, Sugar of Lead, Verdigris, Iron Liquor, Acetate of Lead, Acetate of Soda, Acetate of Alumina, or any Vinegar or Acetous Acid made, rectified or purified in any manner whatsoever at any House or Place not entered or used for making Vinegar, or rectifying or purifying Acetous Acid for Sale by any Maker or Makers thereof, being also a Maker or Makers of the aforesaid Composites or any of them, and which Vinegar or Acetous Acid shall be so made, rectified or purified by him, her or them for the sole Purpose of making and compounding such Articles as aforesaid, or some of them, and shall be wholly used or consumed by himself, herself or themselves, at the same House or Place where made, in the compounding or manufacturing thereof, as any Vinegar or Acetous Acid distilled from Vinegar or Acetous Acid on which the Duties respectively by this Act imposed have been already, and before such Distillation thereof, charged and paid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons making and employed to make Entry of any Building, Place or Utensil, under any Law or Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, for the Purpose of using the same in carrying on any Trade or Business subject to the Survey of the Officers of Excise, shall in every such Entry distinguish and describe every such Building, Place and Utensil by a particular Letter or Number, and shall print such respective Letter or Number in a large and distinct Character upon some convenient and conspicuous Part of the Walls or Doors of every such Building or Place respectively, and upon some convenient and conspicuous Part of every such Utensil, and keep and continue the same in painted, and from time to time when Correction may require, or when requested by the Supervisor of Excise of the District where situated, show the same, so long as the Entry thereof remains uncancelled, to that such Letter or Number in painted may be easily and readily observed and known by the Officers of Excise from time to time standing to survey the same; and that whenever any such Person or Persons shall use or employ in his, her or their aforesaid Buildings or Places any fixed Pipe or Pipes, he, she or they shall, at the time of making his, her or their Entry of the Place and Utensils as aforesaid, deliver with such Entry, and as Part thereof, a Drawing or Drawings, Description or Descriptions, distinctly showing and exhibiting or explaining the Courts, Directions, Constructions, and Use of all and every such Pipe and Pipes respectively, and of all and every Branch and Branches thereof, and of all and every Cock and Cocks thereon, together with the Place or Places and Utensil or Utensils respectively from and to or with which the same lead or communicate; and that if any Building, Place or Utensil shall at any time be found to be used by any such Person or Persons as aforesaid, without being so described or distinguished as aforesaid, or without such Letter or Number being so distinctly painted and exhibited thereon as aforesaid, or any Pipe or Pipes be found without being so shown in such Drawing or Drawings, or so described as aforesaid, or different from or disagreeing with such Drawing or Drawings, Description or Descriptions as aforesaid, every such Building, Place and Utensil respectively shall be deemed and taken to be uncancelled, and the Person or Persons using the same shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose, over and above all other Penalties, the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That to prevent Vinegar or Acetous Acid of excessive Strength being brought into Consumption upon Payment of Duty as Common Vinegar or Acetous Acid, to the great Injury of His Majesty's Revenue, all such Liquors as aforesaid, subject and liable to such Duties respectively as aforesaid,

Former Acts applied to this Act.

Duties under Commissioners of Excise.

Carried on Consolidated Fund.

Liquors of whatever kind prepared, &c. for Vinegar for sale charged with Duty.

White Pyroigneous Acetous Vinegar Makers.

In what circumstances Acetic Acid, &c. not chargeable with the Duty.

In the Survey of Buildings, Places and Utensils to be distinguished by Letters or Numbers, and also on the Plans and Utensils.

When Pipes are used, their Courts to be described, &c. with such Entry.

Buildings and Utensils not to be cancelled when uncancelled.

Penalty upon Strength of Vinegar to be paid by its Manufacturer.

of His Majesty's Revenue, all such Liquors as aforesaid, subject and liable to such Duties respectively as aforesaid, shall and maybe tried and examined by any Officer or Officers of Excise with such Accounters as shall and may from time to time be directed by the Commissioners of Excise in order to ascertain the Strength thereof, and that whenever any such Liquors shall upon any such Trial be found by any Officer or Officers of Excise to be above Proof as denoted by such Accounter (Proof being such Strength of Aromatics and that One hundred Parts of the Liquor by Weight will contain or containe Pounders and a Half Parts by Weight of Crystallized Subcarbonate of Soda), and not to be more than Thirty five per Centum, as denoted by such Accounters, show such Proof, the Number of Gallons of such Liquors of which such Trial is made shall be denoted and computed by such Officer or Officers to be such Number as could be made from or with such Liquors if diluted by Water to the Strength of Proof denoted as aforesaid, and shall be chargeable and return account of and charged by such Officer with Duty accordingly; and that all such Liquors as shall be found, on such Trial as aforesaid, or as the Purities or Purities in whole Stock or Potillies the same is or shall be found that declare to such Officer or Officers as aforesaid, to be more than Thirty five per Centum, denoted as aforesaid, show Proof, shall be chargeable, and shall and may be taken account of and charged by such Officer or Officers, with Duty as and upon the Rate of One Shilling for every Pound Averdupois thereof, and is in proportion for every amount or less Quantity.

13. And to the Intent that the Officers of Excise may be enabled to examine and duly charge the Duties on all such Liquors and Materials as aforesaid, according to the Strength thereof, if above Proof, as directed by such Assessor as aforesaid, he is further willing, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of Excise to take a Sample or Samples, not exceeding Half a Pint or Half a Pound Avoirdupois at One time, of any such Liquors or Materials as aforesaid, at any time forced in the Cathedral or Possession of any Vinegar Maker or Makers for Sale as aforesaid, or any Drinker or Drinkers in such Vinegar or Acetous Acid, except of such Liquors as shall be declared by the Maker or Possessor thereof to be proper for use as aforesaid to be more than Thirty five per Centum above Proof, concerning the Materials, after each Trial as aforesaid, to such Maker or Makers as aforesaid, or if of the Liquors of which any such Sample shall be so taken to be in the Cathedral or Possession of any Drinker or Drinkers in such Vinegar or Acetous Acid, paying such Drinker or Drinkers for such Sample or Samples of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, at and after the Rate of the then current Price of such Liquors as aforesaid.

be entered, great care shall be taken, and every Officer and Officers of each Hall at all times upon being so Requested, shall, in the Night, be accompanied by a Supervisor or Steward, be permitted to receive into the Brewhouse, Warehouse, and other Place and Places belonging to or used by any such Maker or Makers for Sale or otherwise, and to take an Assesment Weights, Measures or Gauges, and such Officers or Officers shall from and be conversant, of all and every such Ledger and Ledgers, Materials and Materials as stored, and of all Saltpetre And in the Custody or Possession of any such Maker or Makers, and if any Person or Persons shall obstruct, hinder, molest or prevent any such Officer or Officers from so doing, or in the Execution of any of the Powers or Authorities herein or granted to him or them by this or any other Act or Acts relating to Vinages, every such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence be liable to suffer the Loss of the Freedom thereof.

XI. And it is further enacted, That no Vinegar Maker or Makers for Sale shall have or receive into his Cellars or Cellars any Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or any Sugar Water, Sugar Wash, Molasses Water, Molasses Wash, Aleger, Soda Beer, Return of Beer or Ale, Cider, Vermouth or other Liquor prepared or preparing for Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or capable of being used as or applied to the Purposes of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or any Sulphuric Acid, Molasses, Brown Sugar, Honey (except for his or their private Family), or any Pyroligneous or Acetous of Lime or Soda, or other Mineral or Materials (except Lime or Gypsum) or proper to be made into or mixed with Vinegar or Acetous Acid, without giving Twelve Months previous Notice thereof in Writing to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey such Maker or Makers shall then be, specifying the Day and time of the Day when the same will be taken or received into his, her or their Cellars or Cellars, and the Quantity and Deliveries thereof, to the intent that such Officer may be present to see and take account of the same by Weight, Measure or Gauge, and shall demand, receive or pay the same or any Part thereof, with his, her or their Receipt, and such Officer shall have taken such Account as aforesaid, nor shall afterwards sell or employ any such Mineral or Materials unchanged with Duty, without accounting for the same to the Satisfaction of the Officer, upon pain of forfeiting for every such Offense the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall sell, deliver or send out any fermented or fermented Wort or Wash whatsoever, not being fermented Beer charged with Duty, to any Person or Persons whatsoever; and that any Person or Persons not being an authorized Vinegar Maker or Makers shall send, deliver or send out any Vinegar or purified Acetous Acid, Allegar, Stale Beer, Stale Ale or Stale Cider, Vergasse, Sugar Water or Molasses Water, or other Liquors prepared or preparing for Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or capable of being used as or applied in the Preparation of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, except as an authorized Vinegar Maker, under such Notice for receiving the same as aforesaid, or without the Duties hereby imposed being full paid or charged for as in respect of such Vinegar or purified Acetous Acid, Allegar, Stale Beer, Stale Ale or Stale Cider, Vergasse, Sugar Water or Molasses Water, or other Liquors, and the same being accompanied with a Permit or Certificate as hereinafter mentioned, upon pain of forfeiting for every such Offence all such Liquors and Liquors as aforesaid, which shall or may be found by any Officer or Officers of Excise, together with the Cask and Caskage or Carriage used or employed in removing the same; and every Person or Persons in defaulting as removing such Liquors or Liquors as aforesaid, shall for every such Offence suffer and pay the Sum of Two hundred Shillings.

III. And

Makers applying to provide such Warehouses, &c. as to pay the said Duties, or relating to Imports into such Warehouses, &c.

thereof, or such Warehouses, Storehouses or Cellars shall be under necessary Regulations; and if any such Maker or Maker shall neglect or refuse to do, her or their own Expenses, to provide and maintain such Warehouses, Storehouses or Cellars, or Warehouses, Storehouses or Cellars, and enter the same as aforesaid, or to pay such Superintendant as aforesaid, upon Demand, for any Lock or Locks, or Keys, or other Fittings or Fittings thereof or thereof, as the Removal or Repairs thereof, found and provided by such Superintendant for the Security thereof, or shall refuse or neglect to put or deposit any such Material or Materials as aforesaid, immediately after the issuing or except thereof, and before the Rectification or Purification thereof, and upon such Notice as aforesaid, in One or more of such Warehouses, Storehouses or Cellars, according to the Directions of this Act; or if any such Maker or Maker, or other Person or Persons shall damage, force or open, or cause to be damaged, forced or opened, any such Lock or other Fitting, or enter or cause to be entered any such Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar, save at such time and upon as aforesaid, then and in such and every such case such Maker or Maker, or other Person or Persons so offending, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty 100l.

Makers who are to have such Warehouses, &c. as to have such Warehouses, &c. as to have such Warehouses, &c. as to have such Warehouses, &c.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That when and so often as any such Maker or Maker as aforesaid shall intend or be desirous to have any such Material or Materials as aforesaid delivered from or out of any such Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar, for the Purpose of rectifying or purifying Acetous Acid therefrom, he, she or they shall give Twelve Hours' Notice in Writing to the Officer of Excise under whose Jurisdiction such Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar shall be, of his, her or their Intention, specifying in such Notice the particular Day and Hour at which he, she or they intend or intend to have such Materials delivered out for the Purpose aforesaid, and the Quantity to be weighed and delivered; and upon such Notice being given, the proper Officer or Officers shall attend at the time mentioned in such Notice, and upon such Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar, and such Maker shall thereupon proceed to weigh, and shall with all due Diligence and Dispatch weigh out in the Presence of such Officer or Officers, and to his Satisfaction, the Whole of the Material or Materials mentioned in such Notice: Provided always respectively, that no such Maker or Maker shall be at liberty to give any such Notice for having any such Material or Material so delivered oftener than once in Twenty four Hours, or at any other time than between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Four in the Afternoon; and every Notice given for having any such Material or Materials so delivered oftener than as aforesaid, or at any other time or Hour than that between the Hours in that behalf aforesaid, shall and the same is hereby declared to be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Number and Hours of Notice.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Maker as aforesaid, being a Rectifier or Purifier, Rectifier or Purifier of Acetous Acid, is and are hereby required to provide and keep proper, sufficient and just Scales and Weights at such Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar as aforesaid, for the Purpose of from time to time weighing and taking an Account of such Materials as aforesaid, and of all Acetous Acid and Materials for making, rectifying or purifying Acetous Acid, which shall at any time be in the Cellars or Possessions of any such Maker or Maker as aforesaid, and shall permit and suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to enter the same for that Purpose, and shall give him every useful Assistance in weighing any such Acetous Acid or Materials; and if any such Maker or Maker shall upon Demand as aforesaid neglect or refuse to provide any such Scales and Weights, or either of them, or shall hinder, obstruct or prevent any Officer or Officers of Excise from using the same, or shall neglect or refuse to assist him in weighing any Acetous Acid or Materials; or if any such Maker or Maker as aforesaid shall, in the weighing of any such Acetous Acid or Materials, make use of, or cause or suffer to be made use of, any false, unjust or insufficient Beam, Scale or Scales, or Weight or Weights, or shall use or practise any Art, Device or Contrivance, by which any such Officer or Officers shall or may be deceived or hindered or prevented from taking the true and just Weight, and ascertaining the true Quantity of any Acetous Acid or Material; such Maker or Maker shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with such fine, weight or insufficient Beam, Scale, Weight or Weights, and the Acetous Acid and Materials respectively then weighing or weighed, and the same shall and may be tried by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Scales and Weights to be provided by Makers, &c.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every such Maker and Maker as aforesaid shall, and he, she and they is and are hereby required to provide in his, her or their Room or Place wherein he, she or they rectifies or purifies, rectify or purify any Acetous Acid called Pyroxylic Acid for Sale, One or more Vessel or Vessels, of which he, she or they shall from time to time give Notice in Writing to the proper Officer of Excise, and shall in such Notice declare the true Tare or Weight, and Content or Capacity thereof, and the true Tare of any Material in or with which the same may be then packed, and which Vessel and Vessels shall be gauged or measured by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise before the same shall be used by such Maker or Maker to hold or receive any such Acetous Acid as aforesaid, in order that the Content or Capacity thereof, and the Quantity of any Acetous Acid put therein, may at any time be correctly weighed, known or ascertained by any such Officer or Officers, from which Vessel or Vessels every such Maker or Maker shall run or put and collect all he rectified or purified Acetous Acid as the same is made, and before the same or any Part thereof shall be removed from such entered Place for Sale or otherwise, and shall compose the same therein until the proper Officer shall have taken a true Account thereof; and if any such Maker or Maker shall neglect or refuse to provide such Vessel or Vessels as aforesaid, or in any unjust change or alter the same, or to give such Notice thereof as aforesaid, or give any false Notice thereof, or remove any such Acetous Acid from his, her or their Warehouse or Place in which the same shall have been rectified or purified, or mix the same or any Part thereof with his, her or their Spirit, without first running or getting and collecting the same and every Part thereof into such Vessel or Vessels as aforesaid, and composing the same and every Part thereof therein until the proper Officer shall have taken a true Account thereof, or shall by any Device or Contrivance deceive or hinder or prevent the Officer in or from weighing or taking a true Account

Makers applying to provide such Scales and Weights, &c. as to have such Warehouses, &c. as to have such Warehouses, &c.

Penalty.

Makers to provide Vessels for keeping Pyroxylic Acid, and to give Notice thereof to the proper Officer of Excise.

Makers to provide Vessels for keeping Pyroxylic Acid, and to give Notice thereof to the proper Officer of Excise.

of all such Acetous Acid, according to the actual Quantity and Strength thereof, and charging the Duty as aforesaid accordingly, every such Maker or Makers shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if at any time or times hereafter any Officer or Officers of Excise shall find or discover that the Quantity of Vinegar or Acetous Acid called Pyroligneous Acid, made, extracted, rectified or purified from Pyroligneous or Acetous of Lime or Soda, by any such Maker or Makers as aforesaid, is taken account of and charged with Duty in any of the Quarters ending respectively on the Fifth Day of January, Fifth Day of April, Fifth Day of July, and Tenth Day of October in every Year, shall be deficient or fall short of the Quantity of Vinegar or Acetous Acid which should or ought to have been or was capable of being produced from the Pyroligneous or Acetous of Lime or Soda respectively received by such Maker or Makers within such Quarter respectively for the Purpose of being rectified or purified, computing dry or anhydrous Pyroligneous or Acetous of Lime to produce Three Quarters of a Gallon of Acetous Acid of the Strength of Proof for every Pound Avoirdupois thereof, and dry or anhydrous Pyroligneous or Acetous of Soda to produce One Gallon of Acetous Acid of the Strength of Proof for every Pound Avoirdupois, and Acetous of Lime in Solution to produce One Gallon of Acetous Acid of the Strength of Proof for every Two Gallons thereof of like Strength, and Acetous of Soda in Solution to produce Two Gallons of Acetous Acid of the Strength of Proof for every Three Gallons thereof of the like Strength thereof, without such Deficiency being duly accounted for to the Satisfaction of the Officer, such Officer or Officers as and as lawfully authorized and required to charge such Maker and Makers with Duty on so much and such Quantity of such Acetous Acid of the Strength of Proof as shall be equal to the Quantity so found or discovered to be deficient.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That when any Vinegar Maker or Makers shall have Occasion to remove from his, her or these Stock any Vinegar or Acetous Acid subject to the Duties by this Act imposed, the proper Officer or Officers of Excise of the respective Division where such entered Warehouse or Warehouses shall be issued, shall without Fee or Reward, from time to time, upon a Request Note being made and delivered, according to the Directions of the Act, by such Maker or Makers, grant and give a Permit in Writing, signed by the said respective Officer or Officers, specifying the Quantity, Quality and Strength (if exceeding Proof) of Vinegar or Acetous Acid to be removed, the Name or Names of the Persons from and to whom the same is intended to be removed, and that the Duty thereon has been paid, and limiting the time in which such Vinegar or Acetous Acid shall be removed from and out of the Warehouse after taking out such Permit, and the time in which such Vinegar or Acetous Acid shall be delivered or moved into the Warehouse or Warehouses, or other Place or Places, of the Person or Persons to whom the same is to be sent: Provided always, that no Permit shall be granted to any Vinegar Maker or Makers for the Removal of more Vinegar or Acetous Acid, still and computed at Proof as aforesaid, than the Quantity for or in respect of which he, she or they shall have been charged with Duty as received by Permit, delivered to and taken account of by the Officer, and shall accordingly then have Credit in Stock, and that every Request Note from any Vinegar Maker or Makers for that Purpose shall be void; and that no such Permit as aforesaid shall be granted, or be valid, unless such Maker or Makers requiring the same shall make and send or deliver to the Officer or Officers of Excise lawfully authorized to grant such Permit, a Request Note in Writing (specifying the Name of the Person to whom such Vinegar or Acetous Acid is intended to be sent, the Quantity, Quality and Strength (if exceeding Proof) thereof; and also the Number and respective Contents of the Casks, Butts, Jars or Vessels containing the same, and shewing whether the same is to be removed by Land or by Water, and by what Mode of Conveyance the same is intended to be sent; and all such Vinegar or Acetous Acid which shall be removed by or from the Stock of such Maker or Makers without such Permit as aforesaid, or under a Description not conformable to this Act, or under a false Description, or exceeding the Quantity or Strength specified in the Permit accompanying the same, together with the Casks, Butts, Jars, Vessels and other Packages containing the same, shall be forfeited, and shall also be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Maker or Makers from whose Stock the same shall be sent out, shall for every such Offence incur a Penalty of One hundred Pounds.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, shall make Entry at the nearest Office of Excise of his, her or their Warehouse, Storehouse, Cellar, Shop or other Place or Places, in which he, she or they shall have, deposit or keep such Vinegar or Acetous Acid as aforesaid, and before receiving any Vinegar or Acetous Acid or Liquors aforesaid for Sale; and that every such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller (not being a Vinegar Maker or Makers at any entered Place or Place within the Distance of a Quarter of a Mile from such Warehouse, Storehouse, Cellar, Shop or other Place or Place) shall upon Demand receive from the proper Officer of Excise a Book or Books, to be prepared with proper printed Forms and Titles, for the Purposes hereafter assigned, and so to kept by every such Dealer in, Retailer and Seller of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, in some public and open Part of his, her or their entered Premises; and that from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eighteen no Vinegar or Acetous Acid exceeding Two Gallons at any one time shall be sold, sent out or delivered by any such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, in any Person or Persons whatsoever, without being accompanied by a Certificate filled up and sent out, respectively from the printed Forms of such Certificates contained in such Book as aforesaid, signed by such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Vinegar or Acetous Acid selling, sending out or delivering the same, or some Person or Persons on his, her or their behalf, certifying on Date thereof, the Quantity of such Vinegar or Acetous Acid and the Strength thereof (if above Proof), as when sold, sent or wholly Stock delivered, and that the Duty has been paid thereon; and that every such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, selling, sending out or delivering any Vinegar or Acetous Acid exceeding Two Gallons at any one time as aforesaid, shall at the time then make a corresponding Entry thereof, containing the same Particulars, in such Book

Penalty and.

Officer as directed in the Statute in the Quantity of Duty, the whole shall be taken account of in the Duty, unless duly accounted for.

Permit to be stamped in the Remains of Vinegar without Fee.

Certificate to which Permit granted.

Request Note, &c. for Permit.

Vinegar in, moved without Permit on manner to be sent to the Excise as aforesaid, and Penalty and.

Books to be made Entry of Permit at the nearest Office of Excise, in which the Officer shall deliver Books with printed Forms, and no Vinegar exceeding Two Gallons shall be sent out or delivered by any such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, in any Person or Persons whatsoever, without being accompanied by a Certificate filled up and sent out, respectively from the printed Forms of such Certificates contained in such Book as aforesaid, signed by such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Vinegar or Acetous Acid selling, sending out or delivering the same, or some Person or Persons on his, her or their behalf, certifying on Date thereof, the Quantity of such Vinegar or Acetous Acid and the Strength thereof (if above Proof), as when sold, sent or wholly Stock delivered, and that the Duty has been paid thereon; and that every such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, selling, sending out or delivering any Vinegar or Acetous Acid exceeding Two Gallons at any one time as aforesaid, shall at the time then make a corresponding Entry thereof, containing the same Particulars, in such Book

Books to be
open for the
purpose of Office.

Under any of the
above modes
of Entry, whether
by Bill, or
otherwise, Vinegar
or, &c.

Under any of the
above modes of
Entry, whether
by Bill, or
otherwise, Vinegar
or, &c.

Under any of the
above modes of
Entry, whether
by Bill, or
otherwise, Vinegar
or, &c.

Duty to be
paid on the
1st of

—per cent.

Vinegar or Acetic
Acid, or
Liquors prepared
thereof, shall be
subjected to the
Duty of

Commissioners
may compound
for the Duty
with any Part
of the

as aforesaid; and that each Book, with each Entries to be made therein as aforesaid, shall at all times be open and exposed to the entered Possessors of such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Vinegar or Acetic Acid as aforesaid, to the Perusal of any Officer or Officers of Excise, and shall be delivered by such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Vinegar or Acetic Acid as aforesaid, to any Officer or Officers of Excise upon Demand; and if any such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Vinegar or Acetic Acid shall refuse or neglect to make such Entry as aforesaid of all his, her or their Warehouses, Storehouses, Cellars, Shops and other Places for storing or keeping Vinegar or Acetic Acid, or shall at any time obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise from entering therein, or impeding, surveying, weighing or taking an Account of his, her or their Stock of Vinegar or Acetic Acid, or shall conceal any Part of such Vinegar or Acetic Acid from the Sight or View of the Officer or Officers, or shall sell, sell out or deliver any Quantity of Vinegar or Acetic Acid exceeding Ten Gallons at any one time unaccompanied by such Certificate as aforesaid, or making such Entry in such Book as aforesaid, or shall convey away or conceal any such Book or Books as aforesaid, or conceal, oblige, deliver or bear out any Load or Loads therefrom, or Entry or Entries therein, or shall make any false Entry or Entries therein, or shall oppose, withhold, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in inspecting any such Book or Books, or any such Entry or Entries therein as aforesaid, or shall at any time neglect, or refuse, when required, to give up to any Officer or Officers such Book or Books as aforesaid, all and every such Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of Vinegar or Acetic Acid is offending, shall for every such Offence severally forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and all Vinegar or Acetic Acid exceeding Ten Gallons, removing or removed from the Stock of any such Dealer or Dealers as aforesaid, without being accompanied by such Certificate as aforesaid, and all Vinegar or Acetic Acid found in the Possession of any unlicensed Dealer in, or Retailer or Seller of Vinegar, Acetic Acid, or in any unlicensed Warehouse, Storehouse, Cellar, Shop or other Place of any Dealer in, or Retailer or Seller of Vinegar or Acetic Acid, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Person or Persons removing, carrying or conveying the same, or hiding or assisting therein, or in whose Custody the same shall be found, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That any Officer or Officers of Excise shall and may at any time or times take an Account of the Stock of Vinegar or Acetic Acid and respectively of any Makers or Dealers in, or Dealer or Dealers in Vinegar or Acetic Acid liable or subject to the Duties or any of them imposed by this Act; and if, on taking any such Account, the Quantity of Vinegar or Acetic Acid respectively found in any such Stock, added to the Quantity for which Permits shall have been granted, or Certificates first out as directed by this Act, since the time of taking the last preceding Account of such Stock, shall exceed the Quantity of Vinegar or Acetic Acid respectively found in such Stock at the time of taking such last preceding Account, added to the Quantity first made, or legally received with Permits or Certificates, duly delivered to the proper Officer, into such Stock as aforesaid, such Vinegar or Acetic Acid respectively, when there Permitted, being sold and computed at that Strength, a Quantity of Vinegar or Acetic Acid equal to the Quantity found in Excise shall be forfeited and lost, and shall and may be seized and taken by the Officer or Officers of Excise who shall discover the same, from and out of such Stock; and the Person or Persons in whose Stock such Quantity of Vinegar or Acetic Acid is found as Excise shall be discovered, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXIV. And Whereas by an Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for imposing the Duties granted upon Cider and Perry by an Act made in the Third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and for granting other Duties on Cider and Perry in lieu thereof, and for more effectually securing the Duties on Cider and Perry imposed by several former Acts, in case any Cider or Perry which hath been charged with and paid the Duties by that Act imposed shall be sold for Sale as Cider and Perry, and shall be charged with the Duties upon Vinegar, it is directed that the said Duties upon Cider or Perry so charged and paid, shall be allowed and drawn back on such Proof as is therein mentioned: And Whereas it is expedient to apply to each of the said Acts as is therein recited, Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much of the said Acts as is heretofore recited shall be, and so, and the same is hereby repealed.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall remove, deposit, hide or conceal any Vinegar or Acetic Acid, or Liquors prepared for Vinegar or Acetic Acid, or capable of being used as or applied to the Purposes thereof, or any Material or Materials for making, rectifying or purifying the same, subject or liable to the Duties of Excise hereby imposed, with Intent to evade the Payment of such Duties, or to that His Majesty may be defrauded thereof, or shall adulterate or mix with any Vinegar or Acetic Acid any other Acid (except Sulphuric Acid), in the Proportion not exceeding One Thousandth Part thereof by Weight, all such Vinegar or Acetic Acid, Liquors and Materials so removed, taken away, hidden, concealed or adulterated, shall be forfeited and lost, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and ever and beside such Forfeiture, all and every Person or Persons so offending, and all Person or Persons aiding or assisting or concealing therein, or receiving any such Vinegar or Acetic Acid, Liquors or Materials, without such Permits or Certificates as aforesaid, or with any false Permits or Certificates, shall severally forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful so and for the Commissioners of Excise for the time being, or the major Part of them respectively, from time to time to compound for the Duty by the Act imposed for and in respect of Acetic Acid made in Great Britain, with any Rectifier or Purifier of Acetic Acid, in such manner and Form, and upon such Terms and Conditions, as shall in the Judgment of such Commissioners be most to the Advantage and Improvement of the Revenue of the said Duty; any thing in this or any other Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XXVII. And

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Question shall arise whether any Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or Liquors or Materials prepared or preparing for, or capable of being used as or applied to the Purposes of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or which shall have been so used or applied respectively, which shall be found as and for Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or Liquors or Materials prepared or preparing for, or capable of being used as or applied to the Purposes of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or which shall have been so used or applied respectively, forbidden under or by virtue of this Act, be Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or Liquors or Materials prepared or preparing for, or capable of being used as or applied to the Purposes of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or which shall have been so used or applied respectively, for or on which such Forfeiture is by this Act imposed, the Proof of such Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or Liquors or Materials prepared or preparing for, or capable of being used as or applied to the Purposes of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or which shall have been so used or applied respectively, *sic* being Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or Liquors or Materials prepared or preparing for, or capable of being used as or applied to the Purposes of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or which shall have been so used or applied respectively, for or on which such Forfeiture is by this Act imposed, shall be upon the Oath or Claim thereof.

How Questions shall arise, whether Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or Liquors or Materials prepared or preparing for, or capable of being used as or applied to the Purposes of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or which shall have been so used or applied respectively, shall be found as and for Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or Liquors or Materials prepared or preparing for, or capable of being used as or applied to the Purposes of Vinegar or Acetous Acid, or which shall have been so used or applied respectively, for or on which such Forfeiture is by this Act imposed.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every of the Powers, Privileges, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things which in and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intituled *An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries and Tenures in Capite, and by Knight's Service and Parsonage; and for settling a Revenue upon His Majesty in his Majesty's or by any other Law now to force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Exchequer*, are provided and established, shall be (except in far as any of them may be altered by this Act) putrid, used and put in Execution, in and for the Purposes of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if and every the said Powers, Rules, Privileges, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in this present Act.

Powers of 12 C. 2. c. 20. as any other Law of Exchequer is altered in this Act.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by such ways, means or Methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be found to be, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Exchequer, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plein or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them, who shall discover, inform or sue for the same.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

C A P. XLVI.

An Act to empower any Three or more of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to exercise all the Powers and Authorities given in the said Commissioners by any Act or Acts of Parliament.

[4th June 1818.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *Wth An Act for settling certain Sums in Commissioners at the End of every Quarter of a Year, to be by them applied to the Reduction of the National Debt: And Whereas another Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for amending two Acts passed in the Forty eighth and Forty ninth Years of His present Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities: And Whereas it was by the said first recited Act enacted, that all the Powers and Authorities which the said Commissioners were or might be enabled to exercise by the said recited Act, or any future Act or Acts of Parliament, should and might be exercised by any Number not less than Four: And Whereas by the said last recited Act it was enacted, that it should be lawful for any Three or more of the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to exercise and do all matters and things which by the Acts therein recited and the said recited Act the said Commissioners are required and empowered to do: And Whereas Doubts have arisen as to whether certain Acts, matters and things authorized and required to be done by the said Commissioners under former Acts of Parliament can be executed and done by Three of such Commissioners: and it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed, and that any Three or more of the said Commissioners should be empowered to Act in all cases: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for any Three or more of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to use and execute all Powers and Authorities, and to execute and do all Acts, matters and things, which by virtue of any Act or Acts heretofore passed and now in force, or which may hereafter be passed, the said Commissioners are or may be required or authorized or empowered to use, execute, perform or do; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.**

18 C. 2. c. 20.

31 C. 2. c. 20.

18 C. 2. c. 21.

§ 14.

Three Comrs. may exercise all.

II. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers and Authorities which shall have been heretofore exercised and performed, and all Acts, matters and things which shall have been executed and done, by any Three or more of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, shall be as valid and effectual in all Respects and to all Intents and Purposes as if such Powers and Authorities had been exercised, and such Acts, matters and things executed and done, by any Four of such Commissioners: any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Powers may be used by Three Commissioners as valid as if done by 4.

CAP. LXVII.

An Act to provide for the more deliberate Investigation of Petitioners to be made by Grand Jurors for Roads and Public Works in Ireland, and for accounting for Money raised by such Petitioners.

[3d June 1818.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to provide for the more deliberate Investigation of Petitioners to be made by Grand Jurors for Roads and Public Works in Ireland, and for accounting for Money raised by such Petitioners*; and by an Act made in the present Session of Parliament, the Operation of the said intitled Act of the last Session was suspended until the End of the present Session of Parliament; and it is expedient that the said intitled Act of the last Session of Parliament should be repeated, and that more effectual Provisions should be made for the regular and deliberate Investigation of the Necessity and Propriety of all Roads, Buildings and Works, which may be proposed to be executed under the Petitioners of the several Grand Juries in Ireland, under and by virtue of sundry Acts of Parliament: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said intitled Act of the last Session of Parliament shall be and the same a hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for every Magistrate of every County, County of a City, and County of a Town in Ireland, within their respective Jurisdictions, who shall be seized and possessed of a Freehold Estate in Fee Simple or Fee Tail, or as Tenant for Life under Deed or Death, in Possession of the annual Value of Three hundred Pounds at least, or of a Leasehold Estate in Perpetuity, or for Life or Lives, or for any Term of Years not less than Twenty Years, unexpired, of the annual Value of Five hundred Pounds at the least, or who shall be Heir Apparent to any Person seized or possessed of Freehold or Leasehold Estates of such Amount, or who shall be entitled to all as a Magistrate for any County of a City or County of a Town, or for any City and Liberties, according to the Charter of Incorporation of such City or Town, although not possessed of a Freehold or Leasehold Estate to the several Amounts aforesaid, as aforesaid, and such Magistrates are hereby required to assemble, in the Court House and other usual Places of holding the Sessions as such and every County, County of a City, or County of a Town, at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace holden and to be holden in the Month of January, and also at the Quarter Sessions holden and to be holden next to Easter in each and every Term, immediately after all the usual Crown or Criminal Business at such Sessions shall have been completed; and such Magistrates in assembling shall at every such Session and Adjournment thereof, upon the Bench in open Court, proceed to take into Consideration all Applications or Proposals for the making or repairing of Roads, or for the executing of any Public Works belonging to the County of a City, County of a Town, or District in which such Magistrates are so assembled, in manner hereinafter mentioned; and shall appoint such Sessions, for the Purposes of this Act, from Place to Place, within every County of Ireland, until such Sessions shall have been holden at all the several Court Houses and other Places of holding such Sessions within each County, where such Sessions shall be then holden for the Discharge of Crown or Criminal Business; and such Magistrates shall have Power to adjourn from Day to Day only (except from Saturday to Monday) and from Place to Place, until such Sessions shall be completed in all such Places as aforesaid; all such Applications or Proposals as shall relate to any Roads or Public Works, for which it is intended to apply for Petitioners at the Spring Assizes, shall be considered at some such Sessions or Adjournment thereof, to be holden in the Month of January next preceding such Assizes; and all such Applications or Proposals as shall relate to any Roads or Public Works, for which it is intended to apply for Petitioners at the Summer Assizes, shall be considered at some such Sessions or Adjournment thereof to be holden next to Easter next preceding such Assizes.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, upon any Representation to be to be made made by the Grand Jury for that Purpose, at any Assizes for any County, to nominate and appoint one or more additional Town or Towns, Place or Places, within each County, at which Town or Towns, Place or Places, Special Sessions shall and may be holden at the said several Periods, for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution within and for each District or Districts, to be notified by and to each of Barons, Hall Barons or Justices, as shall, by Order of such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, upon such Representation as aforesaid, be annexed to such Town or Towns, Place or Places, for the Purpose of this Act; and such Special Sessions, for the Purpose of this Act, shall be holden at and adjourned to such Towns or Places, to be nominated and appointed, in like manner as is herebefore required, with respect to the holding and adjourning Sessions at or to the several Places of holding Sessions for Crown or Criminal Business, until such Sessions shall have been holden at all the said Places respectively within each County.

IV. And be it further enacted, That at the First Meeting of such Magistrates at such Sessions (not less than Three) these Magistrates being present, or the whole Number of Magistrates in any County of a Town where such Number shall be less than Three), every Magistrate at such Meeting shall take and subscribe an Oath, according to the Form in Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, by and before any Two of the said Magistrates (being present (which Oath any One of such Magistrates is hereby authorized to administer); and each Magistrate who shall attend at any such Meeting, or any Adjournment thereof, shall, before sitting in Execution of this Act, take and subscribe such Oath in like manner: Provided always, that such Magistrates shall preside as Chairman at every such Meeting or Adjournment thereof, as shall be chosen by the Majority of the Magistrates then present.

V. And

V. And be it further enacted, That the Chairman presiding at each and every such Meeting held under this Act, shall deliver to the Secretary of the Grand Jury of the County, County of a City or Town respectively, a correct List, Signed by himself, of the Magistrates who shall have taken and subscribed the said Oath, and who shall have been present at each such Meeting respectively; which List shall be laid before the Grand Jury by the said Secretary at the ensuing Assizes; and each Secretary is hereby required to amend each and every such Meeting, and sit as Clerk to the Magistrates there assembled; and shall also from time to time transmit or deliver all the Oaths of Qualification to be made by such Magistrates to the Clerk of the Peace of the County, to be by him preserved among the Records of the County.

VI. And be it further enacted, That Notice in Writing of all Applications, Requests or Proposals for the laying out, forming, making or repairing of Roads, or for building or repairing of Court Houses, Sessions Houses, Bridges or Walls, or for executing any other public Works, intended to be submitted to the Magistrates at such Sessions, shall be posted, by or on behalf of the Persons making such Proposals, at the Door of the Parish Church, where there is any such Church in Repair, and when there is not any such Church in Repair, then on the Door of the next adjoining Parish Church which is in Repair, and also on the Door of any Roman Catholic Chapel which may be within the Parish to which such Proposal relates, upon the Sunday next but one previous to the First Day of holding such General Quarter Sessions, as the Forfeiture, between the Hours of Nine and Twelve o'Clock.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of November next ensuing the passing of this Act, all such Parts of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland as require any Affidavit or Affidavits to be made for the Purpose of granting any Proclamation or Proclamations for the making or repairing any Road, or executing any public Work, shall, as to such Roads and public Works, be and the same are hereby repealed; and that in lieu thereof, whenever it shall be intended that any Application, Request or Proposal shall be made to the Magistrates at any Sessions to be held pursuant to this Act, for the laying out, forming, making or repairing of Roads, or for building or repairing of Court Houses, Sessions Houses, Bridges or Walls, or for executing any other public Works, such Application shall be made in Writing, as nearly as may be in some one of the Forms marked (B, C, D, E, F, G, and H) in the Schedule to this Act annexed, respectively set forth, signed by at least two Persons, fully describing the Nature of the Road, Building or Work proposed or desired, accompanied with a detailed Estimate of the Expense thereof, a Specification of the Quantity and Nature of the Materials to be used, and also with such Maps, Sections, Ground Plans and Elevations, as shall be necessary for fully explaining and ascertaining the Situation, Nature, Utility and probable Expense of such Road, Building or Work respectively; and every such Estimate, Specification, Map, Ground Plan, Section and Elevation, shall be signed by some known Surveyor, Engineer or Architect, or by some other competent Person; and the Expense attending the making of every such Estimate, Map, Section, Ground Plan and Elevation, shall be defrayed and borne by the Persons making such Application, or one of them.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Proclamation shall be made for laying out any such new Road, unless it shall appear to the Grand Jury, by the Affidavit of One credible Witness, sworn before a Justice of the Peace for such County, that a Map of such new Road has been deposited with the Townshouse of the County Twenty-one Days at least before the Commencement Day of the Assizes, and that a Notice setting forth that an Application is intended to be made at the next Assizes for a Proclamation to lay out a new Road, from

delineating the several Town-

lands and Barons or Half Barons through which it is intended to be carried, with the Number of Persons it is to be made in Length through each Townland, has been perfectly served upon or left at the House of each Occupier of the Land through which such new Road is intended to be made in such County, Twenty-one Days at least before the Commencement Day of the Assizes, and that a like Notice has been also posted upon the Door of the County Court House Twenty-one Days at least before the Commencement Day of the Assizes; nor unless it shall also appear, by an Affidavit sworn in like manner, unless the same be from Four Town or Poll Taxes, and protested under the Regulations of an Act passed in Ireland in the Thirty-second Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for improving and laying in Repair the Poll Roads of this Kingdom*, that on Part of such new Road is to be made through any Door Park or Field enclosed with a Wall half of Lane and Street or British Plot: Feet high or more, without the Consent of the Owner thereof; and no Part thereof is to be made through any House actually built with Lime and Stone or Bricks, or through any Office or Orchard belonging to any Person inhabiting a House in such, without the Consent of such Person.

IX. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall render any Part of any Act or Acts now in force in Ireland requiring certain Affidavits to be taken by Superintendents and Deputy Superintendents, for granting any Proclamation or Proclamations for Money advanced by them.

X. And be it further enacted, That every such Estimate shall be written upon a Paper stamped in the same manner and with the same Amount of Stamp Duty as is or shall by Law be payable for and in respect of the Affidavit necessary for granting the Proclamation to be applied for.

XI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any such Application shall be for the making any new Road, or Line of Road, whatever the proposed Length of such Road shall be, or for the widening any old Road, or for the lowering any Hill, or for the filling up of any Hollow in any Line of Road, the Map or Plan accompanying the Estimate on such Application shall be drawn upon a Scale not less than that of Twenty Perches to an Inch; and such Map or Plan shall correctly exhibit the Ground Plan of every such proposed Road, and also of every adjoining public Road or Highway with which it may be necessary or desirable to compare it, in order to determine on the Expediency of complying with such Application; and such Map or Plan shall

Chairman of Grand Jury of Magistrates qualifying as Secretary of Grand Jury Secretary as Clerk, &c.

Notice of Applications for Proposals for Repairs of Roads, &c. to be posted on houses near to it.

All Acts requiring affidavits in Affidavits repealed.

In the Schedule, Applications for Roads and Works to be made in Sessions or writing, with Forms marked, and signed by a Surveyor, &c.

By whom Expenses defrayed.

Affidavit required in new Road.

Affidavit to be made through any Door Park, or Field, &c. without Consent of Owner, &c.

Provision for Affidavits taken by Superintendents, &c.

Stamp Duty on Maps and Plans of Roads to be drawn on a Scale not less than that of Twenty Perches to an Inch, &c.

also be graded in such manner as to represent and exhibit the Situation of all Hills occurring on the Line of any such proposed or existing Road, and also shall exhibit all Sources of Water which may run or flow across any such proposed or existing Road, and all Dugs or Mines through which any such proposed or existing Road may pass, and the Boundaries and Discontinuities of all such Townships as any such Road shall traverse, in so far as they are respectively intersected by the said Road, and all Houses standing or being within Ten Feet of any such proposed or existing Road respectively, and the Names of the occupying Tenants thereof respectively; and every such Map or Plan shall be accompanied by a perpendicular Section of every such proposed and existing Road, and in the Case of a new Road by a Cross Section likewise of the same, showing the intended Form of the said new Road, and the Depth and Position of the Materials to be employed therein; the Scale of which Section or Sections shall be in such Proportion to the Ground Plan of such proposed and existing Roads, as shall be convenient for the due Comparison of such Sections and Ground Plans with each other, and every such Map and perpendicular Section shall there in every Part of all such proposed or existing Roads, and of all such Hills and Hollows as shall be delineated in such Map, the Degree of Rise or Fall and Inclination or Declination (respected in Feet and Inches) of every Part of the Surface of such Roads, Hills and Hollows respectively, and the Height (respected in Feet and Inches) of every Part of such Surface above the safe Line thereof.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every such Application, with the Estimate, Maps, Sections, Ground Plans and Elevations relating thereto shall be lodged with the Secretary of the Grand Jury Fifteen Days at the least previous to the first Day of the said January and before Quarter Sessions to be holden respectively in each and every Year; and every such Secretary shall, immediately upon the Receipt of such Applications, with the Estimates, Plans and other Matters relating thereto, arrange the same to the best of his Skill and Knowledge, according to the several Districts in which they shall be to be taken into Consideration, and shall number and make Abstracts of the Contents of the same in separate Schedules, (that is to say, One Schedule for each District); and every Abstract in every such Schedule shall be marked with a Number corresponding with the Numbers indicated upon the several Applications, and in such manner as that all the proposed Repairs on any Line of Road shall be placed in regular Order one after the other.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Secretary of the Grand Jury shall by before each Magistrate at every such Session respectively, and the several Assessments thereof, all the Applications with the Estimates, Maps and other Matters relating thereto respectively, which shall have been lodged with him as aforesaid, for executing public Works within the District or County of a City or County of a Town in which such Magistrate shall be so appointed, together with the Schedule of the same so made by him as aforesaid; and the Surveys or other Papers by whom any such Estimate shall be signed as required by this Act, shall attend in such Session (at the Expense of the Parties making such Applications), and shall be there sworn before the said Magistrates in open Court upon the Oath, to the Truth of such Estimate, and of all Maps, Plans and Papers signed by such Surveyor or other Person; whereupon such Estimate shall be marked "Sworn," and signed by the presiding Magistrate; and each Surveyor or other Person shall also be sworn in open Court to make true Answer to all such Questions as shall be there asked of him respecting such proposed Work; and it shall be lawful for any Person desiring Information respecting the Particulars of such proposed Work, to examine such Surveyor or other Person having so signed and sworn to the same; and such Magistrate is authorized, or such Number as shall be present, being not less than Three, shall proceed in open Court, upon the Bonds there, to take into Consideration and dispose of all such Applications whereof Notice shall have been posted and given in manner required by this Act (such Notice to be proved on Oath to the Satisfaction of such Magistrate), and the Estimate, Maps, Plans and Papers relating whereof shall be sworn at such Session in manner required by this Act, and more solemnly; and each of the said Applications as shall be approved by the Majority at such Session as aforesaid, shall be signed by the Chairman, with the word "Approved" prefixed; and all such Proposals as shall be disapproved by the Majority at such Session, shall be signed by the Chairman with the word "Disapproved" prefixed; and each Chairman, in all cases where the Numbers are equal, shall have a casting Voice: Provided always, that all Estimates relating to such Applications shall be sworn before the Magistrates assembled as aforesaid within the District in which the Road or Work to which such Application shall relate is proposed to be executed; and that in all cases the Chairman of such Session, and some One or other Magistrate present at such Session, shall both of them sign the Jura of every such Abstract; and so long as the Magistrates assembled at such Session shall have examined and decided upon all such Applications in such District as shall be laid before them at such Session, the Chairman of such Session shall deliver all such Applications, whether approved or disapproved, together with the Estimates, Maps, Plans and all other Matters relating to the same, to the said Secretary of the Grand Jury; and all such Applications, whether approved or disapproved, shall by the said Secretary of the Grand Jury be laid before the Grand Jury at the next ensuing Assizes.

XIV. Provided always, That in all cases of Applications for repairing Roads, wherein the total Sum applied for shall not exceed Twenty Pounds, it shall not be necessary to produce any Map or Section, or for any Surveyor to be examined relating to the said Application, but that in such cases the written Application shall be accompanied by an Estimate in the Form prescribed by Schedule (G.) (subscribed by the Person who shall have subscribed such Application) and then at least One of the said Persons shall attend at such Quarter Sessions, and verify upon Oath the Particulars of such Estimate, and further answer upon Oath to all such Questions relating to the same as shall be put to him by any Magistrate sitting at such Quarter Sessions.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Sheriff of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town, any Person who shall be either Treasurer of the County, Secretary of

Estimate, Map,
Section, &c.
Secretary of
Grand Jury to
lodged before each
Sessions, &c.
Secretary to
arrange and num-
ber Estimates,
and make the
perpendicular
Sections of the same.
Secretary of
Grand Jury to
lay Applications,
Estimates, &c.
before the Sessions.

Chairman of Ap-
plications, &c.

All Persons who
are in Office
Magistrates,
Chairmen or
Jurat, App. before
Sessions, Treasurers
of a City, or
Secretary of
County Jury

With the sum
applied for there
not exceed 20
and Estimate only
to be produced

Magistrates,
County of a
City, or County
of a Town

of the Grand Jury, Chief Constable, or Collector of any Barony, or Clerk of the Crown, or Clerk of the Peace.

XVI. And be it further enacted and declared that the Oath taken by Grand Jurors in *Ireland*, in such manner and Form as hath heretofore been provided according to Law at the several Assizes in *Ireland*, shall not, in any time after the passing of this Act, extend or relate, or be construed or taken to extend or relate to any of the Duties of Grand Jurors connected with Proceedings for the Execution of Public Works.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Grand Juror, immediately after being sworn before the Judge of Assize in such manner and Form as hath heretofore been provided according to Law at the several Assizes in *Ireland*, shall in open Court at such Assizes also take the Oath following: that is to say,

“YOU shall diligently inquire, on behalf of the County [or County of the City, or County of the Town] of _____, and true Preference make, of all such Matters and things as shall be lawfully given to you in Charge, or as shall come before you in any wife, relating to the raising of any Money upon the said County [or County of City, or County of Town] of _____, or being any Barony, Half Barony, District or Parish tithes, or relating to the Expenditure of any such Money: You shall not privately, nor allow nor deliberate any Matter or thing through Hazard, Malice or ill Will, nor through Fear, Favour or Affection.

So help you GOD!”

And it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Juror to deliberate any Evidence or other Matter or thing whatsoever, relative to the making or refusing of any such Preference, or relative to the Expenditure of any Money raised by Preference.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary to the Grand Jury shall forthwith after the Sessions of Magistrates shall have been held in the several Districts at the time specified, arrange and number all such Applications, Estimates, Preferences, and other Matters relating to such Estimates and Preferences, and shall cause Abstracts thereof to be made and entered in Schedules, to be made (One for each Barony and Half Barony, and One for the County), with each item separately numbered, distinguishing by the Words “Approved,” or “Disapproved,” the Determinations of the Magistrates on every such Application, as any Sessions holder under this Act; and having the Sum of Money required for each item, and setting up the Amount of all such Sums at the Foot of each Page, and carrying forward the same, to as to show the total Amount of the Sums which is proposed or required to be raised all the County at large, and the Sums proposed or required to be raised in each Barony and Half Barony, and specifying the Amount of the Charge which such Amount would, if preferred, occasion on each Barony or Half Barony, particularizing and distinguishing the Charge proposed or required to be raised on every Barony or Half Barony for their respective Uses, and the Proportion of the Sums to be raised on the same Barony or Half Barony, ending from the Charge on the County at large; and such Secretary shall cause a Copy of such Schedules to be entered in the County and Barony Books, according as the Charge shall belong either to the County or Barony, always entering in the County Book such as may be doubtful, as depending on the discretionary Power vested in Grand Jurors; and such Secretary shall forthwith cause a Number of Copies of such Schedules to be printed and distributed, Ten Days at least before the Commission Day of the ensuing Assizes, among the several Magistrates of each District, and such other Persons as usually compose the Grand Panel of the County, County of a City or Town, to which such Secretary belongs, not exceeding Thirty Copies for each Barony and Half Barony; and such Secretary shall likewise deliver a Copy of such printed Schedule to the Foreman of the Grand Jury, immediately after such Grand Jury shall have been sworn, and also a Copy to the Judge of Assize, immediately upon his opening the Commission, and shall keep a Copy in his Office for the Inspection of all whom it may concern; and the said Secretary shall have such Copy ready for inspection in his Office at all reasonable times, after each Schedule has been printed, previous to such Assizes.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary to the Grand Jury at every Assizes (so soon as the Grand Jury shall be sworn at such Assizes) shall deliver all such Applications, the Estimates, Maps, Plans and Papers relating whereon shall have been sworn in at any Sessions of such Magistrates, together with the Verdicts of the Preferences thereon, to the Foreman of such Grand Jury, and such Grand Jury shall proceed to take the same into Consideration; and each of the said Preferences as shall be disapproved of by such Grand Jury, shall and may be forthwith either altered or cancelled accordingly, and shall, by the Secretary, be either from or entered in the County or Barony Books; and each of the said Preferences as shall be approved by the said Grand Jury, shall be sanctioned conformably to such Approval, by the Signature of the Foreman of such Grand Jury; and it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury to make any Preference in respect of any Road or Public Work, the Particulars of the Application relating to which shall be entered in such printed Schedules, although any such Application for such Road or Public Work shall have been disapproved of by the Magistrates at any such Sessions; and also to prohibit any further Sum to be expended, or any less Number of Perches of Road to be made, or to be made, widened or repaired, or any less Number of Perches of Fences to be made, or at a smaller Rate by the Perch, than may be required or fit for in any Estimate on which any Preference shall be presented, or to prohibit a Part only of any Sum required according to the Determination of such Grand Jury.

XX. And be it further enacted, That no Preference shall be taken into Consideration by the Grand Jury, nor shall be forced by the Court, in any of the Purposes aforesaid, unless the Particulars of such proposed Preferences shall be entered in such printed Schedules, such Preferences, Matters or things only excepted as Grand Jurors are or may be authorized by Law to prohibit, the Particulars of which and the Amount whereof

is to be presented to a Jury

Particulars of such proposed Preferences may be entered in the County or Barony Books

Particulars of such proposed Preferences may be entered in the County or Barony Books

Grand Jurors may deliberate Evidence

Secretary to the Grand Jury shall arrange and number all such Applications, Estimates, Preferences, and other Matters relating to such Estimates and Preferences, and shall cause Abstracts thereof to be made and entered in Schedules, to be made (One for each Barony and Half Barony, and One for the County), with each item separately numbered, distinguishing by the Words “Approved,” or “Disapproved,” the Determinations of the Magistrates on every such Application, as any Sessions holder under this Act; and having the Sum of Money required for each item, and setting up the Amount of all such Sums at the Foot of each Page, and carrying forward the same, to as to show the total Amount of the Sums which is proposed or required to be raised all the County at large, and the Sums proposed or required to be raised in each Barony and Half Barony, and specifying the Amount of the Charge which such Amount would, if preferred, occasion on each Barony or Half Barony, particularizing and distinguishing the Charge proposed or required to be raised on every Barony or Half Barony for their respective Uses, and the Proportion of the Sums to be raised on the same Barony or Half Barony, ending from the Charge on the County at large; and such Secretary shall cause a Copy of such Schedules to be entered in the County and Barony Books, according as the Charge shall belong either to the County or Barony, always entering in the County Book such as may be doubtful, as depending on the discretionary Power vested in Grand Jurors; and such Secretary shall forthwith cause a Number of Copies of such Schedules to be printed and distributed, Ten Days at least before the Commission Day of the ensuing Assizes, among the several Magistrates of each District, and such other Persons as usually compose the Grand Panel of the County, County of a City or Town, to which such Secretary belongs, not exceeding Thirty Copies for each Barony and Half Barony; and such Secretary shall likewise deliver a Copy of such printed Schedule to the Foreman of the Grand Jury, immediately after such Grand Jury shall have been sworn, and also a Copy to the Judge of Assize, immediately upon his opening the Commission, and shall keep a Copy in his Office for the Inspection of all whom it may concern; and the said Secretary shall have such Copy ready for inspection in his Office at all reasonable times, after each Schedule has been printed, previous to such Assizes.

Schedules to be printed and distributed

Secretary to the Grand Jury shall deliver a Copy of such printed Schedule to the Foreman of the Grand Jury, immediately after such Grand Jury shall have been sworn, and also a Copy to the Judge of Assize, immediately upon his opening the Commission, and shall keep a Copy in his Office for the Inspection of all whom it may concern; and the said Secretary shall have such Copy ready for inspection in his Office at all reasonable times, after each Schedule has been printed, previous to such Assizes.

Applications and Preferences may be entered in the County or Barony Books; and each of the said Preferences as shall be approved by the said Grand Jury, shall be sanctioned conformably to such Approval, by the Signature of the Foreman of such Grand Jury; and it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury to make any Preference in respect of any Road or Public Work, the Particulars of the Application relating to which shall be entered in such printed Schedules, although any such Application for such Road or Public Work shall have been disapproved of by the Magistrates at any such Sessions; and also to prohibit any further Sum to be expended, or any less Number of Perches of Road to be made, or to be made, widened or repaired, or any less Number of Perches of Fences to be made, or at a smaller Rate by the Perch, than may be required or fit for in any Estimate on which any Preference shall be presented, or to prohibit a Part only of any Sum required according to the Determination of such Grand Jury.

No Preference shall be forced by the Court, in any of the Purposes aforesaid, unless the Particulars of such proposed Preferences shall be entered in such printed Schedules, such Preferences, Matters or things only excepted as Grand Jurors are or may be authorized by Law to prohibit, the Particulars of which and the Amount whereof

If not entered in
printed docu-
ments.
(Enclosure.)

Protestations
and Rememoran-
ces on Statutes
of the Grand
Jury.

No Money pro-
ceedable for any
Person holding
Office unless he
has made Affid-
avits as herein
mentioned in
each Affirm.

Protest for ex-
cess of Appli-
cation for Salary
through Bill on
defect of Force.

All Money given
by Grand Jury
to be ac-
counted for in
Quarter Sessions,
in March and on
Affidavits in open
Court, &c. after
the first Day of
November.

and mentioned
on the Account
of the Grand
Jury to be pro-
ceeded upon
Treasurer of
County, &c. and
to pay Money
and Quarter
Sessions.

Overseers ap-
pointed by
Grand Jurors
employed to
survey and Dis-
cuss the Public
Works.

Where Expen-
diture accounted

whereof could not have been accounted previous to the Quarter Sessions next preceding such Affirm, all which Protestations, matters and things may be presented by such Grand Jury after being empowered, although the Purpote thereof shall not be specified or referred to in any of such Statutes as aforesaid, and although no Proceedings shall have been had relating thereto in manner required by this Act in the Quarter Sessions preceding such Affirm.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury, at any Affirm, to present any Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, to be raised off such County, as an Allowance or Remuneration to the Secretary of the Grand Jury for his Attendance at each of the Places wherein any Sessions or Adjournment thereof shall have been held, previous to such Affirm for the Purpote of this Act, and for the performing and executing the Duties required by this Act to be performed by such Secretary of the Grand Jury.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Grand Jury, at any Affirm, to present any Sum or Sums of Money in the Way of Salary, or any other Allowance for the Payment or Remuneration of any Person holding or executing, or having held or executed, any Office for which any Salary or Allowance is claimed, unless there be an Affidavit of such Person subscribed to the Form of the Protestation for the same when laid before such Grand Jury, sworn before a Justice of the Peace or Prefect of the Grand Jury, setting forth that such Office, for whom the Money is required to be presented, hath diligently and faithfully executed the Duties of his Office as prescribed by Law, since the preceding Affirm; and that he has entered into all such Recognizances for the due and faithful Execution of his Office, which by any Law he is required to do, to the best of his Knowledge and Belief, specifying the Names of the respective Sureties; and no Application shall be made for any Protestation for any Salary or Remuneration to any Person at any Affirm, which might have been applied and presented for at any previous Affirm, unless the Person making such Application shall make an Affidavit, stating from whence he is indebted to the Grand Jury, why such Application was not made at such previous Affirm; and if it shall happen that any Application for any Salary or Remuneration shall be rejected or refused by any Grand Jury at any Affirm, on account of any Neglect or Misconduct in Office of the Party making such Application, it shall not be lawful for any Grand Jury, at any subsequent Affirm, to make any Protestation for any such Salary or Remuneration, in respect of any Period previous to the Affirm at which such Application was rejected or refused.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That after the first Day of November next ensuing after the passing of this Act, the Expenditure of every Sum of Money presented by any Grand Jury for the making or repairing any Road, or executing any public Work, within any Highway or Half Borough of any County, or within any County of a City or Town, shall be accounted for at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden in such County, County of a City or Town, in which such Road or Work shall be situate, and not elsewhere, any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and that all Persons intending to account for the Expenditure of any such Sum of Money at any such Quarter Sessions, shall give Notice in Writing to the Clerk of the Peace of their Intention so to do, at least Fifteen Days before the first Day of such Sessions; and the said Clerk of the Peace shall, Ten Days at least before the first Day of such Quarter Sessions, affix to the Door of the Sessions House or Court House of the Town or Place where such Sessions shall be holden, a List of the Names of all Persons who shall have given such Notice, and of the Roads or Works for the Expenditure whereon such Person has given Notice to account; and at every such Quarter Sessions all Accounts of which such Notice shall have been given by the Party accounting, and all Vouchers relating thereto, shall be verified by the Oath of the attending Overseer appointed by the Grand Jury, and shall be examined in open Court at such Sessions, and all such Oaths shall be administered in open Court by the presiding Magistrate; and all other Business before such Court shall in the mean time cease; and every such Oath shall be subscribed by the Party making the same, and shall be attested by Two of the Justices of the Peace, attending such Morning, in the Presence of each other, sitting on the Bench in open Court; and all such Accounts, and all Affidavits relating thereto, shall be forthwith transmitted or delivered to the Secretary or Grand Jury by the Clerk of the Peace, to be proceeded upon by the Grand Jury at the next ensuing Affirm, and the Quarter on the Protestations relating thereto shall be discharged by said Grand Jury in such manner in all respects as is now required by Law with respect to accounting Affidavits laid before Grand Jurors at any Affirm; and from and after the first Day of July which will be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall not be lawful for the Treasurer of any County, County of a City or Town, to pay any Sum or Sums of Money on account or in respect of any Protestation whatsoever, until the Quarter thenceforth shall be discharged at such Affirm, after the Expenditure thereon shall have been accounted for in manner required by this Act, any Law, Statute, Custom or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXIV. And Whereas it will contribute to lessen the Expence of executing any Public Works, if the Com-
missioners appointed by the Grand Jurors were enabled to make Contracts for the same: Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the first Day of November next, any Overseer may and is hereby empowered to enter into a Contract with any fit and proper Person or Persons for the Execution of any public Works to be performed by him; and that in all such cases as it is required by any Act or Acts now or hereafter for any Overseer to sever that the Account amount to be accounted Affidavits in case every Part, the said account Account may require a Statement of the Works having been performed by Contract, and a Copy of the Contract in place of a detailed Account of the Number of Persons or Horses actually employed in the Execution of the Works.

XXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where the Expenditure relating to any Protestation shall be duly accounted for at any Quarter Sessions that shall be held in the Month of October, it shall and may be lawful

lawful for the County Treasurer to issue the Money preferred for the said Work, or such Portion thereof as shall be accounted for, to the Person entitled to receive the same, at the time and in the manner in which such Treasurer is now by Law authorised to pay the same.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person occupying or paying Cots for the Acres of Ground, to appear in any Affairs or General Quarter Sessions to be holden within each County in Ireland respectively, and to offer to controvert the Truth of any accounting Affidavit there produced, on the Ground of the Injustice of the Execution of the Work, or the undue or Non-Expenditure of the Money to which such Affidavit shall relate; provided that the Person offering to controvert the Truth of such Affidavit as aforesaid shall have given Notice in Writing of his Intention so to do, to the accounting Overlord, before the First Day of such Sessions or Affairs, as the case may be; and whenever any such Person so having given Notice as aforesaid shall in appear and offer to controvert the Truth of such Affidavit, it shall be lawful for the Court at such Affairs or Sessions, as the case may be, and they are hereby required to try the Truth of the Fact or Facts alleged in Controversion of the Truth of such Affidavit, by a Jury, in the same manner as any Traverse within the Jurisdiction of such Court ought to be tried; and in case the Truth of such Fact or Facts shall be found, the accounting Affidavit shall be disallowed accordingly; and it shall not be lawful for the Clerk of the Crown, Clerk of the Peace or any other Person, to take or receive upon such Traverse any Fee for or in respect of any such Traverse; and it shall be lawful for the Court before which such Trial shall be had, to give such Costs, either to the Party controverting such Affidavit, or in case such Affidavit shall be disallowed, (or to the accounting Overlord in case such Affidavit shall be allowed,) as such Court shall in either case think fit and reasonable, and the Amount of such Costs shall be recoverable by Cost Bill within the proper Jurisdiction.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever and in other as it shall happen that any Sum of Money heretofore preferred, or hereafter to be preferred, to be raised off any County, County of a City or County of a Town, or any Barony or Half Barony, shall not be expended agreeable to such Prefersment and accounted for within the Space of Two Years next after such Prefersment shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of such County, County of a City or County of a Town, and they are hereby required again to prefer such Sums of Money, to be applied to other Purposes, and in like manner to prefer any Saving which may be made on any Prefersment, to be expended upon some other Work within the Barony or Half Barony upon which the former Sum or such Saving was preferred to be raised, or within the County, or raised on the County at large: Provided always, that where Sums are preferred to be raised by Individuals for executing any Public Work, it shall not be imperative on the Grand Jury again to prefer such Sums for other Purposes in manner aforesaid.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of November next ensuing the passing of this Act, in all cases where any Barony within any County shall consist of any Two or more distinct and unincorporated Parts, and the Grand Jury shall be of opinion that it would be convenient and expedient to consider such unincorporated Parts as separate Barones or Half Barones, it shall and may be lawful for such Grand Jury to prefer any Sums to be raised upon such Barony in such manner that a Proportion of such Sums may be raised on each of such unincorporated Parts of such Barony, in the manner as if such Parts were separate and distinct Barones or Half Barones; and the same shall be raised and levied accordingly; any former Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That any Person who in any Affidavit, or in any Examination on Oath required to be made or had under this Act shall swear falsely, shall be subject and liable to all such Penalties, Fines, and Forfeitures as may be inflicted on wilful and corrupt Perjury by the Laws in force in Ireland.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where, upon any Affidavit for supporting any Application for any Prefersment, or for authorising any Estimate, or other matter or thing relating in such Application, according to the Direction of this Act, or for accounting for Public Money, it shall appear to the Grand Jury that the Person or Persons making such Affidavit has or have been guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury to make such Prefersment for defraying the Prosecution of such Delinquents as to them may seem fitting and expedient.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to the County of Dublin, or to the County of the City of Dublin, except only so far as it hereinafter expressly enacted and provided by this Act; and that nothing in this Act contained shall alter or repeal or be construed to alter or repeal any Local Act relating to the manner of preferring or accounting in any other County, or County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland.

XXXII. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twentieth Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for making, improving and repairing Public Roads in the County of Dublin, and for regulating Parts of several Acts formerly made for that Purpose*; it is enacted, that every Affidavit to (insert a Prefersment, or to account for Work done, shall be lodged with the Secretary of the Grand Jury Four Days at least before the First Sitting Day of such preferring Term; and it would be of great Benefit and Advantage to the said County of Dublin, that the said Affidavits should be lodged with the said Secretary of the Grand Jury on many Days previous to the First Sitting Day of such preferring Term, that Schedules of such Affidavits might be prepared and printed for Delivery to Magistrates and others previous to such Term? It is therefore enacted, That all Affidavits for Prefersments for forming, building, repairing, widening, making, improving or otherwise improving any Road in the County of Dublin, and for the building, repairing or otherwise improving any Bridge, Sillion, Haick, Canal or other Infrastructure in the County, and also all necessary Affidavits of Overlords, appointed from

for in October Sessions, Treasurer to issue Money.

By what Person accounting Affidavits may be received on Motion or otherwise by Overlord.

New Township need.

Cats.

Sums not too paid within Two Years to be preferred again, &c.

Provides for Money raised by Individuals.

Where Particulars result of distinct and unincorporated Parts, have Sums preferred there to be appropriated.

Falls covering Perjury

In case of Perjury, Grand Jury then order and declare the persons of Perjury sworn.

Provides for County and County of City of Dublin, &c. and for local Acts.

§ 3. (1) C. 11, requiring Affidavits for Preferring Works (inserting the to be lodged with Secretary of Grand Jury in the County of Dublin. Can the Ad. Affidavits shall be lodged in Days previous to Term preferring.

Power, and Schedule, of such Affidavits prepared by the Secretary as shall be necessary to be presented to the Grand Jury, in the County of Dublin.

Grand Jurors may prepare the Affidavits of preparing and printing such Schedules.

Power to the Justices for the Preparation of Minutes submitted by Order of Lord and Council, to be

Power to the Grand Jury to prepare Minutes, &c.

Commencement of Act.

Year to Year to keep the Roads of the said County to Repair and free from Wellfurn, shall be lodged Thirty Days at the least before the First Sitting Day of each prefenting Term, with the said Secretary of the Grand Jury of the said County; and such Secretary is hereby required to keep an Office open for the Purposes; and forthwith after the Receipt of such Affidavits to cause Schedules of such Affidavits to be prepared and printed, and to be ready for Delivery at his Office Twenty one clear Days before the First Sitting Day of each prefenting Term, to such Magistrates and Landholders in the said County of Dublin as may apply for the same; provided that the Number to be presented shall not exceed Fifty for each Barony in the said County of Dublin, (the Barons of Saint Asaph's and Down excepted.)

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of the said County of Dublin, and they are hereby authorized and required, at each prefenting Term for the said County, to present such Sum or Sums as shall be necessary for defraying the Expenses of preparing and printing the said Schedules; provided always, that an Affidavit of the Mayor, stating his Charge to be usual and reasonable, be first laid before the said Grand Jury at each prefenting Term; and that no such Presentation for the preparing such Schedules and printing of such Copies shall be made, unless such printed Copies were ready for Delivery at the Office of the Secretary Twenty one clear Days before the First Sitting Day of the Term at which such Presentation shall be applied for.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to limit the Authority of Grand Juries in making any Presentation at any Affidavits for the Repayment of any Monies advanced by Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or for the raising of any Money for the Support and Maintenance of any Charitable Establishment, or for any Purpose not specially provided for by this Act, for which such Grand Jury are or may be empowered to make any Presentation.

XXXV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to affect or alter any Clauses, Powers or Privileges contained in any special Act or Acts of Parliament relating particularly to the Enfranchisement or Maintenance of any Court House, Session House, or County House, or to any Goal or Prison in or for any County, or County of a City, or County of a Town, in Ireland.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take effect from the First Day of November next after the passing of this Act, and not before.

Schedule (A.)

FORM of OATH of Magistrates at Sessions, sitting in Execution of this Act.

I, *A. B. of C. D.* do swear, That I am seized and possessed of a Freehold Estate in Fee Simple (or, in Fee Tail, or, as Tenant for Life under Deed or Deeds) in Possession of the annual Value of Three hundred Pounds (or, of a Leasehold Estate in Perpetuity, or, for Life or Lives, or, for a Term of Years not less than Twenty one Years unexpired, of the Annual Value of Five hundred Pounds, or, that I am an Heir Apparent of *E. F.* who is seized or possessed of a Freehold Estate of the annual Value of Three hundred Pounds, or, of a Leasehold Estate for Life or Lives, or for a Term of Years not less than Twenty one Years unexpired, of the Annual Value of Five hundred Pounds); and that such Estate is situate in the Parish of *_____* and consists of *(here insert the Name of the Townland or other Description of the Property)*; and that the said Estate is *and* *is* the Property of the Person hereunder sworn, and not holden in Trust, nor appropriated to use for the Purposes of this Act; or, that I am entitled to act as a Magistrate for the County of *_____* the City of *_____* or, for the County of the Town of *_____* according to the Charter of Incorporation thereof; and that in the Execution of an Act made in the Tenth eighth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intitled *(here insert the Title of the Act)*, I will truly, faithfully, and impartially do and perform all such matters and things as I am authorized and required to do by the said Act, without Fear, Affection, Hatred, Malice or ill Will, according to the best of my Judgment, upon the Information to be laid before me.

So help me GOD.

Schedule (B.)

APPLICATION AND ESTIMATE FOR A BELIEFING.

County of *_____* WE *A. B. of _____* in the County of *_____* do certify, That in our Opinion it is necessary to build a *_____* or repair a *_____* in the County; and that we have caused the several Plans, Elevations, Estimates and Specifications to be made by *E. F.* a competent Person, skilled in such Work; and that the Estimate is in our Opinion fair and reasonable.

If the Application be for repairing, the *Plans*, *Elevations*, *Estimates*, and *Specifications*, may be omitted.

(Signed) *A. B.*

[Here annex the Estimates and Specifications required by this Act.]

Schedule (C.)

A NEW LINE OF ROAD OR FOOTPATH.

WE *A. B.* of _____ do certify, That in our Opinion it is necessary to open a new Line of Road or Footpath, from _____ to _____ and that we have caused the proposed Map, Estimate and Specification to be made by *E. F.* a competent Surveyor; and that the said Estimate and Specification shew the whole probable Expense of making the said Road, and appear to be a reasonable Charge.

ESTIMATE.

[State the Number of Perches, each Township and the Barometer through which it is to pass, the intended Width of the Road, (specifying the Width of the Part to be covered with Gravel or Small Stones, the average Depth of such Covering, Prices to be paid for forming, levelling, fencing, and finishing the same, whether it is proposed to be executed by Talk or Days' Work, the Price of drawing the Materials, whether by Talk or Days' Work, and such further Particulars of the intended Expenditure as may from necessity, with the total Expense of such Line of Road.)]

Schedule (D.)

FOR WIDENING ROADS.

WE *A. B.* of _____ do certify, That we have lately viewed and examined _____ between _____ and _____ in the Barometer of _____ in the said County; which Part of such Road is only _____ Feet wide between the Fences; and we are of Opinion that it would be useful to widen the said Road, so as to make such Parts of the said Road _____ Feet wide between the Fences; and we have caused the second Estimate and Specification to be made by *E. F.* a competent Person, filled in such Work; and the said Estimate and Specification we are of Opinion is fair and reasonable.

SECOND ESTIMATE.

[State the Width of the present Road, how much it is to be widened, (specifying the Width to be covered with Gravel or Small Stones, the average Depth of such Covering, the Prices of forming, levelling, fencing, and finishing, whether it is proposed to be executed by Talk or Days' Work, the Price of drawing Materials, whether by Talk or Days' Work, and such further Particulars of the intended Expenditure as may from necessity, with the total Expense thereof.)]

Schedule (E.)

FOR LOWERING A HILL, OR FILLING A HOLLOW.

WE *A. B.* of _____ do certify, That we have lately viewed a Hill or Hollow, _____ on the Road between _____ and _____ in the said County; and that we are of Opinion that it would be useful to the Public to lower such Hill and fill such Hollow; and that the Road cannot be conveniently changed so as to avoid such Hill or such Hollow, without incurring a greater Expense, or causing a considerable Inconvenience to the Length of said Road; and we have caused *E. F.* a competent Person, filled in such Work, to measure and estimate the same; and the said Estimate and Specification are, in our Opinion, fair and reasonable.

[Here insert the Estimate and Specification required by the Act.]

Schedule (F.)

FOR FILLING GRIPS.

I *A. B.* of _____ do certify, That we have viewed and examined a Grip adjoining _____ in the said County, in the Township of _____ in the said County, which Grip is dangerous to Travellers; and that we have caused an Estimate of the Expense of filling such Grip to be made by *E. F.* a competent Person, filled in such Work; and the said Estimate and Specification are, in our Opinion, fair and reasonable.

ESTIMATE AND SPECIFICATION.

[Shew the Length and average Breadth and Depth of such Grip.]

Schedule (G.)

FOR REPAIRS OF ROADS.

WE, A. B. of in the County of **and C. D. of**
 do certify, That we have viewed and measured
 between
 of which are in bad Repair, and all in the Township of
 of the said Parishes are in the Township of
 in the Barony of
 of the said Parishes are in the Township of
 in the County; and that it will require the Sum of
 to
 repair the said Parishes with Gravel or Small Stones, in as to leave the said
 Parishes safe and level throughout, of the Width of Feet, for Carriages to pass and repair
 upon, and that the remaining Breadth of said Road between the Footways level and free from Nuisances, being
 at the Rate of by the Parish; and that we have caused the annexed Estimate and
 Specifications to be made by E. F. a competent Person, skilled in such Work; and that the said Estimate and
 Specifications appear to us to be fair and reasonable.

[The said Map shall contain a Description of all Boundaries and Discontinuities of all such Townships as
 any Road shall traverse, and of Houses standing or being within Two Perches of such Road, and the Names
 of the occupying Tenants thereof respectively, the extreme Points where it is proposed such Repairs shall
 commence and terminate, all Roads branching therefrom, all Streams of Water crossing such Road, and all
 Bridges thereon; and the said Estimate shall specify the Number of Perches to be repaired, the Number of
 Loads [at the Rate of Seven Hundred Weights each] of Gravel or Small Stones to be employed per Parish,
 the Expense of Materials and Drawing thereof, the Place from whence it is proposed to draw the said Ma-
 terials, Labourers' Wages, Rate per Day, &c.]

Schedule (H.)

FOR PERCHES.

I, A. B. of in said County, and **C. D. of** in said County
 do certify, That we have lately viewed and examined
 between
 and all said Perches are in the Township of or, of said Perches all
 in the Township of and in the Township of
 [as the case may be], all in the Barony of in said County; and that in our Opinion it is
 necessary to make new Fences thereof, according to the annexed Estimate and Specifications, which we have
 caused to be made by E. F. a competent Person, skilled in such Work; and we are of Opinion that said
 Estimate and Specifications are fair and reasonable.

ESTIMATE AND SPECIFICATION.

[State of Ditches, the Breadth of the fence and the Surface of the Ground, the Breadth of Lane at the
 Bottom, perpendicular Height from the Bottom to the Surface of the Ground, and the Price to be paid by
 Parish; the Wages of Labourers per Day, if to be employed; if Walls, the Thickness at Bottom, there at
 Top, intended Height, Number of Perches, Price per Perch shall Materials separately given, the Place from
 whence each Species of Material is proposed to be drawn, the Wages of Mules and Labourers per Day, if
 to be employed.]

C A P. LXVIII.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act passed in Ireland in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Queen
Anne, intituled *An Act for taking away the Benefits of Clergy in certain cases; and for taking away*
the Benefit in all cases; and for repealing Part of the Statute for transferring Felony; as takes away
the Benefit of Clergy from Persons finding guilty from the Perjury of another; and more effectually
to prevent the Crime of Larceny from the Perjury. [3d June 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in Ireland in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Queen *Anne*, intituled
An Act for taking away the Benefit of Clergy in certain cases; and for taking away the Benefit in all
cases; and for repealing Part of the Statute for transferring Felony; in it amongst other things enacted,
that if any Person should, after the last Day of September in the Year One thousand five hundred and ten,
steal or feloniously take away any Goods, of the Value of Five Shillings or more, privately and secretly from
the Person of any Man or Woman, and being indicted or appealed thereof, should be thereupon found
Guilty by Verdict of Twelve Men, or should confess the same upon him, her or their Arraignment, or
should not answer directly to the same according to the Law, or should wilfully or of malice stand mute,
or should pertinently challenge above the Number of Twenty Jurors, or should be outlawed upon such
Indictment, and after all Persons who should be accessory, before or after, to the said Felony, should receive
Judgment, and suffer the Punish of Death, without any Allowance or Benefit of the Clergy, or of the said
Act; And Whereas the said Act has not been found effectual for the Prevention of the Crime therein

with A.B.
 & Anne.

^a REPEALED.

Voucher, Certificate, Order, Document, Writing or Paper shall be, shall wilfully or negligently deliver, obliterate or injure the same, or suffer the same to be destroyed, obliterated or injured, or shall, after reasonable Notice and Demand, refuse or neglect to deliver the same in such Part or Parts, or to deposit the same in such Place as shall by the Order of any such Vestry be directed, every Person so offending, and being lawfully convicted thereof on his own Confession, or on the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, by and before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, upon Complaint thereof in them made, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay such Sum, not exceeding Forty Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, as shall by such Justices be adjudged and determined; and the same shall be recovered and levied by Warrant of such Justices in such manner and by such Ways and Means as Poor's Rates in Arrear are by Law to be recovered and levied, and shall be paid to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish against which the Offence shall be committed, or to some of them, and be applied for and towards the Relief of the Poor thereof: Provided nevertheless, that every Person who shall unlawfully detain in his Custody, or shall refuse to deliver to any Person or Persons authorized to receive the same, or who shall obliterate, destroy or injure, or suffer to be obliterated, destroyed or injured, any Book, Rate, Acknowledgment, Account, Voucher, Certificate, Order, Document, Writing or Paper belonging to any Parish, or to the Churchwardens, Overseers of the Poor, or Surveyors of the Highways thereof, may in every such case be proceeded against in any of His Majesty's Courts, civilly or criminally, in like manner as if this Act had not been made.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Provisions, Authorities and Directions in this Act contained in relation to Parishes, shall extend, and be construed to extend, to all Townships, Villages and Places having separate Overseers of the Poor and maintaining their Poor separately, and that all the Directions and Regulations herein contained in regard to Vestries shall extend and be applied to all Meetings which may by Law be holden of the Inhabitants of any Parish, Township, Vill or Place, for any of the Purposes in this Act expressed; and that the Notice by this Act required to be given of every Vestry may, in Places in which there is or shall be no Parish Church or Chapel, or where there shall not be Divine Service in such Church or Chapel, be given and published in such manner as Notice of the like Nature shall have been there usually given and published, or as shall be most effectual for communicating the same to the Inhabitants of every such Parish, Township, Vill or Place respectively.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter the time of holding any Vestry, Parish or Town Meeting which is by the Authority of any Act required to be holden on any certain Day, or within any certain time in such Act prescribed and directed; nor shall any thing in this Act contained extend to take away, lessen, prejudice or affect the Powers of any Vestry or Meeting holden in any Parish, Township or Place, by virtue of any special Act or Acts, of any ancient and special Usage or Custom, or to change or affect the Right or manner of voting in any Vestry or Meeting so holden.

IX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to any Parish within the City of London.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to any Parish in the Borough of Southwark.

XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall extend only to that Part of the United Kingdom called England and Wales; and that the same shall be a Public Act, and be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without specially pleading the same.

CHAPTER LXX.

An Act for repealing such Parts of several Acts as allow pecuniary and other Rewards on the Conviction of Persons for Highway Robbery, and other Crimes and Offences; and for facilitating the Means of prosecuting Persons accused of Felony and other Offences. [24 June 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of these late Majesty King William and Queen Mary, intitled *An Act for encouraging the apprehending of Apprehenders*, it is enacted, that from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand five hundred and twenty three, all and every Person and Persons who shall apprehend and take one or more Thieves or Robbers, and prosecute him or them to apprehension and take, and be or they be convicted of any Robbery committed in or upon any Highway, Path, Field or open Place, shall have and receive from the Sheriff or Sheriffs of the County where such Robbery and Conviction shall be made and done, without paying any Fee for the same, for every such Offender so convicted, the Sum of Forty Pounds within One Month after such Conviction and Demand thereof made, on tendering to such Sheriff or Sheriffs a Certificate of such Conviction, and that such Fees or Fees was or were taken by the Person or Persons claiming such Reward; and such Certificate to be given in manner thereby directed; and which said Rewards on such Convictions as aforesaid are by the said Act directed to be allowed to the respective Sheriffs paying the same, or to their Executors or Administrators, as according with their said late Majesties, their Heirs and Successors. And Whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Sixth and Seventh Years of His late Majesty King William the Third, intitled *An Act to prevent counterfeiting and clipping the Coin of this Kingdom*, it is enacted, that from and after the First Day of May One thousand six hundred and thirty five, all and every Person and Persons who shall apprehend and take any Person or Persons who shall have counterfeited or any of the Current Coins of this Realm, or that for Larceny or Gain shall have clipped, washed, filed or in any ways diminished the same, or shall bring or cause to be brought into this Kingdom, the Treasurer of Wales, or

Town of *Armsell upon Tread*, any clasp, staff, or counterpoise Coin, and prosecute such Person or Persons until he, she or they be convicted of any such Offence, shall have and receive from the Sheriff or Sheriffs of the County where such Conviction shall be made, for every such Offender so convicted, the Sum of Forty Pounds, without paying any Fee for the same, within One Month after such Conviction and Demand thereof made, on tendering to such Sheriff or Sheriffs a Certificate of such Conviction, and that such Trial or Trials was or were taken and prosecuted by the Justice or Justices claiming such Reward, such Certificate to be signed in manner thereby directed, and which Rewards on such last mentioned Convictions are by the said last mentioned Act directed to be allowed to the respective Sheriffs paying the same, their Executors or Administrators, in account with His said late Majesty King William the Third: And Whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of the Reign of His said late Majesty King William the Third, intitled *An Act for the better apprehending, prosecuting and punishing of Felons that commit Burglary, Rape, Sodomy, or robbery in Shops, Warehouses, Coach-houses or Inns, or that steal Horses*, it is enacted, that from and after the Twentieth Day of May One thousand five hundred and sixty one, all and every Person or Persons who shall apprehend and take any Person guilty of any of the Felonies theretofore mentioned, and prosecute him, her or them to apprehension and taken, until he, she or they be convicted of any of the Felonies theretofore mentioned, such Apprehenders and Taken, for his, her or their Reward, upon every such Conviction, without any Fee or Reward to be paid for the same, shall have forthwith after every such Conviction a Certificate, to be signed in manner therein mentioned, certifying such Conviction, and also within what Parish or Parishes the Felony was committed, whereas any such Person or Persons was or were convicted as aforesaid, and also that such Fines or Fines was or were discovered and taken, or discovered or taken by the Justice or Justices so discovering or apprehending any the said Fines or Felons, and which Certificates shall or may be once signed over and no more, and the original Proprietors of such Certificates, or the Allottees of the same, whereof of them shall have the largest thereof, by virtue thereof, and of the said last mentioned Act, shall and may be discharged of and from all and all manner of Parish and Ward Offices within the Parish or Ward wherein the Felony or Felonies shall be committed, and such Party or Parties is thereby declared to be discharged therefrom; which last Certificate is directed to be enrolled in the manner therein mentioned: And Whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for the encouraging the Discovery and apprehending of Burglars*, it is enacted, that from and after the Tenth Day of May One thousand seven hundred and seven, all and every Person and Persons who shall apprehend and take any Person or Persons guilty of Burglary, or the felonious breaking and entering of any House in the Day time, and prosecute him, her or them to apprehension and taken, until he, she or they be convicted of such Burglary or Felony, shall have and receive, over and above the Rewards given by the said second Act of the Tenth and Eleventh Years of King William and Queen Mary, the Sum of Forty Pounds within One Month after such Conviction, to be paid by the Sheriff or Sheriffs of the County where such Felony or Burglary shall be made and done, without any Fee for the same, to the Person or Persons so taking, apprehending and prosecuting the said Offenders, he or they tending to such Sheriff or Sheriffs a Certificate of such Conviction, and in what Parish the same was committed, and that such Fines or Fines was or were taken by the Justice or Justices claiming such Reward; such Certificate to be signed in manner thereby directed; and which said Rewards on such Convictions as aforesaid are by the said last recited Act directed to be allowed to the respective Sheriffs paying the same, their Executors or Administrators, in their Accounts: And Whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act to render the Laws more effectual for preventing the stealing and robbery of Shops and other Goods*, it is enacted, that from and after the First Day of May One thousand seven hundred and forty one, all and every Person and Persons who shall apprehend and prosecute in Conviction any Offender or Offenders guilty of any of the Offences theretofore mentioned, shall have and receive as a Reward, upon every such Conviction, the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be paid, within One Month after such respective Conviction, by the Sheriff or Sheriffs of the County where such Offence or Offences shall be committed and done, without any Deductions, to the Person or Persons so apprehending and prosecuting such Offender or Offenders, he or they tending to such Sheriff or Sheriffs a Certificate of such Conviction, and where the Offence was committed, and that such Offender or Offenders was or were apprehended and prosecuted by the Justice or Justices claiming such Reward; such Certificate to be signed in manner thereby directed; and which said Rewards on such last mentioned Convictions are by the said last mentioned Act directed to be allowed to the respective Sheriffs paying the same, their Executors or Administrators, in their respective Accounts: And Whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the more effectual preventing the counterfeiting of the current Coins of His Kingdom, and the wearing or passing of false or counterfeit Coins*, it is enacted, that whereas shall, after the Twentieth Day of September One thousand seven hundred and forty two, apprehend any Person or Persons who shall have committed any of the Offences thereby made High Treason or Felony, or who shall have made or counterfeited any of the Copper Money therein mentioned, and shall prosecute such Offenders until he, she or they shall be thereof convicted, such Prosecutor and Prosecutors shall have and receive from the Sheriff or Sheriffs of the County or City where such Conviction shall be made, for every such Offender so convicted of any of the Treasons or Felonies aforesaid, the Sum of Forty Pounds; and for every Person so convicted of counterfeiting any of the said Copper Money, the Sum of Ten Pounds, without paying any Fee for the same, within One Month after such Conviction and Demand thereof made, by tendering a Certificate to the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, certifying such Conviction, and that the Offender or Offenders were apprehended and prosecuted by the Justice claiming the said Reward;

• Rewarded; such Certificate to be signed in manner thereby directed; and which said Rewards on such Act, mentioned Conditions are by the said last mentioned Act directed to be allowed to any such Sheriff or Sheriffs upon his or their coming with His said late Majesty King George the Second: And Whereas it has been found by Experience that the Encouragement given by the said several recited Acts of Parliament, by way of pecuniary and other Rewards, for the Apprehension and Prosecution to Conviction of Persons guilty of the several Crimes and Offences therein mentioned or referred to, has not produced the whole and Effects of diminishing the Crimes and Offences thereby intended to be prevented or checked; and it has also been found by Experience that the Hope or Expectation of obtaining such Rewards, or some or one of them, or some other pecuniary Reward or Compensation, has induced and disposed Persons to conspire to commit the same and to ignore into the Commission of Offences, for which they have afterwards been apprehended and prosecuted to Conviction by such Judges, whereby the Encouragement has not only been given to the Commission of such Crimes and Offences, but the Laws of God and Man have been violently transgressed: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Act of the Fourth Year of the Reign of their said late Majesty King William the Third, as authorizes and directs the Receipt and Payment of the Sum of Forty Pounds by way of Reward by and to every Person or Persons who shall apprehend and take and prosecute to Conviction One or more Thieves or Robbers, for any Robbery committed in or upon any Highway, Passage, Field or open Place, and in the Allowance of the Payment of such Reward of Forty Pounds to the Sheriff or Sheriffs paying the same, or their Executors or Administrators, in the Accounts of such Sheriff or Sheriffs; and also, that so much of the said recited Act of the Sixth and Seventh Years of the Reign of His said late Majesty King William the Third, as authorizes and directs the Receipt and Payment of the Sum of Forty Pounds by way of Reward by and to all and every Person or Persons who shall apprehend and take any Person or Persons who shall have committed any of the current Coins of this Nation, or that the Laces or Girds shall have slipped, washed, filed or in anywise diminished the same, or shall bring or cause to be brought into this Kingdom, the Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, any clipped, filed or counterfeited Coins, and prosecute such Person or Persons until he, she or they be convicted of any such last mentioned Offence or Offences; and also as directs the Allowance of the Payment of such last mentioned Reward of Forty Pounds to the Sheriff or Sheriffs paying the same, or to their Executors or Administrators, in the Accounts of such Sheriff or Sheriffs; and also that so much of the said recited Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty Queen Anne, as authorizes and directs the Receipt and Payment of the Sum of Forty Pounds by way of Reward by and to all and every Person or Persons who shall apprehend and take any Person or Persons guilty of Burglary, or the felonious breaking and entering of any House in the Day time, and prosecute him, her or them so apprehended and taken, until he, she or they be convicted of such Burglary or Felony, and also as directs the Allowance of the Payment of such last mentioned Reward of Forty Pounds, to the Sheriff or Sheriffs paying the same, or to their Executors or Administrators, in the Accounts of such Sheriff or Sheriffs; and also that so much of the said recited Act of the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Second, as authorizes and directs the Receipt and Payment of the Sum of Ten Pounds by way of Reward by and to all and every Person or Persons who shall apprehend and prosecute to Conviction any Offender or Offenders who shall feloniously drive away, or in any other manner feloniously steal, one or more Sheep of any other Person or Persons whatsoever, with a felonious intent to feed the whole Carcase or Carcases, or any Part or Parts of the Carcase or Carcases of any One or more Sheep or other Cattle that shall be so killed, or shall assist or aid any Person or Persons to commit any such Offence or Offences; and also as directs the Allowance of the Payment of such last mentioned Reward of Ten Pounds to the Sheriff or Sheriffs paying the same, or to their Executors or Administrators, in the Accounts of such Sheriff or Sheriffs; and also that so much of the said recited Act of the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Second, as authorizes and directs the Receipt and Payment of the Sum of Forty Pounds by way of Reward by and to whoever shall apprehend any Person or Persons who shall have committed any of the Offences by the same Act made High Treason or Felony, and the Receipt and Payment of the Sum of Ten Pounds by way of Reward by and to whoever shall in like manner apprehend any Person or Persons who shall have made or counterfeited any of the Copper Money therein mentioned, and shall prosecute such several and respective Offenders until he, she or they shall be thereof respectively convicted; and also as directs the Allowance of the Payment of such last mentioned Rewards of Forty Pounds and Ten Pounds to the Sheriff or Sheriffs paying the same, upon his or their coming with His Majesty; shall be and the same is and are hereby severally and respectively enacted.

It. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Certificate which shall be granted, pursuant to the said recited Act of the Tenth and Eleventh Years of the Reign of King William the Third, to any Person or Persons who shall apprehend and take and prosecute to Conviction any Person guilty of any of the Felonies therein before mentioned, to discharge such Person or Persons in apprehending and prosecuting from Parish and Ward Officers, shall be assignable or transferable by the Person or Persons to whom such Certificate shall be originally granted, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, nor shall any such Certificate or Certificates exempt or discharge from Parish or Ward Officers any other Person or Persons whatsoever than the Person or Persons to whom the same was originally granted; the said recited Act of the Tenth and Eleventh Years of the Reign of King William the Third, or any other Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed so extend to take away from or deprive the Executors or Administrators of any Person or Persons who shall happen to be killed by any Robber or Robbers endeavouring to apprehend or in making Pursuit after him or them,

44. M. C. 8.
54.

54. M. C. 3.
54. 54.

144. M. C. 13.
54.

144. M. C. 13.
54.

144. M. C. 13.
54.

repealed.
Certificate
granted under
the 10. W. 3.
c. 13. not to be
assignable.
How far to be
except from
Officers.

Proviso for
Executors of
Persons killed
by Robbers, &c.

them, or any Reward or Rewards to which the Executors or Administrators of any Person or Persons so happening to be killed would be entitled by the last recited Act of the Fourth Year of the Reign of their said late Majesty King William and Queen Mary; nor to deprive any Person or Persons of the Sheriff, Fencible and Arms, Money or other Goods of any Robber or Robbers, and which by the last Statute are directed to become the Property of any Person or Persons who shall take, apprehend, prosecute or convict any such Robber or Robbers as therein mentioned; nor shall any thing herein contained extend or be construed to extend to deprive the Executors or Administrators of any Watchman or any other Person or Persons who shall happen to be killed by any Burglar or Housebreaker endeavouring to apprehend or in making Pursuit after him or them, of any Reward or Rewards to which such Executors or Administrators would be entitled by virtue of the last recited Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty Queen Anne.

IV. And Whereas many Persons are deterred from prosecuting Persons guilty of Felony upon account of the Expence and Loss of time attending such Prosecutions, whereby the Ends of Justice are frequently defeated: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Court before whom any Person shall be prosecuted or tried for any Grand or Petit Larceny or other Felony, and every such Court is hereby authorized and empowered, at the Request of the Prosecutor or any other Person or Persons who shall become bound in any Recognizance to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to prosecute or give Evidence, or who shall be subpoenaed to give Evidence against any Person or Persons accused of any Grand or Petit Larceny or other Felony, and who shall appear to prosecute and give Evidence, or who shall appear to the said Court to have been seized in the Apprehension of any Person or Persons accused of any of the Offences in the last heretofore recited Act mentioned, or any of them, to order the Sheriff or Treasurer of the County in which the Offence shall have been committed to pay unto such Prosecutor and Witnesses, and Person or Persons concerned in such Apprehension as aforesaid, respectively, as hereinafter mentioned, as well the Costs, Charges and Expence which such Prosecutor shall be put to in preferring the Indictment or Indictments against the Person or Persons so accused, as also such Sum and Sum of Money as to the said Court shall seem reasonable and sufficient to reimburse such Prosecutor and Witnesses, and Person or Persons concerned in such Apprehension as aforesaid, for the Expence they shall have been put severally to in attending before the Grand Jury to prefer such Indictment or Indictments, and in otherwise carrying on such Prosecution, and also compensating such Prosecutor and Witnesses, and Person or Persons concerned in such Apprehension as aforesaid, respectively, for their Loss of time and Trouble in such Apprehension and Prosecution as aforesaid.

V. And be it further enacted, That in and by the said Judge, Justices or Court shall make any Order and Direction for the Payment of any such Sum or Sums of Money to any Person or Persons concerned in the Apprehension and taking of any Person or Persons accused of any of the Offences in the last heretofore recited Acts mentioned, or any of them, the same shall be paid by the Sheriff of the County in which the Offence shall have been committed; and in the like manner, upon the like Certificate, and at the same Period of time as the Rewards are directed to be paid by the last recited Acts of Fourth William and Mary, Sixth William the Third, Fifth Anne, the Third and Fourteenth and Fifteenth George the Second; and that every such Certificate shall be made out by the Clerk of Assize or Clerk of the Peace respectively, and be forthwith delivered to the Person or Persons entitled to the same, upon Payment of the Sum of Five Shillings for each such Certificate; and that the Sheriff of the County upon Payment of the Sum of Money specified in such Certificate, shall be reimbursed the said Sum of Money in like manner as is directed by the last several and respective Acts heretofore recited.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every such Order for the Costs and Charges alleged by this Act to Prosecutors and Witnesses shall be made out by the Clerk of Assize or Clerk of the Peace respectively; which Order the Clerk of Assize or Clerk of the Peace is hereby directed and required forthwith to make out and deliver unto such Prosecutors, upon being paid for the same the Sum of One Shilling and no more; and the Treasurer of the said County, Riding or Division is hereby authorized and required, upon Sight of such Order, forthwith to pay to such Prosecutor, or other Person authorized to receive the same, such Money as aforesaid, and shall be allowed the same in his Account.

VII. Whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, entitled *An Act for preventing Theft and Robberies, and for regulating Places of Public Entertainment, and punishing Persons keeping disorderly Houses*, it is amongst other things enacted, that if any Two Inhabitants of any Parish or Place, paying Rent and having Lot therein, do give Notice in Writing to any Constable, or other Peace Officer of the like Nature where there is no Constable of such Parish or Place, or any Person keeping a Bawdy House, Gaming House or any other disorderly House in such Parish or Place, the Constable or such Officer as aforesaid in receiving such Notice shall forthwith go with such Inhabitants to One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County, City, Riding, Division or Liberty in which such Parish or Place doth lie, and shall, upon such Inhabitants making Oath before such Justice that they do believe the Contents of such Notice to be true, and entering into a Recognizance in the penal Sum of Twenty Pounds each to give or produce rational Evidence against such Person for such Offence, cause to be Recognizance in the penal Sum of Fifty Pounds to prosecute with Effect such Person for such Offence at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or at the next Assizes to be holden for the County in which such Parish or Place doth lie, as to the said Justice shall seem meet: And Whereas it is expedient, that when any Two Inhabitants of any Parish or Place, paying Rent and having Lot therein, shall give Notice in Writing to any Constable of such Parish or Place of any Person keeping a Bawdy House, Gaming House or any other disorderly House in such Parish or Place, that

in respect of Rewards, &c.

Court empowered to order Payment of Expenses of Prosecutors and Witnesses.

To be paid to the Sheriff of the County in which the Offence shall have been committed; and in the like manner, upon the like Certificate, and at the same Period of time as the Rewards are directed to be paid by the last recited Acts of Fourth William and Mary, Sixth William the Third, Fifth Anne, the Third and Fourteenth and Fifteenth George the Second; and that every such Certificate shall be made out by the Clerk of Assize or Clerk of the Peace respectively, and be forthwith delivered to the Person or Persons entitled to the same, upon Payment of the Sum of Five Shillings for each such Certificate; and that the Sheriff of the County upon Payment of the Sum of Money specified in such Certificate, shall be reimbursed the said Sum of Money in like manner as is directed by the last several and respective Acts heretofore recited.

The Order for Costs to be made by Clerk of Assize and to be paid by Treasurer of County. See Act 25 Geo. 2. c. 12.

Copy of Notice
to be given
to the Overseers of
the Poor;
who are to
prosecute.

To whom Oath
shall be paid.

In Places which
have no County
Rates, and have
no public Stock,
a separate Rate
shall be paid for
the Purposes of Aid.

Where Rates
are not paid in
the whole or a
Separate Rate,
such Rates shall
be paid out of
Poor's Rates.

Parishes where
separate Parishes
shall be paid
in the whole.

Amount in the
Public Funds
may be given
for the Poor or
for the Money.

For the
to be added to
the amount
shall be added
on every List.

And that the Overseers of the Poor of each Parish or Place shall have Notice thereof, if it is hereby enacted, That a Copy of the Notice which shall be given to each Constable shall also be served on or left at the Places of Abode of the Overseers of the Poor of each Parish or Place, or one of them, and each Overseer or Overseer of the Poor shall be summoned or have reasonable Notice to attend before each Justice of the Peace before whom such Constable shall have Notice to attend; and if such Overseer or Overseer of the Poor shall then and there enter into such Recognisance to prosecute such Offender as the Constable is to and by the said Act required to enter into, then it shall not be necessary for, nor shall such Constable be required to enter into such Recognisance; but if such Overseer or Overseer of the Poor shall neglect to attend such Justice on having such Notice, or shall attend, and shall decline or refuse to enter into such Recognisance to prosecute, then such Constable shall enter into the same, and shall prosecute, and shall be entitled to his Expenses, to be allowed as in and by the said Act is directed.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall be entitled to any such Costs or Expenses for attending the Court, unless he or they shall have been bound by Recognisance, or have previously received a Subpoena to attend the same, or a written Notice for that Purpose from the Prosecutor, his Agent or his Attorney.

IX. And Whereas there are several Cities, Towns Corporate and Places which do not contribute to the Payment of any County Rate, and have no Town Rate or Public Stock, and Deaths may arise whether such Cities, Towns Corporate and Places can be legally rated and assessed towards the Payments by this Act directed to be made; Be it therefore enacted, That in all such cases the said Costs, Charges, Expenses, Sums and Sums of Money and Compensation shall be raised, levied, collected and paid without such Cities, Towns Corporate and Places, by a separate Rate and Assessment to be made by the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the several Parishes and Parishes within each City, Town Corporate and Place, and by such and the like Ways, Methods and Means, as the Rates for the Relief of the Poor are, can or may be raised, levied and collected in such Cities, Towns Corporate and Places.

X. And Whereas it may happen that the Sums of Money to be raised in the said Cities, Towns Corporate and Places, or some or one of them, for the Payments by this Act directed to be made, may be so small that it may not be convenient to make so equal separate Rate and Assessment for the same upon the said Parishes and Parishes within each City, Town Corporate and Place; Be it enacted, That in such last mentioned case, and when and in cases as the same shall happen, the said Costs, Charges, Expenses, Sums and Sums of Money and Compensation, shall and may, by Order of the said Court before whom any such Parishes may be tried as aforesaid, be paid out of the Moneys from time to time raised for the Relief of the Poor in the said several Cities, Towns Corporate and Places, and the Townships, or Persons from time to time having the Management of the said Moneys raised for the Relief of the Poor in the said Cities, Towns Corporate and Places respectively, are hereby authorised and required to pay the said Sums of Money to be paid as aforesaid, out of the said last mentioned Moneys, when and as often as the same shall be so ordered: Provided always, that should there be more Parishes than one in the same District, the Payments are to be made and levied in such Rates and Proportions as the respective Parishes pay to the Poor Rate.

C A P. LXII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. [1d June 1818.]

[This Act is the first of 57 C. 3. in 31. except as to Date and as to the Session that are here retained.]

IV. And Whereas it may be expedient for the Public Service that Assistance in some of the Public Funds may be given as Prizes in the Place of Money. Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, to authorise and empower the Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt to appropriate such a Sum, in Assistance, to any of the Public Funds, bearing in their Names in the Books of the Bank of England, as well be equal to the Whole or each Part of the Ten Pounds per Ticket to be distributed in Prizes as hereinafter mentioned, as the Contractor or Contractors for any Lottery or Lotteries shall request to be given in Stock in the Place of Money, which Stock shall be estimated at the mean Price the said Funds or Assistance shall have been sold at the Bank of England on the last Day of selling the same previous to the time or times of making such Contract or Contracts, or of the Day of Approval by the said Commissioners of the Treasury of the Scheme of any Lottery, and shall be transferred to the Holders of the Tickets entitled thereto by the said last mentioned Commissioners, as such times and by Authority of such Commissioners as are hereinafter mentioned and directed; and the said Commissioners of the Treasury shall account for the Money retained in lieu of the Stock with the other Money raised for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, or shall order such a Sum of Money to be paid to the said Commissioners for Redemption of the National Debt, out of the Sums raised by Sale of Lottery Tickets, or out of any of the Aids or Supplies granted to the House of Commons for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, as well be sufficient to buy the same Amount in Stock as shall have been appropriated for the said Funds or Assistance, or shall cause an Amount of Assistance equal to the Assistance so appropriated to be purchased for or transferred to the said Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt, within One Month after such Appropriation.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be entitled by the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties to attend for the Purposes aforesaid, shall be entitled to have stamped by the said Commissioners, or their Officers, proper Numerical Books, containing the Numbers of the Tickets in the said respective Lotteries in Archibald's Proprietor as aforesaid, every of which Books shall exceed in Length Twenty one Inches, and in Breadth Seventeen Inches, and shall be bound in stiff ruled Boards, and shall be stamped and

marked on every Lot thereof by a proper Stamp or Mark, to be provided and affixed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners or their Officers; and the said Commissioners or any One of them shall have Power and Authority to grant such Licences and Stamp such Books to and for such Persons who shall be duly licensed to draw Tickets and also Chances in the manner hereinafter mentioned, and who shall deposit and divide into Shares in the manner hereinafter expressed One hundred and twenty Tickets or more in the said Lottery or Lotteries respectively, or such Proportions of Tickets as is hereinafter mentioned, before the Drawing begins, and to such other Persons acting for them respectively, as the said Managers and Directors shall approve; and that it shall be lawful for the Managers and Directors hereinafter mentioned, or such of them as shall be perfect, to look up and detain the said Numerical Books stamped as aforesaid, for any consecutive time between the Days of Drawing any Lottery, or the said Managers and Directors shall think fit, or they shall be required thereby by the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them; but subject nevertheless to such Regulations with regard thereto, as the said Commissioners of the Treasury or any Three or more of them shall approve; and if any Person perfect at the Drawing of any or either of the said Lotteries (not being duly authorized or benefited in manner aforesaid) shall, at such time and Place, take and set down in Writing the Number or Numbers of any Ticket or Tickets, when and after the same shall be drawn, or any Figure or Mark to denote the same, or shall make or begin to make any Register or List in Writing of the Numbers of any Tickets which shall have been drawn on the Day of making or beginning to make or of copying on such Register or List, or shall knowingly have in his or her Custody or Possession, or in his, her or their House, Shop, Office or Place, any printed or written Register or List of the Numbers of the Tickets in the said Lotteries, or of any Part thereof, whether drawn or undrawn, with any Marks, Figures, Letters or Numbers thereon, marking or denoting the Order or time of drawing any such Tickets drawn on the same Day, or the Number in which any such Tickets may be entitled by virtue of the said Act, other than such complete Numerical Register or List in Books of the respective Commissioners before mentioned, and stamped in the manner aforesaid, or such Numerical or other List of each Day's drawing as shall be printed and published under the Authority of this Act by the said Managers and Directors; or if any Person or Persons whatever shall, within the special Permission in Writing of Three of such Managers and Directors as aforesaid, publish or cause to be published, during the Hours of Drawing the said Lotteries, any List, Register or Slip containing the Number or Numbers of any Ticket or Tickets drawn on the Day of publishing the same, or any Marks, Letters or Figures to denote the same, or shall publish or cause or procure to be published any List or Register of Tickets, wherein the Numbers of any Tickets, or any Marks, Letters or Figures, shall be placed to denote the time of Day or Order in which any Tickets shall be drawn, and with the intent to denote the same, or shall in any other manner publish the Number or Numbers of any such Ticket or Tickets, every such Person so offending, and being lawfully convicted thereof, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Mayor, or any of the Aldermen of the City of London, or any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, upon Complaint made upon Oath or solemn Affirmation of any Offence committed against this Act in any of the Particulars before mentioned, whereby such pecuniary Penalty as aforesaid may become enforced, to issue his Warrant for apprehending such Offender; and every such Register or List, or Copy as aforesaid made contrary to the Direction of this Act shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Constable or other Officer of the Peace, or by any Person employed by the said Managers and Directors in the Execution of the several Acts for the Regulation of Lotteries, and upon Production thereof before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, such Justice or Justices shall and may, by his or their Order in Writing, direct the same to be detained, or otherwise, if he or they shall think fit, to be destroyed; and if any Person or Persons shall be found or discovered in the actual Commission of any such Offence, it shall and may be lawful for any Person whatever to apprehend or to proceed on the Spot the Person or Persons so offending, and to convey or cause to be conveyed before One of the Magistrates aforesaid the Person or Persons so apprehended, to be proceeded against in such manner as is herein directed; and when any Person or Persons shall be apprehended, or brought before any of the Magistrates aforesaid for any such Offence, it shall and may be lawful for such Magistrate to proceed to examine into the Commission of the said, and upon due Proof upon Oath or solemn Affirmation of any such Officer committed against this Act, to give Judgment or Sentence accordingly; and where the Party accused shall be convicted of such Offence, and such Penalty shall not be immediately paid, to commit such Offender to Prison for any Space not exceeding Fourteen Days, nor less than Five Days, without Bail or Mainprise, and without Appeal, or until such Penalty shall be satisfied; and every such Penalty, when paid upon Conviction, shall be applied to the Use of the Informer or Informers, or Person or Persons apprehending or bringing such Offender or Offenders before such Magistrate, and the Constable or Constables concerned in apprehending or securing such Offender or Offenders, or such Proportions as such Magistrate shall direct.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Magistrate before whom any Offender shall be convicted as aforesaid, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in the manner and Form following, or in any other Form of Words to the like Effect, material necessary; (that it to say),

• **BE** it remembered, That on _____ at _____ A. D. of _____
 • _____ was duly convicted before me _____ of having committed an
 • Offence against the Form of an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth eighth Year of the Reign of His pre-
 • sent Majesty, for passing in His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lottery; for which Offence I do
 • adjudge that the said A. B. hath forfeited the Sum of _____ to be
 • distributed in manner following; (that it to say), [Here set out the Proportions and the Names of the Persons to
 • whom the Penalty shall be paid.] Given under my Hand and Seal the Day and Year first above written.

18 Geo. III.

3 Y

Provided

Commissioners.
 To grant such
 Licences only
 to licensed Lottery
 Officers.
 Numerical
 Books may be
 looked up.

Unlicensed Per-
 sons not to draw
 or publish the
 Numerical
 Ticket drawn,
 &c.

Penalty &c.

On Complaint
 the Magistrate
 of London or
 any Justice may
 grant Warrants
 for apprehending
 Offenders.

Persons in the
 actual Commis-
 sion of such Off-
 fence may be ap-
 prehended by
 any Person and
 carried before a
 Magistrate, who
 may commit the
 Offender to any
 Prison for any
 space of
 such Penalty.

Conviction to
 be made out in
 the following
 Form.

Penalty may be mitigated.

Provided nevertheless, that it shall and may be lawful so and for the said Magistrate, when he shall see cause, to mitigate and lessen any such Penalty as he shall think fit, (reasonable Costs and Charges of the Officers and Informers, as well in making the Discovery, as in prosecuting the same, being always allowed over and above such mitigated Penalty,) and so as such Mitigation do not reduce the Penalty to less than a Mole of the Penalty incurred over and above the said Costs and Charges, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and no such Corruptions shall be removed by Coroner into any Court whatever.

Corruption not removable.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That every such Licence shall be upon Paper or Parchment, stamped with a Stamp denoting the Payment of the Duty of Fifty Pounds hereby imposed, and shall set forth the true Name and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons taking out the same, and also the particular House or Place where such Business shall be carried on; and such Licence shall continue in force until after the Expiration of the Drawing of the ball of the Lotteries to be drawn under the Authority of this Act, or until the said Licence shall be forfeited as hereinafter is mentioned and declared, and so longer; and every Person selling or dealing in any of the matters therein contained after the Expiration of such Licence shall be considered in every respect as an unlawful Person.

Licence to be stamped and void when in force of the Expiration of the Drawing of the Lotteries.

LXXVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons to whom any such Licence or Licences as aforesaid shall be granted, shall be prosecuted and convicted of any Offence against this Act, whether on Prosecution of the Board to be given in pursuance of this Act, or for any Penalty under this Act, or as a Rogue and Vagabond, or on such any Person or Persons so convicted shall, in the Opinion of the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, misconduct himself or themselves, in any Act, matter or thing relating to the business of or in anywise concerning the Lottery, and the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties shall, after hearing the Parties charged with such Misconduct, be of Opinion that he is as they are guilty thereof, then such Licence or Licences granted as aforesaid by virtue of this Act shall be absolutely void and of no Effect, and the said Commissioners may, if they shall think proper, refuse to grant to such Person or Persons a Licence under any future Act of Parliament which may be made and passed for granting to His Majesty or His Successors a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries.

Persons convicted of Offences shall forfeit their Licence.

LXXVII. And Whereas many evil disposed Persons, to evade the Provisions of the Acts made to punish

¹ Persons guilty of sharing for or against the Drawing of Tickets, more particularly described in this Act, have

² empowered and authorized and do empower and authorize Agents for them to take Money for such illegal

³ Contracts, and have in their Custody or Possession Accounts or Accounts, Statements or Statements, Memo-

⁴ randums or Memorandums in Witness of such illegal Contracts entered into; Be it therefore enacted, That upon Information upon Oath made before any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, stating any Person to be a reputed Lottery Informer, and in the Opinion of the Informer to be in Possession of Books, Papers or Memorandums of illegal Contracts made and entered into relating to Lottery Informers, it shall be lawful for, and such Magistrate or Justice of the Peace is hereby required to issue his Warrant, directed to a Constable or Officer of Police, to execute the same with proper Assistance to search the Person of the said reputed Lottery Informer, to enter the Dwelling Place and Premises of such reputed Lottery Informer, and search for and seize all such Papers, Accounts or Memorandums; and if any such be found either in or about the Dwelling Place or Premises, or upon such Lottery Informer, or any other Person or Persons in the same Dwelling Place, appearing to relate to Informers in the Lottery or Little Go, or if any Memorandums of Informers in the Lottery or Little Go should be found at the time of such Search, written in Chalk or otherwise upon or about the Dwelling Place or Premises, then to apprehend and bring the said reputed Lottery Informer or Informers heretofore described, with such Person or Persons upon whom such Lottery or Little Go Informer Papers, Accounts or Memorandums were found, before Two Magistrates or Justices of the Peace, and upon Proof before them that such Papers, Accounts or Memorandums relate to Lottery or Little Go Informers, or if such Accounts or Memorandums cannot be brought away without injuring the Premises, then upon Proof by Two credible Witnesses, of whom the Person who shall have given such Information upon Oath is a heretofore mentioned shall not be One, that such Memorandums were written with Chalk or otherwise upon or in the Premises, and related to Lottery or Little Go Informers, such Persons are to be detained Rogues and Vagabonds, and punished as such.

Lottery Informers in which Privileged Papers, Accounts or Memorandums found, are, shall be punished as Rogues and Vagabonds.

C A P. LXXII.

An Act for improving and completing the Harbour of *Dunmore*, in the County of *Waterford*, and rendering it a fit Situation for His Majesty's Packets, [1st June 1818.]

WHEREAS the Pier of *Dunmore*, at the Mouth of the Haven of *Waterford*, has been begun and carried on at the public Expence, chiefly for the Accommodation of His Majesty's Packets plying between *Waterford* and *Shannon*: And Whereas it is expedient to provide for the improving and completing the said Pier and Harbour, for the Regulation of the Shipping that may use the same, and for the Support and Preservation of the Harbour when completed: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful so and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, from and immediately after the passing of this Act, to appoint by Writing under his or their Hand or Hands any Persons whom he or they may think proper, not exceeding Five in Number, to be Commissioners for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution, who

Lord Lieutenant may appoint Commissioners for carrying Act.

will, shall act without Fee or Reward; and each Person so to be appointed shall be and are hereby appointed Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act; and a Hall and may be lawful for any Two of the said Commissioners to do any Act, Matter or thing whatever in the Execution of this Act, except in cases specially provided for by this Act.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to revoke the Appointment of any Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act; and that in case of any Vacancy or Vacancies by such Revocation, or by the Death or Relinquition of any One or more of the Commissioners to be appointed by virtue of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, from time to time to nominate and appoint such other Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act, as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being shall think fit and proper to supply such Vacancies; and every Person so nominated and appointed shall have such and the like Powers and Authorities for carrying this Act into Execution, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as the Persons originally appointed to be Commissioners under this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners and each and every of them shall take and subscribe the Oath following before he or they shall take upon himself or themselves the Execution of any of the Powers or Authorities hereby given, either then administering the said Oath:

“ I, A. B. do swear, That I will, without Fear or Affection, Hatred or Malice, truly, faithfully and impartially, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute and perform all and every of the Powers, Authorities and Duties of a Commissioner reposed in me under and by virtue of an Act made in the Fifty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled *[here for such the Title of the Act]*.”

Which Oath any One of the said Commissioners, or any Person named in any Appointment of Commissioners, is hereby authorized and required to administer at the First or any other Meeting to be held by virtue of this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and he and they in and are hereby authorized, empowered and required, from time to time to nominate and appoint a Secretary to the said Commissioners; and the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to nominate and appoint One or more Clerk or Clerks, and also from time to time to employ such Engineers, Surveyors and other Officers, and such Laborers, Workmen and Artificers, as the said Commissioners or any Two of them shall think proper and expedient, for the better carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act; and to pay and allow to such Secretary and Clerk such Salary or Allowance as the said Commissioners, with the Consent of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, shall think fit: Provided nevertheless, that such Secretary is shall or may hereafter be appointed shall take and subscribe the following Oath before he shall take upon himself the Execution of any of the Duties assigned to his said Office, which Oath any One of the said Commissioners or any Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized and empowered to administer:

“ I, C. D. do swear, That I will well, truly and faithfully, without Fraud or Concealment, do, perform and execute the several Duties attached to the Office of Secretary to which I have been appointed by the Commissioners for improving and completing the Harbour at Duncannon, in the County of Waterford; and that I will not accept or receive, directly or indirectly, any Money, Fees, Perquisites or Profits, by Way of Commission, Provision, Per Centage, Poundsage or otherwise, for or by means of the said Office, or any of the Duties annexed thereto, or by reason of any Account, Contract or Payment made or to be made, or in any way relating to the said Harbour, or any of the Materials or Works thereof, save such Payment and Compensation only as shall be paid or allowed to me by the said Commissioners.”

And if any such Secretary, Clerk or other Officer, Engineer or Surveyor, shall be guilty of any Fraud, Concealment or other matter, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the said Oath, and be thereof convicted, he shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor; and it shall be lawful for the Court, by and before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, to inflict such Punishment as may be by Law inflicted on a Person guilty of a Misdemeanor.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to contract and agree with any fit and proper Person or Persons, Engineer, Surveyor, Artificer, Workmen and others, for the making, doing, completing and finishing all or any of the Quay, Pier, Walls, Embankments, Roads and Works requisite to be done and performed, for the completing, executing and finishing the said Harbour at Duncannon, or any Part thereof, or for supplying any of the Materials for the same; and every such Contract shall be signed by the Person or Persons contracting or agreeing to perform such Works respectively, and also by Two or more of the Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act, or by the Secretary authorized by the said Commissioners for that Purpose; and that all Contracts which shall or may be so entered into shall be and the same are hereby declared good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioner or Commissioners may sue and be sued in the Name of him or their Secretary for the time being, by the Style and Title of “ Secretary to the Commissioners of

In what cases Two Commissioners may act.

Appointments may be revoked by Lord Lieutenant, and in case of Vacancies by Death, he or they may appoint other Persons to be Commissioners.

Commissioners to take and subscribe Oath.

Lord Lieutenant to appoint Secretary, and Commissioners may appoint other Officers.

Secretary to take and subscribe Oath.

Commissioners may contract for Works.

Contracts to be signed.

Commissioners may bring and defend Actions.

in the Name of
their Secretary.

No Attorney
by Deeds, or
of Secretary.

Exception

Secretary is
deemed to re-
pudiate such
Attorney.

All the Com-
missioners may
empower the
Secretary to act
for them.

Commissioners
empowered to
purchase Lands.

called to Com-
missioners.

Bodies Politic,
Art. empowered
to sell and con-
vey Lands to
Commissioners.

In default of
Agreement, a
Jury may be im-
pannelled.

Penalty will.

of *Danvers Harbour* and that all *Admons, Suits, Prosecutions, Informations, Appeals and other Proceedings* whatsoever, that may be necessary or expedient to be brought for the Recovery of any Penalty or Sum of Money due or payable by virtue of this Act, to be had, taken, prosecuted or defended by or against the said Commissioners, shall be had, taken and prosecuted in the Name of the Secretary; and that no *Admons, Suits, Prosecutions, Informations, Appeals or other Proceedings* to be had, taken, prosecuted or defended by or against the said Commissioners in the Name of their Secretary, shall abate or be discontinued by the Death, Suspension or Removal of such Secretary, or by any Act or Default of such Secretary done or suffered, without the Consent or Direction of the said Commissioners, but that the Secretary for the time being shall be always deemed the Plaintiff, Prosecutor, Informant, Appellant, Defendant or Respondent, in any such *Admons, Suits, Prosecutions, Informations, Appeals or other Proceedings*, except in such *Admons or Actions, Suits or Sums*, as shall be indicated, prosecuted and carried on between the said Commissioners and the Secretary for the time being, in which *Admons or Actions, Suits or Sums*, any one of the said Commissioners shall or may be Plaintiff or Defendant, as the case may be. Provided always, that every such Secretary, in whose Name any such *Admons, Suits, Prosecutions, Informations, Appeals or other Proceedings* shall be had, taken, prosecuted or defended, in pursuance of the Act, shall be fully indemnified, reimbursed and paid, out of the Monies applicable to the Purpose of this Act, all such Costs, Charges, Damages and Expenses as by the Events, or in consequence of any such *Admons, Suits, Informations, Appeals or other Proceedings*, he shall pay, bear, expend or be put unto, or become chargeable with or liable for, or be fairly entitled to, by reason of his being so made Plaintiff, Defendant, Informant, Appellant or Respondent, as aforesaid, unless such *Admons or Suits* shall arise in consequence of his own wilful Neglect or Default, or that shall have been brought or commenced, or be defended, without the Order of the said Commissioners.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for all the Three Commissioners to be appointed for the Purpose of this Act, by any Writing under the Hands of them and every of them, from time to time to authorize and empower their Secretary for the time being to do any special Act, matter or thing which such Commissioners, or any Two of them, are by this Act authorized to do; and every Act, matter or thing done by such Secretary in the Execution of such Power and Authority, shall be as good and valid to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were done by such Commissioners or any Two of them.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, by and with the Consent and Approbation in Writing of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of Ireland for the time being, to purchase all such Lands, Ground, Buildings, Houses, Hereditaments and Premises whatsoever as are mentioned and particularized in the Schedule marked A. to this Act assented, and as the Map or Plan deposited with the Clerk of the Parliament, or such Part of them as the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act may, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor as aforesaid, think necessary to be purchased and employed for the Purpose of this Act; and all such Ground, Buildings, Houses and Premises which shall be purchased and employed for the Purpose of this Act, shall, when so purchased, be referred to the said Commissioners, and shall be taken Possession of and shall be employed for the Purpose of this Act, according to the Directions of the Commissioners for executing the Act, under the Regulations in this Act mentioned and contained.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all Bodies Politic, Corporations or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Towns for Life or in Fee Tail Granted or Special, Parishes, Vicars, and all Persons in Trust, Committees of Lunatics and Idiots, Executors, Administrators, Guardians and other Trustees whatsoever, for or on behalf of any Infants, Females Covert or Collateral Trustees, and for all and every Person and Persons whatsoever who are or shall be seized, possessed of or interested in any of the Lands, Grounds or Hereditaments specified in the Schedule marked A. to this Act assented, to treat, contract and agree with the said Commissioners for the Purchase of such Lands, Grounds or Hereditaments, or any Part or Parts thereof, and for their lawful tenants, for the Purpose aforesaid, and to sell and convey the same, as Question shall be or require; and all Contracts and Agreements, Sales and Conveyances which shall be so made, shall be valid and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes, any Law, Statute, Usage or any other matter or thing whatsoever, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding; and all Persons in Trust, Committees of Lunatics and Idiots, Executors, Administrators, Guardians and Trustees, Corporations Aggregate and Sole, and all other Persons, are and shall be hereby authorized for what they shall do by virtue or in pursuance of this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons seized or possessed of, or interested in any Ground, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises which shall be deemed necessary to be purchased by the Commissioners appointed under this Act, with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, shall refuse to treat or agree for the Sale thereof, or shall not agree with the said Commissioners in the Sum of Money offered to be given for the same, or shall not or cannot produce a clear Title to the Premises they are in Possession of, or the Interest they claim therein, that then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or any Two of them (not being interested in the Question to be determined, by being entitled to any Sum or Sums of Money claimed to be paid for such Lands and Premises, or any Damages respectively or any Part thereof) from time to time to issue a Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, under their Hands and Seals, to the Sheriff of the County or Counties in which such Lands lie, thereby commanding such Sheriff to inquire and return a competent Number of substantial and disinterested Persons qualified to serve as Jurors, not less than Twenty nor more than Forty, and such Sheriff is hereby authorized and required to subpoena and return such Jury or Jurors from time to time accordingly, under the Penalty of Two hundred Pounds for every Default in so doing, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill

of Pleist or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, by such Commissioners or their Secretary, as aforesaid herein provided, or in default by them or either of them, then by any Person who shall for the time be one of the Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex; and out of such Person to be impeached and returned, a Jury of Twelve Persons shall be drawn by some Person, by Ballot, to be named by the said Commissioners, or by their Secretary appointed as aforesaid; which Person to be impeached, summoned and returned as aforesaid, are required to come and appear before the said Commissioners or their Secretary as aforesaid at such time and Place as in such Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, shall be directed and appointed, and to attend the said Commissioners or their Secretary and discharged by them or him; and all Parties concerned shall and may have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen, but shall not be at liberty to challenge the Array; and the said Commissioners or any Two of them, or their Secretary as aforesaid (not being interested as aforesaid), are hereby authorized and empowered by Precept or Precepts, Summons or Summons, from time to time as Occasion shall require, to call before them or him and the said Jury all and every Person and Persons whatsoever who shall be thought proper and necessary to be examined as Witnesses before them or him and the said Jury, on their Oath or Oaths, touching or concerning the Premises; and the said Commissioners or their Secretary, as the case may be, if they or he shall think fit, shall and may authorize the said Jury to view the Place or Places in such Manner as they shall direct, and shall have Power to adjourn such Meeting from Day to Day as Occasion shall require, and to command such Jury upon their Oaths (which Oaths, as also the Oaths to such Person and Persons as shall be called upon to give Evidence, the said Commissioners, not being interested as aforesaid, or their Secretary, are and is hereby empowered and required to administer) to inquire of the Value of such Grounds, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments as shall be required or necessary for the Purposes of this Act, and of the respective Estate, Right, Title, Term and Interest of every Person and Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, seized or possessed thereof or interested therein, or of or in any Part thereof, and shall affix and award the Sum or Sums to be paid to every such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, for the Purchase of his, her or their respective Estates, Rights, Titles, Terms and Interests as aforesaid; and the said Commissioners or any Two of them, not being interested as aforesaid, or their Secretary, shall and may award and give Judgment for such Sum or Sums of Money to be so affixed and awarded; which said Verdicts or Verdicts, and the said Award, Judgment and Determination thereupon, Notice in Writing being given to the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate interested, at least Twenty one Days before the time of the first Meeting of the said Jury, declaring the time and Place of the Meeting, and the Purposes for which the same is held, by leaving such Notice at the Dwelling House of such Person or Persons, or at his, her or their actual Place or Places of Abode, if then resident within England, and if not, then with the known Agent or Receiver of the Rents of such Person or Persons as shall be then absent from England, or if a Body Politic or Corporate, then with the clerk or acting Officer of such Body Politic or Corporate, shall be binding and conclusive to all Intests and Purposes whatsoever against all and every Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, claiming any Estate, Right, Title, Trust, Use or Interest in, to or out of any such Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments or Premises, either in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, as well before and after the said Award, Notice and Determination, and before and after any legal Incompetency or Disability, and all other Collateral Trusts, has, her and their Secretaries, Executors and Administrators, and against all other Persons whatsoever; and the said Verdicts, Awards, Judgments and Decrees, and all other Proceedings of the said Commissioners and Jurors, to be made, given and pronounced as aforesaid, shall be fairly written on Parchment, and signed by the said Commissioners who shall pronounce such Judgments.

XL. And be it further enacted, That when the Value of any Lands, Tenements or Premises, shall be determined to a Jury, such Lands, Tenements or Premises, shall be valued by such Jury, with respect to the actual State, Situation and Value of such Lands and Premises, in like manner as if the Act had not been made, and not according to the additional Value which Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises may acquire, or be supposed to acquire by the making, improving and completing the said Harbours, or by any future Improvements to be made or which might be made in any such Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises, in consequence of such Harbours, or the Expenditure which shall be laid out for the Purposes of this Act.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money to be so awarded or adjudged to the Person, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, to whom the same shall be awarded for the Purchase of such Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises as aforesaid, or for the Purchase of any Estate, Right, Title, Term or Interest therein, or on depositing the same in the Bank of England in manner by this Act directed, as the case may be, such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall make and execute, or cause or procure to be made and executed, Conveyances to the said Commissioners of such Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises as aforesaid, or of such Estate, Right, Title, Term or Interest for which such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so awarded, and shall procure all necessary Parties to execute such Conveyances, Alliances and Affidavits, and shall do all Acts, matters and things necessary and requisite to make a good, clear and perfect Title to the said Commissioners.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That all such Judgments, Verdicts, Sentences, Decrees, Orders and other Proceedings of the said Commissioners and Jurors, as relate to or concern the Premises aforesaid, shall be enrolled in the Rolls' Office of the Court of Chancery in England, and the same, or true Copies thereof, shall be deemed and taken to be good and sufficient Evidence and Proof in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity whatsoever; and immediately on the Entry of such Verdicts, Judgments, Sentences, Decrees, Orders and other Proceedings of the said Commissioners and Jurors as aforesaid, and on Payment of the Sum or Sums of Money

How the
Jury shall
be drawn.

Challenges of
Jury.

Jury may view,

and register of
the Value.

Commissioners
not being interest-
ed may give
Judgments.

Hears.

Conclusives.

Proceedings to
be signed by
Commissioners.

Jury to value
Ground accord-
ing to actual
State.

Upon Payment
of Sums awarded,
Conveyances to
be made in
Commissioners.

Proceedings to
be enrolled in
the Court of
Chancery, and
Copies to be
Evidence.

Money agreed on or adjudged or awarded for the Purchase of any Land or Poffeffion, to the Proprietor or Proprietors of any Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Poffeffion, or to the Perfons or Perfones who fhall be appointed to receive fuch Money, or on Payment of fuch Money, refpefting which any Difficulties, Difputes or Differences fhall arife, unto the Bank of Ireland, in manner and for the Purpofes before mentioned, all the Rights, Rights, Title, Terms, Interests, Ufe, Traff, Property, Claim and Demand in Law and Equity of the Perfons to whom or to whole Ufe fuch Money fhall be paid as afcertained, fhall pafs to and be referred in the faid Comiffioners for the Purpofes of this Act, who fhall be deemed in Law to be in the faid Poffeffion thereof to all Intents and Purpofes whatfoever.

and on the
condition, that
the faid Money
fhall be paid
to the faid
Comiffioners.

If any per-
fon fhall offer
to pay the
faid Money,
the faid Comiffioners, fhall
have power to
refufe to receive
the faid Money,
if they fhall
think that the
faid Money
fhall not be
paid to the
faid Comiffioners.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in cafe any Jury fhall give a Verdict for more Money as a Recompence for the Rights, Interests or Property of any Perfons or Perfones in any Lands or Hereditaments, than what fhall have been offered by the faid Comiffioners, before the forwarding or returning the Jury, as a Recompence for any fuch Rights, Interests or Property, that then and in fuch cafe the Costs and Expences attending the deciding the fame by fuch Jury and Witnefs fhall be borne and paid by the faid Comiffioners out of the Money to be raised by virtue of this Act; but if fuch Jury fhall give a Verdict for no more or for lefs Money than fhall have been offered by the faid Comiffioners, before the forwarding and returning the faid Jury, as a Recompence for any fuch Rights and Interests or Property as afcertained, that then the Costs and Expences attending the deciding the fame by fuch Jury and Witnefs fhall be borne and paid by the Perfons or Perfones to whom fuch Lands or Hereditaments fhall belong.

Application of
Comiffioners
Money when
amounting to or
exceeding 200.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Money fhall be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchafed by virtue of the Powers and for the Purpofes of this Act, which fhall belong to any Corporation, Free Convent, Infant, Lunatic or Perfons or Perfones under any Disability or Incapacity, or fufed or poffeffed of only a particular or determinable Estate or Interests therein, fuch Money fhall, in cafe the fame fhall amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenience Speed be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery in Ireland, to be placed to his Account ex parte the Comiffioners for executing this Act, to the Intent that fuch Money may be applied, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the faid Court, to be fignified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a fufficient Way by the Perfons or Perfones who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the faid Lands or Hereditaments, towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debts, or fuch other Incumbrances or Part thereof as the faid Court fhall authorize to be paid, affording the fame Lands or Hereditaments, or affording other Lands or Hereditaments ftanding fettered therewith to the fame or the like Ufe, Interests or Purpofes; or where fuch Money fhall not be fo applied, then the fame fhall be laid out and invested, under the like Direction and Approbation of the faid Court, in the Purchase of other Lands or Hereditaments, which fhall be conveyed and fettered to, for and upon fuch and the like Ufe, Traff, Interests and Purpofes, and in the fame manner as the Lands or Hereditaments which fhall be fo purchafed, taken or ufed as afcertained fhall fhould be bought, or fuch of them as at the time of making fuch Conveyance and Settlement fhall be ready and convenient and capable of taking Effect; and in the meantime, and until fuch Purchafes fhall be made, the faid Money fhall by Order of the faid Court of Chancery, upon Application therein, be velved by the faid Accountant General, in his Name, in the Purchase of fome of the Public Funds or Annuities vendurable at the Bank of Ireland; and in the meantime, and until the faid Public Funds or Annuities fhall be ordered by the faid Court to be fold for the Purpofes afcertained, the Dividends and annual Profits of the faid Funds or Annuities fhall from time to time be paid by Order of the faid Court to the Perfons or Perfones who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the faid Lands or Hereditaments fo hereby directed to be purchafed, in cafe fuch Purchafes or Settlements were made.

Money paid
to the Bank of
Ireland, when
the faid Money
amounts to or
exceeds 200.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money to be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands or Hereditaments purchafed for the Purpofes afcertained, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Perfons or Perfones under Incapacity or Disability as afcertained, fhall be lefs than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and fhall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in fuch cafe the fame fhall (at the Option of the Perfons or Perfones for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands or Hereditaments taken or ufed, or of his, or her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in cafe of Infancy or Lunacy, to be fignified in Writing under their refpective Hands,) be paid into the faid Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privy of the faid Accountant General of the faid High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as afcertained, in order to be applied in the manner herebefore directed; or otherwife the fame fhall be paid, in the like Option, to Two Trustees, to be nominated by the Perfons or Perfones making fuch Option, and approved of by the Comiffioners for executing this Act, (fuch Nomination and Approbation to be fignified in Writing under the Hands of the confenting and approving Parties,) in order that fuch Principal Money and the Dividends and annual Profits thereof may be applied as manner herebefore directed, fo far as the fame may be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the faid Court of Chancery.

Money paid
to the Bank of
Ireland, when
the faid Money
amounts to or
exceeds 200.

XVII. Provided alfo, and be it further enacted, That where fuch Money to be agreed or awarded to be paid as fhall before mentioned, fhall be lefs than Twenty Pounds, then and in all fuch cafe the fame fhall be applied in the Ufe of the Perfons or Perfones who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands or Hereditaments fo purchafed, taken or ufed for the Purpofes of this Act, in fuch manner as the faid Comiffioners for executing this Act fhall think fit; or in cafe of Infancy or Lunacy, then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Ufe and Benefit of fuch Perfons or Perfones refpectively.

XVIII. And

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Person or Persons to whom such Sum or Sums of Money shall be ordered to be paid as aforesaid, shall not or make a good Title to the Permits to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or shall refuse to receive such Equivalents or Conveyances; or in case such Person or Persons to whom such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so ordered to be paid as aforesaid cannot be found, or if the Person or Persons entitled to such Lands or Hereditaments, be not known or discovered, then and in every such case a Bill and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to order the said Sum or Sums of Money to be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account to the Credit of the Parties interested in the said Lands or Hereditaments, describing them, subject to the Order, Control and Disposition of the said Court; which said Court, on the Application of any Person or Persons making claim to such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Motion or Petition, shall be and is hereby empowered, in a summary Way of Proceeding, or otherwise, as in the said Court shall seem meet, to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Public Funds, or in order Disbursement thereof, or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Estates and Estates, Title or Interest of the Person or Persons making claim thereunto, and to make such Order in the Permits as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable; and the Cashier of the Bank of Ireland, when shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, it and are hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums of Money, mentioning and specifying for what and for what Use the same is or are so received, to such Person or Persons as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the said Bank as aforesaid.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person to any Money to be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Lands or Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right or Interest in any Lands or Hereditaments to be purchased in pursuance thereof, or to any Bank Assurance to be purchased with any such Money, or to the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Assurance, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Lands or Hereditaments at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Lands or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery; and the Dividends or Interest of the Bank Assurance to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Assurance, shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Person shall was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Lands or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

XX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where by reason of any Debility or Incapacity of any Person or Persons or Corporation entitled to any Lands or Hereditaments to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the said Court, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Lands or Hereditaments, to be settled in the like Use in pursuance of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Court to order the Expenses of all Particulars from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or so much of such Expenses as the Court shall deem reasonable, together with the necessary Costs and Charges of obtaining such Order, to be paid by the said Trustees, who shall from time to time pay such Sum of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors for the time being, to contract for the granting, leasing, selling or disposing of, and to grant, lease, sell and dispose of, any Part of any Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments which shall or may from time to time be purchased under this Act, and which shall or may not be necessary for the Purposes thereof: Provided always, that every Contract and every Lease or Sale of any such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or any Part of them, shall secure the Importation and Consent of such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, and shall be made, after public Notice given of such intended Contract, Lease or Sale, in such manner and under such Regulations as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall from time to time order and direct; and all Money arising from the Sale thereof, and all Money arising from the Produce of the Rent of such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, shall be and the same are hereby vested in the Commissioners for executing this Act; and all such Money arising from the Sale of such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, shall and may be disposed of and applied, under the Direction of the said Commissioners, in and towards the Purposes of this Act, as the said Commissioners shall think fit and expedient; and the said Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, shall Four times in every Year, that is to say, within One Calendar Month next after the Twenty sixth Day of September, the Twenty fifth Day of December, the Twenty fifth Day of March, and the Twenty fourth Day of June in every Year, or whenever thereto required by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or his or their Secretary, render and give an Account to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or to the Chief Secretary of such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, of the Amount of all Money received by the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and of the Application thereof for the Purposes of this Act, up to each Quarter Day respectively, or to such other time as shall be required; and such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or the Chief Secretary of such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, shall and may examine every such Account,

In answer under the Permits, the Money paid into the Bank, to be placed to the Credit of Parties interested in the Permits, subject to the Order of the Court of Chancery on Motion or Petition.

Cashier of the Bank is to receive the Money.

Permits for sale of disputed Titles.

Court of Chancery may order such sums for expenses and Costs to be paid.

Commissioners may dispose of Lands, &c. as they warrant.
Such Contract, &c. to be approved by Lord Lieutenant, and require his Consent, &c.

How Money arising therefrom and from Rents to be disposed of.

Commissioners to account.

count, and, in case they shall approve thereof, shall signify such their Approbation thereof in Writing at the Foot of such Account, signed by the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or by such Chief Secretary in absence, and shall transmit and secure the same to be approved to the Commissioners for executing this Act; and every Account so approved and signed as aforesaid shall be a full and sufficient Discharge to the said Commissioners from or on account of all such Sums of Money as shall be mentioned in any such Account, and for the Expenditure and Application thereof; and the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall not be compellable or compelled to give or render any further or other Account of any such Money, or of the Expenditure or Application thereof, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the Limits of the said Harbour of *Dumora* shall be deemed and considered to be from *Shannon Point*, otherwise called *Black Nib*, to *Ardenham Point*.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being from time to time to appoint a Person to act as Harbour Master within the said Harbour, and to remove any Harbour Master so appointed, and to appoint another in his Room or Stead, as he or they shall for fitting; and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Harbour Master, as he shall think fitting and expedient, to lay down Buoys or Mooring Chains, and erect and set up Landmarks, Beacons and Buoys, in any Place or Places in the said Bay or Harbour of *Dumora*, or adjoining Lands between *Shannon Point*, otherwise called *Black Nib*, and *Ardenham Point*, for the Convenience and Safety of His Majesty's Packets, and all other Ships and Vessels entering said Harbour.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act out of the Duties of Tonnage made payable under this Act, to pay to the said Harbour Master such Salary and Allowance as to the said Commissioners, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being shall appear competent and sufficient for the Performance of his Duty under this Act; and if the said Harbour Master shall directly or indirectly ask or demand, or take or receive, any Fee, Gratuity or Reward for the Performance of his Duty under this Act, or under Present or Promise of any Act done by him in Execution of this Act, over or beyond such Salary or Allowance as aforesaid, such Harbour Master shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, together with Double the Amount of such Fee, Gratuity or Reward.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every such Harbour Master shall have Power and Authority to direct the mooring, unmooring, moving or removing of all Ships or other Vessels coming into, lying or being in the said Port or Harbour of *Dumora*, or the Limits thereof as defined in this Act, and to appoint and regulate the time or times and the manner of their Entrance into, lying in or going out of or from such Harbour, and to regulate and determine the Position of such Ships and other Vessels; and in case any Owner, Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of any Ship or other Vessel, shall refuse or neglect to moor, unmoor, place, move or remove his Ship or Vessel according to such Directions, upon Notice to him or them given or left with any Person or Persons on board of such Ship or Vessel for that Purpose, every such Owner, Master or other Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Harbour Master and his Assistants, and he and his Assistants are hereby required, to moor, unmoor, place, move or remove such Ship and Vessel accordingly; and in case any Master, Commander, Mate, Pilot or other Person or Persons taking Charge or Command of any Ship or other Vessel, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall obstruct or hinder the mooring, unmooring, placing, moving or removing of any Ship or other Vessel lying or being in the said Harbour, or the Limits or any Part thereof as defined in this Act, then and in every such case such Person or Persons so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully obstruct, molest or hinder any Surveyor, Engineer, Workman or Labourer employed by the said Commissioners or their Secretary for the Purposes of this Act, in the Performance of his, her or their Duty or Employment in the Execution of this Act, every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and if any Person shall wilfully, and to the Prejudice of the said Harbour, break, throw down, destroy or in anywise damage or injure any Pier, Dock, Quay, Rebreast, Embank, Machine, Building, Roadway or other Work whatsoever, to be erected or made by virtue of this Act, or any Part thereof, or if any Works erected in pursuance of this Act, every such Person so offending shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and being lawfully convicted thereof shall be subject to the like Pain and Penalties as in cases of Felony; and the Court by or before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished as a Felon may be punished by the Law of Ireland, or in Misdemeanors of such Punishment such Court may award such better Punishment as to such Court shall seem proper.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously hurt, cut, damage or destroy any Ship, Wherry, Boat or other Vessel lying within the proper Harbour of *Dumora*, or upon the Piers, Quays, Roads or Ways leading to or belonging to the said Harbour, or either or any of them, any Rope, Cable, Anchor, Cuir, Spar or any Tackling, Machinery or Material, belonging to any such Ship, Wherry, Boat or other Vessel, or any of the Furniture, Cargo or Property belonging to or on board such Ship or Vessel, or any Goods or Property of any Person or Persons whatsoever, which may be lying at, upon or along such Piers, Quays, Roads or Ways, or any of them, or any of the Tools, Implements, Materials or other Goods, Chattels or Property used or intended to be used in the said Harbour, or the Works connected therewith or belonging thereto, or to the said Commissioners or to any other Person, for the Use of the said Works, that then and in such case the Person or Persons so offending shall upon Conviction forfeit and

Assent approved and signed a Discharge to Commissioners

Extent of the Harbour.

Harbour Master to be appointed by Lord Lieutenant, and to lay Mooring, &c.

Salary to Harbour Master, who shall not take any other Fee.

Power of Harbour Master to moor, &c.

Regulating to and from Harbour Master.

Penalty.

Offending Mooring.

Penalty.

Molesting or obstructing Workmen.

Penalty for destroying or damaging Works.

Penalty.

Destroying Ships, An. Ropes, Cables, &c.

pay any Sum not less than Two Pounds, or more than Ten Pounds, in the Discretion of the Justice before whom such Offender shall be committed of such Offence.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, upon or in respect of Ships, Vessels or other Bottoms which shall come into the Port or Harbour of *Dunmore*, and upon and in respect of the several matters and things mentioned, specified and set forth in the Schedule marked B. to the Act assented, the several Duties and Sums of Money mentioned, specified and set forth in Words and Figures in the said Schedule, in addition to all other Duties or Customs payable on or in respect of such Ships or Vessels, or such matters or things respectively, under any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to the keeping of any Duties from or in respect of any Vessel or Vessels belonging to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or that shall or may be employed in His Majesty's Service, or in the Service of the Post Office, Excise or Customs, or from or in respect of any Fishing Vessels or Pilot Boats, or from or in respect of any Boats employed in the Service of the Commissioners for the Harbour of *Waterford*.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Harbour Master of the said Harbour of *Dunmore* for the time being to collect and levy from the Masters and Owners of the several Ships and Vessels which shall come into the said Harbour, the several Duties granted by this Act and the Schedule marked B. thereto annexed; and that the said Duties shall be payable to the said Harbour Master over and above all other Duties whenever payable on such Ships and Vessels in respect of the Tonnage thereof, or otherwise howsoever; and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Harbour Master to issue and deliver any such Ship or Vessel, or the Tackle, Appurtenances or Furniture thereof, or any Part thereof, and to detain the same until Payment of the said Duties, and to give a Receipt for such Duties when paid; and the said Harbour Master shall keep an Account of all Sums and Sums of Money received by him on account of the said Duties under this Act, and shall account for the same Weekly and every Week to the said Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act, and shall pay over the same at such times and in such manner, and under such Regulations, as the said Commissioners from time to time shall direct; and the same to be applied to the Purposes of this Act.

XXXI. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for improving the Port and Harbour of Waterford, and for other Purposes relating thereto*, it is enacted, *That all Vessels entering the Harbour of Waterford shall pay certain Duties by the said Act granted, on relation to the Customs House of Waterford*; Be it enacted and declared, That nothing in the said Act contained shall be construed to extend to Vessels entering the Harbour of *Dunmore*, or anchoring within the Limits thereof, as herein before mentioned, and not reporting and entering in the Customs House at *Waterford*; any thing in the said second Act, or in any Schedule thereto annexed, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That when the said Harbour and Port of *Dunmore* shall be completed, the same shall be and become vested in the Commissioners hereinafore directed to be appointed; and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, by and with the Approbation and Consent of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being from time to time to reduce the Duties payable according to the Schedule marked B. to the Act assented, and to make the same again from time to time to the Amount of the Duties in the said Schedule specified, whenever it shall appear advantageous or expedient so to do.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, the manner of levying and recovering whereof is not otherwise particularly directed, shall be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, and by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of Hands and Seals of One or more Justices of the Peace for the County of *Waterford*, which Warrant or Warrants such Justice or Justices as are hereby empowered and required to grant upon the Information of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, which Oath such Justice or Justices as are hereby empowered to administer without Fee or Reward; and such Penalties and Forfeitures when recovered, after deducting the Charges, if any be, when demanded, to the Party or Parties whose Goods and Chattels shall be so distrained and sold, the Charges of such Distress and Sale being first deducted, shall be paid, if not otherwise directed to be applied by this Act, to the Harbour Master of the said Harbour, to be by him accounted for to the Commissioners under this Act, in the manner and for the same Uses and Purposes as the Rates and Duties specified in Schedule B. to this Act assented are applicable; and if such Justice or Justices shall not be bound, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices to commit every such Offender to the Common Goal or House of Correction within the said County of *Waterford*, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless such Penalties and Forfeitures, and all reasonable Charges, shall be sooner paid.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Person shall think himself or herself aggrieved by any thing done in pursuance of this Act, and for which no particular Method of Relief hath been already hereby appointed, it shall be lawful for such Person to appeal to the Justices of Peace at their next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the said County of *Waterford*; or in case the said Court of Complaint shall arise within Twenty Days next before such General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, then such Appeal may be made to the said Justices at the Second General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the said County, who are hereby authorized and required to take Cognizance thereof, and to hear and determine the Complaint of any such Person in a Summary Way, and, if they for Cause, may by Order of such Justices mitigate at their discretion all or any of the Penalties aforesaid, or vacate or set aside the Conviction, and let the Party at liberty, or otherwise may satisfy and confirm the same, and award such Costs to the Parties appealing or appealed against as to them shall seem just and reasonable, and to make such

Penalty.

Duties to be paid to the said Master for being and paid.

Penalty for Ships belonging to His Majesty, &c.

Harbour Master to collect and account for Duties in Schedule B.

and may take

rel. 2. s. 2. here. not to extend to certain Vessels entering Dunmore Harbour.

After Completion of Harbour, to relieve Commissioners, who may, with Consent of Lord Lieutenant, reduce Duties in Schedule B. &c. Penalties how recovered and applied.

Appeal to the Quarter Sessions.

Costs.

Notice of Ap-
peal.

Orders may
now be made for
writs of Habeas
Corporis.

No Counsel.

Conviction of
Offenders.

Form of Con-
viction.

Intimation of
Arrest.

General Note.

Double Costs.

Expenses of
Aid.

Public Aid.

Orders and Judgments in regard to the Prisoners as they shall think fit; but the Prisoner so appealing shall give Notice in Writing to the said Harbour Master of such his or her Intention of bringing such Appeal, and of the Cause or Causes thereof, Fourteen Days before the said Quarter Sessions.

XXXV. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That an Order made touching or concerning any of the Matters aforesaid, or any other Proceeding to be had touching the Conviction of any Offender or Offenders against the present Act, shall be quashed or vacated for want of Form only, or be amended or amended by Court or any other Writ or Process whatsoever into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVI. And for the more fully and speedily Conviction of Offenders against the Act, be it further enacted, That all and every the Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom any Person or Persons shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up in the following Form of Words, or in any Form of Words to the same Effect;

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the _____ Year of His Majesty's Reiga, A. B. is convicted before _____ of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of _____ [specifying the Offence, and time and Place when and where the same was committed, as the style shall be.] _____ Given under our Hands and Seals, the Day and Year aforesaid.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, the same shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be had and brought in the County where the Cause of Action shall have arisen, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be true hereunto, or that such Action or Suit shall be commenced after the time before limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any other County than as aforesaid, that then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon a Verdict for the Defendant, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be acquitted, or discontinues his, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared; or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Double Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in any other cause by Law.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to or attending the obtaining and calling of this Act, shall be reimbursed and paid out of the said Rates and Duties so to be raised by virtue of this Act.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

Particulars of the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments which may be purchased under this Act.

Lands to be purchased under this Act from the Marquis of Waterford.

The Timber Yard Piece, containing One Acre, One Rod, Eleven Perches; Little Island, containing Twenty Perches; from Timber Yard on the Railway, below the Middle Road, containing Two Rods and Thirty four Perches; and the Rocky Hill, between the Railway and the Sea, containing Four Acres, Three Rods, Twenty five Perches, making in the whole Seven Acres and Ten Perches, all in the Township of Donmore, in the Parish of Killybeg, Barony of Glashier, and County of Waterford.

From Earl Forester.

The Free Stone Quarry, containing One Acre, in the Township of Connewry, in said Parish, Barony and County.

SCHEDULE (B.)

	Per Ton.
A. S. d.	
For every Veilid underling between Black Rock and Ardnamah Point, if British built	0 0 0
Every British Veilid which shall make full to the Moorings in the Road	0 0 1
Every Veilid mooring within the Port	0 0 2
For every Ton of Coals, Lumps or Stone landed or shipped at the Quay	0 0 3
For every Ton of other Goods landed or shipped	0 0 4
For all Foreign Ships, double the above Rates.	

	Per Head.
C. S. d.	
For all Horses, Cows, Cows and other Cattle, commonly called Black Cattle, landed, shipped or exported from said Harbour	0 0 0

	Per Stone.
C. S. d.	
For all Calves, Sheep and Pigs landed, shipped or exported from said Harbour	0 0 10

C. A. P.

CAP. LXXIII.

An Act for regulating the Payment of Regimental Debts, and the Distribution of the Effects of Officers and Soldiers dying in Service, and the Receipt of Sums due to Soldiers.

[5th June 1818.]

• WHEREAS it is expedient that better Provision should be made for the Payment of Regimental Debts and the Distribution of the Effects of deceased Officers and Soldiers; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Sums of Money due in respect of any Military Clothing, Appointments and Equipments, or in respect of any Quarter, or of any Mark or Regimental Accounts, and all Sums of Money due to any Agent or Paymaster or Quartermaster, or any other Officer upon any such Account, or on account of any Advances made for any such Purpose, shall be deemed and taken to be Regimental Debts, and shall be paid out of any Arrears of Pay, or out of the Effects or the Proceeds of the Effects, or out of any Prize or Bounty Money of any Officer or Soldier dying while in the Service, in such Proportion or Proportions as shall be ordered by the Secretary at War for the time being in that behalf, and in pursuance to any other Debts, Claims or Demands whatsoever upon the Effects and Effects of such Officer or Soldier; and if any Deeds shall arise as to whether any Claim or Demand made in relation to any Officer or Soldier is a Regimental Debt or not, such Question shall be decided by the Order or Certificate of the Secretary at War for the time being made in that behalf; and all such Payments shall be good and valid to Law placed every Person who shall make any such Payment out of any such Arrears of Pay, Effects or Proceeds as aforesaid, under the Provision of this Act, or in pursuance of any such Order or Certificate of the Secretary at War, or into whose Hands any such Money shall come, shall be and are hereby intended for and in respect of such Payments, and all other Acts, matters and things done in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, or of the Order or Certificate of the Secretary at War, in relation to the Distribution of such Arrears, Effects or Proceeds, as relation to the satisfying any such Regimental Debt as aforesaid; anything in any Act or Acts of Parliament or Law or Laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sum due to the Military Clothing, &c. is to be deemed Regimental Debt, and payable out of any Arrears of Pay, &c.

How Question whether Claim is a Regimental Debt to be decided.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War for the time being to credit all Surplus which may remain after satisfying such Regimental Debts as aforesaid, to be paid to the Person or Persons entitled thereto.

Surplus paid by Secretary at War as Proofs entitled.

III. And be it further enacted, That all such Regimental Debts shall and may be paid without any Probate of any Will being obtained, or any Letters of Administration, or any Confirmation of Testament, or Letters Testamentary or Dative, being taken out by any Person; and the Surplus only of such Arrears of Pay, and Proceeds of any such Effects, shall be deemed the Personal Effects of the Deceased for the Payment of any Debt in respect of any Probate, or of any Letters of Administration, or Confirmation of Testament, or Letters Testamentary or Dative, or for the Purpose of Distribution as Personal Estate; and it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War for the time being to order and direct the Payment or Distribution of any such Surplus in any sole in which the same shall not exceed Twenty Pounds, without any Probate or Letters of Administration, or Confirmation of Testament, or Letters Testamentary or Dative, or Payment of any Duty of Stamp, or upon Legacies or otherwise; and it shall also be lawful for the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Land Forces for the time being to issue any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds which may be due to any Officer deceased, or to the Widow or Relative of any Officer deceased, or to the Representative or Representatives of any such Officer, Widow or Relative, in like manner without any Probate or Letters of Administration, or Confirmation of Testament, or Letters Testamentary or Dative, or Payment of any Duty of Stamp, or upon Legacies or otherwise; the same to be paid to the Person who shall be notified by the Secretary at War to the Paymaster General as being entitled thereto; and all such Payments respectively shall be as valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been made by or to any Executor or Administrator, or under the Authority of any Probate or Letters of Administration, or Confirmation of Testament, or Letters Testamentary or Dative; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament or Law or Laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

Regimental Debts to be paid without Probate of Will, &c. Surplus only due and Personal Estate; and if not above 20l. may be paid without Probate, &c. and not on account of the same to be paid.

IV. And Whereas Funds are frequently provided upon Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers, or their Representatives, by Persons of good Character who offer to act as Agents, and are authorized by such Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers, or their Representatives, to receive any Pay or Arrears of Pay, or Proceeds of any Effects of deceased Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers to which they may be entitled; Be it therefore enacted, That no Person, not being an Agent of some Regiment, Battalion or Corps of His Majesty's Army, or of the Militia, shall receive for any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, or for any Representative or Representatives of any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, any Pay or Arrears of Pay, or any Effects, or Proceeds of any Effects, of any deceased Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier dying while in His Majesty's Service, unless such Person shall be entitled to receive such Pay or Effects or Proceeds, or any Part thereof, as a Devisee or next of Kin, or Executor or Administrator of such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier.

Agents for Regiments only to be allowed to receive Pay for Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, it shall not be lawful for any Agent or Agents appointed for the Distribution of any Prize or Bounty Money, Grant or other Allowances of Money in the Nature thereof, or for the Treasurers of Charities Hospitals, to pay the Share of any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier to any Person or Persons whatsoever other than the Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier entitled to the same, or to the next of Kin or Executor

Share of Non Commissioned Officers, &c. to be paid only to themselves, or their Executors, &c.

Executor or Administrator of such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, or to the Agent of any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of His Majesty's Army or Militia, duly authorized by the Party entitled thereto to receive the same.

Fideli perform
ing them, or
acting as Agent,
and being in
default, the
Mistakenness.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall falsely represent himself or herself to be, or who shall perform, as Parent, Child, Brother, Sister or other Relative of any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, for the Purpose of obtaining or recovering, or endeavouring to obtain or receive any Pay, or Arrears of Pay, or any Evidia, or Proceeds of any Evidia, or any Prize or Bounty Money, Grant or other Allowance of Money of any deceased Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier; and every Person, not being an Agent authorized to receive any such Money, or allowed as aforesaid, who shall for Guilt, Hire, Pay, Commission or Reward, act as an Agent for any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, or for any Representative or Representatives of any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, in relation to the applying for or receiving any such Pay or Arrears of Pay, Evidia or Proceeds of Evidia, Prize or Bounty Money, or other Grant or Allowance, or who shall directly or indirectly, by himself or herself, or any other Person for his or her Use, take, accept or receive any Guilt, Hire, Pay, Commission or Reward, for any matter or thing done in relation to applying for or receiving any such Money or Evidia for or for the Use of any such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, or for any Representative or Representatives of any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and be liable to be punished accordingly.

Creditor taking
out Administration,
to be paid
only the Debt
due to him in
Cash.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the Agent appointed for the Distribution of Army Prize or Bounty Money, Grants or other Allowances of Money to the Parties thereof, or for the Treasurer of *Christ's Hospital*, to pay to any Creditor taking out Letters of Administration to a deceased Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, out of the Share of such deceased Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, any farther or greater Sum than shall appear, by Affidavit to be made by the Person taking out Letters of Administration, to be due to him at the time of taking out such Letters of Administration.

Land Law-
rent may make
all Acts serv-
ing the most
by this Act to
be done in Ire-
land.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, by any Order or Orders under his or their Hand or Hands, or under the Hand of him or their Chief Secretary, or of the Under Secretary for the Military Department in the Chief Secretary's Office in *Dublin*, to do and perform all and any and every Acts, matters and things whatsoever, requisite for the carrying the Act into Execution in *Ireland*; and all Acts so done in *Ireland* shall be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

C A P. LXXIV.

An Act for the further Regulation of Payments of Pensions to Soldiers upon the Establishment of *Christ's and Kilmacshew*. [5th June 1818.]

of G. A. C. C.

WHEREAS it is expedient that such Out-Pensioners upon the *Christ's Establishment* as receive their Pensions in *Ireland*, should receive the same Amount in *Irish Money* as is received by the Pensioners of *Kilmacshew Hospital* in *Ireland* of the like Class or Rate, clear of the Deductions of One Shilling in the Pound to which such *Christ's Pensioners* are at present liable, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the Relief of the Out-Pensioners of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea*; and that such Pensioners of *Kilmacshew Hospital* as receive their Pensions in *Great Britain*, should receive the same Amount of *English Money*, after deducting the One Shilling in the Pound deducted from *Christ's Pensioners* as aforesaid, as is received by the Out-Pensioners upon the *Christ's Establishment* in *Great Britain* of the like Class or Rate: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no such Deduction of One Shilling in the Pound as aforesaid shall be made from the Pensions upon the *Christ's Establishment* paid in *Ireland* to Pensioners upon the *Christ's Establishment*, during such time as such Out-Pensioners shall receive their Pensions in *Ireland*, but the full Amount in *Irish Currency*, according to the Class or Rate of such Pension, shall be paid to such Pensioners respectively; any thing in the last recited Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Deduction
of 1s. in the
Pound from
Pensioners on
*Christ's Estab-
lishment* paid in
Ireland.

II. And be it further enacted, That such Deduction as aforesaid of One Shilling in the Pound shall be made from all Pensions paid in *English Money* to the Pensioners of *Kilmacshew Hospital* receiving their Pensions in *Great Britain*, during such time as such Pensioners shall continue to receive their Pensions in *Great Britain*.

Commissioners
of *Christ's* and
Kilmacshew
Hospitals con-
sented to make
Regulations for
Payment of
Pensions.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of *Christ's and Kilmacshew Hospitals* respectively, and they are hereby respectively empowered and required, from and after the passing of this Act, and from time to time thereafter as Occasions may require, to make such Orders, Rules and Regulations as may appear to them respectively to be necessary for the making such Payments and Deductions respectively to such Out-Pensioners upon their respective Establishments, and for the making, by the Pensioners upon the Establishment of *Christ's* to receive their Pensions in *Ireland* in *Irish Currency*, according to their respective Rates of Allowance, without Deductions as aforesaid, and the Pensioners of *Kilmacshew Hospital* to receive their Pensions in *English Money* in *Great Britain*, with such Deductions as aforesaid, according to their respective Rates of Allowance, and for the carrying into Execution the Provisions of this Act in relation to such Payments and Deductions as aforesaid; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Rules or Regulations heretofore made, to the contrary notwithstanding.

C. A. P. LXXV.

An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Offences connected with the unlawful Destruction and Sale of Game.

[5th June 1818.]

WHEREAS the selling, exposing or offering to Sale, any Hare, Pheasant, Partridge, Moor Heath Game or Grouse, is by Law prohibited: And Whereas it is expedient, for the more effectual Prevention of Offences connected with the unlawful Destruction and Sale of Game, to provide by Law as hereinafter is enacted: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever, whether qualified or not qualified to kill Game, shall buy any Hare, Pheasant, Partridge, Moor Heath Game or Grouse, every such Person or Persons who shall be offended, and thereof shall be convicted before any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, Magistrate or Magistrates, acting for the County, Riding, City, Town, Borough, Division or Place where such Offence shall be committed, by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, shall, for every Hare, Pheasant, Partridge, Moor Heath Game or Grouse, so bought as aforesaid, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, one half to be paid to the Informers, and the other to the Poor of the Parish where such Offence shall be committed; the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the Justice or Justices, Magistrate or Magistrates, before whom the Offender shall be convicted, rendering the Overplus of such Distress and Sale (if any) to the Party or Parties, after deducting the Charges of making the same; provided that such Conviction be made within Six Calendar Months after such Offence committed.

Buying Game

Penalty

II. And for the better Discovery of such Person or Persons as shall buy or sell any Hare, Pheasant, Partridge, Moor Heath Game or Grouse, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the time of the passing of this Act, any Person that shall buy, sell, or offer to sell, or have unlawfully in his Possession, any Hare, Pheasant, Partridge, Moor Heath Game or Grouse, and shall make Discovery of any Person that hath within Six Calendar Months bought or sold any such Game as aforesaid, so as any one shall be convicted of any such Offence by virtue of this or any other Statute now in force, such Discoverer shall be discharged of and from all Pains, Forfeitures and Penalties to which he may be and shall have become liable, before and at the time of the making such Discovery, by reason of the buying or selling, or offering to sell, or having unlawfully in his Possession, any such Game as aforesaid, any thing in any former Statute contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and shall receive the same Benefit and Advantage as any other Informer shall be entitled to, by virtue of this Act, for such Discovery and Information: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall be held or construed to discharge such Discoverer or of from any Pains, Forfeitures or Penalties, in respect thereof a Prosecution shall be actually pending, or a Conviction or Judgment shall have been had against him, at the time of the making such Discovery as aforesaid.

Person buying or selling, or unlawfully having Game, informing, discharged from Penalties.

Persons may Prosecute parties.

III. And be it further enacted, That whosoever any Person shall, for any Offence to be committed against the Provisions of this Act, be liable or subject to any Forfeiture or Penalty upon Conviction before any Justice or Justices, Magistrate or Magistrates as aforesaid, he shall and may be lawful for any other Person whatsoever, either to proceed to recover the said Forfeiture or Penalty by Information and Conviction as aforesaid, or to sue for and recover the Whole of such Penalty for his own Use by Action of Debt or on the Case, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, wherein an Effrains, Wager of Law or more than one Imparison shall be allowed, and wherein the Plaintiff, if he recover, shall have his Double Costs; and that no Part of the said Penalty recovered in any such Suit or Action shall be paid or applied to or for the Use of the Poor of the Parish wherein such Offence shall be committed: Provided always, that no such Action, Suit, Bill, Plea or Information shall be brought or exhibited, but within the Space of Six Calendar Months next after the Offence committed; and that in case of any Second Prosecution for One Offence, the Person doubly prosecuted may plead in his Defence the former Prosecution pending, or the Conviction or Judgment thereupon had.

Persons under this Act may be sued for in the civil Use of Prosecutors.

Liable to a Prosecution. No 2nd Prosecution.

C. A. P. LXXVI.

An Act to subject Foreigners to Arrest and Detention for Smuggling when certain Distances of any of the Dominions of His Majesty; for regulating Rewards to the Seizing Officers, according to the Tonnage of Vessels or Boats seized and condemned; and for the better Prevention of the Importation of Tea without paying due Entry thereof with the Officers of Customs and Excise.

[5th June 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reiga, intituled *An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling*, it is enacted, that every Person being a Subject of His Majesty, who shall be found or taken on board or discovered to have been on board any Ship, Vessel or Boat liable to Forfeiture under any of the Provisions of that Act, or liable to Forfeiture under the Provisions of any other Act or Acts, for being found or having been at Anchor or hovering within any such Distances of any of the Dominions of His Majesty, with such Goods on board as aforesaid, shall, Vessel or Boat, or Goods, or Persons, and who shall not prove that he was only a Passenger on board such Ship, Vessel or Boat, and every Person found aiding or assisting in unshipping to be land on Land, or found carrying, conveying, concealing or assisting in the conveying away, conveying or concealing, any Foreign Brandy, Rum, Geneva or Spirits subject to Forfeiture under that Act, or any Law or Act relating to the Revenue of Customs

4 G. 1. c. 1.

• Customs or Excise in the United Kingdom, are liable to certain Penalties; and it is hereby made lawful for any Officer or Officers of the Army, Navy, Marines, Customs or Excise, and he and they is and are hereby authorized, empowered and required to stop, arrest and detain every such Person, being a Subject of His Majesty, and to convey the said Person before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace residing near to the Port or Place into which such Ship, Vessel or Boat shall be taken or carried, or near to the Place where any such Person shall be taken or arrested, to be dealt with, proceeded against or punished in the manner therein directed; and by another Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of His Majesty's said Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to amend Two Acts, passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty*, and in the last Session of Parliament, for the making more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling, and further Provisions are made for proceeding against such Persons before Justices of the Peace: And Whereas it is expedient to extend the Provisions of the said recited Acts to all Persons who are not Subjects of His Majesty bound within a certain Distance of any of the Dominions of His Majesty's said Majesty, Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person not being a Subject of His Majesty, who shall be found or taken on board, or discovered as having been on board any Ship, Vessel or Boat, within One League of any of the Dominions of His Majesty, such Ship, Vessel or Boat being liable to Forfeiture under any of the Provisions of the said recited Acts passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or liable to Forfeiture under the Provisions of any other Act or Acts, for being found or having been at Anchor or mooring within any such Distances of any of the Dominions of His Majesty, with such Goods on board as subject such Ship, Vessel or Boat, or Goods, to Forfeiture, and who shall not prove that he was only a Passenger on board such Ship, Vessel or Boat; and every Person not being a Subject of His Majesty, found within One League of any of the Dominions of His Majesty aiding or abetting in smuggling to be held on Land, or found carrying or concealing, concealing or abetting in carrying away, conveying or concealing, any Foreign Brandy, Rum, Geneva or Spirituall Subject to Forfeiture under the said recited Acts, or any Law, or Act relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise in the United Kingdom, shall forfeit for every such Offence either Twice the Value of the Goods that shall be found or taken from such Person or Persons, or the Sum of One hundred Pounds, as the Option and Subject to the Election and Discretion of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively who shall direct any Prosecution or Suit to be commenced against any such Person; such Penalty of Twice the Value or of One hundred Pounds, as the case may be, to be recovered as any like Penalty may be recovered under any Act or Acts relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise in the United Kingdom; and One half of every such Penalty of Twice the Value or of One hundred Pounds, shall go and be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons finding and taking and detaining such Person not being a Subject of His Majesty, or otherwise for the same; and such Person shall also be liable to such other Penalties as may by any Law or Act of Parliament be inflicted on any such Offender; and it shall be lawful for any Officer or Officers of the Army, Navy, Marines, Customs, Excise or Smuggling Prevention Boat Service, and he and they is and are hereby authorized, empowered and required to stop, arrest and detain every such Person, not being a Subject of His Majesty, and to convey the said Person before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace residing near to the Port or Place into which such Ship, Vessel or Boat shall be taken or carried, or near to the Place where any such Person shall be taken or arrested; and it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom any such Person is arrested as aforesaid shall be carried, on the Confession of any such Person of any such Offence as aforesaid with which he may be charged in any Information or Complaint to be three and three half or exhibited by any Officer of the Customs or Excise aforesaid, or as Proof thereof on the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, to commit such Person in such Penalty respectively as aforesaid; and every such Person is convicted as aforesaid, shall immediately on such Conviction pay down unto the Hands of such Officer the said Penalty in which he or he shall be so convicted; and if any such Person or Persons is convicted shall not forthwith pay down the said Penalty, the said Justice or Justices shall, and he and they is and are hereby respectively authorized and required, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, to commit the Person so convicted as aforesaid to any Gaol or Prison or House of Correction until such Penalty shall be paid; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs or Excise in England, Scotland or Ireland respectively, and they are hereby required, in cases where any such Person has been so convicted and committed to Prison as aforesaid, to award to the Person so detaining any such Man or Men any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds for each Man so convicted and committed to Prison.

• II. And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for, amongst other things, making more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling, and rewarding Officers and Persons making Seizures and capturing Smuggling Vessels, certain Rewards were allowed and made payable on the Value at which the Goods, Wares or Merchandise therein mentioned, seized by any Officer or Officers, should be respectively estimated or fixed by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively ordering and directing the Prosecutions: And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether such Rewards allowed and made payable by the said last recited Act as aforesaid, extended or took away the Rewards respectively granted and made payable by a certain Act made in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for, amongst other things, amending several Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs; and by a certain other Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for repealing the Duties on Tobacco and Snuff, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof; and of another Act made in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling, for or in respect of the Seizure of any Vessel or Boat which by Law should be liable to be broken up after Conviction, and not be used in His Majesty's Service, or sold to be employed or used as a Privateer in the manner

therein mentioned, or which, on account of the Bulk, Confusion, Detraction or Disruption thereof, should be liable to Perfection by any Act or Acts of Parliament to be broken up, and which at the time of the Session should be found in bulk or light, such Rewards being by the said Acts respectively made payable at and after certain Rates, according to the Tonnage of the Vessel or Boat loaded and condemned; and it is enacted to remove such Doubts: Be it therefore declared and enacted, That the said Rewards be granted and made payable by the said Act made in the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, do not repeal or take away, and shall not be deemed or construed to repeal or take away, the said Tonnage Rewards respectively granted by the said several Acts of the Twenty eighth, Twenty ninth and Forty fourth Years aforesaid; but that the said several Tonnage Rewards respectively granted and made payable by the said last mentioned Acts shall be allowed, and payable and paid, in all cases to which the same respectively apply, in the same manner as if the said several Acts of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, or a certain other Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, for the Amendment thereof, had not been made; any thing in the same or any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And Whereas by an Act made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, for, amongst other things, repealing certain Duties therein mentioned, payable upon Tea imported, and for granting certain Inland Duties in lieu thereof, it was enacted, that if any Person or Persons should import or bring any Tea which ought to be focused in such Warehouses as therein mentioned into Great Britain, and should not make due Entry thereof and bring the same into such Warehouses, the same should be and was thereby adjudged to be clandestinely run and unlawfully imported: And Whereas it is expedient, for the Prevention of the Swearing of Tea, to impose further Penalties in that behalf: Be it therefore further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall import or bring into, or cause or land, in Great Britain, or within the Limits of any of the Ports thereof, any Tea which ought by Law to be secured with the proper Officers of Customs and Excise respectively, and shall not make due Entries thereof, so that the Duties of Customs and Excise granted and imposed in respect of Tea may be respectively secured and paid for and in respect thereof, all such Tea imported, brought, unloaded or landed, shall be deemed and is hereby adjudged to be clandestinely run, and shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise; and the Person or Persons so offending, or aiding or assisting therein, or procuring, receiving, harbouring or concealing any run Tea, shall, for each and every such Offence, severally forfeit and lose the Sum of Ten Pounds for every Pound Weight thereof, or the Sum of One hundred Pounds, at the Election of His Majesty's Attorney General, or the Person or Persons who shall sue for or prosecute for the same; and no such Penalty shall be mitigated by any Justice or Justices before One fourth Part thereof; any thing in any former Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, and also by the last mentioned Act made in the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid, shall be paid for, recovered, issued or mitigated by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be sued for, recovered, issued or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in England respectively; and that, where where otherwise specially directed, One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them who shall deliver, inform or sue for the same.

C A P. LXXVII.

An Act to repeal the Duty upon Rock Salt delivered for feeding or mixing with the Food of Cattle, and imposing another Duty, and making other Provisions in lieu thereof. [5th June 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for altering and amending the Laws of Excise with respect to Salt and Rock Salt, it was enacted amongst other things, that for enabling Farmers to try the Effect of Salt in feeding Cattle, it should and might be lawful for any Owner or Proprietor of any Rock Salt Pit or Rock Salt Mine to sell and deliver from his, her or their Pit or Mine, or Warehouse or Storehouse adjoining thereto, such cattle and export Rock Salt as should be approved of by the proper Officer of Excise appointed for inspecting the same, in Lots or of not less Weight than Twenty Pounds each, to such Person or Persons, and in such Quantity and Quantities as should and might be granted by the Commissioners of Excise, for the Purpose of feeding or mixing with the Food of Sheep and Cattle, upon such Person or Persons paying Duty for the same at and after the Rate of Five Shillings per Bushel, and to be proportionate for any greater or less Quantity, and upon Bond being given to His Majesty by such Person or Persons, with sufficient Sureties to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or the Person or Persons appointed to take such Bond, in the Penalty of Double the Amount of the Duty upon Rock Salt delivered for Home Consumption, that the whole of the Rock Salt so delivered should be sold, given, consumed and employed by him, her or them, in feeding or mixing with the Food of Sheep or Cattle, and in no other manner, and to and for as other Use or Purpose whatsoever: Provided, that no further Quantity of Rock Salt should be delivered or afforded to any Person or Persons for such Purpose as aforesaid, until the Bond and Bonds given by such Person or Persons as the Delivery of every such Quantity should be satisfied and discharged; and further, that every such Bond should be satisfied and discharged, on a Certificate signed by the Person to whom such Rock Salt should have been delivered, and who thereupon should have given such Bond, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, and delivered by him, her or them to the Collector or Collectors by, for or they should reside, declaring the whole of such Rock Salt to have been sold, given, employed

Rewards granted by 18 G. 3. c. 108 do not take away the Tonnage Rewards previously all G. 3. c. 20. 29 G. 3. c. 28. 47 G. 3. c. 28.

10 G. 1. c. 25.

§ 17.

Tea colligated in G. 3. with out due Entry declared, and Penalty

Revenue and Application of Penalties.

23 G. 3. c. 29. § 1.

§ 17.

employed and confined in feeding or mixing with the Food of Sheep and Cattle, and in no other manner and to and for no other Use or Purpose whatsoever, and specifying in what manner and Proportions the same had been so used, what Description and Number of Sheep or Cattle had been fed therewith, on what Lands and where situated, and what Benefits appeared to have resulted therefrom; Provided always that no such Certificate should discharge any such Bond, unless such Collector as aforesaid should upon Inquiry be satisfied of the Truth thereof, and of the several Matters therein stated, and underwrite the same upon the same Certificate; and that if any such Certificate as aforesaid should not be signed and delivered as aforesaid to such Collector before the End of One Month after the Expiration of Twelve Months from the Bond being given and Rock Salt delivered as aforesaid, or should in any respect be false, or any of the Rock Salt delivered as aforesaid should be sold, spent, employed or consumed in any other manner, or for any other Use or Purpose, than feeding or mixing with the Food of Sheep or Cattle, the Penalty of the Bond given on the Delivery of any such Rock Salt should be forfeited and paid to His Majesty; and further that nothing therein contained should extend or be deemed or construed to extend to prevent any Person or Persons selling or transferring any Quantity of the Lumps or Pieces of coarse and impure Rock Salt which he, she or they should or might receive for the Purpose of feeding or mixing with the Food of Sheep or Cattle, under any such Bond as aforesaid, provided the Content and Appraisal of the Commissioners of Excise to and of such Transfer and Delivery should be first had and obtained, and such Bond and Security should be first given by the Person or Persons intending to receive the same as heretofore mentioned, which Bond should be taken and accepted by the Collector aforesaid in discharge or part discharge of the Bond given on the first Delivery of such Rock Salt from the Mine or Pit, in the Proportion and according to the Quantity in such subsequent Bond mentioned, and should be discharged by such Certificate as aforesaid, or the Penalty thereof enforced in like manner as if the same should have been given on the first Delivery of such Rock Salt as aforesaid: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal the Duty and Provisions heretofore enacted, and impose another Duty, and make other Provisions in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the Duty and Provisions heretofore enacted shall be and the same are hereby repealed, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears of the said Duty which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Bond already given as aforesaid, or to any Mine, Penury or Forthright, Farm, Pasture or Forthright, relating to any Rock Salt, which shall have been delivered under the said Provisions respectively before the passing of this Act, to be accounted for as aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any Owner or Proprietor of any Rock Salt Pit or Rock Salt Mine to sell and deliver from his, her or their Rock Salt Pit or Mine, or Warehouse or Storehouse adjoining thereto, such coarse and impure Rock Salt as shall be approved of by the proper Officer of Excise appointed for inspecting the same, in Lumps of not less Weight than Twenty Pounds each to such Person and Persons, and in such Quantity and Quantities as shall and may be granted by the Commissioners of Excise, for the Purpose of feeding or mixing with the Food of Sheep and Cattle, or for sowing Seed or preserving Hay, or being employed in Manure for Land, upon such Person or Persons paying Duty for the same at and after the Rate of Two Shillings and Sixpence per Bushel, and in proportion for any greater or less Quantity; such Rock Salt being accompanied, on its Removal from such Pit or Mine, or Warehouse or Storehouse, to the Place or Farm to which the same is to be sent with a Permit, as required by Law for Duty paid salt, expressing the Quantity and Quality thereof, and the Purpose for which the same is removed and intended.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Person or Persons to or for whose Use such Rock Salt as aforesaid shall be sold or delivered as aforesaid, shall upon the Receipt of such Rock Salt, or within Two Days afterwards, deliver such Permit as aforesaid to the proper Officer of Excise, and shall be and remain accountable for the whole of such Rock Salt being sold, spent, consumed and employed by him, her or them in feeding or mixing with the Food of Sheep or Cattle, or for sowing Seed or preserving Hay, or in Manure for Land, and in no other Way or manner, and to or for no other Use or Purpose whatsoever: Provided that no further Quantity of Rock Salt shall be delivered as aforesaid to any Person or Persons who shall have already received any such Rock Salt for any of such Purpose as aforesaid, until such Certificate be given by such Person or Persons in respect of such prior Quantity of Rock Salt as heretofore mentioned.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Person and Persons to whom any such Rock Salt shall be sold or delivered as aforesaid shall, before the End of One Month after the Expiration of Twelve Months from the Delivery thereof, give and deliver a Certificate, signed by such Person or Persons, his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, or Steward to the Collector of Excise as aforesaid Collection by, by or they shall certify, declaring that the whole of such Rock Salt has been sold, spent, employed or consumed in feeding or mixing with the Food of Sheep and Cattle, or in sowing Seed, or in preserving Hay, or as Manure for Land, as delivered over as heretofore mentioned, and in no other Way or manner, and to or for no other Use or Purpose whatsoever, and specifying in what manner and Proportions the same has been so used, what Description and Number of Sheep and Cattle has been fed therewith, on what Lands and where situated, and what Benefits appear to have resulted therefrom: and that if such Certificate as aforesaid shall not be signed and delivered within such time as aforesaid, or shall in any respect be false, or if any of the Rock Salt be delivered as aforesaid shall be sold, spent, employed or consumed in any other Way or manner, or to or for any other Use or Purpose than as aforesaid, the Person

The said Duty and Provisions repealed.

Rock Salt in Lumps and in bulk shall be delivered for feeding Cattle, &c. on any one bushel of Off-Set and Payment of a Duty of 2s. 6d. per Bushel to be returned by Permit.

Permit to be delivered to Collector within Two Days after the Delivery of such Rock Salt.

No further Quantity of Rock Salt to be delivered until Certificate is given.

Rock Certificate to be delivered to Collector within One Month after the Delivery of such Rock Salt, declaring that the Salt has been consumed in feeding Cattle, &c.

or Persons in effecting said for every such Offense herein and to the Sum of Forty Shillings per Bushel of such Rock Salt so delivered as aforesaid, or One hundred Pounds, at the Election of His Majesty's Attorney General, or the Person or Persons who shall sue or prosecute for the same; and that no such Penalty shall be mitigated by any Justice or Justices below One Fourth Part thereof, any thing is any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that a Bull and may be lawful to or for any Person or Persons to whom or for whose Use any such Rock Salt shall be sold or delivered as aforesaid, to apply to the several Excise Office for, and for each Office with the Approbation of the Commissioners of Excise to grant such Permit or Permits as aforesaid for the farther Removal of any Part of such Rock Salt to any other Farm or Land as the Possession of the same, or any other Person, for such Purpose only as aforesaid; and that thereupon the Person or Persons to whom such Rock Salt shall be removed and delivered, shall within Two Days after the Receipt of such Rock Salt deliver such Permit as aforesaid to the several Office of Excise, and shall be accountable and give such Certificate as aforesaid within such time as aforesaid for the Employment thereof, and be subject to the like Regulations and Penalties as aforesaid in all respects as if such Rock Salt had been delivered to him, her or them from the Rock Salt Pit or Rock Salt Mine from which the same was produced, or the Warehouse or Storehouse adjoining thereto; and that such Delivery over of such Rock Salt shall be specified in the Certificate, and taken and accepted by such Collector as aforesaid in Part Discharge of the Account of the Person to whom such Rock Salt had been first delivered from such Mine, Pit, Warehouse or Storehouse as aforesaid.

Y. And be it further enacted, That the said Duty hereby imposed shall be raised, leased, collected, recovered, accounted for, paid and applied as aforesaid, and in or by any or either of the general or special Customs, Wares or Merchandise by which the former Duty of Excise hereby imposed was or might be raised, leased, collected, recovered, paid or applied, as the said Customs, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, or any or either of them shall be respectively called, named, collected, recovered, paid or applied, and the said Duty hereby imposed, shall be and be the same as hereby made Subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures (except as hereby expressly provided) which the said Customs, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities were generally or specially Subject and liable by the said Statutes made, or by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the making of this Act, notwithstanding the Statute Enacted.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by such Ways, Means or Methods (except as hereby altered), as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Exchequer, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Plein or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, respectively; and that One Ministry of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Executors, and the other Ministry to him, her or them who shall deliver the same, or one for the same.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof may be altered, varied or extended by any Act to be made in this Session of Parliament.

CAP. LXXVIII

An Act to make further Provision for the better securing the Collection of the Duties on Malt, and to amend the Laws relating to Breweries in Ireland. 18th June 1868

AND WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the better securing the Collection of the Duties on Malt, and to amend the Laws relating to Breweries in Ireland: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, in each of as Acts made in the Forty sixth Year of His most Majesty's Reign, entitled *an Act for improving the Quality of Beer in England by further promoting the Use of purified Cereals, or of any detraction or amputation Impurities therein; and for the better securing the Collection of the Malt Duties in Ireland*; as prohibits the Removal or Conveyance of any Malt into the Malt, Brewery or Malt House of any Brewer or other Person therein mentioned, without Permit, or as relates to any such Permit, or Request, Note or Requisition for any such Permit as therein mentioned, shall be and the same is hereby repealed, and except in far as any matters or relations in the foregoing, being law, occurring or lying any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture which shall or may have been or shall be incurred under the said Act before the Commencement of this Act.

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2. *Thymopressin* and
3. *Thymopressin*

Black Salt may be a natural remedy for heartburn.

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Discussion and Applications of Ergonomics

As may be
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The Mink returned last night, however, and, without a further report, disappeared.

or in the Permit which shall be granted for the Removal of such Malt; or if the Liquor or Worts shall not be entirely drained off at the time for that Purpose specified in such Request Note or Requisition and Permit, then in such and every such case such Brewer shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and every such Permit shall from time to time be delivered by such Brewer, or his or her Servant, to the Surveyor or other Officer of Excise in Charge of the Brewery of such Brewer within Twelve Hours after the Expiration of the time for which such Permit shall be in force, or at any time within said Twelve Hours, on Demand thereof made by such Officer; and if such Permit shall not be delivered to such Officer accordingly, such Brewer shall forfeit for every Neglect the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Possibly 30l.
Permit to be delivered in Office.

Possibly 30l.
Specimen Papers are to be put up by Brewer in proper Place;

III. And he is further enacted, That Papers called Specimen Papers shall be provided and furnished to every such Brewer by any Officer of Excise in Charge of such Brewery from time to time as shall be requisite, in order that every Officer of Excise may take thereon his Visit at such Brewery, and the Gauge depending on such Visit; and every such Brewer who shall from time to time be furnished with any such Specimen Paper shall cause the same to be fixed on a Board conveniently made for that Purpose, and to be hung or put up in some public and conspicuous Place in the Brewhouse, or that Part of the Brewery wherein the Malt Tun or Kieve shall be kept, and shall preserve and keep the same in put up in such Place and in such manner that any Officer of Excise visiting such Brewery may view such Specimen Paper, and make Entries therein; and if any such Brewer shall not put up or keep and preserve such Specimen Paper in manner herein directed, unavoidable Accident excepted, Proof whereof shall be on the Brewer, every such Brewer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Possibly 30l.
Before Delivery of Request Note Brewer to make certain Particular Entries Specimen Paper

IV. And he is further enacted, That every Brewer shall, before the Delivery of any Request Note or Requisition for any Permit for the Removal of any such Malt as aforesaid, enter or cause to be entered in Writing in the said Specimen Paper the Date of such Request Note or Requisition, and the Number of Barrels of Malt which such Brewer intends to malt or brew, and the Day and Hour of the Day on which such Brewer intends to begin to malt or brew such Malt, and the Day and Hour of the Day when the Liquor or Worts will be entirely off; and if any Brewer shall not make or cause to be made such Entries, or any and every of them, in the said Specimen Paper, every such Brewer shall for every such Default or Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Possibly 30l.
If Malt found in Malt Tun, &c. exceeding Quantity specified in Permit, Brewer forfeit, and possibly 30l.

V. And he is further enacted, That whenever there shall be found in any Malt Tun or Kieve of any Brewer any Quantity of dry Malt ground or bruised, whereby the Gauge thereof taken by any Officer of Excise in such Malt Tun or Kieve, shall exceed the Quantity specified in the Permit which shall have been granted for the Removal of such Malt when engrossed into such Malt Tun or Kieve, above the Rate or beyond the Proportion of Six Barrels of such ground or bruised Malt for every Five Barrels of such engrossed Malt: Is permitted, and is in proportion for any greater or less Quantity, then and in every such case all such excess Quantity of ground or bruised Malt shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, and the Brewer in whose Malt Tun or Kieve such Excise shall be found shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Malt found not to be removed out of Malt Tun, &c. in any Time after the Hour, or Two Hours in any other Place, after time specified in Permit mentioned: Is removed before time mentioned, to be preserved or consumed by Officer, possibly 100l.

VI. And he is further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to remove the Grains of any Malt out of the Malt Tun or Kieve in any Brewery situated in any City or Town until after the Expiration of Two Hours next after the time which shall be specified, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, in the Request Note or Requisition and Permit for such Malt, at the Hour when the Liquor or Worts shall be entirely drained off, in order that the Officer of Excise may examine and gauge the same in a drained State in such Malt Tun or Kieve; and all such Grains shall be culled during the Space of such Hour or Two Hours respectively, or until such time within the said Hour or Two Hours respectively as the same shall be examined and gauged, to remain and shall be kept in such Malt Tun or Kieve in an undrained State; and if the Grains of any Quantity of Malt which shall have been malted or brewed shall be removed out of the Malt Tun or Kieve before the Expiration of such One Hour or Two Hours respectively, unless the same shall be examined and gauged by the Officer, or if any Grains of any Malt, after the same shall have been malted or brewed, shall not be kept during the said Hour or Two Hours respectively in an undrained State, as hereinbefore directed, unless the same shall be so examined and gauged, then and in every such case every such Brewer shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Grains found in Malt Tun, &c. exceeding Quantity specified in Permit, after the Hour mentioned, possibly 30l.

VII. And he is further enacted, That whenever there shall be found in the Malt Tun or Kieve of any Brewer the Grains of any Quantity of Malt after the same shall have been malted or brewed, and the Worts or Liquor drained off, and that the Quantity of such Grains shall, by the Gauge thereof taken by any Officer of Excise in such drained State, exceed the Quantity specified in the Permit which shall have been granted for the Removal of such Malt into such Malt Tun or Kieve, after making a Deduction in the Proportion of One Barrel for every Twenty five Barrels of the Quantity of engrossed Malt specified in the Permit, then and in every such case the said Brewer shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Permit to engross Quantity of Malt in undrained

VIII. And he is further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Officer of Excise to grant any Permit for the Removal of any Malt, unless such Permit shall express the Quantity of Malt as engrossed, and not as a ground or bruised State.

Feeding Malt together, or preserving slight Grains, possibly 20l.
No note to deliver in Excise

IX. And he is further enacted, That if any Malt ground or bruised, whether in a dry State or malting or mated, or if the Grains of any ground Malt after being mated shall be trodden, pressed or otherwise forced together in the Malt Tun or Kieve of any Brewer, or if any other Means or Contrivance shall be used to or as to prevent a true and proper Gauge being taken thereof, then and in every such case every such Brewer shall for such and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

X. And he is further enacted, That every Person who shall be licensed as a Brewer in Ireland at the time of the Commencement of this Act, shall and is hereby required, within One Calendar Month next after the Commence-

Commencement of this Act, to deliver or make to be delivered, at the Excise Office of the District in which the Brewery of such Brewer shall be situate, an Account in Writing under his or her Hand, or under the Hand of some Person for whom such Brewer shall be responsible, setting forth the true Length, Breadth, Depth and Area of each and every Malt Tun or Kieve of such Brewer, and the Number of Barrels of dry Malt ground which each such Malt Tun or Kieve is capable of containing or brewing; and in default of delivering such Account, or causing such Account to be delivered, within the time aforesaid, or at any time or times Account of any of the Particulars aforesaid shall be delivered, every such Brewer shall in every such case forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and every Malt Tun or Kieve of which such Account shall not be delivered, or of which any false or untrue Account shall be delivered, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

XI. And be it further enacted, That before any Licence shall be granted to any Brewer at any time after the Commencement of this Act, every such Brewer shall, in the Entry or Registry which such Brewer is by Law required to make previous to obtaining a Licence, in addition to the Matters by Law required to be inserted therein, set forth the true Length, Breadth, Depth and Area of each and every Malt Tun or Kieve belonging to such Brewer, and the Number of Barrels of dry Malt ground which each such Kieve is capable of containing or brewing; and in default of setting forth such Particulars, or any and every of them in such Entry or Registry, such Licence shall not be granted to such Person; and if any of such Particulars shall be falsely or entirely false, or set forth in any such Entry or Registry, the Brewer by or on whose behalf the same shall have been made shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every such Offence; and every Malt Kieve, in the Entry or Registry whereof any of the Particulars aforesaid shall be falsely or entirely false or in any sort, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in each of the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid as relates to any Brewer or other Person making or purveying to make Ale, Beer, Porter or Small Beer, having in his or her Brewery, or in any Part of the Premises connected therewith, any raw or unmaltd Corn ground or bruised, and also in each of the said Acts made in the Fifty third Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Collection of the Duty on Malt made in Ireland*, as declares it unlawful for any Brewer to have in his or her Brewery, or in any Part of the Premises connected therewith, any raw or unmaltd Corn or Grain ground or bruised, mixed or unmixed with any malted Corn or Grain; and also in each of the said Acts made in the Fifty fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Revenue, matters and things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland*, as declares it unlawful for any Brewer to have in his or her Brewery, or any Part of the Premises connected with his or her Brewery, any raw or unmaltd Kils and Barley or Beans, mixed or unmaltd with any other Corn or Grain malted or unmaltd; and also in each of the said several Acts or any of them as imposes any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture touching any of the Matters aforesaid, or as relates to the licensing of any Licence to any Brewer or other Person aforesaid, shall from and after the Commencement of this Act cease and determine, and shall be, and the same is and are hereby repealed, save and except in far as may concern the prohibiting, taxing for, levying or collecting any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture which shall or may be incurred under the said Acts or any of them on or before the Commencement of this Act; all which Statutes, Matters and other Proceedings shall and may be proceeded on and had to all Intent and Purposes as if the said heretofore recited Provisions had not been repealed in manner aforesaid.

XIII. And for the better preventing the Use of raw or unmaltd Corn by Brewers in Ireland, be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Brewer to have in his or her Brewery, or in any Part of the Premises connected with such Brewery, any raw or unmaltd Corn or Grain, whether whole or unground or unground or ground or bruised; and that all such or unmaltd Corn or Grain, whether whole or unground or unground or ground or bruised, which shall be found in such Brewery or Premises, and all malted Corn or Grain, whether whole or unground or ground or bruised, with which such raw or unmaltd Corn or Grain may have been mixed, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, together with all Barrels, Vessels or Packages in which such raw or unmaltd Corn or Grain shall or may be contained, or in which such raw or unmaltd Corn or Grain, and the malted Corn or Grain with which such raw or unmaltd Corn or Grain may or shall have been mixed, shall or may be contained; and all Horses or other Beasts of Burthen, Carts, Drays and other Carriages, which shall be found conveying, drawing, bearing or carrying any such Corn or Grain respectively, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and every such Brewer shall for the First Offence forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and for the Second and every subsequent Offence the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in each of the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth Year of His said Majesty's Reign as prohibits any Brewer or other Person in Ireland from using any Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Molasses, Vernal, Quassia, Coralline Balances, Galls of Persia, Green Peppers, or any Ingredient whatsoever which shall possess any deleterious or unwholesome Quality, in the making or brewing any Beer, Porter, Ale or Small Beer, and also in each of the said Acts as imposes any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture touching or concerning any of the Matters aforesaid; and also in each of the said Acts as provides that anything therein contained shall be construed to prevent any Person Brewer from using any Article known by the Name of Colouring, made or prepared from burnt Sugar only, and reduced to a finer Liquid by the Infusion of Water; and also in each of the said Acts as imposes any Penalty or Forfeiture on any Brewer using in the brewing of any Beer, Porter, Ale or Small Beer, any Extract from Sugar not of the aforesaid Description, or any Colouring possessing any deleterious or unwholesome Quality, shall from and after the Commencement of this Act be and the same is hereby repealed, save and except in far as may concern the prohibiting,

Office of Assessment of Malt Tuns, in Particular.

Before obtaining Licence, Brewer to make Entry to the third District of Malt Tuns, &c.

Penalty 10s.

49 G. 3. c. 53. s. 22.

51 G. 3. c. 54. s. 2.

and 54 G. 3. c. 165. s. 4. repealed.

Raw or unmaltd Corn or Grain, discovered in any Brewery furnished, &c. together with Packages, &c.

First Offence 200. Subsequent Offences 500.

49 G. 3. c. 53. s. 12. repealed.

prosecuting, suing for, trying or recovering any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture which shall or may be incurred under the said A.B. on or before Commencement of this A.B.; all which Suits, Motions and other Proceedings shall and may be proceeded on and had, to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Remedial oratory Provisions had not been enacted to the contrary thereof.

Mr. Langer
granted me
a pass to visit the
prison near
Brest, condition-
ed not to visit
any other inter-
national zone or
making plans.
He wanted to
see any papers
I had about
Russia. He said,

XV. And for the further preventing of the Use or sale or unsorted Corn, and of any deleterious or unwholesome Ingredients by Brewers in England, be it enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act no Licence shall be granted to any Person or Persons in England to brew Strong Beer, Porter or Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, unless such Person or Persons shall have first entered into a Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors in the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with Two solvent Sureties in the Sum of One hundred Pounds each, to be approved of by the Person empowered by Law to grant such Licence, and to be conditioned that such Brewer or Brewers shall not use any raw or unsorted Corn in the brewing or making of any Beer, Brer, Ale or Porter, nor shall receive or take into or have in his, her or their Cellary, Power or Possession, nor make or use or mix with or put into any Wort, Brer, Ale or Porter, nor shall receive or take into or have in his, her or their Cellary, Power or Possession, nor make or use or mix with or put into any Wort, Brer, Ale or Porter for the Purpose of deriding the Colour of such Worts, Brer, Ale or Porter, any Liqueur, Extract, Cals, or other Material or Preparation, other than Brown Malt ground or unground, as commonly used in brewing, nor shall receive or take into or have in his, her or their Cellary, Power or Possession, or use or mix with or put into any Wort, Brer, Ale or Porter, any Sugar Water, Distilled Spirit, Wash, Sugar, Molasses, Honey, Liqueur, Vinous, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Gentian, Callamander or Liqueur Root, or any Extract or Preparation of Sugar Worts, Distilled Spirit, Wash, Sugar, Molasses, Honey, Liqueur, Vinous, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Gentian, Callamander or Liqueur Root, or any Article or Preparation whatsoever, for or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops, or any Ingredient whatsoever which shall possess any deleterious or unwholesome Quality; and further conditioned that such Person or Persons shall not be set to Hire or sold as Housewife, Brewing Pan or Utensil for brewing or making any Wort, Brer, Ale or Porter, or being any Person to use the Housewife of such Person or Persons, or any Brewing Pan or Utensil for brewing thereof.

Mr. Paul Lawrence
groaned, inside
the Party vein
and belatedly the
following:
in 1910 or

XVI. And be it further enabled, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, no License shall be granted to any Person or Persons, pretending to have Strong Beer, Porter or Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, within and about the Port or Ports to whom or to which such full License shall be required, or from any one of them, being the said Partner or Person concerned in the Brewery for which such full License shall be required, that they and either as Affidavit, or (being Co-Owner or Quaker) a solemn Affirmation before the Collector of Excise or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties in which such Brewery shall be Situated, or before such other Officer or Person as the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, shall appoint to administer the same, and every such Collector, Officer or other Person respectively, is hereby authorized and required to administer such Affidavit or Affirmation in the Power or to the Effect following: (That is to say,)

1. A. B. on whole behalf and for whole life (together with C. D. or others, if there be Two or more Partners) a License is required to brew Strong Beer, Porter or Ale, or Small Beer for Sale (as the case may be), at, or in the County of _____ [or City or Town, as the case may be], of _____ the hereby solemnly swear [or affirm], That I will not distill or indirectly assist or permit or suffer, or be party or privy to the making, promoting or selling, any new or Corn wharves, or any malted Corn which had not been duly charged with the Duty on Malt, or any Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Molasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indica, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Gentian, Callamander, Liquorice Root, or any Extract or Preparation of Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Molasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indica, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Gentian, Callamander or Liquorice Root, or any Astringe or Preparation whatever, for or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops, or any Ingredient whatever which shall possess any deleterious or unwholesome Ingredients, to be used in the brewing or making of any Wines, Beer, Ale or Porter, or in the making or preparing any Liquor to imitate or to resemble, or to be mixed with, or be used, sold or disposed of or delivered away for Beer, Ale or Porter; and that I will not sell, dispose of, lend or deliver, or cause to be sold, disposed of, lent or delivered to any Person or Persons whatsoever, as or for Beer, Ale or Porter, any Liquor made or prepared from any new Corn, or from any malted Corn which had not been duly charged with the Duty on Malt, or in the making whereof any such new Corn or any malted Corn which had not been charged with the Duty on Malt, or any Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Molasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indica, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Gentian, Callamander, Liquorice Root, or any other Ingredient whatever which shall possess any deleterious or unwholesome Quality, shall have been any way used; and that I will not assist, or permit or suffer, or be party or privy to the making, promoting or selling, any new or unwholesome Corn pressed or brewed, or any Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Molasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indica, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Gentian, Callamander or Liquorice Root, to be brought into or kept in the said Brewery or Premises connected therewith; and I do hereby also solemnly swear [or affirm] That no other Person or Persons is or are concerned or engaged in the said Brewery, with me (except the said C. D. or others) [or the said _____].

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Bonds, Affidavits or Affirmations respectively heretofore required and set forth, shall be in law and in effect as if any Bonds, Affidavits, Oath or Affirmation required by

any former Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, to be entered into or made by any Brewer, in *Ireland*, and if any Licensee to have for Sale any Strong Beer, Porter, Ale or Small Beer, shall be granted to any Person or Persons by or on behalf of such Authority, Oath or Affirmation shall not have been made, or if any Person or Persons, other than such as shall be specified in such Affidavit, Oath or Affirmation, shall be concerned or engaged as a Partner or Partners in the Brewery for which such License shall be granted, such License shall be forfeited, and shall be and become null and void.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Brewer or Brewsters, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, Ale or Porter in *Ireland*, shall at any time after the Commencement of this Act receive or take into, or have in his, her or their Custody, Power or Possession, or make or use or mix with or put into any Wort, Beer, Ale or Porter, any Liquor, Extract, Calx, or other Material or Preparations, for the Purpose of darkening the Colour of Worts, Beer, Ale or Porter, other than Brown Malt, ground or unground, as commonly sold in *Brewing*, or shall receive or take into or have in his, her or their Custody, Power or Possession, or use or mix with or put into any Wort, Beer, Ale or Porter, any Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Molasses, Honey, Liquorice, Virrid, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Gentian, Callamus or Liquorice Root, or any Extract or Preparation of Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Molasses, Honey, Liquorice, Virrid, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Gentian, Callamus or Liquorice Root; or shall receive or take into or have in his, her or their Custody, Power or Possession, or use or mix with or put into any Wort, Beer, Ale or Porter, any Article or Preparation whatsoever for or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops, or any Ingredient whatsoever which shall possess any deleterious or unsalutiferous Quality; all such Liquor, Extract, Calx, Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Molasses, Honey, Virrid, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Gentian, Callamus, Liquorice Root, Article, Preparation and Ingredient as aforesaid, and also the said Worts, Beer, Ale and Porter respectively, together with every Cask or Vessel or other Package containing the same, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise; and such Brewer or Brewsters, Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, Ale or Porter, so offending as aforesaid, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Druggist or Chymist, or Vendor or Dealer in Drugs, or other Person or Persons whatsoever in *Ireland*, shall at any time after the Commencement of this Act sell or send or deliver, or cause or procure, permit or suffer to be sold or sent or delivered, to any Brewer or Brewsters of Beer, Ale or Porter for Sale, or to any Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, Ale or Porter, knowing him, her or them to be such Brewer or Brewsters, Dealer or Dealers, or Retailer or Retailers, or to be reputed to be so; or shall sell or send or deliver, or cause or procure to be sold or sent or delivered to any other Person or Persons, for or on account of, or in Trust for, or for the Use of any such Brewer or Brewsters, or Dealer or Dealers, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, Ale or Porter, any Liquor called or known by the Name or Description of or sold as Coloursing, from whatever Material or Materials the same may have been made, or any other Material or Preparation other than unground Brown Malt, for the Purpose of darkening the Colour of Worts, Beer, Ale or Porter, or any Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Molasses, Honey, Liquorice, Virrid, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Gentian, Callamus or Liquorice Root, or any Extract or Preparation of Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Molasses, Honey, Liquorice, Virrid, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Gentian, Callamus or Liquorice Root, or any Article or Preparation to be used in Worts, Beer, Ale or Porter, but or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops respectively, or any Ingredient whatsoever which shall possess any deleterious or unsalutiferous Quality; all such Liquor called or known by the Name or Description of or sold as Coloursing, and every Material or Preparation for the Purpose aforesaid, and every Liquor and Preparation to be used for or in the darkening the Colour of Worts, Beer, Ale or Porter, other than unground Brown Malt, and any Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Molasses, Honey, Liquorice, Virrid, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Gentian, Callamus, Liquorice Root, and any Extract or Preparation of Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Molasses, Honey, Liquorice, Virrid, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Gentian, Callamus and Liquorice Root, and any Article or Preparation to be used for or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops, shall be forfeited, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise; and the Druggist or Druggists, Vendor or Vendors of or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, or Chymist or Chymists, or other Person or Persons whatsoever so offending, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer of Excise or his Assistant shall be hindered, obstructed or prevented by any Brewer, or by any Servant or Person acting in the Employment of such Brewer, from gauging and taking an Account of any Malt Tun or Kieve, or of any Malt or any Guinea of any Malt, or from examining any Beer, Ale or Porter in the Brewery or Premises of such Brewer, or from performing any Part of the Duty of such Officer, in the Execution of this Act, or of any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* respecting Beers, every such Brewer for every such Offence shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That to every Stave, Lock or other Place belonging to any Brewery, which Stave, Lock or Place shall be used for keeping Malt, there shall be kept Stave or Stave sufficient to enable any Officer of Excise who shall enter such Brewery at all times to have convenient and easy Access to the several Lods, Staves, Floors or other Places belonging to such Brewery; and to every Malt Tun or Kieve belonging to such Brewery; and every such Officer shall on Demand at such Brewery be furnished with Lights sufficient to enable him to view, gauge and take an Account of every Malt Tun or Kieve, and of all

Beer of other
required by
former Acts.
In what cases
Licenses may

Brewers using
an unground
proper Ma-
terials, or having
specimens

Penalty noted.

Druggist, de-
manding re or on
account of
Brewery, his
both Malms
as herein de-
scribed

Penalty paid.

Officer of
Excise;

Penalty paid.
Staves, &c. for
keeping Malt in
Brewery.
And Officer is
to be furnished
with Lights to
enter in Account
of Malt Tun,
&c.

Penalty not.

Brewers in fact
with Officers and
Persons and In-
struments for
small Malt, &c.

Penalty not.

Penalty Acts
continued in
this Act.

Corn making
large Malt, and
not having been
put on the Scale
within six Days,
charged with
Duty.

Penalty not.

Receiving and
Applying of
Fines.

Irish Act,
14th & 15th C. 2.
18th J. 2nd ed.

Commencement
of Act.

Malt and Grain in such Brewery, and to view and examine all Bars, Ale or Porter in such Brewery, and in every Floor, Loft, Store or other Place therein; and for every Neglect or Default in either of the said cases such Brewer shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Brewer shall refuse or neglect to furnish any Officer of Excise, on Demand made by such Officer, with a sufficient Number of Persons provided with Shovels or other sufficient Instruments for leveling all Malt to be gauged by such Officer, or shall neglect, or refuse to enable such Persons to level the same, or to leave sufficient Head Room or Space between the Ceiling or Roof of any Store or Room and the Surface of the Malt therein, so as to enable such Officer to take a correct Gauge thereof with Convenience, every such Brewer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Clauses, Provisions, Rules and Regulations contained in any Act or Acts relating to Brewers in force in Ireland at or immediately before the Commencement of this Act, and not expressly altered or repealed by this Act, shall be applied and put in Practice in the Execution of this Act as fully and effectually to all Intent and Purposes as if the said Clauses, Provisions, Rules and Regulations were enacted and re-enacted in this Act; and the said Acts and this Act shall be construed together as one Act, so far as the same are consistent and compatible with each other.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in every case where it shall appear by the Stock Account kept by any Officer of Excise in Charge of the Malthouse of any Malster or Maker of Malt in Ireland, that any Corn or Grain making into Malt shall not have been put on the Scale within Eighteen Days from the Day mentioned in the Notice for the Weighing thereof, and entered in such Stock Account as the Day of the Weighing thereof, such Corn or Grain shall be considered as Malt; and the Malster or Maker of Malt in whose Malthouse such Corn or Grain shall be found, shall be charged with Duty for the same after the Rate of One Bushel of Malt for every Bushel of such Corn or Grain, and such Malster or Maker of Malt shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be paid and payable in British Currency, and shall be paid for, recovered and applied in the same manner, and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the Recovery of any Penalties or Forfeitures in and by an Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled *An Act for the Settling the English or new English upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, matters and things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Recovery of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intent and Purposes as if the same were hereto expressed and enacted, with the like Words of Appeal so used for the Forty or Fiftieth year of the second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

C. A. P. LXXIX.

An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for granting Duties on Auctions in Ireland. [14th June 1818.]

WHEREAS in and by an Act made in the Fifty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Auctions in Ireland, in lieu of former Duties thereon, and to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the said Duties, and in respect thereto*; and certain Catalogues, Declarations, Accounts, Notices and Returns are required to be delivered by Auctioneers to the Office of the Examiner of Auction Duties in Dublin, and certain Oaths are required to be made before such Examiner, and such Examiner is authorized to administer such Oaths, and such Examiner is required to rectify Errors in the Amount of Duty chargeable on Auctioneers, and to make certain Allowances to the Owners of Estates or Effects put up to Sale by Auction, and certain other matters and things are required to be done by or at the Office of such Examiner; and it is expedient that the said Act so entitled Act as relates to the said Examiner, or to the Duties of his Office, should be repealed: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, all Clauses, Powers, Provisions, Rules, Regulations and Directions contained in the said recited Act, in far as the same relate to the Examiner of the Auction Duty or Duties, and all matters and things required by the said Act to be done by such Examiner, or by any Auctioneer or other Person with reference to such Examiner, or at the Office of such Examiner, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, all Acts, matters and things by the said Act authorized or required to be done by the said Examiner, or at the Office of the said Examiner in Dublin, within three several jurisdictions, as the said may require, or at the Office of such Collectors, except where any other special Provision is made by this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Auctioneer within any Part of the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within Six Miles of the Walls of Dublin, shall be and is hereby required to deliver all and every Catalogue,

Catalogue, Account and other Document of such and every Sale, intended to be held or which shall be held by him within any Part of the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or in any Place within Six Miles of the Castle of Dublin, to the Collector of Excise for the City of Dublin, who shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes, with respect to such Sales, to be the Collector of the District within which such Sale shall be had or intended to be had, within the Meaning of the said recited Act and this Act, and every such Auctioneer shall pay the Duty on every such Sale to such Collector; and every Auctioneer in any other Part of the District of Dublin, not being within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within Six Miles of the Castle of Dublin, shall and he is hereby required to deliver all and every Catalogue, Account and other Document of such and every Sale intended to be held or which shall be held by him in any Place within the District of the Excise Office of Dublin, not being within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within Six Miles of the Castle of Dublin, to the Collector of Excise for the County of Dublin, who shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes, with respect to such Sales, to be the Collector of the District within which such Sale shall be had or be intended to be had, within the Meaning of the said recited Act and this Act, and every such Auctioneer shall pay the Duty on every such Sale to such Collector.

III. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where the real Owner of any Estate, Goods, Chattels or Effects put up to Sale by way of Auction in Ireland shall be the real Purchaser by means of his own Bidding or the Bidding of any Person on his behalf or for his Use at such Sale, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, on Proof thereof being made to the Satisfaction of them or any Three of them, to order an Allowance to be made to the Owner of such Estate, Goods, Chattels or Effects of the Duties arising under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland upon such Bidding or Sale.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Error shall be discovered in any Charge of Duty against any Auctioneer by charging such Auctioneer with a greater Amount of Duty than ought to have been charged against such Auctioneer, it shall and may be lawful for him to make his Complaint within Six Calendar Months next after the Error shall have been discovered to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, who are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine such Complaint, and upon Proof thereof to reduce the Party in complaining from its mouth of the Duty as it shall appear to have been overcharged; and if such Duty shall have been paid, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to repay the same; and in case it shall be proved that any Error has been committed by charging any Auctioneer with a less Amount of Duty than ought to have been charged, it shall and may be lawful for the Officer who shall have discovered such Error, and he is hereby required, to rectify the same as speedily as may be convenient, and to report the same to the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, who are hereby required to give Notice to such Auctioneer of the Amount of the Deficiency of the Duty in consequence of such Error; and if such Auctioneer shall not within Six Calendar Months after such Notice show sufficient Cause to such Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes why he should not be charged with and pay such Deficiency, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to order a Return to be made by such Officer or by any other Officer to the Office of the Collector of Excise of the District in which the erroneous Charge was returned, and the Duty specified in the Return of such Officer shall be a Surcharge on such Auctioneer; and if such Auctioneer shall not on Demand, or within Ten Days next after, pay the full Amount of such Duties in surcharged, such Auctioneer shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount of the Duty which shall be in surcharge; provided that no such Return shall be a Surcharge on any Auctioneer, unless it shall have been made, and the Amount demanded, within Six Calendar Months after the Discovery of the Error.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall exercise the Trade or Business of an Auctioneer in Ireland shall, Ten Days at the least before the Commencement of any Sale by way of Auction, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Surveyor or Gauger of the Walk in which such Sale is intended to be held, a written or printed Notice, signed by such Auctioneer or by his known Clerk in his behalf, setting forth the particular Place where such Sale is intended to be held, and the Day and Hour when the same is to begin; and if any Auctioneer shall fail or put up to Sale by way of Auction any Estate, Goods, Chattels or Effects, without having delivered or caused to have been delivered such Notice as aforesaid, every such Auctioneer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Auctioneer who shall sell by Auction any Goods distrained for Non Payment of Rent, shall at such Auction sell any Goods which were not so distrained for Rent, or shall sell more of the Goods so distrained than shall be necessary to be sold to discharge the Amount of Rent for which the Distress had been made, together with the Costs and Expenses attending the Distress and Sale, such Auctioneer shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, in their Discretion to revoke any License to any Person to sell by Auction, in case such Person in Ireland shall have committed any Fraud or Offence against the said recited Act or this Act which shall subject such Person to a Penalty of Twenty Pounds or upwards; and it shall and may also be lawful for the said Commissioners or any Three of them to prohibit the issuing or granting a License to sell by Auction to any Person who shall have been so convicted; and if any Person whose License shall have been so revoked, or whom a Notice shall have been served of such License being revoked, signed by such Commissioners or any Three of them, shall vend, sell or put up to Sale any Estate, Goods, Chattels or Effects by way of Auction, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Catalogue and Account of Sales to the Collector of Excise and paying the Duty.

Allowance to Owners by way of Auction, &c.

Owner's Charge of Duty to be made known to Commissioners, &c.

Auctioneer to be charged with any Deficiency of Duty where discovered.

Not paying the same on Notice, Penalty.

Penalty.

Ten Days Notice of Sale to be delivered to Surveyor, &c. by Auctioneer, Penalty &c.

Auctioneer selling Goods not distrained for Rent, or more than necessary to discharge the same, Penalty &c.

Commissioners may revoke License to Auctioneer committing certain Offences. Selling above License revoked, Penalty &c.

VIII. And

Collection, &c.
any duties
Grants of Arms,
monies for Pay-
ment of Troop.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Duties payable by any Auctioneer on any Sale or Sales by Auction shall be unpaid at or after the time when such Duties are by Law due and payable, it shall and may be lawful for the Collector of Excise or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duties in which such Duties shall be charged and payable, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal to empower any Person or Persons to take and detain all or any Goods or Chattels of any such Auctioneer, and to make the same to be sold by public Auction, giving Six Days' previous Notice thereof, which the same shall be ordered before the Sale thereof, by Payment of the full Amount of the Duties in due, and the Expenses incurred by such Duties; and if after the Payment of all such Duties and Amount of Duties, together with the Costs and Expenses of such distraining, taking and Sale, there shall be any Surplus of the Proceed arising from the Sale of such Duties, such Surplus shall be forthwith treasured and paid to such Auctioneer or his Representative.

Power of
Duties Acts for
fencing the
Duty on Am-
munition, extended
to this Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures and Modes of Recovery, provided, mentioned and contained in the last recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland for levying the Collection of the Duties on Auctions, shall be applied and put in practice in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures contained in the last Act had been expressly repeated and re-enacted in this Act, except in so far as the same are repealed or altered by this Act; and that the said Act and this Act shall be construed together as One Act, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, so far as the same are compatible or consistent with each other, and as the said Acts are amended or altered by this Act.

Recovery and
Application of
Penalties.

X. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, shall be paid according to the Amount thereof in British Currency, and shall and may be levied for, recovered and applied in such manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities, as are prescribed, directed and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in England in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for settling of the Excise on every Import upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted*; or to and by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, matters and things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the said Revenue, matters and things, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents, Collections and Purposes as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and re-enacted in this Act; with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party and Parties who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the said Acts or any of them is provided and enacted.

Inth Act,
44 & 45 C. 2.
24 C. 1. c. 206.

C A P. LXXX.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Transfer of Capital from certain Public Stocks or Funds in Great Britain to certain Public Stocks or Funds in Ireland. [5th June 1818.]

21 G. 3. c. 75.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to permit the Transfer of Capital from certain Public Stocks or Funds in Great Britain to certain Public Stocks or Funds in Ireland*; And Whereas by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for raising the Sum of Three Millions by the Transfer of certain Three Pounds per Centum Annuities into other Annuities at the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum, and for granting Annuities to discharge certain Encumbered Bills*, the Provisions of the said last recited Act are extended, and Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum Annuities transferable at the Bank of England are thereby permitted to be transferred into the Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum Annuities and Debentures transferable at the Bank of Ireland, according to the following Scale; that is to say, That every Person or Body Politic and Corporate transferring such Annuities payable at the Bank of England shall be entitled, for every One hundred Pounds to be transferred, to the Principal Sum of One hundred and eight Pounds Six Shillings and Eight pence in Annuities at the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum payable at the Bank of Ireland; and the first Dividend to be paid at the Bank of Ireland shall be computed from the Fifth Day of April or Tenth Day of October next preceeding the Day on which the Transfer shall be made to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt at the Bank of England, and shall be paid on the Fifth Day of January or Fifth Day of July next succeeding the Day on which such Annuities shall be written into the Books of the Bank of Ireland, in the Name or Names of the Party or Parties specified in such Certificate: And Whereas it is expedient to amend the said last recited Act accordingly: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That as in any time after the passing of the said Act it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons holding Stock in the Three Pounds per Centum per Annum Consolidated Annuities, or in the Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, to transfer or cause to be transferred, such Stock or Annuities respectively for the Purpose of having corresponding Sums written in and consolidated with and made Part of the Capital of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum Annuities and Debentures transferable at the Bank of Ireland; and that it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons holding Stock in the said Funds of Three per Centum

Persons holding
Stock in the
British Funds
may have, as
the Transfer
thereof, con-
sisting
Stock transfer-

per *Annua Consolidated Annuities* transferable at the Bank of England, or in the Five Pounds per *Centum* per *Annua* Annuities of the Year One thousand seven hundred and eleven been transferable at the Bank of England, or in the Fifth Five Pounds per *Centum* per *Annua* Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, so transfer or sale to be transferred such Stock or Annuities respectively for the Purpose of having corresponding *Sums* written in and consolidated and made Part of the Capital of Five Pounds per *Centum* per *Annua* Annuities transferable at the Bank of Ireland, and that all such Transfers shall be made according to the Scale and on the Terms and Conditions contained in the last recited Acts and this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons having or possessing any Stock in the several before mentioned Stocks, Funds or Annuities transferable at the Bank of England, to apply in Writing to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or to make Application to be made to the said Governor and Company by some Person on his, her or their behalf, and which Application shall be according to such Form as shall be established by the said Governor and Company, and shall be the time in all cases, for Permission to transfer or sale to be transferred such Stocks, Funds or Annuities respectively, for the Purpose of having corresponding *Sums* written in and consolidated with the several Stocks, Funds, Annuities or Debentures transferable at the Bank of Ireland set forth in the last recited Acts and this Act, in the case may require, according to the Provisions of the said recited Acts, except in far as the same shall be varied and altered by the present Act; and thereupon and upon such Person or Persons transferring or selling to be transferred such Stocks, Funds or Annuities is transferable at the Bank of England, into the Names of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, for the Purpose of their cancelling and discharging the same from the National Debt in Great Britain, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor or Deputy Governor of the Bank of England, or for the Accountant General or Deputy Accountant of the said Governor and Company, or for the Secretary or Deputy Secretary of the said Governor and Company for the time being, and they are hereby respectively authorized and required, to grant a Certificate in the Person or Persons making such Transfer, or on whose behalf such Transfer shall have been made, directed to the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and which Certificate shall be also according to a Form which shall be established by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and shall be the time in all cases; and such Certificate shall bear that the Person or Persons therein mentioned has or have transferred or caused to be transferred the Stock, Funds or Annuities therein described, to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, for the Purpose of having corresponding *Sums* written in the Name of such Person or Persons, and consolidated with such Stock, Funds, Annuities or Debentures in Ireland, in the same are applicable to, discharging the same, and stating the Amount in such Fifth Stock, Funds, Annuities or Debentures respectively, to which such Person or Persons shall be entitled in respect of such Transfer, according to the Scale set forth in the said recited Acts and this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That in every case where any Transfer shall be made as aforesaid, the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall cause Notice thereof to be given to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt at their Office on the same Day on which such Transfer shall be made; and the said Commissioners shall, upon the Receipt thereof, transmit the said Notice to the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland.

IV. And Whereas the Dividends on the Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per *Centum* per *Annua* Annuities transferable at the Bank of England are payable on the Fifth Day of April and the Tenth Day of October in each Year, and the Dividends on the Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per *Centum* per *Annua* Annuities and Debentures payable at the Bank of Ireland are by the last recited Act of the Fifth fourth Year made payable on the Fifth Day of January and the Fifth Day of July in each Year: And Whereas, in pursuance of the Provisions of the said recited Act of the present Session of Parliament, the said Dividend is to be paid at the Bank of Ireland upon any such Fifth Three Pounds and Ten Shillings Annuities and Debentures as shall be written into the Books of the Bank of Ireland in consequence of the Transfer at the Bank of England of any Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per *Centum* Annuities, it is to be computed from the Fifth Day of April or Tenth Day of October next preceding the Day on which the Transfer of any such Annuities shall be made to the Commissioners for Reduction of the National Debt at the Bank of England for such Purpose, and such said Dividend is to be paid on the Fifth Day of January or Fifth Day of July next succeeding the Day on which such Annuities shall be written into the Books of the Bank of Ireland; and it will thereby happen that in certain cases the Amount of such said Dividend (issuable from the Exchequer in Ireland, and payable at the Bank of Ireland on such Fifth Annuities and Debentures, will be Three fourths of a Year's Dividend; and that in certain other cases the Amount of such said Dividend will be only one fourth of a Year's Dividend: And Whereas, for facilitating the Sale of the Annuities and Debentures so transferred, and for consolidating the same with the Three Pounds Ten Shillings per *Centum* Annuities payable at the Bank of Ireland, it is expedient that Provision should be made that the Amount of such said Dividend payable to the Persons in whose Names such Three Pounds Ten Shillings per *Centum* Annuities may be standing, should be equal in all cases to the Half Year's Dividend payable on any such Fifth Annuities or Debentures standing in the Books of the Bank of Ireland: It is enacted, That whenever any of the said Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per *Centum* per *Annua* Annuities transferable at the Bank of England shall be transferred for the Purpose aforesaid to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt at any time between the Fifth Day of January exclusive and the Fifth Day of April inclusive in any Year, or between the Fifth Day of July exclusive and the Tenth Day of October inclusive in any Year, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to pay or cause to be paid to any Person or Persons, his, her or their respective Executors, Administrators or Assigns, who shall have made or caused to be made any such Transfer of Three

vide in the
Bank of Ireland

Application may
be made to the
Bank of Eng-
land for Per-
mission to make
such Transfer,
which shall be
made in the
Commissioners
for the Reduc-
tion of the Na-
tional Debt,
whenever a
Certificate shall
be granted di-
rected to the
Bank of Ireland.

Form thereof.

Bank of England
to give Notice of
Transfer to
Commissioners
of National
Debt.

Regulation for
Payment of the
Half Dividend
on the 5th of
January and 5th
of July.

Pounds Two Shillings Annually for the Purposes aforesaid, the Sum of Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence (being One fourth Part of a Year's Dividend) for every One hundred Pounds of Three Pounds Two Shillings per Centum Annually and Debentures which shall be written into the Books of the Bank of Ireland in pursuance of such Transfer; and such Payment of the said Sum of Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence shall be made at the time when such Annuities and Debentures shall be so written into the Books of the said Bank of Ireland; and in such case it shall be lawful for the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland to retain to their own Use a like Sum of Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence for every such One hundred Pounds out of the Sum or Sums of Money which shall be issued out of the Exchequer of Ireland to the said Governor and Company, for the Payment of the Dividends on such Annuities or Debentures, on the first Dividend Day next succeeding such Transfer; and the said Governor and Company shall pay to such Person as shall be entitled to receive the Dividend becoming due on such Annuities or Debentures on each first Dividend Day, the amount of One half Year's Dividend, and no more, in like manner as on all other such Annuities or Debentures standing in the Books of the said Governor and Company; and whenever any of the said Three Pounds and Two Shillings per Centum per Annum Annuities transferable at the Bank of England shall be transferred to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, for the Purposes aforesaid, at any time between the Fifth Day of April inclusive and the Fifth Day of July inclusive in any Year, or between the Tenth Day of October exclusive and the Fifth Day of January inclusive in any Year, the Person or Persons, his, her or their respective Executors, Administrators or Assigns, who shall have made or caused to be made any such Transfer, shall pay to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and the said Governor and Company are hereby authorized and empowered to receive, the Sum of Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence (being One fourth Part of a Year's Dividend) for every One hundred Pounds of the said Annuities and Debentures to be written into the said Books of the Bank of Ireland in pursuance of such Transfer; and such Payment of the said Sum of Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence shall be made to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland at the time when such Annuities and Debentures shall be so written into the Books of the said Bank of Ireland; and the said Governor and Company shall and they are hereby authorized and required to pay to such Person as shall be entitled to receive the Dividends becoming due on such Annuities or Debentures on the first Dividend Day next after such Transfer, the full Amount of One half Year's Dividend, in like manner as on all other such Annuities or Debentures standing in the Books of the said Governor and Company.

C. A. P. LXXXI.

An Act for extending to that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland certain Provisions of the Parliament of Great Britain in relation to Executors under the Age of Twenty one Years, and to Marrimonial Contracts.

[5th June 1818.]

[3 G. 3. c. 8.]

[4.]

[3 G. 3. c. 13.]

[13.]

Where Infant
sole Executor,
Administration
with Will an-
nounced, or Con-
fession.

Administrator
shall have the
said Powers.

No Proceeding
to compel a Co-
petitioner of
Marriage unless
he is first by con-
tract of Contract.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Great Britain in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the Administration of Affairs in cases where the Executor is under Twenty one Years of Age*, it is amongst other things enacted, that where an Infant is sole Executor, Administration with the Will annexed, shall be granted to the Guardian of such Infant, or to such other Person as the Court shall think fit, and such Infant shall have attained the full Age of Twenty one Years, at which Period, and not before, Probate of the Will shall be granted to him: And Whereas by a certain other Act made in the Parliament of Great Britain, in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the better preventing of clandestine Marriages*, it is amongst other things enacted, that in no case whatsoever shall any Suit or Proceeding be had in any Ecclesiastical Court in order to compel a Celebrations of any Marriage in *facie Ecclesie*, by reason of any Contract of Marriage whatsoever, whether *per verba de presenti*, or *per verba de futuro*: And Whereas it is expedient to extend the aforesaid Provisions of the said in part recited Acts in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That where an Infant is sole Executor, Administration with the Will annexed, in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, shall be granted to the Guardian of such Infant, or to such other Person as the Spiritual Court there shall think fit, and such Infant shall have attained the full Age of Twenty one Years, at which Period, and not before, Probate of the Will shall be granted to him.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Person to whom such Administration shall be granted shall have the same Powers vested in him as an Administrator now hath by reason of an Administration granted to him *durante minore etate* of the next of Kin.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in no case whatsoever shall any Suit or Proceeding be had in any Ecclesiastical Court of that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, in order to compel a Celebrations of any Marriage in *facie Ecclesie*, by reason of any Contract of Marriage whatsoever, whether *per verba de presenti*, or *per verba de futuro*, which shall be entered into after the End and Exppiration of Ten Days next after the passing of this Act; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. LXXXII.

An Act to prevent Frauds in the Sale of Grain in Ireland.

[30th June 1818.]

WHEREAS divers Frauds are often practised by Persons in Ireland selling or offering to Sale Wheat, Rye, Malt, Peas, Beans, Barley, Beans, Oats, Shells, Castles, Meal, Flour and Malt, by speering or adulterating the same, or Part thereof, or producing to the View of the intended Buyer a Species of such Corn, Grass, Malt, Meal or Flour, of a Quality Superior to the Bulk of that is offered to Sale, in order by such Means to deceive and defraud the Buyer thereof, or the Person to whom the same shall be offered to Sale: To prevent such injurious Practices, be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person or Persons in Ireland shall sell or offer to Sale any of the said Sorts of Corn, Grass, Malt, Meal or Flour, which shall be in the whole or in part belgated or adulterated by mixing therewith any Sand, Gravel, Dirt, or rotten or damaged Corn, Grass, Malt, Meal or Flour, or grown or blighted Corn, or other kind of Stuff, or which shall not be in Quality of equal Goodness to that produced to the View of the intended Buyer or Buyers thereof, or shall use any other Fraud or Deceit therein, or in order to make such Corn, Grass, Malt, Meal or Flour appear heavier than it would have been without such Mixtures, Fractions, Deceits, every Person, being lawfully convicted of any of the said Frauds or Deceits by the Oath of One credible Witness before any One Justice of the Peace or Magistrate in any City or Town Corporate in Ireland where such Offence shall be committed, or before any Two Justices of the Peace in any Place in Ireland, not being a City or Town Corporate, where such Offence shall be committed, shall for every such Offence forfeit all such Corn, Grass, Malt, Meal or Flour, One Half thereof to the Use of the Informers, and the other Half to the Use of the Poor of the Parish where such Offence shall have been committed, and also the Sum of Forty Shillings, to be levied by Distress and Sale of such Offender's Goods; One Moiety of which said Sum of Forty Shillings shall be to the Informers, and the other Moiety thereof to the Use of the Poor of the Parish as aforesaid.

Corn, &c. which
cannot afford for Sale then
found.

and Penalty
20s.

C A P. LXXXIII.

An Act to amend and reduce into One Act the several Laws relating to the manner in which the East India Company are required to hire Ships.

[30th June 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating the manner in which the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, shall hire and take up Ships for their regular Service*; and by another Act of Parliament, passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend Two Acts passed in the Thirty sixth and Forty third Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for regulating the manner in which the East India Company shall hire and take up Ships*; and by another Act of Parliament, passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act for making further Provisions for the Payment of Salaries and other Charges in the Office of the Commissioners for the Affairs of India*; and for enabling the East India Company in reference to the Service of the said Company's Military Officers removed therefrom by Sentence of Court-Martial; and to authorize the said Company, in case of unforeseen Emergency, to take up Ships by private Contract; various Provisions, regulating the manner in which the said United Company shall hire and take up Ships for their Service, are now in force: And Whereas it is expedient that the Laws relating to the manner of hiring Ships for the said United Company's Service should be amended, and reduced into One Act: And Whereas the Fluctuations of Prices of Naval Stores, and of other Articles incident to the Equipments of Ships in times immediately following the Termination of War, has been such as to render the Calculations upon which the Contracts for Peace Freight have from time to time been made, greatly erroneous and inefficient, and the Performance of such Contracts has in consequence thereof been found to be injurious to the Contracting Parties, that the Court of Directors of the said United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies have in Two Instances, to-wit, after the Termination of War in One thousand eight hundred and two, and after the Termination of War in One thousand eight hundred and three, presented Petitions to the House of Commons, praying that Parliament would authorize and empower the said Company to make Allowances to the Owners of several Ships hired by them under the Provisions of the said Acts, now and above the Prices at which the said Owners were entitled by their Contracts, and Parliament has in the said Instances complied with the Prayer of the said Petitions; And Whereas it is highly expedient that the Orders and Alterations of Contracts by Authority of Parliament, on whatever Price or Prices, should grow into Precedent: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Whole of the said Acts made and passed in the Thirty sixth and Fifty first Years of the Reign of His said present Majesty, and so much of the said Act made and passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty as relates to the hiring of Ships by the said United Company, shall be and the same are hereby repealed: Provided always, that the Recital of the said Acts shall in nowise be construed to affect any Contract or Agreement made or entered into under the provisions of any of the said Acts, but all such Contracts or Agreements shall be carried into Execution in the same manner as if the said Acts had not been made and passed.

10 G. 3. c. 19.

10 G. 3. c. 25.

11 G. 3. c. 23.

17 G. 3. c. 19.
10 G. 3. c. 25.
and
11 G. 3. c. 23.
1 & 6.
repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said United Company or their Court of Directors shall not hire or take up on Freight, for the Service of the said Company, any Ship

Regulations for
hiring Ships for

the Charter of
the Company.

or Ships other than such as shall be contracted for by hired in manner hereinafter mentioned; that in so far, that from time to time whenever the said United Company shall have occasion to contract for the Hire of any Ship or Ships to be built for their Service, the Court of Directors of the said United Company shall give Notice thereof by public Advertisement, and therein state the Barthes of the Ship or Ships wanted, the Dimensions or Scantlings of Timbers and Planks, Number of Guns, manner of building, providing, furnishing and fitting forth such Ships, the time to be allowed for building (which shall be as long as reasonably may be), and other Particulars necessary to enable Persons to judge of the Expence thereof, and the proper Rate of Freight for such Ships respectively, or shall refer to printed Terms and Conditions to be delivered by their proper Officers; and the said Advertisement shall be a time, not less than Four Weeks from the Publication thereof, for receiving Proposals in Writing, including, for building and freightage the time to the said Company, such Proposals to specify the lowest Rates of Freight for each and every Voyage in time of Peace required for such Ships, for such Number of Voyages, not less than Six, as the said Court of Directors shall see fit from time to time to fix, so and from India or China, or elsewhere, within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, to be employed in Trade and in Warfare or otherwise, as shall be thought proper by the said Company if the said Ships respectively shall be long to be in the Company's Service; and that all the Tonnage or Proposals which shall be made in pursuance of such Notices, shall be put into a Box locked and sealed, which shall not be opened except publicly in the Court of Directors, and the Contents of such Proposals respectively shall be entered in a Book, and the Proposals offering the lowest Peace Freight shall be accepted without Favour or Partiality, subject to the several Provisions in this Act contained; and in case more Ships than shall be wanted at the time of considering such Proposals shall be tendered to be built at the same low Freight, then the Court of Directors shall determine by Lot, which of the said Proposals shall be accepted, and the time shall be accepted accordingly, subject to the several Provisions in this Act contained.

III. And Whereas it may happen that Ships which may have been built for the Service of the said United Company, and which have performed or completed, or hereafter may perform or complete, the Number of Voyages for which they have been agreed upon may be contracted to serve the said Company, or may be so found and proper Conditions to perform a further Voyage or further Voyages in the Service of the said United Company? Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Court of Directors of the said United Company, if they shall see fit, in the manner and according to the Provisions herein contained, as to hiring Ships to be built for the Service of the said Company, to advertise for Proposals for any such Ships which have performed or completed, or hereafter shall have performed and completed the Contracts by which they were built for the said United Company, again to be tendered for the Service of the said United Company; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Directors again to hire and take up any such Ship or Ships to be tendered for the Service of the said United Company, for an additional Voyage, or for such Number of additional Voyages to and from India or China or elsewhere within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, as the said Court of Directors shall see fit, beyond and after the Performance of the Voyages for which any such Ship or Ships respectively have been or shall be engaged by any prior Contract or Contracts to serve the said Company; provided that all such Ships shall be fit or shall be capable of being repaired and made fit to serve the said Company for such additional Voyage or Voyages; Provided always, that the Peace Freight and additional Allowance to be paid for any such Ship or Ships to be taken up for any additional Voyage or Voyages shall not exceed the Rate of Peace Freight paid for such Ships respectively under the last Contracts respectively by which they have been engaged in the Service of the said United Company, together with such additional Allowance as the might eventually be entitled to under this Act, in respect of any Voyage for which the might be about to proceed upon at time of Peace.

IV. And be it further enacted, That over and besides the Peace Freight for Ships built or to be built and hired or to be hired for the Service of the said United Company, the Court of Directors of the said Company shall be at Liberty to make such Allowances to the Owners of the said Ships, from Voyage to Voyage, in respect of the additional Charges, if any, arising to the said Owners in time of War or Hostilities, or of Preparations for War or Hostilities, as the said Court of Directors shall think right and just.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Court of Directors of the said United Company shall and they are hereby required to cause to be prepared, once in every Year, by the Master Attendant or other proper Officer or Officers of the said United Company, Tables of the average current Prices for the time being of the Articles of building and outfit for Ships to be engaged in the Service of the said United Company, and Tables of the probable total Cost and Expence of such Building and Outfit for the several Voyages for which any Ship or Ships shall have been contracted for or hired, distinguishing the probable Expence of each Voyage of Ships of the different Sizes actually engaged or which may be engaged in the Service of the said Company; which Tables, when signed by the Master Attendant or other proper Officer or Officers of the said United Company, and when approved and allowed by their Court of Directors, shall be fairly transcribed and signed by the Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the said Company, by Order of the said Court of Directors, and shall be left or hung up in some public Office in the said India House, for the Perusal and Inspection, at reasonable times and in a reasonable manner, of all Persons whom it may concern, with Liberty for them, at such times and in such manner as aforesaid, to make and take Copies and Extracts thereof; and the First of such Tables or Sets of Tables shall be made and completed within Four Months next after the passing of this Act, and afterwards such Tables or Sets of Tables shall from time to time be made and completed between the First Day of June and the First Day of October in every Year.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Conclusion of any War or Hostilities which may hereafter take place, when any Ship which now is or hereafter shall be in the Service of the said United Com-

Court of Directors may assign any Ship for a limited Number of Voyages after the Expiration of their Contracts.

Tables Peace Freight, Allowance in respect of Charges arising to Owners in time of War, Tables of average current Prices of building and outfit for Ships, and of probable Expence for several Voyages for which any Ship shall have been contracted, to be signed and hung up in the India House.

After Conclusion of War, on any Ship

pass, under or by virtue of any Contract made or entered into since the Twentieth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, or hereafter to be made or entered into, shall come aboard, to proceed upon any Voyage in Execution of any such Contract in time of Peace, when the Court of Directors shall cause, as to all Ships now in the Service of the said United Company, the Tables or Sets of Tables first to be completed, approved and allowed after the passing of this Act, as hereinafter mentioned; and as to all Ships which shall hereafter be contracted for in time of Peace, the Tables or Sets of Tables which shall have been completed, approved and allowed next immediately before the Commencement of such War or Hostilities, or of such Preparations for War or Hostilities, to be compared with the Tables or Sets of Tables which shall have been completed, approved and allowed next before such Ships shall come aboard, in time of War or Hostilities, or of such Preparations for War or Hostilities, and if a Bill appear on such Comparison that the probable Cost of the Quota of each Ship for the Voyage on which such Ship shall be about to proceed, shall exceed the Amount estimated by the Tables or Sets of Tables with which such Comparison shall be made, as the probable Cost of a Ship of the same or as nearly as may be of the same Size for a similar Voyage, by One tenth Part of such last mentioned Amount, then the Owners of such Ship shall be entitled for that Voyage to an additional Allowance, at a Rate which, calculated upon the chartered Tonnage of such Ship, shall be equal to such probable Excess, to be determined finally and conclusively by Order of the said Court of Directors: Provided also, that the Owners or Owners of such Ship shall have entered into an Agreement with the said Court of Directors, that if upon such Comparison as aforesaid the probable Cost of the Quota of such Ship for such Voyage as aforesaid shall be found to fall below the Amount estimated by the Tables or Sets of Tables aforesaid by One tenth Part of such last mentioned Amount as aforesaid, then the said Court of Directors shall be at liberty to make an Abatement from the Freight to which such Ship would be entitled under its Contract, at a Rate which, calculated upon the chartered Tonnage of such Ship, shall be equal to such probable Diminution of Cost of Quota; the said Abatement to be in the manner determined finally and conclusively by the said Court of Directors: Provided always, that the Owners of the several Ships which are already in the Service of the said United Company under Contracts made since the Twentieth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall not be entitled to any such additional Allowance, nor subject to any such Abatement, until after a War or Hostilities shall have taken place and have been concluded: Provided also, that the Owners of Ships hereafter to be contracted for in time of Peace to enter into the Service of the said United Company shall not be entitled to any such Allowance, nor subject to any such Abatement, in respect of any Voyage to be performed during the Continuance of the Peace in which the several Contracts for such Ships shall have been entered into: Provided also, that such Owners of Ships hereafter to be contracted for in time of War or Hostilities to enter into the Service of the said United Company, as shall have entered into such Agreement as before mentioned, shall be entitled to a Comparison of the Costs of their Quotas respectively, had to any eventual additional Allowance which may become due to them thereupon in respect of every Voyage which the said Ships shall respectively come aboard to proceed upon in time of Peace: Provided always, that no additional Allowance shall be payable in time of Peace to the Owners of any Ship, under or by virtue of this Act, for any Voyage in respect of which the Owners of such Ship shall be entitled, under or by virtue of this or any former Act, to any Payment in respect of any additional Charges arising in time of War or Hostilities, or of Preparations for War or Hostilities: Provided also, that any time when Owners of Ships shall not be entitled to any Payment in respect of any additional Charges arising in time of War or Hostilities, or of Preparations for War or Hostilities, shall be deemed and considered a time of Peace within the meaning of this Act: Provided always, that the additional Charges (if any) which may be incurred by reason of any Ship being built during a time of War or Hostilities, or of Preparations for War or Hostilities, shall and may be paid to the Owners of such Ship, although the same come aboard to proceed on her last Voyage in time of Peace.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in case of unforeseen Emergency, which cannot be answered conveniently by any Ship or a sufficient Number of Ships in the Service of the said Company, and which will not admit of Delay, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Directors, or for any one of their several Governments aforesaid, to hire any Ship or Ships which can be procured to answer such Emergency: provided that Public Notice shall be given by Advertisement of the Ships and Tonnage wanted and the Service required, fourteen Days at least previous to the time appointed for taking up the same; and the Proposals to be made in pursuance of such Advertisement shall be put into a Box locked and sealed, which shall not be opened except publicly in a Court of Directors, or by the Governor and Council or Chief Agents of the said Company at any Place within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company where it shall be necessary to hire any such Ship or Ships; and then the lowest Tender or Tenders shall be accepted, without Favour or Partiality, if it or they shall be deemed reasonable, and if upon a due Examination and Survey the Ship or Ships tendered shall appear in all respects fit for the Service required: Provided always, that the Engagement or Employment of such Ships shall not extend beyond the Duration of the particular Service for which they shall have been specifically hired.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Court of Directors of the said United Company, or their said Governments aforesaid, in case of unforeseen and pressing Emergency, to hire and take up by private Contract, with or without advertising, any Ship or Ships whatsoever for any particular Purpose; provided that no such Ship shall be hired or taken up for more than One Voyage, and that the Reason for taking up any such Ship or Ships at Home in less time than fourteen Days as aforesaid after the Publication of an Advertisement, be stated in the Minutes of the said Court of Directors,

certifying when so passed as Vessels, Court of Directors in such Tables before mentioned to be compared with other Tables, and as a comparison with such Comparison to make additional Allowance in Quotas.

In what case Abatement made.

In what case Abatement not made.

In what case Comparison of Costs of Quota and eventual additional Allowance may be made.

In what case no additional Allowance.

When considered a time of Peace.

When additional Charges for War paid.

Court of Directors may on short notice hire any ready built Ships for their Service, in case of unforeseen Emergency.

Duration of such Engagements.

In case of unforeseen Emergency, Ships may be taken up for One Voyage only by private Contract.

Directors, and reported to the Court of Proprietors that shall next be holden after each hiring and taking up; and that the Revenues for taking up any *fast Ship* or *Ships* abroad in less time than Fourteen Days after the Publication of an Advertisement as aforesaid, be fixed in the Minutes of the Proceedings of the Government by which such *fast Ship* or *Ships* shall be taken up, and be communicated to the Court of Directors as soon as conveniently may be afterwards.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Directors of the said United Company to hire and take up by private Contract, without advertising, any *Ship* or *Ships* engaged or to be engaged in His Majesty's Transport or other Service to carry *Cannells* or *Stores* to *New South Wales*, the *Cape of Good Hope*, or *Ceylon*, or elsewhere within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, for the Purpose of bringing *Cargoes* from *Gilles* or *India*, at such Rate of Freight and Demurrage as they shall judge to be reasonable, in as to each *Ship* shall be hired or taken up for more than One Voyage.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Court of Directors of the said United Company, if they shall be so, in the manner and according to the Provisions herein contained as to hiring *Ships* to be look for the Service of the said Company, to advertise for, hire and take up for Trade and Warfare and any other Service, or for Trade only, or any specific Service, as the said Court of Directors shall be so, any *Ship* or *Ships*, whether look expressly for the Service of the said United Company or any other Service, and whether any *Ships* or *Ships* which shall have been then before employed in any Service whatsoever, in as the required Measurement of such *Ships* shall not be more than Eight hundred Tons, for One Voyage, or for a Voyage out or a Voyage home, as the said Court shall think proper, to and from, or to or from any Ports or Places, Port or Place whatsoever, within the Limits of the said Company's Charter, except the Dominion of the Emperor of China.

XI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall authorize the Employment by the said Company of any *Vessel*, the required Measurement of which *Vessel* shall be under the Burthen prescribed by an Act of the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for enabling in the East India Company for a further Term the Privileges of the British Territories in India, together with certain exclusive Privileges after establishing further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories, and the better Administration of Justice within the same; and for regulating the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter; or* which may be prohibited by any Act heretofore to be passed for *Vessels* carrying on Trade between the United Kingdom and the Places within the Limits of the said India Company's Charter.

XII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in case any *Ship* which now is, or which from the Twentieth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and threes last was, or which hereafter shall be engaged in the Service of the said United Company, under a Contract to serve the said Company for Six Voyages, hath been or shall be lost or captured before the Completion of her Fifth Voyage, if upon a full Investigation of the Circumstances of such Loss by the said Court of Directors, or some Committee thereof, the Commander and Owners of such *fast Ship* shall be fully acquitted from all Imputation of Neglect or Misconduct in respect of such Loss, in the Opinion of Eighteen Directors at least, at a Court specially assembled for the Purpose of taking the said Commander's and the Owner's Conduct into Consideration: Provided always, that such Vote or Resolution of the Court of Directors shall be reported to a General Court of Proprietors, and after each Report such Vote or Resolution of the said Court of Directors shall be confirmed, by way of Ballot, by Three Parts in Four of the Proprietors assembled in General Court specially convened for that Purpose, wherof Eight Days previous Notice of the Time and Purpose of such Meeting shall be given in the *London Gazette*; then if such Commander shall be then living, or if he shall be dead, then if the Chief Officer of the said *fast Ship* shall be living (having already performed One Voyage at least as Chief or Second Officer), and should have exerted himself honestly for the Defence and Safety of the lost *Ship*, either in Fight or Defence at Sea, and shall be acquitted in manner heretofore mentioned from all Imputation of Neglect or Misconduct in respect of such Loss, and such Acquittal shall also be confirmed in manner heretofore mentioned, then a full and may be lawful for the said Court of Directors, on behalf of the said United Company, to enter into an Agreement with the Owners of such *fast Ship* to sell, or their Representatives, or if such Owners or their Representatives should want or decline, for the Space of Three Calendar Months after the last Vote of Acquittal, to enter into such Agreement, then it shall be lawful for the said Court of Directors, on behalf of the said United Company, to enter into an Agreement with any Person or Persons of sufficient Solvency, and able to give reasonable Security, who shall be nominated in Writing under the Hand of the Commander of such lost *Ship*, if such Commander shall be living and able to serve, and if not, then with any Person or Persons of sufficient Solvency, and able to give reasonable Security, who shall be nominated in Writing under the Hand of the Chief Officer of such lost *Ship*, if he shall be living and able to serve, to build another *fast Ship* of such Size as the said United Company shall have Occasion for to be employed by them for Six or more Voyages, as shall be agreed by the said Court of Directors, at the lowest Rate of Freight, with the Benefit or such other Allowances as are provided or permitted by this Act to be paid, which shall be payable in respect of the *Ship* of a smaller Size, or as near as may be of a smaller Size, to the *Ship* about to be built, which shall have been constructed for, for Six Voyages at least, till before the Contract for the *Ship* instead of such lost *Ship* shall be entered into: Provided always, that such *fast Ship* to be built instead of such lost *fast Ship* shall be commanded in the first Instance by the Captain of the lost *Ship*, if he shall be living and able to serve, and failing of him, by the said Chief Officer of the lost *Ship*, if he shall be living and able to serve; and

Ships which continued may be hired by private Contract, for Voyages from China or India.

Ships before mentioned of a certain United Measurement may be employed in any Voyage out or home, in any Place except China.

Nothing in this Act to change the Employment of any Ship under the Measurement prescribed by 24 G. 3. c. 123.

Proviso for building a Ship in case of loss lost.

A General Court assembled.
Proceedings.

Contract to be given to the Captain of the lost ship.

which either the Commander or Chief Officer of the said Ship shall be living and able to serve, when the Contract for building a Ship instead of the said Ship shall be entered into, or shall not be lawful for the said United Company or their Court of Directors to enter into any Agreement for building a Ship instead of such said Ship, otherwise than by Public Competition as heretofore mentioned.

XIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to oblige the said Court of Directors, or any of the Governments of the said Company abroad, upon any Occasion, to accept any Tender or Tenders, Proposals or Proposals, which they shall deem to be unreasonable, and for the Performance of which reasonable Security shall not be given; or to enter into any Agreement on any such Proposal, although such Tender or Tenders, Proposal or Proposals may be the lowest and most advantageous which may be offered; nor shall this Act nor any thing herein contained extend or be construed to extend to oblige the Owner or Owners of any Ship or Ships, or any Person or Persons, making or offering any Tender or Tenders, Proposal or Proposals, any Right or Privilege which such Owner or Owners, Person or Persons, would not have had if the several Provisions hereby repealed or this Act had not been passed.

XIV. Provided also, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend in anywise to relate to any of the Ships or Vessels belonging to or employed in the Marine War Establishment of the said United Company in the *East India*; but it shall and may be lawful to and for the said United Company and their Court of Directors, and Servants abroad, to hire, take up and employ Vessels for their Purposes only, in such manner as they shall see fit; nor shall this Act extend or be any ways deemed in any way to prevent the said United Company or their Court of Directors, or any of their Officers or Servants, from sending any Goods to be loaded and carried on these Accounts on board any private Ship or Vessel, though not chartered to or in the Service of the said United Company.

XV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That all and every and so much and such Parts of the Bye Laws, Rules and Regulations of the said United Company and of their Court of Directors, now in force, and hereafter to be made, any way relating to Shipping Concerns of the said Company, and to the Commanders and Officers in these Services, which are not or shall not be inconsistent with or repugnant to the Provisions hereby enacted, shall remain and be of the same Force and Effect, and shall be observed in like manner to all Tenders and Proposals, as the same Bye Laws, Rules and Regulations, or such Parts thereof as aforesaid, would have been in force, and ought to have been observed, if this Act had not been made, or to restrain the said Company from repealing or making any Bye Laws, so as they shall not be inconsistent with the Provisions herein contained; this Act or any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XVI. And Whereas an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intimated *As Act to authorize the Court of Directors of the East India Company to make extraordinary Allowances in certain cases to the Owners of certain Ships in the Service of the said Company: And Whereas certain Ships now in the Service of the said United Company, called The *Mercator*, *Atlas*, *Bridgeport*, *General Harris*, *Passifera*, and *General Ryd*, were excluded from the Benefit of the said Act, because the Letter to which the Owners of the said Ships had been subjected did not arise out of Contracts framed in strict Conformity to the said Act of the Thirty sixth of George the Third: And Whereas the said Contracts, in far as they differed from Contracts framed in strict Conformity with the said Act of the Thirty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, were framed so Principles nearly approaching to those which are laid down in the perfect Act for the Government of all future Contracts for hiring Ships by the *East India Company*; and it is far and reasonable that some additional Allowances should now be made to the Owners of the said six Ships, in respect of the Voyages performed by them under the said Contracts since the Termination of the War, or still remaining to be so performed: Be it therefore enacted, That after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the said Court of Directors to make such Allowances to the Owner or Owners of each of the said Ships, in respect of any Voyages performed from the Termination of *Newsunder Gale* shoaled eight hundred and fifteen, or remaining to be performed under their aforesaid Contracts, as the said Court of Directors would have been empowered to make to the Owner or Owners of such Ship, if the Name of such Ship had been included in the said Act of the last Session of Parliament.*

C. A. P. LXXXIV.

An Act to remove Doubts as to the Validity of certain Marriages had and solemnized within the *British Territories in India*. [19th June 1818.]

WHEREAS Doubts have arisen concerning the Validity of Marriages which have been had and solemnized within the *British Territories in India*, by Ordained Ministers of the Church of England as by Law established: And Whereas it is expedient that such Doubts should be settled, and that the Law respecting such Marriages should be declared for the future: Be it declared and enacted; and it is hereby declared and enacted, by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Marriages hereafter had and solemnized, or which shall be had and solemnized within the said Territories in *India*, before the Thirty first Day of December now next ensuing, by Ordained Ministers of the Church of England as by Law established, shall be, and shall be adjudged, observed and taken to have been, and to be, of the same and as other Force and Effect as if such Marriages had been had and solemnized by Clergymen of the Church of England, according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England; and that from and after the said Thirty first Day of December now next ensuing, all Marriages between Persons, both one of such Persons being Members or Member of, or holding

Court of Directors not obliged to accept any tender or proposals, East India Company, Act.

Prohibit the Vessels belonging to War before the Establishment of India, and for Company carrying Goods by private Ships.

Company's Bye Laws, which are inconsistent with the Act, to remain in force.

27 G. 3. c. 22.

Court of Directors empowered to make Allowances to certain Ships excluded from the Benefit of the said Act.

Marriages solemnized in India before 19th December by Ministers of the Church of England as established or by the same Persons as of the same Force and as of the same Force as of the Church of England; and

abolished Parties,
Marriages between Persons
was or both of the Church of
Scotland by Education of that
Government, and approved
by His Majesty, ratif.

Declaration by
Persons.
As to the validity of Marriages
and other
Declarations signed by Persons to
Persons, and read
and read in
Secretary of
Secretary.

holding Communion with the Church of Scotland, and making a Declaration to the Effect hereinafter mentioned, which Marriages shall be had and solemnized within the British Territories in India, by Ordained Ministers of the Church of Scotland as by Law established, and appointed by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies to officiate as Chaplains within the said Territories, shall be, and shall be adjudged, allowed and taken to be, of the same and no other Force and Effect as if such Marriages were had and solemnized by Clergymen of the Church of England, according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England: Provided always, that from and after the said Tenth First Day of December, no such Marriages as aforesaid shall be had and solemnized, till both or one of such Persons, as the rule may be, shall have signed a Declaration in Writing, in Duplicate, stating that they, or he or she, as the rule may be, are or is Members or Member of the said holding Communion with the Church of Scotland by Law established.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Minister by whom such Marriage shall be solemnized, shall immediately upon the Solemnization thereof, certify such Marriage by a Writing under his Hand in Duplicate, (to be signed or countersigned upon the Declaration in Duplicate herebefore mentioned, specifying in such Certificate the Names and Designations of the Parties between whom and of the Witnesses in whose Presence the said Marriage has been had and solemnized, and the time and Place of the Celebration of the same; and such Certificate in Duplicate shall be also signed forthwith by the Parties entering into such Marriage, and by the Witnesses to the same; and the Minister officiating shall deliver One Duplicate of such Declaration and Certificate to the Parties married, or to One of them, and shall transmit the other Duplicate of such Declaration and Certificate to the Chief Secretary of Government at the Presidency within which such Marriage shall have been had and solemnized.

C A P. LXXXV.

An Act to carry into Execution a Convention made between His Majesty and the King of Portugal, for the preventing Traffic in Slaves.
[15th June 1818.]

Convention,
dated Jan. 25.
His Majesty, ratif.

WHEREAS an additional Convention to a Treaty of the Twentieth Instant of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, was made between His Majesty and His most Faithful Majesty the King of Portugal, for the purpose of preventing Slaves Traffic in Slaves, and signed at London on the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: And Whereas it was, in the first Article of the said Convention, declared to be the Object of the said Convention, to prevent the respective Subjects of His Majesty and His most Faithful Majesty, from carrying on an illicit Slave Trade; and it was also thereby declared, that every Traffic in Slaves carried on under the following Circumstances, should be considered as illicit, First, either by British Ships and under the British Flag, or for the Avowment of British Subjects by any Vessel or under any Flag whatsoever; Second, by Portuguese Vessels in any of the Harbours or Roads of the Coast of Africa, which are prohibited by the First Article of the Treaty of the Twentieth Instant of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: Third, under the Portuguese or British Flag, for the Account of the Subjects of any other Government; Fourth, by Portuguese Vessels bound for any Port not in the Dominions of His most Faithful Majesty: And Whereas it was by the Second Article of the said Convention declared and agreed, that the Territories in which the Traffic in Slaves continues to be prosecuted under the Treaty of the Twentieth Instant of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to the Subjects of His most Faithful Majesty, are the following: First, the Territories possessed by the Crown of Portugal upon the Coast of Africa to the South of the Equator, that is to say, upon the Eastern Coast of Africa, the Territory lying between Cape Delgado and the Bay of Lourenço Marques, and upon the Western Coast, all that which is situated from the Eighth to the Eighteenth Degree of South Latitude; Second, those Territories on the Coast of Africa to the South of the Equator, over which His most Faithful Majesty has declared that he has renounced his Rights, namely, the Territories of Alchada and Calabai upon the Western Coast of Africa, from the Fifth Degree Twelve Minutes to the Eighth Degree South Latitude: And Whereas by the Third Article of the said Convention, His most Faithful Majesty engaged, within the Space of Two Months after the Exchange of the Ratifications of the said Convention, to promulgate in his Capital and in the other Parts of his Dominions, as soon as possible, a Law which should prohibit the Possession, of any of His Subjects who may in future participate in an illicit Traffic of Slaves, and at the same time to renew the Prohibition which already exists, to import Slaves into the Brazil, under any Flag other than that of Portugal; and His most Faithful Majesty also engaged to stipulate, as much as possible, the Legislation of Portugal, in this respect, to that of Great Britain: And Whereas it was, by the Fourth Article of the said Convention, declared and agreed, that every Portuguese Vessel which should be destined for the Slave Trade on any Point of the African Coast where the Traffic in Slaves should still continue to be lawful, must be provided with a Royal Passport, conformable to the Model annexed to the said Convention, and which Model formed an integral Part of the same, and that every such Passport must be written in the Portuguese Language, with an authentic Translation in English annexed thereto, and must be signed, for all such Vessels sailing from the Port of Rio Janeiro by the Minister of Marine, and for all other Vessels which may be intended for the said Traffic, and which may sail from any other Parts of the Brazil, or from any other of the Dominions of His most Faithful Majesty, not in Europe, the Passports must be signed by the Governor or Chief of the Capitaney to which the Port belongs, and as to those Vessels which may proceed from the Ports of Portugal must be signed by the Secretary of the Government for the Marine Department; And Whereas it was declared and agreed, by the Fifth Article

Article of the said Convention, that the Ships of War of the respective Royal Navies of His Majesty and His most Faithful Majesty, which shall be provided with special Instructions for that Purpose, as hereinafter provided, may visit each Merchant Vessel of the Two Nations as may be suspected, upon reasonable Grounds, of having Slaves on board acquired by an illicit Traffic; and in the Event only of their actually finding Slaves on board may detain and bring away such Vessel, in order that they may be brought to Trial before the Tribunals established for that Purpose, as specified in the said Convention; provided that the Commanders of the Ships of War of the Two Royal Navies, who shall be employed on this Service, shall observe strictly to the exact Tenor of the Instructions which they shall have received for that Purpose; and that as the said Article is entirely reciprocal, the Two High Contracting Parties engaged in the said Article mutually to make good any Losses which their respective Subjects may incur unjustly, by the arbitrary and illegal Detention of their Vessels; and that this Indemnity shall invariably be borne by the Government whose Cruise shall have been guilty of the arbitrary Detention; provided that the Visit and Detention of Slave Ships specified in the said Article, shall only be effected by *British or Portuguese Vessels* which may form Part of the Two Royal Navies, and by those only of such Vessels which are provided with the special Instructions annexed to the said Convention: And Whereas it was declared and decreed by the Sixth Article of the said Convention, that no *British or Portuguese Cruise* shall detain any Slave Ship not having Slaves actually on board; and in order to render lawful the Detention of any Ship, whether *British or Portuguese*, the Slaves found on board such Vessel must have been brought there for the express Purpose of the Traffic, and those on board *Portuguese Ships* must have been taken from that Part of the Coast of *Africa* where the Slave Trade was prohibited by the Treaty of the Twenty second of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: And Whereas it was declared and agreed, by the Seventh Article of the said Convention, that all Ships of War of the Two Nations which shall heretofore be entitled to prevent the illicit Traffic in Slaves, shall be furnished by their own Government with a Copy of the Instructions annexed to the said Convention, and which shall be considered as an integral Part thereof, and that such Instructions shall be written in *Portuguese and English*, and signed for the Vessels of each of the Two Powers, by the Master of their respective Navies, with a Recommendation of the Faculty of allowing the said Instructions, in Whole or in Part, according to Circumstances; it being however well understood, that the said Alterations cannot take place but by common Agreement, and by the Consent of the Two High Contracting Parties: (And Whereas it was, by the Eighth Article of the said Convention agreed, that in order to bring to Adjudication with the least Delay and Inconvenience, the Vessels which may be detained for having been engaged in an illicit Traffic to Slaves, there shall be established, within the Space of a Year at furthest from the Exchange of the Ratifications of the said Convention, Two mixed Commissions, composed of an equal Number of Individuals of the Two Nations, named for the Purpose by their respective Sovereigns; and that those Commissions shall reside, one in a Possession belonging to His Majesty, the other within the Territories of His most Faithful Majesty; and that the Two Governments, at the Period of the Exchange of the Ratifications of the said Convention, should declare, each for its own Dominion, in what Places the Commissions shall respectively reside, each of the Two High Contracting Parties reserving to itself the Right of changing at its Pleasure the Place of Residence of the Commission held within its own Dominion; provided however that one of the Two Commissions shall always be held upon the Coast of *Africa*, and the other in the *Brasils*; and that these Commissions shall judge the Causes submitted to them, without Appeal, and according to the Regulations and Instructions annexed to the said Convention, of which they shall be considered as an integral Part: And Whereas by the Ninth Article of the said Convention, His *Britannic Majesty*, in conformity with the stipulations of the Treaty of the Twenty second of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, engaged to grant, to the master hereinafter explained, sufficient Indemnification to all the Proprietors of *Portuguese Vessels* and Cruises captured by *British Cruisers*, between the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and the Period at which the Two Commissions pointed out in the Eighth Article of the said Convention shall assemble at their respective Ports; and His Majesty and His most Faithful Majesty did agree, that all Claims of the Nature before mentioned shall be received and liquidated by a mixed Commission to be held at *Lisbon*, and which shall consist of an equal Number of the Individuals of the Two Nations, named by their respective Sovereigns, and upon the same Principles stipulated by the Eighth Article of the said Convention, and by the other Acts which form an integral Part of the same; and that the aforesaid Commissioners shall commence their Functions Six Months after the Ratification of the said Convention, or sooner if possible: And Whereas it was also by the said Convention agreed, that the Proprietors of Vessels captured by the *British Cruisers*, except *João Compagnon* for a larger Number of Slaves than that which according to the existing Laws of *Portugal* they were permitted to transport according to the Rate of Tonnage of the captured Vessel; and that every *Portuguese Vessel* captured with Slaves on board for the Traffic, which shall be proved to have been embarked within the Territories of the Coast of *Africa* situated to the North of Cape *Palmas*, and not belonging to the Crown of *Portugal*, as well as all *Portuguese Vessels* captured with Slaves on board for the Traffic, Six Months after the Exchange of the Ratifications of the Treaty of the Twenty second of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and on which it can be proved that the aforesaid Slaves were embarked at the Roadheads of the Coast of *Africa*, situated to the North of the Equator, shall not be entitled to claim any Indemnification: And Whereas by the Tenth Article of the said Convention, His Majesty engaged to pay, within the Space of a Year at furthest from the Decision of each case, to the Individual having a just Claim to the same, the Sum which shall be granted to them by the Commissioners appointed to the preceding Articles of the said Convention: And Whereas by the Eleventh Article of the said Convention, His Majesty engaged to pay the Three

• hundred thousand Pounds Sterling, in Indemnification, stipulated by the Convention of the Twenty first of
 • January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, in favour of the Proprietors of Portuguese Vessels captured
 • by British Cruisers up to the Period of the Fall of Juan One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in the
 • manner following; *videlicet*, the First Payment of One hundred and fifty thousand Pounds Sterling, Six
 • Months after the Exchange of the Ratifications of the Convention entered by this Act, and that the remaining
 • One hundred and fifty thousand Pounds Sterling, as well as the Interest at Five per Centum due upon the
 • total Sum, from the Day of the Exchange of the Ratifications of the Convention of the Twenty first of
 • January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, should be paid Nine Months after the Exchange of the
 • Ratifications of the Convention entered by this Act; and that the Interest due shall be payable up to
 • the Day of the last Payment; and that all the aforesaid Payments shall be made in London, to the
 • Minister of His most Faithful Majesty at the Court of His Majesty, or to the Person whom His
 • most Faithful Majesty shall think proper to authorize for that Purpose: And Whereas it was by the
 • Twelfth Article of the said Convention declared, that certain Acts or Instructions answered to the said
 • Convention should form an integral Part thereof, and which were as follows; that it is to say, First, a
 • Form of Passport for the Portuguese Merchant Ships destined for the lawful Traffic in Slaves; Secondly,
 • Instructions for the Ships of War of both Nations destined to prevent the illicit Traffic in Slaves;
 • Thirdly, Regulation for the mixed Commissions which are to hold their Sitzings on the Coast of
 • Africa, at the Senegal, and in London: And Whereas the said Instructions before last referred to, and
 • made an integral Part of the said Convention, *et*, in the First Article thereof, provide that every *Portuguese*
 • *Portuguese* Ship of War shall have a Right to visit the Merchant Ships of either of the Two Powers actually
 • engaged or suspected to be engaged in the Slave Trade; and should any Slaves be found on board, according
 • to the Tenth of the Sixth Article of the aforesaid Additional Convention, and as to what regards the *Portu-*
 • *guese* Vessels, should there be Cause to suspect that the said Slaves have been embarked on a Part of the
 • Coast of Africa where the Traffic in Slaves can no longer be legally carried on, in consequence of the Sit-
 • uation in force between the Two High Contracting Powers, in such cases shall the Commander of the
 • said Ship of War may detain them, and having detained them, he is to bring them as soon as possible for
 • Judgment before that of the Two mixed Commissions appointed by the English Article of the Convention
 • which shall be nearest, or which the Commander of the capturing Ship shall, upon his own Responsibility,
 • think he can most conveniently send from the Spot where the Slave Ship shall have been detained; and that Ships on
 • board of which no Slaves shall be found, intended for the Purposes of Traffic, shall not be detained on any
 • Account or Pretence whatever; and that Negro Servants or Sailors that may be found on board the said
 • Vessels cannot in any case be deemed a sufficient Cause for Detention: And Whereas it was by the Second
 • Article of the said Instructions provided, that no Merchantman or Slave Ship can on any Account or
 • Pretence whatever be visited or detained, whilst in the Port or Roadstead belonging to either of the Two
 • High Contracting Powers, or within Cannon Shot of the Batteries on Shore; but in such delinquent Vessels
 • should be found in circumstances, proper Representations may be addressed to the Authorities of the
 • Country, requesting them to take effectual Measures for preventing such Abuses: And Whereas it was also
 • provided, in the Third Article of the said Instructions, in consequence of the immense Extent of the Shores
 • of Africa to the North of the Equator, along which this Commerce continues practised, and the Facility
 • thereby afforded for illicit Traffic, in Ports where either the total Abolition or at least the Detention of lawful
 • Authorities far exceed their Authority; in order to prevent it, and for the more readily attaining
 • the salutary End that His Majesty and His most Faithful Majesty did actually grant to each other the Power,
 • without Prejudice to the Rights of Sovereignty, to visit and detain, as if on the High Seas, any Vessel
 • having Slaves on board, even within Cannon Shot of the Shores of their respective Territories on the Coast
 • of Africa to the North of the Equator, in case of there being no local Authorities to whom Recourse
 • might be had, as has been stated in the preceding Article; and that in such case, Vessels so visited may be
 • brought before the mixed Commissions in the Form prescribed in the First Article of the said Instructions;
 • and it was also by the Fourth Article of the Instructions provided, that no *Portuguese* Merchantman or
 • Slave Ship shall, on any Pretence whatever, be detained, which shall be found any where near the Land or
 • on the High Seas South of the Equator, unless after a Chase that shall have commenced North of the
 • Equator; and by the Fifth Article of the said Instructions, that *Portuguese* Vessels furnished with a regular
 • Passport, having Slaves on board, shipped at their Ports of the Coast of Africa where the Trade is per-
 • mitted to *Portuguese* Subjects, and which shall afterwards be found North of the Equator, shall not be
 • detained by the Ships of War of the Two Nations, though furnished with the proper Instructions provided
 • the same can account for their Course, either in conformity with the Practice of the *Portuguese* Navigation,
 • by steering from the Northward in search of fair Winds, or for other legitimate Causes, such as
 • the Danger of the Sea, duly proved; or lastly, in the case of their Passports proving that they were
 • bound for a *Portuguese* Port not within the Continent of Africa: provided always, that with regard to all
 • Slave Ships detained to the North of the Equator, the Proof of the Legality of the Voyage is to be
 • furnished by the Vessel so detained; on the other Hand, with respect to Slave Ships detained to the South
 • of the Equator, in conformity with the stipulations of the preceding Article, the Proof of the Illegality
 • of the Voyage is to be exhibited by the Captor; it is in like manner stipulated, that the Number of Slaves
 • found on board a Slave Ship by the Cruisers, even should the Number not agree with that contained in their
 • Passports, shall not be a sufficient Reason to justify the Detention of the Ship, but the Captain and the Pres-
 • enters shall be denounced in the *Portuguese* Tribunals in the Senegal, in order to their being proceeded
 • according to the Laws of the Country: And Whereas it was by the Sixth Article of the said Instructions
 • provided, that every *Portuguese* Vessel intended to be employed in the legal Traffic in Slaves, in conformity

with the Principles laid down in the said Convention, shall be commanded by a *Native Portuguese*, and Two-thirds at least of the Crew shall likewise be *Portuguese*; provided always, that no *Portuguese* or Foreign Constitution shall in anywise affect its Nationality, and that the *Negro* Sailors shall always be reckoned as *Portuguese*; provided they belong as *Slaves* to Subjects of the Crown of *Portugal*, or that they have been emancipated in the Dominion of His most Faithful Majesty: And Whereas it was also, by the Seventh Article of the said Instructions, provided, that whenever a Ship of War shall meet a Merchant Vessel liable to be searched, it shall be done in the most mild manner, and with every Attention which is due between Allied and Friendly Nations; and in no case shall the Search be made by an Officer holding a Rank inferior to that of Lieutenant in the Navy; and by the Eighth Article of the said Instructions, that the Ships of War which may detain Slave Ships, in pursuance of the Principles laid down in the said Instructions, shall leave on board all the Cargo of *Negroes* unattached, as well as the Captain, and a Part at least of the Crew of the Slave Ship; and that the Captain shall draw up in Writing an authentic Declaration, which shall exhibit the State in which he found the detained Ship, and the Changes which may have taken place in it; and that he shall deliver to the Captain of the Slave Ship a signed Certificate of the Papers found on board the said Vessel, as well as of the Number of *Slaves* found on board at the Moment of Detention; and that the *Negroes* shall not be disembarked till after the Vessel which contain them shall be arrived at the Place where the Legation of the Captain is to be tried by one of the Two mixed Commissions, in order that in the Event of their not being adjudged legal Prizes, the Loss of the Prisoners may be more easily repaired; but that if urgent Motives, deduced from the Length of the Voyage, the State of Health of the *Negroes*, or other Causes, require that they shall be disembarked entirely or in Part, before the Vessel can arrive at the Place of the Residence of One of the said Commissions, the Commander of the capturing Ship may take on himself the Responsibility of such Disembarkation, provided that the Necessity be fixed in a Certificate in proper Form; and it was by the Ninth Article of the said Instructions provided, that in Consequence of Slaves from one Part of the *Brazil* to another, or from the Continent or Islands of *Africa* to the Possessions of *Portugal* out of *America*, shall take place as Objects of Commerce, except in Ships provided with Passports from the *Portuguese* Government at bar: And Whereas also it was by the said Regulations for the mixed Commissions which were established according to the Supulations of the said Convention, and which Regulations were declared to be an integral Part of the said Convention, provided, in the First Article of the said Regulations, that the mixed Commissions to be established by the said Convention upon the Coast of *Africa* and in the *Brazil*, are appointed to decide upon the Legality of the Detention of such Slave Vessels as the Commanders of both Nations shall detain in pursuance of the said Convention, for carrying on such Commerce in *Slaves*; and that the above mentioned Commissions shall judge, without Appeal, according to the Letter and Spirit of the Treaty signed of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and of the said Additional Convention to the said Treaty, signed at London on the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and recited in this Act, that the Commissions shall give Sentence as summarily as possible, and they are required to decide (as far as they shall find it practicable) within the Space of Twenty Days, to be dated from that on which every detained Vessel shall have been brought into the Port where they shall reside; first, upon the Legality of the Capture; secondly, in the case in which the captured Vessel shall have been liberated, as to the Indemnification which the *Spain* owes; and it is thereby provided that in all cases the said Sentence shall not be delayed on account of the Absence of Witnesses, or for Want of other Proof, beyond the Period of Two Months, except upon the Application of any of the Parties interested, when, upon their giving satisfactory Security to charge themselves with the Expense and Risk of the Delay, the Commissions may, in their Discretion, grant an additional Delay, not exceeding Four Months; and it was by the Second Article of the said Regulations provided, that each of the above mentioned mixed Commissions, which are to reside on the Coast of *Africa* and in the *Brazil*, shall be composed in the following manner: The Two High Contracting Parties shall each of them name a Comissary Judge and a Commissioner of Arbitration, who shall be authorized to hear and to decide, without Appeal, all cases of Capture of Slave Vessels which, in pursuance of the Supulations of the Additional Convention of this date, may be laid before them; and that all the official Parts of the Proceedings carried on before their mixed Commissions shall be written down in the Language of the Country in which the Commission may reside; and the Comissary Judges, and the Commissioners of Arbitration, shall make Oath, in Presence of the Principal Magistrate of the Place in which the Commission may reside, to judge fairly and faithfully, to have no Preference either for the Claimants or the Captors, and so act in all their Decisions in pursuance of the Supulations of the Treaty of the Twenty second of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and of the Additional Convention to the said Treaty recited in this Act; and that there shall be attached to each Commission a Secretary or Registrar appointed by the Sovereign of the Country in which the Commission may reside, who shall register all its Acts, and who, previous to taking Charge of his Post, shall make Oath, in Presence of at least One of the Comissary Judges, to conduct himself with Respect for their Authority, and to act with Fidelity in all the Affairs which may belong to his Charge; and it was also provided in the Third Article of the Regulations, that the Form of the Process shall be as follows: The Comissary Judges of the Two Nations shall in the First Place proceed to the Examination of the Papers of the Vessel, and to receive the Depositions on Oath of the Captain and Two or Three at least of the principal Individuals on board of the detained Vessel, as well as the Declaration on Oath of the Captor, should it appear necessary, in order to be able to judge and so pronounce if the said Vessel has been justly detained or not, according to the Supulations of the said Additional Convention recited in this Act, and in order that according to this Judgment, it may be condemned or liberated; and in the Event of the Two Comissary Judges not agreeing in the Sentence they ought to pronounce, whether as to the Legality of the Detention,

as the Indemnifications be allowed, or on any other Question which might result from the stipulations of the said Convention, they shall draw by Lot the Names of One of the Two Commissioners of Arbitration, who, after having considered the Documents of the Process, shall consult with the above mentioned Consular Judges on the case in question, and the final Sentence shall be pronounced conformably to the Opinion of the Majesty of the above mentioned Consular Judges, and of the above mentioned Commissioner of Arbitration: And it was also provided by the Fourth Article of the said Regulations, that as often as the Cargo of Slaves found on board of a Portuguese Slave Ship shall have been embarked on any Port whatever of the Coast of Africa where the Slave Trade was legal in the Subjects of the Crown of Portugal, such Slave Ship shall not be detained on Pretence that the above mentioned Slaves shall have been brought originally by Land from any other Port whatever of the Continent; and it was also in the Fifth Article of the said Regulations provided, that in the aforementioned Declaration which the Captain shall make before the Commission, as well as in the Certificate of the Papers issued, which shall be delivered to the Captain of the captured Vessel at the time of the Detention, the above mentioned Captain shall be bound to declare his Name, the Name of his Vessel, as well as the Latitude and Longitude of the Place where the Detention shall have taken place, and the Number of Slaves found living on board of the Slave Ship at the time of the Detention; and it was also provided, in the Sixth Article of the said Regulations, that as soon as Sentence shall have been passed, the detained Vessel, if damaged, and what amount of the Cargo, shall be returned to the Proprietors, who may before the same Commission claim a Valuation of the Damages which they may have a Right to demand, the Captain himself, and in his Default his Government, shall remain responsible for the above mentioned Damages; and that the Two High Contracting Powers did bind themselves to defray, within the Term of a Year from the Date of the Sentence, the Indemnifications which may be granted by the above named Commission, it being understood that these Indemnifications shall be at the Expense of the Powers of which the Captain shall be a Subject; and by the Seventh Article of the said Regulations, that in case of the condemnation of a Vessel for an unlawful Voyage, she shall be declared lawful Prize, as well as her Cargo, of whatever Description it may be, with the Exception of the Slaves who may be on board as Objects of Commerce; and the said Vessel, as well as her Cargo, shall be sold by Public Sale, for the Profit of the Two Governments; and as to the Slaves, they shall receive from the mixed Commission a Certificate of Emancipation, and shall be delivered over to the Government on whose Territory the Commission which shall have judged them shall be established, to be employed as Servants or Free Labourers, with Guarantee by each of the Two Governments respectively, the Liberty of such Parties of their Individuals as shall be respectively assigned to it; and it was also provided by the Eighth Article of the said Regulations, that every Claim for Compensation of Losses occasioned to Ships suspected of carrying on an illicit Trade in Slaves, not condemned as lawful Prize by the mixed Commission, shall be able to be heard and judged by the above named Commission, in the Form provided by the Third Article of the said Regulations herebefore enacted; and in all cases where Restitution shall be so desired, the Commission shall award to the Claimant or Claimants, or to their lawful Attorney or Attorneys, for his or their Use, a full and complete Indemnification, first, for all Costs of Suit, and for all Losses and Damages which the Claimant or Claimants may have actually sustained by such Capture and Detention, that is to say, in the case of total Loss, the Claimant or Claimants shall be indemnified, first, for the Ship, her Tackle, Apparel and Stores; secondly, for all Freight due and payable; thirdly, for the Value of the Cargo of Merchandise, if any; fourthly, for the Slaves on board at the time of Detention, according to the computed Value of such Slaves at the Place of Detention, deducting therefrom the usual fair average Mortality for the unexpired Period of the regular Voyage, deducting also for all Charges and Expenses payable upon the Sale of such Cargo, including Commission of Sale when payable at each Port; and fifthly, for all other regular Charges in such sale of total Loss; and in all other cases not of total Loss, the Claimant or Claimants shall be indemnified, first, for all special Damages and Expenses occasioned to the Ship by the Detention, and for Loss of Freight when due or payable; secondly, a Damages, where due, according to the Schedule annexed; thirdly, a daily Allowance for the Subsistence of Slaves of One Shilling or One hundred and eighty Penns for each Person, without Distinction of Age or Sex, for so many Days as it shall appear to the Commission that the Voyage has been or may be delayed by order of such Detention; as likewise, fourthly, for any Detention of Cargo or Slaves; fifthly, for any Detention in the Value of the Cargo of Slaves proceeding from an unlawful Mortality beyond the average Amount of the Voyage, or from Sickness occasioned by Detention, the Value to be ascertained by their computed Price at the Place of Destination, as is in the above case of total Loss; sixthly, an Allowance of Five per Centum on the Amount of Capital employed in the Purchase and Maintenance of Cargo for the Period of Delay occasioned by the Detention; and seventhly, for all Payment of Insurance on additional Risk; the Claimant or Claimants shall likewise be entitled to Interest at the Rate of Five per Centum per Annum on the Sum awarded, until paid by the Government to which the capturing Ship belongs; the whole Amount of such Indemnifications being calculated in the Money of the Country on which the captured Ship belongs, and to be liquidated at Exchange Current at the time of Award, excepting the Sum for the Subsistence of Slaves, which shall be paid at par, as above stipulated; the Two High Contracting Parties willing to avoid, as much as possible, every Species of Fraud in the Execution of the Additional Convention of this Date, have agreed, that if it should be proved, in a manner evident to the Consensus of the Judges of the Two Nations, and without having Recourse to the Decision of a Commission of Arbitration, that the Captain has been led into Error by a voluntary and reproachable Fault on the Part of the Captain of the detained Ship, in that case only the detained Ship shall not have the Right of receiving, during the Days of her Detention, the Damages stipulated by the present Article:—

Schedule of Damages or Daily Allowance for a Vessel of

100 Tons to 120 inclusive - 45	} per Diem;	200 Tons to 220 inclusive - 45	} per Diem;
121 ditto to 150 - ditto - 5		221 ditto to 250 - ditto - 5	
151 ditto to 170 - ditto - 8		251 ditto to 270 - ditto - 8	
171 ditto to 200 - ditto - 10		271 ditto to 300 - ditto - 10	

and to be proportion; and it was also provided by the Ninth Article of the said Regulations, that when the Proprietors of a Ship suspected of carrying on an illicit Trade in Slaves, referred to in consequence of a Sentence of One of the mixed Commissions (or in the case as above mentioned of total Loss), shall claim Indemnification for the Loss of Slaves which he may have suffered, he shall in no case be entitled to claim for more than the Number of Slaves which his Vessel was by the Portuguese Laws authorized to carry, which Number shall always be declared in his Passport; and it was also provided by the Tenth Article of the said Regulations, that the mixed Commission established in London by the Article Ninth of the said Convention heretofore recited, shall hear and determine all Claims for Portuguese Ships and Cargoes captured by British Cruisers, on account of the unlawful Trading in Slaves, since the Port of Azor One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, all the Period when the Convention is to be in complete Execution, according to them, conformably to the Ninth Article of the said Convention, a full and complete Compensation, upon the Basis laid down in the preceding Article, either for total Loss, or for Losses and Damages sustained by the Owners and Proprietors of the said Ships and Cargoes; and it was also provided, that the said Commission established in London shall be composed and proceed exactly upon the same Basis determined in the Articles of One, Two, and Three of the Regulations heretofore recited, for the Commissions established on the Coast of Africa and the Branch; and it was also provided by the Eleventh Article of the said Regulations, that it shall not be permitted to any of the Commissary Judges, nor to the Arbitrators, nor to the Secretary of any of the mixed Commissions, to demand or receive from any one of the Parties concerned in the Sentence which they shall pronounce, any Emolument, under any Pretext whatsoever, for the Performance of the Duties which are imposed upon them by the Regulations annexed to the Convention as aforesaid; and by the Ninth Article of the said Regulations, that when the Parties interested shall imagine they have Cause to complain of any evident Injustice as the Part of the mixed Commissions, they may represent it to their respective Governments, who reserve to themselves the Right of mutual Correspondence, for removing, when they think fit, the Individuals who may compose their Commissions; And it was also provided by the Thirteenth Article of the said Regulations, that in the case of a Vessel detained unjustly under the Pretence of the Stipulations of the Additional Convention of the Date, and in which the Captor should neither be authorized by the Treaty of the above mentioned Convention, nor of the Instructions annexed to it, the Government to which the detained Vessel may belong shall be entitled to demand Reparation, and in such case the Government to which the Captor may belong binds itself to make the Subject of Complaint to be fully examined, and to inflict upon the Captor, if he be found to have delivered it, a Punishment proportioned to the Transgression which may have been committed; And it was also agreed in the Fourteenth Article of the said Regulations, that in the Event of the Death of One or more of the Commissioners, Judges and Arbitrators composing the above mentioned mixed Commissions, their Polls shall be supplied ad interim in the following manner; as the Part of the British Government, the Vacancies shall be filled successively in the Commission which shall sit within the Possessions of His Britannic Majesty, by the Governor or Lieutenant Governor resident in that Colony, by the principal Magistrate of the Place, and by the Secretary, and in the Branch, by the British Consul and Vice Consul resident in the City in which the mixed Commission may be established; as the Part of Portugal, the Vacancies shall be supplied in the Branch by such Persons as the Captain General of the Province shall name for that Purpose; and considering the Difficulty which the Portuguese Government would feel in naming its Parties to fill the Polls which might become vacant in the Commission established in the British Possessions, it is agreed, that in case of the Death of the Portuguese Commissioners, Judge or Arbitrators, in their Possessions, the remaining Individuals of the above mentioned Commission shall be equally authorized to proceed to the Judgment of such Slave Ships as may be brought before them, and to the Execution of their Sentence; in this case alone, however, the Parties interested shall have the Right of appealing from the Sentence, if they think fit, to the Commission which sits in the Branch; and the Government to which the Captor shall belong shall be bound fully to delay the Indemnification which shall be due to them, if the Appeal be judged in favour of the Claimants, it being well understood that the Ship and Cargo shall remain during this Appeal in the Place of Refuge of the Port Commission before whom the may have been confiscated; and it was in the said Regulation agreed to supply, as soon as possible, every Vacancy that may arise in the above mentioned Commissions from Death or any other Contingency; and in case that the Vacancy of each of the Portuguese Commissioners residing in the British Possessions be not supplied at the End of six Months, the Vessels which are taken there to be judged, after the Expiration of that time, shall no longer have the Right of Appeal heretofore stipulated: And it was also further provided and declared and agreed, in a separate Article, that as soon as the total Abolition of the Slave Trade for the Subjects of the Crown of Portugal shall have taken Place, the Two High Contracting Parties, by common Consent, will adopt so that State of Circumstances the Stipulations of the said Additional Convention of the Twenty eighth July heretofore recited; but in Defect of such Alteration, that the said Additional Convention shall remain in force until the Expiration of Fifteen Years from the Day on which the general Abolition of the Slave Trade shall take place on the Part of the Portuguese Government; and that the said separate Article shall have the same Force and Validity as if it were inserted Word for Word in the said Additional Con-

[illegible]

II. And be it further enacted, That all Ships and Vessels, belonging wholly or in part to His Majesty's Subjects, which shall be fastened upon reasonable Grounds of having Slaves on board acquired by an illicit Traffic, shall be and are hereby declared and made, according to the said Treaty, Convention and Regulations aforesaid, subject to the Visitation of British or Portuguese Vessels of War, duly authorized for that Purpose, according to the Provisions before recited; and that all Ships and Vessels belonging wholly or in part to His Majesty's Subjects, which shall be found having Slaves on board acquired by an illicit Traffic, contrary to the Treaty, Convention and Regulations so recited as aforesaid, and all Boats, Apparels, Furnitures and Slaves belonging to such Ships or Vessels, and all Cargoes therein, shall be and are hereby declared to be and made subject to the Visit and Detention of British or Portuguese Vessels of War duly authorized for that Purpose, according to the Stipulations of the said Convention, and to Forfeiture according to the Provisions of the said Convention, and the Regulations and Instructions thereto annexed, and for that Purpose shall be and are hereby made subject to the Adjudication of, and to Compensation or other Judgment by the Consular Judges and Commissioners to be appointed according to the Provisions of the said Convention, and to the said Rules, Orders and Regulations annexed hereto, recited as aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to appoint such Commissioners, Judges and Commissioners of Arbitration as are in and by the said Convention and Regulations thereunto annexed, mentioned to be appointed by His Majesty, and from time to time to supply any Vacancies which may arise in such Offices, by appointing other Persons thereto; and to grant Salaries to such Commissioners, Judges and Commissioners of Arbitration as aforesaid, not exceeding such Annual Sums as the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of Great Britain and Ireland shall from time to time direct; and such Commissioners, Judges and Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to examine and decide all such cases of Detention, Capture and Seizure of Vessels and their Cargoes as aforesaid, detained, seized, taken or captured under the said Treaty or Convention, or Instructions and Regulations, as are by the said Treaty, Convention, Instructions and Regulations, and by this Act, made subject to their Jurisdiction, and to proceed therein, and give such Judgments and make such Orders thereon, and to do all other Acts, matters and things appertaining thereto, specially to the President of the said Treaty and Convention, and the Individuals and Regulations annexed thereto and recited as aforesaid, so fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if special Powers and Authorities were specifically and particularly allotted and given in relation thereto to the said Act.

IV. And to be further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the time being, to nominate and appoint a Secretary or Registrar to the Commission which shall be established in His Majesty's Dominions, and from time to time to supply, by other Appointments, any Vacancy which may hereafter arise in such Office, and to grant Salaries to such Secretary or Registrar, not exceeding such Annual Sum as the said Lords Commissioners shall from time to time direct; and such Secretary or Registrar is hereby respectively authorized and empowered to do, perform and execute all the Duties of such Office, as set forth and defined in the said Commission, Instructions and Regulations respectively heretofore created as aforesaid, and so to do, perform and execute all such Acts, matters and things as may be necessary for the due Discharge of the Duties of his Office, according to the Provisions of the said Commission and Instructions and Regulations as aforesaid.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor or Lieutenant Governor or Principal Magistrate of the Colony or Settlement in which the Commission shall sit, within the Possessions of His Majesty's Majesty, to fill up every Vacancy which shall arise in such Commission, either of Com-missary Judge, Commissioner or any Officer thereof, appointed by His Majesty as aforesaid, according to the Provisions contained in the before recited Regulations annexed to the said Commission as aforesaid, or, as serv-ice, until such Vacancy or Vacancies shall be otherwise filled by some Person or Persons appointed by His Majesty for that Purpose.

VI. And to be further enacted, That every Comptroller Judge and Commissioner of Arbitration, appointed by His Majesty, shall, before he shall enter upon the Execution of any of the Duties of such his Office, take an Oath, in the Presence of the Principal Magistrate then residing and acting in the Colony, Settlement or Place in which the Commission shall be appointed to reside; which Oath every such Magistrate in any Colony, Settlement or Place belonging to His Majesty, in which such Court or Commission shall be appointed, is hereby authorized to administer, in the Form following:— that is to say.

I A. S. do solemnly swear, That I will, according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, act in the
 Execution of my Office as faithfully, conscientiously, fairly and without Preference as

* Further, either the Claimants or Captors, or any other Persons; and that I will, to the best of my

Private Maps of
War show another
world many have
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last 100 years.

Donald Wolfelt
 Looking to Moscow
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 by Partnership-2
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 Region, Inc.

The Ministry may appoint 6 auxiliary judges and 6 non-judicial officers as judges.

Time Course

And they are
great Syrian
and Magian
with Indians,
• the sun and moon
• and the stars
• and the planets

Figure 1 shows the results of the regression analysis. The results show that the regression model is significant at the 0.05 level. The adjusted R-squared value is 0.12, indicating that 12% of the variance in the dependent variable is explained by the independent variables. The results also show that the regression model is significant at the 0.05 level. The adjusted R-squared value is 0.12, indicating that 12% of the variance in the dependent variable is explained by the independent variables.

Council
Judge, Commissioner of
Agriculture, and
Secretary to the
State Board of
Education.

• Judgment and Power, act in pursuance of and according to the stipulations, Regulations and Instructions contained in the Commission between His Majesty and His most Faithful Majesty, signed at London on the Twenty eighth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and seventeen. So help us GOD."

And every Secretary or Registrar appointed by His Majesty under the Provisions of the Treaty, and Regulations and Instructions, and of this Act, shall, before he enters on the Duties of his said Office, take the like Oath before the *British* Consular Judge as aforesaid, who is hereby empowered to administer the same.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Consular Judges, or either of them, or for any such Secretary or Registrar, and they are hereby respectively empowered, to administer Oaths to and take the Depositions of all Parties, Witnesses and other Persons who may come or be brought before them to be examined, or for the Purpose of depeding, in the Courts of any Proceeding before the said Consular Judges, or before the said Consular Judges and the Commissioners of Arbitration, in the cases in which such Commissioners of Arbitration shall sit with the said Consular Judges, under the said Commission, Instructions or Regulations, or this Act; and it shall also be lawful for the said Consular Judges, or for the said Consular Judges and Commissioners of Arbitration, in the cases aforesaid, to summon before them all Persons whom they may deem it necessary or proper to examine, in relation to any Suit, Proceeding or matter or thing under their Cognizance, and to issue for and take Process for the producing of all such Papers as may relate to the matters in question before them, and to enforce all such Warrants, Orders and Process by such and the like Means, Powers and Authorities as any Court of Vice Admiralty may do.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, in any Examination or Deposition or Affidavit had or taken upon or in any Proceeding before the said Consular Judges or Commissioners aforesaid, under the said Treaty, Instructions or Regulations, or this Act, shall be deemed guilty of Perjury, and being thereof convicted, shall be subject and liable to all the Punishments, Fines and Penalties to which Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are liable; and every such Person may be tried for any such Perjury, either in the Place where the Offence was committed, or in any Colony or Settlement of His Majesty *any* *where*, in which there is a Court of competent Jurisdiction to try any such Offence, or in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench in England; and that in case of any Prosecution for such Offence in His Majesty's said Court of King's Bench, the Verdict may be had in the County of *Middlesex*.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Presidency of any Suit or Proceeding instituted before the said Commissioners for the Conservation or Reliance of any Ship or Cargo of Goods taken, seized or detained by virtue of the said Commission, or Instructions or Regulations therein annexed, or the said Adjudications, Conservations or Judgments or Determinations thereupon, may be pleaded in Bar, or given in Evidence under the General Issue, and shall be and be deemed and adjudged in any Court whatever to be a good and complete Bar to any Action, Suit or Proceeding, whether brought or refused by any Person or Persons for the Recovery of any such Ship, Vessel or Cargo, or of any Damage or for any Injury sustained thereby, or by the Persons on board the same, in consequence of any Capture, Seizure or Detention, or Affair, matter or thing done under the Authority or in pursuance of the Provisions of the said Commission, or of the Instructions or Regulations therein annexed; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of Appeal in Prize Causes, and for the High Court of Admiralty, in all cases and Questions arising out of the said Captures that may be depending before them, or that may be brought before them on Appeal from any Vice Admiralty Court, according to their respective Jurisdictions, to proceed therein, and to hear and determine all Questions respecting any Right or Interest in or to the same, to which His Majesty, or the Captors or Seizurers of such Ships, Vessels or Cargoes, may claim to be entitled, by reason of the Capture or Seizure thereof and the Laws relating thereto, and to enforce their Judgments and Orders therein by the usual Process of the said Courts; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in all such cases as aforesaid in which the Captors or Seizurers shall not establish any Right or Interest on their behalf, by reason of the Capture thereof and the Laws relating thereto, it shall be lawful for the said Courts respectively to order and adjudge the Ships, Vessels and Cargoes, or the Proceeds thereof, and all and every Part thereof, into or to or which the Captors shall not establish any Right or Interest as aforesaid, to be delivered or paid, for the Use of His Majesty, to such Person or Persons as the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being shall appoint to receive the same, and to advance the Delivery or the Payment thereof by the usual Process as is used and established by Law in cases of Prize; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed in anywise to alter, suspend, affect, relax or repeal any of the Clauses, Penalties, Forfeitures or Punishments contained and enacted in any Act or Acts of Parliament made for the Suppression or Prevention of the Slave Trade; but that all such Acts of Parliament, and all Clauses, Regulations, Penalties, Forfeitures and Punishments therein respectively contained, shall remain in full Force and Virtue; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced, either in Great Britain or elsewhere, on against any Person or Persons, for any thing done in pursuance of the said Treaty, or Instructions or Regulations therein annexed, or of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may

Consular Judges and Secretaries and Registrars; and they are hereby respectively empowered, to administer Oaths to and take the Depositions of all Parties, Witnesses and other Persons who may come or be brought before them to be examined, or for the Purpose of depeding, in the Courts of any Proceeding before the said Consular Judges, or before the said Consular Judges and the Commissioners of Arbitration, in the cases in which such Commissioners of Arbitration shall sit with the said Consular Judges, under the said Commission, Instructions or Regulations, or this Act; and it shall also be lawful for the said Consular Judges, or for the said Consular Judges and Commissioners of Arbitration, in the cases aforesaid, to summon before them all Persons whom they may deem it necessary or proper to examine, in relation to any Suit, Proceeding or matter or thing under their Cognizance, and to issue for and take Process for the producing of all such Papers as may relate to the matters in question before them, and to enforce all such Warrants, Orders and Process by such and the like Means, Powers and Authorities as any Court of Vice Admiralty may do.

Persons giving false Evidence in any Examination or Deposition or Affidavit had or taken upon or in any Proceeding before the said Consular Judges or Commissioners aforesaid, under the said Treaty, Instructions or Regulations, or this Act, shall be deemed guilty of Perjury, and being thereof convicted, shall be subject and liable to all the Punishments, Fines and Penalties to which Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are liable; and every such Person may be tried for any such Perjury, either in the Place where the Offence was committed, or in any Colony or Settlement of His Majesty any where, in which there is a Court of competent Jurisdiction to try any such Offence, or in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench in England; and that in case of any Prosecution for such Offence in His Majesty's said Court of King's Bench, the Verdict may be had in the County of Middlesex.

Persons giving false Evidence in any Examination or Deposition or Affidavit had or taken upon or in any Proceeding before the said Consular Judges or Commissioners aforesaid, under the said Treaty, Instructions or Regulations, or this Act, shall be deemed guilty of Perjury, and being thereof convicted, shall be subject and liable to all the Punishments, Fines and Penalties to which Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are liable; and every such Person may be tried for any such Perjury, either in the Place where the Offence was committed, or in any Colony or Settlement of His Majesty any where, in which there is a Court of competent Jurisdiction to try any such Offence, or in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench in England; and that in case of any Prosecution for such Offence in His Majesty's said Court of King's Bench, the Verdict may be had in the County of Middlesex.

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may plead the General Issue, and give this Act as lawfully received, and the Special matter as Evidence at any Trial as he had theretofore, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of the said Convention, Instructions or Regulations, or of this Act; and if it shall appear to be here before done, the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff shall be acquitted, or discontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if Judgment shall be given, upon any Verdict or Demurrer, against the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as Defendants have in other cases by Law.

Treble Costs.

C A P. LXXXVI.

An Act for raising the Sum of Eleven millions⁴ six hundred thousand Pounds by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen. [5th June 1818.]

[This Act is the same as 57 G. 3. c. 2. except as to Dates and Sums, and that the Proviso for Alteration, &c. during the Session contained in Section 8. of that Act is omitted in this Act.]

C A P. LXXXVII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Eight hundred thousand Pounds Sterling Currency, by Treasury Bills, in Ireland, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen. [5th June 1818.]

[This Act is the same as 57 G. 3. c. 2. except as to Dates and Sums.]

C A P. LXXXVIII.

An Act to amend Two Acts made in the last Session of Parliament, for authorizing the Issue of Exchequer Bills, and the Advance of Money for carrying on Public Works and Fisheries, and Employment of the Poor, and to extend the Powers of the Commissioners appointed for carrying the said Acts into Execution in Ireland. [5th June 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to authorize the Issue of Exchequer Bills, and the Advance of Money out of the Consolidated Fund in a limited Amount, for the carrying on of Public Works and Fisheries in the United Kingdom, and Employment of the Poor in Great Britain, in manner therein mentioned*; it is among other things enacted, that in any case after the passing of the said Act, by or out of such Monies as shall at any time or times remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland, or out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom arising in Ireland (after paying or referring sufficient to pay all such Sums and Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid in Ireland out of the said Consolidated Fund), there should and might be paid, by Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, from time to time, in manner and under the Regulations in the said Act mentioned and contained, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, to be applied to the Purposes of the said Act, in manner and under the Regulations therein mentioned; and it was also enacted, that it should be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being to appoint such Persons as he or they should think fit to be Commissioners for the Execution of the said Act in Ireland, in manner therein mentioned: And Whereas the said recited Act was amended by another Act made in the same Session of Parliament, and it is expedient that the said recited Acts shall be amended in manner hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners for the time being for the Execution of the said recited Acts in Ireland, by and with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to make any Advance of Money under the said recited Acts and then Act in Aid of any Public Work carried on under the Direction of any Corporation in Ireland, or of any Commissioners appointed by Parliament, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, upon the Credit of any Rates, Rents, Tolls or Profits which are or shall be levied, paid and applied under the Authority or Control of any such Corporation, or of any Commissioners or Persons so appointed, and also to make any such Advances upon the Credit of any Provisions to be made by the Grand Jury of any County, or County of a City or County of a Town, provided that such Provisions be made in the manner hereinafter mentioned and directed; and that in all cases where any Advance of Money shall be made upon the Credit of any such Rates, Rents, Tolls or Profits, or of such Provisions, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, by and with the Consent aforesaid, to direct such Advance to be made upon Our or new Mortgage or Mortgage, Assignment or Assignments of such Rates, Rents, Tolls or Profits only, without requiring any personal Security for the same; and also to advance any Sum or Sums of Money, under the Provisions of the said recited Acts and this Act, in such Rate of Interest, not less than Five Pounds per Centum, nor more than Six Pounds per Centum, as to the said Commissioners shall seem fit, and to provide that the principal Money so to be advanced shall be repaid by Installments in any Sum or Sums not less than Two Pounds per Centum per Annum of the principal Money so lent or advanced, as the said Commissioners shall think fit.

II. And

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Grand Jury of a County, or County of a City, or County of a Town, or any Alders, or in the County of Dublin, or County of the City of Dublin, in any prefixing Term, to petition any such Public Work which is by the Laws now in force competent for them to perform, in order to obtain Advances of Money from the said Commissioners, and to set forth in such Petition that such Sum or Sums of Money shall be raised and levied by yearly Installments of not less than Five Pounds per Centum of the whole Sum to be expended, and likewise to petition a Sum sufficient to pay the annual interest of such Sum or Sums to be expended, as a Rate not less than Six Pounds per Centum, nor more than Six Pounds per Centum, and to set forth in such Petition what Part thereof shall be raised upon any Burary or Buraries in such County, or on the County at large; and that the Treasurer of such County, or County of a City, or County of a Town, shall from time to time, without further Authority or Prefixment in that behalf, issue in his Warrant, at such Alders or prefixing Term (if in the County of Dublin, or County of the City of Dublin), the Portion or Portions to set forth of the Sum so petitioned, and the Sum for annual Interest thereof; and the same shall be raised and levied in like manner, as all other Money directed by such Warrant to be raised by Law to be levied; and when and as soon as such Petition shall have been duly certified by the Commissioners for the Execution of the said recited Acts and this Act, within Six Months from the time of making such Petition or Petitions, that then and in such case every such Petition or Petitions, for or on account of which Money shall not have been obtained as aforesaid, shall be quashed or vacated by the next going Judge of Assize, or by His Majesty's Court of King's Bench if in the County or County of the City of Dublin, at the Assize or in the Term, as the case may be, next following the Expiration of the said Six Months, any thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding; and if it shall happen that any Money shall have been raised by virtue of any such Petition or Petitions, which shall not be required for the Purpose for which it shall have been so raised, the same shall be carried to the Credit generally of the County, or of the County of the Town, or of the County of the City, whereas the same shall have been levied by the Treasurer of such County, or County of a Town, or County of a City respectively.

III. And be it further enacted, That every such Treasurer receiving any such Money shall pay into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland all such Sums as shall from time to time be recovered from the Buraral or other Collectors by virtue of the Petitions on account of which such Money shall have been advanced, until the whole Sum advanced shall be repaid, together with Interest for the same, at the Rate at which it shall have been agreed that the same shall be repaid.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That if any Sum or Sums of Money, for Repayment of which any Petition or Petitions shall have been made, shall not be obtained from or granted by the said Commissioners for the Execution of the said recited Acts and this Act, within Six Months from the time of making such Petition or Petitions, that then and in such case every such Petition or Petitions, for or on account of which Money shall not have been obtained as aforesaid, shall be quashed or vacated by the next going Judge of Assize, or by His Majesty's Court of King's Bench if in the County or County of the City of Dublin, at the Assize or in the Term, as the case may be, next following the Expiration of the said Six Months, any thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding; and if it shall happen that any Money shall have been raised by virtue of any such Petition or Petitions, which shall not be required for the Purpose for which it shall have been so raised, the same shall be carried to the Credit generally of the County, or of the County of the Town, or of the County of the City, whereas the same shall have been levied by the Treasurer of such County, or County of a Town, or County of a City respectively.

V. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Advances or Advances of Money shall be required to be made on the Security of any Petition or Petitions directed by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland to be made by any Grand Jury or Grand Jurors in Ireland for any special or particular Purpose or Purposes, or in Aid of any Public Works or Charitable Institutions carried on under the Management or Direction of any Corporation, or of any Commissioners or Persons appointed as in the said recited Acts and hereinafter mentioned, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for the Execution of the said recited Acts and this Act in Ireland, by and with the Consent and Approbation aforesaid, to direct such Advances or Advances to be made upon Mortgage or Assignments of such Petition or Petitions, without requiring any Petition or Persons to enter into any personal Security for the same, such Advances to be made at such Rate of Interest, not less than Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, nor more than Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, as to the said Commissioners for the Execution of the said recited Acts and this Act in Ireland shall seem fit; and provided that the principal Sum or Sums to be advanced shall be repaid by Installments of not less than Five Pounds per Centum per Annum on the original principal Sum advanced in the said Commissioners shall think fit; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners for the Execution of the said recited Acts and this Act, to take and accept a Mortgage or Mortgages of such Petition or Petitions, for securing the Repayment of such Advances or Advances and the Interest thereof; or to advance Money upon the Credit of such Petition or Petitions, to be secured by any such Debt or Debts or other Instrument, or by such other Method as shall be deemed necessary for that Purpose by the said Commissioners; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Jury, who shall be sworn in such Assize, or at such Term if in the County of Dublin, or County of the City of Dublin, as the case may be, at which such Petition shall have been made, to assign such Petition, and the Money to be derived thereby, to the said Commissioners, by such Debt or Instrument as shall be required by the said Commissioners; Notice of which Debt or Debts or such Security shall be given in Writing to the Treasurer or Treasurers of the County or Counties upon which the Petition or Petitions shall be assigned, mortgaged or secured shall have been directed to be paid; and from thenceforth such Treasurer or Treasurers shall be accountable for the due and regular Payment of the annual Sums to be repaid in discharge of such principal Sums

and the Interest thereof, at the times and in the manner for such in each Decree or Decree of Assignment or Mortgage to be executed as aforesaid; and all Receipts given by him or them, or on his or their behalf, shall extend to such Mortgage.

VI. And he is further enacted, That no Bond to His Majesty, nor any Mortgage, Surrender, Assignment, or other Instrument or Affidavit taken by the said Commissioners in Ireland in the Name of their Secretary, at the time being, or otherwise, under the said vested Acts or this Act, nor any Examination, Affidavit, Deposition, Receipt or Consent by Sureties or Surety to any Extension of time granted by the said Commissioners for Payment of any Exchange Debt, or Money advanced to any Principal by virtue of the said vested Acts or this Act, nor any Receipt or other Document which may be taken or made under and by virtue of the said vested Acts or this Act, and for the Purpose of carrying the said Acts and this Act into Execution in Ireland, shall be liable to any Stamp Duty whatever; any thing in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. LXXXIX.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, as requires the Attendance of Magistrates on board Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Plantations or to Foreign Parts. [5th June 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the Rights carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Plantations and Settlements Abroad, or to Foreign Parts, which respect to the Number of such Passengers, if it amongst other things enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for the Collector, Comptroller or Surveyor of the Customs of the Port or Place at which any such Ship or Vessel shall be cleared out, or in the Absence of such Collector, Comptroller and Surveyor, the resident Officer of the Customs at the Port, together with any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace or other Magistrate, if such Justice or Magistrate can be found at such Port or Place, or within a convenient Distance thereof, and such Collector or Comptroller or such resident Officer, together with such Justice or Magistrate, is hereby directed and required to muster the Passengers and Crew on board every such Ship or Vessel immediately before sailing, and to compare the Persons found on board with the Persons specified and described in the said Muster Roll, delivered by such Master or other Person attending, and to search and inspect every such Ship or Vessel: And Whereas the Attendance of Justice or Magistrates required by the said Act has been found inconvenient, and it is expedient to remedy the same: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the Provisions contained in the said second Act, as requires His Majesty's Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate to muster the Passengers and Crew on board every such Ship or Vessel, or assigns any other matter or thing to be executed or performed by such Justice or Magistrate, with regard to such Ships or Vessels and the Passengers and Crew on board the same, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and it shall and may be lawful for the Collector or Comptroller, or other proper Officer of the Customs, and he and they do are hereby empowered and required to do, execute and perform all and singular the matters and things required by the said Act to be done executed and performed by such Justice or Magistrate.*

C A P. XC.

An Act to alter and amend certain of an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority, and for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Absence, and for the Reformation of the Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty*. [5th June 1818.]

WHEREAS due attention to the Care of His Most Excellent Majesty's Health may require that His Majesty should be occasionally absent from His Most Excellent Majesty's Place of Residence, and it is expedient that at such times One or more Members of His Majesty's Council, to it may please His Majesty to order and direct, should personally reside at His Majesty's Place of Residence: And Whereas several of the present Members of His Majesty's Council, appointed under the Authority of an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority, and for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Absence, and for the Reformation of the Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty*, by reason of their official Duties are frequently unable to give such personal Attendance, and it is therefore fit that the Number of the Members of such Council should be increased: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That George Earl of Marchmont, William Lord Brough of London, Almeric Lord Saint Albans, and Merion Lord Rosby, shall be and are hereby appointed and appointed Members of His Majesty's said Council; and if it should happen that any of them should depart this Life, or by Instrument or Writing signify to His Majesty their Intention to decline to act, that then it shall be lawful for His Most Excellent Majesty, by any Instrument or Instruments in Writing, available at His Will and Pleasure, to nominate and appoint some one Person, being or having been a Member of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, to be a Member of His Majesty's said Council in the room

in place of each and every of them for departing this Life, for declining to sit as a Member, or of what Members (under conditions) and appointed, and do so be nominated and appointed, shall have such and the like Powers and Authorities, and exercise and discharge such and the like Duties, as any of the previous Members of Her Majesty's Council now hath, or can or may exercise or discharge under the Provisions and Authorities made and given by the last before mentioned Act, first taking the Oath required to be taken by the Members of Her Majesty's Council by the last Act, in the manner and at the time thereby prescribed; provided that every such Nomination and Appointment to be made by Her Majesty as aforesaid shall be lawfully certified by an Instrument in Writing, signed and sealed by Her Majesty, in the Lords of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and shall be entered in the Books of the last Privy Council.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case of the last Act, passed in the Thirty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, as aforesaid, that in the case therein for that Purpose mentioned, The Regent of the United Kingdom should forthwith order and direct a Proclamation to be issued under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, and published, declaring as in the last Act is directed; and also in case of the last Act as aforesaid, as therein is enacted, in case such Proclamation is ordered and directed by The Regent should then, meeting the Meeting and Sitting of the Parliament at that time so being, or of the last preceding Parliament, or of a new Parliament, in the respective cases in which it is by the last Act provided that such Parliament respectively should immediately meet, convene and sit; that he and she the same is hereby repeated.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the case shall happen in which it was enacted by the last Act, that The Regent should forthwith order and direct such Proclamation to be issued and published as aforesaid, then, from and immediately after the time shall happen, the Care of His Majesty's sacred Person, and all and every the Powers and Authorities vested in Her Majesty by Parliament touching the Care of His Majesty's Person, and the disposing, ordering and managing all matters and things relating thereto, shall become refered and continue vested in Her Majesty's Council, and Parliament shall make due Provision relating thereto, in like manner and as fully as such Care, Powers and Authorities were vested or intended to be vested in such case by the before mentioned Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign in Her Majesty's Council, until such due Provision should have been made according to the said Act.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if such case as aforesaid shall happen, and the Parliament is being at the time shall then be separated, The Regent shall forthwith cause to be issued and published a Proclamation under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, declaring that such case hath happened, and requiring the last Parliament to meet and sit at *Westminster* at the Day to which such Parliament had been adjourned or prorogued, or upon some Day to be mentioned in such Proclamation, and being within Sixty Days, to be computed from the Date of such Proclamation, and the Parliament shall thereby be deemed and taken to be duly prorogued to such Day to so be mentioned in such Proclamation.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if such case as aforesaid shall happen, and there shall be no Parliament so being at the time, and the time shall happen before the Day appointed by any Writ of Summons then issued for calling and assembling a new Parliament, then and in such case The Regent shall forthwith cause to be issued and published a Proclamation under the Great Seal aforesaid declaring that such case hath happened, and requiring such new Parliament to convene and sit at *Westminster*, either upon the Day appointed by such Writ of Summons for assembling the new Parliament, or upon some Day to be mentioned in such Proclamation, and being within Sixty Days, to be computed from the Date of such Proclamation; and in such latter case, upon the Day appointed by the last Writ of Summons for assembling the new Parliament, the same shall in the due and accustomed manner be prorogued to such Day to so be mentioned in such Proclamation.

VI. And be it also enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if such case as aforesaid shall happen upon or after the Day appointed by any Writ of Summons then issued for calling and assembling a new Parliament, and before such new Parliament shall have met and sat as a Parliament, then and in such case The Regent shall forthwith cause such a Proclamation as aforesaid to be issued and published, declaring that such case hath happened, and requiring the new Parliament either to convene and sit at *Westminster* immediately after such Proclamation shall have been published, or upon some Day to be mentioned in such Proclamation, and being within Sixty Days, to be computed from the Date of the said Proclamation; and in such case the Parliament so convening and sitting shall be and be deemed to be a Parliament to all intents and Purposes under the Provisions of this Act.

VII. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act in pursuance of the last now required for giving Effect to the Royal Intention of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, that the Parliament shall meet and be holden for the Dispatch of Business, and more effectually to provide for the Meeting of Parliament in the case of a Death of the Crown; it is amongst other things enacted, that in the case of the Death of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, (subject to the Discretion or Expression of a Parliament, and before the Day appointed by the Writ of Summons for assembling a new Parliament, the last preceding Parliament shall immediately convene and sit at *Westminster*, and be a Parliament, for such time to all intents and Purposes, and subject as therein is provided: And Whereas by the aforesaid Act passed in the Fifty first Year of His Majesty's Reign, it is amongst other things enacted, that if His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales shall depart this Life during the Continuance of the Regency by that Act established, or ends to be Regent under any of the Provisions thereof, the Lords of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council shall forthwith cause a Proclamation to be issued in His Majesty's Name, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, declaring the same; and in case any such Proclamation shall issue at any time (but*

In case of the
death of His
Majesty, or of
The Queen,
the said
Letters Patent
shall not be
revoked or
annulled, and
shall remain
in full force
and effect, as
if the said
Letters Patent
had been
granted to the
said Majesty,
or to the said
Queen, as the
case may be.

Provided, that
the said Letters
Patent shall
not be
revoked or
annulled, and
shall remain
in full force
and effect, as
if the said
Letters Patent
had been
granted to the
said Majesty,
or to the said
Queen, as the
case may be.

Commissioners
appointed to
enquire into
the Accounts,
Manner
and Manage-
ment of Char-
ities connected
with Education
of the Poor.

To report
Half Yearly
to The King
and
Parliament.

And in case
of the death
of His Majesty,
or of the said
Queen, the said
Letters Patent
shall not be
revoked or
annulled, and
shall remain
in full force
and effect, as
if the said
Letters Patent
had been
granted to the
said Majesty,
or to the said
Queen, as the
case may be.

And in case
of the death
of His Majesty,
or of the said
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Letters Patent
shall not be
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had been
granted to the
said Majesty,
or to the said
Queen, as the
case may be.

And before the Dissolution or Expulsion of a Parliament, and before the Day appointed by any Writ of Summons then issued for assembling a new Parliament, then and in such case the last preceding Parliament shall immediately convene and sit at Westminster, and be a Parliament, for such time as all Intere and Privileges, and Rights as therein is contained: And Whereas Doubts may arise as to the Effect of the Death of His Majesty, and of His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales, Regents, respectively, or of His Royal Highness coming to be Regent as aforesaid, subsequent to the Dissolution or Expulsion of a Parliament, and before the Day appointed by any Writ of Summons then issued for assembling a new Parliament, with respect to the Execution or further Execution and effect, That upon such Events respectively subsequent to the Dissolution or Expulsion of a Parliament, and before the Day appointed by any Writ of Summons then issued for assembling a new Parliament, such Writs of Summons shall be and be deemed and taken to be superfluous and discharged, such Writs of His Majesty's Death being notified by Proclamations under the Great Seal, and such the Death of The Prince of Wales as aforesaid, or his coming to be Regent as aforesaid, being notified by Proclamation under the Great Seal, to be voided to be issued by the Lords of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and that Persons respectively charged with the Execution thereof shall not perform or further proceed with the Execution of such Writs; and all Acts before done or afterwards done in the Execution thereof shall be deemed and taken to be voided and of no Effect.

VIII. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, that any Act which shall be done by virtue hereof after or aforesaid, otherwise than as herein expressed, shall be and be deemed and taken to be void and of no Effect, unless the same shall be confirmed and assented to by the Lords of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and that Persons respectively charged with the Execution thereof shall not perform or further proceed with the Execution of such Writs; and all Acts before done or afterwards done in the Execution thereof shall be deemed and taken to be voided and of no Effect.

C A P. XCI.

An Act for appointing Commissioners to enquire concerning Charities in England for the Education of the Poor.

[enth June 1818.]

WHEREAS it is highly expedient that an Inquiry should be made by Commissioners to be specially appointed, into the Amount, Nature and Application of any Estates or Funds which have from time to time been devised or otherwise appropriated by pious and well disposed Persons to the Purpose of the Education of the Poor; and whether any Branches of Trust, Irregularities or Abuses have been practised or happened in the Management and Employment thereof, and whether, by Change of Circumstances or other Causes, the same cannot be beneficially applied for the Purposes originally intended; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to issue a Commission under the Great Seal to any Number of Persons not exceeding Fourteen, who shall be constituted Commissioners for the Purposes intended by this Act; and that they the said Commissioners or any Three of them shall and they are hereby empowered and required to examine into and investigate the Amount, Nature and Application of all Estates and Funds, of what Nature or Kind soever, and the Produce thereof, defined or intended to be applied to the Purposes of educating the Poor in England and Wales, in so far as such Produce shall appear to be defined or applied for the Purposes of educating the Poor, and to examine into and investigate all Branches of Trust, Irregularities, Frauds, Abuses or supposed Abuses or Misconduct, in relation to and as the Management or Appropriation or Misappropriation or Misapplication of such Estates and Funds; and the said Commissioners or any Three of them shall, once in each Half Year during the Continuance of the said Commission, report and certify, in Writing under their Hands and Seals, to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, and to both Houses of Parliament, their Proceedings, touching the Amount, Nature, Management, Application and Appropriation of such of the said Estates and Funds as they shall have enquired and examined into, and also what is the Nature of such Estates and Funds respectively, and the effect thereof; and what is the actual annual Value thereof, and on whose Possession as Tenants thereof, any Part thereof consisting of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments shall be, adding at the same time such Observations as shall occur to them respecting such Mode as they shall deem most effectual for the recovering of the said Trusts created in respect of the same, or shall appear to them to have been omitted to be applied in performance of such Trusts, and suggesting such Suggestions as may seem to them expedient respecting the most effectual Mode of carrying such Estates and Funds, and their respective Produce, against any future Misapplication thereof.

II. And be it further enacted, That if upon such Inquiry as aforesaid, it shall appear to the said Commissioners that from any Cause whatsoever it has become impossible to apply the Estates or Funds aforesaid, or any Part thereof, to the Purposes to which the same were defined or directed to be applied, the said Commissioners shall report the special Circumstances of each case.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners to be appointed by virtue of this Act shall each of them, previously to his entering upon the Execution of the same, take an Oath before the Chancellor

of the Exchequer or the Master of the Rolls for the time being (which Oath they are hereby respectively authorised and required to administer), the Treasurers shall be as follows:— (That is to say,)

I. *A. B.* do swear that, according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, I will faithfully, impartially and truly execute the several Powers and Trusts reposed in me by an Act intituled *the Act for erecting the Title of this Act*, according to the Tenor and Purport of the said Act.¹

IV. And be it further enacted, That as Remuneration shall be given, for and in respect of the Execution of this Act, to each of the said Commissioners as shall be Members of either House of Parliament, not to any Member exceeding Eight of the other Commissioners; but these shall be allowed and paid to every such Commissioner such reasonable Sum, for and in respect of such travelling Expenses as may come to be incurred in the Execution of this Act, as in the Judgment of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or Lord High Treasurer for the time being, shall be deemed expedient; and the said Commissioners are hereby authorised to appoint and employ 5 such Secretary, Clerks, Messengers and Officers not exceeding in the whole One Secretary, Four Clerks, Four Messengers and Two other Officers, as they shall think meet, and in addition to the said Secretary, Clerks and Officers respectively, as Oath for his true and faithful Discharge in all things relating to the due Performance of any Trust respecting the Execution of this Act reposed in him by the said Commissioners, and in all other things touching the Premises; which Secretary, Clerks and Officers are hereby required faithfully to execute and perform the said Trust in them severally and collectively assigned, without taking any thing for such their Service, other than such Salary or Reward as the said Commissioners shall think fit to direct and appoint in their behalf; and the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or Lord High Treasurer for the time being, are hereby authorised and required to issue and cause to be paid any Sum of Money, not exceeding Four thousand Pounds, to each Person or Persons as the said Commissioners shall by Writing under their Hands direct or direct, out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; which Sum, when so allowed and paid, shall be employed for the Payment to the said Commissioners for their travelling Expenses, as also for the Payment of such Secretary, Clerks, Messengers or other Officers, and in discharging all other necessary Charges for or about the Execution of the Powers of this Act; and in such manner and in such Proportions as shall be appointed by the said Commissioners by Writing under their Hands, on that behalf, the same to be accounted for by the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be allowed or paid according to the Courts of His Majesty's Exchequer without any Voucher or other Charge to be taken or demanded for the allowing and Payment of the same, on the passing of the said Accounts, other than such Sum as the said Commissioners shall appoint.

V. And be it further enacted, That for the Purpose of prosecuting the Inquiries and Examinations by this Act directed, the said Commissioners or any Three of them shall select, and from time to time, with or without Adjournment, hold their Sessions within the City of Westminster, or in any other City, Town, Borough, Hamlet, Village or Place respectively in England, which to them shall appear most convenient for executing the Purposes of this Act; and the said Commissioners are hereby authorised to require, by a Precept under their Hands and Seals, or under the Hands and Seals of any Three of them, from any Person or Persons acting as a Trustee for any of the said Estates or Funds, or having any Concern in the Management or Administration of the same, or in the Payment or Receipt of any of the said Funds or Estates, or any Charge upon any Fund or Estate applicable to the Purposes of Education as aforesaid, to render to the said Commissioners a true Account, so far as respects with their Knowledge, of all that relates to such Funds or Estates as aforesaid under their Trust or Management, or in respect of which they may have acted in making or receiving Payments; and, as often as Need shall be, to send their Precept or Precepts under their Hands and Seals, or under the Hands and Seals of any Three of them, for any Person or Persons whatsoever to attend them, and require such Person or Persons to bring with him or her any Deed, Paper, Writing, Instrument or other Document, being in his or her Custody and Possession, and relating to any such Estate or Funds, or the Produce thereof, and in the Receipt or Application or Non-application or Misapplication thereof, which shall in the Judgment of such Commissioners be conducive and necessary to the due Execution of the Purposes of this Act; and every Person to whom such Precept shall so aforesaid have been addressed and delivered, is hereby required and directed punctually to attend the said Commissioners at such time and Place as shall be (here for that Purpose have been appointed; and to every such Person or Persons shall be paid such Sum of Money as in the Judgment of the said Commissioners shall be just and reasonable: Provided always that no such Person shall be obliged to travel, in obedience to such Precept, more than Ten Miles from his or her Place of Abode.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person who shall be summoned to appear before the said Commissioners, or before any Three of them, shall, upon his or her Examination, allege that he or she hath purchased or obtained for valuable Consideration any Estate or Interest of, in, or out of any Lands, Townships, Rents, Annuities, Mortgages, Goods or Chattels, (whether which he or she shall be sought to be examined, without Fraud or Collusion, having as Notice of any Charitable Trust or Use to which the said Lands, Townships, Rents, Annuities, Mortgages, Goods or Chattels, or any Charge thereon, have been given, limited or appointed, then such Person shall not be bound to make further Answer to any Interrogatory of such Commissioners, nor to produce or to show to the said Commissioners any Deed, Paper, Writing, Instrument or other Document relating to his or her Estate or Interest in such Lands, Townships, Rents, Annuities, Mortgages, Goods or Chattels.

VII. And for the rendering more effectual of such Examinations as are intended to be had under this Act, be it enacted, That the said Commissioners are hereby authorised to examine upon Oath, or Affirmation of Persons being Quakers (which Oath or Affirmation they or any Three of them are hereby authorised to administer), all Persons whom they are by the Premises of this Act empowered to call before them to be examined, touching all matters and things necessary for the Execution of the Powers reposed in them by this Act.

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1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1033-1038.
 2. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1039-1044.
 3. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1045-1050.



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Abstract *Chlamydia trachomatis* is the most common bacterial sexually transmitted infection in the United States. The purpose of this study was to determine the prevalence of *C. trachomatis* in a community-based sample of men and women in the United States. A cross-sectional study was conducted in 1999 in a community-based sample of men and women in the United States. The prevalence of *C. trachomatis* was 1.1% (95% CI 0.4–2.8%) in men and 1.1% (95% CI 0.4–2.8%) in women. The prevalence of *C. trachomatis* was higher in men than in women (1.1% vs. 0.8%, *P* = 0.001). The prevalence of *C. trachomatis* was higher in men than in women (1.1% vs. 0.8%, *P* = 0.001). The prevalence of *C. trachomatis* was higher in men than in women (1.1% vs. 0.8%, *P* = 0.001).

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1. *Introduction*
 2. *Methodology*
 3. *Results and Discussion*
 4. *Conclusion*
 5. *References*

1911. Provided also, and be it enacted, That no Person having the Care, Charge, Trust, Paper, Writing, Instrument or other Document, as Mortgage, Lease or Agent, Solicitor or Attorney, shall be compellable to produce the same, or to give any Evidence as to the Contents thereof, without being first given to be the said Mortgage, Lease or Agent, Solicitor or Attorney, and in such such Mortgage, Lease or Agent, Solicitor or Attorney, shall be exempted from producing the said Deed, Paper, Writing, Instrument or other Document, then the Mortgage, Lease or Agent, Solicitor or Attorney, shall not be bound to produce or show the same, or give any Evidence of the Contents thereof, to the first Complainant or Person, who shall be compellable to answer any Question, or to produce any Deed, Paper, Writing, Instrument or other Document, the Answer to which, or the Production of which, may criminate or tend to criminate such Person, or to excite such Person to any Crime or Breach of the Peace.

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1. And he is further notified, That in case he, upon Affirmation, before the said Commissioners, or before any Three of them, shall wilfully and knowingly give false Evidence, every such Person so offending, shall be and is declared to be subject and liable to such Fines and Penalties as under any Law now in force may be inflicted on Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

XL. And he that further smelteth, That is made of a
 nation of any one of such Conventicles, it shall be
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 guilty in this matter.

XII. And be it further enacted, That none of the Professions heretofore contained shall be construed to extend to either of the Universities of *Oxford* or *Cambridge*, nor to any College or Hall within the limits of either of the said Universities, Colleges or Halls or Trusts, nor to the Colleges of *Windsor*, *Ston* or *Windsor*, nor to the Churches, or to the Schools of *Harrow* or *St. Paul*, or any of them, nor to any Cathedral or Collegiate Church within England, nor to any College, Free School or other charitable Institution for the Purpose of Education, which have Special Visitation, Governors or Overseers appointed by their Founders, nor to any Funds applicable to the Purpose of Education for the Benefit of any Part of the *Anglican* Population, or the People called *Quakers*, or *Presb* or *Persons* of the *Roman Catholic* Population, and which shall be under the Superintendence and Control of Persons of such Populations respectively: Provided always, that the said Commissioners shall report, as heretofore directed, the Names of all such Charities affected by these Special Visitation, Governors or Overseers appointed.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That any Action or Suit which shall be brought or commenced against any such Commissionnaire, for any thing done or acted by him or them under that Act, shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months next after the Fact concerned (in respect of which such Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced), and not afterwards; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give the Act and the special Matter in Evidence as any Trial to be had thereupon; and if such Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced after the time so limited for bringing the same, then the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants; and in each case, or if the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants upon the Merits, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuit, or discontinue his, her or their Action after Appearance, or if upon any former Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, which be or they shall and may recover in such and the like manner as any Defendant can by Law in other cases.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in the Session of Parliament.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Act shall continue and be in force until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and seven, and until the End of the next Session of Parliament.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

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An Act to consolidate and amend the Provisions of several Acts, passed in the Fifty first and Fifty second Years respectively of the Reign of His present Majesty, for enabling Widows and Families of Soldiers to return to their Homes. 17th June 1808

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1 WHEREAS an A.S. pulled in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intreated *As*
 2 *As* for enabling the Wives and Families of Soldiers embarked for Foreign Service, to return in their
 3 *Boats*: And Whereas another A.S. pulled in the Fifty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty,

intended *the Act* to be read, and *entirely* the *Provisions* of an *Act* passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling the *Widow* and *Family* of *Soldiers* to return to their *Homes*, in the *Widows*, *Wives* and *Families* of *Soldiers* dying, or employed in *Foreign Service*: And Whereas another *Act* passed in the last Fifty second Year of the *Reign* of His present Majesty, entitled *the Act* for enabling the *Widow* and *Family* of *Soldiers* embarked or intended for *Foreign Service*, to return to their *Homes*: And Whereas many *Friends* have been prevailed against, the *Provisions* of the last *Act*, and full *Certificates* used to procure the *Allowance* granted by the same; and it is therefore expedient that effectual *Provisions* should be made for the *Provision* of such *Friends*, as I have further and more effectual *Provisions* should be made for enabling the *Widow* and *Children* of *Soldiers*, embarking from *Great Britain* or *Ireland* for *Foreign Service*, and the *Widow* and *Children* of *Soldiers* dying in the *Service*, to return to their *Homes*; and for that Purpose that the last *Act* should be consolidated into One *Act*, and the *Provisions* thereof extended and amended: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lord-Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the last several recited *Acts* shall be and the same are hereby repealed: And except as to *Claims* of any *Officers* committed, or *Friends* prevailed against the last *Act*, and as to any *Prosecutions* for any such *Officers* or *Friends*, and save and except as to the paying, reimbursing or accounting for any Money under any of the *Provisions* thereof.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the *Secretary at War* in *Great Britain*, or the *Chief Secretary*, or in his Absence the *Under Secretary* for the *Military Department* in *Ireland*, to cause *Passes* to be filled up by any *Magistrate* or *Justice of the Peace* under the *Provisions* of this *Act*, for granting *Allowances* to enable the *Widow* and *Widows* and *Children* of *Soldiers* desirous of returning to their own *Homes*, in certain cases specified in this *Act*, and in any other cases in which the *Secretary at War* in *Great Britain*, or the said *Chief Secretary* or *Under Secretary* in *Ireland*, shall think, under the special Circumstances, that it is expedient to give such *Allowances*; and to make such *Rules* and *Regulations* in relation to the filling and filing up such *Passes*, and the *Certificates* and *Vouchers* upon which the same are to be issued and *Allowances* advanced, as the *Secretary at War* in *Great Britain*, or the said *Chief Secretary* or *Under Secretary* in *Ireland*, shall think fit.

III. And be it further enacted, That the *Commanding Officer* of every *Regiment*, *Battalion*, *Corps* or *Detachment*, about to embark for *Foreign Service*, and the *Commanding Officer* of every *Regiment*, *Battalion*, *Corps* or *Detachment*, in which any *Soldier* shall die on *Service*, leaving any *Widow* or *Children* desirous of the Means of returning to their respective *Homes*, shall cause a *Return* to be made out of the *Widow*, *Widows* and *Children* of the *Soldiers* belonging to such *Regiment*, *Battalion*, *Corps* or *Detachment*, who are desirous of returning to their *Homes*, and are unable to do so without the Assistance of the *Allowances* authorized by this *Act*, filing in such *Returns* the several *Particulars* of Residence to which such *Widow*, *Widows* and *Children* are desirous of proceeding, and whether in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively; and shall give to every such *Wife* or *Widow* a *Duplicate* of such *Part* of such *Return* as shall apply to such *Wife* or *Widow* and her *Child* or *Children* respectively, certifying thereon under his Hand, that the *Person* to whom such *Duplicate Certificate* is given, is the *Widow*, *Wife* or married *Wife*, and the *Child* or *Children* of a *Soldier* in his *Regiment*, *Battalion*, *Corps* or *Detachment*, and distinctly stating in the *Body* of such *Duplicate Certificate*, that the same does not contain such *Wife* or *Widow*, or *Child* or *Children*, as any *Allowance* whatever, and that no *Payment* or *Allowance* whatever shall be made thereupon, but that such *Duplicate Certificate* is only given for the Purpose of identifying such *Wife* or *Widow*, or *Child* or *Children*, before the *Magistrate* or *Justice*, and of enabling him to fill up such *Pass* as shall be allowed by the *Secretary at War* in *Great Britain*, or *Chief Secretary*, or *Under Secretary* in *Ireland*, in that behalf; and every such *Commanding Officer* shall transmit all such *Returns* as aforesaid, or *Duplicate Copies* thereof, as relate to any *Widow* or *Widows* of *Soldiers* desirous of returning to their *Homes* in *Great Britain*, to the *Secretary at War* in *London*, and of such as are desirous of returning to their *Homes* in *Ireland*, to the *Chief Secretary* or *Under Secretary* for the *Military Department* in *Dublin*; and in every case in which any such *Widow*, *Widows* and *Children* may have to travel through any *Part* of *Ireland* as provided to their *Homes* in *Great Britain*, or through any *Part* of *Great Britain* to proceed to their *Homes* in *Ireland*, every such *Officer* shall transmit *Duplicates* of such *Returns* both to the *Secretary at War* in *London* and *Chief Secretary* or *Under Secretary* aforesaid in *Dublin*, or of such *Parts* thereof as relate to such last mentioned *Widow*, *Widows* and *Children* as aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That each *Wife* or *Widow*, to whom any such *Duplicate* shall have been delivered as aforesaid, shall forthwith take the same to some neighbouring *Justice* or *Magistrate*, who shall fill up and sign such an engraved Copper Plate Form of *Pass*, bearing His Majesty's Arms, and signed by the *Secretary at War*, or by an *Officer* in his Department, and sealed with his Official Seal in *Great Britain*, or a like Form or *Pass* signed by the said *Chief Secretary* or *Under Secretary* for the *Military Department* in *Dublin*, or some *Officer* in his Department, and sealed with his Official Seal if in *Ireland*, as shall have been transmitted to such *Magistrate* or *Justice* by the *Secretary at War* or *Chief Secretary* or *Under Secretary* aforesaid respectively, or as shall be so transmitted upon Application made by such *Magistrate* or *Justice* of the Peace for the Purpose of this *Act*; and every such *Magistrate* or *Justice* of the Peace shall fill up the *Blank* in such *Pass* and certify the same, and make out a *Receipt* in the proper Column for such *Wife* or *Widow* and *Child* or *Children* (if any), specifying the Place to which such *Woman* is going, and her *Route*; and shall deliver such *Pass* to her in exchange for the *Duplicate Certificate* of the *Commanding Officer* aforesaid, in order that the said *Widow* or such *Allowance* as are authorized by the *Act*, not exceeding per Mile One Penny Halfpenny for her self, and twice Penny for each *Child*.

C.92. 575

repealed.
Provis.Secretary at
War in G.B.
and Secretary
for Military De-
partment in I-
reland shall
be to fill up
by Magistrate
and make Re-
ceipts and re-
spective Cer-
tificates thereon.Upon Reque-
sting subseri-
on a copper
plate form, to
be from Wom-
en and Child-
ren and to be
signed and re-
spective Cer-
tificates thereon.Duplicate of *Pass*
to be taken to
Magistrate, or
under a like
being filled up
as aforesaid.and to be
certified and
signed by
Magistrate or
Justice.

V. And

Overseers of the Poor in England, and Treasurers of Kirk Sessions in Scotland, or Pollmaster in Ireland, to make Allowance once upon Polls, and Interest.

V. And be it further enacted, That upon Production of such Pals to any Overseer of the Poor if in England, or any Treasurer of the Kirk Session if in Scotland, or Pollmaster if in Ireland, of any Place through which such Woman shall proceed, according to the Route specified in such Pals, he shall, out of any Money in his Hands applicable to the Relief of the Poor, or an Overseer of the Poor, or Treasurer of Kirk Session, or out of any Public Money in his Hands if a Pollmaster, pay her an Allowance not exceeding the Rate per Mile specified in such Pals as aforesaid for the Number of Miles to the next City, Town or Place to which she may be going, not exceeding Eighteen Miles; and he shall include on such Pals the Money to be paid, and take a Receipt from the Woman, signed with her Name or with her Mark, specifying the Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment to which her Husband belongs, or if a Widow, add belong, so as that the Description on the Receipt may correspond with the Description in the Pals to be produced to him as aforesaid.

Money to be advanced by Overseer or Treasurer to be repaid by Collector of Excise.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Same be advanced by any such Overseer or Treasurer of Kirk Session shall, upon Production and Delivery of such Receipt to the Collector of Excise of the District within which such Overseer or Treasurer of Kirk Session acts as such, or any Person acting for such Collector, be repaid to such Overseer or Treasurer of Kirk Session, for the Use of the Fund for the Relief of the Poor, by such Collector of Excise or other Person, out of any Public Money in his Hands; and all Sums so repaid, and all Sums advanced for such Allowances by any Pollmaster or Person acting as Pollmaster in Ireland, shall be allowed in their respective Accounts; and every such Overseer or Treasurer of Kirk Session shall give to the Collector of Excise at the time of such Repayment, a Receipt for the Money so repaid; and such Receipt of the Overseer or Treasurer of Kirk Session, together with the Receipt of the Woman, shall be taken in Cash in the Payment of the Duties of Excise received by such Collector, the Receipt of the Woman for any such Allowance paid by any Pollmaster or Person acting as Pollmaster in Ireland, shall be taken as Cash in the Payment of the Poll Office Duties in Ireland received by such Pollmaster or Person aforesaid, and allowed in their respective Accounts accordingly; and all Sums of Money so advanced out of any Duties of Excise in Great Britain, shall be repaid by the General Agent, or by any other Person to be appointed for that Purpose by the Secretary at War in London, to such Person or Persons as shall be authorised by the Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland respectively to draw for or receive the same for or on account of the same Duties; and all Sums of Money so advanced in Ireland shall be repaid by the General Agent, or by any other Person to be appointed for that Purpose by the Chief Secretary, or to his Assignee the Under Secretary for the Military Department in Ireland, to the Receiver General of His Majesty's Poll Office in Ireland.

and repaid by Agents, Sec. of Excise &c.

In Dublin, Apportioned by Women to be made in Agents at Regiments, who may allow Money.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in the City of Dublin every such Woman shall, in every Instance, apply to the Agent of the Regiment (if any) in Dublin to which she shall belong, and not to the Pollmaster or Person acting as such, and such Agent shall may pay and advance in any such such Money, and make and deliver such Certificate as aforesaid, and shall be allowed such Sum as is paid in his Accounts; and every such Indentment shall be of the same Force, Validity and Effect, in all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been done by a Person acting as the Pollmaster in manner aforesaid.

In case of such such such Women omitted in all Instances, through Negligence of all not performed.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if, by reason of any Sickness or Accident, any such Woman or Women, and Child or Children, shall have been left at any Place of Embarkation, or at the last Quarters of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps or Detachment, or at any Place on the March from such last Quarters to any Place of Embarkation, and the Regulations and Provisions of this Act, for giving any such Allowances as aforesaid, shall not have been performed, and any such Woman or Women, or Child or Children, shall have been omitted to any such Return as aforesaid, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the Officer commanding, where such Woman or Women and Child or Children shall have been left, to make out such Returns as is prescribed by this Act, of such Woman or Women and Child or Children, and to transmit the same to the War Office in London or Dublin as aforesaid, as the case may require, and to give to every such Woman such Discharge as aforesaid, and also to transmit any such further Returns as may be necessary, under any special Circumstances of the case, to the Secretary at War in London, or Chief Secretary or Under Secretary at Dublin, as the case may require; and every such Return and Discharge respectively shall be of the same Force and Effect in all Respects, as if done in manner and by the Person specified in this Act, in relation to Returns and Discharges as aforesaid under this Act.

And Commanding Officers to make Returns.

Pals when to be delivered up.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every such Soldier's Wife or Widow as aforesaid shall, at the last Place of receiving any Allowance under this Act, surrender up her Arrival at her Home, or at the Port or Place of Embarkation, deliver up the Pals to given to her as aforesaid to the Person for advancing such Allowances, and the Overseer of the Poor or Treasurer of the Kirk Session paying such Allowances in Great Britain shall deliver such Pals to the Collector of Excise; and every such Pals to be delivered up as aforesaid shall, if in Great Britain, be transmitted by the Collector of Excise to the Secretary at War in London, and if in Ireland, shall be transmitted by the Pollmaster or Pollmaster General to the Under Secretary for the Military Department in Dublin.

and transmitted to proper Officers.

In case of being detained by a 1234th Wife, Sec. Quarters, Sec. Order of Justice, to make proper Allowance.

X. And be it further enacted, That if by contrary Winds or Want of a Vessel ready for sailing, or by the Sickness of herself or of any of her Children, or by any other reasonable Cause, any such Woman shall be detained more than One Night at any Port or Place of Embarkation, or at any Place in her Journey, from the issuing of the Pals by a Magistrate or Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, to her Arrival at such Port, or at her Home, whether in Great Britain or Ireland, then and in every such case such Woman shall and may apply to any Justice of the Peace, who shall thereupon examine into the Pals so given, and if satisfied of the Truth thereof, shall give such Woman an Order to receive from the Overseer of the Poor, or Treasurer of the Kirk Session, or Person there acting as Pollmaster, as aforesaid, as the case may require, if on her Journey,

and if at her Port or Place of Embarkation then from the District Paymaster, the sum of One Shilling a Day for the Maintenance of herself, and the Sum of Sixpence a Day for each Child for whom an Allowance is specified in the Bill, and such Payment shall be made to her accordingly, so long as the said bill be so unreasonably detained, and no longer; and such Order, with the Receipt of such Woman, and the Certificate of some Magistrate or Justice of the Peace of such District, and the Period thereof, shall be a full and lawful Voucher for every such Payment, and every such Sum to be paid, being so duly vouched, shall be allowed and finally discharged in manner aforesaid respectively.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Widows and Widows of Soldiers having any such Pensions as aforesaid, and not complying with the Regulations prescribed therein and in this Act, shall be liable to be treated as Vagabonds, and may be seized as such in their Homes, either in England, Ireland or Scotland respectively, in the same way as, in like manner in every respect, if no such Pensions had been given.

What amount
allowance
Voucher &
Payment

Widow and W.
dow of Soldier
not complying
to Regulations
Vagabond.

C. A. P. XCIII.

An Act to afford Relief to the said *bad* Holders of Negotiable Securities, without Notice that they were given for a *clerical* Consideration. [10th June 1818.]

WHEREAS by the Laws now in force, all Contracts and Assurances whatsoever, for Payment of Money, made for a *clerical* Consideration, are utterly void: And Whereas in the Courts of Mercantile Transactions, Negotiable Securities often pass into the Hands of Persons who have decepted the same without any Knowledge of the original Considerations for which the same were given; and the Avoidance of such Securities in the Hands of such *bad* Holders without Notice is attended with great Hardship and Injustice: For Remedy thereof, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, that shall be drawn or made after the passing of this Act shall, though it may have been given for a *clerical* Consideration, or upon a *clerical* Contract, be void in the Hands of an *indolent* for valuable Consideration, unless such *indolent* had, at the time of discounting or paying such Consideration for the same, actual Notice that such Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note had been originally given for a *clerical* Consideration, or upon a *clerical* Contract.

Not of Exchange
or Promissory
Note given for a
clerical Consideration
not void in the Hands
of *indolent* without
Notice.

C. A. P. XCIV.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and to amend an Act passed in Ireland, in the Thirty Sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the Improvement and Extension of the Fisheries on the Coasts of Ireland. [10th June 1818.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for continuing and amending the several Acts for the further Improvement and Extension of the Fisheries on the Coasts of this Kingdom*; which said several Acts, by several subsequent Acts, have been continued, and it is here enacted upon the Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and it is expedient that the said several Acts should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said several Acts shall be and the same be hereby further continued, and shall be in force in Ireland from the said Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, until upon the Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

II. And be it declared and enacted, That all Bounties and Allowances payable under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland upon the Exportation of any Fish caught on the Coasts of Ireland, or in respect of the Duty on the Salt used in the curing of Fish caught on the said Coasts, shall be payable and paid, and allowable and allowed, in respect of all such Fish which, having been caught on the said Coasts, shall be seized and cured either at Sea or in Warehouses on Shore, under the Inspection of the Officers of the Customs there, under such Rules and Regulations as are required by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, or as may be made from time to time by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, for the Prevention of Fraud in the claiming of such Bounties and Drawbacks.

§ 50 3
continued.

What Bounties
payable for Fish
caught on Coast
of Ireland, &c.
and on the 29th
of September, &c.

C. A. P. XCV.

An Act to regulate the Election of Coroners for Counties.

[10th June 1818.]

WHEREAS there are no following Regulations for the Election of Coroners for Counties: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, upon every Election to be made of any Coroner or Coroners of any County in England and Wales, the Sheriff of the County where such Election shall be made shall hold his County Court for the same Election at the most usual Place or Places of Election of Coroners within the said County, and where the same have most usually been held for Forty Years last past, and shall there proceed to Election at the next County Court, unless the same fall out to be held within Six Days after the Receipt of the Writ or Writs of Summons, or upon the same Day; and then shall adjourn the same Court to some convenient Day, not exceeding Fourteen Days, giving Five Days' Notice of the time and Place of Election.

Shall be in the
County Court
for Election of
Coroner at usual
Place

Electors ; and in case the said Election be not determined upon the View, with the Consent of the Freeholders there present, but that a Poll shall be demanded for Determination thereof, then the said Sheriff, or as his Absence his Under Sheriff, with such others as shall be deputed by him, shall forthwith there proceed to take the said Poll, in some public Place, by the same Sheriff, or his Under Sheriff as aforesaid to his Absence, or others appointed for the taking thereof as aforesaid; and every such Poll shall commence on the Day upon which the same shall be demanded, and be duly and regularly proceeded in from Day to Day (Sunday excepted) until the same be finished; but so that no Poll for such Elections shall continue more than Two Days or more (Sunday excepted), and the said Poll shall be kept open Seven Hours at the least each Day, between the Hours of Nine in the Morning and Five at Night: And for the more due and orderly proceeding in the said Poll, the said Sheriff, or as his Absence his Under Sheriff, or such as he shall depute, shall appoint such Number of Clerks as to him shall seem meet or convenient for the taking thereof: which Clerks shall all take the said Poll in the Presence of the said Sheriff or his Under Sheriff, or such as he shall depute; and before they begin to take the said Poll, every Clerk so appointed shall by the said Sheriff or his Under Sheriff, or such as he shall depute as aforesaid, be sworn truly and sedulously to take the same Poll, and to set down the Names of such Freeholder, and the Place of his Abode and Freehold, and the Name of the Occupier thereof, and for whom he shall poll, and to poll no Freeholder who is not sworn, if required to be sworn by the Candidates or either of them, and which Oaths of the said Clerks, the said Sheriff or his Under Sheriff, or such as he shall depute, are hereby empowered to administer; and the Sheriff, or as his Absence his Under Sheriff as aforesaid, shall appoint for each Candidate such One Person as shall be nominated to him by each Candidate, to be Inspector of every Clerk who shall be appointed for taking the Poll; and every Freeholder, before he is admitted to poll at the same Election, shall, if required by the Candidates or any of them, first take the Oath hereinafter mentioned, which Oath the said Sheriff by himself or his Under Sheriff, or such sworn Clerk by him appointed for taking the said Poll as aforesaid, is hereby authorized to administer; *en savoir,*

Inspector of Poll Clerk appointed
Freeholder, if required, to use before he polls

Oath of Qualification for Vote.

“YOU swear [or, being one of the People called Quakers, you solemnly affirm] That you are a Freeholder of the County of _____ and have a Freehold Estate, consisting of _____ lying at _____ within the said County; and that such Freehold Estate has not been granted to you immediately, on purpose to qualify you to give your Vote at this Election; and that the Place of your Abode is at _____ [and if it be a Place consisting of more Streets or Places than One, specifying what Street or Place]; that you are Twenty one Years of Age, as you believe, and that you have not been before polled at this Election.”

Perjury and Subornation of Perjury.

And in case any Freeholder or other Person taking the said Oath or Affirmation hereby appointed to be taken by him as aforesaid shall thereby commit wilful and corrupt Perjury, and be thereof convicted, and if any Person shall wilfully or corruptly procure or suborn any Freeholder or other Person to take the said Oath or Affirmation in order to be polled, whereby he shall commit such wilful and corrupt Perjury, and shall be thereof convicted, he and they for every such Offence shall incur such Fines and Penalties as are declared to and by Two Acts of Parliament, the one made in the Fifth Year of the late Queen Elizabeth, intituled *An Act for Punishment of such as shall procure or commit any wilful Perjury*; and the other made in the Second Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled *An Act for the more effectual preventing and further Punishment of Perjury, Perjury and Subornation of Perjury, and to make it Felony to Swear Falsely, Notes or other Inventions for Payment of Money; and by any other Law or Statute now in force for the Punishment of Perjury or Subornation of Perjury.*

Mortgages and Collateral Trusts as to votes, whether created or Mortgage be in Possession

II. And he is further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall be allowed to have any Vote at such Elections for Coroners or Coroners of any County in England and Wales as aforesaid, for or by reason of any Trust Estate or Mortgage, unless such Trusts or Mortgages be in actual Possession as Receipt of the Rents and Profits of such Estate; but that the Mortgagee or Collateral Trust in Possession shall and may vote for the same Estate, notwithstanding such Mortgage or Trust; and that all Conveyances of any Messuages, Leases, Tenements and Hereditaments, in order to multiply Votes, or to split or divide the Interest in any House or Land among several Persons, so enable them to vote at Elections for a Coroner of any County as aforesaid, are hereby declared to be void and of none Effect.

Expenses of Sheriff and Under Sheriff to be paid by the Candidates

III. And he is further enacted, That all the reasonable Costs, Charges and Expenses, the said Sheriff or his Under Sheriff or other Deputy shall expend or be liable to in and about the granting of Poll Books, Booths and Clerks (such Clerks to be paid not exceeding One Pound and One Shilling each per Annum) for the Purpose of taking the Poll at any such Election, shall be borne, sustained, and paid by the several Candidates at such Election, in equal Proportions.

C. 95, 96.

An Act to continue, for the Term of Two Years, and until the End of the Session of Parliament in which that Term shall expire, if Parliament shall be then sitting, an Act of the Fifth Sixth Year of His present Majesty, for establishing Regulations respecting Aliens arriving in or resident in this Kingdom, in certain cases. [18th June 1818.]

“WHEREAS as an Act was passed in the Fifth Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for establishing Regulations respecting Aliens arriving in and resident in this Kingdom, in certain cases*, for Two Years from the passing of that Act, and until the End of the Session of Parliament in which that said Two Years shall expire, if Parliament shall be then sitting: And Whereas the said Act hath been found beneficial, and it is expedient to continue the same for a further time: Be it therefore enacted by The King’s

Useful as well
as being a
book for the
use of the
Commissioners
of the
Land Revenue
in the
County of
Berkshire.

perfect Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Officers declared by the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign to be Felons or Misdemeanors, committed or which shall be committed on the High Sea, or in any Port, Sea, Creek or Place where the Admiral has Jurisdiction, may be required of, tried and determined under and by virtue of any Commission already issued or hereafter to be issued according to the Duties of the above recited Acts of the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign; and that all Persons convicted of any of the said Offences to be required of, tried and determined, or to be required of, tried and determined under and by virtue of any such Commission made or issued or to be made or issued according to the Directions of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, shall be subject and liable to and shall suffer all such and the same Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, as by any Law or Laws now in force Persons convicted of the same respectively would be subject and liable to, in case the same were respectively required of, tried and determined and adjudged under the Statute by virtue of any Commission made according to the Duties of the Statute of the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XCIX.

An Act for altering and amending an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, to amend an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, to improve the Land Revenue of the Crown, so far as relates to the Great Forest of Brecknock, in the County of Brecknock; and for settling in His Majesty certain Parts of the said Forest, and for including the said Forest.

[10th June 1818.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, to improve the Land Revenue of the Crown, so far as relates to the Great Forest of Brecknock, in the County of Brecknock; and for settling in His Majesty certain Parts of the said Forest, and for including the said Forest; after directing that the Commissioners named and appointed in and by the said Act should, amongst other things, fit out and appoint any new and additional public Roads or Highways, or any new Tracks or Ways for such public Roads or Highways in and over the said Forest, and giving them certain Powers as to the Roads, Paths and Ways in, over, through or upon any of the Lands or Grounds within the said Forest; and after directing that the said Commissioners should fit out and appoint and for the Formation and Repair of Highways made or to be made within the Limits of the said Forest, in such and such Parts of the Open and Commonable Lands within the said Forest, and in such Places as the said Commissioners should think proper, for getting Stone or Gravel or other Materials for the Formation or for the Repair from time to time for ever of the public and private Roads and Highways made or to be made within the Limits of the said Forest, and should fit out and alter such Part or Parts, Parcel or Parcels of the Lands and Grounds by the said Act directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, in and for public Linestake Quarries; and should fit out such Part and Parts of the said Lands and Grounds by the said Act directed to be allotted and inclosed, as in the Judgement of the said Commissioners thereby appointed would defray all the Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to the obtaining, getting and carrying into Execution of the said recited Act; and also should fit out certain Allotments in lieu of the Tithes sitting, arising, happening or payable from the Open and Commonable Lands within the Limits of the said Forest, as were or should be found to be Extra Parochial, and such as were locally situate within the Bounds or Limits of any Parish; it was enacted, that the said Commissioners should divide, fit out and alter One full Moiety or Half Part of all the Rent, Rents and Remainder of the said Forest unto The King's most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and should fit out and alter the Remainder of the Lands and Grounds by the said recited Act directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, unto and amongst all and every the Persons entitled to Compensation in, over or upon the same respectively, or any Part or Parts thereof (other than and except The King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors), in proportion to the real Value of their several and respective Messuages, Cottages, Lands and Tenements in respect whereof they were entitled to such Rights of Common, and to the Part or Parts of the Lands as to be inclosed in, over or upon which their respective Rights of Common should extend; and in regard hereof had in settling the Quantum of each Allotment to the Quality and Situation of the Land to be comprised therein: And Whereas the Commissioners appointed and named by the said recited Act have proceeded to put the same into Execution, and great Expenses have been thereby incurred, and considerable Parts of the said Forest have been sold by the said Commissioners to defray such Expenses: And Whereas it appears that the Soil of so much of the said Forest, and the Lands and Grounds of the said recited Act mentioned, as will remain to be divided and allotted in Severalty unto and amongst the Persons entitled to Rights of Common in, over and upon the said Forest, after making and fitting out the other Allotments as the said Act directed, is so poor and sterile, that the same would not answer the Expenses of Inclosure and Cultivation, and it is therefore expedient that so much of the said recited Act as directs that Allotments shall be made in lieu of Tithes, and that the said Commissioners should fit out the Remainder of the said Forest and other Open and Commonable Lands (after fitting out the King's Allotment and such other Allotments as aforesaid) in Severalty, unto and amongst the several Persons entitled to Compensation in, over or upon the same, (and discharged from Tithes and Rights of Common, should be repealed, together with all Powers and Authorities given by the said recited Act to the said Commissioners for that Purpose; and that the said Commissioners should be authorized and required to allot One Moiety of the said Forest to The King's most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof to and amongst the several*

have entitled to Rights of Common, to be enjoyed by them as common as heretofore, or in such manner as under such Rules and Regulations as hereinafter mentioned; but freed from all Feudal Rights: May I therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Act as directs and empowers the said Commissioners to turn or alter any Straws, Springs or Watercourses within the said Forest, and to make and set out any Affluents in lieu of Tithes in any Perch or Perches whatsoever, and to ascertain, settle or determine to whom such Affluents should belong, and to set out and alter the Boundaries of the Lands and Grounds by the said Act directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed unto and amongst all and every the Perches entitled to Commonage in, over or upon the same respectively, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively, in proportion to the real Value of their several and respective Holdings, Coteages, Lands and Tenements, in respect whereof they are entitled to such Rights of Common, and to the Part or Parts of the Lands to be inclosed, in, over or upon which their respective Rights of Common should accrue, together with all Powers and Authorities given to the said Commissioners for that Purpose, and all other Powers and Authorities given by the said recited Act to the said Commissioners, for directing the heading of Affluents, and also so much of the said recited Act, as directs that all Tithes, both Great and Small, Modiales, Compensations and other Payments in lieu of Tithes, arising, growing, renewing and payable within the said Forest, Lands and Grounds, and all Rights of Common in, over and upon the same, shall cease and be for ever extinguished, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall be at Liberty to receive, ascertain and settle the Claims of any Perch or Perches to a Right of Common, in and upon the said Forest, who may have heretofore entitled to feed in such Claims, provided the same are set in within Two Months after the passing this Act, and presented all Expenses attending the receiving, settling and ascertaining such Claims be paid, borne and defrayed by the Perch or Perches making the same, but the said Commissioners shall be at Liberty to receive any Claims whatsoever, after the Expiration of the said Two Months from the passing this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, that The King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall heretofore continue to take, demand, have and receive all Tithes, both Great and Small, and all Modiales, Compensations and other Payments in lieu of Tithes, arising, growing, renewing, increasing or payable out of, from or in respect of such Part or Parts of the Open and Commonable Lands within the Limits of the said Forest as are Extra Parochial, and all Tithes, both Great and Small, and all Modiales, Compensations and other Payments in lieu of Tithes whatsoever, arising, growing, renewing, increasing, increasing or payable in, over or upon such Part or Parts of the said Open and Commonable Lands as is or are locally situate within the Hundreds or Limits of any Parish or Parishes, if any Part or Parts are in issue, shall heretofore be demanded, taken and payable, by and to the Perch or Perches, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who is, are or shall be entitled thereto, in as full, ample and beneficial, and in such and the same manner as if the said recited Act had not been passed.

IV. And Whereas the said Commissioners have, under the Authority of the said recited Act, sold certain Parts of the said Lands and Grounds within the said Forest, for discharging the Expenses of selling and carrying into Execution the said recited Act, and the Lands and Grounds so sold have been purchased by the Perches now holding the same as Tithes free: Be it therefore enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed or extend to subject any Lands which have been so sold Tithes free to the Payment of Tithes; but the same shall remain and continue free and exempt from Tithes, in such and the like manner as if the said Act had not been passed, and that the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required to set out and situate out for The King's Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or the Perch or Perches, Bodies Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, who would have been entitled to Tithes in Kind, in, over or upon the said Lands and Grounds so sold by the said Commissioners as Tithes free, so much and such Part or Parts of the said Lands and Grounds by the said recited Act directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, as shall in the Judgment of the said Commissioners be a full Compensation and Satisfaction for all Tithes, both Great and Small, and all Modiales, Compensations and other Payments in lieu of Tithes, arising, growing, renewing, increasing, increasing or payable out of or from or for or in respect of all such Lands and Grounds, which have been so sold Tithes free as aforesaid.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall mark and set out such Part or Parts of the said Lands and Grounds by the said Act directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, as by the said Act directed in the Judgment of the said Commissioners raise a sufficient Sum of Money to defray and discharge all Expenses incurred in the carrying into Execution of the said recited Act, and now outstanding and unpaid; and also all the Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to the carrying into Execution of so much of the said recited Act as is or is not hereby repealed; and all such Sums shall be made either by the best Price or Prices which can or may be obtained, by Private Contract, or in the manner and under the Directions and Regulations prescribed and directed by the said recited Act, with regard to Lands and Grounds thereby authorized and directed to be sold for the Payment of Expenses.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all the Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to the obtaining and selling this Act, shall be borne, paid and defrayed by the Commissioners for the time being, of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, be and out of the Moneys to arise or be produced by the Sale of the Allowances hereby directed to be set out for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or by set out of any of the Land Revenues of the Crown, which shall be under their Care and Management, and shall not be otherwise appropriated.

VII. And Whereas the said Commissioners are or are by the said Act authorized and required to set out and appoint any new or additional Public Roads or Highways, in and over the said Forest, and may also take

§ 10 p. 19.
§ 14, 25, 26, 27.

§ 51

§ 10 p. 20.

Claims or Rights of Common may be received within Two Months after passing of Act.

Tithes, &c. to the King, His Heirs or Successors payable.

and other Tithes, &c.

Allowances to the King and other Tithes Owners - Compensations for the Tithes of Lands sold by the Commissioners. (Title 10.)

Lands sold by the Commissioners for paying the Expenses incurred in carrying into Execution this Act.

Expenses of the Act to be paid.

Commissioners may let out Public Roads, such as Causeways, and Turnpikes, and have Recourse to Bonds.

After Commissions shall have been set out and approved Public Roads, &c.

Masters of neighbouring Lands to be sworn for His Majesty, discharging their Commonalty, &c.

Private Roads to be taken into the Crown.

A separate Award of the Common Allotment, Three Quarters, Three sixteenths and One sixteenth with Clerk of the Peace of the County of Berks.

Removal of Woods, &c. empowered to sell the King's Allotment.

Reliefs to be made and sold for Owners of several Holdings, &c.

One Commissioner empowered to make Regulations for Farming the Lands directed to remain uncultivated.

to abate or stop up any ancient Cattle Road or Way, or, through, upon or over any of the Lands or Grounds, within the said Forest; & he therefore further enacted, That a Bill and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to let out and appoint any new or additional Public Road or Highway, to or from any Part of the said Forest, or the inclosed Lands belonging to any Person or Persons whatsoever, unto and to communicate with or join the Turnpike Road leading from *Rever to Mault*: Provided always, that no such Highway or Road shall be let out and appointed without the Consent in Writing of the Owner or Owners of the said Lands, or of the Person or Persons lawfully interested therein, having been first had and obtained.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That after the said Commissioners shall have appointed and let out, such new and additional Public Roads and Highways, or Tracks or Ways for such Public Roads or Highways, in and over the said Forest, so to them shall seem proper in relation thereto, according to the Direction of the said recited A. C. and shall have made and let out the several Allotments under the Powers, Authorities and Directions of the said recited A. C. for getting Stone, Gravel or other Materials, for the Formation and for the Repairs from time to time for ever, of the Public and Private Roads and Highways made or to be made within the Limits of the said Forest, and for Public Limekiln Quarries, for the Purpose of getting Limekilns and other Stones therefrom, with convenient Roads to and from the same respectively; and after the making and letting out of the Allotments by this A. C. directed to be made, as a Compensation and Satisfaction for the Tithes of the Lands which have been in full Tithes free as aforesaid, the Allotments of Lands to be sold under the Authority of this A. C. for Payment of Expenses, the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required to divide, let out and sell one Moiety or full Half Part of all the Rock, Refruse and Remainder of the said Forest (due regard being had to the Quality and Situation thereof) unto The King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and which said Allotment, as soon as the same shall be allotted and severed from the Lands adjoining thereto, shall become and remain the exclusive Property of The King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, freely, unconstrained and free from discharge, of and from all Rights of Common, Common of Pasture, and Turbary, and all other Rights of what Nature or Kind soever.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required to let out such and in many Private Roads and Ways as shall be necessary for giving easement Access to each Allotment as shall be so as aforesaid made to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors.

X. And be it further enacted, That whereas to and for the said Commissioners shall have let out the Allotment heretofore directed to be made and let out to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, they shall prepare a separate Award, with a Map or Plan of each Allotment assessed thereon, wherein there shall be Three Originals, one to be consigned in the Court of Exchequer at Westminster, another in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue, there to remain on Record, and which shall afterwards be filed and preferred amongst the Manuscripts of the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue for the time being; and the said Award, or the Extracts thereof, shall or may be produced, read and received in Evidence on all Occasions where any Doubt, Question or Controversy may arise, relating to or affecting the Rights and Interests of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in respect of the said Allotment to be sold to The King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by virtue of this A. C. and the Third of the said Awards shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Berks.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue for the time being, to contract and agree for the Sale of, and oblige to make sale and dispose of all or each Part or Parts of the said Allotment to be let out to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, under the Authority of this A. C. as they shall think fit, subject to the same Approbation, and under the same Limitations and Restrictions, and in the same manner, as directed by the said recited A. C. with regard to the Sale of Allotments by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue for the time being, under the Authority of that A. C.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all the Rock, Refruse and Remainder of the said Lands and Grounds by the said recited A. C. directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, shall be and remain open and uncultivated for the Benefit of the several other Owners or Proprietors of several Holdings, Cottages, inclosed Lands and Grounds, entitled to Rights of Common in, over and upon the said Lands and Grounds, according to their several and respective Rights and Interests therein, freed and discharged from all Forest Rights, and from all Claims of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and all Persons lawfully claiming under him or them; save and except such Rights and Interests as are heretofore expressly excepted and referred to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That John Clapham, One of the Commissioners in the said recited A. C. named, or any Person to be nominated or appointed a Commissioner in his Room or stead, shall be and is hereby fully authorized and empowered, by any Writing under his Hand and Seal, to be deposited and left with the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Berks, where the same shall and may be deposited in all reasonable times for ever thereafter, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, on Payment of One Shilling, to make such Orders and Regulations as he may think beneficial and proper for the Farming the Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be and remain open and uncultivated for the Benefit of the several Persons entitled to Rights of Common in, over and upon the same; and to limit and make the Quantity of Stock which such Person having such Rights of Common shall respectively feed and depasture therein, in due Proportion to their respective Shares or Rights; and for the profitable Enjoyment thereof; and for the Farming of any Pasture growing or to grow therein; and which Orders and Regulations shall be binding and conclusive upon all Persons interested in the said open and uncultivated Lands; and that it shall be lawful for the said

John

John Clough, or any Person to be nominated and appointed a Commissioner in his Room or Stead, to make any Sale or Sales of Money which shall be requisite to defray the Costs, Charges and Expences of so regulating the said State, or of carrying into Execution any of the Orders or Regulations which shall be made for that Purpose, by Sale of a Judicious Part of the Lands and Grounds to be sold and remain open and unenclosed for the Benefit of the several Persons entitled to Rights of Common as aforesaid; which Sale or Sales shall be made either by private Contract, or in the manner directed by the said recited Act; and for which Purpose the said *John Clough*, or any Person to be nominated in his Room or Stead as aforesaid, shall have and be invested with all such and the like Powers and Authorities for carrying such Sale into Execution, and completing and perfecting the same, as are by the said recited Act given or referred to the Commissioners for carrying the said Act into Execution, with respect to any Sale or Sales thereby authorised or directed to be made by them.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That immediately after the said Allowance of the Moiety of the said Lands and Grounds within the said Forest, to be made and set out to and for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall by Order of the said Commissioners be staked out and marked, all Rights of Common in, over and upon the same freehold estate, and be forever annulled, abolished and extinguished; and if any Person or Persons shall dig, cut or take away any of the Turf, Bark or Underwood, or Soil of the said Allowance to be made and set out to and for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for any Use or Purpose whatsoever, or under any Right, Privilege or Claim, or Pretence of Right, Privilege or Claim whatsoever, (then and in every such case, on due Proof made before any one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace on Oath, (which Oath such Justice or Justices in and are hereby empowered to administer,) the said Justice or Justices shall, and he or they in and are hereby directed and required by Warrant, under his or their Hand or Hands and Seals, directed to any Person or Persons whatsoever, to cause any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, to be issued by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so offending in the Premises, rendering the Oath(s) (if any) as Demanded, to the Person or Persons whose Goods and Chattels shall be so distrained and sold, after deducting the Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale; and the Money to be levied as aforesaid shall be applied towards the Payment of the Costs, Charges and Expences of obtaining and executing this Act.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the said Commissioners to inquire into, settle or determine any Disputes between any adjoining Parishes in which the said Lands or Grounds may be or be situate, or as to the Boundary between any Extra Parochial Place and any adjoining Parish; any thing in the said recited Act, or in the Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for establishing in Our said certain Parishes aforesaid generally intitled in Acts of Justices; and for facilitating the Mode of proving the several facts usually required in the passing of such Acts, contained in the contrary notwithstanding.*

XVI. And be it enacted, That the said Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by or under the Authority of the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, shall be Commissioners for the putting into Execution of this Act; and all and every Part of the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, and all Powers and Authorities thereby given to the said Commissioners (save and except in far as the same is and are hereby repealed, varied or altered), shall be in full Force and Effect, and all such Powers and Authorities shall be used and executed by the said Commissioners in carrying this Act into Execution, as fully and effectually as if the same had been hereby repeated and re-enacted.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall, after having completed such Allowments of the said Forest, draw up or cause to be drawn up their said Award, in manner prescribed by the Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and which shall be made within Twelve Calendar Months after the passing of this Act; and the same, when compiled in manner directed by the same Act of the Forty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, shall be deposited and left with the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Devonshire, where the same shall and may be inspected and perused at all reasonable times, in the Day time, for ever thereafter, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, paying the Sum of One Shilling, and no more, to the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, for every such Inspection and Perusal; and Two Copies of such Award shall be sent, One of them in the Court of Exchequer at *Windsor*, and the other of them in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue, there to remain on Record, and shall afterwards be filed and preserved amongst the Minutes in the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue; such Award, or the Extracts thereof, to be produced and read in Evidence on all Occasions where any Doubt or Controversy may arise, relating to or affecting the Rights or Interests of his Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in respect of any Allowment voted in His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by virtue of this Act; Provided always, that this Act shall not defeat or prejudice the Right or Interest of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or to any Men or Cows, Lead Ores or any other Minerals whatsoever, or of under the same Forest, or any Part thereof, but that His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and His or their Lessees and Assigns, Agents, Servants and Workmen, may search for, dig, raise and carry away all Coal, Lead Ores, Minerals and all other Minerals whatsoever, as if this Act had not been passed.

XVIII. Saving always to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and to all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and their Successors, and to all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, his and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, all such Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand whatsoever (other than and except such as is and are hereby expressed, meant and intended to be barred, destroyed or extinguished), as they, every or any of them had or enjoyed in, or on out of the said Forest.

Enlarging
Rights of Com-
mon on the
King's Alloo-
ments
During Term,
&c.

Proviso.

Commissioners
not to inquire
into or settle
Parish Disputes,
or as to the Bound-
aries of the same.

Powers of
45 G. 3 c. 100
(Statute 10th) to
continue in
force.

Final Award by
Commissioners.

Reserve for His
Majesty's
Rights in Mines
and Minerals.

General Saving.

Forest and Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, by the said second A^d directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed before the passing of this A^d, or could have had and enjoyed therein in case this A^d had not been passed.

C A P. C.

An A^d for vesting in His Majesty certain Parts of the Haycs of *Birkland* and *Bilbogh*, and of certain Commonable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds in the Township of *Edwington*, within the Forest of *Stowood*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[10th Jan 1818.]

W^{HEREAS} The King's Most Excellent Majesty, in Right of His Crown, is seized in Himself, His Heirs and Successors, and entitled to the Soil of the Haycs of *Birkland* and *Bilbogh*, in the Township of *Edwington*, within the Forest of *Stowood*, in the County of *Northampton*, together with all Timber Trees, Wood and Underwood, growing, standing and being therein; which Tract of Land called *The Haycs of Birkland and Bilbogh*, is computed to contain One thousand four hundred and eighty seven Acres: And Whereas there are within the said Township of *Edwington* certain other Commonable Lands and Open and Uninclosed Grounds, containing by Estimation about One thousand five hundred Acres, the Soil whereof is vested in the several Lords of the Manors within which the said Commonable Lands and Open and Uninclosed Grounds lie and are situate; and the said Lords seized of the Soil thereof are entitled to all the Timber Trees, Wood and Underwood, growing, standing and being therein: And Whereas The King's Most Excellent Majesty being seized, in Right of His Crown, to Himself, His Heirs and Successors, of the said Forest of *Stowood*, is entitled to certain Rights of Door and Game, and other Forestal Rights, over all the said Commonable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds: And Whereas the Most Noble *William Henry Grenville* Earl Duke of *Portland*, or he claims to be Lord of the Manor of *Edwington*, and so such claims to be entitled to the Soil of so much of the said Commonable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds as here and is situate within the said Manor, together with the Timber Trees, Wood and Underwood, growing, standing and being therein: And Whereas the very Reverend the Dean of the Cathedral Church of the *Blessed Virgin Mary of Lincoln*, and the Chapter of the same Church, are or claim to be Lords of the Manor of *Edwington* Rectory, and so such claim to be entitled to the Soil of so much of the said Commonable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds as here and is situate within the same Manor, together with all Timber Trees, Wood and Underwood, growing, standing and being therein: And Whereas the Right Honourable *Charles Earl Mansour* is the Lessee of the said full inclosed Manor under the said Dean and Chapter: And Whereas the said Duke of *Portland*, the said Earl *Mansour*, and divers other Persons, are Owners or Proprietors of certain Estates in the said Township of *Edwington*, within the said Forest of *Stowood*, and in respect thereof claim to be entitled (subject to the Forestal Rights of His Majesty) to certain Rights of Common and other Rights in, over and upon the said Haycs of *Birkland* and *Bilbogh*, and the said other Commonable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds: And Whereas an A^d was passed in the Party last Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An A^d for constituting in Our A^d certain Provisions usually referred to the A^d of Inclosure, and for facilitating the Mode of proving the several Facts usually required in the passing of such A^ds*: And Whereas the said Haycs of *Birkland* and *Bilbogh*, and the said Commonable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds, in their present State are of less Value to His Majesty, or to the several Persons having such Claims or Rights therein as aforesaid, than if the same were inclosed; and it would be of great Advantage to His Majesty and the Public in general, and be advantageous to the several Persons having such Claims and Rights as aforesaid, if the said Haycs of *Birkland* and *Bilbogh*, and the other Commonable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds within the Township of *Edwington*, were inclosed, and if the same were divided and allotted to His Majesty and the several Persons entitled to and succeeded in the same, (subject to the Limitations and Restrictions in this and the said recited A^d contained: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That *Adam Murray of Saint Martin's Lane, Wright*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Gentleman, on the Part and behalf of His Majesty, and *John Partridge of Wilton*, in the said County of *Northampton*, Gentleman, on the Part and behalf of the several Persons having Rights and Interests in the said Commonable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds lawfully authorized to be divided and allotted, and their Successors, to be nominated and appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned, shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for dividing, allotting and inclosing the said Haycs of *Birkland* and *Bilbogh*, and the other Commonable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds within the said Township of *Edwington*, and for carrying into Execution the several other Purposes of this A^d, in such manner as is hereinafter provided or mentioned, and with such of the Powers, and subject to such of the Rules, Orders, Regulations and Restrictions contained in the said recited A^d, as are not varied, altered or otherwise provided for by this A^d.

11. And be it further enacted, That no Commissioner shall act in the Execution of any of the Powers by the said recited A^d or this A^d granted (save and except in the signing and giving Notice of the First Meeting of the said Commissioners), until he shall have taken and subscribed the following Oath, in Addition to the Oath by the said recited A^d directed to be taken; such Oath to be administered and modified in like manner as the Oath by the said recited A^d, prescribed to be taken by Commissioners for executing A^ds of Inclosure, is directed to be administered and enrolled; which additional Oath shall be in the Words or to the Effect following; that is to say,

I A. B.

Commissioners
appointed.

Oath of Com-
missioners.

I. A. B. do I swear (or, being One of the People called Quakers, do affirm), That I am neither Proprietor, or Occupier of, nor, to the best of my Knowledge, am I concerned as Guardian, Steward or Agent for any Proprietor of Millings, Houses, Cottages, Lands or Grounds, or other Person having or claiming any Right of Common, or any Hereditary Rights, or any other Right or Interest in, over or upon the Hayes of Birkland and Blaggh, or the other Commonable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds to be allotted and inclosed by virtue of an Act, passed in the Fifty eighth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intitled (before the Title of this Act), and that I will loyally and faithfully, as a Commissioner under the said Act, execute and discharge the Powers and Authorities thereby given to me.

So help me GOD.

III. And he is further sworn, That in case the said John Murray, hereby appointed the Commissioner for and on behalf of His Majesty, among Persons to be nominated and appointed a Commissioner in his Room or Stead, by virtue of this Act, shall die, refuse or neglect to act, or become incapable of acting as such Commissioner in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, by any Writing under their Hands, within One Calendar Month next after such Death, Refusal or Incapacity to act as aforesaid shall be known to them, to nominate and appoint a proper Person (not interested in the said Division and Inclosure) to be a Commissioner in the Room or Stead of the said John Murray, or of such other Person nominated or appointed in his Room or Stead, by dying, refusing, neglecting or becoming incapable to act as aforesaid; and so from time to time as often as any Commissioner, so to be nominated and appointed by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues as aforesaid, shall die, refuse, neglect or become incapable to act as such Commissioner in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act; and in case the said John Partridge, or any Person to be nominated or appointed to his Room or Stead by virtue of this Act, shall die, refuse or neglect to act, or become incapable to act in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act, then and in every such case the forwarding or remaining Commissioners shall, within One Calendar Month next after such Death, Neglect, Refusal or Incapacity shall happen to be known to him, or in case of his Death, Neglect, Refusal or Incapacity, then the Clerk for the time being of the said Commissioners, shall (vername a Meeting (of which Meeting Twenty one Days Notice shall be given, by Advertisement, in some Paper usually circulated in the said Township of Edgewick, or County of Northampton), of all and every the Owners and Proprietors claiming such Rights as aforesaid, to be holden within Thirty Days from the Date of such Notice; and the major Part in Value of such Owners and Proprietors, who shall be present in Person, or by their respective lawful Agents, or by their Proxies, duly authorized for that Purpose at such Meeting or Meetings (such Value, in case of any Difference or Dispute touching the time, to be ascertained by Reference to the Land Tax Assessment of the said Parish of Edgewick), shall, and they are hereby required, at such Meeting to nominate and appoint, by any Writing under their Hands, a proper Person or Persons (not interested in the said Division and Inclosure) to be a Commissioner in the Room and Stead of the said John Partridge, or of such other Person to be nominated and appointed in the Room or Stead of him by dying, refusing, neglecting or becoming incapable to act as aforesaid, and so from time to time as often as any such case shall happen; and every such Commissioner so to be nominated and appointed shall, after taking and subscribing the Oaths prescribed in that behalf, have the like Powers and Authorities for carrying the said recited Act and this Act into Execution, and shall be helped and aided to the like Rules, Regulations and Refinements as if he had originally been nominated a Commissioner in and by this Act.

IV. And he is further sworn, That if the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the said Persons claiming such Rights as aforesaid, or any of them, shall make Default in nominating and appointing any new Commissioner, he directed to be nominated and appointed by them, or any of them respectively as aforesaid, within the respective times for that Purpose limited, and is made aforesaid, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the forwarding or remaining Commissioners, and he is hereby required from time to time by Writing under his Hand, within One Calendar Month after the Expiration of such respective times is allowed for nominating and appointing such new and forwarding Commissioners as aforesaid, to nominate and appoint a proper Person (not interested in the said Division and Inclosure) to be a Commissioner in the Room or Stead of every such Commissioner by dying, refusing, neglecting or becoming incapable to act as aforesaid; and every Commissioner so nominated and appointed shall, after taking and subscribing the Oaths prescribed in that behalf, have the like Powers and Authority for carrying the said recited Act and this Act into Execution, and shall be helped and aided to the like Rules, Regulations and Refinements as if he had been originally nominated a Commissioner in and by this Act.

V. Provided always, and he is further sworn, That if either of the said Commissioners hereby nominated, or any Commissioners to be nominated or appointed by virtue of this Act, shall wilfully refuse or neglect to attend at the First Meeting appointed to be holden for carrying this Act into Execution, and duly qualify himself by taking and subscribing the Oaths prescribed in that behalf; or if either of the said Commissioners shall, at any time after the First Meeting, wilfully absent himself from any Three successive Meetings appointed to be holden by virtue of this Act, or having been absent from Two successive Meetings shall not attend during the whole of the Third or next succeeding Meeting (such Meetings being known to him, either by his being present at the Appointment thereof, or by Notice thereof in Writing having been given to him or left at his last or last Place of Abode by the Clerk to the said Commissioners); and such Commissioner not having been prevented, by Sickness or other reasonable Cause to be allowed by the other Commissioners, from

For every person
as a Commissioner
before

When Com-
missioners are nomi-
nated or within
the time pre-
scribed, the
said Com-
missioners to make
such Appoint-
ments.

Commissioners
neglecting to
attend three
times, the Com-
missioners to be
qualified to act.

commencing an attendance at any such Meeting, or Meetings, or if any Commissioner be so nominated and appointed in manner by this Act directed, shall not attend and qualify himself to act as a Commissioner in the Execution of the said recited Act, and this Act, at the First Meeting of the Commissioners after his Nomination or Appointment, or shall thereafter regularly absent himself from Three successive Meetings to be holden by virtue of this Act, or having been absent from Two successive Meetings shall not attend the whole of the Third next succeeding Meeting, (such Meetings being known to him in manner aforesaid, and such Commissioner not having been prevented by Sickness, or other reasonable Cause to be allowed by the other Commissioners, from attending or continuing at such Meeting or Meetings,) then and in every such case such Absence or Non Attendance shall be deemed and taken to be a Refusal to act within the Limit and Meaning of this Act.

Who being pre-
sented by
Solicitors, &c.

Power to Com-
missioners to ap-
point Clerks.

Appointment of
an Umpire.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall, and they are hereby authorised and empowered to appoint a Clerk to assist them in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act, and shall and may remove such Clerk and appoint another in his Room, as to them shall seem most; and in case of the Death, Incapacity, Neglect or declining to act, of any such Clerk, then and in any such case the said Commissioners shall and may appoint any other Person they may think proper to be their Clerk.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Difference shall arise between the said Commissioners, touching or concerning any matter or thing to be done by them, by virtue or in the Execution of the said recited Act or this Act, whereupon the said Commissioners shall differ in Opinion, then and in every such case such Difference shall be forthwith referred to such fit and proper Person (not interested in the said Division and Inclosure) as the said Commissioners shall, by Writing under their Hands, appoint as Umpire between them, and which Appointment they are hereby required to make at their First Meeting to be held under this Act; and the matter upon which such Difference shall arise shall be decided and determined by such Person to be so appointed Umpire, whose Determination therein shall be reduced into Writing, and shall be binding and conclusive upon all Parties whomsoever (except as to such Right of Appeal as is given by the said recited Act or this Act); and for the Purposes aforesaid such Umpire shall have and be is hereby vested with the same Powers and Authorities as by the said recited Act and this Act are given to or vested in the said Commissioners.

Umpire to take
an Oath.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable of sitting as Umpire as aforesaid, until he shall have taken and subscribed an Oath in the Form or to the Effect following; that is to say,

“ I, A. B. do swear [or, being One of the People called Quakers, do solemnly affirm], That I will faithfully, impartially and honestly, according to the best of my Skill and Judgement, execute and perform the several Powers and Authorities vested and reposed in me as an Umpire, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifty eighth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled *An Act [here insert the Title of the Act]*, according to Equity and good Conscience, and without Favour or Affection, Prejudice or Partiality to any Person or Persons whomsoever. ‘ So help me GOD.’

Which Oath the said Commissioners, or either of them, are and is hereby empowered to administer; and such Oath, and also the Writing appointing such Umpire, shall be signed or and enrolled with the final Award of the said Commissioners.

Surveyors how
to be appointed.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of the said Act, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, to nominate and appoint some fit and proper Person and Persons (not interested in the said Division and Inclosure) to be the Surveyor or Surveyors for viewing, surveying and measuring the said Hayes of *Birkland* and *Allday*, and the other Commonable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds within the said Township of *Edenburgh*, by the said Act to be divided, allotted and inclosed; and such Surveyor or Surveyors so and so hereby accordingly authorised and directed, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, to view, survey and measure the Hayes of *Birkland* and *Allday*, and the Commonable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds within the said Township of *Edenburgh*, and to describe and lay down the same by way of Map or Plan, and thence, or in a Book of Reference to be annexed thereto, shall be set forth the Number of Statute Acres, Rods and Perches of the said Hayes and Commonable Lands and Uninclosed Grounds; and that when and so soon as the said Surveyor or Surveyors shall have finished and completed the said Survey, Map or Plan, he or they shall, by Notice in Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, apprise the said Commissioners thereof, and appoint a time and Place for meeting with them, of which Ten Days' Notice at least shall be given to each of the said Commissioners; at which Meeting the said Surveyor or Surveyors shall deliver to the said Commissioners printed at such Meeting his or their Survey and Plan, and Book of Reference, and shall subscribe the same with his or their Name or Names, in the Presence of the said Commissioners, who shall attest the same.

Surveyor to
swear.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall act as a Surveyor in the Execution of any of the Powers hereby given, until he shall have taken and subscribed the Oath following; that is to say,

“ I, A. B. do swear [or, being One of the People called Quakers, do solemnly affirm], That I will faithfully, impartially and honestly, to the best of my Skill and Judgement, execute the several Powers and Authorities vested and reposed in me, as a Surveyor, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifty eighth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled *An Act [here insert the Title of the Act]*, without Favour or Affection, Prejudice or Partiality, to any Person or Persons whomsoever. ‘ So help me GOD.’

Which Oath it shall be lawful for either of the said Commissioners to administer; and the said Oath when so taken shall be written on Parchment, and subscribed by the said Surveyor, and duly attested by the said

Com-

Commissioners under their Hands, and shall be enrolled with the final Award to be made by the said Commissioners.

XI. Provided always, and so it further enacted, That in case the said Surveyor or Surveyors do so be appointed as aforesaid, or any succeeding Surveyor to be appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned, shall die, refuse, neglect to do, or become incapable of doing in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act, then and in every such case, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, by any Writing under their Hands, within One Calendar Month next after such Death, Refusal, Neglect, or Incapacity as aforesaid shall be made known to them, to nominate and appoint some other fit and proper Person (not interested in the said Division and Inclosure) to be a Surveyor in the Room or Stead of any Surveyor so dying, refusing or neglecting to do, or becoming incapable of doing in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act; and every Surveyor so nominated and appointed shall, after taking and subscribing the Oath prescribed in this behalf, have the like Powers and Authorities, and shall be subject and liable to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as if he had been originally appointed a Surveyor by virtue of this Act.

Appointment of new Surveyors, in case of Death &c.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, shall make Default in nominating and appointing any Surveyor or Surveyors to be nominated and appointed by them as aforesaid, within the time for that Purpose limited; and in manner aforesaid; then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the Commissioners acting in the Execution of this Act, and they are hereby required from time to time, by Writing under their Hands, within One Calendar Month after the Expiration of the time so allowed for nominating and appointing any new and succeeding Surveyor or Surveyors as aforesaid, to nominate and appoint a proper Person (not interested in the said Division and Inclosure) to be a Surveyor in the Room or Stead of any such Surveyor so dying, refusing or becoming incapable to do as aforesaid; and every Surveyor so nominated and appointed shall, after taking the Oath prescribed in this behalf, have the like Powers and Authorities, and be subject to the like Rules and Restrictions as if he had been originally appointed a Surveyor under and by virtue of this Act.

If Commissioners of Woods, &c. styled as appoint, Commissioners under the Act to have the Power.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the First Meeting of the said Commissioners for putting this Act in Execution shall be held at the House of *Mary King, the Wife of Sir Ralph Hall, at Edwington*, or at some other convenient Place in the Township of *Edwington*, within Two Calendar Months at the farthest next after the passing of this Act; and that the said Commissioners shall cause Notice in Writing to be affixed upon each of the outer Doors of the Church of the Parish of *Edwington*; and also Notice by Advertisement to be inserted in the *Nottingham Journal Newspaper*, if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspaper or Newspapers usually circulating in the said Township of *Edwington* or County of *Nottingham*, of the time and Place of their First and every subsequent Meeting (Meetings by Adjournment only excepted) for the Execution of the Powers of this Act vested in them, Fourteen Days at least before the time appointed for such respective Meetings, and in case any One of the said Commissioners shall attend at the time and Place appointed for any Meeting, or to which any Meeting shall be adjourned, it shall be lawful for each Commissioner to attend, and for the Clerk of the said Commissioners, in case neither of the said Commissioners shall attend, to adjourn such Meeting, to be holden at any future Day, not exceeding Twenty one Days from the Day of Adjournment, at the same or some other convenient Place in the Township of *Edwington*, or within Three Miles thereof, and the Commissioner or Clerk so making such Adjournment is hereby required to give timely Notice thereof to the absent Commissioner or Commissioners, and that the said Commissioners shall have Power to adjourn any Meeting to be held by virtue of the said recited Act or this Act from time to time as they may think convenient.

Meetings of Commissioners.

Notice of Meetings to be given.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all other Public Notices requisite or necessary to be given by the said Commissioners, shall be given by Advertisements to be inserted in the said *Nottingham Journal Newspaper*, if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspaper or Newspapers usually circulating in the said Township of *Edwington* or County of *Nottingham*, and also affixed on the principal outer Door of the Parish Church of *Edwington* aforesaid.

Other Notices how to be given.

XV. Provided always, and so it enacted, That all Persons having or claiming any Estate, Interest or Rights in or upon the Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, shall by themselves or their Agents deliver their respective Claims in Writing to the said Commissioners, at a Meeting to be holden for that Purpose, in manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, of which Meeting Twenty one Days' Notice in Writing, under the Hands of the said Commissioners, expressing the Purpose of such Meeting, shall be given in manner hereinafter directed.

Claims of Rights to be produced in the General Session.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Dispute or Difference shall arise between any of the Parties interested or claiming to be interested in the said intended Division and Inclosure, touching or concerning the respective Rights and Interests which they or any of them shall have or claim to have in the same, or touching or concerning any other matter or thing relating to the said Division and Inclosure, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to examine into, hear and determine the same respectively: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall authorize the said Commissioners to determine the Title to any Holdings, Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments whatsoever.

Commissioners may settle Disputes as to Rights or Interests claimed; but not Title.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Commissioners shall upon the Hearing and Determination of any Claim or Claim, Objection or Objections to be delivered to them in pursuance of that or the said recited Act, be unable to award any Costs, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered upon Application made to them for that Purpose, to settle, settle and award such Costs and Charges as they shall think reasonable, to be paid either to the public Account for or towards

Power to Commissioners to settle Costs relative to disputed Claims and Objections.

towards the Expenses occasioned in or relating to the investigating, settling and determining of such Claim or Claims if finally disallowed, or to the Party or Parties in whose Favour any Determination of the said Commissioners shall be made, by the Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, whole Claim or Claims, Objection or Objections, shall be thereby disallowed or overruled; and in case the Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who shall be liable to pay such Costs and Charges, shall neglect or refuse to pay the same on Demand, then and in every case it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under their Hands, directed to any Person or Persons whomsoever, to cause such Costs and Charges to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, in neglecting or refusing to pay the same, rendering the Overplus (if any) upon Demand to the Person or Persons, or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, whole Goods and Chattels shall have been so distrained and sold, after deducting the Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale.

Debit.

Parties may by their Rights by an Officer in Law.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in any Party or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, interested or claiming to be interested in the said intended Division and Allotments, shall be disallowed with any Determination of the said Commissioners, touching or concerning any Claim or Claims of any Right of Common or other Rights or Interests whatsoever, in, over or upon the said Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted or inclosed, or any Part or Parts thereof, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate to discontinue, to make an Appeal to be brought, upon a signed Issue, against the Person or Persons in whose Favour such Determination shall have been made, or against the said Commissioners, if the Subject of their Determination shall be of such a Nature as will affect the Persons in general interested in the said Division and Allotments, within Three Calendar Months next after such Determination or Order of the said Commissioners shall have been notified in Writing to the Party or Parties interested therein, and shall proceed to a Trial or Trials at Law at the time and at the following Address to be holden for the said County of Warrington; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Address or Addresses shall, and he, she or they in said they are hereby required to name an Attorney or Attorneys, who shall appear thereto or file Commence, &c. and except One or more Issue or Issues whereby such Claim or Claims, and the Rights or Rights thereby notified on, may be tried and determined; such Issue or Issues to be settled by the proper Officer of the Court in which the said Address or Addresses shall be commenced, to cause the Parties differ about the Issue; and the Verdict or Verdicts which shall be given in such Address or Addresses shall be binding, final and conclusive upon all and every Person and Persons whomsoever, Body and Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, against the Court wherein such Address or Addresses shall be brought shall go aside such Verdict or Verdicts, and order a new Trial to be had therein, which it shall be lawful for the Court to do as a usual in other cases; and after such Verdict or Verdicts shall be obtained, and not in spite by the Court, the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required to act in Conformity thereto, and to allow or disallow the Claim or Claims thereby determined, according to the Event of such Trial or Trials; and all Costs and Charges payable by the said Commissioners in such Address or Addresses, shall be paid and discharged out of the Monies to be raised by them for the Purposes of this Act.

Proceedings.

In what case Determination of the Commissioners shall.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Determination of the said Commissioners, touching such Claim or Claims of any Right of Common, or other Rights or Interests in, over upon the said Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, or any Part thereof, shall, in any such Determination shall not be objected to, or, being objected to, such Address or Addresses at Law shall not be brought and proceeded to within the time and manner herein for their Purposes mentioned, be final and conclusive upon all and every Person and Persons, Body and Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate.

Address may be made by Death of Person.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if either of the Parties, in any Address to be brought or Appeal had in pursuance of this Act, shall die pending the same, such Address or Appeal shall not abate by reason thereof, but still be proceeded on as if no such Event had happened.

Objections may be made by Death of Person.

XXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no such Difference, Dispute or Proceeding, touching the Title to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall impede or delay the said Commissioners in the Execution of this Act; but the Division or Inclosure hereby directed to be made shall be proceeded in notwithstanding any such Difference, Suit or Proceeding; and the said Commissioners shall, by proper Marks and Bounds, set out the Lands and Grounds which shall be allotted in lieu of such Inclosed Property, in that the same may be distinguished from any other Lands and Grounds, and may be had and taken by the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who, upon the Determination of such Difference, shall be entitled to the same.

In case of the Death of the Person who has brought the Address, the same to be carried on and defended by their Heirs.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons in whose Favour any such Determination as aforesaid shall have been made, and against whom any Address or Addresses might have been brought if living, shall die before any such Address or Addresses shall have been brought, and before the Expiration of the time heretofore limited for bringing such Address or Addresses, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who might have brought such Address or Addresses against the Person or Persons so dying, to bring the same within the time so limited as aforesaid against such Person or Persons as if actually living, and so serve the Clerk to the said Commissioners with Process for summoning such Address or Addresses, in the last manner as the Party or Parties so dying might have been served therewith if living; and it shall thereupon be incumbent on the Heir or Heirs, or other Person or Persons who shall claim the Benefits of such Determinations as aforesaid, to appear and defend such Address or Addresses in the Name or Names of the Person or Persons so dead, and Proceedings shall be had therein in the

same manner as if such Person or Persons had been actually living; and the Rights of all Parties shall be equally heard and concluded by the Exec^{ts} of such Affairs or Affairs.

XXIII. Provided also, and he is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to enable the said Commissioners to determine any Right between any Parties, contrary to the Possession of any such Parties, excepting cases of Easement; but in case the said Commissioners shall be of Opinion against the Right of the Person or Persons in Possession, they shall further be enabled to determine thereupon until the Possession shall have been given up by or recovered from such Person or Persons by Ejectment or other due Course of Law.

XXIV. And he is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, shall consider himself, herself or themselves prejudiced or aggrieved by the Determinations of the said Commissioners, respecting the Limits or Boundaries of the said Township of *Edinburgh*, upon the said Lands and Grounds hereby devised to be divided, allotted and inclosed, or of any Part^s, Manor, Townships, Hamlets, District or Places adjoining thereto, in the same shall be set out and determined by the said Commissioners pursuant to the said second Act of the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and shall by Writing under his, her or their Hands or Hand give Notice to the said Commissioners, within Three Calendar Months next after such Determination, of his, her or their Desire to have the same determined by an Issue at Law, instead of an Appeal to the Quarter Sessions, under the Provisions of the said last-recited Act; then and in such case it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, so dissatisfied with such Determination, to have the same ascertained by Trial of an Issue at Law, under the Provisions of this Act, in such and the like manner as in case of any disputed Right or Claim.

XXV. And he is further enacted, That for the Purpose of adjusting the Allotments of Land to be made to the several Persons entitled to any Rights of Common upon the said Haycs or Commonable Lands and Uncultivated Grounds hereby devised to be divided and inclosed, the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorised to adjudge and determine the Quantity and Value of all and every of the Lands in or upon whereof such Rights of Common is claimed and allowed, and to raise and allocate the same as to them shall seem just and reasonable, according to the real Value thereof, for the Purpose of Halfpenny, without regard to any artificial or extraordinary Value arising from local, temporary or other peculiar Advantages; and such their Judgments and Determination shall be binding and conclusive upon all Parties whatsoever. Provided, that nothing herein contained shall extend to authorize the said Commissioners, or any of them, to consider any ancient Messuage as Building, or House thereof, in respect whereof any Right of Common shall be allowed, at any more or greater Value than any other ancient Messuage or Building, or Scite thereof; but the said Commissioners shall rate and estimate all ancient Messuages and Buildings, and Scites thereof, as so equal Value one with another, and at such Value as they shall think most equitable.

XXVI. And he is further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required to fit out such and so many private Roads and Ways as shall be necessary for going to His Majesty, His Heirs, Successors and Aliens, and to the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, and the Deputy Clerk and Servants of such Commissioners, convenient Access to the Allotments of His Majesty to be set out under the Authority of this Act.

XXVII. And he is further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and may turn or close, and stop up, or order to be turned or closed and stopped up, any ancient Carriage Road or Way, Roads or Ways, except Turnpike Roads or ancient Footways or Paths, Footways or Paths, or, through, upon or over any of the said Haycs and Commonable Lands, and Open Uncultivated Grounds, hereby devised to be divided, allotted and inclosed, where they shall judge it expedient or expedient, giving such Notice of a Day to be appointed by them to receive Objections, as in the last recited Act of our Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty is directed or required in the case of setting out the Roads and Ways therein mentioned, and obtaining the Direction of the last recited Act as to the obtaining the Consensus and Order of Two Justices of the Peace previous thereto, and subject to an Appeal to the Quarter Sessions, as in the said recited Act is mentioned.

XXVIII. And he is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered to drain, order and amend all Systems of Water, Springs and Watercourses within the Lands and Grounds hereby devised to be divided, allotted and inclosed, to be carried and conveyed in such Courses, and through such of the said Lands and Grounds so hereby intended to be divided, allotted and inclosed, as they in their Discretion shall think necessary and proper for the Purposes aforesaid: Provided always, that no such Streams of Water, Springs or Watercourses shall be diverted or turned without the Consent in Writing of the Person or Persons from and upon whose Lands the same shall be carried or conveyed.

XXIX. And he is further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall, and they are hereby required, as soon as conveniently may be after fitting out Public Roads and Highways as by the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty is directed, to fit out and alter, vote and for the Surveyors of the Highways of the said Township of *Edinburgh*, to mow and such Part or Parts of the said Commonable Lands and Open Uncultivated Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed, not exceeding Three Acres, and in such Places, as the said Commissioners shall think proper, for getting Down, Grass or other Materials for the Repairs for Private Roads and Highways within the said Township; and any Grass and Herbage arising therefrom shall be used the same are hereby vested in the said respective Surveyors of the Highways for the time being, who shall let the same, and accords respecting the Rates and Pounds in the

Persons in Possession (Excluded) shall not be made without the consent of the Quarter Sessions.

In what case Trial of Issues shall be by an Issue at Law instead of an Appeal to the Quarter Sessions.

For adjusting Allotments, Commissioners may adjudge Quantity and Value of Lands, &c.

Commissioners to fit out private Roads in His Majesty's Allotments.

Power to turn and stop Roads, or to give Way, and fitting the Conduct of Drains.

Appeal.

Commissioners empowered to turn Water-courses, and to lay out a new Course of Drainage of Lands.

Alterations for Repairs of private Roads or for mow in the survey of Highways.

same manner as they are by Law liable to account for other Moneys collected and received by them as Surveyors as aforesaid.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That when the Survey of the said Lands and Grounds by this Act intended to be divided, allotted and inclosed, shall have been made and delivered to the said Commissioners for carrying this Act into Execution, and the Boundaries thereof shall have been duly settled, and when, pursuant to the Powers heretofore contained, the several Pieces of Ground for Roads, Highways and Places for getting Materials for the Repairs of the Roads shall have been set out, the said Commissioners shall, as soon as may be, proceed to value the whole of the said Hays of *Stirlings* and *Stilghig*, and other Commensable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds within the said Township of *Edinburgh* aforesaid; and when and so soon as such Valuations shall have been made, the said Commissioners shall set out and allot in Severalty unto The King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, one full Moiety or Half Part (Quantity, Quality and Value being considered) of the Lands and Grounds comprised within the said Hays of *Stirlings* and *Stilghig*, the Soil whereof is vested in His Majesty for and as a Compensation for such Right of Soil, and for all the Rights and Interests of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in and to the said Hays of *Stirlings* and *Stilghig*; and the said Commissioners shall in the same Place set out and allot in Severalty unto The King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, so much and such Part and Parts of the other Commensable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds within the said Township of *Edinburgh*, not comprised in the said Hays, as in the Judgment of the said Commissioners shall (Quantity and Quality and Situation considered) be equal in Value to One Third second Part of the whole of the said Commensable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds which shall remain after making such Allowments as aforesaid, the said last mentioned Allowment to be set out as near the former as conveniently may be, and to be deemed and taken to be as a Compensation and Satisfaction of His Majesty's Rights of Dowry, Game and other Profitful Rights, and so soon as the same shall be severed from the Lands adjoining thereto, the Allowments of One Moiety or Half Part of the said Hays, and One Third second Part of the other Commensable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds shall become and remain the full exclusive and absolute Property of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, their, executors and for ever discharged of and from all Right of Common of Pasture, Common of Estovers, and all other Rights of what Nature or Kind forever, and of all and singular the Customs and Concessions of Manors, Messuages, Cottages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, who at the time of passing this Act were entitled to any such Rights thereto, or of any other Person or Persons whomsoever.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as the said Commissioners shall have set out the Allowments heretofore directed to be set out to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, they shall prepare an Award, with a Map or Plan annexed thereto, and which Award shall be prepared and executed within Two Years after the passing of the Act, and whereof there shall be Three Originals, One to be enrolled in the Court of Exchequer at *Westminster*, another in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue, there to remain on Record, and shall afterwards by Word and preferred amongst the Manuscripts of the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue for the time being; such Awards, or the Enrolment thereof, to be produced, read and received in Evidence on all Occasions where any Question, Doubt or Controversy shall or may arise relating to or affecting the Rights and Interests of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in respect of any Allowment vested in The King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by virtue of this Act; and the Third of the said Awards shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace of the said County of *Westminster*.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall assign, set out and allot, unto and for the Lord or Lords of the several Manors of *Edinburgh* and *Edinburgh* Bishops, so much of the said Commensable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds within the said Township of *Edinburgh* as in the Judgment of the said Commissioners shall be equal in Value (Quality, Quantity and Situation considered) to One eighth part thereof; and such Allowments shall be a full Recompense and Compensation for the Right of such Lord or Lords in and for the Soil of the said Commensable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds, and shall be divided and apportioned between the said respective Lords, according to their respective Rights and Interests.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required, after making such Allowments as are heretofore mentioned, to divide, set out and allot the other Moiety or Half Part of the said Hays of *Stirlings* and *Stilghig*, and all the Kells, Relds and Remainders of the said Commensable Lands and Open Uninclosed Grounds within the said Township of *Edinburgh*, unto and amongst all and every the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, entitled to the Commonage in, over or upon the same, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively, according to their several and respective Estates, Rights and Interests therein, as they the said Commissioners shall adjudge and deem to be a fair and equal Compensation and Satisfaction for such their several and respective Estates, Rights and other Interests as aforesaid, due regard being had, in settling the Quantum of each Allowment, to the Quality and Situation of the Land to be comprised therein.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Timber Trees, Wood and Underwood, growing, standing and being on any Allowments of that Moiety or Half Part of the said Hays of *Stirlings* and *Stilghig* hereby intended to be divided and allotted unto and amongst the several Persons entitled to Rights of Common, at the time when such Division and Allowment shall take place, shall become and be the Property of the Person or Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, to whom such Allowment or Allowments shall be made or set out, such Person or Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, paying the Value of the same to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue; and in case the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, and any Person to whom such Allowment shall be made, cannot

agree on the Price or Value to be paid for any Timber Trees, Wood or Underwood growing and being on any such Allotment, the Value of such Timber Trees, Woods or Underwoods, shall be referred in, tried and ascertained by Two indifferent Persons to be named as Arbitrators, One of whom shall be chosen by the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, and the other by the Person or Persons, Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, disposing such Value; and the said Two Persons so to be appointed as Arbitrators shall, within Three Calendar Months after being appointed, sit and ascertain the Value in Dispute; and their Decision therein shall be binding and conclusive upon all Parties concerned; and each such Arbitrator shall dispose as to the Value of the said Timber Trees, Woods or Underwood, then the Value thereof shall be ascertained and determined by each other Person as the said Arbitrators shall determine as an Umpire, who shall sit and determine the same within Three Calendar Months after being appointed for that Purpose, and whose Decision therein shall be final and conclusive upon all Parties interested.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Person shall neglect, for the Space of Three Calendar Months after the Value of any such Timber shall be ascertained, to pay for the same, or shall be unwilling to purchase the same, and shall, within the same Space of time after the setting out of any such Allotment, refuse to treat with the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, as to the Value of any such Timber Trees, Wood or Underwood, or to refer the Amount of such Value to Arbitration, in manner before mentioned, then and in every such case the Timber Trees, Wood and Underwood standing, growing and being on the Allotment or Allotments of the Person or Persons in neglecting or refusing as aforesaid, shall continue to be and shall be the Property of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors; and it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and His and their Agents, Servants and Workmen, at any time within Two Years after any such Allotment shall be set out to the Person or Persons in neglecting or refusing as aforesaid, to cut down, take and carry away all the Timber Trees, Wood and Underwood standing, growing and being thereon, and which were standing, growing and being thereon, at the time of setting out such Allotment or Allotments; and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues are hereby authorized and empowered to receive all such Sums of Money as shall be paid for the Value of any such Timber Trees, Wood and Underwood, and to apply the same, in the first Place, to the Payment and Discharge of all such Costs and Expenses of the Aft as are hereafter directed to be defrayed and borne by His Majesty; and if any Surplus Monies shall remain after Payment of all such Costs and Charges, such Surplus shall be paid into the Bank of England, and placed to the Account directed by an Act passed in the Fifteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, entitled *An Act for setting the Office of Surveyor General of the Land Revenues of the Crown, and Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases*, to be added in the Books of the Corporation and Company of the Bank of England, intitled 'The Account of the Public Monies of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being the Woods and Forests Fund,' and shall be applied and disposed of in such and the like manner, and for such and the like Purpose, as the other Monies by such last mentioned Act directed or authorized to be paid so, carried over or placed in the same Account, are thereby authorized or directed to be paid, applied or disposed of.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That when and inasmuch as the said Commissioners shall have ascertained the respective Rights of the Persons interested in the said intended Inclosures, and also the respective Shares and Proportions by them proposed to be allotted to such Persons respectively in the same, then, they the said Commissioners shall give Notice in manner aforesaid of the Day or Days and Place where all Parties interested may peruse a Schedule of such intended Allotments, and inspect the Map or Plan whereon the same shall be delineated, and may have and receive a Copy of such Schedule, as far as the same relates to such Person respectively; and as some Persons may, upon Perusal of the said Schedule, and Inspection of such Map or Plan, be dissatisfied with their intended Allotments, the said Commissioners shall give Notice of One Meeting at least to be held by them for hearing Complaints and Objections against such intended Allotments, and for hearing and determining all such Objections; and their Determination in the Premises, as to Quality and Situation, shall be binding, final and conclusive to all Parties.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all such Fences, or such Part or Parts thereof as the said Commissioners shall direct, shall for ever after the making thereof be kept in Repair by the Person or Persons who for the time being shall be entitled to such Allotment or Allotments, and all Fences in pursuance of this Act to be made for dividing and inclosing the Moors or Half Parts of the said Hays of *Burdland* and *Shilbush*, so allotted to His Majesty; and the Repair of the said Commonable Lands and Open Unclosed Grounds shall be made, and at all times for ever thereafter repaired and maintained, by and at the Expense of the Proprietors interested therein, in such Parts and Proportions, and within such time and in such manner, as the said Commissioners shall so and by their Award direct or appoint.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if, owing to the Situation or other Circumstances of any Allotment or Allotments, it shall happen that the Proprietors thereof shall not have a proportionable Share of Boundary Fencing thereto, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, where they shall judge reasonable, to ascertain and determine the Sum or Sums of Money to be contributed and paid by such Proprietor or Proprietors towards the Expense of the Boundary Fencing of such other or others of the said Proprietors who may happen to have too great a Proportion thereof, in order that the Expenses of the Boundary Fences may be brought as near as may be to a just and equal Proportion, Regard being had to the necessary Subsidizing Fences within the respective Allotments; and the Money to be so ascertained and applied shall be levied and recovered in the same manner as Duties are directed to be levied and recovered by the last mentioned Act of the Forty first Year of His Majesty's Reigne.

XXXIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all and every the Allotments to be made in pursuance of this Act for or in respect of any Freehold Estates, shall be deemed and taken to be held and enjoyed as

the Value in Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenues to be settled by Agreement or Reference

Timber not paid for within Three Months after Value set, to continue the Property of His Majesty.

Commissioners of Woods are empowered to receive Money paid for Timber, where the Case applied.

Allotments to be delineated in a Map, and shown to the Proprietors.

Notice by Commissioners of Meeting for hearing Complaints.

Power of Allotments of Inclosures to be kept in Repair by Proprietors.

Inclosures to be made for unequal Shares of Boundary Fences.

Allotments to remain of the same Tenure.

Freehold Estates, and all and every the **Alienments** to be made for or in respect of any Copyhold or Customary Estates held of any Manor or Manors in which the Lands and Grounds to be included by virtue of this Act respectively for or are situate, shall be deemed or taken to be as Copyhold or Customary Estates, and shall be held of the respective Lords thereof under the same Rents and by the same Customs and Services as the Copyhold or Customary Lands and Hereditaments for which they were so allotted and so ought to have been held, and shall pass by the like Surrenders as the Copyhold or Customary Lands and Hereditaments in respect whereof such Alienments shall be made now pass.

XL. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any of the Persons interested in the said Division and Lotteries shall sell, or shall at any time hereafter, and before the Execution of the final Award of the said Commissioners, sell his, her or their Right, Interest or Property in, over and upon the said Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and included, or any Part thereof, to any other Person or Persons, then it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required, to make an Alienment of Land unto the Vendor or Purchaser in such Sale, or to his or her Heirs or Assigns, for or in respect of such Right, Interest and Property sold; and every such Vendor or Purchaser, and his and his Heirs and Assigns, shall and may, after the Completion of such Sale, hold the Land and Ground so to be allotted to him, her or them as aforesaid, in the same manner, pursuant to the Terms of such Sale, as all Estates and Purposes, as the Vendor in every such Sale might, could or ought to have held and enjoyed the same in such Sale had not been made.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required, to let out, allot and award any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments within the said Township in which the said Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided and allotted here or are situate, or any Part thereof, in lieu of and in exchange for any other Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments whatsoever within the said Township, or within any adjoining Parish, Township or Place, provided that all such Exchanges be ascertained, specified and declared in the Award of the said Commissioners, and be made with the Consent of the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments which shall be so exchanged, whether such Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, shall be a Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or a Tenant or Tenants in Fee Simple or for Life, or in Fee Tail general or special, or by the Courtesy of England, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives (by and with the Consent of the Lessor or Lessors thereof, and not otherwise), or with the Consent of the Guardians, Trustees, Executors for charitable or other Uses, Hospitals, Companies or Associates or of sitting for such Proprietors or Owners as aforesaid also at the time of making such Exchanges or Exchanges shall be respectively Infants, Persons Covert, Lunatics, or under other legal Incapacity, or who shall be beyond the Seas, or otherwise disabled to act for themselves, himself or herself; such Consent to be testified in Writing under the Common Seal of the Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and under the Hands of the other Parties consenting respectively; and all and every such Exchange or Exchanges to be made shall be good, valid and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XLIII. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That no Exchange shall be made of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments held in Right of any Church, Chapel or other Ecclesiastical Benefice, without the Consent, testified as aforesaid, of the Patron thereof, and of the Bishop of the Diocese or other Ordinary of the Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction in which such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be exchanged shall lie or be situate.

XLIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Costs, Charges and Expenses attending the making or completing of all Exchanges and Partitions under the Powers and Authorities in this Act and the said second Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or either of them, shall be paid and borne by the several Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, making such Exchanges or Partitions, in such manner and in such Proportions as the said Commissioners shall order and direct, and to be recovered and recoverable in the same manner as any other Expenses ordered to be paid by the said Commissioners are recoverable.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That all Leases and Agreements for Leases in such Rent, now subsisting or affecting all or any of the Lands and Grounds which shall be divided and allotted by virtue of this Act, within the said Township of Edwinstowe, shall continue and be read at such time and times as the said Commissioners, by Writing under their Hands, to be affixed on the principal Doors of the Parish Church of Edwinstowe, shall direct, the respective Lessors or Landlords making such Substitutions in Money to their Lessors or Tenants, for the Leases they shall sell as by the Determination of their respective Leases or Agreements, as the said respective Parties shall agree upon, or as the said Commissioners, upon an Application made to them in Writing by either Party, shall order and direct; and if the Money to be paid as aforesaid shall not be paid, according to the Directions of the said Commissioners, within Twenty eight Days after Demand thereof in Writing under the Hand or Hands of the Parties or Parties to whom the same shall be payable, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby required, to make and levy the same, for the Use and Benefit of the Parties or Parties entitled thereto, by such Writs and Means as Penalties are directed to be levied and recovered under and by virtue of the said Act of the Forty first Year of His Majesty: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend so far as to oblige or might read any Leases or Leases from any Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or Persons or Persons, for any Life or Lives, or for Twenty one Years, or for any longer Term, for the granting of which a Fine has been taken of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in the said Parish or Township or either of them, to any Parties or Parties whatsoever; but the Parties or Parties entitled to such beneficial

Lease

Provision for Sale of Alienments before the first award of Award

Commissioners to offer Land, in exchange for as much, with Consent of Owners.

Lands held in Right of Ecclesiastical Benefices not exchanged without Consent of Patron, &c. Expenses of Exchanges, how to be paid.

For making Leases in such Rent.

Provision for certain Leases upon Fine.

Lease shall and may hold and enjoy his, her or their several and respective Terms therein, and under the same Rents and Conditions in it or as are specified or his, her or their respective Leases from the said Boden Polkin, Compans or Collingate, Perles or Persons, to him, her or them respectively.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That immediately after all the Allowances to be made in pursuance of this A.D. shall by Order of the said Commissioners be marked or staked out, all the several Shares or Allotments to be let out as aforesaid shall be, and be deemed and taken to be, in lieu and in full Compensation, Satisfaction and Discharge of all Rights of Common whatsoever, which the Persons interested in the Allotment or Inclosures, or any of them, could or might have had or been entitled to, in, over and upon the said Haynes of *Burfield and Allibagh*, and Commonable Lands and Open Uncultivated Grounds hereby directed to be allotted and inclosed, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively, and from that time all Right of Common and other Rights whatsoever in or upon the said Haynes and Lands and Grounds shall cease and be for ever annulled, abolished and extinguished: Provided nevertheless, that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, at any time before the Execution of the said Award, by Notice in Writing under their Hands to be affixed upon the principal outer Doors of the Parish Church of *Edinburgh*, to order and direct all or any Part of the Rights of Common in or over the said Haynes, and other Lands and Grounds, or any Part or Parts thereof, to be extinguished, or the Exercise thereof to be suspended for and during such time or times as shall be expressed in such Writing; and all such Rights of Common as the said Commissioners shall by such Writing order and direct to be extinguished, or the Exercise thereof to be suspended as aforesaid, shall, from the time mentioned in such Writing, cease, determine and be extinguished, or the Exercise thereof shall be suspended accordingly; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall after the passing of this Act dig, cut or take away any of the Turf, Bolls, Underwood, Soil, Gravel, Sand, Stone or Drugg, in, upon or from any of the Lands or Grounds to be allotted and inclosed by virtue of this Act, for any Use or Purpose whatsoever, or under any Right, Privilege or Claim whatsoever, without the Licence of the said Commissioners first had and obtained for that Purpose, then and in every such case, on due Proof made before any Justice of the Peace for the said County on Oath (which Oath such Justice is hereby empowered to administer), it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice, and he is hereby required, by Writings under his Hand and Seal, directed to any Person or Persons whomsoever, to cause any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Five Pounds to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so offending in the Premises, rendering the Overplus (if any), on Demand, to the Person or Persons whose Goods and Chattels shall be so distrained and sold, after deducting the Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale; and the Money to be levied as aforesaid shall be applied towards the Payment of the Costs, Charges and Expenses of executing this Act.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That, in order to render straight and to shorten the Boundary Fences between the Lands and Grounds by this Act directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed in the said Township of *Edinburgh*, and any Parish, Township, Hamlet or Place adjoining thereto, or to make the same Boundary Fences regular, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, with the Consent in Writing under the Hand or Hands of the Lord or Lords of the Manor or Manors in which the Land is situate, and of the Owner or Owners of the Land upon which any Fence or Fences shall or may be intended to be made, to fix out the Boundary or Boundaries between the Lands by this Act directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, and any adjoining Parish, Township, Hamlet or Place, in such manner as they shall think proper for the Purposes aforesaid; and after such Boundary or Boundaries shall be so fixt out as aforesaid, the same shall be fenced by such Person or Persons in such manner and at such time or times as the said Commissioners in and by their said Award shall order and direct; and the same shall for ever thereafter be deemed and taken to be the Boundary or Boundaries between the said Township of *Edinburgh* and such adjoining Parish, Township, Hamlet or Place; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Inclosures or Encroachments made on the said Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided and inclosed, and which have been made within the Space of Twenty Years last past, shall be deemed and considered Part and Parcel of the Lands and Grounds to be allotted or inclosed by virtue of this Act, as if the same were actually lying upon and inclosed.

XLIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all such Encroachments as have been made and occupied without Interruption for more than Twenty Years, shall become the Property of and are hereby vested in the Persons who shall be the Owners or Proprietors thereof at the time of passing this Act; but such Persons shall not, for or on account of any such Encroachments, be entitled to any Allotment for any Right of Common or other Right in or over the said Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be allotted and inclosed.

L. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed, adjudged, deemed or taken to revoke, annul or make void any Settlements, Deeds, Wills or Leases whatsoever, or to prejudice any Person or Persons having any Right or Claim of Dower, Jointure, Debt, Charge or Incumbance in, out of, upon or over, or affecting the said Lands and Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed, or exchanged by virtue of the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty or of this Act, or of any Part or Parts thereof; but that the several Allotments to be allotted or given in exchange upon such Divisions or Inclosures directed to the several Proprietors respectively, shall, immediately after such Allowances or Exchanges shall be made and fixt out, be, remain and cease, and be held and enjoyed, and the several Persons to whom the same shall be so allotted or exchanged as aforesaid shall from the signing the said Award stand, be sealed, and be ratified thereto respectively, in such and the same Estates, and with such and the same Powers and Authorities for making Leases thereof or otherwise, and

Right of Com-
mon to cease.

Power to Ex-
tinguish or sus-
pend the exercise
of certain Rights
of Common by
Commissioners
on Notice in-
tervening of a
Justice.

No Person to be
taken away after
the passing of this
Act without
Licence of Com-
missioners.

Penal.

Commissioners,
with Consent of
Lords of Manors
and Owners, may
fix out Bound-
aries to be
fenced by Com-
missioners and
direct.

Encroachments
within Ten
years last past
Part of Ground
to be allotted

Occupants the
more than ten
Years last past
Property to
Owners or
Proprietors

Power for
Wills, Jointures
&c.

subject to such and the same Wills, Limitations and Conditions, Settlements, Trusts, Provisions, Reservations, Reversions, Debts, Charges and Incumbrances (Right of Common and Common of Pasture, or other Rights as aforesaid, and such other Exceptions and Provisions as are herein made, only excepted), as the said several Lands and Hereditaments in respect or in lieu whereof, or in Right whereof, such Allowances were and are to be made as there respectively, stand severally leased or subject and liable unto at the time of making such Allowances respectively, or Spring the said Award.

Proviso for
Rights to Tribes.

LII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prejudice, lessen or defeat the Rights, Title or Interest of the several Redoubts, Villages and Lay Proprietors for the time being of any Parishes, or any other Persons or Persons whosoever, as or to any Tribes, Great or Small, or any Compositions, Modolls or other Payments arising or answering out of or payable for or in respect of any Lands, Towns or Hereditaments within the said Township of *Stirlingshire*; but that such Great and Small Tribes, Compositions, Modolls or other Payments shall be paid and payable at all times hereafter in such and the same manner as they would have been in case this Act had not been made.

His Majesty's
Rights in regard
to Deer in re-
venue wood both
then and the
Commissioners
shall appoint.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That His Majesty's Rights of, in and over the said Lands and Grounds hereby intended to be divided, allotted and enclosed, shall remain and continue vested in His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; and that all the Laws and Statutes of this Realm now in force for the Protection of Deer, and for punishing Persons guilty of any Offences in breach of such Laws, shall remain and continue in Force and Effect for the Protection of His Majesty's Deer within the Regard of the said Forest, and for the Punishment of Offences therein, until the Execution of the final Award of the said Commissioners, or such time before the Execution thereof as the said Commissioners shall appoint; any thing to the contrary contained in the contrary thereof or anywhere notwithstanding: Provided always, that in case any Allowance or Allowances of the said Lands and Grounds be to be allotted, divided and included as aforesaid, shall be actually included, and the Process thereof completed, before the Day which shall be named by the Commissioners for determining the said Haycs and other Lands, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the Owner of any Allowance to hunt and kill any Deer within such Allowance, without being subject to any Fine, Penalty or Punishment for so doing.

The Haycs of
Bilbush and
Bilbush, &c. in
to be determined.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That after the Execution of the said final Award, or the said Day to be named by the said Commissioners as aforesaid, all Right of Game of Deer, and all other Feudal Rights and Privileges whatsoever of The King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and His or their Heirs or Lessors, or of all other Persons whatsoever, within, upon and over the said Haycs of *Bilbush* and *Bilbush*, and the said Commons and Open and Uncultivated Lands, shall cease, determine and be forever extinguished, and the same shall be dissevered, to all Insects and Persons whatsoever.

Expenses of the
Act, to be
paid by His
Majesty.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That the Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to and attending the obtaining and passing of this Act, and of setting out the Allowances by this Act directed to be made and set out to and for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and of making and executing the said final Award, shall be paid and borne by His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, out of any Money which is or shall be in the Hands of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues.

Other Expenses
how to be paid.

LV. And be it further enacted, That all other the Costs, Charges and Expenses of carrying this Act into Execution, and of surveying, dividing, subdividing and allotting the Lands and Grounds by this Act directed to be divided, allotted and included, unto and amongst the several other Owners and Proprietors of Lands having Rights of Common and other Rights, shall be borne and defrayed by such Land or Owners, Owners or Proprietors respectively, in such Shares and Proportions, at such time as aforesaid, manner and Places, as the said Commissioners, either before or after the Execution of their said final Award, shall order, direct or appoint, by any Rate or Rates to be made by the said Commissioners for that Purpose (save and except The King's Most Excellent Majesty, in respect of the Allowances to be made to Him, His Heirs and Successors, by virtue of this Act), and the Determination of the said Commissioners in the Premises shall be final and conclusive; and to make any Person or Persons shall signify to pay her, her or their Share or Proportion of such Costs, Charges and Expenses as aforesaid, within the time and in manner appointed by the said Commissioners, then and in such case the said Commissioners shall make the same to be raised, levied and recovered in the manner preferred and directed by the said first recited Act.

Money advanced
to be repaid with
interest.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whosoever shall advance and pay any Money towards the Expenses hereinafter directed to be borne and defrayed by the Land or Owners, Owners and Proprietors of Lands having Rights of carrying this Act into Execution, the Money so advanced and paid shall be repaid and interest to him, her or them, by the Direction of the said Commissioners, together with lawful interest for the same from the time of the Advancement thereof.

Power for the
said Persons to
mortgage or
sell their Allow-
ments.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, on Application being made to them in Writing by any of the Husbandmen, Guardians, Trustees, Committees or Associates of or for any of the said Proprietors or Persons interested in the Premises, being under Curators, Minors, Idiot, Lunatics, or beyond the Seas, or under any other Disability or Incapacity, or by the Person acting as such Guardians, Trustees, Committees or Associates respectively, or by any of the Proprietors of the Lands hereby divided and allotted, or any Part thereof, who are or shall be Tenant or Tenants in Tail, or for any Life or Lives, or any other Contingency, to mortgage or sell, either before or after the making of the said Award, Part of the Allowance or Allowances to be made by virtue of this Act, to such incapacitated Proprietor or Proprietors, or other Person or Persons by whom or on whose behalf any such Application shall be made as aforesaid, for the Purpose of raising a Sum of Money sufficient to defray the respective Shares and Proportions of the Costs, Charges and Expenses of executing the said first recited Act and this Act, which shall be charged

charged upon and payable by such unincorporated Proprietors, or other Parties or Parties respectively, and of finding and collecting and subdividing his, her or their Allotment or Allotments, and of making and completing such Mortgage or Sale; and such Mortgage or Sale shall be made by the said Commissioners in such and the like manner, and subject to such and the like Rules and Regulations, as are mentioned and prescribed in and by the said first recited Act in respect to the Sale of any Lands authorized to be sold for paying the Expenses of obtaining and carrying into Execution any Act for dividing, allotting and inclosing any Lands and Grounds; and such every Allotment for which the said Purchase Money shall be paid shall be conveyed by the said Commissioners, in the Expense of such Purchaser or Purchasers, unto such Purchaser or Purchasers, and his, her or their Heirs respectively, or to his, her or they shall appoint, and shall be enclosed and held by such Purchaser or Purchasers respectively in Severalty; and the Receipts of the said Commissioners shall be a good and sufficient Discharge to such Purchaser or Purchasers for the said Purchase Money, which shall be applied by the said Commissioners in or towards the defraying such last recited Costs, Charges and Expenses; and if any Surplus shall remain in the Hands of the said Commissioners, the same shall be applied and disposed of by them in the manner directed by the said first recited Act with respect to Money which is thereby directed to be paid into the Bank of England for the Purchase or Exchange of any Lands, Towns or Manors, to be let to the same Uses, or of any Timber or Wood growing thereon, and which ought to be laid out in the Purchase of other Lands, Towns and Manors, as therein mentioned: Provided always, that a Bill may be lawful to make by such Mortgage or Sale any greater or further Sum of Money than the Price or Prices, Part or whole Allotment or Allotments shall be mortgaged or sold as aforesaid, would have been empowered or authorized to borrow or charge upon his, her or their Allotment or Allotments, reckoning Five Pounds for each and every Acre thereof, under or by virtue of the said first recited Act: Provided also, that in all cases where any Lands shall be sold for Payment of Expenses as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for the Proprietor or Persons whose Lands shall be so sold to charge the Residue of his or her Allotment, by virtue of the said first recited Act or this Act, with any Money towards Payment of such Expenses.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners hereby appointed, and every Commissioner to be hereafter appointed by virtue of this Act, shall be allowed the Sum of Three Pounds and Three Shillings, and no more, for his Trouble and Expenses for each Day he shall necessarily travel or attend in the Execution of the Powers of this Act.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That once at least in each and every Year during the Execution of this Act, each Year to be computed from the Day of the passing thereof, the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required to make a true and just Statement or Account of any Sums of Money by them or any of them received and expended, or due to them for their own Trouble and Expenses, in the Execution of this Act; and such Statement or Account, when so made, together with the Vouchers relating thereto, shall be by them, if required, laid before Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Nottingham (not interred in the said intended Division and Inclosure), to be by them examined and allowed (such Justices being hereby authorized to take or call in such Aid and Assistance in such Examination as they shall think fit, and to charge the incidental Expenses), and the Balance shall be by such Justices listed in the Books of Account to be kept in the Office of the Clerk of the said Commissioners; and on Charge or Demerit in such Accounts shall be binding on the Parties concerned, or valid in the Law, unless allowed by Two Justices of the Peace as aforesaid.

LX. And be it further enacted, That the final Award of the said Commissioners shall be made and executed within Three Years next after the passing of this Act; and when the same shall be executed in manner directed by the said recited Act, it shall be deposited and left in the Parish Church of Edwinstowe aforesaid.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall, if required by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, make a Copy attested under their Hands of their Award, and also a Map or Plan of all the Allotments, and transmit the same to the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, within Two Calendar Months next after the making and executing the said Award, to be by them filed and kept amongst the Instruments of their Office, and also an authenticated Duplicate thereof to the Auditor of the Land Revenues, such respective Map and Duplicate to be produced, read and received in Evidence on all Occasions where any Question, Doubt or Controversy may arise relating to or affecting the Rights or Interests of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in respect of such Allotment or Allotments, Rights or Interests; such attested Copy, Duplicate and Plan to be made at the Expense of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any thing done in pursuance of this or the said recited Act (other than and except such Orders and Determinations as are by the said recited Act made in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or by this Act directed to be made final and conclusive, and save and except in such cases wherein an Error in Law shall be shown as hereinafter directed), then and in every such case he, she or they may appeal to the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held in and for the County of Nottingham, within Three Calendar Months after such Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, on giving to the said Commissioners Twenty one Days' previous Notice of such Appeal and of the matter thereof; and the Justices of the said Quarter Sessions are hereby required to hear and determine the matters of every such Complaint, and make such Order thereon, and to award such Costs as to them shall appear reasonable, and by their Warrant to levy the Costs which shall be so awarded by Default and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the

Money, but the said Commissioners a Discharge to Purchasers.

Commissioners' Allotments.

Accounts of Commissioners to be examined and allowed by Two Justices of the Peace, and on them to be the Accounts binding, unless allowed by them.

Final Award to be made within Three Years.

Attested Copy of final Award and Plan of Allotments to be sent within Two Calendar Months next after the making and executing the said Award, to be by them filed and kept amongst the Instruments of their Office, and also an authenticated Duplicate thereof to the Auditor of the Land Revenues.

In what case Appeal to the General Quarter Sessions.

Costs.

Party

Party or Parties liable to pay the same, rendering the Ouerlain (if any) to the Owner or Owners after deducting the reasonable Charges; which Determination of the said Parties shall be final and conclusive to all Parties concerned, and shall not be removed by Certificate, or any Writ or Writs whatsoever, save any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or elsewhere.

Commissioners empowered to execute, ratify and sell the Timber on any of the Allotments, except of the Hayen of Birkland and Birkhag.

Proviso here applied.

at G. J. (U.K.) C. 100.
General Survey.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners for carrying this Act into Execution, and their Agents, Servants and Workmen, at any time within Eighteen Calendar Months after the Allotments of the Commutable Lands and Unclassified Grounds lawfully intended to be divided and inclosed shall be let out, to enter into and upon all or any of such Allotments, except the Allotments of the said Hayen of Birkland and Birkhag, and to cut down, take and carry away, sell and dispose of all the Timber Trees, Wood and Underwood standing, growing and being thereon, and which were standing, growing and being thereon at the time of letting out such Allotments; and the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to receive all such Sums of Money as shall arise by the Sale of any such Timber Trees, Wood and Underwood, or as shall be paid for the Value thereof, and to apportion the same between the respective Lords of the said Manors according to their several Rights and Interests therein, and to apply their respective Proportions thereof in or towards discharging their respective Parts or Shares of the Costs and Expenses of putting this Act, and of carrying the same into Execution; and to pay the Surplus thereof, if any, to such Lords of the said Manors, according to such their Rights and Interests therein, if they shall be respectively listed in the Sample of the Manors in respect whereof they shall be entitled to the same; but the Part or Share, Parts or Shares of such Lords or Manors to which any Lord or Lords of such Manors, who shall not be Tenant or Tenants in Fee Simple of or in such Manors, may be entitled, shall be applied and disposed of in the same manner as any Money to be paid for the Purchase or Exchange of Lands, Townships or Villages, or of any Timber or Wood growing thereon, and which ought to be laid out in the Purchase of other Lands, Townships or Villages, to be settled to the same Use, as is by the said recited Act of the Forty-first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty directed to be applied and disposed of.

LXIV. Saving always to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and to all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and their Successors, and to all and every Person and Persons whomsoever, his and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, all such Estates, Rights, Title, Interests, Claims and Demands whatsoever (other than such as is and are hereby expressed, meant and intended to be barred, delivered or extinguished) as they, every or any of them, had or enjoyed in, to or out of the said Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided and allotted, as they or any of them now have or back, or could have had and enjoyed them, as if this Act had not been made.

C A P. CL.

An Act for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen. [18th June 1818.]

I. £. s. d.	3,500,000	0	0	Out of Duties of Excise of 25 G. 3. c. 17.	} Granted to make good the Supply for Great Britain and Ireland for 1818.
II.	250,000	0	0	Out of Annual Property Tax under 45 G. 3. c. 65.	
III.	21,448	18	6	Paid into the Exchequer pursuant to 31 G. 3. c. 15.	
IV.	250,000	0	0	Arise or to arise from the Sale of old Navy and Victualling Stores	} Granted as above, and appropriated to the Use hereinafter specified. See § XII. of XII.
V.				Treasury to direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out as directed by 45 G. 3. c. 1. on Fourteen Days Notice being given to the London Gazette, and in three or more of the London Newspapers of the Day of Payment.	
VI.				Powers of 45 G. 3. c. 1. extended to Exchequer Bills.	
VII.				Such Exchequer Bills to bear Interest not exceeding 3½ per Cent. per Annum.	
VIII.				And may be taken in Payment of the Revenue, Four Months after their Date.	} Granted as above, and appropriated to the Use hereinafter specified. See § XII. of XII.
IX.	2,000,000	0	0	Bank may advance on Credit of Act, notwithstanding 5 th of W. 4 th of H. 1. c. 20. or any subsequent Act.	
X.	30,000,000	0	0	Money raised by Exchequer Bills under c. 3.	
				Money raised by Transfer of 1 per Cent. into 3½ per Cent.	} Granted as above, and appropriated to the Use hereinafter specified. See § XII. of XII.
				Monies arising from Lotteries	
				Raised by Exchequer Bills	
				Raised by 30 th Treasury Bills (granted above, c. IV.)	
				(granted above, c. III.)	
				(1.)	
				(II.)	

XI. 26-6, 547, 809 17 3 611,000 0 0	For Naval Services; that is to say, For Wages for 20,000 Men, including 6,000 Royal Marines	As per Bills per Month 3 7 0 3 0 0 3 3 0 0 7 0	For 12 Months.
330,000 0 0	For Victuals,		
350,000 0 0	For Wear and Tear of Ships,		
31,000 0 0	For Ordnance and Gun Services,		
1,450,000 17 3	For Ordinary Establishment of the Navy		For 12 Months.
1,537,181 0 0	For rebuilding and Repair of Ships and other extra Works		
320,000 0 0	For Provisions for Troops and Garrison on Foreign Stations, and Bakers for Troops to be embarked on board of Ships and Trans- ports		For the Year 1818.
174,000 0 0	For Transport Service		
5,565,028 3 0	For Land Forces; that is to say,		
5,570,848 17 4	Land Forces in G. B., and on Stations abroad, (excepting the Corps stationed in France, and the Regiments employed in the Terri- torial Possessions of the S. J. Company)		
807,231 13 4	Land Forces for Ireland		From 25th Dec. 1817 to 25th Dec. 1818, in- clusive.
116,707 14 10	For General and Staff Officers, and Officers of the Hospitals serving with the Forces in G. B., and on Foreign Stations, excepting France and India		
33,866 10 7	Ditto in Ireland		
175,346 1 3	Allowances to the principal Officers of certain public Departments in G. B., their Depu- ties, Clerks and Costingroons		
5,877 13 8	Ditto in Ireland		
17,650 0 0	Medicines and Surgical Materials for Land Forces on the Establishment of G. B., and of certain Hospital Costingroons		For the Year 1818.
10,061 10 10	Ditto in Ireland		
94,000 0 0	For defraying the Charge of Volunteer Corps in G. B.		
30,541 9 5	Ditto in Ireland		
81,275 11 4	For Four Troops of Dragoons, and Footers Companies of Foot, stationed in G. B. for receiving the Corps employed in the Terri- torial Possessions of the S. J. Company		From 25th Dec. 1817 to 25th Dec. 1818.
175,678 3 6	For Pay of General Officers in Land Forces, not being Colonels of Regiments upon the Establishment of G. B.		
1,163 9 3	Ditto in Ireland		
18,210 13 4	For Garrison at Home and Abroad, on the Establishment of G. B.		For the Year 1818.
7,139 6 1	Ditto in Ireland		
129,213 9 8	For Full Pay forwarded and detached Officers of Forces upon the Establishment of G. B.		
5,507 0 0	For Dues for retired Officers in Ireland		
801,790 0 0	For Half Pay to reduced Officers of Land Forces on the Establishment of G. B.		
50,173 1 6	Ditto in Ireland		
28,500 17 6	Military Allowances to reduced Officers of Land Forces upon the Establishment of G. B.		
2,333 16 10	Ditto in Ireland		
136,385 0 0	Half Pay and reduced Allowances to Officers of disbanded Foreign Corps, Pensions to wounded Officers, and Allowances to the Widows and Children of deceased Foreign Officers,		
41,000 8 9	For 10 Professors of Chelms Hospital		
16,784 7 9	Ditto in Edinburgh Hospital		
82,180 10 8	For Out-Pensioners of Chelms Hospital		From 25th Dec. 1817 to 25th Dec. 1818, in- clusive.
180,133 1 11	Ditto in Edinburgh Hospital		
80,450 0 0	For Pensions to Widows of Officers of Land		

				Person and Marine upon the Establishment of G. B.		
				<i>Ireland</i>		
	26,416	11	2	net	Allowances to an Compassionate Lib. and of	
	161,806	3	7		Pensions to Officers for Wounds	
	86,805	0	0		Allowances to retired Adjutants of Local Militia in G. B.	
	77,150	4	1		Allowances, Compassations and Emoluments in the Nature of Superannuation, or retired Allowances to Persons belonging to several Public Departments in G. B., in respect of their having held Public Office, or Employments of a good Nature	
				<i>Ireland</i>		
	7,111	18	8	net	For Fees expected to be paid at the Exchange on Bills for Army Services for the British Establishments	
	55,000	0	0			
					For Corps waiting on the British Establishment on 25th Dec. 1817, but proposed to be disbanded in the Course of the Year 1818.	
				<i>Ireland</i>		
	1,154	0	0	net	For Supply of Bread, Meat and Forage, Coals, Candles, Straw and Furniture for the Troops in G. B. and for casual Supplies for the Troops on Foreign Stations, and also for the Pay of the Commissariat Department	
	334,700	0	0			
					For the Service of the Barrack Department in G. B.	
					(<i>British Currency</i>) The Commissariat Department in <i>Ireland</i>	For the Year 1818.
					136,249 0 0 net	
					123,474 0 0 net	
					Ditto The Barrack Department in <i>Ireland</i>	From 25th Dec. 1817 to 24th Dec. 1818, inclusive.
					207,831 7 0	
					114,651 0 0	
					1,356,000 0 0	
					50,000 0 0	For the Year 1818.
					The disembodied Militia of G. B. (<i>British Currency</i>) — of <i>Ireland</i>	
					Extraordinary Expenses of the Army for G. B. for <i>Ireland</i>	
						From the 25th Dec. 1817 to the 24th Dec. 1818, inclusive.
XIII.	455,419	19	1		For the Land Forces for Service in France	
XIV.	1,000,000	0	0		For the Ordnance Service	
	572,429	1	8		For the Office of Ordnance for Land Service in G. B.	For the Year 1818.
	28,419	17	1		For Services performed by the Office of Ordnance for Land Service for G. B. and not provided for by Parliament, in the Year 1817.	
	115,509	19	11		For the Office of Ordnance for <i>Ireland</i> .	
	232,408	8	0		For the Office of Ordnance for G. B. on account of Allowances to Superannuated, retired and Half Pay Officers, to Officers for good Services, and to wounded Officers, to Superannuated and disabled Men, also for Pensions to Widows and Children of deceased Officers, but belonging to the several Ordnance Military Corps	For the Year 1818.
	11,406	14	3		For the Office of Ordnance for <i>Ireland</i> , on account of the Pay of retired Officers of the late Regt Artillery and Engineers, and of Pensions to Widows of deceased Officers of the Line	
					For Allowances to Superannuated and Half Pay Officers, to Superannuated and disabled Men, and also for Pensions to Widows of deceased Officers but belonging to the several Ordnance Military Corps in G. B. and not provided for by Parliament in the Year 1817	
					29,317 13 8	For the Year 1818.
					Allowances, Compassations and Emoluments, in the Nature of Superannuation or retired Allowances to Persons law belonging to the	

Office of Ordnance in G. S. in respect of
their having held any public Offices or Em-
ployments of a civil Nature, and also for
Widows' Pensions

	4,4184	6	3		<i>Ireland</i>	
	5,000	0	0		Repairing Damages done to the Sea Walls at Portlough and Malin.	
XV.	181,681	11	3		On Account of the Sum of Two Millions to be applied by His Majesty in concert with the King of the Netherlands towards improving the Defences of the Low Countries by virtue of the Convention concluded 15th August 1814.	
XVI.	400,000	0	0		For carrying on the Treaty between His Britannic Majesty and the King of Spain, signed at Madrid 29th Sept. 1817.	
XVII.	14,000,000	0	0		For discharging outstanding Exchequer Bills under 57 G. 3. c. 2.	
XVIII.	9,000,000	0	0		Do do - - - - - 56 G. 3. c. 14.	
XIX.	6,000,000	0	0		Do do - - - - - 57 G. 3. c. 16.	
XX.	18,000,000	0	0		Do do - - - - - Treasury Bills 58 G. 3. c. 41. 77.	
XXI.	1,084,514	7	8½			
XXII.					<i>Civil Establishments, viz.</i>	
	15,450	0	0		<i>Ireland</i>	
	15,440	0	0		<i>St. John's</i>	
	11,507	0	0		<i>New South Wales</i>	
	10,800	0	0		<i>Upper Canada</i>	
	6,777	0	0		<i>New Brunswick</i>	
	5,635	0	0		<i>Newfoundland</i>	
	3,760	0	0		<i>St. John's (Prince Edward's Island)</i>	
	3,301	10	0		<i>Bahama Islands</i> , in addition to the Salaries now paid to the public Officers out of the Duty Fund, and the incidental Charges attending the same	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. 1818.
	4,190	0	0		<i>Cape Breton</i>	
	600	0	0		<i>Island of Dominica</i>	
XXIII.	15,514	16	9		For the Royal Military College	From the 15th Dec. 1817 to the 14th Dec. 1818, inclusive.
	14,851	0	3		For the Royal Military Asylum, <i>Cheltenham</i>	
	2,000,000	0	0		For discharging Interest on Exchequer Bills, Irish Treasury Bills and Mortgages.	
	160,000	0	0		Being the Hundredth Part of Fifty Six Millions of Exchequer Bills authorized in the last Session of Parliament to be issued and charged upon the Aids granted in the present Session, to be paid by Quarterly Payments to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to be placed on the Account of the Commissioners of the National Debt	For the Year ending 1st Feb. 1819.
	150,000	0	0		For such Expenses of a civil Nature in G. S. as do not form Part of the ordinary Charges of the Civil List.	
	20,000	0	0		For further Execution of an Act of 45 G. 3. c. 80. towards making Roads and building Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland	For the Year 1818, to be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
	60,000	0	0		For the building of a Parliamentary House at <i>Albion</i>	
	11,048	11	3		For the Establishment of Depts	From the 14th Jan. 1818 to 14th Jan. 1819, to be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
	25,000	0	0		For Law Charges	
	84,768	14	10		For the printing, maintaining and employing Clerks at Home	For the Year 1818.
	6,000	0	0		For Prosecutions, &c. relating to the Coin of the Kingdom.	
	1,000	0	0		For the Vaccine Establishment	For the Year 1818, to be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
	17,000	0	0		For printing Acts of Parliament for the two Houses of Parliament, for the Sheriffs, Clerks of the Peace and Chief Magistrates	

			throughout the United Kingdom, and for the adding Judices throughout Great Britain; also for printing Bills, Reports, Evidence and other Papers and Accounts for the House of Lords	For the Year 1818.
4,427	3	3	To make good the Deficiency of the Grant of 1817, for printing 1750 Copies of the 71st Vol. of Journals of the House of Commons.	
1,446	15	7	To make good the Deficiency of the Grant of 1817, for printing Bills, Reports and other Papers by Order of the House of Commons during the last Session.	
2,800	0	0	For printing the Votes of the House of Commons during the present Session of Parliament.	
6,824	7	14	To make good the Deficiency of the Grant for the Year 1817, for reprinting Journals and Reports of the House of Commons.	
1,369	6	3	For printing 1550 Copies of the General Index to 26 Volumes of Journals of the House of Lords, from the 20th to the 35th Vol. both inclusive.	
4,777	0	0	For maintaining Criminal Lawists	To be paid without any Fee or other Deduction.
1,500	0	0	For American Lawyers	
1,750	0	0	For Superannuation Allowances or Compensation to retired Clerks and other Officers formerly employed in the Office of the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts	
356	10	0	For Superannuation Allowances or Compensation to retired Clerks and other Officers formerly employed in the Lottery Office	
620	0	0	For Superannuation Allowances or Compensation to retired Officers formerly employed in His Majesty's Fleet	
146	15	4	For Superannuation Allowances or Compensation to One of the late Paymasters of Exchequer Bills	For the Year 1818.
20,000	0	0	For Bills drawn on or to be drawn from New South Wales	
1,052	14	2½	For paying off and discharging Exchequer Bills issued pursuant to 7 and 18th June remaining in Chests of Tellers of Exchequer with Interest thereon outstanding and unpaid for.	
4,655	3	5	For Amount of Annuity granted to Trustees of the late Francis Charles Agrippa and the Prince Coburg, which would have accrued from the 10th October 1817 to the 6th November following	To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
13,580	0	0	To the Trustees of the British Museum for the Purchase of the late Doctor Charles Burney's Library and Collection	
18,000	0	0	For maintaining and repairing the British Forts on the Coast of Africa.	
3,000	0	0	For the Board of Agriculture	For the Year 1818.
10,000	0	0	For Works carrying on at the College of Edinburgh	
3,494	14	6½	Towards the Repair of Henry 7th's Chapel	To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
75,000	0	0	For defraying the Expenses of the Gold Coinage	For the Year 1818.
34,337	1	11	To make good the Deficiency of the Vote in the Year 1816 for making good any Deficiency or Loss in with from the Re-coinage of the Silver Coins, and Charges and Expenses of making down, coining, alloying, and recoining the same and all other Expenses incident thereto.	
11,000	0	0	For printing Bills, Reports and other Papers during the present Session of Parliament.	
3,500	0	0	For Expenses that may be incurred in 1818 for printing 1750 Copies of the 72d Vol. of Journals of the House of Commons for the present Session.	
4,000	0	0	For reprinting Journals and Reports of the House of Commons in 1818.	

27,140 0 0	For Sewer Work, proposed to be done at <i>Walsingham</i>	For the Year 1818.
15,000 0 0	For purchase of Land on <i>Northfleet Marsh</i> for the River of <i>Gravelly</i>	To be paid without For or other Deduction.
5,000 0 0	For the Expense of Island Navigation from the River into the Western Sea by <i>Swansea</i> and <i>Cardiff</i>	For the Year 1818.
10,000 0 0	For certain Allowances and Gratitudes to <i>Officers</i> being employed upon the Military Roads in <i>Scotland</i> the Management of which Roads has been transferred to the Crown Officers for Highland Roads and Bridges	To be paid without For or other Deduction.
10,000 0 0	For Expenses of a Civil Nature in G. B. as the ordinary Charges of the Civil List.	do not form Part of the Funds
15,000 0 0	For making good the Deficiencies of the Funds	
20,000 0 0	For further defraying Expenses and Miscellaneous Bills in the Departments of the Treasury, Three Secretaries of State and Lord Chamberlain	
5,000 0 0	For Salaries to the Officers, and Expenses of the Court and Receipt of <i>Exchequer</i>	
10,000 0 0	For further defraying the Expenses of the Heads of Lords and Commons	For the Year 1818
15,000 0 0	For the Salaries and Allowances to the Officers of <i>Dine</i>	
17,000 0 0	For further defraying the Expenses of Works and Repairs of Public Buildings	
10,000 0 0	For making Variations in the Road between <i>Swansea</i> and <i>Cardiff</i>	
10,000 0 0	Towards Expenses incurred in the Management of the <i>Brighton</i> Highway	For the Year 1818.
10,000 0 0	Towards completing the Improvements in <i>Walsingham</i>	To be paid without For or other Deduction.
10,000 0 0	For Building a Bridge over the <i>Alford</i> Street near <i>Swansea</i> Ferry	To be paid without For or other Deduction.
10,000 0 0	For the Veterinary College	For the Year 1818.
10,000 0 0	To complete the Building of the Royal Military College in <i>Swansea</i>	To be paid without For or other Deduction.
10,000 0 0	For the Governors of <i>Queen Anne's Bounty</i>	
10,000 0 0	For the Poorer Clergy in <i>England</i> , to be afforded and applied pursuant to any Act for that Purpose	To be paid without For or other Deduction.
10,000 0 0	To make up the Total Sum charged upon the Poor (being in the E. shire), in the Year ending 31st Jan. 1818.	
10,000 0 0	To make good the Deficiencies of the Grants for the Year 1817.	
10,000 0 0	For purchase of Ground adjoining the Branch of the <i>Royal Military Academy</i> at <i>Swansea</i> , for the Purposes of Art and Exercise.	
10,000 0 0	For the Remuneration of certain Public Officers in <i>Ireland</i> , for the extraordinary Trouble in the Year 1818.	
10,000 0 0	For the probable Expenditure of the Board of Works in <i>Ireland</i>	For the Year 1818.
10,000 0 0	For Printing, Stationery and other Disbursements for the Clerk and Under Secretaries' Offices and Apartments and other Public Officers in <i>Public Buildings</i> , and for Riding Clerks and other Expenses of the Deputy Postmasters and extra Messengers attending the said Offices, also superannuated Allowances in the said Clerk Secretary's Office	For One Year, ending 31st Jan. 1819.
10,000 0 0	Building Proclamations and other Matters of a Public Nature in the <i>Public Gazette</i> and other Newspapers in <i>Ireland</i>	

British Currency ac-
c. 3439 0 0

	17,076	0	0	Printing 1,500 Copies of a compressed Quarto Edition of the Statutes of the United Kingdom for the Magistrates of <i>Ireland</i> , and 400 Copies of a Folio Edition of the same, bound for the Use of the Lords, Bishops and Public Officers in <i>Ireland</i> .	
	5,507	0	0	Criminal Prosecutions and other Law Expenses in <i>Ireland</i>	
	5,181	0	0	Apprehending Public Offenders in <i>Ireland</i>	
	3,848	0	0	For completing the Sum for the Support of Non-Conforming Ministers in <i>Ireland</i>	For One Year, ending 31 st Jan. 1819.
	776	0	0	For the Support of seceding Ministers from the <i>Seventeenth</i> of 1798	
	1,754	18	6	Protestants Dissenting Ministers	
	651	0	0	Salaries of Lottery Officers	For One Year, ending 24 th Jan. 1818.
	5,475	0	0	Pratique of the Port of <i>Dublin</i>	For One Year, ending 31 st Jan. 1819.
	40,000	0	0	For the Board of Island Navigation	For the Year 1818.
	15,000	0	0	For Civil Contingencies in <i>Ireland</i>	For One Year, ending 31 st Jan. 1819.
	15,000	0	0	For making a Line of Canal from <i>Lough Allen</i> to the River <i>Swan</i> , below <i>South Bridge</i> , in the current Year.	
	8,000	0	0	For farther Civil Contingencies in <i>Ireland</i>	For the Year ending 31 st Jan. 1819.
	5,000	0	0	To carry on the Works at <i>Dunsway Harbour</i>	
	5,000	0	0	To carry on the Works at the Harbour of <i>Bristol</i>	In the Year 1818.
XXVI.	5,000	0	0	For building Churches and Globe Houses, and purchasing Globes in <i>Ireland</i>	For One Year, ending 31 st Jan. 1819.
	50,000	0	0	For Trustees of the Linn and Hosiery Manufactures, to be by them applied in such manner as they shall think fit to promote the said Manufactures	For the Year ending 31 st Jan. 1819.
	11,000	0	0	For making well-laid convenient Streets in the City of <i>Dublin</i>	For One Year, ending 31 st Jan. 1819.
	276	18	51	Allowance to the Chairman of the Board of Island Navigation in <i>Ireland</i>	For the Year 1818.
	300	0	0	Repairing the House of the Royal Irish Academy in <i>Griffin Street</i> .	
	15,000	0	0	Building Churches and Globe Houses, and purchasing Globes in <i>Ireland</i>	For One Year, ending 31 st Jan. 1819.
XXVII.	50,000	0	0	For the Protestant Charter Schools of <i>Ireland</i>	
	51,500	0	0	For the Freezing Hospital at <i>Dublin</i>	
	50,000	0	0	For the House of Industry, Hospitals and Asylums for Intemperate Children in <i>Dublin</i>	
	7,000	0	0	For the Richmond Lunatic Asylum at <i>Dublin</i>	
	10,000	0	0	For the <i>Edinburgh</i> Society for Soldiers' Children at <i>Dublin</i>	
	1,000	0	0	For the <i>Edinburgh</i> Marine Society in <i>Dublin</i>	
	1,000	0	0	For the Female Orphan House in the Circular Road, near <i>Dublin</i>	
	8,000	0	0	For the <i>Wynnfried</i> Lock Hospital in <i>Dublin</i>	
	3,000	0	0	For the Lying-in Hospital	For One Year, ending 31 st Jan. 1819.
	1,000	0	0	For <i>Dublin</i> Street's Hospital	
	4,000	0	0	For the Fever Hospital and House of Recovery in <i>Carl Street</i> , <i>Dublin</i>	
	400	0	0	For the Hospital for Incurables, <i>Dublin</i>	
	8,000	0	0	For the Roman Catholic Seminary	
	3,000	0	0	For the Association for disseminating Vice and promoting the Knowledge and Practice of the Christian Religion	
	100	0	0	For the Green Oak Hospital of <i>Carl</i>	
	1,000	0	0	For the Carl Institution	

<i>Single Currey</i> 1 c 6			
45,551	0	0	For the Society for promoting the Education of the Poor of Ireland
9,230	0	0	For the Dublin Society
4085	0	0	For the Farming Society of Ireland
			For One Year, ending 31st Jan. 1819.
XXVIII.	Supplies to be applied for the Purposes aforesaid.		
XXX.	Rules for Application of Half Pay.		
XXX.	Half Pay to Officers of <i>Miss Fendlin</i> .		
XXXI.	Chaplains of Regiments, although in Possession of Ecclesiastical Benefices.		
XXXII.	Application of <i>George</i> of <i>Ston</i> voted for Half Pay by 57 G. 3. c. 132.		

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

DECLARED PUBLIC,

AND TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED.

N. B.—The Continuance of each of the following Acts as are Temporary shall be known (where it is so stated) by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letter at the End of the Title.

(a) For 20 Years, &c. [i. e. to the End of the next Session] from a Day named in the Act.

(b) For 20 Years, &c. from the passing of the Act.

(c) For 20 Years, &c. after the End of the Term under former Acts.

The following are all *Public Acts*; in each of which is annexed a *Clause in the Form* following :

" And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a *Public Act*, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded."

Cap. i.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Town of *Stroud*, in the County of *Gloscester*, through *Packwood*, into the City of *Gloscester*. (a) [17th March 1818.]

Cap. ii.

21 G. 3. c. 38. An Act to continue the Terms, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, and in the Eleventh and Thirty-fifth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Road from the City of *York* to *Scarburgh*; in the County of *York*. (a) [17th March 1818.]

[Additional Traders. Former Tolls to cease. New Tolls granted.]

21 G. 3. c. 38. The Road granted and continued by 27 G. 3. c. 24, &c., and thereafter 20 Years, &c.

Cap. iii.

21 G. 3. c. 39. An Act for extending the Powers of an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for repairing Roads in the County of *Essex*. [17th March 1818.]

Cap. iv.

21 G. 3. c. 40. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty's Reign, for improving the Road from *Manchester* to *Rochdale*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of *Lancaster*; in far as relates to the *Bury* and *Ratcliffe Bridge* District of Road therein mentioned; and for making Two new Branches of Road to communicate with the said District of Road. (a) [17th March 1818.]

21 G. 3. c. 40. The Term, thereby granted made in ready money, as in the Bury and Ratcliffe Bridge District.

Cap. v.

21 G. 3. c. 41. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads leading from the City of *Gloscester* towards *Coleman* and *Trusbury* in the County of *Gloscester*. (a) [17th March 1818.]

[Additional Traders.]

Cap. vi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from near the Town of *Manchester* in the County of *Lancaster* to *Nyke Lane Bridge* in the County of *Chesire*. (A) [17th March 1818.]

[One Half additional Toll on Carriages.]

Cap.

Cap. vi.

As an Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty for repairing the Roads near the Towns of *Barlham, Eddisbury, Frodsham, Netherstow, and Windbourne*, with a Branch from *Eddisbury* to the *Serry Gate Road*; and for *altering and shortening* Turnpike Road at *Great Bridge*, in the County of *Northampton*. (a) [17th March 1818.]

[*New Tugboat*—*Former Exceptions from Toll repealed, and others granted*.]

14 G. 3 c. 100.
24 G. 3 c. 170.
continued.

Cap. vii.

As an Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Greenwich Hill*, in the Parish of *Hagfield*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Brightelmston to Cusfield*, and from the East Side of the said Turnpike Road to the Cross Roads in the Town of *Glouch*, in the County of *Staffs*. (a) [17th March 1818.]

[*Additional Tugboat*—*Former Toll to cease*—*New Toll granted*.]

14 G. 3 c. 101.
24 G. 3 c. 171.
continued. See 24 G. 3 c. 172.

Cap. viii.

As an Act for continuing the Term and altering the Powers of an Act passed in the Thirtieth third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Road from *Manchylor*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, to *Water's Brook*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*. (a) [17th March 1818.]

[*Former Toll to cease*—*New Toll granted*—*One Half additional Toll on Sundays, except for Milk*.]

14 G. 3 c. 102.
24 G. 3 c. 173.
continued. See 24 G. 3 c. 174.

Cap. ix.

As an Act for making more effectual Provision for Payment of the Debt due by the Trustees for Turnpike Roads, in the County of *Bedford*, and for other Purposes connected therewith. (a) [17th March 1818.]

24 G. 3 c. 103.
continued.

Cap. x.

As an Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Wyl Compton*, near *Newcastle upon Tyne*, to the *Alnwick* Turnpike Road, in the County of *Northumberland*. (a) [17th March 1818.]

24 G. 3 c. 104.
continued.

Cap. xi.

As an Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from *Ardenick Green*, near *Manchylor*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, to the Bridge at the Cross Mills at *Whitham*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*. (a) [17th March 1818.]

[*Additional Toll on Sundays*.]

24 G. 3 c. 105.
24 G. 3 c. 106.
repealed.

Cap. xii.

As an Act to amend an Act of the first Session of Parliament, for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Tugbohr* to the Turnpike Road in *Green End*, in the Parish of *Borloughston*, in the County of *Northampton*. (a) [17th March 1818.]

[*Additional Toll*.]

24 G. 3 c. 107.

Cap. xiii.

As an Act for repairing the Road from *Bladsworth Pool* in the Parish of *Hagley* and County of *Warwick*, to *Birmingham* in the County of *Warwick*. (a) [17th March 1818.]

[*See Half additional Toll on Sundays*.]

24 G. 3 c. 108.
24 G. 3 c. 109.
24 G. 3 c. 110.
repealed.

Cap. xiv.

As an Act for amending an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for improving the Ports, Harbours and Towns of Whitehaven*, in the County of *Cumberland*, and for better supplying the said Town with Water. [17th March 1818.]

24 G. 3 c. 111.

Cap. xv.

As an Act to enable the Grand Junction Canal Company to vary the Line of Part of their Canal in the County of *Berkshire*; and for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts relating to the said Canal. [17th March 1818.]

24 G. 3 c. 112. 24 G. 3 c. 113. 24 G. 3 c. 114. 24 G. 3 c. 115. 24 G. 3 c. 116. 24 G. 3 c. 117. 24 G. 3 c. 118.

24 G. 3 c. 112.
24 G. 3 c. 113.
24 G. 3 c. 114.
24 G. 3 c. 115.
24 G. 3 c. 116.
24 G. 3 c. 117.
24 G. 3 c. 118.

Cap. xvi.

As an Act to enable the *Gloucester and Berkeley Canal Company* to vary and alter the Line of their Canal; and for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for making and maintaining the said Canal. [17th March 1818.]

24 G. 3 c. 119.
24 G. 3 c. 120.
24 G. 3 c. 121.

Cap.

Figure 1

2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 2681, 26

An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the Flower and Midway Canal to raise a further Sum of Money for completing the said Canal, and the Works thereto belonging; and for allowing, enlarging and maintaining more effectual the Powers for making the said Canal and Works. [19th March 1818.]

11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846.

An Act for altering, explaining and extending the several Acts of Parliament passed, relating to the *St. Lawrence Canal Navigation*; and for amending the said Canal Navigation. 11th March 1818

[illegible]

Table 1

An A.B. for providing a convenient House, with suitable Accommodations, for His Majesty's Judges at the Assizes for the County of *Leicester*; and for making thereof a convenient Place for the holding of the Peace or Court and transacting any Public Business of the said County; and also for the safe Custody of the Public Records of the said County.

[10th March 1818.]

WHEREAS the Lodgings in the Borough of *Leigh*, in which His Majesty's Judges have heretofore resided during their Attendance at the Assizes for the County of *Leigh*, are very uncongenial, and do not afford proper and suitable Accommodation to them during their Residence in the said Borough; And Whereas from the Magnitude and Importance of the public Duties of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, owing to the increased Population of the County, it is become expedient and necessary, and it would be highly conducive to the Convenience of the Magistrates, and it would tend greatly to the Accommodation of the Public, if a convenient Place for the transacting the public Business of the County, and to deposit in safe Custody and Preservation the public Records of the said County, was established at *Leigh*: And Whereas the Justices of the Peace for the said County, assembled at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace holden at the Castle of *Leigh*, in and for the said County, on the Fifteenth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and five, and also the Grand Jury of the said County, at the Last Assize in the same Year, having duly considered the Propriety of procuring a better Accommodation for the Judges, were of Opinion that the same ought to be procured and made, and that there appear no Mode of procuring permanent suitable Accommodation for the said Judges but by purchasing, repairing or building of new House for that Purpose, and for which the Expensures of a considerable Sum of Money will be necessary: But as the same cannot be done without the Authority of Parliament, may it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That at the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden after the passing of this Act, at the Castle of *Leigh*, in and for the said County of *Leigh*, and afterwards at any subsequent General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the said County, in Hall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace for the said County then and there assembled, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to make from time to time such Order or Orders for the purchasing, building, repairing, providing and furnishing, in the Borough of *Leigh* or in the Suburbs thereof, any House or other private or public Building, or any Piece or Pieces of Land or Ground wherein a House may be built, with suitable Office and Accommodation for the Residence of His Majesty's Judges at the Assizes for the said County, or during any Special Commission or Oyer and Terminer, with their Officers and Attendants, and for transacting the Business usually transacted at the Lodgings of His Majesty's Judges during the Assizes; and also for the Reception and Convenience of the Justices of the Peace for the time being of the said County, at any Adjournment of their General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, when the same Sessions shall not happen during the Assizes of the said County, or during such Special Commission of Oyer and Terminer; and also for the making and providing in such House or Building suitable Offices for the Magistrates to meet and transact any of the public Business of the said County; and for the Deposit and safe Custody of the public Records of the said County; as to them the said Justices is afforded, or the major Part of them, shall from time to time appear expedient or necessary, and for paying, discharging and defraying all the Expences, Costs and Charges of and attending the purchasing, building, repairing, providing and furnishing of the same, and of electing and carrying into Execution the several Purposes of this Act, by and out of the public Stock or County Rates of the said County, subject to such Regulations and Conditions as are hereinafter contained.

Further certified, That it shall be lawful for the said Justices of the Peace to attend at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said County from time to time to order and direct such Justice or Justices to be paid out of the Monies to be raised by the said County, and out of the publick Stock or County Rate of the said County, to the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Leicestershire for the time being, or his Deputy, for all such services, in the Execution of this Act, or for any other Services, Fees or Trouble required of him by the said Justices officiating in the public Business of the said County, or for executing any Writs, Orders or Regulations to be made or performed thereof, as shall be thought fit and reasonable by the said Justices.

III. And for the more speedy and effectually carrying into Execution the Powers of this Act, he is further moved, That it shall be lawful for the said Judges assembled at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or the mayor Part of such Judges, to borrow and take up at legal Interest any Sum or Sums of Money.

Johnson or Quaker Williams enabled us to make Quaker the prevailing theme, and the Quaker, Inc. has the business, Inc.

It's time to roll out the
newest member of
the family.

Full name: _____
 Username: _____
 Password: _____

Money, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Seven thousand Pounds, on the Credit of the County Rates to be made, raised and applied upon and within the said County of *Leicesters*, and by Writing under their Hands and Seals, or under the Hands and Seals of any Two of them, to mortgage or assign over any such Rates to the Person or Persons who shall advance or lend such Money, or to his, her or their Trustee or Trustees, as a Security for the Repayment of any Money to be advanced for the Purposes of this Act, with Interest as aforesaid; and all Persons to whom any such Mortgage or Assignments shall be made, or who shall be entitled to the Money thereby secured, shall be, in proportion to the Sum or Sums of such Securities mentioned, Credited on the said Rates equally one with another, without any Preference in respect of the Priority of advancing such Money, or the Dates of any such Mortgage or Assignments; and every such Mortgage or Assignment shall be good, valid and effectual to the Lawful for the Purposes directly intended, and shall be in the Form or to the Effect following: (that is to say,)

WE, *A. B.* One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace and Chairman of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County of *Leicesters*, holden at the Castle of *Leicester*, the _____ Day of _____ and *C. D., E. F., G. H. and I. K.* Four other of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace sitting for the said County, and assembled in the said Court in pursuance of the Powers to us given, by an Act passed in the Fifty eighth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled *“An Act, &c. [here insert the Title of the Act],”* do hereby in open Court mortgage and charge all the Rates to be raised within the said County under the Discharge of County Rates, by the Laws now in being, with the Payment of the Sum of _____ which *L. M. of* _____ hath proposed and agreed to lend, and hath now actually advanced and paid into the Hands of the Treasurer of the said County for the Purposes of the said Act; and we do hereby confirm and establish the same unto the said *L. M.* his Executors, Administrators and Assigns, for securing the Repayment of the said Sum of _____ and Interest for the same after the Rate of _____ per One hundred Pounds for a Year; and do hereby order the Treasurer of the said County to pay the Interest of the said Sum of _____ Half Yearly, as the same shall become due, until the Principal shall be discharged.

IT. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the respective Persons entitled to any of the Securities to be given for Money advanced for the Purposes of this Act, and their respective Executors, Administrators or Assigns, at any time, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, to transfer such Securities to any Person or Persons whomsoever, by Indorsement on the Back of such Security, or any Writing to be annexed thereto, in the Form or to the Effect following: (that is to say,)

I, *A. B.* do transfer this Mortgage, with all my Right or Title to the principal Money hereby secured, and all Interest now due and to become due for the same, to *C. D.* his Executors, Administrators and Assigns. Dated the _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____.

And all Mortgages and Assignments which shall be made in pursuance of this Act, and Memorials of all Transfers thereof, shall be entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose by the Clerk of the Peace for the said County; which Memorials shall specify and contain the Dates, Names of the Parties, and the Sums of Money thereby secured; to which Book any Person interested shall at all Inconvenient Times have Access, and shall have free Liberty to inspect the same; and for the Entry of every such Transfer the said Clerk of the Peace shall be paid, by the Parties to whom the same shall be made, the Sum of Ten Shillings, and no more; and after such Entry made of any Transfer, every such Transferor or Transferee shall exhibit the Parties to whom the same shall be made, and his, her and their respective Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to the Benefit of the Security thereby transferred.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Money to be expended in the purchasing, building, repairing, providing, string up and furnishing such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Offices, Accommodations, Furniture and Appointments as are by this Act directed, including the Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to and attending the obtaining and getting of this Act, shall not in the Whole exceed the Sum of Seven thousand Pounds: Provided always, that no greater Sum or Sums of Money shall be applied from and out of the public Stock or County Rates of the said County in any one Year towards the Discharge and Payment of the Sum of Money directed to be raised and borrowed under the Provisions of this Act for the Purposes aforesaid, and for the lawful Interest to be paid to such Person or Persons advancing the same, or for the effecting and carrying into Execution the several Purposes of this Act, than shall amount to One Halfpenny in the Pound on the Amount upon which the County Rate for the said County of *Leicester* is collected.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Justices to be assembled as aforesaid, or the major Part of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, from time to time to meet, consult and agree with the Owners of and Persons interested in any Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments which they shall judge to be proper or necessary for the Purposes of this Act, for the Purposes thereof, and by and out of the said public Stock and County Rates of the said County to pay or cause to be paid, for the Purchase of such Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments, such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be agreed upon between such Owners and Persons interested as aforesaid and the said Justices, and also the Costs and Charges attending such Agreement and Purchase as aforesaid; and upon Payment of the Money agreed to be paid for the Purchase of any such Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments as aforesaid, or on depositing the same in the Bank of *England* in manner by this Act directed, it shall be lawful for the said Justices of the Peace, or any Two or more of them, their Surveyors, Workmen or Agents, at any time hereafter, to enter upon and take Possession of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments, and the same shall be recovered by the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of *Leicester* for the time being, for the Purposes of this Act.

on the Credit of the County Rates.

Form of Memorials.

Securities for Money to be transferred.

Form of Assignments.

Money to be expended not to exceed Seven thousand Pounds. The more than One Halfpenny in the Pound on the Amount, to be applied out of the County Rates in any one Year. Shall not in Quarter Sessions exceed or purchase Houses, Buildings or Lands for the Purposes of this Act.

Books, Papers,
Corporates,
Trustees, &c.
included in Art.

VII. And be it further enacted, That a Bill be passed for all Books, Papers, Manuscripts or Collections, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Tenants for Life or in Fee Tail, General or Special, and all Husband, Traders, or Persons in Trust, Executors, Administrators, Guardians, Committees and all other Persons whatsoever, not only for and on behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for and on behalf of their Co-heiress Trusts, whether Infants, Mises unborn, Femes Covert, Lunatics, Idiots or other Persons or Persons whatsoever, and to and for all Femes Covert who are or shall be seized, possessed of or interested in their own Right, and to and for all and every Person or Persons whatsoever who are or shall be seized, possessed of or interested in any such Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments which shall be so fixed upon as aforesaid, as trust, contract and agree with the said Justices, or the major Part of them to be appointed as aforesaid, for the Sale of such Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments, and of all or any Part of their Interest therein, or in any Part thereof, and to convey the same to such Person or Persons for the Purposes of this Act, and in such manner as they the said Justices, or the major Part of them be appointed as aforesaid, shall think, and as Counsel shall require; and all Contracts, Sales and Conveyances which shall be so made shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes, without Fine or Recovery, and shall be a complete Bar to all Entries, Tiths, and all other Entries, Rights, Tiths, Trusts and Interests whatsoever, any Law, Statute, Settlement, or other matter or thing whatsoever to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; and all and every such Books, Papers, Corporates or Collections, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Husband, Traders, Executors, Administrators, Guardians, Committees and all other Persons, shall be and are hereby authorized for what they shall do by virtue of this Act.

Corporates,
Mises unborn,
Femes Covert,
and Persons
included in Art.

Application of
Corporates
when assuming
the name of a
Trust

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed to be paid for the Purchase of any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchased by virtue of the Powers of this Act for the Purposes thereof, which shall belong to any Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Executors, Administrators, Husband, Guardian or Committee, for or on behalf of any Infant, Lunatic, Mises or Femes Covert, or to any Person or Persons whose Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments are limited in Gift or other Settlement, or to any other Person or Persons under any other Disability or Incapacity whatsoever, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all government Spend be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account *ex parte* the Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, to the intent that such Money shall be applied, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary Way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Revenues and Profits of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in the Purchase of the Land Tax, or in or towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debt, or such other Incumbrances, or any Part thereof, as the said Court shall otherwise be so paid, affecting the same Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or affecting any other Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments situated therein to the same or the like Uses, Trusts, Infants or Persons; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and applied, under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Infants and Persons, and in the same Manner as the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments which shall be so purchased as aforesaid have been settled or leased, or each of them as at the time of making the Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing, undisturbed and capable of taking Effect, and in the meantime, and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the said Court of Chancery, upon Application in Banco, be invested by the said Accountant General in his Name in the Purchase of Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated or Three Pounds *per Centum* Reduced Bank Annuities; and in the meantime and until the said Bank Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Profits of the said Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities shall from time to time be paid, by Order of the said Court, to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Revenues and Profits of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments so hereby directed to be purchased, in such such Purchase or Settlement were made.

Applicants
where the Com-
mission is to be
then sold and
amount to or
exceeds ten

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money be agreed to be paid for any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchased for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Revenues and Profits of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments so purchased, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, or be signified in Writing and, in their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank with the Privy and in the Name of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account *ex parte* the said Justices, in order to be applied in manner hereinafter directed, or otherwise to be so applied as the said Justices, or the major Part of them, shall be so directed by the Person or Persons (among the said Options, and approved of by any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace for the said County, of whom one and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the aforesaid self approving Parties, in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends arising thereon, may be applied to or in such manner as shall be directed, so far as the same may be applicable, without obtaining or being a power to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the said Court or of Chancery.

Applicants
where the Com-
mission is to be
then sold and
amount to

X. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when such Money be agreed to be paid as aforesaid as aforesaid shall not exceed Twenty Pounds then and in all such cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Revenues and Profits of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments so purchased, in such such Purchase or Settlement were made.

Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, be purchased for the Purposes of this Act, in such manner as the said Judges, or the major Part of them be assembled as aforesaid, shall think fit; or in case of Illness or Languor, then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons as entitled respectively.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person or Persons to any Money to be paid into the Bank of England in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right or Interest in any House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased in pursuance thereof, or to any Bank Annuities to be purchased with any such Money, or to the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Annuities, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to be lawfully entitled to such House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, and the contrary shall be taken to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery; and the Dividends or Interest of the Bank Annuities to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Annuities, shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that such other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where by reason of any Disability or Incompetency of the Person or Persons or Corporation entitled to any House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the said Court, and to be applied to the Purchase of other House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be letted to the like Use in pursuance thereof, it shall be lawful for the said Court to order the Expenses of all such last mentioned Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or so much of such Expenses as the Court shall deem reasonable, together with the necessary Costs and Charges of obtaining such Orders, to be paid by the said Judges or the Peace out of the Money to be raised by virtue of this Act, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That as soon as such House, Buildings, Offices and Accommodations shall have been provided and furnished, and put into a proper State for the Reception of His Majesty's Judges as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Clerk of the Peace for the County of *Leicester* for the time being, and he is hereby required, forthwith to give Notice thereof to the High Sheriff of the County of *Leicester* for the time being, and it shall be lawful for such Sheriff, or his Under Sheriff, within Eight Days previous to any Adjourn, or to any Special Commission of Oyer and Tenimus for the Trial of Offenders, to be holden for the said County, to enter upon and occupy the said House, Buildings and Offices so to be appropriated for the Accommodation of His Majesty's Judges as aforesaid, and also the Furniture and Utensils in the same, in order that he may prepare and make ready the same for the Reception of His Majesty's Judges as aforesaid, the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy delivering to the said Sheriff or his Under Sheriff an Inventory or Schedule of all Furniture and Articles of Household Use appertaining to the said House and Premises, and the said Sheriff shall be accountable for the due Care and Re-delivery of the same (all reasonable Damages or Loss by Wear and Tear excepted); and the said High Sheriff and his Under Sheriff is and are hereby authorized and empowered to require of all every Person or Persons then and there found therein (except the Person to whose Care the said House and Furniture is intrusted under the Authority of the Judges as aforesaid), and in case of their not removing or quitting forthwith, taking to his and their Assistance a Constable or Peace Officer, to displace and remove the Person or Persons so not removing or quitting forthwith, without being liable or subject to any Action for Trespass, or any Indemnity for forcible Entry, or otherwise, for so doing.

XIV. And Whereas it may be necessary, for effecting the Purposes of this Act, to purchase more Land or Buildings than it may be absolutely necessary to retain for the Purposes of this Act? Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Judges to be assembled as aforesaid, or the major Part of them, and they are hereby empowered from time to time to make any such superfluous Land or Buildings to be sold or disposed of, together or in Parts, either by public Sale or private Contract, as they shall find most advantageous and convenient, and to order the same to be conveyed, by Indenture or Indentures under the Hand and Seal of the Clerk of the Peace for the said County for the time being, to such Person or Persons as shall be willing to consent to and purchase the same, and to apply the Money so arise by such Sale or Sales to and for the Purposes of this Act; but the Purchaser or Purchasers shall not be obliged to fit in the Application of such Purchase Money, nor be accountable for the Misapplication or Nonapplication thereof, or of any Part thereof; and the Receipts and Receipts of the Treasurer of the said County for the time being for all such Purchase Money shall be a sufficient Discharge and Discharges to any Person or Persons for his, her or their Purchase Money.

XV. And be it further enacted, That during such time as any House, Buildings and Offices to be provided by virtue of this Act shall be used for the Accommodation of His Majesty's Judges at the Assizes, or at any Special Commission as aforesaid, all and every Sum and Sums of Money allowed to the Sheriff of the said County for the time being out of His Majesty's Exchequer for such Lodgings and Accommodations, shall be paid over by the said Sheriff to the Treasurer of the said County for the time being, to be taken and applied as Part of the Public Stock of the said County collected under the Rates for the same County.

Proceedings &c.
any Disputed Title.

The Court may order reasonable Expenses of Purchases to be paid by the said Judges.

Clerk of the Peace to give Notice to Sheriff when Hearing, &c. are completed.

and to deliver Inventory of Furniture, &c. to Sheriff, who is to be accountable for the same.

Any Land or Buildings not necessary may be sold by Indenture or Quia Emptorem.

Assizes in the said Judges' Houses, to be paid over by him to Treasurer of County.

XVI. And

How Repairs,
&c. are to be
made, &c.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That whenever such House, Buildings, Offices or Accommodations shall require Alterations, Additions or Improvements, or become out of Repair, or any Furniture therein belonging shall become unfit for Use, or any new Furniture shall be necessary, it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace for the time being of the said County, assembled at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said County, or the major Part of them, by an Order of the said Sessions, from time to time to direct the making of such Alterations, Additions, Improvements and Repairs, and supplying of all Furniture and other matters and things wanted to be made, done and supported; and it shall be lawful for such Justices, or the major Part of them, and they are hereby authorized to direct that such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be expended in the Repairs, Alterations, Additions or Improvements of the said House and Premises, or Supply of such Furniture or other matters and things as may from time to time become necessary as aforesaid, and also in the Payment and Discharge of all or any Quit Rents, Rent Charges, Taxes, Rates and Demands made upon the said House and Premises, to be defrayed and paid by the Treasurer of the said County for the time being out of any Money in his Hands of the Public Stock or County Rates of the said County; and the Treasurer of the said County is hereby authorized and required to pay any Sum or Sums of Money so ordered by such Justices, and such Order shall be a sufficient Authority or Discharge to the said Treasurer for the same; and that it shall be lawful for the said Justices, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to appoint a proper Person with a competent Salary and Allowance to take Care of the said House, Buildings and Offices, and to have the Charge of the Furniture being in the said House; and also that it shall and may be lawful for the said Justices to order the said House, Buildings and Offices and Furniture to be insured from Fire, and the Sum or Sums of Money to be so expended, and all Charges accident thereto, to be defrayed and paid out of the Public Stock or County Rates of the said County.

XVII. And Whereas the House and Premises in Contemplation to be provided and purchased under the Powers and Authorities of this Act will be locally situate within the Borough of *Leigher*, and the same being an ancient Borough and Body Corporate within the County of *Leigher*, in which the Justices sitting in the Commission of the Peace for the said County of *Leigher* have no Jurisdiction: Do it therefore enacted and declared, That when and so often as the said House, Offices and Accommodations do to be provided and furnished under the Powers and Authorities of this Act shall have been completed and put into a proper State for the Purposes aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices of the Peace for the time being of the said County of *Leigher*, at all times, to do, execute and discharge their several Functions, Commissions, Petitions, Duties and Services at, in and upon the said House and Premises in as aforesaid authorized to be purchased and provided by virtue of this Act, in the same manner, and with the like Powers and Authorities, as well for compelling the Appearance of Parties before them as in all other respects, as can or may be used and done at any Place within the said County of *Leigher*; and that for removing all Doubts and Difficulties which might otherwise arise as to Jurisdiction at, in or upon the said House and Premises to be purchased and provided by virtue of this Act (should the same be locally situate within the said Borough of *Leigher*), all and every the Process, Executions, Adjournments, Judgments, Executions, Returns, Orders, Warrants, Commitments and other Proceedings of any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the time being of the said County of *Leigher*, made, done and executed in, in or upon the said House and Premises to be purchased and provided under the Powers and Authorities of this Act, and all the Acts of any Constable or other Officer in obedience thereto, shall be as binding, valid, legal and effectual, and shall be deemed and considered and are hereby declared to be as binding, valid, legal and effectual, as all Writs and Process whatsoever, as if the same had been done at any Place within the County and not within the said Borough of *Leigher*; any Law, Statute, Charter or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Appeal.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all cases of Appeal to any Order, Conviction, Adjudication, Act or Proceeding whatsoever of any Justice or Justices of the Peace of the said County of *Leigher*, said, made or done at, in or upon the said House and Premises to be purchased and provided by virtue of this Act (should the same be locally situate within the said Borough of *Leigher*), such Appeal shall be made to the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the County of *Leigher*, and not to any General Session of the Peace to be holden for the Borough of *Leigher*; any Law, Statute, Charter or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Actions to be
brought and dis-
continued in the
Name of the
Peace.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace for the time being for the said County may be and be sued for or in respect of any Claim, Contract or other matter or thing made or done, or to be made or done, or in any way arising under the Authority of this Act, to any Court or Courts of Law or Equity; and that no Action or Suit to be brought or commenced by or against the said Clerk of the Peace by virtue of this Act, shall abate or be discontinued by the Death or Removal of such Clerk of the Peace, or by any Act of the said Clerk of the Peace done without the Consent of the said Justices, but such Clerk of the Peace for the time being shall always be deemed the Plaintiff or Defendant in such Action or Suit, as usually; and the same shall be carried on and defended under the Direction of the said Justices, or the major Part of them, assembled at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said County, and the Damages (if any) shall be levied, and also all Expenses be by them defrayed, in like manner as the other Charges under this Act; and the said House, Buildings, Offices, Furniture and Appointments, and all Furniture, Articles, matters and things therein or thereto belonging, or any Land or Hereditaments purchased by virtue of this Act, shall in any Indifference or Judgment be held, alleged and referred to be the Property of the said Clerk of the Peace for the time being, and under the Style and Description of *The Clerk of the Peace for the County of Leigher*: Provided always, that in all and every Action or Actions, Suit or Suits to be brought and commenced as aforesaid, no Parties or Persons whatsoever shall be deemed incompetent to

give Evidence by reason of his, her or their paying or contributing towards the Public Stock of the said County, or by reason of his, her or their being charged with or liable to pay any of the Public Rates of the said County.

XX. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance or by virtue of this Act after Six Calendar Months next after the First commencing, or Cause of Action accrued for which such Action or Suit shall be so brought; and the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act; and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. xxi.

An Act for altering and amending an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for establishing a Pier and Harbour at or near the Town of *Pollybaw*, in the County of *Kent*; for varying the Limits, and improving and rendering more commodious the said Pier and Harbour; for raising a further Sum of Money for completing the same; and for extending the Powers and Provisions of the said Act. [15th March 1818.]

Cap. xxii.

An Act for enlarging the Church Yard of the Parish of *Clipping Barrow*, in the County of *Hertford*, and for other Purposes relating thereto. [15th March 1818.]

Cap. xxiii.

An Act to continue the Term, and to amend and enlarge the Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Road from *Cromweller to Street*, and another Road therein mentioned, both in the County of *Gloucester*. [15th March 1818.]

[Tolls made to cease, and New Tolls granted.]

of the Road leading from *Cromweller*

Cap. xxiv.

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of two Acts of the Eleventh and Thirty seventh Years of His present Majesty for repairing the Road leading from *Wren*, in the County of *Salop*, to the Line Roads at *Wren* & *Garth*, and several other Roads in the Counties of *Salop* and *Shropshire*; for repairing and diverting the Roads leading out of the said Road from *Wren to Wren* & *Garth* into the Turnpike Road leading from *Ellyllowes to Wrexham*; and for repealing so much of the said Acts as relate to a certain Part of the said Roads. (c) [15th March 1818.]

[New Toggles.]

Cap. xxv.

An Act for repairing and maintaining the Harbour of Regality of *Fryeborough*, in the County of *Aberdeen*. [8th May 1818.]

Cap. xxvi.

An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Dinner*, in the County of *Kent*, through *Deal*, to *Sandwich*, in the said County. (c) [8th May 1818.]

[Additional Toggles.]

Cap. xxvii.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Term and Powers of certain Acts, in so far as the same relate to the Road leading from the Toll House in *Pollybaw Lane*, at the West Side of the Entry to the New Bridge of *Glafeston*, by or near *Partridge*, to the East End of the Bridge at *Langston*. (d) [8th May 1818.]

[Additional Toggles: Tolls made to cease. New Tolls granted.]

Cap. xxviii.

An Act to extend and amend the Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for building The *Waverley Bridge*, and making Roads communicating therewith; and to authorize the Reimbursement of the repairing, lighting and watching of the Roads on the South Side of the Bridge, to the Trustees of the Survey New Roads, acting under Two several Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for making, widening and keeping in Repair certain Roads in the several Parishes of *Lambeth*, *Newington*, *Saint George Southwark*, *Bromwich* and *Christchurch*, in the County of *Surrey*, and for watching and lighting the said Roads. [8th May 1818.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over the River *Thames*, from the Front of the Survey, or near thereto, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the opposite Shore, and for making convenient Roads and

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Act to amend the Statute in the County of Surrey: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifth third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for altering, enlarging and extending the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over the River Thames, at the Precinct of the Strete, or near thereto, and making Roads and Arches to communicate therewith, in the Counties of Middlesex and Surrey: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifth sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over the River Thames, from the Precinct of the Strete, or near thereto, in the County of Middlesex, to the opposite Shore, and for making convenient Roads and Arches to communicate therewith, in the County of Surrey: and also for making a new Road in lieu of Part of the Road or Street called Newnes Walk, in the said County of Surrey, and for making an Archway over Part of such new Road; and for discontinuing the said Bridge The Watkinson Bridge: And Whereas the Company of Proprietors of The Watkinson Bridge, incorporated by virtue of the Intestments recited Acts, or some or one of them, have proceeded in the Execution of the several Works authorized by the said recited Acts, and have completed the said Bridge, and Part of the Roads therein mentioned: And Whereas, for the more speedy and effectual Completion of the Remainder of the said Roads and Works, it will be expedient that the said Company should be authorized to raise a further Sum of Money: And Whereas it would tend to the Advantage or Convenience of the Public if the said Company were in altogether the Control, Superintendence and Management, and the repairing, lighting and watching of the several Roads already made or to be made by them in the County of Surrey, to the Trustees of the Surrey New Roads, acting under and by virtue of an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for making, widening and repairing to Repair certain Roads in the several Parishes of Lambeth, Newington, Saint George Southwark, Bermondsey, and Christchurch, in the County of Surrey, and for watching and lighting the said Roads; and also of an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for making and repairing to repair certain Roads in the Parishes of Lambeth, Newington, Saint George Southwark, Bermondsey and Christchurch, in the County of Surrey, and for watching and lighting the said Roads: And Whereas it will also be expedient that the said Company should be authorized to alter, increase and vary the Tolls authorized to be demanded on the said Bridge and Roads; and that some of the Powers and Provisions of the said Acts, or some of them, should be altered, enlarged and amended: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, in case they shall deem it meet and expedient, to raise any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Seventy five thousand Pounds in addition to the several Sums authorized to be raised by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, by borrowing the same at any Rate of Interest not exceeding Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, and to offer to the several Persons who shall advance the same, or any Part thereof, a Bond or Bonds, Debenture or Debentures, for securing the same, with such Interest, under the Common Seal of the said Company; and by such Bond or Bonds, Debenture or Debentures, or mortgage and assign the Rates and Tolls to be received and taken upon the said Bridge; and all such Bonds and Debentures shall be registered with the Clerk of the said Company, and shall, so far as regards the Interest therein, have Priority over and precede all other Securities upon the said Tolls, and also all Dividends and Divines of Profit or Interest upon any Sums subscribed or contributed towards the said Undertaking: any thing contained in the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or either of them, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that the Holders of such Bonds and Debentures shall stand upon the same Footing, the one with the others, in respect of their Right to the Payment of the Interest upon such Bonds and Debentures, without any Priority among themselves, notwithstanding the Sums of Money for which such Bonds and Debentures shall have been issued may have been advanced at different times.

II. And be it further enacted, That such Bonds and Debentures may be assigned and transferred in such and the like manner as Deeds of Mortgage of the Tolls of the said Bridge are by the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty authorized to be assigned and transferred: and every Assignment and Transfer of such Bonds and Debentures shall be registered with the Clerk of the said Company, in such or the like manner as Assignments and Transfers of such Mortgage Deeds are by the same Act directed to be registered; and the Clerk of the said Company shall be paid for registering every such Bond or Debenture, and every such Assignment or Transfer, such Sum, not exceeding Two Shillings and Sixpence, as the Committee of the said Company shall appoint.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the said Company to apply and dispose of the said Sum of Seventy five thousand Pounds, or such Part thereof as shall be raised, in making and completing the Roads by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the said Act authorized to be made, and generally in carrying the said recited Acts and the said into Execution and Effect.

IV. And Whereas the said Company have raised a great Part of the Sums authorized to be raised by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, by way of Annuity, and did agree with the several Parties advancing such Sums that the same should be advanced by certain Installments, in order that the Weight of such Annuities might not fall upon the said Company before the Sums advanced by way of Consideration for such Annuities should be wanted for the

Execution of the several Writs authorized by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty: And Whereas, in order to secure the Payment of the said Annuities to the several Persons advancing such Sums of Money, the said Company of Proprietors have offered to the said Parties certain Grants of Annuities under their Common Seal, specifying the Periods at which such Installments should be advanced, and the several Parts of such Annuities should commence: And Whereas some of the Persons advancing such Sums of Money having consented to apply to the said Company for their respective Grants of Annuity until after all or some of the Periods at which such Installments were advanced, the said Company have offered to such Persons respectively Grants of Annuity, bearing Date respectively the Days on which the same were so offered, whereas according to the Tenor and Intention thereof the same should have been dated on the Twenty third Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, the Day of Payment of the Part of the said Installments: And Whereas Doubts have arisen as to the Force of all such Grants: For Reasoning whereof it is further certified, That all such Grants of Annuities, being duly stamped according to the total Amount of such Installments, and all Assignments and Transfers of such Grants of Annuities, being duly stamped according to the Amount of Consideration Money payable to the Person or Persons assigning or transferring the same, shall be good, valid and Effectual to all Intents and Purposes, any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding; and shall be binding in Law, not only upon the said Company, but also upon all Creditors, and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns; and that each of the said Grants as by Mistake were dated before aforesaid on the said Twenty third Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, shall be deemed and considered as bearing Date on, and shall take Effect from the said Twenty third Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and not from the actual Date thereof: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall in any manner prejudice or affect any Question at Law or in Equity, now pending between any Parties or Persons who are or may be entitled to such Grants of Annuities or any of them, or in any manner to prejudice or affect any Suit or Proceeding now pending between any Parties or Persons whatsoever and the said Company, touching or concerning any Account of Annuities or Dividend of Profits or Interest arising antecedent to the passing of this Act.

V. And Whereas it may be proper that the said Company should be authorized to raise Money from time to time for the Purpose of redeeming or purchasing the Annuities granted by the said Company, or any of them: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the said Company, in addition to the several Sums by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, authorized to raise by all or any of the Modes mentioned and authorized in and by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, or any of them, for the raising of all or any of the Sums by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, and authorized to be raised, any Sum or Sums of Money which may from time to time be required, for the Purpose of redeeming or purchasing such Annuities, or any of them; and that the several Persons who shall advance the said Sums of Money or any Part thereof, and their respective Assigns, shall stand upon the same Footing as the Holders of the Annuities which shall be redeemed or purchased with the Moneys advanced by them respectively: Provided always, that such Sums of Money shall be applied solely to the Redemption or Purchase of such Annuities, and to and for no other Use, Trade, Interest or Purpose whatsoever: Provided also, that the borrowing or raising any Sum or Sums for the Redemption or Purchase of such Annuities shall not prejudice or in any manner affect the Rights and Securities of the Holders of the Bonds and Debentures hereby authorized to be issued.

VI. And Whereas it is desirable that the Road intended to be made from the Foot of the said Bridge to near the Obelisk in *Stair George's Fields* in the County of Surrey, should be altered, and also widened at the End thereof except the said Obelisk: And Whereas the said Company have deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Surrey a Map or Plan delineating and delineating the intended Line of the said Road, and the several Land, Buildings and Hereditaments which will be required to be taken and sold for completing the same, and which are described in the Schedule to the said recited Act of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty and this Act enacted, or some of them, and have also deposited with the said Clerk of the Peace a Book of Reference containing Lists of the Names of the Owners or reputed Owners and Occupiers of the Lands, Buildings and Hereditaments to be taken and sold by virtue of this Act: Be it therefore further enacted, That the said Map or Plan and Book of Reference shall remain in the Custody of the said Clerk of the Peace, to the End that all Persons interested therein may in all reasonable cases have Liberty to inspect and peruse the same, and also Copies or Extracts thereof at their Will and Pleasure, paying to such Clerk of the Peace the Sum of One Shilling for every such Inspection, and after the Rate of Sixpence for every One hundred Words of such Copies or Extracts of the said Map or Plan and Book of Reference.

VII. And Whereas the said Company are authorized by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or any of them, to take and sell, for the Purpose of decree mentioned, each of the Lands, Buildings and Hereditaments mentioned in the said Map or Plan, and in the Schedule to this Act enacted, as are distinguished by Figures in the said Map or Plan and Schedule: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company to enter and within the said Road leading from the Foot of the said Bridge to near the Obelisk in *Stair George's Fields*, in manner described and delineated in the said Map or Plan, and to take and purchase, for the Purpose of the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, each of the Lands, Buildings and Hereditaments mentioned in the Schedule to this Act enacted, as are

pages 1001, and that notice of the intention had intended to apply for these Grants, the Company had issued Grants in the Volume of which Deeds have been exhibited.

Proviso for such Grants.

Power to borrow for redeeming Annuities.

Mean of the map, Book and Book of Reference to remain in the Custody of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Surrey.

Road intended to be made from the Foot of the said Bridge to near the Obelisk in *Stair George's Fields* may be altered.

not therein distinguished by Figures, and which the said Company are not already authorized by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or one of them, to take and sit on a scaffold.

Notwithstanding
Mistakes on
Book of Re-
ferences.

VIII. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That the said Company shall have full Power and Authority to alter and widen the said Road, and to complete the same in the manner directed and delineated in the said Map or Plan, and may purchase and take Possession, for the Purposes of the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the A.D., of any of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments requisite for the Execution of the said Works, notwithstanding any Error or Omission, or incorrect Description in the said Map or Plan or Book of Reference, or in the said Schedule, in case it shall appear to any Two or more Justices of the Peace of the County of Jersey, and be verified by Writing under their Hands, that such Error, Omission or incorrect Description proceeded from Mistake.

Protein Tolls
repeated

IX. And he is further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the several Tolls authorized to be demanded and taken by the said Company upon the said Bridge and Roads by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or any of them, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; and that instead thereof there shall be demanded and taken at all such Toll Gates, Bars or Turnpikes as are now erected, or which shall hereafter be erected, on the said Bridge, before any Person using the said Bridge as a Footway, or any Horse, Mule, Ale or other Cattle, or Carriage, Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Vehicle, shall be permitted to pass through any such Gate, Bar or Turnpike upon the said Bridge, the respective Tolls following: (that is to say.)

For each and every time of passing over the said Bridge,

See Tolls.

For every Foot Passenger, a Sum not exceeding One Penny;

For every Coach, Berlin, Landau, Vis-a-vis, Chariot, Chaise, Calash and Pinfold Carriage, and for every Hearse, Litter or other such Carriage, having more than Two Wheels, and drawn by Six Horses, or other Beasts of Draught, a Sum not exceeding One Shilling and Sixpence;

For any of the like Carriages or Vehicles drawn by Three or Four Horses, or other Beasts of Draught, a Sum not exceeding One Shilling;

For any of the like Carriages or Vehicles drawn by Two Horses or other Beasts of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Sixpence;

For any of the like Carriages or Vehicles drawn by One Horse or other Beast of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Four pence;

For every Chair, Chair, Tread Cart, Carricle or other such like Carriage on Two Wheels, and drawn by Two Horses or other Beasts of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Sixpence;

For any of the like last mentioned Carriages or Vehicles drawn by One Horse or other Beast of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Three pence;

For every Horse or other Beast of Draught drawing any Waggon, Wain, Cart, Dray, Truck, Sledge or such like Carriage, laden or unladen, a Sum not exceeding Two pence;

For every Wheelbarrow or Truck, not drawn by any Horse or other Beast of Draught, a Sum not exceeding One Penny Halfpenny;

For every Horse, Mule or Ale, laden or unladen, and not drawing, a Sum not exceeding Two pence;

For every Score of Quags or Neat Cattle, and so in proportion for any greater or less Number, a Sum not exceeding Eight pence;

For every Score of Calves, Hogs, Sheep or Lambs, and so in proportion for any greater or less Number, a Sum not exceeding Four pence.

X. And Whereas the said Company have built and constructed Two Sets of Stairs or Flying Places at the Ferry End of the said Bridge, and the same are now used in lieu of the Stairs or Place called *Cape's*

Stairs, otherwise *Cape's Bridge Stairs*: And Whereas that Part of the Street, formerly called *Narrow Wall*, which lies on the South Side of the Wharf belonging to the said Company, formerly the Property of *Joraffe*

Charles Joraffe, and which formed the Access to the said Stairs or Place called *Cape's Stairs*, otherwise *Cape's Bridge Stairs*, has been stopped up, and is used as the said Company by virtue of the said recited

Act of the Fifty sixth Year of His said present Majesty's Reign, the said Company having made a new Road in lieu of the said Street called *Narrow Wall*: And Whereas it is expedient to make some Regulations as to

the Behaviour of Watermen plying for Hire near the said Bridge: Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act the said Stairs or Flying Place called *Cape's Stairs*, otherwise *Cape's Bridge Stairs*, shall be and are so designated in a Public Plying or Landing Place for Watermen and others con-

sisting upon the River *Thames*; and that it shall not be lawful for any Waterman or Watermen to ply for Hire, or otherwise at the said Stairs or Flying Place, nor to ply for Hire or otherwise upon any Part of the Footways or Roads by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His

present Majesty, or the said Act, authorized to be made, but only at the Stairs or Flying Place built and constructed by the said Company, and in the Roadway within the Footways at the Ends of the said Bridge;

and that if any Waterman shall offend herein, or shall obstruct or molest any Person or Persons on bus, bar, bar or other Passage over the said Bridge or Roads by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and

Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or this Act, authorized to be erected and made, or shall use Swearings, Misdemeanors, indecent or abusive Language to any Person or Persons upon any Part of the said Bridge and Roads, it shall be lawful for any Collector or Keeper of the Tolls or any other

Person to seize such Offender, and by the Authority of this Act, without any other Warrant, to convey him before any Justice of the Peace for the County in which such Offense shall be committed; and such

Waterman

Cape's Bridge
Stairs to be old
continued.

Watermen of-
fending may be
seized.

Witness, upon being thereof lawfully certified before such Justice of the Peace, either upon his own Confession, or upon the Oath of one or more credible Witnesses (which Oath the said Justice is hereby authorized and empowered to administer), shall forthwith pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings.

XI. And Whereas the said Company have made and contracted certain Parts of the Roads at each End of the Bridge upon Arches? Be it further enacted, That the said Company shall have full Power and Authority to grant a Lease or Leases of the said Arches, or any of them, to any Person or Persons whomsoever, for such Term or Terms of Years, and for such Considerations, to grow Annual Rents or other Compensation, and on such Conditions, as to the said Company shall seem meet; and the Amount of such Annual Rents, and the Interest of such Considerations or Compensations in gross (such Considerations or Compensations to grow to be invested in some of the Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or on Government or Real Securities, at Interest in the Name of the Treasurers), shall be paid, applied and disposed of as the Tolls received upon the said Bridge are by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty directed to be applied and disposed of.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act the Committee of the said Company shall have full Power and Authority to appoint such Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers of the Rates and Tolls, as to the said Committee shall seem meet; and also from time to time to remove any such Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers, and to nominate and appoint another Person or Persons in his or their Room or Room, taking such Security from every such Collector or Receiver, for the due Execution of his Office, as the said Committee shall think proper; and the said Committee shall have the full and entire Control and Superintendence over the said Collectors and Receivers; any thing so the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or any of them, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XIII. And Whereas in pursuance of the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, the said Company have set out and made a Road from the said Bridge to the Road leading from *Sturminster Road* sheweth to the *Margate Gate*, and are about to continue the same from the said last mentioned Road to near the Obelisk in *Stam George's Fields*; and the said Company have also set out and made a Road from the End of *Stanford Street*, *Sturminster Road*, into the said last mentioned Road; and the said Company are now making a Road from the Road so intended to be continued to the Obelisk as aforesaid, into the *Wighlington Road*, partly through and by means of a certain Street called *Caddy Street*; and the said Company are authorized by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His said present Majesty, or some or one of them, to continue the aforesaid Road from the End of *Stanford Street* sheweth into the *Wighlington Road*: And Whereas the said Company are willing and have proposed to the said Trustees of the Survey New Roads to relinquish to them the Control, Superintendence and Management, and the repairing, lighting and wadding of the said Roads already made or hereafter to be made, when and as the same shall be completed and made fit for the Use of the Public, freed and discharged from all Mortgage, Annuities, Application of Tolls, or other Incumbrances, Securities, Engagements or Appropriations whatever; and the said Trustees of the Survey New Roads are willing and have consented to accept such Relinquishment when the said Roads or any of them shall be so completed and made fit for the Use of the Public, and to be freed and discharged as aforesaid, and to undertake the Control, Superintendence and Management, and the repairing, lighting and wadding of the said Roads, or each of them as shall for the time being be so completed and made fit for the Use of the Public? Be it therefore further enacted, That the Road from the said Bridge, commencing at the North Side of the Archway under the said Road, to the Road leading from *Sturminster Road* to the *Margate Gate* aforesaid, and the Road from the End of *Stanford Street* into the said last mentioned Road (being the Roads already set out and made as aforesaid), from and immediately after the passing of this Act, and also the Continuance of the said last mentioned Road to near the Obelisk aforesaid, and the Road from the same passing through *Caddy Street* sheweth into the *Wighlington Road* aforesaid (being the Roads which the said Company are now making or continuing as aforesaid), and also the Continuance of the said Road from the End of *Stanford Street* into the *Wighlington Road* (which the said Company are authorized by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or some or one of them, to set out and make), when and as the said several last mentioned Roads, or any of them, shall be completed, and Notice thereof shall be given in Writing by the Clerk of the said Company to the Clerk of the said Trustees; and upon the said Roads or any of them being so completed and made fit for the Use of the Public, to the Satisfaction of the Treasurer for the time being of the said Trustees, (such Satisfaction to be certified by Writing under his Hand, which said Certificate the said Trustees shall, in case of Approval, sign and give within Fourteen Days next after such Notice being received by the Clerk of the said Trustees,) then, from and immediately after the Delivery of such Certificate to the Clerk of the said Company, the said Roads, or each of them as shall be in the said Notice and Certificate mentioned and described, shall, freed and discharged as aforesaid, thenceforth be entirely under the Control, Superintendence and Management of the said Trustees, and shall be repaired, managed, lighted and wadded by them during the Period for which they are now authorized or hereafter may be authorized by the said Acts of the Twenty sixth and Forty seventh Years of His said Majesty's Reign, or any future Act or Acts; and the said Trustees shall have full and the same Powers and Authorities over the whole of the said Roads respectively, and to erect, place and set up Toll Gates or Bars, with suitable Toll Houses and other Concessions thereon, or on any Part or Parts thereof, or across the same, or on the Side or Sides thereof (except as hereinafter provided), and to demand, take, collect and receive the same Tolls and Duties as are vested in or given and granted to the said Trustees in and by the said

Parish;

Compensation to be made Arches upon which the Roads are made.

Committee of Company may appoint and remove Treasurers

Contract Road to Survey, placed under the Direction of the Trustees of the Survey New Roads

who may Disrupt, the Tolls vested by 58 G 3 c 121. and 47 G 3 c 100.

aid recited Acts of the Twenty sixth and Forty seventh Years of the Reign of His said Majesty in respect of the Roads therein mentioned; and that the said Trustees shall on all future and all Purposes become the Trustees of the said Roads in the same manner and to the same Extent as they are the Trustees of the Survey New Roads under the said Acts of the Twenty sixth and Forty seventh Years of the Reign of His said Majesty, with full Power and Authority to apply the Tolls collected may hereafter be collected on the said Roads hereby relinquished, to the same Purposes as the Tolls collected under the said Acts of the Twenty sixth and Forty seventh Years of the Reign of His said Majesty are directed to be applied, and which Tolls are hereby declared to be valid in the said Trustees for the said Purposes, and the several Powers, Authorities, Remedies and Provisions in and by the said recited Acts of the Twenty sixth and Forty seventh Years of the Reign of His said Majesty given and granted, shall apply and be in Force and Effect with regard to the Roads made and constructed, or to be made and constructed by the said Company, as fully and effectually as if such Roads were particularly mentioned, specified and included in the said recited Acts of the Twenty sixth and Forty seventh Years of the Reign of His said Majesty; and from and after the passing of this Act, as to the Roads already made and completed, and from and after the other Roads hereinafter mentioned, or any of them, shall have been made and completed in full for the Public, and to the Satisfaction of the said Trustees of the said Trustees for the time being, certified in manner aforesaid, the said Company, or any Commissioner or other Person or Persons named, authorized and appointed in and by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His said Majesty, shall not interfere or meddle, by themselves, their Officers, Agents or Servants, with the said Roads, or any of them, or any Part or Parts thereof, except for the Purpose of rebuilding, repairing or amending the Arches formed and made under the said Road leading from the said Bridge to the Obelisk, when and as the same shall become dilapidated or out of Repair.

And may it
under the
Power of
the said Act.

Trustees of
Survey New
Roads not to
take more Tolls
on the said
Roads than the
New Co.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for or for the said Trustees acting under and by virtue of the said recited Acts of the Twenty sixth and Forty seventh Years of the Reign of His said Majesty, to take any greater Toll on the Roads hereby authorized to be relinquished as aforesaid than the Tolls which now are or shall for the time being be payable at the Toll Gates or Bars erected or hereafter to be erected and set up on the several Roads therein mentioned, nor to erect, set up, build or place any Toll Gate or Bar, or to take any Toll whereon, on the Road made from the End of *Stratford Street* aforesaid to the Road leading from the said Bridge to near the Obelisk in *Saint George's Fields* aforesaid, or on the said Road leading from the said Bridge to the Obelisk aforesaid, except to the said Bridge; then the Road leading from *Blackfriars Road* aforesaid to the *Marble Gate* aforesaid, or within Sixty Feet thereof.

Lumps, &c.
erected in
Trustees of
Survey New
Roads.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Lumps, Lump Posts, Lump Irons, Paving-stones, Wrench Bars, Poles, Rails, Materials and other things now erected, set up, used or placed on the said Roads hereby authorized to be relinquished as aforesaid, and belonging to the said Company, shall and the same are hereby vested in and shall become the sole Property of the said Trustees for executing the said Acts of the Twenty sixth and Forty seventh Years of the Reign of His said Majesty, from and immediately after they shall have accepted and taken the Care and Management of the Repair, Watching and Lighting of the said Roads, and who are hereby authorized and empowered to alien, take down, remove and dispose of the same as they shall think fit: Provided always, that in case the Walls built and erected by the said Company on each Side of the Road leading from the said Bridge, or any Part thereof, shall be pulled down or removed by the said Trustees, or by any other Person or Persons who shall erect any House or Houses on the Sides of the said Roads, the Materials of the said Walls, or such Parts thereof be pulled down, shall be and become the Property of the said Company.

On Neglect of
Repair of Arches
under the Road,
Clerk of the said
Trustees to give
Notice in
Writing to
Company or
Occupier,
and on Neglect,
he to apply
after Notice,
Trustees may
rebuild, and recover
Costs, and also
fine as a Fine.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Arch or Arches under the said Road, leading from the said Bridge to the Obelisk aforesaid, shall be broken down or become dilapidated or out of repair, and the said Company or their Lessee or Lessees, or the Occupier or Occupiers of the said Arch or Arches, shall neglect or omit immediately thereupon to substantially rebuild, mend or repair the same, then the Clerk or Surveyor for the time being of the said Trustees shall give Notice in Writing of such Breach-down, Dilapidation or want of Repair, as the said Company or their Clerk, or to the said Lessee or Lessees, Occupier or Occupiers of the said Arch or Arches, immediately to rebuild, repair or mend the same; and in case the said Company, or their Lessee or Lessees, or the Occupier or Occupiers of the said Arch or Arches, shall neglect or refuse for the Space of Four Days next after Notice of such Breach-down, Dilapidation or want of Repair as aforesaid, to proceed in such Rebuilding or Repair, then it shall be lawful to and for the said Trustees, or their Surveyor or Surveyors as aforesaid, to cause the said Arch or Arches to be substantially rebuilt or repaired, as the case may be, and the Costs, Charges and Expenses to be incurred thereby, together with the further Sum of Ten Pounds by way of Fine or Penalty, shall be paid by the said Company, or their Treasurer or Clerk, to the Treasurer or Treasurers of the said Trustees; and in case the said Company or their Treasurer or Clerk shall not pay such Sum or Sums as shall be so laid out or incurred in such Rebuilding or Repair, as the case may be, together with the said Sum of Ten Pounds, within Ten Days next after Notice thereof shall be left at the Office of the said Company, or in the Dwelling House or last Place of Abode of their Treasurer or Clerk, (which Notice shall be in Writing signed by the said Treasurer or Clerk to the said Trustees, and assented to or written under a Bill containing an Account of such Charges and Expenses,) it shall be lawful to and for the said Trustees, or any two or more of them, in the Name of their Treasurer or Clerk, and they and he are hereby respectively authorized and empowered, to bring an action to be brought any Action or Actions against the said Company for the Recovery of, and therein to recover, such Sum or Sums of Money as shall or may be so laid out and expended or incurred, together with the said Sum of Ten Pounds by way of Fine or Penalty, and full Costs of Suit;

Full Costs of
Suit.

Sole : in which Action or Actions, no Efflags, Penalties or Wages of Law, &c. more than One Impairance, shall be allowed.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Company shall at all times at their own Costs and Charges well and faithfully support and uphold, repair, amend, preserve and keep the Arches under the said Road from the Bridge to the Obelisk, stored, as thorough, sound and complete Repair, fit and proper for the Safety and due Maintenance of the said Road, and to the Satisfaction and Approbation of the Trustees for the time being of the Trust for passing into Execution the said recited Acts of the Twenty sixth and Forty seventh Years of the Reign of His said present Majesty; and that it shall be lawful to and for the said Company or their Committee, and their Agents, Servants and Workmen, from time to time, and at all times when Occasion shall require, to come upon any Part of the said Road heretofore described, and to placed under the Control, Superintendence and Management of the said Trustees as aforesaid, after Six Hours previous Notice, signed by their Clerk, and given to the Clerk of the said Trustees, of their Intention to break up the said Road or any Part thereof, for the Purpose of rebuilding, repairing, putting or keeping in Repair all or any of the said Arches (they the said Company at their own Costs and Charges facing each Part or Parts of the Road as shall be broken up, and during the Rebuilding or Repair of the said Arches, and restoring the said Road, preserving and preserving the Public from Damage or Accident, by placing proper Lights and Barriers to guard the Lane, and restoring the said Road, after each Arch or Arches shall be rebuilt, repaired or amended, to the same State as before each Road was broken up, or each Arch or Arches became disordered or out of Repair); and in the breaking up of the said Road, rebuilding or repairing the said Arches, and restoring the said Road, all possible Diligence shall be used by the said Company, their Agents and Servants.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall pass through any Toll Gate or Turnpike to be erected on the Roads hereby authorized to be relinquished, and producing a Note or Ticket of the Payment of such Toll (which Note or Ticket the Toll Collector is hereby required to deliver gratis), shall be permitted to pass Toll-free on the same Day through all and every Gates or Bars erected or to be erected on the said Roads included in the said recited Acts of the Twenty sixth and Forty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or either of them.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons having paid the Toll for passing through any Toll Gate or Turnpike erected or to be erected on the Roads included in the said recited Acts of the Twenty sixth and Forty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or either of them, and producing a Note or Ticket of the Payment of such Toll (which Note or Ticket the Toll Collector is hereby required to deliver gratis), shall be permitted to pass Toll-free on the same Day through all and every Gates or Bars to be erected on the said Roads hereby authorized to be relinquished.

XX. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment of the Tolls upon the Roads hereby authorized to be relinquished to the said Trustees, or upon Payment of such Tolls upon the Roads already under their Management as shall free the Tolls upon the Roads hereby authorized to be relinquished, the Collector or Receiver thereof shall and he is hereby required to deliver gratis to the Person paying such Toll, a Note or Ticket denoting such Payment, and which Note or Ticket shall be provided by the said Trustees, or their Clerk or Clerks, and there shall be printed and specified thereon the Names of the several and respective Gates fixed by such Payment; and if any such Collector or Receiver shall refuse or neglect to give a Ticket denoting the Payment of the Tolls, and omitting and specifying the Toll Gate or Toll Gates fixed by such Payment, or, upon the legal Toll paid or tendered, shall unnecessarily detain, or wilfully obstruct, hinder or prevent any Passenger or Passengers from passing through any Turnpike or Toll Gate, or shall make use of any forcible or abusive Language to any Passenger or Passengers, there and in every such case every such Toll Collector shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for every such Offence, as the Justice or Justices before whom the Information shall be laid shall adjudge; and such Penalty shall be recovered, paid and applied as other Penalties are by the said recited Acts of the Twenty sixth and Forty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty directed to be recovered, paid and applied.

XXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act, or in the said recited Acts made in the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend, in so to prohibit or prevent the Erection of any Building or Buildings by the Sale or Sales of the Roads by the said recited Acts authorized to be made, or any Part thereof, in that such Building or Buildings be at the Distance of Five Feet or upwards from the Side or Sides of the same Roads respectively; or to prevent the Construction of any Vault or Arches below the Level of the said Roads on the Side or Sides thereof; and that it shall be lawful for the Trustees of the said Roads to authorize and empower any Person or Persons who shall make any House or Houses on the Side or Sides of the said Roads, or any Part thereof, to construct any Arch or Arches under the said Roads in front of such House or Houses for the Purpose of making any Cellar or Cellars, or otherwise, free and exempt under such Parts of the said Roads where Arches have been already constructed by the said Company.

XXII. And Whereas the said Company were directed in and by the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty to assume the Commencement named and appointed in and by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, within Three Months after the said Bridge should be completed and opened for the Passage of Horses, for the Passage of Horses or Carriages over, and across the same: And Whereas the said Bridge was opened for the Passage of Carriages and Horses on the Eighthteenth Day of June in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and five, and the Amount of Tolls received thereon has not yet been sufficient to enable the said Company to make any Dividend thereof among the Proprietors of Shares in the Capital Stock

Company may break up Roads to repair Arches on Highway.

and to fence, &c. Road be broken up, and afterwards make good the Lane.

Toll paid at Gates or Turnpike Roads relinquished, to the Owners of Survey New Roads.

Toll paid at Gates of Survey New Roads to clear them on Roads otherwise required.

Tickets to be provided, denoting Payment of Tolls, and specifying the Gates fixed by such Payment. Collector not to give Tickets where made unnecessary.

Penalty.

Buildings not to be erected within Five Feet of the Roads.

Trustees may authorize Construction of Arches under Roads.

Company not to commence until sufficient tolls are received to enable them to make a dividend.

" of the said Company, in consequence whereof the said Company have heretofore omitted to convene the said " Commissioners;" Be it therefore further enacted, That the said Company shall be and they are hereby fully authorized and lawfully authorized of and from all Proceedings which might or could have been commenced or prosecuted against them, either at Law or in Equity, and all Consequences which might have resulted from such Proceedings for or in respect of the said Company not having convened the said Commissioners, as so and by the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty is directed: Provided always, that the said Company shall and they are hereby required, within ten Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, to convene the said Commissioners in a manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the Purposes therein expressed and authorized.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize or empower the said Company of Proprietors to stop up, alter, vary or intermeddle with any Sewer or Drain, without the Leave and Consent of the Commissioners of Sewers for the Limits extending from *Edg. Moorfield*, in the said County of Surrey, to *Reigate* in the County of Kent, for that Purpose first had and obtained.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Regulations, Provisions, Prerogatives, Forfeitures, matters and things whatsoever therein contained, so far as the same are not hereby altered or repealed, shall extend and be construed to extend to operate and be in full Force and Effect with respect to the Premises mentioned and contained in the Schedule to this Act, and as to all matters and things to be done or which may arise in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually to all intents and Purposes as if the same and every of them, and every Part thereof, were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and were made Part thereof; and that all such Powers, Authorities, Privileges and Regulations, which relate to the Purchase of or the Damages to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or the Compensations agreed or awarded for the same, and the Application of such Compensations, shall extend and be construed to extend to operate and be in full Force with respect to the Embodiment of any Copyhold or Customary Lands or Hereditaments, and the Satisfaction to be made in respect thereof, under the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, or any or either of them; and the said Three last recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty and this Act, shall, as to all matters and things whatsoever (except as aforesaid) be construed as One Act.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the Expenses of obtaining and passing this Act shall be paid by the said Company out of the first Monies arising or to arise by virtue of the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or of this Act or any of them, or out of the Monies now in the Hands of the said Company.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be publicly taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

| Parish and Country. | No. and Letter as Plan. | Description of Property. | OWNERS. | | OCCUPIERS. |
|---|-------------------------|---|----------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| | | | Freeholders. | Leaseholders. | |
| Parish of Saint George in the County of Surrey. | " | Shop, Dwelling House and Yard | James Quaken | { James Hodge
Stephen Bridge,
Sole-lessees } | Joseph Fox |
| | 1 | Do. " " | | Ditto Ditto | Mary Brown |
| | 2 | Do. " " | Ditto | Ditto Ditto | Hannah Proot |
| | 3 | Do. " " | Ditto | Ditto Ditto | Burgess Solons |
| | 4 | Do. " " | Ditto | { Ditto Joseph Ford,
Sole-lessee } | Ephraim Chase |
| | 5 | Do. " " | Ditto | { Ditto ——— Hub,
Sole-lessee } | Robert Jones |
| | 6 | Do. " " | Ditto | Ditto Ditto | Ditto |
| | 7 | Well-heads, &c. | Ditto | Ditto | Ditto |
| | 8 | Paper-hanging Warehouse and Dancing Academy | Ditto | Ditto Ditto | { Thomas Faringham
Sole-lessee } |
| | A | Passage to Ballard Rooms, &c. | Ditto | { Ditto James Jones,
Sole-lessee } | |
| | B | Dwelling House, Yard and Garden in front | Temple Ward | Ditto Ditto | William Smith |
| | C | Garden in front of House " " | | Ditto Ditto | Charles Collett |
| | D | Do. " " | Ditto | Ditto Ditto | Law Colclahan |
| | E | Do. " " | Ditto | Ditto Ditto | James Percel |
| | G | Dwelling House | James Overhill | { Ditto Markens,
Sole-lessee } | John Penkerton |

SCHEDULE—continued.

| Parish and County. | No. and Location of Plot. | Subdivided Tenements. | OWNERS. | | OCCUPIERS. |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| | | | Particulars. | Particulars. | |
| Parish of Saint George in the County of Surrey. | 10. | Small Dwelling House | James Quallert | { Date Joseph Ford, Sub-lessee } | Benjamin Bolton |
| | 11. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | John Scapleton |
| | 12. | Timber Tenement | Do. " | Do. Marka Dene | Henry Stone |
| | 13. | Small Dwelling House and Shed | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Do. " |
| | 14. | Small Dwelling House | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Samuel Burtle |
| | 15. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Lady Martyn |
| | 16. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Elizabeth Werry |
| | 17. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | William Marshall |
| | 18. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | George M'Laughlin |
| | F. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Hodges |
| | G. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Empty |
| | 19. | Glasser's Shop | Do. " | { Date John Drisk, water, Sub-lessee } | John Driskwater |
| | 20. | Small Dwelling House | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Do. " |
| | 21. | Garden | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Do. " |
| | 22. | Dwelling House | Do. " | { Date Wheatley, Sub-lessee } | Wheatley |
| | 23. | Yard | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Do. " |
| | 24. | Stables and Shed | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Dugg |
| | 25. | Small House | Do. " | { Date Har Holles, Sub-lessee } | Thomas Kennedy |
| | 26. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Michael Bryant |
| | 27. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Empty |
| | 28. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | William Simmons |
| | 29. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Thomas Watkin |
| | 30. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Sarah Welfley |
| | 31. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | William Greenwell |
| | 32. | Dwelling House | Do. " | Do. Do. " | { Several Persons as weekly Lodgers } |
| | 34. | Covered Passage to Garden Court | Do. " | | |
| | 35. | Blacksmith's Shop | Do. " | { Date Miss Hether, Sub-lessee } | John Barcharpe |
| | 36. | Way in Front of Houses | Do. " | Do. Do. " | John Yates |
| | 37. | Small House | Do. " | Do. Do. " | |
| | 38. | Back Yards of Houses in Beale's Place | Do. " | | |
| | 39. | Workshop | Do. " | { Date Beale, Sub-lessee } | Joseph Wilkin |
| | 40. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Henry Waymark |
| | 41. | Dwelling House | Do. " | Do. Do. " | { Several Persons as weekly Lodgers } |
| | 42. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Do. " |
| | 43. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Mary Jordan |
| | 44. | Dwelling House | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Josephus Brown |
| | 45. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. Do. " | Mary Gordon |
| | 46. | Vacant Ground and Cow Shed | Do. " | Do. Do. " | William Vaughan |
| | 47. | Way to Chapel and Chapel Place | | | |
| | 48. | Dwelling House | { Executors of John Brackcomb } | { Executors of John Brackcomb } | Harriet Brooks |
| | 49. | Do. " | Do. " | Elizabeth Cox | Elizabeth Cox |
| | 50. | Do. " | Do. " | { Executors of John Brackcomb } | Andrew Nicholls |
| | 51. | Do. " | Do. " | William Teare | Empty |
| | 52. | Do. " | Do. " | Do. " | Do. " |

SCHEDULE — continued.

| Parish and County. | No. and Letter on Plan. | Description of Property. | OWNERS. | | OCCUPIERS. |
|---|-------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| | | | Proprietors. | Lessees. | |
| Parish of Saint George in the County of Surrey. | 33 | Dwelling House | Executors of John Bramcomb | William Tager | Esq. |
| | 34 | Chapel | Do. | Do. | William Tager |
| | 35 | Dwelling House | James Hedger | J. W. Faulkner, Wm. Tager, Sub-lessee | Do. |
| | 36 | Workshops, &c. | Do. | Do. | Do. |
| | 37 | School, &c. | Do. | Trustees of Southwark Sunday School | Trustees of Southwark Sunday School |
| | 38 | Dwelling House | Do. | Thomas Marlow | Lakeway |
| | 39 | Do. | Do. | Do. | William Miers |
| | 40 | Formerly vacant Ground, now Part covered with small Houses | Executors of John Bramcomb | Do. | |
| | 41 | Small House | Do. | TH | William Seddon |
| | 42 | Do. | Do. | Do. | William Fitzhard |
| | 43 | Do. | Do. | Do. | Richard Graft |
| | 44 | Do. | Do. | Do. | Esq. |
| | 45 | Do. | Do. | Do. | John Busch |
| | 46 | Garden in front of House | Do. | Do. | |
| | 47 | Small House | James Hedger | Do. | Rebecca Humphries |
| | 48 | Do. | Do. | Do. | John Harrington |
| | 49 | Do. | Do. | Do. | George Cayton |
| | 50 | Do. | Do. | Do. | John Esling |
| | 51 | Do. | Do. | Do. | William Wolf |
| | 52 | Do. | Do. | Do. | Richard Humphreys |
| | 53 | Workshop | Do. | John Willis Faulkner | James Ledger |
| | 54 | Small House | Do. | James Davis | Thomas Harrison |
| | 55 | Do. | Do. | Do. | James Walker |
| | 56 | Do. | Do. | Do. | Christopher Dentling |
| | 57 | Do. | Do. | Do. | William Underhage |
| | 58 | House and Garden | Do. | John Willis Faulkner | John Pitts |
| | 59 | Do. | Do. | Do. | Thomas Bryant |
| | 60 | Do. | Do. | Do. | John Edwards |
| | 61 | Do. | Do. | Do. | James Ledger |
| | 62 | Do. Grocer's Shop and Garden | Do. | Do. | John Busfield |
| | 63 | Small House | Do. | William Jobson | William Caffey |
| | 64 | Way to Providence Place | Do. | Do. | |
| | 65 | Small House | Do. | Do. | William Evans |
| | 66 | Road, Webber Row | | | |
| | 67 | Road, Aco's Place | | | |
| | 68 | George Public House and Garden | James Quakett | Messrs. Elliott and Co. | John May |
| | 69 | Dwelling House, formerly Public House | Do. | Do. | Thomas Stowell |
| | 70 | Dwelling House and Garden | Do. | James Hedger, Col. Baker, John Willis Faulkner | Sarah Perrett |
| | 71 | Do. | Do. | Do. | John Harcourt |
| | 72 | Do. | Do. | Do. | John Shaw |
| | 73 | Garden or vacant Ground between Bakers' Buildings and Webber Row | City of London | | |
| | 74 | Formerly vacant Ground, now partly covered with Tenements | Messrs. Elliott and Co. | | |

SCHEDULE—continued.

| Parish and County. | No. and Letter of Plan. | Description of Property. | OWNERS. | | OCCUPIERS. |
|--|-------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | Freeholders. | Leasetholders. | |
| Parish of Saint George in the County of Sarum. | 93 | Dwelling House and Garden | Trevelion of Jasper Baron | Trevelion of Jasper Baron | James Brown |
| | 94 | Do. - - - | Do. - - | Do. - - | Matthew Laker |
| | 95 | Do. - - - | Do. - - | Do. - - | Brown |
| | 96 | Do. - - - | Do. - - | Do. - - | Adams |
| | I | Do. - Do. - | Do. - - | Do. - - | Thomas Shelton |
| | K | Do. and Workshop | Do. - - | { Do. Hensyman,
Sub Leffe. } | Sam. Brown |
| | L | Do. Dwelling House and Garden | Do. - - | Do. - Do. - | Haar Cameron |
| | 97 | Road, Baron's Buildings | | | |
| | 98 | Dwelling House and Garden | Temple Webb - - | George Furse - - | Abraham Hill |
| | 99 | Do. - - - | Do. - - | Do. - - | Charles Raby |
| | 100 | Coal Shed, &c. | Do. - - | Do. - - | William Ratham |
| | 101 | Dwelling House and Garden | Do. - - | James Bowdeman - | John Semmens |
| | 102 | Do. - - - | Do. - - | Do. - - | Joseph Higwell |
| | 103 | Do. and Workshop | Do. - - | Do. - - | Edward Edwards |
| | 104 | House and Garden | Do. - - | Do. - - | Ann Bell |
| | 105 | Do. - Do. - | Do. - - | William Croft - | William Croft |
| | M | Do. - Do. - | Do. - - | Do. - - | Henry Torrey |
| | N | Do. - Do. - | Do. - - | — Jeffard - | William Hagley |
| | O | Do. - Do. - | Do. - - | Do. - - | John Lasker |
| | P | Do. - Do. - | Do. - - | Neville Marth - | Narcissus Marth |
| Parish of Saint Mary's Landboth, in the County of Sarum. | Q | Garden | Do. - - | John Stanton - | John Peller |
| | 106 | Common Sewer | Consentholders of Sewers | | |
| | 107 | { Formerly Garden
Ground, afterwards
taken in Building
Ground, on Part
of which certain
Buildings have
been erected. } | Dr. Croker, Copyholder | Thomas Wells - - | Thomas Wells |
| | R | Garden Ground | { Trevelion of the late
Mr. Chilton, Copy-
holder } | - - - | Charles Hickbottom. |

Cap. xcix.

An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for maintaining a Road from *Farn-* 24 G. 3. c. 124.
worth Bridge to Tyeer Bridge, with a Branch to *South Shields*, all in the County of *Durham*. (a)

[New Trefles.]

[18th May 1818.]

Cap. xxx.

An Act for repairing the Roads into and from the Town of *Tringbury* in the County of *Gloucester*. (a)

[18th May 1818.]

[One Half-Tell additional as Savings.]

24 G. 3. c. 121.
 4 G. 3. c. 77.
 24 G. 3. c. 122.
 repealed as to
 the Part (Subd.
 of Road) b. 1.

Cap. xxxi.

An Act for enlarging the Town and Powers of These Acts, for repairing the Roads from *Lakehead Corner*
 in the Parish of *Waterhouse*, to *Harland Bridge* in the County of *Wilt.*, and from the *Well Corner* of
Stave Lane's Estate in the City of *New Sarum* to *Landford*, and other Roads in the County of
Wiltshire. (a)

[18th May 1818.]

[Additional Trefles. Former Tolls made to null. New Tolls granted.]

18 G. 3. c. 84.
 repealed as to
 publicly emp-
 ping Officers,
 &c.
 25 G. 3. c. 74.
 to be re-enacted,
 &c.
 26 G. 3. c. 74.

Cap. 18 G. 3. c. 74.

Cap. xxxix.

An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the Town of *Ragby*, in the County of *Warwick*, to the Borough of *Warwick*, in the same County. (a) [8th May 1818.]

[One Half additional Toll on Sundays.]

Cap. xxxix.

12 G. 3. c. 126. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty for repairing the Road from *Halfon* to *Highfold* in the West Riding of the County of *York*, so far as relates to the Part Belonging of the said Road from *Halfon* to *Highfold*. (a) [8th May 1818.]

22 G. 3. c. 146.

[Additional Trefree. Royal Family except from Toll.]

Cap. xxxix.

3 G. 4. c. 3. An Act for repairing the Road from *Bridge Town* in the Parish of *Old Stratford* in the County of *Warwick*, to the Top of *Long Compton Hill* in the same County, and another Road thence westward, in the Counties of *Warwick*, *Worcester* and *Gloucester*. [8th May 1818.]

17 G. 4. c. 13.

20 G. 4. c. 48.

22 G. 4. c. 17.

22 G. 4. c. 176. repealed, as to Road leading from *Highgate* Toll Gate to the Top of *Long Compton Hill*, &c.

Cap. xxxv.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Town of *Highfield* in the County of *York*, to join the *Morphe's Bridge Road* in the Parish of *Clayton*, in the County of *Derby*, with a Branch to *Mortimer's Road* in the Parish of *Bathurst*, in the said County of *Derby*. (a) [8th May 1818.]

Cap. xxxvi.

15 G. 4. c. 37. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from the West End of the Town of *Buxton* upon *Tread* in the County of *Shropshire*, through the said Town, to the South End of the Town of *Derby* in the County of *Derby*. (a) [8th May 1818.]

4 G. 5. c. 13.

22 G. 4. c. 12.

repealed.

[One Half additional Toll on Sundays.]

Cap. xxxvii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the South End of *Angel Lane*, in *Stratton Derby*, to a certain Public Highway in *Marlborough*; and also from *Clay's Cottage*, in *Rowborough*, to the North End of *Kilnsey Bridge*; and from the South End of the said Bridge to the West End of the Village of *Hutton Rudby*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (d) [8th May 1818.]

[One Half additional Toll on Sundays.]

Cap. xxxviii.

An Act for diverting such Part of the public Carriage Road leading from *Little Swanton* to *Derrington*, in the County of *York*, as is within the Township of *Stephens*; and for shutting up and discontinuing a certain Footpath in the said Township. [8th May 1818.]

Cap. xxix.

22 G. 3. c. 146. continued. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the North End of *Farahwell Lane*, to the City of *Chichester*, and from *Chichester* thenceward to *Dolney*, in the County of *Stafford*. (a) [8th May 1818.]

[Additional Trefree. Former Tolls to cease on Order by Trefree. New Tolls granted.]

Cap. xl.

21 G. 3. c. 127. continued as an Act. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads between the *High Elm Road* in *Sade Colliery*, in the County of *Shropshire*, and the Town of *Northampton*, and from the North Bridge of *Newport Pagnel*, in the said County of *Shropshire*, to the said *High Elm Road*. (a) [8th May 1818.]

[Additional Trefree.]

Cap. xli.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Lichfield* to *Mekham*, and a Branch of Road to *Mekham Hill*, all in the Parish of *Almondbury*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (d) [8th May 1818.]

[The Royal Family except from Tolls.]

Cap.

Cap. xlii.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road between *Warrington* and *Lower Irton*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. [c]

[18th May 1818.]

21 G. 3. c. 181.
repealed in its
Entirety from
Statute Book.

Warrington to Orkney of Road between *Cudworth* and *Lower Irton*, § 1.

Cap. xliii.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road leading from *Stodley Bridge*, through the Borough of *Chapperton*, to *Pockwood*, and from the East End of *Chapperton Bridge* to *Lower Denton*, and from the East End of the said Bridge to join the Road at *Dringdale Corner*, in the County of *Wales*. [d]

[18th May 1818.]

23 G. 3. c. 17.
27 G. 3. c. 11.
28 G. 3. c. 15.
29 G. 3. c. 27.
repealed.

Cap. xliii.

An Act for continuing and amending Two Acts of His present Majesty for repairing several Roads leading from the Town of *Peele*, and also for repairing other Roads in and near the said Town, and from *Cranbourne* to *Coombes*, with Two Branches to the Great Western Road, in the Counties of *Dorset* and *Wilt*. [e]

[18th May 1818.]

27 G. 3. c. 104.
not repealed.
28 G. 3. c. 49.
continued.

[New Tynnes. One Half additional Toll on Sundays.]

Cap. xliii.

An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His late Majesty, and Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading to and from the Town of *Winnanore*, and the Roads communicating therewith, in the Counties of *Shropshire*, *Wilt* and *Dorset*. [e]

[18th May 1818.]

29 G. 3. c. 26.
27 G. 3. c. 27.
28 G. 3. c. 20.
continued.

[One Half additional Toll on Sundays.]

Cap. xliii.

An Act for amending Two Acts of His present Majesty, in far as the same relate to the Establishment of Chapels in the *Esse*, *Wye* and *Widdowes Rivers* in the County of *Lincoln*.

[18th May 1818.]

28 G. 3. c. 102.
29 G. 3. c. 119.

Cap. xliii.

An Act to amend Two Acts, passed in the Fifty second and Fifty fourth Years of His present Majesty, for building the *Forth of Dalnawra*, in the County of *Shelby*.

[18th May 1818.]

25 G. 3. c. 118.
repealed in its
Application of
Particular
Money, § 1.

[His Majesty empowered to fill *Barwood Hill* and *Lake Hall* with *Aliments*, § 6.]

Cap. xliii.

An Act for increasing the Fund for carrying into Execution several Acts of His present Majesty, for improving the Drainage of the *Middle and South Levels*, Part of the Great Level of the Fens called *Bedford Level*, and other Lands therein mentioned, and for improving the Navigation of the River *Ouse*, in the County of *Northampton*, and of the several Rivers communicating therewith.

[18th May 1818.]

25 G. 3. c. 118.
26 G. 3. c. 119.
27 G. 3. c. 119.
28 G. 3. c. 119.

Cap. xliii.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for dividing, settling, inclosing, draining and preserving certain Common and Waste Grounds within the Manor and Parish of *Northampton*, in the County of *Northampton*, and for repealing a certain Act therein mentioned.

[18th May 1818.]

26 G. 3. c. 119.
repealed in its
Entirety from
Statute Book.
§ 1.

Cap. i.

An Act for draining and improving Lands in the Parishes of *Beap*, *White Waddam*, *Stonybrook*, *Lawrence Waddam*, *Binfield*, *Walsingham*, *Wargrave*, *Romney* and *Harley*, in the County of *Berk*, and the Liberties of *Whitchy* and *Great Horsey*, in the Parish of *Harley*, in the Counties of *Berk* and *Wilt*.

[18th May 1818.]

Cap. ii.

An Act for building a new Gaol and House of Correction for the City and County of the City of *London*.

[18th May 1818.]

Cap. iii.

An Act to alter and amend an Act for erecting and maintaining a Bridewell, Gaol, Court House and Police Office for the Borough of *Pursey*, and County of *Exeter*.

[18th May 1818.]

22 G. 3. c. 28.

Cap. iiii.

An Act for enlarging the Parish Church and Church Yard of *Southampton* in the County of *Essex*.

[18th May 1818.]

Cap.

Cap. li.

An Act for cleaning, lighting, watching and otherwise improving the Town of *Highfield* in the County of *York*. [8th May 1818.]

Cap. li.

An Act for lighting with Gas the City of *Bath*, and the Liberties and Precincts thereof, and that Part of the Parish of *Walter* which lies without the Liberties of *Bath*, and the Parish of *Bathwood*, in the County of *Somerset*, and for constructing Galleries and other Works therein, and in the Parish of *Wylm*, in the said County. [8th May 1818.]

Cap. li.

An Act for lighting with Gas the Town and Neighbourhood of *Leeds*, in the Borough of *Leeds*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. [8th May 1818.]

Cap. li.

An Act for lighting with Gas the Town and County of the Town of *Nottingham*. [8th May 1818.]

Cap. li.

An Act for providing an additional Burial Ground for the Parish of *Stair Glan*, *Reading*, in the County of *Berk*, and a Room for the Use of the Master in performing the Burial Service; and for Hopping up One of the Parapets over the present Church Yard of the said Parish. [8th May 1818.]

Cap. li.

An Act for better paving, cleaning, lighting, watching and improving the Streets, Lanes and other Public Places and Pallages of the City of *Aberdeen*, and the Roads and Avenues within the Freedom and Royalty thereof; and for supplying the Inhabitants of the said City with Water. [13d May 1818.]

Cap. li.

An Act for vesting more effectual several Acts of His present Majesty, for draining certain Low Lands on both Sides of the River *Witham*, and in *Widdowes Fen*, and in the *Wyl and Egl Fens*, and other Low Lands adjoining or contiguous thereto, in the County of *Lincoln*. [13d May 1818.]

Cap. li.

An Act for vesting and maintaining a Harbour, and Works connected therewith, in the Bay of *Portsmouth*, at *Hamstead* within the Burry of *Ligon*, in the County of *Hamp*. [13d May 1818.]

Cap. li.

An Act to amend the several Acts passed for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cais and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of *London*. [13d May 1818.]

- 40 G. 3. c. 126. **WHEREAS** an Act was passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled
 41 G. 3. c. 126. *An Act for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cais and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London: And Whereas* another Act was
 42 G. 3. c. 126. *passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for raising a further Sum of Money for carrying into Execution as AB passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cais and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London: And Whereas* another Act was passed
 43 G. 3. c. 126. *in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for wardenship Gentry within the Limits of certain Docks made under an Act passed in the Thirty sixth and Forty first Years of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cais and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London; and to make Regulations relating to the said Docks: And Whereas* another Act was passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to alter and amend as AB passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cais and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London; and for extending the Powers and Privileges of the said AB: And Whereas* another Act was passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to alter and amend several Acts passed in the Fourth, Forty fourth and Forty fifth Years of His present Majesty, for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cais and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London, and for other the Purposes in the said Acts contained; and for enlarging the Powers thereby granted to the London Dock Company: And Whereas* another Act was passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to enable the London Dock Company to purchase certain Waterworks in the Parishes of Strandford, Waltham, Boro, Broomby, Mile End and Stepney, and also Parishes adjacent, and to amend the several Acts for making Wet Docks and other Works, for the Accommodation of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London: And Whereas* another
 44 G. 3. c. 126. *Act*

- Act was passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to alter and amend several Acts passed in the Parliamt, Forty fourth, Forty fifth, Forty sixth and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cuts and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London, and for other the Purposes therein contained relating thereto; and to enlarge the Powers and Authorities by the said Acts granted to the London Dock Company: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for raising a further Sum of Money for carrying into Execution the several Acts passed for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cuts and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the Rates and Charges to be received by the London Dock Company upon Ships and Spirits landed and unloaded in the London Docks: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for allowing further time for the Completion of the Docks, Entrances and other Works and Buildings belonging to the London Dock Company: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for enlarging and amending the Powers and Privileges of the several Acts for making the London Docks: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend the several Acts passed for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cuts and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and the Revenue, within the Port of London, and for raising a further Sum of Money for the Completion of the said Works: And Whereas the time within which the said Company was empowered to make and execute Purchases of Houses, Lands, Tenements or Premises, for the Purposes of the said Acts, expired in the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, and the time limited for the Completion of the Docks, Entrances and other Works and Buildings of the said London Dock Company, under and by virtue of the said Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, will expire on the Twentieth Day of June in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twenty: And Whereas it is found that the Entrance in the said Docks in the Harbours, and the Works belonging therein, cannot be completed unless the Powers in the said first recited Act contained for making Purchases, which have expired as aforesaid, be renewed and continued so much and to the Extent hereinafter mentioned: And Whereas it is also necessary that the said recited Acts, or some of them, or the Provisions thereof, should be amended, and that further and additional Powers should be granted to the said Company for the Completion of the said Docks and the Entrances therein, and for rendering the Establishment of the said Docks more effectual for the Purposes recited in the said Acts, and that further time should be given for completing the said Docks: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Period limited by the said last recited Act of the Forty fourth Year aforesaid, for the Completion of the said Docks, Basins, Entrances, Cuts, Quays and Wharfs, and other Works and Buildings authorized to be made, erected and built by the said London Dock Company, under the said several Acts, shall be and the same is hereby extended to the Twentieth Day of June in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twenty three.******
- II. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Fees, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things in relation to the making, building and completing all or any of the Docks, Basins, Entrances, Cuts, Quays, Wharfs and other Works and Buildings aforesaid authorized to be made under the Provision of the said several Acts, or any or either of them now in force, relating to the Completion of the said Docks of the said London Dock Company, shall be and remain in full Force and Effect for the Purposes of the said several recited Acts and this Act, for the Completion of the Docks, Basins, Entrances, Cuts, Wharfs and other Works and Buildings of the said London Dock Company, during such further and extended Period as shall aforesaid, as fully in all respects, and to all Intents and Purposes, as if such further and extended Period had been given by the said recited Act of the Forty fourth Year aforesaid, and as if all such Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things had been freely and (especially and particularly) remitted in and Part of this Act.
- III. And Whereas it is found that the several Powers or Parcels of Land or Ground, Messuages, Tenements or Dwelling Houses, and other Erections and Buildings, or the Ground and Soil whereon the same stand, and other the Hereditaments and Possessions hereinafter particularly mentioned and described, which be contiguous to the said Docks and Works, and are partly within and partly without and beyond the Limits to the said last recited Act mentioned, are necessary for the Purposes of completing and finishing the said Entrance at the *Bowling Green Dock*, and for the forming and making of such Brick or Stone Wall as by the said last recited Act is required and directed to be made and built, for forwarding and relating the said Basin and other Works at such Entrance, so far as the same shall or may be used for the extending of the same, and in order that such Wall may not be built within less than Thirty Feet of any neighbouring Buildings: Be it therefore further enacted, That at any time or times within the Term of Five Years from the time of the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Directors and Managers of the Concerns of the said Company, or any Thirteen or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to contract and agree, and to employ any Person or Persons to contract and agree with the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of, or to purchase from them for the Purposes of the said recited Acts and of this Act, the several Powers or Parcels of Land or Ground, with the Messuages or Dwelling Houses, Workshops, Yards and other Hereditaments hereinafter described and more particularly mentioned; that it to say, a certain

angular Piece of Land or Ground on the Western Side, and being Part of the Yard belonging to the Coopers of Millers Row and Tower on the Northern Side of *Herne's Street*, and containing on the South Eastern Side thereof Fifty two Feet of Afters, little more or less, and being in the Parish of Saint John Wapping; also a certain other angular Piece of Ground, together with Part of a Shed thereon, also constituting and forming Part of the said Yard, and containing on the South Eastern Side thereof Sixty two Feet of Afters, little more or less, and likewise situate on the Western Side of the said Yard; and also a certain Piece of Land or Ground now vacant and unoccupied, and a Messuage or Dwelling House, Workshop and Yard, with the Appurtenances thereto belonging, now also vacant and unoccupied, situate on the Southern Side of *Railway Lane*, and numbered Eighteen and Nineteen, the same being situate in the Parish of Saint George, Middlesex, commonly called *Saint George in the Field* and all the said Pieces or Parcels of Land, Messuages or Dwelling Houses, Workshops, Yards and Premises, being within the Limits in the last first recited Act mentioned and for forth; and also all their Free Messuages or Dwelling Houses, with their respective Appurtenances, situate on the Northern Side of *Wapping High Street* aforesaid, and numbered respectively Seven, Eight, Nine, Ten and Eleven; and also all their Free Messuages or Dwelling Houses, with their respective Appurtenances, situate in *Half Moon Court*, numbered respectively Eight, Nine, Ten, Eleven and Twelve, together with the Messuages or Tenements with the Appurtenances, in the said Court, numbered Thirteen, and extending Eastward from the said Court to the Rear or Back Part of the Messuages or Dwelling House numbered Ten, on the Western Side of *Little Herne's Street*; and also the Messuages or Dwelling House, with the Appurtenances, situate on the Western Side of *Little Herne's Street* aforesaid, now or late in the Occupation of *George*; all which said Twelve Messuages or Dwelling Houses, and Premises last mentioned, are in the Parish of *Saint John Wapping* aforesaid, and lie without and beyond the Limits in the last first recited Act mentioned, and together with the said Pieces or Parcels of Land or Ground, Messuages or Dwelling Houses, and Premises heretofore mentioned, are found requisite to be purchased, taken, pulled down and removed, and the Ground or Soil thereof made use of for the forming, making and completing of the Basin and Entrance to the said Docks at or near the *Herne's Street* aforesaid, and the surrounding Wall or Space, and other Works necessary thereon.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if the Owners or Owners, Lessees or Lessees, Occupiers or Occupiers of the Dwelling House, Counting House, Workshops, Coopers, Sheds, Gardens and Yard on the Northern Side of *Great Herne's Street*, known by the Name of *Millers Row and Tower's* Coopers, and now in their Occupation, should be unwilling to sell or dispose of the several Pieces or Parcels of Land or Ground heretofore defined as a certain angular Piece of Land or Ground on the Western Side, and being Part of the Yard belonging to the said Coopers, and as a certain other angular Piece of Land or Ground, together with Part of a Shed thereon, and constituting and forming other Part of the said Yard, or of their Rights or Interests therein, in full and may be lawful to and for the Directors and Managers of the Company of the *London Dock Company*, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and required, as the Owners or Owners, Lessees or Lessees, Occupiers or Occupiers thereof, in particular the whole of such Ground, Messuages, Coopers, Buildings and Premises, and the Rights and Interests of any of such Persons therein respectively; and if such Owners or Owners, Lessees or Lessees, Occupiers or Occupiers, or any of them respectively, shall not or cannot agree with the said *London Dock Company* for the Price or Prices to be paid for the Purchase of the whole of such Ground, Messuages, Coopers, Buildings and Premises, Rights and Interests respectively as aforesaid, then the Value thereof respectively shall be fixed and ascertained by a Jury or Jurors, in such manner as the Price for any Land to be taken in pursuance of the last recited Act and this Act is directed to be fixed and ascertained by the last first recited Act and this Act; and all such other Proceedings shall take place respecting the said Ground, Messuages, Coopers, Buildings and Premises, Rights and Interests aforesaid respectively, and the Money to be paid for the Purchase thereof respectively, as is mentioned and directed in the last first recited Act and this Act with respect to the Premises the Value whereof shall be ascertained by a Jury or Jurors in manner aforesaid.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Directors and Managers of the Company of the said Company, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, by themselves, their Agents, Surveyors, Agents and Workmen, and any other or others with whom they shall or may contract and agree in the Premises, to have, sit and execute, from henceforth and during the said further Period of Five Years, hereby granted, such and the same or the like Powers and Authorities for the Completion of the said Entrance in the *Herne's Street* aforesaid, and for the making, advancing and completing of such Purchase as aforesaid, and carrying into Execution the Purposes of the last Act and of this Act, and for the obtaining, taking Possession of, and using and employing the said Dock called *Herne's Dock*, and Bridge, with all its Rights and Boundaries in the last first recited Act mentioned, and also all and singular the said Pieces or Parcels of Land or Ground, Messuages or Dwelling Houses, Yard, Hereditaments and Premises hereby authorized to be purchased as aforesaid, as by the last Act recited were given to the said Directors during the Term of Years by the last Act limited as aforesaid; and all and singular the Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Possessions, Fortifications, Claims, matters and things in the last recited Act or any of them contained, shall be in full Force and Effect in relation to and for the Purposes of the last recited Act and of this Act, from henceforth and during the said further Period of Five Years hereby granted, as fully, beneficially and effectually, and in the like or the like manner as all Rights (except as far as the same is or are by this Act altered or varied), as if the same and every Part thereof had been included in the last first recited Act, and as if the said further Period of Five Years had been granted by the last first recited Act, and continued by the last subsequent Acts or any of them, and as if the same were severally and specially

—enacted in and formed Part of this Act; any thing in the said recited Acts or any or either of them contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Jury or Juries to be summoned and sworn pursuant to the Duties and under the Authority of the said recited Acts and of this Act, shall give in and deliver a Verdict or Affirmation for more Money, as a Recompense and Satisfaction to any Person or Persons for his, her or their Rights, Interest or Property in any such Lands or Hereditaments as aforesaid, or for any Loss or Damage to be sustained by any such Person or Persons, than what shall have been agreed to and offered by or on behalf of the said London Dock Company, as a Recompense and Satisfaction for any such Rights, Interest and Property, or for any Loss or Damage as aforesaid, before the summoning and returning of such Jury, thereon in every such case of Difference the Costs and Expenses of summoning and returning the Jury and Witnesses, and all other Expenses attending the hearing and determining of such Difference, shall be borne and paid by the said London Dock Company, or their Treasurer for the time being; but if any Jury or Juries be to be summoned and sworn shall give in and deliver a Verdict or Affirmation for no more or for less Money than shall before the summoning and returning of such Jury or Juries have been agreed to and offered by or on behalf of the said London Dock Company, as a Recompense and Satisfaction for any such Rights, Interest or Property, or Loss or Damage as aforesaid, that then the Costs and Expenses of summoning and returning the Jury and Witnesses, and all other Expenses as aforesaid, shall be borne and paid by the Person or Persons with whom the said London Dock Company shall have such Difference, which Costs and Expenses having been ascertained and settled by four or five Justices of the Peace of the said County of Middlesex, not interested in the matter in question, who is hereby required to summon and settle the same at a time and Place to be by him appointed, after summoning the Parties intended to attend him for that Purpose; shall and may be deducted out of the Money so settled and adjudged, so much Money advanced to and for the Use of such Person or Persons, and the Payment or Tender of the Remunerator of such Money shall be deemed and taken, to all intents and Purposes, to be a Payment or Tender of the whole Sum or Sums so settled and adjudged; or otherwise such Costs and Expenses, in case the same be not paid upon Demand, after being so ascertained and settled as aforesaid, shall and may be recovered by the Treasurer of the said Company, by such Writs and Means as he used by the said recited Acts are provided for the Recovery of Penalties and Forfeitures incurred under the said recited Acts: Provided always, that in all cases where any Person or Persons shall by reason of Abolition have been prevented from treating, the whole of such Costs and Expenses shall be borne by the said London Dock Company, and paid by their Treasurer for the time being.

VIII. And Whereas it and by the said Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, it was among other things enacted, that if the said Dock Company should at any time make a Cut across *Wapping Street*, or across the *Highways*, into a *Bulwark* or *Balks* within the same, they should be compelled to make, let up and maintain in perpetual Repair, a *Bridge*, *Drawbridge* or *Swingbridge*, in the *Line of Wapping Street*, across the said *Highways*, and also on the *Wharf* or *Space* between the said intended *Bulwark* or *Balks*, *Dock* or *Docks*, at or nearly adjoining the *Line of Direction* from *Highways Street* to the *South End of Mylethorpe Lane*, so as to perform the Ceremony of constantly passing to and through the *Highways*, by one of the *Bridges* being that at the time that the other might be open: And Whereas it is found that such Two *Bridges* as in the said Act mentioned will not be attended with any Benefit or Convenience to Commerce, or to the Inhabitants of the *Parishes* and *Parts* adjoining: Be it therefore further enacted, That so much of the said Act as directs the making of the said Two *Bridges* in the said Act mentioned, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that in lieu thereof the said Dock Company shall be compelled to make, and shall make, erect, let up and maintain in perpetual Repair, over and across the *Entrance Lock* now forming and making or about to be formed and made at the *Highways Dock* aforesaid, and as near as may be to the *Crane* of the said Lock, One *Swing Carriage Bridge* for *Carts*, *Carriages*, *Horses* and *Persons*, passing over and across the said Lock.

VIII. And Whereas by the making of the *Bulwark* and *Entrance Lock* at the *Highways* heretofore mentioned, the *Aqueducts*, *Mains* or *Service Pipes* belonging to the Company of Proprietors of the *East London Waterworks*, incorporated by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for better supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Parishes of Stamford Row, whereof St. Andrew's in Bow, Saint John Hackney, Saint Mary Magdalen, Saint Matthew Bethnal Green, and several other Parishes, Hamlets, Townships, and Places adjacent or near thereto in the County of Middlesex and Essex, and which now supply with Water the Inhabitants of that Part of the Parish of Saint John Wapping, in the County of Middlesex, which lies between the said Highways Bulwark and Entrance Lock, and the Entrance of the London Docks at Mill Dock*, will be cut off, whereby the said Inhabitants would be deprived of the full Supply of Water, and the said Company of Proprietors of the *East London Waterworks* follow great Injury, unless Provision be made to prevent the same: Be it therefore

enacted, That wherever the said Bulwark or Entrance Lock shall cross, intersect or cut through any of the *Aqueducts*, *Mains* or *Service Pipes* of the said Company of Proprietors of the *East London Waterworks* which shall have been sunk, laid or used for supplying any of the Inhabitants aforesaid with Water, the said London Dock Company shall and they are hereby required to provide, by down and carry through, under or across such Bulwark or Entrance Lock, and for the Space of Twenty Feet in the least on each Side thereof, a new Line or Lines of good and sufficient *Aqueducts*, *Mains* and *Service Pipes*, as lies and lieth of their which shall or may be so crossed, intersected, cut through or removed, and join and connect or cross the same so properly joined and connected with the *Aqueducts*, *Mains* and *Service Pipes*, from whence the said *Aqueducts*, *Mains* and *Service Pipes* so crossed, intersected or cut through shall be removed, all which over

Expenses of
Provision to
be paid.

40 Geo. III. c.
57.
repealed.

One Swing Carriage Bridge to be erected over the Highways, instead of the Two Bridges directed by 40 Geo. III. c. 57.

41 Geo. III. c. 120.

In what case the London Dock Company are to provide new Lines of Aqueducts, &c.

to be made of
Cast Iron, Dis-
cussions for try-
ing down the
same, &c. &
and also to pre-
vent Corrosion,
Valves, &c. &c.

and to give Ma-
chine of cutting
Aqueducts, &c.

East London
Company may
have Access to
locks, &c.
Aqueducts, &c.

Persons whom
may be
supply Her Ma-
jesty Dock for
putting any of
the said Aqueducts, &c.

London Dock
Company may
cut off Supply of
Water to the
East London
Company.

Made of iron,
cutting the
Works in the
Expense of the
London Dock
Company for
putting the
East London
Waterworks.

Persons for
Rights of East
London Water
Company

Line or Lines of Aqueducts, Mains and Service Pipes shall be made of Cast Iron, of not less than Seven Inches Diameter in the Butt, and shall be laid down and carried in the same Line or Direction as the Aqueducts, Mains and Service Pipes which shall be so erected, intersected, cut through or removed, or as near thereto as shall be convenient; and the said London Dock Company shall and they are hereby also required to find and provide and cause to be connected with the said new or other Aqueducts, Mains and Service Pipes, at or near the Place or Places where the same shall cross or intersect the Balise or Entrance Lock aforesaid, such and so many fit and proper Cocks, Valves, Pumps or other Devices or Contrivances, as shall or may be necessary for the preventing of Stoppages or Obstructions, and for the more convenient and effectual Removal thereof from and out of the said Aqueducts, Mains and Service Pipes; and Fourteen Days' Notice in Writing shall be given to the Clerk of the said Company of Proprietors, previous to the Removal or Alteration of any Aqueducts, Mains or Service Pipes belonging to the said Company of Proprietors, or the laying down of any new or other Aqueducts, Mains or Service Pipes; and all such new and other Aqueducts, Mains and Service Pipes, Cocks, Flaps, Valves and other Works, Devices and Contrivances, shall from thenceforth become and be deemed and taken to be the Property of the said Company of Proprietors, and to which they the said Company of Proprietors, their Successors and Assigns, or their Engineers, Officers, Servants and Workmen, shall at all reasonable times have full, free and convenient Access for the Purpose of examining, cleaning, mending, restoring and repairing the same, as often as there may be Occasion, the said London Dock Company making reasonable Compensation and Satisfaction to the said Company of Proprietors for any extra Costs, Charges or Expenses which they the said Company of Proprietors, their Successors or Assigns, shall or may be put to in the repairing, cleaning, mending or restoring of such new or other Aqueducts, Mains or Service Pipes, and other Works as aforesaid; provided also, that whenever it may be necessary for the Repair or Alteration of any of the said Aqueducts, Mains or Service Pipes, that the Dock called the *Northgate Dock* should be emptied of the Water contained therein, and that Ships or Vessels should at that time be lying in the said Dock, of such a Bulk or Construction as to render it dangerous for such Ships or Vessels not to be afloat therein, when the said London Dock Company shall not be required to draw off the Water from the said Dock until after the Expiration of Three Weeks from the Delivery of Notice, to be given for that Purpose by the said Company of Proprietors to the *East London Waterworks* to the said London Dock Company, at the Superintendent's Office in the said Dock, or at the Mouth of the Dock Master of the said London Dock Company, and the said London Dock Company shall then cause the Water to be drawn off from the said Dock within the Period before mentioned.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in the said recited Acts or in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize or empower the said London Dock Company or any Person acting under them, to cut off, break, alter, remove or take away any of the Aqueducts, Mains, Service Pipes or other Works of or belonging to the said Company of Proprietors of the *East London Waterworks*, or do any Act, matter or thing whatsoever, to impede the Passage or Supply of Water into or through such Aqueducts, Mains or Service Pipes, used as now are or Lines of good and sufficient Aqueducts, Mains and Service Pipes, with all such Cocks, Valves, Pumps or other Devices and Contrivances as aforesaid, shall be made and constructed, fixed, laid down and ready to be joined and connected with the Aqueducts, Mains and Service Pipes, from which the same shall be, or shall be intended to be cut off, broken or removed; and such Aqueducts, Mains or Service Pipes so cut off, broken or divided, shall be joined and connected with as much Expedition as the Nature of the Work will admit, so as in occasion of little Inconvenience as possible to the Inhabitants of the Places supplied with Water by Means of the said Aqueducts, Mains and Service Pipes.

X. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the Works hereby directed to be done or performed by the said London Dock Company for the Protection and Security of the said Aqueducts, Mains, Service Pipes and other Works of the said Company of Proprietors of the *East London Waterworks*, shall be executed at the Expense of the said London Dock Company, to the mutual Satisfaction of Two Engineers, one to be appointed by the said London Dock Company, and the other by the said Company of Proprietors of the *East London Waterworks*; and in case such Two Engineers cannot agree in respect to all or any of the several matters aforesaid, then the same shall be determined by a Third and fourth Engineer, to be appointed by the Two first named Engineers, or Umpire, before they shall proceed to act in the Execution of the Powers hereby vested in them, otherwise than by the Appointment of such Umpire, who shall and be is hereby required to determine any matter in dispute that may be referred to him by the said Engineers, within Seven Days after such Reference, and his Determination therein shall be final and conclusive.

XI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed or taken to hinder or obstruct the Company of Proprietors of the *East London Waterworks*, their Successors or Assigns, from holding, using, exercising or enjoying all such Right, Title, Estate, Interest, Powers, Privileges and Advantages whatsoever, which the said Company of Proprietors now lawfully have or may claim, or which they, their Successors or Assigns at any time hereafter may, can or ought lawfully to have, hold, claim, use, exercise or enjoy by virtue of the said last recited Acts, made in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and also by virtue of an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the East London Waterworks to purchase certain other Waterworks, and to amend an Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, relating to the said East London Waterworks*, or either of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XII. And

XII. And be it further enacted, That in all Actions, Suits at Law or in Equity, and in all Proceedings under the said A^{ct} or otherwise, for any Claim or Compensation against or for or on behalf of the said Company, and also in all Proceedings commenced or instituted by or on behalf of the said London Dock Company, and in all Arbitrations, References, or other Proceedings in or consequent upon or arising out of any of such Actions and Suits or Proceedings, it shall be lawful for the Treasurer for the time being of the said London Dock Company, in his own Name, for and on behalf of the said Company, to make, sign, seal, execute and deliver all and every such process or other Writs or Returns as may be or be deemed to be necessary for the Purpose of prosecuting, relaying and discharging all and every or any Person or Persons who shall or may be produced as a Witness or Witnesses in any such Actions, Suits, Proceedings, Arbitrations, References or other Proceedings as aforesaid, from all or any Claims or Demands, which may be necessary to be relayed by the said Company, to qualify such Person or Persons to give Evidence as a Witness or Witnesses in any such Actions, Suits, Proceedings, Arbitrations, References or other Proceedings aforesaid; and also in any such Actions, Suits, Proceedings, Arbitrations, References or other Proceedings, to do as, or other A^{ct}, matter or thing which any Plaintiff or Defendant might do in any Action, Suit, Proceeding, Arbitration, Reference or other Proceeding; and every such Writs, A^{ct}, matter and thing respectively, shall be as valid and effectual in all Respects, and to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this A^{ct}, if any Lighter, Boat or other Craft, either after having any Goods taken or unladen thereout, or which shall enter or be in the said Docks for the Purpose or under Pretence of taking or carrying Goods from or out of the said Docks, or for any other Purpose or under any other Pretence whatsoever, shall remain or continue empty in the said Docks for any longer Space or time than Twenty four Hours, it shall be lawful for the Dock Master or Dock Master of the said Company, or their or any of their Assistants or Servants, to give Notice in Writing to any Owner or Owners of such Lighter, Boat or other Craft, by Delivery of such Notice to him, her or them, or by leaving the same at his or their Dwelling House, Coaching House or Place of carrying on Trade, or by Delivery thereof to the Person or Persons in charge of such Lighter, Boat or other Craft, if any there shall be, to remove such Lighter, Boat or other Craft from and out of the said Docks; and if any such Lighter, Boat or other Craft shall not be removed from and out of the said Docks within Twelve Hours after such Notice shall be given, the Owner or Owners of every such Lighter, Boat or other Craft, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings for the first Twenty four Hours, and the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every further Period of Twenty four Hours, during which any such Lighter, Boat or other Craft shall remain and continue in the said Docks contrary to the Provisions herein contained, the Payment whereof shall and may be enforced and recoverable in such manner as any other Penalty or Forfeiture of the like Amount or Amounts is or are recoverable by or under the said recited A^{ct}.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all Goods, Wares or Merchandise which, from and after the passing of this A^{ct}, shall be landed in the said Docks called The London Docks, shall, when so landed, continue and be subject or liable to such and the same Claims for Freight, in favour of the Master and Owner or Owners of the respective Ships or Vessels from or out of which such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be so landed, as such Goods, Wares or Merchandise respectively were subject and liable to whilst the same were on board such Ships or Vessels, and before the landing thereof; and the Directors of the said London Dock Company, or their Secretaries or Agents, shall and may and they are hereby authorized, empowered and required, upon due Notice in that behalf given to them by such Master or Masters, or Owner or Owners, to detain and keep such Goods, Wares and Merchandise in the Warehouse of the said London Dock Company, until the respective Freight to which the same shall be subject and liable as aforesaid shall be duly paid or satisfied, together with the Rates and Charges to which the same shall have become subject and liable.

XV. And Whereas under the Provisions contained in the Schedule (A.) annexed to the said recited A^{ct}, called the Fifty first Year of His Majesty's Kings, the Importers or Owners of Wines or Spirits in the said Docks have been subjected to pay for the taking of all such Wines: And Whereas great Inconvenience and Losses to the Proprietors of such Wines have accrued in consequence thereof: Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the passing of this A^{ct}, every Person making Application at the said Docks to take Wines in Stores, under any written Order from the Proprietor thereof, shall, as or before the time of such taking, pay for every Cask of Wine to be so taken, the Charge by the said A^{ct} required to be paid in respect of such taking.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the Works intended to be carried into effect under the Authority of this A^{ct}, shall not be completed so as to answer the Objects of this A^{ct} within the time by this A^{ct} limited for the Completion thereof, all the Powers and Authorities given by this A^{ct} for purchasing Lands and Hereditaments, and executing the Works hereby authorized, shall thenceforth cease and determine, from only as to so much of such Land as shall have been purchased, or such Works as shall have been completed, within that time.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That this A^{ct} shall be deemed and taken to be a Public A^{ct}, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. lxxi.

An A^{ct} for making a Railway, from the Hay Railway near Eardisley, in the County of Hereford, to the Little Works near Berdolph, in the County of Radnor.

[23^d May 1818.]

Cap.

Thereafter may give Returns in Process produced in Actions in the Court of Admiralty, by or on behalf of London Dock Company.

Regulations as to Lighters and Craft remaining empty in the Docks, &c.

Not entered on Notice by Dock Master, Penalty.

Goods landed in London Docks to remain liable for Freight.

and may be detained by Customed Companies in Docks from Payment of Freight

Payment for taking of Wines

If Works are not completed, Powers of Act to cease.

Public Act.

Cap. lxxv.

An Act for lighting with Gas the University and City of Oxford, and the Suburbs of the said City.

[23d May 1818.]

Cap. lxx.

An Act for lighting with Gas the Town and Parish of Sligford, in the County of York.

[23d May 1818.]

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act for lighting with Gas the Port and Town of Liverpool and Township of Twicken Park, in the County of Lancashire.

[23d May 1818.]

Cap. lxxvii.

An Act for lighting the City and Suburbs of Edinburgh and Places adjacent with Gas.

[23d May 1818.]

Cap. lxxviii.

An Act for enabling the Southward Bridge Company to raise a further Sum of Money, and to amend the Acts for building the said Bridge.

[23d May 1818.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for erecting a Bridge over the River Thames, from or near The Three Crosses in the Parishes of Saint James, Charles, Holborn, and Saint Martin Vintry, in the City of London, in the opposite Bank of the said River, in the Parish of Saint Saviour, in the County of Surrey, and for making proper Streets and Arches in communication therewith: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty-third Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for erecting a Bridge over the River Thames, from the City of London, in the opposite Bank, in the Parish of Saint Saviour, in the County of Surrey: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty-fourth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend Two Acts of His present Majesty, for erecting a Bridge over the River Thames, from the City of London in the opposite Bank in the County of Surrey: And Whereas the said Company have proceeded in the Execution of the several Works authorized by the said recited Acts, and have nearly completed the said Bridge, and Part of the Roads thereto connected: And Whereas for the more speedy and effectual Completion of the Remainder of the said Bridge, Roads and Works, it will be expedient that the said Company should be authorized to raise a further Sum of Money, and that the said Acts should be amended: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to raise a further Sum of Money not exceeding One hundred thousand Pounds over and above the Sums authorized to be raised by the said Acts, in manner hereinafter mentioned; and by all, or any or either of the Ways or Means by which the said Company are authorized to raise any Money, by virtue of the said recited Acts, or either of them.***

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, from time to time to grant any Bond or Bonds, under the Common Seal of the said Company of Proprietors, for any Sum or Sums of Money, not being less than the Sum of One hundred Pounds on each Bond, with Interest for the time not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum upon the Credits of the Tolls authorized to be raised and collected by virtue of the said recited Acts, not exceeding in the whole the said Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Committee or Court of Directors of the said Company, from time to time to make Sale and dispose of all or any of the said Bonds to be granted as aforesaid, either by Private Contract or Public Sale, to any Person or Persons whomsoever, for the best Price or Prices in Money that can be reasonably had or obtained for the same, or to hypothecate, mortgage and assign the same as a Security for any Sum or Sums of Money lent or advanced thereon, such Assignments to be entered by the Clerk to the said Company in manner directed by the said last recited Acts, with respect to Assignments of Mortgage or Annuities.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Holders of such Bonds shall stand upon the same Footing the one with the other, in respect of their Right to the Payment of the Interest upon such Bonds, without any Priority among themselves, notwithstanding the Sums of Money for which such Bonds shall have been issued may have been advanced at different times.

V. And Whereas the said Company were authorized to and by the said recited Acts, or some or one of them, to raise Money by Transfery Notes under the Common Seal of the said Company, and it may be found convenient for the Purposes of the said Company that such Notes should be issued from time to time: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company, from time to time as Occasions shall require, to issue any Promissory Notes already issued, or which shall or may be hereafter issued by the said Company, by adding other Promissory Notes or Notes under the Common Seal of the said Company in lieu thereof, as to the said Company or their Committee or Court of Directors shall seem meet and convenient.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company to raise all or any Part of the Money authorized to be raised by the said recited Acts, or either of them, and which now

And be it further enacted, That the Ways by which the said Company are authorized to raise any Money by the said recited Acts, or any of them, or by this Act, and also to dispose of any of the Shares authorized to be created by the said recited Acts, as now or here to be amended or unappropriated; and also the Shares authorized to be created by this Act, or such Part or Parts thereof as they may deem expedient, or and for such Price and Price per Share, and to such Persons or Persons as the said Committee shall from time to time think proper.

added under
former Acts.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Toll shall be demanded or taken for any Horses or Carriages belonging to Their Majesties or any of the Royal Family, or any of the Horses of His Majesty's Guards, or any Horses or Carriages conveying Persons regularly attending their Majesties or any of the Royal Family.

Royal Family
excluded from Toll.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Acts of the Fifty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Regulations, Privileges, Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures, a remedy and things whatsoever therein contained, in so far as the same do or have been or may be or are or shall extend, or be demanded or enforced to extend, to operate and be in full Force and Effect, with respect to all matters and things to be done, or which shall arise in the Execution of this Act, so fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same and every of them, and every Part thereof, were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and made Part thereof.

Former Acts
re-enacted in this
Act.

IX. And Whereas the said Company have made and constructed certain Parts of the Roads at each End of the Bridge upon Arches: Be it further enacted, That the said Company shall have full Power and Authority to grant a Lease or Leases of the said Arches, or any of them, to any Person or Persons whomsoever, for each Term or Terms of Years, and for such Considerations, or Rents or other Compensation as to the said Company shall seem meet; and the Amount of such Considerations, Rents or Compensation shall be paid, applied and disposed of as the Tolls received upon the said Bridge are by the said recited Acts directed to be applied and disposed of.

Company may
lease arches
under the Bridge

X. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Public Act.

Cap. lxxv.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Bramley in the County of Surrey, to Bideford in the County of Exeter. (a)

[23d May 1818.]

[One Half additional Toll on Sundays.]

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the Turnpike Road leading from Otterham in Kent, into the Turnpike Road leading from Biddishop to Kental, and a Continuation of the said Road from the last mentioned Turnpike Road to join the Turnpike Road leading from Loughborough to Kental. (b)

[23d May 1818.]

[One Half additional Toll on Sundays.]

Cap. lxxvii.

An Act for more effectually converting into Money the Statute Labour in the Stewartry of Kirkcubright; for repairing the Highways, Bridges and Ferries therein; and for making and maintaining certain Turnpike Roads within the said Stewartry. (c)

20 G. 3. c. 22.

27 G. 3. c. 10.

[23d May 1818.]

Cap. lxxviii.

An Act for repairing the Road from Chipping Campden, in the County of Gloucester, to Clifford Bridge near in the Parish of Old Stratford, in the County of Warwick. (d)

[23d May 1818.]

Cap. lxxix.

An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of several Acts for repairing the Roads from Bylesgate, through Poppleton Lane, Sutton Green and Southbridge, in the County of Staffordshire, to a Place called Lakeland Corner, in the County of Wilts. (e)

[23d May 1818.]

[Additional Treglows.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act to alter and amend an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, for making a Fund for making Promises for the Widows of His Majesty's Sargent in Scotland. (f)

[23d May 1818.]

Cap. lxxxv.

An Act to explain and amend an Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the Improvement of the Harbour of Kidderley, and for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal or Tramroad in Kidderley and Litchley, and other Purposes therein mentioned, in the County of Warwickshire*; and to alter and enlarge the Powers thereof. (g)

23 G. 2.
c. 128.

[23d May 1818.]

Cap.

Cap. lxxvi.

45 G. 3. c. 16.
continued for 10
Years, &c.

An Act to continue the Term, and to amend, alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for repealing an Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His said present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from the *Stones' End* in the Borough of *Southwark* in the County of *Surry*, to *Hipgate* in the County of *Bedford*, and other Roads therein mentioned; and for making a new Road from *Kewington Lane* to *Canterwood Green*, in the said County of *Surry*. (c)

[18th May 1818.]

[Additional Tithes.]

Cap. lxxvii.

46 G. 3. (3 K).
continued

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for draining, dividing and inclosing a Common called *Greenland Common*, otherwise *Gaggelwood*, and certain Open Half Year's Meadow, Commonable and Waste Grounds, called the *Wyllys and Poddle Lane*, in adjoining or near the Township of *Greenland*, in the County of *Lincoln*. [20th May 1818.]

Cap. lxxviii.

An Act for repairing, widening and improving the Lower Road leading from the Town of *Greenwich* to the Town of *Newchurch*, in the County of *Kent*. (d)

[20th May 1818.]

[The Royal Family free from Tolls.]

Cap. lxxix.

47 G. 3. c. 31.
repealed with
reference to Tithes
in certain
parishes, & 13.
47 G. 3. c. 36.

An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Four Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading to, through and from the Town of *Manwood*; and for making Two Piers of Road to communicate therewith. (e)

[18th June 1818.]

[See Half additional Tithes on Sundays.]

13 G. 3. c. 149. 10 G. 3. c. 20th. continued for 10 Years, &c.

Cap. lxxx.

An Act to provide additional Salaries to the principal Clerks in the Report Office of the High Court of Chancery, and to provide additional Clerks for the said Office; and for making further Provision for the Clerks in the said Office. [28th June 1818.]

28 G. 3. c. 48.

WHEREAS by virtue of an Act passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to empower the High Court of Chancery to lay out a further Sum of the Sums Money upon proper Securities, and for applying the Interest towards discharging the Expenses of the Office of the Accountant General, and for building Offices for the Masters in Ordinary in Chancery, and a public Office for the Sutors of the said Court, and Offices for the Secretaries of Bankrupts and Liquidators, and for building Repositories for storing the Title Deeds of the Sutors of the said Court, and the Records and Proceedings of the Commissioners of Bankrupts and Liquidators*; and of several Acts in the said Act mentioned, divers Sums of Money have been, by virtue of several Orders of the said Court of Chancery, taken out of the common and general Cask belonging to the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery, which by deed and conveyance to the Bank of England, and have been placed out in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, on Government or Parliamentary Securities, and such Government or Parliamentary Securities have been, in pursuance of the said Act passed in the Thirty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, carried to an Account, intitled, 'Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery'; and out of the Dividends and Interest of the Securities purchased in pursuance of the said several Acts of Parliament, the several Annual Sums and Salaries, and the several other Payments directed to be made and to be paid, have been from time to time made and paid, and the Surplus Interest and annual Produce arising from the said Securities, beyond what was sufficient to answer the Expenses of the said several Acts, and also the Interest produced from the Securities purchased with such Surplus Interest and annual Produce, have been from time to time in pursuance of the said last mentioned Act, laid out to the Purchase of Government or Parliamentary Securities, in the name of the Accountant General of the said Court, and placed to the Credit of an Account, intitled, 'Account of Securities purchased with surplus Interest arising from Securities carried to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery'; And Whereas by another Act passed in the Fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for building certain Offices for the Examiners, Clerks, and Clerks of the Petty Bag of the High Court of Chancery, and for making certain Regulations in the Examiners' Office of the said Court, and for making Provision for such of the Examiners, Deputy Examiners and Clerks, as from length of Service, or from Age or Infirmary, are or shall be incapacitated from the due Execution of their Office, and for making Provision for other Officers of the said Court, and for making other Payments in respect of the said Officers, and also by another Act of Parliament passed in the Fifth third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intitled *An Act to facilitate the Administration of Justice*; divers other Sums of Money have been, by virtue of several other Orders of the said Court of Chancery, taken out of the common and general Cask belonging to the said Sutors, which by deed and conveyance to the Bank of England, and have been placed out on the*

Name

• Name of the Accountant General of the said Court of Chancery, according to the General Rules and Orders of the said Court, on Government or Parliamentary Securities; and such Government or Parliamentary Securities have been, in pursuance of the said last mentioned Act, carried to an Account, intimated 'Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery;' and out of the Interest and Dividends of the Securities purchased in pursuance of the said last mentioned Act, the several annual Sums and Salaries, and the several other Payments directed to be made and to be paid, have been from time to time made and paid, and the surplus Interest and annual Profits arising from the said Securities, beyond what was sufficient to answer the Purposes of the said several last mentioned Acts, and also the Interest produced from the Securities purchased with such surplus Interest and annual Profits, have been from time to time, in pursuance of the said last mentioned Acts, laid out in the Purchase of Government or Parliamentary Securities, in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, and placed to the Credit of an Account, intimated 'Account of Securities purchased with surplus Interest arising from Securities, carried to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery;' And Whereas by an Act made and passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intimated *an Act for making Provision for such of the said Registers or Deputy Registers of the High Court of Chancery, as from Age or Infirmary shall be entitled with permanent Disability, and be incapacitated for the discharge of their Office; and for making further Provision for the Two Sutors of the said Registers for the Clerks in the Registers' Office, for the Master of the Report Office, and for providing additional Clerks in the Report Office of the said Court, and for making Payments and Regulations in respect of the said Office; it was amongst other things enacted, that out of the Interest and Dividends of the Government or Parliamentary Securities already carried to the said Account, intimated 'Account of Interest arising from Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery;' and out of the Interest and Dividends of any Government or Parliamentary Securities thereafter to be purchased and placed to the said mentioned Account, there should be paid (but subject and without Prejudice to the Payment of all Salaries and Sums of Money by any Act or Acts of Parliament thereto before passed, directed or authorized to be paid thereout) by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by virtue of any Order or Orders of the High Court of Chancery, to be made for that Purpose, by Quarterly Payments on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October, in every Year, such yearly Sums as after mentioned to the several Purposes after mentioned, (that is to say,) amongst other Purposes to Four additional Clerks to be employed in the said Report Office for the Purposes therein mentioned, and to be appointed by the Filer and Keeper of the said Reports and Certificates, and Keeper of the said Books of Entries of the said Office for the time being, the several yearly Sums therein after mentioned, (that is to say,) to the First of the said Clerks the yearly Sum of Two hundred and thirty Pounds, to the Second of the said Clerks the yearly Sum of Two hundred and twenty Pounds, to the Third of the said Clerks the yearly Sum of One hundred and eighty eight Pounds, and to the Fourth of the said Clerks the yearly Sum of One hundred and thirty two Pounds, and also a proportionable Part of such Quarterly Payments as should accrue due between the last Quarterly Payment thereof and the Time of the Death or other Removal of such Clerks; and such Allowances and Payments in the said Clerks in the Report Office, to be a full Compensation and Satisfaction for their Labour and Attendance in the said Office: And Whereas the Money and Effects belonging to the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery, under the Care and Direction of the said Court, have very greatly increased, by reason whereof the necessary Accounts and Books of the Report Office have of late Years greatly increased and are still increasing, and the great Establishment of Clerks in the said Office is indispensable to transact the Business thereof, with great Accuracy and Dispatch as is necessary for the Public Service; and several of the Clerks in the said Office have been many Years employed therein, and their present Salaries, considering the great Increase in the necessary Expenses of Living, are not a sufficient Compensation for their Length of Service, having regard to the Merit and Importance of such Service, and the Attendance, Qualifications and Responsibility necessary to enable them to fulfil the Duties of their Employment with Advantage to the Public: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That out of the common and general Cask belonging to the Sutors of the Court of Chancery, which now lies or shall hereafter be dead and unemployed in the Bank of England, a Sum not exceeding Two hundred thousand Pounds, shall and may by virtue of any Order or Orders of the said Court be made for that Purpose, from time to time be placed out in One entire Sum, or in Parts, in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, according to the General Rules and Orders of the said Court, on such Government or Parliamentary Securities as by such Order or Orders shall be directed, and such Securities shall be carried to an Account raised in pursuance of former Acts of Parliament, and intimated 'Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery;' and shall be made Part of the same Account; and out of the Interest and Dividends of all or any of the Securities purchased out of the said common and general Cask in pursuance of former Acts, and to be purchased in pursuance of the Act, there shall be paid (but subject and without Prejudice to the Payment of all Salaries and Sums of Money by any former Act or Acts of Parliament thereto before passed, directed or authorized to be paid thereout) by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England,*

For placing out in Interest a certain Part of the dead Cask belonging to the Sutors of the Court of Chancery.

And out of the
treasury thereof
additional Salaries
to be paid to
the said
Clerks in the
said Office.
Additional
Clerks to be ap-
pointed in the
said Office.

by virtue of any Order or Orders of the High Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpose, by Quarterly Payments, on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October, in every Year : such additional yearly Sums or Salaries to be from time to time paid to the said Four Clerks in the Report Office for the time being, as hereinafter mentioned, (that is to say,) to the First of the said Four Clerks One hundred and forty Pounds, to the Second Clerk One hundred and eighty Pounds, to the Third Clerk One hundred and fifty two Pounds, and to the Fourth Clerk One hundred and fifty eight Pounds; the First Quarterly Payment thereof to commence on the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and also such several yearly Sums or Salaries as are hereinafter mentioned, to be from time to time paid Quarterly on the several Days herebefore mentioned, to Three additional Clerks for the time being, namely, a Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Clerk to be appointed; that is to say, to the Fifth Clerk One hundred and fifty Pounds, to the Sixth Clerk One hundred and fifty Pounds, and to the Seventh Clerk One hundred and fifty Pounds; and also the yearly Sums or Salaries of One hundred and fifty Pounds each, to Three more additional Clerks in the said Office, in case it shall at any time hereafter appear necessary to the said Court of Chancery to appoint such Three additional Clerks, or any of them, in pursuance of the Clause for that Purpose hereafter contained; the First Quarterly Payment to such additional Clerks respectively to commence from the Day of the Date of their respective Appointments.

Power of ap-
pointing Three
more Additional
Clerks in the
said Office.

II. And be it further enacted, That a Hall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the time being, upon the Requisition of the Master of the Report Office of the said Court of Chancery for the time being for that Purpose, and upon as being made appear to the Court that additional Assistance is necessary to the said Office for transacting the said Business of the Suits of the said Court therein, to appoint not exceeding Three more Persons to be Clerks in the said Office, who shall have and be entitled to the yearly Salaries of One hundred and fifty Pounds each, hereby provided for the additional Clerks in the said Office; to be paid and payable out of the same Funds, and in the same manner as is directed and provided by the Clause herebefore contained.

Clerks in pro-
cession
of their being
lawfully ap-
pointed time
Office, before they
shall be entitled
to the Payment
hereby directed.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Clerks in the said Report Office, and each and every of them for the time being, shall from time to time, as and when so or they apply at the proper Office in the Bank of England for Payment of the several yearly Sums herebefore provided and directed to be paid to them respectively, produce a Certificate, signed by the Master of the Report Office for the time being, that such Clerk hath duly and lawfully in all things performed and fulfilled the Duty and Office of a Clerk to the said Master of the Report Office for the time being, up to the time specified in such Certificate; and by reason thereof is entitled to have and receive the yearly Sum or Payment hereby provided, up to the time mentioned in such Certificate; and to ask the said Master for the time being of the said Report Office shall decline or refuse to sign such Certificate, such Clerk shall be at Liberty to apply to the said Court of Chancery by Petition or otherwise, and the said Court shall have full Power and Authority to make such Order therein as to the said Court shall appear to be expedient or just.

Clerks may be
removed or
displaced.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be deemed or taken to prevent or hinder any person or persons Clerk in the said Report Office from being removed or displaced at any time, in such manner and by such Authority as Clerks in the said Office are now be removed or displaced.

Clerks to be ap-
pointed in the
Place of such as
shall remove or
disappear.

V. And be it further enacted, That in the Place of any Clerk who may be so removed or displaced, or to whom any Annuity or yearly Sum shall be ordered to be paid in pursuance of this Act, some other Person of sufficient Ability shall or may be appointed a Clerk in the said Office, in the manner and by the Authority in and by which the Clerks in the said Report Office have heretofore been appointed.

Expenses of this
Act and of all
Proceedings pro-
vided for.

VI. And be it further enacted, That out of the Interest and Dividends of the Government or Parliamentary Securities purchased and to be purchased as aforesaid, the Costs incurred in procuring and paying this Act, and the Costs, Charges and Expenses of all Proceedings to be had in Execution and in pursuance thereof, shall be paid by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by virtue of any Order or Orders of the High Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpose.

Monies to be
placed out
upon Security.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the surplus interest and annual Produce which shall arise from the Money placed out and to be placed out on Securities, pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament heretofore mentioned or referred to, or any of them, beyond what shall be sufficient to answer the Purposes of the said Acts, shall from time to time be placed out on Government or Parliamentary Securities, and shall be placed to the Credit of the said Account, raised in pursuance of the said Act of the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled 'Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Suits of the High Court of Chancery' and which Fund shall be applied to answer the Demands of the said Suits of the said Court of Chancery, in case it shall at any time be necessary to call in any Money of the said Suits, which hath been or may be placed out on Securities.

Securities to
be changed.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the time being, by any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery, to change the Security or Securities or any Part of the Securities purchased or to be purchased pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament heretofore mentioned or referred to, or pursuant to this Act.

Monies to be
placed out on
Securities, and
to be changed
at will.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared, That for and notwithstanding any of the Provisions contained in this Act, if at any time hereafter the Whole or any Part of the Money placed out pursuant to the said several Acts of Parliament, or any of them, or to be placed out in pursuance of this Act, shall be wanted to answer any of the Demands of the Suits of the High Court of Chancery, then and in

such sale the said Court may, and shall direct the Whole or any Part of such Money to be called in, and the Securities in which the same and the surplus Interest and Dividends heretofore mentioned shall be placed, to be sold and disposed of, in order that the Sums of the said Court may at all times be paid their respective Demands out of the common and general Cash belonging to such Sectors.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall prejudice, delay, hinder or prevent any Reform or Abolition of all or any of the Offices herein mentioned, by any Parliam. or Persons having Authority to reform or abolish the same.

XL. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Proviso to 2.
Form, &c. of
Offices.

Public Act.

Cap. lxxxv.

An Act for paving the Footways, and cleansing, lighting and washing the Streets, in the Town of *Stow*.
[3d June 1818.]

Cap. lxxxvi.

An Act to continue the Terms and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road at or near *Southampton*, and other Roads in the said Act mentioned, in the County of *Wilt.* (c)
[3d June 1818.]

19 G. 3. c. 110.
continued by 2.
Yarsh, &c.

[Former Title made to apply. New Title granted.]

Cap. lxxxvii.

An Act for lighting the Borough of *Huddersfield*, in the County of *Worcs.*, with Gas. [3th June 1818.]

Cap. lxxxviii.

An Act for lighting with Gas the City of *Worcester*, and the Liberties, Precincts and Suburbs thereof; and those Parts of the several Parishes of *St. Peter de Grass*, *St. Martin*, *St. Michael* in *St. Edwardes*, *St. John* in *St. Edwardes*, *Clifton* and *St. Clement*, which he contiguous to, but without the Liberties of the said City and in the County of *Worcester*. [3th June 1818.]

Cap. lxxxix.

An Act for better supplying the Inhabitants of the Town of *Stowmarket* with Water. [5th June 1818.]

Cap. lxxxvi.

An Act for building a Chapel of Ease in the Township of *Poundstone* and Parish of *St. John*, in the County of *Longford*. [10th June 1818.]

Cap. lxxxviii.

An Act for lighting with Gas the Town of *Brighton*, in the County of *Suffol.* [10th June 1818.]

PRIVATE ACTS,

PRINTED BY THE KING'S PRINTER,

AND WHEREOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE.

N. B. To each of these Acts is annexed a Clause to the Form following :

- " And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the several Printers to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, duly authorized to print the Statutes of the United Kingdom, and that a Copy thereof, to be printed by any of them, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices and others."

Cap. 1.

AN Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Crayford*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [17th March 1818.]

Cap. 2.

An Act for vesting the Trustees acting under Letters Patent granted by King Charles the Second, to dispose of certain old Almshouses and other Premises, held in Trust for the Parish of *St. Martin in the Fields*, in the County of *Middlesex*; and for vesting Part of the new Rural Ground belonging to the said Parish, as or near *Camden Town*, in the said Trustees, as a Site for erecting new Almshouses thereon; and for other Purposes. [8th May 1818.]

Cap. 3.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Leverstock*, including the Tithing of *Ford*, in the County of *Wilt.* [18th May 1818.]

Cap. 4.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Donnerden South*, in the County of *Wilt.* [18th May 1818.]

Cap. 5.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wargay*, in the County of *Nottingham*. [18th May 1818.]

- " Commissioners to ascertain the value of Tithes, § 12. Allowments in lieu of Tithes, § 13. Declaring the
" Exemption of Tithes. Tithes payable till Publication of Allowments delivered, § 14.

Cap. 6.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Titchmarsh*, in the County of *Staff.* [18th May 1818.]

- " Commissioners to set the Tithes in *Titchmarsh* for the first Three Years, § 33.

Cap. 7.

An Act for inclosing Lands in *Middlesex*, otherwise *Middlesex*, in the Parish of *Erectfield*, in the County of *York*. [18th May 1818.]

- " Parties enabled to agree for a Commutation of Tithes before execution of Award, § 28.

Cap. 8.

An Act for inclosing Lands in *Onghing*, in the Parish of *Proffers*, and County of *York*. [18th May 1818.]

- " Parties enabled to agree for a Commutation for Tithes before execution of Award, § 30. Allowments to
" Tithes Owners to be paid hereon, § 31.

Cap. 9.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor of *Highditch*, in the Parish of *Highditch*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*. [18th May 1818.]

- " Allowment to the View for Tithes, § 17. Allowment for Tithes of Hay, Wood Lands, &c. § 23.

Cap. 10.

As an Act to amend an Act made in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Gloucester, Styke and Trenchardam*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [8th May 1818.]

Cap. 11.

As an Act for slotting Lands in the Parish of *Nyde*, in the County of *Oxford*. [8th May 1818.]

Cap. 12.

As an Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Esplegham, Cally, Basingham and Japworth*, in the County of *Nottingham*. [8th May 1818.]

" Compensation for Tithes of Allotments for Three Years to be paid by Commissioners, § 12.

Cap. 13.

As an Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Starbington, Odham, Wiske and Wood Dalby*, in the County of *Nottingham*. [8th May 1818.]

Cap. 14.

As an Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Great Malton*, otherwise *Malton Saint Mary*, and *All Saints*, in the County of *Nottingham*. [8th May 1818.]

" Proviso for Right to Tithes, § 48.

Cap. 15.

As an Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Mareux Polesay*, and in the Hamlet or Tithing of *Potter*, in the Parish of *Standish*, both in the County of *Gloucester*. [8th May 1818.]

Cap. 16.

As an Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Norbury*, in the County of *Derby*. [8th May 1818.]

Cap. 17.

As an Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Mardes, Saint Peter Michael, Saint Peter Nicholas and Wallington*, and certain Chapels, Townships and Parishes adjacent thereto, in the County of *Hampshire*. [8th May 1818.]

" Commissioners empowered to ascertain to what Tithes certain Lands are subject, and Tithes to be paid according to Declaration of Commissioners, § 2.

Cap. 18.

As an Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *South Marston*, in the County of *Berk*. [8th May 1818.]

" Allotment to Rectors, &c. in lieu of Tithes, § 24. Compensation to be made in lieu of Tithes for old

" Inclosures, where Owners have set Lands in Common Fields sufficient to discharge the same, § 25.

" Proviso for Rectors' Right to Tithes claimed by John Sadgrove and John Evely, § 27. Tithes to remain

" until a certain Period, § 28. Allotments to Rectors in lieu of Tithes to be incurred, § 32.

Cap. 19.

As an Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Walsingham-Billings*, in the County of *Suffolk*. [8th May 1818.]

" Extinguishment of Tithes of Land so *divided* Grazed by the Act directed to be allowed to Tenants, § 23.

Cap. 20.

As an Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Erna*, in the Parish of *Erna*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*. [8th May 1818.]

" Tithes Allotment, § 17. Annual Rents as a further Compensation for Tithes abated, § 18. When

" the Tithes are to cease, § 21. Modals or fixed Money Payments to continue payable, § 22. Tithes

" Allotments to be fixed, § 23.

Cap. 21.

As an Act to enable *Peter Pondell*, and others thereto authorized, to grant a Building Lease of certain Premises situate in *High Street*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Newington*, in the County of *Surrey*. [8th May 1818.]

Cap.

Cap. 22.

An Act to enable the Trustees of Saint Paul's School, in the City of London, to purchase Buildings and Land adjoining or near to the said School, for the better Accommodation of the Scholars, and for other Purposes. [23d May 1818.]

Cap. 23.

An Act to enable the Governors of the Free Grammar School of King Charles the Second, at Bradford in the County of York, to sell the old School House, and to sell certain Lands belonging to the said Foundation, and to apply the Money arising by such Sales in the Building of a new School House, and in the Purchase of other Estates, to be vested in the Governors on the Trusts of the said Charity, and to convey the Inheritance in Free Simple, for building, upon improved Rents, or to make building Leases of certain Parts of the Estates of the said School; and also to enable the Governors to increase the number of Masters, and allow proper Salaries, and for enlarging the Trusts and Powers of the said Governors. [23d May 1818.]

Cap. 24.

An Act for effecting an Exchange of an Estate in the County of Norfolk, devised by the Will of Robert Harvey Esquire to John Harvey Esquire, under certain Limitations, for an Estate belonging to the said John Harvey Esquire, in Free Simple, to be subjected to the said Limitations. [23d May 1818.]

Cap. 25.

An Act for dividing and allotting Lands in the Parish of Ladbroke, in the County of Bedford. [23d May 1818.]

" Lands allotted for Lands Tithe free or covered by a Modus, to be Tithe free or covered by such Modus.

Cap. 26.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Bradford, in the County of Wilts. [23d May 1818.]

Cap. 27.

*An Act for executing an Act of His most Excellent Majesty, intitled *An Act for dividing and inclosing Heworth Moor, in the Manor or Township of Heworth, in the North Riding of the County of York; and for extinguishing the Rights of Tress and Averag over certain Lands, called Half Year Lands, situate in the Suburbs or Precincts of the City of York; and for executing the Provisions of the said Act, to the Inclosure of certain Lands in the Suburbs or Precincts of the City of York.**

[23d May 1818.]

Cap. 28.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Kilmashon, Saint James, Chandelish, Cranish, Newcraff and Rathade, in the County of Dublin. [23d May 1818.]

Cap. 29.

An Act for extinguishing a limited Right of Common over certain Coppices or Woodlands and Groves in the Parish of Nuffield Town, in the County of Southampton; and for allotting and laying out a Part of the same, to be subject to a more extensive Right of Common, in lieu of the Right extinguished.

[23d May 1818.]

Cap. 30.

An Act for empowering Trustees to join, as to one undivided fourth Part of certain Estates devised by the Will of Edmund Barnard, Gentleman, deceased, in the Sale of the Entirety of the same Estates, and to purchase other Lands to be settled to the same Uses; and also for enabling the same Trustees to join as to the same undivided fourth Part in making a Partition of the same Estates; and also for empowering certain Trustees to join in granting Leases of the Entirety of the same Premises, and for other Purposes.

[25th May 1818.]

Cap. 31.

*An Act for repealing an Act passed in the Tenth third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for vesting Part of the settled Estates of Sir Charles Knollys Baronet, which were devised by the Will of Lucy Knightley Esquire, in Tyngham, to be sold, and for laying out the Money arising thereby in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled in lieu thereof, and to the same Uses, and for other Purposes; and for vesting that Part and other Parts of the said settled Estates in other Trustees to be sold, and for applying Part of the Money arising thereby in the Discharge of certain Incumbrances therein, and laying out the Balance of the same Money in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses.**

[25th May 1818.]

Cap.

Cap. 32.

An Act to render effectual a Conveyance of the legal Fee as to a Moiety of certain Hereditaments in the Parishes of *Elanidlow, Llanegery and Llandinam*, in the County of *Monmouth*, belonging to *Robert Sagram Elquire*. [18th May 1818.]

Cap. 33.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Lytchet Matravers*, and *Lytchet Mafylet*, in the County of *Dorset*. [18th May 1818.]

" Lands to be discharged of certain Tithes for Sixt Six Years after Improvement.

Cap. 34.

An Act for effecting and establishing an Exchange between the Reverend *Robert Phelps Goodenough*, Rector of *Carlton in Lindsey*, in the County of *Northampton*, and *Henry Gally Knight Elquire*, of *Globe* and other Lands in *Carlton aforesaid*. [1st June 1818.]

Cap. 35.

An Act for selling in the foregoing and now Treasures certain Estates and Property in *Ireland*, of the Most Honourable *Frederic Marquis and Earl of Ormonde* in *Ireland*, and *Baron Butler* in *England*, which have not been sold or disposed of under and by virtue of Three Acts of Parliament, made in the Thirty fifth, Forty fifth, and Forty eighth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty. [1st June 1818.]

Cap. 36.

An Act for settling a Moiety of a yearly Rent of Four hundred Pounds, discharged from certain Estates created therein, upon *William Dandy Elquire*, and *Caroline* his Wife, and their Issue. [1st June 1818.]

Cap. 37.

An Act for conferring an Exchange of certain Estates in the Counties of *Worcester and Stafford*, of which *Sarah Hesketh, Spinster*, is Tenant for Life under the Will of her late Uncle *John Barker Elquire*, for certain Estates in the said Counties to which the said *Sarah Hesketh* and her Sisters *Jane Maria Hesketh* (Wife of *Henry D'Egmont Hesketh Elquire*), *Ann Annals Hesketh Spinster*, and *Nabel Hesketh* (Wife of *John Barker Hesketh Elquire*), became entitled by Deceased from their late Father *James Hesketh Elquire*. [5th June 1818.]

Cap. 38.

An Act for effecting the Sale of the legible Freehold Estates of *Thomas Lord the Elder, Elquire*, Situate in the Counties of *Lincoln, Kent and Surrey*, and for applying the Monies so arife by such Sale, in manner therein mentioned. [5th June 1818.]

Cap. 39.

An Act for selling certain Pieces or Parcels of Land, and other Hereditaments, belonging to *Sibley College*, in the University of *Cambridge*, in Treasures for Sale, with Powers to lease on Fees, and for applying the Purchase Monies, and Monies so arife from Fees, in manner therein mentioned. [10th June 1818.]

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TO THE

PUBLIC GENERAL ACTS 58th GEO. III.

* *Signifies that the Act extends exclusively to Ireland.*

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A
T A B L E
Containing the TITLES of all
THE STATUTES,

Passed in the FIRST Session of the SIXTH Parliament.

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland ;
59th GEORGE III.

PUBLIC GENERAL ACTS.

1. **A** N Act to provide for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness. Page 643
2. An Act for reviding and further continuing, until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, an Act made in the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to extend on All made in the Eighteenth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, to extend and amend the Laws touching the Elections of the Knights of the Shire to serve in Parliament for England, respecting the Enfranchisement of Rhynges and Poll Clerks, &c. far as regards the City of Westminster.* 648
3. An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff, in Great Britain; and on Postage, Offices and Postpaid Letters in England for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen. Ibid.
4. An Act for raising the Sum of Twenty Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen. 649
5. An Act to alter the Tonnage of Vessels propelled by Steam. Ibid.
6. An Act to enable His Majesty to direct the Distribution of any Reward awarded by the Commissioners of the Customs or Excise to the Officers of the Army, Navy or Marines, for apprehending Smugglers, in such manner as His Majesty shall be pleased to appoint. 650
7. An Act to regulate the Caskery Trade in England. Ibid.
8. An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty, an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for preventing Aliens from becoming naturalised, or being made or becoming Denizens, except in certain Cases. 654
9. An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army, and their Quarters. Ibid.
10. An Act for the regulating of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore. 656
11. An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the time limited for certain of their Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and to permit such Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indictments of Clerks to Attorneys and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and to allow Persons to make and file such Affidavits, although the Persons whom they served shall have neglected to take out their Annual Certificates. Page 657
12. An Act to amend the Laws for the Relief of the Poor. Ibid.
13. An Act to continue Two Acts of the Fifty sixth and Fifty eighth Years of His present Majesty, for reducing the Duties payable on Horses used for the Purposes therein mentioned, to the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty one; and to reduce the Duties chargeable under certain Acts of the Forty eighth and Fifty second Years of His present Majesty, in respect of certain Horses, Mares, Geldings and Mules. 660
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16. An Act to carry into effect the Treaty with the Netherlands, relating to the Slave Trade. Ibid.
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17. An Act to amend an Act of last Session of Parliament, for carrying into execution a Convention made between His Majesty and the King of Portugal, for the preventing the Traffic in Slaves. *Page 623*
18. An Act to make perpetual an Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Exportation of Salt from the Port of Nagles in the Island of New Providence, the Port of Havana and the Port of Orizaba, in the Bahama Islands, in American Ships coming to Bello. *627*
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20. An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. *633*
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31. An Act to enable certain Commissioners fully to carry into effect several Conventions for liquidating Claims of British Subjects and others, against the Government of France. *Ibid.*
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58. An Act for facilitating the Recovery of the Wages of Seamen in the Merchant Service. 883
59. An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Payment of Wages due to discharged Seamen and Marines, to Wages due to Landate *Volunteers*. 889
60. An Act to permit the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, and the Bishops of London, for the time being, to admit Persons into Holy Orders specially for the Colonies. *Ibid.*
61. An Act to enable Consuls and Secretaries in Scotland to give aid to Royal Barges situated therein, for the purpose of importing, enlarging or rebuilding their Goods; or to improve, enlarge or rebuild Custom Goods of Consuls and Secretaries which are not the Goods of Royal Barges. 890
62. An Act for the Protection of Banks for Savings in Scotland. 893
63. An Act to explain an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for punishing an Editor for the Abuse of *Whigs*. 895
64. An Act to facilitate Proceedings against the Wardens of the Fleet, in *Violations*. 896
65. An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. Page 896
66. An Act to make further Provisions for the Regulation of Cotton Mills and Factories, and for the better Preservation of the Health of young Persons employed therein. 899
67. An Act to continue, until the Thirtieth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for the effectual Examination of Accounts of the Receipt and Expenditure of the Colonial Revenues in the Islands of *Cyprus, Mauritius, Malta, Trinidad*, and in the Settlements of the Cape of Good Hope. 900
68. An Act for amending the Manor of *Donnington* in the County of *Dorset*, from the Claims of the Crown against the Estate of *John Baptist Fortington Esquire*. *Ibid.*
69. An Act to prevent the selling or Engagement of His Majesty's Subjects to serve in Foreign Service, and the fitting out or equipping, in His Majesty's Dominions, Vessels for Warlike Purposes, without His Majesty's License. 901
70. An Act to repeal certain Acts of the Parliament of Scotland, regarding Dwelling. 904
71. An Act for raising a Loan of Twelve Millions from the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt. 904
72. An Act to grant to His Majesty an additional Duty of Excise on Tobacco in Ireland. 906
73. An Act to repeal several Acts, requiring the Masters of Vessels carrying Certificate Goods to Ireland to take Duplication of the Contents; prohibiting the Importation of certain wrought Goods, and the Exportation of Gunpowder when the Price shall exceed a certain Sum. 908
74. An Act to allow the Importation of Tobacco from the East India and other Places; and for continuing the Exportation of Tobacco from Great Britain, and the Importation thereof into Ireland, to Vessels of Seventy Tons Burthen and upwards. 909
75. An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, Two Acts, made in the Fifty fourth and Fifty sixth Years of His present Majesty, for regulating the Trade in Spices between Great Britain and India respectively. 910
76. An Act to establish further Regulations respecting Advances by the Bank of England for the Public Service, and the Purchase of Government Securities by the said Bank. 911
77. An Act to continue, until the Twenty fourth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twenty six, an Act for amending the Laws relating to the Allowance of the Executors on *Richards* exposed. 912
78. An Act for transferring the Duty of the Superintendent of the Revenue General's Receipts and Payments to the Comptroller General of the Customs in England. *Ibid.*
79. An Act to continue, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty, Two Acts of the Forty fifth and Fiftyth Years of His present Majesty, allowing the bringing of Coals, Coln and Orders to London and *Windsor* by Island Navigation. *Ibid.*
80. An Act concerning Common Recoveries to be suffered by Attorney in Courts of Ancient Decrees; and to explain an Act of His present Majesty, relating to the Sale or mortgaging of Estates of Lunatics. 913
81. An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for appointing Commissioners to enquire concerning Charities in England for the Education of the Poor; and

- to extend the Powers thereof to other Churches in *England* and *Wales*; to continue in force until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament. *Page 943*
84. An Act to amend an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, for enabling the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland* to purchase Privileges for vending Docks, Warehouses and Offices in *Dublin*. *943*
85. An Act to grant Duties of Customs and to allow Draw-backs on certain Goods, Wines and Merchandises imported into and exported from *Ireland*, in lieu of former Duties and Draw-backs on the like Articles; and to make further Regulations for levying the Duties of Customs in *Ireland*. *945*
86. An Act to amend the Laws for making, repairing and improving the Roads and other Public Works in *Ireland*, by Grand Jury Presentments, and for a more effectual Investigation of such Presentments, and for further securing a true, full and faithful Account of all Moneys levied under same. *946*
87. An Act to amend and correct an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for the Regulation of Parish Vestries in *England*. *948*
88. An Act for regulating the Exercise of the Right of Common of Pasture in the *New Forest*, in the County of *Hampshire*; for repealing certain Parts of Two Acts passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth and the Fifty second Years of His present Majesty; and for the better Collection and Recovery of the Gale Rents in the Forest of *Dean*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *949*
89. An Act to amend an Act of His Majesty certain Duties of Excise in *Ireland* on Malt. *949*
90. An Act to repeal the several Excise Duties upon Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, contained by an Act of the present Session of Parliament, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, for the Service of the Year ending the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and twenty. *949*
91. An Act to continue, until the Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, an Act made in the Fifty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for suspending a Part of the Duties on Spirits or Made Wines. *949*
92. An Act for the Prevention of Frauds in the Duties on Soap, for preserving the Books or Papers called *Specimens*, left by Officers of Excise on the Premises of Traders; and for requiring more Speedy Payment of the Excise Duties on Printed Calicoes. *Ibid.*
93. An Act for giving additional Facilities in Applications to Courts of Equity, regarding the Management of Estates or Funds belonging to Charities. *950*
94. An Act to enable Justices of the Peace in *Ireland* to act as such, in certain Cases, out of the Limits of the Counties in which they actually act; to make Provision for the Execution of Warrants of Distress granted by them; and to authorize them to impose Fines upon Constables and other Officers for Neglect of Duty, and on Masters the Ill Usage of their Apprentices. *951*
95. An Act to continue for One Year, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, to make Provision for securing the Profits of the Office of Clerk of the Peace of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*. *953*
96. An Act to explain and amend Two Acts, passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty, concerning the Disposition of certain Real and Personal Property of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors. *Page 953*
97. An Act for confirming ancient Separations of Towns Corporate from Parishes, in regard to the Maintenance of the Poor. *955*
98. An Act to facilitate the Trials of Felonies committed on Stage Coaches and Stage Waggon, and other such Carriages; and of Felonies committed on the Boardwalks of Counties. *Ibid.*
99. An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reigne, entitled *An Act for the more speedy Trial of Offences committed in distant Parts upon the Sea, to the Trial of Offences committed in Africa against the Laws for abolishing the Slave Trade*. *956*
100. An Act to limit the Continuance of the Operation of the several Acts for imposing Fines upon Townlands and Places in *Ireland*, in respect of Offences relating to the unlawful Distillation of Spirits; and to amend the said Acts; and to provide for the more effectual Prevention or Suppression of such Offences. *957*
101. An Act to continue, until the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the Restrictions on Payments in Cash by the Bank of *Ireland*, and to direct the gradual Redemption of Cash Payments by the said Bank. *958*
102. An Act to amend an Act of the Fifth Year of the Reigne of His present Majesty, relating to Prisons in *Ireland*. *959*
103. An Act to enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty, relative to the Transportation of Offenders, to continue until the First Day of *May* One thousand eight hundred and twenty six. *959*
104. An Act for further regulating the Appointment of Gamekeepers in *Wales*. *Ibid.*
105. An Act to repeal in each of Two Acts to require certain Accounts to be laid before Parliament; and to amend an Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His present Majesty, relative to laying an Account before Parliament. *960*
106. An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and twenty, certain Laws of Excise, with regard to Crown Glass and Plate and Plate Glass; and to alter certain Laws with regard to Tides Glass. *961*
107. An Act for granting to His Majesty an additional countervailing Duty on Spirits extracted in *England* or *Ireland* respectively, and imported into *Ireland*; and for repealing the additional Duty on Licences taken out by Retailers of Spirits in *Great Britain*; and for exempting from all countervailing Duties the Leather and Glass of Carriages brought by Parcel for private Use from *Ireland* into *Great Britain*, or from *Great Britain* into *Ireland*. *960*
108. An Act to amend the several Acts for securing the Payment of the Duties of Excise upon certain Licences, and regulating the issuing of such Licences; and for securing the Duties upon Spirits distilled by licensed Distillers in *Ireland*. *960*
109. An Act to consolidate and amend several Acts for regulating the granting of Permits and Certificates for the Conveyance and Protection of certain Goods in *Ireland*. *960*
110. An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Post Office and Conveyance of Letters in *Ireland*. *965*
111. An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Post Office and Conveyance of Letters in *Ireland*. *965*

1209. An Act for the further Encouragement and Improvement of the *Irish Fisheries*. Page 985
1210. An Act to remove Doubts respecting the Dues payable to the *Luxury Company*. 993
1211. An Act to repeal in much of an Act, passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, as relates to the Postage and Conveyance of Letters to and from the Cape of Good Hope, Ceylon, the Mauritius, and the East Indies, and to make other Regulations respecting the Postage of such Letters and Packets, and other Letters and Packets sent by the Post. 1004
1212. An Act to grant, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, an additional Bounty on the Exportation of certain Silk Manufactures of Great Britain. 1007
1213. An Act for continuing the Privileges allowed to Ships employed in the Southern Whale Fishery. *Id.*
1214. An Act to stay Proceedings against any Governor or other Person concerned in imposing and levying Duties in New South Wales; to continue, until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, certain Duties; and to empower the said Governor to levy a Duty on Spirits made in the said Colony. 1008
1215. An Act to repeal the Duties and Drawbacks of Exports on Plates or Sheets of Plate Glass, and to impose other Duties and allow other Drawbacks in lieu thereof. 1007
1216. An Act to defray the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and Contingent Expenses of the Disembodied Militia in Great Britain; and for granting Allowances to certain Officers in Subaltern Offices, Adjutants, Quartermasters, Surgeons, Surgeons Major and Serjeant Majors of Militia, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty. 1009
1217. An Act for defraying, until the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland; and for making Allowances to Officers and Quartermasters of the said Militia during Peace. 1010
1218. An Act to give Relief in certain Cases of Adulteration of Taxes in Great Britain, and in Persons corresponding for their Adulterated Taxes in Ireland, from an Annual Allowance for Three Years, from the Sixth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty. 1012
1219. An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of His Majesty King George the Second, for the Encouragement of Seamen employed in the Royal Navy, as it relates to certain Allowances to Navy Agents. 1015
1220. An Act for establishing a Registry of Colonial Slaves in Great Britain, and for making further Provision with respect to the Removal of Slaves from British Colonies. 1018
1221. An Act to make further Regulations for the Prevention of Smuggling. 1019
1222. An Act to permit Vessels under a certain Tonnage to trade between the United Kingdom and New South Wales. 1023
1223. An Act to empower the Officers of the Customs in Great Britain to allow Reports of Vessels' Cargoes to be amended; to require Goods which have been warehoused without Payment of Duties, or being prohibited, warehoused for Exportation, to be put on board Vessels by Persons licensed for that Purpose; to direct that Cognac and Brandy shall be required for Sale and Storage carried on board; and to empower Officers of the Customs to administer Oaths. 1024
1224. An Act for amending an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for regulating the Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Plantations and Settlements Abroad, or to Foreign Ports, with respect to the Number of such Passengers, and for making further Provision for that Purpose. Page 1026
1225. An Act to admit certain Goods imported from the East Indies to Entry and Payment of Duty without being warehoused; and to permit the Exportation of certain East India Goods to Germany and Italy, and the Removal of certain East India Goods to Liverpool, Lancaster, Bristol and Glasgow, for Exportation. *Id.*
1226. An Act for requiring the like Proof, to obtain Drawback of Duty on Coals used or consumed in calcining or smelting Tin, Copper or Lead Ores in the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, as is required on Coals used in Mines of Tin, Copper or Lead, in the said Counties. 1027
1227. An Act for making Provision for the better Care of Pauper Lunatics in England. 1028
1228. An Act for the further Protection and Encouragement of Friendly Societies, and for preventing Frauds and Abuses therein. 1029
1229. An Act to continue in force, until the Expiration of Three Calendar Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, Three Acts of His present Majesty, for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in England. 1032
1230. An Act to continue the several Acts for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in Ireland, until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty. *Id.*
1231. An Act for raising the Sum of Sixteen millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. *Id.*
1232. An Act for raising the Sum of Two Millions Sixty thousand Pounds, by Treasury Bills for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. *Id.*
1233. An Act for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. 1033
1234. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for building and promoting the building of additional Churches in populous Parishes. 1039
1235. An Act to repeal Two Acts, made in the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for maintaining and keeping in repair certain Roads and Bridges in Scotland; to provide more effectually for that Purpose; and for Regulation of Ferries in Scotland. 1047
1236. An Act for the better Regulation of the General Penitentiary for Convicts in Scotland. 1054
1237. An Act to enable the Directors of the Poor of the several Parishes within the City of Worcester, and of the Parishes adjoined therewith, to sell and dispose of certain Lands, discharged of all Claims of the Crown in respect of any Forfeiture incurred under the Statute of Mortmain. 1057
1238. An Act for appointing Commissioners for carrying into execution an Act of this Session of Parliament, for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Professions and Offices in England; and an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty eight. *Id.*

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

DECLARED PUBLIC,

AND TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED.

1. **A** N Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts of His late and present Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Roads therein respectively mentioned and described, in the County of York; to wit, in the said Acts relate to the Road leading from the South-west Corner of the Inclosures of Harrogate, through *Kearnsburgh, to Boroughbridge.* Page 1039

2. An Act for lighting with Gas the City of Bristol, and certain Parishes adjacent thereto. Ibid.

3. An Act for regulating the Police of the Borough of Gates and Village and Lands of Aisle End, in the County of Lancashire; paving, cleansing and lighting the Streets and Passages of the said District; and for erecting a Court House, Gaol, and a Bridewell or Workhouse therein. Ibid.

4. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts passed in the Eighteenth and Thirty-eighth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, for repairing several Roads leading from the Town of Malton *Malton, in the County of York, and other Roads communicating therewith, in the Counties of Somerset and Dorset.* Ibid.

5. An Act to incorporate for a further Term the Governor and Company of the Bristol Plate Glass Manufactory. Ibid.

6. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing certain Roads therein mentioned, to wit, in relation to the Road leading from Chappell Bar, near Nottingham, to St. Mary's Bridge in Derby, and from the Guild Path, in the Parish of Looe, to Looe Bay Ferry. Ibid.

7. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Gable Farm, near Bagby, in the County of Surrey, to Horsfordbridge Hill, and from thence to Bagbyfield and Gableton, and from Gableton to the Great Western Road in Bagby Heath in the County of Southampton; and also from Gableton afforded to a Place called the Red Sea, in the Parish of Swanborough, in the County of Wilts, in the Turnpike Road leading from the Town of Reading, in the County of Berks, to Bagbyfield churchfield. Ibid.

8. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts, for repairing the Road from Fryer Bower's Study to Chiswick Pond, and other Roads in the County of Berks, to wit, in relation to the Road called *The Abingdon Dyke.* Ibid.

9. An Act for abolishing the Payment of certain Tolls called *Sapeas and Outpays*, collected at the several Entrances into the Town of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, and of certain Tolls and Stollage now payable in the Markets and Fairs there, and for granting other Tolls and Stollage in lieu thereof, and for the better Regulation of the said Markets and Fairs. Ibid.

10. An Act for more effectually making, brightening, repairing and improving the Road from near the Town of Lewes to Poling, in the Parish of Hailsham, and from thence to Easthrope, and from Poling to Hailsham Common, in the County of Sussex. Ibid.

11. An Act for altering, amending and extending the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifty-sixth Year of His pre-

sent Majesty, for repairing and altering the Parish Church of Saint George the Martyr, in the County of Middlesex, and for making further Provision for the Rectory of the said Parish, and for improving the Church Yard thereof. Page 1040

12. An Act for continuing and amending Three Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Highley to Malpas, in the West Riding of the County of York. Ibid.

13. An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from or from near the City of Cork, to the Salween River, at or near *Fisher's Cross*, in the Parish of *Bromley*, in the County of Cumberland. Ibid.

14. An Act to enable the Justices of Peace for the County of Devon to take down the perfect County Bridge over the River Ux, and to build Two new Bridges over the Rivers *Exe* and *Ux* in Devon. Ibid.

15. An Act for raising a further Sum of Money, by Assessment or otherwise, for the purpose of erecting a Workhouse for the Use of the Poor of the Parish of Saint John of Wapping, in the County of Middlesex. Ibid.

16. An Act to enlarge the Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing and lighting the Streets and other public Places within the King's Town of *Marblehead*, in the County of Kent, and better supplying the Inhabitants with Water; and for watching the said Town, and making public Wharfs therein. Ibid.

17. An Act for lighting with Gas the Town and Parish of Chesham and Provicie thereof, in the County of Gloucester. Ibid.

18. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Toll House Road, in the Township of *Irby*, in the County of Lancashire, to *Kirkby Lonsdale* and *Kirkby Rendel*, in the County of *Westmorland*, and through *Kirkby Lonsdale* to *Malpas* in the said County. Ibid.

19. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from a Place called *Marine's Corner*, in the Town of *Walsingham*, in the County of *Northampton*, to the East End of *Alington Street*, in the Town of *Northampton*. Ibid.

20. An Act to alter and enlarge the Powers of *The Gas Light and Coke Company*, and to amend Three Acts of His present Majesty relating to the said Company. Ibid.

21. An Act for lighting, watching and cleansing *Long Lane*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey*, in the County of *Surrey*, and the Streets, Lanes, Passages and Places contiguous or adjoining thereto within the same Parish. Ibid.

22. An Act for providing that the several Highways within the Parish of *Marblehead*, in the County Palatine of *Lancashire*, shall be repaired by the Inhabitants of the respective Townships within which the same are situate. Ibid.

23. An Act for suppressing certain Streets and Places within and adjacent to the Parish of *Saint James, Westminster*, in the County of *Middlesex*, called *Optional Streets*, to the same Rates for paving, cleansing and lighting as the other Streets and Places within the said Parish; and

- for showing, so far as relates to the said Parish, certain Acts for paving, cleaning and lighting the Streets and other Places within the City and Liberty of Walsingham and Parts adjacent. *Page 1061*
1207. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His most Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Manbury* *Windsor Bridge*, and from *Norwich* *Grave* to *Portsmouth Bridge*, all in the County of *Huntingdon*. *Ibid.*
1208. An Act for repairing the Road from *Stoke's Lane* in *Barry*, in the County of *Shropshire*, to a Heale formerly called *The Spread Eagle* in the Hamlet of *Ironton*, in the Parish of *Stapleford*, in the County of *Bedford*. *Ibid.*
1209. An Act for further continuing, until the First Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and twenty six, and from thence to the End of the next Session of Parliament, the Powers granted by an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His most Majesty, for making the Commissioners acting in execution of an Agreement made between the *East India Company* and the private Creditors of the *Nabob of the Carnatic*, the better to carry the same into effect. *Ibid.*
1210. An Act to alter and amend Two Acts of His most Majesty's Beign, for making further Provision for certain Officers of the High Court of Chancery. *Ibid.*
1211. An Act for establishing an *Assize Office* in the City of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
1212. An Act for altering and amending an Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the *Lifford Road* near the City of *Edinburgh*, to join the *Forth* and *Glack Navigation* near *Falkirk*, in the County of *Midlothian*. *Ibid.*
1213. An Act for improving the Light-house on the Isle of *Jeaphy*, belonging to the Trustees of the *Liverpool Dock*, and for further amending the Acts relating to the Docks and Harbour of *Liverpool*. *Ibid.*
1214. An Act to enable the Commissioners for improving the Harbour of *New Sweden*, in the County of *Essex*, to sell more Money for completing the said Harbour and the Works thereto belonging. *Ibid.*
1215. An Act for supplying with Water the Town of *Sarsley*, and a certain Part of the Township of *Stokeham Ewre*, both in the Parish of *Whalley*, in the County Palace of *Leicester*. *Ibid.*
1216. An Act to alter and amend an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His most Majesty, for erecting and maintaining a New Court House and other Offices for the City and County of *Abertree*, and for providing and maintaining an additional Gaol for the said City and County, and for other purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
1217. An Act for paving, lighting, watching and improving the Town of *Sarsley*, in the County Palace of *Leicester*. *Ibid.*
1218. An Act for building a new Church in the Parish of *Saint Luke, Chichester*, in the County of *Wiltshire*, and for other purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
1219. An Act for repairing and enlarging the Church of the Parish of *Stokeham*, in the County of *Surrey*, and providing an additional Burial Ground thereto. *Ibid.*
1220. An Act for delaying the Expenses incurred in taking down, rebuilding and enlarging the Chapel of *Saint Aibin*, in the Parish of *Surrey*, in the County Palace of *Dorset*. *Ibid.*
1221. An Act for building a Chapel of Ease in the Parish of *Stokeham*, in the County of *Dorset*. *Ibid.*
1222. An Act for establishing a School Vestry in the Parish of *Saint Peter*, in the County of *Wiltshire*, and for other purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
12. An Act for lighting the City of *Cardiff*, and the Suburbs thereof, with Gas. *Page 1070*
13. An Act for amending and keeping in Repair the Road from *Stokeham* to the Town of *Northampton*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
14. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His most Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from the City of *Gloucester* to the Town of *Stroud*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
15. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts of the Reign of His late and present Majesty, for amending several Roads therein mentioned, so far as relates to the Road from *Wrexham* in the County of *Denbigh*, to *Prester Bridge* in the County of *Shropshire*; and for making a new Branch of Road from the said Road to a Place near *Abercrombie* in *Wales*, in the said County of *Shropshire*. *Ibid.*
16. An Act for repairing and improving the *Treadwell Bridge* Roads in the Counties of *Wiltshire* and *Somerset*. *Ibid.*
17. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *Bridford Burn*, in the Parish of *Crayke*, in the County of *York*, to the Road leading from *Kingthorpe* to *Stokeham*, in the County of *Yorkshire*. *Ibid.*
18. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His most Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Engleham Bridge*, in the County of *Worcester*, to *Worcester*, in the County of *Warwick*. *Ibid.*
19. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His most Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Killbuck Bridge*, in the County of *Midlothian*, to *Spaworth's House*, in the County of *Berwick*. *Ibid.*
20. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from the *Top of Marston Hill*, near the City of *New Sarum*, through *Blindfold* and *Dorchester*, to *Affordwell Hill*; and from *Marston Hill* *Abendish*, to a Heale called *Major Baker's Farmstead*, in the Counties of *Wiltshire* and *Dorset*. *Ibid.*
21. An Act for repairing the Road from *Stratford* in the County of *Worcester* to *Birmingham* in the County of *Warwick*. *Ibid.*
22. An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His most Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Stokeham* to *Condon* and *Dorchester*, and other Roads in the said Act mentioned, in the County of *Salop*. *Ibid.*
23. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *Chichester* to *Whalley*, and from thence to *Bridford* and *Stokeham*, in the County Palace of *Leicester*, and for making a Branch of Road between *Marston* and *Whalley*. *Ibid.*
24. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Somerset* and *Dorset*, going through or near the Town of *Tewkesbury*; and for repairing the Road from *Blindfold Bridge* to *Marston Hill*, in the said County of *Somerset*. *Ibid.*
25. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts, for repairing the Road from *Dorchester* to *Salisbury*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
26. An Act for amending and continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His most Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Stratford upon Avon* to *Edgill* in the County of *Warwick*. *Ibid.*
27. An Act for improving the Harbour of *Beck*, in the County of *Gloucestershire*; and for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the said Harbour of *Beck* to or

near the Village of Thoresby, in the County of Devon, and along Branches therefrom, all in the said Counties of Cornwall and Devon. *Stat.* Page 1072

lvi. An Act for more effectually maintaining and amending the Road from *Croftford Bridge* to the Town of *Macclesfield*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. *Stat.*

lvii. An Act for more effectually making and maintaining certain Turnpike Roads in the County of *Essex*; and for more effectually converting into Money the Statute Labour in the said County, for repairing the Highways and Bridges therein. *Stat.*

lviii. An Act for more effectually making, amending and maintaining certain Roads and Bridges in the Counties of *Dorset* and *Devon*, and Liberties of *Barnstaple* upon *Towed*; for repairing and maintaining certain other Roads therein mentioned; and for improving the Entrance to the Town of *Barnstaple* upon *Towed*. *Stat.*

lix. An Act for continuing, altering and enlarging the Terms and Powers of several Acts for making and maintaining certain Roads in the Counties of *Lancaster*, *Ayr* and *Renfrew*, and building a Bridge over the River *Clyde* at *Dalmarnock*, and for making and maintaining a Road from the Confines of the County of *Ayr* towards *Sanquhar*, in the County of *Dumfries*. 1072

lx. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty for repairing the Roads leading into the City of *Hereford*, and several Roads communicating therewith; for transferring the Road from *Worcester* Tangy to *Harward*, from the *Medley* to the *Hereford* Drinkell, and for making a new Road from the *Tyft* Road, in the Parish of *Stowland*, to the Confines of the Parish of *Genover*, in the County of *Hereford*, as a Third District. *Stat.*

lxi. An Act for making further Use of Money for building and supporting the *Alms* Hospital and County of *Dublin* Infirmary. *Stat.*

lxii. An Act for amending several Acts of His present Majesty, relating to the *Greenway* Canal Navigation. *Stat.*

lxiii. An Act for repairing and altering, and taking down and rebuilding, certain Parts of the Parish Church of *Saint John the Baptist*, *Parish*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Stat.*

lxiv. An Act to alter and amend the several Acts passed for making and maintaining the *Lancaster* Canal Navigation. *Stat.*

lxv. An Act for taking down and rebuilding the Parish Church of *Blidworth*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*; and for providing additional Burial Ground, and for equalizing the Church Rates in the said Parish, and other purposes. *Stat.*

lxvi. An Act for altering and amending the several Acts passed for making a Canal from the *Grand Junction* Canal, in the Parish of *Piddington*, to the River *Thames*, in the Parish of *Lancashire*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Stat.*

lxvii. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for supplying the City and Suburbs of Glasgow with Water*. *Stat.*

lxviii. An Act for better supplying the Town of *Birmingham*, in the County of *Warwick*, with Gas. *Stat.*

lxix. An Act for enabling the Governor and Guardians of the Poor of the City of *Glasgow* to light the said City with Gas, and to enter into the necessary Contracts for that Purpose. *Stat.*

lxx. An Act to provide for the Election of Trustees of the *Royal Exchange*, *Dublin*. *Stat.*

lxxi. An Act for paving, lighting, watching, cleansing, re-

gulating and improving the Borough of *Newcastle under Lyme*. *Stat.* Page 1073

lxxii. An Act for altering and amending an Act of the Fifty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for paving, lighting and cleansing the City of *Paris*, and for maintaining Police and good Order within the said City. 1073

lxxiii. An Act for better paving, cleansing and lighting the Parishes of *Saint Oliver* in the Fields and *Saint George* *Shamberg*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for settling the sole Management thereof in the Vestrymen of the said Parishes, and a Committee of the Inhabitants thereof. *Stat.*

lxxiv. An Act for paving, lighting, cleansing and otherwise improving the Town of *Saint Neas*, in the County of *Nottingham*. *Stat.*

lxxv. An Act for paving and otherwise improving the Town of *Roughford*, in the Liberty of *Hawking* upon *Donner*, in the County of *Essex*. *Stat.*

lxxvi. An Act for draining, preferring from Water, and improving certain low Lands and Grounds, lying in the several Parishes of *Congregbury*, *Paston*, *Waglambe*, *Donwell*, *Churchill*, *Knappole*, *West East Lawrence*, and *Yatton*, in the County of *Somerset*. *Stat.*

lxxvii. An Act to extend and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty for draining, enclosing and improving the Lands called *Barrogh* *Fin* Common, and the *Four Hundred Acre* Common, in the County of *Northampton*, and for forming the same into a Parish, to be called *Wimborough*, and for building and endowing a Church for each Parish. *Stat.*

lxxviii. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for draining and preserving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds lying in the South Level, Part of the Great Level of the Fens called *Bedford Level*, and in the County of *Cambridge*, between the River *Cam* otherwise Great, Well; and the Hardlands of *Bennington*, *Southam* *Bedford*, and *Southam* *Bedford*, East; and for other purposes therein mentioned. *Stat.*

lxxix. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for improving the Drainage of the *Middle* and *South Level*, Part of the Great Level of the Fens called *Bedford Level*, and other Lands therein mentioned; and for improving the Navigation of the River *Ouse*, in the County of *Northampton*, and of the several Rivers communicating therewith. *Stat.*

lxxx. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from *Bradford* to *Walsfield*, in the Well Riding of the County of *York*. *Stat.*

lxxxi. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road to branch off from the Great North Road at the South End of *Bartholomew* through *Peatfield*, and from thence to a certain Place called *Twinn* *Gate*, all in the Well Riding of the County of *York*. *Stat.*

lxxxii. An Act for continuing and amending Three Acts of His late and present Majesty for repairing several Roads leading from the Town of *Exeter*, in the County of *Devon*, and for repairing several other Roads in the said County, communicating with the Roads comprised in the said Acts. *Stat.*

lxxxiii. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Northborough*, to the said Turnpike Road at or near *Gate*, in the Parish of *Lidington*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Stat.*

lxxxiv. An Act to continue and amend Three Acts for repairing the Roads from *Fyfe* *Beck* *Stony* to *Clifton* *Ford*, and from the Top of *Widley* *Hill* to *Peasemore* *Hill* *Gate*, in the Road leading to *Peasemore*, in the County of *Berk*, in so far as relates to the Oxford District of the said Roads. *Stat.*

1848. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from *Rescure* to *Northwich*, in the County of *Palatine of Cheshire*. Page 1074

1849. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from *Stretford* to *Procter Brookfield*, to *Stretford* and to *Stretford*, and other Roads in the County of *Salop*. *Ibid.*

1850. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the *Tusford* and *Sally Turnpike Road* at *Gifford Millers*, in the Parish of *St. Andrew*, in the County of *Stafford*, to *Park Lane*, communicating with the *Campania* and *Leek Turnpike Road*, near *St. Andrew's Bridge* in the County of *Cheshire*, with a Branch to the said *Tusford* and *Sally Turnpike Road* at *Leek Lane*, in the said Parish of *St. Andrew*. *Ibid.*

1851. An Act for repairing, widening, improving and maintaining in Repair the several Roads leading to and from the Town of *Brighthelm*, and for making a new Line of Road to communicate with the same. *Ibid.*

1852. An Act for repairing and improving several Roads leading to and from the Town of *Brighthelm*, in the County of *Wiltshire*; and for maintaining a Bridge over the River *Avon*, in *Brighthelm*, in the said County. *Ibid.*

1853. An Act for altering and amending Two Acts, passed in the Fifty sixth and Fifty eighth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for improving the Road from the City of *Gloucester* to the City of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*

1854. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Radford* to *Perthshire*, in the County of *Tork*. *Ibid.*

1855. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts relating to the Road from the Town of *Leeds*, through *Harrogate*, to the South West Corner of the Inclosures of *Harrogate*, in the West Riding of the County of *Tork*. *Ibid.*

1856. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Road from *Radcliffe Lane End*, in the Village of *Hyewood*, to a Place called the *Land's End* in *Frymouth*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. *Ibid.*

1857. An Act for amending the Road from *Tisbury* to *Rush Dyot*, in the West Riding of the County of *Tork*. 1075

1858. An Act for repairing, widening and improving the several Roads round the City of *Brighthelm*, and for making certain new Lines of Road to communicate with the same. *Ibid.*

1859. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Perthshire*, *Stafford* and *Salop*, in so far as relate to the Road leading from *Pudmore* to *Sally Hall*, and other Roads therein mentioned; and for repairing another Road in the said Counties of *Stafford* and *Salop*, as one of them. *Ibid.*

1860. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Town of *Yarmouth* to the Town of *Aylford*, in the County of *Kent*; and for making a new Branch of Road therefrom, to communicate with the Town of *St. Andrew*, in the said County. *Ibid.*

1861. An Act for further continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Seventeenth Year and Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for repairing and widening several Roads leading to, through and from the Towns of *Sal* and *Disbury*, in the County of *Merioneth*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Merioneth*, *Denbigh* and *Salop*; and for re-

pairing several other Roads in the Counties of *Merioneth* and *Denbigh*. Page 1075

1862. An Act for continuing and amending Three Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Stretford's Lane* in *Great Stretford*, in the County of *Northampton*, to the Way Post near *Wellington Bridge*, in the County of *Northampton*, and from the *Forest* in the *Kiln* *Stretford*, to the Way Post near *Brington Bridge*, in the said County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*

1863. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Road from the North East Corner of *St. Andrew's Church* in *St. Andrew*, in the County of *Stafford*, through *Wellington Bridge* to *Wantage*, and from thence to *Perthshire* in the County of *Salop*. *Ibid.*

1864. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Seventeenth and Thirty sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Stretford's Lane*, and also the Road branching out of the Lane in *Stretford's Lane*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*

1865. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty's Reign, for amending the Road leading from *Perthshire* to *Harrogate* in the said County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid.*

1866. An Act to alter and amend an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for improving the Harbour of *Dundee*, in the County of *Perth*. *Ibid.*

1867. An Act for giving further Powers to the Company of Proprietors of the *Perthshire* and *Amund Navigation*, and to the Company of Proprietors of the *Wye and Aron Navigation* Canal, and to confirm an Agreement entered into between the said Companies. 1076

1868. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Canal Navigation from *Leeds* to *Liverpool*, to make a Navigable Cut, and also a Collateral Branch or Railway, from their said Canal at *St. Andrew's Bridge* near *Wigan*, to join the Duke of *Bedfordshire's* Canal at *Leigh*, all in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*; and to amend the several Acts relating to the said *Leeds* and *Liverpool* Canal, and an Act for making the *Radcliffe Canal*, in so far as relates to certain Powers therein given to the late Duke of *Bedfordshire*. *Ibid.*

1869. An Act to explain and amend an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing an Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Improvement of the River *Wye*, and Port and Haven of *Swansea*, in the County Palatine of *Denbigh*; and for the more effectual Privileges and further Improvement of the same River, Port and Haven. *Ibid.*

1870. An Act to establish a Company for lighting the Borough of *Northwich* under *Lane* with Gas. *Ibid.*

1871. An Act to repeal Part of an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Streets, and otherwise regulating the Police of the Town of *Dunfermline*. *Ibid.*

1872. An Act for more effectually improving and repairing the Road leading from the City of *Dublin*, to *Norwich*, in the County of *Monk*. *Ibid.*

1873. An Act for making and maintaining certain Turnpike Roads within the County of *Dunfermline*, and other Highways, Bridges and Ferries thereon; and for more effectually converting into Money the Statute Labour in the said County. *Ibid.*

1874. An Act to vary and alter certain Acts of His present Majesty, relating to the *Grand Junction Canal*, the *Grand Junction Water Works*, and the *Regent's Canal*, in order to effect an Exchange of Water, for the better Supply of the

The TITLES of the STATUTES,

- the *Royal's Good Navigation and Good Justice Water Works*. Page 1076
- ccii. An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, respecting the Application of certain Surplus Monies paid for amending, repairing and sealing Woolen Cloth, in the West Riding of the County of York. *Ibid.*
- cciii. An Act for erecting, improving, regulating and maintaining Fences and Palings round the River Tye, in the Counties of *Essex* and *Essex*. *Ibid.*
- cciv. An Act for repairing and improving, or rebuilding the Church at *Barnby*, in the West Riding of the County of York, and for improving and enlarging the Church Yard and burial Grounds thereof. *Ibid.*
- ccv. An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Turnpike Road from *Gravelly*, in the Parish of *St. Andrew*, in the County of *Derby*, to communicate with the Princes of War on the Fench of *Derby*, in the Parish of *Lydford*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
- ccvi. An Act for more effectually supplying the City of *Edinburgh* and Places adjacent with Water. 1077
- ccvii. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Gravelly Water Works* to improve their Works. *Ibid.*
- ccviii. An Act for paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Town of *Harwich*, in the County of *Essex*, and supplying the same with Water. *Ibid.*
- ccix. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for amending and rendering more effectual several Acts for paving, cleansing and lighting the Squares, Streets, Lanes and other Places in the City and Liberties of *Windsor*, and Parts adjacent; and for putting certain Streets therein mentioned, commonly called *Openway Streets*, under the Management of Parochial Commissioners, subject to the Control of Commissioners; and for other Purposes, as far as the same relate to a Street and Pallage, called *Ballers* and *Middle Row*, in the Parish of *St. Andrew* *Barbers* above the *Bar*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- ccx. An Act for paving, cleansing, lighting, watching, watering, planting and otherwise improving *Edwards Square*, *Earl's Terrace*, *Leeward Place*, *Edwards Place*, *Kingsington Place East*, and *Kingsington Place West*, in the Pa-

- rish of *St. Mary Abbot's*, *Kingsington*, in the County of *Middlesex*. Page 1077
- ccxi. An Act to repeal so much of an Act of the Fourth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing certain Roads in the County of *Gloucester*, as relates to the *Post Road* and *13th Division of Road*, and for granting other Powers in this behalf, and for making a new Branch of Road from the said *13th Division*. *Ibid.*
- ccxii. An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty's Fifth Year, for repairing the Road from the *Gravelly Post* to the Village of *Killeshay*, in the County of *Essex*, through *Killeshay*, to the End of the Mileway in the City of *Oxford*. *Ibid.*
- ccxiii. An Act for making and maintaining several Roads in the Counties of *Essex* and *Essex*. *Ibid.*
- ccxiv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act passed in the Thirtieth fourth Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads leading from the Town of *Tringbury* in the County of *Gloucester*, and other Roads therein mentioned, so far as such Act relates to the Road from *Stung Cray* in the Parish of *Chalfont*, to *Ston* on the *Wald*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
- ccxv. An Act for authorizing the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy to establish a Market at the Town of *Penryn* in the County of *Devon*, and to make Regulations for the paving, lighting, cleansing and good Order of the said Town. *Ibid.*
- ccxvi. An Act to rebuild *Windsor Bridge*, in the Borough of *New Windsor*, in the County of *Berk*; and to improve the *Amusements* therein. *Ibid.*
- ccxvii. An Act to alter and amend an Act made in the Fifth Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to repeal the Acts now in force relating to Bread to be sold in the City of London, and the Liberties thereof, and within the Weekly Bells of Mortality, and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange; and to prevent the Adulteration of Meat, Flour and Bread, and to regulate the Weights of Bread within the same Limits*. 1078
- ccxviii. An Act for amending and keeping in repair the Mail Coach Road leading from *Banbury* in the County of *Derby*, to *Bell* in the County of *Devon*. *Ibid.*

PRIVATE ACTS,

PRINTED BY THE KING'S PRINTER,

AND WHEREOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE.

1. An Act for inclosing certain Lands in the Parish of *St. Mary*, in the County of *Gloucester*. Page 1079
2. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Eden* and *Adelston*, in the Parishes of *Lydford* and *Adelston*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
3. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Clare* and *Minden*, in the County of *Essex*. *Ibid.*
4. An Act for facilitating Partitions of the Estates of *Charles* *Abdullah* *Abdullah* *Whit*, the Honourable *Perd* *Whit* and *Maria* his Wife, and *Harriet* *Abdullah* *Spencer*, whose Partitions have been decreed so to be made by His Majesty's High Court of Chancery. *Ibid.*
5. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Tithing of *Ballers*, in the Parish of *St. Paul*, *Maryburg*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Ibid.*
6. An Act to enable the Curate and Parson of the Curacy of the Parochial Chapel of the Chapelry of *Barnby*, in the County Palatine of *Leinster*, for the time being, to grant Leases of the Glebe Lands belonging to the said Curacy. Page 1079
7. An Act for selling a Moiety of a yearly Rent of Four hundred Pounds, discharged from certain Estates created therein, in Trust for *George* *Amelia* *Concetta* *St. Andrew*, as trust for Sale. *Ibid.*
8. An Act for selling certain Estates devised by the Will and Codicil of *Mary* *Spencer* *Widow*, deceased, in Trust, to be sold for the Purposes therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
9. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *St. Mary*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*

10. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Eglwysfa*, in the County of *Northampton*. Page 99 to 100
11. An Act to amend an Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Bridlington*, in the Manor of *Barden*, in the County of *Surry*; and to determine the Boundary of the Parish of *Bridlington*, and the adjoining Parishes, upon a certain Common called *Mitchem Common*, Part whereof is intended to be inclosed under the said Act. Id.
12. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parishes of *Marston* and *Musbury*, in the County of *Gloucester*. Id.
13. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Darlington*, and in the Tithing of *Knapton*, in the Parish of *Fyfeholme*, in the County of *Wicks*. Id.
14. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Eglwysfa*, *Rathbone*, *Weg*, *Rainham*, and *Baldington*, in the County of *North*. Id.
15. An Act for inclosing *Farington Mole*, and other Commons and Waste Grounds within the Manor and Township of *Farington*, in the Parish of *Forncroft*, in the County of *Salisbury*. Id.
16. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Penketh*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*, and for the Commutation of Tithes within the same Township. Id.
17. An Act for inclosing and leasing or letting certain Commons or Parcels of Waste Grounds, called *Oke Hill* and *Great Green*, within the Township of *Penketh* and *Stanton*, in the Parish of *Darby*, in the County of *Darby*; and for applying the Rents and Profits thereof in aid of the Poor Rate of the said Township. Id.
18. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Yelling*, in the County of *Northampton*, and for making a Compensation for the Tithes. Id.
19. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Stanton Long* and *Broughfield*, in the County of *Salop*. Id.
20. An Act to authorize the Sale of Lands letted for the perpetual Augmentation of the Cursey of *Merton*, in the County of *Salop*. Id.
21. An Act for enabling the Justices and Governors of the Poorhouses, Revenues and Goods of the Free Grammar School of *Johns Key*, within the Town of *Narrows* in the *Hill*, in the County of *Northampton*, to grant Building Leases of certain of the Grounds and Estates heretofore of the said *Johns Key*. 1081
22. An Act to enable the Dean and Chapter of *Horsford* to rebuild the Almshouses of *St. Catherine's* Hospital, in the Borough of *Leedsbury*, in the County of *Horsford*; and for the better Regulation of the Affairs of that Charity. Id.
23. An Act to enable the Dean and Chapter of *Horsford* to discharge certain Debts incurred in repairing the Cathedral Church of *Horsford*. Id.
24. An Act for empowering Trustees to sell certain Freehold and Copyhold Estates, devised by the Will of *John Broadbent* Esquire, and to lay out the Purchase Money arising from the Sale thereof in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled in Fee thereof, and to the same Uses. Id.
25. An Act for effecting an Exchange of certain Estates in the County of *Worcester*, in part devised by the Will of *Arthur Clarke* Esquire, and in part purchased under the Directions thereof, for certain other Estates in the Counties of *Worcester* and *Horsford*, belonging to *James Williams* Esquire. Id.
26. An Act for enabling *William Archer* Esquire, and other the Executors or Guardians for the time being of *Thomas Paine*, an Infant, to grant Building Leases of One Moiety

- of certain Freehold Lands called *Spice Moor*, in the Parish of *St. George*, in the County of *Northampton*. Page 100 to 101
27. An Act for selling certain Parts of the Lands and Rannery of *St. George*, comprised in a Dend of *Edward* under the Trustees of *David Somerset* Esquire, deceased, in Trustees, to sell the same, and apply the Purchase Money arising by such Sale in the Payment of the Last Tax due out of the said Estate, and certain other Residual Estates defendible to the Heirs taking under the said Dend; for purchasing and settling other Lands more conveniently situated; and for granting Power to sell certain Parts of the said Residual Estates. Id.
28. An Act to confirm the Title of the Most Noble *William Spencer* Duke of *Devonshire*, to the Manors of *Brinsford* and *Isleby*, and Estates in *Brinsford*, *Isleby* and *Scotchby*, in the County of *Lincoln*. Id.
29. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Winton cum Brough* and *Brough*, in the Parish of *Brough*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*. Id.
30. An Act for inclosing, and exchanging from Tithes, Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Thornes* in *Crofton*, in the County of *York*. Id.
31. An Act for inclosing *Abington Priory*, otherwise *Abington Park*, in the Parish of *Abington*, in the County of *Kent*. Id.
32. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Isington*, in the County of *Northampton*. 1082
33. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Northampton*, in the County of *Northampton*. Id.
34. An Act for selling certain Estates in the Counties of *Wicks*, *Warwick*, *Gloucester*, *Worcester* and *Dorset*, devised by the Will of *Thomas Edwards* Esquire, deceased, in Trustees, to be sold; and for laying out the Money arising from such Sale, in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled, in Fee thereof, in the same Uses. Id.
35. An Act for continuing and establishing Leases and Grants for Leases made by the Trustees and Executors of the Will of *Thomas Halsey* Esquire, deceased, of certain Parts of his Freehold, Copyhold and Leasehold Estates and Property, and for enabling them to make Leases and Grants for Leases of other Parts of the same Estates and Property, in manner therein mentioned. Id.
36. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wig Walsby*, in the County of *Northampton*. Id.
37. An Act for incorporating the Trustees of the Charities of *St. John's*, late of *St. John*, in the County of *Northampton*, Esquire, deceased, and for vesting in the said Trustees the Incorporated, Real and Personal Estates of the said *St. John's*, for the Support of the said Charities. Id.
38. An Act for selling the Residual Estates of *Laurence St. John* Esquire, in *Horsham* *Tisbury*, in the County of *Northampton*, in Trustees, to be sold, for paying off Incumbrances, and for purchasing other Estates with the Residue of the Purchase Money, to be settled to the same Uses. Id.
39. An Act to empower the Commissioners of *Thomas St. John* Esquire, a Lunatic, to grant Leases of Estates vested in him as Tenant in Tail Male; and for continuing certain Leases already granted by them. Id.
40. An Act to enable the Commissioners of the Estate of *Thomas St. John* Esquire to sign Contracts to Leases of Parts of the Glens belonging to the Vicarage of the Church of *Cambsford*, and for selling Part of the Glens in Trustees for Sale, for the Purposes therein mentioned. Id.
41. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Narrows* in *Salop*, in the County of *Salop*. Id.

42. An Act for selling the Estates devised by the Will of *Samuel Perceval Wilkes*, deceased, situate in the County of York, to Trustees, for Sale; and for conveying the Purchase Money to the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. *Page 1083*
43. An Act for selling in Freehold to the Right Honourable George Earl of *Albion*, or the Heir of Entail in Possession, certain Parts of the entailed Lands and Barony of *Frodober*, in the County of *Albion*, upon certain certain other Lands in the County of *Albion*, equivalent in Value thereto. *Ibid.*
44. An Act for selling the Manor of *Green*, and certain Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Households, in the County of *Suffolk*, Part of the Seized Estates by the Will of *Samuel East Elphinstone*, deceased, to Trustees, to be sold, and for selling the Money arising from such Sale to the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. *1083*
45. An Act for settling the rebuilding of *London Hay*, belonging to the See of *London*. *Page 1083*
46. An Act for selling certain Estates, devised by the Will of *Josiah Payer*, and now held in undivided Shares, to a Trustee, to be sold; and for investing the Purchase Money of the Shares of such of the Parties interested as are Infants, in the Purchase of other Estates, to be conveyed to them, according to their respective Rights and Interests, in lieu of such Shares. *1083*
47. An Act to empower the Trustees of the Will of the late *Peter Bernard Sargeant*, to grant Building Leases of Land devised by his last Will, situated in the Town and County of *Southampton*. *Ibid.*
48. An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for better regulating the Charity of *John Sloper of Master Warden*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
49. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Althorp*, in the County of *Lincoln*. *Ibid.*

PRIVATE ACTS,

NOT PRINTED.

50. AN Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Childen* and *Willingham*, in the County of *Suffolk*, and in the Parish of *Worthington*, in the County of *Southampton*. *[Power for Tithe.]*
51. An Act to authorize the Cutting and Sale of a limited Quantity of Timber off the Estates of The Right Honourable *John*, late Lord *Suffolk*, situated in the County of *Suffolk*, for Payment of his Debts, and for imposing certain Restrictions on the cutting of Timber off the same Estates so future Years.
52. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Romford*, and Parish of *Upminster*, in the County of *Essex*.
53. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Fogby* in the County of *Lincoln*. *[Relief's Allowance ringfenced.]*
54. An Act for dividing, allowing and inclosing certain Lands within the Parish of *Spilling Saint Nicholas otherwise Broad Spilling*, and *Uffington*, in the County of *Derby*.
55. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Abberthorpe*, in the County of *Worcester*.
56. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Tithings of *Hapton*, *Hapton Wick*, and *Morville*, in the Parish of *Radburne Church*, in the County of *Wilt*.
57. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Leighton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
58. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Over Whitton*, in the County of *Warwick*. *[Allowance to perpetual Curate in lieu of Great Tithe, and for Glide. Exemption from Great Tithe. Power of buying in perpetual Curate, with Consent of Bishop and Patron. Power for Mortgage.]*
59. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Saffry*, in the County of *Suffolk*.
60. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Camden*, in the County of *Lincoln*. *[Allowance to Relief for Glide and Common Right. Allowance for great and small Tithe. Allowance, and Money Payments in lieu of all Tithe. Glide and Tithe Allowance fixed. Tithe payable all Allowance made. Power to Relief to buy Allowance.]*
61. An Act for inclosing Lands, within the Manors of *Great Brougham* and *Little Brougham*, in the Parish of *Brighthelm*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*. *[Allowance to George Whitaker in lieu of Tithe of Corn, &c. Allowance to Peter of Brighthelm, in lieu of Pastoral Tithe. Power of buying and building in Vicar of Brighthelm.]*
62. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Township of *Griffiths*, in the Manor of *Five Towns with Longfield*, and in the Parish of *Brighthelm*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*. *[Allowance for Tithe of several Inclosures and Common.]*
63. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *John Tinsley* with *Caroline* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
64. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Richard Hafford* the Younger, Doctor, with *Sarah Turner Hafford* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
65. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *William Friedrich Thomas*, Clerk, with *Arabella Maria* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
66. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *John Chibrow*, Esquire, Captain in His Majesty's Third Regiment of Guards, and a Lieutenant Colonel in the Army, with *Sarah Chibrow*, his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
67. An Act for selling the Lands and Households comprised in the Decree of Entail made by Sir *Andrew Ramsay* of *Althorp*, and *George Maitland* Writer in *Edinburgh*, being in the Parish of *Whitburn*, and Constabulary or Sheriffdom of *Northampton*, and now by virtue of the said Entails in the Possession of *Robert Walker* Lord *Shelburne* to Trustees, to trust to sell the same, and invest the Money arising by such Sale in the Purchase of other Lands and Households to be settled and secured to the same Series of

of Heirs, and under the same Conditions and Limitations, as are contained in the last Deeds of Enail; and for Payment to the said Robert Walter Lord Bishops of what he has advanced for Redemption of the Land Tax of his entitled Estates.

68. An Act for selling in Edward Pardee Elquire, and his Heirs, a certain Messuage, Lands and Hereditaments in Ryden, otherwise Ryden, otherwise Ryden, in the County of Hertford, discharged from the Utit limited by the Will of Edward Spenshede Elquire, deceased, and by the Marriage Settlement of the said Edward Pardee; and for settling and settling another Messuage, Lands and Hereditaments, in Hertfordshire, to him thereof, and to the like Utit.

69. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor and Township of Balen, in the Parish of Colverley, in the West Riding of the County of York.

[*Power to Rector in last Alliance. Plan of the King's Alliance to be sent to the Clerk of the Duchy of Lancaster.*]

70. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of Hoxton Sales John, in the County of Norfolk.

71. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Gualley in the County of Buckingham.

[*Allotment to Improvements and Power of Gualley in law of Title of Common. Allotment to Rector in law of Right of Common. Power necessary to Rector, Compulsion and Care Rector paid to time of Assistance. Allotment, Compulsions and Care Rector to be in law of Title.*]

72. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Alderley otherwise Alderley, in the County of Northampton, and for extinguishing the Tithes thereof.

[*Allotment for Glabe. Allotment to Rector in law of Title. Certain Provisions of old Inclosures to pay a Sum to separate them from Title. Allotment to be in law of Title. Reservation of Tithes for which no Compensation given. Power to Rector with Consent of Bishop and*

Parson in last Alliance. Tithes payable all divided made. Rector answered from paying a Sum to a Sum. Rector may borrow Money for erecting Buildings.]

73. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of Pansborough, with the Hamlet of Northampton in the same Parish, in the County of Northampton.

[*Allotment to Rector for Glabe, to be found. Rector may erect Buildings and borrow Money for the same, and grant Leases. Power of Transfer and Pansborough may borrow Money to defray Expenses of Act and for building, and grant Leases. Power for Title.*]

74. An Act for inclosing Lands in Martindale, in the Parish of Barton, in the County of Westmorland.

75. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of Salford in the County of Warwick.

76. An Act for allotting Lands in the Parish or Liberty of Stowton, in the County of Oxford.

[*Allotment in law of Title.*]

77. An Act for regulating the Appropriation of the Revenue of certain Trust Estates, given by Walter Stanley for pious Purposes; for effectuating in a more extensive and beneficial Manner the general Objects of the Trust; and making a Provision for, and regulating the Appointment of, a Minister of a new Church intended to be built in West Bromwich, in the County of England.

78. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of John William Dunn Elquire, with Ellen Papp Dunn his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

79. An Act for effectuating an Exchange between the Lord Bishop of Norwich, and William Alderson Lord Bishfield, of the Manors of certain Advowsons in the Counties of Norfolk and Suffolk.

80. An Act for appointing new Trustees for carrying into Execution the Trusts and Powers contained in the Will of the late Sir Henry Engfield, Baronet.

THE STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno Regni GEORGHII III. Britanniarum Regis,
Quinquagesimo Nono.

AT the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Fourteenth Day of January, Anno Domini 1789, in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith; being the First Session of the Ninth Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

CAP. I.

An Act to provide for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness. [17th February 1789.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled *An Act to provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority, and for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness; and for the Resumption of the Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty: And Whereas another Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled *An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Household, and enabling His Majesty the Queen to meet the increased Expence to which Her Majesty may be exposed during His Majesty's Indisposition, and for the Care of His Majesty's Royal and Personal Properties, and to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, in provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority during His Majesty's Illness: And Whereas another Act passed in the Last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to give and amend several of the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority, and for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness; and for the Resumption of the Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty: And Whereas it is expedient, in consequence of the Death of His late Most Excellent Majesty, that the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, and of such Part of His Majesty's Household as shall be deemed requisite and suitable to the due Attendance upon His Majesty's Sacred Person, and the Maintenance of His Royal Dignity, should be committed to His Royal Highness Frederick Duke of Cornwall and Albany, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition: Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, and the disposing, ordering, and managing of all matters and things relating therein, shall be and the same are hereby vested in His Royal Highness the Duke of York and Albany, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition; and that the sole Direction of such Part of His Majesty's Household as shall be deemed requisite and suitable to the due Attendance upon His Majesty's Sacred Person, and the Maintenance of His Royal Dignity, shall be and is hereby vested in His said Royal Highness; and all such Officers of the Household, and such Number of Attendants and Servants as may be requisite and suitable to the due Attendance upon His Majesty's Sacred Person, shall be under the sole Direction and Control of His said Royal Highness, for the Care and Attendance upon His Majesty's Sacred Person, and the regulating, ordering, and managing all things relating therein; and His said Royal Highness shall have the full and sole Power and Authority to order and direct all matters and things relating to the Management of such Part of His Majesty's Household as shall be in Attendance upon His Majesty's Person, and the respective Duties and Attendance of all such Officers of the Household and Attendants and Servants aforesaid; and shall also have full Power and Authority, by any Instrument or Instruments in Writing signed and sealed by His said Royal Highness, to remove, constitute and appoint, in the Name and on the behalf of His Majesty, all the Persons who shall be in Attendance upon His Majesty's Person, and in like manner to supply all Vacancies arising by Removal, Indignation or Death of any such Officers of the Household or Attendants, and Servants aforesaid; except such as heretofore have****

21 G. 3. c. 1.

21 G. 3. c. 2.

23 G. 3. c. 9.

23 G. 3. c. 9.

Care of His Majesty's Person and Household; the vested in the Duke of York;

who may in writing appoint Officers, &c.

Proviso for
Appointments
to the Lord
Chamberlain,
&c.

being already nominated and appointed by the Lord Chamberlain, or Lord Steward of His Majesty's Household, or the Master of His Majesty's Robes, respectively; and the First Gentleman of His Majesty's Bedchamber, commonly called The Gentleman of the Stole, appointed to attend upon His Majesty's Person, shall nominate and appoint to all such Vacancies as shall arise by Removal, Resignation, or Death of any such Officers, Attendants, or Servants aforesaid as have heretofore been nominated or appointed by the Lord Chamberlain or Lord Steward respectively of His Majesty's Household, or by The Master of the Robes to His Majesty; and such Gentlemen of the Stole shall have all such Jurisdiction, Power and Authority over such Officers, Attendants and Servants, as have heretofore been and are now usually exercised by the Lord Chamberlain and Lord Steward of His Majesty's Household respectively, and by The Master of the Robes to His Majesty.

Appointments
by Power of
Letters of the
Household
limited.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Officers of His Majesty's Household, who is by this Act put under the Direction of His said Royal Highness, to make any Appointment to any Office, to which such Officer may have the Power of Appointment, for any longer Period than during His Majesty's Pleasure.

Appointments
of Council to
assist the Duke
of York.

III. And Whereas the Execution of the weighty and arduous Trusts by this Act committed to His Royal Highness, may require the Assistance of a Council, with whom His Royal Highness may confer and advise; Be it therefore enacted, That in order to assist and advise His said Royal Highness in the several matters aforesaid, there shall be, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness, a Council consisting of all the Persons who were Members of the Council to Her late Majesty Queen Mary, under the last enacted Act, who may be living at the time of passing this Act, and also John Jeffreys Marquis Camille, in the Room and Place of Edward Lord Eldon heretofore deceased; which Council shall from time to time meet as His Royal Highness shall be pleased to direct, and shall sit in one Room to be named by this Act directed; and if it should happen that any of the Members of such Council should depart this Life, or by Instrument in Writing communicated to His said Royal Highness, signify their Intention to decline to sit, then and in such case it shall be lawful for His Royal Highness the Duke of York and Albany, from time to time, by an Instrument in Writing signed and sealed by His said Royal Highness, renewable at His Will and Pleasure, to nominate and appoint some One Person, being or having been a Member of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, to be a Member of the said Council to His said Royal Highness, to advise and assist His said Royal Highness as aforesaid, in the Room and Place of each and every of the said Councilors so departing this Life, or declining to sit as aforesaid; which Nominations and Appointments shall be forthwith certified by an Instrument in Writing signed and sealed by His said Royal Highness, to the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and shall be entered in the Books of the said Privy Council.

Members of the
Council to take
the following
Oath.

IV. And be it further enacted, That each and every Member of His said Royal Highness's Council shall, within the Space of Ten Days after his Appointment by virtue of this Act, or by virtue of His Royal Highness's Nominations and Appointments as aforesaid, take an Oath before the Lord High Chancellor or Keeper of the Great Seal, or Commissioners for keeping the Great Seal of Great Britain, or the Lord President of His Majesty's Privy Council, or the Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench for the time being, respectively, or either of them, who are lawfully sworn and respectively required and empowered to administer the Oath, when required so to do by any Person so appointed a Member of His said Royal Highness's Council as aforesaid, and the Person administering such Oath shall give to the Member of His Royal Highness's Council taking the same, a Certificate of the same being so taken, signed with his Hand, which Certificate shall be forthwith transmitted to His Majesty's Privy Council; and such Oath shall be in the Form following; [that is to say],

Oath.

I, A. B. do solemnly promise and swear, That I will truly and faithfully counsel and advise His Royal Highness the Duke of York and Albany, according to the best of my Judgment, in all matters and things relating to the Trusts committed to His Royal Highness, touching the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, and the Retention of the perfect Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty.

Council, or any
Three of them,
may examine
the Physicians
and others upon
Oath.

V. And be it further enacted, That His said Royal Highness's Council, or any Three or more of them, shall have Power and Authority, at all times, when they shall judge it necessary, to meet and call before them, and to examine upon Oath, the Physicians, and all other Persons attending on His Majesty during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness, touching the State of His Majesty's Health, and all matters relating thereto, (which Oath any Member of the said Council is lawfully authorized and empowered to administer,) and to determine the State of His Majesty's Health by all such other way, and means as shall appear to them to be necessary for that purpose.

Council may meet,
and to declare
the State of His
Majesty's
Health; and
transmit a Copy
of each Declara-
tion to Pre-
sident of Privy
Council, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That Three or more of the Members of the Council appointed to assist His said Royal Highness in the Execution of the Trusts committed to His said Royal Highness by this Act, shall, in each such Trust shall then be in force, meet on some Day in the First Week of April next, and the first Day in the First Week of every Third Month hereafter; and shall, whilst the said Trusts shall continue in force, at every such Meeting declare the State of His Majesty's Health at the time of each of such Meetings respectively; and shall forthwith transmit a Copy of each Declaration to the President of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, or in his Absence to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, who shall thereupon cause the same to be entered in the Books of the Privy Council.

When it shall
appear to the
Duke and the
Council, or any

VII. And Whereas it is necessary that effectual Provisions should be made that His Majesty may refuse the personal Exercise of His Royal Authority as soon as His Majesty is restored to such a State of Health as to be capable of returning the same; Be it therefore enacted, That when it shall appear to His Royal Highness the Duke of York and Albany, and to any Four or more of the Council appointed by this Act to assist

His said Royal Highness in the Execution of the Trust committed to His said Royal Highness by this Act, assembled at any Meeting held in pursuance of His said Royal Highness's Will and Pleasure signified for that purpose, or assembled under the Direction of this Act, or in pursuance of His Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure signified for that purpose, which Council of His said Royal Highness shall be deemed to be the Privy Council of His said Royal Highness, upon His Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure being signified for that purpose, and shall be deemed to be the Privy Council of His said Royal Highness, by the Advice of any Four or more of His said Council, to signify the same by an Instrument under His said Royal Highness's Hand, and signed also by the said Four or more of His said Royal Highness's Council, and addressed by the Lord President of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council for the time being, or in his Absence to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; and the said Lord President or Secretary of State shall and is hereby required, on the Receipt thereof, to communicate the same to His said Royal Highness The Prince Regent, and to transmit forthwith a Privy Council and the Members of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council so hereby required to assemble in consequence of such Summons; and the said Lord President, or in his Absence the said Secretary of State, is required, in the Presence of any Four or more Privy Counsellors so assembled, to cause the said Instrument to be entered on the Books of the said Privy Council.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if at any time after the said Instrument under the Hand of His said Royal Highness, and of Four or more of His said Council, shall have been received and entered as aforesaid, His Majesty shall think proper, by an Instrument under His Sign Manual, to require the Lord President of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council for the time being, or in his Absence One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to summon a Council to His Majesty's Presence, consisting of any Number of Persons not less than Nine whom His Majesty shall name, and who shall be, or who shall have been Members of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, not being Members of His said Royal Highness's Council, the said Lord President or Secretary of State shall and he is hereby required to summon such Persons accordingly; and as well the said Lord President or Secretary of State, as the other Persons so summoned, shall and they are hereby required to attend at the time and Place appointed by His Majesty; and such Persons so assembled shall be and be deemed to be a Privy Council for the purpose hereinafter mentioned.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if His Majesty, by the Advice of Six or more of such Privy Council so assembled, shall signify His Royal Pleasure to refuse the proposed Council of His Royal Authority, and to issue a Proclamation declaring the same, such Proclamation shall be signed accordingly, countersigned by the said Six or more of the said Privy Council; and all the Powers and Authorities given by this Act shall from thenceforth cease and determine; and the proposed Council of His Royal Authority by His Majesty shall, notwithstanding any thing in this Act, or in the said recited Acts, or any of them, contained or provided, by law be deemed to be refused by His Majesty, and shall be executed by His Majesty to all intents and purposes, as if this Act had never been made.

X. And be it further enacted, That in case of the Death of His said Royal Highness the Duke of York and Albany, during the time that the Care of His Majesty's Person shall be committed to His said Royal Highness, according to the Provisions of this Act, the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, and all and every the Powers and Authorities in and by this Act vested in His said Royal Highness, touching the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, and the disposing, ordering and managing all matters and things relating thereto, shall become and continue vested in His said Royal Highness's Council until due Provision shall have been made in relation thereto by Parliament: Provided nevertheless, that in such case nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to empower His said Royal Highness The Prince Regent, or the said Council, to nominate, appoint or remove any of the Officers or Persons of His Majesty's Household, by this Act made subject to the Nomination, Appointment or Removal of His said Royal Highness the Duke of York and Albany, until due Provision shall have been made by Parliament in that behalf.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if His said Royal Highness the Duke of York and Albany should depart this Life during the time that the Care of His Majesty's Person shall be committed to His said Royal Highness, according to the Provisions of this Act, and the Parliament so being at the time shall then be separated, His said Royal Highness The Prince Regent shall forthwith cause to be issued and published a Proclamation, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, declaring that such case hath happened, and requiring the said Parliament to meet and sit at Westminster at the Day to which such Parliament had been adjourned or prorogued, or upon some Day to be mentioned in such Proclamation, and being within Eighty Days, to be computed from the Date of such Proclamation; and the Parliament shall thereby be deemed and taken to be duly prorogued to such Day to be so mentioned in such Proclamation.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if such case as aforesaid shall happen, and there shall be no Parliament in being at the time, and the same shall happen before the Day appointed by any Writ of Summons then issued for calling and assembling a new Parliament, then and in such case His said Royal Highness The Prince Regent shall forthwith cause to be issued and published a Proclamation under the Great Seal aforesaid, declaring that such case hath happened, and requiring such new Parliament to convene and sit at Westminster, either upon the Day appointed by such Writ of Summons for assembling the new Parliament, or upon some Day to be mentioned in such Proclamation, and being within Eighty Days, to be computed from the Date of such Proclamation; and in such latter case, upon the Day appointed by the said Writ of Summons for assembling the new Parliament, the same shall in the due and accustomed manner be prorogued to such Day to be so mentioned in such Proclamation.

Four of them, say His Majesty's Council is intended, the same to be notified to the Privy Council and entered in their Books.

After such Entry, His Majesty may, by Sign Manual, require the Privy Council to consist of any Number of Persons, and may remove any Members of the Duke's Council.

Power of Act to meet on His Majesty declaring, by Proclamation, His Majesty's Person to be refused by His Royal Authority.

In case of Death of the Duke of York, the Care of His Majesty's Person is committed to the Duke's Council, until Provision made by Parliament for Continuance of Officers.

And in such case The Regent to issue a Proclamation for the Meeting of Parliament, to meet the Parliament in the next sitting.

Provision for calling a new Parliament if the Event happens before the Day appointed by Writ of Summons.

or where the
Event shall
happen, upon
after the Day
appointed by
Writ of Sum-
mons.

XIII. And be it enacted, That if such case as aforesaid shall happen upon or after the Day appointed by any Writ of Summons then issued for calling and assembling a new Parliament, and before such new Parliament shall have met and sit as a Parliament, then and in such case His Royal Highness The Prince Regent shall forthwith cause such a Proclamation to be issued and published, declaring that such case hath happened, and regarding the new Parliament either to convene and sit at *Windsor* immediately after such Proclamations shall have been published, or upon some Day to be mentioned in such Proclamations, and being within Eighty Days, to be computed from the Date of the said Proclamations; and in each case the Parliament to convene and sitting shall be and be deemed to be a Parliament in all Intents and purposes, under the Provisions of this Act.

In what cases
they may sit
where they sit
in the morning of
Parliament,
in case of the
Dissolution of the
King, &c.

XIV. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing herein contained, nor any Act which shall be done by virtue hereof, shall be deemed or taken to repeal, or in any manner to alter or affect, otherwise than is herein expressly provided, the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore passed and now in force, so far as the same regulate, require or provide for the meeting, convening and sitting of Parliament, in case of the Dissolution of His Majesty, or His Heir or Heirs, Successor or Successors, or in case The Regent shall deposit this Act or parts to be Regent, or to repeat, alter or affect the Provision heretofore made by any Act now in force, for shortening the time which had before been required for giving Notice of the Royal Intention that the Parliament should meet and be holden for the Dispatch of Business.

Act may be
altered, &c.
this Session.

XV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. II.

An Act for revising and further continuing, until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, an Act made in the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty, intituled *an Act to amend an Act made in the Eighteenth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, in relation and amend the Laws touching the Elections of the Knights of the Shire to serve in Parliament for England, respecting the Expenses of Highways and Poll Clerks, &c. so far as regards the City of Westminster.* [12th February 1819.]

§ 1 G. 3. c. 115.

WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act, passed in the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend an Act made in the Eighteenth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, to explain and amend the Laws touching the Elections of Knights of the Shire to serve in Parliament for England, respecting the Expenses of the Highways and Poll Clerks, &c. so far as regards the City of Westminster*, which was continued by an Act made in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, should be revised and further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act, and all the Provisions thereof, shall be and the same are and is hereby revised.

§ 1 G. 3. c. 115.
revised.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Act, and all the Provisions thereof, shall continue and be in force until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

Act altered,
&c. this Ses-
sion.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed during the present Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. III.

An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Saus, in Great Britain; and on Penions, Offices and Personal Estates, in England; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen. [18th February 1819.]

[This Act is the same as 58 G. 3. c. 3, except as to Dates, and as to the Sums that are here continued. Duties upon Sugar imported, to be accounted for and applied according to the Act, c. 32. § 10. post. Proviso for Dates of this Act as *Malt, Tobacco and Saus*, c. 32. § 3. post.]

Commissioners
of Land Tax
appointed by
24 G. 3. c. 190.
and 21 G. 3.
c. 120. shall put
this Act in
Execution.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That for the better settling, ordering, levying and collecting of the several Sums of Money to be last aforesaid United and apportioned to be raised and paid in the aforesaid Part of Great Britain called England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, in respect of Personal Estates, and in respect of Offices or Employments of Profit and Annuities, Penions, Stipends and other yearly Payments, and for the more effectual putting this Act in Execution in reference to the same, all and every the Parties and Persons who, in and by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Kings, intituled *An Act for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament, for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Profits and Offices in England*, and an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid in His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight; or in and by any other Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for raising Malt in the Name of the Land Tax Commissioners*, and for appointing additional Commissioners, and authorizing such Persons as have acted without the Authority in Execution of the Acts therein recited: were named and appointed Commissioners for putting in Execution the same Acts within the several Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Districts and Places of England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, duly qualifying themselves according to the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An*

To qualify in
by 25 G. 3. c. 2
§ 2. post.

All for granting an Aid to Her Majesty by a Land Tax in the said or Great Britain, for the Service of the Tax-Commissioners from hundred and unity eight, in this behalf, shall be Commissioners for putting in Execution this preface A6, and the Powers therein contained, within and for all and every the Counties, Cinthfshires, Divisions, Ridings, Cities, Buroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Divisions and Places respectively, which before the Day hereinafter appointed for the First Meeting of the Commissioners for putting this Aid into Execution, from A6 to Acts of Parliament shall be called for naming and appointing Special Commissioners for putting into Execution this preface A6, in which rule no Person or Persons shall be empowered by virtue of any Statute, Ordinance or Appointment by any former Aid, or by this A6, to act as a Commissioner for putting this Aid into Execution.

"XXKIV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That the Act or any thing herein contained shall not charge- or be construed to charge any of the Royal Family; for or in respect of any Annuities or yearly Payments granted to their Royal Highnesses; but Bishops, and their Royal Highnesses, and their Treasurers, Receivers General, and Servants for the time being, in respect of the same, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Imposts, and other Charges whatsoever: Provided also, that this Act, or any of the Several Provisions of any Superseding Commission, or Warrant of Sea or Land Officers, shall in the Treasury of the Crown, or the Revenue of the Most Noble Order of the Garter; or the Possession of the Poor Knights of Windsor, or the Possession of One hundred Pounds, granted by the late King Charles, the Second to the Poor Clergy of his Majesty's Palaces of Henslow, or of the Officers Fells and Duties payable by virtue of any Act or any Public Roads, by reason of their said Offices

The Royal Family not disengaged in respect of Association.

Dependent variables:
Mean self-esteem,
Mean mood change
score.

CAP. IV

An A/C for raising the Sum of Twenty Millions, by Enchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year
One thousand eight hundred and nineteen. [and April 1860.]

■ TREASURY may raise 10,000,000. by Exchange Bids, in like manner as is provided by A.B. 3.
 ■ A. 1.—(1) Charles, Inc. is vested A.B. extended to the A.B. 3. Treasury to apply the Money raised. § 3.
 ■ Exchange Bids to be payable out of the Surplus for current Expenses. § 4. Interest 3% per Cent. per Annum. § 5.
 ■ Exchange Bids to be current at the Exchange after 10:00 A.M., 1890. § 6. Bank of England may advance
 10,000,000. on the Credit of this A.B. notwithstanding A.B. 3. A.B. 3. & M. 47.

EAPU

Apr. 1871 to ascertain the Tonnage of Vessels propelled by Steam. [2nd March 1871.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the better adjusting the Tonnage and Burthen of Ships and Vessels importing and exporting Goods into and from this Kingdom, or belonging upon the English Shores, for amending a Statute in that behalf made in the fifth Session of Parliament, for lowering the Duty payable upon the Importation of Coal Barks, or vessels in the said Ship for the Powder and Fireworks therein intitled in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland; for appropriating the Duty on Coal Barks, granted by the said Act; and for amending Duties which have origin and relief in the said Statute the Drawback upon certain Commodities; and the Twenty sixth Statute exported to the Islands of Madaga, the Canary Islands, and the Azores or Western Islands; and by another Act, passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the further Increase and Encouragement of Shipping and Navigation*, certain Rules are intitled and established for ascertaining the Tonnage of Ships or Vessels for the purposes therein mentioned: And Whereas Ships or Vessels have been built and continued to be propelled by Steam, and the Rules preferred by the before recited Act are not feasible to ascertain the true Tonnage of such Ships or Vessels: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Rule for ascertaining Ships or Vessels to be propelled by Steam shall be as follows; that is to say, the Length shall be taken as a straight Line along the Rabbet of the Keel of the Ship, from the Back of the Main Stern Post to a perpendicular Line from the Forepart of the Main Stern under the Bowprit, from which deducting the Length of the Engine Room and Superstrutting Three Fifths of the Breadth, the Remainder shall be esteemed the said Length of the Keel as used for the Tonnage; and the Breadth shall be taken from the Outside of the outside Plank in the broadest Place of the Ship or Vessel, be it above or below the Main Water, exclusive of all manner of Docking Planks that may be wrought upon the Sides of the Ship or Vessel; then multiplying the Length of the Keel by the Breadth is taken, and that Product by Half the Breadth, and dividing the Whole by Ninety four, the Quotient shall be deemed the true Content of the Tonnage, according to which Rule the Tonnage of all such Ships and Vessels shall be measured and ascertained; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful to load or place any Goods (Fuel for the Voyage excepted), in the said Engine Room; and if any Goods shall be so loaded or placed, such Ship or Vessel shall from thenceforth be deemed and taken to be a Ship or Vessel which has not been ascertained according to the Rules of this Act, and liable to all the Consequences thereof.*

Figure 1

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

How did you
stop it? Would
you tell me?
I think you
should be
rewarded.

Mr. Gaudin is
 he married to
 the English
 House except
 Ford for the
 Museum.

CAP. VI.

An Act to enable His Majesty to direct the Distribution of any Reward awarded by the Commissioners of the Customs or Excise to the Officers of the Army, Navy or Marines, for apprehending Smugglers, in such manner as His Majesty shall be pleased to appoint. [23d March 1819.]

WHEREAS by the Laws now in force for the Prevention of Smuggling, it is enacted for the Commissioners of Customs or Excise of England, Scotland and Ireland, respectively, and they are thereby required, in certain cases, to award to every Officer or other Person assisting any Person for Breach of such Laws, in that he shall be convicted or committed to Prison on account thereof, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds for each Man so convicted or committed to Prison: And Whereas it is expedient that His Majesty should be empowered in certain cases to direct the Distribution of such Reward by His Order or Order in Council, or by His Royal Proclamation in that behalf, in such manner as He shall be pleased thereby to appoint: Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all cases wherein the Commissioners of the Customs or Excise of England, Scotland and Ireland, respectively, shall award any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds as aforesaid, to any Officer or Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Petty Officers, Seamen or Privates of His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marines, or acting under the Orders of the Lord High Admiral, or of the Commissioners for executing the Office of the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for any Person so convicted, convicted or committed to Prison as aforesaid, the same shall be decided and distributed in such Proportions, and according to such Rules, Regulations and Orders, as His Majesty shall by His Order or Order in Council, or by His Royal Proclamation in that behalf, be pleased to direct and appoint.

CAP. VII.

An Act to regulate the Cutlery Trade in England.

[23d March 1819.]

WHEREAS Knives, Forks, Razors, Scissors, Shears, and other Cutlery Wares, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, forged and formed of Wrought Steel, and Iron and Steel, have for many Years been a great Branch of Trade in England; and such Articles being offered in Foreign Countries for their superior Quality, great Quantities thereof have been sent to Foreign Markets: And Whereas a Practice prevalent of selling or forming in a Mold from Cast Iron, Knaves, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shears, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, and some of such Articles are, by a Chemical Process, previous to the finishing and polishing thereof, made to resemble in nearly the like Sort of Articles wrought of Steel, and Iron and Steel, so as to be distinguishable from Wrought Steel, and Iron and Steel, even by Persons skilled in the Manufacture of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for all and every Person and Persons who shall make, forge, form or manufacture, or cause, direct or procure to be made, forged, formed or manufactured, by means of the Hammer, any Knaves, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shears, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, of Wrought Steel, or of Iron and Steel, to mark, strike, stamp, press or impress, or cause, direct or procure to be marked, struck, stamped, grased or impressed, in or upon any Part of every such Knaves, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shears, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, the Figure or Form of a Hammer, at any time, and not at any other time except as hereinafter provided, after the forging, and previous to the same respectively being ground or polished, so as to denote that such Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shears, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, are so formed by means of the Hammer, of Wrought Steel, and Iron and Steel, and so as to distinguish the same Articles from such Articles cast or formed in a Mold, or otherwise than by means of the Hammer.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all and every Person and Persons who shall, on the passing of this Act, have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, any Knaves, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shears, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, made, forged, formed or manufactured by means of the Hammer, of Wrought Steel, or of Iron and Steel, at any time within the Space of Six Calendar Months next after the passing of the Act, to mark, strike, stamp, press or impress, or cause, direct or procure to be marked, struck, stamped, grased or impressed, in and upon any Part of such Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shears, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, to so his, her or their Possession, the Figure or Form of a Hammer, so as to denote that such Knaves, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shears, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, are so formed by means of the Hammer, of Wrought Steel, or of Iron and Steel, and so as to distinguish the same Articles from such Articles cast or formed in a Mold or otherwise than by means of the Hammer.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to cast, mark, strike, stamp, press or impress, or cause, direct or procure to be cast, formed or formed by the University of Southampton Library Digitisation Unit

Rewards not exceeding 10*l*. awarded by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise to Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Petty Officers, Seamen, &c. of the Army or Navy, to be decided on His Majesty shall appoint by Order in Council or by Proclamation.

Where Articles are formed by the Hammer, Manufacturers to have the Privilege of marking them with the Figure of a Hammer.

Persons having manufactured Articles in their Possession, empowered to mark the same with the Figure of a Hammer.

Persons making Cutlery Wares, Edge Tools,

marked, struck, stamped, graved or impressed, in or upon any Part of any Knife, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shavers, or any other Cutlery Articles whatsoever, Edge Tools or Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, which shall be call or formed in a Mould, or formed otherwise than by means of the Hammer, either at the time of casting or forming such Articles in the Mould, or otherwise than by means of the Hammer, or subsequently thereto, and previous to the said *de* Sale thereof to the Uter, the Figure or Form of a Hammer, or any Symbol or Device resembling a Hammer, or having any Similitude thereto, nor to have in his, her or their Possession, for the purpose of Sale, nor to sell, expose or offer to sale, or make, direct or procure to be sold, exposed or offered to sale, any Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shavers, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, which shall have been call or formed in a Mould, or otherwise than by means of the Hammer, having marked or struck thereon the Figure or Form of a Hammer, or any Symbol or Device resembling a Hammer, or having any Similitude thereto; and all and every Person and Persons who shall call, mark, strike, stamp, grave or impress, or make, direct or procure to be call, marked, struck, stamped, graved or impressed, in or upon any Part of any Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shavers, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, which shall have been call or formed in a Mould, or otherwise than by means of the Hammer, either at the time of casting or forming thereof, or subsequently thereto, and previous to the said *de* Sale thereof to the Uter, the Figure or Form of a Hammer, or any Symbol or Device resembling a Hammer, or having any Similitude thereto; or who shall have in his, her or their Possession for the purpose of Sale, or who shall sell, expose or offer to sale, or make, direct or procure to be sold, exposed or offered to sale, any Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shavers, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, which shall have been call or formed in a Mould, or otherwise than by means of the Hammer, having marked or struck thereon the Figure or Form of a Hammer, or any Symbol or Device resembling a Hammer, or having any Similitude thereto, shall, in all and every the cases aforesaid, forfeit all and every such Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shavers, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, having thereon the Figure or Form of a Hammer, or any Symbol or Device resembling a Hammer, or having any Similitude thereto, together with the Sum of Five Pounds for any Quantity not exceeding One Dozen of such Articles to be marked, struck, sold or exposed to Sale; and for any Quantity of such Articles exceeding One Dozen, Five Pounds for every One Dozen thereof; such Sum and Sums respectively to be levied, recovered and applied as hereinafter directed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to call, mark, strike, stamp, grave or impress, or make, direct or procure to be call, marked, struck, stamped, graved or impressed, in or upon any Part of any Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shavers, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, forged and formed with the Hammer, or of Wrought Steel, or of Iron and Steel, or call in a Mould, either at the time of forging or casting such Articles, or subsequently thereto, previous to the said *de* Sale thereof to the Uter, any Word or Words which shall or may denote or indicate the Quality of such Articles to be otherwise than the real and true Quality thereof; nor to have in his, her or their Possession for the purpose of Sale, nor to sell or expose or offer to sale, or make, direct or procure to be sold, exposed or offered to sale, any Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shavers, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, forged and formed with the Hammer, or of Wrought Steel, or Iron and Steel, or call in a Mould, having marked thereon any Word or Words which shall or may denote or indicate the Quality of such Articles to be otherwise than the real and true Quality thereof; and all and every Person or Persons who shall call, mark, strike, stamp, grave or impress, or make or procure to be call, marked, struck, stamped, graved or impressed, in or upon any Part of any Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shavers, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, forged and formed with the Hammer, or of Wrought Steel, or Iron and Steel, or call in a Mould, either at the time of forging or casting, or subsequently thereto, previous to the said *de* Sale thereof to the Uter, any Word or Words which shall or may denote or indicate the Quality of such Articles to be otherwise than the real and true Quality; or who shall have in his, her or their Possession for the purpose of Sale, or shall sell, expose or offer to sale, or make, direct or procure to be sold, exposed or offered to sale, any Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shavers, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, forged and formed with the Hammer, or of Wrought Steel, or Iron and Steel, or call in a Mould, having thereon any Word or Words which shall or may denote or indicate the Quality of such Articles to be otherwise than the real and true Quality thereof, shall, in all and every the cases aforesaid, forfeit all and every such Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shavers, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, being marked, polished, sold or exposed to sale, contrary to the Direction of this Act, together with the Sum of Five Pounds for any Quantity not exceeding One Dozen of such Articles to be marked, sold or exposed to sale; and for any Quantity of such Articles exceeding One Dozen, Five Pounds for every One Dozen thereof; such Sum and Sums respectively to be levied, recovered and applied as hereinafter directed.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to call, mark, strike, stamp, grave or impress, or make, direct or procure to be call, marked, struck, stamped, graved or impressed, in or upon any Part of any Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shavers, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, forged and formed with the Hammer, or of Wrought Steel, or of Iron and Steel, or call in a

and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, to mark the same with the Figure of a Hammer, or of the Wrought Steel, Shavers, Steel, &c. or having in Possession or selling, &c. such Five Articles marked.

Persons offending.

Penalty.

No Person to mark any Knives, &c. forged with the Hammer, or cast in a Mould, with any Words which shall indicate the Quality to be otherwise than the true Quality; or have in his Possession any such Articles improperly marked.

Persons offending.

Penalty.

No Person to call, mark, &c. any Articles with the Words "London" or "London made" &c.

except made within the City of London, or a certain Distance thereof, nor to have in Possession, sell, or such Articles.

Persons attending.

Mould, either at the time of forging or casting such Articles, or subsequently thereto, previous to the said sale shall be to the Use, the Word or Words "London," "London made," or any Word or Words having any Similitude thereto, unless the Articles be cast, marked, struck, stamped, grained or impressed, shall have been manufactured within the City of London, or within Twenty Miles Distance thereof; nor to have in his, her or their Possession, for the purpose of Sale, nor to sell, or expose or offer to sale, or cause, direct or procure to be sold, exposed or offered to sale, any Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shears, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, forged and formed with the Hammer, of Wrought Steel, or Iron and Steel, or cast in a Mould, having marked thereon the Word or Words "London," "London made," or any Word or Words having any Similitude thereto, unless the Articles be cast, marked, struck, stamped, grained or impressed, shall have been manufactured within the City of London, or within Twenty Miles Distance thereof; and all and every Person or Persons who shall visit, mark, strike, stamp, grave or impress, or cause or procure to be cast, marked, struck, stamped, grained or impressed, in or upon any Part of any Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shears, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, forged or formed with the Hammer, of Wrought Steel, or Iron and Steel, or cast in a Mould, either at the time of forging or casting, or subsequently thereto, previous to the said sale shall be to the Use, the Word or Words "London," "London made," or any Word or Words having any Similitude thereto, unless the Articles be cast, marked, struck, stamped, grained or impressed, shall have been manufactured within the City of London, or within Twenty Miles Distance thereof; or who shall have in his, her or their Possession, for the purpose of Sale, or shall sell, expose or offer to sale, or cause, direct or procure to be sold, exposed or offered to sale, any Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shears, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, forged and formed with the Hammer, of Wrought Steel, or Iron and Steel, or cast in a Mould, having thereon the Word or Words "London," "London made," or any Word or Words having any Similitude thereto, unless the Articles be cast, marked, struck, stamped, grained or impressed, shall have been manufactured within the City of London, or within Twenty Miles Distance thereof, shall in all and every the cases aforesaid, be liable in all and every such Cases, Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shears, and other Articles of Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, being marked, polished, filed or exposed to sale contrary to the Directions of this Act, together with a Sum of Ten Pounds for any Quantity not exceeding One Dozen of such Articles be marked, sold or exposed to sale; and for any Quantity of such Articles exceeding One Dozen, Ten Pounds for every Dozen thereof; each Sum and Sums respectively to be levied, recovered and applied as hereinafter directed.

Penalty.

Persons having in their Possession, or selling, or such Articles marked contrary to the provisions of this Act.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in case any Person or Persons shall have in his, her or their Possession, for the purpose of Sale, or shall sell, expose or offer for Sale, or cause, direct or procure to be sold or offered for Sale, any Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shears, or any other Cutlery Articles whatsoever, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, formed with the Hammer, or cast in a Mould in a finished State, having marked thereon any Word or Words contrary to the Directions of this Act, still, at or upon any Information or Complaint being laid or made against him, her or them, prove satisfactorily, by the Oath of himself or herself, or any other Person, before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, that such Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shears, or any other Cutlery Articles whatsoever, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, were purchased or came into the Possession of him, her or them, or were made, formed, cast or manufactured before the passing of this Act, then and in such case the Person or Persons so having the said Articles in a finished State in his, her or their Possession, for the purpose of Sale, or selling, exposing or offering the same for Sale, or causing, directing or procuring the same to be sold or offered for Sale, shall not be liable to the Penalties and Forfeitures aforesaid.

Persons having in their Possession Articles marked contrary to this Act, who shall, before judgment is given upon such the Person without knowing that the Articles were improperly marked.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in case any Person or Persons shall have in his, her or their Possession, for the purpose of Sale, or shall sell, expose or offer for Sale, or cause, direct or procure to be sold or offered for Sale, any Knives, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shears, or any other Cutlery Articles whatsoever, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, cast or formed in a blank, or forged and formed with the Hammer, which shall not have been made, formed, cast or manufactured before the passing of this Act, having marked thereon the Figure or Form of a Hammer, or any Word or Words contrary to the Directions of this Act, still, at or before any Information or Complaint shall be laid or made against him, her or them, prove satisfactorily by the Oath of himself, herself or themselves, before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, that he, she or they purchased such Articles, with the Figure, Word or Words thereon respectively, without knowing at the time of such Purchase that the same were Articles marked contrary to the Directions of this Act; and shall discover to any Two or more Justices of the Peace the Name or Names of the Person or Persons of whom he or she purchased the same, in that such Person or Persons shall be prohibited to Conceal for the time, then and in such case the Person or Persons who shall have in his, her or their Possession any of such Articles as aforesaid, for the Purposes aforesaid, shall not be liable to the Penalties and Forfeitures aforesaid, but shall be liable to Two third Parts of the Penalty as aforesaid.

Two Justices may determine Offence.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, City or Place where the Offender or Offenders shall reside, or where the Offence shall be committed, to hear and determine any Offence or Offences against this Act; and all such Justices are hereby authorized and required, upon any Information exhibited or Complaint made in that behalf, to summon the Party or Parties accused, and the Witnesses on each Side, and to examine upon

the manner of such Complaint; and upon due Proof thereof, either by Confession of the Party complained of, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, to give Judgment or Sentence for the pecuniary Penalty, with Costs, to be allowed by such Justices, and to award and issue out their Warrant under their Hands and Seals for the levying such Penalty and Costs on the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, and to cause Sale to be made thereof in sale such Goods and Chattels shall not be returned within Five Days inclusive of the Day of the Seizure, rendering the Overplus (if any) after deducting the Expenses of such Distress and Sale, to the Person or Persons whose Goods and Chattels shall have been so distrained and sold; and for want of a sufficient Distress, such Justices shall and may commit such Offender or Offenders to His Majesty's Goal for the County, City or Place where such Offence shall be committed as aforesaid, there to remain for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless Payment shall be made made of the said Penalty and Costs.

One Witness.

Penalty recovered by Distress.

If an Distress, Imprisonment.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by the Judgment of such Justices, he, she or they may (upon giving Security with a sufficient Surety to the Amount of the Value of such Penalty or Penalties and Costs, together with such further Costs as shall be awarded in such final Judgment shall be allowed) appeal to the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County, City or Place where such Conviction shall be made; and the Justices at such Sessions are hereby empowered to summon and examine Witnesses on Oath, and to hear and finally determine the matter of the said Appeal, and to award such Costs as the said Court shall think reasonable to the Party in whose Favour such Appeal shall be determined.

Appeal.

Comm.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justices of the Peace, before whom any Information may be laid, and also for the said Justices in Quarter Sessions aforesaid (if they respectively should think fit), to mitigate the said Penalties in such manner as to them shall seem expedient; provided that such Penalties shall in no case be mitigated to less than One Half, or where such Penalties shall be less than the Sum of Fifty Pounds to less than Twenty five Pounds.

Mitigation of Penalties.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Certificate made upon any Offence or Offences in this Act mentioned or created, shall be set aside or by any Court whatsoever, for want of Form, or through the Mistake of any Juri, Circumstances or other matter whatsoever; provided that the material Facts alleged in such Certificates, and upon which the fine shall be imposed, be proved to the Satisfaction of the said Court, any Law, Statute or Customs to the contrary notwithstanding.

Proceedings not quashed for Want of Form only.

XII. And be it further enacted, That a Certificate in the Form and to the Effect following, (inserted verbatim) in the case may require, shall be good and effectual to all intents and purposes whatsoever, without further fixing the rate, or the Facts or Evidence in any particular manner; (that is to say),

Certificate.

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year _____ of our Lord _____ in the County of _____ A. D. 18____
before us G. D. and E. F. of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, [City or Place, as the case may be] and informed us, that G. H. of _____ [City or Place, as the case may be] did say to us, that _____ [City or Place, as the case may be] was indicted with the Charge, appeared before us on the _____ Day of _____ in the said County, [City or Place], and having heard the Charge contained in the said Information, declared he was not guilty of the said Offence [or, as the case may happen to be, did not appear before us, pursuant to the said Summons, or, did neglect and refuse to make any Defence against the said Charge] but the same being fully proved before us, upon the Oath of J. K. a credible Witness (or, as the case may happen to be) acknowledged and voluntarily confessed the same to be true; and it manifestly appeared to us, that the said G. H. is guilty of the Offence charged upon him in the said Information; We do therefore hereby commit him of the Offence aforesaid, and do sentence and adjudge that he the said G. H. hath forfeited the said [here describe the Articles seized, cash, sold or offered to be sold, and being valued according to the Direction of this Act] together with the Sum of _____ of lawful Money of Great Britain, for the Offence aforesaid, to be distributed as the Law directs, according to the Form of the Statute in that case made and provided. Given under our Hands and Seals the _____ Day of _____

Form of Certificate.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall be summoned as a Witness to give Evidence before such Justices of the Peace, touching any of the matters relative to this Act, either on the Part of the Informer or of the Person or Persons accused, and shall neglect or refuse to appear at the time and Place, to be for that purpose appointed, without a reasonable Excuse for such neglect or refusal, or Refusal, to be allowed of by such Justices of the Peace, or appearing shall refuse to be examined on Oath and give Evidence before such Justices, then every such Person shall suffer for every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be levied and paid in such manner and by such means as are herein directed as in other Penalties.

Compelling the Attendance of Witnesses.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful so and for any Justice of the Peace of the County, City or Place where the Offence is committed, or where the Offender or Offenders refuse, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cause any such Knife, Knife Blades, Forks, Razors, Razor Blades, Scissors, Shavers, or any other Cutlery Articles whatsoever, Edge Tools or Hardware, requiring a cutting Edge, as shall be liable to be forfeited by virtue of this Act, to be seized, and the same when seized to keep in safe Custody, for the purpose of producing the same as Evidence upon any Prosecution to be instituted or carried on for the pecuniary Penalties incurred in respect thereof; and when and as soon as the further Production thereof in Evidence shall become necessary, then the same shall, by Order of such Justices,

Justice by whom may seize Knife, &c. liable to be forfeited.

Produced in Evidence, and then Court.

may dispose thereof.

Limitation of Informations.

Application of Penalties.

Penalties may be Wholly remitted.

Persons disclosing by whose Order any thing punishable under Act may alone, not liable to Penalty.

be destroyed, or disposed of in any manner as the Court before which such Articles shall be produced may direct.

XV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That no Information shall be exhibited for any of the Offences aforesaid, unless within the Space of Six Calendar Months after the Commission of such Offences respectively.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That One Third Part of the pecuniary Penalties to be recovered as aforesaid shall be paid and payable to the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place where the Offence shall be committed, and the other Two Third Parts of such Penalties to the Parole or Persons who shall inform of any the Offences aforesaid.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all Informations, Complaints and other Proceedings, in pursuance of this Act, or in relation to any matter or thing herein contained, any Inhabitant of the Parish, Township or Place in which any Offence or Offences shall be committed, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, shall be admitted to give Evidence, and shall be deemed competent Witnesses, notwithstanding his, her or their being an Inhabitant or Inhabitants of the Parish, Township or Place wherein any such Offence or Offences shall be supposed to have been committed.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons who shall be liable to any of the Penalties aforesaid, by means of any thing done by him, her or them, under the Order, Direction or Procurement of any other Person or Persons, shall, before any Information or Complaint shall be laid or made against him, her or them, discover to any Two or more Justices the Name or Names of the Person or Persons by whose Order, Direction or Procurement he, she or they shall have done such Act, which shall have made him, her or them liable to any of the Penalties, so that the Person or Persons by whose Order, Direction or Procurement he, she or they shall have done such Act, shall be prosecuted to Conviction for the same, then and in such case such Person or Persons who shall give such Information, or make such Complaint, shall not be liable to the Fines and Penalties aforesaid, but shall be entitled to Two Third Parts of the Penalty, as other Informers.

C. 8, 11, 13 C. A. P. VIII.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty, an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for preventing Aliens from becoming naturalized, or being made or becoming Denizens, except in certain cases. [23d March 1819.]

§ 10. 3. c. 25.

enrolled.

As amended, in this Session.

WHEREAS an Act was made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to prevent Aliens, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, from becoming naturalized, or being made or becoming Denizens, except in certain cases*: And Whereas it is expedient that the last recited Act and the Provisions therein contained should be continued for a further Period: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act and the Provisions therein contained shall be and the same is and are hereby continued in force from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nineteen until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty: and that until the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty no Alien shall become a naturalized Subject, or be made or become a Denizen, or become entitled to the Privileges of a naturalized Subject or Denizen contrary to the Provisions of the last recited Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That the last recited Act and this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. IX.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army, and their Quarters. [23d March 1819.]

(This Act is the same, and all the Schedule are with the same, as § 8. 3. c. 12. except in its Date, Number of Pages, &c. and the Schedules that are here inserted.)

Offences in army.

Orders to be taken by all Members of a General Court Martial.

XVIII. PROVIDED always, and be it further enacted, That in all Trials by General Courts Martial to be held by virtue of this Act, every Member sitting at such Trial, before any Proceedings be had thereupon, shall take the following Oath upon the Holy Evangelists, before the Judge Advocate or his Deputy (who are hereby authorized to administer the same): that is to say.

'YOU shall well and truly try and determine according to your Evidence, in the matter now before you, So help you GOD.'

I do swear, That I will duly administer Justice, according to the Rules and Articles for the better Government of His Majesty's Forces, and according to an Act of Parliament now in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and other Crimes therein mentioned, without Partiality, Favour or Affection; and if any Doubt shall arise, which is not explained by the said Articles or Act of Parliament, according to my Conscience, the best of my Understanding, and the Customs of War is the like rule: And I further swear, That I will not divulge the Secrets of this Court until it shall be approved by His Majesty, or by some Person duly authorized by Him; neither will I, upon any account, or any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof as a Witness, by a Court of Justice or a Court Martial, in a due Course of Law.

'So help me GOD.'

And

And it shall be the said Oath shall have been administered to the respective Members, the President of the Court is hereby authorized and required to administer to the Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as such, an Oath in the following Words.

"I do swear, That I will not upon any account, at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof as a Witness, by a Court of Justice or a Court Martial, in a due Course of Law.

"So help me GOD."

And no Sentence of Death shall be given against any Officer in such suits by any General Court Martial, unless Nine Officers present shall concur therein, (except such General Court Martial shall be holden in any Place beyond the Seas out of His Majesty's Dominions, or out of any of the Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or in Africa, or in New South Wales as aforesaid); and in all cases where a Court Martial shall consist of more Officers than Thirteen, and also in any Place beyond the Seas out of His Majesty's Dominions, except of any of the Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or in Africa and in New South Wales as aforesaid, when the same shall consist of a lesser Number of Officers, then each Judge and each Juror shall take by the Concurrence of Two Thirds at the least of the Officers present, (and no Proceeding or Trial shall be had upon any Offence but between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Morning and Four in the Afternoon, except in cases which require an immediate Example: Provided also, that all Witnesses duly summoned by the Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as such, shall, during their necessary Attendance in such Courts, and in going to and returning from the same, be privileged from Arrest in like manner as Witnesses according any of His Majesty's Courts of Law are privileged; and that if any such Witness shall be unduly arrested, he shall be discharged from such Arrest: by the Court out of which the Writ or Process issued by which such Witness was arrested; or if the Court out of which the Writ or Process issued be not sitting, then by any Judge of the Court of King's Bench in London or in Dublin, or Court of Sessions in Scotland, or Courts of Law in the West Indies, according to the rule shall require, upon its being made appear to such Court or Judge by Affidavit in a summary Way, that such Witness was arrested in going to or returning from or attending upon such Court Martial; and that all Witnesses so duly summoned as aforesaid, who shall not attend on such Courts, shall be liable to be attached in the Court of King's Bench in London or Dublin, or Court of Session or Sheriff's Depute or Steward's Depute, or their respective Substitutes, within their several Shires and Counties, in Scotland, or Courts of Law in the West Indies respectively, upon Complaint made to the said Courts of King's Bench, or Court of Session in Scotland, or Courts of Law in the West Indies, in like manner as if such Witness had appeared to attend on a Trial in any Criminal Proceeding in that Court.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Judge Advocate, or Person officiating as such at any General Court Martial, do and he is hereby required to transmit, with as much Expedition as the Opportunity of time and Distance of Place can admit, the original Proceedings and Sentence of such Court Martial to the Judge Advocate General in London, or if the Court Martial shall have been held in Ireland, to the Judge Advocate General in Dublin; and the said original Proceedings and Sentences are to be carefully kept and preserved in the respective Offices, to the end that the Persons entitled therein may be enabled, upon Application to such Office, to obtain Copies thereof, according to the true Letter and meaning of this Act.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That any Officer shall make any Regiment, Troop or Company within the City of Westminster, and Borough of Southwark and Liberties thereof, but in the Presence of Two or more Justices of the Peace, not bring Officers of the Army, under the Penalty of Fifty Pounds, and of being discharged from his Office, unless such Justices, upon Forty eight Hours' Notice being given to Six of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace residing within the City and Liberties aforesaid respectively, shall require to attend such Muster; and in case of such Neglect, such Officer may proceed to muster such Regiment, Troop or Company; provided that Oath be made before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace within Forty eight Hours after such Muster taken, that such Muster was given to Six Justices of the Peace as aforesaid, which Justices so attending are hereby empowered to sign the said Muster Rolls, and to take Receipts of such Muster, and to examine the Truth thereof, before they sign the same.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That every Officer that shall make any false or untrue Muster of Man or Horse, or shall wilfully or negligently allow or sign the Muster Roll wherein such false Muster is contained, or any Duplicate thereof; and also every Officer who shall directly or indirectly take or cause to be taken any Sum or Sum of Money, or any other Gratuity, or fee for the making any Regiment, Troop or Company, or as or for the signing of any Muster Roll, or any Duplicate thereof, upon Proof thereof upon Oath made by Two Witnesses before a General Court Martial, to be thereupon called (which is hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath), shall for such Offence be forthwith cashiered, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in His Majesty's Service.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer shall knowingly suffer any Person by a wrong Name, upon Conviction thereof before a General Court Martial, the said Officer shall be subject to such Penalties as are directed and inflicted by this Act upon those who shall make false Returns.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That an Officer of His Majesty's Forces residing in Barracks or elsewhere under Military Law, shall be deemed liable to have any Female Poor Child bound Apprentice to him; but that every such Officer shall be wholly exempt from taking or receiving, or from having bound to him any such Child as an Apprentice, any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Continuance
of Act.

CLX. And he is further enacted, That this Act shall be and continue in force within Great Britain from the Twenty fourth Day of March in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, until the Twenty fifth Day of March in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and shall be and continue in force within Ireland, and in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark and Isle of Man, and the Islands thereto belonging, from the First Day of April in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, until the First Day of April in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and shall be and continue in force within the Garrisons of Gibraltar, and in Spain and Portugal, from the Twenty fifth Day of June in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, until the Twenty fifth Day of June in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and shall be and continue in force in all other Parts of Europe where His Majesty's Forces may be serving, and in the West India and America, from the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, to the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and shall be and continue in force within the Cape of Good Hope, the Isle of France and Reunion, and Islands thereto belonging, Saint Helena and the Western Coast of Africa, from the Twenty fifth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, to the Twenty fifth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and shall be and continue in force in all other Places from the Twenty fifth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twenty, to the Twenty fifth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twenty one.

C A P. X.

An Act for the regulating of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore.

[23d March 1819.]

[This Act is the same, and all the Schedules are also the same, as 58 G. 3. c. 12. except as to Dates, the Schedules that are here referred, and the Clauses of Sections 67. and 77. of 58 G. 3. c. 12.]

Persons mak-
ing false Re-
presentations in
making the Oath
marked (A),
and obtaining
Money, de-
clared guilty of
obtaining
Money under
false Pretences.
30 G. 3. c. 14.

LXXXVII. AND he is further enacted, That any Person who shall knowingly, wilfully and deliberately make any false Representation of any Particular contained in the Form of Oath marked (A.) in the Schedule annexed to this Act, before the Justice of the Peace in the name of his Attestation, for the purpose of obtaining, and shall thereupon obtain any Enlisting Money, or any Bounty or Part of a Bounty, for enlisting into His Majesty's Royal Marines, or any other Money, shall be deemed guilty of obtaining Money under false Pretences, within the true intent and meaning of an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Persons who shall obtain or attempt to obtain Possession of Goods or Money by false or untrue Pretences; for preventing the unlawful passing of Goods; for the only Redemption of Goods pawned; and for preventing Gaming in Public Houses by Jurymen, Lieutenants, Sergeants and Apprentices*; and that the Production of such Oath, and Proof of the Justice's Hand Writing thereon, shall in any Prosecution to be instituted against the said Person or Persons therein named, be sufficient Evidence of such Person having represented the several Particulars contained in such Oath at the time of his being attested; and in case such Person shall be an Apprentice, he shall immediately after the Expiration of his Apprenticeship, or other longer Determination of it, whether he shall have been counted and qualified or not, be deemed duly enlisted, and be liable from thenceforth to serve as a Soldier; and if, on the Expiration or other longer Determination of his Apprenticeship, he shall not deliver himself up to some Officer in the Head Quarters of one of the Divisions of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces, or to some Royal Marine Officer authorized to receive Recruits, he shall be liable to be apprehended and dealt with as a Delinquent from His Majesty's said Royal Marine Forces.

Punish for
Contumacious
of Indenture.

LXXXVIII. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace or Magistrates before whom any Person shall be brought who has enlisted, and who shall be proved upon Oath before them, and convicted of having wilfully concealed any Infirmary upon being attested, to adjudge such Person to be a Rogue and Vagabond, and such Person shall thereupon be subject to such Punishment as by and under any Statute or Law now in Force may be inflicted upon Rogues, Vagabonds, and Vagrants, and incorrigible Rogues, to be adjudged by the Justices of the Peace or Magistrates in convicting any such Person as aforesaid.

Officers not
liable to have
Their Children
apprehended in
them.

LXXXIX. And he is further enacted, That no Officers of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces, residing in Barracks or elsewhere, under Military Law, shall be deemed liable to have any Parish poor Child bound Apprentice to him, but that every such Officer shall be wholly exempt from taking or receiving, or from having bound to him, any such Apprentice; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. XL.

An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the time limited for certain of these purposes respectively, until the Twenty Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and to permit such Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Inferiours of Clerks to Assessors and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of May Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and to allow Persons to make and file such Affidavits, although the Persons whom they served shall have neglected to take out their Annual Certificates. [23^d March 1819.]

[This Act is the same as 53 G. 3. c. 9. except as to Dates, and as to the Section here inserted.]

• III. AND Whereas several Persons have inadvertently, and without any corrupt or unlawful Motives, acted as Trustees in the Execution of divers Acts of Parliament for the making or repairing of divers Turnpike Roads in England, without being possessed of the Qualifications required respectively by the several Acts of Parliament under which such Persons were appointed or elected to be Trustees, and without having taken and subscribed the Oaths or Affirmations of their Qualifications required by such Acts respectively; Be it further enacted, That all Persons who have incurred any Penalty as Incapacities mentioned in or implied by any Act or Acts of Parliament for the making or repairing of any Turnpike Road or Roads in England, by acting as Trustees in the Execution of any such Act or Acts without being possessed of the Qualifications required by any such Act or Acts respectively, or by neglecting to take and subscribe any Oath or Affirmation required to qualify them as such Trustees, according to any such Act or Acts respectively, shall be and are hereby indemnified, freed and discharged from all Incapacities, Disabilities, Penalties and Forfeitures, incurred by reason of such acting, or of such Omission or Neglect as aforesaid; and that no Act, matter or thing, done by any of them in the Execution of any such Act or Acts of Parliament, and not yet avoided, shall be questioned or avoided by reason of such acting, or of such Omission or Neglect as aforesaid, but that all such Acts, matters and things, shall be, and are hereby declared to be, as good and effectual to all intents and purposes whatsoever, as if such Persons respectively had been duly qualified to act as such Trustees, and had taken and subscribed such Oaths or Affirmations at such Place and in such manner as is required respectively by the several Acts under which such Persons shall have acted as Trustees as aforesaid; any Thing in the said Acts, or any of them, to the contrary thereof to the contrary notwithstanding; Provided always, that such Person or Persons do and shall take and subscribe the Oaths or Affirmations of Qualification required by the respective Act or Acts under which such Person or Persons shall act as a Trustee or Trustees, in such manner and form, and in such Place or Places respectively, as are directed and appointed by the said Acts respectively, before any such Place or Places shall act as such Trustee or Trustees at any time after the Expiration of Two Calendar Months next after the passing of this Act.

Persons acting as Trustees for Roads, not having the Qualifications, indemnified.

C A P. XII.

An Act to amend the Laws for the Relief of the Poor.

[31st March 1819.]

• FOR the better and more effectual Execution of the Laws for the Relief of the Poor, and for the Amendment thereof: May it please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Inhabitants of any Parish, in Vestry assembled, and they are hereby empowered, so to elect a Select Vestry for the Concerns of the Poor of such Parish; and to that end so to convene and elect, in the same or in any subsequent Vestry, or any Adjournment thereof respectively, such and so many substantial Householdors or Occupiers within such Parish, not exceeding the Number of Twenty nor less than Five, as shall in any such Vestry be thought fit to be Members of the Select Vestry; and the Rector, Vicar or other Minister of the Parish, and in his Absence the Curate thereof (such Curate being resident in and charged to the Poor's Rates of such Parish), and the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor for the time being, together with the Inhabitants who shall be nominated and elected as aforesaid (such Inhabitants being first sworn appointed by Writing under the Hand and Seal of One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, which Appointment be is hereby authorized and required to make), shall be and constitute a Select Vestry for the Care and Management of the Concerns of the Poor of such Parish, and any Three of them (Two of whom shall neither be Churchwardens nor Overseers of the Poor) shall be a Quorum; and when any Inhabitant elected and appointed to serve in any such Select Vestry shall, before the Expiration of his Office, die, or remove from the Parish, or shall become incapable of serving, or shall refuse or neglect to serve therein, the Vacancy which shall be thereby occasioned shall, as soon as conveniently may be, be filled up by the Election and Appointment, in manner aforesaid, of some other substantial Householders or Occupiers of such Parish, and in from time to time as often as any such Vacancy shall occur; and every such Select Vestry shall continue and be empowered to act from the time of the Appointment thereof until Fourteen Days after the next Annual Appointment of Overseers of the Poor of the Parish shall take place, and may be from Year to Year, and in any future Year, renewed in the manner herebefore directed; and every such Select Vestry shall meet once in every Fourteen Days, and where if it shall be found necessary, in the Parish Church, or in some other convenient Place within the Parish; and at every such Meeting a Chairman shall be appointed by the Majority

Parishes empowered to establish Select Vestries for the Concerns of the Poor.

Composition of Select Vestries.

Members elected, being appointed by a Justice, to constitute a Select Vestry.

Vacancies how supplied.

Continuance of Select Vestries.

Power of Renewal. Meetings and Election of Select Vestries.

of the Members present, who shall preside therein; and in all cases of Equality of Votes upon any Question there arising, the Chairman shall have the casting Vote; and every such Select Vestry is hereby empowered and required to examine into the State and Condition of the Poor of the Parish, and to inquire into and determine upon the proper Objects of Relief, and the Nature and Amount of the Relief to be given; and in such case shall take into Consideration the Character and Conduct of the poor Persons to be relieved, and shall be at liberty so to distinguish, in the Relief to be granted between the deserving, and the idle, extravagant or profligate Poor; and such Select Vestry shall make Orders in Writing for such Relief as they shall think requisite, and shall require into and superintend the Collection and Administration of all Money to be raised by the Poor's Rates, and of all other Funds and Money raised or applied by the Parish to the Relief of the Poor; and where any such Select Vestry shall be established, the Overseers of the Poor are required, in the Execution of their Office, to conform to the Directions of the Select Vestry, and shall act (except in cases of sudden Emergency or urgent Necessity, and to the extent only of such temporary Relief in such case shall require, and except by Order of Justices, in the cases hereinafter provided for,) give any further or other Relief or Allowance to the Poor, than such as shall be ordered by the Select Vestry.

Overseers (who are) to give no other Relief than as ordered by Select Vestry.

Proceedings by Justices of Peace, upon Complaints of Wanting Relief

Overseers are required to superintend the Poor Justices.

II. And be it further enacted, That when any Complaint shall be made to any Justice of the Peace, of the Want of adequate Relief, by or on the behalf of any poor Inhabitant of any Parish for which a Select Vestry shall be established by virtue of this Act, or in which the Relief of the Poor is or shall be under the Management of Guardians, Governors or Directors appointed by virtue of Special or Local Acts, such Justice shall not proceed therein, or take Cognizance thereof, unless it shall be proved on Oath before him, that Application for such Relief hath been first made to and refused by the Select Vestry, or by such Guardians, Governors or Directors; and in such case, the Justice to whom the Complaint shall be made may summon the Overseers of the Poor, or any of them, to appear before any Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, to answer the Complaint; and if upon the hearing thereof it shall be proved on Oath, to the Satisfaction of the Justices who shall hear the same, that the Party complaining, or on whose behalf the Complaint shall be made, is in need of Relief, and that adequate Relief hath been refused by the Select Vestry, or by such Guardians, Governors or Directors, or that such Select Vestry shall not have attended as by this Act directed, it shall be lawful for such Justices to make an Order, under their Hands and Seals, for such Relief as they, in their just and proper Discretion, shall think necessary (Reference being also had by such Justices to the Character and Conduct of the Applicant); provided, that in every such Order the special Cause of granting the Relief thereby directed shall be expressly stated, and that on such Order shall be given for or against to any longer time than One Month from the Date thereof: Provided that it shall be lawful for any Justice to make an Order for Relief in any case of urgent Necessity, to be specified in such Order, as in such Order shall remain in force only until the assembling of the Select Vestry of the Parish, or of such Guardians, Governors or Directors, as aforesaid, to which such case shall relate.

One Justice may order temporary Relief, in cases of urgent Necessity.

Minutes kept of Proceedings of Select Vestries.

Minutes and Reports of Proceedings, shall be kept by Guardians in General Vestry.

Notice of holding by Vestries, Minutes of Meetings, &c.

Orders for Relief, where no Select Vestry, made by Two or more Justices.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Select Vestry, to be established by the Authority of this Act, shall cause Minutes to be fairly entered in Books, to be for that purpose provided, of all their Meetings, Proceedings, Resolutions, Orders and Transactions, and of all sums received, applied and expended, by their Direction; and such Minutes shall from time to time be signed by the Chairman; and shall, together with a Summary or Report of the Accounts and Transactions of the Select Vestry, be laid before the Inhabitants of the Parish at General Vestry assembled, Twice in every Year, that is to say, in the Month of March and the Month of October, and at such other times as the Select Vestry shall think fit; and the Minutes, Proceedings, Accounts and Reports of every Select Vestry, shall belong to the Parish, and be preserved with the other Books, Documents, Accounts and public Papers thereof.

IV. Provided, and be it further enacted, That the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor shall cause Ten Days' Notice, at the least, to be publicly given, in the usual manner, of every Vestry to be holden for the purpose of establishing any Select Vestry, or of acquiescing and clothing the Minutes, or any Member thereof, and of every Vestry to be holden for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Select Vestry; and every Notice of any such Vestry shall state the special purpose thereof.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Order to be made, after the First Day of May next, for the Relief of any poor Person by the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of any Parish not having a Select Vestry, under the Authority of this Act, shall be made by Two or more Justices, who shall, in making every such Order, take into their Consideration the Character and Conduct of the Person applying for Relief; provided that in every such Order the special Cause of granting the Relief thereby directed shall be expressly stated, and that no such Order shall be given for or against to any longer time than One Month from the Date thereof: Provided also, that in cases of Emergency and urgent Distress, it shall be lawful for One Justice to order such Relief as the case shall require, stating in his Order the Circumstances of the case; but no such last mentioned Order shall entitle any Person to claim Relief by virtue thereof more than Fourteen Days from the Date of the Order, nor shall the same have any Force or Effect after the next Petty Session to be holden within the Hundred or other Division or District in which the Parish to which the same shall apply shall be situate.

Power to Special Sessions to appoint, &c. Overseers.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, in their respective Special Sessions for the Appointment of Overseers of the Poor, upon the Nomination, and at the Request of the Inhabitants of any Parish in Vestry assembled, to appoint any Person who shall be affixed to the Relief of the Poor thereof, and shall be a Householder resident within Two Miles from the Church or Chapel of such Parish, on whom there shall be no Church or Chapel, shall be resident within One Mile from the Boundary of such Parish, to be an Overseer of the Poor thereof, although the Person so to be appointed shall not be an Householder within the Parish of which he shall be so appointed as Overseer of the Poor; and it shall be sufficient, in every such Appointment, to describe the Person appointed by his Name and Residence; provided

provided that no Person shall be appointed to, or be compellable to serve the Office of Overseer of the Poor of any Parish or Place in which he shall not be a Householder, unless he shall have continued in such Appointment.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Inhabitants of any Parish in Vestry assembled, to nominate and elect any definite Person or Persons to be Assistant Overseer or Overseers of the Poor of such Parish, and to determine and fixify the Duties to be by or them executed and performed, and to fix such yearly Salary for the Execution of the said Office as shall by such Inhabitants in Vestry be thought fit; and it shall be lawful for any Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and they are hereby empowered, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to appoint any Person or Persons who shall be so nominated and elected to be Assistant Overseer or Overseers of the Poor, for such purposes, and with such Salary, as shall have been fixed by the Inhabitants in Vestry; and such Salary shall be paid out of the Money raised for the Relief of the Poor, at such times and in such manner as shall have been agreed upon between the Inhabitants in Vestry and the respective Persons to be so appointed; and every Person to be so appointed Assistant Overseer shall be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to execute all such of the Duties of the Officer of Overseer of the Poor as shall in the Warrant for his Appointment be expressed in like manner and as fully, in all Intents and purposes, as the same may be executed by any ordinary Overseer of the Poor; and every Person or Persons so appointed shall continue to be an Assistant Overseer of the Poor until he or they shall resign such Office, or until his or their Appointment shall be revoked by the Inhabitants of the Parish in Vestry assembled, and no longer; and it shall be lawful for the Inhabitants of any Parish, upon the Nomination and Election by them of an Assistant Overseer or Overseers, to require and take Security for the faithful Execution of his or their Office, by Bond, with or without a Surety or Sureties, and in such Penalty as they shall think fit; and every such Bond shall be made to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor, and may, on any Breach of the Conditions thereof, be put in Suit by and in the Names of the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor for the time being, by the Direction of the Vestry or Select Vestry, for the Benefit of the Parish, in the manner hereinafter provided.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in any Parish not having a Workhouse for the Poor thereof, or where the Workhouse shall be found insufficient or inconvenient, it shall be lawful for the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor, by the Direction of the Inhabitants in Vestry assembled, to erect and build in such Parish a suitable Workhouse, or to alter and enlarge any Messuage or Tenement belonging to such Parish for that purpose, and to purchase or take on Lease any Ground within the Parish for the purpose of such Building, or for enlarging any such other Messuage or Tenement belonging to such Parish for that purpose; or such Churchwardens and Overseers may and they are hereby authorized to add to and enlarge any such insufficient Workhouse, as the Inhabitants of the Parish in Vestry shall think fit and decent.

IX. And Whereas it would be advisable to enable Parishes to sell and dispose of their present Workhouses, or any other Houses or Tenements belonging to such Parishes, in cases where the same are insufficient and incapable of being enlarged or used as Workhouses, and to apply the Produce thereof in aid of building new Workhouses: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, and they are hereby authorized, by the Direction of the Inhabitants in Vestry assembled, and with the Consent of Two Justices, to be credited under their Hands, to sell and dispose of any Workhouse, or any other Houses or Tenements belonging to such Parish which shall be found to be sufficient or unfit for the purpose, with the Site thereof, and the Outbuildings, Offices, Yards and Gardens thereto belonging, for the best Price and upon such Terms as can be reasonably obtained, and to convey and assign the same to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, his, her or their Heirs and Assigns or as he, she or they shall direct, and to apply the Produce of such Sale, after deducting the reasonable Expenses thereof, towards the Purchase or Building of a new Workhouse, or in or towards the Payment of any Money to be borrowed under the Authority of this Act, as the Inhabitants in Vestry shall direct.

X. And Whereas there may be Parishes in which no sufficient Purchase or Workhouse can be procured for the Accommodation of the Poor thereof: Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of every such Parish, by the Direction of the Inhabitants in Vestry assembled, to purchase or hire any suitable and convenient House or Houses, Building or Buildings, for that purpose, in any adjoining Parish, with the Consent of Two or more Justices, with Consent to be written upon or annexed to the Agreement for purchasing or hiring such House or Houses, Building or Buildings: Provided always, that no such House or Building shall be situate more than Three Miles from the Parish for which the same shall be purchased or hired.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every House and Building which shall be so purchased or hired, shall in all Questions relative to the Settlement of Persons born or lodged therein, be deemed and taken to be Part of the Parish on behalf of which the same shall be purchased or hired, and by which the same shall be used as a Purchase or Workhouse.

XII. And Whereas, by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor are directed to let to work certain Persons therein described: And Whereas by the Laws now in force no such Powers are now given to the Churchwardens and Overseers, to enable them to keep such Persons fully and constantly employed: Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, with the Consent of the Inhabitants in Vestry assembled, to take into their Hands any Land or Ground which shall belong to such Parish, or to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of such Parish, or to the Poor thereof, or to purchase or to hire and take on Lease for and on account of the Parish, any suitable Portion or Portions of Land within or near to such Parish, not exceeding Twenty Acres in the whole; and to employ and set to work in the Cultivation

Inhabitants in Vestry may elect, and Two Justices may appoint Assistant Overseers with a Salary.

† See, One of what Money Salary is to be paid.

Continuance in Office of such Assistant Overseers.

Security may be taken.

Power to Churchwardens, &c. to build or enlarge Workhouses.

Workhouses no longer may be sold by Churchwardens, &c. with Consent of Two Justices.

Produce of Sale may be applied.

Where no Workhouse, &c. can be procured in the Parish, adjoining Parish may be resorted to.

Such Buildings as are convenient, taken on by or in the Parish or purchased or hired.

44 Eliz. c. 2. § 6.

Parishes may provide Local for the Employment of the Poor, not exceeding 20 Acres;

situation of such Land, on account of the Parity, any such Persons as by Law they are directed to go to work, and to pay to such of the poor Persons to be employed as shall not be supported by the Parity, reasonable Wages for their Work; and the poor Persons to be employed shall have such and the like Remedies for the Recovery of their Wages, and shall be subject to such and the like Punishment for Misdemeanour in their Employment, as other Labourers in Husbandry are by Law entitled and subject to.

and may let
Persons of
Land to poor
Labourers.

XIII. Provided, and be it further enacted, That for the Promotion of Industry amongst the Poor, it shall be lawful for the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of any Parity, with the Consent of the Inhabitants in Vestry assembled, to let any Portion and Portions of such Parity Land as aforesaid, or of the Land to be so purchased or taken on account of the Parity, to any poor and industrious Inhabitant of the Parity, to be by him or her accepted and cultivated on his or her own Account, and for his or her own Benefit, at such reasonable Rent and for such Term as shall by the Inhabitants in Vestry be fixed and determined.

Amount to be
used for
Buildings, and
Purchase of
Land, Ac.
limited.

XIV. Provided, and be it further enacted, That all Sums exceeding the Amount of a Rate or Assessment at One Shilling in the Pound upon the Annual Value of the Property in any Parity affixible to the Rates for the Relief of the Poor, shall be raised, expended or applied in any One Year, in purchasing, building and repairing any Buildings or Land by this Act authorized to be purchased, taken, built or repaired, and in fitting up, preparing and furnishing such Buildings, and in stocking such Land, or for any One or more of such purposes or Objects, unless the major Part of the Inhabitants and Overseers assented to the Relief of the Poor, in Vestry assembled, shall consent thereto, nor shall Two Third Parts in Value of all the Inhabitants and Overseers be assented to aforesaid (whether persons in Vestry or not) shall have affix signed their Consent thereto in the Vestry or Parity Book.

Power to raise
Further Loans,
by Loans, or by
the Sale of
Annuities.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in every case where the Inhabitants of any Parity shall in manner aforesaid consent that a greater Sum than the Amount of a Rate or Assessment of One Shilling in the Pound shall be expended on One Year for all or any of such purposes and Objects, it shall be lawful for the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of such Parity, with the Consent of such Majority as aforesaid of the Inhabitants and Overseers thereof, to be given and signed in the manner herebefore directed (after the Rate or Rates or amounting to One Shilling in the Pound shall have been actually levied and applied for such purposes or some of them), to raise any additional Sum or Sums, by Loans, or by Sale of an Annuity or of Annuities or any Life or Lives, not being under the Age of Fifty Years respectively, or for any certain Term not exceeding Fifteen Years, so as the whole Sum to be raised for all or any of such purposes by Loans, and by the Sale of Annuities, or by either of such means, shall not be more than Five Shillings in the Pound of or upon the true Annual Value of the Property which shall in such Parity be affixed to the Poor's Rates (every Proposal for any such Annuity being first fixed to and approved by the Inhabitants and Overseers of such Parity in Vestry assembled); and the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor shall and they are hereby authorized, in the Names and on the behalf of the Inhabitants of the Parity, to sign and execute Securities for the Money which shall be so borrowed and for the Annuities to be so granted; and by every such Security to charge the Produce of the future Rates to be made for the Relief of the Poor of every such Parity with the Repayment of the principal Sum which shall have been so borrowed, and the interest thereof, or with the Payment of the Annuity thereby granted (as the case may be), and upon the Days and times, and in such manner and Proportions, as is and by the Security for every such Loan and Annuity respectively shall be appointed and specified for the Payment thereof; and the Money so be raised by such future Rates shall be subject and liable to the Payment of every such Loan and the interest thereof, and of every such Annuity accordingly.

Future Rates
charged upon
Loans and
Annuities.

No greater
Rate than is
in the Third
shall be charged
on future Loans,
unless with
Consent of
Two Thirds in
Value of the
Proprietors of
Premises.

XVI. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That no greater Sum in the Whole than the Amount of a Rate or Assessment of One Shilling in the Pound, shall in any Parity be charged upon the future Rates aforesaid, unless Two Third Parts in Value of the Proprietors of Messuages, Lands and Tenements within such Parity (whether for Estates of Freehold or Copyhold, or by virtue of Leases for Terms of not less than Fifteen Years absolute or determinable upon a Life or Lives) shall have consented to raise the Money for which the Charge or Security shall purport to be made; such Consents to be given by Writing under the Hands of all Persons and Corporations Sole, and the Consent of every Corporation Aggregate under the Hand of the President, Head or Chief Member thereof for the time being, and the Consents of Justices of Peace, Mayors, Justices of the Peace, and Persons out of the Kingdom, by and under the Hands of their respective High Sheriffs, Guardians, Conservators, Treasurers, Attorneys or Agents, who are respectively authorized to give such Consents, and the Consent of the major Part of the Trustees for any charitable or other purpose shall be sufficient in respect of the Trust Estates.

Churchwardens
and Overseers
may take and
sell as Modes
Corporate.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments, which shall be purchased, hired or taken on Lease by the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of any Parity, by the Authority and for any of the purposes of this Act, shall be conveyed, devised and assigned to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of every such Parity respectively, and their Successors, in trust for the Parity; and such Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor and their Successors, shall and may and they are hereby empowered to accept, take and hold, in the Nature of a Body Corporate, for and on behalf of the Parity, all such Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments, and all all other Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments belonging to such Parity; and in all Actions, Suits, Indisputes and other Proceedings for or in relation to any such Buildings, Land or Hereditaments, or the Rent thereof, or for or in relation to any other Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments belonging to such Parity, or the Rent thereof, and in all Actions and Proceedings upon or in relation to any Bond to be given for the faithful Execution of the Office of an Assistant Overseer, it shall be sufficient to name the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor for the time being, withholding them as the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parity for which they shall act,

in Name shall =
Amount of A.D. 1819

and sending such Parity; and no Officer or Servant, Indentment or other Proceeding, shall resist, obstruct, or be discontented, quashed, defeated or impeded, by the Death of the Churchwardens and Overseers named in such Proceeding, or the Death or Death of any of them, or by their Removal or the Removal of any of them from, or the Expiration of, their respective Offices.

XVIII. And it is hereby further enacted, That the Clauses, Powers, Provisions and Directions contained in an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty's Kings, intitled *An Act for the Relief and Employment of the Poor*, for the Purpose of enabling Bodies Politic and Corporate, Trustees, Guardians and Incapacitated Persons, to contract for the Sale of and to convey and lease Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, for the Purpose in that Act expressed, and for and with regard to the Payment and Application of the Purchase Money to be paid for the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to be purchased by virtue of the said Act, shall extend and be applied to all Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to be purchased, hired or taken for the Purpose and under the Authority of this Act, and to the Payment and Application of the Purchase Money for the same, as fully and effectually in all Intents and Purposes as if such Clauses, Powers, Provisions and Directions were herein repeated and contained, and were hereby expressly enacted and applied to Lands and Buildings to be purchased and taken and to be sold for any of the Purposes of this Act.

XIX. And Whereas in many Parishes, and more especially in large and populous Towns, the Payment of the Poor's Rates is greatly evaded, by reason that great Numbers of Houses within such Parishes are let out in Lodgings, or in separate Apartments, or for short Terms, or are let to Tenants who quit their Residences, or become absent before the Rates charged on them can be collected; and it hath been found, that in many Instances the Persons having such Houses do actually charge and receive much higher Rents for the same, upon the Grounds and Expectations that the Occupiers thereof cannot be effectually assisted in the Poor's Rates, and will not be charged with or required to pay such Rates, and do thus obtain an undue Advantage to themselves, and by means of the Premises the other Inhabitants of such Parishes are unjustly compelled to pay much more than their fair and due Proportions of the Charges of relieving and maintaining the Poor; for Remedy thereof be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, it shall be lawful for the Inhabitants of any Parish, in Vestry assembled, and they are hereby empowered, to resolve and direct, that the Owner or Owners of all Houses, Apartments or Dwellings in such Parishes, being the immediate Lessor or Lessors of the actual Occupier or Occupiers, which shall respectively be let to the Occupiers thereof at any Rent or Rate not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Six Pence by the Year, for any less Term than One Year, or on any Agreement by which the Rent shall be reviewed or made payable at any shorter Period than Three Months, shall be assisted to the Rates for the Relief of the Poor, for or in respect of such Houses, Apartments or Dwellings, and the Outsheds and Carriages thereof, instead of the actual Occupiers; and the Inhabitants so assembled in Vestry may and they are hereby authorised from time to time to resolve, revise, vary and amend every such Resolution and Direction as they shall see Cause, in as to such Resolutions or Direction shall extend to assist or charge the Owner of any House, Apartment or Dwelling which shall with the Outsheds and Carriages thereof be let in a greater Sum than Twenty Pounds or less than Six Pence as aforesaid; and the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of every such Parish are hereby empowered and required to carry into effect all such Resolutions and Directions of the Inhabitants in Vestry assembled, and in pursuance and execution thereof, in all Cases to be by them made for the Relief of the Poor, to assist by a fair and equal Rated Rate the Owner or Owners, being the immediate Lessor or Lessors of the actual Occupier or Occupiers, of every House, Apartment or Dwelling to which such Resolutions and Direction shall extend, for or in respect of the same, according to the actual Rent at which every such House, Apartment or Dwelling shall be let, after making a reasonable Deduction from such Rent, not exceeding in any Case One Half of the same; and upon Nonpayment of the Same or Some Part to be assisted, the same may and shall be levied upon, and the Payment thereof be enforced against, such Owner and Owners, Lessor and Lessors, in as to be assisted, and his and their Goods and Chattels, in like manner as Rates for the Relief of the Poor may by Law be levied and recovered, and the Payment thereof enforced, upon and against any actual Occupier on whom the same are charged.

XX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the Goods and Chattels of every Occupier of any such House, Apartment or Dwelling, which shall be found in and about the same, shall be liable to be distrained and sold for raising so much of any such Rate or Assessment being in Arrear, as shall have become due during the Occupancy of the Person or Persons whose Goods and Chattels shall be so distrained (as is aforesaid in a summary Way by the Justices granting the Warrant of Distress), so that, in no case any greater Sum be raised by Distress of the Goods and Chattels of any such Occupier, than shall, at the time of making such Distress, be actually due from such Occupier for Rent of the Premises on which such Distress shall be made; Provided also, that every Occupier who shall pay any such Rate or Rates, or upon whose Goods or Chattels the same or any Part thereof shall be levied, shall and may deduct the Amount of the Same which shall be so paid or levied, out of the Rent by him or them payable; and such Payment shall be a sufficient Discharge to every such Occupier for so much of the Rent payable by him as he shall have paid, or as shall have been levied on his Goods and Chattels, of such Rate, and for the Costs of levying the same.

XXI. Provided, and be it further enacted, That every Person receiving or claiming the Rent of any such House, Apartment or Dwelling, for his or her own Use, or according to the tenor for the Use of any Corporate Aggregate, or of any Landlord or Lessor who shall be a Minor, under Coverture, or infirm, or for the Use of any Person who shall not be actually resident within Twenty Miles from the Parish in which any such House, Apartment or Dwelling shall be situated, shall for this Purpose be deemed and taken to be and shall be treatable as the Owner thereof.

Arches, &c. not to shut by Death, &c. of Churchwardens or Overseers.

Incapacitated Persons empowered to convey.

Powers and Directions of Stat. 22 Geo. 3. c. 35. to be applied to this Act.

Power to rate Owners of certain Houses let out in Lodgings, &c. instead of the Occupiers.

How far Inhabitants in Vestry may vary the Resolutions of former Vestry on this respect.

Modes of Assessment under such Resolutions.

Payment thereof as Poor Rates.

Goods of Occupiers may be distrained for Rates to the Amount of the Rent actually due.

Occupiers paying Rates empowered to deduct the Amount out of their Rents.

Persons receiving Rent to be deemed as Owners.

Persons rated
as Owners may
appeal:
and may vote
in Voters.

No Oath, nor
any other
qualification, shall, in
Place where
Right of voting
for the Members of
Parliament de-
pends on rating.

Two Justices
empowered to
return Names to
defence the
Petition of
Parish House-
holders, from Persons
living therein, or
Churchwardens
and Overseers.
Made of Pre-
cedence.

Two Justices
empowered to
deliver Petition-
ers of Land
appropriated
for the Poor,
from Persons
travelling
therein, to
Churchwardens
and Overseers.

43 Edw. 1. c. 1.
12.

Justices in
Petty Sessions
empowered to
take Oathes
to give Relief
by Statute, &c.

XXII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That every Person to be rated as the Owner of any such House, Apartment or Dwelling, who shall think himself or herself aggrieved by any such Rate, shall have such and the like Remedy by Appeal against the same, as any other Person thereby rated; and every Person so and shall be entitled, as an Inhabitant of the Parish in and for which he shall be assessed, to be present and to vote in every Vestry or Meeting of the Inhabitants thereof, for the Execution of the Laws for the Relief of the Poor, or for the Consideration of any Matter or Question in relation thereto, in like manner as the Inhabitants of the said Parish.

XXIII. Provided, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to give any Power or Authority to assess (the Owner (not being the Occupier) of any House, Apartment or Dwelling, in any City, Borough or Town Corporate, in which the Right of voting for the Election of Members to serve in Parliament shall depend upon the Assiſsment of the Voter to the Poor's Rate, or to any act which may affect the manner of assessing and charging any of the Inhabitants or Occupiers of Houses, Lands or Tenements, within any such City, Borough or Town Corporate.

XXIV. And Whereas Difficulties having frequently arisen, and considerable Expenses have heretofore been incurred, by reason of the Refusal of Persons who have been permitted to occupy, or who have intended themselves into Parishes or Towns Houses, or other Tenements or Dwellings (such as provided for the Habitation of the Poor, or otherwise belonging to such Parishes, to deliver up the Possession of such Houses, Tenements or Dwellings, when thereto required; and it is expedient to provide a Remedy in the same: Be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall have been permitted to occupy any Parish or Town House, or any other Tenement or Dwelling belonging to or provided by or as the Charge of any Parish, for the Habitation of the Poor thereof, or who shall have voluntarily surrendered himself or herself into any such House, Tenement or Dwelling, or into any House, Tenement or Hereditament belonging to such Parish, shall at a time or times to be appointed by the Justices of the Peace for the County or Borough or Town in which the said House, Tenement or Dwelling is situate, deliver up the Possession thereof to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of any such Parish, within One Month after Notice and Demand in Writing for that Purpose, signed by such Churchwardens and Overseers, or the major Part of them, shall have been delivered to the Person in Possession, or to his or her Attorney at Law or other Person acting for the said Person, it shall be lawful for any Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, upon Complaint to them made by One or more of the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish in which any such House, Tenement or Dwelling shall be situated, to issue their Warrant to the Person against whom such Complaint shall be made, to appear before such Justices at a time and Place to be appointed by them, and to make such Surrender to be delivered to the Party against whom the Complaint shall be made, or to his or her Attorney to be assisted on the Petitioner, Seven Days at the least before the time appointed for hearing such Complaint; and such Justices are hereby empowered and required, upon the Appearance of the Defendant, or upon Proof on Oath that such Surrender hath been delivered or offered to as hereby directed, to proceed to hear and determine the Matter of such Complaint, and if they shall find and adjudge the same to be true, then by Warrant under their Seal and Seals to cause Possession of the Premises in question to be delivered to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, or to some of them.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person to whom any Land appropriated, purchased or taken under the Authority of this Act, for the Employment of the Poor of any Parish, or to whom any other Lands belonging to such Parish, or to the Churchwardens and Overseers thereof, or to either of them, shall have been let, for his or her own Occupation, shall refuse to quit and to deliver up the Possession thereof to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of such Parish, at the Expiration of the Term for which the same shall have been demised or let to him or her; or if any Person or Persons shall voluntarily enter upon, or take or hold Possession of any such Land, or any other Land or Hereditaments belonging to such Parish, or to the Churchwardens and Overseers, or to either of them, it shall be lawful for such Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor, or any of them, after such Notice and Demand of Possession as is by this Act directed in the Case of Parish Houses, to exhibit a Complaint against the Person or Persons in Possession of such Land, before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, who are lawfully authorized and required to proceed thereon, and to hear and determine the Matter thereof, and if they shall find and adjudge the same to be true, to cause Possession of such Land to be delivered to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor, or some of them, in such and the like Course and manner as may by this Act directed with regard to Parish Houses.

XXVI. And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, for the Relief of the Poor, it was enacted, that the Father and Grandfather, and the Mother and Grandmother, and the Children of every poor, old, blind, lame and impotent Person, or other poor Person not able to work, being of sufficient Ability, shall at their own Charges educate and maintain every such poor Person, in that manner and according to that Rate as by the Justices of the Peace of that County where such sufficient Person dwell, or the greater Number of them, at their General Quarter Sessions, shall be assessed: And Whereas it is expedient to extend the Power which by the said Act given to Justices in their General Quarter Sessions, to Justices in Petty Sessions: Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, for the County or other Jurisdiction in which any such sufficient Person shall dwell, and they are hereby empowered, in any Petty Session, to make such Assiſsment and Order for the Relief of every poor, old, blind, lame, impotent, or other poor Person not able to work, upon and by the Father, Grandfather, Mother, Grandmother or Child (being of sufficient Ability) of every such poor Person, as may by virtue of the said Act be made by the Justices in their General Quarter Sessions; and that every such Assiſsment and Order of Two or more Justices in any Petty Sessions shall have the like Force and Effect as if the same were made by the Justices in their General Quarter Sessions; and the Disobedience thereof shall be punishable in like manner.

XXVII. And

* XXVII. And Where, by the said Act passed in the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, is for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor, it is enacted, with regard to Parishes which have adopted the Provisions thereof, and for which a Visitor shall have been appointed, that no Guardian of the Poor shall be summoned to appear before any Justice of the Peace, upon Complaint or Application to such Justice for the Relief of any poor Person, unless Application shall have been first made by the Person complaining to the Guardians, and upon his Refusal of Refusal, to the Visitor: And Whereas in many Cases, by reason of the Absence of the Visitor, or the Distance of his Residence, it may not be in the Power of the Complainant to make the Application by the said Act required: For Remedy thereof be it further enacted, That if it shall be made to appear to any Justice to whom any such Complaint or Application for Relief shall be made, that the Visitor of the Parish or United Parishes from which Relief shall be sought is absent from Home, or is resident more than Six Miles from the Place of Abode of the Complainant, and that Application for Relief hath been made to the Guardians, and hath been refused, it shall be lawful for such Justice to summon the Guardians to appear before him to answer such Complaint, and to proceed thereon, and make such Order thereon, as the Case shall require, in like manner as in Cases where Application hath been made to the Visitor, in the manner by the said Act directed.

Whereas where One Justice may summon Guardians and proceed and make Order without Petition.

* XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to take in Writing the Examination on Oath of any Person having a Wife or Child, who shall be a Prisoner in any Goal or House of Correction, or in the Custody of the Keeper of any such Goal or House of Correction, or who shall be in the Custody of any Constable or other Peace Officer, by virtue of any Warrant of Commitment, touching the Place of his or her last legal Settlement; and such Examination shall be signed by such Justice taking the same, and shall be received and admitted in Evidence as to such Settlement before any Justices, for the purpose of any Order of Removal, as long only as the Person is examined shall continue a Prisoner.

Examination of Prisoners to their Settlements made Evidence.

* XXIX. And Whereas it is expedient to discourage this Reliance upon the Poor's Rates which frequently induces Artificers, Labourers and others, to squander away Earnings which would with suitable Care have afforded sufficient means for the Support of their Families: Be it further enacted, That whenever it shall appear to the Justices, or to the General or Select Vestry, or to such Guardians, Governors or Directors as shall sit, or to the Overseers of the Poor, to whom Application shall be made for Relief for any poor Person, that he might, but for his Extravagance, Neglect or wilful Misconduct, have been able to maintain himself, or to support his Family (as the case may be), it shall be lawful for the Overseers of the Poor (by the Direction of the Justices, or of the General or Select Vestry, or of such Guardians, Governors or Directors, where Application shall have been made to them respectively) to advance Money weekly or otherwise, as may be requisite, to the Person so applying, by way of Loan only, and to take his Receipt for, and Engagement to repay every Sum to be so advanced (for which Stamp Duty shall be required); and it shall be lawful for any Two Justices, upon the Application (within One Year after any such Loan or Loans) of One or more of the Overseers of the Poor for the time being of the Parish, to summon the Person in whom any Money shall have been so advanced; and if upon Examination by such Justices into the Circumstances, it shall appear to them that such Person is able, by weekly Installments or otherwise, to repay the Whole or any Part of the Money so advanced to him, and for which he shall have given any such Receipt and Engagement, it shall be lawful for such Justices to make an Order under their Hands and Seals for the Repayment of the Whole or of any Part of such Money, at such time and times, and in such Proportions and manner as they shall see fit; and upon every Default of Payment, by their Warrant to commit such Person to the Common Goal or House of Correction for any term not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless the Same and Sums which shall be due and payable by virtue of such Order shall be sooner paid.

Overseers empowered to advance Loans, to repay Relief by way of Loan only.

Proceedings for Repayment of Loans.

* XXX. And be it further enacted, That when any Person entitled to or in Receipt of any Pension, Superannuation or other Allowance, in respect of his Service in the Navy, Royal Marines, Army or Ordnance, shall apply to any Parish for Relief, for himself, or for his Wife or Family, it shall be lawful for the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor to require the Pensioner or other Person applying for Relief, before the same shall be granted, or assign to them the next Quarterly or other Payment or Allowance which shall become payable to him, to the intent that they may receive the same, and retain for the Use of the Parish so much thereof as shall have been by them advanced for the Relief of such Pensioner, or other Person, or of his Wife or Family residing with him in such Parish; and it shall also be lawful for the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, at the Request of any Person who shall be entitled to or in Receipt of any such Pension, Superannuation, or other Allowance, to advance for his Support, or the Support of his Family, any weekly Sum not exceeding the Rate of his Pension or Allowance, to be repaid by and out of the next Quarterly or other Payment of such Pension or Allowance, and to take an Assignment thereof by way of Security for the Money so to be advanced, any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; and every Assignment to be made of any such Pension, Superannuation or Allowance, for the Purpose of this Act, shall be exempt from Stamp Duty, and shall be in the Form, or to the Effect following; that is to say,

Pensioner, his Assignee, or the Navy, Army, &c. may be assigned to certain Uses for the Redemtion of Indebtedness.

And Churchwardens, &c. may advance weekly Allowance.

* I (being the Pensioner or other Applicant, and stating such Particulars as shall be requisite) do hereby assign the next per Diem, &c. and payable from the Repayment of the Sum of £ advanced

Form of Assignment.

advanced to me, [or, of the weekly Sum of] ordered
 or agreed to be advanced to me, as the case may be, by each Churchwardens and Overseers.
 Signed by the above named.
 before me, One of His Majesty's Justices of }
 the Peace for }
 the }
 Day of

Each Assign-
 ment, intended
 by Justice,
 transmitted by
 Churchwardens,
 to be Pay-
 ment of Com-
 m. &c.

Penalties as-
 signed to be
 paid to Church-
 wardens, &c.
 for the Poor of
 Parishes, &c.

Assignments
 sent by Justices
 of Penalties
 before Day of
 Payment

Two Justices
 may order Pay-
 ment to Over-
 seers of Pen-
 sions, &c.
 of Persons having
 their Families
 chargeable.

And Justice
 may order, &c.
 to make such
 Payment
 accordingly.

Where Church-
 wardens, &c.
 to apply the
 same.

Two Justices
 empowered to
 order Payment
 of Wages of
 Seamen, whose
 Families during
 the Absence
 have become
 chargeable, for
 the Indemnity
 of Parishes.

And every such Assignment, attested by One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, of any Quarterly or other Payment payable by the Churchwardens for the Affairs of the Royal Hospitals at Chelsea or Greenwich, or by the Paymaster of the Royal Marines, or the Treasurer of the Board of Ordnance respectively, and made as aforesaid to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, shall be transmitted by such Churchwardens or Overseers, at least One Month before such Payment shall become due, under Cover, addressed to the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, with the Words "Chelsea Pensioner" written thereon, or to the Paymaster of Penalties at Greenwich Hospital, with the Words "Greenwich Pensioner" written thereon, or to the Paymaster of the Royal Marines, with the Words "Royal Marines Pensioner" written thereon, or to the Secretary to the Board of Ordnance, with the Words "Ordnance Pensioner" with a certificate, who shall thereupon respectively cause the said Payment to be made to the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of the Parish for which Security the Assignment shall have been made, in the same manner as the said Payment would have been made to the Person obliging the same if no such Assignment had been made; and such Churchwardens and Overseers, or any One or more of them, are and is hereby authorised to enforce the same, and to retain thereof for the Use of the Parish in which as shall have been advanced and paid on Security thereof, and forthwith to pay the said Use (if any there shall be) to the Pensioner or Person to whom such Assignment shall have been made; and if any Question shall arise between the Pensioner or Person making any such Assignment and the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, touching the Amount which shall be due and payable to them by virtue of any such Assignment, the same shall be determined in a summary Way by One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and his Order and Determination therein shall be final and conclusive: Provided that no such Assignment shall entitle the Churchwardens and Overseers to whom the same shall be made, to receive the Pension or Allowance purporting to be thereby assigned, if the Party obliging the same shall die before the time when such Pension or other Allowance would have become payable to him if no such Assignment thereof had been made.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That when any Pensioner, or other Person entitled to or in Receipt of any such Pension or other Allowance as aforesaid, shall leave his Wife or Family chargeable, or suffer them to become chargeable to any Parish, it shall be lawful for Two or more Justices, upon Complaint thereof to them made by any one or more of the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of such Parish, and verified on Oath, by Order under their Hands and Seals to direct that the next Payment which shall become due of such Pension or other Allowance shall be made to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish to which such Wife or Family shall have become chargeable; and any One or more of such Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor shall transmit such Order to the aforesaid Commissioners for the Affairs of the Royal Hospitals at Chelsea or Greenwich, or the Secretary of the Board of Ordnance respectively, in like manner as such Assignment is heretofore directed to be transmitted to the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, and the Paymaster of Penalties at Greenwich, the Paymaster of the Royal Marines, and the Secretary of the Board of Ordnance, in the case may be; which said Paymaster General, or Paymaster of Penalties at Greenwich, or the Treasurer of the Board of Ordnance, shall thereupon, had upon sufficient Proof being given that the Person whose Pension or other Allowance shall be directed to be paid shall have been living when the same shall become payable, and would have been entitled to receive the same if no such Order had been made, cause the said Payment to be made to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish for which Security such Order shall have been made; and the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor receiving any such Pension or other Allowance by virtue of any such Order, shall retain and apply the same, or so much thereof as shall have been actually expended for the purposes aforesaid, for the Use and Indemnity of the Parish, and shall pay the Surplus (if any there shall be) to the Pensioner or Person entitled thereto; and upon the Receipt of any such Order as aforesaid, by which the Pension, or other Allowance to be mentioned therein, shall be directed to be paid to such Churchwardens and Overseers as aforesaid, the Payment thereof shall be suspended, until sufficient Proof shall have been given to entitle the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, in such Order named, to receive the Money thereby directed to be paid to them.

XXXII. And Whereas in many Instances the Wives and Families of Seamen employed in the Merchant's Service become chargeable to Parishes, while their Husbands and Fathers are absent on such Service, and it is expedient to provide for the Indemnity of such Parishes by and out of the Wages of such Seamen; Be it therefore further enacted, That where the Wife or Family of any Seaman employed in any Vessel or Trip (not being His Majesty's Service) shall, during his Absence on such Employment, become chargeable to any Parish, it shall be lawful for two Justices, upon Complaint thereof to them made by any One or more of the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of such Parish, and verified on Oath, by Order under their Hands and Seals, to direct the acting Owner or Owners, Ship's Husband or Agent of the Ship or Vessel in which such Seaman shall be employed, to pay out of the Wages which shall become due to such Seaman, unto the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish to which his Wife or Family shall have become chargeable, so much as shall have been by such Parish necessarily expended for their Maintenance or Relief, (the Amount, in case of any Dispute, to be ascertained by Two Justices, whose Determination therein shall be

he find]; and upon the Production of any such Order, the Owner, Ship's Husband or Agent, by whom the Wages of the Seaman therein to be named shall be payable, shall pay to such One or more of the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish to whose Indemnity such Order shall have been made, as they demand the same, the Sum and Sums to be therein specified and directed to be paid, or so much thereof as the Wages then due shall amount unto; and the Payment and Receipt of any such Churchwardens or Overseers, shall be a good Discharge for so much of such Wages as shall be paid to them or him by virtue of any such Order; and if any such Owner, Ship's Husband or Agent, shall refuse or neglect to pay to the Churchwardens or Overseers according to any such Order, the Money thereby directed to be paid, or so much thereof as shall be actually due for the Wages of the Seaman to be therein named, the same may be levied and recovered, and the Payment thereof enforced, against the Owner or Owner, Ship's Husband or Agent, by whom the same shall be payable, in such and the like manner as Poor's Rates in Arrear may be levied and recovered, and the Payment thereof enforced, against the Parson and Parson churchwarden and charged therewith: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall authorize or compel the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money by such acting Owner or Owners, Ship's Husband or Agent, and the Voyage in which the Vessel shall be so engaged shall be completed, nor be owed the Sum that shall be so thereby due to such Seaman, by such acting Owner or Owners, Ship's Husband or Agent, as Wages or otherwise.

XXIII. And Whereas poor Persons, born in *Switzerland* and *Ireland*, and in the Isles of *Man*, *Jersey* and *Guernsey*, frequently become chargeable to Parishes in *England*, and so Provision is made for the Removal of any such poor Person, unless he or she shall have received some Act of Vagabondy, and shall be adjudged to be a Rogue and Vagabond; and as Persons so adjudged can be lawfully removed without having been first publicly whipped or imprisoned in the House of Correction: And Whereas it is expedient to authorize the Removal of such poor Persons, although they may not have committed any Act of Vagabondy, and to authorize the Justice of the Peace to cause such of them as may be adjudged to be Rogues and Vagabonds, to be conveyed by a Pail, without having been first whipped or imprisoned: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Two Justices of the Peace, and they are hereby required, upon the Complaint of the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, that any Person born in *Switzerland* or *Ireland*, or in either of the Isles of *Man*, *Jersey* and *Guernsey*, hath become chargeable to such Parish, by himself or herself, or his or her Family, to cause such Person to be brought before them, and to examine such Person, and any other Writors or Witnesses, on Oath, touching the Place of the Birth or last legal Settlement of every such Person, and to inquire whether he or she, or any of his or her Children, hath or have gained any Settlement in that Part of the United Kingdom called *England*, and if it shall be found by such Justices, that the Person so brought before them was born in *Switzerland* or *Ireland*, or in either of the Isles of *Man*, *Jersey* and *Guernsey*, and hath not gained any Settlement in *England*, and that he or she hath actually become chargeable to the complaining Parish, by himself or herself, or his or her Family, then such Justices shall and they are hereby empowered, by a Pail under their Hand and Seal, in the Form or to the Effect prescribed by the Act passed in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of the late Majesty King George the Second, to amend the Laws relating to Rogues and Vagabonds (namely manifestly), to cause such poor Person, his Wife, and each of his or her Children is chargeable as aforesaid, or have gained a Settlement in *England*, to be removed to the Place of his or her Birth or last legal Settlement, in the manner by the said Act directed for the Removal of Rogues and Vagabonds to *Switzerland* and *Ireland*, and the Isles of *Man*, *Jersey* and *Guernsey*; and all Constables and other Officers, and all Masters of Vessels, are hereby required to convey every Person so to be pailed in the manner by the said Act directed for the Conveyance of Rogues and Vagabonds.

XXXIV. And it is hereby further enacted, That a Thief be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, who shall advertise any Person here in Scotland or in Ireland, or in any of the Isles of *Man, Jersey and Guernsey*, (and not having gained a Settlement in England,) to be a Rogue and Vagabond, in his Discretion and according to the Circumstances of the Case, either to order him to be whipped, or him or her to be imprisoned on the House of Correction, as by the Laws in being are directed, before he or she shall be removed, or to cause such Rogue and Vagabond to be removed without having been so whipped or imprisoned.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That all Powers and Authorities by the Aft given to and vested in Justices of the Peace, shall be exercised and executed by such Justices within the Limits of their respective Counties and Jurisdictions, and not elsewhere; and that all Justices, Clerks, Auditors and Directors in the Aft contained, in relation to Parishes, shall extend and be confined to extend to all Townships, Villages and Places having separate Overseers of the Poor, and maintaining their Poor separately; and that all Afts and Duties required or authorized by this Aft to be done and executed by Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor, may in every Parish be performed, executed and executed by the major Part of the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor thereof; and that in Townships, Villages and Places which have no Churchwardens, the same may be performed, executed and executed by the Overseers of the Poor thereof, or the major Part of them; and that all the Powers, Privileges and Claims in the Aft contained, which relate to Vestries, or to the Inhabitants of any Parish in Vestry assembled, shall be confined to extend to all Meetings of the Inhabitants of any Township, Village or Place, having separate Overseers of the Poor, and maintaining its Poor separately, to be held after due and legal Notice for carrying into Execution the Laws for the Relief of the Poor, as fully as if in every such Parish and Place they were formally and adjutively named and assembled.

XXXVI. Provided, and he is further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be con- sidered to extend to take away, abridge, alter, prejudice or affect, further than is hereby expressly enacted, any of the Powers, Privileges, Professions or Regulations contained in the said Act passed in the Twenty- second Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor, or any other

And the Govern-
ment, he is
to make such
Provision as
Church-
members, &c.
accordingly.
And upon
Refusal, Pro-
ceedings may
be had against
Gover. &c. as
in the Case of
Pious's Estate.
Brevint.

Pawn to Two features no removable changeable Poor laws in Scotland, Ireland, &c. although they have not omitted any Act of Vagrancy.

Figure 1

Deaths and
Birth Payments
May be recovered
without
filing: whipped
or imprisoned.

Journal of
Neuroscience
Neuroscience
Neuroscience

Perhaps
looking to
Parsons ap-
plied to Thors-
tens, etc.

Magarip is an
Flemish given
name. Vanden
applied to
Montagu of
Trompsburg, &c.

Present the
Patterns of
the $1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9$
where the $1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9$
are the same
as the $1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9$

and for
Persons given
by Special
Acts :

and for Select
Parishes, by
anxious Con-
voys, &c.

As to extent
to England
only.

subject to such Parishes, Townships and Places as have adopted, or as shall adopt and become subject to the Provisions of that Act ; nor to take away, abridge, alter, prejudice or affect any of the Powers or Provisions of any special or local Act or Acts, for the Maintenance, Relief or Regulation of the Poor, in any City, Town, Hundred, District, Parish or Place, in severals that in every City, Town, Hundred, District, Parish or Place, such of the Clauses, Directions and Powers in this Act contained, as are so appugnant to, nor incompatible with, the Provisions of the last Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, or of such respective special or local Acts, shall have the like Force and Effect, and may be adopted and applied in like manner, as in other Parishes and Places : Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter, affect or diminish any Select Vestry which in any Parish has been established and acted upon by votes of any ancient Ulage or Custom.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall extend only to that Part of the United Kingdom called England.

C A P. XIII.

An Act to continue Two Acts of the Fifty Sixth and Fifty Eighth Years of His present Majesty, for reducing the Duties payable on Horses used for the Purposes therein mentioned, to the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty one : and to reduce the Duties chargeable under certain Acts of the Forty Eighth and Fifty Second Years of His present Majesty, in respect of certain Horses, Mares, Geldings and Mules. [31st March 1819.]

24 G. 3. c. 66

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for reducing the Duties payable on Horses used for the Purposes therein mentioned for Two Years, and for repealing the Acts granting Allowances in respect of Children, certain Duties of Afflicted Taxes were discontinued and superseded, and other Duties substituted in lieu thereof, for the Term of Two Years next after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and which Rates of substituted Duties were continued by another Act passed in the Fifty eighth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intimated *An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and amend, as Act of the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for reducing the Duties payable on Horses used for the purposes therein mentioned, and extended to other Cases therein mentioned, for the Term of One Year, from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen: And Whereas it is expedient to continue the same Rates of Duty in the said several Acts mentioned for a further time: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Statutes, and the Regulations and Provisions for afflicting, charging, raising, levying, collecting, applying and accounting for the same, in the said several Acts mentioned, shall be and the same are hereby severally continued from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen said and upon the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty one.**

continued.

Duty on
Horses used by
Butchers re-
duced.
24 G. 3. c. 15.
24 G. 3. c. 67.

Duties on
Horses not
employed
Thence high.

Proviso for
Exemption.

Mares kept
for breeding
excepted and
Horses kept by
the Police, &c.

Duty on Horses
kept for public
to remain.
New Duty.

II. And Whereas it is expedient that the Duties of Afflicted Taxes now chargeable under certain Acts, passed in the Forty eighth and Fifty second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, in respect of Horses, Mares and Geldings hereinafter described, should be reduced as hereafter is provided: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, the progressive Duties chargeable on Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall, in the Cases hereinafter mentioned, be discontinued; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, there shall be charged and paid for every Horse, Mare or Gelding which shall be actually used by any Butcher or his Servant or Servants in his Trade, the annual Sum of Two Pounds Seven Shillings and Sixpence; provided that where such Butcher shall be six Two Horses, Mares or Geldings, or no more, there shall be charged for each Sixpence Horse, Mare or Gelding, the annual Sum of One Pound One Shilling.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, the Duties chargeable on Horses, Mares or Geldings not exceeding the Height of Thirteen Hands, and used for the Purposes of riding or drawing Carriages, shall cease and determine; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, there shall be charged and paid for every Horse, Mare or Gelding, not exceeding the Height of Thirteen Hands, and used for the Purposes of riding or drawing any Carriage, the annual Sum of Two Pounds Two Shillings: Provided nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall take away the Exemption or Relief to which any Person keeping and using any such Horse, Mare or Gelding is now by Law entitled.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, all Mares which shall be kept for the sole purpose of breeding, shall whilst so kept be wholly exempt from Duty; and that all Persons shall and may sell any Horse which shall have been bred by them or kept by them as Breeding Stock upon Lands in their Occupation, for the Space of Three Months at the least, without being liable to be affected to the Duties payable by Horse Dealers; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, the Duties payable under the said several Acts, in respect of One Horse, Mare or Gelding, and six kept for and actually employed by any Bailiff upon the Concerns of any Farm or Farms with which he may be intrusted, shall cease during the Continuance of this Act; and that from and after the said

(last)

said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, there shall be charged for any such Horse, Mare or Gelding kept and sold, the usual Sum of Two Pounds Ten Shillings.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, the Duties payable under the said several Acts, in respect of Horses kept by every Person keeping him or her Livestock by the Carriage or Conveyance of Ore, Slate or Stone, or Coal or Calne, or from the Mine or Pit, shall cease during the Continuance of this Act; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, every Person keeping any Male or Mare for the Purpose of carrying Ore, Slate or Stone, or Coal or Calne, or from the Mine or Pit, or for the Purpose of carrying any Lime, Sea Sand, Sea Weed, or other Manure, shall be charged for each such Male the usual Sum of Three Shillings; provided that each Ore, Slate or Stone, Coal or Calne, Lime, Sea Sand, Sea Weed, or other Manure, be loaded on the Backs of such Horses, and not otherwise.

VII. And Whereas Persons occupying Farms in the Cases specified in the said Acts are deprived of the benefit of the reduced Duties if any Horses, Mares or Geldings shall be lost or let by them for Hire; Be it therefore enacted, That nothing in the said several Acts contained shall extend or be construed to extend so as to deprive any Occupier of Land therein benefited from the benefit of the reduced Affirmances therein mentioned, by reason of his, her or their having or letting any Horses or Horses, Mares or Mares, Geldings or Geldings, in respect of which such reduced Affirmance shall be made, to be employed solely and for and for no other Purpose whatsoever except for the Purpose of Agriculture, or for the making or repairing of Roads, or for driving any Coal, Wood, Peat or Turf for Consumption in Fuel in any Private House or Houses, and not for the Purpose of Sale.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That any Tenant coming into the Occupation of his or her Farm or other Affirmance in any Year, may appeal to the Commissioners for assessing this Act, and on Proof to their Satisfaction that he or she shall not have kept or sold any Horses, Mares or Geldings, by him or her used in the Cultivation of the said Farm, prior to his or her coming into the Occupation of such Farm, shall be entitled to be released and discharged from One Month of the Annual Affirmance payable in respect of the said Horses, Mares or Geldings.

C A P. XIV.

An Act to continue, until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for preventing the Exportation of Wool from the British Plantations in America. [31st March 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *“An Act to prevent, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven, the Exportation of the United Kingdom of Great Britain from the British Plantations in America; which said Act was continued by an Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and which is now expiring, and is to be continued;”* Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby continued from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nineteen until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty three.

C A P. XV.

An Act to continue, until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for granting certain Duties on Merchandise imported into Ireland from any Place within the Limits of the Chamberlain to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies. [31st March 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *“An Act to grant, until the Twelfth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, certain Duties on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Ireland from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Chamberlain to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies;”* and *“whenever further Regulations for the better Security of the Revenue on Goods so imported;”* which said Act is now expiring, and is to be continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby continued until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one.

C A P. XVI.

An Act to carry into Effect the Treaty with the Netherlands, relating to the Slave Trade. [31st March 1819.]

WHEREAS a Treaty was made between His Majesty and His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, for preventing their Subjects from engaging in any Traffic in Slaves, and signed at the Hague on the Twelfth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; And Whereas the First Article of the said Treaty, after reciting that the Laws of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland or during it, already highly penal for the Subjects of His Britannic Majesty to carry on or to be in any way engaged in a Trade

Trade on Malacca for carrying the, &c. from Malacca, made no count.

New Duty.

Provision.

Provision for loading or letting of Horses for the Purpose of Agriculture, &c.

On Appeal. Tenants coming into Occupation at or after Midsummer discharged from Month of Annual Assessment.

1819 p. 17.

continued.

14 G. 4. c. 109.

continued.

Netherlands Treaty, 4th May, 1780. Art. I. Slave Trade abolished.

Art. 6.
Merchant
Vessels with
Slaves may be
visited and
detained.

Art. 7.
Trade and Ex-
port of such
Wares, which
are not to be
made in the
Netherlands, or
certain Parts
of the Colo-
nial Area.

Art. 8.
Indemnity for
Losses by un-
just Detention.

Art. 9.
Ships not har-
bouring Slaves
not to be detained.

Art. 10.
Instructions to
be annexed to
this Treaty.

Art. 11.
Mixed Courts
appointed for
Adjudication
of detained
Vessels.

Trade in Slaves, His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, referring to the Eighth Article of the Convention entered into with His Britannic Majesty, on the Thirtieth of August One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, engages, in pursuance thereof, and within Eight Months from the Ratification of the said Treaty, or sooner if possible, to prohibit all his Subjects in the most effectual manner, and especially by penal Laws the most formal, to take any Part whatever in the Trade of Slaves; and in the Event of the Measures already taken by the British Government, and to be taken by that of the Netherlands, being found insufficient or ineffective, His Majesty and His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, mutually engage to adopt such further Measures, whether by legal Process or otherwise, as may from time to time appear to be best calculated in the most effectual manner to prevent all their respective Subjects from taking any Share whatever in the said offensive Traffic: And Whereas by the Seventh Article of the said Treaty, for the more complete Attainment of the Object of preventing all Traffic in Slaves on the Part of their respective Subjects, His Majesty and His Majesty the King of the Netherlands mutually consent that the Ships of their Royal Navies, which shall be provided with special Instructions for that Purpose, or, thereafter mentioned, may visit such Merchant Vessels of the Two Nations as may be suspected upon reasonable grounds of having Slaves on board detained for in their Traffic; and in the Event only of their finding such Slaves on board, may detain and bring away such Vessels, in order that they may be brought to Trial before the Tribunal established for this Purpose, in the manner specified: And Whereas by the Third Article of the said Treaty, for the expediting the Mode of Execution of the preceding Article, it is agreed, That, That each respective Right of Visit and Detention shall not be exercised within the *Mediterranean Sea*, or within the *Sea in Europe* (begun without the Straits of Gibraltar, and which lie to the Northwest of the Thirty fourth Parallel of North Latitude, and also within and to the Eastward of the Meridian of Longitude Twenty Degrees West of Greenwich: Secondly, That the Names of the several Vessels furnished with such Instructions, the Range of each, and the Names of their several Commanders, shall be from time to time, successively upon their Office, communicated by the Power issuing the same to the other of the said Powers: Thirdly, That the Number of Ships of each of the Royal Navies, authorized to make such Visit as aforesaid, shall not exceed the Number of Twelve, belonging to either of them, His said Majesty or His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, without the special Consent of the other of them being first had and obtained: Fourthly, That if at any time it should be deemed expedient that any Ship of the Royal Navy of either of them, His said Majesty or His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, authorized to make such Visit as aforesaid, should proceed to visit any Merchant Ship or Ships under the Flag and proceeding under the Convoy of any Vessel or Vessels of the Royal Navy of the other of them, His said Majesty or His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, then the Commanding Officer of the Ship duly authorized and instructed to make such Visit, shall proceed to effect the same in communication with the Commanding Officer of the Convoy, who it is thereby agreed, shall give every Facility to such Visit, and to the eventual Detention of the Merchant Ship or Ships so visited, and in all things with to the use of his Power in the due Execution of the said Convention, according to the sense hereof and meaning thereof: Fifthly, it is further mutually agreed, That the Commanders of the Ships of the Two Royal Navies who shall be employed on this Service, shall adhere strictly to the exact Tenor of the Instructions which they shall receive for that Purpose: And Whereas by the Fourth Article of the said Treaty, His Majesty and His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, engage mutually to make good any Losses which their respective Subjects may incur simply by the arbitrary and illegal Detention of their Vessels, it being understood that this Indemnity shall necessarily be borne by the Government whose Cruiser shall have been guilty of the arbitrary Detention; and that the Visit and Detention of Ships specified in the said Article shall only be effected by their British or Netherlands Vessels which may form Part of the Two Royal Navies, and by their only of such Vessels which are provided with the special Instructions annexed to the said Treaty, in pursuance of the Provision thereof: And Whereas by the Fifth Article of the said Treaty it is agreed, That no British or Netherlands Cruiser shall detain any Ship whatever, not having Slaves actually on board; and in order to render lawful the Detention of any Ship, whether British or Netherlands, the Slaves found on board such Vessel must have been brought there for the express Purpose of the Traffic: And Whereas by the Sixth Article of the said Treaty it is agreed, That all Ships of the Royal Navies of the Two Nations, which shall hereafter be detached to prevent the Traffic in Slaves, shall be furnished by their respective Governments with a Copy of the Instructions annexed to the said Treaty, and which shall be considered as an integral Part thereof, with a Passafe nevertheless in the said Treaty, that His Majesty and His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, with mutual Consent, may alter the said Instructions in Whole or in Part, according to Circumstances: And Whereas, in order to bring to Adjudication, with the least Delay and Inconvenience, the Vessels which may be detained for having been engaged in a Traffic of Slaves, according to the Tenor of the Fifth Article of the said Treaty, it is by the Seventh Article of the said Treaty agreed, That there shall be established, within the Space of a Year at farthest from the Exchange of the Ratification of the said Treaty, Two mixed Courts of Justice, formed of an equal Number of Individuals of the Two Nations, named for this Purpose by their respective Sovereigns; that these Courts shall sit, One in a Possession belonging to His Britannic Majesty, the other within the Territories of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands; and that the Two Governments, at the Period of the Exchange of the Ratifications of the said Treaty, shall declare each for its own Dominions in what Place the Courts shall respectively sit, each referring to itself the Right of changing at its Pleasure the Place of Residence of the Court held within its own Dominions: Provided however, That One of the Two Courts shall always be held upon the Coast of Africa, and the other in One of the Colonial Possessions of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands; and that these Courts shall judge the Cases submitted to them, according to the Terms of the said Treaty, without Appeal, and according to the Regulations and Instructions annexed to the said Treaty, of which they shall be considered as an

¹ inserted

• integral Part: And Whereas by the Eighth Article of the said Treaty it is agreed, That in case the
 • Commanding Officer of any of the Ships of the Royal Navy of Great Britain and of the Netherlands, com-
 • missioned under the Second Article of the said Treaty, shall deviate in any Respect from the Dispositions of
 • the said Treaty, and shall not be enabled to justify himself, either by the Tenor of the said Treaty, or of the
 • Instructions annexed to it, the Government which shall suppose itself to be wronged by such Conduct, shall
 • be entitled to demand Reparation; and in such Case the Government to which the Captain may belong, binds
 • itself to satisfy Inquiry to be made into the Subject of the Complaint, and to satisfy upon the Captain, if he be
 • found to have deviated in, a Punishment proportioned to the Transgression which may have been committed:
 • And Whereas by the Ninth Article of the said Treaty it is declared, That certain Acts or Instruments
 • annexed to the said Treaty shall form an integral Part thereof, and which are as follows, that is to say,
 • Instructions for the Ships of the Royal Navies of both Nations, directed to prevent the Traffic in Slaves, and
 • Regulations for the mixed Courts of Justice which are to hold their Sitzings on the Coast of Africa, and in
 • One of the Colonial Possessions of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands: And Whereas by the Tenth
 • Article of the said Instructions before referred to, and made an integral Part of the said Treaty, it is
 • provided, That every Ship of the Royal Navy or Netherlands Navy, which, furnished with the said Instructions,
 • shall, in conformity with the Second Article of the said Treaty, have a Right to visit the Merchant Ships of
 • either of the Two Powers actually engaged, or suspected to be engaged, in the Slave Trade, may (except in
 • the Case excepted by the Third Article of the said Treaty) proceed to such Visit, and board any Slaves
 • be found on board for the express Purpose of being made a Traffic of, the Commander of the said Ship of the
 • Royal Navy may detain them, and having detained them, he is to bring them as soon as possible for Judgment
 • before that of the Two mixed Courts of Justice, appointed by the Seventh Article of the said Treaty, which
 • shall be the nearest, or which the Commander of the capturing Ship shall, upon his own Responsibility, think
 • he can reach from the Spot where the Ship shall have been detained; and that Ships on board of
 • which as Slaves shall be found intended for Purposes of Traffic, shall not be detained on any Account as
 • Prizes:—however; and that if any Servants or Sailors that may be found on board the said Vessels, consist
 • in any Case be secured a sufficient Cause for Detention: And Whereas by the Second Article of the said
 • Instructions it is provided, That whenever a Ship of the Royal Navy is commissioned shall meet a Merchant-
 • man liable to be searched, it shall be done in the mildest Manner, and with every Attention which is due
 • between allied and friendly Nations; and in no case shall the Search be made by an Officer holding a Rank
 • inferior to that of Lieutenant in the Navies of Great Britain and of the Netherlands: And Whereas by the
 • Third Article of the said Instructions it is provided, That the Ships of the Royal Navies so commissioned
 • which may detain any Merchant Ship, in pursuance of the Tenor of the said Instructions, shall have on
 • board all the Cargo, as well as the Master, and a Part at least of the Crew of the said Ship; and that
 • the Captain shall draw up in Writing an authentic Declaration, which shall certify the State in which he found
 • the detained Ship, and the Changes which may have taken place in it; and that he shall deliver to the Master
 • of the detained Ship, a signed Certificate of the Papers found on board the said Vessel, as well as the Number
 • of Slaves found on board at the Moment of Detention; and that the Negroes shall not be disembarked till
 • after the Vessels which contain them shall be arrived at the Place where the Legality of the Capture is to be
 • tried, by One of the Two mixed Courts, in order that in the Event of their not being adjudged legal
 • Prizes, the Loss of the Proprietors may be more easily repaired; but that if urgent Motives, deduced from
 • the Length of the Voyage, the State of Health of the Negroes, or other Causes, require that they should be
 • disembarked, entirely or in part, before the Vessel can arrive at the Place of Residence of One of the said
 • Courts, the Commander of the capturing Ship may take on himself the Responsibility of such Dis-
 • embarkation, provided that the Necessity be stated in a Certificate in proper Form: And Whereas by the
 • First Article of the Regulations for the mixed Courts of Justice, which are to reside on the Coast of Africa,
 • and in a Colonial Possession of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, and which are annexed to the said
 • Treaty in Part thereof, it is provided, That the said mixed Courts of Justice is to be established by the
 • said Treaty, shall decide upon the Legality of the Detention of such Vessels as the Commanders of both Nations
 • shall detain in pursuance of the said Treaty, and that the said Courts shall judge definitively and without
 • Appeal, according to the said Treaty, and that the Prosecuting Judge may place a temporary as possible;
 • and the said Courts shall decide (so far as they shall find it practicable) within the Space of Twenty Days,
 • to be dated from that on which every detained Vessel shall have been brought into the Port where they shall
 • reside; first, upon the Legality of the Capture; secondly, in the Cases in which the captured Vessel shall
 • have been liberated, as to the Indemnifications which the said Vessel is to receive; and it is by the said
 • Article of the said Regulations provided, that in all Cases the said Sentence shall not be delayed on account
 • of the Absence of Witnesses, or for want of other Proofs, beyond the Period of Two Months, except upon
 • the Application of any of the Parties concerned, when, upon their giving satisfactory Security to charge
 • themselves with the Expense and Risk of the Delay, the Courts may, at their Discretion grant an additional
 • Delay, not exceeding Four Months: And by the Second Article of the said Regulations it is provided,
 • That each of the above mentioned mixed Courts, which are to reside on the Coast of Africa, and in a colonial
 • Possession of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, shall be composed in the following manner, that is to
 • say, that His Majesty, and His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, shall each of them name a Judge and
 • an Advocate, who shall be authorized to hear and to decide without Appeal all Cases of Capture of Vessels,
 • which in pursuance of the Stipulations of the said Treaty shall be brought before them; and that all the
 • essential Parts of the Proceedings carried on before their mixed Courts, shall be written down in the legal
 • Language of the Country in which the Court may reside; and that the Judges and the Advocates shall

Art. 1.
Position of
Naval Officers
on the Netherlands.

Art. 7.
Instructions
and Regulations
declared
Part of the
Treaty.

Instructions.
Art. 1.
Mode of Visit.
Detention, &c.
of Ships.

Art. 1.
Search made in
a friendly manner.

Art. 1.
Cargo, &c.
shall be left on
board detained
Ships.

Regulations.
Art. 1.
Mode of pro-
ceeding before
the mixed
Courts.

Art. 2.
How each
mixed Court
shall be com-
posed.

make Oath before the principal Magistrate of this Place in which the Courts may sit, to judge fairly and impartially, to have no Preference either for the Claimants or Captors, and to act in all their Decisions in pursuance of the Regulations of the said Treaty; and that there shall be attached to each Court a Secretary or Registrar, appointed by the Sovereign of the Country in which the Court may sit, who shall register all its Acts, and who, previous to his taking Charge of his Post, shall make Oath before the Court, to conduct himself with Respect for their Authority, and to act with Fidelity in all the Affairs which may belong to his Charge: And by the Third Article of the said Regulations it is provided, That the Form of the Process shall be as follows, [that is to say,] the Judges of the Two Nations shall in the first Place proceed to the Examination of the Papers of the Vessel, and to receive the Depositions of the Captain, and of Two or Three at least of the principal Individuals on board of the detained Vessel, as well as the Declaration on Oath of the Captain, should it appear necessary in order to be able to judge and to pronounce, whether the said Vessel has been justly detained or not, according to the Stipulations of the said Treaty, and in order that, according to such Judgment, it may be condemned or liberated; and in the Event of the Two Judges not agreeing in the Sentence they ought to pronounce, either as to the Legality of the Detention, or the Indemnification to be allowed, or any other Question which might result from the Stipulations of the said Treaty, they shall draw by Lot the Name of One of the Two Arbitrators, who, after having considered the Documents of the Process, shall consult with the said Judges on the Case in Question, and the said Sentence shall be pronounced conformably to the Opinion of the Majority of the said Judges and of the said Arbitrator: And by the Fourth Article of the said Regulations it is provided, That in the authorized Declaration which the Captor shall make before the Court, as well as in the Certificate of the Papers found, which shall be delivered to the Captain of the captured Vessel at the time of the Detention, the Captor shall be bound to declare his Name, and the Name of his Vessel, as well as the Latitude and Longitude of the Place where the Detention shall have taken place, and the Number of Slaves found on board of the Ship at the time of the Detention: And by the Fifth Article of the said Regulations it is provided, That as soon as Sentence shall have been pronounced, the detained Vessel, if liberated, and the Cargo, in the State in which it shall then be found, shall be returned to the Master or the Person who represents him, who may, before the same Court, claim a Valuation of the Damages which he may have a Right to demand; and the Captor himself, and in his Default his Government, shall remain responsible for the above-mentioned Damages; and the said Government respectively bind themselves to pay, within the Term of a Year from the Date of the Sentence, the Costs and Damages which may be granted by the above named Court, it being understood that those Costs and Damages shall be in the Expense of the Power of which the Captor shall be a Subject: And by the Sixth Article of the said Regulations it is provided, That in case of the Condemnation of a Vessel she shall be declared lawful Prize, as well as her Cargo, of whatever Description it may be, with the Exception of the Slaves who may be on board as Objects of Commerce; and the said Vessel, as well as her Cargo, shall be sold by public Sale for the Profit of the Two Governments; and as to the Slaves, they shall receive from the mixed Court a Certificate of Emancipation, and shall be delivered over to the Government on whose Territory the Court which shall have so judged them, shall be established, to be employed as Servants or free Labourers; and each of the Two Governments binds itself to guarantee the Liberty of such Portion of these Individuals as shall be respectively assigned to it: And by the Seventh Article of the said Regulations it is provided, That the said mixed Courts shall also take Cognizance and decide, according to the Third Article of the said Regulations, on all Claims for Compensation on account of Losses occasioned to Vessels detained under Suspicion of having been engaged in the Slave Trade, but which shall not have been condemned as legal Prize by the said Courts; and in all Cases wherein Restitution shall be deemed, the Court shall award to the Claimant or Claimants, on his or their lawful Attorney or Attorneys, for his or their Use, a just and complete Indemnification for all Costs of Suit, and for all Losses and Damages which the Claimant or Claimants may have actually sustained by such Capture and Detention; that is to say, first, in case of total Loss, the Claimant or Claimants shall be indemnified, (A) for the Ship, her Tackle, Apparel and Stores; (B) for all Freight due and payable; (C) for the Value of the Cargo of Merchandise, if any, deducting for all Charges and Expenses payable upon the Sale of such Cargo, including Commission of Sale; (D) for all other regular Charges in such Cases of total Loss; and, secondly, in all other Cases, not of total Loss, the Claimant or Claimants shall be indemnified, (A) for all Special Damages and Expenses occasioned to the Ship by the Detention, and for the Loss of Freight when due or payable; (B) a Despatchage, when due, according to the Schedule annexed to the said Article; (C) for any Detention of Cargo; (D) an Allowance of Five per Centum on the Amount of the Capital employed in the Purchase of Cargo, for the Period of the Delay occasioned by the Detention; and (E) for all Premium of Insurance on additional Risk; and the Claimant or Claimants shall in all Cases be entitled to Interest at the Rate of Five per Centum per Annum on the Sum awarded, until paid by the Government to which the capturing Ship belongs; the whole Amount of such Indemnifications being calculated in the Money of the Country to which the captured Ship belongs, and to be liquidated at the Exchange Current at the time of the Award; and to avoid, as much as possible, every Species of Fraud in the Execution of the said Treaty, it is also by the said Seventh Article of the said Regulations agreed, That if it should be proved in a manner evident to the Conviction of the Judges of the Two Nations, and without having recourse to the Decision of an Arbitrator, that the Captor has been led into Error by a voluntary and reprehensible Fraud on the Part of the Captain of the detained Ship, in that Case only, the detained Ship shall not have the Right of receiving, during the Days of her Detention, the Despatchage stipulated by the said

Art. 1.
Form of the
Process.

Art. 2.
Declaration of
Captor.

Art. 3.
Indemnity on
Liberation of
Vessel, &c.

Art. 4.
Proceedings on
Condemnation.

Art. 7.
Compensation
for Detention
of Vessels not
condemned.

On Total Loss.

Partial Loss.

Indemnities of
Captors of de-
tained Ships.

And Seventh Article; and to the said Seventh Article, a Schedule of Damages to be paid by the Defendant is annexed, as follows; that is to say: for a Value of

| | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|--------------|-------------------|
| 100 Tons to 120 inclusive | - | - | £5 per Diem, | Scale of Damages. |
| 121 Tons to 150 inclusive | - | - | 6 per Diem, | |
| 151 Tons to 170 inclusive | - | - | 8 per Diem, | |
| 171 Tons to 200 inclusive | - | - | 10 per Diem, | |
| 201 Tons to 220 inclusive | - | - | 12 per Diem, | |
| 221 Tons to 250 inclusive | - | - | 14 per Diem, | |
| 251 Tons to 300 inclusive | - | - | 16 per Diem, | |

And to be in proportion: And it is by the Eighth Article of the said Regulations provided, that either the Judges, nor the Arbitrators, nor the Secretary of the mixed Court, shall be permitted to demand or receive from any of the Parties concerned in the Sentence which they shall pronounce, any Emolument under any Pretence whatsoever, for the Performance of the Duties which are imposed upon them by the said Regulations: And lastly, it is by the Ninth Article of the said Regulations agreed, That in the Event of the Death or legal Impediment of One or more of the Judges or Arbitrators compelling the above mentioned mixed Courts, their Acts shall be supplied as herein in the following manner: that is to say, on the Part of the British Government the Vacancies shall be filled successively in the Court which shall sit within the Possession of His Britannic Majesty, by the Governor or Lieutenant Governor resident in that Colony, by the principal Magistrate of the same, and by the Secretary; and so that which shall sit within the Possession of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, it is agreed, that in case of the Death of the British Judge or Arbitrator there, the surviving Individuals of the said Court shall proceed equally to the Judgment of such Cases as may be brought before them, and to the Execution of their Sentence; and that on the Part of the Netherlands, the Vacancies shall be supplied in the Possession of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, successively by the Governor or Lieutenant Governor, the principal Magistrate and Secretary of Government; and upon the Coast of Africa, in case of the Death of any Netherlands Judge or Arbitrator, the surviving Members of the Court shall proceed to Judgment in the same manner as above specified for the Court resident in the Possession of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, in the Event of the Death of the British Judge or Arbitrator: And it is by the said Article further agreed, That the Governor or Lieutenant Governor of any Settlement of either Power, where either of the said mixed Courts shall sit, in the Event of a Vacancy arising, either of the Judge or Arbitrator of the other Power, shall forthwith give Notice of the same to the Governor or Lieutenant Governor of the several Settlement of such Power, in order that the Loss may be supplied at the earliest possible Period; and that the Vacancies which may arise in the above mentioned Courts, from Death or any other Cause whatsoever, shall be supplied definitely as soon as possible: And Whereas it is expedient and necessary that efficient Provision should be made for carrying into Execution the Provisions of the said Treaty? Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for any Officers commanding any Ship of War of His Majesty, duly authorised in that behalf, and provided with Instructions according to the Provisions of the said Treaty, to visit and detain in any Port (except in the Seas excepted in the Third Article of the said Treaty) all Ships and Vessels belonging wholly or in part to Subjects of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, which shall be suspected upon reasonable grounds of having Slaves on board for the Purpose of Traffic, contrary to the Articles of the said Treaty, and to detain and bring to Adjudication all Ships, Vessels and Cargoes, by the said Treaty made subject to Detention and Confiscation, according to the Provisions of the said Treaty, and the Instructions and Regulations annexed thereto.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Ships and Vessels, belonging wholly or in part to His Majesty's Subjects, which shall be suspected upon reasonable grounds of having Slaves on board for the Purpose of illicit Traffic, shall be and are hereby declared and made, according to the said Treaty, Instructions and Regulations annexed thereto, subject to the Violations of British or Netherlands Vessels of War, duly authorised for that Purpose according to the Provisions before recited, and that all Ships and Vessels belonging wholly or in part to His Majesty's Subjects, which shall be found having Slaves on board for the Purpose of illicit Traffic, contrary to the Treaty, Instructions and Regulations so recited as aforesaid, and all Barks, Apparels, Furniture and Stores belonging to such Ships and Vessels, and all Slaves and Cargoes thereon, shall be and are hereby declared to be and made subject to the Visit and Detention of British or Netherlands Vessels of War duly authorised for that Purpose, according to the Stipulations of the said Treaty, and to Forfeiture according to the Provisions of the said Treaty, and the Instructions and Regulations thereto annexed, and for that purpose shall be and are hereby made subject to the Adjudication of, and to Confiscation or other Judgment by the Judges and Arbitrators to be appointed according to the Provisions of the said Treaty, and to the Instructions and Regulations annexed thereto, recited as aforesaid.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That such Right of Visit and Detention shall not be exercised within the Africanus Seas, nor within the Seas in Europe lying without the Straits of Gibraltar, and which be to the Northward of the Thirty seventh Parallel of North Latitude, and also within and to the Eastward of the Meridian of Longitude Twenty Degrees West of Greenwich; and that Ships on board which no Slaves shall be found intended for the Purpose of Traffic, shall not be detained under the Authority of this Act, on any Account or Pretence whatever; and that Negro Servants or Sailors who may be found on board any Vessels, shall not in any case be deemed a sufficient Cause for Detention.

Art. 8.
Judges, Sec-
retary to receive
Benefits.

Art. 9.
Supplying
Vacancies of
Judges.

Ships of War,
duly author-
ised, may
visit all Nether-
land Vessels
sailing contrary
to the said
Treaty, except
in certain Seas.

British Vessels
trading in
Slaves, or abet-
ting contrary to
the Treaty, sub-
ject to Visit and
Detention by
British or Nether-
land Vessels,
and are
Confiscated by
the Judges,
appointed ac-
cording to the
Treaty.

Such Visit and
Detention not
to take place in
the Africanus
Seas.

British Ships
of War visiting
Merchant Ships
under Dutch-
land Colours,
to act in con-
sult with Com-
mander of
Coast-guard.

Provision to be
given to Vessels
etc.

The King of
Great Britain
may appoint
British Judges
and Arbitrators
according to the Treaty.

Salaries.

Power.

And may ap-
point Secretary
or Registrar.

Salary.

Power.

Power to
Governors of
Colonies, to
fill up Vac-
ancies of
no more.

Judges and
Arbitrators
to be sworn.

Oath.

Secretary to be
sworn.

Oath.

IV. And he is further enacted, That if at any time it shall be deemed expedient that any Ship of His Majesty's Navy, authorised to make such Visit as aforesaid, should proceed to visit any Merchant Ship or Ships under the Flag and proceeding under the Cover of any Vessel or Vessels of the Royal Navy of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, the Commanding Officer of His Britannic Majesty's Ship, duly authorised and intrusted to make such Visit, shall in all Cases proceed to effect the same in communication with the Commanding Officer of such Cover; and in case at any time it shall be deemed expedient that any Ship of the Royal Navy of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, authorised to make such Visit as aforesaid, should proceed to visit any Merchant Ship or Ships under the Flag and proceeding under the Cover of any Vessel or Vessels of His Britannic Majesty's Navy, the Commanding Officer of such Cover (in communication with whom the Commanding Officer of the Ship of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, duly authorised and intrusted to make such Visit, shall proceed to effect the same) shall give every Facility to such Visit, and in the eventual Detention, according to the said Treaty, of the Merchant Ship or Ships so visited, and shall in all things abide to the effect of His Power in the due Execution of the said Treaty, according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof.

V. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to appoint such Judges and Arbitrators as are, in and by the said Treaty and the Regulations therein enacted, mentioned to be appointed by His Majesty, and from time to time to supply any Vacancies which may occur in such Offices, by appointing other Persons therein; and to grant Salaries to such Judges and Arbitrators as aforesaid, not exceeding such annual Sums as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland shall from time to time direct; and such Judges and Arbitrators are hereby authorised and empowered to examine and decide all such Cases of Detention, Capture and Seizure of Vessels and their Carriages as aforesaid, detained, seized, taken or captured under the said Treaty, Instructions and Regulations, as are by the said Treaty, Instructions and Regulations, and by this Act, made subject to their Jurisdiction; and to proceed therein, and give such Judgments, and make such Orders therein, and to do all other Acts, Matters and Things appertaining thereto, agreeable to the Provisions of the said Treaty, and the Instructions and Regulations enacted therein, and recited as aforesaid, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if special Powers and Authorities for that purpose were specifically referred and given in relation thereto in this Act.

VI. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the time being, to nominate and appoint a Secretary or Registrar to the Court which shall be established in His Majesty's Dominions, and from time to time to supply, by other Appointments, any Vacancy which may thereafter occur in such Office, and to grant a Salary to such Secretary or Registrar, not exceeding such annual Sum as the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall from time to time direct; and such Secretary or Registrar is hereby respectively authorised and empowered to do, perform and execute all the Duties of such Office, as set forth and detailed in the said Treaty, Instructions and Regulations respectively heretofore recited as aforesaid, and to do, perform and execute all such Acts, Matters and Things as may be necessary for the due Discharge of the Duties of his Office, according to the Provisions of the said Treaty and Instructions and Regulations as aforesaid.

VII. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor or Lieutenant Governor, or principal Magistrate of the Colony or Settlement in which such Court shall sit, under the Fellection of His Britannic Majesty, to fill up every Vacancy which shall arise in such Court, either of Judge, Arbitrator, or any Officer thereof appointed by His Majesty as aforesaid, according to the Provisions contained in the before recited Regulations, enacted in the said Treaty as aforesaid, as interim, until such Vacancy or Vacancies shall be thereafter filled by some Person or Persons appointed by His Majesty for that purpose.

VIII. And he is further enacted, That every Judge and Arbitrator appointed by His Majesty, or otherwise as aforesaid, shall, before he shall enter upon the Execution of any of the Duties of such his Office, take an Oath, in the Presence of the principal Magistrate then residing and sitting in the Colony, Settlement or Place in which the Court shall be appointed to sit; which Oath every such Magistrate in any Colony, Settlement or Place belonging to His Majesty, as which such Court shall be appointed, is hereby authorised to administer in the Form following: (that is to say.)

I A. B. do solemnly swear, That I will, according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, act in the Execution of my Office as faithfully, impartially, fairly, and without Preference or Favour, either for Clergymen or Captains, or any other Persons; and that I will, to the best of my Judgments and Power, act in pursuance of and according to the Regulations, Ordinances and Instructions contained in the Treaty between His Majesty and His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, signed at the Hague, on the Fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eighteen. So help me GOD.

And every Secretary or Registrar appointed by His Majesty, or otherwise as aforesaid, under the Provisions of the said Treaty, Instructions and Regulations, and of this Act, shall, before he enters upon the Duties of his said Office, take an Oath before the said Judge as aforesaid who is hereby empowered to administer the same, in the Form following: (that is to say.)

I A. B. do solemnly swear, That I will, according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, act in the Execution of my Office; and that I will conduct myself with due Respect to the Authority of the Judges and Arbitrators of the Commission to which I am attached, and will act with Fidelity in all the Affairs which may

* may belong to my Charge, and without Preference or Favour, either for Claimants or Captors, or any other Person.
So help me GOD.*

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Judges or either of them, or for any such Secretary or Registrar, and they are hereby respectively empowered, to administer Oaths to and take the Depositions of all Parties, Witnesses, and other Persons who may come or be brought before them to be examined, or for the Purpose of deposing in the Courts of any Proceeding before the said Judges, or before the said Judges and Arbitrators, in the Cases in which such Arbitrators shall sit with the said Judges under the said Treaty, Instructions and Regulations, or this Act; and it shall also be lawful for the said Judges, or for the said Judges and Arbitrators, in the Cases aforesaid, to examine before them all Persons whom they may deem it necessary or proper to examine in relation to any Suit, Proceeding, or Matter or Thing under their Cognizance, and to send for and take Receipts for the producing of all such Papers as may relate to the Matters in question before them, and to enforce all such Summons, Orders and Process, by such and the like Means, Powers and Authorities as any Court of Your Admiralty may do.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence in any Examination, or Deposition, or Affidavit laid or taken upon or in any Proceeding before the said Judges, or Judges and Arbitrators, under the said Treaty, Instructions and Regulations, or this Act, shall be deemed guilty of Perjury, and being thereof convicted, shall be subject and liable to all the Punishments, Fines and Penalties to which Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are liable; and every such Person may be tried for any such Perjury, either in the Place where the Oath was administered, or in any Colony or Settlement of His Majesty near thereto, in which there is a Court of competent Jurisdiction to try any such Offence, or in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench in England; and that in case of any Prosecution for such Offence in His Majesty's said Court of King's Bench, the Venue may be laid in the County of Middlesex.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Person to commence, prosecute or proceed in any Claim, Action or Suit whatever, in the High Court of Admiralty, or in any other Court, or before any Judge or Persons whatsoever, other than the several mixed Courts of Justice appointed under and by virtue of the said Treaty and this Act, for the Condemnation or Restitution of any Ship, or Cargo, or Slaves, or for any Compensation or Indemnification for any Loss or Damage, or for any Injury sustained by such Ship, Cargo or Slaves, or by any Persons on board any such Ship, in consequence of any Capture, Violence or Detention, under the Authority or in pursuance of the Provisions of the said Treaty, or of the Instructions and Regulations therein annexed, or of this Act; and that the Presidency of any Claim, Suit or Proceeding instituted or which may be instituted before any of the said mixed Courts is to be appointed under the Authority of the said Treaty and this Act, for the Condemnation or Restitution of any Ship, or Cargo, or Slaves, taken, forced or detained by virtue of the said Treaty, or of the Instructions and Regulations therein annexed; or for any Compensation or Indemnification for any Loss or Damage in consequence of the taking, seizing or detaining any such Ship; or the final Adjudication, Condemnation, Judgment or Determination of any such mixed Court, as the said Treaty requires, may be pleaded in Bar or given in Evidence under the General Issue; or in case no such Claim, Suit or Proceeding shall have been instituted before any such mixed Court, then the said Treaty, Instructions and Regulations, and this Act, may in like manner be pleaded in Bar or given in Evidence under the General Issue; and every such Plea in Bar, or Evidence to be given under the General Issue, shall be deemed and adjudged to be a good and complete Bar to any such Claim, Action, Suit or Proceeding in the said High Court of Admiralty, or in any Court or Place other than such mixed Courts; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed in anywise to alter, suspend, affect, relax or repeal any of the Clauses, Provisions, Forfeitures or Punishments contained and enacted in any Act or Acts of Parliament made for the Suppression or Prevention of the Slave Trade: but that all such Acts of Parliament, and all Clauses, Regulations, Provisions, Forfeitures and Punishments therein respectively contained, shall remain in full Force and Virtue, any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced, either in Great Britain or elsewhere, against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of the said Treaty, or the Instructions or Regulations therein annexed, or of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the Issue was done in pursuance and by the Authority of the said Treaty, Instructions or Regulations, or of this Act; and if a Trial shall be so lawfully done, the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff shall be convicted, as aforesaid, his Action after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if Judgment shall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer against the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as Defendants have in other Cases by Law.

C A P. XVII.

An Act to amend an Act of last Session of Parliament, for carrying into execution a Convention made between His Majesty and the King of Portugal, for the preventing the Traffic in Slaves.

[1818 March 1819.]

* WHEREAS an Act was made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to carry into execution a Convention made between His Majesty and the King of Portugal, for the preventing Traffic in Slaves*:
* And Whereas it is expedient that further Provision should be made for carrying the said Convention into execution,

Oaths may be administered in Dublin, &c. by the Courts, &c.

Judges, &c. may examine Persons and call for Papers.

Perjury.

Where tried.

Venue.

No Claims or Suits for Slaves captured, &c. except before mixed Courts appointed by the Treaty.

+ No Suits before such Courts, or Judgments decrees, pleaded in bar to Proceedings in the Admiralty, &c.

Proviso for Statute in any Act for Suppression of Slave Trade.

In Actions for enforcing Act, &c. General Issue may be pleaded.

Treble Costs.

31 G. 3. c. 23.

400. 20. re-
pealed.

Convention.

Art. 9.
For appointing
a Commission
in London, to
decide on
certain Cap-
tures of Por-
tuguese Vessels.

Regulations.

Art. 10.
Regulating
Proceedings
on such Con-
ventions.

His Majesty
referred to
appoint a
Judge and
Arbitrator for
such Conven-
tion in London.
Salaries.

Powers.

And to appoint
a Secretary or
Registrator.

Consulinary
Judges and
Commissioners
of Arbitration
to be sworn.

• execution, and that for that Purpose certain Provisions in the said recited Act should be repealed, and certain
• other Provisions enacted in lieu thereof / Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by
and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parlia-
ment assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, to touch
and such Parts of the said recited Act as relate to Proceedings of the Lords Commissioners of Appeal in
Prize Causes, or of the High Court of Admiralty, in Cases and Questions arising out of Captures in the said
Act contained that may be depending before them, and to their hearing and determining any Cause of Right or
Interest therein to which His Majesty or the Captors or Seizors of Ships, Vessels or Carriages may be
entitled by reason of the Capture or Seizure thereof, and the Laws relating thereto, and also in such and
such Part of the said recited Act as relate to the Power of the said Courts in Cases therein defined, to order
and adjudge Ships, Vessels or Carriages, or the Proceeds thereof, to be delivered or paid for the Use of His
Majesty, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

• II. And Whereas by the Ninth Article of the Convention of the Twenty eighth Day of July One thou-
• sand eight hundred and fourteen, between His Majesty and His Most Faithful Majesty the King of Portugal,
• in the said recited Act of the Fifty eighth Year aforesaid, mentioned and recited, His Britannic Majesty
• engaged to grant, in the manner thereinafter explained, sufficient Indemnification to all the Proprietors of cer-
• tain Portuguese Vessels and Carriages captured by British Cruisers, between the First Day of June One thousand
• eight hundred and fourteen, and the Period at which the Two Commissions pointed out in the Eighth Article
• of the said Convention should assemble at their respective Parts on the Coast of Africa and in the Straits; and
• His Majesty and His Most Faithful Majesty did agree, that all Claims of the Nature before mentioned should
• be received and liquidated by a mixed Commission, to be held at London, and which should consist of an equal
• Number of the Individuals of the Two Nations, named by their respective Sovereigns, and upon the same
• Principles stipulated by the Eighth Article of the said Convention, and by the several Instruments which form
• an integral Part of the said Convention: And Whereas by the Tenth Article of the Regulations annexed as
• and made Part of the said Convention, it was provided, that the said mixed Commission established in Lon-
• don by the said Ninth Article of the said Convention therein and herein before recited, should hear and deter-
• mine all Claims for Portuguese Ships and Carriages captured by British Cruisers on account of the unlawful
• Trading in Slaves between the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, until the Period
• when the Commission should be in complete execution, according to them, consistently to the Ninth Article
• of the said Convention, a full and complete Compensation upon the Basis laid down in a preceding Article
• of the said Regulations, either for total Loss or for Losses and Damages sustained by the Owners and Pro-
• prietors of the said Ships and Carriages; and it was also provided, that the said Commission established in
• London should be composed and proceed exactly upon the same Basis determined in the Articles One, Two
• and Three, of the said Regulations for the Commissions established on the Coast of Africa and in the Straits; /
• Be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, con-
• testified by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the time being, to appoint Two Persons
• to be such Members of the said mixed Commission to be held in London, one of such Persons to be a Con-
• sultary Judge, and the other to be a Commissioner of Arbitration, as are in and by the said Ninth Article of
• the said Convention, and by the Instructions annexed to the said Convention mentioned to be appointed by His
• Majesty, and from time to time to supply any Vacancies which may arise in such Offices, by appointing other
• Persons therein, and to grant Salaries to such Consultary Judge and Commissioner of Arbitration, not exceed-
• ing such annual Sums as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great
• Britain and Ireland shall from time to time direct; and such Consultary Judge and Commissioner of Arbitra-
• tion so to be appointed by His Majesty, are hereby authorized and empowered to examine and decide all such
• Cases of Detention, Capture and Seizure of Vessels and their Carriages as aforesaid, detained, seized, taken
• or captured, between the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and the Period at which
• the Two Commissions mentioned in the Eighth Article of the said Convention shall assemble at their respective
• Parts on the Coast of Africa and in the Straits, as are, by the said Ninth Article of the said Convention and
• by this Act made subject to their Jurisdiction, and to proceed in all such Cases, and to give such Judgments,
• and to make such Orders therein, and to do all other Acts, Matters, and Things appertaining thereto, agree-
• ably to the Provisions of the said Convention, and the Instructions and Regulations annexed thereto, as fully
• and effectually to all Purposes and Purposes as if Special Powers and Authorities for that Purpose were specially
• and particularly referred and given in relation thereto in this Act.

• III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Warrant under His Royal
• Sign Manual, counter-signed by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the time being, to
• nominate and appoint a Secretary or Registrator to the said Commission to be held in London, and from time
• to time to supply by other Appointments any Vacancies which may hereafter occur in such Office, and to grant a
• Salary to such Secretary or Registrator, not exceeding such annual Sum as the said Commissioners of His Ma-
• jesty's Treasury shall from time to time direct; and such Secretary or Registrator is hereby respectively autho-
• rized and empowered to do, perform and execute all the Duties of such Office, in and about and in relation to the
• said Convention, and the Instructions and Regulations therein annexed, and to do, perform and execute all such
• Acts, Matters and Things as may be necessary for the due Discharge of the Duties of his Office, according
• to the Provisions of the said Convention, Instructions and Regulations.

• IV. And be it further enacted, That every such Consultary Judge, and Commissioner of Arbitration,
• appointed by His Majesty for the purposes of this Act, shall, before he shall enter upon the Execution of any
• of the Duties of such Office, take an Oath before the Lord Chief Justice, or One of His Majesty's Jus-
• tices of the Court of King's Bench, or before the Lord Chief Baron, or One of the Barons of His Majesty's
• Court

Court of Exchequer at *Windsor*, for the time being; which Oath every such Lord Chief Justice, or Lord Chief Baron, or Justice or Baron for the time being, is hereby authorized to administer, in the Form following; (that is to say,)

I, A. B. do solemnly swear, That I will, according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, act in the Execution of my Office as Justly, Impartially, fairly, and without Prejudice or Fear, either for Claimants or Captives, or any other Person; and that I will, to the best of my Judgment and Power, act in performance of and according to the Regulations of the Treaty, of the Twenty second Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and the additional Convention thereto, between His Majesty and His Most Faithful Majesty, signed at London, on the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

So help me GOD.

And the Secretary or Registrar to the said Commission shall, before he enters on the Duties of his said Office, take an Oath before the *Swiss* Commissary Judge as aforesaid, who is hereby empowered to administer the same, in the Form following; (that is to say,)

I, A. B. do solemnly swear, That I will, according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, act in the Execution of my Office, and that I will consult myself with due Respect to the Authority of the Commissioners of Arbitration or Arbitrators of the Commission to which I am attached, and will act with Fidelity in all the Affairs which may belong to my Charge, and without preference of or favour either for Claimants or Captives or any other Person.

So help me GOD.

And the like Oaths respectively, in any of the Oaths set forth and prescribed by the said recited Act of the Fifty eighth Year aforesaid, shall in all Cases be administered to and taken by every Commissary Judge and Commissioner of Arbitration, appointed by His Majesty, or acting ad interim under the said recited Act, in the Presence of the Magistrate authorized by the said Act to administer the Oath in the said Act enacted, and by every Secretary or Registrar appointed by His Majesty, or acting ad interim, in the Presence of the *Swiss* Commissary Judge.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any such Commissary Judge, or for any such Secretary or Registrar appointed under this Act, and they are hereby respectively empowered, to administer Oaths to and take the Depositions of all Persons Witnesses and other Persons who may come or be brought before them to be examined, or for the purpose of depositing in the records of any Proceeding before the Commissary Judges of the said Commission to be held in London, or before the said Commissary Judges and a Commissioner of Arbitration, in the Cases in which such Commissioners of Arbitration shall act with the said Commissary Judges under the said Convention and the Instructions and Regulations therein enacted, or under this Act; and it shall also be lawful for the said Commissary Judges, or for the said Commissary Judges and Commissioner of Arbitration, in the Cases aforesaid, to summon before them all Persons whom they may deem it necessary or proper to examine in relation to any Suit, Proceeding, Matter or Thing under their Cognizance, and to send for and take Receipt for the producing of all such Papers as may relate to the Matters in question before them, and to enforce all such Summons, Orders and Processes, by such and the like Means, Powers and Authorities as are vested in the Commissioners under the said recited Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence in any Examination or Deposition, or Affidavit had or taken upon or in any Proceeding before the said Commissary Judges or Commissioners aforesaid, under the said Convention, Instructions and Regulations, or under this Act, shall be deemed guilty of Perjury, and being thereof convicted, shall be subject and liable to all the Punishments, Fines and Penalties to which Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are liable.

VII. And Whereas by the Eleventh Article of the said Convention of the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, His Majesty engaged to pay the Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds Sterling, of Indemnification regulated by a certain Convention of the Twenty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, in favour of the Proprietors of *Footings* Vessels captured by *British* Cruisers, up to the Period of the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, with Interest, in the manner and at the times on the said Convention of the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen mentioned; the Payment of the said Sum to be made in London to the Minister of His Most Faithful Majesty, at the Court of His Majesty, or to the Persons whom His Most Faithful Majesty should think proper to authorize for that Purpose; And Whereas the said Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds and Interest hath been duly paid by His Majesty to His Most Faithful Majesty, for the Purposes in the said Convention mentioned; Be it enacted, That the said Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds and Interest, disbursed to be paid by the said Two Conventions, and paid and accepted accordingly, as a full Compensation for all Losses sustained by the Subjects of His Most Faithful Majesty, on account of Vessels captured up to the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, shall be considered and taken to be a full Compensation for all such Captures as aforesaid; and that the said Regulation contained in the said Convention of the Twenty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and recited in the Eleventh Article of the said Convention of the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and in the said Act of the last Session and in this present Act, may be pleaded in Bar or given in Evidence upon the General Issue, and shall be and be deemed and adjudged in every Court wherever, to be a good and complete Bar in any and every Action, Suit or Proceeding, brought or substituted, or to be brought or substituted for Reformation or any other Matter or Thing in relation to any such Capture, or for any Damages or Injury sustained thereby or in relation thereto, any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Oath.

Secretary to be sworn.

Oath.

Commissary Judge and his Secretary or Registrar may administer Oaths.

Perjury

Art. 11. of Convention. For Payment of interest for Captures made before the 1st of June 1814.

Revised Article may be pleaded in Bar or given in Evidence for such Captures.

No Claims or Suits for Ships captured under Convention, for so far brought, except before Commissioners appointed under that Convention.

Provision of that before the said Commissioners may be pleaded in bar, &c.

Art. 6. of Convention of 18th July 1819.

Art. 11. Jurisdiction of Prize Courts of Appeal as of Admiralty, in Cases of any such Capture brought before them.

Provision in case of Capture not establishing their Rights.

Art. 12. & 13. of Convention of 18th July 1819.

Art. 14. & 15. of Convention of 18th July 1819.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, a Suit may be lawfully for any Person to commence, prosecute or proceed in any Court, Adm. or Court whatever, or the High Court of Admiralty, or in any other Court, or before any Judge or Person whatsoever, other than the several Commissioners appointed under and by virtue of the said Convention of the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and the said recited Act and this Act, for the Confirmation or Refutation of any Ship or Cargo or Slaves, or for any Compensation or Indemnification for any Loss or Damage, or for any Injury sustained by such Ship, Cargo or Slaves, or by any Person on board any such Ship, as consequence of any such Capture, Seizure or Detention which shall have been or shall be made under the Authority or in pursuance of the Provisions of the said Convention, or of the Instructions or Regulations therein issued, or of the said recited Act or this Act, or which may be or become the Subject of Application or Compensation by, or be brought before the Commission to be held at London under the Authority of the said Convention and this Act; that the Presidency of any Claim, Suit or Proceeding instituted before any of the Commissioners to be appointed under the Authority of the said Convention and the said recited Act and this Act, for the Confirmation or Refutation of any Ship or Cargo, or Slaves taken, seized or detained by virtue of the said Convention, or of the Instructions or Regulations therein issued, or subject to the Jurisdiction and Adjudication of the said Commission in London, or for any Compensation or Indemnification for any Loss or Damage, or consequence of the taking, seizing or detaining any such Ship, or the said Adjudication, Confirmation, Judgment or Determination of any such Commission, in the Case shall require, may be pleaded in Bar or given in Evidence under the General Issue; or in case on such Claim, Suit or Proceeding shall have been instituted before any such Commission, then the said Convention and the said recited Act and this Act may in like manner be pleaded in Bar or given in Evidence under the General Issue; and every such Plea in Bar or Evidence so given under the General Issue, shall be deemed and adjudged to be a good and complete Plea and Satisfaction in any such Claim, Action, Suit or Proceeding, in any Court or Place, other than before such Commission; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament or Law or Laws to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

IX. And Whereas by the Ninth Article of the said Convention of the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and hence before recited, His Majesty engaged to grant in the manner therein expressed, sufficient Indemnification to all the Proprietors of Privateer Vessels and Carbons captured by British Cruisers between the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and the Period at which the Two Commissions passed out in the Eighth Article of the said Convention should assemble at their respective Places; and by the Eleventh Article of the said Convention before recited in this Act, His Majesty engaged to pay the said Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds for the Purposes herein before mentioned, and it is therefore just that such Ships, Vessels and Carbons, or the Proceeds thereof, for and in respect of which His Majesty shall in aforesaid pay or be liable to pay any Indemnity or Compensation, and to which the Captors or Seizers shall not establish any Right or Interest, should be delivered or paid to the Use or Disposal of His Majesty; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of Appeal in Prize Causes, and for the High Court of Admiralty, in all Cases and Questions arising out of the Capture of any such Ships, Vessels or Carbons, or any Subjects of His Most Excellent Majesty, as well before the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, as between the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen and the Period above described, which shall be depending before them, or which may be brought before them, on Appeal from any Vice Admiralty Court, according to their respective Jurisdiction; to proceed thereto, and to hear and determine all Questions respecting any Right or Interest in or to any such Ships, Vessels or Carbons so captured, to which His Majesty or the Captors or Seizers of such Ships, Vessels or Carbons, may claim to be entitled by reason of the Capture or Seizure thereof, and to enforce their Judgments and Orders thereon, by the usual Process of the said Courts, any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding: And that in all such Cases as aforesaid, in which the Captors or Seizers shall not establish any Right or Interest on their behalf, by reason of any such Capture of any Ship, Vessel or Cargo, it shall be lawful for the said Courts respectively to order and adjudge the Ships, Vessels and Carbons, or the Proceeds thereof, and all and every Part thereof, to which the Captors shall not establish any Right or Interest as aforesaid, to be delivered or paid to the Use or Disposal of His Majesty, to such Person or Persons as the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being shall appoint to receive the same, and to enforce the Delivery or the Payment thereof, by the usual Process of the said Courts respectively; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Act of the Fifty eighth Year aforesaid, in so far as the same is not expressly altered or repealed by this Act, shall remain in force; and that the said recited Act and this Act shall be construed together as one Act, in so far as the same are compatible and consistent with each other, and as if the Claims and Provisions in this Act contained had been inserted in the said recited Act of the Fifty eighth Year aforesaid, and had made Part thereof.

XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act to make perpetual an Act of the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Exportation of Salt from the Port of Nagaw to the Island of New Providence, the Port of Havana and the Port of Cienfuegos in the Bahama Woods, in American Ships, coming in Ballast.

[31st March 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, 44 G. 3. c. 100. entitled *An Act for permitting, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and seven, the Exportation of Salt from the Port of Nagaw to the Island of New Providence, the Port of Havana and the Port of Cienfuegos in the Bahama Woods, in Ships belonging to the Inhabitants of the United States of America, and coming in Ballast*; which said Act was by Three Acts of the Forty five, Fifty sixth and Fifty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty renewed and continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nineteen: And Whereas it is expedient to make perpetual the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be made perpetual.

CAP. XIX.

An Act to amend, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, arising in Great Britain, available for the Public Service.

[31st March 1819.]

WHEREAS the Payments from time to time made into the Exchequer in Warrants, of the growing Produce of the Revenues and Duties arising in Great Britain, which form Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, accumulate in the said Exchequer until the End of the several Quarters in which such Payments are made, ending on the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October, and the Fifth Day of January, in every Year; and no Part of such growing Produce can now by Law be stored or applied at any time during the Course of any such Quarter, towards the making good any of the Aids or Supplies granted by Parliament; and it would be very advantageous to the Public if Part of such growing Produce could be made applicable to such purposes from time to time, in manner hereinafter mentioned: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them for the time being, from time to time, by Warrants under their Hands, to order and direct the Auditor of the Exchequer to make out any Number of Exchequer Bills, authorised by any Act or Acts of Parliament to be issued towards any Aids or Supplies, for such Sums or Sums of Money, as the said Commissioners shall think fit, and to deposit such Exchequer Bills in the respective Offices of the Four Tellers of the Receipt of the said Exchequer; and so issued shall accrue or be paid upon or for any Exchequer Bill or Bills so deposited under the Authority of this Act, during the time that any such Bill or Bills so deposited shall remain in the Hands or in the Office of any of the Tellers of the said Receipt of Exchequer, any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in any way notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That such Exchequer Bills shall be made out in the same or like Manner, Form and Order, and according to the same or like Rules and Directions, as are prescribed in an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for regulating the issuing and paying off of Exchequer Bills*; and that all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Privileges and Advantages, Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, contained in the said Act, shall be applied and extended to the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said several Clauses and Provisions had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act, except as is otherwise specially provided in this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Auditors of the said Exchequer to issue from time to time, out of the growing Produce of the said Consolidated Fund, being or remaining in the Receipt of the said Exchequer, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the Amount of such Exchequer Bills as shall have been so deposited under the Authority of this Act, subsequent to the First Day of any Quarter ending as aforesaid, in which such Bills shall be made; and the Issue of every such Sum shall be recorded by the Clerk of the Pells in the said Receipt of Exchequer; and such Sum and Sums of Money shall and may be applied for or towards the defraying or supplying any Aids or Supplies granted by Parliament, towards which the Exchequer Bills be deposited under the Authority of this Act shall have been made applicable by Parliament; and the Exchequer Bills so deposited under the Authority of this Act shall remain so deposited with the Tellers of the said Exchequer, as a Security for the Sums of Money to be issued out of the said growing Produce of the said Consolidated Fund, until such time as such Exchequer Bills shall be paid off or exchanged in manner hereinafter mentioned.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, any Sum or Sums of Money which may be issued under the Authority of this Act, shall be applied

44 G. 3. c. 100.

made perpetual.

Treasury may order Exchequer Bills to be made out and deposited in the Receipt of the Exchequer. Such Bills not to bear Interest while remaining in deposit.

Such Bills to be made out under Regulations of G. 3. c. 10.

Another may have Money out of Produce of Consolidated Fund, equal to Amount of Exchequer Bills deposited. Such Issues not to be recorded.

None applied.

Until July 5, 1820, all such Issues applied.

in Repayment
of previous
Advances by
Bank.

If Exchequer
Bills have been
made out under
27 G. 3. c. 48.
undischarged
under that Act
it shall not make
the whole ex-
ceed £1000,000.

If Exchequer
Bills under
27 G. 3. c. 48.
amount to or ex-
ceed
£10,000,000
no Bills to be
deposited under
this Act.

Exchequer in
Consolidated
Fund as fund of
Quarter made
good by Ex-
chequer Bills
under that Act.

Exchequer
Bills deposited
under this Act
to be paid off
in course, or
exchanged for
new Bills.

Exchequer Bills
deposited under
this Act to be
paid in to
Parliament.

After Payment
of Exchequer
Bills under
27 G. 3. c. 48.
and issue of
Money under
this Act, Bank
may deposit
Exchequer
Bills in treas-
uries.

Continuance
of Act.
Act may be
amended, &c.

for or towards the Payment to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, of any Sum or Sums of Money which shall or may have been advanced by the said Governor and Company, at any time previous to the issuing of any such Sum or Sums of Money, upon the Credit of any such Exchequer Bills chargeable upon any Aids or Supplies granted by Parliament, and to and for no other Purpose whatsoever.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That any such Exchequer Bills shall have been made out and placed as Cash in the Office of any of the Tellers of the said Exchequer, under the Authority of an Act made in the Fifth seventh Year of His present Majesty's reign, intitled *an Act to make further Provision for the Discharge of the Accounts of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, and for making good any deficiency of Money which may arise in the said Fund in the British or Ireland respectively*; and in respect the Application of Money by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt; and shall in the Commencement of any Quarter ending as aforesaid even in undischarged, it shall not be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury to direct the Deposit of Exchequer Bills under the Authority of this Act for any greater Sum or Sums than shall, together with the Exchequer Bills to before made out and issued, and in remaining undischarged, amount to the Sum of Six Millions in the Whole or any one such Quarter of a Year ending as aforesaid; and that in case the Exchequer Bills to before made out and issued, and in remaining undischarged, shall amount to or shall exceed the Sum of Six Millions in the Whole or any one such Quarter, it shall not be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, when the said Quarter, to direct the Deposit of any Exchequer Bills whatever under the Act; and that no Sum or Sums of Money shall at any time be issued under the Authority of this Act, out of the growing Produce of the said Consolidated Fund, or any Quarter, on account of any Exchequer Bills deposited under the Authority of this Act, until the whole of the Principal and Interest on all Exchequer Bills (if any) which shall have been so before made out and placed in the said Exchequer under the said second Act of the Fifth seventh Year, shall have been fully paid and discharged out of such growing Produce; and that if at the Close of any Quarter it shall appear that the Amount of Money remaining in the said Receipt of Exchequer, applicable to the Consolidated Fund, is not sufficient to defray the Charges on the said Fund payable for such Quarter, then, in case of such Deficiency, whether arising as consequence of Issues made under the Authority of this Act or from any other Cause, shall be made good by Exchequer Bills to be made out under the Authority of the said second Act of the Fifth seventh Year.

VI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Exchequer Bills shall be in the Course of Payment, which shall have been granted by Parliament towards the Aids or Supplies of the last Year, or any Exchequer Bills which shall be deposited with the Teller of the said Exchequer under the Direction of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the said Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, to direct that such Exchequer Bills be deposited under the Authority of this Act shall be paid off and discharged out of any Monies applicable to that Purpose; and that, in any case deposited, shall be paid off and discharged, shall be carried to and may be applied as the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the Quarter in which such Exchequer Bills shall have been so paid off and discharged; or otherwise it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to direct, that in two of such Exchequer Bills is deposited, and as Course of Payment, any other Exchequer Bills may be deposited which shall have been granted towards the Aids or Supplies of the Year upon which the Exchequer Bills to be so deposited shall have been charged; and the Exchequer Bills so deposited shall be withdrawn from the said Teller, and shall be considered as paid off, discharged and cancelled.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in all Advances to be preferred to Parliament, of Exchequer Bills issued under the Authority of Parliament, all such Exchequer Bills as shall be from time to time deposited with the Teller of the said Exchequer, in pursuance and under the Authority of this Act, shall be considered and rated as Exchequer Bills actually issued and not discharged.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, from time to time, in two Quarter of a Year ending on the Fifth Day of April, Fifth Day of July, Tenth Day of October, or Fifth Day of January, in any Year (after all the Exchequer Bills made out under the said second Act of the Fifth seventh Year shall have been paid off and discharged, and after all such Sum or Sums of Money shall have been issued under the Authority of this Act as shall be equal to the Amount of Exchequer Bills deposited under this Act), to deposit in the said Receipt of Exchequer, Exchequer Bills the Property of the said Governor and Company, and to take and withdraw from the said Exchequer, out of any Sum or Sums of Money which shall remain in the Receipt of the said Exchequer in any such Quarter, above and beyond the Amount of all Exchequer Bills made out and deposited under the Authority of the said second Act or this Act, any Sum or Sums not exceeding the Amount of the Exchequer Bills which shall be to be deposited by the said Governor and Company, according to the Practice heretofore used; and though shall be lawful for the said Governor and Company to receive Interest on the said Exchequer Bills to be deposited by them, in like manner as hath been heretofore usual in the Case of such Deposits by the said Governor and Company; nothing herebefore contained to the contrary in any Act or Statute notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and no longer.

X. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

[*Read any advance Money in Government upon Credit of Exchequer Bill issued under this Act. Sec. 76. § 3. 1819.*]

CAP. XX.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

[1818 *March* 1819.]

WHEREAS it may be necessary for the Public Service, that Exchequer Bills should be issued on the Credit of such Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament, for the service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen: May it therefore please Your Majesty that a may be enacted: and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, at any time or times, to cause or direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out at the Receipt of the Exchequer of Great Britain, for any Sum or Sums of Money, in the Name or like Manner, Form and Order, and according to the tenor of the said Aids and Supplies, as shall be directed in and by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for regulating the issue and payment of Exchequer Bills*; which said Exchequer Bills are hereby charged, and chargeable upon, and shall be paid and discharged at any time, out of all or any of the Aids or Supplies which have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, on Payment Due: Notice being given by Public Advertisement in the *London Gazette*, and in Three or more of the *London Newspapers*, of the Day of Payment thereof.

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Privileges, Perquisites and Dispositions, contained in the said named Act, shall be applied and extended to the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of the said Act as fully and effectually to all intents and purposes as of the said several Clauses and Provisions had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to authorize the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to issue any Exchequer Bills on the Credit of any Taxes or Taxes granted by an Act of this Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act for continuing and Professed Affairs in England, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen*, in any other manner than they are authorized by the said Act, or to issue any Exchequer Bills on the Credit of any Aids or Supplies which may be granted in the next Session of Parliament.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of the said Act shall bear Date on the Days on which the same shall be respectively issued, and shall and may bear an Interest not exceeding the rate of Three pence Halfpenny per Centum per Annum, upon or in respect of the Whole of the Money respectively contained therein, payable out of any Aids or Supplies in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer.

V. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or in pursuance of it, as shall from time to time remain undischarged and unsatisfied, shall and may, at any time after the Expiration of Four Months from the Date of any such Bills respectively, be received and taken, and shall and may be current to all and every the Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain of the Customs, Excise, or any Revenue, Supply, Aid or Tax, whatsoever already granted, due or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and also at the Receipt of the Exchequer from the said Receivers or Collectors, or from any other Parties or Persons, Bodies Politic, or Corporate whether it, making any Payment due to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for or upon any Account, Credit or Occasion whatsoever, according to the Purport and true meaning of this Act; and that each of the said Bills as shall be received at the Exchequer shall and may be kept up and secured as Cash, according to the Course of the Exchequer Bill and established by Law for keeping up and securing Money received in Specie there.

VI. And be it declared and further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance, or lend to His Majesty in like manner, at the Receipt of the Exchequer upon the Credit of all or any of the Aids or Supplies which have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Three Millions, any thing in an Act made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, entitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Tonnage of Ships and Profits, and upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, and for financing certain Rents and Advantages in the said Act contained* in full Payment as shall and may be advanced the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds towards carrying on the War against France, or in any subsequent Act, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

CAP. XXI.

An Act to amend several Acts for purchasing an Estate for the Duke of Wellington.

[1818 *March* 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for granting a Sum of Money for purchasing an Estate for the Marquis of Wellington and His Heirs, in consideration of the various and special Services performed by the said Marquis of Wellington in His Majesty's Service*:

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Treasury may issue Exchequer Bills on money provided by Act G. 3. c. 1. When payable.

Exchequer Bills issued on the Credit of the said Act.

Exchequer Bills may be issued on the Credit of the said Act, as far as the same may be required.

Exchequer Bills may be issued on the Credit of the said Act, as far as the same may be required.

Exchequer Bills may be issued on the Credit of the said Act, as far as the same may be required.

Exchequer Bills may be issued on the Credit of the said Act, as far as the same may be required.

21 G. 3. c. 1.

- 23 G. 3. c. 125. *His Majesty and the Public:* And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to amend an Act of the present Session of Parliament for granting a Sum of Money for purchasing an Estate for the Marquis of Wellington and his Heirs, in consideration of the services and special Services performed by the said Marquis of Wellington to His Majesty and the Public:* And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty fourth year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for joining and joining on January an Arthur Duke of Wellington and his Heirs, and for empowering the Lord High Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, to advance out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain a Sum of Money in lieu of such Annuity, to purchase an Estate in order to accompany the said Duke, in consideration of the services and special Services performed by the said Duke of Wellington to His Majesty and the Public, and for making further Provision for the Disposal of a Sum of Money granted by an Act of the last Session of Parliament for purchasing an Estate for the said Duke then Marquis of Wellington:* And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for granting an additional Sum of Money for providing a suitable Residence and Estate for the Duke of Wellington and his Heirs, in consideration of the services and special Services performed by the said Duke to His Majesty and the Public:* And Whereas it is enacted by the said recited Acts that the Trustees of the said Acts for the time being shall apply the Residue of the Moneys which shall from time to time arise and be produced from the Sale of Timber to be cut down and felled under the Direction of the said Acts, after setting apart and appropriating to such thereof as is therein directed to be set apart and appropriated for the Purposes therein mentioned, to the Improvement and Maintenance of the Mansions, Lands, Townships and Hereditaments to be purchased and settled under the said Acts, or any or either of them, in the manner and according to the Regulations and under the Restrictions therein specified: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Trustees should be empowered to lay out such Residue, or any Part thereof, from time to time in the Purchase of other and additional Mansions, Lands, Townships and Hereditaments, to be settled in the same Manner as the Mansions, Lands, Townships and Hereditaments, to be purchased under the Provisions of the said Acts are directed to be settled: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the said Trustees of the said recited Acts for the time being to apply any such ordinary Moneys as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, in the Purchase of any other and additional Mansions, Lands, Townships and Hereditaments, to be settled in such and the like manner, as such and the same Moneys, and under and subject to such and the same Limitations, Powers, Authorities, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, as are in the said Acts contained, in relation to the Mansions, Villages, Lands, Townships and Hereditaments, to be purchased and settled under the said Acts, as fully and effectually to all intents and Purposes as if the same were literally repeated and re-enacted in the said Act; any thing in the said recited Acts contained as to the Application of such ordinary Moneys to the contrary notwithstanding.

Trustees may apply the Residue of the Money arising from the Sale of Timber in the Purchase of Lands, &c.

C. A. P. XXII.

An Act for the further Regulation of His Majesty's Household, and the Care of His Royal Person during the Continuance of His Indisposition.

[5th April 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority, and for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness, and for the Resumption of the Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty:* And Whereas another Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Household, and enabling His Majesty the Queen to exert the corrected Expense to which His Majesty may be exposed during His Majesty's Indisposition; and for the Care of His Majesty's Real and Personal Property:* and it is enacted in the last Session of Parliament, to provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority during His Majesty's Illness: And Whereas an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act to amend an Act of the Provision of an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of His Majesty's reign, entitled:* *An Act to provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority, and for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness, and for the Resumption of the Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty:* And Whereas the Death of His late Most Excellent Majesty, the Queen Victoria, will allow of some Revision as to the Expenses of the Establishment provided for His Majesty without diminishing the Attendance to such and requires to the due Care of His Majesty's sacred Person, and the Maintenance of His Royal Dignity, and it is therefore expedient that the Provisions of the recited Acts should be amended: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Acts, of the Fifty second Year aforesaid, as enact that, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition, the Vice-Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, Four of the Gentlemen, and Four of the Gentlemen of His Majesty's Bedchamber, and the Master of the Robes, should be appointed or selected and chosen from the respective Departments of His Majesty's Household, for the Care and Attendance upon His Majesty's sacred Person, shall be and they have in future regularly, and that in Vacancies, which may hereafter happen or arise in any of the said Offices, shall be filled up by His Royal Highness the Duke of York and Albany, in preference of the Powers vested in him by the Act of the present Session of Parliament; and that from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, one of the Peerses holding any of the said Offices, and no greater Number than Four of the Peerses holding the Offices of

27 G. 3. c. 5.
§ 1. amended.

No such Bill
was, and only
Peers Expresses

Equities to His Majesty, appointed to be in Attendance upon His Royal Person, shall however receive any Salaries, Wages or Profits in respect of such Offices.

[illegible]

And be it further shewed, That as Account of the Application of the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, is directed to be offered to and appropriated by the Crown of the State of Antwerp upon His Majesty's Petition, Ball from time to time, as the same shall be required, and if not repaired within such time as the Council of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, for the time being, when, or any Three or more of them shall think fit the Application of any Surplus, if any shall remain, so as that the Surplus Ball go and be applied to the said Last Revenue for the purposes of His Majesty's said Establishment.

14. And Whereas it is proper that the Annual Sum of Ten thousand Pounds, granted to Her late Majesty Elizabeth Magdalen, in consequence of Her Majesty having in the Care of the Persons of Her Majesty, should be now granted to His Royal Highness the Duke of York and Albany: Be it therefore enacted, That there shall be paid to His said Royal Highness, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition, out of the Revenues or Parts of Money from time to time in the Exchequer, applicable to the Purposes of His Majesty's Civil Establishment, an Annual Sum or Yearly Rent of Ten thousand Pounds, to commence from the Twelfth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and to be paid in Quarterly Payments; the First Payment to be made on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, for the proportionate Part of the Quarter between the said Twelfth Day of February and the said Fifth Day of April; and that the same shall be charged and chargeable upon, and payable and paid out of any Sums of Money in the Exchequer applicable to the Purposes of His Majesty's Civil Establishment, next after the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, and free and clear of and from all Taxes, Rates, Allowances, or any Charges, Fines or other Deductions whatsoever; and the Acquittance or Receipts of His said Royal Highness shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for the Payment thereof, and a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Exchequer for the Discharge for the Payment of the said Sum.

W. And Whereas it is convenient to make His Majesty's order (some Provision for the Ladies of the Bed-chamber and the Maids of Honour, and for certain of the Officers and Attendants on His late Most Excellent Majesty, and for certain other Persons to whom His late Most Excellent Majesty had granted certain Pensions and Allowances,) by a therefore further command, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to grant such Pension or Allowance to such Person as he may think fit, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Fifteen thousand two hundred and forty Six Pounds Six Shillings and six pence, and to charge the same upon the Confiscated Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and which Persons to be so granted such command from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and the said said pension quarterly, by the Receiver of the Exchequer at Westminster, and of the said Confiscated Part, five and eleven of and from all Taxes, Charges or other Deductions whatsoever.

VI. And to be further noted, That all the Powers and Authorities vested in Her late Most Excellent Majesty, by the last recited Act of the Fifth second Year aforesaid, in relation to the Application of His Majesty's Privy Seal and His Signet Ring of the Duke, of Lancaster, shall from and after the Twelfth Day of February next thereafter, be used, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition, and until the Resumption of the personal Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty, be vested in His Royal Highness the Duke of York and Albany, who shall also have full Power and Authority to grant and sign Warrants for the Arrest and Payment out of the said Privy Seal and Revenues aforesaid, of any Sums which may have become due for Medical Advice and Attendance, or any accidental or other Charges or Expenses, since the Death of Her late Most Excellent Majesty, and to grant and sign also other Warrants, and to make all Orders which might have been granted, signed or given by Her late Most Excellent Majesty, under the Provisions of the last recited Act of the Fifth second Year aforesaid, in like manner as every Ruler might do if all the Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Customs and Regulations in the last recited Act contained, were formally and expressly recorded and enounced, as to His late Royal Highness, in this Act.

Date: _____
 Page: _____






The House of
Soviet Union, ap-
peared on the
stage and
exposed.

Dr. J. A. B. B.
Berk. Polytechnic
Inst. of Tech.
Boston, Mass.

An Account
of the Appli-
cation of the
said Sum to
be paid before
Twenty, who
may desire
Application of
Funds.

not work, usually in the East of York during the Mayor's time in office.

[Print Article](#)
[Email Article](#)

The Majesty reached his great Pavilion, east of Chong-ching Hall, in London of the Red-chamber and other Apartments upon His late Majesty.

Forrest visited
in the late
Nineteenth cen-
tury, in relation to the
Application of
his Nineteenth's
very name,
or otherwise
of the library
at Lancaster,
visited in the
United States

Presents payable out of Fifty Pounds to be authorized by the Duke of York.

Limitation of the Account.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Royal Highness the Duke of Portland, upon the Resolution of His Majesty's Household at Windsor, to order and direct, and give Authority under His Royal Highness's Hand, for the Payment of any such Presents or Allowances, to be payable out of the Money issued to the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, to any Gentlemen of His Majesty, whose Services may be discontinued upon such Resolution, and who may be desired by His Royal Highness at Objects of His Majesty's Bounty, in so far that such Presents and Allowances shall not, in addition to the Sums which shall continue to be applied under the Authority of His Royal Highness in each Quarter under the Provision of the said second Act of the Fifty fourth Year last enacted, and this Act, amount in the Whole, together with the present Amount of the Charges upon and allowed to be paid out of the said Privy Purse under the said second Act of the Fifty fourth Year last enacted, the aggregate Amount of Fifteen thousand four hundred and fifty one Pounds, and Four thousand one hundred and twenty Pounds, Quarterly, charged upon and allowed to be paid out of the said Privy Purse, under the Provision of the said second Act of the Fifty fourth Year last enacted; provided, that no such new Pension or allowance shall exceed in the Whole the Sum of Three hundred Pounds per Annum.

VIII. And Whereas in consequence of the Death of Her late Most Excellent Majesty, the Annuity or Income of Fifty eight thousand Pounds per Annum, which was issued and paid to Her Majesty out of the Civil List Revenue, in performance of One of the Wishes of His Majesty, will be a longer payable; and in consequence of the Resolution of the same heretofore entered in the Privy Council of the Bedchamber or Groom of the Stool, for defraying the Charges and Expenses of His Majesty, and such Portion of His Household as shall be an Attendance upon His Majesty's Royal Person, a further Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds have been ordered and payable out of the Civil List Revenue, as well as to be charged thereon; He it therefore enacted, That in each of an Act of the First fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the better Support of His Majesty's Household, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown of the United Kingdom, and for providing Annuities to the Payment of the Civil List Revenue*, is granted to His Majesty a further Revenue as Yearly Rate of Twenty thousand Pounds, shall be and the same is hereby repealed, from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seven, from which Period the said Revenue or yearly Rent shall no longer be payable; and that in each of an Act passed in the Fifth sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the better Regulation of the Civil List*, is directed that there should be applied to the Civil List Revenue, out of the Surplus of Fines and Gratuities received at the Exchequer, the Sum of Forty eight thousand Pounds per Annum, by vote and equal Quarterly Payments, shall also be and the same is hereby repealed, from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; from which time all the Surplus of the said Fines and Gratuities shall go and be carried to the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

IX. And Whereas by the said second Act of the Fifth sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, are required, at the Commencement of every Quarter, to direct what Sums should be respectively set apart and appropriated in the Receipt of the Exchequer, out of the Quarterly Revenue of the Civil List, for the Purpose of defraying the Charges of the respective Clauses thereof, but so as that the Sum to be appropriated to the Sixth Clause do not exceed One fourth Part of the estimated Amount of that Clause, as specified in the Schedule annexed to the said Act; and so that the Sum to be appropriated to the other Clauses be paid to One fourth Part of the estimated Amount of each Clause: And Whereas the estimated Amount of the Sixth Clause, according to the Schedule annexed to the said Act, is Two hundred and twenty eight thousand Pounds, but by reason of the Death of Her late Most Excellent Majesty, and of the Reduction of the Sum to be issued as the Gross of the Scale of His Majesty, the future Charge of the said Clause will be reduced to One hundred and seventy thousand Pounds per Annum; Be it therefore further enacted, That the Sum heretofore to be appropriated in pursuance of the said Act of the Fifth sixth Year of His present Majesty, for defraying the Charge of the Sixth Clause of the Civil List, shall be equal only to One fourth Part of the Sum of One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, being the estimated Amount of the future Charge of the said Clause.

X. And Whereas it is expedient that in each of the said Act of the Fifth sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as provided that who-ever the total Charge of the Civil List, from the Fifth Day of January in any one Year to the Fifth Day of January in the following Year, shall amount to more than One million one hundred thousand Pounds, as Accrued, during the Particulars of such exceeding, and the Excess thereof, should be submitted to Parliament, should be provided; Be it therefore further enacted, That the said Account shall be submitted to Parliament in the manner directed by the said Act, when ever the total Charge upon the Civil List, from the Fifth Day of January in any one Year to the Fifth Day of January in the following Year, shall exceed the Sum of Nine hundred and sixty two thousand Pounds.

C. 24. XXIII.

An Act to restrain, until the End of the present Session of Parliament, the Governor and Company of the Bank of England from making Payments in Cash under certain Notices given by them for their Purposes.

[5th April 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for confirming and continuing, for a limited time, the Restriction contained in the Statute in that behalf made, of the Twenty sixth Day of February One thousand seven hundred and thirty seven in Payment of Cash by the Bank*: And Whereas an Act was also made in the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, further to continue the said Act until One Month after the Commencement of the then next Session of

Parliament,

• *Parliament, under certain Regulations and Restrictions: And Whereas another Act was made in the Thirty eighth Year of the said present Majesty, to amend and continue the last Act mentioned, And said One Month after the Conclusion of the then present War: And Whereas it was provided in the last Act revised Act that it should and might be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, during the Continuance of the said Act, to issue Cash out of any Cash which should be at their Disposal in Payment of any Debt or Demand whatsoever, or of any Part or Proportion of any Debt or Demand whatsoever, upon their giving Five Days' Notice in Writing to the Speaker of the House of Commons of their Intention*
 • *to do so, specifying the Description of such Debt or Demand, which Notice the Speaker of the House of Commons is thereby required to cause forthwith to be inserted in the London Gazette: And Whereas the said Acts have been continued by several subsequent Acts until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen: And Whereas, in pursuance of the said Authority, vested in the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, a Notice was given on the Third Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, by the said Governor and Company to the Speaker of the House of Commons, that on and after the Fourteenth Instant the Bank would pay in Cash all Fractional Notes under Five Pounds, and that on and after the Fifth Day of February next the Bank will pay Cash for all Notes of One and Two Pounds Value that are dated prior to the First Day of July One thousand seven hundred and twenty eight, or exchange them for new Notes of the same Value, at the Option of the Holders; and One other Notice was in like manner given by the said Governor and Company, on the Seventeenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, that on and after the Second Day of May then next ensuing the Bank will pay Cash for all Notes of One and Two Pounds Value that are dated prior to the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, or exchange them for new Notes of the same Value, at the Option of the Holders; and One other Notice was in like manner given by the said Governor and Company, on the Eighteenth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, that on and after the First Day of October then next ensuing the Bank will be ready to pay Cash for their Notes of every Description dated prior to the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and the said respective Notices have been published in the London Gazette in the manner provided by the said Act: And Whereas a Continuance of the Partial Payments so advertised might materially obstruct the Measures to be adopted for the final and complete Removal, at such time or times and in such Manner as Parliament may deem most advisable, of the Restrictions which have been of late Years imposed on the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England in respect to Cash Payments; and it is therefore expedient that the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England should be reauthorized for a limited time from making any Issue of Cash in which they become liable under any or either of the said Notices, in so far as relates to any Payment within Gold Coins of the Realm, demandable under the Authority of the said Notices and of the last recited Act: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, and until the End of the present Session of Parliament, it shall not be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to make any Payment in the Gold Coins of the Realm, either of Fractional Sums under Five Pounds, or for any of their Notes dated prior to the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, any thing in the three recited Acts or Notices to the contrary notwithstanding.*

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

[The Act continued till 1st May 1825, c. 49, 198.]

C. A. P. XXIV.

As an Act to restrain, until the End of the present Session of Parliament, the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland from making Payments in the Gold Coins of this Realm, under certain Notices given by them. [Ed. April 1819.]

• **WHEREAS** by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for confirming and continuing for a limited time the Restrictions contained in the Minutes of Council of the Second Day of March One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, on Payments in Cash by the Bank, it was enacted, that it should and might be lawful for the said Governor and Company to issue any Cash in Payment of any Debt or Demand whatsoever, except according to the Provisions in the said Act contained, and that the said Act should be in force and should have Continuance, so far as the same restrained the Governor and Company of the said Bank from issuing Cash in Payments, until Three Months after the Restrictions imposed by an Act of the Parliament of Great Britain on the Governor and Company of the Bank of England from issuing Cash in Payments should cease, unless the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council of Ireland should by an Order of Council direct that the said Restriction on the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland should longer exist; and it was by the said recited Act provided, that nothing in the said Act contained should extend to restrain the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland from issuing any Sum of Money less than Twenty Shillings in Cash in Payment of any Debt or Demand not amounting in Twenty Shillings, or in Payment of so much of any larger Debt or Demand as should be a Fractional Part of Twenty Shillings over and above the Residue of such Debt or Demand: And Whereas the said recited Act of the Thirty seventh Year has by several subsequent Acts been continued until the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after any Restriction imposed by any Act on the Governor and Company of the Bank of England from issuing Cash in Payments*

27 G. 3. c. 1.

27 G. 3. c. 49-50.

Revised Act of 1800 by Governor and Company of the Bank was given in Cash of certain Notes.

And that it is expedient to restrain the same.

Bank not to make any Payment in Gold Coins of the Realm either in Fractional Sums under 5^l. or for Notes dated prior to Jan. 1. 1819.

Act may be altered, for this Session

Edw. Act. 27 G. 3.

Decree of His
Majesty by which
of Ireland of
Payments in
Cash.

Should cease, unless the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors and the Privy Council of Ireland should by an Order in Council direct that the said Restrictions on the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland should former exist: And Whereas, under and by the Authority of an Order of the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council of Ireland, a Notice was given by a Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of the said Bank of Ireland on the Twentieth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, that on and after the Third Day of January then next, the said Bank would pay in Cash all their Notes under the Value of Five Pounds which were dated prior to the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or would exchange them for new Notes, at the Option of the Holders: And Whereas, under and by the Authority of another Order of the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council of Ireland, a Notice was also given by the said Court of Directors of the said Bank Governor and Company on the Eleventh Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, that on and after the Second Day of August then next, the said Bank would pay in Cash all their Notes under the Value of Five Pounds which were dated prior to the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or would exchange them for new Notes, at the Option of the Holders: And Whereas, under and by the Authority of another Order of the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council of Ireland, a Notice was also given by the said Court of Directors of the said Bank Governor and Company on the Twenty seventh Day of December One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, that on and after the First Day of January then next the said Bank would pay in Cash all their Notes which were dated prior to the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, or would exchange them for new Notes, at the Option of the Holders: And Whereas a Continuance of the partial Payment of which such Notices have been given might materially obstruct the Measures to be adopted for the relief and complete Removal, at such time or times and in such Manner as Parliament may deem most advisable, of the Restrictions which have been of late Years imposed on the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland in respect of Cash Payments; and it is therefore expedient that the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland should be authorized for a limited time from making any Issue of Cash to which they become liable under any or either of the said Notices, in far as relates to any Payment in the Gold Coin of this Realm, demandable under the Authority of the said Notices and of the said recited Acts: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and until the End of the present Session of Parliament, it shall not be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland to make any Payment in the Gold Coin of this Realm, either of fractional Sums under Twenty Shillings, or for any of their Notes dated prior to the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; any thing in the above recited Acts or Notices to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

[This Act continued till 1st June 1823, c. 29. pag.]

C. A. P. XXV.

An Act to enable His Majesty to fix the Rate and direct the Disposal of Freight Money, for the Convenience of Spain and Jamaica on board His Majesty's Ships and Offices. [Sess. April 1819.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that His Majesty should be authorized to fix the Rate and direct the Disposal and Distribution of Freight Money for the Convenience of Spain and Jamaica on board His Majesty's Ships and Offices: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act all Freight Money to be paid for the Convenience in any of the Ships and Vessels of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, of Gold, Silver and Jewels, or of any other Article which may be by special Order reserved on board the said Ships and Vessels, and for which Freight shall be payable, shall be paid at such Rate, and distributed and applied to such Purposes, and divided to and amongst such Persons in such Proportions and after such manner as His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall from time to time think fit to order and direct, by any Proclamation or Proclamations to be issued for that Purpose; and that no Freight Money or Revenue shall hereafter be demanded, paid, received or retained, by, to or for the Use or on account of any Person or Persons, for the Convenience on board of any of the Ships or Vessels of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, of any Gold, Silver or Jewels, or any other Article, which may be by special Order reserved on board the said Ship or Vessel, and for which Freight shall be payable, other than for the Purposes and by the Person or Persons, in the Proportions, at the Rate, and in the manner to be paid and allowed by Proclamation or Proclamations; and that all Bargains, Contracts, Agreements, made or entered into, or hereafter to be made or entered into, for the Payment of any Freight Money for or in the name or on the account of Freight for the Convenience of Gold, Silver or Jewels, or other Articles as aforesaid, on board of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, at any other Rate, or for any other Purpose, or by or to any other Person or Persons, or in any other manner or Proportions than as aforesaid, shall be void, and the same are hereby declared to be utterly void.

All Freight to be paid for Convenience on board His Majesty's Ships and Vessels, of Gold, Silver or other valuable Articles, to be directed in the manner directed by Proclamations.

CAP. XXVI.

An Act for fixing the Rates of Subsidage to be paid to Lookers on and others on quartering Soldiers.

[This Act is the same as 35 G. 3. c. 22. except as is Enam.]

CAP. XXVII.

An Act to facilitate the Trial of Felonies committed on board Vessels employed on Canals, Navigable Rivers and Inland Navigations.

[19th May 1819.]

WHEREAS Felonies are frequently committed on board Vessels employed in carrying and conveying Goods, Wares and Merchandise in or upon Canals, Navigable Rivers and Inland Navigations, in various Parts of the United Kingdom, as well by breaking open the Casks and Packages containing such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, as in various other Ways: And Whereas such Felonies frequently remain undetected until the Arrival of such Vessels at the Places of their Destination; and in consequence of such Canals and Navigations passing through several Counties forming the Boundaries of Counties on each Side or Bank, it can seldom be known within what County such Felonies may have been actually committed, and Offenders frequently escape unpunished from defect of Proof that the Felony was which they are charged was actually committed within the County in which such Offenders may be indicted: For Remedy thereof be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in any Indictment for any Felony committed on board any Barge, Boat, Truss or other Vessel whatsoever, employed or used in carrying or conveying Goods, Wares and Merchandise, or in which any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be, or upon any Canal, Navigable River or Inland Navigation, in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, it shall be sufficient to allege that such Felony was committed within any County or City through any Part whereof such Boat, Barge, Truss or other Vessel shall have passed in the Course of the Voyage or Journey during which such Felony shall have been committed; and in Cases wherein the Sides or Banks of any Navigable River, Canal or Inland Navigation, or the Course thereof, shall constitute the Boundary of any Two Counties or Cities, it shall be sufficient to allege that such Felony was committed in either of the said Counties or Cities through which, or any Part thereof, such Boat, Barge, Truss or other Vessel shall have passed in the Course of the Voyage or Journey during which such Felony shall have been committed; and every such Felony shall and may be inquired of, tried and determined in the County or City within which the same Felony shall be so alleged to have been committed: and all and every Person and Persons who shall be convicted of any such Felony to be inquired of, tried and determined as aforesaid, shall be subject and liable to all such Fines of Death, and other Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as such Person or Persons convicted of such Felony would have been subject and liable to in case such Felony had been inquired of, tried and determined in the County in which the same Felony was actually committed; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to affect the Jurisdiction of the High Court of Admiralty, or of any Commission for the Trial of Offences under an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, intitled *Per Periculum*.

Felonies on Navigations may be prosecuted in any County through which the Navigation passes.

Felonies so tried and convicted to be subject to like Fines and Penalties as if tried in the County where the same were committed.

[18 R. 2. c. 12.]

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act to empower Magistrates to divide the Court of Quarter Sessions.

[19th May 1819.]

WHEREAS the Courts of Quarter Sessions, by reason of the great Increase of Business therein, have of late been occupied during many Days, to the great Injury of Subjects, to the Inconvenience of Witnesses and Jurors, and to the Injustice of the Cause; and such Inconvenience is likely to continue unless some Remedy be provided for the same: And Whereas it would tend seasonably to remedy this Inconvenience, if Two or more of the Justices attending the Quarter Sessions should be enabled to sit and proceed, when Occasion should require, while other Justices should proceed in the Discharge of the other Business of the same Court: Be it therefore declared and enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whenever and as often as any Court of Quarter Sessions or General Session of the Peace shall be assembled for the Discharge of Business thereto belonging, the Justices then present may, on the First Day of their being so assembled, take into their Consideration the State of the Business likely to be brought before them at such Quarter Sessions or General Session; and if it shall appear to them that such Business, if heard and determined by the whole Court, is likely to occupy more than Three Days, including the Day of their being so assembled, it shall and may be lawful for the said Justices to appoint Two or more Justices, One of whom shall be of the Quorum, to sit apart from themselves in some Place in or near the Court, there to hear and determine such Business as shall be referred to them, while others of the Justices are at the same time proceeding in the Discharge of the other Business of the same Court; and that the Proceedings to had by and before such Two or more Justices so sitting apart shall be as good and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were had before the Court assembled and sitting as usual in its ordinary Place of sitting, and shall be enrolled and recorded accordingly.

Courts of Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace may appoint Two or more Justices (one to be of the Quorum) to sit apart from them.

Regulations made for the Appointment of Justices shall not be altered at such succeeding Sessions.

Clerk of the Peace to appoint a Justice to record the Proceedings of such separate County.

Quarter Sessions may order County Treasurer to remove Justice Clerk of the Peace.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where Two or more Justices shall have sat apart in manner before directed by this Act, and Orders, Rules and Regulations shall have been made for the Appointment of Justices, such Orders, Rules and Regulations shall remain and continue in force as long as shall be thought expedient, without the Necessity of renewing such Orders, Rules and Regulations at each succeeding Session, to the extent that the same may become obsolete and better known to all professional and other Persons engaged in or in any manner connected with the Business of such Quarter Session.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy (wherever Two or more Justices shall sit apart at any Quarter Session) shall be authorized and required to appoint a fit and sufficient Person to record the Proceedings to be had before the Justices sitting apart; and such Proceedings shall be delivered over to the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, and shall be equally deemed to be a Part of the Records of such Session, as if the same Proceedings had been recorded by the Clerk of the Peace himself; and it shall be lawful for the Justices assembled in the Quarter Session to make an Order upon the Treasurer of the County to pay to the Clerk of the Peace such Sum or Sums of Money as they shall deem a fit and reasonable Remuneration to the Clerk of the Peace for such Payoffs as aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for such Justices to appoint an additional Clerk, and to grant him such Remuneration for his Care and Pains as they shall deem reasonable, which shall in like manner be paid by the Treasurer of the County.

C. A. P. XXX.

An Act to repeal the Duties on Mineral Alkali, and on Articles containing Mineral Alkali and other Articles, and to impose other Duties in lieu thereof. [19th May 1819.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation into that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain on Mineral Alkali, and on Articles containing Mineral Alkali, whereof Mineral Alkali is the most valuable Part, and also on Barilla, Kelp and Noreen, should be repealed, and that other Duties of Customs should be imposed in lieu thereof on Mineral Alkali, and on Articles containing Mineral Alkali, imported into that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, the Duties of Customs payable by Law upon Mineral Alkali, and on Articles containing Mineral Alkali, whereof Mineral Alkali is the most valuable Part, and also on Barilla, Kelp and Noreen, imported into that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, do cease and determine, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering or paying Arrears thereof which may remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the Twenty-ninth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and that from and after the said Twenty-ninth Day of March, in lieu and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, a Duty of Customs on Alkali, and on Articles containing Alkali, imported into that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, according to a Table annexed to this Act marked [A.]: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to compel the Importers, Proprietors or Consignors of any of the aforesaid Articles to pay the Duties upon the Importation and landing thereof, or such such Importers, Proprietors or Consignors shall lodge and secure the same under the joint Locks of the Crown and the Merchant, under the Regulations required by an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty*.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties, and so other, shall be charged and payable on any of the said Articles, which having been warehoused or otherwise secured under the Authority of the aforesaid Act of Parliament without Payment of Duty, shall be taken out of any such Warehouse or Place wherein the same shall have been lodged or secured, for the purpose of being sold or consumed in this Kingdom, after the said Twenty-ninth Day of March, notwithstanding the same may have been imported into this Kingdom as or before the said Twenty-ninth Day of March.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Duty of Customs granted by this Act shall and may be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, enforced, paid and recovered, in such and the like manner as the Duties on the said Articles hereby repealed were or might be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, enforced, paid and recovered, and the Goods shall be subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Licences and Forfeitures, in such Goods were subject and liable to by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the said Twenty-ninth Day of March.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Monies arising from the Duties imposed by this Act, the several Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties of Customs imposed on the like Goods, under the Head of Permanent Duties, were directed to be appropriated and applied.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

Duties on Mineral Alkali, do cease, and instead thereof, the Duties described in Table [A.] to be paid.

Importers not compelled to pay Duties of Goods warehoused or secured 49 G. 3. c. 128

Articles stored in Warehouses under 49 G. 3. c. 128, and taken out after 29th March 1819, only to pay the said Duties.

Duties here levied.

Application of the Monies arising from this Duties.

Act altered, &c. by Statute.

TABLE (A.) to which this Act refers.

| Alkali, <i>vide</i> Act. | Duty. | | | Duty back. | | |
|---|-------|----|----|------------|----|----|
| | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Any Article containing Soda or Mineral Alkali, whereof Mineral Alkali is the most valuable Part, (such Alkali not being otherwise particularly charged with Duty,) imported in a British Ship, if not containing a greater Proportion of such Alkali than Twenty per Centum, - - - - - the Dut. | 0 | 11 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 8 |
| — If containing more than Twenty per Centum and not exceeding Twenty five per Centum of such Alkali, - - - - - the Dut. | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 6 |
| — If containing more than Twenty five per Centum and not exceeding Thirty per Centum of such Alkali, - - - - - the Dut. | 0 | 18 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 2 |
| — If containing more than Thirty per Centum and not exceeding Forty per Centum of such Alkali, - - - - - the Dut. | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 11 | 8 |
| — If containing more than Forty per Centum of such Alkali, the Dut. | 1 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| — If imported in a Foreign Ship, an additional Duty per Cent. of - | 0 | 0 | 8 | | | |

CAP. XII.

An Act for settling in Commissioners the Line of Road from *Shrewsbury* in the County of *Salop*, to *Bangor Ferry* in the County of *Caernarvon*, and for discharging the Trustees under several Acts of the Seveneenth, Twentieth, Twenty eighth, Thirty fifth, Forty first, Forty second, Forty seventh, and Fiftieth Years of His present Majesty (c), from the further Repair and Maintenance thereof; and for altering and repeating in each of the said Acts as affects the said Line of Road. [19th May 1819.]

(c) 17 G. 3. c. 93. 18 G. 3. c. 96. 25 G. 3. c. 143. 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. cxxx. 43 G. 3. c. 5. 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 11. 50 G. 3. c. 110.

[Tells between *Shrewsbury* and the *Ten Wells Stone* is *cash*, and *new Tells* granted, § 29. Tells between *The Mill* from *Shrewsbury* as the *Road* to *Obdientry* and the *Boundary* of the *Counties* of *Merioneth* and *Denbigh* is *cash*, and *new Tells* granted, § 30. Tells between the said *Boundary* and *Cerrig y Drudion* is *cash*, and *new Tells* granted, § 31. Tells between *Cerrig y Drudion* and *Aber y Pwll* is *cash*, and *new Tells* granted, § 32. The *Majesty* and *The Royal Family* exempt from Tells, § 33. Road from *Bangor Ferry* is *Highway* given up by *Commissioners* acting under 55 G. 3. c. 172. to *Commissioners* under this Act, c. 48. § 43. *Post*, and *Powers* of 55 G. 3. c. 172. for charging *Materials*, &c. extended to *Commissioners* under this Act, c. 48. § 52. *Post*. *Mines* arising from Tells after *Payment* therein contained, to be applied by *Commissioners* under this Act as therein mentioned, c. 48. § 53. *Post*. *Commissioners* under this Act to lay certain *Accounts* before *Parliament*, c. 48. § 61. *Post*.]

CAP. XIII.

An Act to enable certain Commissioners fully to carry into effect several Conventions for liquidating Claims of *British Subjects* and others, against the Government of France. [19th May 1819.]

WHEREAS, by the Fourth additional Article of the definitive Treaty of Peace between His Majesty and His Most Christian Majesty, concluded at Paris on the Thirtieth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, it was stipulated that, immediately after the Ratification of the said Treaty, the Signatories which, since the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety two, had been laid on the Funds, Revenues, Credits or any other Effects whatsoever of the High Contracting Parties, or of their Subjects, should be taken off; and that Commissioners, constituted by the second additional Article of the said Treaty, should undertake the Execution of the Claims of His Britannic Majesty's Subjects upon the French Government, for the Value of Property, moveable or immovable, legally confiscated by the French Authorities in all or the total or partial Loss of the Rights due to them, or other Property legally detained under Sequestration, since the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety two: And Whereas by the Ninth Article of the Definitive Treaty of Peace between France and the Allied Powers, concluded at Paris on the Twentieth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, it is stipulated, that the High Contracting Parties having agreed to be made of the different Claims arising out of the Non Execution of the Nineteenth and following Articles of the Treaty of the Thirtieth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, as well as of the additional Articles of that Treaty, (agreed between Great Britain and France, desiring to render more efficacious the Regulations made thereby;) and having determined, by Two separate Conventions, the Law to be observed on each Side for that Purpose, the said Two Conventions annexed to the said Treaty should, in order to secure the complete Execution of the

By Fourth additional Article of Treaty, dated 20th May 1763. Claims of British Subjects on France to be cancelled.

By Art. 9. of Treaty, dated 20th Nov. 1815. Claims are recognised, and Two Com. constituted to carry into effect.

Guarantee
Fund pro-
ducing
annuities &c.
to be paid
in Cash
claims.

Guarantee
Claims.

Guarantee of
both the
Sovereigns,
as to
Claims on
France by
Subjects of
the Allied So-
vereigns.

Guarantee
of the Dec.
of the Car-
rying out Ex-
ecution of the
First Convention.

Proceedings of
Commissioners.

Commission
of the Dec.
also, for re-
solving Second
Convention.

Proceedings of
Commissioners.

Commission
of the 15th April
1818, between
His Majesty
and the King
of France, for
the Adjustment
of Claims of
British Sub-
jects.

above-mentioned Articles, have the same force and effect as if the same were inserted Word for Word therein: And Whereas by a Convention concluded in conformity to the said Ninth Article of the principal Treaty between His Majesty and His Most Christian Majesty, relative to the Examination and Liquidation of the Claims of the Subjects of His Majesty against the Government of France, and signed at Paris on the same Day, it was stipulated, 'That a Capital producing an interest of Three millions five hundred thousand Francs, commencing from the Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, should be inscribed as a Fund of Guarantee in the Great Book of the Public Debt of France, in the Names of Two or Four Commissioners, the One Half English and the other Half French, chosen by their respective Governments; and by the Twelfth Article of the said Convention, certain Periods were appointed for bringing forward their respective Claims by His Majesty's Subjects, after the Expiration of which Period they were no longer to have the benefit of the Liquidation provided by the said Convention: And Whereas by an additional Article annexed to the said Convention, it was stipulated, that the Commission inscribed by the said Convention should proceed to the Liquidation of the Claims of the Subjects of His Britannic Majesty, founded on a Decision of His Most Christian Majesty, relative to the British Merchandise introduced into *Bourdeaux*, in conformity to the Tenth of Customs published in the above mentioned City by His Royal Highness the Duke of Angoulême, on the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas by another Convention concluded at Paris on the said Twentieth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifteen (in conformity to the Ninth Article of the said principal Treaty), relative to the Examination and Liquidation of the Claims upon the French Government by Subjects of the Allied Sovereign Powers of Great Britain, Austria, Prussia and Saxony, it was agreed, that His Most Christian Majesty should cause to be liquidated, in the manner thereafter specified, all Sums which France should be bound to owe in Countries out of her Territory; and by the Fifth Article of the last mentioned Convention it was agreed, that a Commission of Liquidation should be appointed for the Examination of such Claims; and by the Twentieth Article of the said last mentioned Convention it was stipulated, that on the First Day of January then next following, there should be inscribed as a Guarantee Fund in the Great Book of the Public Debt of France, a Capital producing Three millions five hundred thousand Francs yearly Revenue, with Pollages, from the Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in the Name of Two, Four or Six Commissioners, One half the Subjects of His Most Christian Majesty, and the other half of the Allied Sovereign Powers; which said Commissioners were to be chosen and appointed, namely, One, Two or Three by the French Government, and One, Two or Three by the Allied Powers; and by the nineteenth Article of the said Convention a certain Period was appointed for the Presentation of the Claims of the Subjects of the Allied Powers, after the Expiration of which Period they were to forfeit all Right to Claim and Recovery: And Whereas His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, acting in the Name and on the behalf of His Majesty, was pleased, by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date the Twenty seventh Day of December One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to appoint *Cole Alexander Mackenzie Esquire, George Lewis Newcomb Esquire, George Hammond Esquire, David Richard Marier Esquire, and James Drummond Esquire*, to be His Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Depots, for the purpose of carrying into Effect, on the Part of His Majesty, the Provisions contained in the said last mentioned Convention of the Twentieth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and the additional Article thereto annexed: And Whereas the said Commissioners have caused to be inscribed in a Register, the Names of all the Claimants who presented themselves within the Period prescribed by the said Convention, and have liquidated and caused to be paid out of the said Fund of Guarantee, producing Three millions five hundred thousand Francs yearly Revenue, certain Sums, producing as the whole Two millions nine hundred and forty five thousand eight hundred and ninety five Francs yearly Revenue, to various Parties as inscribed in the said Register, deducting therefrom the Sum of Two per Cent. on the Amount of all the Claims so liquidated, for the purpose of answering to His Majesty's Government the Expenses of the said Commission; so that a Sum producing Five hundred and fifty four thousand one hundred and five Francs yearly Revenue, still remains of the said original Fund of Guarantee: And Whereas the said Commissioners did also liquidate divers Claims of the British Merchants trading to *Bourdeaux*: And Whereas by another Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date the Thirtieth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, acting in the Name and on the behalf of His Majesty, was pleased to nominate and appoint *George Hammond Esquire, George Lewis Newcomb Esquire, Cole Alexander Mackenzie Esquire, David Richard Marier Esquire, and James Drummond Esquire*, to be His Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Depots, for the purpose of carrying into Effect, on the Part of His Majesty, the Provisions of the said Convention formerly mentioned, relative to the Claims upon the French Government by the Subjects of the several Allied Sovereign Powers: And Whereas the said Commissioners, under the said last mentioned Commission, have caused to be inscribed in a Register, the Names of all the Claimants who presented themselves within the Period prescribed by the said Convention: And Whereas a Convention between His Majesty and His Most Christian Majesty, was signed at Paris, on the Twenty fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, for the final Arrangement of the Claims of His Majesty's Subjects upon the Government of France; by the First Article of which said last mentioned Convention it was agreed, that in order to effect the Payment and entire Extinction, as well of the Capital as of the Interest due to the Subjects of His Britannic Majesty, and of which the Payment had been claimed in virtue of the additional Article to the Treaty of the Thirtieth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and also in virtue of the herebefore said last mentioned Convention of the Twentieth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen,

* there

• these should be inscribed in the Great Book of the Public Debt of France, a perpetual Annuity of Three Millions of France, representing a Capital of Sixty millions of France, and which Three millions should bear Interest from the Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and by the Second Article of the said last mentioned Convention it was stipulated, that each Part of the Annuity as was then disposable out of the Fund created in virtue of the Ninth Article of the same before first mentioned Convention of the Twentieth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, together with all the Interest accumulated thence from the Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, should be equally applicable to the Payment of the said Claims, and in consequence that the Inscriptions of the above mentioned Annuity should be delivered over to the Commissioners of His Britannic Majesty, immediately after the Exchange of the Ratification of the said Convention of the Twenty fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and by the Third Article of the said Convention of the Twenty fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, it was stipulated, that the Annuity of Three millions of France, which should be created in conformity to the above recited First Article of the said Convention, should be divided into Twelve Inscriptions of equal Value, all of which should bear Interest from the Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and should be inscribed in the Name of the Commissioners of His Britannic Majesty, or of such whom they shall appoint, and should be made over to them at the Rate of One of each of such Inscriptions in each successive Month, to begin from the Day of the Exchange of Ratification of the said Convention: And Whereas a certain other Convention was concluded on the said Twenty fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, between His Britannic Majesty and His Most Christian Majesty, to which Convention the Emperors of Austria and of Russia, and King of Prussia, are all signing Parties; and by the First Article of the said last mentioned Convention, for the purpose of effecting the total Discharge of Debts contracted by France in Countries which do not form a Part of her proper Territory, with any Individuals, Corporations or Establishments whatever, Payment of which Debts is claimed in virtue of the Treaty of the Twentieth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the French Government engages to make to be inscribed upon the Great Book of its Public Debt, with Interest from the Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, a Sum of Twelve millions and forty thousand France, representing a Capital of Two hundred and forty millions eight hundred and forty thousand France; and by the Seventh Article of the said last mentioned Convention of the Twenty fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, it was agreed, that the Sum, which shall be created in virtue of the Tenth Article thereof, shall be distributed among such certain Powers thereafter named as in the said Article is the *Sainto Glorioso*, the *Re of France* and other Countries under the Dominion of His Britannic Majesty, in One hundred and fifty thousand France: And Whereas certain additional Articles to the heretofore mentioned Convention, between His Majesty and His Most Christian Majesty, of the Twenty fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, were signed at Paris in the Fourth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and by the First of the said additional Articles, the total Amount of the Payments to be made by France for the Discharge of certain Excesses of the same due to His Britannic Majesty, resulting from the Decision of His Most Christian Majesty relative to the Royal Merchandise introduced into *Switzerland*, in consequence of the Treaty of Commerce published the Fourteenth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, was fixed at the Sum of Four hundred and fifty thousand France; and by the Second of the said additional Articles it was agreed, that the said Sum of Four hundred and fifty thousand France should be paid into the Hands of the Commissioners appointed for the purpose by His Britannic Majesty, by certain Persons, so that the whole should be paid by the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen: And Whereas the whole of the said Sum of Four hundred and fifty thousand France has accordingly been paid into the Hands of the Commissioners appointed by the heretofore recited Convention, dated the Twenty seventh Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: And Whereas His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, acting in the Name and on the behalf of His Majesty, was pleased by His Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, dated the Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, to nominate and appoint *Caleb Alexander Mackintosh Esquire, George Lewis Newcomb Esquire, and George Hammond Esquire*, to be His Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, for the purpose of seeing on behalf of His Majesty in England, according to the Provisions of all the said heretofore recited several Conventions, and to take into Consideration all the Claims of His Majesty's Subjects, and of the Inhabitants of the *Sainto Glorioso*, which may have been at any time and in proper Form presented to them; and to award the Payment of such Sums as may appear to be justly due to His Majesty's said Subjects, and to the Inhabitants of the *Sainto Glorioso*: And Whereas His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, acting in the Name and on the behalf of His Majesty, was pleased, by His Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, dated the first Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, to nominate and appoint *Daniel Richard Mawer Esquire, and James Drummond Esquire*, to be His Commissioners of Deposit, to receive from the Government of His Most Christian Majesty at Paris the Inscriptions to be delivered over to Royal Commissioners in and by the said several Conventions heretofore mentioned: And Whereas it is expedient to provide for the Execution of the Powers vested in the said several Commissioners: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, in order to enable the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, to complete the Examination and

Convention
of 10th April
1818, as to
Debt of
France in
Foreign
Countries.

Additional
Article of
26 July 1818,
by which the
Twelve
Claims were
fixed at
450,000 Fr.

which has been
paid to British
Commissioners.

Commission
of 19th June
1818, appoint-
ing Com-
missioners of
Liquidation, &c.
under all the
said Con-
ventions.

Commission
of same Date,
appointing
Commissioners
of Deposit.

Commissioners
of Liquidation
appointed to

Articles of the
Treaty signed
by the several Con-
ventions.

Liquidation of the Claims of such Parties who shall have caused their Names and Claims to be duly entered in the heretofore mentioned Registers, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, according to the Mode and Form which has hitherto been observed, and adapted to such and the like Deductions of Two per Cent. as have heretofore been made in the Liquidations already effected, in manner aforesaid, to apportion, divide and distribute the said several Sums of Money regulated by the said several Conventions to be provided by France, and to order the same to be paid to and among the several Claimants whose Names are duly entered in the said Registers; and where such Claimants shall have been or shall be adjudged to be entitled to Payment in the whole or in part of their Demands, to pay the Sums adjudged to be due to them in full, if the Sums entered and left to be received for that Purpose from the French Government shall be found sufficient for the Payment in full of all the Claims which shall be adjudged to be within the true Intent and Meaning of the said several Conventions, or any of them, or in part Payment thereof, in variable Proportions, if the said Sums shall be insufficient for the Payment of such Claims in full; and that such Payment in full or in part, and any Regulation of any such Claims as shall be by the said Commissioners, or on Appeal to His Majesty in Council in manner heretofore mentioned, be adjudged not to be within the true Meaning and Intent of the said Conventions or any of them, shall be respectively final and conclusive, and shall be held to be a full and entire Discharge of the French Government, and of His Majesty's Government, from any Demands in respect of any Claims falling within the Object and true Intent, Effect and Meaning of the said Conventions or any of them, and which have been entered in the said Registers during any Period allotted for that Purpose by the said several Conventions.

Commissioners
to be sworn.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, before they shall enter upon the Execution of this Act, shall take an Oath before the Mayor of the City for the time being, or One of His Majesty's Justices of the Court of King's Bench, Common Pleas, or Sessions of the Exchequer for the time being, and also the said Commissioners of Deposits, during their Residence in France, before His Majesty's Ambassador at the Court of France, which they or either of them are hereby respectively authorized and required to administer, in the Form following; that is to say,

Oath.

"I, A. B. One of the Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, for Deposits, at the city of
Paris, appointed to carry into effect the Provisions of several Conventions concluded between His Majesty
and His Most Christian Majesty The King of France, do swear, that according to the best of my Judgment
and Knowledge, I will faithfully, impartially and truly execute the several Powers and Trusts vested in me
by an Act of the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intitled *an Act (here insert
the Title of the Act)* according to the Tenor and Purport of the said Act, and according to the true Intent
and Meaning of the said several Conventions. So help me GOD."

Commissioners
of Liquidation
to administer all
Things in
Oath;

who are to
swear.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, or any Two of them, and they are hereby authorized and required, to continue upon Oath (which Oath the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, are hereby authorized to administer), all Persons, whether Parties or Witnesses, whom the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, shall think fit to examine touching all such Matters and Things as shall appear to them to be necessary for the Execution of the Powers vested in the said Commissioners by their Commission and this Act; and all such Persons are hereby desired and required punctually to attend the said Commissioners, at such time and place as they, or any Two of them, shall appoint.

False Evidence.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Parties or Persons upon Examination upon Oath before the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, or any Two of them respectively, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, every such Person so offending and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is and are hereby declared to be subject and liable in such Penes and Forfeitures as by any Law now in force in Great Britain Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

Perjury.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, and they, or any Two of them, are hereby authorized, as soon and in as soon may be time at such Place or Places, or any Two of them, shall think proper, with or without Adjournment, and to send their Process or Precepts under their Hands and Seals, or the Hands and Seals of any Two of them, for any Parties or Persons, whatsoever, and for such Books, Papers, Writings or Records, as they shall judge necessary for their Information, in the Execution of the Powers vested in the said Commissioners by their said Commissions, or by this Act.

His Majesty
to fill up
Vacancies in
the Commission,
&c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case of any Vacancy or Vacancies, by Death or Resignation, or otherwise, of any One or more of the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, or of the said Commissioners of Deposits, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to nominate and appoint such Person or Persons as His Majesty may think proper, to supply such Vacancy or Vacancies; and that every Person so nominated and appointed to be a Commissioner of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, shall take the Oath heretofore directed; and every Person so appointed under this Act to be any Commissioner upon any such Vacancy, shall be held and considered to be, and shall be credited with all such Powers as Commissioners of the like Nature have and possess under the Authority of the said heretofore recited Commissions and this Act.

Commissioners
of Liquidation
to make Order
in Commission
of Deposits for
Payment of
Claims.

VII. And be it further enacted, That when and so often as the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, or any Two of them, shall at any time after the passing of this Act adjudge or approve of the Claims of any Parties or Persons under the said Commissions, or either of them, to be good and valid, in the Whole or in Part, and shall have authorized the Sum of Money to which any such Parties or Persons in or out thereof respectively entitled, the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, shall make out or cause to be made out, in such Form as they shall think fit, an Order or Orders for the Payment or Liquidation of such Claims, either

either in Whole or in Part, either by authorizing the said Commissioners of Deposits to transfer to each Claimant or Claimants such Part of the Sum or Sums remaining undebited in the Great Book of the Public Debt of France, in the Name of the said Commissioners of Deposits, as shall be specified in such Order or Orders, or by authorizing the Claimant or Claimants to receive any Sum or Sums of Money, in the same way require; and the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, shall assign their Hands and Seals, or the Hands and Seals of any Two of them, to such Order or Orders, and shall send the same to be delivered to the Parties or Parties respectively entitled thereto, or to the Agent or Agents of such Parties or Parties; and such Parties or Parties, or their respective Agent or Agents, shall give to the said Commissioners their Receipts or Acquittances for the same, as the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, shall from time to time think or require.

Orders to be under Hands and Seals of Two Commissioners at least.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That any Order or Orders of the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, or any Two of them, shall at any time be sufficient Authority for the Transfer or Payment of any Sum or Sums mentioned in such Order or Orders, to the Parties declared to be entitled to the same by such Order or Orders; subject nevertheless to such Appeal to His Majesty in Council as is hereinafter mentioned and provided for.

Orders of Commissioners to be a sufficient Authority.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Order made by the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, or any Two of them, under this Act, shall be transferable by the Indorsement thereon and Signature of the Parties or Parties to whom the same shall be made and given by the said Commissioners, or of any Parties or Parties holding the same, under any such Indorsement thereof as aforesaid, attested by Two credible Witnesses to such Indorsement respectively; and no such Order or Indorsement thereon shall be lawful for any Stamp Duty.

Orders of Commissioners of Liquidation made transferable by Indorsement and signed by Two credible Witnesses.

X. And Whereas Questions may arise on the Construction of the said several Conventions, or otherwise, for which it may be expedient to provide that there shall, in special Cases, be a Liberty of Appeal allowed from any Award, Judgment, Determination or Order of the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, to His Majesty in Council, subject to the Conditions and Restrictions hereinafter mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, That if any Claimant or Claimants shall be dissatisfied with any Award, Judgment, Determination or Order of the said Commissioners as his, her or their Claim, or any Part or Parts which, according to the Regulations in this Act contained, shall be deemed a fit Subject of such Appeal, it shall be lawful for such Claimant or Claimants, or for him, her or their Agent or Agents duly appointed respectively, within Three Calendar Months from the Day on which such Award, Judgment, Determination or Order shall be made and notified to him, her or them, to appeal thereunto to His Majesty in Council, upon giving Security by Bond to His Majesty in One hundred Pounds, to prosecute the said Appeal, and to satisfy such Costs as shall be awarded against such Appellant or Appellants thereon; and then it shall be lawful for His Majesty in Council to hear and finally determine such Appeal, and to confirm, alter or reverse such Award, Judgment, Determination or Order of the said Commissioners, in the Whole or in Part, and to certify the Judgment or final Decision on such Appeal to the said Commissioners, and further to award such Costs as His Majesty in Council shall deem fit and proper to be paid by such Appellant or Appellants respectively, which Costs shall be applied towards defraying the Expenses incurred in defending such Appeal or Appeals, as hereinafter directed.

Appeal from Award of Commissioners to His Majesty in Council.

Appellant on give Security. Judgment upon Appeal final.

Costs.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them, to authorize and empower any Parties or Parties to defend such Appeal on the part of the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award; and that the Expenses of defending the same shall be borne and paid in the same manner, and out of the same Fund, as the Law Expenses of the Causes are paid; and that the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, shall not be put to or be held liable to any Costs or Expenses relative to any such Appeal.

Power of defending such Appeal to be provided for by Treasury.

Commissioners not liable to Costs, but to give Security.

XII. And be it further enacted, That no new or additional Evidence shall be produced or received on any such Appeal, than the said Appeal shall be heard and finally determined upon the Evidence produced, taken or proceeded upon in the case before the Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration or Award, and none other.

No new Evidence admitted.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty in Council to make such Orders as His Majesty shall think fit, respecting the Manner and Description of such special Cases in which it shall be deemed proper that such Liberty of Appeal as aforesaid shall be allowed, and further from time to time to make such Rules and Regulations respecting the Form and Manner of proceeding on such Appeals, as shall be deemed necessary or expedient.

Orders may be made for regulating Appeals.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Powers by this Act given to the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, or to the said Commissioners of Deposits, or any other Parties or Parties, for carrying into effect any Award, Judgment, Determination or Order of the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, shall from the time, when Notice of Appeal on any such Award, Judgment, Determination or Order shall be duly given to them, be suspended on such Claim or Claims in which any such Appeal or Appeals shall be interposed, and the Judgment or Decision of His Majesty in Council shall be had thereon and carried to the said Commissioners, and that such Judgment or Decision of His Majesty in Council shall be finally binding and conclusive as the said Commissioners respectively, and on all Parties; and that the said Commissioners respectively, and all other Parties, shall, so far as the said Judgment or Decision of His Majesty in Council shall be certified to them, on any such Award, Judgment, Determination or Order is appealed from, proceed therein, and do and execute all such Acts, Matters and Things as shall be necessary to be done and executed for carrying the said Judgment or Decision of His Majesty in Council into effect, and in the same manner as the said Commissioners respectively or other Parties are empowered to act for carrying

Power of Commissioners suspended on such Claims during Appeal.

Commissioners to execute Judgment on Appeal.

into effect any Award, Judgment, Determination or Order made by the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, under the Provisions of this Act.

In case of Dispute between Parties, Commissioners of Deposits to sell French Securities, and transfer to the Proceeds to Commissioners of Liquidation, who may order the same to be loaned to the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery in the Bank of England.

The Court may order Order thereon upon Motion, or Petition and Mandate.

Application of Remittances of Capital in the Great Book of Public Debt of France in the Hands of Commissioners of Deposit.

Commissioners not to be deemed Public Accountants; but their Accounts to be subject to Examination of Treasury. Commissioners to publish List of Claims investigated.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Dispute shall arise between any Parties interested in any such Claims, and the Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, or any Three of them, to sell or dispose of the same, or the Competency of any such Parties or Persons to give a valid and effectual Receipt and Discharge for the same, then and in every such Case as aforesaid, it shall be lawful and for the said Commissioners of Deposits, under the Authority of His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three of them, to sell and dispose of any such Part of any Capital subscribed in the said Great Book of the Public Debt of France, in pursuance and for the purpose of the several Conventions heretofore entered into, not appropriated to any other Claimants, as well be equal to the Amount of any such disputed Claims, and to transfer the Proceeds of such Sale to England, to the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, for the purpose of being applied to the Satisfaction of any such disputed Claims; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, under the Authority aforesaid, to order any Part of any of the Proceeds of any Part of the said Capital which may have been previously invested in Exchange Bills or other Public Securities, under the Provisions in this Act contained, as may be equal to the Amount of any such disputed Claims, to be sold; and in either Case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, to direct that the Sum or Sums of Money arising from any such Sale shall be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privilege of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account to the Credit of the Parties claiming to be entitled thereto, subject to the Order, Control and Disposition of the said Court of Chancery, which said Court of Chancery, on the Application by Motion or Petition of any Parties or Persons making Claim to such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, shall be and is hereby empowered, as a summary Way of Proceeding or otherwise, as to the said Court shall seem, to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Public Funds, or other Public Securities bearing Interest, and to direct the Distribution thereof, and Payment of the Dividends or Interest thereof, according to the respective Interests of the Parties or Persons making Claim thereunto, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable; and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, as and are hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums, mentioning and specifying for what and for what Use the same is or are received, to such Parties or Persons as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the said Bank as aforesaid.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That during the time that any Capital subscribed in the Great Book of the Public Debt of France, in pursuance and for the purpose of the several Conventions heretofore entered into, or any Part of such Capital, shall remain in the Name of the said Commissioners of Deposits, and shall not have been appropriated to the Liquidation of any Claims of His Majesty's Subjects, under the said Conventions, or any of them, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Deposits, on receiving Directions to such effect from His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and from the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three of them, to sell and dispose of any such Part of such Capital as aforesaid in the said Great Book of the Public Debt of France, and its unappropriated, and to transfer the Proceeds of such Sale to England, in the Commission of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, under this Act, to be by them invested in Exchange Bills or other Public Securities bearing Interest, for the purpose of being applied to the Payment of Liquidation of any such Claims, or in case all such Claims shall be paid or liquidated, for such other Purposes as the said Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, shall direct the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, to apply the same; and all such Exchange Bills, or other Public Securities bearing Interest, shall be deposited in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to the Account of and in the Name of the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, under this Act, and shall be and remain in the Name of such Commissioners for the time being, to be sold, and the Proceeds thereof paid and applied for the Purposes above specified.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Liquidation, Arbitration and Award, or the said Commissioners of Deposits, shall not, nor shall any of such Commissioners be deemed Public Accountants, in respect of any such Sums as aforesaid; but all the Accounts of the said Commissioners, either as to the Deposits or Receipt or Distribution of the said Sums, and all Matters and Things relating to the Execution of the said Commissions, shall be subject to the Examination and Audit of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them, for the time being.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall cause to be published in The London Gazette, within Fourteen Days after the Fifth Day of July and Fifth Day of January in each Year, until the Periods of this Act are completed, a List of all the Claims which shall have been investigated and decided, either by the Admissions thereof in the Whole or in Part, or by the Rejection thereof.

C. A. P. XXXII.

An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty two, and amended to reach of an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for granting, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, as relates to Tobacco and Snuff and certain Excise Licences. [19th May 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, on Spirits, Tobacco, Snuff and English Liqueurs: And Whereas it is expedient that the same should be further continued, so far as relates to Tobacco and Snuff, and to the several annual additional Sums for and upon Licences to be taken out by every Assessor, Common Brewer, Maker of Wax or Sperm-corn Candles, Dealer upon Seller thereof not being a Maker, Candler or Maker of Candles other than Wax or Sperm-corn Candles, Trader or Vendor or Seller of Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts or Chocolate, Glass Maker, Tinsmith, Tower, Dyer of Hides and Skins in Oil, Carver, Maker of Yellows or Parchments, Mulber, Maker of Mangles or Mould, Maker of Paper or Pulpboard, Paper Strainer, Trader in and Vendor or Seller of Gold or Silver Plate, and Peweebaker, and Refiner of Gold or Silver, Colour Printer, and Printer, Painter or Stainer of Silks, Laces, Cottons or Stuffs, Maker of Soap, Distiller or Maker of Low Wine or Spirit, Rectifier of Spirits, Dealer in Brandy or other Spirituous Liquors, not being a Retailer in Great Britain, or a Wholesale Seller of or Dealer in plain Aqua Vine only as distilled, Wholesale Seller of or Dealer in Aqua Vine only as distilled, not being a licensed Distiller, Rectifier, Compounder or Retailer of Spirits, and not being a licensed Dealer in Brandy or other Spirituous Liquors, Starch Maker, Maker of Soaps or Made Wines other than Mead, Retailer of Bragg Made Wines or Brews, Manufacturer of Tobacco or Snuff, Dealer in or Seller of Tobacco and Snuff, Maker of Yungus, Retailer of Foreign Wine, and Wine Drainer respectively, enumerated and defined in the Schedule of the said Act: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act, so far as aforesaid, shall from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, be and the same is hereby further continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty two.*

II. And Whereas by the said Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the Sum of Two Pounds ten Shillings is granted and imposed for and upon every Licence to be taken out, according to the Laws in such Case made and provided, by every Person trading in, vending or selling any Gold or Silver Plate, or any Goods or Wares in which any Quantity of Gold exceeding Two Pennyweights and under Two Ounces in Weight, or any Quantity of Silver exceeding Five Pennyweights and under Thirty Ounces in Weight, in any One separate or distinct Ware or Piece of Goods, is or are or shall be manufactured: And Whereas it is expedient that such Sum of Two Pounds ten Shillings should not extend to or be paid by any Person who shall trade in, vend or sell Silver or Gold Watches, but shall not fall any other Gold or Silver Plate, or any other Goods or Wares in which any Quantity of Gold exceeding Two Pennyweights and under Two Ounces in Weight, or any Quantity of Silver exceeding Five Pennyweights and under Thirty Ounces in Weight, in any One separate or distinct Ware or Piece of Goods, is or are or shall be manufactured: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Person trading in, vending or selling Silver or Gold Watches, and who shall not trade in, vend or sell, or offer or expose to Sale, any other Gold or Silver Plate, or any other Goods or Wares in which any Quantity of Gold exceeding Two Pennyweights and under Two Ounces in Weight, or any Quantity of Silver exceeding Five Pennyweights and under Thirty Ounces in Weight, in any One separate or distinct Ware or Piece of Goods, is or are or shall be manufactured, shall be required or liable to pay for or upon any such Licence as aforesaid, the said Sum of Two Pounds ten Shillings by the said recited Act granted and imposed, any thing to the said recited Act or this Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

III. And for abating all Differences touching the Quantity or Weight of Gold or Silver respectively manufactured or contained in any Ware or Piece of Goods, Be it declared and enacted, That all Goods, Wares and Merchandise, which shall be sold or offered for Sale, or taken to pawn, or delivered out as well for Gold or Silver respectively, shall be decreed and taken to be Gold or Silver respectively within the Interest and Meaning of the said recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, and of the Acts, and also of an Act made in the Fourth third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for repaying the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and of all other Acts now or which shall hereafter be in force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. XXXIII.

An Act to continue, until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, several Acts of the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of His present Majesty, respecting the Duties of Customs payable on Merchandise imported into Great Britain, from any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies. [19th May 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act, passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Great Britain from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England*

32 G. 3. c. 30.

Enacted Act, so far as respects Tobacco and Snuff and certain Excise Licences, continued.

33 G. 3. c. 30.
Sect. (4.)

+ See
Persons selling Silver or Gold Watches, in which are contained a certain Quantity of these Metals, not liable to the Licence Duty of 2l. 10s. granted by recited Act.

Gold or Silver Goods offered for Sale, &c. to be decreed as such according to 33 G. 3. c. 30. and 47 G. 3. c. 69.

An altered, amended Statute.

34 G. 3. c. 30.

• English trading to the East Indies, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and to amend further Regulations
 • for the better Security of the Revenue on Goods so imported; and to alter the Period of making up and presenting
 • certain Accounts of the said Company to Parliament to its customs in force, until the Twelfth Day of April, One thousand eight hundred and nineteen: And Whereas neither Act was passed in the Fifth fifth Year of the Reign of
 • His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to make further Provision respecting the Duties payable upon East India*
 • *Goods, and to alter the Period to be given for Payment of the Duties upon such Goods when imported by Private*
 • *Traders*; which said Acts are now expiring, and it is to be continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's
 • Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Com-
 • monses, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Acts shall, from
 • and after the passing of this Act, be continued in force, from and after the passing of this Act, to the First Day
 • of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one.

II And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied, or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act to amend and render more effectual several Acts for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities, and to empower the said Commissioners to grant Annuities for Lives or Years, for promoting the beneficial Purposes of the Fund commonly called *The National Subscriptions*. [19th May 1819.]

48 G. 3. c. 142.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities*; and which has been amended and rendered more effectual by several Acts passed for that Purpose in the Forty ninth, Fifty second, Fifty fifth, and Fifty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty; (a); And Whereas it is expedient that the said Acts should be amended, and further Provisions made for rendering the same more effectual: And Whereas by the said several Acts, passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it is among other things enacted, that upon the Death of any single Nominee, or the Survivor of any Two joint Nominees, a Sum equal to One Fourth Part of the Annuity depending upon his or her Life (over and above all Arrears thereof respectively) shall be payable to the Person or Persons entitled to the said Annuity, or to his or her Executors, Administrators or Assigns, (as the case may be) on the Half yearly Day of Payment next succeeding the Death of such Nominee; and Doubts have arisen as to the time of paying the Arrears of such expiring Annuities, and also the Fourth Part thereof: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That upon the Provisions, by the Parties entitled to claim the Arrears of such expiring Annuity, to the proper Officer appointed by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt under the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, of a Certificate of the Death or Burial of such Nominee, together with an Affidavit in proof of the Identity of such Nominee, according to the Direction of the said recited Acts, or any of them, within Twenty one Days immediately preceding the Fifth Day of January, Fifth Day of April, Fifth Day of July, or Twelfth Day of October respectively in any Year, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer, and he is hereby authorized and required, at the Period of making the Half yearly Payment of the said Life Annuities next succeeding the Production of such Certificate and Affidavit (whether such expiring Annuity shall or shall not have been payable in such Half yearly Period), to grant to the Parties producing such Certificate of Death or Burial, and such Affidavit of Identity as aforesaid, a Certificate in the Form specified in the Schedule to the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, marked (G.); and upon the same being lodged with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, the said Governor and Company shall and they are hereby authorized and required to pay the Arrears which shall be due upon all or any Annuity or Annuities which shall have depended upon the Life of such single or surviving Nominee, and also the Fourth Part of every such expiring Annuity, in such each Fourth Part shall be claimed within Two Years after the Death of the Nominee, according to the Provision of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, to the Person or Persons entitled thereto, whether such expiring Annuity shall or shall not have been payable in such Half yearly Period, any thing in any Act or Acts now in force to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding. (a) [49 G. 3. c. 64. 50 G. 3. c. 112. 55 G. 3. c. 23. 57 G. 3. c. 26.]

II. And Whereas the Forms of Certificates in the Schedule to the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, marked (A.) and (B.), have not been found effectual: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Forms of Certificates shall be and the same are hereby repealed; and that in all Cases where, by the said recited Act, the said Forms are required to be used and applied, the General Forms marked (A.) and (B.) in the Schedule to this Act inserted shall be used and applied instead thereof: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed so as to prevent the Use of the said Forms marked (A.) and (B.) in the Schedule to the said recited Act of the Fifty seventh Year aforesaid, for the several purposes to which they are now applicable, notwithstanding the Repeal of the same, until the Adoption in law thereof of the Forms marked (A.) and (B.) contained in the Schedule to this Act inserted.

III. And Whereas certain Sums in Annuities (commonly called *Long Annuities*) are now standing in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, in the Names of certain Persons acting as Trustees of a Subscription denominated *The National Subscriptions*, under the Appointment of the Chairman and Managers of the said Subscriptions; and for the more effectually carrying into effect the beneficial Pur-

On Production of a Certificate of the Death of a Nominee, with Affidavit of Identity within the Periods therein mentioned, Officers to grant a Certificate, upon which the Bank shall pay the Arrears and the Fourth Part of the expiring Annuity, &c. claimed within Two Years after Death of Nominee.

Instead of the Certificates required by 49 G. 3. c. 64. marked (A.) and (B.) the Forms (A.) and (B.) inserted in this Act to be used.

The Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt may re-

of the said Subscription, it may be expedient to assign Part of the said Long Annuities to be assigned to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, as the Consideration for Annuities to be granted by the said Commissioners on the Lives of Persons intended to be benefited by the said Subscription, and to be converted for that Purpose and also to allow Part of the said Long Annuities to be transferred to the said Commissioners as the Consideration for other Annuities to be granted for a limited Term or Number of Years, for the Advantage of Persons intended to be benefited by such Subscription: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, at any time after the passing of this Act, from time to time to accept and receive from the Persons acting as Trustees of the said Waterloo Subscription for the time being, the Transfer of any Long Annuities standing in the Names of such Trustees as the Consideration for the Purchase of Life Annuities upon the Continuance of single Lives of Persons of the Age of Twenty one Years or upwards, to be charged upon and payable out of the Funds created for the Redemption of the National Debt, commonly called the Sinking Fund, to be paid to the said Trustees during the single Lives of any Persons whose such Charters and any Two Managers for the time being shall nominate and appoint for that Purpose, in manner hereinafter mentioned; such Annuities to be calculated according to the Rates specified and contained in the last revised Act of the Forty eighth and Fifty second Years of His present Majesty's Regency, and also that it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, from time to time, to accept and receive from such Trustees for the time being the Transfer of any Long Annuities standing in the Names of such Trustees, as the Consideration for the Purchase of Annuities for any limited Term or Number of Years, to be charged upon and payable out of the said Sinking Fund, and to be paid to the said Trustees according to such Rates and upon such Terms and Conditions as shall be from time to time agreed upon between the said Commissioners and the said Chairman and any Two Managers; and it shall and may be lawful for such Trustees for the time being, and they are hereby respectively authorised and empowered, from time to time, to transfer the said Long Annuities into the Names of the said Commissioners in the Books of the said Governor and Company, for such Purposes accordingly, under the Regulations in the Act contained.

IV. And be it further enacted, That previous to the granting any Life Annuities under this Act, the Chairman and Managers for the time being of the said Waterloo Subscription shall produce, or shall cause to be produced, to the proper Officers of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, a List of the several Persons proposed to be succeeded as the Persons during the Continuance of whose respective single Lives such Life Annuities shall respectively depend, which List shall contain the Christian and Surname of each and every such Person, together with his or her Residence or usual Place of Abode and Occupation, and also his or her Age, and the Amount of the Annuity or Annuities proposed to be purchased on the Continuance of his or her Life respectively, filled according to such Terms, as the said Commissioners shall direct or approve; and the said List shall be attested by and under the Hands of the Chairman and Two Managers of the said Waterloo Subscription for the time being, and also by three Jurors; and who shall also sign and declare therein the Amount of the Long Annuities proposed to be so transferred as the Consideration for the said Life Annuities; and such List, so attested as aforesaid, with the Statement and Declaration therein as aforesaid, shall be produced to the Officer of the said Commissioners, and shall be kept and preserved, and shall remain in the Office of the said Commissioners as a perpetual Record (and upon such Production of such List, Statement and Declaration to the said Officer, it shall and may be lawful for the said Officer, and he is hereby authorised and empowered to grant (without further Evidence) a Certificate to the said Chairman and Managers, or to any Person or Persons applying on their behalf (a Duplicate of which Certificate shall be transmitted by the said Officer to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England,) to authorise the Transfer to the said Commissioners of such Sum or Sums of the said Long Annuities as shall be so fixed and delivered to be the Consideration for the Purchase of the Life Annuities therein fixed; and the Amount of the said Life Annuities shall be computed by the said Officer according to the Tables of the Rates of Annuities granted upon the Continuance of single Lives, inserted in the said revised Act of the Forty eighth and Fifty second Years aforesaid.

V. And be it further enacted, That previous to the granting of any Annuity or Annuities for a limited Term or Number of Years, in pursuance of this Act, the Trustees of the said Waterloo Subscription for the time being shall produce, or cause to be produced, to the said Officer of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, a Declaration attested by and under the Hands of the Chairman and Two Managers for the time being of the said Subscription, and their Secretary, setting out the Amount of the Long Annuities proposed to be transferred into the Names of the said Commissioners, as the Consideration for the Purchase of any such Annuity or Annuities for a limited Term or Number of Years, and the Amount of the Annuity or Annuities for such limited Term or Number of Years, which the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt shall have agreed to grant in consideration of the Long Annuities so proposed to be transferred; and the said Officer shall thereupon grant a Certificate to the said Chairman and Managers, or to the Person or Persons applying on their behalf, to authorise the Transfer to the said Commissioners of such Sum or Sums of the said Long Annuities as shall be specified in such Certificate, and a Duplicate of such Certificate shall be transmitted by the said Officer to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.

VI. And be it further enacted, That upon the Production and Delivery at the Bank of England of the several Certificates to be granted by the Officer of the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in manner directed by this Act, and upon the Transfer to the said Commissioners of the said Long Annuities to be transferred as the Consideration for the Purchase of the said Life Life Annuities, or for the Purchase of the said Annuities for Years (as the case may be), the Person producing such Certificate shall be entitled to have a Certificate or Receipt from One of the Cashiers of the said Governor and Company, acknowledging

notice from the
Trustees of the
Waterloo Sub-
scription,
Transfer of
Long Annuities
into the Consi-
deration for the
Purchase of
Life Annuities
and Annuities
for Years.

How such Annuities to be
valued.

Transfer to be
according to
this Act.

Chairman, &c.
of the Waterloo
Subscription to
produce List of
Surnames,
and state the
Amount of
Long Annuities
on the Consi-
deration for each
Life Annuity.

Certificate to
authorise the
Transfer.

How Life Annuities to be
computed.

Previous to
purchasing of
Annuities for
Years, Trustees
shall produce a
Declaration of the
Amount of Long
Annuities to be
transferred.

Certificate to
authorise the
Transfer.

On Production
and Delivery
at the Bank of
the Certificates
granted, and
on Transfer of
the Long Annuities, a Receipt

to grant a
Receipt in the
usual Form.

Each Transfer, which Certificate or Receipt One of such Cashiers is hereby required to give, according to the Form directed to be used upon the Transfer of Bank Annuities or any other Annuities to the said Commissioners for the Purchase of Life Annuities, under the Provisions of the said heretofore recited Acts or any of them.

Annuities payable
in Tranches
shall yearly.

When the First
Payment is to
made.

Payment of
Arrears.

Long Annu-
ities transferred
under this Act
applied to the
Sinking Fund.

Annuities
charged on the
Sinking Fund
and carried to
separate Ac-
counts.

Money not spent
at the Bank to
pay Annuities.

Half yearly
List of de-
ceased Mem-
bers to be made
out by Treasurers.

List to be at-
tested by Secre-
tary to Chan-
cellor and Man-
agers.

On Production
of Certificate
relating Annu-
ities to be
paid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That upon the Completion of the Transfer of any such Long Annuities, as the Consideration for the Purchase of Life Annuities or of Annuities for Years, in pursuance of this Act, the Trustees of the said *Wearside Subscription* shall be entitled to receive, during the Life of the Person or Persons to be annuitized as aforesaid, or during the Term of Years for which such Annuities shall be granted (as the case may be), the Annual Amount of such Life Annuities or Annuities for Years as shall be specified in the Certificate to be granted as aforesaid, by the Officer of the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt; and all such Annuities, whether for Life or Years, shall be payable Half yearly to the said Trustees or to any of them, at the Bank of England, on the Fifth Day of January and the Fifth Day of July in every Year, or on the Fifth Day of April and the Tenth Day of October in every Year, as the case may require; and the First Half yearly Payment of all such Annuities shall commence and be ascertained as follows; that is to say, in all Cases where such Transfer shall be completed between the Fifth Day of January and the Fourth Day of April, both inclusive, the First Half yearly Payment of such Annuities respectively shall be due and payable on the Fifth Day of July next following such Transfer; and in all Cases where such Transfer shall be completed between the Fifth Day of April and the Fourth Day of July, both inclusive, the First Half yearly Payment of the said Annuities respectively shall be due and payable on the Tenth Day of October next following such Transfer; and in all Cases where such Transfer shall be completed between the Fifth Day of July and the Ninth Day of October, both inclusive, the First Half yearly Payment of the said Annuities respectively shall be due and payable on the Fifth Day of January next following such Transfer; and in all Cases where such Transfer shall be completed between the Tenth Day of October and the Fourth Day of January, both inclusive, the First Half yearly Payment of such Annuities respectively shall be due and payable on the Fifth Day of April next following such Transfer; and after the Death of any Annuitant, upon the Continuance of whose Life any Annuity shall have been granted in pursuance of this Act, all Arrears of the said Annuity shall be paid to the said Trustees up to and upon the Half yearly Day of Payment of such Annuity next following the Day of the Deaths of such Annuitant.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all such Long Annuities as shall be transferred into the Names of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt for the purposes of this Act, shall from time to time, as the same shall arise and become due, be received by the Governor or Deputy Governor of the Bank of England, and shall be placed to the Account of the said Commissioners in the Books of the said Governor and Company; and all sums so received shall form and constitute Part of the Fund for the Redemption of the National Debt, commonly called the Sinking Fund, and shall be applied from time to time by the said Commissioners in the same Manner and to such Purposes as the several Acts compelling the said Fund are made applicable by any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Annuities, whether for Lives or Years, which shall be granted in pursuance of this Act, shall be charged and chargeable on the Sinking Fund, and they are hereby respectively made chargeable thereon, and shall be carried to distinct and separate Accounts in the Books of the Bank of England, and in the Books of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, under the Titles of "The Account of the *Wearside Subscription* Life Annuities," and "The Account of the *Wearside Subscription* Annuities for Years;" and it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the said Bank of England, and they, are hereby authorized and required, to set apart and retain from time to time out of the Monies commonly called the Sinking Fund, standing upon the Account of the said Commissioners in the Books of the said Governor and Company, a Sum sufficient to satisfy and pay all such Annuities, whether for Life or Years, to be granted in pursuance of this Act, from time to time as the same shall become due and payable, according to the Directions of this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That previous to every Half yearly Payment of any Life Annuities granted under this Act, there shall be produced to the Officer of the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, by or on behalf of the Trustees of the said *Wearside Subscription* for the time being, a List made up to the Fifteenth Day of the Month immediately preceding the Day upon which such Half yearly Payment shall fall due, containing the Names of all such Numbers as, according to the fact of the Information and Belief of the said Trustees, shall have died within the Half Year ending upon the Day to which such List shall be made up, which List shall be certified by and under the Hands of the Clerks for the time being, and of any Two Managers for the time, of the said Subscription (such Chairman and Managers not being the Persons in whose Names such Life Annuities shall then be standing in the Books of the Bank), and such List shall be attested by the Secretary to the said Chairman and Managers; and upon the Production of the said List so attested and certified to the said Officer, the said Officer shall and he is hereby required, at the usual times of paying the said Annuities, to grant, without further Evidence, to such Trustees for the time being, or to One of them, a Certificate to enable the Trustees to receive the Life Annuities which shall appear to be remaining due and payable, deducting from time to time, according to the Provisions of this Act, the Amount of such of the said Life Annuities as shall appear to be expired and no longer payable, in consequence of the Deaths of any of the Numbers; and upon the Production of such Certificate, and the same being lodged with the Governor and Company of the said Bank, it shall and may be lawful for the said Governor and Company, and they are hereby authorized and required, to pay in One Sum to such Trustees, or to any One of them, out of the Monies to be retained and set apart for that Purpose as heretofore directed, the Amount of all such Life Annuities as shall appear to be then due: Provided always, that the said Officer shall from time to time, pre-

visibly to the date of setting apart the said Monies, certify to the said Governor and Company the Half yearly Account of the said Life Annuities which shall be payable either or by virtue of this Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Receipt of the Trustee or Trustees, who shall receive any such Life Annuity or Annuities for Years, shall at all times be a full, sufficient, and valid Discharge to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England for the paying of such Annuities; and also to the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, for all the Sums so paid; and neither the said Governor and Company nor the said Commissioners shall in any manner whatsoever be responsible or accountable for the Application, Misapplication or Non Application of the Sums so paid; any thing in any Act or Acts, or any other Decree, Matter or Writing whatsoever to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XII. And be it further enacted, That no Life Annuity or Annuities for Years which shall be granted in pursuance of this Act, shall be transferrable or assignable, except only in Cases where any new Trustee or Trustees shall be appointed by the Chairman and Commissioners of Manages for the time being of the said Waterloo Subscription, according to the usual Forms and Rules for appointing any new Trustee or Trustees under which the said Subscription shall be regulated, in the Room of any former Trustee or Trustees; in which Case only it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and they are hereby authorized and required, to permit any existing Trustee or Trustees to transfer the Whole of such Life Annuity or Annuities for Years (but not any Part or Parts thereof) into the Names of new Trustees, or of the existing Trustee or Trustees and such new Trustee, as the Case may require: Provided always, that upon every such Change of Trustee or Trustees, a Certificate shall be produced at the Bank of England, by the Person or Persons applying to make such Transfer, attested by and under the Hands of the Chairman and Two Managers for the time being of the said Waterloo Subscription, and their Secretary, bearing the Appointment of such new Trustee or Trustees: Provided also, that Notice of every such Transfer shall be given to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, within Six Days after any such Transfer shall have been made by or on behalf of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, from time to time, whenever the same shall take place as aforesaid.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That an Account shall be made up to the Fifteenth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twenty two, and to the Fifteenth Day of December in every Year following, and shall be certified by and under the Hands of the Chairman and Two Managers for the time being of the said Waterloo Subscription, and their Secretary, stating the respective Amounts of all such Life Annuities granted under this Act, as shall have remained unclaimed from the said Trustee, for the Space of Three Years or upwards, and such Accounts shall be produced to the proper Officer of the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt; and the said Officer shall at the time of ascertaining the Amount of the Life Annuities payable under this Act, on the Fifth Day of January then next following, deduct from such Account the Amount of all such Annuities as shall have been retained unclaimed and unpaid: Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall extend, or be construed to extend, to defeat or prejudice the Right of the said Trustee in any such Annuity, or to claim the Arrears and future Payments thereof, upon the Production to the said Officer of the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, of a Certificate attested by and under the Hands of the Chairman and Two Managers for the time being of the said Waterloo Subscription (such Chairman and Managers not being Persons in whose Names any Annuities to be granted under the Provisions of this Act shall be granted,) and their Secretary, stating that the Person or Persons upon whose Life or Lives any such unclaimed Life Annuity shall have been originally granted, appears, from satisfactory Evidence produced to them, to be then living; and upon the Production of such Certificate to the said Officer, the said Officer shall within Six Days after the Receipt thereof, certify to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England the total Amount of the several Life Annuities which shall be so retained; and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful for the said Governor and Company, out of any Monies whatsoever which shall have been paid to them and carried in their Books to the Account of the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, to fitly apportion and return from time to time in such thereof as may be necessary for paying such unclaimed Life Annuities and all Arrears thereof.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all Annuities for Lives or Years purchased under the Provisions of this Act, shall, upon the ceasing thereof, revert to and become Part of the said Sinking Fund, and shall from time to time be applicable to the Reduction of the National Debt, and shall from thenceforth be applied in the same manner as by the Laws now in force the said Fund is made applicable.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all Annuities for Lives or Years, purchased under the Provisions of this Act, shall be free from all Taxes, Charges and Impediments whatsoever, except such as Dividends or any of the Public Funds, or Annuities payable at the Bank of England, are or may be subject and liable to; and that no Certificate required in any Case to be produced to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or to the Officer of the said Commissioners for Reduction of the National Debt, or any Receipt for the Payment of any such Annuity, or any Part thereof, at the Bank of England, in virtue of this Act, shall be liable to any Stamp Duty whatever.

XVI. And in order to facilitate the Purpose of this Act, be it further enacted, That in every Case in which it shall and may be required to ask any Certificate or other Document for the purpose of any Transfer of Long Annuities, or for the Purchase or Payment of any Annuities for Lives or Years, granted under the Provisions of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the proper Officer of the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, to ask such Forms for the said Purposes respectively, as the said Commissioners shall deem most expedient to direct or adopt; any thing in this Act or in any other Acts to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Half yearly Account to be created.
Receipt of Trustee not discharges the Bank, &c.

Annuity under this Act shall not be transferred, except on Appointment of new Trustee, or on transfer mentioned.

Notice of Transfer given to Commissioners.

Account of unclaimed Annuities to be delivered every Three Years, and to be distributed from the said Account of unclaimed Annuities.
Proviso for retaining such unclaimed Annuities.

Expired Annuities to fall into the Sinking Fund.

No Taxes or such Annuities but such as Dividends may be liable to.

No Stamp on Certificate, &c.

Forms for purchase of this Act shall be directed or adopted by Commissioners.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

No. _____

FORM of the Certificate to be granted in order to enable the Receipt of an Annuity from time to time at the Bank of England, upon the Personal Appearance of the Nominee.

" I DO hereby certify to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, in pursuance of the Provisions of the several Acts for enabling the Commissioners for Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities, That A. B. the Nominee [or, in case of Two Nominees, One of the Two Nominees, or, the Survivor of the Two Nominees,] deforced in the Certificate numbered as above, and granted for the Purchase of a Life Annuity on the Life of the said Nominee, [or, on the Lives of the said Nominees, and the Life of the longer Liver of them,] was living on the _____ Day of _____ on which Day a Half Yearly Payment of the said Annuity became due. Witness my Hand this _____ Day of _____

SCHEDULE (B.)

No. _____

FORM of the Certificate to be granted in order to enable the Receipt of an Annuity from time to time at the Bank of England, upon the personal Appearance of the Nominee.

" I DO hereby certify to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, in pursuance of the Provisions of the several Acts for enabling the Commissioners for Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities, That A. B. the Nominee [or, in case of Two Nominees, One of the Two Nominees, or, the Survivor of the Two Nominees,] deforced in the Certificate numbered as above, and granted for the Purchase of a Life Annuity on the Life of the said Nominee, [or, on the Lives of the said Nominees, and the Life of the longer Liver of them,] appeared personally before me, this _____ Day of _____ Witness my Hand, the Day and Date above written."

CAP. XLIV.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to facilitate the Administration of Justice in that Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, by extending Trial by Jury to Civil Causes.* [18th May 1819.]

22 G. 3. c. 44.

" WHEREAS extending Trial by Jury to Civil Causes, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, in the manner provided by an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to facilitate the Administration of Justice in that Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, by extending Trial by Jury to Civil Causes,* has been attended with beneficial Effects to the Administration of Justice: And Whereas it is expedient, that further Provisions should be made, to extend and regulate Trial by Jury in Civil Causes, and that the said Act should be in part altered and amended, and the Court thereby created be made a permanent Part of the Judicial Establishment of Scotland: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all Proceedings made in the Outer House of the Court of Session, by ordinary Action or otherwise, on account of Injuries to the Person, whether real or verbal, as Assault or Battery, Libel or Defamation, or on account of any Injury to Moveables, or to Land, where the Title is not in question; or on account of Breach of Promise of Marriage, Seduction or Adultery, or any Action founded on Delinquency or quasi Delinquency of any kind, where the Conclusion shall be for Damages and Expenses only; the Lord Ordinary of the Outer House, before whom such Proceedings shall be carried, do sit, and he is hereby authorized and required, after Defences are lodged, to receive the whole Pleas and Productions forthwith to the Jury Court in Civil Causes; which last mentioned Court is authorized and required, according to Rules and Regulations which the said Court and the Court of Session are hereafter empowered to make, to sit as Jura or Jurae, and to try the same by a Jury to be summoned and impanelled under the Provisions now in force, or hereafter made for that Purpose.

A person entitled to be sworn in the Jury Court.

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Questions of Law reserved to the Court of Session.

Lord Ordinary to decide in the Questions of Law or Relevance, and may reserve Questions of Law for the Court of Session.

II. And be it enacted, That if it shall appear to the Purvis, or either of them, that there is a Question of Law or Relevance which ought to be decided previous to the Remit of the Cause to the Jury Court, it shall be competent for them to raise the same orally to the Lord Ordinary; who, if he thinks fit, may give Judgment: or else, or order Productions on the alleged Questions of Law or Relevance; and if he orders Productions, then the Cause is to be proceeded in according to the Course of the Court of Session; and in so far as such Questions of Law or Relevance shall be disposed of, if Matters of Fact remain to be proved, the whole Pleas and Productions in the Cause shall be forthwith sent to the Jury Court for the Purposes aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be competent for the Lord Ordinary, if it shall appear to him that there is a Question of Law or Relevance which ought to be decided previous to the Remit of the Cause to the Jury Court, forthwith to order such Cause to be remitted to the said Court, for the purposes aforesaid: Provided always, that it shall also be competent for the Lord Ordinary, if he sees cause, to reserve the alleged Questions of Law for the Consideration of the Court of Session, after the Matters of Fact shall have been found by a Jury; and in all such Cases, the Intepositor of the Lord Ordinary, ordering the Cause to be

be

be remitted to the Jury Court, whether with or without a Reformation of the alleged Question of Law, shall not be subject to Review by Representation, Petition, Appeal to the House of Lords or otherwise.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Ordinary, in all Cases other than the Actions for Damages heretofore enumerated, when Matters of Fact are to be proved, to order the whole Pleadings and Productions in the Cause to be remitted to the Jury Court, without reporting to the Inner House; and the said Jury Court is hereby authorized and required to settle an Issue or Issues, and try the same by a Jury, in manner aforesaid; and if it shall appear to the said Lords Ordinary to be expedient for the due Administration of Justice, they may pronounce an Interlocutor pointing out the Matters of Fact which they require to be determined by a Jury; and the said Jury Court is hereby authorized and required to settle an Issue or Issues, in Terms of such Interlocutor, and such other Issue or Issues as may arise out of the Examination of the Case by the said Court, and to try the same by a Jury, in manner aforesaid.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Ordinary, in all Cases other than the Actions for Damages heretofore enumerated, when Matters of Fact are to be proved, to prepare and settle an Issue or Issues without reporting to the Inner House; and to remit the same when settled to the Jury Court, to be there tried by a Jury; but nothing herein contained shall take away from the Lords Ordinary, in such Cases, the Power of reporting an Issue or Issues to the Inner House, in the Manner and Form now in Use.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful and competent for the Court of Session in either of its Divisions, in all Cases depending in the Inner House, in which Matters of Fact are to be proved, if it shall appear to them expedient for the due Administration of Justice, to order and direct, by Special Interlocutor, the whole Pleadings and Productions to be remitted to the Jury Court, for the said Court to settle an Issue or Issues, and to try the same by a Jury, as aforesaid; and if it shall appear to the said Divisions to be expedient for the due Administration of Justice, they may pronounce an Interlocutor, pointing out the Matters of Fact which they require to be determined by a Jury, and the said Jury Court is hereby authorized and required to settle Issues, in Terms of such Interlocutor; and the said Court may likewise settle such other Issues as may arise out of the Examination of the Case by the said Court, and try all such Issues by a Jury in manner aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be competent and lawful for either Division of the Court of Session, in all Processes other than the Actions of Damages heretofore enumerated, when it shall appear to them expedient for the due Administration of Justice, to prepare and settle an Issue or Issues, and to send the same to the Jury Court, to be there tried by a Jury, in manner aforesaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Divisions, or the Lords Ordinary, in all Processes which come before them for Judgment after Verdict, may direct such further Issue or Issues as they may see necessary, to enable them to pronounce Judgment in the Cause.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be competent to the Judges of the Jury Court to order and direct any Facts not falling under the Issues, but which shall appear evidential, and which they shall deem material to the Merits of the Case, or important to the Decision of the Law, to be heard by the Jury, and to be subscribed on the Issue or Issues, or on a Paper or Parchment to be attached to the Issue or Issues, and certified under the Hand of the Judge who tries the Cause, and returned with the Verdict and Issues to the Division of the Court of Session, or the Lords Ordinary, by whom the Case was first to the Jury Court.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful and competent for the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, in all Processes relating to the running down of or under Injury to Ships, and relating to Policies of Insurances and Charter Parties, and in all Maritime and Mercantile Causes, competent to his Jurisdiction as a Civil Judge, wherein Matters of Fact are to be proved, to order, by Special Interlocutor, the whole Pleadings and Productions, without reporting to the Court of Session, to be remitted to the Jury Court; which Court is hereby authorized and required finally to settle the Issue or Issues in the Cause as remitted, and to try the same by a Jury in manner aforesaid; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall prevent the Judge Admiral, in all Cases which come before him for Judgment after Verdict, from directing such further Issue or Issues as he may see necessary, to enable him to pronounce Judgment thereon. And it shall likewise be competent to the Judges of the Jury Court to order and direct any Facts not falling under the Issues, but which shall appear evidential, and which they shall deem material to the Merits of the Cause, or important to the Decision of the Law, to be heard by the Jury, and to be subscribed on the Issues, or on a Paper or Parchment to be attached to the Issue or Issues, and certified under the Hand of the Judge who tries the Cause, and returned with the Verdict and Issues to the Judge of the Admiralty Court.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be competent to either of the Parties in any such Action in the Court of Admiralty, if the Judge Admiral shall wish, to order a Remit to be made to the Jury Court, as heretofore authorized and allowed, for the purpose aforesaid, to apply for a Review of the Deliberance to that effect to the Court of Session, in either of its Divisions, by Petition, to be intimated Three Days before the same is heard; which Court, if it shall see cause, is hereby authorized to pronounce an Interlocutor referring the Judge Admiral to make such Return.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be competent and lawful for the Jury Court, when it appears to the said Court in the course of settling an Issue or Issues, or at any time before Trial, in the Cause remitted to them as aforesaid, that there is a Question or Questions of Law or of Relevancy which ought to be previously decided, to send back the whole Pleadings and Productions to the Division

Lords Ordinary
in have the
Power of re-
porting whole
Processes to Jury
Court.

Jury Court
may settle
Issues.

Lords Ordinary
may settle
Issues,
(Examinations)
and report to
Inner House.

Court of Ses-
sion in either
of its Divisions
may remit the
whole Process
to Jury Court.

and may pre-
pare and settle
Issues.

Exception.

Lords Ordinary
may settle
Issues before
Judges.

Jury Court in
such Cases or
Issues remitted
to be re-
ported, but not
settled.

Court of Ad-
miralty to re-
mit whole Pro-
cess to Jury
Court.

Process for
Judge Admiral
directing fur-
ther Issues,
and for Judges
of Jury Court
issuing Remit
on Issues, &c.

If Court of
Admiralty re-
mits Cause, Court
of Session may
be applied to.

Jury Court
may remit back
Questions of
Law.

Provision for
Division, &c.
again according
Process to Jury
Court.

Preparing
Juries, and the
Jury Court
meeting both
Persons, &c.

Provision that
Court of Ses-
sion, &c. may
grant Commis-
sions.

Execution.
In Cases
brought from
inferior Courts,
Court of
Session may
direct further
Proof.

Court of Ses-
sion may direct
Juries.

No Appeal
from Orders to
try by Jury.

Motions for
new Trial to
be in Jury
Court.
Order final.

Bill of Excep-
tions to Judg-
ments in certain
Cases may be
returned.

Interlocutor
final.

In such Cases
Proceedings to
return in
Jury Court.

In Cases of
Special Verdict,
&c. Process re-
main in Court
of Session.

Proceedings
where Verdict
of Jury in-
fluences the Con-
sideration of the
Action.

Division of the Court of Session, the Lord Ordinary or Judge, Admiral, who remained the same to the Jury Court, that the Questions or Questions of Law or Relevancy may be considered and determined there: Provided always, that it shall be lawful to the said Division, Lord Ordinary or Judge Admiral, when Matters of Fact shall after such Consideration or Determination remain to be proved, again to commit the whole Process and all the Productions to the Jury Court, in order that an Issue or Issues may be prepared and tried as aforesaid: Provided further, that it shall be competent to the said Division and Lords Ordinary to prepare and frame an Issue or Issues in manner aforesaid, for the purpose aforesaid, and it shall be competent for the Jury Court, when it appears to the said Court in the course of trying an Issue or Issues, that a Case (such upon Matters of complicated Accounts, or other Matter to which Trial by Jury is not beneficially applicable, to remit back the whole Process and Productions as aforesaid, with their Report thereon, in order that the Division, Lord Ordinary or Judge Admiral, may proceed with the Issue in such manner as shall appear to be most expedient for the Administration of Justice.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent the Court of Session, in either of its Divisions, or the Lords Ordinary, (save and except in the Cases concluding for Damages heretofore accustomed), or the Judges, Admirals, unless otherwise intimated as aforesaid by the Court of Session, to take Proof on Commission, by Return, or in private, and thereafter disposing of the Cause in the manner now provided in such Cases.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases brought from an inferior Court to the Court of Session, where Proof by Witnesses has been taken by Order of the inferior Court, the Court of Session, in either of its Divisions, or the Lords Ordinary, if they deem further Proof to be expedient to be taken, shall direct the same to be taken, and the Investigation of the Facts to be completed according to the Forms of the said Cause, unless the Parties consent to waive the Depositions of such Witnesses as are alive and within Scotland: in which case it shall be competent for the Court of Session, or Lords Ordinary respectively, to direct the Cause to be first to the Jury Court, in manner provided by this and the aforesaid Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall restrain the Court of Session, in either of its Divisions, or the Lords Ordinary, from directing Issues in the Cases brought before them from an inferior Court, notwithstanding, on any Point or Points not connected with the Proof already taken before such Court.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall not be competent by Representation, including Petition, Bill of Advocates, Appeal to the House of Lords, or otherwise, to bring under Review any Interlocutor by the said Division, Lords Ordinary or Judge of the Admiralty, ordering a Trial by Jury.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases in which General Verdicts are found by a Jury, all Motions for setting aside the Verdict, and granting a new Trial, shall hereafter be made in the Jury Court, and not in the Court of Session; and the Order for granting or refusing a new Trial by the Jury Court shall be final, and not subject to Review, by Petition, Representation, Appeal to the House of Lords, or otherwise, and there shall be at least Two Judges in Court when a Motion is made for a new Trial, or an Order is pronounced granting or refusing the same.

XVII. And be it hereby enacted, That if any Motion for setting aside the Verdict be founded on the Misdirection of the Judge at the Trial in Matter of Law, or on the undue Admission or Rejection of Evidence, it shall be competent to the Party against whom Judgment is given by the Jury Court, to tender a Bill of Exceptions to such Judgment in the same manner as in a Trial; and the Proceedings on such Bills of Exceptions shall be conformable in all respects to the Provisions of the Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, heretofore recited, regarding Bills of Exceptions: Provided always, that in all Cases remitted by the Court of Admiralty to the Jury Court, the Bills of Exception shall be presented by the Judge of the Jury Court to the Divisions of the Court of Session aforesaid, beginning with the First Division: provided further, that Motions for new Trials on a Special Verdict, or Special Findings, shall be made in the Division of the Court of Session from which the Proceedings were sent to the Jury Court, or against directed by the said remitted Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: Provided nevertheless, that the Interlocutor to be pronounced on such Motions shall be final, and shall not be subject to review by Petition, Representation, Appeal to the House of Lords, or otherwise.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases of new Trial in which a Bill of Exceptions to a Division in the Jury Court is presented to the Court of Session, the Process and Productions shall remain in the Jury Court, in order to enable that Court to proceed in the new Trial, if the Judgment shall be reversed; or to proceed to pronounce Judgment upon a General Verdict, or case it shall be affirmed: Provided always, that it shall be competent to the Divisions of the Court of Session to order the said Process and Productions to be brought into the said Division, when it shall deem the same to be necessary; and after an Interlocutor shall be pronounced upon the Bill of Exceptions, the said Process and Productions shall be returned to the Jury Court, for the purpose aforesaid; and that in all Cases of Special Verdicts or Special Findings, in all Cases where the Judgment of the Jury Court on a Bill of Exceptions, either that new Trials, is affirmed, the whole Process and Productions shall be forthwith remitted to the Court of Session, that the said Court may proceed to discuss the Law of the Case, and pronounce Judgment thereon.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases where the Verdict of the Jury exhausts the Consideration of the Action, (except certain cases as hereafter provided,) it shall and may be lawful, after the Elapse of the time allowed for moving for a new Trial, or after a new Trial shall have been finally refused, for the Judge or Judges of the Jury Court, by a Judgment or Deliverance on the Verdict to be affirmed and to be subscribed by the presiding Judge, without the Necessity of any Motion to that effect,

to certify that all manner of legal Execution shall pass upon the same in common Form; and it shall and may be lawful for the Judge or Judges of the Jury Court to award not only the Expenses incurred in the said Court, but also the previous Expenses incurred in the Court of Session, Court of Admiralty or Inferior Court, and to require the Assister of the Court of Session to use the same; and the said Judgments shall specify the Expenses, in the said Courts, and in the Jury Court; and a Copy of the Verdict and Judgement, certified under the Hand of One or other of the Clerks of the Jury Court, shall be a sufficient Warrant for all legal Diligence and Execution, and equally effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were an extracted Decree of the Court of Session, and shall be observed as such by the Lords Ordinary on the Bills, Clerks of the Bills, Keepers of the Signet and all others; and that the Letters under the Signet shall in each Case bear, that they proceed on the Judgment of the Commissioners of the Jury Court, in those Instances in which, according to the present Practice, they bear that they proceed on the Decree of the Lords of Council and Session; and the original Verdict and Judgement thereon, together with the whole Steps of Process, and such Productions as may not have been taken up by the Parties certified thereon, shall in all such Cases be transmitted for Preservation to the Keeper of the Records of the Court of Session, and in other respects dealt with in the same Way and Manner as the extracted Process in the Court of Session are or may be transmitted and dealt with.

XX. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in Special Verdicts, and in all Cases where the Verdict contains any Special Findings, which may require the Judgment of the Court of Session as the Law, and also in all Processes of Reduction or Declarator, and in all Processes wherein the Decree to be pronounced will form a Part of the Title, or will affect or qualify the Title to any Heritable Estate, the Verdict, with the whole Process and Productions, shall be returned to the Court of Session, in order that the said Court may pronounce Decree in the said Cause: Provided always, in Cases assigned by the Admiralty Court, when the Return by the Jury is in the Form of a Special Verdict or Special Findings, which may require the Judgment of the Judge Admiral on the Law, the Verdict, with the whole Process and Productions, shall be returned into the Admiralty Court, that the Judge Admiral may pronounce Judgment in the Cause; and that in Cases certified by the Court of Admiralty, the Bills of Exception shall be returned to the Divisions of the Court of Session alternately, beginning with the First, unless the Case was first to the Jury Court in consequence of a Petition to the Court of Session immediately entered, in which Case the Bill of Exception shall be returned to the Division to which the previous Petition was preferred.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be certain distinct Periods of the Year for the Meeting of the Jury Court, to be called The Terms, allowed for such Matters as do not require the Intervention of a Jury; and that there shall be certain other distinct Periods, to be called The Settings, allotted for Trials by Jury; and the Jury Court shall, for the Purposes first aforesaid, keep and observe Four Terms in every Year, whereof One, to be called the January Term, shall commence yearly on the Twelfth of January, and shall end on the Twelfth Day of February; another, to be called the May Term, shall commence yearly on the Twelfth Day of May, and shall end on the Fifth Day of June; another, to be called the June Term, shall commence yearly on the Sixteenth Day of June, and end the Tenth Day of July; and the Fourth, to be called the November Term, shall commence yearly on the Twelfth Day of November, and shall end on the Tenth Day of December; and if any of the said Days on which the said Terms shall begin or end shall happen to be a Sunday, then each Term respectively shall begin or end on the next Day following.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Court shall, for the Purposes first aforesaid, keep and observe Three Settings in every Year, One to commence on the Day immediately after the January Term, another to commence the Day immediately after the June Term, the other to commence the Day immediately after the November Term; and if any of the said Days on which the said Settings shall begin shall happen to be a Sunday, the said Settings respectively shall begin on the Day next following; and all such Settings shall be held, if necessary, from day to day, on every lawful Day, and shall be concise and rapid, according to Economy of Subjects; and it shall likewise be competent to the said Court to appoint Cases to be tried by Jury at other times than the regular Settings, when in their Judgment it shall appear to be necessary; and the Judges of the said Court shall hold Courts in the Spring and Autumn Vacations, as is better provided.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Proceedings for preparing and setting off, for hearing and determining all Matters necessary for forwarding Cases to be tried by Jury, the Hearing of all Motions respecting Judgments, new Trials, Expenses of Process; all Applications for Remits to the Court of Session, and all other Matters and Things falling within the Jurisdiction of the Jury Court, and not requiring the Intervention of a Jury, may and shall be heard and determined during the Term only: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall prevent One or more Judge or Judges of the Jury Court from making Orders out of Terms, on the Application of Parties by the Council, respecting Commission for the Examination of Witnesses, respecting the Production of certain Evidence previous to a Trial by Jury; and in all other Matters and Things relative to furthering the Trial of Causes at the Settings or on the Vacations, in such Case Application could not have been made during the preceding Term; such Judge or Judges being furnished, by Affidavit or otherwise, that the Application to make could not have been made in the preceding Term; and nothing herein contained shall prevent the Judge or Judges presiding at the Trial of any Cause from putting off the same on account of the Absence of material Witnesses or Witnesses, or for any other Cause in which Justice requires that a Trial should be put off; provided it is ascertained, by Affidavit to the Satisfaction of the Judge or Judges, that there is good Cause for so doing, and that such Cause could not have been removed in time to have moved the same in the preceding Term.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, in all Processes in which the Jury Court is to decide the Issues, That Rules and Regulations shall be and are hereby directed to be framed for ordering Contumacials.

Judgment to specify Expenses.

Verdict, to be transmitted to Keeper of the Records.

In Cases of Special Verdicts, the Productions remain in Court of Session.

Provision respecting Cases assigned by Admiralty Court.

Terms and Settings fixed.

Three Settings in every Year.

Court may appoint Cases for trial at other than regular Settings.

Proceedings for preparing Issues, the hearing during Term only.

Provision for Judge of Jury Court making Orders out of Term.

Regulations in Civil-suits and Actions.

defenceless and Answer, by virtue of the Authority given in this Act for making Rules and Regulations, in that the Considerations and Answers may either be in the Court of Session or in the Jury Court, as may be found most expedient; and in all Cases in which Considerations and Answers shall be ordered in the Jury Court, the Clerk of the said Court shall collect the Fees on such Proceedings payable in the Court of Session, and shall account to the Officer in the Court of Session entitled to receive the same, for all Fees which shall be so collected.

Provision as to the Sum to be paid to Jurors.

XXV. And he is further enabled by the Authority aforesaid, That the Amount of the Sum to be paid to each Juror for sitting on a Jury shall be regulated by the Order of the Judge or Judges presiding at the Trial; provided that the said Judge or Judges shall not order more to be paid to any Jurymen than Twenty Shillings for any One Trial, unless in Cases of Adjournment to a Second Day, when the Sum to be paid to him may, in the Discretion of the Judge or Judges, be extended to Forty Shillings; every such Sum to be paid by the Parties in manner now provided and to be kept.

Jury Court to proceed upon absent Jurors.

XXVI. And he is further enabled by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall no longer be necessary for the Officer of any Sheriff or Stewart, Depute or Substitute to attend in the Jury Court for the purpose of procuring the Service of a Summons served on any Juror, for enabling the said Court to proceed to impose a Fine on such Juror for not obeying their Summons, but it shall hereafter be lawful for the Jury Court, at its Stages or Chambers, so provided in respect to absent Jurors according to the Course which prevails in the Court of Justiciary.

Attendance of Officers on the Judges.

XXVII. And he is further enabled by the Authority aforesaid, That the Sheriff's Depute and Substitute of Counties, and the Magistrates of Burghs, at the Place where the Judges of the Jury Court hold their Circuit, shall furnish the same Attendance of Officers on the Judges of the said Court on such Occasions, as is in use to be provided for the Lords of Justiciary on their Circuits, and the Expenses thereof shall be reimbursed to the said Sheriff's and Magistrates in the same Manner as is now done in the Case of the Justiciary Circuit.

Jury Court may compel the Attendance of Witnesses, &c.

XXVIII. And he is further enabled, That it shall be competent to the Jury Court to issue their Order or Orders, Diligence or Diligences, for summoning Witnesses, and for Production of Writings, and for all other Matters and Things which the said Court may judge proper and necessary, in Manner and Form as is provided by the Court of Session; and that the said Jury Court shall have the same Power and Authority in granting the Protection to Witnesses, committing for Perjury and Contempt, in every respect, in Cases depending before them, as is competent to the Court of Session, without any Exception or Limitation whatever; and that the Orders of the said Court shall be executed by all Public Officers in the same Way as the Orders of the Court of Session; which the said Public Officers and Magistrates are hereby exposed and authorized to execute accordingly.

Power to Lords Commissioners of Jury Courts to make Rules and Regulations for the Proceedings of the Court.

XXIX. And he is further enabled by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of the Jury Court, or any Two of them, to absolve from time to time, and as often as there shall be occasion, for the purpose of framing such Rules and Regulations as may be necessary for sitting on like or unlike, and for ordering the Forms of Process, and regulating the Proceedings in the said Court, in all Matters and Things falling within the Jurisdiction of the said Court; and that the said Rules and Regulations shall be reported to the Court of Session, aforesaid for the purpose by the Authority of the Lord President, together with the Lords Commissioners of the Jury Court, who shall take the same into consideration; and upon such Report being approved, the same shall be entered in the Books of Orders of the Court of Session, and in the Session Book of the Jury Court: Provided always, that such Regulations as are applicable, not only to the Jury Court but also to the Court of Session, shall be framed in the Manner provided by the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

Regulation of Jury Court and Clerk of Session to be according to Act G. 3. c. 44.

XXX. And Whereas great Inconvenience has arisen in the Administration of Justice in the Jury Court, in consequence of the Regulations now in force respecting the procuring of Witnesses by the Agents of Parties, also respecting the Cross Examination of Witnesses, and in other Matters of Regulation as to Evidence: Be it enabled by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for the Judges of the Court of Session, and of the Jury Court, being assembled for the purpose of passing Acts of Endorsement, as provided by the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, to make Acts of Endorsement, establishing such Regulations and Rules of Court for the Preparation of Evidence and the Examination of Witnesses, as shall be expedient for the due Administration of Justice in the Jury Court.

and to both Courts for the Cross Examination of Witnesses.

An additional Clerk to the Jury Court to be appointed.

XXXI. And he is further enabled by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of December One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to appoint a Fourth Clerk to the said Jury Court, in the Manner in which the present Clerks of the said Jury Court were directed to be appointed by the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, with a Salary not exceeding the Sum of Six hundred Pounds per Annum, payable in the same Manner and at the same Periods as the Salaries authorized to be granted to the present Clerks of the said Jury Court are directed to be paid and are payable by virtue of the said recited Act; and the said Salary of such Clerk, as well as the Salaries of the other Clerks of the Jury Court shall be subject to such and the like Taxes and Deductions and more other, as which the Salaries granted to the Clerks of the Court of Session are subject and liable.

Salary.

Three additional Clerks to be appointed.

XXXII. And he is further enabled by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said First Day of December One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to appoint Three Assistant Clerks, or Clerk's Clerks, to the said Jury Court, with Salaries not exceeding the Sum of Three hundred Pounds per Annum to each, payable in the same Manner and at the same Periods

Periods as the Salaries entailed to be granted to the Clerks of the said Jury Court are directed to be paid by the said recited Act and this Act.

XXXIII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases in which the Jury Court is authorised to reward and allow Expenses, the Accounts of such Expenses shall be certified, taxed and reported upon, by the Person according the Office of the Auditor of the Court of Session in either of its Divisions, who shall be and is hereby declared to be Auditor of the said Court; and such and the like Fees shall be paid to such Auditor as in the Case of Accounts of Expenses audited, taxed and reported upon in the Court of Session, under the Authority of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for abridging the Form of auditing Debts of the Court of Session, and for the Regulation of certain Parts of the Proceedings of that Court*; and such Auditor shall become entitled to the said Fees from and after the First Day of December and the Twelfth Day of January next, according as Expenses in the Court of Session or other Courts, or to the Jury Court, may arise and are awarded by the Jury Court.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case of the Absence from Their ordinary sufficient Clerk of the Clerk or Clerks of the Jury Court, either at Edinburgh or on the Circuit, it shall be lawful for the presiding Judge to appoint, by Writing, signed by the said Judge, and afterwards to be entered in the Serjeant Book of the Court, a proper Person to act as Clerk for the Occasion, to whom the Oaths appointed to be taken by the Clerks of the Jury Court shall be administered previous to his sitting.

XXXV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in Cases where an Order for a View has been obtained, and that the Place to be viewed lies in the Counties of Edinburgh, Glasgow and Ayr, which Counties are not required to find Jurors to Foremen, the Sheriffs Deputes or Substitutes of the said Counties respectively shall return Three Persons of the County in which the Action lies, to be the Viewers; and that the said Viewers shall be bound to attend at the Trial, and be first called to serve on the Jury; the Master of proceeding to take the View and the Qualification of the Jurors being subject always to the Regulations now in force respecting Views, and respecting the Qualification of Jurors; and if from any Cause it shall be expedient that Viewers should be first from a neighbouring County, the Jury Court shall issue an Order for a certain Number of Jurors of the nearest County from which it may be expedient that Viewers should be taken, and they shall be bound to attend the View, and shall be first called to serve on the Jury, as at present practised.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Jury Court in Civil Causes, created under the Authority of the aforesaid Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, with all the Officers belonging thereto, and to the Lord Chief Commissioner thereof, shall remain in all time coming a Part of the Judicial Establishment of Scotland, and of the College of Justice therein, subject to such Regulations, for the better Administration of Justice, as may hereafter be made by Parliament.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall take effect in directing the Proceedings of the Court of Session from and after the First Day of December next, and in directing the Proceedings of the Jury Court from and after the Twelfth Day of January next, except as in the framing and passing Rules and Regulations, which, as heretofore enacted, may be framed and passed at any time from and after passing of this Act; ~~nothing always, when it shall be necessary for the aforesaid Courts, respectively, granted in Manus and Time now presently, until the First Day of December next~~
~~Twelfth Day of January aforesaid.~~

XXXVIII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of the said recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as requires that the Chief Commissioner of the Jury Court be a Senator of the College of Justice, or a Baron of Exchequer in Scotland, be and the same is hereby repealed; but that no Person shall be appointed to be Chief Commissioner of the said Court, unless he be qualified to be appointed a Senator of the College of Justice; and when at any time the Person holding the said Office shall not hold any other judicial Office than that of Chief Commissioner, every such Person, during the time he shall hold the said Office of Chief Commissioner and no other judicial Office, shall be entitled to such Salary as shall be equal to the Salary of the Person holding the Office of Lord Justice Clerk in Scotland; and such Salary to such Chief Commissioner shall be directed to be paid, and shall be payable, in the Manner and at the same Periods as the Salary granted to the Person holding the Office of Chief Commissioner of the Jury Court is now, by virtue of the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, directed to be paid.

XXXIX. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for enabling His Majesty to grant Salaries to the Judges of the Courts of Session, Admiralty and Exchequer in Scotland, upon the Requisition of their Office*; it was enacted, that it should and might be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by His Majesty's Sign Manual, to give and grant unto any Person who should have requested the Office of Lord President of the Court of Session, or of the Lord Justice Clerk, or of the Lord Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, and who should have respectively signed any such Office, an Annuity or yearly Sum of Money, not exceeding Three fourth Parts of the Salary appertaining to each such Office at the Period of the Requisition thereof, to commence and to be paid in the Manner and Subject to the Conditions contained in the said recited Act; And Whereas it is resolutely understood that Annuities should in like manner be granted to the Lord Chief Commissioner, and the other Commissioners of the Jury Court, upon the Requisition of their respective Offices; and also, that the Successor of every such Commissioner should in like manner be entitled to have and receive such Allowance or Pensions as may arise and become due from the Death or Resignation of his Predecessor; He be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs

Auditor of Court of Session to be Auditor of Jury Court, who is to report upon Expenses.
20 Ed. 2. c. 124.

Power to presiding Judge of Jury Court to appoint suitable Clerks.

Viewers in certain Northern Counties registered.

Viewers to attend Trial, and first called to serve on Jury.

Jury Court made permanent.

Commissioners of the new Justiciary.

20 Ed. 2. c. 124. 513 repealed.

Qualification of Lord Chief Commissioner of Jury Court.
Salary.

20 Ed. 2. c. 124. 513.

The King by
Sign Manual
may grant an
Annuity to
Lord Chief
Commissioners
or to Commis-
sioners of Jury
Courts who may
have request
according to
all G. 3. c. 45.

and Succession, by His Majesty's Sign Manual, to give and grant unto any Person who shall have executed the Office of Lord Chief Commissioner, or of a Commissioner of the Jury Courts, as well before as after the passing of this Act, and who shall have respectively resigned any such Office, an Annuity or yearly Sum of Money, not exceeding Three fourth Parts of the Salary appertaining to such each Office at the Period of the Resignation thereof, to commence and be payable in all respects in the same Manner and subject to the same Conditions as any Annuity is authorised and directed to be granted under and by virtue of the said recited Act, passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; and also that the Successor of every such Person, who shall have executed the Office of Lord Chief Commissioner, or of a Commissioner of the Jury Courts, shall be entitled to have and receive such Salary as shall have arisen and shall have become due from the Death or Resignation of his Predecessor, in like manner as if his Latter Predecessor or Commissioner had borne date the Day next subsequent to the Day of the Death or Resignation of his Predecessor.

XL. And Whereas permanent Accommodation is required for carrying on the Business of the said Court with proper Convenience for the Judges, and for the Clerks and Officers thereof, and the Buildings necessary and proper for the Purposes may be erected in or to be connected with the Buildings now used for the Courts of Session, Justiciary and Exchequer in Scotland; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority of His Majesty's Majesty, who shall have executed the Office of Lord Chief Justice, and the Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, with the Advice and Consent of the Lord High Treasurer and Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to order and direct such necessary and proper Buildings to be erected for the Accommodation of the Jury Courts, and to order the Expense thereof to be defrayed out of the Moneys that shall arise from any of the Duties and Revenues in Scotland, which by several Acts made in the Seventh and Tenth Years of the Reign of His Majesty Queen Anne, were charged and made chargeable for keeping up the Courts of Session, Justiciary and Exchequer in Scotland, and to order such Sums to be paid out of such Duties and Revenues as shall be from time to time required for such Expense, to the Treasurers acting in the Execution of an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for reging the Court of the Court of Session in England for the erecting Buildings for the better Accommodation of the College of Justice and adjacent Ground in the City of Edinburgh; and for other Purposes therein mentioned*; and such Powers and Authorities are hereby given and granted to such Treasurers, for the purpose of erecting the Buildings hereby directed, as are given to the said Treasurers for erecting the Buildings directed by the said last recited Act.

XLII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Treasurers to acquire, and for all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Heirs of Estate, Guardians, Trustees and all other Persons and Trustees whatsoever, not only for and on behalf of those having the beneficial Interest, whether Parties under Age, Iller unborn, Lunatics, Idiots or Intoxic Persons, or other Person or Persons, and for every other Person as Person whatsoever who shall be tested, possessed of or interested in any Lands, Grounds and Heritages, which shall be required for the Purposes of this Act, to contract for, sell and convey the same and every Part thereof unto the said Treasurers for the Purposes of this Act; and all such Contracts, Agreements, Sales, Conveyances and Assurances shall be valid and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding; and all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and all Persons whomsoever to conveying is aforesaid, are hereby authorised for as in respect of any such Sale which he, she or they or any of them, shall respectively make by Virtue or in pursuance of this Act.

XLIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Conveyances and Assurances which shall be made of any Lands or Heritages to the said Treasurers for the Purposes of this Act, shall be made according to the following Form, or as near thereto as the Circumstances of the Case will admit:

I [or We] of _____ in consideration of the Sum of _____ to me [or us] paid, do hereby grant, dispose and convey to _____ all [beginning the Premises to be conveyed] and all my Right, Title and Interest to and in the same and every Part thereof, to hold to the said _____ for the Purposes specified in _____ as Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled [here to finish the Title of the Act.] In witness whereof I have set my Hand to these Petitions, written by [insert Name and Description of the Witness] this _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ before their Witnesses [insert Names and Descriptions of Witnesses, who will also subscribe as Witnesses.]

And all such Conveyances and Assurances shall be registered within Sixty Days of the Date thereof, in the general Register of Sales, or in the particular Register of Sales of the County of Edinburgh, and shall thereupon be valid and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes, and shall be a complete Bar to all other Rights, Titles, Trusts and Interests and Incumbrances, in or upon the same whatsoever.

XLIV. Provided always and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Trustees or other Persons herein before authorised to sell and convey any Lands, Tenements and other Heritages, or any Owner or Owners, and the Occupier or Occupiers of any Lands, Tenements or other Heritages required to be taken for the Purposes of this Act, may accept and receive Satisfaction for the Value of such Lands, Tenements and Heritages, or of any such Interests as aforesaid; and from and immediately after the time of making and executing such Sale and Conveyance, or any Contract or Contracts for the same, the said Treasurers purchasing the same for the Purposes of this Act, may and shall be at liberty to enter upon, and from throughout for ever to have, take and use the said Lands, Tenements

Buildings to be
erected for the
Courts, &c.

3 Ann. c. 11.
§ 10.
20 Ann. c. 15.
§ 108.

21 G. 3. c. 45.

Bodies Politic,
Guardians, &c.
authorised to
sell and convey
for the Purposes
of this Act.

Indemnity to
said Treasurers, &c.

Form of Con-
veyance to
Treasurers.

Registration
to be in Public Re-
gister, &c.

acres and other Heritages, for the Purpose of this Act) and in case the Parties interested in such Lands, Tenements or Heritages, cannot or do not agree as to the Amount or Value of such Satisfaction, the same shall be ascertained and settled by the Verdict of a Jury as is hereinafter directed.

XI.IV. And for settling all Differences which may arise between the said Trustees and the several Owners of or Persons interested in any Lands, Tenements or other Heritages which shall or may be taken or sold for the Purposes of this Act: Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or any other Person or Persons be interested, for and on his, her or their Part or Parts, as for or on the Part of any Person or Persons for whom they may hold the same, or Persons as aforesaid, shall refuse to accept such Purchase Money or other Compensation as shall be offered by them the said Trustees, or their Agents by or on their behalf, shall give notice thereof in Writing to any Three of the said Trustees within Seven Days after such Offer shall have been made, and the Party or Parties giving such Notice as aforesaid shall therein request that the Matter or Matters in dispute may be submitted to the Determination of a Jury; or if any Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or any other Person or Persons failed or neglected or so interdicted in any such Lands, Tenements or Heritages, as aforesaid, shall refuse to treat or agree, or shall not agree, or by reason of Absence or Disability cannot agree with the said Trustees, or with any Person or Persons authorised by them, for the Sale and Conveyance of their respective Estates and Interests therein, or cannot be found or known, or shall not produce or evince a clear Title to the Premises they may be in possession of, or to the Interest they shall claim therein, to the Satisfaction of the said Trustees, or of the Person or Persons authorised by them, then and in every such Case the said Trustees shall and they are hereby empowered and required from time to time to direct the Sheriff Deputy or Substitutes of the County of Edinburgh, to summon, assemble and choose a Jury, in such Way and Manner as Judges are accustomed, assembled and chosen in Counties in Scotland; and the said Sheriff may order and authorise the said Jury when chosen, or any Three or more of them, to view the Place or Places or Manors or Things in controversy; and such Jury shall upon their Oaths (which Oaths, as well as the Oaths of such Witnesses, the said Sheriff is hereby empowered and required to administer) inquire of, sift and ascertain, and give a Verdict for the Sum or Sums of Money which shall be paid for the Purchase of such Lands, Tenements or Heritages, or Compensation for any Interest therein as aforesaid; and the said Sheriff shall give Judgment for such Purchase Money or Compensation as offered by such Jury; which said Verdict and the Judgment thereupon shall be binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes upon all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and upon all Persons whatsoever, and shall not be subject to any Review, or any Stay or Bill of Execution whatsoever: Provided that Fourteen Days' Notice in Writing at the hall of the House and Place at which such Jury are so required to be returned, be given to the Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or to the Person or Persons interested, or claiming to be so, before the time of the Meeting of the said Sheriff and Jury as aforesaid, by leaving such Notice at the Dwelling House of such Person or Persons, or of the Head Officer of such Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or with some Tenant or Occupier of the Premises respectively intended to be seized; and in such and every Case where a Verdict shall be given for more Money, as a Compensation or Satisfaction for the absolute Sale of any Lands, Tenements or Heritages, or as a Compensation for any Interest therein as aforesaid, than shall have been previously offered by or on behalf of the said Trustees before the summoning of such Jury, and where no Compensation shall have been previously offered in respect thereof by or on behalf of the said Trustees, or where by reason of Absence, or other Impediment or Disability, there shall not be found any Person or Persons at hand who may be legally empowered to consent with and make Conveyances to or receive Compensation from the said Trustees as hereinafter mentioned, then and in all such Cases all the reasonable Expenses of causing such Value or Compensation to be offered and awarded as aforesaid shall be settled by the said Sheriff, and be defrayed by the said Trustees; but if any Verdict shall be given for the less Sum than shall have been previously offered by or on behalf of the said Trustees, or for a less Sum than shall have been so previously offered, or so much of such Refusal to treat with or make Conveyances to the Trustees by any Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or by any Person or Persons whatsoever who in or as by the Provisions of this Act is otherwise legally empowered to treat and convey or receive such Compensation as aforesaid, then and in all such Cases (except where, by reason of Absence or otherwise, any Person shall have been prevented from treating and agreeing as aforesaid, in which Case all such Costs and Expenses shall be borne and paid by the said Trustees) the reasonable Costs and Expenses of causing such Value or Compensation to be offered and awarded as aforesaid shall be settled in like manner to the said Sheriff, and be borne and paid by the Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or by the Person or Persons with whom the said Trustees shall have such Conveyances or Disputes; which said Costs and Expenses shall and may be deducted out of the Money so offered and awarded; and the Payment or Tender of the Remainder of such Sum or Sums of Money shall be deemed and taken to be Payment or Tender of the whole Sum or Sums so offered and awarded as aforesaid.

XI.V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the said Judgments and Verdicts shall be deemed to be and shall become Records of the said Sheriff to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and the same or true Copies thereof shall be allowed to be produced Evidence; and all Person shall have Liberty to inspect the same, paying for such Inspection the Sum of One Shilling, and to take Copies thereof, paying for every Copy the Sum of Sixpence for every One hundred Words, and so in proportion for any less Number of Words.

XI.VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That upon Payment or legal Tender of such Sum or Sums of Money as shall have been contracted or agreed for between the Parties, or determined or adjudged by any Jury or Jurors in manner aforesaid, for the Purchase of any such Lands, Tenements or Heritages, to the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Lands and other Heritages and Premises, or such other Person or Persons

if Parties cannot agree, Verdict of Jury to be taken.

If Parties are dissatisfied or refuse to accept, as above, as aforesaid, etc.

Notice.

Parties interested.

On the Parties cannot be found, or they not produced, Jury may be summoned.

Who are to give Oaths of Witnesses.

Verdict.

Binding.

Notice to the Bodies of the Nature of Jury.

When Verdict for more than Money offered.

and no Compensation previously offered, etc.

Expenses borne by Trustees.

When Verdict for less, or Refusal to treat, etc.

Expenses.

Expenses borne by Parties, etc.

Expenses deducted out of Money awarded.

Verdicts to be recorded.

Fee for Inspection.

Power to Trustees to enter upon and convey Premises of Land, etc. on Payment.

of Tender of
Tendons
Mortgage.

Persons as shall be interested therein, or entitled to receive such Money or Compensation respectively, at any time after the time shall have been so agreed for, demanded or awarded; or if the Person or Persons to be entitled or interested, or any of them, cannot be found, or shall refuse to receive the same, or shall not be able to make a good Title to the Premises, in the Satisfaction of the said Trusts, or shall refuse to execute a Conveyance or Conveyances of the Premises which shall be required for the Purposes of this Act; then, upon Payment of the said Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank of Scotland, or the Royal Bank of Scotland, or the British Linen Company, as hereafter directed and required (in case the same shall be required), for the Use of such Person or Persons to be interested or entitled as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Trusts, and their Agents, Servants and Workmen, or any other Persons authorized by them in their behalf, immediately to remove upon such Lands, Grounds and Heritages respectively, and the Fee Simple and Inheritance thereof, together with the yearly Profits thereof, and all the Estate, Utit, Traff and Interest of any Person or Persons (hereinafter) shall from thenceforth be vested in the said Trusts, in such manner as is directed in and by this Act, so and for the Purposes of this Act, for ever; and such Tender, Payment or Inheritance shall not only bar all Rights, Title, Claim, Interest and Demand, of the Person or Persons to whom the same shall or ought to have been made, but also shall extend to and shall be deemed and construed to bar the Terms of the Writ, and all Right of every other Person, and all Incumbrances whatsoever therein: Provided nevertheless, that before such Payment it shall not be lawful for the said Trusts, or any Person acting under their Authority, to dig into such Lands or Grounds, for the purpose of seeking the Buildings directed by this Act, without Leave of the respective Owners or Occupiers thereof in Writing under their respective Hands.

Tendons before
Payment may
not be for
Buildings with
entirely of
Ground.

Application of
Compensation
with a mortgage
to be in-
coming and.

XLVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Money shall be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Heritages, or for any other Matter, Right or Interest, of what Nature or Kind soever, purchased, taken or sold by virtue of the Powers of this Act, for the Purposes thereof, which shall belong to any Corporation, Messrs or other Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity, as heretofore mentioned, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of Scotland, or the Royal Bank of Scotland, or the British Linen Company, to be placed in an Account in the Name or Names of such Person or Persons as any Three of the said Trusts shall, by Writing signed by them, direct and appoint, so the intent that such Money shall be applied, under the Direction and the Approbation of the Court of Session, as be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary Way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements or Heritages, so the Purchaser of the said Ten, or towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debt, or for any other Incumbrance or Part thereof, as the said Court shall authorize to be paid, affecting the same Lands, Tenements or Heritages, or affecting other Lands, Tenements or Heritages standing charged therewith, in the same as the like Utit, Interest or Purpose; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and expended, under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Heritages, which shall be conveyed to, for and upon such and the like Utit, Traff, Interest and Purpose, and as the same Messrs, as the Lands, Tenements or Heritages, which shall be so purchased, taken or sold as aforesaid, stand settled or linked, or both of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing undetermined and capable of taking Effect; and in the meantime, and until such Purchase shall be made, the Interest or Annual Produce of such Money shall from time to time be paid, by Order of the said Court, to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements and Heritages to have been directed to be purchased, in case such Purchase or Settlement were made.

When less than
1000 and as-
suming 100.

XLVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Money be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Heritages purchased, taken or sold for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such Cases the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Heritages so purchased, taken or sold, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank of Scotland, the Royal Bank of Scotland, or the British Linen Company, under the Direction and Authority of the Court of Session, in order to be applied in manner heretofore directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid, at the like Option, to Three Trusts, to be constituted by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by Three or more of the said Trusts, such Constitution and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the constituting and approving Parties, in order that such Principal Money and the Interest arising thereon may be applied in manner heretofore directed, in so far as the Case may be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction and Approbation of the Court of Session.

When the
same 100.

XLIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where such Money be agreed or awarded to be paid as next before mentioned shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such Cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Heritages so purchased, taken or sold for the Purposes of this Act, as the said Trusts, or any Three or more of them, shall think fit, or then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, and to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively.

In case of any
making any
Title, or if

L. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the Person or Persons to whom such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so ordered to be paid as aforesaid shall not be able to make a good Title to

the

the *Premises*, to the Satisfaction of the said *Trustees*, or any Three of them, or shall refuse to execute such Conveyance or Conveyances; or in case such *Person* or *Persons* to whom such *Sum* or *Sums* of Money shall be so ordered to be paid as aforesaid cannot be found; or if the *Person* or *Persons* entitled to such *Land*, *Tenements* or *Heritages*, be not known or discovered; then and in every such Case it shall be lawful for the said *Trustees*, or any Three or more of them, to order the said *Sum* or *Sums* to be paid into the Bank of Scotland, the Royal Bank of Scotland, or the *Bank* of *London*, or to the Credit of the *Parties* interested in the said *Land*, *Tenements* or *Heritages* (distinguishing them). Subject to the Order, Control and Disposition of the Court of Session; which said Court, on the Application of any *Person* or *Persons* making Claim to such *Sum* or *Sums* of Money, or any Part thereof, shall be and is hereby empowered, in a summary Way of Proceeding, or otherwise, as to the said Court shall seem meet, to order the same to remain in the Hands of the said Bank, or One of them, or to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Public Funds, or in order Disbursement thereof, or Payment of the Interest or Dividends thereof, according to the respective Rights or Estates, Debt or Interest of the *Person* or *Persons* making claim thereto, and in make such other Order in the *Premises* as to the said Court shall seem just and available; and the Clerk or Clerks of the said Bank respectively, who shall receive such *Sum* or *Sums* of Money, it and is hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such *Sum* or *Sums*, mentioning and specifying for what and for whose Use the same is or are received to such *Person* or *Persons* as shall pay any *Sum* or *Sums* of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

LII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where any *Question* shall arise touching the Title of any *Person* to any Money to be paid into such Banks in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any *Land*, *Tenements* or *Heritages*, or of any Estate, Right or Interest in any *Land*, *Tenements* or *Heritages* to be purchased in pursuance thereof, or to any Bank Association to be purchased with any such Money, or to the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Association, the *Person* or *Persons* who shall have been in Possession of such *Land*, *Tenements* or *Heritages* at the time of such Purchase, and all *Persons* claiming under such *Person* or *Persons*, or under the Possession of such *Person* or *Persons*, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such *Land*, *Tenements* or *Heritages*, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Session; and the Dividends or Interest of the Bank Association to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Association, or the Capital yielding such Interest, remaining in the Hands of any of the said Banks, shall be paid and applied and disposed of accordingly, until it shall be made appear to the said Court, that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other *Person* or *Persons* was or were lawfully entitled to such *Land*, *Tenements* or *Heritages*, or to have Estate or Interest therein.

LIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the *Person* or *Persons*, or Corporation entitled to any *Land*, *Tenements* or *Heritages*, to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, and the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the said Banks, or One of them, by the Order of the said Court, and to be applied in the Purchase of other *Land*, *Tenements* or *Heritages*, to be bought as the like Use in pursuance thereof respectively, it shall be lawful for the said Court to order the Expenses of all such Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or in such of such Expenses as the Court shall deem reasonable, together with the necessary Costs and Charges of obtaining such Order, to be paid by the said Commissioners, who shall from time to time pay such *Sum* of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

LIIII. And Whereas the said *Trustees* may purchase *Land* to be made use of for the Purposes of this Act, and it may happen that the whole thereof may not be required for the Purposes of this Act, and it may in such Case become necessary to sell the same: Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for the said *Trustees*, by Deed under the Hands of any Three or more of them, to grant and convey by way of absolute Sale, for a Consideration in Money, such *Land*, *Tenements* or *Heritages*, or any such Part or Parts thereof, as shall not be wanted for the Purposes of this Act; and all such Conveyances from the said *Trustees* shall be valid and effectual, any thing in this Act contained, or any other Law, Statute or Custom to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding; and upon Payment of the Money which shall arise by Sale or Sales of such *Land*, *Tenements* or *Heritages*, it shall and may be lawful for the said *Trustees* to sign and give Receipts for the Money for which the same shall be sold, which Receipts shall be sufficient Discharges to any *Person* or *Persons* for the Purchase Money for which such *Land* or Buildings shall be so sold, or for so much thereof as in such Receipts shall be acknowledged or expressed to be received; and such *Person* or *Persons* shall not afterwards be answerable or accountable for any Loss, Misapplication or Non Application of such Purchase Money, or any Part thereof: Provided always, that the said *Trustees*, before they shall sell and dispose of such *Land*, *Tenements* or *Heritages*, shall first offer to sell the same to the *Person* or *Persons* from whom they shall have purchased the same, or would have been then entitled to in case the same had not been purchased by the said *Trustees*, the Price at which the same shall be so sold being, at the Option of the said *Persons*, either the Price paid by the said *Trustees*, or a Price for the same offered and settled by a Jury in like manner as the Price for any *Land* to be taken in pursuance of this Act, as herein-before directed to be settled in case of Difference or Dispute as to the Value thereof; and if such *Person* or *Persons* shall not agree, or shall refuse to repurchase the same, it shall and may be lawful so and for any *Person* or *Persons*, not interested in the *Premises*, to make an Affidavit, to be sworn before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County where such *Land* shall be situate, stating that such Offer was made by or on behalf of the said *Trustees*, and that such *Person* or *Persons* did not agree, or refused to purchase the same.

Persons to whom Money ordered to be paid according to Statute, may cause Money to be paid from the Bank of Scotland, &c. subject to the Order of the Court of Session, upon Application thereon.

Clerks of the Bank to give Receipts.

Where any Question shall arise touching the Title to Purchase Money, to be paid in, the Person in possession of the Bank, &c. at the time of the Purchase deemed entitled thereto.

In case of Disability, &c. of Persons entitled, the Court may order reasonable Expenses of Purchases, together with the Costs of the Order, to be paid by the Commissioners.

Trustees empowered to sell *Land*, not wanted for the Purposes of Act.

Trustees in the first Place to offer to sell to the *Person* or *Persons* from whom they purchased.

If such Person refuse to repurchase, a Jury to be made.

Each Affidavit
Evidence.

37 G. 3. c. 40.
continued, also
as hereby
altered, &c.

Proviso for
Regulations
made there-
under.

37 G. 3. c. 40.
§ 41, 42, 43,
repealed.

4

Land or Buildings, as the case may be; and each Affidavit shall in all Courts be sufficient Evidence and Proof that such Offer was made, and not agreed to or refused.

LIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Powers, Authorities, Directions and Regulations, and all other Matters and Things enacted in the aforesaid Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, excepting in so far as the same are by this Act altered, varied, amended, amended or repealed, shall be and the same are hereby continued in force, in as full and ample Manner as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and made a Part thereof; and that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, except as herein enacted, to diminish or weaken the binding Force and Effect of the Rules and Regulations made under the Authority of the aforesaid continued Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or the Orders, Directions or Judgments of the Courts acting under the Authority of the same.

L.V. And Whereas it is provided by the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, that regular Returns should be made to both Houses of Parliament, of all Proceedings under the said Act, and that Reports should be made of the Number of Hides dressed to and tried in the Tary Court: And Whereas it is no longer necessary to continue the said Provisions: Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Provisions contained in the said Act, respecting the said Returns and Report to Parliament, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

C A P. XXXVI.

An Act to repeal certain Acts now in force for regulating the making and Sale of Bread out of the City of London, and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, where no Assize is set; and for establishing other Provisions and Regulations relative thereto. [14th June 1819.]

3 G. 3. c. 11.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for explaining and amending an Act made in the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled 'An Act for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Affair thereof, and in punish Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour, or Bread'*: And Whereas another Act was

31 G. 3. c. 32.

passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend an Act made in the Thirty first Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled 'An Act for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Affair thereof, and in punish Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread'*: with respect to the time within which certain Provisions directed by the said Act are to be brought: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend an Act made in the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled 'An Act to permit Bakers to make and sell certain Sorts of Bread'*: And

41 G. 3. c. 13.

Whereas it is expedient that the said recited Acts, and all other Acts which relate to Bread to be sold out of the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, where no Assize is set, should be repealed, and that other and more effectual Provisions should be established for punishing Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread, or who shall sell Bread deficient in its due Weight, and for better regulating the making and Sale of Bread within the Liberties aforesaid: But as such beneficial Purposes cannot be effected without the Authority of Parliament: Men it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said several recited Acts of the Third, Thirty third, and Forty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and all and every other Acts and Acts of Parliament, which relate to the making and selling of Bread, where an Assize is set; or the Punishment of Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread, or who shall Bread deficient in its due Weight, in as far as respects the Bread, Meal and Flour, to be made and sold out of the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, where no Assize is set, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

Recited Acts
repealed.

Mortality with
which Bread
may be made
and sold.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever, out of the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, to make, bake, sell and dispose for Sale, any Bread made of Flour or Meal, of Wheat, Barley, Rye, Oats, Buckwheat, Indian Corn, Peas, Beans, Rice and every other Kind of Grain whatsoever, and Pulse, or any of them, and with any common Salt, pure Water, Eggs, Milk, Yeast, Barm, Leaven and Puttine Yeast, and mixed in such Proportions as the Bakers or Sellers of Bread shall think fit; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereto in anywise notwithstanding.

And as well
puffed Bread,
that to be made
on the same
flour, was in the
same Place.

33 G. 3. c. 126.

III. And be it further enacted, That although no Assize of Bread shall be set in pursuance of an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to alter and amend Two Acts of the Thirty first Year of King George the Second, and the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, in so far as relate to the Price and Affair of Bread to be sold out of the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange*; no Loaf or Loaves of Bread called or denominated Assize Loaf or Loaves, in the Table of the Assize and Price of Bread assessed in the said last mentioned Act enacted and re-enacted, and the Weight of which varies according to the Variation in the Price of Grain, shall be made for Sale, sold or carried out for Sale, or be offered or exposed to or for Sale, or be allowed to be sold, where any Loaf or Loaves of the Bread called or denominated Assize Loaf or Loaves in the Table of the Assize

and

and Price of Bread, in and by the said Act of the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty enacted and referred to, and the Price of which varies according to the Variation in the Price of Grain, shall at the same time be made for Sale, or be allowed to be sold (that is to say) as Aflize Loaves of the Price of Three pence, and good Loaves called *Half Quarter Loaves*, as *Aflize Loaves* of the Price of Sixpence, and good Loaves called *Quarter Loaves*, nor Aflize Loaves of the Price of Twelve pence, and priced Loaves called *Half Peck Loaves*, nor Aflize Loaves of the Price of Eighteen pence, and priced Loaves called *Peck Loaves*, shall at the same time be made for Sale, sold or carried out for Sale, or be offered or exposed to or for Sale, or allowed to be sold by any Baker or other Seller of Bread, in his, her or their Shop, Dwelling House or Premises, that every Person may not be imposed upon and injured by buying Aflize Loaves referred to in the said Tables, as or for good Loaves is referred to in the said Tables, or by buying such priced Loaves as or for such Aflize Loaves; and every Person who shall offend therein, and be convicted of any such Offence in manner hereinafter mentioned, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings or less than Ten Shillings, as the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom any such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, shall from time to time adjudge and determine.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons making or who shall make Bread for Sale, out of the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, nor any Journeyman or other Servant of any such Person or Persons as last mentioned, shall at any time or times, in the making of Bread for Sale, put any Aleum or Preparation or Mixture in which Aleum shall be an Ingredient, or any other Preparation or Mixture in less of Aleum, into the Dough of such Bread, or in anywise use or make to be used any Aleum or any other unwholesome Mixture, Ingredient or Thing whatsoever in the making of such Bread, or any Account or under any Colour or Pretence whatsoever, upon pain that every such Person, whether Master or Journeyman or other Person, who shall knowingly offend in the Premises, and shall be convicted of any such Offence, either by him, her or their own Confession, or upon the Oath (or being of the People called Quakers, Affirmation) of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses, shall on every such Conviction forfeit and pay any Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, or in default of Payment thereof, shall, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom such Offender shall be convicted, be committed to the House of Correction, or some Prison of the City, County, Borough or Place where the Offence shall have been committed, or the Offender or Offenders shall be apprehended, there to remain for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months from the time of such Commitment, unless such Person shall be sooner paid, as any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices shall think fit to order and direct; and it shall be lawful for the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom any such Offender shall be convicted, to cause the Offender's Name, Place of Abode and Office to be published in some Newspaper which shall be printed, published or circulated in or near the County, Division, Riding or District where the Offence shall be committed, and to defray the Expence of publishing the same out of the Money to be forfeited as last mentioned, if any shall be paid or recovered.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall knowingly put into Corn, Meal or Flour which shall be ground, dressed, bolted or manufactured for Sale out of the said City of London and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, either at the time of grinding, dressing, bolting or in anywise manufacturing the same, or at any other time or times, any Ingredient, Mixture or Thing whatsoever, or shall knowingly sell, offer or expose to or for Sale any Meal or Flour of one Sort of Grain as or for the Meal or Flour of any other Sort of Grain, or any thing as or for or mixed with the Meal or Flour of any Grain, which shall not be the real and genuine Meal or Flour of the Grain the same shall import to be and ought to be, upon pain that every Person who shall offend in the Premises, and shall be thereof convicted in manner hereinafter mentioned, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, as the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices before whom any such Offender shall be convicted shall think fit to order and direct.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Loaf of every Sort of Bread made of the Meal or Flour of any other Grain than Wheat, which shall be made for Sale, or be sold, carried out, offered or exposed in anywise to or for Sale, out of the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, shall be marked with a large Letter (M.), and that every Person who shall make for Sale, sell, offer or expose to or for Sale, any Loaf of any such Sort of Bread which shall be made of the Meal or Flour of any other Grain than Wheat, which shall not be marked as herebefore directed, shall for every time he, she or they shall so offend in the Premises, and be thereof convicted in manner hereinafter directed, forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every Loaf of such Bread which shall not be so marked, as the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices before whom any such Person shall be convicted, shall from time to time adjudge and determine.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices of the Peace, within the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions, and also for any Peace Officer or Officers of any Parish or Place where any Mill, Maltings or Baker, or other Person who shall grind Grain, or dress or bolt Meal or Flour, or make Bread for Reward or Sale, out of the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, authorized by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, and which Warrant any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices is or are hereby empowered to grant, at reasonable times in the Day to enter into any House, Mill, Shop, Stall, Bakehouse, Bakinghouse, Pastry Warehouse, Outback or Ground, of or belonging to any Mill, Maltings or Baker, or other Person who shall grind Grain or dress or bolt Meal or Flour, or make Bread for Reward or Sale as aforesaid, and to take with him or them, to his or their Assistants, One or more Master Miller, Maltings or

Penalty.

Bakers out of London and the Liberties thereof, and the Police of Mortality, do not use Aleum, &c. in making of Bread for Sale.

Penalty.

First paid, Imprisonment.

Offender's Name, Place of Abode, &c. published.

Advertisement, Corn, Meal or Flour, whether at the time of grinding, dressing or bolting, &c. or selling, Meal or Flour of one Sort of Grain for another Sort, Penalty.

Loaves made of Meal of any other Grain than Wheat, to be marked with the Letter (M.)

Penalty.

Magistrate or Peace Officer by their Warrant, may search Baker's Premises.

Before, Millers, Moolmen or Bakers, and to search or examine whether any Mixture, Ingredient or Thing, not the genuine Product of the Grain such Meal or Flour shall import or ought to be, shall have been mixed up with or put into any Meal or Flour in the Possession of such Miller, Moolman or Baker, either in the grinding of any Grain at the Mill, or in the dressing, bolting or manufacturing thereof, whereby the Purity of any Meal or Flour is or shall be in anywise adulterated; or whether any Alum or other Ingredient shall have been mixed up with or put into any Dough or Bread in the Possession of any such Baker or other Person, whereby any such Dough or Bread is or shall be in anywise adulterated; and also to search for Alum or any other Ingredient which may be intended to be used for or in any such Adulteration or Mixture; and if on any such Search it shall appear that any such Meal, Flour, Dough or Bread is found, shall have been so adulterated by the Person or whose Possession it shall then be, or any Alum or other Ingredient shall be found, which shall have in his or her's depository there, in order to be used in the Adulteration of Meal, Flour or Bread, then and in every such Case it shall be lawful for such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Officers or Officers authorised as aforesaid respectively, within the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions, to seize and take any Meal, Flour, Dough or Bread which shall be found in any such Search, and deemed to have been adulterated; and all Alum and other Ingredients and Mixtures which shall be found and deemed to have been added or intended to be used in or for any such Adulteration as aforesaid, and such Part thereof as shall be taken by any Peace Officer authorised as aforesaid, shall, with all convenient Speed after Seizure, be removed to some Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices of the Peace, within the Limits of whose Jurisdiction the same shall have been so found; and if any Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices or Justices, who shall authorise any such Seizure to be made in pursuance of this Act, or to whom any thing is stored under the Authority of the Act shall be brought, shall adjudge that any such Meal, Flour, Dough or Bread so found has been adulterated by any unwholesome or improper Mixture or Ingredient put therein, or shall adjudge that any Alum or other Ingredient or Mixture, so found as aforesaid, have been deposited or kept where so found, for the purpose of adulterating Meal, Flour or Bread, then and in any such Case every Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice of the Peace, is and are hereby required, within the Limit of their respective Jurisdictions, to dispose of the same as he or they, in his or their Discretion, shall from time to time think proper.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Miller, Moolman or Baker, out of the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, in whose House, Mill, Shop, Dock, Bake-house, Bakinghouse, Pastry Warehouse, Out-house, Gravel or Puff-bellows, any Alum, or other Ingredient or Mixture shall be found, which shall, after due Examination, be adjudged by any Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices of the Peace, to have been deposited there for the purpose of being used in adulterating Meal, Flour or Bread, shall, on being convicted of any such Offence, either by his, her or their own Confession, or by the Oath or Affirmation as aforesaid, of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, forfeit and pay, on every such Conviction, any Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, or in default of Payment thereof, shall, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom such Offender shall be convicted, be committed to the House of Correction, or some other Prison of the City, County or Place, where the Offence shall have been committed, or the Offender or Offenders shall be apprehended, there to remain for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months from the time of such Commitment, unless such Person shall be sooner paid, as any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices shall think fit and order, under the Party or Parties charged with any such Offence shall make it appear to the Satisfaction of the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom any such Alum or other Ingredient or Mixture shall be brought, that such Alum or other Ingredient or Mixture was not nor ever brought, or lodged, where the same was or was found or used, with any Dough or Mixture to have been put into any Meal, Flour or Bread, or to have adulterated therewith the Purity of any Meal, Flour or Bread, but that the same was or were in the Place or Places in which the same shall have been so found or found as aforesaid, for some other lawful Purpose; and that it shall be lawful for the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices before whom any such Offender shall be convicted, to cause the Offender's Name, Place of Abode and Offence to be published in some Newspaper which shall be printed, published or circulated in or near the County, Division, Riding or District where the said Offender shall be committed, and to defray the Expence of publishing the same out of the Money to be forfeited in last mentioned, if any shall be paid or recovered.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully offend, or hinder any such Search as herebefore is authorised to be made, or the Seizure of any Meal, Flour, Dough or Bread, or of any Alum or other Ingredient or Mixture which shall be found on any such Search, and deemed to have been lodged with an intent to adulterate the Purity or Wholesomeness of any Meal, Flour, Dough or Bread, or shall wilfully oppose or resist any such Search being made, or the carrying away any such Alum or other Ingredient or Mixture as aforesaid, or any Meal, Flour, Dough or Bread which shall be found as being adulterated, or as not being made pursuant to this Act, he, she or they is doing or offending in any of the Cases last aforesaid, shall for every such Offence, on being convicted thereof, forfeit and pay such Sum, not exceeding Forty Shillings, nor less than Twenty Shillings, as the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, shall think fit and order and doth.

X. And be it further enacted, That where as Aline is by the several Laws herebefore mentioned of every Sort of Bread which shall be made for Sale out of the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, shall always weigh in Averdupois Weight as follows, (that is to say,) every Peck Loaf shall weigh Seventeen Pounds Six Ounces, every Half Peck Loaf Eight Pounds Eleven Ounces, every Quarter of a Peck Loaf Four Pounds Five Ounces and an Half, every Half Quarter of a Peck Loaf Two Pounds Two Ounces and Three Quarters; and that every

Baker

Baker and Seller of Bread shall cause to be fixed in some convenient Part within the City, Shop, or Room, and Station with proper Weights, in order that every Person or Persons who may purchase any Bread of any such Baker or Seller of Bread, may, if he, she, or they shall think proper, require the same to be weighed in his, her, or their own Presence; and that if any Baker or Seller of Bread out of the City of London, or the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, shall neglect to fix such Beam and Scales in some convenient Part of his or her Shop, or Room, or Stall, or for his or her own proper Weights, or whole Weights, shall be deficient in these due Weights, or shall neglect to weigh any Bread purchased in his or her Shop to the Preference of the Party so demanding, he, she, or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Shillings, to the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice, or Justice of the Peace, before whom such Offence shall be committed, and who shall

Order and
Mandate to be
made by the
Baker, to
weigh Bread
of request.

Penalty.

Setting Bread
short of
Weights.

Penalty.

Penalty not
forfeited, unless
Bread weighed
in Presence of
Magistrate, and
or Offender if
he appear on
Intercom, and
on Evidence
that Bread is
short on the
same Scale as
before men-
tioned.

Proviso for
Bread short,
&c.

Baking and
selling on
Sundays.

Hours.

Exception for
baking and
superintending
the Spongers.

First Offence,
Second Offence,
Third and sub-
sequent Off-
ences.

Allowance to
Provisioners for
Loss of time.

Recovery and
Application of
Penalty.

XI. And he it further enacted, That every Baker or Seller of Bread out of the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, who shall sell and deliver any Bread, Half Peck, Quarter of a Peck, or Half Quarter of a Peck, loaf or Loaves of Bread, which, on an Average of the whole Weight of Bread sold there, in the same time as at a Court Leet, shall be deficient in the due Weight according to the Weights in the House of Commons used or to be used, directed respectively to weigh, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding the Shillings for every Ounce deficient in Weight, and to be proportioned for any Quantity deficient One Ounce, as the Deficiency shall be, where such Offender shall be convicted that he, she, or they so offend. Provided always, that no Baker or Seller of Bread shall be liable for any Deficiency in the Weight of any Bread, within the time, shall be weighed in the Presence of the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom such Offender shall be summoned, and of the Offender, or each of them, if the Magistrate or Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, in pursuance of a Summons, and the Delivery of Weights, directed aforesaid, within Twenty four Hours next following the time of the same being legally issued; and unless Evidence be given before such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice, as to his or their Handwriting, by One or more disinterested Witnesses, that the said Bread was so weighed, or that the same was when produced to be weighed before such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, as when the same was taken from such Baker or Seller of Bread, reasonable and due Allowance being made for such Bread being necessarily become dryer during the time intervening between the weighing and selling, weighing the same before such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice as aforesaid; and that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to extend or to include such Bread as is usually made and sold under the Description of French or Fancy Bread, or Rolls or Cakes.

XII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Master, Milner, Journeyman, or other Person respectively, acting as or employed in the Trade or Calling of a Baker out of the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, shall, on the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday, or any Part thereof, make or bake any Household or other Bread, Rolls or Cakes of any Sort or Kind, or shall on any Part of the said Day sell or expose to Sale, or permit or suffer to be sold or exposed to Sale, any Bread, Rolls or Cakes of any Sort or Kind, except to Travellers, or to the Cases of any a Necessity, or bake or deliver, or permit or suffer to be baked or delivered, any Meat, Pudding, Pie, Tart or Whisket, at any time after half past One of the Clock in the Afternoon of that Day, or in any other manner contrary the Trade or Calling of a Baker, or be engaged or employed in the Baking or Occupation thereof; save and except as aforesaid, and also save and except so far as may be necessary in setting and superintending the Spongers to prepare the Bread or Dough for the following Day's Baking; and that no Meat, Pudding, Pie, Tart or Whisket shall be brought to or taken from any Household during the time of Divine Service in the Church, Parish, Hamlet, or Place where the same is done, nor within One Quarter of an Hour of the time of Commencement thereof; and every Person offending against the foregoing Regulations, or any One or more of them, and being thereof convicted before any Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice of the Peace of the County, City, or Place where the Offence shall be committed, within Two Days from the Conviction thereof, either upon the View of such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice of the Peace, or on Conviction by the Jury, or Proof by One or more Witnesses upon Oath or Affidavits as aforesaid, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay, and undergo the Forfeiture, Penalty and Punishment hereafter mentioned; (that is to say,) for the First Offence the Penalty of Five Shillings, for the Second Offence the Penalty of Ten Shillings, and for every Third and subsequent Offence respectively, the Penalty of Twenty Shillings; and shall moreover on every such Conviction hear and pay the Costs and Expenses of the Prosecution, such Costs and Expenses to be assessed, taxed and ascertained by the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice of the Peace convicting; and the Amount thereof, together with such Part of the Penalty as such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice of the Peace shall think proper, to the Prosecutor or Prosecutors for Loss of time in instituting and following up the Prosecution, at a Rate not exceeding Three Shillings per Diem, and be paid to the Prosecutor or Prosecutors for his and their own Use and Benefit; and the Balance of such Penalty to be paid to such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice of the Peace, and within Seven Days after his or their Receipt thereof, to be transmitted by him or them to the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Parish or Parishes where the Offence shall be committed, to be applied for the Benefit of the Poor thereof; and in case the whole Amount of the Penalty and of the Costs and Expenses as aforesaid, be not paid within Three Days after the Conviction of the Offender or Offenders, such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice of the Peace shall and may, by Warrant under their respective Hands and Seals or Hand and Seal, direct the same to be levied and raised by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders; or in default or Insolvency of such Default, to commit the Offender or Offenders to the House of Correction, on a First Offence for any time not exceeding

Fourteen

Miller, Milkman or Baker, acting as a Justice of Peace in the Execution of this Act; Twenty.

Fourteen Days, and on the Second or any Subsequent Offence, for any time not exceeding Twenty one Days, unless the Whole of the Penalty, Costs and Expenses be sooner paid and discharged.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person who shall follow or be concerned in the Business of a Miller, Milkman or Baker, shall be capable of sitting or shall be allowed to act as a Magistrate or Justice of the Peace under this Act, or in putting in execution any of the Powers in or by this Act granted; and if any Miller, Milkman or Baker shall presume to do so, he or they be offending in the Premises, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds to any Person or Persons who shall inform or sue for the same, to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, whereas no Essoign, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparison shall be allowed.

Offences against the Act may be found in a summary Way by Magistrates within their respective Jurisdictions. Offender not appearing on Summons, Proceedings.

XIV. And for the better and more easy Recovery of the several Penalties and Forfeitures to be incurred under this Act, and the Powers herein contained; be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Mayor or any Alderman of any City, and to and for any other of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace or any of them, within their respective Counties, Divisions, Calves, Towns Corporate, Liberties or Jurisdictions beyond the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and beyond the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, to hear and determine in a summary Way all Offences committed against the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and for that Purpose to summon before them or any of them, within their respective Jurisdictions, any Party or Parties accused of being an Offender or Offenders against the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and in case the Party accused shall not appear on such Summons, or after some reasonable Excuse for his Default, then upon Oath or Affirmation as aforesaid, by any credible Witness or Witnesses, of any Offence committed contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, any such Magistrate or Justice shall issue his Warrant or Warrants for apprehending the Offender or Offenders within the Jurisdiction of any such Magistrate or Justice; and upon the Appearance of the Party or Parties accused, or in case he, she or they shall not appear on Notice being given to or left for him, her or them, as he, she or they shall think fit, or if he, she or they cannot be apprehended on a Warrant granted against him, her or them, as is hereinbefore directed, then and in every such Case any such Magistrate or Justice is and are hereby authorized and required to proceed to make Inquiry touching the Matters complained of, and to examine any Witness or Witnesses who shall be offered on either Side, on Oath or Affirmation as aforesaid, and which Oath and Affirmation every such Magistrate or Justice is and are hereby authorized, empowered and required to administer, and after hearing the Parties who shall appear, and the Witnesses who shall be offered on either Side, such Magistrate or Justice shall convict or acquit the Party or Parties accused; and if the Penalty or Money forfeited on any such Conviction, shall not be paid within the Space of Twenty four Hours after any such Conviction, every such Magistrate or Justice shall thereupon issue a Warrant or Warrants under his Hand and Seal, directed to any Peace Officer or Officers within their respective Jurisdictions, and thereby require him or them to make Distress of the Goods or Chattels of the Offender or Offenders within such their respective Jurisdictions, to satisfy such Penalty or Money forfeited, and the Costs of the Prosecution and Defence; and if any Offender should convey away his Goods out of the Jurisdiction of any such Magistrate or Justice before whom he or she was convicted, or so much thereof that the Penalty or Money forfeited cannot be levied, then such Magistrate or Justice within whose Jurisdiction the Offender shall have removed his Goods, shall back the Warrant granted by any such Magistrate or Justice as aforesaid, and thereupon the Penalty forfeited shall be levied on the Offender's Goods and Chattels by Distress and Sale; and if within Five Days from the Distress being taken, the Penalty or Money forfeited and Costs shall not be paid, the Goods found shall be appraised and sold, rendering the Overplus, (if any,) after deducting the Penalty or Forfeiture, and the Costs and Charges of the Prosecution, Distress and Sale, to the Owner or Owners thereof, which Charges shall be ascertained by the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices before whom any such Offender or Offenders shall have been so convicted, or by the Magistrate or Justice who backed the Warrant, if then alive, and if not, by some other Magistrate or Justice of the City, County, Division or Place in which the Offender shall have been convicted, on Application for that Purpose to be made to any such Magistrate or Justice; and for want of such Distress, then every such Magistrate or Justice within whose respective Jurisdiction any such Offender or Offenders shall reside or be, shall, on the Application of any Prosecutor or Prosecutors, and Proof on Oath or Affirmation as aforesaid, made of the Conviction and Nonpayment of the Penalty and Charges, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal command every such Offender or Offenders to the Common Goal or House of Correction of the City, County, Division or Place, where such Offender or Offenders shall be found, there to remain for the Space of One Calendar Month from the time of such Commencement, unless after such Commencement Payment shall be made of the said Penalty or Forfeiture, and Costs and Charges, before the Expiration of the said One Calendar Month; and all such Penalties and Forfeitures when recovered, shall be paid, One Half to the Informer, and the other Half shall be paid to the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices of the Peace, and within Seven Days after his or their Receipt thereof, to be transmitted by him or them to the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Parish or Parishes where the Offence shall be committed, to be applied for the Benefit of the Poor thereof.

Penalties may be levied by Distress and Sale.

If Goods of Offender removed, Proceedings.

If no Distress, Imprisonment.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if it shall be made out by the Oath (or Affirmation as aforesaid) of any credible Person or Persons, to the Satisfaction of any Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, that any Person or Persons within the Jurisdiction of any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, is or are likely to give or aff material Evidence on behalf of the Prosecutor or of Offender or Offenders against the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or on behalf of the Person or Persons accused, and will not voluntarily appear before such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, to be examined and give his, her or their Evidence upon Oath or Affirmation as aforesaid concerning the Premises, every such

Power to examine and compel the Attendance of Witnesses.

Magistrate

Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, is and are hereby authorized and required to issue his or their Summons to examine every such Witness and Witnesses before any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, at such reasonable time or times as in such Summons shall be fixed; and if any Person or Persons so summoned shall neglect or refuse to appear, after having been paid or tendered a reasonable Sum for his, her or their Costs, Charges and Expenses, at the time by such Summons appointed, and as full Excuse shall be offered for such Neglect or Refusal, then after Plead upon Oath or Affirmation as aforesaid, of such Summons having been duly served upon the Party or Parties in summonsed, every such Magistrate and Magistrates, Justice and Justices, is and are hereby authorized and required to issue his or their Warrant or Warrants, under his Hand and Seal or their Hands and Seals, to bring every such Person or Persons before any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices; and on the Appearance of any such Person or Persons before such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, every such Magistrate or Justice is and are hereby authorized and empowered to examine upon Oath (or Affirmation) every such Witness; and if any such Person or Persons, as he, her or their Appearance, or on being brought before any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, shall refuse to be examined upon Oath (or Affirmation) concerning the Premises, without offering any full Excuse for such Refusal, any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, within the Limits of his or their Jurisdiction, may by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or their Hands and Seals, commit any Person or Persons so refusing to be examined to the Public Prison of the City, County, Division, Liberty or Place, in which the Person or Persons so refusing to be examined shall be, there to remain for any time not exceeding Fourteen Days, as any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, shall order and direct.

XVI. And he is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall take any Oath (or Affirmation) by this Act directed to be taken, or be examined on Oath (or Affirmation) by virtue or in the execution of the Act, shall wilfully foreswear or shall falsify affirm himself, himself or themselves, every such Person or Persons shall be subject and be liable to be prosecuted for Perjury by Indictment or Information, according to due Course of Law; and if convicted thereof, shall be subject and liable to the like Pains and Penalties which Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

XVII. And he is further enacted, That the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom any Person or Persons shall be convicted in manner prescribed by this Act, shall cause every such Conviction to be drawn up in the Form or in the Words following, (that is to say),

"to wit. } BE it remembered, That on this Day of in the Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, A. D. is convicted before Majesty's Justice of the Peace for the said County of or, for the Division of the said County of or for the City, Liberty or Town, [as the case may be] and do adjudge him, her or them [as the case may be] to forfeit and pay for the said Hand and Seal the Day and Year aforesaid."

XVIII. And he is further enacted, That no Coroner, Letters of Abatement or of Suspension, shall be granted to remove any Conviction or other Proceedings had therein in pursuance of this Act.

XIX. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That if any Person or Persons convicted of any Offence punishable by this Act, shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved by the Judgment of the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom he, she or they shall have been convicted, such Person or Persons shall have Power from time to time to appeal to the Justice at the next General or General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, which shall be held for the City, County, Division, Liberty, Town or Place, where such Judgment shall have been given, and that the Execution of such Judgment shall in such case be suspended, the Person so convicted entering into a Recognizance at the time of such Conviction, or within Twenty four Hours after the same shall be made, with Two sufficient Sureties, in double the Sum which such Person shall have been adjudged to pay, or farther, upon condition to prosecute such Appeal with effect, and to be forthcoming to abide the Judgment and Determination of the Justice at their said next General or General Quarter Sessions; where Recognizance the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom such Conviction shall be made, or is and are hereby empowered and required to take; and the Justice in the said General or General Quarter Sessions are hereby authorized and required to hear and finally determine the Matter of every such Appeal, and to award such Costs as to them shall appear just and reasonable to be paid by either Party; and if upon hearing the said Appeal, the Judgment of the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom the Appellant or Appellants shall have been convicted, shall be confirmed, such Appellant or Appellants shall immediately, or within Twenty four Hours afterwards, pay down the Sum he, she or they shall have been adjudged to have forfeited, together with such Costs as the said Justice, in their said General or General Quarter Sessions, shall award to be paid to the Prosecutor or Informers, for defraying the Expenses sustained by reason of any such Appeal; and in default of the Appellants paying the same, any Two Justices, or any One Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, having Jurisdiction in the Place into which any such Appellant or Appellants shall escape, or where he, she or they shall reside, shall and may, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, or his Hand and Seal, commit every such Appellant or Appellants to the Common Goal of the City, County, Division or Place where he, she or they shall be apprehended, until he, she or they shall make payment of such Forfeiture, and of the Costs and Charges which shall be adjudged on the Conviction; but if the Appellant or Appellants in any such Appeal shall make good his, her or their Appeal, and be discharged of the said Conviction, reasonable Costs shall be awarded to the Appellant or Appellants against such Informers or Informers, who would (in the case of such Conviction) have been entitled to a Mastery of the Peace so have been recovered as aforesaid, and which Costs shall and may be recovered by the Appellant or Appellants against any such Informers or Informers, in like

Witness refusing to attend on Summons;

Proceedings.

Persons refusing to be examined, Proceedings.

Persons forswearing themselves.

Perjury.

Form of Conviction.

Conviction not removable.

Appeal.

Recognizance.

Determination final.

Costs.

Default of Payment, Proceedings.

Costs to Appellants making good his Appeal.

In manner as Cells given at any General or General Quarter Sessions are reasonable; provided always, that no Person shall be detained in Prison for any such Offence for a greater Length of time than Six Calendar Months.

If Constables
appear in the
within the
Days of the
Sessions, Ap-
peal may then
be made to the
Justices following.

Limitation of
Action against
Justices or
Peace Officers.

Crimes Pro-
hibited of
an Act in A. 11.
committed in
Highways
acting under the
Authority of this Act.

Notice of
Action, Ac-
cording Peace
Officers, &c.

Tender of
Amounts
payable in Day,
and General
Issue.

In case of
Verdict, &c.

Cases.

If no Tender of
Amounts, Ac-
cording for
Plaintiff.

Limitation of
action against
General Issue.

Table Costs.

Persons re-
covered under
this Act, un-
liable to other
Prosecution.

Application of
Penalty.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any such Conviction shall happen to be made within Six Days before any General or General Quarter Sessions of the Peace shall be held for the City, County, Division, Town Corporate, Borough or Place where such Conviction shall have been made, then the Party or Parties who shall think fit, her or themselves approved by any such Conviction, shall and may, on entering into Recognizance in manner and for the Purposes before described, be at liberty to appeal either to the three next or next following General or General Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held for any such County, Division, City, Town Corporate, Borough, Liberty or Place, where any such Conviction shall have been made.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That every Action or Suit which shall be brought or commenced against any Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice, or Justices, or any Peace Officer or Officers, for any Matter or Thing done or committed by virtue of or under this Act, shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be laid or brought in the City, County or Place where the Matter is done or committed, and not elsewhere; and that the Statute made in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intitled *An Act for rendering Judgments of the Peace more safe in the Execution of their Office, and for indemnifying Constables and other acting in obedience to their Warrants, so far as the Act of Parliament relating to the rendering the Justices more safe in the Execution of their Office, shall extend and be confined to extend to the Magistrates and Magistrates, Justices and Justices of the Peace, sitting under the Act, thereby or in pursuance of that Act; and that no Action or Suit shall be laid or commenced against, nor shall any Writ be issued out, or Copy of any Writ be served upon any Peace Officer or Officers, for any thing done in the Execution of this Act, until Seven Days after Notice in Writing shall have been given to or left for him or them, at his or their usual Place of Abode, by the Attorney for the Party intended to commence such Action, which Notice in Writing shall contain the Name and Place of Abode of the Parties intending to bring such Action, and also of his Attorney, and likewise the Cause of Action or Complaint; and any Peace Officer or Officers shall be at liberty and may, by virtue of this Act, at any time within Seven Days after any such Notice shall have been given to or left for him, tender or cause to be tendered any Sum or Sums of Money, as Amounts for the Expence complained of, to the Party complaining, or to the Attorney named in such Notice; and if the same is not accepted of, the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Actions may plead such Tender in bar of such Action or Actions, together with the General Issue or any other Plea, with Leave of the Court in which the Action shall be commenced; and upon Issue joined on such Tender, the Jury shall find Amounts tendered to have been sufficient, they shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants; and in every such Case, or if the Plaintiff shall become nonsuit, or discontinue his Action, or if Judgment shall be given for the Defendant or Defendants upon Demurrer, or if any Action or Suit shall be brought after the time limited by this Act for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then and in every such Case the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants, and the Defendant or Defendants shall be entitled to his or their Costs here if the Jury shall find that no such Tender was made, or that the Amounts tendered were not sufficient, or shall find against the Defendant or Defendants on any Plea or Pleas by him or them pleaded, they shall then give a Verdict for the Plaintiff, and such Damages as they shall think proper, and the Plaintiff shall thereupon recover his Costs against every such Defendant or Defendants.*

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any other Person as Parties than a Justice or other Peace Officer, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the time was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to have been so done, or if a Verdict shall be awarded for the Defendant or Defendants, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be nonsuit, or discontinue his, her or their Action after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if a Judgment shall be given upon a Verdict or Demurrer against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant or Defendants shall or have in other Cases by Law for the Recovery of his, her or their Costs.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person shall be convicted of any Offence under this Act, until the Information, in order for such Conviction, shall be exhibited within Fourteen Days after the Offence committed (except in Cases of Perjury); and that no Person who shall be prosecuted in Conviction for any Offence done or committed against this Act, shall be liable to be prosecuted for the same Offence under any other Law.

XXIV. And be it also enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act inflicted, the Application of which is not heretofore directed, shall, when recovered or paid, go and be disposed of in manner following, (that is to say), One Moiety thereof, where any Offender or Offenders shall be convicted either by his, her or their Confession, or by the Oath (or Affidavits) of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, shall go and be paid to the Person or Persons who shall inform against and prosecute in Conviction any such Offender or Offenders; and the other Moiety thereof, or in case there be no such Person informing, then the whole thereof, shall go and be paid to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish or Parishes, for the Use of the Poor of the Parish or Parishes such Offence shall be committed, in such manner as the said Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor shall in his or their Discretion think fit.

XXV. Provided

XXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That neither this Act or any thing contained shall extend or be construed to extend to deprive the ancient Right or Custom of the Two Universities of *Oxford* or *Cambridge* or either of them, or their or either of these Clerks of the Market, or the Practitioners within the several Jurisdictions of the said Universities, or either of these, eldest, or first, afterwards and against the Alike and Weight of all Sorts of Bread to be sold or exposed to sale within their several Jurisdictions; but that they and every of them shall and may severally and respectively from time to time, as their shall be Occasion, first, ascertain and appoint, within their several and respective Jurisdictions, the Alike and Weight of all Sorts of Bread to be sold or exposed to sale by any Baker or other Person whatsoever within the Limits of their several Jurisdictions, and shall and may inquire into and punish any Breach thereof fully and freely in all respects, as they shall see fit, and as if this Act had never been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Proviso for Rights of the Universities.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take effect from and immediately after One Calendar Month from the passing thereof.

Commencement of Act.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Public Act.

C. A. P. XXXVII.

An Act for further regulating the Qualification of Members to serve in the United Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland.

[14th June 1819.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled *An Act for securing the Freedom of Parliament*, by the further qualifying the Members to sit in the House of Commons, it was amongst other Things enacted, that no Person should be capable to sit or vote as a Member of the House of Commons, for any County, City, Borough or Place, within that Part of Great Britain called England, the Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, who should not have an Estate, Freehold or Copyhold, or his own Land, or for some greater Estate either in Law or Equity, to and for his own Use and Benefit, of or in Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, over and above what would satisfy and clear all Incumbrances that might affect the same, lying or being within that Part of Great Britain called England, the Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, of the respective annual Value therein limited: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled *An Act to reform and amend several Acts relating to the Qualification of Members to sit in the House of Commons*, it was enacted, that every Person (except as in the said Act is excepted) who should be elected a Member of the House of Commons should, at the time and in the manner therein directed, produce and deliver to the Clerk of the said House, at the Table of the said House, a Paper or Account, signed by such Member, containing the Names of the Parishes, Townships, Precincts and Counties, in which the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments lay, whereby such Member should make out his Qualification; and should also take and subscribe the Oath in the said last recited Act mentioned and contained: And Whereas an Act was made in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating, until the Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Trial of Unsworned Witnesses or Returns of Members to serve in the United Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, for that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, and for regulating the Qualification of Members to serve in the said United Parliament*: And Whereas it is just and expedient that the Provisions of the last recited Act, so far as relates to the Possession of Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments within Ireland, as a Qualification for Members to serve in Parliament for Places within England and Wales, should be extended to Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments within Scotland: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be sufficient that such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, whereby any Person who from and after the passing of this Act shall be elected a Member of the House of Commons of the Parliament of the said United Kingdom, for any County, City, Borough, Cinque Port, Town or Place within that Part of the said United Kingdom called England, or the Dominion of Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or within that Part of the said United Kingdom called Ireland, shall make out his Qualifications in manner by the said Acts of the Ninth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, and the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, directed, shall be or be either within that Part of the said United Kingdom called England, or the Dominion of Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or within that Part of the said United Kingdom called Scotland, or within that Part of the said United Kingdom called Ireland; any Thing in the said Acts passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, or in the said Act passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, to the contrary notwithstanding.

4 Ann. c. 2.

31 Geo. 2. c. 22.

45 G. 5. c. 22.

The Lands whereby any Person shall make out his Qualification to serve as a Member for any Place in England or Ireland, may be situate in England, Scotland or Ireland.

C A P. XXXVIII.

An Act to enable His Majesty to make Regulations with respect to the taking and curing Fish on certain Parts of the Coasts of Newfoundland, Labrador, and His Majesty's other Possessions in North America, according to a Convention made between His Majesty and the United States of America.

[14th June 1819.]

Convention
dated 27th
Oct. 1818.

WHEREAS a Convention between His Majesty and the United States of America was made and signed at London, on the Twentieth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and by the First Article of the said Convention, reciting that Differences had arisen respecting the Liberty claimed by the United States for the Inhabitants thereof to take, dry and cure Fish in certain Coasts, Bays, Harbours and Creeks of His Britannic Majesty's Dominions in America, it is agreed, that the Inhabitants of the said United States shall have for ever, in common with the Subjects of His Britannic Majesty, the Liberty to take Fish of every Kind on that Part of the Southern Coast of Newfoundland which extends from Cape Ray to the Ramen Islands, on the Western and Northern Coasts of Newfoundland, from the said Cape Ray to the George Islands, on the Shores of the Magdalen Islands, and also on the Coasts, Bays, Harbours and Creeks from above July on the Southern Coasts of Labrador, to and through the Straits of Bellefleur, and thence northwardly indefinitely along the Coast, without Prejudice however to any of the exclusive Rights of the Russian's Bay Company; and it was also by the said Article of the said Convention agreed, that the American Fishermen should have Liberty for ever to dry and cure Fish in any of the unfenced Bays, Harbours and Creeks of the Southern Part of the Coast of Newfoundland above described, and of the Coast of Labrador, but that so soon as the same, or any Portion thereof, should be fenced, it should not be lawful for the said Fishermen to dry or cure Fish at such Portion if fenced, without previous Agreement for such Purpose with the Inhabitants, Proprietors or Possessors of the Ground; and Whereas it is expedient that His Majesty should be enabled to carry into execution so much of the said Convention as is above recited, and to make Regulations for that Purpose: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council, by any Order or Orders in Council, to be from time to time made for that Purpose, to make such Regulations, and to give such Directions, Orders and Instructions to the Governor of Newfoundland, or to any Officer or Officers of that Station, or to any other Person or Persons whatsoever, as shall or may be from time to time deemed proper and necessary for the carrying into Effect the Purposes of the said Convention, with relation to the taking, drying, and curing of Fish by Inhabitants of the United States of America, in common with British Subjects, within the Limits set forth in the said Article of the said Convention, and heretofore recited; any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

His Majesty in
Council may
make Regula-
tions for carry-
ing the Con-
vention into
effect.

Foreigners and
Persons in For-
eign Vessels not
to fish
within a certain
Distance of any
British Har-
bour in Amer-
ica not in-
cluded in the
Limits pre-
scribed by the
Convention.
Penalty.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons, not being a natural born Subject of His Majesty, in any Foreign Ship, Vessel or Boat, nor for any Person in any Ship, Vessel or Boat, other than such as shall be registered according to the Laws of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to fish for, or to take, dry or cure any Fish of any Kind whatever, within Three Marine Miles of any Coast, Bay, Creek or Harbour whatever, in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions in America, not included within the Limits specified and described in the First Article of the said Convention, and heretofore recited; and then if any such Foreign Ship, Vessel or Boat, or any Person on board thereof, shall be found fishing, or to have been fishing, or preparing to fish within such Distance of such Coast, Bay, Creek or Harbour, within such Parts of His Majesty's Dominions in America out of the said Limits as aforesaid, all such Ships, Vessels and Boats, together with their Carriages, and all Guns, Ammunition, Tackle, Apparel, Furniture and Stores, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be lawfully taken, sold for, prosecuted, recovered and condemned by such and the like Ways, Means and Methods, and in the like Courts, as Ships, Vessels or Boats may be forfeited, seized, prosecuted and condemned for any Offence against any Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs, or the Law of Trade and Navigation, under any Act or Acts of the Parliament of Great Britain, or of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; provided that nothing in this Act contained shall apply, or be construed to apply to the Ships or Subjects of any Prince, Power or State in Amity with His Majesty, who are entitled by Treaty with His Majesty to any Privilege of taking, drying or curing Fish on the Coasts, Bays, Creeks or Harbours, or within the Limits in this Act defined.

Proviso for
Vessels of
Power not
cluded thereby by
Treaty.

American
Fishermen
may enter such
Harbours for
Purposes herein
mentioned, sub-
ject to such
Regulations as
may be made to
prevent the
Breach of the
Treaty.
Refusing upon
Regulations, to

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Fishermen of the said United States to enter into any such Bays or Harbours of His Britannic Majesty's Dominions in America as are last aforesaid, for the purpose of Shelter and repairing Damages therein, and of purchasing Wood, and of obtaining Water, and for no other Purpose whatever; subject nevertheless in such Restrictions as may be necessary to prevent such Fishermen of the said United States from taking, drying or curing Fish in the said Bays or Harbours, or in any other manner whatever during the said Privileges by the said Treaty and this Act conferred to them, and so shall for that Purpose be imposed by any Order or Orders to be from time to time made by His Majesty in Council under the Authority of this Act, and by any Regulations which shall be issued by the Governor or Person executing the Office of Governor in any such Parts of His Majesty's Dominions in America, under or in pursuance of any such Order in Council as aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, upon Regulation made by the Governor of Newfoundland, or the Person executing the Office of Governor, or by any Governor or Person executing the Office

Office of Governor, in any other Parts of His Majesty's Dominions in America as aforesaid, or by any Officer or Officers acting under such Governor or Person executing the Office of Governor, in the Execution of any Orders or Instructions from His Majesty in Council, shall refuse to depart from such Bays or Harbours; or if any Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect to conform to any Regulations or Directions which shall be made or given for the Execution of any of the Purposes of this Act; every such Person refusing or otherwise offending against this Act shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, to be recovered in the Superior Court of Judicature of the Island of Newfoundland, or in the Superior Court of Judicature of the Colony or Settlement within or near to which such Offence shall be committed, or by Bill, Plea, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor*; One Moiety of such Penalty to belong to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to such Person or Persons as shall sue or prosecute for the same: Provided always, that any such Suit or Prosecutions, if the same be committed in Newfoundland, or in any other Colony or Settlement, shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months; and, if commenced in any of His Majesty's Courts at *Windsor*, within Twelve Calendar Months from the time of the Commission of such Offence.

sums, or dis-
obeying Orders;

Penalty.

Limitation of
Prosecution.

C A P. XXXIX.

An Act for the more frequent Payment, into the Receipt of the Exchequer at *Windsor*, of Monies arising from the Duties of Customs, Excise, Stamps and Postage in England.

[14th June 1819.]

WHEREAS all and every the Monies arising by the several Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps and Postage, in England, are by Law required to be paid from time to time weekly into the Receipt of the Exchequer at *Windsor*, by means of Orders made by the Receiver General of the said Duties respectively, upon the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, pursuant to the Directions contained in Four several Acts of Parliament made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, viz. *An Act for the better Regulation of the Office of Receiver General of the Duties of Excise in England; An Act for the better Regulation of the Office of Receiver General of the Stamps in England; An Act for the better Regulation of the Office of Receiver General of the Post Office in England; and An Act for the better Regulation of the Office of Receiver General of the Duties of Customs in Great Britain: And Whereas it is expedient that such Payments into the Receipt of the Exchequer should be made frequently made: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the several and respective Receiver General of the Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps and Postage in England respectively, and the other proper Officers in that behalf respectively, shall in Manner and Form as directed by the said several recited Acts the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, and they are hereby respectively required and strictly enjoined to pay or cause to be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer at *Windsor* on such Days in every Week respectively, as the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the said United Kingdom, or any Three or more of the said Commissioners of the Treasury, shall, from time to time, direct, order or appoint, all and every the Monies arising in Great Britain by the several Rates and Duties of Customs, Excise, Stamps and Postage received by or through the said Receiver General of the said Revenues respectively, and afterwards paid by the said Receiver General respectively into the Bank of England, as directed by the said several recited Acts respectively: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to repeal or alter the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth Year of the Reigne of His present Majesty, or any of them, except so far as is expressly provided by this Act.*

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

4 G. 3. c. 13.
4 G. 3. c. 25.
4 G. 3. c. 29.
4 G. 3. c. 125.

Receiver General of the Revenues, is en-
powered direct-
ed by several
Acts, to make
Payments into
the Exchequer
on such Days
in every Week
as the Treasury
shall direct.

Act may be
altered, Am-
ended Session.

C A P. XL.

An Act to secure Spiritual Persons in the Possession of Benefices in certain Cases. [14th June 1819.]

WHEREAS certain Spiritual Persons having been possessed of Two Benefices, which they were lawfully entitled to hold together by virtue of a Dispensation granted by the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, and confirmed under the Great Seal, have afterwards, without having resigned or otherwise secured One of the Benefices to hold by them, obtained a new Dispensation to hold another Benefice with One of those Benefices of which they were before possessed, and have thereupon been put into the Possession of such other Benefice, by Nominations, Licences, Institutions, Collations and Indults, in the Nature of the said Benefice might require: And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether, for want of the previous Resignation or other Vacancy by such Spiritual Persons of such One of the Benefices before possessed by them by Dispensation, as was not intended to be held with the last taken Benefice, the subsequent Dispensation was valid in Law, and whether not only the Benefice intended to be made void, but also the other Benefice so previously possessed by such Spiritual Persons, and intended to be held by them with the other Benefice by virtue of such subsequent Dispensation, have not been rendered void: And Whereas it would be most injurious to the Spiritual Persons who now hold Benefices which may have been in inadvertently rendered void, and to the Persons of the said Benefices, by means of Laps to the Bishop, or the Archbishop, or to the Crown, if Advantage of such Avoidance should be taken; whereas, and for the Relief of such

59 Geo. III.

4 Z

o Spiritual

Several Dispositions to several Chans where Dispositions is granted the holding another Benefice therewith.

Incomer of such Benefices to enjoy the Emoluments.

And all Acts and Deeds done by such Spiritual Person valid.

Proviso for Spiritual Person to succeed to such Benefice on Death or Resignation, &c. of Incumbent.

Officers of Health annually to be appointed by Justices of the Peace in Cities and large Towns.

Officers to act without Salary. Some require for Expenses of this Act to be paid by parochial Rates. Expenditure accounted for.

'Spiritual Persons and Patrons.' Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in every Case which has occurred before the passing of this Act, where a Spiritual Person has obtained a Dispensation to hold a Benefice to which he had been nominated, preferred, or was to be inducted or collated, with a Rescript which he had held with another Benefice by virtue of a former Dispensation, without having in due time before aforesaid or otherwise vacated the other Benefice included in the former Dispensation, and where, for want of such previous Resignation or Vacancy, the Benefice held by such Spiritual Person by the former Dispensation, and intended to be inducted to him by the subsequent Dispensation, may have been rendered void, it shall not be lawful for The King's Most Excellent Majesty, or any other Person or Persons, or for His said Majesty, or any Archbishop or Bishop, having the Right of Nomination, Presentation, Licence or Collation, by means of Letters or otherwise, to any Benefice which may have been so rendered void, to nominate, prefer, induct or collate to any such Benefice by virtue of the same having been rendered void in the manner before mentioned.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Spiritual Person now holding a Benefice, which may have been rendered void at any time before the passing of this Act, in the manner before mentioned, shall and may, notwithstanding such Avoidance thereof, continue lawfully to hold and enjoy the same, and the Profits, Advowsons, Emoluments and Profits thereof, and shall be and be taken to be, in all Intents and Purposes in the Law whatsoever, the lawful Incumbent thereof, in the same manner as if the Resignation or other Vacancy of the other Benefice held therewith by virtue of the former Dispensation had been duly made prior to the subsequent Dispensation, and such subsequent Dispensation had been good and valid in Law; and that every Spiritual Person now holding a Benefice, which may have been so rendered void, shall, notwithstanding such Avoidance, be taken to have been the lawful Incumbent thereof since such Avoidance happened, in all Intents and Purposes in the Law whatsoever; and that all Acts and Deeds whatsoever, which have been done, performed, and executed by the Spiritual Person or Persons now holding, or who shall have held any such Benefice since the Avoidance thereof, in the manner before mentioned, shall be as valid and effectual, in all Intents and Purposes in the Law whatsoever, as if such Avoidance had not taken place; any Laws, Statutes, Canons, Usage or Customs to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; it being the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, to place the aforesaid Spiritual Persons, whose Benefices have or may have become void in the manner before mentioned, precisely in the same Situation, in all Intents and Purposes in the Law whatsoever, as if no such Avoidance had taken place.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained, or to be construed or extended, to prevent the Patron or Patrons of any Benefice, which may have been rendered void in the manner before mentioned, from nominating, preferring, inducting or collating to such Benefice, on the Death, Resignation or Cession, or other lawful Cause of Avoidance of or by the Spiritual Person now holding any such Benefice, in the same manner as if this Act had not passed; save and except as to the Avoidance made before the passing of this Act, in the Manner and under the Circumstances particularly mentioned and set forth herein.

C A P. XII.

An Act to establish Regulations for preventing Contagious Diseases in Ireland. [14th June 1819.]

'WHEREAS it has become highly expedient to provide for and secure constant Attention to the Health and Comforts of the Inhabitants of Ireland, and for the Prevention of Contagious Diseases, more especially in the Cities and great Towns thereof; and that for that Purpose Officers of Health should be annually appointed in all Cities and large Towns, and that such Officers should also be appointed in such Towns, Parishes and Villages in the Country, as shall think it proper or necessary to adopt such a Measure; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within One Calendar Month next after the passing of this Act, and within One Calendar Month after the Twenty fifth Day of March in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and in every subsequent Year, in every City and Town in Ireland, which shall contain One thousand Inhabitants, or upwards; and in every City and large Town where the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Commanders of Ireland shall think fit so direct that this Act shall be carried into effect, the Inhabitant Householdholders of each and every Parish in such City or Town, aforesaid in Vestry, shall and they are hereby required to elect and appoint any Number of Persons not less than Two, and not more than Five, to be Officers of Health for such Parish, for the Year ending on the Twenty fifth Day of March next after such Election, and such new Officers of Health shall be in like manner appointed for such Parish for the Year ensuing.

II. And be it further enacted, That such Officers of Health, so to be elected and appointed, shall act in the Execution of this Act without any Salary, Fee or Reward whatsoever; and that the Expenses to be incurred by such Officers in the Execution of their Duties under this Act, not exceeding such Sum as shall be specified and determined on, and limited and ascertained as the Vestry to be assembled for the Choice of such Officers, or at any subsequent Vestry to be called by the said Officers, shall be raised and levied on the Inhabitants of such Parish, in such Manner and Form as other parochial Assessments are raised and levied, and shall by the said Officers of Health be applied to the Purposes of this Act; and the Expenditure thereof shall be accounted for by the said Officers in such manner as other parochial Assessments are accounted for, and either at such times as other Assessments are accounted for according to Law, or at such other times as

Remade

Periods of the Year, and at other times to time as shall be directed in the Velly to be assembled for the Appointment of such Officers, or at any other Velly to be called by Two Inhabitants of such Parish; and that Copies of all such Accounts shall once in every Year, before the Twenty fifth Day of April in each Year, be transmitted by such Officers of Health to such Public Officer, or Office or Place in Dublin, as shall be from time to time directed by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or his or their Chief Secretary.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Inhabitant Householdholders of any Parish, Town or Place whatever, in Velly assembled, in any Part of Ireland, to appoint such Officers of Health for such Parish, in case they shall think fit and expedient so to do; and to raise such Sum and Sums of Money to be levied and accounted to as directed by this Act, in like manner as by this Act is required to be done in Cities and large Towns as aforesaid.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person shall be compelled or compellable to act or serve as such Officer of Health, in any Parish or Place, for any longer Term than One Year, nor to act or serve as such Officer for any Year continuing within Three Years after the End of any Year for which he shall have been so appointed.

V. Provided also, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Inhabitant Householdholders of any Parish in any County, City, Town or Place or Ireland, to elect the Churchwardens of such Parish for the time being to be Officers of Health under this Act, in case they shall think fit so to do; and it shall be lawful for such Churchwardens, and they are hereby authorized and required, to act as such Officers of Health accordingly, under the several Provisions of this Act.

VI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That where any City or Town as aforesaid, containing One hundred Inhabitants, or where the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland shall direct this Act to be carried into execution, in case the Inhabitant Householdholders in any Parish or Parishes in such City or Town shall neglect or refuse to elect and appoint such Officers of Health, within such time as is required by this Act, or as shall be required by any Order of such Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors, it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace assembled at the Quarter Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, for the County, City or Town within which such Parish shall be situate, and the said Justices are hereby authorized and required, to appoint such Officers of Health in and for such Parish, and also at the same time to appoint and limit what Fees shall be called by Assessors as such Parish for the Purposes of this Act, and such Sum shall and may be raised and levied accordingly, in like manner as any other Parish Assessments, and as if the same had been authorized by the Vellours of such Parishes, and shall be applied and accounted for in manner heretofore directed.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any One or more of the Parishes to be appointed Officers of Health, and he and they in and are hereby authorized, empowered and required, to make and direct all Streets and Lanes, and all Yards and Courts adjoining thereto, and all Heaths let in several Tenements to Rotten Kitchens, and the Yards, Gardens or Places belonging to such Heaths, to be cleaned and purified, and all Nuisances prejudicial to Health to be removed therefrom; and all Public Sewers to be cleaned, and where necessary, to be covered over, and all Lodgments of standing Water to be filled up or drained off; and also to make and direct all other Matters and Things to be done for the Ventilation, Fumigation and cleansing of any House whatsoever, in which Fever or other Contagious Distemper shall have occurred, and for the washing and purifying the Persons and Clothes of the Inhabitants of every such House, as shall appear to any such Officer of Health to be indispensably necessary for the Preservation and Security of the Inhabitants of such Parish against the Danger of Contagion, which due Provisions shall have previously been taken for such Purposes by the Inhabitants of such House; and it shall be lawful for all Constables and Peace Officers, and they are hereby authorized, empowered and required, to be aiding and assisting to such Officers of Health in the doing all Matters and Things whatsoever in the Execution of this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in any Parish or Parishes in any City or Town where any such Officers of Health shall be appointed as aforesaid, and where no Power or Authority is or shall be vested in or given to Magistrates or Corporation of such City or Town, to regulate the sweeping and cleansing of the Streets therein, and the collecting and disposing of the Dirt, Dung and Filth of the said Streets, and also in any City or Town whatsoever, where the Corporation or other Persons who shall be entrusted with or contracted for the cleansing and sweeping of the Streets, under the Direction of the Magistrates or Corporation or not, shall neglect or omit to cleanse and sweep the Streets and Lanes of such City or Town, twice at least in every Week, it shall and may be lawful for such Officers of Health to make and direct such Streets to be swept and cleaned, and the Dirt, Dung and Filth collected from the time to be filed and disposed of, and the Produce thereof to be applied for the Purposes of this Act, and in disposition of the Charge on the Parish for which such Officers shall be appointed: Provided always, that in all cases where the Magistrates or Corporation of any City or Town have or shall have Power and Authority to regulate the sweeping or cleansing of the Streets, or where any Stewager or other Person shall be appointed or shall have contracted for that Purpose, the said Officers of Health shall give Twenty four Hours' Notice to the Chief Magistrate of such City or Town, and to the Stewager or other Person contracting for the cleansing of such Streets, of the Neglect or Omission to sweep and cleanse the same; and that at the Expiration of such Twenty four Hours, in case the said Streets shall not be duly swept and cleaned, it shall be lawful for the said Officers of Health to make the same to be swept and cleaned, and the Produce thereof to be disposed of as aforesaid, any Act, Charter, Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Copies of accounts transmitted by Officers to Dublin.

Persons in any Part of Ireland may appoint Officers, and raise Money.

No Person compellable to serve longer than a Year, &c.

Churchwardens may be elected Officers of Health.

On Festivals, &c. Magistrates, &c. may appoint Officers of Health.

and Levied and raise Money.

Power of such Officers of Health in the cleansing Houses, &c.

Constables, &c. to aid.

On want of Power in Magistrates or Corporation, &c. to cleanse Streets, the Officers of Health may order them to be cleaned, &c.

Where Magistrates have Power, &c. Officers may give Notice to Stewager or other Person to cleanse Streets, &c.

Judges,
Churchwardens,
and Officers of Health,
empowered
to remove
Beggars, &c.

or commit to
House of Con-
finement, &c.

Such Beggars,
&c. to be
clashed, and
Quarantine Hos-
pitals may commit
them to the
House of Con-
finement for
the same Pur-
poses.

Existing
Orders of Jus-
tices, or Offi-
cers of Health.

Fines.

If not paid.
Imprisonment.

In Action for
recovery of Am-
ount.
General Inam-
ount.

Costs.

IX. And for the preventing the Danger of Contagion and other Evils, from the unbridled Intercourse of Striding Beggars, Vagabonds and idle poor Persons seeking Relief, to be enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any One Justice of Peace within his Jurisdiction, or for any Churchwarden of any Parish in any City, Town or Place in Ireland, or for any Officer of Health appointed in any Parish in pursuance of this Act, and they are hereby respectively empowered and required, to apprehend all idle poor Persons, Men, Women or Children, and all Persons who may be found begging or seeking Relief, or Striding or wandering as Vagabonds within any Parish or Place, and to direct and cause all such idle Persons, Beggars and Vagabonds to be removed and conveyed out of and from such Parish and Place, in such manner and to such Place as the Nature of the Case may require; and a Hall and may be lawful for any such Justice of the Peace, upon his own View, or upon the Complaint of any Churchwarden or Officer of Health, to commit any such Striding Beggar or Vagabond, or idle poor Person, to any Bridewell or House of Correction, or other public Place of Confinement, for any time not exceeding Twenty four Hours previous to their Removal or Departure out of such Parish; and a Hall and may be lawful for any Churchwarden or Officer of Health in such Parish, during such Period of Twenty four Hours, to cause the Persons and Clothes of such idle poor Persons, Beggars or Vagabonds to be washed and cleaned; and it shall be lawful for the Justices of any County, City or Town assembled, at any Quarter Sessions or Adjournment thereof, to designate and appoint any suitable unoccupied Building to be a Bridewell or Place of Confinement for such idle Persons, Beggars and Vagabonds, with the Consent and Approbation of the Owner of such House or Building, and to apply to and agree with such Owner for such Purposes accordingly; and every Bench, Constable and Peace Officer within their respective Districts or Jurisdictions, shall be and are hereby required to be obedient to the said Justices of Peace, Churchwardens and Officers of Health, in such Apprehensions, and Confinement and Treatment of such idle poor Persons, Beggars and Vagabonds, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall resist or oppose any Justice of Peace, Churchwarden or Officer of Health, in the Execution of the Powers of this Act, or in the doing or performing of any Matter or Thing in the Execution of this Act, every such Person or Persons in guilty of wilful or opposing shall, on Conviction thereof before any Two Justices of Peace or Magistrates within their Jurisdiction, or on the Oath or Affirmation of any One or more credible Witnesses, or on the Confession of the Party to offending, incur such Penalty, not less than Ten Shillings nor more than Ten Pounds, as such Justices of Peace or Magistrates shall in their Discretion think proper to adjudge and inflict; or in failure of making payment of such Fine, such Offenders shall and may be committed to the Common Goal or House of Correction for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months; and no such Convictions shall be quashed for Inadequacy, nor shall be removed or reversible by Certiorari or otherwise, nor subject to any Appeal whatever.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Action shall be brought against any Person or Persons for any thing done in the Execution of any of the Powers or Duties by this Act given or required, the Defendant or Defendants may in every such Suit plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Defence; and in every Case where the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Suit shall fail, the Court to which such Suit shall be carried on shall award Costs to the Defendant or Defendants.

C. A. P. XLII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Twelve Millions by way of Annuities.

[11th June 1819.]

[This Act is similar to former Acts.]

C. A. P. XLIII.

An Act to authorize the Receipt and Appropriation of certain Sums voluntarily contributed by the Most Noble John Jeffreys Marquis Camden, in aid of the Public Service.

[11th June 1819.]

WHEREAS the Most Noble John Jeffreys Marquis Camden did, on the Eighth of February in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, propose to the then Chancellor of the Exchequer, as the then deferred State of the Country, to pay, in aid of the Public Revenue for the Expenses of the State, from the Fifth Day of April then next ensuing, whatever Fines, Penalties or Emoluments he might receive in right of his Patent Office of One of the Four Tellers of His Majesty's Exchequer, beyond the Sum which was entitled to be paid to each of the Four Tellers of the Exchequer by an Act passed in the Twenty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for establishing certain Regulations in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer*, and beyond the Charge of the Exchequer of the said Office: And Whereas the said Marquis Camden then stated, that it was not his intention to acquire or retain to his own Use, out of the Fines, Penalties or Emoluments of his said Office, during the Period he might continue to hold the same, any larger or greater Sum than the Amount to be specified in the said recited Act: And Whereas the Sum of Eight thousand two hundred twenty five Pounds Eleven Shillings, being the Surplus of such Fines, Penalties and Emoluments over and above such Amount as aforesaid, for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, was paid by the said Marquis Camden in aid of the Public Service of the said Year, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for amending in His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff in Great Britain, and in Portugal, Africa* and

* *and Profound Spirit in England; and for wanting the Contributions of Persons receiving Pay, and holding Office, for the Service of the Year the thousand eight hundred and nineteen; which Act has been expired;*
 * *And Whereas it is highly expedient that a Memorial should remain, recording the just Satisfaction by Parliament of the Public Spirit and disinterested Conduct of the said Marquis Camden, in making during his late the large Sacrifice of Private Fortune to the Service and Goodwill of his Country; and it is also necessary that Provision should be made for carrying into effect the Intention of the said Marquis Camden's Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them for the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, to give such Directions as may be necessary for carrying into effect the said Intention of the said Marquis Camden, and from time to time for receiving and giving full and sufficient Discharge for all such Surplus Fees, Perquisites and Emoluments afforded, as shall accrue by virtue of the Patent to the said Fellowship of Marquis Camden, for the Period which has elapsed since the Expiration of the said Act of the Fifty seventh Year of His present Majesty, from Year to Year, during the time the said Fellowship shall continue to be held by him; and further to direct that all and every such Sum so contributed shall from time to time be paid into the Office of One of the Year officers of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.*

Treasury to give Directions to the Exchequer, the giving effect to the Marquis Camden's Intention.

C. A. P. XLIV.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Punishment of Murders, Manslaughters, Rapes, Robberies and Burglaries committed in Places not within His Majesty's Dominions, as relates to the Trial of Murders, Manslaughters, Rapes, Robberies and Burglaries committed in *Hospitios*. [20th Janr 1819.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Murders and Manslaughters committed in Places not within His Majesty's Dominions*, it was among other things provided and enacted, that from and after the passing of that Act, all Murders and Manslaughters committed, or that shall be committed on Land in the Settlement in the Bay of Honduras, by any Person or Persons relating or being against the said Settlement, shall and may be tried, adjudged and punished in any of His Majesty's Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Dominions, Ports or Fisheries, under or by virtue of The King's Commission or Commissions which shall have been, or shall hereafter be, issued under and by virtue of an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the more speedy Trial of Offences committed in distant Parts upon the Sea: And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether in the said Settlements in the Bay of Honduras, there be a Port or Harbour to which a Commission may issue for the Trial of Offences under the said last mentioned Act: And Whereas by reason of such Doubts, and the great Delay and Difficulty of removing Officers in Honduras for Trial to England, or to any of His Majesty's Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Dominions, Ports or Fisheries, such Cases do sometimes escape unpunished: For Remedy thereof, be it enacted, by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Murders, Manslaughters, Rapes, Robberies and Burglaries committed, or that shall be committed on Land, at the said Settlement in the Bay of Honduras, may be required of, tried, heard, determined and adjudged, within the said Settlement in the Bay of Honduras, under or by virtue of The King's Commission or Commissions, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to be directed to any such Four or more different Persons, as the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain, for the time being, shall from time to time think fit to appoint, in the same manner as is provided and enacted with respect to any Crimes directed to be required of, heard, determined or adjudged, under and by virtue of any Commission issued under and by virtue of the aforesaid Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, in any of His Majesty's Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Dominions, Ports or Fisheries.*

§ 1. G. 3. c. 43. § 1.

20 G. 3. c. 28.

Comms. Officers may, under an Order in the Bay of Honduras, be tried there under a Commission under the Great Seal.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners to be appointed, or any Three of them, shall have such and the like Powers and Authorities for the Trial of all such Murders, Manslaughters, Rapes, Robberies and Burglaries, committed within such Settlement in the Bay of Honduras, as any Commissioners appointed or to be appointed under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty have, or would have, for the Trial of any Offences committed upon the Sea: And all Persons convicted of either of the said Offences in to be tried by virtue of any Commission to be issued according to the Directions of this Act shall be subject and liable to, and shall suffer all such and the same Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, as by any Law or Laws now in force Persons convicted of the same respectively would be subject and liable to in case the same were respectively required of, tried, heard, determined and adjudged, within any of His Majesty's Islands, Plantations, Colonies or Dominions, by virtue of any Commission made according to the Directions of the aforesaid Acts of the Forty sixth and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty, or either of them; any Statute, Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Persons of the Commission appointed under such Commission.

Fines, &c. in which Persons are bound liable.

III. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall repeal or affect the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, intitled *An Act to provide for Commission of Oyer*

Provis for Sect. 31 H. 8. c. 13.

Open and Terminate against such Persons as shall commit Treason, or others, without remanding the same to be tried in the Place where the Offence was committed.

As altered, &c.
this Session.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XLV.

An Act to explain and amend certain Acts relative to the Court of Session in Scotland.

[and Jura 1819.]

As 1819. c. 45.
45.

As 1819. c. 111.
111.

As 1819. c. 44.
44.

In case of a
Vacancy in the
Junior House of
either Division,
a Judge may be
removed from the
one Division to
the other.

In what Time
Senior Ordinary
Judge officiating
as a permanent
Lord Ordinary
may sit.

Proviso in case
of a Vacancy
among the
Judges offi-
ciating as per-
manent Lords
Ordinary.

Proviso as to
Rank and Pre-
cedence.

Proviso in case
of the Junior
or last appointed

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act concerning the Administration of Justice in Scotland, and Appeals to the House of Lords*, it was enacted, that the Judges or Lords of Session should usually sit in Two Divisions, and the Lord President of the whole Court, and Seven of the Ordinary Lords of Session should form One and the First of the said Divisions, and the Lord Justice Clerk for the time being and Six of the Ordinary Lords of Session should form the other and the Second of the said Divisions: And Whereas by another Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for abridging the Form of recording Decrees of the Court of Session in Scotland, and for the Regulation of certain Parts of the Proceedings of that Court*, it was enacted, that the Three Junior Ordinary Judges of the First Division of the Court of Session, and the Two Junior Ordinary Judges of the Second Division, should be relieved from Attendance in the Inner House, and should, even after the passing of the said Act, not sit therein, but should sit in Lords Ordinary in the Outer House: And Whereas by another Act passed in the Tenth third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the better Regulation of the Court of Session in Scotland*, it was enacted, that the Three Junior Ordinary Judges of the First Division of the Court of Session, and the Two Junior Ordinary Judges of the Second Division of the Court of Session for the time being, should officiate as permanent Lords Ordinary, in the manner therein directed: And Whereas a Vacancy has arisen in the Second Division of the Court of Session by the Death of One of the Two Ordinary Judges officiating as permanent Lords Ordinary therein, and Vacancies may arise in either of the said Divisions by the Death or Resignation of one or more of the Judges sitting in the Inner House, as well as by the Death or Resignation of one or more of the Ordinary Judges officiating as permanent Lords Ordinary therein; and Circumstances may arise which may make it desirable that a Judge sitting in the Inner House of One of the said Divisions should sit in the Inner House of the other of the said Divisions; and it is expedient that the Power of His Majesty should be declared in such Cases: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted and declared, and be it enacted and declared by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon a Vacancy arising by the Death or Resignation of any of the Judges sitting in the Inner House of either of the said Divisions of the Court of Session, to order and direct, by a Warrant under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, that any One of the Judges sitting in the Inner House of the Division where the Vacancy shall not have arisen (if such Judge shall desire it), shall sit in the Division where the Vacancy shall have arisen; and that the Vacancy then created in the said Division, from which the said Judge shall have been removed, shall be supplied by the Senior Ordinary Judge officiating as a permanent Lord Ordinary in the Outer House, who shall thereafter be enabled to sit in the Inner House of the said Division, although such Junior Judge shall not have been appointed to sit in the said Division; or if no Judge sitting in the Inner House of the Division where the Vacancy shall not have arisen, shall desire to sit in the Division where the Vacancy shall have arisen, that the Senior Ordinary Judge officiating as a permanent Lord Ordinary in either of the said Divisions shall be enabled thereafter to sit in the Inner House of that Division in which the said Vacancy shall have arisen, although such Junior Judge shall not have been originally appointed to sit in the Division where such Vacancy shall happen.

II. And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That where a Vacancy shall arise in either Division among the Ordinary Judges officiating as permanent Lords Ordinary therein, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by a Warrant under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, to order and direct that the Senior of the Ordinary Judges officiating as a permanent Lord Ordinary in the Division where the Vacancy shall not have arisen, if he shall desire so, and if he shall not desire it, then that the next Ordinary Judge officiating as a permanent Lord Ordinary in the Division where the Vacancy shall not have arisen, if such Judge shall desire it, shall sit in the Division where the Vacancy shall have arisen; and where a Vacancy shall arise among the Ordinary Judges officiating as permanent Lords Ordinary in the Second Division, then the Junior or last appointed Judge for the time being, of the Three Junior Ordinary Judges of the First Division, shall be appointed in manner directed by this Act to sit in the Second Division, and so long as he shall continue One of the Two Junior Ordinary Judges therein, shall officiate as One of the permanent Lords Ordinary therein, in the manner directed by the said last-mentioned Act.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in the Case of the Removal of any of the said Judges from the One of the said Divisions to the other of the said Divisions, such Judge shall have Rank and Precedence in the Division to which he shall be removed according to and from the Date of his original Appointment to sit in the Division from which he shall be removed.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in the Case of the Junior or last appointed Judge of the First of the said Divisions being removed to the Second Division pursuant to this Act, it shall

be competent to the whole Court, or a Quorum thereof, to appoint the other Judges officiating as permanent Lords Ordinary to officiate each Week by rotation as Ordinaries in the Bill Chamber divided in Tabled Proceedings, and other Matters mentioned in the said last recited Act, in the manner therein directed in the Case of the Death, Resignation, Sickleave or necessary Absence of such Justice or last appointed Judge.

*Judge of the
First Division
being permanent*

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all other Cases where an Ordinary Judge officiating as a permanent Lord Ordinary shall be removed from the One of the said Divisions to the other of the said Divisions, it shall and may be lawful for the whole Court, or a Quorum thereof, to commit the Proceedings then depending before such permanent Lord Ordinary in the manner directed by the said last recited Act, in the Event of the Death, Resignation or Removal into the lower House, of any of the said permanent Lords Ordinary.

*Proviso in the
other Cases of
Removal under
this Act.*

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act and the said Three several Acts shall be read together in the same manner as if this Act had made Part of the said last recited Act.

*This Act and
several Acts
enacted toge-
ther.*

C A P. XLVI.

An Act to abolish Appeals of Murder, Treason, Felony or other Offences, and Wager of Battle, or joining Issue and Trial by Battle, in Writs of Right. [12th Year 1819.]

WHEREAS Appeals of Murder, Treason, Felony and other Offences, and the Manner of proceeding thereon, have been found to be oppressive; and the Trial by Battle in any Suit, is a Mode of Trial unfit to be used; and it is expedient that the same should be wholly abolished: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Appeals of Treason, Murder, Felony or other Offences, shall cease, determine and become void; and that it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons, at any time after the passing of this Act, to commence, take or set on Foot an Appeal of Treason, Murder, Felony or other Offences, against any other Person or Persons whatsoever, but that all such Appeals shall, from henceforth, be utterly abolished; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

*Appeals of
Murder or
other Offences,
to cease.*

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in any Writ of Right now depending, or which may hereafter be brought, returned or commenced, the Trial shall not be removed to wage Battle, nor shall Issue be joined nor Trial be had by Battle in any Writ of Right; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

*No Trial to
be removed to wage
Battle, nor
Trial had by
Battle in Writ
of Right.*

C A P. XLVII.

An Act to indemnify Persons who shall give Evidence before the Lords Spiritual and Temporal on the Bill for preventing Bribery and Corruption in the Election of Members to serve in Parliament for the Borough of *Burgesshe*, in the County of *Devon*. [12th Year 1819.]

WHEREAS the Commons of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled have passed a Bill intituled *An Act for the preventing of Bribery and Corruption in the Election of Members to serve in Parliament for the Borough of Burgesshe, in the County of Devon*: And Whereas it is alleged that there hath been notorious Bribery and Corruption at Elections of Burgesshe, or to procure the Election of Burgesshe, to serve in Parliament for the said Borough of Burgesshe: And Whereas it is necessary to examine as Witnesses at the Bar of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in respect of such alleged Bribery and Corruption, several Persons not having been Candidates or a Candidate for the said Borough: And Whereas the Testimony of such Persons may lead to Discoveries tending to expose them to penal Consequences: And Whereas it is expedient to indemnify such Persons, as they are hereafter indemnified, upon their truly and faithfully making such Discoveries and Discovery as hereafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for the more effectually prosecuting the said Enquiry, that all and every Person and Persons, not having been Candidates or a Candidate for the said Borough, who may or hath been or may have been implicated or engaged in such alleged Bribery and Corruption, at or connected with any Election of Members to serve in Parliament for the said Borough of Burgesshe, and who shall be examined as Witnesses or a Witness at the Bar of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal respecting such alleged Bribery and Corruption, and who shall upon such Examination make a true and faithful Discovery and Discoveries, to the best of his, her or their Knowledge touching all Acts, Matters and Things to which he, she or they shall be so examined, shall be, and he, she and they is and are hereby freed, absolved and discharged of, from and against all penal Actions, Forfeitures, Penalties, Disabilities and Incapacities, and all criminal Prosecutions, which he, she or they may have been or may become liable or subject to, or which he, she or they may have incurred or may incur, at the Suit of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or any other Person or Persons, for or by malice or malice of or in relation to any Act, Matter or Thing done or committed by such Person or Persons in respect of such alleged Bribery and Corruption, respecting or concerning which such Person or Persons shall be so examined as aforesaid, and shall make such true and faithful Discovery and Discoveries as aforesaid.

*Persons im-
plicated in
Bribery, not
being Can-
didates, ex-
amined as
Witnesses and
making a faith-
ful Discovery,
indemnified.*

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, that this Act or any thing herein contained shall not extend or be deemed or construed to extend to give any Benefit or Advantage to, or to indemnify, free or discharge

*Not to extend
to Persons
giving false
Discoveries*

Evidence, or suppressing any Matter in Question.

In case of At-
tornies, Copies
of Entries of
Examination
may be given
in Evidence.

Admit any Person or Persons from or against any Forfeiture, Penalties, Disfranchises or Incapacities, or any Prosecutions, who, being examined as aforesaid, shall give any false Evidence, or make any false Discovery, or suppress or relate fully and truly to disclose any A.B. Matter or Thing within law, or on their Knowledge, touching or concerning which such Person or Persons shall be so examined as aforesaid; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any writ notwithstanding.

III. Provided always, That it shall be lawful for all Persons who shall be so examined as aforesaid, upon any Action or Prosecution commenced or instituted, or to be commenced or instituted, of or in respect of any of the Matters to which they shall be so examined as aforesaid, to give in Evidence upon the Trial of such Action or Prosecution Copies of the Entries contained in the Journals of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of such their several Examinations; and that such Copies shall be conclusive Evidence, upon the Trial of all such Actions and Prosecutions of the Facts of the Examinations of such Persons, and of the Questions propounded to such Persons, and of the Answers given by them to such Questions.

C A P. XLVIII.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for granting to His Majesty the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds towards repairing Roads between London and Holyhead by Clither, and between London and Bangor by Shroburgh, and for giving additional Powers to the Commissioners therein named, to build a Bridge over the *Alma Stream*, and to make a new Road from *Banger Ferry* to *Holyhead*, in the County of *Anglesea*. [20 July 1819.]

“ 45 G. 3. c. 152. 58 G. 3. c. 101. § 23. 3 G. 3. c. 58. 15 G. 3. c. 69. 47 G. 3. c. 21. left 1. rected.
“ Commissioners under 45 G. 3. c. 152. empowered to build a Bridge over the *Alma Stream*. § 3. Ways
“ way of 1000 Feet. Roadways. § 2. Power to make use of certain Common Lands in the Parish of *Llanddula*,
“ and other Lands and Grounds where necessary, on making Compensation. § 3. Power to make certain Quarries
“ to be opened, and Stone raised therefrom, on the North Eastern Coast of *Anglesea*. § 4. Power to make an Ap-
“ proach to the South East End of the Bridge from the *Banger Road*. § 5. Commissioners may purchase
“ *Parishlands* or *Banger Ferry*. § 6. *Baden Police* and unincorporated Persons empowered to sell. Conspira-
“ cious at the Expense of Commissioners, and, on Request, attested Copies thereof to be delivered to Persons
“ interested. § 7. Satisfaction to be made to Persons selling. § 8. If Parties cannot agree as to Purchase
“ Money, a Jury to determine thereon. § 9. Sheriff or other Officers executing Duty, Penalty 2s. Persons
“ summoned on Juries not attending, Penalty. Witnesses not attending, &c. Penalty. § 10. Forfeiture. § 11. No
“ Claim for Damage to be allowed, unless Notice thereof be given within Six Months. § 12. Cases in which
“ Expense of Jury and Witnesses to be paid by Commissioners. In what Cases such Expenses to be paid by
“ the Person transacting with the Commissioners. § 13. Lands to be sold to the Commissioners, on Payment or
“ Tender of the Value or Amount of Damages. § 14. Verdicts of Juries to be recorded at Quarter Sessions of
“ *Anglesea*. For for Delinquency, &c. § 15. Burglars and Sales to have the Force of Fines and Recov-
“ eries. § 16. Within 30 Days after the Bridge is completed, Commissioners to pay the Sum agreed for
“ or awarded to be paid, &c. § 17. Application of Purchase Money when amounting to or exceeding
“ 2000.—§ 18. Application where Purchase Money is less than 2000. and above 100.—§ 19. Applica-
“ tion when Money is less than 100.—§ 20. In default of Title, Money to be paid into the Bank, in
“ the Name of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, subject to the Order of the said
“ Court, as Money or Pensions. § 21. Where any Question shall arise as to the Title to Money so
“ paid into the Bank, the Parties in Possession of the Lands, &c. shall be deemed entitled. § 22. In
“ Cases of Incapacity, &c. Expenses of Purchasers to be paid by the Commissioners as the Cases of
“ Chancery shall direct. § 23. Commissioners empowered to sell and convey Lands purchased by them,
“ and not wanted for the Purpose of this Act. Offer of Sale to be first made to the original Proprietors
“ or Vendors. Power to be vested by a Jury, in case of any Difference. Assent of such Persons not neces-
“ sary to purchase. § 24. No Persons, Carriages, Cattle, &c. not employed in the Construction of the
“ Bridge, &c. to pass the said Stream otherwise than by the present Ferry, until the Bridge is completed.
“ Penalties. Justice of Peace for the County of *Anglesea* may hear and determine Complaints. If Penalties
“ decreed not paid, Distress and Proceedings. Penalties not to be enforced where the said Ferry Tolls have
“ been paid or tendered. § 25. Compensation to be made by Commissioners to the Owners of *Banger Ferry*. How
“ assisted. § 26. Deconstructing Works, Felling; assigned to Park Labourers. § 27. Drawing any Timber other-
“ wise than upon Wheel Carriages, &c. Penalty. § 28. Felling Rabbits upon the Bridge, &c. Penalty. § 29.
“ The Bridge, when completed, shall be made over to the Commissioners under 45 G. 3. c. 152. § 30. Commissioners
“ may erect Tumpiers on the Bridge, and take certain Tolls. § 31. New Road from the new Bridge to *Anglesea*
“ to *Holyhead* to be let out. Part of the Road between *London* and *Holyhead* to be repaired. &c. § 32. Road from
“ *Parishlands* near to *Holyhead* vested in the Commissioners. Penalty, if the Trustees approve and the
“ Conditions allow. § 33. When new Road is completed, the Powers of 3 G. 3. c. 58. 15 G. 3. c. 69. and
“ 47 G. 3. c. 21. left 1. to cease, &c. § 34. Mortgages of Tolls, &c. amounting to 20000. to remain
“ in force, § 35. 1. to be a Charge on the Tolls, bearing Interest at 5 per Cent. Commissioners to pay
“ such Interest. § 36. Surplus of Money, after paying Interest and Expenses, to be applied in Discharge
“ of the Mortgages. § 37. Road to be made from *Melwynd Mugh* to *Llanddula*, § 38. and also a Branch of
“ Road to *Beddwen*, § 39. to be deemed common Highways. § 40. Embankment to be made on the
“ *Stanby Stream*, and *Swirl* Bridges constructed over *Parish* River. Sanitation to be made, Embankment
“ and *Swirl* Bridges taken as Part of Road. § 41. Persons to be appointed to open such Bridges for Passage

of Writs. Persons not immediately passing. Penalty. § 42. Road from *Singer Ferry* to *Relphad* given up by Commissioners under 55 G. 3. c. 152. to Commissioners under c. 30. ante. § 43. Commissioners to visit, &c. Terephos, and take Tolls. Tolls. Application of the Tolls. § 44. His Majesty, &c. to be supplied from Tolls. § 45. Tolls payable only once a Day at the same Terephos. Exceptions. Collector to deliver Ticket. § 46. Toll payable at Four Gates only on the same Day. § 47. Compulsion may be made for Tolls. § 48. Additional Toll of 2s. a head for every Boat in the Dore above 20 pulling the Bridge. § 49. Powers given by 55 G. 3. c. 152. for obtaining Materials and making use of Lands, to accord to c. 30. ante. § 50. Materials related to Commissioners. How Property to be taken in Actions, &c. Commissioners may sell, &c. such Materials. § 51. Commissioners empowered to take down Houses, &c. making Satisfaction to Owners, &c. § 52. Misfeasance, or wrong Discharge in the Schedule, not to prevent the Revocation of 55 G. 3. c. 152.—§ 53. Use to be built at *Cardiff*. When Owner of *Car-Mew* shall have completed such Use, the Commissioners under 55 G. 3. c. 152. are to reimburse him. § 54. No Houses, &c. to be taken without Consent of the Owners, except such as are specified in the Schedule. § 55. Bridge to be completed in Four Years, or Powers to cease. § 56. Treasury to advance to the Commissioners under 55 G. 3. c. 152. any Sum not exceeding 115,000*l.* the building the Bridge over the *Monk Stream*; which Sum shall be repaid with Interest at 5*l.* per Cent. per Annum. § 57. Application of the Tolls. 100*l.* yearly retained for keeping the Bridge in Repair, and the Remainder paid in to the Exchequer, till the Money advanced is paid with Interest at 5*l.* per Cent. per Annum. c. 30. ante. § 58.

LIX. AND be it further enacted, That a Staff and may be lawfully for the Postmaster General for the time being, and be it hereby required, from and after the passing of this Act, to charge and levy on all Letters and Packets conveyed by Post to and from any Part of Great Britain and Ireland, or from any Part beyond the Seas to any Place within Ireland, or from any Place within Ireland to any Place beyond the Seas, by the Way of *Dublin* and *Malpas*, in addition to the Rates and Duties now payable by 1*l.* 6*d.* for the Conveyance by the Post of such Letters and Packets, the Rates and Duties following; (that is to say), for a Single Letter and Packet, the additional Sum of One Penny; for a Double Letter and Packet, the additional Sum of Two pence; for a Triple Letter and Packet, the additional Sum of Three pence; and in proportion an additional Sum of One Penny, according to the Rate of Increase of the Postage of Letters now established by an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of His Majesty's said Majesty, entitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain additional Rates of Postage to Great Britain*; and of all the Powers and Authorities given by Law for the Recovery of the Postage of Letters shall be in force and applicable to such additional Duty hereby imposed, and the same shall be charged, paid and regulated by, and be subject to the same Rules, Regulations and Exceptions, as are now by Law in force as to the Rates and Duties payable on such Letters.

LX. And be it further enacted, That the Sum or Sums of Money arising from the said additional Rate of Postage by this Act imposed, shall be paid over from time to time to the Receiver General for the time being of the Revenue of the Post Office, in the same Manner and at the same Time as other Sums of Money are directed to be paid over to him by, an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of His Majesty's said Majesty, entitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain additional Rates of Postage to Great Britain*; and the said Receiver General shall, at the times when he shall pay the other Rates and Duties by him received into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, pay over also into the said Receipt all such Sums and Sums of Money as shall be received by him for or in account of the said additional Rate of Postage hereby imposed (the ordinary Charges for paying, collecting and accounting for the same being first deducted), distinguishing the same in his Accounts, and paying such Sums and Sums of Money for and in account of the said Commissioners appointed by the said Act of the Fifty sixth Year of His Majesty's said Majesty; and the said Sums and Sums of Money to be paid shall be carried to the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

* Accounts of Receipts and Disbursements of Commissioners under the c. 30. ante, with a Report of the Progress made in the Works to be laid before Parliament. When the Money advanced is paid off, Certificates thereof shall be published in the Gazette. § 61. The Commissioners under 55 G. 3. c. 152. to render an Account to Treasury of Money advanced for building the Bridge over the *Monk Stream*, and to His Majesty and Parliament. § 62. Penalties and Forfeitures, how to be recovered. § 63. Conviction of Offenders. Form. § 64. Distress not unlawful for want of Form. Party aggrieved by Irregularity may recover Damages and Costs. § 65. Plaintiff not to recover without Notice of Action, nor after Trial of Verdict. § 66. Appeal to Quarter Sessions. Notice of Appeal. Sessions may mitigate Forfeiture. § 67. Limitation of Actions. Where lost. Pleading. § 68. Proceedings not recoverable by Coroner. § 69. When Bridge and Roads are completed, c. 30. ante, to extend to this Act. Exception. Schedule (A), (B). § 70.

C A P. XLIX.

An Act to continue the Restrictions contained in several Acts on Payments in Cash by the Bank of England, until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and to provide for the gradual Redemption of such Payments; and to permit the Exportation of Gold and Silver.

[24 July 1819.]

* WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, in the Thirty seventh Year of the said Majesty, entitled *An Act for continuing and continuing for a limited time, the Restrictions contained in the Acts of Council of the Twenty fourth of February One thousand seven hundred and seventy seven, on Payments of Cash by the Bank*; which Act was continued, under certain Regulations and Restrictions, by another Act made in the said Parliament in the Thirty seventh Year aforesaid; and by an Act made in 59 Geo. III.

Additional Rate of Postage to be paid.

24 G. 3. c. 22.

Money arising by additional Rate of Postage to be paid over to the Receiver General as by 55 G. 3. c. 57.

37 G. 3. c. 42.

37 G. 3. c. 70.

* the

- 31 G. 3. c. 1. the Parliament of Great Britain in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the Provision contained in the last recited Act of the Thirty seventh Year, were amended and continued; and by an Act made in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the several Provisions of the said Acts passed in the Thirty seventh Year aforesaid, so far as the same are amended and continued by the last Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, and also the recited Act of the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, were further continued; and by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the several Provisions of the said Acts passed in the Thirty seventh Year aforesaid, so far as the same are amended by the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, and continued by the last Act of the Forty second Year, were further continued and amended; and by an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the several Provisions of the said Acts passed in the Thirty seventh Year aforesaid, so far as the same are amended by the last Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, and continued and amended by the last Act of the Forty third Year aforesaid, were further continued; and by several Acts passed in the Fifty fourth, Fifty fifth, Fifty sixth, and Fifty eighth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, the last recited Act of the Forty fourth Year has been continued, and is now in force, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen: And Whereas an Act was passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to replace, until the End of the present Session of Parliament, the Governor and Company of the Bank of England from making Payments in Cash on certain Notes given by them for that Purpose*: And Whereas it is expedient that the Restrictions on Payments in Cash by the said Bank should be continued beyond the time to which such Restrictions are at present limited, and that a definite Period should be fixed for the Termination of such Restrictions, and that preparatory Measures should be taken with a view to facilitate and expedite, on the Arrival of that Period, the Payment of the Promissory Notes of the Bank of England to the Legal Coin of the Realm: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Provisions of the said heretofore recited Acts passed in the Parliament of Great Britain in the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, so far as the same are amended by the last Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and by the last Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for continuing and amending the same, and also of the last heretofore recited Act of this present Session of Parliament, and each and every of the said Acts, shall be and the same and every of them is and are hereby further continued, until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; and that from and after the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the Restrictions on Payments in Cash under the said several Acts shall finally cease and determine.
- 32 G. 3. c. 12. 33 G. 3. c. 24. 34 G. 3. c. 25. 35 G. 3. c. 26. 36 G. 3. c. 27. 37 G. 3. c. 28. 38 G. 3. c. 29. 39 G. 3. c. 30. 40 G. 3. c. 31. 41 G. 3. c. 32. 42 G. 3. c. 33. 43 G. 3. c. 34. 44 G. 3. c. 35. 45 G. 3. c. 36. 46 G. 3. c. 37. 47 G. 3. c. 38. 48 G. 3. c. 39. 49 G. 3. c. 40. 50 G. 3. c. 41. 51 G. 3. c. 42. 52 G. 3. c. 43. 53 G. 3. c. 44. 54 G. 3. c. 45. 55 G. 3. c. 46. 56 G. 3. c. 47. 57 G. 3. c. 48. 58 G. 3. c. 49. 59 G. 3. c. 50. 60 G. 3. c. 51. 61 G. 3. c. 52. 62 G. 3. c. 53. 63 G. 3. c. 54. 64 G. 3. c. 55. 65 G. 3. c. 56. 66 G. 3. c. 57. 67 G. 3. c. 58. 68 G. 3. c. 59. 69 G. 3. c. 60. 70 G. 3. c. 61. 71 G. 3. c. 62. 72 G. 3. c. 63. 73 G. 3. c. 64. 74 G. 3. c. 65. 75 G. 3. c. 66. 76 G. 3. c. 67. 77 G. 3. c. 68. 78 G. 3. c. 69. 79 G. 3. c. 70. 80 G. 3. c. 71. 81 G. 3. c. 72. 82 G. 3. c. 73. 83 G. 3. c. 74. 84 G. 3. c. 75. 85 G. 3. c. 76. 86 G. 3. c. 77. 87 G. 3. c. 78. 88 G. 3. c. 79. 89 G. 3. c. 80. 90 G. 3. c. 81. 91 G. 3. c. 82. 92 G. 3. c. 83. 93 G. 3. c. 84. 94 G. 3. c. 85. 95 G. 3. c. 86. 96 G. 3. c. 87. 97 G. 3. c. 88. 98 G. 3. c. 89. 99 G. 3. c. 90. 100 G. 3. c. 91. 101 G. 3. c. 92. 102 G. 3. c. 93. 103 G. 3. c. 94. 104 G. 3. c. 95. 105 G. 3. c. 96. 106 G. 3. c. 97. 107 G. 3. c. 98. 108 G. 3. c. 99. 109 G. 3. c. 100. 110 G. 3. c. 101. 111 G. 3. c. 102. 112 G. 3. c. 103. 113 G. 3. c. 104. 114 G. 3. c. 105. 115 G. 3. c. 106. 116 G. 3. c. 107. 117 G. 3. c. 108. 118 G. 3. c. 109. 119 G. 3. c. 110. 120 G. 3. c. 111. 121 G. 3. c. 112. 122 G. 3. c. 113. 123 G. 3. c. 114. 124 G. 3. c. 115. 125 G. 3. c. 116. 126 G. 3. c. 117. 127 G. 3. c. 118. 128 G. 3. c. 119. 129 G. 3. c. 120. 130 G. 3. c. 121. 131 G. 3. c. 122. 132 G. 3. c. 123. 133 G. 3. c. 124. 134 G. 3. c. 125. 135 G. 3. c. 126. 136 G. 3. c. 127. 137 G. 3. c. 128. 138 G. 3. c. 129. 139 G. 3. c. 130. 140 G. 3. c. 131. 141 G. 3. c. 132. 142 G. 3. c. 133. 143 G. 3. c. 134. 144 G. 3. c. 135. 145 G. 3. c. 136. 146 G. 3. c. 137. 147 G. 3. c. 138. 148 G. 3. c. 139. 149 G. 3. c. 140. 150 G. 3. c. 141. 151 G. 3. c. 142. 152 G. 3. c. 143. 153 G. 3. c. 144. 154 G. 3. c. 145. 155 G. 3. c. 146. 156 G. 3. c. 147. 157 G. 3. c. 148. 158 G. 3. c. 149. 159 G. 3. c. 150. 160 G. 3. c. 151. 161 G. 3. c. 152. 162 G. 3. c. 153. 163 G. 3. c. 154. 164 G. 3. c. 155. 165 G. 3. c. 156. 166 G. 3. c. 157. 167 G. 3. c. 158. 168 G. 3. c. 159. 169 G. 3. c. 160. 170 G. 3. c. 161. 171 G. 3. c. 162. 172 G. 3. c. 163. 173 G. 3. c. 164. 174 G. 3. c. 165. 175 G. 3. c. 166. 176 G. 3. c. 167. 177 G. 3. c. 168. 178 G. 3. c. 169. 179 G. 3. c. 170. 180 G. 3. c. 171. 181 G. 3. c. 172. 182 G. 3. c. 173. 183 G. 3. c. 174. 184 G. 3. c. 175. 185 G. 3. c. 176. 186 G. 3. c. 177. 187 G. 3. c. 178. 188 G. 3. c. 179. 189 G. 3. c. 180. 190 G. 3. c. 181. 191 G. 3. c. 182. 192 G. 3. c. 183. 193 G. 3. c. 184. 194 G. 3. c. 185. 195 G. 3. c. 186. 196 G. 3. c. 187. 197 G. 3. c. 188. 198 G. 3. c. 189. 199 G. 3. c. 190. 200 G. 3. c. 191. 201 G. 3. c. 192. 202 G. 3. c. 193. 203 G. 3. c. 194. 204 G. 3. c. 195. 205 G. 3. c. 196. 206 G. 3. c. 197. 207 G. 3. c. 198. 208 G. 3. c. 199. 209 G. 3. c. 200. 210 G. 3. c. 201. 211 G. 3. c. 202. 212 G. 3. c. 203. 213 G. 3. c. 204. 214 G. 3. c. 205. 215 G. 3. c. 206. 216 G. 3. c. 207. 217 G. 3. c. 208. 218 G. 3. c. 209. 219 G. 3. c. 210. 220 G. 3. c. 211. 221 G. 3. c. 212. 222 G. 3. c. 213. 223 G. 3. c. 214. 224 G. 3. c. 215. 225 G. 3. c. 216. 226 G. 3. c. 217. 227 G. 3. c. 218. 228 G. 3. c. 219. 229 G. 3. c. 220. 230 G. 3. c. 221. 231 G. 3. c. 222. 232 G. 3. c. 223. 233 G. 3. c. 224. 234 G. 3. c. 225. 235 G. 3. c. 226. 236 G. 3. c. 227. 237 G. 3. c. 228. 238 G. 3. c. 229. 239 G. 3. c. 230. 240 G. 3. c. 231. 241 G. 3. c. 232. 242 G. 3. c. 233. 243 G. 3. c. 234. 244 G. 3. c. 235. 245 G. 3. c. 236. 246 G. 3. c. 237. 247 G. 3. c. 238. 248 G. 3. c. 239. 249 G. 3. c. 240. 250 G. 3. c. 241. 251 G. 3. c. 242. 252 G. 3. c. 243. 253 G. 3. c. 244. 254 G. 3. c. 245. 255 G. 3. c. 246. 256 G. 3. c. 247. 257 G. 3. c. 248. 258 G. 3. c. 249. 259 G. 3. c. 250. 260 G. 3. c. 251. 261 G. 3. c. 252. 262 G. 3. c. 253. 263 G. 3. c. 254. 264 G. 3. c. 255. 265 G. 3. c. 256. 266 G. 3. c. 257. 267 G. 3. c. 258. 268 G. 3. c. 259. 269 G. 3. c. 260. 270 G. 3. c. 261. 271 G. 3. c. 262. 272 G. 3. c. 263. 273 G. 3. c. 264. 274 G. 3. c. 265. 275 G. 3. c. 266. 276 G. 3. c. 267. 277 G. 3. c. 268. 278 G. 3. c. 269. 279 G. 3. c. 270. 280 G. 3. c. 271. 281 G. 3. c. 272. 282 G. 3. c. 273. 283 G. 3. c. 274. 284 G. 3. c. 275. 285 G. 3. c. 276. 286 G. 3. c. 277. 287 G. 3. c. 278. 288 G. 3. c. 279. 289 G. 3. c. 280. 290 G. 3. c. 281. 291 G. 3. c. 282. 292 G. 3. c. 283. 293 G. 3. c. 284. 294 G. 3. c. 285. 295 G. 3. c. 286. 296 G. 3. c. 287. 297 G. 3. c. 288. 298 G. 3. c. 289. 299 G. 3. c. 290. 300 G. 3. c. 291. 301 G. 3. c. 292. 302 G. 3. c. 293. 303 G. 3. c. 294. 304 G. 3. c. 295. 305 G. 3. c. 296. 306 G. 3. c. 297. 307 G. 3. c. 298. 308 G. 3. c. 299. 309 G. 3. c. 300. 310 G. 3. c. 301. 311 G. 3. c. 302. 312 G. 3. c. 303. 313 G. 3. c. 304. 314 G. 3. c. 305. 315 G. 3. c. 306. 316 G. 3. c. 307. 317 G. 3. c. 308. 318 G. 3. c. 309. 319 G. 3. c. 310. 320 G. 3. c. 311. 321 G. 3. c. 312. 322 G. 3. c. 313. 323 G. 3. c. 314. 324 G. 3. c. 315. 325 G. 3. c. 316. 326 G. 3. c. 317. 327 G. 3. c. 318. 328 G. 3. c. 319. 329 G. 3. c. 320. 330 G. 3. c. 321. 331 G. 3. c. 322. 332 G. 3. c. 323. 333 G. 3. c. 324. 334 G. 3. c. 325. 335 G. 3. c. 326. 336 G. 3. c. 327. 337 G. 3. c. 328. 338 G. 3. c. 329. 339 G. 3. c. 330. 340 G. 3. c. 331. 341 G. 3. c. 332. 342 G. 3. c. 333. 343 G. 3. c. 334. 344 G. 3. c. 335. 345 G. 3. c. 336. 346 G. 3. c. 337. 347 G. 3. c. 338. 348 G. 3. c. 339. 349 G. 3. c. 340. 350 G. 3. c. 341. 351 G. 3. c. 342. 352 G. 3. c. 343. 353 G. 3. c. 344. 354 G. 3. c. 345. 355 G. 3. c. 346. 356 G. 3. c. 347. 357 G. 3. c. 348. 358 G. 3. c. 349. 359 G. 3. c. 350. 360 G. 3. c. 351. 361 G. 3. c. 352. 362 G. 3. c. 353. 363 G. 3. c. 354. 364 G. 3. c. 355. 365 G. 3. c. 356. 366 G. 3. c. 357. 367 G. 3. c. 358. 368 G. 3. c. 359. 369 G. 3. c. 360. 370 G. 3. c. 361. 371 G. 3. c. 362. 372 G. 3. c. 363. 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706 G. 3. c. 697. 707 G. 3. c. 698. 708 G. 3. c. 699. 709 G. 3. c. 700. 710 G. 3. c. 701. 711 G. 3. c. 702. 712 G. 3. c. 703. 713 G. 3. c. 704. 714 G. 3. c. 705. 715 G. 3. c. 706. 716 G. 3. c. 707. 717 G. 3. c. 708. 718 G. 3. c. 709. 719 G. 3. c. 710. 720 G. 3. c. 711. 721 G. 3. c. 712. 722 G. 3. c. 713. 723 G. 3. c. 714. 724 G. 3. c. 715. 725 G. 3. c. 716. 726 G. 3. c. 717. 727 G. 3. c. 718. 728 G. 3. c. 719. 729 G. 3. c. 720. 730 G. 3. c. 721. 731 G. 3. c. 722. 732 G. 3. c. 723. 733 G. 3. c. 724. 734 G. 3. c. 725. 735 G. 3. c. 726. 736 G. 3. c. 727. 737 G. 3. c. 728. 738 G. 3. c. 729. 739 G. 3. c. 730. 740 G. 3. c. 731. 741 G. 3. c. 732. 742 G. 3. c. 733. 743 G. 3. c. 734. 744 G. 3. c. 735. 745 G. 3. c. 736. 746 G. 3. c. 737. 747 G. 3. c. 738. 748 G. 3. c. 739. 749 G. 3. c. 740. 750 G. 3. c. 741. 751 G. 3. c. 742. 752 G. 3. c. 743. 753 G. 3. c. 744. 754 G. 3. c. 745. 755 G. 3. c. 746. 756 G. 3. c. 747. 757 G. 3. c. 748. 758 G. 3. c. 749. 759 G. 3. c. 750. 760 G. 3. c. 751. 761 G. 3. c. 752. 762 G. 3. c. 753. 763 G. 3. c. 754.

twenty, and the said First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty, to pay and deliver to any Person who shall present Notes of the said Governor and Company of the said Bank, such Quantity of Gold of such Fineness as aforesaid, and assayed and stamped as aforesaid, as shall be equal to the Amount of the Notes so presented, at any Rate less than Three Pounds One Shilling and not less than Three Pounds Nineteen Shillings and Sixpence for every Quance of such Gold; and in like manner at any time between the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty-one, to pay and deliver such Gold at any Rate less than Three Pounds Nineteen Shillings and Sixpence, and not less than Three Pounds Seventeen Shillings; and Ten pence Halfpenny for every Quance of such Gold: Provided always, that the Governor and Company of the said Bank of England shall give Three Days' Notice in The London Gazette of their Intention to make such Payments after such Rates, specifying the Rates in which such Payments shall be made; and provided also, that it shall not be lawful for the Governor and Company of the said Bank of England, at any time after making such Payments at the Rates mentioned in any such Notice, to pay or deliver any such Gold at a Rate higher than the Rate mentioned in any such Notice; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. Provided also, and he it enacted, That the Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall not be required or compelled to pay or deliver any such Gold, unless such, assayed and stamped as aforesaid; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. Provided also, and he it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the said Bank of England to pay any Person less than Forty Shillings of any Sum so demanded above the Value of Sixty Groats, in the lawful Silver Coin of the Realm.

VIII. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, if they shall for Six, or at any time on or after the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty-two, pay or exchange the lawful Coin of the Realm for any Note or Notes of the said Governor and Company payable on demand; any Provision in the said before recited Acts, or in this Act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. And he it further enacted, That the Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall, from time to time after the passing of this Act, and until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, cause a true and perfect Account in Writing, to be taken and attested by the proper Officers, of the average Amount of all Promissory Notes and Bills of the said Governor and Company which shall be in Circulation during every Week, from Monday until Saturday both inclusive, distinguishing the respective Denominations and Values of the several Notes and Bills, and the average Amount of the Notes and Bills of each Denomination and Value respectively in a Circulation, and to cause such Account to be transmitted and delivered to one of the Clerks of His Majesty's Privy Council, on the Tuesday in every Week next ensuing the Saturday to which such Account shall be made up; and the said Governor and Company shall also from time to time, in like manner, cause an Account to be taken and attested of the average Amount of all Promissory Notes and Bills of the said Governor and Company which shall be in Circulation during every Quarter of a Year ending on the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October, the Fifth Day of January, and the Fifth Day of April in every Year after the passing of this Act, and until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, distinguishing the respective Denominations and Values of the several Notes and Bills, and the average Amount of the Notes and Bills of each Denomination and Value respectively, and to cause such Quarterly Account to be published in The London Gazette within One Week next after the End of each Quarter respectively.

X. And Whereas the Laws now in force against trafficking exporting the Gold and Silver Coin of the Realm have been found ineffectual, and it is expedient therefore Traffic in Gold and Silver Bullion should be restrained: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to export the Gold or Silver Coin of the Realm to Parts beyond the Seas, and also to melt the Gold and Silver Coin of the Realm, and to manufacture or export or otherwise dispose of the Gold or Silver Bullion produced thereby; and no Person who shall export or melt such Gold or Silver Coin, or who shall manufacture, export or dispose of such Bullion, shall be subject to any Restriction, Forfeiture, Fine, Penalty, Incapacity or Disability whatever, for or in respect of such export, manufacturing or exporting the same respectively; any thing in any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain or Ireland to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XI. And for the removing all Doubts and Uncertainties with respect to various Provisions in divers ancient Statutes against making and exporting of Gold and Silver, be it further enacted, That inasmuch as a Statute made in the Ninth Year of the Kings of King Edward the Third shall be repealed, whereby it is provided, that no religious Man nor either shall carry any Sterling out of the Realm of England, nor Silver or Plate, nor Vessel of Gold, nor of Silver, upon pain of Forfeiture of the Money, Plate or Vessel that he shall so carry without The King's Special Licence; and also that no French of the said Statute shall be repealed, whereby it is provided that no Sterling Halfpenny nor Farthing be taken for to make Vessel or any other thing by Goldsmiths nor other, upon Forfeiture of the Money so taken, and that the Goldsmith or other which shall have so taken such Money shall be committed to Prison, and there shall remain till he shall have yielded unto The King the One Half of that he hath so taken; and that also inasmuch as a Statute made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of the said King Edward the Third shall be repealed, whereby it is secured and affirmed, that good and lawful Money shall be assayed in the Parts of the Sea and elsewhere, where need shall be, to make Search that no Silver be carried out of the Realm, neither in Money nor otherwise, and that the said Searchers shall have the Third Part of the good Money which they shall find upon the

Oct. 1, 1820, make Payments at any Rate less than 3*l.* and not less than 3*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* per *oz.* and between Oct. 1, 1820, and May 1, 1821, may pay at a Rate less than 3*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* and not less than 3*l.* 4*s.* 10*d.*

Such Payments may be made in Issues of 4*0s.* 6*d.*

Provisional Sum under 40*0s.* to be paid in Silver Coin. Such may pay in Coins on or after May 1, 1821.

Bank to deposit in Privy Council weekly Accounts of Average Amount and Value of Notes in Circulation;

and also take and publish in the London Gazette on Quarterly Accounts.

Gold and Silver Coin may be exported and melted.

§ 2. E. 3. c. 13. c. 13.

§ 1. E. 3. c. 13.

See,

37 E. 3. m. 1.

a. 14.

38 E. 3. m. 1.

a. 14.

39 E. 3. m. 1.

a. 14.

40 E. 3. m. 1.

a. 14.

Sea, passing out of the Realm; and also that so much of the Statute of the Staple, or Ordinance of the Staple, made in the Twenty seventh Year of the said King Edward the Third, shall be repealed, whereby it is enacted, that none carry out of The King's Realm and Lands the old Sterling; and also that so much of the Statute made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of the said King Edward the Third shall be repealed, whereby it is enacted, that none carry out of the Realm Gold or Silver, in Piece nor in Mass; and also that so much of the Statute made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of King Richard the Second shall be repealed, whereby it is enacted and accorded, and The King enjoineth all manner of People, Merchants, Clerks and others, as well Strangers as Denizens, of what Estate or Condition they be, upon pain of as much as they may forfeit, that none of them upon the said Part, privily nor openly, do send nor carry, nor make to be sent or carried out of the Realm, any Gold or Silver in Money, Bullion, Plate or Vessel, neither by Exchange to be made nor in any other manner whatsoever, except the Wages of Colour and of other The King's Foresters beyond the Sea, and especially excepted the Prefates, Lords and others of the same Realm to whom fortunes is behooven necessarily to make Payments beyond the Sea, that of such Payments only they may make Exchange in England by good and sufficient Merchants to pay beyond the Sea, Special Leave and Licence being thereto first had of our Lord The King, as well for the Exchange as for the Person which ought to make the Payments, containing expressly the Sum which shall be so exchanged; and whereby it is enacted that the Merchants who so shall make the said Exchange shall be diligently examined and sworn, in their proper Person, as often as they shall have the said Licence, that they will not send beyond the Sea any manner of Gold or Silver under the Colour of the same Exchange; and that if, after Proclamation of the said Ordinance, any Person be taken therefor duly convicted that he had caused to be sent or carried beyond the Sea any Gold or Silver, against the said Statute and Ordinance, he should forfeit to The King the same Sum so carried or sent; and also that so much of the Statute made in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of the said King Richard the Second shall be repealed, whereby it is ordained and enacted, that no Great or Half Great shall be made by any Man, as make any Vessel or other thing thereof, and that no Man shall send English Money into Ireland, to charge the same in Money or for Money of Ireland; and also that so much of the Statute made in the Second Year of the Reign of King Henry the Fourth shall be repealed, whereby it is ordained and established, that if any Stranger of the King may find Gold or Silver in Clay, or in Mine, in the keeping of any that is about passing or upon his Passage in any Ship or Vessel to go out of any Port, Haven or Creek of the Realm, without The King's Special Licence, all that Gold or Silver shall be forfeit to The King; and also that so much of a Statute made in the Second Year of the Reign of King Henry the Sixth shall be repealed, whereby it is ordained and established, that no Gold or Silver shall be carried out of the Realm, upon pain of Forfeiture of the Value of the Sum of Money which shall be carried out of the Realm, to be levied of him that shall bring, carry or send it out; and that he which offendeth the same, and thereof giveth Knowledge to the Council, or to the Treasurer of England, shall have the Fourth Part of the Forfeiture due to The King; and also that so much of an Act made in the Fourth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Seventh, entitled *An Act against carrying away of Cash, Plate, Jewels or Jewels out of this Realm*, shall be repealed, whereby it is enacted, that no Person dwelling or inhabiting within this Realm pay or deliver willingly by way of Exchange or otherwise, to any Merchant or other Person, Stranger, born out of The King's Obedience, for any Merchandise or Wares, or to any otherwise, any manner Precious Gold valued in this Realm, or in any other Realm, or any Plate, Vessel, Mass Bullion nor Jewels of Gold wrought or unwrought, upon pain to forfeit and lose the double Sum or double Value of all such Money of Gold coined, Plate, Vessel, Mass Bullion or Jewels of Gold or Silver, paid, delivered or exchanged contrary to the said Act; and also that an Act made in the Thirtieth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, entitled *An Act to prevent the Inconvenience arising by melting the Silver Coin of this Realm*, shall be repealed, whereby it is enacted, that no Person or Persons shall wilfully melt or cause to be melted, any of the current Silver Money of this Realm, under the Pain, Penalties and Disabilities in the said Act contained; and the several several Provisions of the said several Statutes and Acts, and the said recited Act of the Thirtieth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and all and every other Law and Laws, Act and Acts in force immediately before the passing of the said last recited Act, whereby the Melting or Exportation of Gold and Silver Coin, or the Exportation of Molten Gold or Silver, or Bullion of Gold or Silver, was prohibited or restrained, shall be and the same are and is hereby repealed, except only so far as relates to any Suit, Action or Information which at the time of the passing of this Act shall or may be depending, with relation to any Offence against the said Statutes or Acts respectively or any of them.

XII. And he it is further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much of an Act made in the Sixth and Seventh Years of His late Majesty King William the Third, entitled *An Act to prevent counterfeiting and clipping the Coin of this Kingdom*, shall be repealed, as requires the taking, administering, or Concoction of any Oath, that no Part of any Molten Silver intended for Exportation, was before the same was within the current Coin of this Realm, nor Plate wrought within the Kingdom; and also that so much of the said Act shall be repealed, whereby it is enacted, that if any Broker or Brokers, not being a Trading Goldsmith or Refiner of Silver, shall buy or sell any Bullion or Molten Silver, every such Person shall suffer for every such Offence Imprisonment for Six Months, without Bail or Mainprize; and also that so much of the said Act shall be repealed, as authorizes the Warden or Assistants of the Company of Goldsmiths of London, or any Two Justices of the Peace, to seize as unlawful Bullion any Molten Silver, which before the making thereof was the current Coin of this Realm, or as requires any Offender in whose Possession unlawful Bullion shall be found, to prove on Oath that such Bullion was not the current Coin of the Realm; and also that so much of an Act made in the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Third, entitled *An Act to encourage the bringing Silver into the Mint to be coined, and for the remedying the ill*

and all other
Laws in force
immediately
before the making
of the Statute
above of Gold
and Silver
Coin, are re-
pealed.

41 E. 3. m. 1.

a. 14.

42 E. 3. m. 1.

a. 14.

43 E. 3. m. 1.

a. 14.

44 E. 3. m. 1.

a. 14.

45 E. 3. m. 1.

a. 14.

46 E. 3. m. 1.

a. 14.

47 E. 3. m. 1.

a. 14.

48 E. 3. m. 1.

a. 14.

49 E. 3. m. 1.

a. 14.

State of the Coin of the Kingdom, shall be repealed, as respects the taking, administering, or Corrupting of any Oath, that no Part of any Molten Silver or Bullion whatsoever to be shipped for Exportation, was before the same was made the Coin of the Realm, nor Piece wrought within the Kingdom; and also that so much of the said last mentioned Act shall be repealed, as respects any Penalty or Forfeiture or Incapacity on the Captain or Master of any Ship or Vessel, who shall knowingly permit or suffer Molten Silver or Bullion to be put on board his Ship or Vessel; and all the said revised Provisions of the said several Acts are hereby repealed accordingly.

— XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or alter any Act or Acts, or any Part of any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain or Ireland, so far as the same relate to the Prevention, Detection or Punishment of the Offences of clipping, washing, rounding, filing, impairing, breaking, falsifying, loading or lightening of the lawful Coin of the Realm; or to the inflicting any Pain, Penalty or Forfeiture on any Person guilty of such Offences, or guilty of buying or selling, or knowingly having in their Custody any Clippings or Filings of such Coin; and that from and after the passing of this Act, before a Ship or Vessel shall transport or carry to be transported any Molten Silver whatever, Oath shall be made before the Witnesses of the Company of Goldsmiths in London, or one of them, by the Owner or Owners of such Molten Silver, and likewise by one credible Witness that the same is lawful Silver, and that no Part thereof was, before the same was melted, Clippings of the current Coin of the Realm, which Oath the said Witnesses, or any One of them, are and is hereby required and authorised to administer, instead of the Oath required by the said revised Act of the Sixth and Seventh Years of the Reign of King William the Third; and that from and after the passing of this Act, before any Person or Persons shall ship or carry to be shipped or put on board any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, any Molten Silver or Bullion whatsoever, Oath shall be made before the Court of the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the City of London, by the Owner or Owners of such Molten Silver or Bullion, and likewise by Two or more credible Witnesses, that no Part of such Molten Silver or Bullion was, before the same was melted, Clippings of the Coin of the Realm; which Oath the said Court of the said Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the said City of London are hereby required and authorised to administer, instead of the Oath required by the said revised Act of the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of King William the Third; and that all the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Regulations and Provisions in the said several Acts contained, shall continue and be in force with relation to the Clippings of the Coin of the Realm, and with relation to the Exportation of any Molten Silver or Bullion whatsoever, which before the making thereof was Clippings of the Coin of the Realm, and in all other respects whatever, except only so far as the same are expressly repealed or altered by this Act; any thing in this Act before contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Nothing herein shall extend to repeal any Act for Prevention of clipping, in the Coin of this Kingdom.

Corporal Oaths to be taken on the Exportation of Molten Silver or Bullion.

to be administered by Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen of London, instead of the Oath of 4 & 5 W. 3. c. 19.

C A P. L.

An Act to amend the Laws respecting the Settlements of the Poor, so far as regards renting Tenements.

[2d July 1819.]

• **W**HEREAS many Disputes and Controversies have arisen respecting the letting off poor People, in Parishes in England, by the renting of Tenements; Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act no Person shall acquire a Settlement in any Parish or Township maintaining an own Poor in England, by or by reason of his or her dwelling for Forty Days in any Tenement rented by such Parish, unless such Tenement shall consist of a House or Building within such Parish or Township, being a separate and distinct Dwelling House or Building, or of Land within such Parish or Township, or of both, *and* *also* let out by such Parish at and for the Term of Two Weeks a Year at the least, for the Term of One whole Year; nor unless such House or Building shall be held, and such Land occupied, and the Rent for the same actually paid, for the Term of One whole Year at the least, by the Person having the same; nor unless the whole of such Land shall be situate within the same Parish or Township as the House wherein the Person having such Land shall dwell and inhabit; any thing in any Act or Acts, or any Constitution or or Implication from any Act or Acts, or any Usage or Custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Settlement shall not be acquired by renting any Tenement, except in House or Land in the Parish of the actual annual Value of £1. held and rent paid for a Year.

C A P. LL

An Act to relieve Persons compounding for their Assessed Taxes, from an Annual Assessment, for the Term of Three Years.

[2d July 1819.]

• **W**HEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, and certain additional Duties to be consolidated therewith; and also for repealing the Stamp Duties on Game Certificates, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, to be placed under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Finance, certain Duties of Assessed Taxes were granted to His Majesty; and by another Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, certain new and additional Duties of Assessed Taxes, and for consolidating the same with the former Duties of Assessed Taxes, certain new and additional Duties of Assessed Taxes were also granted and consolidated with the former Duties of Assessed Taxes, which Duties have been varied by several subsequent Acts; and it is expedient**

4 G. 3. c. 25.

37 G. 3. c. 23.

Assessments for the Year ending April 5, 1819, in accordance with the same Act, for Three Years.

Compositions not empowered to collect.

Persons entitled to the last Year's composition.

Compositions on Houses and Windows Duties made separately.

Additional Rate of 1s. for every 10s. on Amount of Compositions.

Compositions to enable Persons to open windows, and to keep additional Articles from the fire, in case of fire, in case of fire, in case of fire.

Compositions except when chargeable for any or Dwelling House, or for Articles of a different Description.

Persons chargeable to a greater Amount than the last Year's Assessment, in consequence of the increased Amount.

Persons exempted from being charged for their increased Establishment.

expedient to relieve such Persons as are willing and desirous of compensating for their Assessed Taxes from
 * as annual Assessments, and all further or increased Charges on Articles of the same Description, for a Term,
 * to be limited, on condition of paying certain additional Rates on the Amount of the last Assessment made
 * prior to the passing of this Act: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and
 with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament
 assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Assessments made under and by virtue of the said
 Acts, for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, shall be
 and remain to the same Amount, in respect of all and every the Persons and Places who shall compound for
 the annual Payment thereof, for the Term of Three Years, incommencing from the said Fifth Day of April One
 thousand eight hundred and nineteen, upon the Terms and Conditions hereinafter mentioned; and it shall be
 lawful for the Commissioners acting in execution of the said several Acts, for any County, City, Town or
 Place, in Great Britain, or any Two or more of them, in their respective Divisions, to contract and agree
 with any Persons or Persons who are or is entitled to the Rates and Duties granted by the said Acts, or any
 of them, for the said Year ended on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and
 who shall apply to them for that Purpose, in the same Division in which such Assessments have been made, for the
 Composition of them, for the said Assessed Taxes, for the said Period of Three Years, according to the
 Directions and Provisions of this Act; and all and every Persons and Places assented for the Year ended as
 aforesaid, to the Duties made payable by virtue of the said Acts, or any of them, are and is hereby respectively
 declared to be competent to enter into composition with the said respective Commissioners, for their, his or
 her Assessed Taxes for the Term of Three Years, to commence from the said Fifth Day of April, on the same
 Amount annually, as shall have been assented upon them, his or her, for the Year ended as aforesaid, together
 with an additional annual Rate for every Twenty Shillings of the Amount so assented, to be determined and
 fixed as the Proportions, and in manner herein mentioned, except as hereinafter is provided.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Duties assented on inhabited Houses and on Windows or Lights,
 contained in the Schedules marked (A.) and (B.) or either of them, referred to by the said Act of the
 Forty eighth Year aforesaid, shall be compounded for separately and distinctly from all and every the other
 Duties herein mentioned, chargeable under the said Acts, or any of them, and where any such Composition
 shall be made on the Amount of the said Duties assented on inhabited Houses and on Windows or Lights, the
 Proportion of the said additional Rate shall be One Shilling for every Twenty Shillings of the Amount so
 assented, and so after that Rate for any greater or better Sum than Twenty Shillings; and where any such
 Composition shall be made on the Amount of any other of the Duties granted by the said Acts, (except
 the Duties granted thereby in respect of living Cattle,) the Proportion of the said additional Rate shall be
 One Shilling for every Twenty Shillings of the Amount so assented, and so after that Rate for any greater or
 better Sum than Twenty Shillings.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Persons and Places entering into any such Composition
 according to the Provisions of this Act, and paying the Amount of the same compounded for as the terms,
 and in the Proportions, and in manner herein specified, and doing and performing all other Acts, Matters and
 Things required by this Act, shall be entitled to make or open and keep open during the said Term, five of
 Duty, any additional Number of Windows or Lights, in doors, his or her Dwelling House in respect of
 which such Composition shall have been made, and also to keep and sit, five of Duty, any additional
 Article or Articles of the same Description, and chargeable under the same Schedule of the said Acts,
 (although the same may be therein charged with different and progressive Rates of Duty, according to the
 Number thereof,) as they, he or she were or was charged in respect of in the Assessment on which the
 Composition shall have been made; and shall be exempt from any further Compliance with any of the Provisions
 contained in the said Acts relating to the Assessed Taxes, and from all Assessments thereon, during the said Term
 of Three Years, except where the Persons or Persons entering into such Composition, shall be or become
 chargeable with the said Duties in respect of a Dwelling House or Dwelling Houses not comprised in the said
 Composition; or in respect of any Article or Articles of a different Description, or chargeable with Duty
 under some other Schedule or Schedules of the said Acts, then they, he or she were or was charged in
 respect of in the Assessment on which the Composition shall have been made: in which excepted Cases, and
 on another, further or increased Charges shall be made, and the Taxes, Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted
 according to the Provisions of the several Acts, in relation to the said Taxes in force at and immediately
 before the passing of this Act, as fully and effectually as if no such Composition had been made under
 this Act.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Composition shall be entered into under this Act
 with any Persons or Persons who shall have become chargeable in the present Year, by reason of any different
 or additional Establishment for or within the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred
 and nineteen, to a greater Amount of Duty than hath been charged on them, then or her in the last last
 Year's Assessment, without including as well the Amount of Duty so charged in the last Assessment, as the
 increased Amount of Duty so becoming chargeable by reason of such different or additional Establishment,
 nor in any such Case where a hundredth Part of such different or increased Establishment shall not be made
 before the Full Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

V. Provided always, That no Person shall be chargeable under the Acts in force at the time of passing this
 Act, after the Expiration of the said Term of Three Years, for any Part of the increased Establishment not
 included in the Composition entered into under this Act, who shall give Six Months previous Notice of his
 Intention to discontinue the same, and who shall actually have ceased to keep the same One Calendar Month
 prior to the Expiration of the said Period of Three Years.

VI. Provided nevertheless, That when an Establishment shall have established in part of Articles wherein a Debt Duty hath been made payable by any Act in the present Session of Parliament, it shall be lawful to enter into Compositions under this Act, as the Amount of Duty charged on other Articles on the said last Assize, together with the Amount of Duty to be made chargeable by the said Act of the present Session of Parliament.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Composition entered into under this Act, in respect of the Duties charged on a Dwelling House from which the Person or Persons entering into the same shall remove during the Term herein limited, shall create and determine on the Fifth Day of April next after such Removal; and every Composition entered into under this Act, in respect of any other of the Duties granted by the said Act, with any Person or Persons who within the said Term herein limited shall die, or become bankrupt or insolvent, or shall assign them, his or her Goods, Chattle or Effects, shall also create and determine on the Fifth Day of April next after such Death, Bankruptcy, Insolvency or Assignment.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Composition entered into in pursuance of this Act, subject to the Determination thereof as aforesaid, shall bind the Person or Persons entering into the same, their, his and her Executors, Goods and Effects, at the due and punctual Payment and Satisfaction, at the times and in the Proportions herein specified, of the full Amount of the Sums made payable upon the said Composition, or by virtue thereof, during the Continuance of the same, according to and under the Provisions of this Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons to having compounded, and quitting or removing from the Dwelling Houses or Dwelling House in respect of which such Composition shall be made, and his Executors, Administrators or Assigns of such Person or Persons dying or becoming bankrupt or insolvent, and the Assigns of any such Person or Persons assigning them, his or her Estate, Chattle, Goods or Effects, shall be bound to the due and punctual Payment of all Sums accruing, due or to become due the respective times of such Removal, Death, Bankruptcy, Insolvency or Assignment, or which shall be payable upon such Composition for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April next after such Removal, Death, Bankruptcy, Insolvency or Assignment; and on Goods or Chattels whatever, belonging to any Person or Persons to having compounded, and quitting or removing from them, his or her Dwelling Houses or Dwelling House, or dying or becoming bankrupt or insolvent, or assigning them, his or her Estate, Chattle, Goods or Effects, shall be removed, nor shall any Goods or Chattels belonging to any Person or Persons to having compounded, be liable to be taken by virtue of any Execution or other Process, Warrant or Authority, unless the Person or Persons to having compounded, or their, his or her Executors, Administrators or Assigns, or the Party to whom any such Assignment shall be made, or by whom such Process, Warrant, Authority or Seizure shall be sent out or made, shall, before the Removal of such Goods or Chattels, pay or cause to be paid to the proper Collector or Collectors of the said Composition Money, (the same not having been paid to the Governor and Directors of the Bank of England, or the Receiver General or his Deputy, pursuant to the Directions of this Act,) all Arrears of the said Money which shall be then due, or which shall be payable for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April next after such Removal, Death, Bankruptcy, Insolvency, Assignment or Seizure; and in case of Refusal to pay the said Composition Money then due or to grow due as aforesaid, the said Collector or Collectors are or is hereby authorized and required to distress such Goods or Chattels, and proceed to the Sale thereof, in such manner as they may sell any Goods or Chattels distrained under the said Act, until they or he shall have obtained Payment of the said Composition Money, together with the reasonable Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale; and every such Collector shall be indemnified for so doing by virtue of this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Money so arise or become payable by virtue of the Compositions entered into under this Act, shall be payable without demand, and paid Quarterly, at the three times and in the same Proportions, and to the same Persons respectively, as the Duties of Assessed Taxes are now payable by virtue of any Act or Acts in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act: Provided always, that all and every the Person or Persons to compounding as aforesaid, the Amount of whose annual Compositions or Composition shall not be less than Twenty Pounds, may contract and agree with the respective Commissioners charged for the Payment of their, his or her Composition Money into the Bank of England, or to the Receiver General, or his lawful Deputy, for the County or District where their, his or her Composition Money shall be payable by Half yearly Instalments at the times and in the manner herein prescribed in this Act; and all such Half yearly Payments shall be made on equal Portions at or before the Fifth Day of October, and the Fifth Day of April each Year, and with respect to Payments to be made to the Receiver General or his Deputy, to require a Receipt or Receipts acknowledging such Payments, at the Cost and Charge of the Person or Persons making such Payments, in such Form as the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes shall direct and direct; and in every such Case the said Receiver General or his Deputy as aforesaid, shall give the said Person or Persons by whom such Payments shall be made, a Receipt or Receipts as aforesaid, specifying therein the Names or Name of the Person or Persons compounding as aforesaid, and the Parish or Parishes wherein the Certificate of Composition; which Receipts shall be delivered over to the Collector, or one of them, of the Parish or Parishes where the Assignment referred to by the Certificate of Composition shall have been made, by Indorsement under the Hand or Hand of the Person or Persons so compounding and paying, and shall be received by such Collector or Collector as Cash, and allowed as such by every Receiver General or his Deputy in his Accounts with such Collector.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Governor and Directors of the Bank of England shall open an Account in their Books with the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, for each Year, during the Term herein limited, under the Title of "The Commissioners of the Treasury on account of Compositions of Assessed Taxes;" and shall carry to the Credit

Articles of Act.
Seven Assesses-
to be
compounded,
for on the last
Assessment,
Compositions
to come at the
End of the
Year

Compositions
to bind Party
to punctual
Payment of
Arrears.

Persons com-
pounding, and
the Executors
and Assigns of
Persons dying,
die to be an-
swerable for the
compositions
the End of
the Year.

Arrears to be
paid.

Compositions
Money payable
Quarterly on
Assessed Taxes.
Proviso the
Payment of
Compositions
can then draw
it into the
Bank, or to Re-
ceiver General
by Half yearly
Payments.

Receiver Gen-
eral to give
Receipts, to be
delivered over
to the Collec-
tor, and by him
received as
Cash.

Bank to open
an Account
with Commis-
sioners of the
Treasury

of the several Amount payable on the same, within Ten Days after the Date of the Certificate of Composition; and no such Composition shall be entered into after the Thirty-first Day of the same Month, nor after the Petition or Petition applying for the same shall have received a Notice of an increased Charge upon their, his or her Reasons of Articles chargeable for the present Year, from the Surveyor of the District in which such Return shall be made; nor shall any Appeal from the Amount of the first Affidavit charged on the Petition or Petition be applying to compound for the present Year, which shall be made conformable to the Returns of the Petition or Petition be applying.

XV. And be it further enacted, That upon all Applications to compound under this Act, which shall not be objected to by the Surveyor as aforesaid, the Clerk to the said respective Commissioners shall carefully and diligently compute and ascertain the Amount of Duty charged in the said last Affidavits, and shall prepare and fill up a Certificate of the Composition to be made thereon, on which the additional Rate is by this Act directed to be charged; and whenever the Applications to compound which have been objected to by the Surveyor as aforesaid, shall have been conceded to by the said respective Commissioners, the said Clerk shall in like manner from time to time compute and ascertain the Amount of Duty whereas the additional Rate is by this Act directed to be charged, and prepare and fill up a like Certificate, and shall from time to time give Notice to the Petition or Petition be applying, to attend the said Commissioners, to sign and execute the said respective Certificates; and every such Certificate shall be made in Three Parts, with Counter Cheques, and severally signed by the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, and by the Petition or Petition compounder, in the Presence of their Clerk or his Assistant, who shall attest the same; and Two of the said Parts shall be cut off underwrite from the Third Part, and from each other, One of which shall be delivered to the Petition or Petition compounder, and the other thereof transmitted to the Office of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and the Third shall remain with the Commissioners executing the same; and all such Certificates shall be made in the Form to this Act annexed.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the several Sums payable under or by virtue of any Composition to be made under the Act, shall be raised, levied and accounted for, under the Powers and Regulations of this Act, and any Act or Acts in force at the time of passing this Act, in relation to the Duties of Ale-House Taxes, or of any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament; and this Act shall be construed in such Manner and to the like Effect, as if the several Provisions in the said Acts in force as aforesaid contained, for raising, levying, paying and accounting for the Duties of Ale-House Taxes, were expressly enacted in this Act, except where other Provisions are made under this Act, for paying the said several Sums contained in the Compositions under this Act, or shall be made under any Act or Acts to be passed in the present Session of Parliament; and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Directions, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in such Acts in force as aforesaid, for levying, paying and accounting for the Duties of Ale-House Taxes, shall severally and respectively be observed, performed and put in execution throughout the respective Parts of England and Scotland respectively, as fully and effectually, in all letters and Purposes, as if the same Powers, Authorities, Directions, Clauses, Matters and Things were respectively repeated and repeated in this Act, and shall severally be applied, construed, deemed and taken to belong to this Act, in like manner as if the same had been enacted therein, and expressly applied to the Matters to be raised, paid and accounted for, under the Compositions authorized by this Act.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Petition or Petition who now are or is, or for the time being shall be Commissioners for putting in execution the said Acts in relation to the Ale-House Taxes, and who shall be respectively qualified and authorized to act in the execution of the said Acts, and shall have taken the Oaths directed thereby, shall be Commissioners for putting in execution this Act, and the Powers referred to or contained in all and every the respective Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns and Places, privileged or not privileged, within England, Wales and Berwick upon Tyne, and in all and every the Shires, Hundreds, Cities and Boroughs in Scotland; and the several Justices, Collectors and Clerks respectively appointed or to be appointed to put in execution the said Acts, and the several Surveyors, Inspectors and Inspectors General respectively appointed or to be appointed under or by virtue of the said Acts, within the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions to which they are or shall be respectively appointed, shall respectively be Justices, Collectors, Clerks, Surveyors, Inspectors and Inspectors General, to put in execution this Act, according to the Powers respectively given to them by the said Acts, and they respectively are hereby empowered and required to do all things necessary for putting the said Act in execution, with all redress to the Compositions to be made, and the Monies to be raised under this Act, in the like and in a full and ample a Manner as they or any of them are or is authorized to put in execution the Powers of the said Acts, in so far as the said Powers are respectively applicable to (the Act); and all the Monies to be raised under this Act shall be under the Care and Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, appointed or to be appointed by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, now or for the time being, or the High Treasurer for the time being, to allow such additional Salaries to the several Surveyors to be employed in the Execution of this Act, and otherwise in relation thereto, and also to discharge such Incident Charges and Expenses of the said Surveyors, and also of the Inspectors and Inspectors General, as shall necessarily attend the Execution of this Act, as the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall think fit and reasonable in that behalf; and every Receiver General and Collector shall annually, during the Continuance of this Act, have and be entitled to have the like Provisions for what Money they shall respectively pay or account for under this Act, as they or he would have been entitled to under the said Act.

Time of entering into Compositions limited.

Clerks to prepare the Certificates of Composition to be signed by Commissioners and Petition compounders; and give Notice to Petition to attend.

Compositions Manner to be made under the Provisions of Acts relating to Ale-House Taxes.

Commissioners acting under Ale-House Tax Acts, to be Commissioners to act in execution of this Act.

Other Officers appointed under the said Acts to execute this Act.

Treasury to allow additional Salaries to Surveyors, and discharge Incident.

Receiver General and Collector to

have Foundage
as under
A.D. 1763 & 1764.
Clerks to
have Foundage
as under
A.D. 1763 & 1764.

All Assize
petitions to count,
except as before
excepted.
Clerks to make
out Abstracts of
Compositions
under Head of
Commissaries
for Collection to
collect by.

If Compositions
not duly paid,
Collectors may
distress for
Arrears with in
the Period
for their own
Use, and all
Costs and
Charges.

Commissaries
to make in
their Parli-
amentary Du-
plicates of Ar-
rears Taxes,
the Amount of
the Composi-
tion Money.

Composi-
tion Money
received to
Consolidated
Fund.

Act altered,
A.D. this In-
crease.

of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the like Amount of Assize Taxes paid by them respectively; and that for the careful preparing, writing and transcribing all and every the Certificates of Compositions, Duplicates, Warrants and Returns in due time, and for the due, speedy and effectually executing all Matters and Things directed to be done or performed by or under the Commissioners acting in the Execution of this Act, the Clerk of the said respective Commissaries who shall perform the same within the times limited by this Act, or by the said Acts in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, shall have and receive from the Receiver General at the same times, and under the same Conditions and Retentions, the like Foundage on the Amount compounded by under this Act, as he would have been entitled to have and receive under the said Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, for the like Amount of Assize Taxes.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Date of any Certificate of Composition made under this Act, and during the Continuance of the same in force, all Assize taxes under the said Acts shall only with respect to the Petition or Petition in composition, except as hereinafter is excepted; and Three Abstracts of all and every Certificate and Certificate of Composition, shall, within Ten Days after the First Day of October in the present Year, and in each subsequent Year during the Continuance of any Composition under this Act, within One Calendar Month after the Fifth Day of July in each Year, be prepared by the Clerk to the Commissaries who have executed the said Certificate, in such Form as shall be devised and directed by the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and the said Commissaries, or any Two or more of them, shall yearly set their Hands to the said Abstracts, and deliver or cause to be delivered One of the said Abstracts of each Certificate, together with Warrants under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the said Commissaries for collecting the same, unto the Petition respectively who shall be appointed to collect the Assize Taxes for that Year, and One other of the said Abstracts to the Surveyor of the Duties for the three being, and the Third of the said Abstracts to be kept by such Clerk for the Use of the said Commissaries; and in case the respective Collectors shall not receive the Same payable on the Certificates of Composition with which they are respectively entrusted, according to the said Abstracts delivered to them respectively, or the Receipts of the Receiver General or his Deputy, or the Certificate of the Cashier of the Bank of England, acknowledging the Payment thereof, at or before the times mentioned in their Warrants, it shall be lawful to and for such Collector and Collectors, or any of them, and they are hereby required forthwith to distress for the same, together with One Shilling for every Twenty Shillings of the Amount in arrears, to their or his own Use, and all reasonable Costs and Charges attending the same, in such Manner and Form as they might distress for the Duties of Assize Taxes owing by virtue of the said Acts, and to levy and raise the same, under the like Powers and Authorities as Collectors are authorised to use in and for the Recovery of the said Duties.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the respective Commissaries aforesaid, shall cause the Amounts of the Same to be raised by such Compositions in each Parish, Ward or Place, within their respective Divisions, to be entered in their annual Duplicates of Assize taxes of Assize Taxes on Parliament, in a Column to be prepared thereon for that Purpose, under the Head of "Taxes compounded for," in like manner as if the same Amounts had been severally charged by Assize taxes under One Schedule of the said Acts, in the same Parish, Ward or Place; and shall place the respective Amounts payable in each Parish, Ward or Place, opposite the Names of the Collectors of the same Parish, Ward or Place, that the several Collectors, and each Parish, Ward or Place, may be answerable for the same Amounts, as if the same had been to be raised by Assize taxes under the said Acts.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Monies arising by the Compositions entered into under this Act (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted), shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, to the Account of Assize Taxes, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or amended, by any Act or Acts to be made in the present Session of Parliament.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

N^o

KNOW all Men, That we,
of the Commissioners sitting in the Execution of the Acts in relation to
Assessed Taxes, for the Division of
in the

agreed with have examined and

of in the said County and Division, in pursuance of an Act
passed in the 55th Year of George the Third, for the Composition of Assessed Taxes,
chargeable upon us and for the annual Sum of £ being the Amount
of the said Assessment and an additional Rate of Pounds per Cestrum per Annum thereon,
amounting together to the Sum of £ to be paid to the Receiver General of the
said Division by Two Installments;

Viz.— 1st Installment, on or before the 1st Day of October,
2^d Installment, on or before the 1st Day of April,
in each Year, during and until the full End and Term of Three Years, commencing on the 5th Day
of April 1819.

The Condition of the above Composition is, That the above-named
shall duly pay or cause to be paid to the
Receiver General of the said Division or his lawful Deputy, or One of them, on or before the Days
before mentioned, without Demand, the yearly Sum of £ by Two Installments in even
Portions, taking his Receipt for the same on each Payment, and delivering the said Receipts to
the Collectors of
or One of them, in discharge of such Payment, otherwise the said Composition shall be levied of the
Goods and Chattels of the said
or otherwise, as the said Act directs.

Signed,

} Commissioners of the
within Division.

Witness

The Party hereto.

Clerk to the said Commissioners.

N^o

KNOW all Men, That we,
of the Commissioners sitting in the Execution of the Acts in relation to
Assessed Taxes, for the Division of
in the

have controlled and
agreed with

of in the said County and Division, in pursuance of an Act
passed in the 55th Year of George the Third, for the Composition of Assessed Taxes,
chargeable upon us and for the annual Sum of £ being the Amount
of the said Assessment and an additional Rate of Pounds per Cestrum per Annum thereon,
amounting together to the Sum of £ to be paid into the Bank of England
by Two Installments;

Viz.— 1st Installment, on or before the 1st Day of October,
2^d Installment, on or before the 1st Day of April,
in each Year, during and until the full End and Term of Three Years, commencing on the 5th Day
of April 1819.

The Condition of the above Composition is, That the above-named
shall duly pay or cause to be paid to
One of the Cashiers of the Bank of England, on or before the Days before mentioned, without
Demand, the yearly Sum of £ by Two Installments in even Portions, taking the Cer-
tificates of the said Cashier for the same on each Payment, and delivering the said Certificates to
the Collectors of
or One of them, in discharge of such Payment, otherwise the said Composition shall be levied of the
Goods and Chattels of the said
or otherwise, as the said Act directs.

Signed,

} Commissioners of the
within Division.

Witness

The Party hereto.

Clerk to the said Commissioners.

; B :

N^o

KNOW all Men, That we, of the Commissioners acting in the Execution of the Acts in relation to the Assessed Taxes, for the Division of

in the

agreed with have contracted and in the said County and Division, in pursuance of an Act passed in the 55th Year of George the Third, for the Composition of Assessed Taxes, at and for the annual Sum of £ being the Amount chargeable upon the said Assessor and an additional Rate of Pence per Centum pro Annis ternis, to be paid in to the Collectors of the said amounting together to the Sum of £

by Four Installments;

Viz.—1st Installment, on or before the 5th Day of July,

2^d Installment, on or before the 5th Day of October,

3^d Installment, on or before the 5th Day of January,

4th Installment, on or before the 5th Day of April,

in each Year, during and until the full End and Term of Three Years, commencing on the 5th Day of April 1819.

The Condition of the above Composition is, That the above-named

shall duly pay or cause to be paid to the Collectors for the said or One of them, on or before the Days before mentioned, without Demand, the yearly Sum of £ by Four Installments in even Portions, otherwise the said Composition shall be liable of the Goods and Chattels of the said or otherwise, as the said Act directs.

Signed,

} Commissioners of the
within Division.

Witness

The Party hereto.

Clark to the said Commissioners.

C A P. LII.

An Act to repeal the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof. [24 July 1819.]

43 G. 3. c. 98.

54 G. 3. c. 12.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Beign, intimated *As* *As for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, certain Duties of Customs and certain Drawbacks in respect thereof were granted and made payable in Great Britain, in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks payable there: And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Beign, certain Duties of Customs were repealed on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Great Britain from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies: And Whereas several new and additional Duties of Customs have from time to time been granted and made payable in Great Britain by several Acts made since the making of the said second Act: And Whereas it is expedient that the several Duties of Customs now payable in Great Britain should be consolidated, and that for that Purpose all Duties of Customs now payable in Great Britain (except as hereinafter excepted) should cease and determine, and that other Duties of Customs should be granted and made payable in lieu of the Duties which shall so cease and determine: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all and singular the Subsidies, Customs, Impositions or Duties whatever respecting the Revenue of Customs payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Great Britain on or immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, upon the Importation or Exportation respectively of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise into or from Great Britain, or upon any Goods, Wares or Merchandise being brought or carried Coastwise from one Port or Place in Great Britain to any other Port or Place in the same, or upon any Ship or Vessel, according to the Tonnage thereof, entering or clearing outwardly or inwardly at any Port within Great Britain, and also all additional Imposts or Duties charged upon the Produce or Amount of the said several Duties of Customs or any of them, and the several and respective Drawbacks allowed upon the Exportation of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise from Great Britain, shall cease and determine, save and

Duties of
Customs and
Drawbacks to
remain.

and except in such Cases only as are excepted or provided for by any Exception or Provision contained in this Act; and then and except in all Cases and in so far as shall relate to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears of the said Duties and Drawbacks respectively, which may remain unpaid or not allowed on the fifth Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, or to any Taxes, Fines, or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time on or before the said fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or in anywise alter the Duties of Package, Stowage, Ballage or Portage, or any other Duties payable to the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, or to the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, or to any other City or Town Corporate within Great Britain, or any other special Privilege or Exemption to which any Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, within Great Britain, is or are entitled by Law, but the same shall continue as heretofore.

III. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter or repeal or in anywise to affect any of the Duties on Ships or Vessels according to the Tonnage thereof, granted and imposed by an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for rendering more commodious and for better regulating the Port of London, or any Act or Acts for amending the same, or any of the Duties granted and imposed by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for making further Provision for the more effectual Performance of Quarantine, or any Act or Acts for amending the same.*

IV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter or repeal any of the Duties on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported, or any of the Duties on Ships or Vessels according to the Tonnage thereof, granted and imposed by an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to repeal the Provisions of former Acts granting exclusive Privileges of Trade in the South Sea Company, and to indemnify the said Company for the Loss of such Privileges, or to alter or repeal any of the Provisions of the said recited Act, or of any Act or Acts for amending the same.*

V. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or alter any of the Provisions contained in Two Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, the one made in the Parliament of Great Britain, in the Twenty sixth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and the other made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or in any other Act or Acts in force on or immediately before the said fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, by which any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Ireland, imported into Great Britain from Ireland, or any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain, exported from Great Britain to Ireland, are respectively made liable to or are charged with or exempted from any Duties of Customs, whether Countervailing or others, or by which any Drawbacks are allowed or given on the Exports of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise.

VI. And Whereas it is necessary that other Duties of Customs should be granted to Your Majesty in lieu of the Duties repealed by this Act; we, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, have therefore given and granted to Your Majesty the several Duties of Customs hereinafter mentioned, and do humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it therefore enacted, That from and after the fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, in lieu and instead of the Subsidies and Duties of Customs heretofore made to coin and determine, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in ready Money, (except as hereinafter is provided) without any Discount, drawback, upon Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported or brought into Great Britain, the several Duties of Customs as the same are respectively intitled, defined and set forth in Figures in the Tables to this Act annexed, marked A. and B., and upon Goods, Wares and Merchandise exported from Great Britain, the several Duties of Customs as the same are respectively intitled, defined and set forth in Figures in the Table to this Act annexed marked C., and upon Goods, Wares and Merchandise brought or carried Coastwise from one Port or Place in Great Britain, to any other Port or Place within Great Britain, the several Duties of Customs as the same are respectively intitled, defined and set forth in Figures in the Table to this Act annexed marked D.; and upon Ships or Vessels, according to the Tonnage thereof, entering Inwards or Outwards in any Port of Great Britain from or to Foreign Parts, the several Duties of Customs as the same are respectively intitled, defined and set forth in Figures in the Table hereto annexed marked E.; and that there shall also be paid or allowed the several Drawbacks of the several Duties of Customs as the same are respectively intitled, defined and set forth in Figures in the said Tables A. B. and D.; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties and Drawbacks of Customs by this Act imposed, as shall arise in England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in Ireland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in Ireland for the time being.

VIII. And Whereas by the heretofore recited Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, it was among other things provided and enacted, that all Duty charged on the Import of Foreign or Colonial Goods into other Country, should on their Export to the other be drawn back, or the Amount, if any were retained, should be placed to the Credit of the Country to which they should be exported, in

except Amount Paid, &c.

Duties of Package, &c. to the Corporation of London, &c. continued.

Proviso for Tonnage Duties of 25 G. 3. c. 11, and 45 G. 3. c. 14.

Proviso for Duties of 51 G. 3. c. 13.

Proviso for 29 G. 3. c. 2. s. 3. c. 5, and 40 G. 3. c. 11, in respect to the Importation or Exportation of Goods.

The Duties specified in the Tables annexed to be levied, and the Drawbacks therein inserted allowed, in lieu of those repealed.

Duties to be under the Commissioners of Customs.

29 G. 3. c. 2. s. 3. c. 5. Article.

long

30-3-1819

12

A. Draw back of
Import Duty on
Foreign or Colonial
Goods imported
from Great
Britain or Free
Land abroad.

Foreign Goods
imported into
Great Britain
from Ireland,
to pay the same
Duty as if they
had been im-
ported direct
from Foreign
Parts.

Regulations
for ascertain-
ing whether
such Goods
were first im-
ported directly
from Ireland
from Place of
Growth.

Duties on
Sugar to con-
stitute 100
cwt. 1819, and
to be applied
proportionally to
c. p. 1819.

Duties on
Wheat to con-
stitute 100
cwt. 1819.

Regulations
of Duty of 100
cwt. 1819, and
to be applied
proportionally to
c. p. 1819.

And in the Expenditure of the United Kingdom should be delivered by proportional Contributions: And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifth Sixth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, entitled *An Act to amend and consolidate into One Fund all the Public Revenues of Great Britain and Ireland, and to provide for the Application thereof to the general Service of the United Kingdom*, it is enacted, that from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, all Rates, Duties, Taxes, Receipts, Sums of Money and Revenues, of what Nature or Kindsoever, which shall or may constitute or form Part of or be directed to be carried to the several Funds called the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, and the Consolidated Fund of Ireland respectively, shall be carried to, and shall be paid into, and shall form and constitute One General Fund, to be called The Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and that the said Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, after Payment and Satisfaction of certain Charges in the said last recited Act mentioned, shall be indifferently applied to the Service of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Part thereof, as shall be directed by Parliament: And Whereas it is expedient to continue the Payment of Drawbacks on the Export of Foreign and Colonial Goods from Great Britain to Ireland; It is therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, all Duties of Customs and Excise charged and paid on the Importations into Great Britain of any Foreign or Colonial Goods, Wares or Merchandise, shall, on the Exportation from Great Britain to Ireland of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, be drawn back, and paid and allowed to the Exporters of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, under and subject to all such Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as are required by any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

IX. And Whereas Duties of Customs are by this Act imposed on certain Foreign Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Great Britain, directly from the Place of their Growth or Produce, and higher Duties of Customs are imposed on the like Goods, Wares and Merchandise if imported not directly from the Place of their Growth or Produce; and it is expedient that the like Duties should be paid on all such Foreign Goods imported into Great Britain from Ireland, as if such Foreign Goods had been imported from Foreign Parts: Be it therefore enacted, That on the Importation of any such Foreign Goods, Wares or Merchandise into Great Britain from Ireland, such Import Duty of Customs shall be paid and payable as if such Foreign Goods, Wares or Merchandise had been imported from Foreign Parts, either directly from the Place of their Growth or Produce, or not directly from such Place, according as they were in fact at first imported from Foreign Parts into Ireland; and that for the purpose of ascertaining whether any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise were first imported into Ireland directly from the Place of their Growth or Produce, or not directly from such Place, it shall be specified and set forth in every Cochet or Clearance of any such Foreign Goods, Wares or Merchandise reported from Ireland to Great Britain, whether such Goods, Wares or Merchandise were first imported directly from the Place of their Growth or Produce, or not directly from such Place, and the Import Duty of Customs on such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be payable accordingly on such Goods when imported into Great Britain from Ireland, and if it shall not be exported and set forth in such Cochet or Clearance of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, whether the same were in fact imported into Ireland directly from the Place of their Growth or Produce, or not directly from such Place, then and in such Case such Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall be and be deemed liable to such Duties of Customs on their Importation into Great Britain from Ireland, as if the same had been imported from Foreign Parts, not directly from the Place of their Growth or Produce; any thing to any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Duties imposed by this Act upon the Importation of Sugar, inferior, described and set forth in the Tables hereto annexed, marked A. and B., shall continue and be in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and no longer; and that the said Duties shall be ascertained, applied and accounted for, according to the Provisions of an Act made in the seventh Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act for improving the Sugary duties Duties on Irish, Sugar, Tobacco and Beef in Great Britain, and on Potatoes, Coffee and Peppermint, in England; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen*; and that a separate Account of such Duties shall be kept at the Customs Houses in Great Britain, Ireland and upon from all other Duties of Customs, and the same shall be paid into the Receipts of the Exchequer in Great Britain, pursuant to the Provisions of the said last recited Act with relation to the Duties on Sugar is contained by the said Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Duties imposed by this Act upon the Importation of Beek Wheat, inferior, described and set forth in the Table marked A. to the Act annexed, shall continue and be in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, and no longer.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Duty of Six Shillings and Three pence, specified in the Table marked A. in this Act annexed, on every One hundred Pounds Weight of Cotton Wool, not being the Produce of and directly imported from any British Colony or Plantation in America, shall continue and be in force until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty two, and no longer; and that all Cotton Wool, and Waste of Cotton Wool, being the Produce of, but not imported directly from any British Colony or Plantation in America, and all Cotton Wool and Waste of Cotton Wool, the Produce of any other Country or Place which shall be so imported on or before the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, shall be subject and liable to the Duties upon every One hundred Pounds Weight thereof mentioned, specified and set forth in the Tables marked A. and B. to this Act annexed; and that all such Cotton Wool, and Waste of Cotton Wool, which shall be so imported from and

after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, shall be subject to the Duties in respect of the Value thereof, mentioned, specified and set forth in the said Tables marked A. and B.: Provided always, that upon all Cotton Wool, or Waste of Cotton Wool, which shall have been or shall be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty at any time previous to the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, the Duty of Eight Shillings and Seven pence for every One hundred Pounds Weight thereof shall be charged and paid at any time, as well after as before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, when such Cotton Wool shall be taken out of Warehouses for Home Consumption.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Duties imposed by this Act, and specified, mentioned, and set forth in Table D. to the Act annexed, upon Coals or Cokes brought or carried Coastwise to any Port or Place within the Principality of Wales, shall continue in force until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and no longer; and that from and after the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty, Coals or Cokes brought or carried Coastwise to any Port or Place within the said Principality, shall be subject and liable to such and the like Duties as Coals or Cokes brought or carried Coastwise into any Port or Place in England, except the Port of London, are subject and liable to under this Act, and the said Table D. therein annexed, or shall or may be subject or liable to under any Act or Acts in force immediately before the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall appear by Notice in the London Gazette, in manner directed by Law, that the Average Price of Brown or Malabar Sugar of the *British* Plantations, (ascertained and taken in manner prescribed by Law in Great Britain,) for any Period required by Law, shall be below Forty nine Shillings the Hundred Weight, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Comptroller of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them for the time being, and they are hereby authorized to suspend, until a new Average shall be published in the said Gazette according to Law, the Payment of One Shilling in the Hundred Weight, Part of the Duty on Brown or Malabar Sugar of the *British* Plantations granted by this Act, and the Table marked A. therein annexed; and the like Sum of One Shilling in the Hundred Weight, Part of the Duty of Two Pounds per Hundred Weight on Sugar of the Growth or Produce of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the *East Indies*, granted by this Act, and the Table marked B. therein annexed; and if such Average Price shall be below Forty eight Shillings, then Two Shillings of the said Duties respectively; and if such Average Price shall be below Forty seven Shillings, then Three Shillings of such Duties respectively; and so continue such Suspension from time to time, if the Case shall so require, according to the Averages published as aforesaid.

XV. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall appear by Notice published in the *London Gazette* in manner directed by Law, that the Average Price of Brown or Malabar Sugar of the *British* Plantations (ascertained and taken in manner prescribed by Law in Great Britain,) for any Period required by Law, shall exceed Sixty Shillings the Hundred Weight, then and in such Case, One Shilling in the Hundred Weight, Part of the Duty of Two Pounds per Hundred Weight on *East India* Sugar imposed by Table B. annexed to this Act, shall be suspended until a Notice of a new Average Price of such Brown or Malabar Sugar shall be published in manner aforesaid; and if such Average Price shall exceed the Sum of Sixty one Shillings the Hundred Weight, then Two Shillings in the Hundred Weight, Part of the said Duty on *East India* Sugar, shall be so suspended; and in like manner if such Average Price of such Brown or Malabar Sugar shall exceed Sixty two Shillings the Hundred Weight, then Three Shillings in the Hundred Weight of the said Duty on *East India* Sugar shall be so suspended; if such Average Price of such Brown or Malabar Sugar shall exceed Sixty three Shillings the Hundred Weight, then Four Shillings in the Hundred Weight of the said Duty on *East India* Sugar shall be so suspended; if such Average Price of such Brown or Malabar Sugar shall exceed Sixty four Shillings the Hundred Weight, then Five Shillings in the Hundred Weight of the said Duty on *East India* Sugar shall be so suspended; if such Average Price of such Brown or Malabar Sugar shall exceed Sixty five Shillings the Hundred Weight, then Six Shillings in the Hundred Weight of the said Duty on *East India* Sugar shall be so suspended; if such Average Price of such Brown or Malabar Sugar shall exceed Sixty six Shillings the Hundred Weight, then Seven Shillings in the Hundred Weight of the said Duty on *East India* Sugar shall be so suspended; if such Average Price of such Brown or Malabar Sugar shall exceed Sixty seven Shillings the Hundred Weight, then Eight Shillings in the Hundred Weight of the said Duty on *East India* Sugar shall be so suspended; if such Average Price of such Brown or Malabar Sugar shall exceed Sixty eight Shillings the Hundred Weight, then Nine Shillings in the Hundred Weight of the said Duty on *East India* Sugar shall be so suspended; and if such Average Price of such Brown or Malabar Sugar shall exceed Sixty nine Shillings the Hundred Weight, then Ten Shillings in the Hundred Weight, Part of the said Duty on *East India* Sugar, shall be so suspended.

XVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act, or any of the Tables therein annexed, mentioned, specified or contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to permit or allow any Goods, Wares or Merchandise whatever, to be imported into or exported from Great Britain in any Way or Manner contrary to any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain on or immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, except only so far as any such Act or Acts are expressly altered by this Act, or in Cases expressly provided for by this Act; any Duty, Clerk, Manner or Thing in this Act, or any of the Tables therein annexed, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XVII. And Whereas by the said Act heretofore recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, it is among other things enacted, that from and after the Termination of the War by the

Cotton Wool secured in Warehouses previous to Jan. 5. 1820, to pay a Duty of 18. 1d. per Cwt.

Regulations as to Duties on Coals or Cokes specified in Table D.

Temporary suspension of certain Parts of Duty on Sugar, according to the Averages Prices published in Gazette.

Regulations as to the suspension of the Payment of certain Parts of Duty on *East India* Sugar.

Act does not allow Goods to be imported or exported contrary to any Act in force, unless provided by this Act.

as C. 52. s. 6.

• Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, it shall and may be lawful for the United Company of Mer.
 • chants of England trading to the *East Indies* to export to Sale, either for the purpose of being worn or
 • used in *Great Britain*, or for Exportation, any Silk Handkerchiefs of the Manufacture of *Perfia*, *China* or
 • the *East Indies*, that shall have been or may hereafter be secured in the Warehouses of the said United Com-
 • pany, subject nevertheless to the Duties by the said A. Act imposed, or which might thereafter be imposed
 • thereon; and that all such Silk Handkerchiefs on which such Duties shall have been duly paid, shall and may
 • be worn or used in *Great Britain*, or sold or exported to Sale therein, and shall not be subject to Seizure or
 • Forfeiture, nor shall the *Perfian* or *Perfian* who shall wear or use the same, or who shall sell or export to Sale
 • the same, or have the same in his, her or their Custody or Possession, be liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture,
 • or Fine or Fines whatever, on account thereof; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding;
 • And Whereas by an A. Act made in the Fifth fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *As. Act to amend*
 • the Duties payable on, and the Privileges to take for *Great Britain* and *Handkerchiefs imported into Great Britain*
 • by the East India Company, the Duties payable on such Handkerchiefs are repealed; but the said Handkerchiefs
 • excepted Provision, in the said second A. Act of the Forty sixth Year thereof is not repealed in the said recited
 • A. Act of the Fifty fifth Year, and it is expedient that the said Provision should be extended, so far as relates to the
 • exporting such Silk Handkerchiefs to Sale for the purpose of being used or worn in *Great Britain*, or to the ship-
 • ping or wearing the same in *Great Britain*.' Be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this A. Act, it shall
 • not be lawful for the said Company, or for any *Perfian* or *Perfian*, to export any such Silk Handkerchiefs
 • to Sale for the purpose of being used or worn in *Great Britain*, and it shall not be lawful for the same to be
 • used or worn in *Great Britain*, or to be sold or exported to Sale therein, but the same shall be subject to Seizure
 • and Forfeiture, and the *Perfian* or *Perfian* who shall wear or use the same, or who shall sell or export the same
 • to Sale, or shall have the same in his, her or their Custody or Possession, shall be liable to such Penalties and
 • Fines as of the said Provision in the said recited A. Act of the Forty sixth Year had been been made; any
 • thing in the said second A. Act or in any other A. Act or A. Acts to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight
 hundred and nineteen, until the Twenty fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty, no Duty
 of Customs shall be charged or payable upon *Siam* *Merle Wood* in for Naval Purposes, imported into *Great*
Britain from the Bay of *Shanghai* in *British* built Vessels, owned, equipped and employed according to Law;
 any thing in the A. Act, or any of the Tables therein contained, to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided that
 such Wood shall be regularly entered and landed under the Care of the proper Officers of the Customs.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight
 hundred and nineteen, and until the Twenty fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty, no
 Duty of Customs shall be charged or payable upon the Importation into *Great Britain* of any *Teak* Wood in
 for Naval Purposes, of the Growth or Production of any *British* Colony, Plantation, Territory or Possession
 in *Africa*; provided that due Entry be made thereof, and that such Wood be landed in the Presence of the
 proper Officers at the Port of Importation.

XX. And Whereas Duties have arisen whether Foreign Goods, Wares and Merchandise, which have
 been regularly imported into *Great Britain*, and afterwards exported from thence, are, upon Re-importation,
 subject to the Duties of Customs? Be it therefore declared and enacted, That all such Goods, Wares and
 Merchandise, so re-imported into *Great Britain*, shall be subject and liable to all such Duties of Customs as are
 by this A. Act granted upon Importation of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That nothing in the A. Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend
 to exempt the Proprietor or Proprietors of Goods, Wares or Merchandise, to pay the Duties upon the Im-
 portation or Landing thereof in *Great Britain*, in any Case where such Goods, Wares or Merchandise might
 or immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, have been
 warehoused or otherwise secured without Payment of Duty; or in any Case where the Whole or any Part
 of the Duties on such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, are permitted to be secured by Bond or otherwise,
 under or by virtue of any A. Act or A. Acts of Parliament in force in *Great Britain* on and immediately before the
 said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; but that in all such Cases the Duties
 specified in the Tables to the A. Act annexed, marked A. and B., may be secured by Bond or otherwise, in
 such Manner and under such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Conditions, as are contained in any such
 A. Act or A. Acts, except where it is otherwise provided by this A. Act: Provided always, that in case the Importer
 or Proprietor of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, which shall have been lodged in Warehouses or other-
 wise secured by virtue of any A. Act or A. Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the said Fifth Day
 of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and on which the Duties due on the Importation thereof
 shall not have been paid, shall be deficient of taking any such Goods out of such Warehouses, or from any
 Place wherein the same shall be secured, for the purpose of being used or consumed in *Great Britain*; then
 and in such Case the Duties imposed by this A. Act shall be payable thereon, notwithstanding such Goods may
 have been imported and warehoused before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen,
 except where it is otherwise provided by this A. Act.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Importer or Proprietor of any Cotton Wool, or Waste
 of Cotton Wool, the Product of any *British* Colony or Plantation in *America*, not being imported directly
 from thence, or of any Cotton Wool or Waste of Cotton Wool, the Product of any other Country or Place,
 which shall have been secured in Warehouses at any time on or before the Fifth Day of January One thou-
 sand eight hundred and twenty, and on which the Duties shall not have been fully paid on or before the said
 Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, shall be deficient of taking any such Cotton
 Wool

Silk Hand-
kerchiefs of the
East Indies
prohibited from
being sold or
worn in Great
Britain.
Penalty.

Duty on Siam
Merle Wood
from Handkerchiefs
not payable
till March 15,
1820.

No on Teak
Wood of Africa
in for Naval
Purposes, till
that Time.

Foreign Goods
exported liable
to Duty on Re-
importation.

Goods may be
warehoused,
and Duties
secured under
the usual Re-
gulations.

On taking
Goods out of
Warehouses,
Duty is to
be paid.

Cotton Wool
secured in
Warehouses
before Jan. 5,
1820, not subject
to the usual
Consumption.

Wool or Wools of Cotton Wool out of each Warehouse after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, for the purpose of being used or consumed in Great Britain, then and in each Case the Duties imposed by this Act, and the Tables A. and B. therein annexed, on Cotton Wool or Wools of Cotton Wool, according to the Value thereof, shall be payable and paid on such Cotton Wool or Wools of Cotton Wool to taken out of Warehouse, notwithstanding such Cotton Wool or Wools of Cotton Wool may have been imported and warehoused on or before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, upon Proof to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of the Customs, that Orders were given for the Purchase of any Sheep's Wool or Lamb's Wool at any time before the passing of this Act, and that such Sheep's Wool or Lamb's Wool shall be imported into Great Britain at any time after the passing of this Act, to admit such Sheep's Wool or Lamb's Wool to Entry upon Payment of the Duty of One Penny per Pound only; and such Sheep's Wool or Lamb's Wool so imported in pursuance of any such Orders, shall be subject and liable to the said Duty of One Penny per Pound, and no more, on Importation into Great Britain; any thing in this Act, or the Tables therein annexed, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter or repeal any of the Rules, Regulations or Provisions contained in an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty*; or in an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to authorise the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to permit certain Articles to be warehoused in different Ports in Great Britain, upon giving Security for the Payment of the Duties upon the Articles therein mentioned*; or in any other Act or Acts relating to the warehousing, securing or removal of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, in Force in Great Britain immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; but that all such Rules, Regulations and Provisions shall be applied and put in execution for the warehousing and securing of Goods, Wares and Merchandise specified in the Table marked F. to this Act annexed, and subject to any Duties under this Act, in fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, inasmuch as far as the same are altered by this Act: Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to permit any Goods, Wares or Merchandise to be delivered from any Warehouse or Place for the purpose of being used or consumed in Great Britain, unless such Goods could have been lawfully so delivered, to be used or consumed in Great Britain, before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, it shall and may be lawful to import into Great Britain from the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey or Alderney, and also from Ireland, any Wine whatever in Bottles or Flasks, as well for Sale as for private Use, in Packages each of which shall contain at the least Six Dozens repeated Quart Bottles or Flasks, on Payment of the several and respective Duties, as well of Customs as Excise, due and payable on the Importation of such Wines into Great Britain; provided that such Wines shall be imported in Single or Joint built Ships or Vessels, owned, navigated and registered according to Law, and in such manner, and under the like Rules, Regulations, Conditions and Restrictions, and shall be subject and liable to the like Penalties and Forfeitures, as are provided and in Force in relation to the Importation of French Wines in Bottles or Flasks imported into Great Britain.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, it shall and may be lawful to import into Great Britain from any Ports within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, any Wine whatever in Bottles, on Payment of the several and respective Duties, as well of Customs as Excise, due and payable on the Importation of such Wines into Great Britain: Provided always, that the Importer of such Wine, or his known Agent or Factor, shall make a Declaration before the Officer of the Customs at the Port of Importation, stating the Nature and Quantity of such Wine, and that the same is for private Use and not intended to be sold, and that such Wine shall be regularly entered and landed under the Care of the proper Officer of the Customs.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs in England, or any Four or more of them, and for the Commissioners of Customs in Ireland, or any Three or more of them for the time being respectively, to repay or allow to the Importers, Owners, Proprietors or Consignees of any Foreign Spirits, Wine or other Liquors which shall be lost by accidental Stowing or Shipboard, or in the transhipping thereof before the landing thereof, the Duties of Customs which shall have become payable or shall have been paid for or in respect of such Spirits, Wine or other Liquors, and to issue the Duties of Customs, and to cancel and vacate the Customs Bond for or in respect of all such Spirits, Wine and other Liquors for which no such Duties shall have been paid, but for which Security shall have been given by Bond taken for or in respect of the warehousing thereof, before Payment of the Duties, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in Force in Great Britain for permitting Goods imported to be warehoused or secured without Payment of Duty, and which shall be so lost by such accidental Stowing: Provided always nevertheless, that no such Allowance or Repayment shall be made, nor any such Duty be remitted, nor any such Bond or any Part thereof

after that Day the Duties specified in Tables A. and B. shall be paid.

Sheep's Wool or Lamb's Wool, on Proof that Orders were given for the Purchase, may be admitted to Entry on Payment of a Duty of 1d. per lb.

Proviso for Regulations of 49 G. 3. c. 113 and 50 G. 3. c. 39. for the warehousing and securing of Goods, &c.

Proviso as to Delivery of certain Goods from Warehouses.

Wine in Bottles may be imported from Jersey, &c. and from Ireland, in Packages of Six Dozens.

Proviso for Navigation Laws.

Wine in Bottles may be imported from Ports within the Limits of Charter of E. I. C. Declaration.

Owners of Foreign Spirits and Wine lost from stowing, or in the transhipping may have the Duty remitted, &c.

But Proof is to be made of Transhipment of Loss.

Where no Proof,
Dues to amount
in Dues.

How Duties
payable in
proportion to
Weight, &c.
charged.

The Value of
Goods at Port
of Importation,
&c. to be the
Basis for charging
Duty.

If Goods not
valued in Invoice
manifested, they
may be de-
termined, &c.

How the Value
of Cotton
Wool, &c. Im-
ported by other
Persons than
the E. I. Co.
shall be ascertained
on charging the
Duty.

How Value of
Goods sold at
the E. I. Co.'s
Sales, ascer-
tained.

In relating
British Salt re-
ported, Amount
of Duty of Ex-
cess deducted
from Value.

Regulations
to remove the
Grossness of
Customs eva-
sion, applied
in this Act.

shall be cancelled or created, unless Proof shall be made to the Satisfaction of the said respective Comptroller General, that such Spirits, Wine or other Liquors were lost by such accidental Storing, and not from any Want of due Care or Precaution on the Part of the Importer, Owner, Proprietor or Consignor thereof, or his, her or their Agent: Provided also, that every such Bond shall be and remain in full Force and Effect as to all the Spirits, Wine or other Liquors to which the same shall relate, and which shall not be in proof to have been lost by such accidental Storing, and for or in respect whereof the Duties of Customs shall not be so created: any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Duties granted and imposed by this Act, and made payable according to the Weight, Tale, Gauge, Measure or Value of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise charged with such Duties, shall be charged and payable upon any greater or less Weight, Number, Quantity or Value thereof than the Weight, Number, Quantity or Value particularly ascertained, defined and set forth in any of the Tables hereunto annexed, in proportion to the actual Weight, Number, Quantity or Value of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where by the Tables marked A. and C. to this Act annexed, the Duties of Customs imposed upon the Importation or Exportation of Goods, Wares and Merchandise are charged, not according to the Weight, Tale, Gauge or Measure, but according to the Value thereof, such Value shall be taken and considered as the true Value at the Port of Importation or Exportation in Great Britain, without any Abatement or Deductions whatever, except of so much as the Duties payable on the Importation or Exportation thereof shall amount to; and that such Value shall be ascertained by the Declaration of the Importer, Exporter or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise as imported or exported, or of his known Agent or Factor, in such Manner and Form, and under all such Rules, Regulations and Provisions with respect to such Declarations, and subject to all such Forfeitures and Penalties, as are prescribed, directed and imposed for ascertaining and collecting Duties to be paid according to the Value thereof, by any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and in case such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall not be valued according to the true and real Value thereof, and according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and of the several Acts in force in Great Britain, then it shall be lawful for the proper Officers or Officers of the Customs to make the same to be determined, and the said Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be dealt with, and the proper Officers of the Customs shall proceed in every respect in the manner prescribed in each Case by the said several Acts respectively.

XXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in the Case of Cotton Wool and the Wools of Cotton Wool, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, the Duties whereon are payable according to the Value thereof, and which hath been or shall be imposed by Persons other than the East India Company, and which shall be sold at any Sale made by the said Company, such Value shall be ascertained in the Manner and Form, and under all such Rules, Regulations and Provisions, as are prescribed, directed and imposed for the ascertaining the Value of any other Goods, Wares or Merchandise sold at such Sale; and in the Case of any such Cotton Wool or Wools of Cotton Wool not sold at any Sale made by the said Company, the Value thereof shall be ascertained in such Manner and Form, and under all such Rules, Regulations and Provisions, and subject to such Forfeitures and Penalties, as are prescribed, directed and imposed for the ascertaining the Value of any Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained in Schedules A. and C. to this Act annexed, under any Act or Acts in force for the ascertaining of such Value respectively.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where by the Table marked B. to this Act annexed, the Duties of Customs imposed on the Importation of any Goods, Wares and Merchandise enumerated in the said Table, are charged according to the gross Price at which such Goods shall be sold at the Sales of the East India Company, or according to the Value thereof, such Price or Value respectively shall be ascertained in such Manner and Form, and under all such Rules, Regulations and Provisions, and subject to such Forfeitures and Penalties, as are prescribed, directed and imposed for ascertaining the Price or Value of such Goods by any Act or Acts in force immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in ascertaining the Value of British made Salt exported from Great Britain, it shall and may be lawful for the Exporter or Proprietor, or his known Agent or Factor, to deduct so much Money from the Value of such Salt as shall be equal to the Amount of the Duty of Excise paid thereon at the time of the Entry of such Salt for the purpose of being exported, and the Value so ascertained shall be deemed and taken to be the true and real Value of such Salt at the Port of Exportation; any thing in this Act, or any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Rules, Regulations, Customs and Restrictions, made, established or directed for the settling or allowing of any Deductions on account of Damage or otherwise, or for the better securing the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain, or for regulating the Importation or Exportation of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise into or from Great Britain, or the bringing or carrying any Goods, Wares or Merchandise Contraband, or from Port to Port within Great Britain, and all Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things relating thereto, contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Great Britain immediately before the passing of this Act, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be and remain in full Force and Effect, and shall be applied to the Subject of this Act, and for carrying the same into execution, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if all such Rules, Regulations, Customs,

skins, Ruffs, Pinnions, Claws, Mattens and Things were repaired and re-crafted in this perfect Act, except only in so far as the same are repealed or altered, or otherwise provided for by this Act.

XXXIV. And he it further enacted, That no Allowance or Abatement shall at any time be made out of or from the Duties by this Act, and the Tables thereto annexed, imposed upon any Currents, Figs or Ruffs, for or on account or in respect of any Damage which such Currents, Figs or Ruffs may have sustained in any Voyage or otherwise, by any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXXV. And Whereas it is expedient to prohibit the Importation of all Broken Glass, if only for being re-manufactured; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, if any Broken Glass, if only to be re-manufactured, shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, all such Broken Glass, together with the Packages or Packings in which the same shall be found, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise; and that the Person or Persons importing the same, or aiding or assisting therein, or in the loading, removing or unloading of any such Broken Glass, or receiving the same, knowing it to have been so imported or brought, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, to be prosecuted, recovered and applied as any other Penalty or Penalties by any Law or Laws relating to His Majesty's Duties of Customs and Excise.

XXXVI. And he it further enacted, That no China Ware or Porcelain Ware, nor any Articles, Goods or Wares enumerated with or manufactured wholly or partly of Or Marble, shall be imported or brought into any Port in Great Britain, except at the Ports of London, Plymouth, Bristol, Liverpool, Hull, Newcastle, Lark and Greenwich, upon pain of Forfeiture of all such China Ware, Porcelain Ware, or other Articles, Goods or Wares so imported respectively, as shall be imported or brought into any Port in Great Britain other than some or one of the Ports hereinbefore enumerated, together with the Chefts, Cases and other Packages respectively containing such Wares respectively; and all such China Wares and other Wares respectively, and the Chefts, Cases and other Packages respectively containing the same, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise.

XXXVII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That Fish of every Kind or Sort whatsoever of British taking and curing, caught or taken in any Part of the Ocean by the Crews of any Ships or Vessels built in Great Britain or Ireland, or the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey or Man, or in any of the Colonies, Plantations, Islands or Territories which now or at the time of building such Ships or Vessels did belong, or which may hereafter belong to or be in the Possession of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, and wholly belonging to and owned by His Majesty's Subjects, and unexported and registered according to Law, shall and may be imported into Great Britain in Ships built, owned, navigated and registered as aforesaid, without Payment of any Duty of Customs whatever; any thing in this Act or any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that before such Fish shall be admitted to Entry, the Master or other Person having the Command of the Ship or Vessel in which such Fish shall be imported, shall make Oath before the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs at the Port of Importation (who is hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath), that such Fish was actually caught, taken and cured wholly by His Majesty's Subjects.

XXXVIII. And he it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, before any Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fin, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, imported into Great Britain as being caught and caught on the Banks and Shoars of the Island of Newfoundland, and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island, or as being taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the Colonies or Bermuda Islands, or as being taken and caught in the Gulph of Saint Lawrence, or on the Shoars of any British Colony or Plantation in North America, or the Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the said Colonies or Plantations, and carrying on such Fishery from thence, shall be admitted to Entry on payment of the Duty imposed on such Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fin by this Act and the Table marked A. thereto annexed, the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the same shall be imported, shall produce and deliver to the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs at the Port of Importation, a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of the Governor or Deputy Governor of Newfoundland, or of such other British Colony or Plantation, or of the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs of the Port or Place in Newfoundland, or in such other British Colony or Plantation where such Train Oil, Blubber, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fin shall have been taken on board, and so such Governor or Deputy Governor, or Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs shall be residing there, then a Certificate shall be produced under the Hand and Seal of the Naval Officer or other Personnal Officer of such Port or Place, or of One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the District, certifying that Oath had been made before him (who is hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath, and to grant such Certificate), by the Skipper of such Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fin, that the same was actually and lawfully the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, actually caught and taken wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery, and usually residing in the said Island of Newfoundland, or in His Majesty's European Dominions, or by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in such other British Colony or Plantation, and carrying on such Fishery from thence; and the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the Blubber or Train Oil shall be imported into Great Britain, shall make oath before the Collector or other Chief Officer at the Port of Importation (who is hereby authorized and required to administer the same), that the Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fin so imported, is the same as mentioned and referred to in the

No Allowance for Damage of Currents, &c.

Importing Broken Glass, Chefts and Packages Forfeited, &c.

Antidote

Penalty seal.

China or Porcelain Ware, &c. to be imported only into certain Ports. Penalty.

Fish of British taking, &c. may be imported in British built Ships, &c. without Payment of Duty.

Master to make Oath of taking and curing of such Fish.

Blubber and Oil, &c. of the Fishery of Newfoundland, &c. admitted to Entry on certain Conditions.

Payment of Duty.

Certificate of Governor or other Officer that Oath had been made that such Blubber, &c. was the Produce of Fish, &c. British taken.

Oath that Blubber, &c. so imported is the same as mentioned

Goods in Com-
mission, and
British taken.

If no Certifi-
cate, &c. such
Whaler, &c.
described Foreign
taken.

Duties on Oil,
and other Pro-
ducts of Fish
taken at New-
foundland, or
on Crabfishes,
&c. of that
Country, not
payable till
July 5. 1812.

Duties of Fish-
oil, &c. and E.
suspended till
July 5. 1812.

Proviso for
duty on oil,
and landing of
such Goods.

Tonnage Du-
ties of Table E.
on Vessels en-
tering Gren-
ada, or In-
wards to be
paid to the pro-
per Officer
under the Re-
gulations herein
mentioned.

§ 6. 5. a. 2.

§ 6. 1. a. 1.

Tonnage Duty
not to be
charged for
certain Vessels.

And Certificate, and the Importer or Importers, Consignor or Consignees of such Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fin, shall also make oath before the Collector or Comptroller, or other proper Officer of the Customs (who is hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath), at the time of Entry, that to the best of his or their Knowledge and Belief the Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fin is imported was actually caught and taken by British Subjects actually residing in the Island of Newfoundland, or in His Majesty's European Dominions, or by His Majesty's Subjects actually residing in such other British Colony or Plantation, and conveying on such Fishery from thence; and on Failure of such Certificate being produced, and Proof on Oath as aforesaid being made, such Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fin shall be deemed and taken to be of Foreign Fishing, and shall be charged with the Duty imposed by this Act, and the Table marked A. therein annexed, on such Articles of Foreign Fishery.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Payment of the several Duties of Customs by this Act imposed on the Importations of Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter and Whale Fin, the Products of Fish or Crabfishes being in the Sea taken and caught on the Banks and Shoars of the Island of Newfoundland and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects conveying on such Fishery from that Island, and also the Duties payable on Crabfishes, Fox Skins, Otter Skins, Seal Skins, Wolf Skins, Bear Skins, Cat Skins, Beaver Skins, and on Timber, being the Products of Newfoundland, and imported directly from thence, at the time are respectively described and set forth in Figures in the Table marked A. annexed to this Act, shall be and the time are hereby suspended, and the said Duties shall not be charged or payable on any such Articles so imported, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, inclusive; and also, that the Duty by this Act imposed on Goods, Wares and Merchandise exported from Great Britain to the said Island of Newfoundland, as described and set forth in the Table hereto annexed marked C., and also the Tonnage Duties payable on Ships or Vessels entering Inwards or Outwards from or to the said Island of Newfoundland, in any Port of Great Britain, as set forth in the Table hereto annexed marked E., shall be and the time are hereby in like manner suspended, and shall not respectively be charged or payable until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, inclusive; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that such Goods, Wares and Merchandise be duly entered and landed, and shall be subject in every respect to all the Regulations required by Law; and that the several Duties hereby suspended shall revive and become payable then and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, in full and in the like manner as if the said Suspension of Duty had not taken place.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties of Tonnage imposed by this Act, as described in the Table hereto annexed marked E., on Ships and Vessels entering Outwards or Inwards to or from Foreign Ports, shall be paid to the proper Officer of the Customs; and that no Officer of the Customs whatsoever, or any Deputy or Clerk of such Office, shall permit or suffer any Ship or Vessel to break Bulk, or any Part of her Cargo to be discharged; nor shall she or any Order nor grant any Document for the unshipping or landing any Goods, Wares or Merchandise brought or imported by any Ship or Vessel, subject and liable to the Payment of the Duties of Tonnage, until the said Duties have been fully paid to the proper Officer of the Customs; or in case any Doubt or Dispute shall arise as to the true Tonnage thereof, so that a perfect Entry cannot be made, then in every such Case a sufficient Deposit shall be made of the said Duties with such Officer as aforesaid, previous to any Document being issued or granted for the unshipping or landing any Part of the Cargo of such Ship or Vessel so entering Inwards as aforesaid; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; and that the said Duties shall be paid on every Report Inwards, and on every Entry Outwards of each and every Ship and Vessel, for each and every Voyage which any such Ship or Vessel shall be report Inwards or enter Outwards at any Port within Great Britain; and that the Tonnage of every such Ship or Vessel, being British built or British owned, shall be computed and taken according to the Register thereof in Great Britain under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for the further Enactment and Enforcement of Shipping and Navigation*; and that the Tonnage of every other Ship or Vessel, in case of any Doubt or Dispute relative thereto, shall be ascertained in Great Britain by Admeasurement, in the Mode and Manner prescribed and directed by the said Act: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter or repeal any of the Regulations contained in an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for charging certain Duties on Foreign Packets or Passage Vessels entering or departing in any of the Ports of Great Britain*; but that all such Regulations shall be applied to the Duties on such Packets or Passage Vessels mentioned, specified and set forth in the Table to the Act annexed, marked E.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in the Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to charge with the Duty of Tonnage imposed by this Act, and the Table marked E. therein annexed, any Ship or Vessel employed in the Fisheries as any Part of the Coast of Great Britain, and not entering Outwards for Foreign Ports, or any Ship or Vessel employed in bringing Offshore from Jersey or Guernsey into any Port in Great Britain, or to charge the said Tonnage Duty on any British or Irish built Ship or Vessel owned by British Subjects, which is not required to be registered by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, on or immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, or on any Ship or Vessel whatsoever that shall enter Outwards or Inwards in Bulk only; any thing in the Act, or in the Table marked E. herein contained, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XIII. And

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That the Drawbacks granted, allowed and made payable upon Goods, Wares and Merchandise exported from Great Britain under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall remain and continue payable with respect to such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, which, having paid the Duties imposed on the Importation thereof by any Act or Acts in force immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall, after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be exported from Great Britain; and that the several and respective Drawbacks therein specified and set forth in the Tables so this Act annexed, marked A. B. and C., shall be paid and allowed only on the Exportation of such Articles as shall have paid the Duties imposed thereby by this Act and the said Tables therein enacted.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, such Drawback as is mentioned, specified and set forth in the Table or Schedule marked B. to this Act annexed, shall be allowed in respect of Thrown Silk exported from Great Britain, which shall be thrown in Great Britain from a larger Quantity of Raw Silk imported into Great Britain from any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies: Provided always, that such be first made before the Collector of the Customs at the Port of Exportation by the Thrower of such Thrown Silk, that the said Thrown Silk was produced solely from Raw Silk which had been so imported into Great Britain, and for which His Majesty's Customs and Duties had been duly paid, and that the same was duly exported; His Majesty's Secretary also certifying the Shipping thereof, and all such other Requisites being duly performed as are necessary to be done and performed with regard to Raw Silk exported from Great Britain.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That no Drawback of the Duties of Customs or Excise shall be allowed on any Wine whatever which shall be exported or shipped for Exportation from Great Britain after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, other than on Wine in Bottles which shall be shipped in Packages each containing Six Dozen square Quart Bottles at the least.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or discontinue any Drawback of the Duties of Customs on any Sort of Wine intended for the Use of Admirals, Captains, and other Commissioned Officers Krving in any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or for the Use of Commissioned Officers of the Royal Marine, or of Persons serving as such, for their Consumption on board of such of His Majesty's Ships as they shall leave in, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Great Britain on or immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven: Provided nevertheless, that all the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Great Britain immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, relating to any such Drawbacks of the Duties of Customs on such Wine, shall be duly observed and enforced in relation thereto.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, such Drawback as is mentioned, specified and set forth in the Table or Schedule marked A. to this Act annexed, shall be allowed in respect of any Brandy which shall be refined in Great Britain from a larger Quantity imported rough, and shall be exported from thence upon such being first made by the Refiner or Refiners thereof, before the Collector of the Customs at the Port of Exportation, that the said refined Brandy was produced solely from Brandy which had been imported into Great Britain unrefined, and for which His Majesty's Customs and Duties had been duly paid, and that the same was duly exported; His Majesty's Secretary also certifying the Shipping thereof, and all such other Requisites being duly performed as are necessary to be done and performed with regard to Brandy unrefined exported from Great Britain.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, a Drawback of Nine Pence, and no more, of all such Duties on Importation as shall have been paid on any Foreign Brandy, shall be allowed in respect of all such Foreign Brandy as at any time after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall be sold and consumed in Great Britain in making and preparing Oil of Vitriol; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; and that the Amount of such Drawback shall be ascertained, paid and allowed to the Manufacturer of such Oil of Vitriol, under the Regulations and Restrictions contained in an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for diminishing the Burden on Exportation of Oil of Vitriol, and allowing a Drawback of a Proportion of the Duties paid on the Importation of Foreign Brandy used in making Oil of Vitriol, and under and subject to the like Provisions upon any Manufacture of such Oil for delivering any such Provisions in respect of Foreign Brandy sold and consumed in the Manufacture, with intent to defraud His Majesty, as are contained in the said Act of the Fifth Year, and as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.*

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, for all Casks used for any Purpose relating to the carrying on the Works for the manufacturing of Tin Plates at Penryn in the County of Penbroke, called the *Penryn Works*, for which the Duties granted by this Act shall have been duly paid, a Drawback shall be allowed of all such Duties, and exceeding the Sum of One thousand Pounds in any One Year: Provided always, that the said Drawback shall be paid upon the Proofs and under the Conditions required by an Act passed in the Thirty fifth Year of the

Drawbacks in respect for Goods exported before the passing of this Act.

Drawbacks of Tables A. B. C.

Drawback on Thrown Silk imported from East Indies.

Table of Provisions of Thrown Silk.

No Drawback allowed on Wine exported, except in Bottles. Provisions as to Drawback on Wine for the Use of Admirals only, Captains, &c. for their Consumption on board of Ships.

Drawbacks on refined Brandy.

Table of Provisions of such Brandy.

Drawback of Nine Pence of Duties on Foreign Brandy used in Great Britain in making Oil of Vitriol.

10 G. 3. c. 28.

Drawback for Casks used at the Penryn Tin Works.

Under Conditions of 25 G. 3. c. 28.

Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for allowing a Drawback of the Duties upon Coal-wood in carrying the same to the Steam-engines Works, in the County of Northumberland.*

Drawback for
Coals used in
working
Copper or
Lead Ores in
Anglesey;
as by 26 G. 3.
c. 104.

Drawback for
Stones used in
Steam Engines
in making
Iron Process;

as when
allowed

and for Stones
used in the
Construction, and
used in G. 3.
for putting Pub-
lic Houses,
upon Proof and
Certificate here-
in mentioned.

An Account of
Hereditary and
Temporary Re-
venues here-
after mentioned
from either
Mansions of
Revenue, and
held before
Parliament.

Provision for
Hereditary
Revenues of
Ireland.

Duties paid
into Exche-
quer, and
carried to the
Consolidated Fund.

Treasury of
Duties formed
an Addition
made to the
Revenue.

Carried forward
to close the

L. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixtieth, for all Coals which shall be used in carrying or fueling Copper or Lead Ores within the Isle of Anglesey, or which shall be used in Fire Engines for drawing Water out of the Mines of Copper and Lead within the said Isle, for which the Duties granted by this Act shall have been duly paid, a Drawback shall be allowed of all such Duties: Provided always, that the said Drawback shall be paid upon the Proofs required by an Act passed in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for allowing a Drawback of the Duties upon Coal-wood in fueling Copper or Lead Ores, and in Fire Engines for drawing Water out of the Copper and Lead Mines, within the Isle of Anglesey.*

L. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixtieth, a Drawback of the whole Duty specified in Table D. to this Act annexed, on Stone the Production of Great Britain, brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain to any other Port or Place therein, shall be allowed in respect of such Stone as at any time after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixtieth, shall be used and employed in Great Britain in making Burn Tiles; and that the Amount of such Drawback shall be allowed to the Person by whom such Stone was used and employed, upon Proof to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of the Customs that such Duty was paid, and that such Stone was so used and employed for such Purpose as aforesaid.

L. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixtieth, a Drawback of the Duty specified in Table D. to this Act annexed, on Stone the Production of Great Britain brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain to any other Port or Place therein, shall be repaid in respect of such Stone as at any time after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixtieth, shall be used and employed in Great Britain in paving Streets and Public Ways upon Proof of the actual Payment of such Duty, and under such Conditions and Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as shall from time to time be directed and made by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three of them, for that Purpose.

L. II. And Whereas by the Constitution of the public Revenue, and of the several Duties payable on the Importation or Exportation of Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and the Appropriation thereof as directed by the several Acts in Force in England, the Hereditary and temporary Revenues of the Crown, of Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and of other Duties upon Goods, Wares and Merchandise arising in England, are not now kept distinct and separate at the several Offices, but have become blended with other Duties of Customs and Tonnage, both in the Collection and Appropriation thereof: And Whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for ascertaining the several Amount of what such Hereditary Revenues would have produced in case the same had not been consolidated, and that an Account should hereafter be kept of such several Amount: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixtieth, the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall cause to be prepared and kept an Account of what such Hereditary Revenue arising in England would have amounted to in case the same had not been, and was not consolidated and collected with other Duties of Customs and Tonnage in the Collection and Appropriation thereof, in such Manner and Form as shall appear to the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, best adapted to ascertain such Amount; which Account the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for the time being, are hereby required to make out and send to be made out and laid before Parliament, together with the Public Accounts directed to be laid before Parliament, pursuant to the Provisions of the several Acts for directing Public Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament.

L. III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to affect or alter the Hereditary Revenue of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors in Ireland, or other Revenues there granted to His late Majesty King George the Second during his Life, and reserved to His present Majesty during his Life, by an Act made in the First Year of His present Majesty's Reign, but the same, and the Civil Establishment payable out of the same, shall continue to be paid in like manner as heretofore: any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

L. IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys arising by the Duties imposed by this Act (the necessary Charges of calling and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, except only as by this Act is specially provided, and shall be appropriated in like manner, and to the same Services as the Duties by this Act imposed would have been if this Act had not been passed.

L. V. And Whereas in the Constitution of the Duties of Customs on Goods, Wares and Merchandise under the Act, such Duties are in various instances imposed: Be it therefore enacted, That of the Moneys arising, or to arise out of such several of the Duties hereby granted, the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds, being the estimated Product of such Imports, shall be deemed an Addition made to the Revenue for the purpose of defraying the increased Charges occasioned by any Loans to be made, or any Taxes to be raised or applied by virtue of any Act or Acts past or to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

L. VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs in England for the time being, or any Two or more of them, and the Commissioners of Customs in Scotland for the time being, or

any Three or more of them, fully to settle and close the Accounts of any Collectors or Receivers of any Part of the Revenue of Customs, or other Duties under their Management, notwithstanding any previous Application of any Duties of Customs required by such Collectors or Receivers; and the said Commissioners are hereby respectively empowered to correct such Applications, in order to prevent the Accounts of any such Collector or Receiver from being kept open, unsettled and undischarged; and all such Corrections shall and lawfully directed to be allowed by the Commissioners for settling the Public Accounts in Great Britain, in the settling the general Accounts of Customs, Subsidies or Impositions.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys arising from any Duties of Customs, or any Accrues thereof, which shall be raised, levied, collected, paid or recovered from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, for or on account of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise whatsoever imported or brought into Great Britain or exported from Great Britain, or brought or carried Coastwise, or from Port to Port within Great Britain, although the Amount of the said Duties may have been computed and ascertained as such Duties have been usually computed and ascertained before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and although the Goods, Wares or Merchandise whereon any such Duties of Customs may have been charged, or may be charged, may have been imported into or exported from Great Britain, or brought or carried Coastwise, or from Port to Port within Great Britain, before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and although any Duties of Customs due and payable or charged or chargeable thereon, may have been focused by Bond or otherwise on or before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, shall, from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, be appropriated and applied in like manner and to the same Purposes as the Duties of Customs by this Act granted are directed to be appropriated and applied, except as in this Act provided: any Act or Acts of Parliament, Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and that all Moneys arising by way of the Revenue of Customs hereafter to be paid or allowed, either upon Bond or otherwise, either by way of Drawback, Bounty, Certificate, Premium or Allowance, or by any other legal Document whatsoever, from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, although the Amount of the same shall have been computed and ascertained in like manner in which they have heretofore been usually computed and ascertained, or shall have become due before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, shall and may be paid or allowed in like manner by the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs, out of any Moneys in their Hands arising from the Duties of Customs respectively.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Sums of Mo are respectively inserted, defined and set forth in Paragraphs in the several Tables to this Act inserted, as the Duties of Customs upon, for or in respect of the several Goods, Wares or Merchandise specified in the said Tables or any of them, or as the Duties of Customs on Ships or Vessels according to the Tonnage thereof, may and shall respectively be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, ascertained, paid, recovered and allowed (except where any Alteration is expressed, made by this Act,) in like and in the like manner and by the same Means, Ways and Methods as former Duties of Customs and Drawbacks of Duties of Customs upon Goods, Wares or Merchandise in general; and also by any such special Means, Ways or Methods respectively, as former Duties of Customs and Drawbacks of Duties of Customs upon Goods, Wares or Merchandise of the same Sorts or Kinds, or Duties on Ships or Vessels according to the Tonnage thereof respectively, were or might be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, ascertained, paid, recovered and allowed, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force in Great Britain immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and that the Goods, Wares or Merchandise whereon Duties of Customs are by this Act charged, and Drawbacks of Duties of Customs allowed, as the same are respectively inserted, defined and set forth in the said Tables to this Act inserted, upon the Importation thereof into or Exportation thereof from Great Britain, or on any other Account whatever, and all Ships and Vessels whereon any Duties are charged or payable according to the Tonnage thereof, shall be and the same are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Licences and Forfeitures, to which Goods, Wares or Merchandise in general, and also all and every the special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Regulations, Licences and Forfeitures respectively, to which the like Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or Ships or Vessels whereon any Duties are chargeable or payable according to the Tonnage thereof respectively, were subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force in Great Britain immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, relating to the Revenue of Customs, or such Tonnage Duties as stand (except where any Alteration is expressly made by this Act,) and all Ports, Passages, Passes and Forfeitures, of what soever Nature or Kind the same may be, as well Pains of Death as others, for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force in Great Britain immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or such Tonnage Duties as aforesaid, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers, Provisions and Declarations contained in any such Act or Acts, shall (save where expressly altered by this Act,) and the same are hereby directed and declared to extend to, and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in execution for and in respect of the several Duties of Customs and Tonnage, and Drawbacks of Duties of Customs, hereby charged and allowed, in as full and ample Manner in all Intercourse and Passages wherever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Declarations, Passes, Pains, Penalties or Forfeitures were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act, and made Part thereof.

Accounts of Collectors or Receivers, notwithstanding any previous Application of any Duties of Customs required by such Collectors or Receivers; and the said Commissioners are hereby respectively empowered to correct such Applications, in order to prevent the Accounts of any such Collector or Receiver from being kept open, unsettled and undischarged; and all such Corrections shall and lawfully directed to be allowed by the Commissioners for settling the Public Accounts in Great Britain, in the settling the general Accounts of Customs, Subsidies or Impositions.

Duties levied after July 5, 1819, on Goods imported or exported or carried Coastwise before that Day, &c. shall be applied on like manner as the Duties by this Act granted, except otherwise in this Act provided.

Duties to be levied and paid on former Duties and Drawbacks, unless hereby altered.

And the Goods in which Duties are to be paid, or Drawbacks allowed, subject to Conditions, &c. of former Acts.

*Limitation of
Actions.*

LIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and shall be laid in the County or Place where the Cause of Complaint did arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant in every such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give the Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon; and if the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be acquitted, or discharge him, her or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant had in other Cases to recover Costs by Law.

Treble Costs.

*Act altered, &c.
His Session.*

LX. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

TABLES referred to in this Act.

TABLE (A.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Great Britain from Foreign Parts (except Goods, Wares and Merchandise of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and Goods imported from His Majesty's Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, and the Territories and Dependencies thereof); and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise.

TABLE (B.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise, being of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies imported into Great Britain; and on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Great Britain from His Majesty's Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, and the Territories and Dependencies thereof; and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise.

TABLE (C.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise exported from Great Britain.

TABLE (D.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise brought or carried Coastwise from one Port or Place to any other Port or Place within Great Britain; and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation thereof from Great Britain.

TABLE (E.)

A TABLE of the TONNAGE DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Ships or Vessels entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) in any Port of Great Britain from or to Foreign Parts.

TABLE (F.)

LISTS of ARTICLES which may be lodged in Warehouses, or otherwise secured, at approved Ports in Great Britain, under the Rules, Regulations and Securities required by Law, without Payment, at the time of the First Entry, of the Duties due on the Importation thereof.

TABLE (A.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Great Britain from Foreign Parts (except Goods, Wares and Merchandise of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and Goods imported from His Majesty's Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, and the Territories and Dependencies thereof); and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise.

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | | | | Duty. | | Drawback. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|-------|-------|-----------|-------|
| A. | | | | | £ | s. d. | £ | s. d. |
| Acacia, the lb. | - | - | - | - | 0 | 3 0 | 0 | 1 4 |
| Acetic Acid, <i>See</i> Vinegar. | | | | | | | | |
| Acorus, the lb. | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 10 | 0 | 0 6 |
| Adiantum, the lb. | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 8 | 0 | 0 5 |
| Agaric, the cwt. | - | - | - | - | 1 | 18 0 | — | — |
| Agates, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| — polished or otherwise manufactured, for every £100 of the Value | | | | | 60 | 0 0 | — | — |
| — rough or unmanufactured, for every £100 of the Value | | | | | 20 | 0 0 | — | — |
| Alderney, Island of, <i>See</i> Guernsey. | | | | | | | | |
| Alc, <i>See</i> Beer. | | | | | | | | |
| Alkali, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| — any Article containing Soda or Mineral Alkali, whereof Mineral Alkali is the most valuable Part, (such Alkali not being otherwise particularly charged with Duty) | | | | | | | | |
| — - - - if not containing a greater Proportion of such Alkali, than 20 per Centum, | | | | | | | | |
| — - - imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | | | | | 0 | 11 4 | 0 | 5 8 |
| — - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | | | | | 0 | 18 0 | 0 | 5 8 |
| — - - - if containing more than 20 per Centum, and not exceeding 25 per Centum of such Alkali, | | | | | | | | |
| — - - imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | | | | | 0 | 15 0 | 0 | 7 8 |
| — - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | | | | | 0 | 15 8 | 0 | 7 8 |
| — - - - if containing more than 25 per Centum, and not exceeding 30 per Centum of such Alkali, | | | | | | | | |
| — - - imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | | | | | 0 | 18 4 | 0 | 9 8 |
| — - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | | | | | 0 | 19 0 | 0 | 9 8 |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Alkali—any Article containing Soda, &c. continued. | | | | | | | |
| ..... | if containing more than 80 per Centum, and not exceeding 40 per Centum of such Alkali, | | | | | | |
| ... | imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 11 | 8 |
| ... | imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 8 |
| ..... | if containing more than 40 per Centum of such Alkali, | | | | | | |
| ... | imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | 1 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| ... | imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | 1 | 10 | 8 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| Alkanet Root, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Alkermes, Confecion of, the oz. | | 0 | 1 | 8 | — | — | — |
| Almond Paste, for every £100 of the Value | | 60 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Almonds, viz. | | | | | | | |
| ..... | Bitter, the cwt. | 1 | 11 | 8 | 1 | 8 | 0 |
| ..... | Jordan, the cwt. | 4 | 15 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| ..... | of any other Sort, the cwt. | 2 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| ..... | Oil of, See Oil. | | | | | | |
| Aloes, viz. | | | | | | | |
| ..... | Hepatica or Barbados Aloes, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| ..... | Saccharina, imported directly from the Place of their Growth, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 8 |
| ..... | imported not directly from the Place of their Growth, the lb. | 0 | 3 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| ..... | of any other Sort, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Alum, the cwt. | | 0 | 17 | 6 | — | — | — |
| ..... | Rock Alum, the cwt. | 0 | 11 | 8 | — | — | — |
| Amber, viz. | | | | | | | |
| ..... | Beads, See Beads. | | | | | | |
| ..... | Oil of, See Oil. | | | | | | |
| ..... | Rough, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| ..... | not otherwise enumerated or described, for every £100 of the Value | 60 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Ambergia, the oz. | | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Amber Liquida, the lb. | | 0 | 3 | 4 | — | — | — |
| America, United States of. | | | | | | | |

Note.—Upon the Importation into any Part of Great Britain of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, being the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of any of the Territories of the United States of America, direct from the said Territories in any Ship or Vessel built in the Colonies belonging to the said States, or any of them, or taken by any of the Ships or Vessels of War belonging to the Government, or any of the Inhabitants of the said States, bearing Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprisal from the Government of the said States, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty there, such Ship or Vessel being owned by the Subjects of the said States, or any of them, and whereof the Master and Three-fourths of the Mariners are also Subjects of the said States, no higher or other Duties shall be charged or paid than such as are charged and payable upon Goods, Wares, and Merchandize.

TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|-------------------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| <i>America, continued.</i> | | | | | | |
| dise, of the like Denomination or Description, being the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of any of the Territories of the United States of America, and being imported in British-built Ships or Vessels navigated and registered according to Law, See 56 Geo. 3. cap. 12. which Act is to continue in force so long as the Convention between His Majesty and the United States of America shall continue in force. | | | | | | |
| Anise or Anise Seed, See Seed. | | | | | | |
| Ammoniac, viz. | | | | | | |
| — Gum, See Gum Ammoniac. | | | | | | |
| — Sol, See Sol Ammoniac. | | | | | | |
| Anacardium, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Anchor Stock, See Wood. | | | | | | |
| Anchovies, See Fish. | | | | | | |
| Anglica, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Angustura Cortex, See Bark. | | | | | | |
| Assise Gum, See Gum. | | | | | | |
| Atisacul, See Seed. | | | | | | |
| — Oil of, See Oil. | | | | | | |
| Amatto or Racco, viz. | | | | | | |
| — Flag, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 3 | — | | |
| — Roll or any other Sort, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| Audmory, viz. | | | | | | |
| — Crude, the cwt. | 0 | 18 | 0 | — | | |
| — Refined of Audmory, the cwt. | 2 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Apple, the Bushel | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| — dried, the Bushel | 0 | 7 | 0 | — | | |
| Aquifolia, the cwt. | 0 | 14 | 3 | — | | |
| Arabic Gum, See Gum. | | | | | | |
| Arragosa, imported from Europe under License for Exportation to Africa, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 3 | 3 | 4 | — | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which Arragosa may be so imported, See 3 Geo. 3. cap. 20. | | | | | | |
| Archela, See Ordeal. | | | | | | |
| Argel, the cwt. | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| Aristolochia, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Armenian Bole }
Armenic Bole } | See Bole Armenia. | | | | | |
| Arquebuse Water, See Spirits. | | | | | | |
| Arrow Root or Powder, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 2 | — | | |
| Arsenic, viz. | | | | | | |
| — White, the cwt. | 0 | 14 | 3 | — | | |
| — of any other Sort, the cwt. | 0 | 18 | 3 | — | | |
| Asafetida, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Aurum Root, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Ashes, viz. | | | | | | |
| — Pearl and Pot, imported in a British-built Ship the cwt. | 0 | 11 | 3 | — | | |
| — — — imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | s. | d. | | s. | d. | |
| <i>Asbes, continued.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Pearl and Poi, of the British Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the cwt. | 0 | 1 | 8 | — | | |
| — Soap and Wood, the cwt. | 0 | 1 | 8 | — | | |
| — not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Asphaltum, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aves, each | 3 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Atar of Roses, <i>See</i> Oils of Bases. | | | | | | |
| Auripigmentum, <i>See</i> Orpiment. | | | | | | |
| B. | | | | | | |
| Bacon or Ham, the cwt. | 2 | 16 | 0 | — | | |
| Badger Skins. <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | |
| Balausta, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | | |
| Balls, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | |
| Balls, viz. Washing Balls, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 8 | — | | |
| Balm of Gilead, <i>See</i> Balsam. | | | | | | |
| Balsam, viz. | | | | | | |
| — Canada, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| — Copaiba or Capivi, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| — Riga, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| Riga Balsam is also subject to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | |
| — Balm of Gilead, Balsam of Peru, of Tolu, and all Balsams not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb. | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| Bandstrung Twist, the Dozen Knots, each Knot containing 32 Yards | 0 | 6 | 0 | — | | |
| Barbadoes Tar, <i>See</i> Tar. | | | | | | |
| Barilla, <i>See</i> Alkali. | | | | | | |
| Bark, viz. | | | | | | |
| — Angustura Bark, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| — Cascarilla Bark, <i>See</i> Eleutheria Bark in Bark. | | | | | | |
| — Cinchona Bark, <i>See</i> Peruvian Bark in Bark. | | | | | | |
| — Clove Bark, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| — Eleutheria, or Cascarilla Bark, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| — Guaiacum Bark, the cwt. | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 |
| — Jesuit Bark, <i>See</i> Peruvian Bark in Bark. | | | | | | |
| — Oak Bark the cwt. | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which Oak Bark may be imported on Payment of this Duty, <i>See</i> 18 Geo. 3. cap. 26. continued by subsequent Acts, and by 59 Geo. 3. cap. 18. made perpetual. | | | | | | |
| — Solid vegetable Extract from Oak Bark, <i>See</i> Extract. | | | | | | |
| — Black Oak, or Quercitron Bark, for the Purpose of dyeing, imported from any Country not in Europe, in Casks containing not less than 150 lbs. net, the cwt. | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| — otherwise imported, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Peruvian, or Jesuit Bark, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| — Extract, or Preparation of, <i>See</i> Extract. | | | | | | |
| — Red Mangrove Bark, imported in Casks containing not less than 150 lbs. net, the cwt. | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Dutiable. | | |
|--|---|-------------------|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| <i>Bark, continued.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Red Mangrove Bark, otherwise imported, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | - | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Sassafras Bark, the <i>lb.</i> | - | - | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| — Sassafras Bark, the <i>lb.</i> | - | - | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| — Winter Bark, the <i>lb.</i> | - | - | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| — Bark not otherwise enumerated or described, being for the Use of Dyers or of Tanneries, and for no other Use or Purpose whatever, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | - | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Bark not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, whether pulverized or not, the <i>lb.</i> | - | - | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | — | — |
| <i>Barley, See Corn.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Hulled, See Pearl Barley.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Barras, Dutch, See Canvas in Linen.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Bases of Marble, See Marble Bases in Stones.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Basket Rids, the Bundle, not exceeding Three Feet in Circumference at the Band | - | - | 0 | 5 | 8 | — | — | — |
| Baskets, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | - | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Bast Ropes, the <i>cwt.</i> | - | - | 0 | 10 | 0 | — | — | — |
| <i>Bast or Straw Hats or Bonnets, See Hats.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Plating or other Manufacture of Bast or Straw for making Hats or Bonnets, See Plating.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Battens,</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Batten Ends, | } | <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | |
| Bay Berries, <i>See</i> Berries. | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Bay, Oil of, See Oil.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Bay Yarn, See Woolen Yarn in Yarn.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Bellium, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the <i>lb.</i> | - | - | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the <i>lb.</i> | - | - | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 8 |
| <i>Beads, viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Amber Beads, the <i>lb.</i> | - | - | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Coral Beads, the <i>lb.</i> | - | - | 0 | 15 | 10 | — | — | — |
| — Crystal Beads, the 1000 | - | - | 1 | 8 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — Jet Beads, the <i>lb.</i> | - | - | 0 | 5 | 8 | — | — | — |
| — Beads not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | - | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| <i>Beans, See Corn.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Kidney or French Beans, the Bushel | - | - | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | — | — |
| <i>Bear Skins,</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Beaver Skins, | } | <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | |
| — Wool, <i>See</i> Wool. | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Bed Feathers, See Feathers for Beds, in Feathers.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Beds, See Feather Beds.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Beech Boards,</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Plank, | } | <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | |
| — Quarter, | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Bear or Bagg, See Corn.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Beer, viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Malt, the Barrel containing 32 Gallons | - | - | 1 | 2 | 2 | — | — | — |
| — Spruce Beer, the Barrel containing 32 Gallons | - | - | 1 | 7 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — of Ale, of all other Sorts, the Barrel, containing 32 Gallons | - | - | 0 | 14 | 0 | — | — | — |
| <i>Malt, Beer, and Ale, are subject also to a Duty of Excise.</i> | | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|---|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Bone Wax, <i>See</i> Wax. | | | | | | | | |
| Bull Metal, <i>See</i> Metal. | | | | | | | | |
| Belvedere Raisins, <i>See</i> Raisins. | | | | | | | | |
| Benjamin or Benzoin, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Benzoin, <i>See</i> Benjamin. | | | | | | | | |
| Bergamot, Essence of, <i>See</i> Essence. | | | | | | | | |
| Berries, <i>vis.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Bay, the cwt. | - | - | 0 | 11 | 1 | — | | |
| — Juniper, the cwt. | - | - | 0 | 11 | 1 | — | | |
| — Yellow, for Dyers Use, the cwt. | - | - | 1 | 8 | 6 | — | | |
| — Berries for Dyers Use, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt. | - | - | 1 | 3 | 9 | — | | |
| — Berries not for Dyers Use, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | - | 30 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Bestials, <i>See</i> Man, <i>Isle of.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Besser Stones, the co. | - | - | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| Bigg or Beer, <i>See</i> Corn. | | | | | | | | |
| Birds, <i>vis.</i> Singing Birds, the Dozen | - | - | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| Bitumen Judasium, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Blacking, the cwt. | - | - | 3 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| Black Latex, <i>See</i> Latex. | | | | | | | | |
| — Lead, <i>See</i> Lead. | | | | | | | | |
| Blackens, the Dozen | - | - | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| Blocks of Marble, <i>See</i> Marble Blocks, in Stone. | | | | | | | | |
| Blubber, <i>See</i> Train Oil in Oil. | | | | | | | | |
| Boards, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | | |
| Bole Arménie or Armenian Bole, the cwt. | - | - | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 4 |
| Bones of Cattle and other Animals, and of Fish, except Whale Fin, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | - | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Bonnets, <i>See</i> Hats. | | | | | | | | |
| Books, Printed, or Manuscripts, <i>vis.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Half Bound or in any way Bound, the cwt. | - | - | 8 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| — Unbound, the cwt. | - | - | 5 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Borax or Tincal, <i>vis.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — refined, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 1 | 8 | — | | |
| — unrefined, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| * Drawback on the Exportation of Borax or Tincal refined in Great Britain from a larger Quantity imported unrefined, the lb. | | | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions under which such Drawback can only be allowed, <i>See</i> 17 Geo. 2. cap. 31. | | | | | | | | |
| Bourges, <i>See</i> Fish. | | | | | | | | |
| Bottles, <i>vis.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — of Earth or Stone, the Dozen | - | - | 0 | 3 | 2 | — | | |
| — Bottles of Stone are subject also to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | | | |
| — of Glass covered with Wicker, the Dozen Quarts | - | - | 1 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| — of Green or common Glass, full or empty, not of less Content than One Pint, and not being Flasks, the Dozen Quarts | - | - | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| — Subject also to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | | | |
| — of Glass not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | - | 80 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Note.—Flasks in which Wine or Oil is imported are not subject to Duty. | | | | | | | | |
| Bowspike, <i>See</i> Masts in Wood. | | | | | | | | |
| Bones of all Sorts for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | - | 30 | 0 | 0 | — | | |

TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.

| | Duty. | Drawback. |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Box Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | <i>l</i> <i>s</i> <i>d</i> | <i>l</i> <i>s</i> <i>d</i> |
| Brandy, <i>See</i> Spirits. | | |
| Brass, <i>viz.</i> | | |
| — Manufactures of, not otherwise enumerated or described,
for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | 50 0 0 | — |
| — Powder of, for Japanning, <i>See</i> Powder. | | |
| — Wire, <i>See</i> Wire. | | |
| Brazil, <i>See</i> Portugal. | | |
| Brazil Wood, } <i>See</i> Wood. | | |
| Brazilletta Wood, } | | |
| Bricks or Clinkers, the 1000 | 1 2 6 | — |
| Brimstone, <i>viz.</i> | | |
| — rough, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | 0 15 0 | — |
| — " " " imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | 0 15 10 | — |
| * Drawback on the Exportation of Brimstone in any
way refined in Great Britain from a larger Quantity
imported rough, the cwt. | — | * 0 15 0 |
| For the Conditions under which such Drawback can only
be allowed, <i>See</i> the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | |
| — in Bolls, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt. | 1 0 0 | — |
| — " " " imported in a Ship not British-built, the
cwt. | 1 0 8 | — |
| — in Flour, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt. | 1 5 0 | — |
| — " " " imported in a Ship not British built, the
cwt. | 1 5 0 | — |
| For the Conditions and Regulations under which Nine
Tenths of the Duties of Customs paid on Brimstone, may
be repaid on such as is used and consumed in making
and preparing Oil of Vitriol, <i>See</i> 50 Geo. 3. cap. 40.
55 Geo. 3. cap. 68. and 56 Geo. 3. cap. 81. and the Act
to which this Table is annexed. | | |
| Bristles, <i>viz.</i> | | |
| — dressed, imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen lbs. | 0 12 0 | — |
| — " " " imported in a Ship not British-built, the
Dozen lbs. | 0 15 0 | — |
| — rough or undressed, imported in a British-built Ship,
the Dozen lbs. | 0 5 7 | — |
| — " " " " " imported in a Ship not British-
built, the Dozen lbs. | 0 5 0 | — |
| Bronze Figures, not being Statues, for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | 50 0 0 | — |
| — Powder, <i>See</i> Powder. | | |
| — Statues, <i>See</i> Statues. | | |
| Bruges Thread, <i>See</i> Thread. | | |
| Buck or Deer Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | |
| Buck Wheat, the Quarter containing Eight Bushels (until the
25th March 1821) | 0 10 0 | — |
| Buffalo Hides, <i>See</i> Hides. | | |
| — Horns, <i>See</i> Horns. | | |
| — Tails, <i>See</i> Tails. | | |
| Bugle, <i>viz.</i> | | |
| — Great, the lb. | 0 3 2 | — |
| — Small or Seed, the lb. | 0 4 2 | — |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under
which Bugles may be warehoused on Importation, <i>See</i>
5 Geo. 3. cap. 30. | | |
| — Great, to be warehoused, the Dozen lbs. | 0 1 7 | — |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|----|----|-------|---|----|-----------|--|--|
| | ℥ | s. | d. | ℥ | s. | d. | | |
| <i>Bagle, continued.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Small or Seed, to be warehoused, the Dozen lb. | 0 | 3 | 2 | — | | | | |
| When taken out of such Warehouse to be used in Great Britain, | | | | | | | | |
| — Great, the lb. | 0 | 3 | 2 | — | | | | |
| — Small, or Seed, the lb. | 0 | 3 | 2 | — | | | | |
| Bullion and Foreign Coin of Gold or Silver, Duty-free. | | | | | | | | |
| Bull Rushes, the Load, containing 63 Bundles | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | | | |
| Bulls Hair, <i>See</i> Cow Hair in Hair. | | | | | | | | |
| — Hides, <i>See</i> Buffalo Hides in Hides. | | | | | | | | |
| — Horns, <i>See</i> Horns. | | | | | | | | |
| — Tails, <i>See</i> Buffalo Tails in Tails. | | | | | | | | |
| Burgundy Pitch, <i>See</i> Pitch. | | | | | | | | |
| Barrachas, <i>See</i> Casatchas. | | | | | | | | |
| Barns for Mill Stones, <i>See</i> Stones. | | | | | | | | |
| <i>See also the Note under the Head of Guernsey.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Basts of Beeswax, <i>See</i> Statues. | | | | | | | | |
| Basts or Figures of Marble or Stone, <i>See</i> Sculptured Marble in Stone. | | | | | | | | |
| — not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100℥ of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | | | |
| Butter, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | | | | |
| — imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | 1 | 3 | 0 | — | | | | |
| C. | | | | | | | | |
| Cables tarred or untarred, whether in use or otherwise, the cwt. | 1 | 1 | 6 | — | | | | |
| Cable Yarn, <i>See</i> Yarn. | | | | | | | | |
| Cajaputa, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | | |
| Cake Lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum. | | | | | | | | |
| Cakes made of Linseed, <i>See</i> Linseed Cakes. | | | | | | | | |
| — Rape Seed, <i>See</i> Rape Cakes. | | | | | | | | |
| Calabar Skins, <i>See</i> Squirrel Skins in Skins. | | | | | | | | |
| Calaminaris Lapis, <i>See</i> Lapis. | | | | | | | | |
| Calamus Aromaticus, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 | | |
| Calicoes, printed, painted, stained, or dyed, and other Goods, being the Product or Manufacture of the East Indies, which are prohibited to be worn or used in Great Britain, imported from Europe under Licence for Exportation to Africa, Duty-free. | | | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which such Calicoes may be so imported, <i>See</i> 5 Geo. 3. c. 50. | | | | | | | | |
| Cabra Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | | |
| Cabra Valera, the cwt. | 0 | 11 | 6 | — | | | | |
| Canbagum, <i>See</i> Gumbooge. | | | | | | | | |
| Cambricks, <i>See</i> Linen. | | | | | | | | |
| Camel Hair, <i>See</i> Hair. | | | | | | | | |
| Camel or Mohair Yarn, <i>See</i> Yarn. | | | | | | | | |
| Camomile Flowers, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 4 | | |
| Camphor, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — refined, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | | | |
| — unrefined, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 3 | — | | | | |
| * Drawback on the Exportation of Camphor refined in Great Britain from a larger Quantity imported unrefined, the lb. | | | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions under which such Drawback can only be allowed, <i>See</i> 17 Geo. 2. cap. 31. | | | | | | | | |

TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.

| | Duties. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|---------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | d. | s. | d. | d. | s. | d. |
| Cane Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | |
| Canada Balsam, <i>See</i> Balsam. | | | | | | |
| Cassia Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | | | | | |
| Cassorava Oil, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Cashew, <i>etc.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Spermaceti, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| — Tallow, the cwt. | 5 | 5 | 4 | — | | |
| — Wax, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| Candlewick, the cwt. | 4 | 8 | 8 | — | | |
| Cane Hats or Bonnets, <i>See</i> Hats. | | | | | | |
| — Plating or other Manufacture of Cane to make Hats or Bonnets, <i>See</i> Plating. | | | | | | |
| Canella Alba, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Cane, <i>etc.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Rattans, the 1,000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Reed Canes, the 1,000 | 1 | 6 | 0 | — | | |
| — Walking, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Cantharides, the lb. | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | + |
| Canvass, <i>See</i> Linen. | | | | | | |
| Caoutchouc, or Elastic Gum, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 5 | — | | |
| Cape of Good Hope. For the Duties and Drawbacks on Goods, Wares, and Merchandise imported from the Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, and the Territories and Dependencies thereof, <i>See</i> Table (B.) | | | | | | |
| Capers, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| Capsia Papaverum, the 1,000 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | + |
| Cape, <i>etc.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Cotton, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Worsted, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Capsicum, <i>See</i> Guinea Pepper in Pepper. | | | | | | |
| Caraway, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | |
| — Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | | | | | |
| Cardamom, the lb. | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | + |
| — Extract or Preparation of, <i>See</i> Extract. | | | | | | |
| Cards, <i>etc.</i> Playing Cards, the Dozen Packs | 4 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Cariophyllorum Cortex, <i>See</i> Clove Bark in Bark. | | | | | | |
| — Oleum, <i>See</i> Oil of Cloves. | | | | | | |
| Carmine Wool, <i>See</i> Goat Hair in Hair. | | | | | | |
| Carmine, the cwt. | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| Carpet, <i>etc.</i> | | | | | | |
| — of Turkey, under Four Yards square, the Carpet | 1 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| — " " Four Yards square, and not exceeding Six Yards square, the Carpet | 5 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| — " " exceeding Six Yards square, the Carpet | 8 | 15 | 0 | — | | |
| — not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Carrake, <i>See</i> Saccalum. | | | | | | |
| Carriages of all Sorts, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Carrot Seed, } <i>See</i> Seed. | | | | | | |
| Carthamus Seed, } | | | | | | |
| Carui Oleum, <i>See</i> Oil of Caraway. | | | | | | |
| Cascarilla Cortex, <i>See</i> Eleutheria Bark in Bark. | | | | | | |
| Cashew Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | |
| — Nuts, <i>See</i> Nuts. | | | | | | |
| Casks, empty, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |

| TABLE (A.)—FWARDS | | Duty | | | Drawback | | |
|--|--|------|----|----|----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Cassia, viz. | | | | | | | |
| ——— Bark, the lb. | | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| ——— Fennel, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| ——— Lignum, the lb. | | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| ——— Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Cast Iron, <i>See</i> Iron. | | | | | | | |
| Caster, the lb. | | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 |
| ——— Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| ——— Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | | | | | | |
| Casts of Brass, Statues, or Figures, the cwt. | | 0 | 3 | 6 | — | | |
| Catchu, <i>See</i> Terra Japonica. | | | | | | | |
| Catlings, Harpings, or Lutesings, the Gross, containing Twelve Dozen Knives | | 0 | 3 | 4 | — | | |
| Car Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| Cattle from the Isle of Man, <i>See</i> Man, Isle of. | | | | | | | |
| Caviare, <i>See</i> Fish. | | | | | | | |
| Cayenne Pepper, <i>See</i> Pepper. | | | | | | | |
| Chalk, prepared, or otherwise manufactured, and not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 1000. of the Value | | 40 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| ——— unmanufactured, and not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 1000. of the Value | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Charts, <i>See</i> Maps. | | | | | | | |
| Cheese, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | | 0 | 10 | 6 | — | | |
| ——— imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | | 0 | 13 | 0 | — | | |
| Chemical Oil, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Cherries, the cwt. | | 0 | 18 | 8 | — | | |
| ——— dried, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| Chamats, <i>See</i> Mats. | | | | | | | |
| Chilies, <i>See</i> Guinea Pepper in Pepper. | | | | | | | |
| Chimney Pieces of Marble or Stone sculptured, <i>See</i> Sculptured Marble in Stone. | | | | | | | |
| China Root, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| China Ware or Porcelain, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 1000. of the Value | | 75 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Chip Hats or Bonnets, <i>See</i> Hats. | | | | | | | |
| Chip, Manufactures of, to make Hats or Bonnets, <i>See</i> Plating. | | | | | | | |
| Chromate of Lead, for every 1000. of the Value | | 30 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Cider, the Tun, containing 355 Gallons | | 11 | 17 | 6 | — | | |
| ——— Subject also to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | | |
| Cinders, the Ton, containing 20 cwt. | | 2 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Cinabarite Native, the lb. | | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Cinnamon, the lb. | | 0 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 3 | 2 |
| ——— the Produce of, and imported from any British Colony or Plantation, the lb. | | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| ——— imported under License, the lb. | | 0 | 3 | 6 | — | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which Cinnamon may be so imported, <i>See</i> 3 & 4 Ann. cap. 4. 8 Ann. cap. 7. 5 Geo. 1. cap. 21. and also 8 Geo. 1. cap. 18. which is continued by several Statutes, and by 49 Geo. 3. cap. 30. made perpetual. | | | | | | | |
| Cinnamon Oil, <i>See</i> Oil of Cinnamon. | | | | | | | |
| Civet of Lime, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 6 | — | | |
| Citron preserved with Salt, for every 1000. of the Value | | 30 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| ——— " " Sugar, <i>See</i> Succades. | | | | | | | |
| Citron Water, <i>See</i> Spirits. | | | | | | | |
| Civet, the oz. | | 0 | 4 | 3 | — | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | Duty. | Drawback. |
|--|----------|-----------|
| Clap Boards, <i>See</i> Boards in Wood. | s. l. d. | s. l. d. |
| Clinkers, <i>See</i> Bricks. | | |
| Clocks, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value - - - | 50 0 0 | — |
| Cloths, Woollen, <i>See</i> Wool, Articles made of. | | |
| Clover Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | |
| Cloves, the lb. - - - | 0 2 0 | 0 2 7 |
| — the Produce of, and imported from any British Colony or Plantation, the lb. - - - | 0 2 0 | 0 1 0 |
| — imported under Licence, the lb. - - - | 0 2 0 | — |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which Cloves may be so imported, <i>See</i> 3 & 4 Ann. cap. 4. 5 Ann. cap. 7. 6 Geo. 1. cap. 21. and also 8 Geo. 1. cap. 18, which is continued by several Statutes, and by 49 Geo. 3. cap. 20. made perpetual. | | |
| — Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | |
| Coals, the Ton, containing 20 cwt. - - - | 2 0 0 | — |
| Cobalt, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value - - - | 20 0 0 | — |
| Coccoln Indians, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - - | 0 2 6 | — |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - - | 0 3 2 | — |
| Extract or Preparation of, <i>See</i> Extract. | | |
| Cochineal, the lb. - - - | 0 2 6 | — |
| — Dust, the lb. - - - | 0 0 5 | — |
| Coco Nuts, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value. - - - | 20 0 0 | — |
| — Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | |
| Coco Nuts, Duty free. | | |
| Coco Nuts are subject to a Duty of Excise. | | |
| Coffins of Flax, subject to Duty as Flax, for which, <i>See</i> Flax. | | |
| — of Hemp, subject to Duty as Hemp, for which, <i>See</i> Hemp. | | |
| Coffee, Duty free. | | |
| Coffee is subject to a Duty of Excise. | | |
| Coin, viz. | | |
| — of Copper, <i>See</i> Copper. | | |
| — Foreign, of Gold or Silver, <i>See</i> Bullion. | | |
| Cole Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | |
| Colocynth, <i>See</i> Colocynthis. | | |
| Colapharia, <i>See</i> Rosin. | | |
| Colocynthis, or Colocynth, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - - | 0 1 8 | 0 1 1 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - - | 0 2 6 | 0 1 8 |
| Colours for Painters, <i>See</i> Painters' Colours. | | |
| Colombo Root, the lb. - - - | 0 2 0 | 0 1 4 |
| Combs, the lb. - - - | 0 2 6 | — |
| Coney Skins, <i>See</i> Skin. | | |
| — Wool, <i>See</i> Wool. | | |
| Confusion of Alkermes, <i>See</i> Alkermes. | | |
| Contrayerva Radix, <i>See</i> Radix. | | |
| Copaita, or Copivi Balsam, <i>See</i> Balsam. | | |
| Copal Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | |
| Copper, viz. | | |
| — Ore, the cwt. - - - | 1 1 0 | — |
| — Old, fit only to be re-manufactured, the cwt. - - - | 1 8 2 | — |
| — in Plates, and Copper Coin, the cwt. - - - | 3 0 0 | — |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Copper, <i>continued</i> . | | | | | | | |
| — unwrought, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — - - - in Bricks or Figs, Rose Copper, and all cast Copper, the cwt. | | 2 | 14 | 2 | — | | |
| — Part wrought, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — - - - Bars, Rods, or Lagots hammered or rolled, the cwt. | | 3 | 15 | 6 | — | | |
| — Wire, <i>See</i> Wire. | | | | | | | |
| — Manufactures of Copper not otherwise enumerated or described, and Copper Plates engraved, for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Copperas, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — Blue, the cwt. | | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — Green, the cwt. | | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — White, the cwt. | | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| Coral, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — Beads, <i>See</i> Beads. | | | | | | | |
| — in Fragments, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| — Whole, polished, the lb. | | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| — - - unpolished, the lb. | | 0 | 5 | 6 | — | | |
| Cordage tarred or untarred, whether in use or otherwise, (standing or running Rigging in Use excepted) the cwt. | | 1 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| Cordial Waters, <i>See</i> Spirits. | | | | | | | |
| Coriander Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | | | | | | |
| Cork, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| — imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | | 0 | 8 | 9 | — | | |
| Corks, ready made, the lb. | | 0 | 7 | 0 | — | | |
| Corn, viz. | | | | | | | |

All Corn, Meal, or Flour, the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Foreign Country, which may by Law be imported into Great Britain, may at all Times be brought into, and warehoused therein, without Payment of any Duty whatever, and such Corn, Meal, or Flour having been so warehoused, may at all Times be taken out of such Warehouse, and exported according to Law, without Payment of any Duty whatever; and any such Corn, Meal, or Flour, may be taken out of such Warehouse and entered for Home Consumption in Great Britain, under the Regulations and Provisions required by Law, without Payment of any Duty whatever, whenever Foreign Corn, Meal, or Flour of the same Sort may by Law be admissible into Great Britain for Home Consumption. *See* 55 Geo. 3. cap. 20.

Foreign Corn, Meal, or Flour may be imported into Great Britain for Home Consumption, under and subject to the Provisions and Regulations in force, without Payment of any Duty whatever, whenever the Average Prices of the several Sorts of British Corn, made up and published as required by Law, shall be at or above the Prices hereunder mentioned, viz. Whenever Wheat shall be at or above the Price of Eighty Shillings per Quarter; whenever Rye, Pease, and Beans shall be at or above the Price of Fifty-three Shillings per Quarter; whenever Barley, Beer, or Bigg shall be at or above the Price of Forty Shillings per Quarter; and whenever Oats shall be at or above the Price of Twenty-seven Shillings per Quarter. *See* 55 Geo. 3. cap. 26.

TABLE (A).—INWARDS.

| | Duty. | D drawback. |
|--|---------|-------------|
| <i>Corn, enumerated.</i> | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
| Whenever the Average Prices of British Corn as made up and published, shall respectively be below the Prices before stated, no Foreign Corn, or Meal or Flour made from any of the respective Sorts of Foreign Corn before enumerated, shall be allowed to be imported into Great Britain for the Purpose of Home Consumption, or taken out of Warehouse for that Purpose. See 38 Geo. 3. cap. 26. | | |
| The Average Price of the several Sorts of British Corn by which the Importation of Foreign Corn, Meal, or Flour into Great Britain shall be regulated and governed, shall continue to be made up and published in the Manner required by Law, (See 31 Geo. 3. cap. 30. 33 Geo. 3. cap. 63. 44 Geo. 3. cap. 103. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 86.); but if at any Time after the Importation of Foreign Corn, Meal, or Flour, shall be permitted under the Provisions required by Law, it shall appear that the Average Prices of the different Sorts of British Corn respectively, in the Six Weeks immediately succeeding the Fifteenth Day of February, the Fifteenth Day of May, the Fifteenth Day of August, and the Fifteenth Day of November in each Year, have fallen below the Prices at which Foreign Corn, Meal, or Flour may be by Law allowed to be imported for Home Consumption, no such Foreign Corn, Meal, or Flour shall be allowed to be imported into Great Britain for Home Consumption from any Place between the Rivers Eider and Bismson, both inclusive, until a New Average shall be made up and published in the London Gazette for regulating the Importation into Great Britain for the succeeding Quarter. See 33 Geo. 3. cap. 26. | | |
| Any Corn, Meal, or Flour, being the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any British Colony or Plantation in North America, which may by Law be imported into Great Britain, may respectively be imported for Home Consumption without Payment of any Duty, whenever the Average Prices of British Corn, made up and published as by Law required, shall respectively be at or above the Prices hereafter specified, viz. Whenever the Price of Wheat shall be at or above Sixty-seven Shillings per Quarter; whenever the Price of Rye, Pease, and Beans, shall be at or above Forty-four Shillings per Quarter; whenever the Price of Barley, Bear, or Bogg shall be at or above Thirty-three Shillings per Quarter; and whenever the Price of Oats shall be at or above Twenty-two Shillings per Quarter. See 33 Geo. 3. cap. 26. | | |
| Whenever the Prices of British Corn respectively shall be below the Prices before specified, Corn, or Meal or Flour made from any of the respective Sorts of Corn herein-before enumerated, being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any British Colony or Plantation in North America, shall no longer be allowed to be imported into Great Britain for Home Consumption. See 33 Geo. 3. cap. 26. | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | | | | Duty | | | Drawback | | |
|--|---|---|---|------|----|----|----------|----|----|
| | | | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| <i>Corn, continued.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| Any Corn, Meal, or Flour, being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any British Colony or Plantation in North America, which may by Law be imported into Great Britain, may at all Times be permitted to be so imported and warehoused according to Law without Payment of any Duty whatever, and be taken out of such Warehouse, and exported according to Law without Payment of any Duty whatever. <i>See 55 Geo. 3. cap. 26.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| Such Corn, Meal, or Flour so warehoused, may be taken out of the Warehouse and entered for Home Consumption in Great Britain, whenever Corn, Meal, or Flour of the like Description, imported direct from any such Colony or Plantation, shall be admissible by Law for Home Consumption, but not otherwise. <i>See 55 Geo. 3. cap. 26.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Note.</i> —All Foreign Corn, when delivered out of any Ship or Vessel in the Port of London, is subject to a Duty of Two-pence per Last of Ten Quarters, to be paid to the Inspector of Corn Returns. | | | | | | | | | |
| Cornu Cereæ Calcestratum, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| <i>Cortex, See Bark.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| Cortex, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| <i>Cotton, see.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Caps. <i>See Caps.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Cloth of the Manufacture of the Isle of Man. <i>See Man, Isle of.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Manufactures of Cotton, or of any other Article mixed with Cotton, being chequered or striped, or printed, painted, stained, or dyed after the Manufacture, or in the Thread or Yarn before the Manufacture, not being prohibited to be imported into, nor worn nor used in Great Britain, and not being particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | | | - | 75 | 0 | 0 | — | |
| ——— Manufactures of Cotton not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | | | - | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | |
| ——— Stockings. <i>See Stockings.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Thread. <i>See Thread.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Wool or Waste of Cotton Wool. <i>See Wool.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Yarn. <i>See Yarn.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| Coshage, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| <i>Cow or Ox Hair, See Hair.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Hides. <i>See Buffalo Hides in Hides.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Horns. <i>See Horns.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Tails. <i>See Buffalo Tails in Tails.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Cowitch, See Coshage.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| Cowries, imported from Europe under Licence for Exportation to Africa, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | | | - | 3 | 3 | 4 | — | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cowries may be so imported. <i>See 5 Geo. 3. cap. 30.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Crabs Eyes, See Caccareum Onail.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| Cranberries, the Gallon | - | - | - | 0 | 1 | 5 | — | | |
| The Duty on Cranberries, being the Produce of and imported directly from the Island of Newfoundland, is suspended until the 6th Day of July 1824. <i>See the Act to which this Table is annexed.</i> | | | | | | | | | |

TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.

| | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Crayons, for every 100 <i>lb.</i> of the Value - - - - | 40 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Crown of Tartar, the cwt. - - - - | 0 | 15 | 10 | — | — | — |
| Crystal, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Bends, <i>See</i> Bends. | | | | | | |
| — Rough, for every 100 <i>lb.</i> of the Value - - | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Cut, or in any Way manufactured, for every 100 <i>lb.</i> of the Value - - - - | 60 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Cucumbers, the lb. - - - - | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Cucumbers, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Pickled, the Gallon - - - - | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — Preserved in Salt and Water, for every 100 <i>lb.</i> of the Value - - - - | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Culm, the Ton containing 20 cwt. - - - - | 2 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Cumin Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | | | | | |
| Currents, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - | 2 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| — imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. - - | 2 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Note.</i> —No Allowance of the Duty on Currents to be made on Account of Damage. | | | | | | |
| Cuttle Shells, the 1,000 - - - - | 0 | 12 | 6 | — | — | — |
| Cyder, <i>See</i> Cider. | | | | | | |
| Cypress, Turpentine of, <i>See</i> Turpentine. | | | | | | |
| D. | | | | | | |
| Damask Tableting, Towelling, or Napkining, <i>See</i> Linen. | | | | | | |
| Dates, the cwt. - - - - | 4 | 10 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Deals, } <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | |
| Deal Ends, } | | | | | | |
| Deer Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | |
| Denia Raisins, <i>See</i> Raisins. | | | | | | |
| Derelect, Foreign Liquors Derelect, Jetsons, Platons, Legons, or Wreck, brought or coming into Great Britain, are subject to the same Duties, and entitled to the same Drawbacks as Liquors of the like Kind regularly imported. | | | | | | |
| Diagrydium, <i>See</i> Scammony. | | | | | | |
| Diamonds, Duty free. | | | | | | |
| Diaper Tableting, Towelling, or Napkining, <i>See</i> Linen. | | | | | | |
| Dice, the Pair - - - - | 1 | 6 | 2 | — | — | — |
| Dixity, <i>See</i> Cotton Manufactures. | | | | | | |
| Dixony, the lb. - - - - | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Dog Skins, } <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | |
| Dog Fish Skins, } | | | | | | |
| Dog Stones, <i>See</i> Stone. | | | | | | |
| Down, imported in a British-built Ship, the lb. - - | 0 | 1 | 2 | — | — | — |
| — imported in a Ship not British-built, the lb. - - | 0 | 1 | 2 | — | — | — |
| Dragon's Blood, <i>See</i> Sanguis Draconis. | | | | | | |
| Drawings, <i>See</i> Prints. | | | | | | |
| Drillings, <i>See</i> Linen. | | | | | | |
| Drops, on which specific Duties are payable according to the Quantity, <i>See</i> the several Articles in alphabetical Course. | | | | | | |
| — not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 <i>lb.</i> of the Value - | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Duck, <i>See</i> Sail Cloth in Linen. | | | | | | |
| Dust, perfumed, <i>See</i> Hair Powder. | | | | | | |
| Dutch Barras, <i>See</i> Canvas in Linen. | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|--|---|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| E. | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Earthenware, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 75 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| East Country Linnen, <i>See</i> German Linnen in Linnen. | | | | | | | |
| East India Goods. For the Duties and Drawbacks on Goods imported from Places within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England, trading to the East Indies, or from the Cape of Good Hope, <i>See</i> Table B. | | | | | | | |
| Ebony, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Eels, <i>See</i> Fish. | | | | | | | |
| Eggs, the 120 | | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | | |
| Elastic Gum, <i>See</i> Caoutchouc. | | | | | | | |
| Elbing Canvas, <i>See</i> Canvas in Linnen. | | | | | | | |
| Elate Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | | |
| Elephants Teeth, <i>etc.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — not exceeding the Weight of 2 <i>l</i> bs. each Tooth, the <i>cut.</i> | | 2 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — exceeding the Weight of 2 <i>l</i> bs. each Tooth, the <i>cut.</i> | | 4 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Eleutheria Cortex, <i>See</i> Bark. | | | | | | | |
| Elk Hair, <i>See</i> Cow Hair in Hair. | | | | | | | |
| — Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| Emeralds, <i>See</i> Jewels. | | | | | | | |
| Emery Stones, <i>See</i> Stones. | | | | | | | |
| Enamel, the <i>lb.</i> | | 0 | 7 | 2 | — | | |
| Enule Campana Radix, <i>See</i> Radix. | | | | | | | |
| Eringi Radix, <i>See</i> Radix. | | | | | | | |
| Ermine Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| Esuence, <i>etc.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — of Bergamot or of Lemon, the <i>lb.</i> | | 0 | 4 | 8 | — | | |
| — of Spruce, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — not otherwise enumerated or described, the <i>lb.</i> | | 0 | 4 | 8 | — | | |
| Euphorbium, the <i>lb.</i> | | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Extract, <i>etc.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — Cardamom, — — — | | Extract or Preparation of, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | | | | |
| — Cocculus Indicus, — — — | | | | | | | |
| — Quina, <i>etc.</i> — — — | | | | | | | |
| — — — Guinea Grains, — — — | | | | | | | |
| — — — of Paradise, — — — | | | | | | | |
| — Liquorice, — — — | | 75 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Nux Vomica, — — — | | | | | | | |
| — Oak Bark. Solid Vegetable Extract from Oak Bark, or other Vegetable Substances, to be used for the Purpose of Tanning Leather, and for no other Purpose whatever, the <i>cut.</i> | | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — Opium, — — — | | Extract or Preparation of, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | | | | |
| — Pepper, <i>etc.</i> Guinea Pepper — — — | | | | | | | |
| — Peruvian or Jacinto Bark, Extract or Preparation of, the <i>lb.</i> | | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — Quassia, Extract or Preparation of, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 75 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Radix Rhusiaca, Extract or Preparation of, the <i>lb.</i> | | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — Vitricol, Extract or Preparation of, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 75 | 0 | 0 | — | | |

TABLE (A).—INWARDS.

| | Duty. | Dowitch. |
|--|-------------------|----------|
| Extract or Preparation of any Article not being particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | £ s. d.
20 0 0 | — |
| F. | | |
| Face Raisins, <i>See</i> Raisins. | | |
| Feather Beds, <i>See</i> Feathers for Beds. | | |
| <i>Note.</i> —The Duty on Feather Beds is payable according to the Quantity of Feathers contained therein. | | |
| Feathers, <i>viz.</i> | | |
| — for Beds, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | 4 8 8 | — |
| — " " imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | 4 18 0 | — |
| — Quirch, dressed, the lb. | 2 15 6 | — |
| — " " undressed, the lb. | 1 0 0 | — |
| — not otherwise enumerated or described, <i>viz.</i> | | |
| — " " dressed, for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | 20 0 0 | — |
| — " " undressed, for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | 20 0 0 | — |
| Fennel Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | |
| Peangreek Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | |
| Figs, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | 1 1 6 | 0 12 0 |
| — imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | 1 3 0 | 0 12 0 |
| <i>Note.</i> —No Allowance of the Duty on Figs to be made on account of Damage. | | |
| Filtering Stones, <i>See</i> Stones. | | |
| Fire Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | |
| Fire Quarters, <i>See</i> Wood. | | |
| — Timber, <i>See</i> Timber in Wood. | | |
| Fish, <i>viz.</i> | | |
| — Anchovies, the lb. | 0 1 0 | — |
| — Botargo, the lb. | 0 1 0 | — |
| — Caviare, the cwt. | 0 12 0 | — |
| — Eels, the Ship's Lading | 12 1 8 | — |
| — Lobsters Duty free. | | |
| — Oysters, the Winchester Basket | 0 1 6 | — |
| — Stock Fish, the 120 | 8 5 0 | — |
| — Surgeon, the Keg not exceeding 5 Gallons | 0 7 6 | — |
| — Turbot, Duty free. | | |
| — Fresh Fish, British-taken, and imported in British-built Ships or Vessels, Duty free. | | |
| — Fish, British, taking and curing, Duty free. | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which any such Fish may be imported Duty free, <i>See</i> the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | |
| Fishers Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | |
| Fishing Nets, Old, <i>See</i> Rags. | | |
| Fish Oil, <i>See</i> Train Oil in Oil. | | |
| Fitches Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | |
| Flanders Tiles, <i>See</i> Tiles. | | |
| Flannel, <i>See</i> Wool, Articles made of. | | |
| Flasks, <i>See</i> Bottles. | | |
| Flax, <i>viz.</i> | | |
| — dressed, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | 10 14 6 | — |
| — " " imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | 12 3 6 | — |
| — rough or undressed, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | 0 0 5 | — |
| — " " imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | 0 0 5 | — |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Flax Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | | | | | | |
| Flint Stones for Pottery, <i>See</i> Stone. | | | | | | | |
| Flork Paper, <i>See</i> Paper. | | | | | | | |
| Flocks, the cwt. | | 0 | 10 | 0 | | | |
| Floss Silk, <i>See</i> Waste Silk in Silk. | | | | | | | |
| Flutann, <i>See</i> Dorella. | | | | | | | |
| Flour, <i>See</i> Corn. | | | | | | | |
| Flower Rosta, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 10 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Flowers Artificial, not made of Silk, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 10 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Forest Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | | | | | | |
| Fossils, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 10 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| — Specimens of, <i>See</i> Specimens. | | | | | | | |
| Fox Skins, } <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| — Tail, } | | | | | | | |
| Frames for Pictures, Prints or Drawings, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 10 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Frankincense, <i>See</i> Olibanum. | | | | | | | |
| French Beans, <i>See</i> Beans. | | | | | | | |
| Furriers' Waste, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 10 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Furs, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| Fustic, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |
| G. | | | | | | | |
| Galangal, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Gambanum, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Galley Tiles, <i>See</i> Tiles. | | | | | | | |
| Galls, the cwt. | | 0 | 11 | 2 | | | |
| Gamboge, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Garden Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | | | | | | |
| Garnets, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — cut, the lb. | | 1 | 10 | 0 | | | |
| — rough, the lb. | | 0 | 10 | 0 | | | |
| Geese of Thread, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 10 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Geldings, <i>See</i> Horses. | | | | | | | |
| Gess Sal, <i>See</i> Sal. | | | | | | | |
| Gessera, <i>See</i> Spirits. | | | | | | | |
| Gentian, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| German Linen, <i>See</i> Linen. | | | | | | | |
| Germany, Turpentine of, <i>See</i> Turpentine. | | | | | | | |
| Gibraltar. | | | | | | | |

For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of the Growth or Production of the Dominions of the Emperor of Morocco may be imported from Gibraltar, on Payment of such Duties only as are or shall be payable on the like Goods, when imported directly from Africa, *See* 27 Geo. 3. cap. 12.

TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.

| | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Gibraltar, Port of,
For the Duties and Drawbacks on Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, legally imported or brought into the Port of Gibraltar, and imported from thence into Great Britain, See Table B. | | | | | | |
| Gold Wire, See Wire. | | | | | | |
| Ginger, the cwt. | 2 | 15 | 0 | — | | |
| — the Produce of the British Plantations, Colonies, or Settlements in America, or of the West Coast of Africa, the cwt. | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| — preserved, the lb. | 0 | 3 | 2 | — | | |
| Ginseng, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Glass, viz. | | | | | | |
| — Bottles, See Bottles. | | | | | | |
| — Crown, German Sheet, or any Kind of Window Glass, not being Plate Glass, the cwt. | 4 | 16 | 0 | — | | |
| — Flint Glass, the cwt. | 6 | 3 | 0 | — | | |
| — Plate Glass, for every Square Foot Superficial Measure | 0 | 6 | 7 | — | | |
| — Glass Manufactures, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Glass is also subject to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | |
| Glasses for Watches, See Watch Glasses. | | | | | | |
| Gloves Clippings, fit only to make Gloves, the cwt. | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| Glue, the cwt. | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| Goat Hair, See Hair. | | | | | | |
| — Skins, See Skins. | | | | | | |
| — Wool, See Goat Hair in Hair. | | | | | | |
| Gold Coin, See Bullion. | | | | | | |
| — Leaves, See Leaves. | | | | | | |
| — Plate, See Plate. | | | | | | |
| Goods warehoused,
For a List of those Goods which may be warehoused, or otherwise secured on Importation into Great Britain, without Payment of Duty in the First Instance, See Table F. | | | | | | |
| Goose Quills, See Quills. | | | | | | |
| Grain, See Corn. | | | | | | |
| Grains, viz. | | | | | | |
| — Guinea Grains, the lb. | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — " " " " Extract or Preparation of, See Grains in Extract. | | | | | | |
| — of Paradise, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| — " " " " Extract or Preparation of, See Grains in Extract. | | | | | | |
| Granules, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | | |
| Grapes, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Rape of, See Rape of Grapes. | | | | | | |
| Grease Stones, See Stones. | | | | | | |
| Grease, the cwt. | 0 | 1 | 8 | — | | |
| Greases for Dogs, the cwt. | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| Greynut Yarn, See Yarn. | | | | | | |
| Guanacum Cortex, See Bark. | | | | | | |
| — Gum, See Gum. | | | | | | |

TABLE (A).—INWARDS.

| | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Guernsey, Island of, | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, of the Growth, Production, and Manufacture of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, or Alderney, (Salt excepted. See 38 Geo. 3. cap. 48. and Statute and also Stoves not being Burr Stoves, See 34 Geo. 3. cap. 51. and 42 Geo. 3. cap. 55.) may be imported from these Islands by the Inhabitants thereof, without Payment of any Duty, except such Excise or other Duty as shall be payable for the like Goods of the Growth, Production, and Manufacture of Great Britain, See 5 Geo. 1. cap. 4. But Foreign Goods having been lawfully imported into the said Islands, and Foreign Goods and Commodities in part or fully manufactured in either of them, and which may legally be imported from thence into Great Britain, are subject to such Duties as are payable for the like Goods when imported from any Foreign Country of which they are the Growth, Product, or Manufacture, See 5 Geo. 1. cap. 4. | | | | | | |
| Guinea Grains, See Guinea. | | | | | | |
| Pepper, See Pepper. | | | | | | |
| Wood, See Red Wood in Wood. | | | | | | |
| Gum, res. | | | | | | |
| Ammoniac, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| - - - imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| Anise, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Arabic, the cwt. | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Cake Lac, See Lac in Gum. | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Cashew, the cwt. | 0 | 7 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Copal, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Elemi, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Gumacum, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Juniper, See Gum Sandarach. | | | | | | |
| Kino, or Gum Rubrum Asringens, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Lac, res. | | | | | | |
| - - - Cake Lac, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| - - - Lac Dye, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| - - - Lac Lake, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 1 | — | — | — |
| - - - Seed Lac, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| - - - Shell Lac, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| - - - Stick Lac, the cwt. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 4 |
| Opopanax, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 4 |
| - - - imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 6 |
| Rubrum Asringens, See Gum Kino. | | | | | | |
| Sagapenum, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| - - - imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| Sandarach or Juniper, the cwt. | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 8 |
| Sarcocolla, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 5 |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Dowstack. | | |
|--|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| <i>Gum, continued.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — Guttacolla, imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| — Seed Lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum. | | | | | | | |
| — Senegal, the cwt. | | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| — " " imported from any Port or Place in Europe in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Gum Senegal may be so imported, <i>See</i> 25 Geo. 3. cap. 52. | | | | | | | |
| — Shell Lac, } <i>See</i> Lac in Gum. | | | | | | | |
| — Stick Lac, } | | | | | | | |
| — Tamarahata, the lb. | | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| — Tragacanth, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| — " " imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| — Gum not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Gunpowder, the cwt. | | 8 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Gunning Canvas, <i>See</i> Canvas in Linen. | | | | | | | |
| — Gypsum, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | | 1 | 11 | 8 | — | | |
| — " the Produce of, and imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | | 0 | 1 | 3 | — | | |
| H. | | | | | | | |
| <i>Hair, &c.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — Camel Hair, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 8 | — | | |
| — Cow, Ox, Bull, or Elk Hair, the cwt. | | 0 | 18 | 4 | — | | |
| — Goat Hair, or Turkey Goat Wool, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| — Hats made of Hair, <i>See</i> Hats. | | | | | | | |
| — Horse Hair, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 10 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Human Hair, the lb. | | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — Hair, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 10 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Hair Powder, the cwt. | | 9 | 18 | 0 | — | | |
| — " perfumed, or perfumed Dust, the cwt. | | 13 | 15 | 0 | — | | |
| Hams, <i>See</i> Bacon. | | | | | | | |
| Hawspikes, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Hare Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| — Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Harp Strings, <i>See</i> Caddings. | | | | | | | |
| Hart Horns, <i>See</i> Horns. | | | | | | | |
| <i>Hats, &c.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — Best, Chip, Cane, or Horse Hair Hats or Bonnets, | | | | | | | |
| — " " each Hat or Bonnet not exceeding 22 inches in Diameter, the Dozen | | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — " " each Hat or Bonnet exceeding 22 inches in Diameter, the Dozen | | 2 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Straw Hats or Bonnets, | | | | | | | |
| — " " each Hat or Bonnet not exceeding 22 inches in Diameter, the Dozen | | 8 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| — " " each Hat or Bonnet exceeding 22 inches in Diameter, the Dozen | | 6 | 16 | 0 | — | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Dowled. | | |
|--|---|---|-------|----|----|---------|----|----|
| Hats made of or mixed with Felt, Hair, Wool, or Beaver, the Hat | — | — | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Hay, containing 36 Trusses, each Truss being 36 lbs. | — | — | 0 | 10 | 6 | — | — | — |
| Head Matter, See Train Oil in Oil. | — | — | 1 | 4 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Heath for Brushes, the cwt. | — | — | 0 | 3 | 2 | — | — | — |
| Hellebore, the lb. | — | — | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Hemp, viz. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — dressed, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | — | — | 4 | 12 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — — — imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | — | — | 5 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — rough or undressed, or any other vegetable Substance of the Nature and Quality of undressed Hemp, and applicable to the same Purposes | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — — — imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | — | — | 0 | 3 | 2 | — | — | — |
| — — — imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | — | — | 0 | 10 | 4 | — | — | — |
| — — — the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the Ton containing 30 cwt. | — | — | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Seed, See Seed. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — Oil, See Oil. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Hemp Canvas, See Canvas in Linen. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Hides, viz. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox Hides in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed, | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — — — imported in a British-built Ship, the Hide | — | — | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | — | — |
| — — — imported in a Ship not British-built, the Hide | — | — | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — — — tanned, and not otherwise dressed, the lb. | — | — | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox Hides in the Hair, not being tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed, imported from the West Coast of Africa, the Hide | — | — | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — — — Tails, See Tails. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — Elk, See Skins. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — Horse, Mare, or Gelding, in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed, | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — — — imported in a British-built Ship, the Hide | — | — | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | — | — |
| — — — imported in a Ship not British-built, the Hide | — | — | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — — — tanned, and not otherwise dressed, the lb. | — | — | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Lamb Hides, the lb. | — | — | 0 | 1 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — Maccory or Russia Hides, tanned or coloured, the lb. | — | — | 0 | 1 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — Hides, or Pieces of Hides, raw or undressed, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, imported from any British Colony or Plantation in America, for every 1000 of the Value | — | — | 5 | 17 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — Hides, or Pieces of Hides, raw or undressed, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 1000 of the Value | — | — | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Hides, or Pieces of Hides, tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 1000 of the Value | — | — | 75 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Hog's Lard, See Lard. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Hones, the 100 | — | — | 1 | 3 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Honey, the cwt. | — | — | 0 | 15 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Hook of Candle, for every 1000 of the Value | — | — | 90 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Hoops, viz. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — of Iron, the cwt. | — | — | 1 | 3 | 9 | — | — | — |
| — of Wood, the 1,000 | — | — | 0 | 15 | 0 | — | — | — |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Hops, the cwt. | | 8 | 11 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Horns, Horn Tips, and Pieces of Horns, not otherwise charged with Duty, the cwt. | | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Horse Hair, <i>See</i> Hair. | | | | | | | |
| — Hair or Bonnets, <i>See</i> Hats. | | | | | | | |
| — Holes, <i>See</i> Holes. | | | | | | | |
| Horses, Mares, or Geldings, each | | 6 | 15 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Hulled Barley, <i>See</i> Pearl Barley. | | | | | | | |
| Human Hair, <i>See</i> Hair. | | | | | | | |
| Hungary Water, <i>See</i> Spirits. | | | | | | | |
| Hunks or Knobs of Silk, <i>See</i> Knobs in Silk. | | | | | | | |
| Hunter Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| I and J. | | | | | | | |
| Jalap, the lb. | | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Jamaica Wood, <i>See</i> Brazilletto Wood in Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Japonica Terra, <i>See</i> Terra. | | | | | | | |
| Iceland Moss, <i>See</i> Lichen Islandicus in Moss. | | | | | | | |
| Jersey, Island of, <i>See</i> Guernsey. | | | | | | | |
| Jessamine Oil, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Junkin Bark, <i>See</i> Peruvian Bark in Bark. | | | | | | | |
| Jet, the lb. | | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Beads, <i>See</i> Beads. | | | | | | | |
| Jetum, <i>See</i> Devices. | | | | | | | |
| Jewels, Emeralds, Rubies, and all other Precious Stones (except Diamonds), not otherwise enumerated or described, not set or in any way manufactured, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — set, or in any way manufactured, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 40 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Jew Pirk, <i>See</i> Bitumen Judicum. | | | | | | | |
| India Hatters, <i>See</i> Cascocheas. | | | | | | | |
| Indian Corn or Maize, <i>See</i> Corn. | | | | | | | |
| Indigo, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 4 | — | — | — |
| Ink for Presses, the cwt. | | 1 | 1 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Ink, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — unwrought, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | — | — |
| — wrought, the lb. | | 0 | 5 | 2 | — | — | — |
| Ipocistumma Radix, <i>See</i> Radix. | | | | | | | |
| Ireland. The Duties and Drawbacks of Customs on Articles the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Ireland, imported directly from thence, are not in any way altered, varied, or repeated by any Thing herein contained, <i>See</i> the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | | | | | | |
| Iris Root, <i>See</i> Orice Root. | | | | | | | |
| Iron, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — in Bars, or unwrought, | | | | | | | |
| — the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, and imported from thence, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | | 1 | 2 | 2 | — | — | — |
| — the Produce of any other Country, | | | | | | | |
| — imported in a British-built Ship, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | | 6 | 10 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — imported in a Ship not British-built, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | | 7 | 15 | 4 | — | — | — |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Iron, continued. | | | | | | | |
| — | dit or hammered into Rods, and Iron drawn or hammered, less than $\frac{1}{2}$ of an Inch square, | | | | | | |
| - - - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| - - - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | 1 | 1 | 6 | | | |
| — | Cut, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 20 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| — | Hoops, <i>See</i> Hoops. | | | | | | |
| — | old broken, and old cast Iron, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | 0 | 17 | 6 | | | |
| — | One, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | 0 | 8 | 9 | | | |
| — | Pig Iron, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | 0 | 17 | 6 | | | |
| - - - - - | the Produce of, and imported from the British Plantations in America, the Ton, containing 20 cwt. | 0 | 8 | 0 | | | |
| — | Wire, <i>See</i> Wire. | | | | | | |
| — | wrought, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 20 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| — | Isinglass, the cwt. | 2 | 7 | 6 | | | |
| — | the Produce of, and imported from the British Plantations in America, the cwt. | 0 | 15 | 10 | | | |
| — | Juice of Lemons, Limes, or Oranges, the Gallon | 0 | 4 | 8 | | | |
| — | Juniper Berries, <i>See</i> Berries. | | | | | | |
| — | Gum, <i>See</i> Gum Sandarach. | | | | | | |
| — | Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | |
| Junk, old, <i>See</i> Rags, old. | | | | | | | |
| K. | | | | | | | |
| Kelp, <i>See</i> Alkali. | | | | | | | |
| Kindney Beans, <i>See</i> Beans. | | | | | | | |
| Kid Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| Kine Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | | |
| Knoes of Oak, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Knoths of Silk, <i>See</i> Knoths in Silk. | | | | | | | |
| L. | | | | | | | |
| Lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum. | | | | | | | |
| Lace, <i>See</i> | | | | | | | |
| — | Silk Lace, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 40 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| — | Thread Lace, <i>See</i> | | | | | | |
| - - - - - | under 3 <i>s.</i> the Yard in Value, the Yard | 0 | 2 | 6 | | | |
| - - - - - | of 3 <i>s.</i> and under 10 <i>s.</i> the Yard in Value, the Yard | 0 | 4 | 0 | | | |
| - - - - - | of 10 <i>s.</i> and under 15 <i>s.</i> the Yard in Value, the Yard | 0 | 4 | 9 | | | |
| - - - - - | of 15 <i>s.</i> and under 20 <i>s.</i> the Yard in Value, the Yard | 0 | 8 | 9 | | | |
| - - - - - | of 20 <i>s.</i> and under 25 <i>s.</i> the Yard in Value, the Yard | 0 | 8 | 4 | | | |
| - - - - - | of 25 <i>s.</i> the Yard in Value, or upwards, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 40 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Lagan, <i>See</i> Dredget. | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A) — INWARDS. | | | | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | | | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Lake Lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lamb Skins | | | | | | | | | | |
| Shin | | | | | | | | | | |
| } <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lamb Wool, <i>See</i> Sheeps Wood in Wool. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lamp Black, the cwt. | | | | | 3 | 6 | 0 | — | | |
| Lapis, viz. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Colominaria, the cwt. | | | | | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| Lazuli, the lb. | | | | | 0 | 9 | 2 | — | | |
| Tatini, the lb. | | | | | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| Lead, the cwt. | | | | | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| Lathwood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lotion, viz. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Black, the cwt. | | | | | 1 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| Shaven, the cwt. | | | | | 2 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Wire, <i>See</i> Wire. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lavender Flowers, the lb. | | | | | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | | |
| Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water, <i>See</i> Spirits. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Laws, <i>See</i> Lines. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lazuli Lapis, <i>See</i> Lapis. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lead, viz. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Black, the cwt. | | | | | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| Ore, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | | | | | 1 | 15 | 0 | — | | |
| Pig, for every 100l. of the Value | | | | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Red, the cwt. | | | | | 0 | 8 | 4 | — | | |
| White, the cwt. | | | | | 0 | 10 | 8 | — | | |
| Leaf Metal, <i>See</i> Metal. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Leather, any Article made of Leather, or any Manufacture | | | | | | | | | | |
| whereof Leather is the most valuable Part, not other- | | | | | | | | | | |
| wise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the | | | | | | | | | | |
| Value | | | | | 78 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Leaves of Gold, the 100 Leaves | | | | | 0 | 3 | 0 | — | | |
| Leaves of Roses, the lb. | | | | | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | | |
| Less of Wire, <i>See</i> Wire Less. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lemons, imported in a British-built Ship, the 1,000 | | | | | 1 | 3 | 0 | — | | |
| imported in a Ship not British-built, the 1,000 | | | | | 1 | 7 | 6 | — | | |
| Essence of, <i>See</i> Essence of Bergamot. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Juice of, <i>See</i> Juice. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Peel of, the lb. | | | | | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| Preserved in Salt and Water, for every 100l. of the | | | | | | | | | | |
| Value | | | | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - - in Sugar, <i>See</i> Succades. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lestiles, the Bushel | | | | | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | | |
| Leopard Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lemon Raisins, <i>See</i> Raisins. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lichen Islandicus, <i>See</i> Moss. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lignum, viz. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Quassia, <i>See</i> Quassia. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rhodium, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vitis, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lime Stones, <i>See</i> Stone. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Limon, Juice of, <i>See</i> Juice. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Linnaum Cortex, <i>See</i> Lemons, Peel of. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sal, <i>See</i> Sal. | | | | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| Linen, &c. | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| — | Cambricks and Lawns, commonly called French Lawns, plain, the Piece not exceeding 3 Yards in Length, and not exceeding 1-8th of a Yard in Breadth, more, the Piece, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | 0 | 9 | 6 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| - - - | exceeding 3 Yards in Length, or exceeding 1-8th of a Yard in Breadth, the Piece, and in that Proportion for a greater or less Quantity | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
| - - - | more, the Piece, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| — Canvas, &c. | | | | | | | |
| - - - | Heaven Canvas or Dutch Barrea, | | | | | | |
| - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells | 2 | 18 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| - - - | more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | 0 | 11 | 2 | — | | |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 Ells | 2 | 15 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| - - - | more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | 0 | 11 | 8 | — | | |
| - - - | Packing Canvas, Guttings, Square, Elling, or Queensborough Canvas, | | | | | | |
| - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells | 1 | 15 | 8 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| - - - | more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | 0 | 7 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 Ells | 1 | 17 | 4 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| - - - | more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | 0 | 7 | 10 | — | | |
| — Danish Tabling of the Manufacture of the Kingdom of the United Netherlands, &c. | | | | | | | |
| - - - | not exceeding 1 Ell $\frac{1}{4}$ in Breadth, the Yard | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| - - - | more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - | exceeding 1 Ell $\frac{1}{4}$ and under 3 Ells in Breadth, the Yard | 0 | 11 | 6 | 0 | 4 | 10 |
| - - - | more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - | of the Breadth of 3 Ells and under 3 Ells in Breadth, the Yard | 0 | 15 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 6 |
| - - - | more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - | of the Breadth of 3 Ells or upwards, the Yard | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
| - - - | more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |

TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.

| | Duties. | | | Overhaul. | | |
|--|---------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| <i>Lines, continued.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Danish Tabling of the Manufacture of Silisia, or of any other Place not otherwise enumerated or described, the square Yard - | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| more, the square Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | | |
| — Danish Tawelling and Napping of the Manufacture of the Kingdom of the United Netherlands, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 |
| — Danish Tawelling and Napping of the Manufacture of Silisia or of any other Place not otherwise enumerated or described, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | | |
| — Diaper Tawelling of the Manufacture of the Kingdom of the United Netherlands, viz. | | | | | | |
| - - - not exceeding 1 Ell $\frac{1}{4}$ in Breadth, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| - - - exceeding 1 Ell $\frac{1}{4}$ and under 2 Ells in Breadth, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 1 | 1 | — | | |
| - - - exceeding 2 Ells and under 3 Ells in Breadth, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| - - - of the Breadth of 3 Ells and under 3 Ells in Breadth, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 1 | 3 | — | | |
| - - - of the Breadth of 3 Ells and upwards, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 8 |
| - - - of the Breadth of 3 Ells or upwards, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 1 | 4 | — | | |
| - - - of the Breadth of 3 Ells or upwards, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 10 |
| — Diaper Tawelling of the Manufacture of Silisia, or of any other Place not otherwise enumerated or described, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 1 | 11 | — | | |
| — Diaper Tawelling of the Manufacture of Silisia, or of any other Place not otherwise enumerated or described, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 2 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| — Diaper Tawelling and Napping of the Manufacture of the Kingdom of the United Netherlands, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 0 | 7 | — | | |
| — Diaper Tawelling and Napping of the Manufacture of the Kingdom of the United Netherlands, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| — Diaper Tawelling and Napping of the Manufacture of Silisia, or of any other Place not otherwise enumerated or described, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 0 | 5 | — | | |
| — Diaper Tawelling and Napping of the Manufacture of Silisia, or of any other Place not otherwise enumerated or described, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| — Diaper Tawelling and Napping of the Manufacture of Silisia, or of any other Place not otherwise enumerated or described, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not - | 0 | 0 | 3 | — | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Draw back. | | |
|--|--|----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| <i>Linen, continued.</i> | | <i>£</i> | <i>s.</i> | <i>d.</i> | <i>£</i> | <i>s.</i> | <i>d.</i> |
| — Drillings and Duck Duck, viz. | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells | | 4 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 18 | + |
| - - - more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | | 0 | 19 | 2 | | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 Ells | | 4 | 15 | 0 | 1 | 18 | + |
| - - - more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| — German, Switzerland, East Country (except Russia), and Silesia Cloth, plain, viz. | | | | | | | |
| - - - not exceeding 21½ Inches in Breadth, | | | | | | | |
| - - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells | | 2 | 15 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 6 |
| - - - - more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | | 0 | 12 | 3 | | | |
| - - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 Ells | | 3 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 6 |
| - - - - more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | | 0 | 12 | 3 | | | |
| - - - exceeding 21½ Inches and not exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth, | | | | | | | |
| - - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells | | 6 | 2 | 9 | 2 | 11 | 6 |
| - - - - more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | | 1 | 5 | 10 | | | |
| - - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 Ells | | 6 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 11 | 6 |
| - - - - more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | | 1 | 6 | 6 | | | |
| - - - exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth, | | | | | | | |
| - - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells | | 9 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 13 | 6 |
| - - - - more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | | 1 | 19 | 9 | | | |
| - - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 Ells | | 9 | 14 | 5 | 3 | 19 | 6 |
| - - - - more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | |
| — Hinderlands, Brown, under 22½ Inches in Breadth, | | | | | | | |
| - - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells | | 1 | 13 | 3 | 0 | 14 | 0 |
| - - - - more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | | 0 | 7 | 0 | | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | Duty. | Drawback. |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Linen.—Hinderlands, &c. continued. | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the
120 Ells
more, the 120 Ells, payable on the
first Entry thereof, whether to be
secured in Warehouses or not | £ s. d.
1 14 10
0 7 4 | £ s. d.
0 14 0
— |
| ——— Lawns, viz. | | |
| - - - Slains and all other Lawns, plain, (except Cam-
bricks and French Lawns) not bleached
in the Kingdom of the United Nether-
lands, | | |
| - - - - the Piece not exceeding 3 Yards in
Length
more, the Piece, payable on the first
Entry thereof, whether to be
secured in Warehouses or not | 0 6 4
0 1 4 | 0 3 3
— |
| - - - Slains and all other Lawns, plain, (except Cam-
bricks and French Lawns) bleached in
the Kingdom of the United Nether-
lands, | | |
| - - - - the Piece not exceeding 3 Yards in
Length
more, the Piece, payable on the first
Entry thereof, whether to be
secured in Warehouses or not | 0 7 11
0 1 8 | 0 3 4
— |
| ——— Linen of the Manufacture of the Kingdom of the
United Netherlands, plain, not otherwise
enumerated or described, viz. | | |
| - - not exceeding 1 Ell $\frac{1}{2}$ in Breadth, the Ell
more, the Ell, payable on the first Entry
thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses
or not | 0 2 11
0 0 7 | 0 1 2
— |
| - - exceeding 1 Ell $\frac{1}{2}$ and under 2 Ells in Breadth,
the Ell
more, the Ell, payable on the first Entry
thereof, whether to be secured in Ware-
houses or not | 0 3 2
0 0 8 | 0 1 4
— |
| - - of the Breadth of 2 Ells, and under 3 Ells in
Breadth, the Ell
more, the Ell, payable on the first Entry
thereof, whether to be secured in Ware-
houses or not | 0 3 7
0 0 2 | 0 1 5
— |
| - - of the Breadth of 3 Ells or upwards, the Ell
more, the Ell, payable on the first Entry
thereof, whether to be secured in Ware-
houses or not | 0 3 2
0 1 1 | 0 2 2
— |
| ——— Pock Duck, See Drillings in Linen. | | |
| ——— Russia Linen, plain, viz. | | |
| - - Twisting and Napkining of the Manufacture of
Russia, | | |
| - - - not exceeding 23 $\frac{1}{2}$ Inches in Breadth,
- - - imported in a British-built Ship, the
120 Ells
more, the 120 Ells, payable on the
first Entry thereof, whether to be
secured in Warehouses or not | 1 11 6
0 6 7 | 0 12 2
— |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|--|--------------|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| Linen.—Russia, Twaddling, &c. continued. | | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, | the 120 Ells | 1 | 14 | 2 | 0 | 12 | 2 |
| - - - | more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | - | 0 | 7 | 2 | — | | |
| — Russia | Linen, plain, not otherwise enumerated or described, | - | | | | | | |
| - - - | not exceeding 32½ inches in Breadth, | - | | | | | | |
| - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells | - | 1 | 12 | 2 | 0 | 12 | 6 |
| - - - | more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | - | 0 | 6 | 2 | — | | |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 Ells | - | 1 | 12 | 11 | 0 | 12 | 6 |
| - - - | more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | - | 0 | 7 | 1 | — | | |
| - - - | exceeding 32½ inches, and not exceeding 31½ inches in Breadth, | - | | | | | | |
| - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells | - | 2 | 11 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| - - - | more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | - | 0 | 10 | 2 | — | | |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 Ells | - | 2 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| - - - | more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | - | 0 | 11 | 2 | — | | |
| - - - | exceeding 31½ inches, and not exceeding 30 inches in Breadth, | - | | | | | | |
| - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells | - | 2 | 16 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 0 |
| - - - | more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | - | 0 | 16 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 Ells | - | 2 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 12 | 0 |
| - - - | more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | - | 0 | 16 | 2 | — | | |
| - - - | exceeding 30 inches, and not exceeding 28 inches in Breadth, | - | | | | | | |
| - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells | - | 2 | 17 | 5 | 2 | 17 | 10 |
| - - - | more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | - | 1 | 2 | 11 | — | | |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 Ells | - | 7 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 17 | 10 |
| - - - | more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | - | 1 | 9 | 6 | — | | |

TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.

| | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Linen.—Russia Linen, &c. restituted. | | | | | | |
| - - - exceeding 48 Inches in Breadth, | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells | 9 | 10 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| - - - more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | 2 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 Ells | 9 | 17 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| - - - more, the 120 Ells, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | 2 | 1 | 6 | — | | |
| — Sail Cloth, or Sail Duck, &c. | | | | | | |
| - - - not exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth, | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells | 5 | 7 | 4 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 Ells | 5 | 18 | 1 | — | | |
| - - - exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth, | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells | 5 | 19 | 3 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, 120 Ells | 9 | 7 | 0 | — | | |
| — Sails, for every 1000l. of the Value | 104 | 2 | 2 | — | | |
| <i>Note</i> —Foreign-made Sails on board any Ship or Vessel belonging to any of His Majesty's Subjects, whether in use or not, are to be charged with the like Duties as Foreign-made Sails imported by way of Merchandise, See 18 Geo. 2. cap. 27. and the 84 Geo. 3. cap. 48. | | | | | | |
| — Linen, not being chequered or striped, or not being printed, painted, stained, or dyed, after the Manufacture, or in the Thread or Yarn before the Manufacture, and not being otherwise enumerated or described, for every 1000l. of the Value | 65 | 6 | 6 | 36 | 18 | 4 |
| - - - more, for every 1000l. of the Value, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not | 15 | 6 | 6 | — | | |
| — Linen, chequered or striped, or printed, painted, stained, or dyed, after the Manufacture, or in the Thread or Yarn before the Manufacture, not being prohibited as to be imported into, nor worn nor used in Great Britain, and not being otherwise enumerated or described, for every 1000l. of the Value | 178 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| — German and Russia Linen, chequered or striped, the Thread or Yarn of which the same is made being coloured, stained, or dyed before the Manufacture, exported to any Island under the Dominion of His Majesty in the West Indies, in which Description the Bahamas Islands, and the Bermudas or St. John's Islands are included, for every 1000l. of the Value | — | | | 117 | 10 | 0 |
| Linen Yarn, See Yarn. | | | | | | |
| Linn Boards, See Boards in Wood. | | | | | | |
| Linned, See Seed. | | | | | | |
| — Cakes, the cut. | 0 | 0 | 4 | — | | |
| — Oil, See Oil. | | | | | | |
| Linn Skins, See Skins. | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|---|-------|----|----|-----------|---|----|
| | | ℥ | s | d. | ℥ | s | d. |
| Liquor Raisins, <i>See</i> Raisins. | | | | | | | |
| Liquorice Juice, or Sacchar Liquorice, the cwt. | - | 5 | 15 | 0 | — | | |
| Powder, the cwt. | - | 5 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Root, the cwt. | - | 5 | 5 | 4 | — | | |
| Extract or Preparation of, <i>See</i> Extract. | | | | | | | |
| Liquors. Foreign Liquors—Droplet, Absent, Flavour, Liqueur, or Whisk, brought or coming into Great Britain, are subject to the same Duties, and entitled to the same Drawbacks as Liquors of the like Kind regularly imported. | | | | | | | |
| Litharge of Gold or Silver, the cwt. | - | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| Lithum, the cwt. | - | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| Liverwort, <i>See</i> Lichen Islandicus in Moss. | | | | | | | |
| Lobsters, <i>See</i> Fish. | | | | | | | |
| Logwood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Long Pepper, <i>See</i> Pepper. | | | | | | | |
| Loose Hides, <i>See</i> Hides. | | | | | | | |
| Lucerne Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | | | | | | |
| Lupines, the cwt. | - | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| Lutescings, <i>See</i> Castings. | | | | | | | |
| M. | | | | | | | |
| Mace, the lb. | - | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| the Produce of, and imported from any British Colony or Plantation, the lb. | - | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| imported under Licence, the lb. | - | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Mace may be so imported, <i>See</i> 3 and 4 Ann. cap. 4. 8 Ann. cap. 7. 8 Geo. 1. cap. 21. and also 8 Geo. 1. cap. 18., which is continued by several Statutes, and by 19 Geo. 3. cap. 20. made perpetual. | | | | | | | |
| Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Madder, <i>vin.</i> | | | | | | | |
| Mell Madder, the cwt. | - | 0 | 3 | 0 | — | | |
| Madder Root, and all unmanufactured Madder, the cwt. | - | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| Madder in any way manufactured, the cwt. | - | 0 | 15 | 0 | — | | |
| Mahogany, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Malta, Island of, and its Dependencies. | | | | | | | |
| For the Duties and Drawbacks on Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, legally imported or brought into the Island of Malta or its Dependencies, and imported from thence into Great Britain, <i>See</i> Table B. | | | | | | | |
| Man, Isle of. | | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the Inhabitants of the Isle of Man may import directly from thence into Great Britain, Bostals, or any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of the said Island, not being prohibited to be imported from thence; and Linen Manufactures made in the Isle of Man of Hemp or Flax, not being the Produce thereof; and also Cotton Yarn or Cotton Cloth of the Manufacture of the said Island, without Payment of any Customs or Duties, except such | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| Man, Isle of, continued. | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Excise or other Duty as is or may be payable for the like Goods or Merchandise of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain, See 5 Geo. 3. cap. 43. 20 Geo. 3. cap. 42. 24 Geo. 3. cap. 51. and 45 Geo. 3. cap. 68. | | | | | | |
| Mangrove Bark, See Bark. | | | | | | |
| Mania, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Manuscripts, See Books. | | | | | | |
| Maps and Charts, plain or coloured, each Map or Chart, or Part thereof | 0 | 2 | 0 | | | |
| Marble, See Stone. | | | | | | |
| Marbles for Children, See Toys. | | | | | | |
| Mares, See Horses. | | | | | | |
| — Hides, See Horse Hides in Hides. | | | | | | |
| Marjoram, Oil of, See Oil. | | | | | | |
| Marmalade, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 3 | | | |
| Martin Skins, } See Skins. | | | | | | |
| — Tails, } | | | | | | |
| Matich, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Masts, See Wood. | | | | | | |
| Mats, viz. | | | | | | |
| — of Russia, Imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 | 1 | 3 | 9 | | | |
| — — — — imported in a Ship not British-built, the 100 | 1 | 5 | 0 | | | |
| — — not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Mating for every 100l. of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Mattresses, for every 100l. of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Maw Seed, See Seed. | | | | | | |
| Mead or Methaglin, the Gallon | 0 | 0 | 6 | | | |
| Subject also to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | |
| Meal, See Corn. | | | | | | |
| Medals, viz. | | | | | | |
| — of Gold or Silver, Duty free. | | | | | | |
| — of any other sort, for every 100l. of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Medians, the Bushel | 0 | 5 | 0 | | | |
| Melasses, the cwt. | 1 | 5 | 0 | | | |
| — the Produce of, and imported from the British Plantations in America, the cwt. | 0 | 10 | 0 | | | |
| Melting Pots for Goldsmiths, See Pots. | | | | | | |
| Mercury prepared, for every 100l. of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Metal, viz. | | | | | | |
| — Bell Metal, the cwt. | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| — Leaf Metal (except of Leaf Gold) the Packet containing 250 Leaves | 0 | 0 | 8 | | | |
| Methaglin, See Mead. | | | | | | |
| Mill Boards, the cwt. | 8 | 8 | 2 | | | |
| Mill Seed, See Seed. | | | | | | |
| Mill Stones, See Stone. | | | | | | |
| Mineral Water, See Water. | | | | | | |
| Minerals, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value | 20 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| — Specimens of, See Specimens. | | | | | | |
| Mink Skins, See Skins. | | | | | | |
| Mohair Yarn, See Camel Yarn in Yarn. | | | | | | |

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| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | Duty. | Drawback. |
|---|---------|-----------|
| Melanes, <i>See</i> Melanes. | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
| Mole Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | |
| Morcla, the lb. | 0 2 0 | — |
| Morocco, <i>See</i> Gibraltar. | | |
| Moss, <i>viz.</i> | | |
| — Lichen Islandicus, or Liverwort, the lb. | 0 0 8 | — |
| — Rock, for Dyers use, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | 1 15 0 | — |
| — not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value | 10 0 0 | — |
| Mules, each | 5 0 0 | — |
| Murn, <i>See</i> Beer. | | |
| Musical Instruments, for every 100l. of the Value | 10 0 0 | — |
| Musk, the cwt. | 0 5 0 | 0 5 4 |
| Manquash Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | |
| Mustard Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | |
| Myrrh, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 1 8 | 0 1 1 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 5 6 | 0 1 8 |
| Myrtle Wax, <i>See</i> Wax. | | |
| N. | | |
| Napkin, <i>See</i> Linen. | | |
| Nardus Celtica, the cwt. | 1 0 0 | 0 15 4 |
| Nardus Indica, <i>See</i> Spikenard. | | |
| Natron, <i>See</i> Alkali. | | |
| Nest Boxes, <i>See</i> Boxes. | | |
| Nests Tongues, <i>See</i> Tongues. | | |
| Neroli Oil, <i>See</i> Oil of Orange Flower. | | |
| Nets, <i>viz.</i> Old Fishing Nets, fit only for making Paper or Paste-board, <i>See</i> Rags. | | |
| Nicaragua Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | |
| Nutmegs, the lb. | 0 3 6 | 0 3 8 |
| — the Produce of, and imported from any British Colony or Plantation, the lb. | 0 2 6 | 0 2 5 |
| — imported under License, the lb. | 0 3 6 | — |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which Nutmegs may be so imported, <i>See</i> 3 and 4 Ann. cap. 4. 8 Ann. cap. 7. 6 Geo. 1. cap. 21., and also 8 Geo. 1. cap. 18., which is continued by several Statutes, and by 49 Geo. 3. cap. 20. made perpetual. | | |
| — Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | |
| Nutria Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | |
| Nuts, <i>viz.</i> | | |
| — Cashew Nuts, the lb. | 0 2 0 | 0 1 4 |
| — Chestnuts, the Bushel | 0 4 0 | — |
| — Pistachio Nuts, imported directly from the Place of their Growth, the lb. | 0 0 10 | — |
| — — — — imported not directly from the Place of their Growth, the lb. | 0 1 8 | — |
| — Small Nuts, the Bushel | 0 4 0 | — |
| — Walnuts, the Bushel | 0 4 0 | — |
| — Nuts not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value | 20 0 0 | — |
| Nox Vomica, the lb. | 0 2 6 | — |
| Extract or Preparation of, <i>See</i> Extract. | | |

TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.

| | Duty | D drawback |
|---|---------|------------|
| O. | | |
| Oak Bark, <i>See</i> Bark. | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
| — Boards, <i>See</i> Boards in Wood. | | |
| — Knees, <i>See</i> Knees of Oak in Wood. | | |
| — Plank, } <i>See</i> Wood. | | |
| — Timber, } | | |
| Oakum, the cwt. - - - - - | 0 5 0 | — |
| Oars, <i>See</i> Wood. | | |
| Oatmeal, } <i>See</i> Corn. | | |
| Oats, } | | |
| Ochre or Ocher, the cwt. - - - - - | 0 5 0 | — |
| Oculi Cancrorum, <i>See</i> Cancrorum Oculi. | | |
| Oil, viz. | | |
| — of Almonds, the lb. - - - - - | 0 0 10 | — |
| — of Amber or Succinum, the lb. - - - - - | 0 5 6 | — |
| — of Aniseed, the lb. - - - - - | 0 4 0 | — |
| — of Bay, the lb. - - - - - | 0 0 3 | — |
| — of Cajuputa, the ca. - - - - - | 0 1 0 | — |
| — of Caraway, the lb. - - - - - | 0 2 6 | — |
| — of Cassia, the ca. - - - - - | 0 5 0 | — |
| — of Castor, the lb. - - - - - | 0 1 3 | — |
| — Chemical Oil, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb. - - - - - | 0 4 0 | — |
| — of Cloves, the ca. - - - - - | 0 5 0 | — |
| — of Cloves, the ca. - - - - - | 0 3 0 | — |
| — of Coco Nut, the cwt. - - - - - | 0 3 6 | — |
| — of Fennel, the lb. - - - - - | 0 4 0 | — |
| — Fish Oil, <i>See</i> Train Oil in Oil. | | |
| — of Hemp Seed, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - - - - - | 25 5 0 | — |
| — of Jasmine, the lb. - - - - - | 0 4 0 | — |
| — of Juniper, the lb. - - - - - | 0 2 0 | — |
| — of Lavender, the lb. - - - - - | 0 4 0 | — |
| — of Linseed, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - - - - - | 25 5 0 | — |
| — of Mace, the ca. - - - - - | 0 3 6 | — |
| — of Marjoram, the lb. - - - - - | 0 4 0 | — |
| — of Nettle-seed, the ca. - - - - - | 0 2 6 | — |
| — of Olives, imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - - - - - | 15 13 0 | — |
| — " " imported in a Ship not British-built, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - - - - - | 16 13 0 | — |
| — of Orange Flower or Neroli, the ca. - - - - - | 0 2 0 | — |
| — of Palm, the cwt. - - - - - | 0 2 6 | — |
| — perfumed Oil, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb. - - - - - | 0 4 0 | — |
| — of Pine, the lb. - - - - - | 0 0 8 | — |
| — of Rape Seed, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - - - - - | 25 5 0 | — |
| — of Rhodium, the ca. - - - - - | 0 5 0 | — |
| — Rock Oil, the lb. - - - - - | 0 0 10 | — |
| — of Rosemary, the lb. - - - - - | 0 4 0 | — |
| — of Rose, <i>See</i> Otto of Rose. | | |
| — of Rosewood, the ca. - - - - - | 0 5 0 | — |
| — Saled Oil, <i>See</i> Oil of Olives. | | |
| — of Sandalwood, the ca. - - - - - | 0 2 6 | — |
| — of Sassafras, the lb. - - - - - | 0 2 8 | — |
| — Seal Oil, <i>See</i> Train Oil in Oil. | | |
| — Seed Oil, not otherwise enumerated or described, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - - - - - | 25 5 0 | — |
| — of Spike, the lb. - - - - - | 0 4 0 | — |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | Duty. | Drawback. |
|---|---------|-----------|
| | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
| <i>Oil, continued.</i> | | |
| — of Saccinum, <i>See</i> Oil of Amber. | | |
| — of Thyme, <i>the lb.</i> | 0 4 0 | — |
| — Train Oil and Blubber, <i>viz.</i> | | |
| - - - Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught by the Crew of a British-built Ship or Vessel, wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, registered and navigated according to Law, and imported in any such Shipping, the Tun containing 222 Gallons | 0 5 6 | — |
| - - - Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of Newfoundland, and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island, or taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the Bahama or Bermudas Islands, or taken and caught in the Gulf of Saint Lawrence, or on the shores of any British Colony or Plantation in North America, or the Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the said Colonies or Plantations, and carrying on such Fishery from thence, and imported directly from such Places, Islands, Colonies, or Plantations, in a British-built Ship or Vessel, owned, navigated, and registered according to Law, the Tun containing 222 Gallons | 0 15 4 | — |
| For the Suspension of the above Duty on Blubber, imported directly from the Island of Newfoundland until the 5th July 1824, <i>See</i> the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | |
| - Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any other British Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Tun containing 222 Gallons | 5 10 10 | — |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which Blubber may be admitted to Entry as British taken and caught, on Payment of Duty as before mentioned (in the Case may be), <i>See</i> the 48 Geo 3. cap. 88. and the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | |
| - - - Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, of Foreign Fishing, the Tun containing 222 Gallons | 22 3 4 | — |
| For the Conditions and Regulations according to which the Quantity of Oil contained in Blubber, imported from the Greenland | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Oil.—Train Oil and Blubber, <i>continued</i> . | | | | | | | |
| Seen or Davis's Straights, is to be ascertained, <i>See</i> 29 & 40 Geo. 2. cap. 54. and 43 Geo. 3. cap. 68. | | | | | | | |
| - - - | Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught by the Crew of a British-built Ship or Vessel, wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, registered and navigated according to Law, and imported in any such Shipping, the Tonnage containing 222 Gallons - | 0 | 8 | 8 | — | | |
| - - - | Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of Newfoundland and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island, or taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the Bahamas or Bermudas Islands, or taken and caught in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, or on the Shores of any British Colony or Plantation in North America, or the Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the said Colonies or Plantations, and carrying on such Fishery from thence, and imported directly from such Places, Islands, Colonies, or Plantations in a British-built Ship or Vessel, owned, navigated, and registered according to Law, the Tonnage containing 222 Gallons - | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| For the Suspension of the above Duty on Train Oil, imported directly from the Island of Newfoundland, until the 5th July 1824, <i>See</i> the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | | | | | | |
| - - - | Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any other British Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Tonnage containing 222 Gallons - | 8 | 6 | 3 | — | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which Train Oil may be admitted to Entry as British taken and caught, on Payment of Duty as before mentioned (as the Case may be), <i>See</i> the 49 Geo. 3. cap. 68. and the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | | | | | | |
| - - - | Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, or Foreign Fishing, the Tonnage containing 222 Gallons - | 23 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — | Spermoceti Oil or Head Matter, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught by the Crew of a British-built Ship or Vessel, wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Oil.—Spermaceti Oil, <i>continued</i> . | | | | | | | |
| Aldermey, Sark, or Man, registered and navigated according to Law, and imported in any such Shipping, the Tun containing 232 Gallons | | 0 | 8 | 3 | — | | |
| — Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of Newfoundland and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island, or taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the Bahama or Bermudas Islands, or taken and caught in the Gulf of Saint Lawrence, or on the Shores of any British Colony or Plantation in North America, or the Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the said Colonies or Plantations, and carrying on such Fishery from thence, and imported directly from such Places, Islands, Colonies, or Plantations in a British-built Ship or Vessel, owned, navigated, and registered according to Law, the Tun containing 232 Gallons | | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| For the Suspension of the above Duty on Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, imported directly from the Island of Newfoundland, until the 30th July 1824, See the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | | | | | | |
| — Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any other British Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Tun containing 232 Gallons | | 24 | 18 | 9 | — | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter may be admitted to Entry as British-taken and caught, on Payment of Duty as before mentioned (as the Case may be), See the 49th Geo. 3. cap. 98. and the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | | | | | | |
| — Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, of Foreign Fishing, the Tun containing 232 Gallons | | 34 | 18 | 3 | — | | |
| — of Turpentine, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| — of Vitriol, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 4 | — | | |
| — Walnut Oil, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | | |
| — Whale Oil, See Train Oil in Oil | | | | | | | |
| — Oil, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value | | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Oiler, See Oiler. | | | | | | | |
| Olibanum, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the cwt. | | 2 | 7 | 6 | 1 | 11 | 3 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the cwt. | | 2 | 11 | 3 | 2 | 7 | 6 |
| Olive Wood, See Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Olives, the Gallon | | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| — Oil of, See Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Onion Seed, See Seed. | | | | | | | |
| Onions, the Bushel | | 0 | 3 | 0 | — | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Dutiable. | | |
|--|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Open Tapes, <i>See</i> Tapes. | | | | | | | |
| Opium, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | | 0 | 12 | 6 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
| — Extract or Preparation of, <i>See</i> Extract. | | | | | | | |
| Opopanax Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | | |
| Orange Flower Oil, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Orange Flower Water, the Gallon | | 0 | 5 | 4 | — | | |
| Oranges, imported in a British-built Ship, the 1,000 | | 1 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| — imported in a Ship not British-built, the 1,000 | | 1 | 7 | 6 | — | | |
| — Juice of, <i>See</i> Juice. | | | | | | | |
| — Peel of, the lb. | | 0 | 9 | 6 | — | | |
| Orchid, Orchelia, or Archelia, the cwt. | | 0 | 16 | 8 | — | | |
| Orchelia, <i>See</i> Orchid. | | | | | | | |
| Ordinary Oil of Olives, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Ore, <i>See</i> . | | | | | | | |
| — Copper, <i>See</i> Copper. | | | | | | | |
| — Gold, <i>See</i> Bullion. | | | | | | | |
| — Iron, <i>See</i> Iron. | | | | | | | |
| — Lead, <i>See</i> Lead. | | | | | | | |
| — Platinum, <i>See</i> Platinum. | | | | | | | |
| — Silver, <i>See</i> Bullion. | | | | | | | |
| — Ore not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 l. of the Value | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Specimens of, <i>See</i> Specimens. | | | | | | | |
| Opium, the cwt. | | 1 | 8 | 6 | — | | |
| Orrice or Iris Root, the cwt. | | 1 | 8 | 6 | — | | |
| Oryzæ, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 3 | — | | |
| Ostrich Feathers, <i>See</i> Feathers. | | | | | | | |
| — Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Otter Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| Otto or Attar or Oil of Roses, the oz. | | 0 | 6 | 0 | — | | |
| Unce Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| Output Thread, <i>See</i> Thread. | | | | | | | |
| Ox Hair, <i>See</i> Cow Hair in Hides. | | | | | | | |
| — Hides, <i>See</i> Buffalo Hides in Hides. | | | | | | | |
| — Horns, <i>See</i> Horns. | | | | | | | |
| — Tails, <i>See</i> Buffalo Tails in Tails. | | | | | | | |
| Oysters, <i>See</i> Fish. | | | | | | | |
| P. | | | | | | | |
| Pack Deck, <i>See</i> Drillings in Linen. | | | | | | | |
| Packing Canvas, <i>See</i> Canvas in Linen. | | | | | | | |
| Pack Thread, <i>See</i> Thread. | | | | | | | |
| Painted Paper, <i>See</i> Paper. | | | | | | | |
| Painters Colours, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 l. of the Value | | 30 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Printings on Glass, for every 100 l. of the Value | | 30 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Subject also to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | | |
| Palis Boards, <i>See</i> Boards in Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Palm Oil, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Panthers Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| Pantries, <i>See</i> Tiles. | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Downduck. | | |
|---|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Paper, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — | Brown Paper made of old Rope or Cordage only, without separating or extracting the Pitch or Tar therefrom, and without any Mixture of other Materials therewith, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | | |
| — | printed, painted, or stained Paper, or Paper Hangings, or Flock Paper, the Yard square | 0 | 1 | 7 | — | | |
| — | Waste Paper, or Paper of any other Sort not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 7 | — | | |
| Paradise, Grains of, <i>See</i> Grains. | | | | | | | |
| Parchment, the Dozen Sheets | | 0 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Parquetboards, the cwt. | | 3 | 8 | 2 | — | | |
| Paving Stones, <i>See</i> Stone. | | | | | | | |
| — | Tiles, <i>See</i> Tiles. | | | | | | |
| Pearl Ashes, <i>See</i> Ashes. | | | | | | | |
| Pearl Barley, the cwt. | | 0 | 17 | 6 | — | | |
| Pearls, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 5 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Pears, the Bushel | | 0 | 7 | 6 | — | | |
| — | dried, the Bushel | 0 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Pease, <i>See</i> Corn. | | | | | | | |
| Public Stones, <i>See</i> Stone. | | | | | | | |
| Pellitory, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Pelts, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| Pencils, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — | of Slate, <i>See</i> Slate Pencils. | | | | | | |
| Pens, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Peony Seed, <i>See</i> Peony Seed in Seed. | | | | | | | |
| Pepper, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — | Cayenne Pepper, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| — | Guinea Pepper, Capsicum, or Chilies, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| — | Extract or Preparation of Guinea Pepper, <i>See</i> Extract. | | | | | | |
| — | Long Pepper, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| Perfumed Dust, <i>See</i> Hair Powder. | | | | | | | |
| — | Oil, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | |
| Perry, the Tun containing 252 Gallons | | 17 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| — | Subject also to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | |
| Peruvian Cortex, <i>See</i> Peruvian Bark in Bark. | | | | | | | |
| Pickles of all Sorts, not otherwise enumerated or described, the Gallon | | 0 | 6 | 0 | — | | |
| Picture Frames, <i>See</i> Frames. | | | | | | | |
| Pictures, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — | under Two Feet Square, the Picture | 3 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| — | of Two Feet Square, and under Four Feet Square, the Picture | 6 | 16 | 0 | — | | |
| — | of Four Feet Square, or upwards, the Picture | 10 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| Pig Iron, <i>See</i> Iron. | | | | | | | |
| — | Lead, <i>See</i> Lead. | | | | | | |
| Pill Boxes, <i>See</i> Boxes. | | | | | | | |
| Pistons, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — | of the British Plantations, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| — | not of the British Plantations, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 3 | — | | |
| Pine Oil, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Pink Root, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Peony or Peony Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | | | | | | |
| Pipe Boards, <i>See</i> Boards in Wood. | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Portugal, continued. | | | | | | | |
| navigated, and registered according to Law; and in Cases where different Duties are imposed upon any Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, of the like Denomination or Description as imported from different Foreign Countries, then, upon Payment of the lowest Duties, which by Law are required to be paid on the Importation in British-built Ships or Vessels of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, from any Foreign Country; and on the Exportation of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, the same Drawbacks shall be paid or allowed as on other Goods of the like Description exported; and on the Exportation of any Goods to the said Territories or Dominions, the same Drawbacks shall be paid or allowed as on the Exportation of Goods of the like Description, when exported to any of the Islands, Plantations, or Colonies belonging to the Crown of Great Britain in America, See 81 Geo. 3. cap. 47. which Act is to be in force during the Continuance of the Treaty of Amity, Commerce, and Navigation, concluded between His Majesty and His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of Portugal, signed at Rio de Janeiro, the 19th February 1810. | | | | | | | |
| Pix Ashes, See Ashes. | | | | | | | |
| Potatoes, the cwt. | - | | 0 | 2 | 0 | | — |
| Pots, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — Melting Pots for Goldsmiths, the 100 | - | | 0 | 3 | 2 | | — |
| — of Stone, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | | 50 | 0 | 0 | | — |
| Pottery, See Earthenware. | | | | | | | |
| Powder, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — of Brass, for jesspanning, the lb. | - | | 0 | 3 | 6 | | — |
| — of Bronze, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | | 50 | 0 | 0 | | — |
| — Gunpowder, See in G. | | | | | | | |
| — Hair Powder, See in H. | | | | | | | |
| — Powder, not otherwise enumerated or described, that will serve for the same Uses as Starch, the cwt. | - | | 9 | 10 | 0 | | — |
| Precious Stones, See Jewels. | | | | | | | |
| Printers' Ink, See Ink for Printers. | | | | | | | |
| Prints and Drawings, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — Plain, not exceeding a Foot square, each | - | | 0 | 1 | 0 | | — |
| — " " exceeding a Foot square, each | - | | 0 | 2 | 0 | | — |
| — Coloured, not exceeding a Foot square, each | - | | 0 | 2 | 0 | | — |
| — " " exceeding a Foot square, each | - | | 0 | 4 | 0 | | — |
| Prunelle Sal, See Sal. | | | | | | | |
| Pruneloes, the lb. | - | | 0 | 1 | 2 | | — |
| Prunes, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | - | | 1 | 7 | 6 | | — |
| — imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | - | | 1 | 8 | 6 | | — |
| Puddings, See Sausages. | | | | | | | |
| Pumice Stone, See Stone. | | | | | | | |
| Pyramont Water, See Mineral Water in Water. | | | | | | | |
| Q. | | | | | | | |
| Quassia, the cwt. | - | | 8 | 17 | 6 | | — |
| — Extract or Preparation of, See Extract. | | | | | | | |
| Quebec. | | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Goods and Commodities of the Growth or Pro- | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| <i>Quebec, continued.</i> | | | | | | | |
| duction of any of the Countries bordering on the Province of Quebec, and legally brought by Land or Inland Navigation into that Province, may be imported from thence and charged with Duty, or exempted therefrom, in like Manner as if such Goods and Commodities were of the Growth or Production of Quebec, and imported directly from thence, <i>See 30 Geo. 3. cap. 29.</i> | | | | | | | |
| Quercitron, or Black Oak Bark, <i>See Bark.</i> | | | | | | | |
| Queen Stones, <i>See Stones.</i> | | | | | | | |
| Quicksilver, the lb. | - | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Quills, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — Goose Quills, the 1,000 | - | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| — Swan Quills, the 1,000 | - | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| Quince, the 100 | - | 0 | 6 | 0 | — | | |
| Quince Seed, <i>See Seed.</i> | | | | | | | |
| R. | | | | | | | |
| Raccoon Skins, <i>See Skins.</i> | | | | | | | |
| Radix, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — Contrayerva, the lb. | - | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| — Eruca Campana, the cwt. | - | 0 | 12 | 6 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
| — Eriogon, the lb. | - | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| — Ipecacuanha, the lb. | - | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 8 |
| — Rhubarb, the lb. | - | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| — — — Extract or Preparation of, <i>See Extract.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — Snake, the lb. | - | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| — Serpentinum or Snake Root, the lb. | - | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Rag Stones, <i>See Stones.</i> | | | | | | | |
| Rags, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — old Rags, old Ropes or Junk, or old Fishing Nets, fit only for making Paper or Pasteboard, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | - | | | | | | |
| — — — imported in a British-built Ship | - | 1 | 6 | 0 | — | | |
| — — — imported in a Ship not British-built | - | 1 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| — Woollen Rags fit only for the Purpose of Manure, the Ton containing 30 cwt. | - | | | | | | |
| — — — imported in a British-built Ship | - | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| — — — imported in a Ship not British-built | - | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| Raisins, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — Denis or Lenia, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | - | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| — — — imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | - | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| — of the Sun, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | - | 2 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 12 | 0 |
| — — — imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | - | 2 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 12 | 0 |
| — of any other Sort, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | - | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| — — — imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | - | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Note.</i> —No Allowance of the Duty on Raisins to be made on account of Damage. | | | | | | | |
| Rape Cake, the cwt. | - | 0 | 0 | 2 | — | | |
| — Seed, <i>See Seed.</i> | - | | | | | | |
| — Seed Oil, <i>See Oil.</i> | - | | | | | | |
| Rape of Grapes, the Ton containing 322 Gallons | - | 11 | 1 | 8 | — | | |
| Retufa, <i>See Cordial Water in Spirits.</i> | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Dowitch. | | |
|--|--|-------|----|----|----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Rattans, <i>See</i> Canes. | | | | | | | |
| Rare Linen Yarn, <i>See</i> Yarn. | | | | | | | |
| — Silk, <i>See</i> Silk. | | | | | | | |
| Red Lead, <i>See</i> Lead. | | | | | | | |
| — Mangrove Bark, <i>See</i> Bark. | | | | | | | |
| — Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |
| — Wool, <i>See</i> Wool. | | | | | | | |
| Reed Canes, <i>See</i> Canes. | | | | | | | |
| Rein Deer Tongues, <i>See</i> Tongues. | | | | | | | |
| Rennets, the Gallon | | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | | |
| Resins Japan, the lb. | | 0 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 6 |
| Rhatary Root, <i>See</i> Radix Rhatarie. | | | | | | | |
| Rhinoceros, the cwt. | | 0 | 14 | 2 | 0 | 9 | 6 |
| Rhodum Lignum, <i>See</i> Lignum Rhodium in Wood. | | | | | | | |
| — Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Rhubarb, the lb. | | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Rice, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — the Produce of, and imported directly from any British Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Dominion, | | | | | | | |
| - - - not being rough and in the Husk, the cwt. | | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - if rough and in the Husk, the cwt. | | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| — not being the Produce of, and imported directly from any British Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Dominion, and Rice the Produce of any other Country or Place, | | | | | | | |
| - - - not being rough and in the Husk, the cwt. | | 0 | 16 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - if rough and in the Husk, the cwt. | | 0 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Rips Balsam, <i>See</i> Balsam. | | | | | | | |
| Rock Alum, <i>See</i> Alum. | | | | | | | |
| Rock Moss, <i>See</i> Moss. | | | | | | | |
| — Oil, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Roses, <i>See</i> Annettes. | | | | | | | |
| Ropes of East, <i>See</i> East Ropes. | | | | | | | |
| — New, <i>See</i> Cordage. | | | | | | | |
| — Oil, <i>See</i> Rags. | | | | | | | |
| Rose Copper, <i>See</i> Copper. | | | | | | | |
| Rosemary, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Roses, Leaves of, <i>See</i> Leaves. | | | | | | | |
| — Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil of Roses. | | | | | | | |
| Rose Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |
| — Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Resin or Calophonia, | | | | | | | |
| — imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | | 0 | 4 | 2 | — | | |
| — imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | | 0 | 5 | 6 | — | | |
| — the Produce of any of the Dominions or Plantations belonging to the Crown of Great Britain, the cwt. | | 0 | 3 | 2 | — | | |
| Round Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Rubies, <i>See</i> Jewels. | | | | | | | |
| Rum, <i>See</i> Spirits. | | | | | | | |
| Russia Linen, <i>See</i> Linen. | | | | | | | |
| — Mats, <i>See</i> Mats. | | | | | | | |
| Rye, <i>See</i> Corn. | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A)—INWARDS. | | | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|---|---|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| S. | | | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Sabadilla Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | | | | | | | | |
| Sable Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | | | |
| Saccharum Sacchari, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Safflower, the cwt. | - | - | - | 0 | 8 | 9 | — | — | — |
| Saffron, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Sageparrum Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | | | | |
| Sail Cloth or Sail Duck, <i>See</i> Sail Cloth in Linen. | | | | | | | | | |
| Sails, <i>See</i> Linen. | | | | | | | | | |
| Salt, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| — Ammoniac, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — Gum, the cwt. | - | - | - | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Lithicum, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 4 | 9 | — | — | — |
| — Prunella, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — Succini, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 3 | 9 | — | — | — |
| Salted Oil, <i>See</i> Oil of Olives. | | | | | | | | | |
| Salop or Salop, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Salt, Duty free. | | | | | | | | | |
| Salt is subject to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | | | | |
| Saltpetre, the cwt. | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | — | — |
| Sand Boxes, <i>See</i> Boxes. | | | | | | | | | |
| Sandal Wood, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | | | |
| Sandarach Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | | | | |
| Sanguis Draconis, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 8 |
| Santa Maria Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | | | |
| Sarcocolla Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | | | | |
| Sark, Island of, <i>See</i> Guernsey. | | | | | | | | | |
| Sarsaparilla, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Sassafras, the cwt. | - | - | - | 0 | 6 | 4 | — | — | — |
| — Bark, <i>See</i> Bark. | | | | | | | | | |
| — Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | | | |
| Saunders, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| — Red, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | - | - | - | 0 | 16 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — White or Yellow, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | — | — |
| Sausages or Puddings, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 1 | 3 | — | — | — |
| Scalboards, the cwt. | - | - | - | 3 | 6 | 2 | — | — | — |
| Seamew, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 9 | 6 | 0 | 6 | 4 |
| Seiffa, <i>See</i> Squilla. | | | | | | | | | |
| Sea, Turpentine of, <i>See</i> Turpentine. | | | | | | | | | |
| Sculptured Marble, <i>See</i> Stone. | | | | | | | | | |
| Sea Cow, Sea Horse, or Sea Morn Teeth, the cwt. | - | - | - | 3 | 4 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Sealing Wax, <i>See</i> Wax. | | | | | | | | | |
| Seal Oil, <i>See</i> Train Oil in Oil. | | | | | | | | | |
| — Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | | | |
| Seed, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| — Anni or Annon Seed, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | — | — |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Dutiable. | | |
|---|---|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Seed, continued. | | | | | | | | |
| — Amiseed, the cwt. | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| — Canary Seed, the cwt. | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| — Caraway Seed, the cwt. | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| — Carrot Seed, the lb. | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| — Carthamus Seed, the lb. | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| — Castor Seed, the lb. | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| — Cressatilla Seed, <i>See</i> Salsatilla Seed. | | | | | | | | |
| — Clover Seed, the cwt. | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| — Cole Seed, the Last | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| — Coriander Seed, the cwt. | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| — Cumin Seed, the cwt. | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| — Fennel Seed, the lb. | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| — Fennugreek Seed, the cwt. | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| — Flax Seed, the Bushel | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| — Forest Seed, for every 100L. of the Value | - | - | - | - | - | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| — Garden Seed, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, the lb. | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| — Hemp Seed, the Quarter containing Eight Bushels | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 17 | 6 |
| — - - the Produce of, and imported from the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the Quarter containing Eight Bushels | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| — Hemp Seed, and all other Seeds not otherwise charged with Duty commonly made use of for the Purpose of extracting Oil therefrom, (wherever the Price of middling British Rape Seed shall be at or above 17L. 10s. per Last), such Seed being of the Growth of any of the Colonies, Plantations, or Provinces belonging to His Majesty in North America, and imported from thence, the Last containing Ten Quarters, each Quarter containing Eight Bushels | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which such Seed may be so imported on Payment of the last-mentioned Duty, <i>See</i> 15 Geo. 3. cap. 34. and 50 Geo. 3. cap. 41. | | | | | | | | |
| — Hemp Seed, and all other Seeds, not otherwise charged with Duty, commonly made use of for the Purpose of extracting the Oil therefrom (wherever the Price of Middling British Rape Seed shall be at or above 20L. per Last), imported in a British Ship from any Country whatever, the Last containing 10 Quarters, each Quarter containing 8 Bushels | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which such Seed may be so imported on Payment of the last-mentioned Duty, <i>See</i> 15 Geo. 3. cap. 34. 50 Geo. 3. cap. 41. <i>See</i> also 55 Geo. 3. cap. 117. continued by several Statutes, and by 40 Geo. 3. cap. 50. made perpetual. | | | | | | | | |
| — Linseed, the Bushel | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| — Lucerne Seed, the cwt. | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 13 | 6 |
| — Maw Seed, the cwt. | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| — Millet Seed, the cwt. | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 11 | 6 |
| — Mustard Seed, the cwt. | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| — Onion Seed, the cwt. | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 10 | 6 |

TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.

| | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Seed, <i>continued</i> . | | | | | | |
| — Flory, or Peony Seed, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | | |
| — Quince Seed, the lb. | 0 | 3 | 0 | — | | |
| — Rape Seed, the Last | 10 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Sesadilla, or Cressdilla Seed, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| — Warm Seed, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| — " " " imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| — Seed, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Seed Lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum. | | | | | | |
| — Oil, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | |
| Sera, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Sesamol Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | |
| Sesuvium Radix, } <i>See</i> Radix. | | | | | | |
| Serpentinaria Radix, } | | | | | | |
| Shaven Lotion, <i>See</i> Lotion. | | | | | | |
| Shaving for Hats, <i>See</i> Plating. | | | | | | |
| Sheep Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | |
| — Wool, <i>See</i> Wool. | | | | | | |
| Shell Lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum. | | | | | | |
| Ships, with their Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture (except Sails) for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Tonnage Duty thereon, <i>See</i> Table E. | | | | | | |
| Shrubs, <i>See</i> Plants. | | | | | | |
| Shumach, <i>See</i> Sumach. | | | | | | |
| Siemis Terra, <i>See</i> Terra. | | | | | | |
| Silida Lanes, <i>See</i> Lanes in Linen. | | | | | | |
| — Linen, <i>See</i> German Linen in Linen. | | | | | | |
| Silk, <i>etc.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Krabs or Hanks of Silk, the lb. | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 |
| — Raw Silk, the lb. | 0 | 8 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 9 |
| — Thrown Silk, dyed, the lb. | 2 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 19 | 2 |
| — " " " not dyed, the lb. | 0 | 14 | 8 | 0 | 6 | 2 |
| — Waste or Flims Silk, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb. | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 |
| Silk Worm Gut, for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Silver Coin, <i>See</i> Bullion. | | | | | | |
| — Plate, <i>See</i> Plate. | | | | | | |
| — Wire, <i>See</i> Wire. | | | | | | |
| Sonchus Cortex, <i>See</i> Bark. | | | | | | |
| Singing Birds, <i>See</i> Birds. | | | | | | |
| Sisera Thread, <i>See</i> Thread. | | | | | | |
| Skates for Sliding, for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Skins and Furs, <i>etc.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Badger Skins, undressed, the Skin | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| — Bear Skins, undressed, the Skin | 0 | 4 | 6 | — | | |
| — " " " undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| — Beaver Skins, undressed, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| — " " " undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--------------------------|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| <i>Skins, continued.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — | Beck or Deer Skins, See Deer Skins | | | | | | |
| — | Calabar Skins, See Squirrel Skins | | | | | | |
| — | Calves Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed, | | | | | | |
| - - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen Skins | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the Dozen Skins | 0 | 7 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - - | tanned and not otherwise dressed, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| — | Cat Skins, undressed, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - - | undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 3 | — | | |
| — | Coney Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| — | Deer Skins, undressed, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 4 | — | | |
| - - - - | undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 2 | — | | |
| - - - - | Indian, half dressed or shaved, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 3 | — | | |
| — | Dog Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, | | | | | | |
| - - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen Skins | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | | |
| - - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the Dozen Skins | 0 | 5 | 6 | — | | |
| — | Dog Fish Skins, undressed, the Dozen Skins | 0 | 5 | 2 | — | | |
| — | Elk Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed, | | | | | | |
| - - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the Skin | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the Skin | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| — | Ermine Skins, undressed, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| — | Fishers Skins, undressed, the Skin | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - - | undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | | |
| — | Fishes Skins, undressed, the Dozen Skins | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 10 |
| — | Fox Skins, undressed, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| - - - - | undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 4 | — | | |
| - - - - | Tails, undressed, for every 1000, of the Value | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — | Goat Skins, viz. | | | | | | |
| - - - - | raw or undressed imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen Skins | 0 | 2 | 10 | — | | |
| - - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the Dozen Skins | 0 | 12 | 8 | — | | |
| - - - - | tanned, the Dozen Skins | 2 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — | Hare Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins | 0 | 3 | 6 | — | | |
| — | House Skins, undressed, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | | |
| — | Kill Skins, in the Hair, the 100 Skins | 0 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| - - - - | dressed, the 100 Skins | 2 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — | Kep Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed, | | | | | | |
| - - - - | imported in a British built Ship, the Dozen Skins | 0 | 6 | 0 | — | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|---|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| Skins.—Kip Skins, continued. | | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| - | - | Imported in a Ship not British-built, the Dozen Skins | - | 0 | 18 | 0 | - | - |
| - | - | - tanned and not otherwise dressed, the lb. | - | 0 | 1 | 0 | - | - |
| — | — | Lamb Skins, viz. | | | | | | |
| - | - | - tanned, or tawed, the 100 Skins | - | 2 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| - | - | - dressed in Oil, the 100 Skins | - | 4 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| — | — | Leopard Skins, undressed, the Skin | - | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| — | — | Lion Skins, undressed, the Skin | - | 0 | 6 | 0 | - | - |
| — | — | Martin Skins, undressed, the Skin | - | 0 | 0 | 6 | - | - |
| - | - | - undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin | - | 0 | 0 | 3 | - | - |
| - | - | - Tails, undressed, the 100 Tails | - | 0 | 16 | 3 | 0 | 13 |
| — | — | Mink Skins, undressed, the Skin | - | 0 | 0 | 4 | - | - |
| - | - | - undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin | - | 0 | 0 | 2 | - | - |
| - | - | - dressed, the Skin | - | 0 | 2 | 0 | - | - |
| — | — | Mole Skins, undressed, the Dozen Skins | - | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| — | — | Musquash Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins | - | 0 | 12 | 6 | - | - |
| — | — | Nursia Skins, undressed, for every 100l. of the Value | - | 20 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| — | — | Oxer Skins, undressed, the Skin | - | 0 | 1 | 6 | - | - |
| - | - | - undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin | - | 0 | 1 | 0 | - | - |
| — | — | Ounce Skins, undressed, the Skin | - | 0 | 7 | 6 | - | - |
| — | — | Panther Skins, undressed, the Skin | - | 0 | 5 | 6 | - | - |
| — | — | Pelts of Goats, undressed, the Dozen Pelts | - | 0 | 3 | 0 | - | - |
| - | - | - dressed, the Dozen Pelts | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| - | - | - of all other Sorts, undressed, the 100 Pelts | - | 0 | 17 | 0 | - | - |
| — | — | Raccoon Skins, undressed, the Skin | - | 0 | 0 | 2 | - | - |
| - | - | - undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | - |
| — | — | Sable Skins, undressed, the Skin | - | 0 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 7 |
| - | - | - Tails or Tips of Sable, undressed, the Piece | - | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| — | — | Seal Skins in the Hide, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, | | | | | | |
| - | - | - Imported in a British-built Ship, the Skin | - | 0 | 0 | 3 | - | - |
| - | - | - Imported in a Ship not British-built, the Skin | - | 0 | 1 | 8 | - | - |
| - | - | - cured with Foreign Salt, and imported in a British-built Ship, the Skin | - | 0 | 0 | 3 | - | - |
| - | - | - of British taking, and imported directly from Newfoundland, the Skin | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | - |
| - | - | - cured with Foreign Salt, the Skin | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | - | - |
| For the Suspension of the above Duties on Seal Skins, imported directly from the Island of Newfoundland, until the 30th July 1824, See the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which such Skins may be so imported upon Payment of the said Duty, See 51 Geo. 3. cap. 26. 52 Geo. 3. cap. 22. and 49 Geo. 3. cap. 20. | | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A.)—EDWARDS. | | Duty. | Drawback. |
|---|---------------|---------|-----------|
| | | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
| <i>Skins, continued.</i> | | | |
| — Sheep Skins, undressed in the Wool, the Dozen Skins | - | 0 2 3 | — |
| — " " " tanned or tawed, the 100 Skins | - | 2 0 0 | — |
| — " " " dressed in Oil, the 100 Skins | - | 4 0 0 | — |
| — Squirrel or Calabar Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins | - | 0 11 6 | 0 10 4 |
| — " " " " " tawed, the 100 Skins | - | 0 17 6 | — |
| — " " " " " Tails, undressed, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | 20 0 0 | — |
| — Swan Skins, undressed, the Skin | - | 0 2 3 | — |
| — Tyger Skins, undressed, the Skin | - | 0 2 6 | 0 8 6 |
| — Weasel Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins | - | 0 4 3 | 0 4 3 |
| — Wolf Skins, undressed, the Skin | - | 0 2 0 | — |
| — " " " " undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin | - | 0 1 0 | — |
| — " " " " tawed, the Skin | - | 0 17 6 | — |
| — Wolverings, undressed, the Skin | - | 0 1 0 | — |
| — " " " " undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin | - | 0 0 6 | — |
| — Skins and Furs, or Pieces of Skins and Furs, raw or undressed, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | 20 0 0 | — |
| — Skins and Furs, or Pieces of Skins and Furs, tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | 25 0 0 | — |
| The Duty on Skins marked*, being the Pro-
duct of and imported directly from the Island
of Newfoundland, is suspended until the 31st
July 1824. See the Act to which this Table
is annexed. | | | |
| <i>Slates, See Stones.</i> | | | |
| Slate Pencils, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | 20 0 0 | — |
| Slates, Tables of, | } See Stones. | | |
| Slates in Frames, | | | |
| Slack Stones, | | | |
| Smalts, the lb. | - | 0 0 2½ | — |
| <i>Soyersia Rubra, See Relains.</i> | | | |
| <i>Sinks Root, See Radix Serpentina.</i> | | | |
| <i>Snuff, Duty free.</i> | | | |
| Snuff is subject to a Duty of Excise. | | | |
| <i>Soap, viz.</i> | | | |
| — Ashes, See Ashes. | | | |
| — Hard, the cwt. | - | 4 10 0 | — |
| — Soft, the cwt. | - | 3 11 3 | — |
| Soapers Waste, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | - | 0 3 2 | — |
| <i>Socotrina Aloes, See Aloes.</i> | | | |
| <i>Soda, See Alkali.</i> | | | |
| Spa Water, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | 20 0 0 | — |
| — Water, See Mineral Water in Water. | | | |
| <i>Spanish Wool, See Wool.</i> | | | |
| <i>Spar, See Wood.</i> | | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Specimens of such Minerals, Fossils or Ores which are not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, each Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14 lbs., the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 2 | — | — | — |
| — exceeding in Weight 14 lbs. each, for every 100l. of the Value | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Speckled Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Spelter, the cwt. | | 1 | 8 | 6 | — | — | — |
| Spermaceti, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — Candles, <i>See</i> Candles. | | | | | | | |
| — Fine, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — Oil, <i>See</i> Train Oil in Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Spice, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Spikenard, or Narden Indica, the lb. | | 0 | 2 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 10 |
| Spirits, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — Arquebuse Water, Hungary Water, Lavender Water, or Unquebaugh, the Gallon | | 0 | 5 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — Brandy, imported in a British-built Ship, the Gallon | | 0 | 1 | 10 | — | — | — |
| — — imported in a Ship not British-built, the Gallon | | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Citron Water, the Gallon | | 0 | 10 | 9 | — | — | — |
| — Geneva, imported in a British-built Ship, the Gallon | | 0 | 1 | 10 | — | — | — |
| — — imported in a Ship not British-built, the Gallon | | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Hungary Water, } <i>See</i> Arquebuse Water. | | | | | | | |
| — Lavender Water, } | | | | | | | |
| — Rum, the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, the Gallon | | 0 | 1 | 8 | — | — | — |
| — — of any other Sort, the Gallon | | 0 | 1 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — Unquebaugh, <i>See</i> Arquebuse Water. | | | | | | | |
| — Spirits and Cordial, or Strong Waters not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, the Gallon | | 0 | 5 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — Spirits are subject also to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | | |
| — Foreign Liquors—Dorset, Jetam, Flotam, Lagan, or Woeck brought or coming into Great Britain, are subject to the same Duties and entitled to the same Drawbacks as Liquors of the like Kind regularly imported. | | | | | | | |
| Spoken for Wheels, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Sponge, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Spruce Bear, <i>See</i> Bear. | | | | | | | |
| — Essence of, <i>See</i> Essence. | | | | | | | |
| — Canvas, <i>See</i> Canvas in Linen. | | | | | | | |
| Squills, dried, the cwt. | | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — not dried, the cwt. | | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Squirrel Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| Stag Horns, <i>See</i> Horns. | | | | | | | |
| Stained Paper, <i>See</i> Paper. | | | | | | | |
| Search, the cwt. | | 9 | 10 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Scintary, } <i>See</i> Sculptured Marble in Stone. | | | | | | | |
| Statues of Marble or Stone sculptured, } | | | | | | | |
| — of Bronze or any Sort not otherwise charged with Duty, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | — | — |
| Stavens, the cwt. | | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 8 |
| Staves, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| <i>Stones.</i> —Sculptured Marble, &c. continued. | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| be charged thereon shall be estimated at the Rate payable for One Ton Weight and no more. | | | | | | | |
| — | Slates, the Produce of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, Alderney, or Man, and imported from those Islands respectively, for every 1000 of the Value | 28 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - | of any other Country not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 1000 of the Value | 66 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| — | Slates in Frames, the Dozen | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — | Slick Stones, the 100 | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| Statuary, See Sculptured Marble. | | | | | | | |
| — | Stone the Produce of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, Alderney, or Man, and imported from those Islands respectively, for every 1000 of the Value | 28 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| See the Note under the Head of Guernsey. | | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Bare Stones, being the Produce of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, Alderney, or Man, may be imported Duty-free, See 42 Geo. 3. cap. 95. | | | | | | | |
| — | Stone, sculptured, See Sculptured Marble. | | | | | | |
| — | Stone to be used for the Purpose of Lithography, the cwt. | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — | Whetstones, the 100 | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| — | Stones not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 1000 of the Value | 66 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| — Stone Bottles, See Bottles. | | | | | | | |
| <i>Storax or Styrae, res.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — | Calamita, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| - - - | imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| — | Liquids, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| - - - | imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 |
| — | in the Tear or Gum, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 6 |
| - - - - - | imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 12 | 6 | 0 | 3 | 4 |
| <i>Straw Hats or Bonnets, See Hats.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — | Plaiting, See Plaiting. | | | | | | |
| Stuffs of all Kinds, made of or mixed with Wool, for every 1000 of the Value | | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| <i>Surgeon, See Fish.</i> | | | | | | | |
| <i>Syraps, See Storax.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — | Succedæa, the lb. | 0 | 3 | 2 | — | | |
| — | Succini Sal, See Sal. | | | | | | |
| — | Succinum, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| — Oil of, See Oil of Amber in Oil. | | | | | | | |
| <i>Succus Liquiritiæ, See Liquorice Juice.</i> | | | | | | | |
| <i>Sugar, res.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — | not of the British Plantations. | | | | | | |
| - - - | White or Clayed Sugar, the cwt. | 4 | 6 | 8 | — | | |
| - - - | Brown or Muscovado Sugar, the cwt. | 3 | 3 | 0 | — | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|--|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | | £. | s. | d. | £. | s. | d. |
| <i>Sugar, continued.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — of the British Plantations, | | | | | | | | |
| — White or Clayed Sugar, the cwt. | | | 1 | 15 | 0 | — | | |
| — Brown or Muscovado Sugar, the cwt. | | | 1 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Whenever it shall appear by Notice in The London Gazette that the Average Price of Brown or Muscovado Sugar shall be below 48s. the cwt., it shall be lawful for the Lords of His Majesty's Treasury to suspend until a new Average shall be published in the cwt. Part of the Duty on Sugar; and if the Average Price shall be below 48s., 2s. the cwt. of such Duty; and if the Average Price shall be below 47s. then 2s. the cwt. of such Duty, and to continue from Time to Time if the Case shall so require, according to the Average Price so published. For the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | | | | | | | |
| — Refined Sugar, the cwt. | | | 8 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| <i>Note.</i> —The Duties on Sugar imported are to continue in force until the 25th March 1820. For the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Sugar Candy, viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Brown, the cwt. | | | 5 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| — White, the cwt. | | | 8 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| Sulphur, Impressions, for every 100l. of the Value | | | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Virgin, <i>See Brimstone.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Sumach, the cwt. | | | 0 | 1 | 7 | — | | |
| Sun, Rains of the, <i>See Rains.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Swan Quills, <i>See Quills.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Skins, <i>See Skins.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Sweep Wipers Dirt, containing Ballion, <i>See Ballion.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Sweet Wood, <i>See Wood.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Switzerland Linn, <i>See German Linn in Linn.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| T. | | | | | | | | |
| Tables of Marble, polished, <i>See Marble in Stone.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Stone, <i>See Stone.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Tacamahaca Gum, <i>See Gum.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Tails, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| — Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox Tail, the 100 | | | 0 | 6 | 0 | — | | |
| — Fox Tail, | | | | | | | | |
| — Martin Tail, | | | | | | | | |
| — Sable Tail, | | | | | | | | |
| — Squirrel or Calabar Tail, | | | | | | | | |
| } <i>See Skins.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Tale, the lb. | | | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| Tallow, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | | | 0 | 8 | 2 | — | | |
| — imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | | | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| — Candles, <i>See Candles.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Tamarinds, the lb. | | | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| Tapes, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| — Open, for every 100l. of the Value | | | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Waxed, for every 100l. of the Value | | | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Tapeworm, not of Silk, for every 100l. of the Value | | | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Tapices, the lb. | | | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| Tar, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| — imported in a British-built Ship, the Last containing 15 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 31½ Gallons | | | 1 | 1 | 6 | — | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Tax, continued. | | | | | | |
| — imported in a Ship not British-built, the Last containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 311 Gallons - | 1 | 3 | 0 | — | | |
| — the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation, the Last containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 314 Gallons - | 0 | 19 | 6 | — | | |
| — Barbadoes Tax, the lb. - | 9 | 0 | 5 | — | | |
| Taxes, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value - | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Tarres, the Bushel - | 0 | 1 | 3 | — | | |
| Tartar, Cream of, <i>See</i> Cream of Tartar. | | | | | | |
| Tax, imported from Europe under License, Duty free. | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tax may be so imported, <i>See</i> 18 Geo. 2. cap. 26. 6 Geo. 3. cap. 13. and 16 Geo. 3. cap. 51. | | | | | | |
| Tax is subject to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | |
| Teak Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | |
| Teasels, the 1000 - | 0 | 1 | 8 | — | | |
| Teeth, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Elephants Teeth, <i>See</i> in E. | | | | | | |
| — Sea Cow, <i>See</i> Horse, or Sea Horse Teeth, <i>See</i> in S. | | | | | | |
| Telescopes, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value - | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Terra, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Japonica, or Catechu, the lb. - | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | | |
| — Sassa, the cwt. - | 1 | 11 | 8 | — | | |
| — Urtica, the cwt. - | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| — Verde, the cwt. - | 0 | 16 | 0 | — | | |
| Thread, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Bruges Thread, the Dozen lb. - | 1 | 10 | 6 | — | | |
| — Cotton Thread, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value - | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Ostend Thread, the Dozen lb. - | 1 | 10 | 6 | — | | |
| — Pack Thread, the cwt. - | 1 | 10 | 6 | — | | |
| — Silers Thread, the lb. - | 0 | 8 | 4 | — | | |
| — White Brown Thread, the Dozen lb. - | 1 | 16 | 6 | — | | |
| — not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value - | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Stockings, <i>See</i> Stockings. | | | | | | |
| Thrown Silk, <i>See</i> Silk. | | | | | | |
| Thyme, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | |
| Ticking, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value - | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Ticks, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value - | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Tiles of all Sorts, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value - | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Timber, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | |
| Tin, the cwt. - | 1 | 9 | 3 | — | | |
| Tinail, <i>See</i> Bones. | | | | | | |
| Tin Foil, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value - | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Tobacco, Duty free. | | | | | | |
| Tobacco is subject to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | |
| Tobacco Pipes, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value - | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Tongues, the Dozen - | 0 | 3 | 0 | — | | |
| Tonnage: Duty on Ships or Vessels entering Inwards from Foreign Ports, <i>See</i> Table E. | | | | | | |
| Tooth Powder, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value - | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Tornal or Turnsole, the cwt. - | 0 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Tortoise Shell, the lb. - | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| Touch Stones, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value - | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Tow, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - | 0 | 9 | 6 | — | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Tow, continued. | | | | | | |
| — imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | 0 | 10 | 4 | — | | |
| Tops, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Tragacanth Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | |
| Train Oil, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | |
| Trade of Venice, the lb. | 0 | 5 | 6 | — | | |
| Trees, <i>See</i> Plants. | | | | | | |
| Truffles, the lb. | 0 | 5 | 6 | — | | |
| Turbids, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 8 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 | 5 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| Turbots, <i>See</i> Fish. | | | | | | |
| Turkey Carpets, <i>See</i> Carpets. | | | | | | |
| Turkey Goat Wool, <i>See</i> Goat Hair in Hair. | | | | | | |
| Turmeric, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Turnery not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Turquoise, <i>See</i> Turmal. | | | | | | |
| Turpentine, viz. | | | | | | |
| — Common, the cwt. | 0 | 4 | 4 | — | | |
| — of Venice, Solo, or Cyprus, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| — of Germany or any other Place not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt. | 1 | 6 | 2 | — | | |
| — Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | |
| Turin Lapis, <i>See</i> Lapis. | | | | | | |
| Twine, the cwt. | 1 | 11 | 0 | — | | |
| Twist for Band Strings, <i>See</i> Band String Twist. | | | | | | |
| Tyger Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | |
| V. | | | | | | |
| Valencia, the cwt. | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| Vandeloes, the lb. | 0 | 15 | 8 | — | | |
| Vanish, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Vases, viz. | | | | | | |
| — of Stone or Marble Sculptured, <i>See</i> Sculptured Marble in Stone. | | | | | | |
| — of any other Sort, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Vellum, the Skin | 0 | 7 | 2 | — | | |
| Velves, <i>See</i> Calves Velves. | | | | | | |
| Venor Trade, <i>See</i> Trade. | | | | | | |
| — Turpentine, <i>See</i> Turpentine. | | | | | | |
| Verdegis, viz. | | | | | | |
| — Common, the lb. | 0 | 5 | 4 | — | | |
| — Crystallized, or otherwise manufactured, the lb. | 0 | 6 | 5 | — | | |
| Verde Terra, <i>See</i> Terra. | | | | | | |
| Verjuice, the Tun, containing 212 Gallons | 61 | 7 | 0 | — | | |
| Vermicelli, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| Vermilion, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Vetches, <i>See</i> Tares. | | | | | | |
| Vfers, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | |
| Vinegar, or Acetous Acid, the Tun containing 252 Gallons | 61 | 7 | 0 | — | | |
| Vinellous, <i>See</i> Vandeloes. | | | | | | |
| Viridol, Extract or Preparation of, <i>See</i> Extract. | | | | | | |
| — Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|--|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Umber, <i>See</i> Terra Umbra. | | | | | | | | |
| Vernice Nux, <i>See</i> Nux Vernica. | | | | | | | | |
| Usquebaugh, <i>See</i> Spiritus. | | | | | | | | |
| W. | | | | | | | | |
| Wafers, the lb. | | | 0 | 1 | 3 | — | | |
| Wainscot Boards, <i>See</i> Boards in Wood. | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Logs, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | | |
| Walking Cane, <i>See</i> Cane. | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Sticks, <i>See</i> Sticks. | | | | | | | | |
| Walnut Oil, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | | |
| Walnuts, <i>See</i> Nuts. | | | | | | | | |
| Warehoused Goods. | | | | | | | | |
| For a List of these Goods which may be warehoused, or otherwise secured on Importation into Great Britain, without Payment of Duty in the First Instance, <i>See</i> Table F. | | | | | | | | |
| Washing Balls, <i>See</i> Balls. | | | | | | | | |
| Waste, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Cotton Waste, <i>See</i> Cotton Wool in Wool. | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Silk Waste, <i>See</i> in Silk. | | | | | | | | |
| Watch Glasses, for every 100l. of the Value | | | 80 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Subject also to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | | | |
| Watches of Gold, Silver, or other Metal, for every 100l. of the Value | | | 40 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Water, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Aniseed-water, } | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Citron, } | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Cordial, } | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Hurgary, } | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Lavender, } | | | | | | | | |
| <i>See</i> Spirits. | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Mineral or natural Water, the Dozen Bottles or Flasks, each Bottle or Flask not exceeding Three Pints | | | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| ——— Strong Water, <i>See</i> Spirits. | | | | | | | | |
| Wax, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| ——— Bees Wax, unmanufactured, the cwt. | | | 3 | 0 | 6 | — | | |
| ——— " " " White or manufactured, the cwt. | | | 5 | 3 | 6 | — | | |
| ——— Myrtle Wax, the lb. | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| ——— Sealing Wax, for every 100l. of the Value | | | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| ——— Candles, <i>See</i> Candles. | | | | | | | | |
| Wound Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | | |
| Weld, the cwt. | | | 0 | 2 | 9 | — | | |
| Whale Fin, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| ——— taken and caught by the Crew of a British-built Ship or Vessel wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, registered and navigated according to Law, and imported in any such Shipping, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | | | 2 | 7 | 6 | — | | |
| ——— taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of Newfoundland and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island, and residing therein, and imported directly from thence in a British- | | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Whale Fin, <i>continued</i> . | | | | | | | |
| built Ship or Vessel registered and navigated according to Law, the Tun containing 30 cwt. | | 3 | 3 | 4 | — | | |
| For the Suspension of the above Duty on Whale Fin imported directly from the Island of Newfoundland, until the 31 st of July 1824, See the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | | | | | | |
| — taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the Bahamas or Bermudas Islands, or in any British Colony or Plantation in North America, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Tun containing 30 cwt. | | 4 | 15 | 0 | — | | |
| — taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any other British Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Tun containing 30 cwt. | | 5 | 5 | 5 | — | | |
| — of Foreign Fishing, the Tun containing 30 cwt. | | 55 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Whale Fin may be admitted to Entry as of British Fishing, See 40 Geo. 3. cap. 58. and the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | | | | | | |
| Whale Oil, See Train Oil in Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Wheat, See Corn. | | | | | | | |
| — Flour, See Corn. | | | | | | | |
| Wheatstems, See Stems. | | | | | | | |
| Whipcord, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| White Boards for Shoemakers, See Boards in Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Whited Brown Thread, See Thread. | | | | | | | |
| White Lead, See Lead. | | | | | | | |
| Wick Yarn, See Yarn. | | | | | | | |
| Wine, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — the Produce of His Majesty's Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, or the Territories or Dependencies thereof, imported directly from thence, | | | | | | | |
| - - - in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 212 Gallons | | 14 | 7 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 0 |
| - - - in a Ship not British-built, the Tun containing 212 Gallons | | 15 | 5 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 0 |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which Cape Wine must be imported and admitted to Entry, See 54 Geo. 3. cap. 77. | | | | | | | |
| — French Wine, | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 212 Gallons | | 68 | 3 | 0 | 58 | 17 | 0 |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the Tun containing 212 Gallons | | 70 | 7 | 0 | 59 | 17 | 0 |
| — German Wine, } See Rhenish Wine. | | | | | | | |
| — Hungarian Wine, } | | | | | | | |

TABLE (A).—INWARDS.

| | Ton. | Dreadnack |
|--|--------|-----------|
| Wine, <i>continued</i> . | | |
| — Madeira Wine, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 222 Gallons | 44 2 0 | 39 18 0 |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the Tun containing 222 Gallons | 47 5 0 | 39 18 0 |
| For the Duty on Madeira Wine imported in a Portuguese Ship or Vessel, See the Note on Portugal Wine. | | |
| — Portugal Wine, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 222 Gallons | 43 1 0 | 38 17 0 |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the Tun containing 222 Gallons | 46 4 0 | 38 17 0 |
| <i>Note.</i> —Wine of the Produce of any of the Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, imported into Great Britain directly from any of the said Territories or Dominions, in a Ship or Vessel built therein, or taken by any Ship or Vessel of War belonging to the Portuguese Government, or by any Ship or Vessel belonging to any of the Subjects of the Territories or Dominions aforesaid, having Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprint from the Portuguese Government, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty of the said Government, such Ship or Vessel so importing being owned by Subjects of the said Government, and navigated with a Master and Three-fourths of the Mariners at least Subjects thereof, may be entered and landed on Payment of such Duties of Customs and Excise, and no higher, as are payable on such Wine when imported into Great Britain in a British-built Ship. See 51 Geo. 3. cap. 47. which Act is to be in force during the Continuance of the Treaty of Amity, Commerce, and Navigation, concluded between His Majesty and His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of Portugal. Signed at Rio de Janeiro the 15th February 1810. | | |
| — Rhinish, German, and Hungary Wine, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 222 Gallons | 46 5 0 | 39 17 0 |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the Tun containing 222 Gallons | 70 7 0 | 39 17 0 |
| — Spanish Wine, and Wine not otherwise enumerated or described, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 222 Gallons | 43 1 0 | 38 17 0 |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the Tun containing 222 Gallons | 46 4 0 | 38 17 0 |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which a Drednack shall be | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | ℥ | s. | d. | ℥ | s. | d. |
| Wine,—Spanish Wine, &c. consumed. | | | | | | | |
| allowed of all the Duties of Customs on certain Quantities of Wine, in certain Proportions, intended for the Use of Admirals, Captains, and other Commissioned Officers employed in His Majesty's Service, for their actual Consumption on board such Ships as they shall serve in, or for the Use of Commissioned Officers of the Royal Marines, or of Persons acting as such, for their Consumption on board such of His Majesty's Ships as they shall serve in, See 33 Geo. 3. cap. 46.—35 Geo. 3. cap. 19.—38 Geo. 3. cap. 53.—43 Geo. 3. cap. 46.—49 Geo. 3. cap. 59., and 53 Geo. 3. cap. 44. | | | | | | | |
| Wine, entered for Primage, in any of those Ports in England and Wales, where the Right of Primage has not been purchased by the Crown, under the Authority of the Acts of 43 Geo. 3. cap. 156. and 46 Geo. 3. cap. 75., viz. | | | | | | | |
| — the Produce of His Majesty's Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, or the Territories or Dependencies thereof, imported directly from thence, so entered for Primage, | | | | | | | |
| " " " in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons | | 12 | 10 | 0 | 11 | 15 | 0 |
| " " " in a Ship not British-built, the Tun containing 252 Gallons | | 14 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 18 | 0 |
| — French Wine, so entered for Primage, | | | | | | | |
| " " " imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons | | 58 | 16 | 0 | 51 | 9 | 0 |
| " " " imported in a Ship not British-built, the Tun containing 252 Gallons | | 65 | 0 | 0 | 51 | 9 | 0 |
| — German Wine, } See Rhenish Wine. | | | | | | | |
| — Hungary Wine, } | | | | | | | |
| — Malaga Wine, so entered for Primage, | | | | | | | |
| " " " imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons | | 39 | 13 | 0 | 35 | 15 | 0 |
| " " " imported in a Ship not British-built, the Tun containing 252 Gallons | | 45 | 1 | 0 | 35 | 15 | 0 |
| See the Note under the Head of Portugal Wine. | | | | | | | |
| — Portugal Wine, so entered for Primage, | | | | | | | |
| " " " imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons | | 38 | 17 | 0 | 35 | 14 | 0 |
| " " " imported in a Ship not British-built, the Tun containing 252 Gallons | | 42 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 14 | 0 |
| See the Note under the Head of Portugal Wine. | | | | | | | |
| — Rhenish, German, and Hungary Wine, so entered for Primage, | | | | | | | |
| " " " imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons | | 55 | 14 | 0 | 52 | 10 | 0 |
| " " " imported in a Ship not British-built, the Tun containing 252 Gallons | | 60 | 17 | 0 | 52 | 10 | 0 |

TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.

| | Duty. | Drawback. |
|---|---------|-----------|
| <i>Wine, continued.</i> | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
| — Spanish Wine, and Wine not otherwise enumerated or described, so entered for Primage, | | |
| — - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Tonnage containing 282 Gallons | 35 17 0 | 35 14 0 |
| — - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the Tonnage containing 282 Gallons | 42 0 0 | 35 14 0 |
| Wine is also subject to a Duty of Excise. | | |
| For the Conditions under which a Drawback can only be allowed on the Exportation of any Wine from Great Britain, See the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | |
| Wine Lees, subject to the same Duty as Wine, but no Drawback is allowed on Lees of Wine exported. | | |
| Winterman's Cores, See Winter's Bark in Bark. | | |
| <i>Wine, viz.</i> | | |
| — Brass or Copper, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt. | 5 14 0 | — |
| — Gold or plated, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 50 0 0 | — |
| — Iron, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt. | 5 18 9 | — |
| — Latten, the cwt. | 5 9 3 | — |
| — Silver, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 50 0 0 | — |
| — Steel, the lb. | 0 1 10 | — |
| Wood, the cwt. | 0 5 6 | — |
| Wolf Skins, See Skins. | | |
| Wolverings, See Skins. | | |
| <i>Wood, viz.</i> | | |
| — Anchor Stocks, viz. | | |
| — - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Piece | 0 8 4 | — |
| — - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the Piece | 0 8 3 | — |
| — - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the Piece | 0 0 10 | — |
| — Barks, viz. | | |
| — - - under 3 Inches square, and under 24 Feet in Length, | | |
| — - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 | 18 2 7 | — |
| — - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 100 | 18 2 0 | — |
| — All Barks, being 3 Inches square or upwards, are subject and liable to the Duties payable on Fir Timber. | | |
| — - - of all Sorts, under 3 Inches square, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 100 | 0 15 3 | — |
| — Bar Wood, the Tonnage containing 20 cwt. | 0 15 0 | — |
| — Battens, viz. | | |
| — - - 8 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 20 Feet in Length, not above 7 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 2½ Inches in Thickness, | | |
| — - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 | 10 11 6 | — |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Duty-free. | | |
|--|--|--|-------|----|----|------------|----|----|
| | | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Wood,—Battens, 8 Feet in Length, &c. <i>continued</i> . | | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | | | 10 | 12 | 2 | | — | |
| - - - exceeding 20 Feet in Length, not above 7 Inches in Width, or if exceeding 2½ Inches in Thickness, | | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | | | 21 | 3 | 0 | | — | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | | | 21 | 12 | 4 | | — | |
| ——— Batten Ends, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| - - - under 8 Feet in Length, not above 7 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 2½ Inches in Thickness, | | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | | | 5 | 11 | 5 | | — | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | | | 5 | 13 | 8 | | — | |
| - - - under 8 Feet in Length, not above 7 Inches in Width, and exceeding 2½ Inches in Thickness, | | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | | | 7 | 5 | 0 | | — | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | | | 7 | 9 | 0 | | — | |
| ——— Battens and Batten Ends of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 | | | 0 | 8 | 4 | | — | |
| ——— Beech Plank, Two Inches in Thickness or upwards, | | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | | | 2 | 3 | 9 | | — | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | | | 2 | 10 | 0 | | — | |
| - - - of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 | | | 0 | 8 | 4 | | — | |
| ——— Beech Quarters, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| - - - under 5 Inches square, and under 24 Feet in Length, | | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | | | 4 | 10 | 8 | | — | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | | | 4 | 12 | 3 | | — | |
| - - - 5 Inches square, and under 3 Inches square, or if 24 Feet in Length or upwards, | | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | | | 12 | 3 | 8 | | — | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | | | 12 | 7 | 10 | | — | |
| - - - of all Sorts under 5 Inches square of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 | | | 0 | 16 | 3 | | — | |

TABLE (A).—INWARDS.

| | Duty. | Dramduty. |
|--|---------|-----------|
| | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
| Wood, continued. | | |
| Boards, viz. | | |
| - - - Birch Boards, viz. | | |
| - - - under 2 Inches in Thickness, and under 15 Feet in Length, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 4 2 6 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 4 13 6 | — |
| - - - under 2 Inches in Thickness, and if 15 Feet in Length or upwards, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 8 12 0 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 9 7 0 | — |
| - - - Clap Boards, viz. | | |
| - - - not exceeding 5 Feet 2 Inches in Length, and under 2 Inches square, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 6 2 0 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 6 2 0 | — |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 | 0 12 4 | — |
| - - - Linn Boards, or White Boards for Shoemakers, viz. | | |
| - - - under 4 Feet in Length, and under 6 Inches in Thickness, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 6 16 6 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 7 1 0 | — |
| - - - 4 Feet in Length, or 6 Inches in Thickness or upwards, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 13 13 0 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 14 2 0 | — |
| - - - Oak Boards, viz. | | |
| - - - under 2 Inches in Thickness, and under 15 Feet in Length, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 18 1 0 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 18 13 9 | — |
| - - - under 2 Inches in Thickness, and if 15 Feet in Length or upwards, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 36 2 0 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 37 7 6 | — |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Deduction. | | |
|--|--|-------|----|----|------------|--|--|
| | | s. d. | | | s. d. | | |
| Wood,—Boards, <i>continued</i> . | | | | | | | |
| - - - Piling Boards, viz. | | | | | | | |
| - - - hewed on one Side, and not exceeding 7 Feet in Length, | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | | 1 | 17 | 3 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | | 1 | 18 | 10 | — | | |
| - - - hewed on one Side, and exceeding 7 Feet in Length, | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | | 3 | 14 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | | 3 | 17 | 3 | — | | |
| - - - Pipe Boards, viz. | | | | | | | |
| - - - above 3 Feet 3 Inches in Length, and not exceeding 8 Feet in Length, and under 8 Inches square, | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | | 2 | 3 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | | 2 | 5 | 3 | — | | |
| - - - exceeding 3 Feet in Length, and under 8 Inches square, | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | | 18 | 6 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | | 18 | 10 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - of all Sorts, exceeding 3 Feet 3 Inches in Length, and under 8 Inches square, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 | | 0 | 10 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - Wainsot Boards, viz. | | | | | | | |
| - - - the Feet containing 12 Feet in Length and 1 Inch in Thickness, and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser Length or Thickness, | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship | | 0 | 3 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built | | 6 | 6 | 4 | — | | |
| — Boards of all Sorts, not otherwise enumerated or described, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 | | 0 | 3 | 4 | — | | |
| — Boomsprits, <i>See</i> Mast. | | | | | | | |
| — Boxwood, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in America, or of the West Coast of Africa, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Tonn containing 20 cwt. | | 1 | 13 | 4 | — | | |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or if otherwise imported, the Tonn containing 20 cwt. | | 2 | 18 | 6 | — | | |

TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.

| | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| Wood, continued. | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| — Brazil Wood, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 105 <i>l</i> . of the Value | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Brazilletto or Jamaica Wood, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | 0 | 15 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Cam Wood, the Ton containing 50 cwt. | 0 | 15 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — Deals, viz. | | | | | | |
| - - - above 7 Inches in Width, being 8 Feet in Length, and not above 10 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 1½ Inch in Thickness. | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 8 | 2 | 0 | — | — | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 8 | 7 | 0 | — | — | — |
| A Drawback is allowed on Deals above 7 Inches in Width, being 8 Feet in Length, and not above 10 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 1½ Inch in Thickness, which shall have been used and employed in any of the Mines of Tin, Lead, or Copper, in the Counties of Devon or Cornwall, | | | | | | |
| - - - having been imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | — | — | — | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| - - - having been imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | — | — | — | 4 | 3 | 6 |
| For the Conditions and Regulations under which the Drawback shall be paid or allowed on such Deals so used and employed, See 51 Geo. 3. cap. 43. and 55 Geo. 3. cap. 103. | | | | | | |
| - - - above 7 Inches in Width, being 8 Feet in Length, and not above 20 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 3½ Inches in Thickness, (except Deals not above 10 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 1½ Inch in Thickness), | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 20 | 15 | 8 | — | — | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 21 | 10 | 8 | — | — | — |
| - - - above 7 Inches in Width, being 8 Feet in Length, and not above 20 Feet in Length, and exceeding 3½ Inches in Thickness, | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 41 | 11 | 4 | — | — | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 43 | 1 | 4 | — | — | — |
| - above 7 Inches in Width, exceeding 20 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 4 Inches in Thickness, | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 51 | 9 | 8 | — | — | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 52 | 16 | 2 | — | — | — |
| - - - (not being Timber 8 Inches square or upwards) above 7 Inches in Width, exceeding 20 Feet in Length, and exceeding 4 Inches in Thickness, | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 100 | 6 | 0 | — | — | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 101 | 17 | 0 | — | — | — |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Dutyback. | | |
|--|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Wood, continued. | | | | | | | |
| — Deal Ends, viz. | | | | | | | |
| - - - above 7 Inches in Width, being under 8 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 2½ Inches in Thickness, | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | | 7 | 1 | 9 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | | 7 | 7 | 3 | — | | |
| - - - above 7 Inches in Width, being under 8 Feet in Length, and exceeding 2½ Inches in Thickness, | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | | 12 | 14 | 5 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | | 14 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — Deals and Deal Ends of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 | | 0 | 5 | 4 | — | | |
| — Ebony of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in America, or of the West Coast of Africa, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | | 0 | 15 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or if otherwise imported, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | | 24 | 14 | 0 | — | | |
| — Firwood, not fit or proper to be used other than as such, viz. | | | | | | | |
| - - - the Fathom 8 Feet wide, and 6 Feet high, | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship | | 0 | 19 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built | | 0 | 19 | 10 | — | | |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the Fathom 8 Feet wide, and 6 Feet high | | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | | |
| — Fir Quarters, viz. | | | | | | | |
| - - - under 5 Inches square, and under 24 Feet in Length, | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | | 18 | 2 | 7 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | | 18 | 9 | 0 | — | | |
| Fir Quarters being 5 Inches square or upwards, are subject and liable to the Duties payable on Fir Timber. See Fir Timber. | | | | | | | |
| - - - of all Sorts, under 5 Inches square, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 | | 0 | 15 | 3 | — | | |
| — Fir Timber, See Timber. | | | | | | | |
| — Fustic, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | | 1 | 4 | 5 | — | | |
| — Gummi Wood, See Red Wood. | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | Duty. | | | Derechok. | | |
|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | d. | s. | d. | d. | s. | d. |
| Wood, continued. | | | | | | |
| Handspikes, ton. | | | | | | |
| - - - under 7 Feet in Length, | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 2 | 7 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 2 | 9 | 1 | — | | |
| - - - 7 Feet in Length or upwards, | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 4 | 15 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 4 | 18 | 2 | — | | |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, | | | | | | |
| - - - under 7 Feet in Length, the 120 | 0 | 2 | 3 | — | | |
| - - - 7 Feet in Length or upwards, the 120 | 0 | 4 | 6 | — | | |
| — Knots of Oak, viz. | | | | | | |
| - - - under 5 Inches square, | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 0 | 18 | 8 | — | | |
| - - - 5 Inches square, and under 5 Inches square, | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 4 | 17 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 5 | 1 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - 5 Inches square or upwards, | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | 1 | 11 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | 1 | 13 | 4 | — | | |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, | | | | | | |
| - - - under 5 Inches square, the 120 | 0 | 8 | 4 | — | | |
| - - - 5 Inches square or upwards, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | 0 | 5 | 6 | — | | |
| — Lathwood, viz. | | | | | | |
| - - - in Pieces under 5 Feet in Length, the Fathom 5 Feet wide and 6 Feet high, | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship | 4 | 17 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built | 5 | 1 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - in Pieces 5 Feet in Length or upwards, the Fathom, 5 Feet wide, and 6 Feet high, | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship | 7 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built | 7 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence in Pieces of all Sorts, the Fathom 5 Feet wide and 6 Feet high | 0 | 6 | 0 | — | | |
| g M s | | | | | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|---|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Wood, continued. | | | | | | | | |
| — Lignum Rhodium, the cwt. | - | - | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Lignum Vine of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in America, or of the West Coast of Africa, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | - | - | 0 | 11 | 2 | — | | |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or if otherwise imported, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | - | - | 4 | 12 | 8 | — | | |
| — Logwood, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | - | - | 0 | 9 | 2 | — | | |
| — Mahogany of the Growth of Bermuda, or of any of the Bahama Islands, and imported directly from thence respectively; and Mahogany imported directly from the Bay of Honduras in British-built Ships cleared out from the Port of Belize, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | - | - | 3 | 16 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - imported not directly from Bermuda, or from any of the Bahama Islands, or imported not directly from the Bay of Honduras; or any Mahogany being of the Growth of any other Country or Place, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | - | - | 13 | 17 | 6 | — | | |
| — Masts, Yards, or Bowsprits, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| - - - 6 Inches in Diameter, and under 8 Inches, | | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, each | - | - | 0 | 9 | 8 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, each | - | - | 0 | 11 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - 8 Inches in Diameter, and under 12 Inches, | | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, each | - | - | 1 | 6 | 2 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, each | - | - | 1 | 7 | 2 | — | | |
| - - - 12 Inches in Diameter, or upwards, | | | | | | | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | - | - | 3 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | - | - | 3 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, | | | | | | | | |
| - - - 6 Inches in Diameter and under 8 Inches, each | - | - | 0 | 3 | 2 | — | | |
| - - - 8 Inches in Diameter and under 12 Inches, each | - | - | 0 | 8 | 4 | — | | |
| - - - 12 Inches in Diameter or upwards, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | - | - | 1 | 10 | 6 | — | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Masts, Yards, and Bowsprits fit for Naval Purposes, of the Growth or Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in North America, may be imported from thence Duty free, See 48 Geo. 3. cap. 117, continued by subsequent Acts, and by the 55 Geo. 3. cap. 88. further continued until the 23rd March 1825. | | | | | | | | |
| — Mouruga Wood, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | - | - | 1 | 6 | 2 | — | | |

TABLE (A).—INWARDS.

| | Duty. | Drawback. |
|---|---------|-----------|
| Wood, continued. | ℥ s. d. | ℥ s. d. |
| — Oak Plank, viz. | | |
| - - 2 Inches in Thickness or upwards, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Load | | |
| containing 20 Cubic Feet | 5 10 6 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the | | |
| Load containing 20 Cubic Feet | 6 0 6 | — |
| - - of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the | | |
| British Colonies or Plantations in | | |
| America, and imported directly from | | |
| thence, the 120 | 0 8 4 | — |
| — Oak Timber, <i>See</i> Timber. | | |
| — Oak, viz. | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 14 19 5 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 15 8 9 | — |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of the British | | |
| Colonies or Plantations in America, and im- | | |
| ported directly from thence, the 120 | 0 19 6 | — |
| — Olive Wood of the Growth and Production of the | | |
| British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in | | |
| America, or of the West Coast of Africa, and | | |
| imported directly from thence respectively, the | | |
| Ton containing 20 cwt. | 0 12 4 | — |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of any other | | |
| Country or Place, or if otherwise imported, | | |
| the Ton containing 20 cwt. | 4 9 6 | — |
| — Red or Guinea Wood, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | 0 15 0 | — |
| — Rose Wood, the cwt. | 1 0 0 | — |
| — Round Wood, viz. | | |
| - - - in Pieces under 8 Inches square, and under 6 | | |
| Feet in Length, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the | | |
| 120 | 2 4 9 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, | | |
| the 120 | 2 6 4 | — |
| - - - in Pieces under 8 Inches square, and if 6 Feet | | |
| in Length or upwards, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the | | |
| 120 | 4 2 6 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, | | |
| the 120 | 4 12 8 | — |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of the British | | |
| Colonies or Plantations in America, and | | |
| imported directly from thence in Pieces | | |
| of all Sorts under 8 Inches square, the | | |
| 120 | 0 3 2 | — |
| — Santa Maria Wood, for every 100℥ of the Value | 20 0 0 | — |
| For the Conditions and Regulations under which | | |
| Santa Maria Wood, fit for Naval Purposes, im- | | |
| ported from the Bay of Honduras, may be admitted | | |
| to Entry Duty-free, until the 25th March 1820, | | |
| <i>See</i> the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | |
| — Spars, viz. | | |
| - - under 22 Feet in Length, and under 4 Inches | | |
| in Diameter, exclusive of the Bark, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 2 16 5 | — |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---------------------|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | ℥ | s. | d. | ℥ | s. | d. |
| Wood.— | Spars under 22 Feet in Length, &c.—continued. | | | | | | |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the 180 | 2 | 19 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - | 22 Feet in Length or upwards, and under 4 Inches in Diameter, exclusive of the Bark, | | | | | | |
| - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 4 | 17 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 3 | 1 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - | 4 Inches in Diameter, and under 6 Inches in Diameter, exclusive of the Bark, | | | | | | |
| - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 10 | 11 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 10 | 19 | 4 | — | | |
| - - - | of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, of all Sorts under 6 Inches in Diameter, exclusive of the Bark, the 120 | 0 | 18 | 3 | — | | |
| — | Speckled Wood of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in America, or of the West Coast of Africa, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | 0 | 16 | 3 | — | | |
| - - - | of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or if otherwise imported, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | 3 | 14 | 2 | — | | |
| — | Spikes for Wheels, viz. | | | | | | |
| - - - | not exceeding 2 Feet in Length, | | | | | | |
| - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the 1,000 | 3 | 7 | 4 | — | | |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the 1,000 | 3 | 10 | 1 | — | | |
| - - - | exceeding 2 Feet in Length, | | | | | | |
| - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the 1,000 | 5 | 14 | 8 | — | | |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the 1,000 | 7 | 0 | 2 | — | | |
| - - - | of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 1,000 | 0 | 6 | 4 | — | | |
| — | Staves, viz. | | | | | | |
| - - - | not exceeding 36 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth, | | | | | | |
| - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 1 | 8 | 3 | — | | |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 1 | 7 | 6 | — | | |
| - - - | above 36 Inches in Length and not exceeding 50 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth, | | | | | | |
| - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 3 | 9 | 2 | — | | |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 2 | 16 | 9 | — | | |

| TABLE (A).—INWARDS. | Duty. | Drawback. |
|--|---------|-----------|
| | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
| <i>Wood, — Staves, continued.</i> | | |
| - - - above 30 Inches in Length, and not exceeding 60 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 3 5 0 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 3 7 4 | — |
| - - - above 60 Inches in Length, and not exceeding 72 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 4 15 10 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 4 18 2 | — |
| - - - above 72 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 5 8 6 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 5 14 0 | — |
| - - - Staves being the Growth and Production of any of the United States of America, or of the Growth and Production of East or West Florida, and imported directly from thence respectively, not exceeding 1½ Inch in Thickness, shall be charged with One-third Part only of the Duties herein-before imposed on Staves, | | |
| - - - above 3 Inches in Thickness, or above 7 Inches in Breadth, and not exceeding 5 Feet 3 Inches in Length, shall be deemed Clap Boards, and pay Duty accordingly. | | |
| - - - above 3 Inches in Thickness, or above 7 Inches in Breadth, and exceeding 5 Feet 3 Inches in Length, shall be deemed Pipe Boards, and pay Duty accordingly. | | |
| - - - Staves of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, of all Sorts not exceeding 30 Inches in Length, the 120 | 0 1 3 | — |
| - - - of all Sorts exceeding 30 Inches in Length, the 120 | 0 2 6 | — |
| <i>Sweetwood, viz.</i> | | |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in America, or of the West Coast of Africa, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Tonn containing 20 cwt. | 0 16 3 | — |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or if otherwise imported, the Tonn containing 20 cwt. | 10 12 0 | — |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| <i>Wood, continued.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — | Teak Wood, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet - | 1 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| For the Conditions and Regulations under which Teak Wood, of the Growth and Production of any British Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Possession in Africa, fit for Naval Purposes, may be admitted to Entry, without Payment of Duty, until the 25th March 1820, <i>See the Act to which this Table is annexed.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — | Timber, viz. | | | | | | |
| - - - | Fir Timber, of the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence, 8 Inches square, and not exceeding 10 Inches square, | | | | | | |
| - - - | in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet - - | 3 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - | in a Ship not British-built, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet - - | 3 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| A Drawback is allowed on Fir Timber, being 8 Inches square and not exceeding 10 Inches square, of the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence, which shall have been used or employed in any of the Mines of Tin, Lead, or Copper, in the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, | | | | | | | |
| - - - | having been imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet - - - | — | | | 2 | 15 | 6 |
| - - - | having been imported in a Ship not British-built, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet - - - | — | | | 2 | 15 | 6 |
| For the Conditions and Regulations under which the Drawback shall be paid or allowed on such Timber so used and employed, <i>See 51 Geo. 3. cap. 45. 51 Geo. 3. cap. 84. and 53 Geo. 3. cap. 105.</i> | | | | | | | |
| - - - | Fir Timber, of the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence, exceeding 10 Inches square, | | | | | | |
| - - - | in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet - - | 3 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - | in a Ship not British-built, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet - - | 3 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - | not otherwise charged with Duty, 8 Inches square or upwards, | | | | | | |
| - - - | imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet - | 3 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - | imported in a Ship not British-built, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet - | 3 | 5 | 0 | — | | |

TABLE (A).—INWARDS.

| | Dut. | Struck. |
|---|--------|---------|
| Wood,—Timber, continued. | | |
| - - - Fir Timber of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | 0 2 6 | — |
| - - - Oak Timber, 8 Inches square or upwards, - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | 3 1 9 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | 3 5 0 | — |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | 0 5 6 | — |
| - - - Timber of all Sorts not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, being 4 Inches square or upwards, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | 1 12 6 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | 1 14 0 | — |
| - - - Timber of all Sorts not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, being 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | 0 2 6 | — |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Timber fit for Naval Purposes, of the Growth and Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in North America, may be imported from thence Duty free, <i>See</i> 48 Geo. 3. cap. 137. continued by subsequent Acts, and by 55 Geo. 3. cap. 65. further continued until the 25th March 1820. | | |
| The Duty on Timber being the Produce of, and imported directly from the Island of Newfoundland, is suspended until the 31st July 1824. <i>See</i> the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | |
| — Ufers, viz. | | |
| - - - under 4 Inches square, and under 24 Feet in Length, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 | 18 2 7 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the 120 | 18 2 6 | — |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | Duty. | Drawback. |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Wood,— <i>Ufers, cutted.</i> | <i>£ s. d.</i> | <i>£ s. d.</i> |
| - - - all <i>Ufers</i> being 8 Inches square or upwards, are subject and liable to the Duties payable on Fir Timber. See Fir Timber. | | |
| - - - of all Sorts under 8 Inches square, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 | 0 16 3 | — |
| — Wainscot Logs, viz. | | |
| - - - being 8 Inches square or upwards, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | 4 9 6 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | 4 12 8 | — |
| - - - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, being 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet | 0 5 6 | — |
| — Yards, See Masts. | | |
| — Wood unmanufactured, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 l. of the Value | 5 16 9 | — |
| — Wood unmanufactured, not particularly enumerated or described, and on which the Duties due on the Importation are payable, according to the Value thereof, being of the Growth and Production of the British Limits within the Province of Yucatan in the Bay of Honduras, and imported directly from the said Bay, for every 100 l. of the Value | 5 16 9 | — |
| — Wood unmanufactured, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 l. of the Value, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship | 20 0 0 | — |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built | 21 0 0 | — |
| Wooden Clocks, See Clocks. | | |
| Wool, viz. | | |
| — Beaver Wool, the lb. | 0 1 7 | — |
| - - - cut and combed, the lb. | 0 4 9 | — |
| — Caracul Wool, See Goat Hair in Hair. | | |
| — Corsey Wool, the lb. | 0 0 6 | — |
| — Cotton Wool, or Waste of Cotton Wool, viz. | | |
| - - - the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, and imported directly from thence, on or before the 25th July 1822, the 100 lbs. | 0 6 3 | — |
| - - - the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, not being imported directly from thence; and Cotton Wool or Waste of Cotton Wool, the Produce of any other Country or Place, | | |
| - - - until the 5th January 1820 inclusive, | | |
| - - - if imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 lbs. | 0 8 7 | — |
| - - - if imported in a Ship not British-built, the 100 lbs. | 0 17 2 | — |

TABLE (A.)—ENWARDS.

| | Duty. | D drawback. |
|--|---------|-------------|
| Wool, — Cotton Wool, or Waste of Cotton Wool, continued. | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
| . . . from and after the 5th January 1823, | | |
| . . . if imported in a British-built Ship, | | |
| for every 100l. of the Value . . . | 6 0 0 | — |
| . . . if imported in a Ship not British-built, | | |
| for every 100l. of the Value . . . | 12 0 0 | — |
| The above Duties on Cotton Wool or Waste of Cotton Wool, payable according to the Value thereof, shall be charged and payable on all such Cotton Wool or Waste of Cotton Wool, the Duties on which shall not have been fully paid on or before the 5th January 1823. See the Act in which this Table is amended. | | |
| — Goat's Wool, See Goat Hair in Hair. | | |
| — Hare's Wool, the ewt. | 1 1 10 | — |
| — Lamb's Wool, See Sheep's Wool. | | |
| — Ortick Wool, the lb. | 0 0 6 | — |
| — Polaris Wool, the lb. | 0 0 6 | — |
| — Red Wool, the lb. | 0 0 6 | — |
| — Sheep or Lamb Wool, viz. | | |
| . . . the Produce of any Foreign Country in Europe, | | |
| . . . until the 15th October 1819, inclusive, | | |
| the lb. | 0 0 1 | — |
| . . . from and after the 15th October 1819, | | |
| the lb. | 0 0 6 | — |
| . . . the Produce of any other Foreign Country, | | |
| . . . until the 5th January 1823, inclusive, | | |
| the lb. | 0 0 1 | — |
| . . . from and after the 5th January 1823, | | |
| the lb. | 0 0 6 | — |
| . . . the Produce of, and imported directly from, any British Colony or Territory, | | |
| . . . until the 5th January 1823, inclusive, | | |
| the lb. | 0 0 1 | — |
| . . . from the 5th January 1823, until the 5th January 1828, inclusive, the lb. | 0 0 3 | — |
| . . . from and after the 5th January 1828, | | |
| the lb. | 0 0 6 | — |
| — Spanish Wool, the lb. | 0 0 6 | — |
| — Turkey Goat's Wool, See Goat Hair in Hair. | | |
| — All Articles made of or mixed with Wool, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value | 20 0 0 | — |
| Woolen Stuff, See Stuff. | | |
| — Yarn, See Yarn. | | |
| Worm Seed, See Seed. | | |
| Worsted Caps, See Caps. | | |
| — Stockings, See Stockings. | | |
| — Tapes, See Tapes. | | |
| — Yarn, See Yarn. | | |
| Wool, See Dorelia. | | |

| TABLE (A.)—INWARDS. | Duty. | Drawback. |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Y. | | |
| Yarns, <i>See</i> Masts in Wood. | <i>℥</i> <i>s.</i> <i>d.</i> | <i>℥</i> <i>s.</i> <i>d.</i> |
| Yarns, <i>viz.</i> | | |
| — Cable Yarn, the cwt | 1 1 6 | — |
| — Cord or Mohair Yarn, the lb. | 0 1 7 | — |
| — Cotton Yarn, the lb. | 0 1 5 | — |
| — Cotton Yarn of the Manufacture of the Isle of Man, <i>See</i> Man, Isle of. | | |
| — Grogren Yarn, the lb. | 0 1 7 | — |
| — Raw Lanca Yarn, | | |
| — " " " imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | 0 1 0 | — |
| — " " " imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | 1 0 0 | — |
| — Wick Yarn, the cwt. | 1 6 8 | — |
| — Worsted Yarn, being of Two or more Threads, twisted or thrown, the lb. | 0 1 7 | — |
| — Yarn of any other Sort, not particularly enumerated or described nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100ℓ. of the Value | 20 0 0 | — |
| Yellow Berries, <i>See</i> Berries. | | |
| Z. | | |
| Zaffre, for every 100ℓ. of the Value | 20 0 0 | — |
| Zedaira, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 1 2 | 0 0 10 |
| — imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. | 0 1 10 | 0 1 8 |
| Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, being either in part or wholly manufactured, and not being enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into nor used in Great Britain, for every 100ℓ. of the Value | | |
| | 20 0 0 | — |
| Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, not being either in part or wholly manufactured, and not being enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into nor used in Great Britain, for every 100ℓ. of the Value | | |
| | 20 0 0 | — |

TABLE (B.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies imported into Great Britain; and on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize re-exported into Great Britain from His Majesty's Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, and the Territories and Dependancies thereof; and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize.

| TABLE (B.)—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|---|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| A. | | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Acorns, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Agates, wt. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| — polished or otherwise manufactured, for every 100l. of the Value | - | - | 60 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — rough or unmanufactured, for every 100l. of the Value | - | - | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Alkali, viz. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| — any Article containing Soda or Mineral Alkali, whereof Mineral Alkali is the most valuable Part, (such Alkali not being otherwise particularly charged with Duty) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - - - if not containing a greater Proportion of such Alkali than 20 per Centum, | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | - | - | 0 | 11 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 8 |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | - | - | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 8 |
| - - - if containing more than 20 per Centum, and not exceeding 25 per Centum of such Alkali, | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | - | - | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 6 |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | - | - | 0 | 12 | 8 | 0 | 7 | 6 |
| - - - if containing more than 25 per Centum, and not exceeding 30 per Centum of such Alkali, | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | - | - | 0 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 2 |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | - | - | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 2 |
| - - - if containing more than 30 per Centum, and not exceeding 40 per Centum of such Alkali, | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | - | - | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 11 | 8 |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | - | - | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 8 |

| TABLE (B.)—INWARDS. | Duty. | Drawback. |
|--|---------|-----------|
| Alkali—any Article containing Soda, &c. <i>continued</i> . | s. d. | s. d. |
| - - - If containing more than 40 per Centum of such Alkali, | | |
| - - - imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. | 1 10 0 | 0 15 0 |
| - - - imported in a Ship not British-built, the cwt. | 1 10 8 | 0 15 0 |
| Alkermes, Confection of, the oz. | 0 1 8 | — |
| Almonds, viz. | | |
| - Bitter, the cwt. | 0 15 10 | 0 14 0 |
| - of any other Sort, the cwt. | 2 7 8 | 2 2 0 |
| Aloes, viz. | | |
| - Socotrina, the lb. | 0 2 6 | 0 1 8 |
| - of any other Sort, the lb. | 0 0 9 | 0 0 6 |
| Alum, the cwt. | 0 17 6 | — |
| - Roch Alum, the cwt. | 0 11 8 | — |
| Amber, viz. | | |
| - Beads or other Manufactures of Amber, the lb. | 0 12 0 | — |
| - Rough, the lb. | 0 1 8 | 0 1 1 |
| Ambergia, the oz. | 0 5 0 | — |
| Ammoniac Gum, <i>See</i> Gum Ammoniac. | | |
| - Sol, <i>See</i> Sol Ammoniac. | | |
| Anardium, the lb. | 0 2 0 | 0 1 4 |
| Anise Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | |
| Aniseed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | |
| - Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | |
| Anatto or Rocou, viz. | | |
| - Flag, the lb. | 0 0 8 | — |
| - Roll or any other Sort, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb. | 0 1 0 | — |
| Aquafetta, the cwt. | 0 14 8 | — |
| Arabic Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | |
| Arragoes or Arrago Beads, for every 1000. of the Value | 31 8 0 | — |
| Arrack, <i>See</i> Spirits. | | |
| Arrow Root or Powder, the lb. | 0 0 8 | — |
| Arsenic, viz. | | |
| - White, the cwt. | 0 14 8 | — |
| - of any other Sort, the cwt. | 0 18 8 | — |
| Asafetida, the lb. | 0 0 10 | 0 0 6 |
| Aster of Roses, <i>See</i> Otto of Roses. | | |
| Auripigmentum, <i>See</i> Orpiment. | | |
| B. | | |
| Balsam, viz. Artificial or Natural, the lb. | 0 4 6 | — |
| Bamboo Canes, <i>See</i> Canes. | | |
| Bastile, <i>See</i> Alkali. | | |
| Bark, viz. | | |
| - Angustura Bark, the lb. | 0 2 0 | 0 1 4 |
| - China Bark, the lb. | 0 0 10 | 0 0 6 |
| - Jesuits Bark, <i>See</i> Peruvian Bark. | | |
| - Peruvian or Jesuits Bark, the lb. | 0 2 0 | 0 1 4 |
| - Bark not otherwise enumerated or described, | | |
| - - - if for Medicinal Use, the lb. | 0 2 0 | — |
| - - - if not for Medicinal Use, for every 1000. of the Value | 20 0 0 | — |
| Bellinum, the lb. | 0 1 8 | 0 1 1 |

| TABLE (B.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Beads, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — Amber Beads, <i>See</i> Amber. | | | | | | | |
| — Arrango Beads, <i>See</i> Arrangos. | | | | | | | |
| — Coral Beads, the lb. | | 0 | 12 | 10 | — | | |
| — Crystal Beads, the 1,000 | | 1 | 8 | 6 | — | | |
| — Beads, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Bees Wax, <i>See</i> Wax. | | | | | | | |
| Benjamin or Benzoin, the lb. | | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Bexor Stones, the oz. | | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| Bones of Cattle, and other Animals, and of Fish, except Whale | | | | | | | |
| Fins, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Books Printed, or Manuscripts, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — Half Bound, or in any way Bound, the cwt. | | 6 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| — Unbound, the cwt. | | 5 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Borax or Tincol, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — refined, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 8 | — | | |
| — unrefined, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| * Drawback on the Exportation of Borax or Tincol refined in Great Britain from a larger Quantity imported unrefined, the lb. | | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions under which such Drawback can only be allowed, <i>See</i> 17 Geo. 2. cap. 31. | | | | | | | |
| Bottles, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — of Earth or Stone, the Dozen | | 0 | 3 | 2 | — | | |
| — Bottles of Stone are subject also to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | | |
| — of Glass covered with Wicker, the Dozen Quarts | | 1 | 9 | 0 | — | | |
| — of Green or Common Glass, full or empty, not of less Content than One Pint, and not being Phials, the Dozen Quarts | | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| — Subject also to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | | |
| — of Glass, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 40 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Note.—Flasks in which Wine or Oil is imported are not subject to Duty. | | | | | | | |
| Brandy, <i>See</i> Spirits. | | | | | | | |
| Bullion and Foreign Coin of Gold or Silver, Duty-free. | | | | | | | |
| C. | | | | | | | |
| Cajapute, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Cake Lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum. | | | | | | | |
| Calaminaria Lapis, <i>See</i> Lapis. | | | | | | | |
| Calamus Aromaticus, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Calices, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — Plain White Calices, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 57 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| — * Drawback to be allowed on the Exportation of each of the said Calices which shall have been printed, painted, stained, or dyed in Great Britain, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | — | | | 45 | 0 | 0 |
| — White, flowered, or stitched, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 57 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Calves Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| Cambricum, <i>See</i> Cambrage. | | | | | | | |
| Cannet Hair, <i>See</i> Hair. | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (B.)—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|--|--|----------------|----|----|----------------|----|----|
| | | | d ^s | s. | d. | d ^s | s. | d. |
| Camphor, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| — refined, the lb. | | | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| — unrefined, the lb. | | | 0 | 1 | 3 | — | | |
| * Drawback on the Exportation of Camphor refined in Great Britain from a larger Quantity imported unrefined, the lb. | | | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions under which such Drawback can only be allowed, See 1 st Geo. 2. cap. 31. | | | | | | | | |
| Candles of Wax, the lb. | | | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| Canes, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| — Bamboo, the 1,000 | | | 1 | 14 | 0 | — | | |
| — Rattans, (not ground Rattans), the 1,000 | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Reed Canes, the 1,000 | | | 1 | 6 | 8 | — | | |
| — Walking Canes or Sticks, mounted, painted, inlaid, or otherwise ornamented or manufactured, for every 100 ^l . of the Value | | | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Wenghons, Jumbos, Ground Rattans, Dragon's Blood, and other walking Canes or Sticks, the 1,000 | | | 4 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Cantharides, the lb. | | | 0 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| Canutehous or Elastic Gum, the lb. | | | 0 | 0 | 5 | — | | |
| Capita Papaverum, the 1,000 | | | 0 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| Caps of Cotton, for every 100 ^l . of the Value | | | 67 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Capicum or Chillies, See Pepper. | | | | | | | | |
| Carbanisms, the lb. | | | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Carracina Wool, See Goat Hair in Hair. | | | | | | | | |
| Carmine, the oz. | | | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| Carpets of Persia, the Yard square | | | 2 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Cathar Gum, See Gum. | | | | | | | | |
| Casta Bada, the lb. | | | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| — Fissile, the lb. | | | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| — Ligna, the lb. | | | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| — Oil of, See Oil. | | | | | | | | |
| Caster, Oil of, See Oil. | | | | | | | | |
| Caster Seed, See Seed. | | | | | | | | |
| Casts of Basts, Statues, or Figures, the cwt. | | | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| Catechu, See Terra Japonica. | | | | | | | | |
| Cayenne Pepper, See Pepper. | | | | | | | | |
| Charts, See Maps. | | | | | | | | |
| Chemical Oil, See Oil. | | | | | | | | |
| Chillies, See Capicum in Pepper. | | | | | | | | |
| China Root, the lb. | | | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| China Ware or Porcelain, for every 100 ^l . of the Value | | | 75 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Cinabaris Native, the lb. | | | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Cinnamon, the lb. | | | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| — Oil of, See Oil. | | | | | | | | |
| Citrus of Lime, the lb. | | | 0 | 1 | 8 | — | | |
| Clives, the lb. | | | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 |
| — Oil of, See Oil. | | | | | | | | |
| Coculus Indicus, the lb. | | | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| Cochineal, the lb. | | | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | | |
| — Dust, the lb. | | | 0 | 0 | 24 | — | | |
| Coco Nuts, for every 100 ^l . of the Value | | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Oil of, See Oil. | | | | | | | | |
| Cocoa Nuts, Duty free. | | | | | | | | |

Cocoa Nuts are subject to a Duty of Excise.

| TABLE (B)—INWARDS. | | | Livre. | | | Dress back | | |
|---|--|--|-----------------------|----------|----------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| | | | <i>l</i> ^s | <i>s</i> | <i>d</i> | <i>l</i> ^s | <i>s</i> | <i>d</i> |
| Coffee, Duty free. | | | | | | | | |
| Coffee is subject to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | | | |
| Coin, Foreign, of Gold or Silver, See Bullion. | | | | | | | | |
| Colocynth, See Colocynthis. | | | | | | | | |
| Colocynthis, or Colocynth, the lb. | | | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Colours for Painters, See Painters' Colours. | | | | | | | | |
| Columbo Root, the lb. | | | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Contrayerva Radix, See Radix. | | | | | | | | |
| Copal Gum, See Gum. | | | | | | | | |
| Copper, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| — Ore, the cwt. | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| — Old, fit only to be re-manufactured, the cwt. | | | 0 | 9 | 2 | — | | |
| — Unwrought, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| — Copper in Bricks or Pigs, Rose Copper, and all cast Copper, the cwt. | | | 0 | 9 | 2 | — | | |
| — Copper in Plates, and Copper Coin, the cwt. | | | 0 | 18 | 0 | — | | |
| — Part wrought, viz. Bars, Rods, or Ingots, hammered or raised, the cwt. | | | 1 | 11 | 3 | — | | |
| — Manufactures of Copper, not otherwise enumerated or described, Copper enamelled, and Copper Plates engraved, for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | | | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Coral, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| — Beads, See Beads. | | | | | | | | |
| — in Fragments, the lb. | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| — whole polished, the lb. | | | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| — - - unpolished, the lb. | | | 0 | 5 | 6 | — | | |
| Coriander Seed, See Seed. | | | | | | | | |
| Cortex Caryophylloides, See Clove Bark in Bark. | | | | | | | | |
| — Peruvianum, or Jesuits Bark, See Peruvian Bark in Bark. | | | | | | | | |
| Custar, the lb. | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Cotton, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| — Articles manufactured of Cotton Wool, or of any Mixture thereof, not particularly enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | | | 67 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| — Thread, See Thread. | | | | | | | | |
| — Wool, See Wool. | | | | | | | | |
| — Yarn, See Yarn. | | | | | | | | |
| Coupage, the lb. | | | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Cowries, for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | | | 31 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| Crystal Beads, See Beads. | | | | | | | | |
| Cubels, the lb. | | | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| Cummin Seed, See Seed. | | | | | | | | |
| D. | | | | | | | | |
| Diaprydium, See Sassaony. | | | | | | | | |
| Diamonds, Duty-free. | | | | | | | | |
| Dimity, viz. | | | | | | | | |
| — Plain White Dimity, for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | | | 67 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| * Drawback to be allowed on the Exportation of each of the said Dimity which shall have been printed, painted, stained, or dyed in Great Britain, for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Value | | | | | | | | |
| | | | — | | | 45 | 0 | 0 |
| Dog Skins, See Skins. | | | | | | | | |
| Drawings, See Prints. | | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (B.)—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|--|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | | ℥ | s. | d. | ℥ | s. | d. |
| Drugs, on which specific Duties are payable according to the Quantity, <i>See</i> the several Articles in Alphabetical Course, | | | | | | | | |
| — not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100℔. of the Value | | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| E. | | | | | | | | |
| Earthenware, <i>See</i> China Ware. | | | | | | | | |
| Ebony, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | | |
| Elastic Gum, <i>See</i> Caoutchouc. | | | | | | | | |
| Elmi Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | | | |
| Elephants Teeth, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — not exceeding the Weight of 21lbs. each Tooth, the cwt. | | | 2 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — exceeding the Weight of 21lbs. each Tooth, the cwt. | | | 4 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Elk Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | | |
| Emeralds, <i>See</i> Jewels. | | | | | | | | |
| Extract, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Solid Vegetable Extract from Oak Bark, or other Vegetable Substances, to be used for the Purpose of tanning Leather, and for no other Purpose whatever, the cwt. | | | 0 | 3 | 0 | — | | |
| F. | | | | | | | | |
| Feathers, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Quirch Feathers, dressed, the lb. | | | 9 | 15 | 6 | — | | |
| — — — — — undressed, the lb. | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — not otherwise enumerated or described, | | | | | | | | |
| — — — dressed, for every 100℔. of the Value | | | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — — — undressed, for every 100℔. of the Value | | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Fennel, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | | |
| Fine, rough or undressed, the cwt. | | | 0 | 0 | 2 | — | | |
| Flock Paper, <i>See</i> Paper. | | | | | | | | |
| Floss Silk, <i>See</i> Waste Silk in Silk. | | | | | | | | |
| Forest Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | | | | | | | |
| Fossils, Specimens of, <i>See</i> Specimens. | | | | | | | | |
| Frankincense, <i>See</i> Olibanum. | | | | | | | | |
| Furs, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | | |
| G. | | | | | | | | |
| Galangal, the lb. | | | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Galbanum, the lb. | | | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Galls, the cwt. | | | 0 | 11 | 2 | — | | |
| Garbages, the lb. | | | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Garden Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. | | | | | | | | |
| Garnets, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Cut, the lb. | | | 1 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| — Rough, the lb. | | | 0 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Gem Sal, <i>See</i> Sal. | | | | | | | | |
| Geneve, <i>See</i> Spirits. | | | | | | | | |
| Ginger, the cwt. | | | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| — Preserved, the lb. | | | 0 | 3 | 2 | — | | |
| Ginseng, the lb. | | | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Glass, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Bottles, <i>See</i> Bottles. | | | | | | | | |

TABLE (B).—INWARDS.

| | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | ℥ | s. | d. | ℥ | s. | d. |
| <i>Glass, continued.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Crown, German Sheet, or any Kind of Window Glass, not being Plate Glass, the cwt. | 4 | 18 | 0 | — | | |
| — Flint Glass, the cwt. | 8 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — Plate Glass, for every square Foot superficial Measure | 0 | 8 | 7 | — | | |
| — Glass Manufactures not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100℔. of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Glass is subject also to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | |
| <i>Goat Hair, See Hair.</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>Gold Coins, See Bullion.</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>Plate, See Plate.</i> | | | | | | |
| Granilla, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 5 | — | | |
| <i>Gum, viz.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Ammoniac, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| — Anime, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| — Arabic, the cwt. | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| — Cashew, the cwt. | 0 | 7 | 8 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
| — Copal, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| — Elemi, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| — Guaiacum, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| <i>Juniper, See Gum Sandarach.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Kino, or Gum Rubrum Astringens, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| <i>Lac, viz.</i> | | | | | | |
| — — — — — Cakes Lac, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| — — — — — Lac Dye, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| — — — — — Lac Lake, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 1 | — | | |
| — — — — — Seed Lac, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| — — — — — Shell Lac, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| — — — — — Stick Lac, the cwt. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 4 |
| — Opoponax, the lb. | 0 | 5 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| <i>Rubrum Astringens, See Gum Kino.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Sappanum, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| — Sandarach, or Juniper, the cwt. | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 5 |
| — Sarcocolla, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| — Senegal, the cwt. | 0 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| — Tamarind, the lb. | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| — Tragacanth, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| — Gum, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100℔. of the Value | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| H. | | | | | | |
| <i>Hair, viz.</i> | | | | | | |
| — Camel Hair, the lb. | 0 | 1 | 4 | — | | |
| — Goat or Carmine Wool, the lb. | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | | |
| — Human Hair, the lb. | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — Articles manufactured of Hair, or any Mixture thereof, not particularly enumerated or described, for every 100℔. of the Value | 87 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| <i>Hemp, rough or undressed, or any other Vegetable Substance of the Nature and Quality of undressed Hemp, and applicable to the same Purposes, the Ton containing 20 cwt.</i> | | | | | | |
| | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | | |

| TABLE (B.)—INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Hides, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox Hides in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, the Hide | | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | | |
| — " " Tanned, and not otherwise dressed, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| — Horse, Mares, or Gelding in the Hair, not tanned or in any way dressed, the Hide | | 0 | 0 | 16 | — | | |
| — " " Tanned, and not otherwise dressed, the lb. | | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| — Hides or Pieces of Hides, Raw or Undressed, not particularly enumerated or described, not otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Hides or Pieces of Hides, tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, not particularly enumerated or described, not otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 75 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Horns, Horn Tips, and Pieces of Horns, not otherwise charged with Duty, the cwt. | | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| Horses, Mares, or Geldings, each | | 6 | 12 | 0 | — | | |
| Horse Hair, See Hair. | | | | | | | |
| Hicks of Silk, See Knots in Silk. | | | | | | | |
| Horse Skins, See Skins. | | | | | | | |
| I & J. | | | | | | | |
| Japaned Ware, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 68 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Jessie Bark, See Peruvian Bark in Bark. | | | | | | | |
| Jewels, Emeralds, Rubies, and all other Precious Stones (except Diamonds), not otherwise enumerated or described, — not set, or in any way manufactured, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — set, or in any way manufactured, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 80 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Indigo, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| Iris Root, See Orrice. | | | | | | | |
| Juniper Gum, See Gum Sandarach. | | | | | | | |
| K. | | | | | | | |
| Kelp, See Alkali. | | | | | | | |
| Kino Gum, See Gum. | | | | | | | |
| Knots of Silk, See Knots in Silk. | | | | | | | |
| L. | | | | | | | |
| Lac, See Gums. | | | | | | | |
| Lacquered Ware, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 62 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Lanbs Wool, See Sheep's Wool in Wool. | | | | | | | |
| Lapis, viz. | | | | | | | |
| — Calaminaria, the cwt. | | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| — Lazuli, the lb. | | 0 | 2 | 2 | — | | |
| — Turis, the lb. | | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| Lazuli Lapis, See Lapis. | | | | | | | |
| Lead, viz. White Lead, the cwt. | | 0 | 10 | 4 | — | | |
| Leather, any Article made of Leather, or any Manufacture whereof Leather is the most valuable Part, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | 75 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Leopard Skins, See Skins. | | | | | | | |
| Linseed, Oil of, See Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Long Pepper, See Pepper. | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (B) — INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| M. | | | | | | | |
| Mace, the lb. | - | 0 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 8 | 8 |
| — Oil of, See Oil. | - | | | | | | |
| Madder or Marjess, raw. | - | | | | | | |
| — Mull Madder, the cwt. | - | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| — Madder Root, and all unmanufactured Madder or Marjess, the cwt. | - | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| — Madder or Marjess, in any way manufactured, the cwt. | - | 0 | 16 | 0 | — | | |
| Mangoes, the Gallon | - | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| Marms, the lb. | - | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Maps and Charts, plain or coloured, each Map or Chart, or Part thereof | - | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| Martin Sins, See Skins. | - | | | | | | |
| Mastick, the lb. | - | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Medals, viz. | - | | | | | | |
| — of Gold or Silver, Duty-free. | - | | | | | | |
| — of any other Sort, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Melasses, the cwt. | - | 0 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Minerals, Specimens of, See Specimens. | - | | | | | | |
| Mother of Pearl Shells, rough, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Marjess, See Madder. | - | | | | | | |
| Musk, the oz. | - | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 |
| Muslin, viz. | - | | | | | | |
| — Plain, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | 37 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| — * Drawback to be allowed on the Exportation of such of the said Muslin which shall have been printed, painted, stained, or dyed in Great Britain, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | — | — | — | *20 | 0 | 0 |
| — Bordered or stitched, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | 37 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Myrrh, the lb. | - | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| N. | | | | | | | |
| Nankeen Cloths, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | 37 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| — * Drawback to be allowed on the Exportation of such of the said Nankeen Cloths which shall have been printed, painted, stained, or dyed in Great Britain, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | — | — | — | *20 | 0 | 0 |
| Natron, See Alkali. | - | | | | | | |
| Neroli Oil, See Oil of Orange Flower. | - | | | | | | |
| Nutmegs, the lb. | - | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 8 |
| — Oil of, See Oil. | - | | | | | | |
| Nux Vomica, the lb. | - | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| O. | | | | | | | |
| Oaken, See Oakum. | - | | | | | | |
| Ochre or Oakum, the cwt. | - | 0 | 6 | 9 | — | | |
| Oil, viz. | - | | | | | | |
| — of Ammon, the lb. | - | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| — of Cyprian, the oz. | - | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| — of Cassia, the oz. | - | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — of Castor, the lb. | - | 0 | 1 | 3 | — | | |
| — Chemical Oil, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb. | - | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| — of Cammon, the oz. | - | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — of Cloves, the oz. | - | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| — of Coco Nuts, the cwt. | - | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |

| TABLE (B.)—INWARDS | | | | Duty | | | Draw back. | | |
|---|---|---|---|------|----|----|------------|----|----|
| | | | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| <i>Oil, continued.</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| — of <i>Fennel</i> , the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — of <i>Linseed</i> , the Tun containing 362 Gallons | - | - | - | 38 | 8 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — of <i>Mace</i> , the ca. | - | - | - | 0 | 3 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — of <i>Nutmegs</i> , the ca. | - | - | - | 0 | 2 | 8 | — | — | — |
| — of <i>Orange Flower</i> or <i>Neroli</i> , the ca. | - | - | - | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — of <i>Palm</i> , the cwt. | - | - | - | 0 | 3 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — of <i>Roses</i> . See <i>Oil of Roses</i> . | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| — of <i>Rosewood</i> , the ca. | - | - | - | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — of <i>Sandalwood</i> , the ca. | - | - | - | 0 | 2 | 8 | — | — | — |
| — of <i>Turpentine</i> , the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | — | — |
| — Oil, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | - | - | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| <i>Oker</i> . See <i>Ochre</i> . | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Olibanum</i> , the cwt. | - | - | - | 2 | 7 | 6 | 1 | 11 | 8 |
| <i>Opium</i> , the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| <i>Opopanax Gum</i> . See <i>Gum</i> . | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Orange Flower, Oil of</i> . See <i>Oil</i> . | | | | | | | | | |
| — <i>Water</i> , the Gallon | - | - | - | 0 | 3 | 2 | — | — | — |
| <i>Orchal</i> , <i>Orcubia</i> , or <i>Archolia</i> , the cwt. | - | - | - | 0 | 16 | 8 | — | — | — |
| <i>Ore</i> , viz. | | | | | | | | | |
| — <i>Copper</i> . See <i>Copper</i> . | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| — <i>Gold or Silver</i> . See <i>Bullion</i> . | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| — <i>Platina</i> . See <i>Platina</i> . | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| — <i>Ore</i> , Specimen of. See <i>Specimens</i> . | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| <i>Orpiment</i> , the cwt. | - | - | - | 1 | 8 | 6 | — | — | — |
| <i>Orrice</i> or <i>Iris Root</i> , the cwt. | - | - | - | 1 | 8 | 6 | — | — | — |
| <i>Ostrich Feathers</i> . See <i>Feathers</i> . | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Osse</i> or <i>Attar of Roses</i> , or <i>Oil of Roses</i> , the ca. | - | - | - | 0 | 6 | 0 | — | — | — |
| P. | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Painters Colours</i> , not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | | | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| <i>Paintings on Glass</i> , for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | | | | 50 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| Subject also to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Paper</i> , viz. | | | | | | | | | |
| — <i>Brown Paper</i> made of old <i>Rope</i> or <i>Cordage</i> only, without separating or extracting the <i>Pitch</i> or <i>Tar</i> therefrom, and without any Mixture of any other Materials therewith, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 16 | — | — | — |
| — <i>printed, painted, or stained Paper</i> , or <i>Paper Hangings</i> , or <i>Flock Paper</i> , the Yard square | - | - | - | 0 | 1 | 7 | — | — | — |
| — of any other Sort, not particularly enumerated or described, not otherwise charged with Duty, the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 1 | 7 | — | — | — |
| <i>Pearls</i> , for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | - | - | 5 | 0 | 0 | — | — | — |
| <i>Pepper</i> , Duty-free. | | | | | | | | | |
| Pepper is subject to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | | | | |
| — <i>Capaicum</i> or <i>Chilica</i> , the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | — | — |
| — <i>Ceyenne</i> , the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 2 | 8 | — | — | — |
| — <i>Long Pepper</i> , the lb. | - | - | - | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | — | — |
| <i>Pickles</i> of all Sorts, not otherwise enumerated or described, the Gallon | | | | 0 | 3 | 0 | — | — | — |
| <i>Pictures</i> , viz. | | | | | | | | | |
| — under 2 Feet square, the Picture | - | - | - | 8 | 6 | 0 | — | — | — |
| — of 2 Feet square, and under 4 Feet square, the Picture | - | - | - | 6 | 18 | 0 | — | — | — |

| TABLE (B)—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Dowelsch. | | |
|--|---|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | | ℥ | s. | d. | ℥ | s. | d. |
| Pictures, <i>continued</i> . | | | 10 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| — of 4 Feet square or upwards, the Picture | — | | | | | | | |
| Plants, Shrubs, and Trees alive, Duty-free. | | | | | | | | |
| Plats, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Battered, fit only to be remanufactured, <i>See</i> Bullion. | | | | | | | | |
| — of Gold, the oz. Troy. | — | | 3 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| — of Silver Gilt, the oz. Troy | — | | 0 | 5 | 4 | — | | |
| — " " part gilt, the oz. Troy | — | | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — " " argill, the oz. Troy | — | | 0 | 4 | 6 | — | | |
| Plates, the oz. | — | | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| — Ore, for every 100℥ of the Value | — | | 5 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Porcelain, <i>See</i> China Ware. | | | | | | | | |
| Precious Stones, <i>See</i> Jewels. | | | | | | | | |
| Prints and Drawings, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Plain, not exceeding a Foot square, each | — | | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| — " " exceeding a Foot square, each | — | | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| — Coloured, not exceeding a Foot square, each | — | | 0 | 2 | 0 | — | | |
| — " " exceeding a Foot square, each | — | | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| Q. | | | | | | | | |
| Quicksilver, the lb. | — | | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| R. | | | | | | | | |
| Radix Contrayerva, the lb. | — | | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Rabies of all Sorts, the cwt. | — | | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
| Rattans, <i>See</i> Canes. | | | | | | | | |
| Red Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | | |
| Reed Canes, <i>See</i> Canes. | | | | | | | | |
| Rhubarb, the lb. | — | | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 8 |
| Rice, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — the Produce of any of the British Territories in the East | | | | | | | | |
| — India, | | | | | | | | |
| — " " not being rough and in the Husk, the cwt. | — | | 0 | 5 | 0 | — | | |
| — " " if rough and in the Husk, the cwt. | — | | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| — the Produce of any other Country or Place, | | | | | | | | |
| — " " not being rough and in the Husk, the cwt. | — | | 0 | 15 | 0 | — | | |
| — " " if rough and in the Husk, the cwt. | — | | 0 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Rock Alum, <i>See</i> Alum. | | | | | | | | |
| Rose Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | | |
| — Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | | |
| Rubies, <i>See</i> Jewels. | | | | | | | | |
| Rum, <i>See</i> Spirits. | | | | | | | | |
| S. | | | | | | | | |
| Safflower, the cwt. | — | | 0 | 8 | 9 | — | | |
| Saffron, the lb. | — | | 0 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Sagaparan Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | | | |
| Sage, or Sage Powder, the lb. | — | | 0 | 0 | 8 | — | | |
| Sage Powder, <i>See</i> Sage. | | | | | | | | |
| Salt, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Ammoniac, the lb. | — | | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | | |
| — Chem, the cwt. | — | | 0 | 8 | 0 | — | | |
| Salap or Salop, the lb. | — | | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Salop, <i>See</i> Salap. | | | | | | | | |
| Salt Petre, the cwt. | — | | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | | |
| Sandalwood, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | | |
| Sandarach Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (B.)—INWARDS. | | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|---|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Sanguis Draconis, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Sarcocolla Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | | | |
| Sassafras, the cwt. | - | - | 0 | 6 | 4 | — | | |
| Saundera, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Red, the Ton containing 80 cwt. | - | - | 0 | 18 | 0 | — | | |
| — White or Yellow, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | | |
| Scammony or Diagrydium, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| Sea Cow, Sea Horse, or Sea Moose Teeth, the cwt. | - | - | 5 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| Seal Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | | |
| Seed, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Aniseed, the cwt. | - | - | 3 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Caster Seed, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| — Coriander Seed, the cwt. | - | - | 0 | 15 | 0 | — | | |
| — Cummin Seed, the cwt. | - | - | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Flax Seed, the Bushel | - | - | 0 | 0 | 5 | — | | |
| — Forest Seed, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | - | 12 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| — Garden Seed, not particularly enumerated or described, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| — Linseed, the Bushel | - | - | 0 | 0 | 5 | — | | |
| — Worm Seed, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| — Seed, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | - | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Seed Lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum. | | | | | | | | |
| Sena, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Sesupal Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | | | |
| Shewls, manufactured of Hair or Cotton Wool, or any Mixture thereof, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | - | - | 67 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| Sheeps Wool, <i>See</i> Wool. | | | | | | | | |
| Shell Lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum. | | | | | | | | |
| Shrubs, <i>See</i> Plants. | | | | | | | | |
| Silk, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| — Kraits or Hanks of Silk, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 5 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| — Raw Silk, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| - - - the Produce of any of the British Territories in the East Indies, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - the Produce of any other Part of the East Indies, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 5 | 6 | — | | |
| * Drawback on the Exportation of Silk thrown in Great Britain, from a larger Quantity of Silk imported raw, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | | |
| - - - if from Raw Silk the Produce of any of the British Territories in the East Indies, the lb. | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| - - - if from Raw Silk the Produce of any other Part of the East Indies, the lb. | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 5 | 6 |
| For the Conditions under which such Drawback can only be allowed, <i>See</i> the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | | | | | | | |
| — Thrown Silk, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 14 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 2 |
| — Waste or Flax Silk, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb. | - | - | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| Silver Coin, Foreign, <i>See</i> Bullion. | | | | | | | | |
| — Plate, <i>See</i> Plate. | | | | | | | | |

TABLE (B).—INWARDS.

| | Duty. | | | Duty-free. | | |
|--|-------|----|----|------------|----|----|
| | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| <i>Skinn, viz.</i> | | | | | | |
| Calves Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, the Dozen Skins | 0 | 3 | 0 | — | | |
| Dog Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, the Dozen Skins | 0 | 0 | 10 | — | | |
| Elk Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, the Skin | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| Goats Skins, undressed, the Dozen Skins | 0 | 2 | 10 | — | | |
| Horse Skins, undressed, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | | |
| Leopard Skins, undressed, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 6 | — | | |
| Martins Skins, undressed, the Skin | 0 | 1 | 3 | — | | |
| Seal Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, the Skin | 0 | 0 | 3 | — | | |
| Squirrel Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins | 0 | 11 | 6 | — | | |
| Tiger Skins, undressed, the Skin | 0 | 2 | 6 | — | | |
| Skins and Furs, or Pieces of Skins and Furs, raw or undressed, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Skins and Furs, or Pieces of Skins and Furs, tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 75 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| <i>Snuff, Duty free.</i> | | | | | | |
| Snuff is subject to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | |
| <i>Secotaria Aloes, See Aloes.</i> | | | | | | |
| Specimens of such Minerals, Fossils, or Ores, which are not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, each Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14 <i>lbs.</i> , the <i>lb.</i> | 0 | 0 | 3 | — | | |
| exceeding in Weight 14 <i>lbs.</i> each, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 20 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| Spicecard, the <i>lb.</i> | 0 | 2 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 10 |
| <i>Spirits, viz.</i> | | | | | | |
| Aurack, or Spirits not otherwise enumerated or described, the Gallon | 0 | 2 | 1 | — | | |
| Brandy, the Gallon | 0 | 1 | 11 | — | | |
| Geneva, the Gallon | 0 | 1 | 11 | — | | |
| Rum, the Gallon | 0 | 1 | 3 | — | | |
| the Produce of the Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, its Territories or Dependencies, imported directly from thence, the Gallon | 0 | 1 | 3 | — | | |
| Spirits are subject also to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | |
| Squills dried, the <i>cwt.</i> | 1 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| not dried, the <i>cwt.</i> | 0 | 4 | 0 | — | | |
| Squirrel Skins, See Skins. | | | | | | |
| Stick Lac, See Lac in Gum. | | | | | | |
| Stockings of Cotton, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value | 67 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| <i>Stones or Syttas, viz.</i> | | | | | | |
| Calamita, the <i>lb.</i> | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Liquida, the <i>lb.</i> | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| in the Tear or Gum, the <i>lb.</i> | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 5 |
| Succada, the <i>lb.</i> | 0 | 3 | 3 | — | | |
| Sugar, the <i>cwt.</i> | 2 | 0 | 0 | — | | |

For the Conditions under which certain Portions of the Duty on Sugar may be suspended, according to the

| TABLE (B).--INWARDS. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|--|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| Sugar, <i>continued</i> . | | | | | | | |
| Average Price of Muscovado Sugar, as published in the London Gazette, when such Price shall exceed the Sum of 60s. per cwt.; and also for the Conditions under which 1s., 2s., or 3s. of the Duty may be suspended, according to such Average Price of Muscovado Sugar, when such Price shall be under 40s. per cwt. <i>See the Act to which this Table is annexed.</i> | | | | | | | |
| Sugar refined, the cwt. | | | 8 | 8 | 0 | | — |
| <i>Note.</i> The Duties on Sugar imported are to continue in force until the 25th March 1820. <i>See the Act to which this Table is annexed.</i> | | | | | | | |
| Sugar Candy, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — Brown, the cwt. | | | 5 | 12 | 0 | | — |
| — White, the cwt. | | | 5 | 8 | 0 | | — |
| T. | | | | | | | |
| Talc, the lb. | | | 0 | 0 | 8 | | — |
| Tamarinds, the lb. | | | 0 | 0 | 8 | | — |
| Tea, Duty free. | | | | | | | |
| Tea is subject to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | | |
| Teak Wood, <i>See</i> Wood. | | | | | | | |
| Terra Japonica or Catechu, the lb. | | | 0 | 0 | 10 | | — |
| Thread, <i>viz.</i> Cotton Thread, for every 100l. of the Value | | | 67 | 10 | 0 | | — |
| Tin, the cwt. | | | 5 | 5 | 5 | | — |
| Tinzel, <i>See</i> Borne. | | | | | | | |
| Tobacco, Duty free. | | | | | | | |
| Tobacco is subject to a Duty of Excise. | | | | | | | |
| Tonnage Duty on Ships or Vessels entering Inwards from Foreign Ports. <i>See</i> Table E. | | | | | | | |
| Tortoise Shell, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — Manufactures of, for every 100l. of the Value | | | 40 | 0 | 0 | | — |
| — Rough, and unmanufactured, the lb. | | | 0 | 4 | 0 | | — |
| Tragacanth Gum, <i>See</i> Gum. | | | | | | | |
| Trees, <i>See</i> Plants. | | | | | | | |
| Turbitith, the lb. | | | 0 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 1 |
| Turmeric, the lb. | | | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Turpentine, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil. | | | | | | | |
| Turin Lapis, <i>See</i> Lapis. | | | | | | | |
| Tyger Skins, <i>See</i> Skins. | | | | | | | |
| V. | | | | | | | |
| Vermicelli, the lb. | | | 0 | 0 | 8 | | — |
| Vermilion, the lb. | | | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| W. | | | | | | | |
| Walking Canes, } <i>See</i> Canes. | | | | | | | |
| — Sticks, } <i>See</i> Canes. | | | | | | | |
| Wanghee Canes, } | | | | | | | |
| Waste, <i>viz.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — Cotton Waste, <i>See</i> Cotton Wool in Wool. | | | | | | | |
| — Silk Waste, <i>See</i> in Silk. | | | | | | | |

| TABLE (B.)—INWARDS. | Duty. | Dowitch. |
|--|---------------------------|----------|
| <p>Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, being either in part or wholly manufactured, not being enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into nor used in Great Britain, for every 100<i>l</i>. of the Value</p> | <p>£ s. d.
20 0 0</p> | <p>—</p> |
| <p>Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, not being either in part or wholly manufactured, not being enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into nor used in Great Britain, for every 100<i>l</i>. of the Value</p> | <p>20 0 0</p> | <p>—</p> |
| <p>For the Manner in which the Value is to be ascertained of such Goods on which the Duties are charged in this Table according to the Value, See 27 Geo. 3. cap. 18., 28 Geo. 3. cap. 128., and 34 Geo. 3. cap. 36.</p> | | |
| <p>For the Conditions, Rules, and Regulations under which the Duty on such of the Articles enumerated or described in this Table, as shall be imported by the East India Company, may be secured by Bond, See 30 Geo. 3. cap. 58. and 34 Geo. 3. cap. 36. And for the Conditions, Rules, and Regulations respecting the payment of the Duty on such of the said Articles as shall be imported by Persons authorized to trade within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, See 34 Geo. 3. cap. 36.</p> | | |

TABLE (C.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize exported from Great Britain.

| TABLE (C.)—OUTWARDS. | | Duty. | | |
|--|--|-------|----|----|
| FOREIGN GOODS. | | d. | s. | d. |
| Linen plain of all Sorts (except Sail Cloths) having been imported into Great Britain, and secured in Warehouses according to Law, without the full Duties of Customs having been paid thereon, and exported from any such Warehouse for Foreign Ports, for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the true and real Value thereof - - - - - | | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Tonnage Duty on Ships or Vessels entering Outwards for Foreign Ports, See Table E. | | | | |
| GOODS OF THE PRODUCE OR MANUFACTURE OF GREAT BRITAIN. | | | | |
| Cinders, See Coals. | | | | |
| Coals and Cinders usually sold by Measure, viz. | | | | |
| — exported to the Isle of Man, the Chaldron Winchester Measure - - - - - | | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| — exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, the Chaldron Winchester Measure - - - - - | | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| — exported to any of the Territories of the United States of America, - - - - - | | | | |
| - - - - - in a British-built Ship, the Chaldron Newcastle Measure - - - - - | | 0 | 17 | 0 |
| - - - - - in a Ship not British-built, the Chaldron Newcastle Measure - - - - - | | 1 | 10 | 3 |
| <i>Note.</i> —Upon the Exportation from any Part of Great Britain of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, being the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of the United Kingdom, or of any of His Majesty's Territories in Europe, direct to any of the Territories of the United States of America, in any Ship or Vessel built in the Countries belonging to the said States, or any of them, or taken by any of the Ships or Vessels of War belonging to the Government, or any of the Inhabitants of the said States, having Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprieve from the Government of the said States, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty there, such Ship or Vessel being owned by the Subjects of the said States, or any of them, and whereof the Master and Three-fourths of the Mariners are also Subjects of the said States, no higher or other Duties shall be charged or paid, than such as are charged and payable upon Goods, Wares, and Merchandize of the like Denomination or Description, when exported in British-built Ships or Vessels navigated and registered according to Law: See 56 Geo. 3. cap. 15. which Act is to continue in force so long as the Convention between His Majesty and the United States of America shall continue in force. | | | | |
| — exported to any other Place, - - - - - | | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| - - - - - in a British-built Ship, the Chaldron Newcastle Measure - - - - - | | 1 | 15 | 6 |
| - - - - - in a Ship not British-built, the Chaldron Newcastle Measure - - - - - | | | | |
| Coals exported in certain Quantities from the Ports of Newcastle and Swinney to the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey, and Alderney, the Chaldron Newcastle Measure - - - - - | | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which Coals may be so exported, See 6 Geo. 3. cap. 46. | | | | |

| TABLE (C.)—OUTWARDS. | Duty. |
|--|----------------|
| Coals and Cinders usually sold by Weight, <i>viz.</i> | <i>£ s. d.</i> |
| — exported to the Isle of Man, the Ton containing 20 cwt. - - | 0 1 0 |
| — exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, the Ton containing 20 Cwt. - - - | 0 1 8 |
| — exported to any of the Territories of the United States of America, | |
| - - - in a British-built Ship, the Ton containing 20 cwt. - | 0 5 0 |
| - - - in a Ship not British-built, the Ton containing 20 cwt. - | 0 10 0 |
| See Note on Coals usually sold by Measure, exported to the United States of America. | |
| — exported to any other Place, | |
| - - - in a British-built Ship, the Ton containing 20 cwt. - | 0 7 0 |
| - - - in a Ship not British-built, the Ton containing 20 cwt. - | 0 12 0 |
| Coals, <i>viz.</i> Any Coals which shall have been screened through a Riddle or Screen, the Bars of which not being in any Part thereof more than Three-eighth Parts of an Inch asunder, shall on Exportation from any Part of Great Britain, be subject and liable to such and the like Duties, and no other, as are or may be charged and payable on Coals exported from Great Britain to Foreign Parts. | |
| For the Rules, Regulations, and Conditions, under which such Coals can only be exported on Payment of the Duty on Coals, See 55 Geo. 3. cap. 127. | |
| Culm, <i>viz.</i> | |
| — exported to the Isle of Man, the Chaldron Winchester Measure - | 0 0 6 |
| — exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, the Chaldron Winchester Measures - - - | 0 1 0 |
| — exported to any of the Territories of the United States of America, | |
| - - - in a British-built Ship, the Chaldron Newcastle Measure - | 0 4 6 |
| - - - in a Ship not British-built, the Chaldron Newcastle Measure - | 0 8 0 |
| See Note on Coals usually sold by Measure, exported to the United States of America. | |
| — exported to any other Place, | |
| - - - in a British-built Ship, the Chaldron Newcastle Measure - | 0 6 0 |
| - - - in a Ship not British-built, the Chaldron Newcastle Measure - | 0 10 0 |
| Tonnage Duty on Ships or Vessels entering Outwards for Foreign Parts, See Table E. | |
| The following Duty is also payable on Goods of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain exported from thence, <i>viz.</i> | |
| Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain (except as hereinafter mentioned) exported to any Port or Place whatever, for every <i>£</i> 100 of the true and real Value thereof - | 0 10 0 |
| For the Conditions and Regulations according to which the Value of British Salt exported is to be ascertained, See 54 Geo. 3. cap. 50. | |
| EXCEPT, | |
| Bullion. | |
| Corn, Grain, Malt, Flour, Biscuit, Bran, Oats, Pearl Barley and Scotch Barley, being the Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain. | |
| Cotton Yarn, or other Cotton Manufactures being of the Manufacture of Great Britain. | |

TABLE (C).—OUTWARDS.

Duty.

£ s. d.

EXCEPTIONS.—*continued.*

Lines of the Manufacture of any Part of the United Kingdom.
Melanes.

Military Clothing, Accoutrements, or Appointments.

For the Conditions and Regulations under which the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury may permit such Articles to be exported and sent to any of His Majesty's Forces serving abroad, Duty free,
See 50 Geo. 3. cap. 107.

Sugar Refined of all Sorts, and Sugar Candy.

Goods, Wares, and Merchandise exported from Great Britain to the Isle of Man, by virtue and under the Authority of any License which the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England or Scotland, or any Three or more of them, are or may be authorized and empowered to grant.

Any Sort of Craft, Food, Victuals, Clothing, or Implements or Materials necessary for the British Fabrics established in the Island of Newfoundland, or in any of His Majesty's Colonies, Islands, or Plantations in North America, on due Entry thereof, and exported from Great Britain to the said Colonies, Islands, or Plantations.

Woollen Goods of the Manufacture of Great Britain exported to any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies.

Military Stores exported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies.

Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, exported from Great Britain to the Island of Newfoundland, until the 25th July 1854. See the Act to which this Table is annexed.

TABLE (D.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, brought or carried Coastwise from one Port or Place to any other Port or Place within Great Britain; and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation thereof from Great Britain.

| TABLE (D.)—COASTWISE. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| Coals, Culm, and Cinders, &c. | | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| — | Coals (except Charcoal made of Wood) brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain, into the Port of London, viz. | | | | | | |
| - - - | in case they are such as are most usually sold by Weight, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | 0 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| - - - | in case they are such as are most usually sold by Measure, the Chaldron Winchester Measure. | 0 | 9 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 10 |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Resolutions under which a Quantity of Coals, Culm, and Cinders, not exceeding 50,000 Tons in the whole, may be brought within One Year, by the Grand Junction and Paddington Canals to London on Payment of the following Duty. See 48 Geo. 3. cap. 125. <i>et</i> seq. | | | | | | | |
| - | For every Ton of Coals so brought | 0 | 7 | 0 | | | |
| A further Duty of 1s. 3d. per Ton on Coals so brought is also payable to the proper Officer of the Customs, and at the End of every Quarter is to be paid to the Corporation of London in lieu of the Duty called Orphan's Duty, and of all other Rates, Dues, and Duties payable to that Corporation upon Coals imported into the Port of London. | | | | | | | |
| — | Coals brought down the River Thames nearer to London than the City's Stone placed on the West Side of Staines Bridge in the County of Middlesex, and on which the Coast Duties shall not have been paid, the Ton | 0 | 10 | 0 | | | |
| A further Duty of 1s. 3d. per Ton on Coals so brought is also payable to the proper Officer of the Customs, and at the End of every Quarter is to be paid to the Corporation of London in lieu of the Duty called Orphan's Duty, and of all other Rates, Dues, and Duties payable to that Corporation upon Coals imported into the Port of London. | | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions, Rules, and Regulations under which Coals may be so brought, and such Duties received, See 50 Geo. 3. cap. 110. | | | | | | | |
| — | Coals taken on board any Ship or Vessel cleared Coastwise at any Port in England or Wales, and delivered in any Port beyond the Sea, before the Duties due on the Exportation thereof shall have been paid, the Master of such Ship or Vessel shall not be permitted again to enter or clear the said Ship or Vessel Coastwise, or for Ports beyond the Seas, before he shall have paid not only the Export Duties on the greatest Quantity of Coals which it shall appear the Vessel is capable of containing, but also the further Sum of 2s. for every | | | | | | |

TABLE (D).—COASTWISE.

| | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|---|-------|----|----|-----------|----|----|
| | d. | s. | d. | d. | s. | d. |
| Coals, &c.—continued. | | | | | | |
| such Chaldron of Coals, Winchester Measure, to be applied and appropriated to the same uses with the respective Duties payable on Coals exported. | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which such Duty of Three Shillings the Chaldron may be returned, <i>See</i> 52 Geo. 3. cap. 9. | | | | | | |
| — Coals shipped Coastwise at any Port in Scotland, and delivered in any Port beyond the Seas, before the Duties due on the Exportation thereof shall have been paid, the Master of the Vessel shall not be permitted again to enter or clear out at any Port in Great Britain until he shall have paid not only the Duties due on the Exportation of such Coals, but in addition thereto for every Chaldron thereof so entered Coastwise, Winchester Measure. | 0 | 3 | 0 | — | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the said Duty of Three Shillings the Chaldron shall be repaid, <i>See</i> 25 Geo. 3. cap. 24. | | | | | | |
| — Coals (except Charcoal made of Wood) brought Coastwise from any Port in Great Britain into any other Port in England or Wales (except the Port of London, and also except Coals brought or carried Coastwise within the Principality of Wales, until 1st August 1825) viz. | | | | | | |
| - - - in case they are such as are most usually sold by Weight, the Ton containing 20 cwt. | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 8 |
| - - - in case they are such as are most usually sold by Measure, the Chaldron, Winchester Measure. | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 8 |
| — Coals sent Coastwise from the Port of Newcastle-upon-Tyne to any other Port in Great Britain, the Chaldron, Newcastle Measure. | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the Duties on Coals brought Coastwise, or from any Port or Place to any other Port or Place within England, may be secured by Bond, <i>See</i> 27 Geo. 3. cap. 32. | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coals may be carried from Ellenfoot to Bank End in the County of Cumberland, or from any Creek or Place to any other Creek or Place between Ellenfoot and Bank End aforesaid, without Payment of any Duty of Customs, <i>See</i> 2 Geo. 1. cap. 14. | | | | | | |
| — Coals carried from any Part of the Lancaster Canal, or any of the Branches thereof, or from any Part or Place within the Hundred of Lonsdale in the County of Lancaster into the Ulverston Canal, across or along the Bay or Estuary separating the Two Canals, are not liable to any Duty of Customs. | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coals may be carried on the Monmouthshire Canal, and afterwards carried or conveyed from any Port or Place to the Eastward of the Islands called the Holmes, to any other Port or Place in or upon the River Severn, also to the Eastward of the said Islands, without passing to the Westward thereof, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 27 Geo. 3. cap. 100. | | | | | | |

| TABLE (D.)—COASTWISE. | Duty. | Drawback. |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| <i>Coals, &c.—continued.</i> | s. p. d. | s. p. d. |
| And for the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coals may be carried or conveyed on the Mannarhamshire Canal, or on any of the Railways or Tram-roads connected therewith, and afterwards carried to the Port of Bridgwater only by a Passage to the Westward of the Islands called the Holms, notwithstanding the Restrictions before mentioned, without Payment of Duty, <i>See 49 Geo. 3. cap. 113. of the Public Local and Personal Acts.</i> | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which a Drawback shall be allowed of all the Duties on Coals used for smelting Copper and Tin Ores within the Counties of Cornwall and Devon, <i>See 9 Ann. cap. 6.</i> | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which a Drawback shall be allowed of all the Duties on Coals which shall be used in Fire Engines for draining Water out of the Mines of Tin and Copper within the County of Cornwall, <i>See 14 Geo. 3. cap. 41.</i> | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which a Drawback shall be allowed of all the Duties paid on all Coals that shall be used for Fire Engines in Mines of Tin, Copper, or Lead, or for calcining or smelting Lead Ores, within the County of Devon, <i>See 21 Geo. 3. cap. 23.</i> | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which a Drawback shall be allowed of all the Duties paid on all Coals consumed in Fire or Steam Engines used for the Purpose of drawing or raising Ores, or dead Stuff or Rubbish, out of the Mines of Tin, Copper, or Lead in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon, <i>See 28 Geo. 3. cap. 18.</i> | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which a Drawback shall be allowed and made of all the Duties that have been paid on any Coals used for Fire Engines in Mines of Lead, or for calcining or smelting Lead Ores, within the County of Cornwall, <i>See 26 Geo. 3. cap. 124.</i> | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which a Drawback shall be allowed of all the Duties on Coals used in calcining or smelting Copper and Lead Ores, within the Isle of Anglesey, or which shall be used in Fire Engines for draining Water out of the Mines of Copper and Lead within the said Isle, <i>See 26 Geo. 3. cap. 104. and the Act to which this Table is annexed.</i> | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which all the Duties on Coals used for any Purpose relating to the carrying on the Works for the Manufacturing of Tin Plates, and for other Purposes at Penryn and in the County of Penbroke, called the Penryn and Works, shall be repaid, provided the Amount thereof shall not exceed £1000 in any One Year, <i>See 33 Geo. 3. cap. 29.</i> | | |

TABLE (D.)—COASTWISE.

| | Duty. | | | Drawback | | |
|--|-------|----|----|----------|----|----|
| | £ | s. | d. | £ | s. | d. |
| <i>Coals, &c.—continued.</i> | | | | | | |
| Coals (excepts Charcoal made of Wood) brought or carried Coastwise to any Port within the Principality of Wales, until the 1st August 1820, viz. | | | | | | |
| - - - in case they are such as are most usually sold by Weight, the Ton containing 20cwt. | 0 | 0 | 0 | — | | |
| - - - in case they are such as are most usually sold by Measure, the Chaldron Winchester Measure | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which a Drawback shall be allowed of all the above Duties on Coals used for any Purpose relating to the carrying on the Works for the Manufacturing of Tin Plates at Penryn in the County of Pembroke, called the Penryn Works, such Drawback not exceeding the Sum of £1000 in any One Year, See the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the above Duties on all Coals which shall be used in calcining or smelting Copper or Lead Ore, within the Isle of Anglesey, or which shall be used in Fire Engines for draining Water out of the Mines of Copper or Lead within the said Isle, shall be repaid, See the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | | | | | |
| <i>Note.</i> —Coals brought Coastwise to any Port or Place within the Principality of Wales, on and after the 1st August 1820, will be subject and liable to such and the like Duties as now are, or then may be payable on Coals brought Coastwise into any Port of England, except the Port of London, See the Act to which this Table is annexed. | | | | | | |
| — Coals brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain into the Port of London, the Chaldron Winchester Measure | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which a Quantity of Coals, Culm, and Cladars, not exceeding 50,000 Tons in the whole, may be brought within One Year by the Great Ockendon and Fiddlingham Canals to London on Payment of the following Duty, See 45 Geo. 3. cap. 128. viz. | | | | | | |
| For every Ton of Culm so brought | 0 | 7 | 6 | — | | |
| A further Duty of 1s. 3d. per Ton on Culm so brought is also payable to the proper Officer of the Customs, and at the End of every Quarter is to be paid to the Corporation of London in lieu of the Duty called Orphan's Duty, and of all other Rates, Dues, and Duties payable to that Corporation upon Culm imported into the Port of London. | | | | | | |
| — Coals brought down the River Thames nearer to London than the City's Stone placed on the West Side of Staines Bridge in the County of Middlesex, and on which the Coast Duties shall not have been paid, the Ton | 0 | 10 | 0 | — | | |
| A further Duty of 1s. 3d. per Ton, on Culm so brought, is also payable to the proper Officer of the Customs, and at the End of every Quarter is to be paid to the Corporation of London in lieu of the Duty called Orphan's Duty, and of all other Rates, Dues, and Duties payable to that Corporation upon Culm imported into the Port of London. | | | | | | |

| TABLE (D.)—COASTWISE. | | Duty. | | | Drawback. | | |
|--|--|---------|--|--|-----------|--|--|
| | | ℥ s. d. | | | ℥ s. d. | | |
| <i>Coal, &c.—continued.</i> | | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions, Rules, and Regulations under which Coal may be so brought, and such Duties received, <i>See 50 Geo. 3. cap. 110.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — | Coal laden on board any Ship or Vessel cleared Coastwise at any Port in England or Wales, and delivered in any Port beyond the Sea, before the Duties due on the Exportation thereof shall have been paid, the Master of such Ship or Vessel shall not be permitted again to enter or clear the said Ship or Vessel Coastwise, or for Ports beyond the Sea, before he shall have paid not only the Export Duties on the greatest Quantity of Coal which it shall appear the Vessel is capable of containing, but also the further Sum of 2s. for every such Chaldron of Coal, Winchester Measure, to be applied and appropriated to the same Uses with the respective Duties payable on Coal exported. | | | | | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which such Duty of 2s. the Chaldron may be returned. <i>See 52 Geo. 3. cap. 9.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — | Coal shipped Coastwise at any Port in Scotland and delivered in any Port beyond the Sea, before the Duties due on the Exportation thereof shall have been paid, the Master of the Vessel shall not be permitted again to enter or clear out at any Port in Great Britain, until he shall have paid not only the Duties due on the Exportation of such Coal, but in addition thereto, for every Chaldron thereof so entered Coastwise, Winchester Measure - - - | 0 3 0 | | | — | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the said Duty of 2s. the Chaldron shall be repaid, <i>See 25 Geo. 3. cap. 54.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — | Coal to be used for the burning of Lime, carried from any Place within the Limits of the Port of Milford in the County of Pembroke, to any other Place within the Counties of Pembroke, Carmarthen, Cardigan, or Merioneth, the Chaldron Winchester Measure - - | 0 1 3 | | | — | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coal may be so carried, on Payment of the above Duty, <i>See 23 Geo. 3. cap. 15.</i> | | | | | | | |
| — | Coal, brought Coastwise from any Port in Great Britain into any other Port in England or Wales, except the Port of London, and except Coal carried from Milford as before mentioned, and also except Coal brought or carried Coastwise within the Principality of Wales, until the 1st August 1820, the Chaldron Winchester Measure - - - | 0 1 3 | | | 0 1 3 | | |
| — | Coal carried from any Part of the Lancaster Canal, or any of the Branches thereof, or from any Part or Place within the Hundred of Lonsdale in the County of Lancaster into the Ulverston Canal, across or along the Bay or Estuary separating the Two Canals, are not liable to any Duty of Customs. | | | | | | |

TABLE (D).—COASTWISE.

Coals, &c.—continued.

— Coals, brought or carried Coastwise to any Port within the Principality of Wales, until the 1st August 1830, viz.

- - - in case most usually sold by Weight, the Ton containing 20 cwt.
- - - in case most usually sold by Measure, the Chaldron Winchester Measure

Note.—Coals brought Coastwise to any Port or Place within the Principality of Wales, on and after the 1st August 1830, will be subject and liable to such and the like Duties, as now are, or then may be payable on Coals brought Coastwise into any Port of England, except the Port of London. See the Act to which this Table is annexed.

For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coals may be carried on the Monmouthshire Canal, and afterwards carried or conveyed from any Port or Place to the Eastward of the Islands called the Helms, to any other Port or Place in or upon the River Severn, also to the Eastward of the said Islands, without passing to the Westward thereof, without Payment of Duty, See 37 Geo. 3. cap. 140. And for the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coals may be carried or conveyed on the Monmouthshire Canal, or on any of the Railways or Tramroads connected therewith, and afterwards carried to the Port of Bridgewater only by a Passage to the Westward of the Islands called the Helms, notwithstanding the Restrictions before mentioned, without Payment of Duty, See 48 Geo. 3. cap. 115. of the Public Local and Personal Acts.

— Cinders made of Pit Coal brought Coastwise from any Port in Great Britain, into any other Port in England or Wales, the Chaldron Winchester Measure

For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which a Quantity of Coals, Coals, and Cinders, not exceeding 50,000 Tons in the Whole, may be brought within One Year by the Grand Junction and Paddington Canals to London, on Payment of the following Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 128.

For every Ton of Cinders so brought

A further Duty of 1s. 3d. per Ton on Cinders so brought, is also payable to the proper Officer of the Customs, and at the End of every Quarter is to be paid to the Corporation of London, in lieu of the Duty called Orphan's Duty, and of all other Rates, Dues, and Duties payable to that Corporation upon Cinders imported into the Port of London.

— Cinders brought down the River Thames nearer to London than the City's Stone placed on the West Side of Staines Bridge, in the County of Middlesex, and on which the Coast Duties shall not have been paid, the Ton

A further Duty of 1s. 3d. per Ton on Cinders so brought, is also payable to the proper Officer of the Customs, and at the End of every Quarter is to be paid to the Corporation

Duty.

Dramatic.

0 0 0 0 0 0

0 0 15

0 0 2

0 6 0

0 7 6

0 10 0

| TABLE (D.)—COASTWISE. | Duty. | Drawback. |
|--|--------|-----------|
| | s. d. | s. d. |
| <i>Coals, &c.—continued.</i>
of London, in lieu of the Duty called Orphan's Duty, and of all other Rates, Dues and Duties payable to that Corporation upon Cinders imported into the Port of London. | | |
| For the Conditions, Rules, and Regulations under which Cinders may be so brought, and such Duties received, See 50 Geo. 3. cap. 110. | | |
| — Cinders taken on board any Ship or Vessel cleared Coastwise at any Port in England or Wales, and delivered in any Port beyond the Sea, before the Duties due on the Exportation thereof shall have been paid, the Master of such Ship or Vessel shall not be permitted again to enter or clear the said Ship or Vessel Coastwise, or for Ports beyond the Sea, before he shall have paid not only the Export Duties on the greatest Quantity of Cinders which it shall appear the Vessel is capable of containing, but also the further Sum of 2s. for every such Chaldron of Cinders, Winchester Measure, to be applied and appropriated to the same Uses with the respective Duties payable on Cinders exported. | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which such Duty of 2s. the Chaldron may be returned, See 52 Geo. 3. cap. 9. | | |
| — Cinders shipped Coastwise at any Port in Scotland, and delivered in any Port beyond the Sea, before the Duties due on the Exportation thereof shall have been paid, the Master of the Vessel shall not be permitted again to enter or clear out at any Port in Great Britain, until he shall have paid not only the Duties due on the Exportation of such Cinders, but, in addition thereto, for every Chaldron thereof so entered Coastwise, Winchester Measure | 0 3 0 | — |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the said Duty of 2s. the Chaldron shall be repaid, See 55 Geo. 3. c. 54. | | |
| — Cinders, carried from any Part of the Lancaster Canal or any of the Branches thereof, or from any Port or Place within the Hundred of Lonsdale, in the County of Lancaster, into the Ulverston Canal, across or along the Bay or Estuary separating the two Canals, are not liable to any Duty of Customs. | | |
| For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coke, Cakes, Cinders, or Coked Coals burnt from Pit Coal, on which the proper Duties shall have been paid or secured, may be brought or carried Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain to any other Port or Place in England or Wales, without Payment of any further Duty of Customs, See 9 and 10 Wm. 3. cap. 12. and 53 Geo. 3. cap. 174. | | |
| Slate, of the Production of Great Britain, brought Coastwise from any Port or Place within Great Britain to any other Port or Place therein, for every £100 of the Value | 28 8 0 | 26 8 0 |
| Stone, of the Production of Great Britain, brought Coastwise from any Port or Place within Great Britain to any other Port or Place therein (except as herein-after mentioned), for every £100 of the Value | 28 8 0 | — |

| TABLE (D).—COASTWISE. | Duty. | Drawback. |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| <i>Stones—continued.</i> | <i>d. s. d.</i> | <i>d. s. d.</i> |
| <p>For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which any Marble, Limestone, or Ironstone whatever; any Stone cut or manufactured into Mill Stones, Grind Stones, or Whet Stones, or either of them; any Stone manufactured or converted into Posts, and Caps for Corn Scales or Mowsteads, Troughs, Gate Posts, or other Articles used for the Purposes of Husbandry; or Stone used for the Purpose of repairing and upholding Sea Banks and Sea Walls in Great Britain; any Grown Stone, or Stone commonly called or known by the Name of Grown Stone, or Stone commonly called or known by the Name of China Stone, or any other Stone to be used in the Manufacture of Porcelain or of Pottery, or any Stones whatever cut or manufactured into Burr Stones, may be entered without Payment of Duty, See 24 Geo. 3. cap. 51. and 39 and 40 Geo. 3. cap. 51.</p> | | |
| <p>For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the Duty on Stones that have been used in making Barn Floors, may be repaid, See the Act to which this Table is annexed.</p> | | |

TABLE (E.)

A TABLE of the TONNAGE DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Ships or Vessels entering INWARDS or OUTWARDS (except in Ballast) in any Port of Great Britain from or to Foreign Parts.

| TABLE (E.)—TONNAGE. | Duty. |
|---|---------|
| Tonnage Duty on Ships and Vessels entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) in any Port of Great Britain from or to Foreign Parts, viz. | ℥ s. d. |
| For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, or Alderney, the Greenland Seas, the Southern Whale Fishery, the Islands of Newfoundland, Cape Breton, St. John, or Prince Edward's Island, or the Coast of Labrador - - - | 0 9 6 |
| For the Suspension of this Duty, as far as it relates to Ships and Vessels entering Inwards or Outwards in any Port of Great Britain from or to the Island of Newfoundland, until the 8th July 1804, See the Act to which this Table is annexed. | |
| For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to the Cape of Good Hope - - | 0 2 6 |
| For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, except the Cape of Good Hope - | 0 3 0 |
| For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to any Port or Place not otherwise enumerated or described, except the Isle of Man - - | 0 1 0 |
| For every Ton Burthen of every Packet or Passage Vessel belonging to the Subjects of His most Christian Majesty, which shall land or unlade any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, or take in or set on Shore any Passengers, in any Port, Creek, Harbour or Road of Great Britain, except any Ship or Vessel used only for the Purposes of Pleasure, and which shall not carry any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, or any Passengers, for Hire or Reward - - - | 0 3 6 |
| <p><i>Note.</i>—His Majesty is empowered by His Royal Proclamation or Proclamations, issued by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, or by His Majesty's Order or Orders in Council to be published from Time to Time in the London Gazette, to direct such Duty or Duties as shall be therein specified, to be levied, collected, and paid in the Ports of Great Britain, on the entering or clearing out of the Packets or Passage Vessels of such Foreign Countries as shall be named in the said Proclamations or Orders in Council, and from Time to Time, by any such Proclamations or Orders in Council issued or published as aforesaid, to revoke, diminish, or increase such Duties to the same Amount as similar Duties may be respectively revoked, diminished, or increased on British Packets or Passage Vessels entering or clearing out from the Ports or Harbours of such Foreign Countries. But no such Proclamations or Orders in Council shall extend to any Ship or Vessel used only for the Purposes of Pleasure, and which shall not carry any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, or any Passengers, for Hire or Reward. See 56 Geo. 3. cap. 3.</p> | |
| <p><i>Note.</i>—The Tonnage Duty is not payable on Ships or Vessels employed in the Fisheries on the Coast of Great Britain, and not entering Outwards for Foreign Parts; or on any Ships or Vessels bringing Oysters from Jersey or Guernsey; or on any British or Irish-built Ship or Vessel owned by British Subjects, which is not required to be registered. See the Act to which this Table is annexed.</p> | |

TABLE (F.)

LISTS of ARTICLES which may be Lodged in WAREHOUSES, or otherwise secured, at approved Ports in Great Britain, under the Rules, Regulations, and Securities required by Law, without Payment, at the Time of the First Entry, of the Duties due on the Importation thereof.

TABLE (F.)—WAREHOUSED GOODS.

LIST (A.)

A List of Articles which when imported into the Port of London may be lodged and secured in Warehouses within the Premises situated at the Isle of Dogs, belonging to the West India Dock Company.

| | | | |
|------------------|---|---|--|
| Cocoa Nuts | - | - | } Not being the Produce of, nor imported from any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies. |
| Coffee | - | - | |
| Sugar | - | - | |
| Cashu Nutts | - | - | |
| Annetto or Baccu | - | - | |
| Angustura Bark | - | - | } Imported from the West Indies, and also all other Articles so imported which are enumerated in List E. |
| Cotton Wool | - | - | |
| Ginger | - | - | |
| Indigo | - | - | |
| Mahogany | - | - | |
| Melasses | - | - | } Being the Growth or Produce of, and imported directly from any of the Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal. |
| Pimento | - | - | |
| Rum | - | - | |
| Cocoa Nuts | - | - | |
| Coffee | - | - | |
| Sugar | - | - | |
| Cotton Wool | - | - | |
| Ginger | - | - | |
| Indigo | - | - | |
| Mahogany | - | - | |
| Melasses | - | - | |
| Pimento | - | - | |
| Rum | - | - | |

TABLE (F).—WAREHOUSED GOODS.

LIST (B.)

A List of Articles which when imported into the Port of London may be lodged and secured in Warehouses within the Premises belonging to the London Dock Company.

| | | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| Brandy | - | - | } Not being the Produce of, nor imported from any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies (Spirits and Wine excepted), or not being imported from the West Indies. |
| Geneva and other Spirits | - | - | |
| Rice | - | - | |
| Tobacco | - | - | |
| Wine | - | - | } Being the Growth or Produce of, and imported directly from any of the Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal. |
| Cocoa Nuts | - | - | |
| Coffee | - | - | |
| Sugar | - | - | |
| Cotton Wool | - | - | } Being the Produce of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and imported otherwise than by the said United Company. |
| Ginger | - | - | |
| Indigo | - | - | |
| Mahogany | - | - | |
| Melasses | - | - | } |
| Pepper | - | - | |
| Rum | - | - | |
| Spirits | - | - | |
| Wine | - | - | |

LIST (C.)

A List of Articles which (not being the Produce of, nor imported from any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or not being imported from the West Indies) may be lodged and secured in Places approved by the Commissioners of the Customs.

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Brimstone. | Rape Seed. |
| Cork. | Resin. |
| Hemp undressed. | Sassa. |
| Iron in Bars. | Tallow. |
| Iron slit or hammered into Rods, and | Tar. |
| Iron drawn or hammered less than | Timber. |
| ½ of an Inch square. | Toes. |
| Kelp. | Turpentine. |
| Mahogany. | Wood. |
| Marble Blocks. | Zaffre or Cobalt. |
| Oil of Turpentine. | Linseed. |
| Pitch. | |

TABLE (F.)—WAREHOUSED GOODS.

LIST (D.)

A List of Articles which (not being the Produce of, nor imported from, any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or not being imported into the Port of London from the West Indies) may be lodged and secured in Warehouses or Places approved by the Commissioners of the Customs.

Hides.

Oil of British Fishing, *viz.*

— Spermaceti or Head Matter.

— Train Oil, and all other Fish Oil.

Blubber of British Fishing.

Whale Fine of British Fishing.

Skins and Furs, *viz.*

— Indian Deer Skins, half dressed or shaved.

— Skins and Furs of all Sorts, not tanned, tewed, or in any way dressed.

LIST (E.)

A List of Articles which (not being the Produce of, nor imported from any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or not being imported into the Port of London from the West Indies) may be lodged and secured at such Ports, and in such Warehouses, or other Places, as now are or may be approved and directed by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury.

Alboretta.

Almonds.

Anchorites.

Angusture Bark.

Aniseed.

Annotto or Rocou.

Arrow Root.

Ashes.

Balsam of all sorts.

Barilla.

Beads, *viz.*

— Amber Beads.

— Coral Beads.

Bees Wax.

Brides undressed.

Buck Wheat.

Cantharides.

Caryote, Turkey.

Cassia Fimula.

Callings or Labestrings.

Chip Hats.

Citrus of Lime.

Clover Seed.

Cochineal.

Cochineal Dust.

Cocoa Nuts.

Coffee.

Cotton Wool.

Cotton Yarn.

Currants.

Elephants Teeth.

Essence of Bergamot.

— of Lemon.

— of Spruce, the Produce of the British Colonies in America, and imported from thence.

Euphorbium.

Feathers for Beds.

Figs.

Flax.

Ginger.

Ginseng.

Granilla.

Gum Arabic.

— Copal.

— Senegal.

— Guaiacum.

Hairs.

Harpsstrings.

Horns.

Jalap.

Jessita Bark.

Jet.

India Rubbers.

Indigo.

Irishman.

Juice of Lemons.

— of Limes.

TABLE (F.)—WAREHOUSED GOODS.

List (E.)—continued.

| | |
|---|--|
| Juice of Oranges. | Oil of Walnut. |
| Juniper Berries. | Opium. |
| Lamp Black. | Orange Flower Water. |
| Linen, plain, of all Sorts (except Sail Cloth). | — Ginnent. |
| Lined Cases. | Pearl Barley. |
| Liquorice Powder. | Pictures. |
| Mahogany. | Pimento. |
| Manna. | Pitch, Burgundy. |
| Mercury. | Pots, Melting. |
| Mohair Yarn. | Prunes. |
| Molasses. | Quicksilver. |
| Oil of Almonds. | Radix Serpentaria. |
| — of Amber. | Rags. |
| — of Aniseed. | Raisins of all sorts. |
| — of Bay. | Rape Cakes. |
| — of Cloves. | Rhinoceros. |
| — of Caraway. | Rhubarb. |
| — of Cassia. | Rum. |
| — of Castor. | Saccharum Sativum. |
| — Chemical, not otherwise enumerated. | Saffron. |
| — of Cinnamon. | Sal Armoniacus. |
| — of Cloves. | — Gum. |
| — of Jesumina. | — Linonum or Acetosella. |
| — of Juniper. | — Peucedan. |
| — of Lavender. | — Suetid. |
| — of Linseed. | Sapores. |
| — of Mace. | Sarsaparilla. |
| — of Marjoram. | Sena. |
| — of Nutmegs. | Silk, Raw, Thrown, or Waste. |
| — of Olives. | Srads. |
| — of Oranges. | Straw Hats. |
| — of Palm. | Succus Liquoridis, or Liquorice Juice. |
| — Perfumed, not otherwise enumerated. | Sugar. |
| — of Pine. | Tapioca. |
| — Rock. | Tea, Barbados. |
| — of Rosemary. | Tornal. |
| — of Rosewood. | Toys. |
| — Saled. | Verdigris. |
| — of Savolina. | Vermilion. |
| — of Spice. | Vinellon. |
| — of Thyme. | And all other Goods unmanufactured, |
| — of Turpentine. | except Salt. |

For the Conditions, Regulations, Restrictions, and Securities under which Goods enumerated in the preceding Lists may be lodged and secured in approved Places, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 182.—43 Geo. 3. cap. 87.—43 Geo. 3. cap. 137.—47 Geo. 3. cap. 48.—48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.—49 Geo. 3. cap. 105.—50 Geo. 3. cap. 66.—51 Geo. 3. cap. 142.

TABLE (F.)—WAREHOUSED GOODS.

LIST (F.)

A List of Articles which may be lodged and secured in approved Places, under the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions directed by particular Statutes.

Tobacco and Snuff. See 39 Geo. 3. cap. 38.

Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies. See 39 Geo. 3. cap. 39.—43 Geo. 3. cap. 132.—and 54 Geo. 3. cap. 36.

Corn, Meal, and Flour. See 54 Geo. 3. cap. 36.

CAP. LIII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty certain additional Duties of Excise on Tea, Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, Tobacco and Snuff, Pepper, Malt and Brandy Spirits, and consolidating the same with the former Duties thereon; and for amending certain Laws of Excise relating thereto.

[24 July 1819.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards making the Supplies necessary to defray the Expenses of Your Majesty's Government, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the several Rates and Duties of Excise herein respectively annexed; and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted: And be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be levied, collected, and paid, as and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon the several Goods, Wares, Merchandise and Commodities mentioned and described in the Schedules A. and B. respectively hereto annexed, the several Rates of Money and Duties of Excise as they are respectively inserted, defined and set forth in the said Schedules, over and above all Duties that have been contained or paid, or that shall have been or may be granted, had or imposed thereon, or in respect thereof, by any Act or Acts of the present Session of Parliament; and that there shall be allowed and paid to the several Persons entitled to the same, the several Drawbacks of Excise respectively inserted, defined and set forth in the Schedule C. hereto annexed; and that the said several Duties and Drawbacks respectively, and the several Provisions of this Act, shall respectively commence and take effect on and from the respective Days hereinafter in that behalf mentioned, in every Case in which a particular Day is hereinafter specified; and in all Cases where no other particular Day is specified, from the Fifth Day of July in the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Days respectively on which the Duties hereby imposed shall respectively commence and take effect, all and singular the Duties on Tea, Tobacco and Snuff, Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, and on Pepper (not being Cayenne, Long Pepper or Guinea Pepper), and on Malt respectively, and on Beer exported or brought from Ireland into Great Britain, and on Wort or Malt brewed or made for extracting Spirits in England for Home Consumption, and on Spirits extracted in England for Home Consumption, or extracted in England and imported or brought into Scotland, or extracted in Scotland and imported or brought into England or Scotland respectively, or into England through Scotland, and the Drawbacks payable in Great Britain on Tea, Tobacco and Snuff, Chocolate, Malt and Beer exported, shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable in law and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrear thereof respectively, which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Taxes, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the said Days respectively; and save and except the Duties of Customs payable on Tobacco and Snuff, which shall not cease or determine until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or in anywise alter the Duties upon Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, continued by as Act made in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff in Great Britain, and on Potatoes, Liqueur and Foreign Spirits in England, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen*; and the Duties payable on Excise Licences.

III. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where Duties are imposed or Drawbacks allowed by this Act on any specific Quantity of Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities, the same shall in every Case, be understood and deemed and taken to apply in the same Proportions, and after the same Rate, to any greater or less Quantity than such specific Quantity.

IV. And

The Duties specified in the annexed Schedules A. and B. and the Drawbacks specified in Schedule C. shall not be levied.

Commencement of Duties and Drawbacks.

Duties on the Articles herein mentioned to cease when the same Duties are imposed, except Licences, &c.

Proviso for Duties on Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, of a. p. notes, and on Excise Licences.

Duties and Drawbacks proportionate to the actual Quantity.

Duties under the Com-
mission of Ex-
cise.

paid into Ex-
chequer and
carried to Con-
solidated Fund.

§ 8 G. 3. c. 45.

The yearly Sum of 1,000,000
Average
Amount of
Duty on Malt
heretofore equalled
an equal in
quarterly Pay-
ments, and the
Remainder ap-
plied as herein
directed.

The yearly Sum of 1,000,000
Average
Amount of
Duties of Ex-
cise on Tea, for
heretofore equalled
an equal in
quarterly Pay-
ments, and the
Remainder ap-
plied as directed.

Excise on as
the Duty, shall
the Amount of
Duty on Tea.

How the said
Duty shall be
applied.

§ 8 G. 3. c. 17.

Duties and
Drawbacks
under this Act
to be levied and
allowed as
former Duties
and Drawbacks
of Excise.

and the Goods
liable to the
Regulations of
former Acts.

IV. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

V. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys arising by the Duties hereby imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted), shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

VI. And Whereas an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for raising the Sum of Three Millions by the Transfer of certain Three Pounds per Centum Annuities into other Annuities, at the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum; and for granting Annuities to different certain Exchequer Bills: And Whereas no Provision has been made by Parliament for the Payment of the Charges occasioned by the said Act: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, out of the Moneys to be paid into the said Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer as aforesaid, there shall be set apart the yearly Sum of One million one hundred and three thousand three hundred and twenty seven Pounds, being the aggregate Amount of the Duties of Excise on Malt heretofore equalled, upon an Average of Two Years ending on the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and which yearly Sum shall be set apart by Four equal Portions Quarterly, on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October in every Year; and after setting apart the said Sum of One million one hundred and three thousand three hundred and twenty seven Pounds, the Remainder of the Moneys to be paid into the Exchequer as aforesaid shall be deemed an Addition made to the Public Revenue of Great Britain, for the purpose of defraying the increased annual Charge occasioned by the Loan made, or Stock created, by virtue of the said Act of the last Session of Parliament.*

VII. And be it further enacted, That out of the Moneys to be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer as aforesaid, there shall be set apart the yearly Sum of Seven millions four hundred and forty thousand and seventy four Pounds Fifteen Shillings, being the aggregate Amount of the Duties of Excise on Tea, Tobacco and Sugar, Coffee, Cocoa Nuts and Pepper, on Beer imported from Ireland, and on Wort or Malt made for distilling Spirits in England for Home Consumption, and on Spirits extracted in England for Home Consumption, or imported into Scotland, or extracted in Scotland and imported into England, or extracted in Ireland and exported into England or Scotland, or into England through Scotland, heretofore equalled, upon an Average of Two Years ending on the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and which yearly Sum shall be set apart by Four equal Portions Quarterly, on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October, in every Year; and after setting apart the said Sum of Seven millions four hundred and forty thousand and seventy four Pounds Fifteen Shillings, the Remainder of the Moneys to be paid into the Exchequer as aforesaid shall (except the Sum of Sixty six thousand six hundred and ninety nine Pounds, being a Moiety of the estimated annual Amount of the increased Duty on Tea heretofore granted), shall be deemed an Addition made to the Public Revenue of Great Britain, for the purpose of defraying the increased annual Charge occasioned by the Loan made, or Stock created, by any Act passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Sum of Sixty six thousand six hundred and ninety nine Pounds, being the other Moiety of the estimated annual Amount of the increased Duty on Tea heretofore granted, shall be set apart by Four equal Portions Quarterly, on the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October in every Year, and shall be issued and applied in such and the like Manner, and to and for the same Uses and Purposes as the Moneys arising by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend, and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, are or shall be from time to time by any Act or Acts of Parliament directed to be issued and applied.*

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said several Sums of Money respectively intitled, defined and set forth in the said respective Schedules A. and B. heretofore annexed, as the Duties and Countervailing Duties of Excise hereby imposed, and the Drawbacks set forth in the said Schedule C., upon the several Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities respectively mentioned therein, shall and may be respectively raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered, adjudged, assigned and allowed, in such and the like Manner, and in or by any or either of the general or special Means, Ways or Methods (except in far as the same are hereby altered,) by which the former Duties and Drawbacks of Excise respectively, upon Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities of the same Sorts or Kinds respectively, were or might be raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered, adjudged, assigned and allowed; and that the Duties respectively hereby imposed upon Tobacco and Sugar, Coffee and Cocoa, and upon Pepper respectively, shall be paid by and levied and recovered from the same Persons and Persons by whom such Goods respectively shall have been or shall be taken out of the Warehouse, on Payment of the former Duties thereon, on or after the Sixth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and that the Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities to be thus Act respectively made liable to the Payment of, or chargeable with Duties of Excise, or entitled to Drawbacks of Excise, as respectively intitled, defined and set forth in the said Schedules respectively heretofore annexed, shall be and the same are hereby made subject to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Provisions not hereby altered, to which any Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities were generally or specially subject or liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament to force immediately before the passing of this Act, respecting the Duties of Excise; and all and

every Pair, Punt, or other Vessel of any Nature, or Kind whatever, for every Offence whatever, committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, made for Securing the Revenue of Excise, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers, and Directions therein contained (not hereby altered), shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, profited, and put in execution for and in respect of the several Duties and Drawbacks of Excise hereby charged and allowed, in as full and ample a Manner, to all Intents and Purposes whatever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fees, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Masters or Makers of Malt, Sellers and Retailers of Malt, Brewers, Distillers, Inskippers, Vintners and Vinegar Makers, and all and every other Persons or Persons whatsoever, who is or are entrusted for them, or any or either of them, or for the Use, Benefit or Account of them, or any or either of them, shall have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, or in his, her or their Houses, Outshouses, Barns, Granaries, or in any other Place or Places whatsoever, upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, any Parcel or Quantity of Malt whatsoever, ground or unground, shall on that Day, or within Ten Days next ensuing, give a true and particular Account thereof in Writing at the Office of Excise within the Limits of which he, she or they shall then respectively inhabit; and that every Master and Maker of Malt shall in like manner give such Account of the Disposal of all the Malt which he, she or they shall have made, or had in his, her or their Possession within One Calendar Month preceding the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, specifying the Quantity of Malt, and the Date of each and every Delivery thereof, and the Name and Residence of the Person to whom the same respectively was sold or delivered, and the Place at which the same respectively was delivered, upon pain of forfeiting the Sum of One hundred Pounds, or Forty Shillings for every Bushel of such Malt, at the Election of the Attorney General, or the Person who shall sue or prosecute for the same, for every Neglect therein; and the Malt of which no such Account as aforesaid, or of which a false Account shall be given, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Duties by this Act imposed on Malt Stock in hand shall be payable and paid in manner following: (that is to say), Three pence, Part thereof, for every Bushel of such Malt, on the Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; Three pence, other Part thereof, for every Bushel of such Malt, on the Tenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty; Four pence, other Part thereof, for every Bushel of such Malt, on the Tenth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and Four pence, the Remainder thereof, for every Bushel of such Malt thereof, on the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and all such Masters or Makers of Malt, Sellers or Retailers of Malt, Brewers, Distillers, Inskippers, Vintners and Vinegar Makers, who shall refuse to make such Payments, or any or either of them, for his, her or their Stock of Malt, at such times or times respectively, shall forfeit double the Amount of all the Duties charged or chargeable for or in respect of such Stock of Malt, or One hundred Pounds, at the Election of His Majesty's Attorney General, or the Person who shall sue or prosecute for the same.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Officers of Excise respectively to take a true and particular Account and Admeasurement of all such Malt as any Master or Maker of Malt, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Brewer, Distiller, Inskipper, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, or any Person or Persons in trust, or for the Use, Benefit or Account of them, or for any or either of them, shall, on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, have or be possessed of or interested in, and for that Purpose to enter into any Dwelling House, Outshouse, Barn, Granary or other Place whatsoever belonging to every or any such Master or Maker of Malt, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Brewer, Distiller, Inskipper, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, and each of them; and every such Person is hereby required to permit and suffer such Officers or Officers, on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, or afterwards, at any time before the Duty upon such Malt shall be paid, at his or their Request, to enter and take such Account and Admeasurement thereof as aforesaid, and for that Purpose to call such Malt into a regular Form for the better ascertaining the Quantity thereof; and if they, or any or either of them, shall refuse to permit or suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to do so, or if any Person or Persons shall obstruct, oppose, molest or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in the due Execution of such Powers hereby given, or shall use, or permit or suffer to be used, any Means, Art or Contrivance, by which any Officer or Officers may be deceived, hindered or obstructed in ascertaining or taking a true Account of the actual Quantity of all such Malt, he, she or they shall respectively forfeit One hundred Pounds, or Forty Shillings for every Bushel of such Malt, at the Election of His Majesty's Attorney General, or the Person who shall sue or prosecute for the same, for every such Offence; and if any Master or Maker of Malt, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Brewer, Distiller, Inskipper, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, or any other Person or Persons having in his, her or their Custody or Possession any Quantity of Malt chargeable by this Act with the said Duty or Duties, or any Part thereof, for Stock in hand as aforesaid, shall clandestinely remove or carry away, or take or suffer to be removed or carried away, the same, or any Part thereof, before the Duties thereupon shall be charged, or shall fraudulently conceal or hide, or cause or suffer to be concealed or hid, or shall not produce to the Inspection of the Officer of Excise or Gaugers such Malt, and every Part thereof, that then and in every such Case, every Person is offending, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, or Forty Shillings for every Bushel of such Malt, at the Election of His Majesty's Attorney General, or the Person who shall sue or prosecute for the same; and the Malt which shall be so clandestinely removed or carried away, or fraudulently concealed or hid, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession such Malt shall

Malsters, &c. to give an Account to Officers of Malt in Penances on July 5, 1819. Malsters to give a true Account of Malt in Penances within One Month previous to that Day, stating certain Particulars of Malt.

Penalty.

Duties payable on Malt Stock in hand.

Penalty.

Officers of Excise may enter Premises for Malsters, &c. to take an Account of Malt in Stock on 5th July 1819.

Not suffering Officers to take Stock, or measuring them on Excesses of Duty.

Penalty.

Clandestinely removing Malt before Taxes charged, or concealing, &c.

Penalty.

Malt forfeited.

be

Persons having
such Malt in
Possession, &c.
Penalty.

Allowance to be
deducted from
the Amount
taken of Malt
drawn in bond
for the Importation.

Shall may add
additional Duties
to the Price
of Articles con-
tracted for.

From June 1,
1819, Distillers
in Scotland to
make in Return
Wine for Permit
for Exportation
of Spirits for the
particular to
England, when
such Spirits
were exported
before that
Day, &c.

the Shipments
of Beer for
Drawback,
Exporters and
Brewers to make
Oath to certain
Particulars.

On Shipments
of Tobacco for
Drawback, cer-
tain Affidavit to
be made by Ma-
nufacturers.

Police Regu-
lations, Penalty
upon, and Con-
sequences of
Antiduty.

Regulations
contained in
Acts in force
relating to Tea,
&c. hereinafter
mentioned
enacted by
Officers of Cu-
stoms, shall be

be found, who shall not before the Delivery thereof, give Notice at the next Office of Excise of the Quantity of Malt to be so, but on their Delivery on Delivery, shall also before the Sum of One hundred Pounds, or Forty Shillings for every Bushel of such Malt, at the Election of His Majesty's Attorney General, or the Person who shall sue for or prosecute for the same.

XII. And be it further enacted, That on all Malt which shall on the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, be in the Possession of any Master or Maker of Malt, Seller or Receiver of Malt, Brewer, Distiller, Importer, Wholesaler or Vinegar Maker, or any Person or Persons in trade, or for the Use, Benefit or Account of him, her or them, or any of them, and which shall be taken account of by any Officers of Excise, and charged with the Duty on Malt Stock in hand hereby imposed, there shall be allowed and deducted from such Account, previous to such Charge of Duty, Twelve *per Centum* on all Beers or Porter unground Malt, and Five *per Centum* on all other unground Malt, for the Sweil or Sweale thereof, over the Quantity of such Malt charged with Duty when made.

XIII. And Whereas Contracts or Agreements may have been made for the Sale or Delivery of some of the Articles or Commodities on which the said additional Duties of Excise are by this Act granted, which Contracts or Agreements may have been made with no Reference to such additional Duties, and thereby the several Contracts may be materially affected: For Remedy thereof, be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons who shall or may have made or entered into any such Contract or Agreement shall, and he and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered, in the Case of any such Contract or Agreement, to add in such Money as will be equivalent to the additional Duty hereby granted on any such Article or Commodity respectively to the Price thereof, and shall be entitled by virtue of this Act to be paid for the same accordingly.

XIV. And Whereas Spirits extracted in Scotland before the Ninth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, for Exportation to England, are by this Act made chargeable, on the Importation thereof into England, with the Duty of Nine Shillings and Five pence Halfpenny *per Gallon*, and Spirits extracted in Scotland, for Exportation to England, after the Ninth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, are made chargeable on the Importation thereof into England, with the Duty of Ten Shillings and Sixpence *per Gallon*: And Whereas it is expedient that the Officers of Excise in Scotland should certify, on every such Shipment of Spirits for exportation to England, whether the same was extracted before the Ninth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, until the whole of the Stock of every such Distiller extracted before that Day shall be wholly exported and brought into England: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Ninth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, every such Distiller so aforesaid shall, in his or their Request Note for a Permit to accompany the Removal of any such Spirits as aforesaid, specify and declare therein whether such Spirits were extracted before the said Ninth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and that in every such Permit the proper Officer and Officers of Excise in Scotland shall specify whether the Spirits therein mentioned are Part of the Stock of such Distiller extracted before that Day, until the whole of the Stock of Spirits of such and every such Distiller in Scotland extracted before that Day, shall be exported and brought into England; and in default thereof, any Quantity of such Spirits to be imported, without such Specification as aforesaid, shall be deemed to be spirits extracted after the Ninth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and shall be charged with and pay the Duty of Ten Shillings and Sixpence for every Gallon thereof.

XV. And be it further enacted, That on every Shipment of Beer for Exportation on Drawback made after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, the Shipper or Exporter thereof, together with the Brewer thereof, or his Foreman or Manager, shall make oath (which Oath the Officers of Excise are hereby empowered to administer), according to the oath of his and their Knowledge and Belief, that the same has been brewed wholly from Malt which has been charged with and paid the Duty of Three Shillings and Sixpence for every Bushel thereof; and in his and their Affidavit thereof specify the time when, and the Place where, and the Brewer by whom such Beer was brewed, and that the Quantity of Malt employed in the brewing of such Beer was in the Proportion of not less than Two Bushels for every Barrel thereof; and that every Manufacturer of Tobacco who shall after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, ship for Exportation on Drawback any manufactured Plug or Roll Tobacco, shall, in his Affidavit of the Duties thereon having been duly paid, specify that the Duty of Four Shillings *per Pound* has been paid upon the whole of such Tobacco, and the time when, and the Place where such Duty was paid, and that if any Person or Persons shall ship any Beer or any manufactured Tobacco for Exportation on the Drawback hereby granted on Beer and manufactured Plug or Roll Tobacco respectively, or shall claim any such Drawback thereon respectively, without making such Affidavit respectively as aforesaid, no such Drawback shall be payable or paid; and if such Duties respectively shall be so taken to have been paid, and shall not have been paid, or if any such shall be in any other respect false and untrue, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and all such Beer and Tobacco respectively shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XVI. And Whereas the respective Duties payable in Great Britain, for and upon Tea, Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, Tobacco and Snuff, and upon Pepper, not being Cayenne, Long Pepper or Guinea Pepper, are by this Act made wholly Exempt Duties: Be it therefore enacted, That all and singular the Powers and Authorities, Rules and Regulations, contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in anywise relating to Tea, Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, Tobacco and Snuff, or such Pepper respectively, or to the Importation, storing, loading, warehousing, weighing, gathering, Removal, Delivery, Exportation or bonding thereof, contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at or immediately before the passing of this Act, and granted to and heretofore exercised by the Commissioners and Officers of Customs, shall be, from and after the passing of this Act,

And, whereas, recorded and put in force by the Commissioners and Officers of Excise, for securing and collecting the Duties on Tea, Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, Tobacco and Snuff, and each Pepper respectively, hereby imposed; and that all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by any such Act or Acts of Parliament, for any Act or Acts which may happen to be done, or related or neglected to be done, by any Person or Persons in anywise relating to Tea, Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, Tobacco and Snuff, or each Pepper respectively, or to the Importation, entering, landing, warehousing, weighing, packing, removal, Delivery, Exportation or landing thereof, without the Warrant, Order, Approbation or Permission of the Commissioners or Officers of Customs respectively, shall be incurred, lost and forfeited, upon the like Act or Acts being done or related or neglected to be done, without the Warrant, Order, Approbation or Permission of the Commissioners or Officers of Excise, in like manner, and to all Intents and Purposes, and shall be held for, enforced, levied, originated and applied, as if all and singular such Powers and Authorities had been originally given and granted to such Commissioners and Officers of Excise respectively, and such Rules, Regulations, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures were so inserted and contained in this present Act; any thing in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorised and empowered, by any Writing under their Hands, to make and offer such Orders, Directions and Regulations, as they from time to time shall think necessary or expedient for facilitating the official Business to be transacted in respect to the Importation, warehousing or Exportation of Tea, Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, Tobacco, Snuff and Pepper respectively; and for more effectually and conveniently transacting, in pursuance of this Act, the Collection of the whole of the Duties on such Goods and Merchandise respectively from the Commissioners of Customs to the Commissioners of Excise; any thing in this Act, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XVIII. And Whereas the Duties upon Tea are by Law to be computed on the Price at which the same shall be sold: And Whereas Tea has been unlawfully landed, and has been taken out of the Warehouse or Storehouse in which the same has been put, and fraudulently carried into Consumption, without being publicly sold, and without Payment of Duty, and by reason of such Tea not being publicly sold, no Rate or Amount of Duty therein could be fixed or computed: Be it therefore enacted, That whenever any Tea imported into Great Britain shall be unlawfully landed, or shall be fraudulently taken or carried away out of any Ship or Vessel, or any Warehouse, Storehouse or Place in which the same has been lodged or put without Payment of Duty, or shall be allowed or ordered to be sold as bled, or as forfeited and condemned Goods, the Amount of Duty which attached on the Importation thereof shall be computed, and where such Duty is by Law payable, shall be paid at the same Rate or Price at which Tea of the best Quality of the like Kind was sold at the last preceding Sale of Tea by the East India Company.

XIX. And Whereas by an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it was, amongst other Things enacted, that a Deduction or Allowance of One Sixteenth Part shall be made from and upon every One hundred Pounds Weight of all Coffee in the Bulk, of the Growth and Produce of the Island of Sumatra, or of any other Single Colony or Plantation in America, imported into Great Britain, for which Quantity is deducted as allowed no Customs or Duty of Excise shall be paid by the Importer or Proprietor thereof: And Whereas an Allowance is by another Act, made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, granted to the Importers, Proprietors or Consignees of any Coffee or Cocoa Nuts, at and after the Rate of Two Pounds for every One hundred Pounds Weight of such Coffee or Cocoa Nuts, as a full Compensation for all Loss, Waste or Damage whatever, whether occasioned by galling or otherwise: but Doubts have arisen whether the Allowance specified by the last former Act of the Thirtieth Year aforesaid, was thereby repealed, and it is expedient to remove such Doubts, and to expressly repeal the said Allowance forth abovesaid: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in pursuance of the said Act of the Thirtieth Year aforesaid as is heretofore acted, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all and every Person and Persons duly licensed to deal in, retail and sell Coffee, shall be thereby licensed and authorised to deal in, retail and sell Pepper; and that if any Person or Persons shall have or reserve for Sale, or deal in, retail or sell Pepper, not being Pepper called Cayenne, Long Pepper or Guinea Pepper, without being duly licensed to deal in, retail and sell Tea and Coffee, he, she and they shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, Pepper, not being Pepper called Cayenne, Long Pepper or Guinea Pepper, shall be and the same is hereby made subject in all things in respect of the Importation, warehousing, Removal, Sale or Exportation thereof, to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures to which East India Coffee is generally or specially subject or liable by this or by any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, not hereby altered, in force immediately before the passing of this Act, save and except in the Size or Weight of the Packages in which the same shall or may be imported or exported; and that all and every Dealer in, Retailer or Seller of such Pepper, shall be and is hereby made subject, with respect to such Pepper, and the Receipt, Carriage, Sale, Delivery and Removal thereof, to all and every Fine, Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture of any Nature or Kind whatever, imposed on Dealers in, Retailers or Sellers of Coffee by this or by any such Act or Acts of Parliament not hereby altered, made for securing the Revenue of Excise on Coffee, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof; and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, with respect to Coffee, shall and are hereby directed and declared

to be executed by Officers of Excise and all Persons, who are imposed by such Acts extended to the Act.

Treasury may issue such Orders as they think expedient for facilitating the Transact of the Duties from Commissioners of Customs to Commissioners of Excise.

The unlawfully landed or fraudulently taken from Warehouse, &c. to be charged with Duty at the Rate of the preceding Sale of Tea by the East India Company.

17 G. 3. c. 37. s. 2.

repealed.

From July 5, 1816, Persons licensed to deal in Coffee may deal in Pepper. Duties during Penalty 50 l.

Pepper, except Cayenne, &c. subject to such Regulations as East India Coffee, except Size or Weight of Packages. Regulations for securing the Duty on Coffee extended to Pepper.

to extend to, and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in execution for and in respect of such Pepper, and of the Duty hereby imposed thereon, first and except as aforesaid, in as full and ample a Manner, to all Events and Purposes whatsoever, as if all and every the said Acts, Statutes, Provisions, Powers, Decisions, Cases, Points, Penalties and Forfeitures were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act as to such Pepper, and to all Dealers in, Venders or Sellers thereof.

XXII. And Whereas Combinations made in relation to Pepper have of late been said and found to be the Cause and Protection of various Disorders in Pepper, and other Pericles in Great Britain: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, if any Commodity or Commodities, Substance or Substances, shall be prepared or manufactured by any Person or Persons in relation to Pepper, shall be mixed with Pepper, or sold or delivered as such, or as a Substance for Pepper, or if any such Commodity or Commodities, Substance or Substances, shall be stored as aforesaid, shall be kept for Sale, sold or delivered, or shall be offered or exposed to Sale, or shall be in the Custody or Possession of any Dealer or Dealers in, or Seller or Sellers of Pepper, the same, together with all Pepper with which the same shall be mixed, shall be forfeited, together with the Package or Packages containing the same, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Person or Persons preparing, manufacturing, mixing as aforesaid, selling, exposing to Sale or being near the same, or having the same in his, her or their Custody or Possession as aforesaid, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, every Distiller for Exports to England or Scotland respectively shall, in each and every Year ending the Tenth Day of October, produce and shall duly report to and send and pay Duty for, in England or Scotland respectively, as the case may be, Nineteen Gallons of the least of Spirits at the Strength of Seven per Centum above Hygrometer Proof, for every One hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash which shall be brewed or made by such Distiller in such Year, except so much of such Spirits as shall be lost by Shipwreck; and if any such Distiller shall in any such Year fail, neglect or refuse so to produce, and duly report to and send, or pay Duty for, in England or Scotland respectively, as the case may be, Nineteen Gallons at the least of such Spirits, at the Strength aforesaid, for every One hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash which shall be brewed or made in such Year by such Distiller, and shall not, within One Month after the Expiration of such Year, pay Duty in England or Scotland, as the case may be, at and after the Rate of Duty chargeable by Law for and in respect of such Spirits as imported, for every Gallon of such Spirits below or short of such Proportion as aforesaid, which any such Distiller shall fail to send and pay Duty for as aforesaid, every such Distiller shall, for every such default as aforesaid, forfeit and lose the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Gallon of such Spirits not landed and paid Duty for, except as aforesaid, in such Year.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any entered or licensed Distiller or Distillers in Great Britain shall at any time after the passing of this Act conceal, remove or carry away, or cause or suffer to be concealed, removed or carried away, any Wash brewed or made for extracting Spirits, or any Spirits extracted in Great Britain, for or upon which the Duty payable by Law has not been duly charged, or which shall not have been duly taken account of by the proper Officers of Excise, every such Distiller shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose Five hundred Pounds, or Twenty Shillings for every Gallon of such Wash or Spirits as concealed, removed or carried away, at the Election of the Attorney General, or the Person who shall sue or prosecute for the same; and the License of every such Distiller who shall be twice convicted of the Offence aforesaid, shall, upon such Second Conviction, be deemed void to all Intents and Purposes, and such Distiller shall not be entitled to any further or renewed License as a Distiller for the Period of Three Years from the Date of such Second Conviction.

XXV. And Whereas, by an Act made in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties on Beer and Ale brewed in or imported into Great Britain, as Ale made in Great Britain, as Ale grown in or imported into Great Britain, and as Spirits distilled in Ireland, and imported into Great Britain; for repealing certain Allowances to Brewers of Beer and Ale, and for preventing Frauds and Abuses in the Revenue of Excise on Beer, Ale and Wash; it was amongst other things enacted, that all Beer or Ale above the Price of Sixteen Shillings the Barrel (exclusive of the Duties), should be denominated and deemed to be Strong Beer or Ale, and all Beer of the Price of Sixteen Shillings the Barrel or under (exclusive of the Duty), should be denominated and deemed to be Table Beer, within the Meaning of the said Act, and all other Acts relating to Beer or Ale: And Whereas it is expedient, during the Continuance of the Duties now imposed upon Wash, to permit Brewers of Table Beer to increase the Price thereof, so hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted, That all Beer and Ale above the Price of Eighteen Shillings the Barrel (exclusive of the Duties), shall be denominated, deemed and taken to be Strong Beer or Ale; and all Beer of the Price of Eighteen Shillings the Barrel or under (exclusive of Duties), shall be denominated, deemed and taken to be Table Beer, within the Meaning of this Act, and of all other Acts of Parliament in force relating to Beer or Ale.*

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall neglect, default, hinder, oppose or impede any Officer or Officers of Excise in the due Execution of the Powers and Authorities by this Act granted, or any or either of them, except in such Cases for which other Penalties are by this Act provided, every Person so offending shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed or referred to by this Act, shall be due and paid, recovered, levied or satisfied by such Ways, Means or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied or satisfied by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Addition of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that One Shilling of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be

Making or selling Combinations in relation to Pepper, and all Penalties.

From Oct. 10, 1819, Distillers the Exports to England or Scotland are respectively shall pay Duty for 19 Gallons of Spirits at the Strength of Seven per Cent. above Hygrometer Proof, for every 100 Gallons of Wort brewed yearly.

Distillers removing Wash or Spirits, on which the Duty has not been paid, Penalty.

Second Offence, Forfeiture of License, &c.

42 G. 3. c. 38. 11.

Beer or Ale above 16s. the Barrel, exclusive of Duty, deemed strong, and at 18s. or under, Table Beer.

Obstructing Officers.

Penalty and Recovery and Application of Penalties.

to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Majesty to him or them who shall inform, discover, or for the same.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Privileges, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things which in and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled *An Act for taking away the Courts of Wards and Liveries, and Tenants in Capite and by Knights Service, and Purveyance, and for taking a Revenue upon His Majesty's Jewels thereof, or by any other Law now in force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise*, are provided and established, shall be preserved, used and put in execution in and for the Purpose of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Privileges, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, were particularly imposed and enacted in this present Act.

XXIX. And be it enacted, That this Act, or any of the Provisions thereof, may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

Power of
12 C. 2. c. 24.
or any Law
now in force
relating to Re-
venue, extended
to this Act.

Act altered, &c.
this Session.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

A.

DUTIES.

COFFEE AND COCOA NUTS.

Duties.

For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all Coffee of the Growth or Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, or the West Indies, or Africa, which shall, on or after the 5th Day of June 1819, be imported or brought into Great Britain; and of all Cocoa Nuts of the Growth or Produce aforesaid, which shall, on or after the 10th Day of October 1819, be imported or brought into Great Britain, or shall then be in the Warehouses where the same were deposited on the Importation thereof, and for and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all such Coffee, for or in respect whereof the Duties by Law then chargeable were not fully paid before the 5th Day of June 1819, or which on that Day were or remained in the Warehouse in which the same were deposited before Payment of Duty, an Excise Duty of

£ s d

For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all Coffee which shall on or after the 5th Day of June 1819, be imported or brought into Great Britain, and of all Cocoa Nuts which shall, on or after the 10th Day of October 1819, be imported or brought into Great Britain, from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, either by the said United Company or by Persons authorised in to trade, or which Cocoa Nuts shall on the said 10th Day of October be in the Warehouse in which the same were deposited on the Importation thereof; and for and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all such Coffee for or in respect whereof the Duties by Law then chargeable were not fully paid before the 5th Day of June 1819, or which on that Day were or remained in the Warehouse in which the same were deposited before Payment of Duty, an Excise Duty of

0 1 6

For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all other Coffee which shall, on or after the 5th Day of June 1819, be imported or brought into Great Britain, and of all other Cocoa Nuts which shall, on or after the 10th Day of October 1819, be imported or brought into Great Britain, or shall then be in the Warehouse where the same were deposited on the Importation thereof, and for and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all such Coffee for or in respect whereof the Duties by Law then chargeable were not fully paid before the 5th Day of June 1819, or which on that Day were or remained in the Warehouse in which the same were deposited before Payment of Duty, an Excise Duty of

0 2 6

MALT.

For and upon every Bushel of all Malt which, from and after the 5th Day of July 1819, shall be made in Great Britain from Barley, or any other Cere or Grain, or shall be brought from Scotland into England, without a Certificate from the proper Officer that it hath paid the full Duty of Two Shillings and Sixpence on every Bushel thereof hereby imposed, an Excise Duty of

0 2 6

And for and upon every Bushel of Malt, whether ground or unground, made of Barley or of any other Cere or Grain, belonging to any Malster or Maker of Malt, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Brewer, Distiller, Insinaper, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, which shall be either in his Custody or Possession, or in the Custody or Possession of any other Person or Persons whatsoever, in trust for him, her or them, or for him, her or their Use, Benefit or Account, in Great Britain, on the 5th Day of July 1819, an Excise Duty of

0 1 8

| SCHEDULE A. | Duties. |
|--|----------------|
| PEPPER. | <i>£ s. d.</i> |
| For and upon every Pound Weight <i>Avantropas</i> of all Pepper, not being Pepper called Cayenne, Long Pepper or Guinea Pepper, which shall, on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, be imported or brought into Great Britain; and for and upon every Pound Weight <i>Avantropas</i> of all Jack Pepper, for or in respect whereof the Duties by Law then chargeable were not fully paid before the 9th Day of June 1819, or which on that Day was or remained in the Warehouse in which the same was deposited before Payment of Duty, an Excise Duty of | 0 1 6 |
| SPIRITS—BRITISH. | |
| For and upon every Gallon of all Wort or Wash brewed or made on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, from any Malt, Corn, Grains or Tils, or any Mixture therewith, for extracting therefrom Spirits in England for Home Consumption, an Excise Duty of | 0 1 0 |
| For and upon every Gallon of all Wort or Wash brewed or made on and after the 9th Day of June 1819, from Maltsters or Sugar, or any Mixture therewith, for extracting therefrom Spirits in England for Home Consumption, an Excise Duty of | 0 3 6 |
| For and upon every Gallon of all Wort or Wash brewed or made on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, from Foreign refined Wines, or other Foreign Mineral or Mineral, (except Maltsters or Sugar,) or any Mixture therewith, for extracting therefrom Spirits in England for Home Consumption, an Excise Duty of | 0 3 6 |
| For and upon every Gallon of all Spirits extracted in England on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, for Home Consumption, from Wort or Wash brewed or made from any Malt, Corn, Grains, Tils or any Mixture therewith, over and above the Proportion of Nineteen Gallons of such Spirits, the whole being computed at Eight per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, for every One hundred Gallons of such Wort or Wash so distilled into Spirits, an Excise Duty of | 0 10 0 |
| For and upon every Gallon of all Spirits extracted in England on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, by any Still or Distillation in England, from any Wort or Wash for or in respect whereof the Duty of Two Shillings for every Gallon thereof lawfully imposed shall not have been charged and paid, computed at the Strength of Seven per Centum above Proof, an Excise Duty of | 0 1 3½ |
| For and upon every Gallon of all Spirits extracted in England on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, for Home Consumption, from Wort or Wash brewed or made from Maltsters or Sugar, or any Mixture therewith, over and above the Proportion of Twenty one Gallons of such Spirits, the whole being computed at Eight per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, for every One hundred Gallons of such Wort or Wash so distilled into Spirits, an Excise Duty of | 0 11 0 |
| For and upon every Gallon English Wine Measure of all Spirits extracted in England, and which shall be imported or brought from thence into Scotland, of a Strength not exceeding Seven per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, and in as proportion for any higher Degree of Strength not exceeding the Strength of Ten per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, to be paid by the Importer before the landing thereof, an Excise Duty of | 0 4 9½ |
| For and upon every Gallon English Wine Measure of all Spirits extracted in Scotland before the 9th Day of June 1819, and which shall be imported or brought from thence into England, of a Strength not exceeding Seven per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, and in as proportion for any higher Degree of Strength not exceeding the Strength of Ten per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, to be paid by the Importer before the landing thereof, an Excise Duty of | 0 9 5½ |
| For and upon every Gallon English Wine Measure of all Spirits extracted in Scotland after the 9th Day of June 1819, and which shall be imported or brought from thence into England, of a Strength not exceeding Seven per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, and in as proportion for any higher Degree of Strength not exceeding the Strength of Ten per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, to be paid by the Importer before the landing thereof, an Excise Duty of | 0 10 6 |
| <i>[As to the above Duty of 4s. 3½d. for c. 100. § 1. pag^o.]</i> | |
| TEA. | |
| For and upon all Tea sold in Great Britain by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, on or after the 1st Day of June 1819, and for or in respect whereof the Duties by Law then chargeable were not before the 9th Day of June 1819 fully paid, and for and upon all Tea which shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, | |

| SCHEDULE A. | Duties. |
|---|----------------|
| <p><i>Tea—continued.</i></p> <p>an Excise Duty of Ninety six Pounds per Centum on Tea sold at such Sales at or under Two Shillings per Pound Weight, and One hundred Pounds per Centum on all Tea sold at such Sales above Two Shillings per Pound Weight, to be computed upon the Gross Price at which such Tea was or shall be sold.</p> <p>The said Duty on all Tea sold by the East India Company to be paid by the Purchasers thereof respectively to the said Company, and by the said Company to the Commissioners of Excise.</p> | <p>£ s. d.</p> |
| TOBACCO AND SNUFF. | |
| <p>For and upon every Pound Weight Avordupois of all Tobacco of the Growth or Production of His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations, Islands or Territories in America, or the West Indies, or of the United States of America, or of any of the Territories or Dominions of the Emperor of Russia, or of the Ottoman or Turkish Empire, which shall, on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, be imported or brought into Great Britain, and of all Tobacco which shall, on or after that Day, be imported or brought into Great Britain from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, either by the said United Company, or by Persons authorised by it to trade; and for and upon every Pound Weight Avordupois of all such Tobacco, for or in respect whereof the Duties by Law then chargeable were not fully paid before the 9th Day of June 1819, or which on that Day was or remained in the Warehouse in which the same was deposited before Payment of Duty, an Excise Duty of</p> | <p>0 3 0</p> |
| <p>For and upon every Pound Weight Avordupois of all Tobacco of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the Plantations or Dominions of Spain or Portugal, which shall, on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, be imported or brought into Great Britain; and for and upon every Pound Weight Avordupois of all such Tobacco, for or in respect whereof the Duties by Law then chargeable were not fully paid before the 9th Day of June 1819, or which on that Day was or remained in the Warehouse in which the same was deposited before Payment of Duty, an Excise Duty of</p> | <p>0 5 0</p> |
| <p>For and upon every Pound Weight Avordupois of all Snuff (not being Irish Snuff) which shall on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, be imported or brought into Great Britain; and for and upon every Pound Weight Avordupois of all Snuff for or in respect whereof the Duties by Law then chargeable were not fully paid before the 9th Day of June 1819, or which on that Day was or remained in the Warehouse in which the same was deposited before Payment of Duty, an Excise Duty of</p> | <p>0 5 0</p> |

B.

COUNTERVAILING DUTIES.

| BEER. | Countervailing Duties. |
|--|---------------------------|
| <p>For and upon every Barrel containing of Thirty six Gallons English Beer Measure, of Irish Strong Beer, Ale or Mann, which shall be imported or brought into Great Britain directly from Ireland, an Excise Countervailing Duty of</p> | <p>£ s. d.
0 16 0</p> |
| MALT. | |
| <p>For and upon every Bushel of Malt made in Ireland, and imported or brought from thence into Great Britain unground, an Excise Countervailing Duty of</p> | <p>0 3 0</p> |
| SPIRITS. | |
| <p>For and upon every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits, which shall, on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, be extracted in Ireland and imported or brought from thence into England, at a Strength not exceeding Seven per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, and in in proportion for any greater Degree of Strength not exceeding Twenty one per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Countervailing Duty of</p> | <p>0 11 0</p> |

| SCHEDULE B. | Countervailing Duty. |
|---|----------------------|
| <i>Spirits—continued.</i> | |
| For and upon every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits, which shall, on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, be extracted in Ireland and exported or brought from thence into Scotland, at a Strength not exceeding Seven per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, and in its proportion for any greater Degree of Strength not exceeding Twenty one per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, as Excise Countervailing Duty of | £ 4 4 |
| For and upon every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits, which shall, on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, be extracted in Ireland, and imported or brought from thence into Scotland, and from Scotland into England, at a Strength not exceeding Seven per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, as Excise Countervailing Duty of | 0 5 3d |
| <i>[As in the above Countervailing Duty of 5s. 3d. for a 100. § 4. pag.]</i> | 0 4 6 |
| TOBACCO AND SNUFF. | |
| For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of unmanufactured Tobacco of the Growth or Produce of Ireland, and of all Irish manufactured Tobacco, which shall, on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, be exported or brought into Great Britain, as Excise Countervailing Duty of | 0 4 0 |
| For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Irish manufactured Rappier Snuff, which shall, on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, be exported or brought into Great Britain, as Excise Countervailing Duty of | 0 3 6 |
| For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Irish manufactured Brown Scotch Snuff, which shall, on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, be imported or brought into Great Britain, as Excise Countervailing Duty of | 0 3 4 |
| For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Irish manufactured Scotch Snuff, and of all other Irish manufactured Snuff not before particularly mentioned, which shall, on or after the 9th Day of June 1819, be exported or brought into Great Britain, as Excise Countervailing Duty of | 0 4 9 |

C.

DRAWBACKS.

| BEER. | Drawbacks. |
|---|------------|
| For and upon every Barrel of Strong Beer or Ale made in Great Britain, above Eighteen Shillings per Barrel, exclusive of the Duty, and not being Two penny Ale, mentioned and described in the Seventh Article of the Treaty of Union with Scotland, which shall be duly exported to Foreign Parts as Merchandise, and which shall be proved to have been brewed after the 9th Day of July 1819, from Malt for which the Duties hereby imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, a Drawback of | £ 0 4 |
| SPIRITS—BRITISH. | |
| For and upon every Gallon of Spirits extracted in Great Britain and exported to Ireland after the 9th Day of July 1819, at the Strength of Seven per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, and in its proportion for any greater Degree of Strength, not exceeding that of Twenty one per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, a Drawback in respect of the Malt used and consumed in the Extraction of such Spirits | 0 0 6 |
| TOBACCO. | |
| For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Shag, Roll or Carrot Tobacco, manufactured in any of the Parts of Great Britain into which Tobacco may be lawfully imported, or within Two Miles thereof, from Tobacco for which the Duties hereby imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be exported as Merchandise by the Manufacturer thereof from such Parts to Foreign Parts, a Drawback of | 0 3 6 |

C. A. P. LIV.

An Act to carry into effect a Convention of Commerce concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America, and a Treaty with the Prince Regent of Portugal. [2d July 1819.]

WHEREAS a Convention of Commerce and Navigation was concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America, bearing date the Third Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the Four Years from the last Date: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to carry into effect a Convention of Commerce concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America*: And Whereas another Act was passed in the same Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled *An Act to carry into effect a Convention of Commerce concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America*: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to allow British Goods to be re-exported direct from this Country to the United States of America*, upon the same Terms as when re-exported to any Foreign Country: And Whereas a further Convention of Commerce and Navigation has been concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America, dated the Twentieth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, whereby in the Fourth Article all the Provisions of the aforesaid Convention, concluded on the Third Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, except as therein excepted, are extended and continued in force for the Term of Two Years from the Date of the Signature of the said further Convention: And Whereas it is expedient to give effect to each Part of the said Conventions as regards the Duties of Parliament, and to make further Provisions than are contained in the said aforesaid Acts passed in the Fifty sixth and Fifty seventh Years of His said Majesty's Reign: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Acts passed in the Fifty sixth and Fifty seventh Years of His present Majesty's Reign, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That upon the Importation into any Part of the United Kingdom, of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, being the Growth, Production or Manufacture, of any of the Territories of the United States of America, imported direct from the said Territories in any Ship or Vessel built in the Countries belonging to the said States, or any of them, or taken by any of the Ships or Vessels of War belonging to the Government, or any of the Lieutenants of the said States, having Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprisal, from the Government of the said States, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty there, such Ship or Vessel being owned by the Subjects of the said States, or any of them, and whereof the Master and Three fourths of the Mariners are also Subjects of the said States, no higher or other Duties shall be charged or paid, than such as are charged and payable upon Goods, Wares and Merchandise, of the like Description or Disposition, being the Growth, Production or Manufacture, of any of the Territories of the United States of America, and being imported in British built Ships or Vessels registered and registered according to Law: any thing contained in an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, or any other Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Goods, Wares, Merchandise and Effects imported in any Ship or Vessel built in the said United States of America, or condemned as Prize there, and being owned and navigated as heretofore mentioned, shall and may be sold by Auction free of the Duty imposed by Law on Goods and Effects sold by Auction: Provided nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, to authorize the Sale of any such Goods or Effects free of the said Duty, unless on the First Sale of such Goods or Effects by or for the Agent of the original Importer thereof, by whom the same were entered at the Custom House at the Port of Importation, nor unless such Sale shall be made within Twelve Months next after the time when such Goods or Effects shall have been imported.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the same Duties shall be paid or payable on the Exportation of all Goods, Wares and Merchandise of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Great Britain, re-exported direct from thence to any Port or Place within the Territories of the United States of America in British built Ships owned, registered and navigated according to Law, or in Ships built in the United States of America, or condemned as Prize there, and being owned and navigated as heretofore mentioned, as are or shall be payable on the Exportation of the like Articles to Europe.

V. And be it further enacted, That upon the Exportation from the United Kingdom to the United States of America of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the said United Kingdom or any of His Majesty's Territories in Europe, in any Ship or Vessel built in the said United States of America, or condemned as Prize there, and being owned and navigated as heretofore mentioned, the same Bounty or Allowance shall be paid as at the time of such Exportation may be allowed upon the Exportation thereof to the said States in any British built Ship or Vessel registered and registered according to Law.

VI. And Whereas it is expedient that Vessels built in the Countries belonging to the United States of America, or any of them, or condemned as Prize there, and being owned and navigated as heretofore mentioned, should be allowed to clear out from any Port of the United Kingdom for the principal Settlements of the British Possessions in the East Indies, Malacca, Ceylon, Madras, Bombay and Prince of Wales's Island, with any Articles which may legally be re-exported from the United Kingdom to the said Settlements in British built Ships: Be it therefore further enacted, That all Vessels built in the said United States of America,

Convention
dated 3d July
1815.

26 G. 3. c. 15.

25 G. 3. c. 12.

27 G. 3. c. 27.

Convention,
dated 20th
Oct. 1818.

Repealed Acts
repealed.

Goods of like
Production of the
United States
imported in
American built
Vessels, to pay
the same Duties
as Goods im-
ported in Bri-
tish Vessels.

27 G. 3. c. 27.

Goods im-
ported in
American built
Vessels may be
sold by Auction
free of the
Duty.

Exemption.

The same
Duties on Ex-
portation of
Goods as shall
be built there-
in in America,
as to Europe.

Same Bounty
allowed on Ex-
portation of
Goods in
American built
Vessels as is
British built.

Vessels of
American built
allowed to clear
out for certain
British Settle-
ments in the
East Indies,
subject to the

more Regularly
than on British
built Vessels.

Proviso for
Package, &c.
payable to the
City of London
or any other
Corporation.

Duties leviable
on American
and Portuguese
Vessels enter-
ing the Ports of
this Kingdom,
to be the same
as those payable
on British
Vessels.

Certain Cor-
porations to be
paid the De-
duction of
Duties on Bri-
tish and Foreign
Wines out of
the Consoli-
dated Duties of
Customs.

Duties of
Package, &c.
payable to Cor-
porations of
London on account
of American or
Portuguese
Shipwrecks, pay-
able in like
manner out of
the Consoli-
dated Duties of
Customs.

And also, &c.
this Section
Continuation
of Act.

America, or any of them, or condemned as Prize ships, and being owned and assigned to heretofore mentioned, shall be allowed to clear out from any Port of the United Kingdom for the following principal Settlements of the British Dominions in the East Indies, to-wit, Calcutta, Madras, Bombay and Pondicherry of India's Island, with any Goods, Wares or Merchandise which may be legally exported from the United Kingdom to the said Settlements in British built Vessels, subject to the like Rules and Regulations, Restrictions, Privileges and Exemptions as are now by Law imposed upon the Exportation of such Goods to the said Settlements in British built Ships, any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Will And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to repeal or in anywise alter the Duties of Package, Scavage, Ballage or Portage, or any other Duties payable to the Mayor and Commonalty, and Citizens of the City of London, or to the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, or to any other City or Town Corporate within Great Britain, or any other special Privilege or Exemption to which any Barren or Fertile, Bodied Politic or Corporate, is or are now entitled by Law in respect of Goods imported and exported, but the same shall be continued as heretofore.

• VIII. And Whereas by the aforesaid Convention it is provided, that no higher or other Duties or Charges shall be imposed in any of the Ports in any of His Majesty's Territories in Europe, on the Vessels of the United States of America, than shall be payable in the same Ports on British Vessels: And Whereas a similar Provision was made in a Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation, concluded between His Majesty and His Royal Highness The Prince Regent of Portugal, dated the Nineteenth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and ten: And Whereas certain Rates and Duties, under the Denomination of Lights Duties, Pilotsage, Ballast, Bargeage and Boatage, Rates, Harbour Duties and other Duties, are now payable by Law, Charter, special Privilege or Grant, to the Corporation of Trinity House of Doyford Strand, to the Trustees of Rangoon Harbour, to other Bodied Politic and Corporate, and to sundry Persons in whom such Rates and Duties may be vested respectively on Foreign Ships and Vessels, over and above the Rates and Duties payable on British Ships: And Whereas it is expedient that the Object of the said Treaty should be effectually carried into execution: Be it therefore enacted, That no higher or other Rates or Duties shall be levied on Ships or Vessels of the United States of America, or on Portuguese Ships or Vessels entering or touching at any of the Ports of the United Kingdom, or of His Majesty's Territories in Europe, than are now or which may become hereafter payable on British Ships.

• IX. And Whereas it is expedient that the said Corporation, Trustees of Rangoon Harbour, other Bodied Politic and Corporate, and sundry other Persons, in whom such Rates and Duties are vested respectively, should be indemnified for the Loss sustained by means of this Act: Be it further enacted, That the Difference in such Cases between the Rates and Duties due and payable on British Ships, and those payable on Foreign Ships, shall be paid out of the Consolidated Duties of Customs: and for the more effectual Security of the Public Revenue in respect of any Claims which in virtue of this Act may be made, all and every such Claim or Claims shall be transmitted by the aforesaid Trustees, Bodied Politic or Corporate, or Person interested, or their Agent or Agents, to the Corporation of Trinity House of Doyford Strand, who are hereby required to examine the same, and being satisfied as to the Correctness thereof, are to certify the same accordingly, under the Hand of their Secretary or other proper Officer, together with such Claim as the said Corporation may have, to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in London Quarterly, for their Order for the Payment thereof; and the said Commissioners are hereby required to direct Payment of such Claims out of the Consolidated Duties of Customs to the said Corporation of Trinity House of Doyford Strand; and the said Corporation are hereby required, after retaining what may be due as their Right, to pay over to the Trustees of Rangoon Harbour, to other Bodied Politic and Corporate, and to the sundry Persons in whom such Rates and Duties may be vested respectively, the Amount of their respective Claims, subject only to such incidental or other Charges as have previously been made in the Collection of such Rates and Duties.

• X. And in order that the Object of the said Treaty may be more fully effected, be it further enacted, That so much of the said Duties of Package, Scavage, Ballage or Portage, or any other Duties payable to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, or to the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, as have been heretofore paid for or on account of American or Portuguese Ships, or American or Portuguese Shipwrecks respectively, shall, after the passing of this Act, be paid out of the Consolidated Duties of Customs to the Collector appointed to receive such Duties; and the said Collector for the time being is hereby required to transmit to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, Quarterly, an Account or Certificate of such Duties payable on Foreign Ships, and by American or Portuguese Shipwrecks, for or on account of Merchandise imported or exported by them; the Amount of which Quarterly Accounts or Certificates, after due Examination, and being satisfied as to the Correctness thereof, the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs are hereby required from time to time to order to be paid to the said Collector for the time being out of the Consolidated Duties of Customs accordingly.

• XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

• XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force so long as the aforesaid British Convention between His Majesty and the United States of America, and the aforesaid Treaty between His Majesty and His Royal Highness The Prince Regent of Portugal, and so long as any Treaty or any Convention with any Foreign Power with the similar Provision heretofore recited, shall respectively continue in force.

CAP. LV.

An Act to extend the Provisions of Three Acts of the Fifty second, Fifty third, and Fifty seventh Years of His present Majesty, for allowing *British Plantation Sugar and Coffee, and other Articles imported into Bermuda in British Ships to be exported to America in Foreign Vessels, and to permit Articles, the Produce of America, to be imported into Bermuda in Foreign Ships, to certain other Articles.*

[2d July 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to allow British Plantation Sugar and Coffee, imported into Bermuda in British Ships, to be exported to the Territories of the United States of America, in Foreign Ships or Vessels; and to permit Articles, the Produce of the said United States, to be imported into the said Island in Foreign Ships or Vessels: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act for further allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Articles of the Island of Bermuda: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act to extend the Powers of Two Acts, for allowing British Plantation Sugar and Coffee, and other Articles imported into Bermuda in British Ships, to be exported to America in Foreign Vessels and to permit Articles, the Produce of America, to be imported into the said Island in Foreign Ships, to certain other Articles: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Acts should be extended, in far as regards the Articles to be allowed to be imported and exported: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in addition to the Articles enumerated in the said Acts, it shall be lawful to import from the United States into the Poss. mentioned in the said Acts above recited, in Vessels of the Description therein stated, and under the like Authority, Restrictions, Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures provided in the said recited Acts, the Article of Rials, being the Produce or Manufacture of the said States; and in addition to the Articles permitted to be exported by the said above recited Acts, to export from the said Island of Bermuda to the said United States, in such Vessels and under such Regulations as aforesaid, all Articles, the Produce or Manufacture of the said Island, and all Articles whatever which shall have been legally imported into the same in any British Ship or Vessel.*

11 G. 3. c. 79.

11 G. 3. c. 70.

17 G. 3. c. 21.

American Goods may be imported.

Articles, Produce of Bermuda, may be exported to United States.

CAP. LVI.

An Act to make further Regulations as to the Payment of Navy Prize Money. [2d July 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the Payment of Navy Prize Money, and the Transferring of Accounts and Payment of Balances to Greenwich Hospital: And Whereas another Act passed in the Fifty eighth Year of His present Majesty, intitled An Act to make further Regulations respecting the Payment of Navy Prize Money, and to authorize the Governors of Greenwich Hospital to pay over certain Shares of Prize Money due in Raffles Service to His Excellency the Russian Ambassador: And Whereas it is expedient that other Regulations should be made with respect to the Receipt and Payment of Navy Prize Money: Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That such of the Provisions of the said before-mentioned Act of the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty relating to the Issuing of a Grant by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, as are altered by this Act, and such of the Provisions of the said last mentioned Act of the Fifty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as relate to Orders made or to be made by Petty Officers and Seamen, Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines, Superintendants or Boys, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.*

14 G. 3. c. 93.

18 G. 3. c. 54.

Certain Provisions of recited Acts repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person within the United Kingdom to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money or Bounty Money, or Money in the nature of Bounty Money, due or to become due to any Petty Officer, Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, Superintendant or Boy, for or on account of his Services respectively on board any of His Majesty's Ships, or in the Capture of any Fortrefs upon the Land, or any Arms, Ammunition, Stores of War, Goods, Merchandise or Treasure, or any conjunct Expeditious of Sea and Land Forces, under any Orders made or hereafter to be made by any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, Superintendant or Boy, other than Persons who shall be duly licensed in the manner hereinafter mentioned for that Purpose: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend so prevent any such Petty Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Seamen or Marines, Superintendants or Boys, from giving such Orders to receive their Wages, Pay, Prize Money or Bounty Money, to their Wives, or to the Persons in the several Degrees of Relationship following; that is to say, Parents, Children, Brothers or Sisters of such Petty Officers, Seamen, Marines, Superintendants or Boys; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

None but Persons duly licensed can receive Navy Prize Money, &c. under Orders.

Persons for Orders in Wives or Relations to receive.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall falsify represent himself or herself to be within any of the Degrees of Relationship as aforesaid, in order to receive himself or herself to receive any Prize Money or Bounty Money, or Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money, due or to grow due for or on account of the Services of any such Petty Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, Seaman or Marine, Superintendant or Boy, under any such Order as aforesaid; or who, not being within any such Degree of Relationship,

Persons falsely representing themselves as Relations, for in order to receive such Wages or Prize Money as Prize

according to the Form or to the Effect set forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C.), which Certificate shall particularly state whether the Person making the Order is known to the Person signing such Certificate, or by whom he is represented as being the Person entitled to make such Order, and the said Certificate shall be signed as directed at the Foot of the said Schedule; and the Treasurer and Clerk of the Cheque of the said Royal Hospital shall pay upon every such Order, out of the Money belonging to the Person making the same, in so much as shall appear to be due to the Payee named therein, with legal interest thereon (if the Amount of the Share of the Person making such Order will admit of such interest being paid), and no more; and at the Foot of such Certificate shall be set out and tabulated an Inventory of any Goods furnished by the Payee to the Person making such Order, together with the Prices charged for the respective Articles in such Schedule contained, which Schedule shall be witnessed by the said Person or Persons as shall sign the Certificate of the due Execution of the Order, after annexing the Party making such Order to the Certificate of the said Particulars, and which said Schedule or Inventory shall be in the Form or to the Effect in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (D.)

Form of Certificate as to the Right of the Person giving same.

Form of Inventory of Goods furnished.

Orders declared invalid.

XI. And he is further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Orders made in pursuance thereof, or in pursuance of the last Act of the forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, by Petty Officers and Boatsmen, Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines or Private Marines, or others entitled to Prize or Bounty Money, Grant or other Allowances of Money in the nature thereof, and also all Orders made under or by virtue of any former Act or Acts which shall not have been revoked before the passing of this Act, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be irrevocable.

Falsifying Dates of Orders, punishable.

XII. And he is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly infer, or make to be inferred in any Order for the Payment of Prize Money, Bounty Money, Grants or other Allowances of Money payable by the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, or by their Treasurers, on any other Date than the Day on which the said Order shall be executed, or shall knowingly profess or utter any Order bearing any false Date as aforesaid, such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and punished accordingly.

Payment of Prize Money upon Orders, except such as are certified, confined to Treasurer, Sec. of Greenwich Hospital.

XIII. And he is further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Payment of Prize Money upon Orders, except such Orders as shall be certified by the Clerk of the Cheque of the said Royal Hospital, in manner hereafter mentioned, shall be confined to the Treasurer and Clerk of the Cheque of Greenwich Hospital; and that no Agent or Agents appointed for the Distribution of any Prize, Prize or Bounty Money, Grant or other Allowances of Money, whether arising from or given in consequence of conquest, Expedition or Services by the Navy only, shall pay any Share or Shares of the Non-Commissioned Officers, Boatsmen or Marines, or Superannuates or Boys entitled thereto, upon any Order or Letter of Attorney or other written Power or Authority whatsoever, except certified as hereafter mentioned, but shall pay the same to the said Non-Commissioned Officers, Boatsmen, Marines and Superannuates or Boys upon their respective Applications only, upon pain of forfeiting for every Payment made otherwise than as directed in this Act, the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered by and in the Name of the Treasurers of the said Royal Hospital.

Treasury.

XIV. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Persons licensed as Agents by the Treasurer of the Navy as aforesaid, and for the Relations of Persons entitled as aforesaid, and they are hereby required and directed, after the Advertisement aforesaid that the Accounts of Sales of any Prize or Prize or Bounty Money, shall be brought into the Registry of the High Court of Admiralty pursuant to the Provisions of the last heretofore mentioned Act of Parliament of the fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or immediately after the Execution of such Orders, to transmit or deliver to the Clerk of the Cheque of the said Royal Hospital all or any Orders which such licensed Agents may have received in conformity with the Provisions of this or any former Act, from Persons entitled to Prize Money, Bounty Money, Grant or other Allowances of Money; which Orders, so delivered or transmitted as aforesaid, shall remain for Examination with the said Clerk of the Cheque at the said Royal Hospital for the Space of Thirty Days, at the Expiration of which time the said Clerk of the Cheque shall certify upon the said Order respectively, whether he is satisfied that the same are respectively executed in compliance with the Provisions of the several Laws in force respecting such Orders; and the Agent for the Distribution of the respective Prizes named in the said Order shall only pay to the licensed Agent, or such Relations as aforesaid, during the time of Distribution, and upon each Order only, as are certified for Payment by the said Clerk of the Cheque; and that in case any Order made previously to the passing of the said Act of the fifty eighth Year of His present Majesty, shall be unpaid at the Expiration of the Party making the same, then in so much only as shall have been actually advanced upon the said Order, to be proved to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Cheque, and certified by him, shall be paid thereon.

Agents to transmit Orders to Clerk of the Cheque for Examination, who, at the Expiration of 30 Days, may certify that he is satisfied.

Certified Orders, only to be paid.

Orders made previous to 1816, to be paid.

XV. And he is further enacted, That in case the whole Money due to the said Agent upon any Order made and certified as aforesaid, shall not have been fully paid or satisfied at the time of the same being returned to the said Royal Hospital by the Agent appointed for Distribution of any Prize or Prizes, then it shall be lawful for the said Clerk of the Cheque of the Royal Hospital, and he is hereby directed upon any other Prize or Bounty Money, Grant or other Allowances of Money to which the said Order relates, coming into Distribution, or upon any Second or further Payment being made thereon, to transmit or deliver to the Agent employed in such Distribution or further Payment, the said Order certified as aforesaid, or a Certificate of the Money still remaining due thereon, in order to enable the licensed Agent named in the said Order or certificate full Satisfaction for the same remaining due and unpaid thereon; and the Agent to whom the said Order or Certificate shall be delivered as aforesaid shall pay the Residue of the Money payable and unsatisfied upon the said Order; and the said Order or Certificate so being returned to the said Clerk of the Cheque upon

If Money due on any such Order be not actually paid, Clerk of the Cheque is again to rely upon the said Agent.

the delivering of the Accounts of the said Disbursement shall be a good and sufficient Voucher for the Money paid thereon.

Prize Agents are to receive where Distribution will 12 Days after Notification in the Gazette; and before giving such Notification to deliver a List of Prizes to the Clerk of the Cheque.

Persons entitled to Prize Money may endeavour to obtain Payment by tendering Certificates, under the following Circumstances.

Persons receiving Names and Character of persons entitled to Prize Money, by the foregoing Letters of Appointment, are to receive Wages, due, unless they shall so advise Prizes, &c.

† 25.

XVI. And be it enacted, in order to enable the said Clerk of the Cheque to examine and certify such Orders as hereinafter directed, That no Agent or Agents appointed for the Sale and Distribution of any Prize or Prizes, Bounty Money, Grant or other Allowance of Money in the Nature thereof, shall commence Distribution until the Expiration of Thirty Days from the Intimation in the Gazette of the said Notification, that the Account of Sales is about to be brought into the High Court of Admiralty; and every Agent appointed for the Purposes aforesaid shall, and he is hereby required, on or before the Intimation of the said Notification in the London Gazette, to deliver to the Clerk of the Cheque of the said Royal Hospital, a true and perfect Copy of the Distribution List of the respective Prizes to which the said Notification refers; which List, or a Copy thereof, shall be returned by the Clerk of the Cheque to the Agent furnishing the same, at the Expiration of the time allowed by Law for Distribution by the said Prize Agent; and every Prize Agent who shall refuse or neglect to furnish such List as aforesaid shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; all which Orders, to certify and paid upon as aforesaid, shall be delivered to the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital as Vouchers at the time directed by Law for rendering Accounts, and paying over the Balances of the respective Disbursements of any Prize or Prizes.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons really entitled to Prize or Bounty Money, Pension Money, Grant or other Allowance of Money on account of Services on board of any Ship or Vessel, shall, by the Possession of any false Certificate, or by making any false Representation, obtain or endeavour to obtain from the said Royal Hospital, or from any licensed Agent, the said Prize or Bounty Money, Pension Money, or other Allowance of Money so due to him as aforesaid, such Person or Persons shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanour, and shall forfeit all Prize or Bounty Money, Pension Money, Grant or other Allowance of Money due to him on account of his said Services.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully or knowingly perjure, or falsely affirm, or make, procure, and or still any Person to perjure or falsely affirm, the Name or Character of any Commissioned Officer, Warrant or Private Officer, or Surgeon, or any Commissioned or Non Commissioned Officer of Marines, or Marine, Supernumerary or Boy, or any other Person entitled or supposed to be entitled to any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, Pension Money or other Allowance of Money, for or in respect of Services performed or supposed to have been performed on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors; or shall perjure or falsely affirm the Name or Character, or shall still in perjurings or falsely affirming the Name or Character of the Wife, Widow, Executor or Administrators, Relation or Creditor of any such Officer, Seaman, or other Person, in order to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, Pension Money or other Allowance of Money due or supposed to be due for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine or other Person as aforesaid, performed or supposed to have been performed on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors; or shall wilfully make, forge, counterfeit, or alter any certificate or process to be falsely made, forged, counterfeited or altered, or wilfully sell or still in the false making, forging, counterfeiting or altering any Letter of Attorney, Order, Bill, Ticket, Certificate of Service, or other Certificate whatsoever, Assignment, last Will, or other Power or Authority whatsoever, in order to receive or to enable any other Person to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, Pension Money or other Allowance of Money due or supposed to be due for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine, Supernumerary or Boy, or other Person as aforesaid, performed or supposed to have been performed on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, with intention to defraud any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate whatsoever; or shall either or possibly as true, or shall sell or still in attesting or publishing as true, any false, forged, counterfeited or altered Letter of Attorney, Order, Bill, Ticket, Certificate of Service, or other Certificate whatsoever, Assignment, last Will, or other Power or Authority whatsoever, knowing the same to be false, forged, counterfeited or altered, in order to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, Pension Money or other Allowance of Money due or supposed to be due for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine, Supernumerary or Boy, or other Person as aforesaid, performed or supposed to have been performed on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or shall intend to defraud any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate whatsoever; or shall wilfully and knowingly take a false Oath to obtain the Prizes of any Will or Wife, or to obtain Letters of Administration, in order to receive or to enable any other Person to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, Pension Money or other Allowance of Money due or supposed to be due for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine, Supernumerary or Boy, or other Person as aforesaid, performed or supposed to have been performed on board of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, His Heirs or Successors, or shall demand or receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, Pension Money or other Allowance of Money due or supposed to be due for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine or other Person as aforesaid, performed or supposed to have been performed on board of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels upon or by virtue of any Power or Letters of Administration, knowing the Will on which such Prizes shall have been obtained to be false, forged and counterfeited, or knowing the Prizes of such Will, or such Letters of Administration, as last aforesaid, to have been obtained by means of any such false Oath as aforesaid, with intention to defraud any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate whatsoever, that every such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof convicted according to due Course of Law, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every Agent or other Person authorized and empowered to receive any Prize or Bounty Money or other Monies as aforesaid, shall, within Ten Days after he shall have rendered to the

Death.
Prize Agents to transmit Copy

the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital or his Deputy, and verified his Statement and Account of the Proceeds and Disbursements of any such Prize or other Money, deliver or transmit to the Treasurer or Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy a Copy of such Statement and Account (the Charge for copying the same being allowed to the said Agent), under the like Penalty for Neglect as is by this Act imposed for neglecting to render such Statement and Account to the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital, or his Deputy.

of verified Accounts on Treasurers of the Navy: Penalty.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

I KNOW all Men by these Presents, That we of the of and
the King, and to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital for the time being, in the Sum of Five thousand Pounds of lawful Money of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, current in England, to be paid to our said Sovereign Lord the King, and to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital for the time being, or either of them, or their certain Attorneys, Solicitors or Agents, for which Payment to be well and truly made we bind ourselves and each of us, our heirs and each of our Heirs, Executors and Administrators, freely by these Presents. Signed with our Seals, dated the Day of in the Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and

THE CONDITION of this above written Obligation is such, that if the above bounden shall duly execute his Trust in all Matters of Prize Agency that shall be committed to his Care, and if the above bounden his Executors or Administrators, do and shall in all things conform to the Rules, Regulations and Provisions of the several Acts now in force with respect to Prize or Bounty Money, Grants or other Allowances of Money, as far as the said Acts relate to licensed Agents, then this Obligation to be void, or else to remain in full force and virtue.

SCHEDULE (B.)

ORDER for the Payment of Prize or Bounty Money, Grant or other Allowances in the nature thereof.

Not executable.

This Order is signed at in the County of on the Day of 18
AT Seven Days' Sight pay to or his Order, the Sum of out of the Amount of my Share of Prize or Bounty Money, Grant or other Allowance of Money in the nature thereof, for the Capture of the whole I was serving on board His Majesty's Ship or Vessel the for Value advanced to me by the said To the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital and Clerk of the Cheque there.

SCHEDULE (C.)

CERTIFICATE.

THIS is to certify, That the within Order was signed in my [or our] Presence by the said who is known to me [or represented to me by] of [as to the Person who was serving in quality of] on board His Majesty's Ship or Vessel the at the Capture in the said Order mentioned.

Witness my [or our] Hand at in the County of this Day of 18

Captain, or Member and Charwardens of the said Parish of

Note.—This Certificate to be signed by the Captain or Commanding Officer, and One other Signing Officer of the Ship to which the Prize belongs.

If detached from the Service, and resident in any Place where there is a Deputy or Agent of the Hospital, to be signed by that Deputy.

If within Four Miles of the Hospital, by the Clerk of the Cheque or his First Clerk.

If at any other Place within the Bills of Mortality, by the Officer for Prizes in the Navy Pay Office or his Assistant.

If by Mariners at Head Quarters where there is no Deputy to the Hospital, to be signed by the Colonel or Commanding Officer and the Adjutant.

If by any Person at Sick Quarters, to be signed by the Surgeon and One of his Assistants; but where there is a Deputy, to be signed by such Deputy.

If at any other Place in England, to be signed by the Minister and One of the Churchwardens; and if in Scotland, by the Minister and One of the Elders.

SCH-

SCHEDULE (D.)

The following are the Particulars acknowledged by the said
by him, and to be the Consideration for the within Order.

29 Dec: 1819 received

[Here follow Particulars.]

Wm: Pitt

C A P. LVII.

An Act to alter and amend certain Laws of Excise in respect to Salt and Rock Salt.

[2d July 1819.]

2d July 1819.

1819.

No Salt or
Rock Salt to be
weighed with
Turned Scales.

No Quantity
specified in
Purves and
Bonds.

Salt or Rock
Salt delivered
Duty free, may be
delivered for
Export above
Weight and
Quantity specified in
Purves and
Bonds.

Excess of more
than 1 lb. per
Cwt. in Stone
dried Salt, and
1 lb. per Cwt.
in all other Salt,
and Rock Salt,
constitute an
Excess of 1 cwt.

25 G. 2 c. 43.

3 18

WHEREAS it is expedient to alter and amend certain Laws of Excise, with respect to Salt and Rock Salt: And Whereas by an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for transferring the Management of the Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise, and for regulating the Duties on Salt, and the Drawbacks, Allowances and Bounties paid thereon, and for granting other Duties, Drawbacks, Allowances and Bounties thereon*; it is amongst other things enacted, that in all Cases where any Officer or Officers of Excise is or are authorized, empowered or required to ascertain the Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt by Weight, no less Quantity of such Salt or Rock Salt shall be weighed at one Draught than Two Bushels, less and except in any Case where the whole Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt, as so delivered at any one time shall be less than Two Bushels; and every such Officer or Officers, on weighing any Salt or Rock Salt, shall give the Turn of the Scale in favour of the Crown, and in lieu thereof shall make an Allowance as and after the Rate of Half a Pound Weight in every Two Bushels of such Salt or Rock Salt: And Whereas it is expedient to make such Alterations in the said Law as hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, he and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, no Salt or Rock Salt shall be weighed by any Officer or Officers with such Turns of the Scale as aforesaid, nor shall any Allowance as aforesaid be made on the weighing of any Salt or Rock Salt; and except when and at the time that any Salt or Rock Salt is delivered from the Salt Works, Pit or Mine, where the same has been made or mined, or any Warehouse belonging thereto, and in which such Salt or Rock Salt has been deposited without Payment of Duty; and that in every Port where such Salt is granted, and in every Bond which shall be given or entered into for the Removal of any Salt or Rock Salt, the Net Quantity only of the Salt or Rock Salt to be removed shall be specified; and that any Officer or Officers who shall at any time thereafter receive any such Salt or Rock Salt, shall weigh and take in or their Account thereof in net Bushels and Pounds only, and without giving any such Turn of the Scale, or making any such Allowance as aforesaid, any thing in the said Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And Whereas all Salt and Rock Salt, being removed or removing without a true and lawful Permit accompanying the same, or under a false Declaration, as by Law forfeited and liable to be seized: Be it therefore enacted, That no Salt or Rock Salt which shall have been delivered free of Duty, shall be forfeited or liable to Seizure for or on account of any Excess in the Weight or Quantity, thereof, over and above the Weight and Quantity specified in the Permit granted for the Removal of and accompanying the same, which Salt or may be found by any Officer or Officers of Excise on his or their weighing or taking, as aforesaid, when such Excess shall appear to have been occasioned by Accident and without Fraud; and such Excess shall be thereupon contained with the Bulk of such Salt or Rock Salt, and such Excess shall be indorsed upon the Back of the Permit accompanying such Salt, or if necessary a new Permit shall be granted for the Removal of the whole: Provided always, notwithstanding, that whenever any such Excess shall be found to exceed the Quantity specified in the Permit granted for the Removal of and accompanying such Salt or Rock Salt, in a greater Proportion than at and after the Rate or Proportion of Five Pounds Weight for every One hundred Pounds Weight of such Salt, or Stone dried Salt, or Two Pounds Weight for every One hundred Pounds Weight of all other Salt or Rock Salt respectively mentioned in such Permit, such greater Excess shall be deemed and taken to be express Fraud and conclusive Evidence of Fraud; and all the Salt or Rock Salt respectively so found removed or removing shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary in any Act notwithstanding.

III. And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for altering and amending the Laws of Excise with respect to Salt and Rock Salt*, it is amongst other things enacted, that if there shall be delivered out of any Ship, Vessel, Boat, Barge or other Vessel, sold or employed for carrying or removing Salt or Rock Salt delivered Duty free, as far as belongeth to the Place of her Destination, a less Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt than was respectively landed on board thereof for any such Removal as aforesaid, the Master or other Person commanding such Ship, Vessel, Boat, Barge, or other Vessel shall forthwith pay to the several Collectors of Excise, the full Amount of the Duty of Fifteen Shillings for every Bushel of the Salt or Rock Salt respectively so delivered, and be in proportion for any less Quantity; and such Ship, Vessel, Boat, Barge or other Vessel shall and may be seized and detained by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, until the same shall be paid, and all the Expenses attending or occasioned by such seizure and Detention, except as aforesaid: And Whereas it is expedient to make a further Exception

“ in this respect? Be it therefore enacted, That no such Duty shall be demanded or paid, at any such Detention as is last aforesaid be made, for or in respect of any Salt or crushed Rock Salt in Bond deficient in any Quantity of Salt or crushed Rock Salt respectively, which shall have been shipped without Payment of Duty and on Bond, to be removed and carried Coastwards for the purpose of curing and preserving Fish, or for making Caramels, Acids, orany variety of Lanes, unless the Quantity so found deficient as aforesaid shall exceed the Rate or Proportion of One Pound Weight in or upon every One hundred Pounds Weight of such Salt or crushed Rock Salt respectively be shipped and received as last aforesaid, and for and upon such Excise only, which upon Proof to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Excise, that such Deficiency was provided for by Bond, in which Case such Duty as aforesaid shall be payable and paid, and such Detention shall be made for and in respect of the Whole thereof; and every Officer and Officers of Excise finding or detaining any Salt or Rock Salt, or any Ship or other Vessel, for any Cause of Forfeiture or Detention mentioned in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Salt or Rock Salt, shall and they are hereby required forthwith to report such Seizure or Detention, with all the Circumstances attending the same, to the Commissioners of Excise.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in all such Cases as last aforesaid, in which such Deficiency shall not exceed the Rate or Proportion last aforesaid, the Commissioners of Excise in England or Ireland respectively shall, unless they shall be furnished that such Deficiency was occasioned by Fraud, forbear to put in suit any Bond given or entered into for the Removal of any such Salt or crushed Rock Salt as last aforesaid, and order the same to be cancelled and discharged; any thing in the said Act made in the Fifty seventh Year aforesaid to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

V. And Whereas it is by the said Act, made in the Fifty seventh Year aforesaid, enacted, that in case any Salt or Rock Salt removing from One Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain to any other Part thereof, or shipped for Exportation to Ireland, shall be lost or destroyed by a Leak or Leaks accidentally or unavoidably arising by any Fire, Barge, Boat or other Vessel, during such Carriage or Conveyance of such Salt or Rock Salt, and insufficiently shown to the Officer of Excise at the Port or Place of Discharge, before or at the time of the Delivery of such Salt or Rock Salt respectively, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Owner, Proprietor or Shipper of such Salt or Rock Salt, or Captain, Consignor or Agent, to make such Application, and for such Proceedings to be had thereon, and for the Commissioners of Excise to grant such Relief, as are authorized, directed or required by the said Act, upon and under the Terms, Conditions and Restrictions therein mentioned; And Whereas it may happen that such Salt or Rock Salt may be lost or destroyed by Water accidentally and unavoidably, and by the Perils of the Sea, being received and taken into the Hold of such Ship or other Vessel, during such Voyage as aforesaid, without the Master or Commander being able to show to such Officer as aforesaid the Leak or Leaks by which such Water is entered, but the Fall of such Entrance of Water, and the consequent Loss and Destruction of the Salt or Rock Salt, may be shown to such Officer as aforesaid at the time of the Delivery of such Salt or Rock Salt, by the State and Condition of the Salt or Rock Salt remaining in the Hold of such Ship or other Vessel, and may thereby with other Evidence be satisfactorily proved: And Whereas it is expedient that such Relief as is provided and given as aforesaid by the said Act shall be granted and extended to every such Case? Be it therefore further enacted, That whenever by the Perils of the Sea, and not from the Want of Seaworthiness of the Ship or other Vessel at the time of the Loading thereof, or of reasonable or proper Care, any Salt or Rock Salt shall or may be lost or destroyed during any such Voyage as aforesaid, by Water accidentally and unavoidably, and by the Perils aforesaid, taken or received into the Hold of any such Ship or other Vessel; and the Master or Mate of such Ship or other Vessel shall at the time enter a faithful, true and regular Account in the Log Book of such Ship or other Vessel, of such Event, or of his or their Reasons for believing or apprehending the same to have taken place; and such Master or Commander and Mate, if both are living, or if both are not living, if the Survivor or One other Seaman, or if neither Master or Mate are living, if Two of the Seamen of and belonging to such Ship or other Vessel, shall, within Twenty four Hours after the Arrival of such Ship or other Vessel at his Port or Place of Discharge, and before any Part of the Salt or Rock Salt on board thereof shall be unloaded or discharged, produce such Log Book, with such Tally as aforesaid, unaltered or defaced, together with a true Copy thereof, to the Collector, Supervisor, or other proper Officer of Excise in the said Port or Place, and verify the same and such Entry as aforesaid by and upon their Oath or Oaths (which Oath the Collector, Supervisor and Officers of Excise respectively, are hereby authorized to administer); and shall then leave such Copy as aforesaid with such Collector, Supervisor or Officer of Excise as aforesaid, and such Loss or Destruction shall afterwards, from the State and Condition of such Salt or Rock Salt, on the Delivery thereof from on board such Ship or Vessel, and by other satisfactory Evidence, be proved to have taken place from such Cause as aforesaid, then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Owner, Proprietor or Shipper of such Salt or Rock Salt, or Captain, Consignor or Agent as aforesaid, to make such Application, and for such Proceedings to be had thereon, and for such Commissioners, if satisfied with such Facts as aforesaid, to grant the like Relief, as are mentioned, authorized, directed or required in and by the said Act, as if such Salt or Rock Salt had been lost or destroyed by a Leak or Leaks satisfactorily shown to the Officer of Excise in the manner mentioned and required by the said Act.

VI. And Whereas by the said Act, made in the Fifty seventh Year aforesaid, if the Commissioners of Excise shall be dissatisfied with any such Examination or Certificate as are in the said Act mentioned, touching or relating to any Loss of Salt or Rock Salt as therein mentioned, they are hereby authorized and required, within Fourteen Days, to signify the same to the Party or Parties making the Application; and which such Examination has been taken, and given to such Party or Parties a Notice of Appeal to the Justices of the said County, or of the County from which such Salt or Rock Salt shall have been shipped,

Verifying
Salt or Rock
Salt lost or
lost or destroyed
on Bond, not
delivered through
deliberate
Duty there
Comptroller, &c.

Officers to re-
port seizures.

Bond cancelled
where Defi-
ciency does not
exceed the
per Cent.

§ 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.

Relief for Salt
lost by Leak
of any Vessel
entered in
by any acci-
dental Cause
of Water.

How such
account to be
sworn to by
Commissioners.

§ 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20.

Refusal of
Commissioners
to grant Relief
upon Certificate
to be issued
in Writing,
with such Re-
asons for such
Refusal; and
Party may
appeal to Quar-
ter Sessions
against such
Refusal.

Decision of
Commissioners
communicated
to Party in
Writing.
Party may
make further
Proof.

Officers of
Customs in
England im-
munised the
Officers of Ex-
cise in respect
to Salt or Black
Salt exported
from Great
Britain to
Ireland.

§ 1 G. 3. c. 39.
§ 25.

Fish Curers
giving Notice
to Officers of
Intendence to re-
move no more
than Four
Barrels of
Salt or Black
Salt, allowed
to remove in
Day-time.

Each Fish
Curer may
remove more
Salt or Black
Salt upon
giving the
usual Bond.

§ 1 G. 3. c. 39.
§ 25.

• at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be holden in and for the said County next after each Con-
• dition shall have been received by them as aforesaid: And Whereas such Appeal is unnecessary, inasmuch
• as witness and expenditure: Be it therefore enacted, That so much of the said Act as authorises or requires
• such Appeal by the said Commissioners, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that if such Commis-
• sioners respectively shall, on the Receipt of any such Certificate as aforesaid, refuse to grant such Relief as is
• provided by the said Act, by allowing to the Maker or Proprietor of the Salt or Rock Salt therein men-
• tioned, out of the Duties on Salt which shall next become due and payable from such Maker or Proprietor,
• the full Amount of the Duties proved to have been paid for such Salt or Rock Salt as shall, in the Examina-
• tions thereby certified, be supposed to have been lost or destroyed, or by cancelling or waiving the Bond
• given for the Delivery of such Salt or Rock Salt, as the case may happen to be, then and in every such Case
• respectively, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Party or Parties who shall have made such Application,
• or for the Proprietor or Shipper of such Salt or Rock Salt, within Fourteen Days next after such Refusal
• shall have been communicated in Writing to him or them, together with Grounds and Reasons for such Refusal,
• to give notice of Appeal, and to appeal against such Refusal, to the Justices at the next Quarter Sessions after
• the Expiration of such Fourteen Days, to be holden in and for the County aforesaid to whom the Salt shall
• have happened, or to the Place where such Salt or Rock Salt shall have been shipped, or shall have been
• respectively discharged, at the Option of such Party or Parties, Proprietor or Shipper as aforesaid; and for
• such Proceedings to be had thereon, and in like manner, as if such Certificate had been that the Facts
• required by the Act to be proved upon Oath had not been proved; and also, that every Decision by the said
• Commissioners upon any such Certificate shall be communicated to the Party or Parties making the Applica-
• tion in Writing, and with all due Diligence and Dispatch after the Receipt by such Commissioners of such
• Certificate, and that the Grounds and Reasons of their Refusal to grant Relief thereon as aforesaid shall be
• filed and communicated in Writing therewith; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Party or Parties
• making such Application as aforesaid to make, in like manner as is mentioned in the said Act, further Proof
• in support thereof, in answer to or Satisfaction of the Objections made by such Commissioners to the granting
• of such Relief as aforesaid: Provided always, that no further Proof shall be made as aforesaid, or received by
• such Commissioners respectively, after the Expiration of Twenty eight Days from the time of such Refusal
• of the said Commissioners respectively being communicated as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases mentioned in the said Act or in this Act, where Salt
• or Rock Salt exported from Great Britain to and delivered at any Port or Place in Ireland, shall be taken
• account of at such Port or Place by the Officers of Customs there, and not by any Officer of Excise, the
• Oath and Oaths directed by this Act, or by any other Act of Parliament, to be made touching or relating
• to the Conveyance, Loss or Delivery of Salt or Rock Salt, shall be made before such Officer or Officers of
• the Customs (which Oath and Oaths respectively be and they are hereby respectively authorised to administer);
• and such Officer or Officers of the Customs respectively in Ireland shall weigh and take account of such
• Salt and Rock Salt, and shall and are lawfully required to execute and perform all the Powers, Authorities
• and Duties touching or relating to the Conveyance, Loss or Delivery of such Salt or Rock Salt, as are
• directed, imposed, given or granted by the said Acts or the Act to any Officer or Officers of Excise in Great
• Britain in respect of Salt or Rock Salt removed Coastwise.

VIII. And Whereas all Fish Curers, before they are allowed or permitted to remove into their Custody
• or Possession any Salt or Rock Salt Duty free, for the purpose of curing or preserving Fish, are bound by
• Law to give Bond or Security, to be approved of by the Commissioners of Excise, or the Port or Ports
• appointed by them for the due Application of and accounting for all such Salt: And Whereas it is usual
• for Fish Curers to enter into such Bonds as aforesaid together with Two other Persons as their Sureties;
• and it is deemed expedient to make other Regulations to the Case of Fish Curers receiving such Quantities
• only of such Salt or Rock Salt: Be it therefore enacted, That every Fish Curer who shall give notice in
• Writing to the proper Officer of Excise of the Division or District in which the Warehouse or Storehouse
• by him or her intended to be made use of for the keeping of Duty free Salt or Rock Salt shall be license, of
• him or her Intendence to remove in any One Year, ending on the First Day of May, no more than Four Barrels
• of Salt or Rock Salt Duty free, for the purpose of curing and preserving Fish, shall be allowed and per-
• mitted, upon giving Bond with Conditions as by Law is in that behalf required, but without Sureties, and in
• the Penalty of only Ten Pence, to remove into his or her Custody and Possession, Duty free, for the purpose
• of curing and preserving Fish, any Quantity or Quantities of Salt or Rock Salt not exceeding Four Barrels
• in the whole in any One Year, ending on the First Day of May, under and subject nevertheless to all the
• Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, to which any other Fish Curer or Fish
• Curers 4 or are by Law subject or liable: Provided always, that if any Fish Curer who shall have given
• such Notice of his or her Intendence to remove in any One Year as aforesaid, no more than Four Barrels
• of Salt or Rock Salt as last aforesaid, and such Bond as aforesaid, shall afterwards be detected of removing in
• the same Year any further Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt, he or she shall be allowed, and at Liberty so to do,
• an full duty amounting with the proper Officer for so much of such Four Barrels of Salt or Rock Salt as
• he or she shall have already removed as aforesaid, and upon giving Bond as by Law is required in that behalf
• from other Fish Curers who have not given any such Notice as aforesaid.

IX. And Whereas if on weighing, taking account of and balancing the Stock of Salt in the Custody or
• Possession of any curried Fish Curer or Fish Curers in the Month of May, there shall appear to be any Salt
• deficient in Quantity, which such Fish Curer or Fish Curers shall have received or had in his, her or their
• Custody or Possession free of Duty in the Year last preceding, making an Allowance for the whole Quantity of
• Salt which such Fish Curer or Fish Curers shall have legally and truly delivered into the Custody or Possession

of any other Fish Curers in the Course of each half preceding Year, and also making an Allowance to and after the Rates and Proportions by Law granted for the Salt employed and consumed by each Fish Curer and Fish Curers, in each half preceding Year, in curing and preserving the Fish cured, preserved and produced within each Year to the proper Officers, then and in each Case all the Salt so deficient is deemed and taken to be Salt legally disposed of, or misapplied by each Fish Curer or Fish Curers; and each Fish Curer and Fish Curers, for every Bushel of Salt so found deficient as aforesaid, forfeits and loses the Sum of Seventeen Shillings: And Whereas the Penalty of the Bond entered into and given by every Fish Curer, before he, she or they shall be allowed or permitted to receive into his, her or their Custody or Possession, any Salt or Rock Salt free of Duty, for the purpose of curing and preserving Fish, may become forfeited by the Sale or Misapplication of any Part of such Salt or Rock Salt, or by any other Breach of the Condition of the said Bond, to the great Prejudice of the Service of such Fish Curer or Fish Curers, who will thereupon become liable to a Penalty exceeding the immediate Injury which His Majesty may have sustained by such Offence: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteenth, no Person or Persons being the Surety or Sureties of or in the Bond given by any Fish Curer or Fish Curers as aforesaid, shall pay, under the Penalty of any such Bond so forfeited as aforesaid, any greater Sum than what would have been the Amount of the Duties upon the Salt or Rock Salt so found deficient, or sold, delivered or misapplied as aforesaid, if such Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt had been legally taken out of any Warehouse for Home Consumption upon Payment of Duty, together with the Costs and Expenses incurred or paid by His Majesty for and in the Recovery thereof, and that upon Payment thereof, all Proceedings on any such Bond against any such Surety or Sureties as aforesaid shall cease: Provided always, that if it shall appear to the Commissioners of Excise, that any such Person or Persons as aforesaid shall have been a Party or Parties, Parties or Partners to any Fish Deficiency, Sale, Delivery or Misapplication of any Part of such Salt or Rock Salt as aforesaid, he, she and they shall be subject and liable to pay the whole Penalty of any such Bond so forfeited as aforesaid; and a final and may be awarded for the said Commissioners, in the Name of His Majesty's Attorney General, to sue for and recover the same to and for His Majesty's Use.

Sureties of Fish Curers shall not be liable under their Bonds to more than the Amount of Duties and Costs, which they in the Penal by which the Bond is forfeited.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July, no Bond given or entered into for the Exportation or for the Removal of Salt or Rock Salt, shall be put in force or prosecuted for any Forfeiture of the Penalty thereof, unless Notice shall, within Twelve Calendar Months from the Date thereof, be given by the Commissioners or some Officer of Excise to the Obligors or some Obligor of and in such Bond, of the Defect in the Performance of the Condition thereof.

Bond as aforesaid, do not put in force within Twelve Months.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Bond given or entered into by any Fish Curer or Fish Curers shall be put in force or prosecuted for any Forfeiture of the Penalty thereof, unless Notice shall, within Twelve Months from the Expiration of the time for performing the Condition thereof, be given by the Commissioners or some Officer of Excise to such Fish Curer or Fish Curers, of his, her or their Defect in the Performance thereof.

No to be Bond entered into by Fish Curers.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in all Bonds given, entered into or required under any Law or Laws of Excise, for securing the Duties upon Salt or Rock Salt for the Exportation or Removal of Salt or Rock Salt, or the due Delivery, Employment or Application thereof, the Penalty of every such Bond shall be a Sum not less than One hundred Pounds added to the Amount of the Duties now payable upon Salt made in England and taken out for Home Consumption, calculated on the Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt mentioned in the Condition of such Bond, if such Duties do not exceed the Sum of One hundred Pounds, nor more than Double the Amount of such Duties on such Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt, where such Duties exceed One hundred Pounds, and are less than One thousand Pounds; and that in all Cases where such Duties for calculated are One thousand Pounds or upwards, the Penalty of such Bond shall be a Sum equal to the Amount of such Duties calculated as aforesaid, and of One thousand Pounds, together with Twenty five Pounds per Centum on such Duties; any thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bond limited to Penalty herein mentioned.

XIII. And Whereas it was provided by the said Act, made in the Fifth seventh Year aforesaid, that as crashed Rock Salt, or crashed, fused or field Salt, or coloured or dyed Salt, delivered Duty free for the Use of the Fisheries, should, after the Month of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteenth, be removed in any Flat, Barge, Boat or other Vessel, or in any Wagon, Cart or other Carriage, in which any Salt of any other Description, or uncrashed Rock Salt, should be put or laid; and that no crashed Rock Salt, crashed, fused or field Salt, or coloured or dyed Salt, should be delivered to any Fish Curer after the Month of April One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, who should not make Entry to the coloured or dyed Salt, and crashed, fused or field Salt, and crashed Rock Salt only, for curing and preserving Fish, or should after the time last aforesaid have any Duty free White Salt in his, her or their Custody or Possession for that Purpose; and that no Fish Curer or Fish Curers who should at any time after the Month of April One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, have or take into his, her or their Custody or Possession any White Salt delivered Duty free for curing or preserving Fish, or any other Person or Persons, not making Entry and giving Bond as theretofore mentioned, or not being a Fish Curer or Fish Curers, and making Entry and giving Bond as theretofore mentioned for any such Warehouse theretofore mentioned; or not being a Fish Curer or Fish Curers, and making Entry and giving Bond as theretofore mentioned, for the Receipt and Use of coloured or dyed Salt, or crashed, fused or field Salt, or crashed Rock Salt, for curing and preserving Fish; or not being a Glass Maker, or Maker of Chymical Maniac Acid, or Oxymuriatic or Lime, should have, receive or take into his, her or their Custody or Possession any Rough coloured or dyed Salt, or any crashed, fused or field Salt, or any crashed Rock Salt (not being delivered and shipped for and in the Course of Exportation) under the Penalty and Forfeitures therein mentioned: And Whereas for the

57 G. 3. c. 49. § 24.

Extended to
April 1818.

Proviso as to
Fish Cakes
according to the
Act, the Salt
received in the
preceding Year.

38 Geo. 3. c. 14.
§ 3. 10.

39 Geo. 3. c. 14.
§ 2.

38 Geo. 3. c. 14.
§ 1.

37 Geo. 3. c. 49.
§ 19.

Foreign Salt
imported into
Ports herein
mentioned, may
be there trans-
shipped for the
Newfoundland
without being
first landed and
warehoused.

Time of sailing
limited.

37 Geo. 3. c. 49.
§ 5.

Warehouses to
be provided at
Newfoundland
for storing Salt for
Exportation.

Percentage
demanded at all
respects of
Warehouses at
London
Hall, &c.

• purpose of affording an Opportunity of making further Trial of the Use of crushed Rock Salt in the Cure of Fish, it is expedient to extend the respective Dates and Times aforesaid, at which the respective Possessions heretofore vested shall commence and take effect, from the Month of April aforesaid, to the Month of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty one: Be it therefore enacted, That the several Provisions heretofore enacted, shall not nor shall any of them commence or take effect, until from and after the Month of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that in the Month of May One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and One thousand eight hundred and twenty one respectively, all and every Fish Curer and Fish Curers, who shall have in the Year and before the Month of April aforesaid, received or used both coloured or dyed, or crushed, filed or Rock Salt, and also White Salt, shall account for all dyed or coloured Salt, and all crushed, filed or Rock Salt, received in the preceding Year, under the said Rules, Restrictions, Regulations and Allowances as are provided by Law with respect to White Salt delivered Duty free for the Fisheries.

• XIV. And Whereas by an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for transferring the Management of the Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise, if any Foreign Salt or other Salt imported into Great Britain, shall not be entered and landed, and the Duty payable thereon be fully paid within Twenty Days after each Report, as is therein directed, has or ought to have been made, or all such Salt shall be forfeited, provided that any such Foreign Salt duly imported may, upon due Entry thereof, be forthwith, and before Payment of the Duty, landed, weighed and put into such Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar, and under such Bond or Security for Payment of the Duties as is and are in that behalf therein directed: And Whereas by an Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for, among other things, amending the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, any Person within Twelve Months after the Importation and landing of any such Foreign Salt, may take free of Duty, for the purpose of immediately exporting the same in any Ship or Vessel, not of less Burthen than Forty Tons, to Newfoundland, for curing Cod Fish, Ling or Hake, to be there caught, any Quantity exceeding Fifty Butts in a cove, of Foreign Salt, from and out of any Import Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar, at either of the Ports of *Park, Dartmouth, Falmouth or Glasgow*, into which the Cove has been put, according to the Regulations of the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, upon such Person or Persons first giving such Bond or Security as by the said Act made in the Thirty sixth Year aforesaid is in that behalf directed; and by another Act made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the like Permission is granted in respect to Foreign Salt lodged in any Import Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar, at the Port of *Ayr*; and by the said Act made in the Fifty seventh Year aforesaid, the like Permission is granted in respect to Foreign Salt lodged in any Import Warehouse, Storehouse or Cellar, at *Plymouth*: And Whereas it would be convenient to permit any Crops of such Foreign Salt as may be duly brought or imported as aforesaid into any of the aforesaid Ports, to be within such Twenty Days as aforesaid landed in any of such Ports from the Ship or Vessel in which the same may be so imported, into any other such Ship or Vessel as aforesaid, as may then be lying in such Port, ready and about to sail and depart for Newfoundland, for the purpose of curing Cod Fish, Ling or Hake, to be there caught, without the same being first landed and warehoused in such Port: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners of Excise, and in the Presence of the proper Officer of Excise, to weigh, deliver and tranship within each Twenty Days as aforesaid, in any of the aforesaid Ports, any Crops of Foreign Salt, from and out of the Ship or Vessel in which the same shall or may have been duly imported into such Port, into any other Ship or Ships, or Vessel or Vessels, not being of less Burthen than Forty Tons, then lying in such Port ready and about to sail and depart from thence for Newfoundland, for the purpose of curing Cod Fish, Ling or Hake, to be there caught, on such Person or Persons first giving such Bond or Security as is in that behalf directed by the said Act, made in the Thirty sixth Year aforesaid, and without such Salt being first landed and warehoused in such Port; any thing in the said recited Acts or any of them to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that if any Ship or Vessel into which any Salt shall be so transhipped as aforesaid, shall on proceed upon her Voyage within Twenty Days after such Transshipment, Wind and Weather permitting, all such Salt shall be reweighed and warehoused under the Provisions of the aforesaid Act of the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty, and on default thereof shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

• XV. And Whereas by the said Act made in the Fifty seventh Year aforesaid, it was amongst other things enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for any Maker or Makers, or Refiner or Refiners of, or Dealer or Dealers in Salt under such Licence and Permission as is therein mentioned, to provide or send One or more Export Warehouses or Warehouse or within the Port of London, or *Black Greenwich, Leith and Plymouth*, for the purpose of laying, storing or keeping therein Salt delivered Duty free, and intended for Exportation under the Regulations and upon the Conditions therein mentioned: And Whereas it is expedient to extend such Provision to the Port of *Dartmouth*: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful to and for any Maker or Makers, or Refiner or Refiners of, or Dealer or Dealers in Salt, having the Licence and Permission in that behalf of the Commissioners of Excise or the major Part of them for the time being, to provide or send One or more Export Warehouses or Warehouse or within the Port of *Dartmouth* for the purpose of laying, storing or keeping therein Salt delivered Duty free and intended for Exportation, such Places and Persons giving the like Security, and being subject to all and singular the like Rules, Regulations, Conditions, Restrictions, Provisions, Forfeitures and Penalties by the said Act prescribed, directed, contained or implied with respect to such Warehouse or Warehouses at

London.

London, or Hull, Greenwich, Leith and Plymouth, or to the Port or Ports providing, crediting or using the same.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That when any Salt or Rock Salt delivered Duty free for the purpose of being carried Coastwise to and stored or kept in any of such Export Warehouses provided as aforesaid, for the purpose of laying, storing or keeping thereas Salt delivered Duty free for Exportation, shall be so carried or conveyed in or on board of any Ship or Vessel from any Port or Place in Great Britain to aforesaid wharfs, for the purpose of being so warehoused, and shall arrive within the Port of aforesaid wharf, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Port or Ports to transship the same therein for the time Purpose, and under and subject to all and every the Rules, Regulations and Conditions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures provided and imposed by this Act, for or in respect of the Transshipment of Foreign Salt directly from the said Ship or Vessel in which the same shall have been so removed without first landing or warehousing the same; Provided always, that the Person or Persons accompanying the whole of such Salt or Rock Salt shall be first duly delivered to the proper Officer of Excise in that behalf; and that the Master or Commander of the said Ship or Vessel shall first make oath, as by Law is required, as the Removal of such Salt directly from the said Ship or Vessel, and that all such Salt or Rock Salt shall be first duly weighed on board the said Ship or Vessel, and delivered into the Ship or Vessel, Ships or Vessels, into which the same is or shall be so transhipped, by and in the Presence of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise in that behalf; And provided also, that the whole of such Salt or Rock Salt mentioned and expressed in such Permit or Permits, and so removed Coastwise in such Ship or Vessel, shall be duly entered as Part of the Stock, and deemed and taken to be received by the Port or Ports to whom the same shall be so permitted into his or their Custody and Possession, and shall be accounted for and accompanied with such Permit or Certificate, Permits or Certificates, as is or are required by Law on the Removal of any Salt or Rock Salt from any such Export Warehouse; and that such Entries shall be made in respect thereof by such Port or Ports as are by Law directed and required to be made in case the whole of such Salt or Rock Salt expressed and mentioned in the Permit or Permits, Certificate or Certificates, accompanying the same had been actually landed and received into the entered Warehouse of the Port or Ports to whom it was first sent, consigned and permitted, and the Salt or Rock Salt transhipped as aforesaid had been afterwards received into and as Part of his or their Stock of Salt or Rock Salt in such Export Warehouse as aforesaid.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That when any Salt or Rock Salt shall be delivered Duty free, for the purpose of curing and preserving Fish, and shall be carried or conveyed in or on board of any Ship or Vessel, from one Port or Place in Great Britain to another, and shall arrive at the Port or Place where the entered Permits of the Fish Curer or Fish Curers to whom the same shall be first and permitted, shall be situated, it shall and may be lawful for the said Fish Curer or Fish Curers to land, transfer and deliver any Part of such Salt or Rock Salt, or to any other licensed and entered Fish Curer or Fish Curers directly from the said Ship or Vessel, without first landing or warehousing the same: Provided always, that the Person accompanying the whole of the said Salt or Rock Salt be first duly delivered to the proper Officer of Excise in that behalf, and that the Master of the Vessel do first make oath as by Law is so that behalf required, and that all such Salt or Rock Salt (as well such Part thereof as shall be intended to be taken into the entered Permits of the said Fish Curer or Fish Curers to whom he shall be so permitted, as such Part as shall be intended to be first, transferred as delivered to any other Fish Curer or Fish Curers as aforesaid), shall be first duly weighed on board the said Ship or Vessel, by and to the Satisfaction of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise in that behalf; and provided also, that the whole of such Salt or Rock Salt shall be duly entered as Part of the Stock, and deemed and taken to be received by the Fish Curer or Fish Curers to whom the same shall be so permitted, into his, her or their Custody and Possession, and that all such Salt or Rock Salt as shall be so first, transferred or delivered as aforesaid, to any other Fish Curer or Fish Curers, shall be accounted for and shall be accompanied with such Certificate and Certificates, and that such respective Entries shall be made in respect thereof (as well by the said Fish Curer or Fish Curers to whom such Salt or Rock Salt shall be permitted, as by the Fish Curer or Fish Curers to whom the same shall be so first and delivered), as are by Law directed and required to be made, in case the whole of such Salt or Rock Salt respectively had been actually landed and received into the entered Warehouse, Cellar or Storehouse of the Fish Curer or Fish Curers to whom it was first sent and permitted, and received from him, her or them, and from his, her or their Stock of Duty free Salt, by the said other Fish Curer or Fish Curers to whom the same shall be so transferred or delivered.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Fish Curer or Fish Curers to ship from his, her or their entered Cellar or Storehouse, any Quantity of his, her or their Stock of Salt or Rock Salt delivered Duty free, for curing or preserving Fish, and to land the same to Sea, to be employed in and on board of any Ship, Boat or other Vessel for that Purpose, provided that his, her or they shall give previous Notice thereof in Writing to the proper Officer of Excise; and that such Salt so shipped for the Purpose aforesaid, be accompanied with a Certificate from such Fish Curer or Fish Curers, and countersigned by the proper Officer of Excise, containing and certifying therein that such Salt or Rock Salt has been taken from his, her or their entered Cellar or Storehouse for that Purpose, and the Fishery where the same is intended to be used as aforesaid; and provided that no such Shipping or Employment as aforesaid shall in any respect alter, lessen or affect the Account to be rendered by every such Fish Curer or Fish Curers, in the Month of May in every Year, according to the Terms and Conditions of his, her or their Bond, and as required by Law, before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, any thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Fish Curer or Fish Curers shall bring or make to be brought any Fish cured as aforesaid at Sea, into any Port or Place for Sale, not being the Port or Place at which he,

How this shall be entered
Counties in such Export Warehouses.

Permits to be delivered to Officers.

Salt mentioned in such Permits to be duly entered as Part of Stock.

Fish Curers allowed to send Salt or Rock Salt to other entered Fish Curers.

Permits delivered.
Oath by Master.

Such Salt, the entered as Part of Stock, and deemed to have been received into Stock of Fish Curer to whom first permitted, and to be certified and kept accounts of as usual.

Fish Curers to be at liberty to ship Parts of their Stock of Salt for use at Sea, under certain Conditions.

Fish cured at Sea from Part of a Fish.

Cure's Pack of Duty free Salt, may be brought into another Port for Sale, and Fish Cures shall have Credit for it in such, under certain Regulations.

Fish Cures to produce and have Credits with Officer.

Endorsement to agree with Conditions.

Herrings returned from any Place for want of Sale, may be re-ported in to be sold for Re-emption, on certain Conditions.

Master to give Notice to Quantity of returned Herrings, &c.

for, or they is or are an entered Fish Curer or Fish Curers, the proper Officer of Excise at the Port or Place to which such entered Fish shall be so brought, as aforesaid shall, upon receiving Twenty four Hours Notice thereof in Writing from such Fish Curer or Fish Curers, or his, her or their Agent or Agents, Consignee or Consignees, attend and take an account of such Fish on board of the Ship or Vessel in which the same shall arrive; and if satisfied that the same are well and perfectly cured, shall then and there bound the Casks in which they are cured and packed, or mark such Fish in the same manner as is required by Law with respect to such Fish when cured, upon the entered Provinces of any Fish Curer or Fish Curers, and shall examine the Certificate aforesaid for the Salt or Rock Salt shipped on board such Vessel for the Purpose aforesaid, and endorse thereon the Date of such his branding, and the Quantity and Kind of Fish in by him found cured, and so then branded or marked as aforesaid, and the estimated Quantity of such Salt or Rock Salt then remaining on board of such Ship or Vessel, and shall thereupon transmit a Certificate thereof to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey such Fish Curer or Fish Curers entered Provinces and Stock of Duty free Fishery Salt shall then be, and such Fish Curer and Fish Curers shall be entitled to Credit in his Account for such cured Fish, in the same manner as if such Fish had been cured in and upon his and their entered Provinces, and had been then produced to and branded or marked by the proper Officer surveying such Provinces, as by Law is required in that behalf: Provided always, that no such Fish Curer or Fish Curers shall be entitled to any Credit in his, her or their Account for any such Fish as aforesaid, unless he or they shall first produce to and leave with such Surveying Officer the Certificate aforesaid granted, when the Salt or Rock Salt employed in the Cure of such Fish was shipped for that Purpose as aforesaid, and endorsed as aforesaid, or unless such Endorsements, when so produced and left, shall agree in Date, Quantity and Quality of Fish with the Certificate of the Account thereof taken, and the branding or marking thereof transmitted by the Officer at the Port or Place where such Fish were so branded or marked, to the Surveying Officer aforesaid, nor unless such Fish Curer or Fish Curers shall have entered the Sale of such Fish in his Account of Sales, and specified therein the Date and Particulars of such Sales, in the same manner as if such Fish had been sold and delivered from his, her or their entered Provinces.

* XX. And Whereas, if any Fish cured or shipped for Exportation, for the Purpose or to the intent to obtain any Bounty by Law granted, shall be unpacked, unloaded or laid on Land, or put into any other Ship or Vessel in Great Britain: all the Fish which shall be so unpacked, unloaded or laid on Land, or put into any other Ship or Vessel in Great Britain, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, together with the Packages containing the same, and also the Ship or Vessel from or out of which, and the Ship or Vessel into which such Fish shall be taken or put, and the same respectively may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise: And Whereas the Exporters of such Fish are by Law required to give Bond and Security, that all and every Part of such Fish shall be duly reported to such beyond the Seas, and shall not be unpacked or laid on Land, or put on board any other Ship or Vessel in Great Britain: And Whereas it is expedient to relax the above Regulations in certain Cases, where Herrings or other Fish duly packed, repacked and sent for Sale to any particular Port or Place beyond the Seas, shall be returned and brought back from thence for want of Purchasers at that Port or Place: Be it therefore enacted, That neither shall the said Forfeiture extend or be deemed or construed to extend to any Herrings or other Fish which shall have been duly reported and sent for Sale to any Port or Place beyond the Seas, and shall be returned or brought back direct from that Port or Place in Great Britain, for want of Purchasers at that Port or Place, nor to the Ship or Vessel in which the same shall be so reimported and brought back; nor shall any such Bond or Security, as heretofore in that behalf mentioned, become forfeited by or by reason of any such Reimportation of the said Herrings or other Fish, or such landing of the same; nor shall the Carvers of such Herrings or other Fish thereupon lose Credit for the Salt or Rock Salt employed and allowed for the repacking of such Herrings or other Fish for Exportation to such Port or Place aforesaid; provided the Master or Person having the Command of the said last mentioned Ship or Vessel, on the Arrival of the said last mentioned Ship or Vessel, and before the unpacking or reloading of any of the said returned Herrings or other Fish, give a Notice in Writing signed by him, to the Chief Officer of Excise at the Port or Place of Great Britain in which the said last mentioned Ship or Vessel shall arrive, specifying the exact and true Quantity of such returned Herrings or other Fish, the Name of the Vessel in which returned and reimported, and of the Place from whence the same have been returned and reimported, the Christmas and Newyears of the Period or Periods by whom the same were returned for Exportation, the Name of the Ship or Vessel in which they were exported, the Month and Year when exported, and the Port from whence, and the Place to which the same were exported: Provided also, that all such returned Herrings or other Fish shall, before the same or any Part thereof shall be delivered or put out of the Ship or Vessel in which the same shall be returned and reimported as aforesaid, or be reloaded in Great Britain, be duly taken an account of, and examined by the proper Officer of Excise in that behalf; and that the Barrels or Casks containing the same shall be first duly branded and marked by such Officer with the Letter R, to denote that the same have been returned from Exportation; and provided also, that the same are re-reported to some other Port or Place in Parts beyond the Seas, without any further Bounty being claimed, paid or allowed thereon, and shall not be sold, delivered, re-packed or opened for House Consumption.

* XXI. And Whereas by the said Act, made in the Fifty seventh Year aforesaid, the proper Officer of Excise is required to brand on all Casks or Barrels of White Herrings, or Pickled, declared by the Fish Curer or Fish Curers to be repacked for Exportation to the East or West Indies, South America, Madeira or the Mediterranean, the Letter W; and on all Casks or Barrels of White Herrings or Pickled to be delivered to be repacked for Exportation as aforesaid to the Baltic the Letter B; and the Fish Curer or Fish Curers producing the same, it is and are required forthwith to remove all and every such Barrels or Casks, or Barrel or Cask, and at all times keep the same wholly separate and apart from all other Fish not so branded

and the Casks under such particular Mark, Separate and apart from all Casks branded with a different Mark, and under the Penalty of Fifty Pounds and the Forfeiture of all such Fish; and the like Penalty and Forfeiture thereby imposed for any Casks or Barrels marked or branded with the Letter W, being found in the Custody or Possession of any Person or Persons open for Home Consumption: And Whereas every Cask of Salmon cured and packed or repacked for Exportation, is by the said Act required to be branded with the Letters B & F: Be it further enacted, That if any Fish Curer or Fish Curers, or other Person or Persons, shall fail or deliver any Cask or Barrel of White Herrings, or Pickleds branded with the Letter W, or with the Letter B, respectively, or any Cask of Salmon branded with the Letters B & F, for Home Consumption, or without communicating or making known to the Purchaser thereof respectively, that every such Cask or Barrel of White Herrings or Pickleds, or Salmon respectively, has been packed or repacked for Exportation only according to the branding thereof as aforesaid; or if any such Cask or Barrel of White Herrings or Pickleds, or Salmon, or Pickleds, or Salmon, or Pickleds, or Salmon, which are or were packed or contained therein for Home Consumption, or shall be shipped for Exportation to any other Place than according to the branding thereof as aforesaid, every such Cask or Barrel, together with the Herrings, Pickleds or Salmon therein, or which had been therein packed or contained, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Fish Curer and Fish Curers repacking such Herrings, Pickleds or Salmon, shall, over and above the Loss of all Credit for the Salt or Rock Salt used or employed in the repacking thereof, and Person and Persons so offending as aforesaid, or a whole Possession such Fish is or shall be found as aforesaid, shall respectively forfeit and lose for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Fish Curer who shall have repacked any White Herrings or Pickleds for Exportation to any such Place or Places as aforesaid, the Casks whereof are branded respectively as aforesaid, but which cannot be exported to the Place or Places for which such Herrings or Pickleds were repacked and branded respectively as aforesaid, by reason of a Failure of the Market for such Herrings or Pickleds at such Place or Places, after such Herrings or Pickleds were so repacked and branded respectively as aforesaid to be exported thence (the Proof of such Herrings and Pickleds having been so repacked and branded with the exports and actual Intimation of such Fish Curer at the time such Herrings or Pickleds were so repacked,) to export the same to such Place or Places, and of his or her being unexpectedly and unaccountably prevented from making such intended Exportation by reason of such Failure of Market as aforesaid, being made upon the Oath of such Fish Curer, which Oath the Collector and Officers of Excise are hereby empowered to administer, or otherwise to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Excise of England or Ireland respectively, (as the case may be,) to give the proper Officer Notice thereof in Writing, and with the Permission of such Commissioners of Excise respectively as aforesaid, to produce such Casks to the proper Officer of Excise, to efface and obliterate the former Brand Mark of W or B respectively, and to rebrand such Casks respectively with the Letter R, and to export such Casks of Herrings or Pickleds respectively to any other Place beyond the Salt, without incurring any Penalty for not reporting the same to the Place or Places for which such Casks were originally branded, and without losing the Credit to which he or she was entitled for the Salt employed in repacking such Herrings or Pickleds respectively for Exportation, to the Place or Places for which they were repacked and so first branded as aforesaid.

XXIII. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for, amongst other things, allowing until the Fifteenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and one, the Use of Salt Duty free, in the preserving of Fish in Salt or in Barrels; and which Act was by another Act, made in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, revised and continued until the Fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty-one, any Person or Persons whatever who shall catch or take, or purchase, cure or preserve any Herrings, Pickleds, Mackerel or any Kind or Species of whatfish Fish, or who shall fit out any Vessel for such Purpose, is authorized to take and ship on board his or their Vessel, from his or their own Stock of Salt, or from the Stock of Salt of any other Fish Curer or other such Person or Persons shall purchase, or with whom he or they shall contract for Salt, any Quantity of Salt Duty free, that shall be deemed necessary for curing or preserving the Fish which may be expected to be taken or purchased in the Trip or Voyage to or upon which he or they shall intend to immediately dispatch or employ his or their Vessel, provided that no Person shall be allowed to ship or have on board any Vessel at any time, any greater Quantity of Salt than is the Proportion of Ten Bushels for every Ten Barrels by Advertisement of the Vessel, is or on board of which such Salt shall be taken or shipped: And Whereas it is expedient to make the said Act perpetual, except in far as the same is altered by Provisions and Regulations in respect thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid shall be, and the same is hereby made perpetual, except in far as the same is hereby altered; and it shall not be lawful for any such Person or Persons as aforesaid, to ship any Salt Duty free, to be employed for the Purpose mentioned in the said Act made in the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid, until he, she or they shall have made such Entry in Writing, as by the said Act is required in that behalf, or until such Person or Persons shall otherwise have given Bond or Security, to be approved by the Commissioners of Excise, or the Person or Persons who shall be appointed or employed by them for that Purpose, in the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, that he, she or they will duly account with the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, according to the Direction and Regulations of the said Act of Parliament and of this Act, for all the Salt which he, she or they shall at any time take, ship, receive or have on board his, her or their Vessel or V. Vessel, or have or receive in any Warehouse or Warehouses duly entered for that Purpose during the Continuance of such Entry; and

§ 12.

Bill, for
Home Con-
sumption, Her-
ings or Pick-
leds branded
for Expor-
tation, and re-
packed Fish
shipped for
Exportation to
a different Place
than that for
which they are
branded.

Penalty.

On Failure of
Market, Her-
ings or Pick-
leds repacked
and branded for
Exportation in
One Place, may be re-
branded and
exported to
another.
Cask by Fish
Curer.

Casks to
be rebranded.

§ 1.

at G. J. New, &
C. M. personal

Before Salt is
shipped, Duty
free, Entry to
be made, and
Bond can be
made to persons
qualified
to receive
salt

and that every such Bond Book, during such time as last aforesaid, continue and stand as a Security for the due Application and Account of all such Salt as aforesaid, unless the same is required by the Commissioners of Excise to be removed by reason of the Death or Infirmary of any of the Officers therein or thereof, or of the Possibility thereof becoming defected by the Misapplication of any such Salt, or by such Person or Persons as aforesaid not duly accounting for the same as aforesaid, or any other Breach of the Conditions of such Bond, and for the Person or Persons giving such Bond, duly and truly observing, performing and keeping all the Regulations and Directions of the said Act and of this Act, touching or relating to such Person or Persons to trading as aforesaid, and to such Vessel or Vessels as aforesaid; and if any such Person or Persons shall receive or ship any Salt as aforesaid, without first making such Entry as aforesaid, and giving, or, upon Request by the proper Officer under the Directions of the Commissioners of Excise, receiving such Bond on any such Occasion as aforesaid, he, she or they shall for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Possibly took.

Master of Vessels containing and conveying Fish, may have a Certificate of Bond without Fee; and every Quantity of Salt received in or for such Trip to be entered up on such Certificate.

Master of Ship as Commissioned of Voyage, to deliver in this or Certificate, &c.

Departing with no Certificate, &c. Penalty null.

42 G. 3. Sect. 1. s. 1. § 11.

Allowance of so lbs. per Cwt. for certain small Fish under 42 G. 3. s. 11. as mentioned in 30 lbs.

Proviso in 42 G. 3. s. 11. that Fish dry salted in Bulk, &c.

Allowance of Duty free Salt for certain wet salted Herrings, Conger and Pickled, as under former Acts.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any such Vessel shall be about to sail and depart upon any such Trip or Voyage as aforesaid, the proper Officer of Excise who shall have taken such Bond as aforesaid, and with whom the same shall be deposited, shall, on the Request of any such Person or Persons as aforesaid, deliver, without Fee or Reward, a Certificate of such Bond having been given as aforesaid by the Person or Persons employing the same, and of such Bond being then in force, and specifying therein the Name and Tonnage of such Vessel, and to what Port such Vessel belongs, and the Name or Names of the Owner or Owners, or Employer or Employers thereof, who have given such Bond as aforesaid, and shall endorse upon such Certificate the Quantity of Salt then on board thereof, Duty free, for such Purpose as aforesaid, for such Trip or Voyage, and the Date of such Endeavour; and that before any Master, Owner or Employer of any such Vessel shall ship as aforesaid any further Quantity of Salt as aforesaid, for such Purpose as aforesaid, upon or for such Trip or Voyage, from the Stock of any other Fish Curer or Fish Curers, he shall first produce and show to the proper Officer who surveys the Stock of such Fish Curer or Fish Curers, or from whose Stock the same is to be removed, such Certificate of Bond as aforesaid; and such Officer shall thereupon endorse the Quantity of Salt then intended to be removed and shipped from the Stock of such Fish Curer or Fish Curers on board of such Vessel, together with the Date of such Shipment; and shall forthwith, at the Request of such Master or Owner, transmit by Post a Copy of such Certificate with such Endorsement, and all other Endorsements thereon, to the Officer taking such Bond, and giving such Certificate as aforesaid; and the Master of every such Vessel shall, at the time of making, on the Completion of such Trip or Voyage, such Entry or Writing with the Officer of Excise of his cured Fish as is required by the said Act, deliver to such Officer such Certificate, with every such Endorsement thereon, made as aforesaid, for every separate Quantity of Salt had or received on board of any such Vessel for or upon every such Trip or Voyage, and shall account for the whole of such Salt, and for all the Fish cured therewith, or upon or during such Trip or Voyage as directed by the said Act or by this Act, and shall, on such Officer taking an Account thereof as aforesaid, land and deposit all the Salt remaining on board of such Ship or Vessel, unless in the Warehouse or Warehouses entered for that Purpose, of such Person or Persons as aforesaid, or shall at the Option of such Person or Persons keep and take the same on board of such Vessel for curing or preserving Fish on the next succeeding Trip or Voyage thereof, as directed by the said Act: Provided always, that the Fish Curer and Fish Curers, from whose Stock any such Salt shall be so shipped as aforesaid, shall be wholly discharged from all further Account or Responsibility for such Salt, and Credit shall be given to him, her or them by the proper Officer for the same, as far as Salt transferred to another Fish Curer; and if any such Master, Owner or Employer of any such Vessel shall depart or sail upon any such Trip or Voyage as aforesaid, without such Certificate as aforesaid, or shall receive or ship any Salt on board thereof, from him, her or their own Stock, or from the Stock of any other Fish Curer or Fish Curers, without first producing such Certificate as aforesaid, and without such Certificate being so endorsed as aforesaid, he, she or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXV. And Whereas the Credit or Allowance granted by the said Act, made in the Forty first Year as aforesaid, for Salt used in the salting, curing or preserving Fish, under the Direction or Authority of the said Act, other than Herrings, Pickleds or Mackerels, is Twenty two Pounds Weight of Salt: And Whereas it is expedient to increase the said Allowance; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, there shall be allowed for every One hundred Weight of all good and wholesome Fish, called, cured, preserved and produced, as required by the said Act, other than Herrings, Pickleds or Mackerels, a Credit or Allowance not exceeding Thirty Pounds of Salt, for every One hundred Weight of such other Fish so cured, preserved and produced as aforesaid: Provided always, nevertheless, that nothing hereinbefore contained, shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend to Cod Fish, dry salted in Bulk, or to authorize the making or giving of any Credit or Allowance for Salt used in the salting, curing or preserving any such other Fish, beyond the Quantity of Salt actually and lawfully employed and spent in the curing and preserving thereof as aforesaid; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Fish Curer and Fish Curers, to whom any White Salt shall, under the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Directions of the said Acts of the Thirty eighth and Fifty seventh Years of His present Majesty's Kings, be delivered Duty free, for the purpose of curing and preserving Fish, shall be allowed a Credit not exceeding Fifty six Pounds Weight of such Salt for every Barrel of Thirty two Gallons of Fish, called Brown, Conger or Pickled, wet salted and perfectly cured, and is in proportion for any greater or less Quantity; such Credit to be allowed under the same Rules, Regulations,

Regulations,

Restrictions and Provisions, Fees, Penalties and Forfeitures, which by the said Act, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time of passing this Act, are contained, provided, settled or established, for or in respect of allowing Salt Duty free, for the purpose of curing and preserving Fish therein mentioned, or for or in respect of allowing Fish Carriage Credit for Salt delivered to them for that Purpose.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That when any Officer or Officers of Excise shall bring any Salt or Rock Salt, or any Fish, as aforesaid or liable to be found under or by virtue of the Act or any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force at that behalf, such Officer or Officers respectively shall, upon request in Writing being first made by the said Owner or Owners of such Salt, Rock Salt or Fish respectively, or by or their Foreman or Managers, and signed by him or them, deliver to such Owner or Owners, Foreman or Manager requesting the same as aforesaid, or at his or their usual Place of Residence, or if he, she or they be a Trader or Traders under the Survey of the Officers of Excise, at his, her or their usual Premises within Twenty-four Hours after such Request made, a Statement in Writing of the Cause or Causes for which such Officer or Officers shall receive such Salt, Rock Salt or Fish respectively to be delivered and liable to be found; and every such Officer and Officers shall forthwith report such Statement, with the Circumstances attending the same, to the Commissioners of Excise: Provided always, that no written Statement, by any such Officer or Officers as last aforesaid, shall in any way prejudice or affect, or be deemed or taken to prejudice or affect, the Legality of such Sentence, or to prejudice or affect any Bill, Plein or Information which shall or may be preferred, filed or exhibited, either for the Conviction of any such Salt or Rock Salt or Fish, or for any Penalties incurred in respect of or with regard to the same, or any or either of them, or to prejudice or affect any Action which may or shall be commenced against the Officer or Officers who shall have found such Salt or Rock Salt or Fish, or for or with respect to any such Sentence.

XXVIII. And Whereas the Bond or Security given by Makers of Oxygenated Marine Acid, or Oxygenate of Lime, for or on the Receipt of Salt or Rock Salt Duty free for that Purpose, is by an Act made in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, for allowing Makers of Oxygenated Marine Acid to take Salt Duty free for making such Acid or Oxygenate of Lime, for Bleaching Lanes and Cotton, required to be made, with Condition that all such Salt or Rock Salt shall, within Six Months next ending the Date of such Bond, be really and truly employed, spent and consumed by such Maker or Makers, at his or their Work or Works thence specified, in the making of Oxygenated Marine Acid or Oxygenate of Lime: And Whereas such Period of Six Months is found too short for such Purpose as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted, That in lieu of Six Months, every such Bond shall be made with Condition that the Salt or Rock Salt mentioned in any such Bond, shall, within Twelve Months next ending the Date of such Bond, be really and truly employed, spent and consumed by such Maker or Makers as aforesaid, going or entering into such Bond, at his or their Work or Works thence specified, in the making of Oxygenated Marine Acid or Oxygenate of Lime, for the sole Purpose of Bleaching the several Goods respectively for which the same are now by Law allowed.

XXIX. And Whereas by the said Act, made in the Fifth Year aforesaid, it is enacted, that no Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Marine Acid or Oxygenate of Lime, shall receive or have any Salt Duty free for that Purpose, in any less Quantity than Fifty Bushels, or be at liberty to mix with Vitriolic Acid, Manganese and Water, or any or either of them, at any one time, any less Quantity than Two Bushels of Salt: And Whereas it is inconvenient to assay such Makers as aforesaid, to receive for the Purpose aforesaid, so large a Quantity of Salt at one time as Fifty Bushels of Salt, or to mix, as aforesaid, so large a Quantity as Two Bushels at one time: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, so much of the said Act as is heretofore enacted, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed; and that from thenceforth it shall and may be lawful for any such Maker or Makers as aforesaid, to choose, receive and have Salt or Rock Salt Duty free for the Purpose aforesaid, in any Quantity not being less than Twenty Bushels at one time, under the several Regulations now by Law established, and is mix with Vitriolic Acid and Manganese, or with Vitriolic Acid, Manganese and Water, under the several Regulations and Restrictions contained in the said Act, at any one time, any Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt specified in his, her or their Notice to be thereof given, as required by the said Act, in as much Quantity is not less than Twenty eight Pounds of Salt or Rock Salt respectively; and that the proper Officer shall thenceforth grant his Certificate of such mixing in the manner required by the said Act.

XXX. And Whereas Makers of Oxygenated Marine Acid, or Oxygenate of Lime, from Salt or Rock Salt, or by Law allowed to receive Salt and Rock Salt Duty free for that Purpose: (a) And Whereas after such Salt or Rock Salt has been so made use of, the Residue, being, by such Makers as aforesaid, been employed in making, or sold and disposed of to be employed in making Mineral Alkali called Soda, which Produce is in- jurious to the Production of Trade in Kelp, and the Duties granted and imposed by Law on Basilla: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, no such Maker or Makers as aforesaid, or any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall sell, transfer or deliver over, or cause, permit or suffer to be sold, transferred or delivered over, any of the Residue, R-tails or Residue of Salt or Rock Salt, or other Mineral Materials which have been used or employed in making or extracting Oxygenated Marine Acid, or Oxygenate of Lime, upon pain of forfeiting for any such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds; or shall sell or employ any such Residue, R-tails or Residue as aforesaid in the making or Manufacture of Mineral Alkali or Soda for his, her or their own Use, unless he, she or they shall have first made a proper and legal Entry at the proper Office of Excise as a Mineral Alkali Maker, and shall pay to the proper Collector of Excise and be duly licensed, the Duty which is granted and imposed upon and in

Officers allowing Salt or Fish to clear the Cause of Forfeiture, on request of the said Owner of the Salt or Fish, and forthwith report thence to the Commissioners.

Such Statement not to affect the Legality of Sentence.

25 G. 3. c. 44. s. 1.

The time mentioned in such Bonds extended to Twelve Months.

25 G. 3. c. 44. s. 1. repealed.

Makers of Oxygenated Marine Acid or Oxygenate of Lime, or be at liberty to mix any Quantity not less than 20 Bushels of Salt or Rock Salt at one time.

Makers of Oxygenated Marine Acid selling Residue, R-tails or employing it in making Mineral Alkali, or making Kelp, or pay Duty.

(a) See 55 G. 3. c. 86. s. 1. 56 G. 3. c. 94. s. 1.

repealed.

have given and entered into a Bond or Obligation to His Majesty in the Penalty of a Sum equal to the Amount of the House Consumption Duties on Salt made in England, for all the Rock Salt to be next received into any such Warehouse or Storehouse as aforesaid, and of Fifty per Centum thereon, with sufficient Securities to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Excise respectively, or such Person as they shall deem to require the same, that all such Rock Salt shall, on the First Day of June next ensuing, be duly accounted for by him or them, as directed by the said Act, and shall be sold and delivered in manner hereinafter provided for the Purposes aforesaid only, and that on the Delivery of any Part of such Rock Salt, the same shall be accompanied with such Permit as is required by the said Act, made in the Fifty eighth Year aforesaid, and to such Persons only as are authorized by such Commissioners as aforesaid, to receive the same, and who shall produce and deliver to the Officer making out and granting the Permit for the Removal thereof, such Certificate as aforesaid, and in such Quantity only as shall be expressed in such Certificate, being in no Case less than One Ton of such Rock Salt, if any Part thereof be unground, at any one time; and provided that such Person or Persons to making Entry as aforesaid, shall not receive or deposit any such Rock Salt in any such Warehouse, without giving Twenty four Hours' previous Notice thereof in Writing to the proper Officer of Excise of the Division or Rate in which such Warehouse shall be situate, and delivering to him the Permit accompanying the same, and shall in all respects be subject to the like Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures as in this or any other Act or Acts, not herein expressly stated, as are contained and directed, for and in respect of Persons receiving Rock Salt for the Purposes aforesaid; and if any such Rock Salt delivered for any of the Purposes aforesaid, to be laid, stored or kept in any such Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses as aforesaid, shall be lodged and deposited for Sale as aforesaid in any of the Places aforesaid, in any such Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses, otherwise than as aforesaid, or of which Warehouse or Storehouse such Entry shall not have been previously made as aforesaid, or which shall not have been previously approved of in Writing by and under the Hand of the Supervisor of Excise of the District in which the same shall be situate as aforesaid, and not afterwards disapproved of by such Supervisor or the Commissioners of Excise, or without the Occupier or Occupiers thereof having first given such Bond as aforesaid, and Notice, and delivered such Permit as aforesaid, or if such entered Occupier or Occupiers of any such Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses, or any other Person or Persons, shall sell, exchange, transfer, deliver, consume or employ any Part of such Rock Salt sent to be lodged in any such Warehouse or Warehouses, Storehouse or Storehouses, or lodged or deposited therein for such Purposes as aforesaid, for or in any other or different Purpose or Manner than as aforesaid, or shall not duly and truly account for the same as aforesaid, all such Rock Salt thus lodged in any such Warehouse or Storehouse as aforesaid shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Person or Persons so offending therein shall for every such Offence, over and above the Penalty of him and their Bond, severally forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XXXIV. And Whereas by the said Act, made in the Fifty eighth Year aforesaid, it is provided, that no such Rock Salt shall be delivered for the Purposes aforesaid, except in Lumps of Twenty Pounds each, and it is expedient to alter such Regulation: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons who has or have made Entry and given such Bond as aforesaid, to deliver from any such Warehouse as aforesaid, for the Purposes in the said Act intimated, to any Person or Persons authorized by such Certificate as aforesaid to receive the same, such Rock Salt in Lumps, not being of less Weight than Ten Pounds; and that in all Cases where such Certificate shall express that any Quantity of such Rock Salt shall be delivered and received, crushed or powdered, it shall be lawful for any such Person or Persons to making Entry and giving such Bond as aforesaid, to deliver the same from any such Warehouse as aforesaid crushed and powdered; provided that such crushed and powdered Rock Salt shall, before the Delivery thereof from any such Warehouse, be mixed throughout with Coal Tar in the Proportion of not less than Half a Pound of Coal Tar for every Bushel of such crushed and powdered Rock Salt, any thing in this or the said Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That when any such Rock Salt shall be delivered from any Rock Salt Pit or Mine, or any Warehouse belonging thereto, for the purpose of being employed in feeding or dressing with the Food of Sheep and Cattle, or stopping Seed or preserving Hay, or for manuring Land, and shall be carried or conveyed in or on board of any Ship or Vessel, from one Port or Place in Great Britain, to any or either of the Ports or Places where the same is permitted to be warehoused under the Regulations and Conditions of that Act, and for the purpose of being so warehoused as aforesaid, and shall arrive at the Port or Place where the Warehouse or Storehouse of the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be first and permitted shall be stored, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person or Persons to sell and deliver any Part of such Rock Salt, being in no Case less than one Ton, to any Person or Persons who shall be authorized to receive the same by such Certificate as aforesaid, first granted to such Person or Persons directly from the said Ship or Vessel in which the same shall have been so removed, without first landing or warehousing the same: Provided always, that the Permit or Permits accompanying the whole of such Rock Salt shall be first duly delivered to the proper Officer of Excise in that behalf, and that the Master or Commander of the said Ship or Vessel shall first make oath, as by Law is required on the Removal of Twenty five Tons, and that all such Rock Salt (as well such Part thereof as shall be intended to be taken into the named Warehouse or Storehouse of the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be so permitted, as such Part as shall be intended to be sold or delivered from such Ship or Vessel to such other Person or Persons as aforesaid) shall be first duly weighed on board the said Ship or Vessel, by or in the Presence of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise in that behalf: And provided also, that the whole of such Rock Salt measured and expressed in such Permit or

Permit to be entered into by Occupier of Warehouses, in previous receipt of Certificate.

Penalty 500*l*.

of 0.5 = 7*l* 5*s*.

Rock Salt in Lumps of 10*lb*, 1*st*, 2*nd*, 3*rd*, 4*th*, 5*th*, 6*th*, 7*th*, 8*th*, 9*th*, 10*th*, 11*th*, 12*th*, 13*th*, 14*th*, 15*th*, 16*th*, 17*th*, 18*th*, 19*th*, 20*th*, 21*st*, 22*nd*, 23*rd*, 24*th*, 25*th*, 26*th*, 27*th*, 28*th*, 29*th*, 30*th*, 31*st*, 32*nd*, 33*rd*, 34*th*, 35*th*, 36*th*, 37*th*, 38*th*, 39*th*, 40*th*, 41*st*, 42*nd*, 43*rd*, 44*th*, 45*th*, 46*th*, 47*th*, 48*th*, 49*th*, 50*th*, 51*st*, 52*nd*, 53*rd*, 54*th*, 55*th*, 56*th*, 57*th*, 58*th*, 59*th*, 60*th*, 61*st*, 62*nd*, 63*rd*, 64*th*, 65*th*, 66*th*, 67*th*, 68*th*, 69*th*, 70*th*, 71*st*, 72*nd*, 73*rd*, 74*th*, 75*th*, 76*th*, 77*th*, 78*th*, 79*th*, 80*th*, 81*st*, 82*nd*, 83*rd*, 84*th*, 85*th*, 86*th*, 87*th*, 88*th*, 89*th*, 90*th*, 91*st*, 92*nd*, 93*rd*, 94*th*, 95*th*, 96*th*, 97*th*, 98*th*, 99*th*, 100*th*, 101*st*, 102*nd*, 103*rd*, 104*th*, 105*th*, 106*th*, 107*th*, 108*th*, 109*th*, 110*th*, 111*st*, 112*nd*, 113*rd*, 114*th*, 115*th*, 116*th*, 117*th*, 118*th*, 119*th*, 120*th*, 121*st*, 122*nd*, 123*rd*, 124*th*, 125*th*, 126*th*, 127*th*, 128*th*, 129*th*, 130*th*, 131*st*, 132*nd*, 133*rd*, 134*th*, 135*th*, 136*th*, 137*th*, 138*th*, 139*th*, 140*th*, 141*st*, 142*nd*, 143*rd*, 144*th*, 145*th*, 146*th*, 147*th*, 148*th*, 149*th*, 150*th*, 151*st*, 152*nd*, 153*rd*, 154*th*, 155*th*, 156*th*, 157*th*, 158*th*, 159*th*, 160*th*, 161*st*, 162*nd*, 163*rd*, 164*th*, 165*th*, 166*th*, 167*th*, 168*th*, 169*th*, 170*th*, 171*st*, 172*nd*, 173*rd*, 174*th*, 175*th*, 176*th*, 177*th*, 178*th*, 179*th*, 180*th*, 181*st*, 182*nd*, 183*rd*, 184*th*, 185*th*, 186*th*, 187*th*, 188*th*, 189*th*, 190*th*, 191*st*, 192*nd*, 193*rd*, 194*th*, 195*th*, 196*th*, 197*th*, 198*th*, 199*th*, 200*th*, 201*st*, 202*nd*, 203*rd*, 204*th*, 205*th*, 206*th*, 207*th*, 208*th*, 209*th*, 210*th*, 211*st*, 212*nd*, 213*rd*, 214*th*, 215*th*, 216*th*, 217*th*, 218*th*, 219*th*, 220*th*, 221*st*, 222*nd*, 223*rd*, 224*th*, 225*th*, 226*th*, 227*th*, 228*th*, 229*th*, 230*th*, 231*st*, 232*nd*, 233*rd*, 234*th*, 235*th*, 236*th*, 237*th*, 238*th*, 239*th*, 240*th*, 241*st*, 242*nd*, 243*rd*, 244*th*, 245*th*, 246*th*, 247*th*, 248*th*, 249*th*, 250*th*, 251*st*, 252*nd*, 253*rd*, 254*th*, 255*th*, 256*th*, 257*th*, 258*th*, 259*th*, 260*th*, 261*st*, 262*nd*, 263*rd*, 264*th*, 265*th*, 266*th*, 267*th*, 268*th*, 269*th*, 270*th*, 271*st*, 272*nd*, 273*rd*, 274*th*, 275*th*, 276*th*, 277*th*, 278*th*, 279*th*, 280*th*, 281*st*, 282*nd*, 283*rd*, 284*th*, 285*th*, 286*th*, 287*th*, 288*th*, 289*th*, 290*th*, 291*st*, 292*nd*, 293*rd*, 294*th*, 295*th*, 296*th*, 297*th*, 298*th*, 299*th*, 300*th*, 301*st*, 302*nd*, 303*rd*, 304*th*, 305*th*, 306*th*, 307*th*, 308*th*, 309*th*, 310*th*, 311*st*, 312*nd*, 313*rd*, 314*th*, 315*th*, 316*th*, 317*th*, 318*th*, 319*th*, 320*th*, 321*st*, 322*nd*, 323*rd*, 324*th*, 325*th*, 326*th*, 327*th*, 328*th*, 329*th*, 330*th*, 331*st*, 332*nd*, 333*rd*, 334*th*, 335*th*, 336*th*, 337*th*, 338*th*, 339*th*, 340*th*, 341*st*, 342*nd*, 343*rd*, 344*th*, 345*th*, 346*th*, 347*th*, 348*th*, 349*th*, 350*th*, 351*st*, 352*nd*, 353*rd*, 354*th*, 355*th*, 356*th*, 357*th*, 358*th*, 359*th*, 360*th*, 361*st*, 362*nd*, 363*rd*, 364*th*, 365*th*, 366*th*, 367*th*, 368*th*, 369*th*, 370*th*, 371*st*, 372*nd*, 373*rd*, 374*th*, 375*th*, 376*th*, 377*th*, 378*th*, 379*th*, 380*th*, 381*st*, 382*nd*, 383*rd*, 384*th*, 385*th*, 386*th*, 387*th*, 388*th*, 389*th*, 390*th*, 391*st*, 392*nd*, 393*rd*, 394*th*, 395*th*, 396*th*, 397*th*, 398*th*, 399*th*, 400*th*, 401*st*, 402*nd*, 403*rd*, 404*th*, 405*th*, 406*th*, 407*th*, 408*th*, 409*th*, 410*th*, 411*st*, 412*nd*, 413*rd*, 414*th*, 415*th*, 416*th*, 417*th*, 418*th*, 419*th*, 420*th*, 421*st*, 422*nd*, 423*rd*, 424*th*, 425*th*, 426*th*, 427*th*, 428*th*, 429*th*, 430*th*, 431*st*, 432*nd*, 433*rd*, 434*th*, 435*th*, 436*th*, 437*th*, 438*th*, 439*th*, 440*th*, 441*st*, 442*nd*, 443*rd*, 444*th*, 445*th*, 446*th*, 447*th*, 448*th*, 449*th*, 450*th*, 451*st*, 452*nd*, 453*rd*, 454*th*, 455*th*, 456*th*, 457*th*, 458*th*, 459*th*, 460*th*, 461*st*, 462*nd*, 463*rd*, 464*th*, 465*th*, 466*th*, 467*th*, 468*th*, 469*th*, 470*th*, 471*st*, 472*nd*, 473*rd*, 474*th*, 475*th*, 476*th*, 477*th*, 478*th*, 479*th*, 480*th*, 481*st*, 482*nd*, 483*rd*, 484*th*, 485*th*, 486*th*, 487*th*, 488*th*, 489*th*, 490*th*, 491*st*, 492*nd*, 493*rd*, 494*th*, 495*th*, 496*th*, 497*th*, 498*th*, 499*th*, 500*th*, 501*st*, 502*nd*, 503*rd*, 504*th*, 505*th*, 506*th*, 507*th*, 508*th*, 509*th*, 510*th*, 511*st*, 512*nd*, 513*rd*, 514*th*, 515*th*, 516*th*, 517*th*, 518*th*, 519*th*, 520*th*, 521*st*, 522*nd*, 523*rd*, 524*th*, 525*th*, 526*th*, 527*th*, 528*th*, 529*th*, 530*th*, 531*st*, 532*nd*, 533*rd*, 534*th*, 535*th*, 536*th*, 537*th*, 538*th*, 539*th*, 540*th*, 541*st*, 542*nd*, 543*rd*, 544*th*, 545*th*, 546*th*, 547*th*, 548*th*, 549*th*, 550*th*, 551*st*, 552*nd*, 553*rd*, 554*th*, 555*th*, 556*th*, 557*th*, 558*th*, 559*th*, 560*th*, 561*st*, 562*nd*, 563*rd*, 564*th*, 565*th*, 566*th*, 567*th*, 568*th*, 569*th*, 570*th*, 571*st*, 572*nd*, 573*rd*, 574*th*, 575*th*, 576*th*, 577*th*, 578*th*, 579*th*, 580*th*, 581*st*, 582*nd*, 583*rd*, 584*th*, 585*th*, 586*th*, 587*th*, 588*th*, 589*th*, 590*th*, 591*st*, 592*nd*, 593*rd*, 594*th*, 595*th*, 596*th*, 597*th*, 598*th*, 599*th*, 600*th*, 601*st*, 602*nd*, 603*rd*, 604*th*, 605*th*, 606*th*, 607*th*, 608*th*, 609*th*, 610*th*, 611*st*, 612*nd*, 613*rd*, 614*th*, 615*th*, 616*th*, 617*th*, 618*th*, 619*th*, 620*th*, 621*st*, 622*nd*, 623*rd*, 624*th*, 625*th*, 626*th*, 627*th*, 628*th*, 629*th*, 630*th*, 631*st*, 632*nd*, 633*rd*, 634*th*, 635*th*, 636*th*, 637*th*, 638*th*, 639*th*, 640*th*, 641*st*, 642*nd*, 643*rd*, 644*th*, 645*th*, 646*th*, 647*th*, 648*th*, 649*th*, 650*th*, 651*st*, 652*nd*, 653*rd*, 654*th*, 655*th*, 656*th*, 657*th*, 658*th*, 659*th*, 660*th*, 661*st*, 662*nd*, 663*rd*, 664*th*, 665*th*, 666*th*, 667*th*, 668*th*, 669*th*, 670*th*, 671*st*, 672*nd*, 673*rd*, 674*th*, 675*th*, 676*th*, 677*th*, 678*th*, 679*th*, 680*th*, 681*st*, 682*nd*, 683*rd*, 684*th*, 685*th*, 686*th*, 687*th*, 688*th*, 689*th*, 690*th*, 691*st*, 692*nd*, 693*rd*, 694*th*, 695*th*, 696*th*, 697*th*, 698*th*, 699*th*, 700*th*, 701*st*, 702*nd*, 703*rd*, 704*th*, 705*th*, 706*th*, 707*th*, 708*th*, 709*th*, 710*th*, 711*st*, 712*nd*, 713*rd*, 714*th*, 715*th*, 716*th*, 717*th*, 718*th*, 719*th*, 720*th*, 721*st*, 722*nd*, 723*rd*, 724*th*, 725*th*, 726*th*, 727*th*, 728*th*, 729*th*, 730*th*, 731*st*, 732*nd*, 733*rd*, 734*th*, 735*th*, 736*th*, 737*th*, 738*th*, 739*th*, 740*th*, 741*st*, 742*nd*, 743*rd*, 744*th*, 745*th*, 746*th*, 747*th*, 748*th*, 749*th*, 750*th*, 751*st*, 752*nd*, 753*rd*, 754*th*, 755*th*, 756*th*, 757*th*, 758*th*, 759*th*, 760*th*, 761*st*, 762*nd*, 763*rd*, 764*th*, 765*th*, 766*th*, 767*th*, 768*th*, 769*th*, 770*th*, 771*st*, 772*nd*, 773*rd*, 774*th*, 775*th*, 776*th*, 777*th*, 778*th*, 779*th*, 780*th*, 781*st*, 782*nd*, 783*rd*, 784*th*, 785*th*, 786*th*, 787*th*, 788*th*, 789*th*, 790*th*, 791*st*, 792*nd*, 793*rd*, 794*th*, 795*th*, 796*th*, 797*th*, 798*th*, 799*th*, 800*th*, 801*st*, 802*nd*, 803*rd*, 804*th*, 805*th*, 806*th*, 807*th*, 808*th*, 809*th*, 810*th*, 811*st*, 812*nd*, 813*rd*, 814*th*, 815*th*, 816*th*, 817*th*, 818*th*, 819*th*, 820*th*, 821*st*, 822*nd*, 823*rd*, 824*th*, 825*th*, 826*th*, 827*th*, 828*th*, 829*th*, 830*th*, 831*st*, 832*nd*, 833*rd*, 834*th*, 835*th*, 836*th*, 837*th*, 838*th*, 839*th*, 840*th*, 841*st*, 842*nd*, 843*rd*, 844*th*, 845*th*, 846*th*, 847*th*, 848*th*, 849*th*, 850*th*, 851*st*, 852*nd*, 853*rd*, 854*th*, 855*th*, 856*th*, 857*th*, 858*th*, 859*th*, 860*th*, 861*st*, 862*nd*, 863*rd*, 864*th*, 865*th*, 866*th*, 867*th*, 868*th*, 869*th*, 870*th*, 871*st*, 872*nd*, 873*rd*, 874*th*, 875*th*, 876*th*, 877*th*, 878*th*, 879*th*, 880*th*, 881*st*, 882*nd*, 883*rd*, 884*th*, 885*th*, 886*th*, 887*th*, 888*th*, 889*th*, 890*th*, 891*st*, 892*nd*, 893*rd*, 894*th*, 895*th*, 896*th*, 897*th*, 898*th*, 899*th*, 900*th*, 901*st*, 902*nd*, 903*rd*, 904*th*, 905*th*, 906*th*, 907*th*, 908*th*, 909*th*, 910*th*, 911*st*, 912*nd*, 913*rd*, 914*th*, 915*th*, 916*th*, 917*th*, 918*th*, 919*th*, 920*th*, 921*st*, 922*nd*, 923*rd*, 924*th*, 925*th*, 926*th*, 927*th*, 928*th*, 929*th*, 930*th*, 931*st*, 932*nd*, 933*rd*, 934*th*, 935*th*, 936*th*, 937*th*, 938*th*, 939*th*, 940*th*, 941*st*, 942*nd*, 943*rd*, 944*th*, 945*th*, 946*th*, 947*th*, 948*th*, 949*th*, 950*th*, 951*st*, 952*nd*, 953*rd*, 954*th*, 955*th*, 956*th*, 957*th*, 958*th*, 959*th*, 960*th*, 961*st*, 962*nd*, 963*rd*, 964*th*, 965*th*, 966*th*, 967*th*, 968*th*, 969*th*, 970*th*, 971*st*, 972*nd*, 973*rd*, 974*th*, 975*th*, 976*th*, 977*th*, 978*th*, 979*th*, 980*th*, 981*st*, 982*nd*, 983*rd*, 984*th*, 985*th*, 986*th*, 987*th*, 988*th*, 989*th*, 990*th*, 991*st*, 992*nd*, 993*rd*, 994*th*, 995*th*, 996*th*, 997*th*, 998*th*, 999*th*, 1000*th*.

Rock Salt, not less than a Ton, may, on Receipt of any such Permit, be delivered to Persons authorized by the Certificate directly from the Ship, without being warehoused.

Permit to be delivered to Officer.

and Quantity expressed.

drawn to be entered as Black.

Permits, and to removed in each Ship or Vessel, shall be duly entered as Part of the Stock, and decreed and taken to be received by the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be so permitted into his, her or their Cellulose and Possession; and that every Quantity of such Rock Salt as shall be so sold and delivered as aforesaid to any other Person or Persons, shall be accounted for, and shall be accompanied with such Permit as is required by Law, on Removal of such Rock Salt from any such Warehouse, and that such Entries shall be made in respect thereof as are by Law directed and required to be made, in case the whole of such Rock Salt exported and mentioned in the Permit or Permits accompanying the same had been actually landed and received into the entered Warehouse or Storehouse of the Person or Persons to whom it was first sent and permitted, and the Rock Salt sold and delivered as aforesaid had been afterwards received from him, her or them, and from his, her or their Stock of Rock Salt in such Warehouse, by the said other Person or Persons to whom the same shall be so sold or delivered.

Officers of Excise to have liberty to enter and survey such Warehouses and Storehouses to weigh the Stock of Rock Salt.

Obtaining Officers, or not supplying him with Weights and Scales, &c. Penalty 100*l*.

Complaints of Errors may on Application of Fish Carriers stand their Stock of Salt out to be weighed, and the Quantity which shall appear to be on the Books to be transcribed to each Year's Account.

But in any Case where Salt is delivered to or received from the Stock of any other Fish Carriers, &c.

Proviso of 17 C. 2. s. 11 and other Acts relating to Excise, extended to this Act.

Penalties here to be recomputed.

As amended by this Statute.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of Excise, upon his or their Request, at any time or times, to enter into and survey every such Warehouse as aforesaid, and the Rock Salt therein; and for any Supervisor or other Officer or Officers of Excise, of equal or superior Rank to a Supervisor, as any such Survey to weigh the Rock Salt therein; and if any Owner or Proprietor of any such Warehouse, or other Person or Persons, shall neglect or refuse, upon such Request as aforesaid, to open and unlock such Warehouse, and permit such Officer or Officers to enter and survey the same and the Rock Salt therein, or shall prevent, hinder or obstruct such Officer or Officers from so doing, or any Supervisor or other Officer or Officers of Excise of such Rank as aforesaid, from weighing all the Rock Salt therein, or shall take or cause any such Rock Salt, or neglect or refuse, upon the Demand of such Supervisor or other Officer or Officers, to furnish him or them with true and lawful Scales and Weights sufficient for the weighing of such Rock Salt, or to give him or them all lawful and necessary Aid and Assistance in the weighing thereof, or shall aid or cause, permit or suffer to be aided, any Art, Means or Contrivance by which such Supervisor or other Officer or Officers, shall or may be prevented, obstructed or hindered from taking a true and accurate Account of the Weight and Quantity of such Rock Salt, all such Rock Salt and such Scales and Weights shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and every Person so offending shall for every such Offence severally forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That upon any Application being made to the Commissioners of Excise for Swindler or Exploit respectively, by any Fish Carrier or Fish Carriers, praying that his, her or their Stock of Salt or Rock Salt, received by him, her or them Duty free for curing Fish, shall not be weighed by the Officer or Officers of Excise, in pursuance of the Powers and Regulations in that behalf, it shall be lawful for such Commissioners respectively, if they shall see fit, and upon such Conditions as they shall think proper to impose, to order any such Stock of Salt or Rock Salt not to be weighed, and for the Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt respectively, which shall appear by the Book or Books of the Surveying Officer of such Stock to have been received by such Fish Carrier or Fish Carriers, and to be then in his, her or their Stock, to be transferred to the next succeeding Year's Account as if weighed, and thereby ascertained by such Officer, and the Allowance to be made of such Quantity by such Fish Carrier or Fish Carriers, and Bond to be given for such Quantity for such succeeding Year's Account, in all respects as if such Quantity of Salt or Rock Salt respectively had been ascertained by having been actually weighed by the proper Officer or Officers in that behalf: Provided always, that as such Application shall be granted, or Order made as aforesaid, in any Case in which any of the Salt or Rock Salt received Duty free by any such Fish Carrier or Fish Carriers shall have been delivered or transferred by him, her or them to, or received by him, her or them from the Stock of any other Fish Carrier or Fish Carriers, or shall have been employed in the curing or preserving of any Fish, or the Bills of which Salt or Rock Salt received in the Year in or in respect of which any such Application is made, and such Stock of Salt or Rock Salt is or ought to be weighed, shall have been in any respect broken; any thing to the contrary in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary thereof as aforesaid notwithstanding.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Directions, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things which in and by an Act, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, for taking away the Court of Wards and Latroes and Tenures in Capite, and by Knights Service and Purveyance, and for seeking a Revenue upon His Majesty's line thereof, or by any other Law now in force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, are granted and established, shall be prohibited, used and put in execution, as and for the Purposes of this Act, as fully and effectually to all intents and Purposes as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, were particularly repeated and mentioned in this present Act.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or satisfied, by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied or satisfied by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Courts of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that (save and except in such Case or Cases where it is otherwise expressly directed by this Act) One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall discover, inform or sue for the same.

XL. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. LVIII.

An Act for facilitating the Recovery of the Wages of Seamen in the Merchant Service.

[2d July 1819.]

• WHEREAS the Seamen and Mariners employed in the Merchant Service, and in the Coasting Trade of this Kingdom, are exposed to great Difficulties, Expenses and Inconvenience in suing for or obtaining Payment of their Wages, in Case of Dispute with the Masters or Owners of Vessels in which they may have served; and it is expedient that greater Facility should be given for Recovery of such Wages; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of August in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall be lawful for any Seaman, Mariner or other Person (except Master or Apparent), who shall have served on board any Ship or Vessel trading from any Port or Place, or Ports or Places in that Part of the United Kingdom called England, to Ports beyond the Seas, or to any other Port or Place in Great Britain, by virtue or in pursuance of any Contract or Engagement, in Writing or not in Writing, and whether the same be by Peril, or by Bond under Seal, or otherwise, in and to the Master or Commander, or other Person having or taking the Charge of any such Ship or Vessel, after the Expiration of Two Days from the time of Entry of such Ship or Vessel at the Custom House, or from the Delivery of her Cargo, or from the time when such Seaman or Mariner, or other Person (except as aforesaid), shall be discharged, which shall first happen (unless an Agreement shall have been made and entered into to the contrary, and in that Case, after the Expiration of the time so stipulated or agreed for the Payment of such Wages as aforesaid), neglect or refuse to pay to any such Seaman, Mariner or other Person (except as aforesaid), his or their Wages, or any Part thereof, to complain to any Justice or Justices of the Peace residing in or near to the Place where such Ship or Vessel shall have entered her Voyage, or been cleared at the Custom House, or delivered her Cargo, or to any Justice or Justices of the Peace residing in or near to the Place where such Master or Commander, or other Person having or taking the Charge of any such Ship or Vessel, or (in case of them being so Master or Commander, or other Person in charge of any such Ship or Vessel) where any Owner or Owners thereof shall then happen to be, and thereupon it shall be lawful for any such Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, and they are hereby required, upon such Complaint made to them upon Oath or Affirmation, to issue Warrants to such Master or Commander, or other Person having or taking the Charge of any such Ship or Vessel, or (in case of them being so Master or Commander or other Person in charge of any such Ship or Vessel) to such Owner or Owners thereof, to appear before them at such Time and Place to be in such Statutes specified; and upon the Party or Parties appearing in pursuance of such Warrants, or not appearing after having been so summoned, the said Justice or Justices shall, and they are hereby empowered to examine upon Oath each such Seaman, Mariner or other Person (except as aforesaid), or any other Witness or Witnesses, touching any such Complaint, or any Difference or Dispute respecting such Wages, and to make such Order for Payment of so much Wages to such Seaman, Mariner or other Person as aforesaid, as to such Justice or Justices shall seem reasonable and just: provided that the Sum in question do not exceed Twenty Pounds to be due to any One Seaman, Mariner or other Person as aforesaid; and in case of Refusal to pay, or Nonpayment of any Sum or Sums of Money so ordered, by the Space of Two Days next after such Order and Determination, such Justice or Justices shall and may issue forth their Warrant to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Master or Commander or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any such Ship or Vessel, or (in case of them being so Master or Commander, or other Person in charge of any such Ship or Vessel) of any such Owner or Owners as aforesaid, rendering the Overplus (if any there be), after deducting all the Costs, Charges and Expenses of any Summons, Informations, Complaints, Hearings, Warrants, and of such Distress, and the keeping, Appraisalment or Sale thereof, or otherwise relating thereto, unto the Person or Persons whose Goods and Chattels shall be so distrained and sold; and in case sufficient Distress shall not be found for Payment and Satisfaction of the Amount of Wages so ordered to be paid by such Justice or Justices, and the same, with such Costs, Charges and Expenses as aforesaid, shall not be paid within the said Period of Two Days, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices of the Peace, and they are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant or Warrants under their Hands and Seals, to levy the Amount of the Wages so ordered to be paid, together with such Costs, Charges and Expenses as aforesaid, on the Ship or Vessel for the Service on board which such Wages shall be so ordered to be paid, or any of the Tackle, Furniture or Apparel thereof, rendering the Overplus thereof (if any), after Payment of such Expenses as aforesaid, to the Master or Commander or Owner thereof; and the Decision of such Justice as aforesaid shall be final and conclusive as well on such Seaman, Mariner or other Person, as upon such Master or Commander, or other Person taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, and the Owner or Owners thereof; and except in such Cases as where an Appeal shall be interposed by either Party to the High Court of Admiralty, such Appeal to be interposed within the Space of Seven Days after the Order of the said Justice or Justices is to be made as aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case the Seaman or Mariner, or other Person is claiming to be entitled to such Wages as aforesaid, or the Party or Parties who is or are ordered to pay the same, or these Agents respectively, shall be dissatisfied with such Order and Decision of the Justice or Justices touching such Wages as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for either of them respectively, within Forty eight Hours after the making such Order as aforesaid, but not afterwards, to give Notice in Writing, to the Justice or Justices so

Seamen empowered, on Complaint of Seamen, to issue and take Distress about Wages, not exceeding 20*l*.

any summons issued, for such Statutes.

On Refusal to comply with Justice's Determination, how Wages to be recovered.

Justice's Decision must not stand, unless Appeal is Admiralty within Seven Days.

Notice of Appeal.

making such Order, of his, her or their Desire of obtaining the Judgment of the High Court of Admiralty respecting the said Wages and the Order to make thereon as aforesaid, by delivering the same to such Justice or Justices, or leaving the same at their last or most usual Place of Abode; and thereupon the Party so residing or departing the Claim to such Wages, or the Order to be made by such Justice or Justices thereon, shall be compelled to proceed within Thirty Days from the Date of such Order, by taking out a Writ or Writs against the adverse Party, and shall, on the Service of such Notice, give good and sufficient Bail to double the Amount of the Wages so ordered to be paid as aforesaid, and which Bail shall be taken by a Commissioner for taking Examinations in Prize Causes, if there shall be One in the Port or Place where such Difference shall arise or Order be made, but if there shall be no such Commissioner there, then the said Justice or Justices who shall pronounce such Order, or any other of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, are hereby authorised to take the same; and the Commissioner, Justice or Justices, who shall take such Bail, shall certify the same according to the Form contained in the Schedule hereto annexed, and transmit the same without Delay to the High Court of Admiralty, and also a Copy of the Order so made by such Justice or Justices, on unclipped Paper, certified under the Hand or Hands of such Commissioner, Justice or Justices taking the Bail as aforesaid, and the same shall be admitted by such Court of Admiralty as Evidence in the Cause.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Seaman or Mariner or other Person, by entering into or signing any Contract or Agreement as required by the several Statutes now in force for that Purpose, or into any Covenant, Stipulation or Agreement to be comprised in any such Contract or Agreement, which shall have the Effect, or be designed or intended to have the Effect, of depriving such Seaman, Mariner or other Person of the Remedies by this Act given for Recovery of Wages due to him, or them as aforesaid, shall be deprived of or hindered from using any Method or Means for Recovery of Wages, against any Ship, or the Master or Owners thereof, which immediately before the passing of this Act he might, and which after the said First Day of August he may make use of; and that in all Cases where it shall or may be necessary, in referring to the Remedies by this Act given for Recovery of such Wages as aforesaid, that the Agreement or Agreements in Writing aforesaid should be produced before such Justice or Justices as aforesaid, and such Obligation shall be on any Seaman, Mariner or other Person as aforesaid, to produce the same, but such Obligation shall be on the Master or Commander, or other Person having the Charge or Command, or the Owner or Owners of the Ship or Vessel for which the Wages shall be demanded; and no Seaman or Mariner shall fail in any Complaint or Proceeding before any Justice or Justices for the Recovery of Wages for want of such Agreement or Agreements being produced, but shall and may proceed therein as if no such Agreement in Writing had been made.

IV. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to deprive any Seaman, Mariner or other Person aforesaid, of any Remedy, Means or Process which may now be resorted to or used against any Ship or Vessel, or the Master or Commander or Person having the Charge of such Ship or Vessel, or the Owner or Owners thereof, for the Recovery of Wages due for serving on board of any such Ship or Vessel.

V. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Scotland.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others whatsoever, without being specially pleaded.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force for Seven Years from the passing hereof.

The SCHEDULE referred to by this Act.

On the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and _____ at _____ in the County of _____ A. B. and C. D. appeared personally, and produced themselves as the Master of the Ship _____ and for the Owners thereof, and for the Master and Owners of the said Ship, in the Sum of _____ such lawful Money of Great Britain, unto E. F. a Seaman having served on board the said Ship, to answer the Amount of such Wages as shall be lawfully decreed by the said Court to be due to the said E. F., according to the Tenor of the Act in this Act made and provided; and while they shall so do, they hereby consent that Execution shall after forth upon them, their Heirs, Executors and Administrators, Goods and Chattels, whereas the same shall be found, to the Value of the Sum above mentioned.

This Bail was duly taken, acknowledged and received at the time hereinbefore above written, before me the undersigned Commissioner, (or, as the undersigned Justice or Justices of the Peace) and I [or, we] do believe and consider the Parties above mentioned sufficient Security for the Sum above mentioned.

CAP. LIX.

An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Payment of Wages due to deceased Seamen and Marines, to Wages due to Insensible Barbadoes.

[1st July 1819.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to extend several Acts relating to the Execution of Letters of Attorney and Wills of Petty Officers, Seamen and Marines, in His Majesty's Navy, and to make new Provisions respecting the same*, it was enacted, that where any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds should be due for the Services of an Insensible Barbadoes, as mentioned in any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines, or Marine, deceased, it should and might be lawful for the Inspector of Seamen's Wills to issue or cause to be issued a Certificate in the Form or to the Effect and for the Purpose in the said Act mentioned: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Provisions should be extended to the Petty Officers and Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines, and Marines, who being born Barbadoes shall have died or shall die hereafter: Be it therefore enacted by His King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That where any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds shall be due for the Services of an Insensible Barbadoes mentioned in any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines, or Marine, who being born a Barbadoes, shall have died or shall die hereafter, in order that the Person or Persons who shall be entitled to the Effects, or any Part thereof, by Grant or Grants from the Crown, may not be put to great Expence, it shall and may be lawful for the Inspector of Seamen's Wills, upon Inspection and Examination of such Grant or Grants, to issue or cause to be issued a Certificate in the Form or to the Effect provided by the said Act in the case of any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds being due for the Services of any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines, or Marine, deceased, and that all and every other the Provisions, Enactments, Clauses, Powers, Privileges and Authorities provided by the said Act in their Cases, shall from and after the passing of this Act be applied and extended to all Cases of Certificates issued or caused to be issued by the Inspector of Seamen's Wills upon Grants from the Crown of any Sum or Sums not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds, due for or in respect of the Services of any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines, or Marine, who being born a Barbadoes shall have died or shall die hereafter.

§ 2. s. 2. do.
§ 3.

extended to
Cases where
Barbadoes shall
die hereafter.

CAP. LX.

An Act to permit the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, and the Bishop of London, for the time being, to admit Persons into Holy Orders specially for the Colonies. [1st July 1819.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Archbishops and Bishops of this Realm should from time to time admit into Holy Orders Persons specially destined for the Cure of Souls in His Majesty's Foreign Possessions, although such Persons may not be provided with the Title required by the Canon of the Church of England, of such as are to be made Ministers: And Whereas it will greatly tend to the Advancement of Religion within the same, that due Provision shall be regularly made for a Supply of Persons properly qualified to serve as Pastors, Vicars, Curates or Chaplains: Be it therefore enacted by His King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Archbishop of York or the Bishop of London, for the time being, or any Bishop specially authorized and empowered by any or either of them, to admit into the Holy Orders of Deacon or Priest any Person whom he shall upon Examination deem duly qualified specially for the purpose of taking upon himself the Cure of Souls, or officiating in any Spiritual Capacity in His Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions and residing therein, and that a Declaration of such Purpose and a written Engagement to perform the same under the Hand of such Person, being deposited in the Hands of such Archbishop or Bishop, shall be held to be a sufficient Title with a view to such Ordination; and that in every such Case it shall be distinctly stated in the Letters of Ordination of every Person so admitted to Holy Orders, that he has been ordained for the Cure of Souls in His Majesty's Foreign Possessions.

Archbishop of
Canterbury or
York, or Bishop
of London, for
time being, for
whom written
specially for the
Colonies.

Person named in
Letters of
Ordination.

11. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person is admitted into the Holy Orders of Deacon or Priest, for the purpose of taking upon himself the Cure of Souls, or officiating in any Spiritual Capacity in His Majesty's Foreign Possessions, shall be capable of having, holding or enjoying, or of being admitted to any Patronage, Vicarage, Rectorie or other Ecclesiastical Promotion or Dignity whatsoever, within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or of sitting in Curate thereof, without the previous Consent and Approbation in Writing of the Bishop of the Diocese, under his Hand and Seal, in which any such Patronage, Vicarage, Rectorie or other Ecclesiastical Promotion or Dignity shall be locally situated, nor without the Consent and Approbation of each one of the said Archbishops, or Bishop of London, by whom, or by whose Authority such Person shall have been originally ordained, or in case of the Diocese or Translation of such Archbishop or Bishop, of his Successor in the same See: Provided always, that no such Consent and Approbation shall be given by any such Archbishop, or Bishop of London, unless the Party applying for the same shall first produce a Testimony of his good Behaviour during the time of his Residence Abroad, from the Bishop or whole Diocese he may have officiated, or in case there be no Bishop, from the Governor in Council of the Colony in which he may have been resident, or from His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonial Department.

No Person so
ordained capable
of holding
a Living in
Great Britain
or Ireland while
not Governor of
Bishop of Diocese,
under
Seal, &c.

Certificate of
good Behaviour
first produced.

III. And

Persons ordained
by Bishops of
Quebec,
New York,
or elsewhere, are
received in
like manner

Persons ordained
by a Bishop, or
Bishop, or
any capable of
holding Pre-
bendary, &c.

Admission, &c.
no Canons,
canonry laws,
void.

Persons

Provis for
25th J. 1. 1.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act no Person who shall have been admitted into Holy Orders by the Bishops of Quebec, New York or Columbia, or by any other Bishop or Archbishop than those of England or Ireland, shall be capable of officiating in any Church or Chapel of England or Ireland without special Permission from the Archbishop of the Province in which he proposes to officiate, or of leaving, holding, or enjoying, or of being admitted to any Parsonage or other Ecclesiastical Preferment in England or Ireland, or of sitting as Curate thereof, without the Consent and Approbation of the Archbishop of the Province, and affidavit of the Bishop of the Diocese in which any such Parsonage or Ecclesiastical Preferment or Curacy may be situated.

IV. Provided always, That no Person who after the passing of this Act shall have been ordained a Deacon or Priest by a Colonial Bishop, who at the time of such Ordination did not actually reside as Episcopal Jurisdiction over some Diocese, District or Place, or was not actually residing within such Diocese, District or Place, shall be capable in any Way, or in any Province whatever, of at any time holding any Parsonage or other Ecclesiastical Preferment within His Majesty's Dominions, or of being a Subsidiary Curate or Chaplain, or of officiating at any Place, or in any manner, as a Minister of the Established Church of England and Ireland.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Additions, Institutions and Indultures to Benefices in the Church of England, or Church of Ireland, and all Appointments to sit as Curates thereof, which shall be made contrary to the Provisions of this Act, shall be in all Incomes and Forfeiture null and void: Provided always, that nothing herein shall be construed to make void any Additions, Institutions or Indultures to any Benefice, or any Appointment in Curate, which shall have been made previous to the passing of this Act.

VI. Provided always, That nothing in this Act enacted shall be construed to affect or to repeal any of the Provisions of any Act passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to empower the Archbishop of Canterbury, or the Archbishop of York for the time being, in conference in the Office of a Bishop, Persons being Subjects or Citizens of Countries out of His Majesty's Dominions.*

C. A. P. LXI.

An Act to enable Counties and Stewartries in Scotland to give aid to Royal Burghs situated therein, for the purpose of improving, enlarging or rebuilding their Gaols; or to improve, enlarge or rebuild Common Gaols of Counties and Stewartries which are not the Gaols of Royal Burghs.

[2d July 1819.]

WHEREAS the Gaols in the different Royal Burghs in Scotland are in general inferior and unwholesome; And Whereas although by the Law of Scotland Burghs are bound to provide and maintain proper Gaols, yet the Means of many of such Burghs are insufficient for the necessary improvement thereof; And whereas it is expedient that Counties and Stewartries in Scotland should be enabled to contribute towards the Expense that may be required for improving, enlarging or rebuilding the Gaols of the Royal Burghs of Scotland, within the time: And Whereas it is expedient that when Common Gaols of Counties and Stewartries in Scotland, are not the Gaols of Royal Burghs, such Counties and Stewartries should be enabled to improve, enlarge or rebuild such Common Gaols: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if the Magistrates and Council of any Royal Burgh shall deem it expedient to solicit Aid and Assistance from the County or Stewartry in which the same shall be situated, towards improving, enlarging or rebuilding the Gaol of any such Royal Burgh, they shall transmit to the Clerk of Supply of such County or Stewartry, a Proposal in Writing for the Consideration of the Commissioners of Supply of such County or Stewartry.

II. And be it enacted, That the said Clerk of Supply, upon receiving such Proposal, shall transmit it without Delay to the Convenor, who shall call a Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply of such County or Stewartry, for the Consideration of the said Proposal, by public Advertisement in one or more Newspapers published in said County or Stewartry, or if no Newspaper is published therein, by Advertisement in such Newspaper or Newspapers as the Convenor shall estimate public County Meetings in for the said County or Stewartry, of which Meeting Six Weeks previous Notice at the least shall be given.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be entitled to vote at any Meeting to be held under this Act, who shall not be a Commissioner of Supply, possessed of the Dominion and of Lands valued at One hundred Pounds Scots, or the Father of an eldest Commissioner of Supply so qualified, duly authorized to attend and vote for his Constituent at such Meeting.

IV. And be it enacted, That in and may be lawful for such Commissioners of Supply, or a Majority of them at any such Meeting, if they shall think fit, before coming to a final Resolution upon any such Proposal, to appoint a Committee of their Number to confer with the Magistrates and Town Council making such Proposal, and for the purpose of arranging with them all the Details that may be necessary to enable the Commissioners of Supply to satisfy themselves as to the Propriety of affording Aid towards the Purpose solicited, and for finding the Plan or Plans necessary for the Execution of the Work, and for ascertaining the Expense thereof.

V. And be it enacted, That after being consulted as to the Propriety of affording such Aid, and after as to all such Details as may be necessary for setting the Plan of the Work, and the Expense thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Supply, at any Meeting (especially called for that Purpose, or a Majority of them then assembled, to resolve to give such Aid as they may think fit towards improving, enlarging or rebuilding any such Gaol.

VI. And

VI. And be it enacted, That a Copy of the Resolutions of each Meeting, signed by the Clerk of Supply of such County or Stewartry, shall thereupon be transmitted to the Magistrates and Town Council of the Burgh by whom such Pursepail shall have been made; and if within Fourteen Days after such Resolutions shall have been received by such Magistrates and Town Council, they shall signify their Willingness to such Clerk of Supply to proceed to improve, enlarge, or rebuild their Good, in the manner that shall have been expressed in such Resolutions, then the Commissioners of Supply of such County or Stewartry shall be and become bound to raise the Money they shall have agreed to contribute for the Pursepail specified in such Resolutions to be transmitted as aforesaid, by an Affidavit, which they are hereby authorized to make in the manner directed by this Act.

VII. And be it enacted, That such Affidavit shall be made as follows; namely, upon all Lands and Heritages contained in the Valuation Books of such County or Stewartry, according to the valued Rent of such Lands and Heritages, and upon all inhabited Houses within such County or Stewartry, of the annual Value of Five Pounds Sterling or upwards, according to such annual Value; that is to say, for every Five Pounds Rent that shall be affixed on every One hundred Pounds Rent of the valued Rent of Lands and Heritages, there shall be affixed the Sum of One Penny Sterling on every Pound Sterling of the annual Value according to which such inhabited Houses shall be affixed for the House Tax; but it is hereby expressly provided and declared, that inhabited Houses, though of the annual Value of Five Pounds Sterling or upwards, erected or to be erected on Lands valued in the Valuation Books of the said County or Stewartry, and chargeable with Affidavit imposed by this Act on Lands and Heritages so valued to a greater Amount than the Sum for which the said inhabited Houses would be chargeable under this Act, shall not also be liable to the Affidavit hereby imposed on inhabited Houses of the aforesaid Value.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That such Affidavit shall be made in the Proportions aforesaid, by such Commissioners of Supply, at a Meeting to be held for that Purpose, and shall be directed to be levied at such times as shall be specified in the Order making the Affidavit, so that the Sums assigned to be levied may be collected within the Period requisite for accomplishing the Purpose for which such Aid or Affidavit shall have been ordered to be given.

IX. And be it enacted, That such Affidavit upon Lands and Heritages shall be collected by the Collector of the Cots in such County or Stewartry, and such Affidavit upon inhabited Houses shall be collected by the Collector of the Assessed Taxes levied upon such Houses; and all the Powers and Authorities granted by any Act or Acts of Parliament to such Collector of the Land Tax, and to such Collector of the Assessed Taxes, for the levying and recovering thereof respectively, are hereby given and granted for the levying and recovering of such Affidavit.

X. And be it enacted, That all Sums of Money levied by any such Collector of the Land Tax, or Collector of the Assessed Taxes respectively, for or in respect of such Affidavit, shall, after retaining an Allowance for their Trouble, not exceeding the Allowance made to them for collecting the Land Tax and Assessed Taxes respectively, be paid over and accounted for by every such Collector, to such Person or Persons, and at such time or times, as shall be directed by the said Commissioners of Supply; and if any such Collector shall not so pay and account for the same accordingly, every such Collector in making default shall forfeit Double the Sum he is required to be paid, to be recovered with Interest thereon by the Clerk of the Commissioners of Supply, who shall sue for the same before the Judge Ordinary of the Shewards, with Costs and Expenses of Proceed; and such Forfeiture shall be applied to the Purposes for which such Affidavit was imposed and levied.

XI. And be it enacted, That the Amount of every such Affidavit shall be wholly paid by the Owners of Lands as well as Houses: Provided nevertheless, that the whole of such Affidavit upon Houses shall be paid by the Occupiers thereof in the first Instance, but they shall be entitled, and they are hereby authorized, to retain from their Landlords, out of the first Year's Rent, the whole Amount of such Affidavit, which such Landlords are hereby required and obliged to allow as Part of the Rent due for such inhabited Houses, on Production and Delivery of the Collector's Receipt for the same.

XII. And be it enacted, That in all Cases where any Common Good of any County or Stewartry is provided is not the Good of a Royal Burgh, it shall and may be lawful from time to time for any Five or more of the Commissioners of Supply of any such County or Stewartry, by a Writing under their Hands addressed to the Governor of such County, to require him within Six Weeks from the Date of such Requisition being made, to call a Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply of such County or Stewartry, to take into consideration the State of such Common Good; and such Governor shall thereupon call such Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply of such County or Stewartry, to be held within Six Weeks from the Date of the Receipt of such Requisition, by Public Advertisement in One or more Newspapers published in such County or Stewartry; or if no Newspaper is published therein, by Advertisement in such Newspaper or Newspapers as the Governor shall nominate Public County Meetings in for such County or Stewartry.

XIII. And be it enacted, That at such Meeting, or at some Adjournment thereof, such Commissioners of Supply shall deliberate and determine whether any and what Improvement or Enlargement of such Common Good is necessary, or if it is necessary to rebuild the same; and before coming to a final Resolution as to the Plan proper to be adopted, shall and may, if they think fit, appoint a Committee of their Number to prepare Plans and Estimates, and to arrange all necessary Details to enable the said Commissioners to come to a final Determination as to the Mode of Proceeding to be adopted: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall empower or authorize the rebuilding of such Common Good of any County or Stewartry in any Burgh or Town, other than the Burgh or Town in which such Common Good is at present situated.

Resolution of Commissioners to be transmitted to Magistrates, and upon the Consent of Council, Agreement made by Commissioners

Relative Amount of Assessment on Lands and Houses.

When such Assessment shall be made.

How and by whom Assessment is to be collected.

Assessment to be accounted for by Collectors.

Collectors not accountable.

Assessment to be paid in the first Instance by Tenants, who may retain.

Power to Commissioners to grant Aid to County Burghs in Burghs not being Royal Burghs.

Meeting of Commissioners by Advertisement.

Commissioners of Supply to settle whether Enlargement of Good necessary.

Plans to be exhibited in Burghs where they are now situated.

XIV. And

How to levy
and collect
Assessments.

XIV. And be it enacted, That at each First Meeting, or at some Adjournment thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Supply, by a Majority of them, to resolve and determine to what Amount such County or Stewartry shall be allotted for the Improvement, Enlargement or rebuilding of any Common Gaol therein, and shall then or at some subsequent Meeting to be held for that Purpose, make such Allotment, and direct the same to be levied at such times as shall be specified in the Order making the Allotment, in that the Sums allotted and determined to be levied, may be collected within the Period requisite for accomplishing the Purposes for which the same is to be levied; which Allotment shall to each Amount be made and collected in the manner heretofore directed with regard to Allotments on Counties and Stewartries, for Aid to Royal Burghs towards improving, enlarging and rebuilding their Gaols.

How of Excess
charging
Rents.

XV. And be it enacted, That every Proprietor of an Entailed Estate, who shall pay Assessments under this Act, shall be a Creditor to the succeeding Heirs of Estate in the manner after mentioned, for Three fourth Parts of the Money so to be paid.

Made of Recovery of Three fourths Amount in Cases of Entailed Estates.

XVI. And be it enacted, That the Portion or Portions having Right to the Claim arising from Money so to be paid as aforesaid, by the Proprietor of an Entailed Estate, in discharge of Assessments under this Act, may after the Expiration of One Year from the Death of such Proprietor, require the Heirs according to such Estate to repay the said Three fourth Parts of the said Money so paid, with the legal Interest thereof, from the Term at which the said succeeding Heirs Right as the Heirs of the Estate shall commence, upon receiving a proper Allignment and Conveyance of the said Claim; and if the Money so due be not paid within Three Months after such Requisition, it shall be lawful for the Portion or Portions having Right thereto, to sue the said Heirs in the manner directed for the Recovery of Money expended in the Improvements of Entailed Estates, by an Act passed the Tenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to encourage the Improvement of Lands, Tenements and Rowerhouses, in that Part of Great Britain, called Scotland, held under the Settlements of that Estate*.

to G. 3. c. 31.

Rules for Relief among
Heirs of Entail.

XVII. And be it enacted, That the same Rules of Relief among succeeding Heirs of Estate, and their Heirs and their Successors, of the Claims for Debt, and of Preference in Competition of Rents, and in respecting Debtors to the Payment of Cashes, shall take place with regard to Monies expended by the Proprietors of Entailed Estates in Payment of Assessments under this Act, as are enacted by the said Act, passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, with respect to Monies expended by Proprietors of Entailed Estates, in making Improvements upon their Estates, for increasing the Rents and Value thereof.

Commissioners
of Supply may
borrow Money.

XVIII. And be it enacted, That such Commissioners of Supply shall have Power, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to borrow and take up at Interest, on the Security of the Assessments hereby provided to be levied, such Sums or Sums of Money as they shall judge requisite for defraying the Share or Proportion of the Expence of improving, enlarging or rebuilding any Gaol, towards the Expence of which they may think fit to contribute; or for improving, enlarging or rebuilding such Common Gaol of the County or Stewartry, as the case may be; provided that the whole Amount of the Money so borrowed shall not exceed such Sum as they shall have to refer to disburse; and it shall be lawful for such Commissioners of Supply, and they are hereby empowered, to assign or make over the Whole or any Part of the Assessments hereby authorized to be made, in any Portion or Portions willing to lend Money on the Security thereof, at a Rate not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling per Centum per Annum; and every such Allignment shall be made and executed by the Clerk of Supply, being specially authorized to do so at a General Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply, and shall be entered in a Book or Books to be kept by him for that Purpose, which Book or Books may be seen and perused by any Portion or Portions interested therein without Fee or Reward; and all such Allgments so executed shall be transferable by Indentures, duly subscribed by the Party transferring, in the Presence of One or more subscribing Witnesses or Witnesses.

Interest at 5l.
per Cent. per
Annum.

Committee of
Superintendence
may be
appointed.

XIX. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for such Commissioners of Supply to appoint a Committee of their Number to superintend the Execution of any Work to which they may be contributed, or which they may be resolved to execute (as the case may be), and the proper Application of the Money contributed for that Purpose.

Power and
Responsibility
of Magistrates
in relation to
Gaols.

XX. And be it enacted, That when the Gaol of any Royal Burgh, to the improving, enlarging or rebuilding of which, Aid shall have been allotted under this Act, shall have been completed, and with any Yards, Courts, Out Offices or Concomitances thereof, shall be used for confining Debtors, Felons, Vagrants and other Delinquents, the Magistrates and Town Council of the Burgh wherein the same shall be situated, and the Keeper or Keepers, Guardians or Keepers of such Gaol shall be respectively answerable, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, for the safe Custody of all such Persons as shall from time to time be committed to his or their Custody in such Gaol, in the like manner as any Magistrates and Town Council and the Keepers employed by them now are by Law liable; and such Magistrates and Council shall have the same Power over such Gaol and the Gaolers and Keepers thereof, and the Debtors, Felons, Vagrants and other Delinquents who shall be confined therein, as they had in the Gaol before the same shall have been approved, enlarged or rebuilt; and such Magistrates and Town Council, in fact as any such Gaol, is improved, enlarged or rebuilt shall be delivered over to them, shall be bound and obliged to keep and maintain the same in good and sufficient Repair, from the Funds of the Burgh, in all time coming.

Prisoners may
be removed
while Gaol is
improving or
rebuilding.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if it shall be found necessary, for the purpose of improving, enlarging or rebuilding any Gaol of any Royal Burgh now existing, that the Prisoners therein should be removed during the Period of such Improvement, Enlargement or rebuilding, it shall be lawful for the Magistrates of the Burgh within which such Gaol is situated, to remove such Prisoners or Prisoners to any secure Place of Confinement within the said Burgh, or to any other Gaol within the said County or Stewartry,

until

until such Improvement, Enlargement or rebuilding shall be completed; and it shall be lawful for all Persons legally authorized to commit other Debtors, Felons and Delinquents, to commit them to the same; and when any such improved, enlarged or new Goal shall be fit for the Reception of Prisoners, it shall be lawful for the Magistrates and Town Council of the Borough in which such improved, enlarged or new Goal shall be situated, and the Keeper or Keepers of such Goal, to remove thence all such Debtors, Felons and other Prisoners as shall then be confined in such other former Place of Confinement; and such Removal or Removals, and the Arrangings or Encroachings of the Prisoners who shall be confined in the improved, enlarged or new Goal, in any Yards, Courts, Out Offices or Conveniences thereto belonging, shall not be deemed as taken to be an Escape or Evasion: Provided always, That the Magistrates of such Borough shall continue to be responsible for the safe Custody of all such Debtors, Felons and other Prisoners, during their Removal to or Confinement in such other former Place of Confinement.

Responsibility of Magistrates to continue.

XXII. And be it enacted, That if it shall be found necessary for the improving, enlarging or rebuilding any Common Goal, within any County or Stewary, not being the Goal of a Royal Borough, that the Prisoners therein should be removed during the Period of such Improvement, Enlargement or rebuilding, it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace for such County or the Removal of such Prisoners, and for all Persons legally authorized to commit other Debtors, Felons and Delinquents, to any secure Place of Confinement within such County or Stewary, until such Improvement, Enlargement or rebuilding shall be completed; and when any such improved, enlarged or new Goal shall be fit for the Reception of Prisoners, it shall be lawful for such Justices, as aforesaid, to direct the Removal thence of all such Debtors, Felons or other Prisoners as shall then be confined in such former Place of Confinement, and should by Law be confined in such Common Goal of the County or Stewary; and such Removal and Removals, and the Arrangings and Encroachings of the Prisoners who shall be confined in such improved, enlarged or new Goal, in any Yards, Courts, Out Offices or Conveniences thereto belonging, shall not be deemed as taken to be an Escape or Evasion; and the legal Responsibility for the safe Custody of all Persons committed to such Goal, and the Burden and Obligation to keep and maintain the same in good Condition, shall, after such Improvement, Enlargement or rebuilding, be no ways altered thereby, or by any thing in this Act contained.

Prisoners may be removed while Goals are repairing, or rebuilding, in Cases where the same are not in Royal Boroughs.

Responsibility of Magistrates to continue.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Adversity imposed by virtue of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for such Person or Persons, within Three Months after any such Adversity shall have been demanded, but not afterwards, to appeal against the same to the Justices of the Peace at the Quarter Sessions of the County or Stewary wherein the subject Matter of the Complaint shall have arisen, giving Fourteen Days' Notice of such Appeal to the Collector of the Assessment, and lodging with such Appeal a Bond, with sufficient Surety or Sureties for fulfilling and implementing the Sentence to be pronounced, and for paying such Expenses as shall be awarded by the said Justices of the Peace, who are hereby authorized to determine the Matter in Dispute, and their Judgment shall be conclusive of all other Jurisdiction, and shall be final and conclusive without being subject to Review in any Court whatsoever.

Appeal against Assessment.

Notice.

Final.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That an Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons, for any thing done in pursuance or by virtue of this Act, after Six Calendar Months from the time the Fact was committed or the Cause of Action had occurred for which such Action or Suit shall be brought; and the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit may produce this Act, and plead that the same was done by Authority and in virtue thereof; and if it shall appear to be so done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time hereby limited for bringing the same, then and in such Case the Defendant or Defendants shall be absolved from such Action or Suit, and the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein shall be bound to pay the whole Expenses of Process incurred by the Defendant or Defendants.

Limitation of Action.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judiciously taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Public Act.

CAP. LXII.

An Act for the Protection of Banks for Savings in Scotland.

[2d July 1819.]

WHEREAS certain Institutions called Parish Banks, or Banks for Savings, have been established in Scotland, for the safe Custody and Increase of small Savings, belonging to the indolentious Classes of His Majesty's Subjects: And Whereas it is expedient to give Protection to such Institutions as may be deemed of the same, and to the Funds thereby established, and to afford Encouragement to the Formation of like Institutions: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, if any Number of Persons shall be desirous of having the Benefit of the Provisions of this Act, and shall have formed or shall form any Institution in any Part of Scotland, for the purpose of receiving Deposits of Money for the Benefit of the Persons depositing the same, and of returning the Whole or any Part of such Deposits, and the Produce thereof, to the Depositors themselves, or to their Heirs, Executors, Assignees or other Persons entitled thereto under the Provisions of this Act, deducting only out of such Produce in such as shall be requisite for the Payment and Discharge of the necessary Expenses attending the Management of such Institution, according to such Rules, Orders and Regulations as shall or may be established for that Purpose; such Persons shall, under the Rules, Orders and Regulations, established or to be established for the Management of such Institution, to be

Persons desirous of the Benefit of this Act, to deposit their Money and Regulations as herein mentioned.

entered, recorded and deposited in manner hereinafter directed, and thereupon shall be deemed to be entitled to and shall have the Benefit of the Provisions contained in this Act.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That as each Institution as aforesaid shall have the Benefit of this Act, which a written or printed Copy of the Rules, Orders and Regulations for the Management thereof, signed by Two of the Managers of such Institution, shall be exhibited to the Judges of the Peace assembled at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the Shire or County within which such Institution shall be situated; which Rules, Orders and Regulations shall be subject to the Review of such Judges, who shall and may, after due Examination thereof, amend and make said Copy of the same as shall be requisite to this Act, and shall allow and confirm the same, or such Part thereof as shall be conformable to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and after the Confirmation as aforesaid of the Rules, Orders and Regulations of such Institution, the same shall be signed by the Clerk of the said Judges, attesting their Approbation thereof; for which Attribution, and all the Expense and Labour attending the same, the said Clerk shall be entitled to charge the Sum of Ten Shillings and Sixpence, and no more; and such Rules, Orders and Regulations as attested, shall be deposited with the Clerk of the said Judges, who is hereby specially required to receive and preserve the same among other the Records in his Custody, and to grant an attested Copy of the same to the Petitioner or Persons by whom the same shall have been exhibited, without any Fee or Reward to be paid in respect thereof; which Rules, Orders and Regulations as attested, shall be entered in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose by such Institution; provided that nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent any Alteration in or Amendment of any such Rules, Orders and Regulations, deposited as aforesaid, or to the repealing or amending of the same, or of any of them, in whole or in part, or to the making of any new Rules, Orders or Regulations for the Management of any such Institution, in such manner as shall be directed by the Rules, Orders and Regulations thereof; provided such new Rules, Orders and Regulations, or such Alterations or Amendments shall be entered in the Book or Books of the said Institution kept as aforesaid; and a written or printed Copy thereof shall be exhibited, approved of, attested and deposited as aforesaid, before the same shall be put in force.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the Persons depositing Money with any Institution taking the Benefit of this Act, or their Heirs, Executors or other Persons entitled thereto under the Provisions of this Act, shall have the sole Benefit of such Deposits and the Produce thereof, in the manner provided by the said Rules, Orders and Regulations; first only and except such Salaries and Allowances, or other necessary Expenses, as shall, according to such Rules, Orders and Regulations, be specified for conducting such Institution, and for Remuneration to Clerks and Secretaries employed in the Management thereof, and also of the Trustees or Trustees and other Persons having Control and Direction in the Management of such Institution, who shall not directly or indirectly have any Salary, Allowance, Profit or Benefit whatsoever therefrom, on account of such Control and Direction, beyond the actual Expenses for the Purpose of such Institution.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Rules, Orders and Regulations, from time to time made and in force for the Management of any Institution taking the Benefit of this Act, and duly exhibited, returned, approved of, attested and deposited as aforesaid, shall be binding on the several Members and Trustees of such Institution, and the several Depositors therein, and their Representatives and Persons entitled as aforesaid, under the Provisions of this Act, all of whom shall be deemed and taken to have full Notice thereof by the Entry and Deposit aforesaid; and all such Rules, Orders and Regulations as aforesaid, or a certified Copy thereof, under the Hands of the Clerk of the said Judges, shall be received as Evidence in all Cases; and such Clerk shall be bound to furnish such Copies to all concerned, without Fee or Reward, except the actual Expense of making such Copy at the Rate of Sixpence for each and every Sheet thereof containing or less Two hundred Words; and neither such Copy, nor any Receipt or Acknowledgment granted to any Depositor or Depositors, at the time of making any Deposit in any Institution taking the Benefit of this Act, or granted by any such Depositor or Depositors, or their Heirs, Executors or other Persons entitled as aforesaid under the Provisions of this Act, at the time of drawing out the same, or their Share or Shares in the Funds of the Institution, or any Part thereof, shall be subject to or chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatever.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Money, Goods and Effects whatever, and all Securities for Money or other obligatory Instruments, and all Rights or Claims belonging to any Institution taking the Benefit of this Act, shall be vested in such Person or Persons as shall be appointed by the Rules, Orders and Regulations of the Institution, Trustee or Trustees for the time being, for the Use and Benefit of such Institution and the respective Depositors therein, and the Heirs, Executors or Persons entitled under the Provisions of this Act, according to their respective Claims and Interests; and after the Death, Resignation or Removal of any such Trustee or Trustees, the same shall vest in their Successors in Office by virtue of their Appointment as such, and for the same Uses and Purposes, and subject to the same Trusts, without any Assignment or Conveyance whatever; and such Trustee or Trustees shall and may, in all Cases concerning the Property, Rights or Claims aforesaid of such Institution, sue and be sued in their proper Name or Names, as Trustee or Trustees of such Institution, without any other Description; and no such Action or Cause shall be discontinued by the Death of such Person or Persons, or by his or their Removal from the Office of Trustee or Trustees, or against the succeeding Trustee or Trustees as aforesaid, but the same shall and may be proceeded in by the succeeding Trustee or Trustees as aforesaid, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; declaring always, that no Securities for Money or other obligatory Instruments belonging to or granted for or in respect of any such Institution, and no Proceedings in any Action or Cause touching or concerning the Property, Rights or Claims of any such Institution, shall be subject to or chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatever; and

Rules to be exhibited to Quarter Sessions, and then deposited, and when returned, entered in Books of the Institution.

Fee to Clerk.

Rules, &c. may be altered, &c.

Persons depositing Money to have the sole Benefit thereof, except as to Allowance for Salaries, &c.

Rules binding after their Exhibition and Revision.

Expense of Copies. Receipts and Issues exempt from Stamp Duty.

Money and Effects of Institution vested in Trustees.

Securities for Money, &c. exempt from Stamp Duty.

and that no *Adventurist* in any Newspaper, relative to any such Indenture, shall be chargeable with any Duty to Government.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if the Rules and Regulations of any Indenture taking the Benefit of this Act, shall require any Bond, Obligation or Security to be given to the Treasurers or Managers by the Trustees or any other Officers of such Indenture, such Bond or other Security, or any Extract thereof, or any Power of Attorney relative thereto, shall not be charged or chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatever.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person entitled to Money in any Indenture taking the Benefit of this Act, shall be desirous of bequeathing his or her Share or Interest therein, or any Part thereof, he or she shall effectually carry his or her Intention into execution, by subscribing any Holograph Writing expresse of such Intention, and if not Holographs but in the Hand Writing of some other Person, then by subscribing thereto his or her Name, or by exhibiting thereto his or her Mark, in the Presence of Two credible Witnesses, by whom also such Writing shall be subscribed as Witnesses; and the Trustee or Trustees, and all other Persons appointed or to be appointed by the Rules, Orders and Regulations of any such Indenture, and in virtue of such Appointments, having Control and Direction in the Management of the Funds thereof, are hereby specially required to give full Effect in every such Writing Holograph, or so subscribed and attested as aforesaid, by paying or otherwise disposing of any such Share or Interest as aforesaid, or any Part thereof thereby bequeathed, in the Manner therein directed, and by taking for the same the Receipt or Discharge of the Person or Persons entitled to such Bequest, without any Confirmation being obtained from the Consistory Court, provided the Amount does not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and upon Confirmation being obtained from the Consistory Court when the Sum shall exceed Twenty Pounds, in the Manner directed by an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to repeal the several Statutes under the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Stamped Papers, Parchment and Paper, in Great Britain, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof*; provided always, that no Stamp Duty or Legacy Duty shall be charged for or in respect of any Receipt granted for any Sum bequeathed by any such Writing as aforesaid, where the Amount shall not exceed Fifty Pounds.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person entitled to any Sum of Money deposited with any Indenture taking the Benefit of this Act, shall die, leaving any Sum or Sums of Money deposited with such Indenture, or any Dividends or Interest due thereon, belonging to him or her at the time of his or her Death, and not disposed of as aforesaid, and in case no Settlement thereof shall be exhibited to the Managers of such Indenture within Six Calendar Months after the Decese of any such Person, nor any Claim made by any Person or Persons claiming a better Title thereto, the same shall be paid over to such Representative or Representatives of such Person as dying, as shall be entitled thereto by the ordinary Rules of Law regulating Succession in England; and that without any Confirmation being obtained from the Consistory Court, provided the Amount does not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases not provided for by the Rules and Regulations of any Indenture taking the Benefit of this Act, where any Matter of Dispute shall arise among the Managers, or other Members as aforesaid, of any such Indenture, or of any Persons acting under them, and any individual Depositor therein, or any Executor, Administrator, next of Kin or Creditor of any deceased Depositor, or any Person claiming to be such Executor, Administrator, next of Kin or Creditor, then and in such Case such Matter of Dispute shall be submitted to the Sheriff or Stewart or his Substitute of the Shire or Stewartry within which such Indenture is situated, for his Decision; whereupon the said Sheriff or Stewart or his Substitute shall be bound to decide forthwith, and his Decision shall be final and conclusive and binding on all Parties, and in no case whatever shall it be competent to bring such Decision under the Review of any Court of Law whatever, by Appeal, Supplication, Admonition, Reclamation or any other Form of Process; and no Bond, Receipt or Discharge for or in respect of any Sum of Money paid upon such Reference or in consequence of such Decision, shall be subject to or chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatever.

C. A. P. LXIII.

An Act to explain an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for purchasing an Estate for the Duke of Wellington.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting a Sum of Money for purchasing an Estate for the Marquis of Wellington and his Heirs, in consideration of the eminent and signal Services performed by the said Marquis of Wellington to His Majesty and the Public*: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for settling and settling an Annuity to Arthur Duke of Wellington and his Heirs, and for empowering the Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to advance, out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, a Sum of Money in lieu of such Annuity, to purchase an Estate or to order to accompany the said Title, in consideration of the eminent and signal Services performed by the said Duke of Wellington to His Majesty and to the Public*; and for making further Provision for the Disposal of a Sum of Money granted by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for purchasing an Estate for the said Duke, also Marquis of Wellington: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting an additional Sum of Money for purchasing a suitable Residence and Estate for the Duke of Wellington and his Heirs, in consideration of the eminent and signal Services performed by the said Duke to His Majesty and the Public*: And Whereas the Trustees under the said several Acts are authorized by the said first recited Act, to lay out the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, granted by the said first recited Act, in Exchequer Bills or other Government Securities, and from time to

Bank, for not charged with Stamp Duty.

New Depositors may bequeath their Shares.

Confirmation to be obtained from the Consistory Court where the Sum exceeds 100.

44 G. 3. c. 94.

If Sum not more than 100. no Duty.

Share to go to legal Representatives if not bequeathed.

Dispute submitted to the Sheriff, who shall determine therein.

Persons dead.

51 G. 3. c. 40.

54 G. 3. c. 261.

51 G. 3. c. 44.

to pay the Interest arising thereon to His Grace the Duke of Wellington, or the Person entitled thereto for the time being: And Whereas the Annuity granted by the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year should be also made payable to the said Duke of Wellington, or the Person entitled thereto for the time being, under the Provisions of the said Act: And Whereas the Trustees under the said recited Acts are by the said last recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year authorised and empowered to lay out the Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds granted by the said Act, or such Part thereof as may not be immediately applied in the building, providing or purchasing any Residence or Estate under the said Act, in Exchequer Bills, or in any other Government Securities bearing Interest, and the same can be invested in any such Purchase as is directed by the said recited Acts; but no Provision is contained in the said Act in relation to the Application of the Interest which has arisen or may from time to time arise from any such Exchequer Bills or Government Securities, and Doubts have thereupon arisen whether the Trustees are empowered to pay the same to the Duke of Wellington, or the Person entitled for the time being, in like manner as is directed by the said Two last recited Acts in relation to the Interest of the said Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds granted by the first recited Act, and the Annuity granted by the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year should; and it is therefore expedient that such Doubts should be removed: Be it therefore declared and enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Trustees under the said recited Acts, and they are hereby empowered and authorised, to pay all Arrears of Interest which may have arisen, and all Interest which may hereafter accrue and arise from any Exchequer Bills or Government Securities purchased with the said Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, or any Part thereof, to the said Duke of Wellington, or the Person for the time being entitled under the said Acts to the Estate to be purchased under the Provision thereof, or to apply the same in such manner from time to time as shall be directed by the said Duke of Wellington, or such other Person as shall, in like manner in every respect as if such Interest had been made payable to the said Duke of Wellington, or such Person as aforesaid, with the Interest of the said Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, and the Annuity granted by the said first recited Acts; any thing in the said last recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Interest arising from Exchequer Bills or Government Securities purchased with the amount granted by 25 G. 3. c. 146. is to be paid to the Duke of Wellington, or applied by the Trustees as he shall direct.

C A P. LXIV.

An Act to facilitate Proceedings against the Warden of The Fleet, in Vacation. [2d July 1819.]

WHEREAS by the Practice of His Majesty's Courts of Common Pleas and Exchequer at Westminster, and also by custom of the Courtroom made in the Twelfth Session of the Statute made and passed in the Eighth and Ninth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Third, Chapter twenty seven, no Proceedings can be commenced in the time of Vacation, at the Suit of any Person or Persons, against the Warden of His Majesty's Prison of The Fleet, for or in respect of the Escape of any Prisoner or Prisoners from and out of his Custody: And Whereas it is expedient that the Law and the Practice of the said Courts should be altered in this respect: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons, having Cause or Causes of Action against the Warden of the said Prison, for or in respect of the Escape of any Prisoner or Prisoners in his Custody, from and out of the said Custody, to commence his or their Actions against the said Warden by filing his or their Bill against the said Warden, at any time in Vacation, in the Office of the Prothonotaries of the said Court of Common Pleas, or with the Clerk or Deputy Clerk of the Fleet in the Office of Pleas in the Court of Exchequer, for or in respect of such Escape, and to exhibit such Bill as of the preceding Term, a Copy of which said Bill is first filed, within Twenty four Hours after the filing thereof, on a Sunday or Public Holiday intervene, and to that Court on the Day next after such Sunday or Public Holiday, be delivered to the said Warden or his Deputy, or to the Turnkey or Porter of the said Prison; and the said Warden shall appear and plead to the said Bill within the first Four Days of the following Term, otherwise it shall be lawful for such Person or Persons, having such Cause or Causes of Action as aforesaid, to sign Judgment against the said Warden in such Action; and for the better accomplishment, as well the time of filing such Bill, as of delivering such Copy thereof as aforesaid, the proper Officer of the Court in which such Bill shall be filed, or his lawful Deputy, shall and he is hereby directed, at the time of filing such Bill, to indorse upon the same a Memorandum of the time of filing such Bill; and the said Warden or his Deputy, or the Turnkey or Porter of the said Prison shall, and he is hereby directed, at the time of receiving such Copy of the said Bill, to indorse upon such Copy a Memorandum of the time of receiving such Copy as aforesaid.

Edw. M. J. 6. 12. 114.

Bill may be filed against the Warden of the Fleet, in Vacation.

Memoandum of the time of filing and receiving such Bill to be indorsed.

C A P. LXV.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. [2d July 1819.]

[This Act is the same as 58 G. 3. c. 71. except as in Title and the Scheme that are here inserted.]

III. AND be it further enacted, That such Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole Fifteen Pounds for every Ticket to be contained in the said Lottery or Lotteries, or shall be paid upon for the Purposes by the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall be distributed in Prizes or Benefits to be drawn in the said Lottery or Lotteries, or allotted to the Owner or Owners of any First

A Sum not exceeding 15 lb. for every Ticket, shall be divided into Prizes, and

First or Last drawn Ticket or Tickets, or of any Ticket or Tickets to be drawn between the First and Last as a fixed Price or fixed Prize, on any particular Day or Days, in such Proportions and in such Manner as the said Commissioners or any Three or more of them shall direct; and the same shall be charged upon and be paid and payable out of all or any of the Aids or Supplies granted in this present Session of Parliament for Great Britain; and the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, are hereby required and authorized, by Warrant or Warrants under their Hands, to cause such Sum or Sums of Money to be issued and paid out of the said Aids or Supplies to the Chief Cashier of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to be by him distributed and paid to and amongst the respective Proprietors of the several Forfeiture or Benefit Tickets, within Two Months after the Conclusion of the Drawing of such Lottery or Lotteries respectively, or as soon as Certificates can be made out for the Sums due in respect of the same, in the manner hereafter directed.

• IV. And Whereas it may be expedient for the Public Service that Annuities in favor of the Public Funds may be given as Prizes in the Place of Money; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, to authorize and empower the Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt to appropriate such a Sum, or Annuities, in any of the Public Funds standing in their Names in the Books of the Bank of England as will be equal to the whole or such Part of the Sum not exceeding Fifteen Pounds per Ticket to be distributed in Prizes as hereinafter mentioned, as the Contractor or Contractors for any Lottery or Lotteries shall request to be given in Stock in the place of Money, which Stock shall be obtained in the same Prior the said Funds or Annuities shall have been sold at the Bank of England on the last Day of selling the same previous to the time or times of making such Contract or Contracts, or of the Day of Approval by the said Commissioners of the Treasury of the Scheme of any Lottery, and shall be transferred to the Holders of the Tickets entitled thereto by the said last mentioned Commissioners, at such times and by authority of such Certificates as are heretofore mentioned and directed; and the said Commissioners of the Treasury shall account for the Money retained in lieu of the Stock with the other Money raised for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, or shall order such a Sum of Money to be paid to the said Commissioners for Redemption of the National Debt, out of the Sums raised by Sale of Lottery Tickets, or out of any of the Aids or Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, as will be sufficient to pay the same Amount in Stock as shall have been appropriated for the Prizes before mentioned, or shall cause an Amount of Annuities equal to the Annuities so appropriated to be purchased for or transferred to the said Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt, within One Month after such Appropriation.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons to whom such last mentioned License or Licenses shall be granted in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, pursuant to this Act, shall, before the Drawing begins, deposit at the Office or Place to be appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned by the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in England and Ireland respectively, and divide into Shares, One hundred and twenty whole and entire Tickets in each of the Lotteries established as aforesaid, for such License granted to him, her or them, if only One such License be granted, and if Two or more such Licenses be granted to the same Person or Persons, then and in that Case he, she or they shall, before the Drawing begins, deposit at the Office aforesaid, and divide into Shares, One hundred Tickets for each such License, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, in England, for One hundred such Tickets in Ireland, when the Lottery shall consist of Twenty thousand Tickets or upwards, and to be proportion for any smaller Number; and every such License, for which as such respective Deposit shall be made, shall be void and of no Effect; and every Person acting under any such License, in any of the Matters therein contained, after such Deposit made, shall be adjudged and considered in every respect as an unlawful Person; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties in England and Ireland respectively, and they are hereby required upon every such Default, to cause to be published the Names and Places of Abode, and the Description of the Office of such Person or Persons making such Default as aforesaid, in the London or Dublin Gazette respectively, and declare therein the time when such Default was made, and such Persons shall take place from the time of such Publication.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That every Person to whom any such License shall be granted, shall personally appear before the said Commissioners of Stamps in England or Ireland respectively, or such Person or Persons as they shall respectively appoint, and shall give and there, at the time of granting such License or Licenses, with One other respectable Person to be approved by the said Commissioners before mentioned respectively, give Security by Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in the Sum of One thousand Pounds; and that the Condition of every such Bond shall be, that if the Person or Persons to be licensed shall during the Term of such License well and truly conform to and observe all the Regulations and Provisions of this Act, and shall not offend against the same, and shall have duly paid and discharged the proportionable Amount of all such Shares of Forfeiture Tickets divided and shared by such Person or Persons to be licensed as aforesaid, as shall have been performed for Payment, and demanded at the Head or Place named in the said License, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Stamps, then such Bond shall be void, or otherwise to be and remain in full Force and Effect; and the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized and required to take such Bond; and if at the End of Twelve Calendar Months after the Expiration of the time for which such License shall be granted, it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the said respective Commissioners of Stamps, that such Person or Persons to be licensed hath or have, during the Term of such License, well and truly kept, fulfilled and performed the Condition of such Bond, such Commissioners may deliver up such Bond to be cancelled, or otherwise, at their Discretion, cause

paid out of Sup-
plies granted
this Session.

Annuitants in
the Public
Funds may be
given the Prizes
in lieu of
Money.

Licensed Per-
sons in Great
Britain or Ire-
land to deposit
and divide in
Shares a cer-
tain Number
of Tickets in
each of the
Lotteries, or
Licenses shall
be void, &c.

Persons to
whom Licenses
are granted to
give security
by Bond.

every

every such Bond to be put in Suit; and any Sum which shall be recovered thereupon shall be applied in or towards Payment of any unpaid or undischarged Shares of such licensed Person mentioned in the said Bond, and the Surplus thereof shall be applied in the first Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury or any Three or more of them may direct or appoint: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps in *Ireland* to nominate and appoint some Person in *England* (being an Officer under the Commissioners of Stamps, or Managers and Directors of the Lottery in *England*), before whom any Person requiring a Licence for *Ireland* may appear personally, and execute the Bond herebefore mentioned, and do and perform all other things necessary for obtaining the same: Provided always, that if any Person shall have been appointed for this Service under any former Act, it shall be considered as a valid Appointment under this Act, until the Commissioners of Stamps shall think fit to revoke the same, or appoint some other Person for the Purpose aforesaid.

XXXV. And Whereas many evil disposed Persons, to evade the Provisions of the Acts made to punish Persons guilty of inferring for or against the Drawing of Tickets, more particularly defined in this Act, have engaged and authorised, and do engage and authorise Agents for them to take Money for such illegal Contracts, and have in their Custody or Possession, Account or Accounts, Statements or Statements, Memorandum or Memorandums in Writing of such illegal Contracts entered into &c. Be it therefore enacted, That upon Information upon Oath made before any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, naming any Person or Persons a reported Lottery Inferrer, and in the Opinion of the Informer to be in possession of Books, Papers or Memorandums of illegal Contracts entered into relating to Lottery Inferences, it shall be lawful for, and such Magistrate or Justice of the Peace is hereby required to issue his Warrant, directed to a Constable or Officer of Police, to empower him with proper Assistance to search the Person or the said reported Lottery Inferrer, to enter the Dwelling Place and Premises of such Person, and search for and seize all such Papers, Accounts or Memorandums; and if any such be found either upon such or any other Person or Persons in the said Dwelling Place, or in or about the same Dwelling Place or Premises, or if any Memorandums of Inference in the Lottery or Little Goo should be found in the time of such Search, written in Chalk or otherwise upon or about the Dwelling Place or Premises, then to apprehend and bring the said Person or Persons against whom such Warrant shall have been issued, with such Person or Persons upon whom such Lottery or Little Goo Inference Papers, Accounts or Memorandums were found, before Two Magistrates or Justices of the Peace, and upon Proof before them by Two credible Witnesses upon Oath that such Papers, Accounts or Memorandums do appear to be the best of their Knowledge and Belief to relate to the Little Goo, or to Inference in the Lottery or in the Little Goo, or upon Proof in like manner that such Memorandums were written in Chalk or otherwise on or about the Premises of the Person against whom such Warrant shall have been issued, which could not be brought away without injuring the Premises, such Person or Persons are to be deemed Rogues and Vagabonds, and punished as such.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That upon the Hearing of any Case before any Magistrate, where it shall be proved that any Person or Persons is or are become Rogues and Vagabonds, or Rogues and Vagabonds, by the committing of any Offence described in this Act, it shall not be permitted to produce any Information upon Oath, whether the same shall have been filed or not.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That upon Complaint or Information made upon Oath, before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, of any Offence committed against this Act in any House or Place within the Jurisdiction of any Justice or Justices, whereby any of the Offenders may be liable to Punishment as Rogues and Vagabonds, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Justice or Justices before whom such Oath shall be taken, if he or they shall judge it reasonable, by special Warrant under his or their respective Hands and Seals, to authorise and empower any Person or Persons, by Day or by Night, but if in the Night Time then in the Presence of a Constable or other lawful Officer of the Peace, who are hereby required to be aiding or assisting therein, to break open the Doors or any Part of such House or Place where such Offender or Offenders shall have been committed, and to enter into such House or Place, and to seize and apprehend all such Offenders, and all other Persons who shall be discovered in such House or Place, and who shall have knowingly aided or abetted, or been in anywise concerned with any such Offender or Offenders, as committing any such Offence, and to convey them before any Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Place wherein such Person shall be so apprehended, to be dealt with according to Law as aforesaid; and all Persons who shall be discovered in such House or Place, knowingly aiding, abetting or in anywise concerned with such Offender or Offenders, in carrying on any Transference respecting the said Lotteries or either of them, contrary to the express Provisions of the Act, shall be deemed Rogues and Vagabonds, and punishable as such in the Manner directed by this Act, as the Case may require; and it shall and may be lawful for the Officer or Officers having the Execution of such Warrant, and all other Persons acting in his or their Aid or Assistance, to seize, arrest and detain all and every the Person and Persons so discovered in such House or Place, and to convey the said Person or Persons before such Justice or Justices of the Peace as aforesaid; and if any Person or Persons shall forcibly obstruct, oppose, molest or hinder any such Officer or Officers, or others acting in his or their Aid or Assistance, in the due Execution of their Duty, or in the due entering into such House or Place, or in the seizing, detaining or conveying before such Justice or Justices any such Offender or Offenders, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, every such Person so obstructing, opposing, molesting or hindering as aforesaid, shall be deemed an Offender against Law and the public Peace, and the Court before whom any such Offender shall be tried and convicted shall and may order such Offender to be bound, imprisoned and publicly whipped, as in their Discretion shall be thought fit.

LVII. And Whereas Doctrs have used and do use, whether under and by former Acts passed from time to time, or for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries, and the Acts commonly called

Lottery In-
formers in whom
Persons
Papers relating
to Inferences
are found, &c.
shall be punish-
ed as Rogues
and Vagabonds.

Information
on Oath not
permitted.

On Complaint
on Oath of
Offences against
this Act, where-
by the Person
may be liable
to Punishment
as Rogues,
Justice may
authorise Per-
sons to break
open Houses,
&c.

Persons dis-
covered in
such Houses
concerned in
committing or
aiding Trans-
ferences, to be
punished as
Rogues.
Penalty on
Persons ob-
structing
Officers.

Look Our Acts of the Twenty fourth Year of His present Majesty, intitled An Act to render more efficient the Laws now in being for suppressing unlawful Lotteries, and of the Forty second Year of His present Majesty, intitled An Act to suppress certain Games and Lotteries, not authorised by Law, the Word "Place" mentioned in the said Acts respectively, was meant to describe any Place used for the purpose of drawing the Royal Lottery called Little Gee, or for Purposes of Influence in the Lottery or Little Gee, or in anywise relating thereto, be the same an enclosed Building or not; it is therefore hereby declared and enacted, That the Word "Place," when and where the same is mentioned and used in this and the said several above recited Acts relating to the drawing of the said illegal Lottery called Little Gee, or the assembling of Persons for any of the (legal) Purposes mentioned therein, or for the purpose of Little Gee or Lottery Influence, shall be taken to extend to and mean any Place in or out of an enclosed Building or Premises, whether upon Land or Water, where such illegal Practices, or any thing relating thereto, shall be carried on or attempted to be carried on.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall be brought before any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Liberty or Place where any Offence against this Act shall have been committed, and shall be convicted of any Offence or Offences against this Act by such Justices, and shall be adjudged a Rogue and Vagabond, then and in every such Case such Justices shall and they are hereby required to order such Offender to be sent to the House of Correction, there to remain for any Space of time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, nor less than One Calendar Month, but which Term of Imprisonment shall always be to a Day or time beyond the final Period of the Drawing of the Lottery in respect whereof such Offence shall be committed; and if such Person shall have been convicted of a like Offence under this or any former Act for granting to His Majesty any Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries, then and in that Case, in addition to the Imprisonment and Penalties last mentioned, it shall be lawful for such Two or more Justices as aforesaid, at their Discretion, to order the Offender or Offenders to be severely whipped; and any such Adjudication or Conviction under this Act may be in the Form following, *sicute videlicet*, [that is to say],

Middlen } To the Keeper of
to wit,

WHEREAS A. B. of _____ in the County of *Middlesex*, in this Day duly convicted before us, G. D. and E. F. Two of the Justices of our Lord the King assigned to keep the Peace of our said Lord the King in and for the said County, and also to hear and determine divers Felonies, Trespasses, and other Misdemeanours committed within the said County, for that he the said A. B. at _____ in the said County, on the _____ Day of _____

[*See the Offence*] against the Form of the Statute made in the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of our said Lord the King, intitled An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries; and the said A. B. having for such Offence been adjudged a Rogue and Vagabond by us the said Justices within the Intent and Meaning of the said Statute, we do order that the said A. B. be committed, and the said A. B. is hereby by us accordingly committed to the House of Correction at _____ in and for the said County of *Middlesex*, there to remain for the Space of _____ now sent aforesaid. And we do hereby require the Keeper of the said House of Correction to receive into his Custody the Body of the said A. B. herewith sent, and him to safely keep and detain in the said House of Correction accordingly. Given under our Hands and Seals, at *St. James's Palace*, the _____ of _____ 1819.

And such Proceedings shall not be subject to Appeal, nor shall be removed or removable by Certiorari or otherwise into any Court whatever.

C. A. P. LXVI.

An Act to make further Provisions for the Regulation of Cotton Mills and Factories, and for the better Preservation of the Health of young Persons employed therein. [1819.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the Preparation of the Health and Morals of Apprentices and others employed in Cotton and other Mills, and Cotton and other Factories*: And Whereas it is expedient that some further Provision should be made for the Regulation of Mills, Manufactories and Buildings, employed in the Preparation and spinning of Cotton or Wool: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, no Child shall be employed in any Description of Work, for the spinning of Cotton Wool into Yarn, or in any previous Preparation of such Wool, until he or she shall have attained the full Age of Nine Years.

II. And be it further enacted, That no Person, being under the Age of Sixteen Years, shall be employed in any Description of Work whatsoever, in spinning Cotton Wool into Yarn, or in the previous Preparation of such Wool, or in the cleaning or repairing of any Mill, Manufactory or Building, or any Millwork or Machinery therein, for more than Twelve Hours in any one Day, exclusive of the necessary time for Meals; such Twelve Hours to be between the Hours of Five o'Clock in the Morning and Nine o'Clock in the Evening.

III. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed to every such Person, in the course of every Day, not less than half an Hour to Breakfast, and not less than One full Hour for Dinner; such Hour for Dinner to be between the Hours of Eleven o'Clock in Forenoon and Two o'Clock in the Afternoon.

IV. Pre-

27 G. 3. c. 11.
46 G. 3. c. 119.

The Word "Place" is intended to mean any Place whatever.

Offenders adjudged Rogues and Vagabonds may be committed.

Persons may be removed by Certiorari.

46 G. 3. c. 119.

No Child to be employed in Cotton spinning, the said Act, Nine Years of Age.

No Person under Sixteen Years of Age, to be employed more than 12 Hours.

Hours of Meal Time.

CAP. LIX.

An Act to prevent the enlisting or Engagement of His Majesty's Subjects to serve in Foreign Service, and the fitting out or equipping, in His Majesty's Dominions, Vessels for Warlike Purposes, without His Majesty's Licence.

[3d July 1819.]

WHEREAS the Enlistment or Engagement of His Majesty's Subjects to serve in War in Foreign Service, without His Majesty's Licence, and the fitting out and equipping and arming of Vessels by His Majesty's Subjects, without His Majesty's Licence, for Warlike Operations in or against the Dominions or Territories of any Foreign Prince, State, Potentate or Person exercising or assuming to exercise the Powers of Government in or over any Foreign Country, Colony, Province or Part of any Province, or against the Ships, Goods or Merchandise of any Foreign Prince, State, Potentate or Person as aforesaid, or their Subjects, may be prejudicial to and tend to endanger the Peace and Welfare of this Kingdom: And Whereas the Laws in force are not sufficiently effectual for preventing the same: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act to prevent the taking His Majesty's Subjects to serve as Soldiers without His Majesty's Licence*; and also an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act to prevent His Majesty's Subjects from serving as Officers under the French King*; and for better improving an Act passed in the Ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign to prevent the enlisting His Majesty's Subjects to serve as Soldiers without His Majesty's Licence; and for adding such of His Majesty's Subjects as shall accept Commission in the British Brigade in the Service of the States General of the United Provinces, to take the Oaths of Allegiance and Abjuration; and also an Act passed in Ireland in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the more effectual preventing the enlisting of His Majesty's Subjects to serve as Soldiers in Foreign Service without His Majesty's Licence*; and also an Act passed in Ireland in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the more effectual preventing His Majesty's Subjects from entering into Foreign Service, and for publishing an Act of the Seventh Year of King William the Third, intitled 'An Act to prevent Foreign Enlistment'*; and all and every the Clauses and Provisions in the said former Acts contained, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further declared and enacted, That if any natural born Subject of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, without the Leave or Licence of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, for that Purpose first had and obtained, under the Sign Manual of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or signified by Order in Council, or by Proclamation of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall take or accept, or shall agree to take or accept, any Military Commission, or shall otherwise enter into the Military Service as a Commissioned or Non Commissioned Officer, or shall enlist or enter himself to enlist, or shall agree to enlist or to enter himself to serve as a Soldier, or to be employed or shall serve in any Warlike or Military Operation, in the Service of or for or under or in aid of any Foreign Prince, State, Potentate, Colony, Province or Part of any Province or People, or of any Person or Persons exercising or assuming to exercise the Powers of Government in or over any Foreign Country, Colony, Province or Part of any Province or People, either as an Officer or Soldier, or in any other Military Capacity; or if any natural born Subject of His Majesty shall, without such Leave or Licence as aforesaid, accept, or agree to take or accept, any Commission, Warrant or Appointment as an Officer, or shall enlist or enter himself, or shall agree to enlist or enter himself, to serve as a Soldier or Marine, or to be employed or engaged, or shall serve in and on board any Ship or Vessel of War, or in and on board any Ship or Vessel armed or fitted out, or equipped or intended to be used for any Warlike Purpose, in the Service of or for or under or in aid of any Foreign Prince, State, Potentate, Colony, Province or Part of any Province or People, or of any Person or Persons exercising or assuming to exercise the Powers of Government in or over any Foreign Country, Colony, Province or Part of any Province or People; or if any natural born Subject of His Majesty shall, without such Leave or Licence as aforesaid, engage, consent or agree to go, or shall go to any Foreign State, Country, Colony, Province or Part of any Province, or to any Place beyond the Seas, with an intent or in order to enlist or enter himself to serve, or with intent to serve in any Warlike or Military Operation whatsoever, whether by Land or by Sea, in the Service of or for or under or in aid of any Foreign Prince, State, Potentate, Colony, Province or Part of any Province or People, or in the Service of or for or under or in aid of any Person or Persons exercising or assuming to exercise the Powers of Government in or over any Foreign Country, Colony, Province or Part of any Province or People, either as an Officer or a Soldier, or in any other Military Capacity, or as an Officer or Subaltern, or Marine, in any such Ship or Vessel as aforesaid, although no money or Pay or Reward shall have been or shall be in any or either of the Cases aforesaid actually paid to or received by him, or by any Person to or for his Use or Benefit; or if any Person whatsoever, within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions elsewhere, or in any Country, Colony, Settlement, Island or Place belonging to or subject to His Majesty, shall hire, retain, engage or procure, or shall attempt or endeavour to hire, retain, engage or procure, any Person or Persons who shall or shall attempt or endeavour to enlist, or to enter or engage to enlist, or to serve in or to be employed in any such Service or Employment as aforesaid, as an Officer, Soldier, Subaltern or Marine, either in Land or Sea Service, for or under or in aid of any Foreign Prince, State, Potentate, Colony, Province or Part of any Province or People, or for or under or in aid of any Person or Persons exercising or assuming to exercise any Powers of Government as aforesaid, or to go or to agree to go or to embark from any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, for the purpose or with

s. 1. a. 20.

s. 2. a. 15.

s. 3. a. (2.)

s. 4. a. (1.)

enlisted.

Subjects enlisting or engaging as soldiers or serving in Foreign Service, military or naval.

Accepting Commission, &c.

Engaging to go, or going into Foreign Countries with intent to enlist, &c.

Hiring or procuring others to enlist, &c.

Misdemeanor.

intent to be so enlisted, entered, engaged or employed as aforesaid, whether any calling Money, Pay or Reward shall have been or shall be actually given or promised, or not; in any or either of such Cases, every Person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and upon being convicted thereof, upon any Information or Indictment, shall be punishable by Fine and Imprisonment, or either of them, at the Discretion of the Court before which such Offender shall be convicted.

Proviso for Persons enlisted or serving before the above terms specified.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to render any Person or Persons liable to any Punishment or Penalty under this Act, who at any time before the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, within any Part of the United Kingdom, or of the Islands of *Jersey*, *Guernsey*, *Alderney* or *Sark*, or at any time before the First Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, in any Part or Place out of the United Kingdom, or of the said Islands, shall have taken or accepted, or agreed to take or accept any Military Commission, or shall have otherwise enlisted into any Military Service as a Commissioned or Non Commissioned Officer, or shall have enlisted, or entered himself to enlist, or shall have agreed to enlist or to enter himself to serve as a Soldier, or shall have served, or having been served, after the said First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, continue to serve in any Warlike or Military Operation, either as an Officer or Soldier, or in any other Military Capacity, or shall have accepted, or agreed to take or accept any Commission, Warrant or Appointment as an Officer, or shall have enlisted or entered himself to serve, or shall have served, or having been served shall continue to serve as a Sailor or Marine, or shall have been employed or engaged, or shall have served, or having been served shall, after the said First Day of *August*, continue to serve in and on board any Ship or Vessel of War, whod or fitted out, or equipped or intended for any Warlike Purpose; or shall have engaged, or contracted or agreed to go, or shall have gone to, or having to go to shall, after the said First Day of *August*, continue in any Foreign State, Country, Colony, Province or Part of a Province, or to or in any Place beyond the Seas, which such Person or Persons shall embark at or proceed from (near Part or Place within the United Kingdom, or the Islands of *Jersey*, *Guernsey*, *Alderney* or *Sark*, with such Intent to serve as an Officer, Soldier, Sailor or Marine, contrary to the Provision of this Act, after the said First Day of *August*, or shall embark or proceed from some Part or Place out of the United Kingdom, or the Islands of *Jersey*, *Guernsey*, *Alderney* or *Sark*, with such Intent as aforesaid, after the said First Day of *November*, or who shall, before the passing of this Act, and within the said United Kingdom, or the said Islands, or before the said First Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, in any Port or Place out of the said United Kingdom, or the said Islands, have hired, retained, engaged or procured, or attempted or endeavored to hire, retain, engage or procure, any Person or Persons whatever, to enlist or to enter, or to engage to enlist or to serve, or to be employed in any such Service or Employment as aforesaid, as an Officer, Soldier, Sailor or Marine, either in Land or Sea Service, or to go, or agree to go or embark for the purpose or with the intent to be so enlisted, entered or engaged, or employed, contrary to the Prohibitions respectively in this Act contained, any thing in this Act contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding, but that all and every such Person and Persons shall be in each State and Condition, and no other, and shall be liable to such Fine, Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, and none other, as such Person or Persons was or were liable and subject to before the passing of this Act, and as such Person or Persons would have been or, and been liable and subject to, in case this Act and the said revised Acts by this Act repealed had not been passed or made.

Proviso to render Warrants for the Apprehension of Officers.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace residing at or near to any Port or Place within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, where any Offence made punishable by this Act as a Misdemeanor shall be committed, on oath of any such Justice, to issue his Warrant for the Apprehension of the Offender, and to cause him to be brought before such Justice, or any Justice of the Peace; and it shall be lawful for the Justice of the Peace before whom such Offender shall be brought, to examine into the Nature of the Offence upon oath, and to commit such Person to Goal, there to remain until delivered by due Course of Law, unless such Offender shall give Bail, to the Satisfaction of the said Justice, to appear and answer to any Information or Indictment to be preferred against him, according to Law, for the said Offence; and that all such Offences which shall be committed within that Part of the United Kingdom called England, shall and may be prosecuted and tried in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at *Windsor*, and the Venue in such Case laid at *Windsor*, or at the Assize or Session of Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery, or at any Quarter or General Session of the Peace in and for the County or Place where such Offence was committed; and that all such Offences which shall be committed within that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, shall and may be prosecuted in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at *Dublin*, and the Venue be laid at *Dublin*, or at any Assize or Session of Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery, or at any Quarter or General Session of the Peace in and for the County or Place where such Offence was committed; and all such Offences as shall be committed in Ireland, shall and may be prosecuted in the Court of Judicature in Ireland, or any other Court competent to try Criminal Offences committed within the County, Shire or Sovereignty within which such Offence was committed; and where any Offence made punishable by this Act as a Misdemeanor shall be committed out of the said United Kingdom, it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace residing near to the Port or Place where such Offender shall be committed, on Information on oath of any such Justice, to issue his Warrant for the Apprehension of the Offender, and to cause him to be brought before such Justice, or any other Justice of the Peace for such Place; and it shall be lawful for the Justice of the Peace before whom such Offender shall be brought, to examine into the Nature of the Offence upon oath, and to commit such Person to Goal, there to remain until delivered by due Course of Law, or otherwise to hold such Offender to bail to answer for such Offence in the Superior Court, competent to try and having Jurisdiction to try Criminal Offences committed in such Port or Place; and all such Offences committed in any Place out of the said United Kingdom shall and may be prosecuted and tried in

Where Offences shall be tried.

Where Offences committed out of United Kingdom, Justice to issue Warrant for Apprehension of Offender.

in any *Superior Court of His Majesty's Dominions*, competent to try, and having Jurisdiction to try Criminal Offences committed at the Place where such Offence shall be committed.

V. And be it further enacted, That in case any Ship or Vessel in any Part or Place within His Majesty's Dominions, shall have on board any such Person or Persons who shall have been enlisted or entered to serve, or shall have engaged or agreed or been procured to enlist or enter or serve, or who shall be departing from His Majesty's Dominions for the purpose and with the intent of enlisting or entering to serve, or to be employed, or of serving, or being engaged or employed in the Service of any Foreign Prince, State or Potentate, Colony, Province or Part of any Province or People, or of any Person or Persons intending or offering to exercise the Powers of Government in or over any Foreign Colony, Province or Part of any Province or People, either as an Officer, Soldier, Sailor or Marine, contrary to the Provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful for any of the principal Officers of His Majesty's Customs where any such Officers of the Customs shall be, and in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions in which there are no Officers of His Majesty's Customs, for any Governor or Persons having the Chief Civil Command, upon Information on oath given before them respectively, which Oath they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to administer, that such Person or Persons as aforesaid is or are on board such Ship or Vessel, to detain and prevent any such Ship or Vessel, or to detain such Ship or Vessel to be detained and prevented from proceeding to Sea on her Voyage with such Persons as aforesaid on board: Provided nevertheless, that no principal Officer, Governor or Persons, shall act as aforesaid, upon such Information upon oath as aforesaid, unless the Party in informing shall not only have deposed in such Information that the Person or Persons on board such Ship or Vessel hath or have been enlisted or entered to serve, or hath or have engaged or agreed or been procured to enlist or enter or serve, or is or are departing to serve, or being engaged or employed in such Service as aforesaid, but shall also have in such Information upon oath, the Facts or Circumstances upon which he forms his Knowledge or Belief, enabling him to give such Information upon oath; and that all and every Person and Persons convicted of wilfully false swearing in any such Information upon oath, shall be deemed guilty of and suffer the Punishment on Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel, in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas, shall knowingly and willingly take on board, or if such Master or other Person having the Command of any such Ship or Vessel, or any Owner or Owners of any such Ship or Vessel, shall knowingly engage to take on board, any Person or Persons who shall have been enlisted or entered to serve, or shall have engaged or agreed or been procured to enlist or enter or serve, or who shall be departing from His Majesty's Dominions for the purpose and with the intent of enlisting or entering to serve, or to be employed, or of serving, or being engaged or employed in any Naval or Military Service, contrary to the Provisions of this Act, such Master or Owner or other Person as aforesaid shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds for each and every such Person so taken or engaged to be taken on board; and moreover every such Ship or Vessel, so having on board, conveying, carrying or transporting any such Person or Persons, shall and may be seized and detained by the Collector, Comptroller, Surveyor or other Officer of the Customs, until such Penalty or Penalties shall be satisfied and paid, or until such Master or Person, or the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel shall give good and sufficient Bail, by Recognizance before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, for the Payment of such Penalty or Penalties.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person, within any Part of the United Kingdom, or in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas, shall, without the Leave and Licence of His Majesty for that Purpose first had and obtained as aforesaid, equip, furnish, fit out or arm, or attempt or endeavour to equip, furnish, fit out or arm, or procure to be equipped, furnished, fitted out or armed, or shall knowingly aid, abet or be concerned in the equipping, furnishing, fitting out or arming of any Ship or Vessel with intent or in order that such Ship or Vessel shall be employed in the Service of any Foreign Prince, State or Potentate, or of any Foreign Colony, Province or Part of any Province or People, or of any Person or Persons intending or offering to exercise any Powers of Government in or over any Foreign State, Colony, Province or Part of any Province or People, as a Transport or Store Ship, for with intent to excite or commit Hostilities against any Prince, State or Potentate, or against the Subjects or Citizens of any Prince, State or Potentate, or against the Persons intending or offering to exercise the Powers of Government in any Colony, Province or Part of any Province or Country, or against the Inhabitants of any Foreign Colony, Province or Part of any Province or Country, with whom His Majesty shall on that day be at War; or shall within the United Kingdom, or any of His Majesty's Dominions, or in any Settlement, Colony, Territory, Island or Place belonging or subject to His Majesty, raise or deliver any Commission for any Ship or Vessel, to the intent that such Ship or Vessel shall be employed as aforesaid, every such Person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall, upon Conviction thereof, upon any Information or Indictment, be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, or either of them, at the Discretion of the Court in which such Offender shall be convicted; and every such Ship or Vessel, with the Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, together with all the Masts, Rigging, Arms, Ammunition and Stores, which may belong to or be on board of any such Ship or Vessel, shall be forfeited; and it shall be lawful for any Officer of His Majesty's Customs or Excise, or any Officer of His Majesty's Navy, who is by Law empowered to make Searches, for any Forfeitures incurred under any of the Laws of Customs or Excise, or the Laws of Trade and Navigation, to seize such Ship or Vessel aforesaid, and in such Places and in such Manner as which the Officers of His Majesty's Customs or Excise and the Officers of His Majesty's Navy are empowered respectively to make Searches under the Laws of Customs and Excise, or under the Laws of Trade and Navigation; and that every such Ship and Vessel, with the

Yards with
Masts and
Rigging engaged
in Foreign
Service, may
be detained at
any Port in
His Majesty's
Dominions.

Of what Facts
and Circum-
stances Oath is
to be made.

Master of
Ships, &c.
taking on board
Persons enlisted
contrary to this
Act.

Penalty.

Persons taking
on board
Vessels to aid in
Military Opera-
tions without
Foreign Powers
without Licen-
ces.

or having
Commission for
Ships.

Misdemeanor.

Ship, &c. for-
feited.

Officers of
Customs and
Excise may
seize.

Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, together with all the Materials, Arms, Ammunition and Stores which may belong to or be on board of such Ship or Vessel, may be prosecuted and condemned in the like manner, and in such Courts as Ships or Vessels may be prosecuted and condemned for any Breach of the Laws made for the Protection of the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or of the Laws of Trade and Navigation.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas, without the Leave and Licence of His Majesty for that Purpose first had and obtained as aforesaid, shall, by adding to the Number of the Guns of such Vessel, or by changing those on board for other Guns, or by the Addition of any Equipment for War, increase or augment, or procure to be increased or augmented, or shall be knowingly concerned in increasing or augmenting the Warlike Force of any Ship or Vessel of War or Cruiser, or other armed Vessel, which at the time of her Arrival in any Part of the United Kingdom, or any of His Majesty's Dominions, was a Ship of War, Cruiser or Armed Vessel in the Service of any Foreign Prince, State or Potentate, or of any Person or Persons exercising or attempting to exercise any Powers of Government in or over any Colony, Province, or Part of any Province or People belonging to the Subjects of any such Prince, State or Potentate, or to the Inhabitants of any Colony, Province or Part of any Province or Country under the Control of any Person or Persons in exercising or attempting to exercise the Powers of Government, every such Person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanour, and shall, upon being convicted thereof, upon any Information or Indictment, be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, or either of them, at the Discretion of the Court before which such Offender shall be convicted.

IX. And be it further enacted, That Offences made punishable by the Provisions of this Act, committed out of the United Kingdom, may be prosecuted and tried in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at Westminster, and the Venue in such Case laid at Westminster, in the County of Middlesex.

X. And be it further enacted, That any Fines or Penalties inflicted by this Act, may be prosecuted, paid for and recovered, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plein or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or Dublin, or in the Court of Exchequer, or in the Court of Session in Scotland, in the Name of His Majesty's Attorney General for England or Ireland, or His Majesty's Advocate for Scotland respectively, or in the Name of any Person or Persons whatsoever; whereas an Effray, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law, nor more than One Imprehence shall be allowed; and in every Action or Suit the Person against whom Judgment shall be given for any Penalty or Forfeiture under this Act shall pay Double Costs of Suit; and every such Action or Suit shall and may be brought at any time within Twelve Months after the Offence committed, and not afterwards; and One Moiety of every Penalty to be recovered by virtue of this Act shall go and be applied to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, and the other Moiety to the Use of such Person or Persons as shall first sue for the same, after deducting the Charges of Prosecution from the whole.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced, either in Great Britain or elsewhere, against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, all Rights and Regulations, Privileges and Protection, as to maintaining or defending any Suit or Action, and pleading therein, or any Costs thereof, in relation to any Act, Matter or Things done, or that may be done by any Officer of Customs or Excise, or by any Officer of His Majesty's Navy, under any Act of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, for the Protection of the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or Prevention of Smuggling, shall apply and be in full Force in any such Action or Suit as shall be brought for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, in as full and ample a manner to all Intents and Purposes as if the same Privileges and Protections were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to subject to any Penalty any Person who shall enter into the Military Service of any Prince, State or Potentate in *offa*, with Leave or Licence, signified in the usual manner, from the Governor General in Council, or Vice President in Council, of *Fort William in Bengal*, or in conformity with any Orders or Regulations issued or sanctioned by such Governor General or Vice President in Council.

C. A. P. LEE.

An Act to repeal certain Acts of the Parliament of Scotland, regarding Duelling. [3d July 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed by the Parliament of Scotland, in the Sixteenth Parliament of His Majesty King James the Sixth, intitled about Singular Combats, whereby it is intate and ordained, that no person is to use coming without His Highness's Licence fight any singular Combat, under the Pain of Death, and his movable Goods extend to His Highness's Use, and the Provoker to be punished with a more grievous Death nor the Defender, &c. the Provisions of His Majesty's Act Whereas by another Act of the Parliament of Scotland, passed in the Sixth Session of the First Parliament of the Kings of His Majesty, intitled *Act against Duels*, it is enacted, that whosoever, Principal or Second, or either incorporeal Person, gives a Challenge to fight a Duel or single Combat, or whosoever accepts the same, or whosoever, either Principal or Second on either Side, engages therein, albeit no fighting ensue, shall be punished by the Pain of Banishment and Effray of Mischance, without prejudice to the Act already made against the fighting of Duels. And Whereas it is expedient that the said second Act should be repealed, Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the said second Act shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

C. A. P.

CAP. LXX.

An Act for raising a Loan of Twelve Millions from the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.

[6th July 1819.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for raising certain Sums in Commissioners at the End of every Quarter of a Year, to be by them applied to the Reduction of the National Debt*: And Whereas the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies, have resolved, that the Sum of Twelve Millions be raised by Annuities in manner hereinafter mentioned: And Whereas the Commissioners under the said recited Act of the Twenty sixth Year should have agreed to subscribe the said Sum of Twelve Millions: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by Your Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all the Monies which have heretofore been issued, or are required or directed by any Act or Acts of Parliament to be issued to the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, shall continue to be issued and placed to the Account of the said Commissioners as heretofore.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required, out of the Monies which shall be issued and earned to their Account after the passing of this Act, to order and direct their Agents or Agents, or proper Officers, to pay into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer on account of the said Loan of Twelve Millions, to be agreed to be subscribed and advanced by the said Commissioners, the Sum of Two millions four hundred thousand Pounds in each of the respective Quarters of the Year ending on the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty respectively, and the Sum of Three millions three hundred thousand Pounds in each of the respective Quarters of the Year ending on the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, in such Proportions, and in such parts in each of such respective Quarters as the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, shall order and direct: Provided always, that no larger Sum in each Quarter than is before specified, and no further Sum in the whole than Twelve Millions shall be so paid and advanced by the said Commissioners.

III. And be it further enacted, That for every One hundred Pounds of the said Sum of Twelve Millions so paid, advanced and contributed by the said Commissioners as aforesaid, the Principal Sum of Sixty two Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Eight pence in Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum, to commence from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and to be added to and made One Joint Stock with certain Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum, which were reduced from Four Pounds to Three Pounds per Centum by an Act made in the Twenty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, and to be payable and transferable at the Bank of England in the same time and in the same manner, and subject to the like Redemption, as the said Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Annuities: and the further Principal Sum of Eighty Pounds in Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum, to commence from the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and to be added to and made One Joint Stock with the Three Pounds per Centum Annuities consolidated by the Acts of the Twenty fifth, Twenty eighth, Twenty ninth, Thirty first, and Thirty third Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, and by several subsequent Acts, and to be payable and transferable at the Bank of England in the same time and in the same manner, and subject to the like Redemption, as the said Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Annuities: which said respective Annuities shall be made capital Stock in the Names of the said Commissioners; and the Dividends payable thereon shall be charged and stoppable upon, and payable out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any other Duties and Revenues which shall be appropriated for that Purpose by any Act or Acts of this present Session of Parliament: and such Capital Stock and the Annuities arising therefrom shall be deemed Part of the Stock and Annuities applicable by the said Commissioners to the Purposes of the Sinking Fund, and Annual Sums shall be directed for the Redemption thereof, as a Sinking Fund, according to the Provisions of an Act, passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for raising certain Sums in Commissioners at the End of every Quarter of a Year, to be by them applied to the Reduction of the National Debt*, and to direct the Application of an additional Sum in the Reduction of the said Debt in respect of future Loans; and of another Act, passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to alter and amend several Acts passed in His present Majesty's Reign, relating to the Redemption of the National Debt, and for making further Provision in respect thereof*.

IV. And be it further enacted, That upon each of the said Quarterly Payments heretofore directed being made into the Exchequer, by or on behalf of the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, the proper Officer of the Exchequer shall give a Receipt for the same, acknowledging the Sum therein mentioned to be received of the said Commissioners on account of their Contribution to the said Loan of Twelve Millions under and in pursuance of this Act: and when and so far as the Whole of the said Sum of Twelve Millions shall have been paid by or on behalf of the said Commissioners into the Receipt of the Exchequer, and such Receipts from time to time given for the same as aforesaid, all the said Receipts shall be taken to and deposited with the Accountant General of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, who thereupon shall enter and place to the Account of the said Commissioners in the Books of the said Governor and Company.

21 G. 3. c. 34.

Monies heretofore issued to Commissioners to continue to be issued and placed to their Accounts.

21 G. 3. c. 34. to be amended by the Commission directed in Quarterly Payments of the Account books mentioned.

For every 100l. to be advanced, the Commissioners entitled to 62l. 18s. 8d. Reduced Annuities, and 80l. in 3 per Cent. Consols; the Dividends payable thereon, applicable to Sinking Fund.

21 G. 3. c. 32.

21 G. 3. c. 33.

Officers of Exchequer to give Receipts for Payments, and when the Whole of Loan paid, Receipts to be deposited with Accountant of Bank.

the Sum of Sixty two Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Eight pence Capital Stock in the said Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Annuities, for every Sum of One hundred Pounds which shall be contained in the said General Receipts, the Interest or Dividends whereon shall commence from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and also the Sum of Eighty Pounds Capital Stock in the said Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Annuities, the Interest or Dividends whereon shall commence from the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Application of
the Money.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Lord High Treasurer of the said United Kingdom for the time being, so often and apply from time to time all such Sums of Money as shall be to be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, to such Services as shall have been voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXII.

An Act to grant to His Majesty an additional Duty of Excise on Tobacco in Ireland.

[6th July 1819.]

• Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Duty of Excise on Tobacco hereafter mentioned, and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within and through that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and substituted, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the Duty of Excise following: (that it may so be.)

In parts of
Tobacco deli-
vered out of
Warehouses for
Manufacture.

For and upon every Pound Weight of Tobacco which at any time or times, after the Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall have been or shall be delivered out of any of His Majesty's Warehouses, or out of the Custody of any Officer or Officers of the Customs, for manufacture in Ireland, an Excise Duty of Three Shillings British Currency, and in proportion for any greater or lesser Quantity; and to be charged on and paid by the Dealer or Dealers to whom the same shall have been or shall be delivered for Manufacture;

In the case of former
Duties.

Which said Excise Duty shall be in lieu and in full Satisfaction of all Duties of Excise granted on such Tobacco by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland immediately before the said Fifteenth Day of June.

Countervailing
Duties having
been assessed on
the paid on To-
bacco and half
of Manufacture
of G. B. im-
ported into
Ireland.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, there shall be charged on all Tobacco and Snuff, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain, imported from thence into Ireland, the countervailing Duties following, in lieu and full Satisfaction of all countervailing Duties whatsoever payable upon such Tobacco or Snuff, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland, immediately before the said Fifteenth Day of June; (that it may so be.)

For and upon every Pound Weight Avordupois of unmanufactured Tobacco, the Growth or Produce of Great Britain, and of all British manufactured Tobacco, imported or brought into Ireland, the Sum of Four Shillings British Currency:

For and upon every Pound Weight Avordupois of British manufactured Rappes Snuff, the Sum of Three Shillings and Sixpence British Currency:

For and upon every Pound Weight Avordupois of British manufactured Snuff called Scotch Snuff, the Sum of Four Shillings and Nine pence British Currency:

For and upon every Pound Weight Avordupois of British manufactured Snuff called Brown Scotch Snuff, the Sum of Three Shillings and Four pence British Currency:

For and upon every Pound Weight of every other Sort or Kind of British manufactured Snuff, or Snuff Work, not hereinbefore enumerated or described, the Sum of Four Shillings and Nine pence British Currency.

Drawback on
Exportation of
Tobacco or
Snuff in G. B.

And that upon the Exportation from Ireland to Great Britain of any Tobacco or Snuff, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Ireland, there shall be allowed and given a Drawback equal in Amount to the countervailing Duty hereby granted on Tobacco and Snuff, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain respectively, and imported from thence into Ireland.

Duties of
Revenue Draw-
backs on Ex-
portation to
other Places
than G. B.
To and the
every lb. of
manufactured
Tobacco.

III. And be it further enacted, That in lieu and instead of all former Drawbacks on Tobacco or Snuff manufactured in Ireland, and exported to any other Place than Great Britain, there shall be allowed on all Tobacco manufactured in Ireland which shall be so exported, as an increased Drawback or Compensation for the Duty by Law charged and paid on Import of the said Tobacco whereof it hath been manufactured, and for the Excise Duty charged thereon by Law, the Sum of Three Shillings and Two pence British Currency for every Pound Weight of such manufactured Tobacco; and which said Drawback or Allowance shall be paid by the Collector of inland Excise and Taxes of the District from which such Tobacco or Snuff shall be exported, out of any Money in his Hands, on such Conditions as the Collector, Comptroller, or other Chief Officer of the Port from whence the same shall be exported as is required by an Act made in the Twenty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's reign, intitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty, and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow certain Drawbacks on*

42 G. 3. Sec. 1.
in 18.

the Exportation, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises and from Ireland, in case of Drawbacks on the Exportation of Goods in respect of any internal Duty of Excise paid thereon.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the several Drawbacks in respect of Tobacco money, suffered in Ireland, and exported from thence to Great Britain or elsewhere, allowed or made payable under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland before the last Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, shall remain and continue payable with respect to such Tobacco which shall have paid the Duties imposed on Tobacco imported into Ireland, or on Tobacco delivered for Manufacture in Ireland, by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the last Fifteenth Day of June, and with respect to such manufactured from such Tobacco, and which Tobacco or Snuff shall after the said Fifteenth Day of June be exported from Ireland; and that the several and respective Drawbacks by this Act allowed and made payable, shall be paid and allowed only on the Exportation of such Tobacco, or Snuff manufactured therefrom, on which all Duties of Excise and Customs shall have been paid which shall be chargeable thereon by this Act, and by any Act for imposing Duties of Customs on Tobacco imported into Ireland, in force at the time of the passing of this Act: Provided always, that the several Drawback and Allowance by this Act made payable, shall not be paid or allowed on any Tobacco or Snuff to be exported, unless the Person who shall export such Tobacco or Snuff respectively shall make oath, that the additional or increased Duty on account of which such Drawback shall be required has been fully paid and satisfied, and that ails perform all such Requisites, and comply with such Regulations and Restrictions, as are or shall be required to be performed and observed by Persons exporting any Article whereon any Drawback or Bounty is payable for obtaining the same.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Excise Permit Officer who at any time after the said Tenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, shall have granted any Excise Permit or Permits for the Removal of any Tobacco delivered out of any of His Majesty's Warehouses, or out of the Custody of any Officer or Officers of the Customs into the Stock of any Manufacturer or other Person, upon which Tobacco the Duty of Two Shillings and Two pence per Pound chargeable thereon by the several Acts in force immediately before the said Tenth Day of June shall have been paid, and on which the several Duties chargeable by this Act shall not have been paid, shall, on demand by any Surveyor or Gauger or other Officer requiring the same, grant a Certificate in Writing under the Hand of such Excise Permit Officer, specifying the Quantity of such Tobacco is removed into the Stock of such Manufacturer or other Person after the said Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, under or by virtue of such Permit or Permits; and such Certificate of such Excise Permit Officer shall be conclusive Evidence against the Manufacturer or other Person, into whose Stock such Tobacco shall have been delivered under such Permit, whereby to charge such Manufacturer or Person with an additional Sum of Ten pence per Pound on such unmanufactured Tobacco, so that the Duty of Three Shillings on every Pound Weight of such Tobacco shall be fully paid according to the Intent and Meaning of this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said additional Sum of Ten pence per Pound Weight shall be payable on all unmanufactured Tobacco, for the Removal of which any such Permit shall have been obtained, and shall be a Charge on such Manufacturer or Manufacturers, or on the Person or Persons into the Stock of whom such Tobacco shall have been or ought to have been removed by virtue of such Permit; and the proper Officers of the Revenue shall, within One Calendar Month after the passing of this Act, make Returns in Writing to the Collectors or other Officers in charge of the Collection in their respective Districts, of the Amount of such additional Sum of Ten pence per Pound as shall have then become due and payable by virtue of this Act, and of the Persons chargeable therewith in such District respectively; and every such Return shall be a Charge on all such Manufacturers and other Persons; and such Sum shall be paid by such Manufacturers or other Persons to the Collector of Excise of the District within One Calendar Month after any such Return, or in default thereof all such Tobacco shall be forfeited, and may be seized; and every Manufacturer or Person who shall make default in the Payment of such Duty, shall for every such Default forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and Double the Amount of Duty with which such Person shall be charged as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where the Amount of the said additional Sum of Ten pence per Pound Weight, or any Part thereof, shall be unpaid at the time when such Amount is by this Act made due and payable, it shall and may be lawful for the Collector of Excise of the District, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to empower any Person or Persons to take and distress any Tobacco or any other Goods or Chattels in the Life, Custody or Possession of the Persons chargeable with such Amount, and to cause the same to be sold by public Auction; and if, after Payment of the whole of such Amount, together with the Costs and Expenses of such taking, distraining and Sale, there shall be any Surplus arising from the Sale thereof, such Surplus shall forthwith be tendered and paid to such Person, or his or her respective Representatives.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Person who shall be charged with and liable to the Whole of the Duties of Excise on Tobacco imported by this Act, shall at any time after the said Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, have sold or consigned to sell any such Tobacco, without charging the Buyer thereof with the Whole of such imported Duty, then and in every such Case the Seller of such Tobacco shall be allowed to add, and shall be entitled to recover from the Buyer thereof, and the Buyer of such Tobacco shall pay to the Seller thereof, so much Money as will be equivalent to such Duty on such Tobacco which have been charged with and liable to for such Tobacco, over and above the Duty of Customs and Excise payable on such Tobacco before the last Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

Drawbacks on Tobacco and Snuff exported before June 15, 1819, to continue, the new Drawbacks being payable on such as shall have paid the Duties formerly imposed.

Regulations for obtaining Drawbacks.

Officers granting Permits for Removal of Tobacco, on which Duty of 2s. 4d. per lb. has been paid into bank of any Person to certify Quantity removed.

Returns of Tobacco to be made; and Duty to be paid within One Month.

Penalty.

Collector may distress for Payment of additional Duty of 10d. per lb.

Additional Duty may be added in Contracts.

Duties and
Drawbacks
levied and paid
as by former
Acts.

as Am. C. 2.
c. 11. (1).
et G. 3. c. 108.

Act altered, &c.
this Session.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Drawbacks by this Act granted, allowed and made payable, and all Penalties under this Act, shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof in British Currency; and that the said Duties, the necessary Charges of paying and collecting the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and that the said Duties and Drawbacks, and all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, allowed, used for, recovered and applied, in such Manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, paying, levying, allowing and managing any Duties and Drawbacks, or for the recovering of any Penalties or Forfeitures, as by an Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled *An Act for settling the Right or true Import upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Best of Rates therein expressed*, or as and by an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Manners and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties*, and of the Commissioners of Island Right and Taxes in Ireland, or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved as in and by the said recited Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided; and that all and every Act and Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Duties of Excise on Tobacco, and all Powers, Rules and Regulations, Penalties, Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, shall extend and be continued to extend to the raising, levying and collecting the Duty by this Act granted on Tobacco, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXIII.

An Act to repeal several Acts, requiring the Masters of Vessels carrying Certificate Goods to Ireland to take Duplicates of the Consens; prohibiting the Importation of certain wrought Goods, and the Exportation of Gunpowder when the Price shall exceed a certain Sum.

[6th July 1819.]

8 Edw. 6. 13.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Anne, intituled *An Act for continuing several Impositions, additional Impositions and Duties upon Goods imported, to raise Money by way of Loan, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ten; and for raising of the One-penny Duty on Casks exported to British Bottoms; and for better preventing Frauds in Drivendials upon Certificate Goods; and for ascertaining the Duties of Customs imported in Vessels Ships; and to give further time to Foreign Merchants for Exportation of certain Foreign Goods imported; and to limit a time for Prosecutions upon certain Bonds given by Merchants; and for continuing certain Fees of the Officers of the Customs; and to prevent Intermixtures by such Officers; and for appropriating the Moneys granted in Her Majesty's and for replacing Money paid or to be paid for making good any Deficiencies in the Auxiliary Acts; and for Encouragement in re-issuing Naval Stores in Her Majesty's Plantations; and to give further time for registering Debentures as is therein mentioned; it is enacted, that the Master of every Ship carrying such Certificate Goods to Ireland shall demand and take from the Collector of every respective Port of Great Britain, a Duplicate of his Consent in Writing, certified under the Hand and Seal of the Collector and Comptroller of such Port (which said Duplicate the Collector and Comptroller of such Port in Great Britain are hereby required to deliver to every Master without Fee or Reward), and such Master shall be obliged to deliver such Duplicate to the Officers of the Customs in Ireland on his Arrival, before he is permitted to land such Goods there: And Whereas, in all Cases of Exportation of Certificate Goods from one Country to the other, Certificates of the due landing of such Goods in England and Ireland respectively are now required by Law, and the Duplicate Consent required by the above recited Act is become obsolete, and operates as an Inconvenience to the Trade between England and Ireland, and it is therefore expedient no longer to require such Duplicate Consent; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Act as requires the Master of every Ship carrying Certificate Goods to Ireland to demand and take from the Collector of every respective Port in Great Britain a Duplicate of his Consent in Writing, certified under the Hand and Seal of the Collector and Comptroller of such Port in Great Britain, to deliver such Duplicate to the Officers of the Customs in Ireland on his Arrival, before he is permitted to land such Goods there, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

repealed.

8 Edw. 6. 13.

continued by
15 C. 1. c. 10.

II. And Whereas it appears no longer necessary or proper to continue the Prohibition on the Importation of certain Articles contained in an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, intituled *An Act touching diverse foreign Wares made by Handicraftsmen beyond the Seas* (which Act was to continue and endure to the End of the then next Parliament, and by several subsequent Acts was continued, and by an Act passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the First, intituled *An Act for the further Relief of His Majesty's Army, and the Northern Parts of the Kingdom*, was further continued) and for other Acts of Parliament should be made touching the Continuance or Discontinuance thereof: And Whereas

It is expedient that the said Act should be repealed; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said first recited Act, and every thing therein contained, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

III. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act, granted to the King, of Tonnage and Pinnage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandise exported and imported*; it is enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to ship, carry out and transport, by way of Merchandise, Gunpowder, when the same shall not exceed the Price of Five Pounds per Barrel, paying a certain Rate appointed by the said Act: And Whereas it is expedient to allow the Shipping, carrying out and transporting Gunpowder, although the Price may exceed Five Pounds per Barrel: Be it therefore enacted, That so much of the said recited Act as prohibits the Shipping, carrying out and transporting Gunpowder, when the Price of the same shall exceed Five Pounds per Barrel, shall be and the same is hereby repealed: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend or repeal, or in anywise abridge so much of the said recited Act as authorizes His Majesty to prohibit the Exportation of Gunpowder, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force relating to the Exportation of Gunpowder.

CAP. LXXIV.

An Act to allow the Importation of Tobacco from the *East India* and other Places; and for continuing the Exportation of Tobacco from Great Britain, and the Importation thereof into Ireland, to the Value of Seventy Tons British and upwards.

[6th July 1819.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for extending the Duties on Tobacco and Snuff, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*; it is enacted, that no Tobacco whenever shall be imported or brought into Great Britain from any Port or Place whatever, either from some Port or Place within His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations, Islands or Towns in America, or from some Port or Place within the United States of America, (although the same shall have been legally imported into and exported from Great Britain, and returned for want of Sale or otherwise), upon pain of Forfeiture thereof, together with the Hogsheads, Casks, Chests, Cases and Packages respectively containing the same, and also the Ship or Vessel in or on board which the same shall be imported or brought, together with her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel; and such Tobacco, Hogsheads, Casks, Chests, Cases and Packages respectively, and also such Ship or Vessel, with her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Great Britain from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to The United Company of Merchants trading to The East India*; and in grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and in giving further Regulation for the better Security of the Revenue on Goods so imported; and in alter the Periods of making up and paying, by certain Accounts of the said Company to Parliament; in certain in force until the Tenth Day of April the next ensuing right hundred and nineteen; and by Table (B) annexed to the said Act, a Duty of Customs is payable on Tobacco imported into Great Britain from some Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East India, either by the said United Company or by Persons authorized by it to trade: And Whereas it is provided by the said Act, that nothing in that Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to permit or allow any Goods, Wares or Merchandise whatever to be imported into or exported from Great Britain, in any Way or Manner contrary to any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, except in any Case where Provision is expressly made for that Purpose by that Act; or by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for continuing to the East India Company for a further Term the Privileges of the British Territories in India, together with certain exclusive Privileges*; for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories, and the better Administration of Justice within the same; and for regulating the Trade to and from the Place within the Limits of the said Company's Charter: And Whereas it is expedient to allow the Importation of unmanufactured Tobacco from Places within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East India: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Tobacco may be imported from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East India, in any Ship's Ship or Vessel wrecked, registered and originated according to Law, any thing in the aforesaid Act passed in the Twentieth Year of His Majesty's Reign to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that such Tobacco shall not be imported or brought into Great Britain in any Cask, Chest, Case or other Package which shall not contain at the least One hundred Pounds Weight Net of Tobacco, not packed in Bags or Packages within any such Cask, Chest, Case or other Package, nor separated or divided within any such Cask, Chest or Case, or in any manner whatever, or part of, including all such Tobacco, with the Casks, Chests, Cases and other Packages containing the same, and also the Ship, Vessel or Boat in which the same shall be so imported or brought, with her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel; and such Tobacco, Casks, Chests, Cases and other Packages, and also such Ship, Vessel or Boat, Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise: Provided always, that such Tobacco shall be subject and liable to all the Provisions of the Acts now in force regulating the

repealed.

11 C. 2. c. 4.
116.Proviso for
Tobacco Ex-
portation.

11 C. 1. c. 48.

§ 2.

14 G. 2. c. 36.

Table B.

§ 21

13 G. 4. c. 122.

Tobacco may
be imported
from the East
India in Bri-
tish Vessels.But in Casks
containing not
less than 100 lbs.
and not in Bags
or Packages
within such
Casks.

Penalty.

Proviso for
duty in future.

Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the *East Indies*.

Unmanufactured Tobacco may be imported from the Place of its Growth in any Country whatever, either in British built Vessels or Vessels of the Country wherein imported, &c.
 34 G. 3. c. 11.
 54:

No Tobacco to be exported to Ireland in any Vessel under 70 Tons.
 Fines Entry of Tonnage.

Penalty seal.
 No Tobacco to be imported from Great Britain into the Vessels under 70 Tons.
 Fines Entry of Tonnage.
 Penalty seal.
 Recovery and Application of Penalties.

111. And Whereas it is expedient to permit the Importation of Tobacco from the Place of its Growth, wherever that may be: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to import unmanufactured Tobacco from any Place whatsoever, being the Place of its Growth, in any *British Ship* or Vessel owned, registered and assigned according to Law, or in any Ship or Vessel of the Tonnage of the Country or Place of which such Tobacco is the Growth, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at least are of the said Country or Place, or in Vessels which shall have been lawfully condemned as Prizes in such Country or Place, and which shall be assigned as aforesaid, any thing in the aforesaid Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of His said Majesty's Reign to the contrary notwithstanding; but his Majesty's orders in Council to all the Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures of the said Act, in so far as the same are applicable thereto, and not repugnant to the before mentioned Provision with respect to Tobacco imported from Ports or Places within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the *East Indies*.

112. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for regulating the Duties on Tobacco and Snuff, and for granting new Duties on tea thereof*, it is enacted that no Tobacco, either manufactured or unmanufactured, shall be entered or shipped for Exportation to any Parts beyond the Seas, *Ireland* excepted, in any Ship or Vessel whatever, unless such Ship or Vessel shall be of the Burthen of Seventy Tons or upwards: And Whereas it is expedient to limit the Exportation of Tobacco to *Ireland* in Vessels of the Burthen of Seventy Tons or upwards in like manner: Be it therefore enacted, That no Tobacco, either manufactured or unmanufactured, shall be entered or shipped for Exportation to that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, in any Ship or Vessel whatever, unless such Ship or Vessel shall be of the Burthen of Seventy Tons or upwards; and if the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel outward bound on that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, having Tobacco on or on board her, shall enter and clear out such Ship or Vessel at the Custom House as of the Burthen of Seventy Tons or upwards, and such Ship or Vessel shall not be of so great Burthen as Seventy Tons, according to the Rule for Admeasurement prescribed by Law, such Master or other Person shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds for every such Offence.

113. And be it further enacted, That no Tobacco, either manufactured or unmanufactured, shall be imported into that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland* from that Part of the United Kingdom called *Great Britain* in any Ship or Vessel whatever, unless such Ship or Vessel shall be of the Burthen of Seventy Tons or upwards; and if the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel which shall import any Tobacco into that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland* from that Part of the United Kingdom called *Great Britain* shall enter such Ship or Vessel at the Custom House as of the Burthen of Seventy Tons or upwards, and such Ship or Vessel shall not be of so great Burthen as Seventy Tons, according to the Rule for Admeasurement prescribed by Law, such Master or other Person shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds for every such Offence.

114. And be it further enacted, That such Penalties shall be used for, recovered, levied or assigned by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Penalty may be used for, recovered, levied or assigned by any Law or Laws now in force, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster* or *Dublin*, or in the Courts of Exchequer in *Ireland* respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Penalty shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

C A P. LXXV.

An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, Two Acts, made in the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of His present Majesty, for regulating the Trade in Spirits between *Great Britain* and *Ireland* respectively. [4th July 1819.]

34 G. 3. c. 119.
 35 G. 3. c. 120.
 5 c.
 37 G. 3. c. 121.
 38 G. 3. c. 122.

WHEREAS an Act of Parliament was made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act in regulation with the End of the next Session of Parliament, the Trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland respectively*; and which, by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, was continued until the End of the then next Session of Parliament: And Whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, to amend and continue the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid, and to grant and allow new countervailing Duties and Drawbacks on Spirits imported and exported between *England* and *Scotland* and *Ireland* respectively, the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid was further continued, except so far as the same was altered by the last mentioned Act, until the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and the said recited Act respectively here by certain other Acts of Parliament made respectively in the Fifty seventh and Fifty eighth Years of the Reign aforesaid, been further continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty: And Whereas the Duties imposed and Drawbacks allowed and made payable by the said Act made in the Fifty sixth Year aforesaid, are in the present Session of Parliament repealed, and other Duties and Drawbacks granted and allowed in lieu thereof: and it is expedient that the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid be altered as aforesaid, and that Parts of the said Act of the Fifty sixth Year aforesaid as are now in force and are not repealed or altered by any Act or Acts of the present Session of Parliament, should be further continued, for regulating

* The Trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland respectively, and to license, levy and collect the several Duties on such Spirits imposed by any Act or Acts in the present Session of Parliament: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid, as altered by the said Act of the Fifty sixth Year aforesaid, and also such Parts of the last mentioned Act as are now in force and are not repealed or altered by any Act or Acts of the present Session of Parliament, shall be and the same is and are hereby further continued, for the Purpose aforesaid, from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and shall be, remain and continue in force from thence until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

28 G. 3. c. 129.
as altered by
24 G. 3. c. 129.
and such Acts
further contin-
ued until
July 5. 1820.

C A P. LXXV.

An Act to establish further Regulations respecting Advances by the Bank of England for the Public Service, and the Purchase of Government Securities by the said Bank. [6th July 1819.]

* **WHEREAS** it is expedient that effectual Regulations should be made respecting Advances by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England for the Public Service, and respecting the Purchase of Government Securities by the said Governor and Company: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance or lend to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, any Sum or Sums of Money whatever, upon the Credit of any Exchequer Bills or Treasury Bills, or other Government Securities, or in any other manner whatever, without the express and distinct Authority of Parliament for that Purpose first had and obtained.

Bank not to
make Advances
to Government
without Au-
thority of Par-
liament.

II. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall be deemed necessary for the Public Service to make any Application to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to make any Advance as authorized by Parliament, such Application shall be made in Writing, by the First Lord of the Treasury, or by the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being, to the Governor and Deputy Governor of the Bank of England, as he by them laid before the Court of Directors of the said Bank; and a Copy of all such Applications made in the Courts of every Year ending the Fifth Day of January, together with a Copy of the Minutes of the Proceedings of the said Court of Directors on every such Application, and the Answer of the said Court thereto, shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, by the proper Officers of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, within Fourteen Days after the Fifth Day of January in each Year, or if Parliament shall be then shut, or otherwise within Fourteen Days after the then next sitting of Parliament.

On what Terms
Applications
for Advances
shall be made.
Copy of Ap-
plications and
Answers laid
before Parlia-
ment.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent the Governor and Company of the Bank of England from purchasing any Exchequer Bills or Treasury Bills, or other Government Securities whatever, which by Law they are now authorised to purchase, nor to prevent the Governor and Company of the Bank of England from advancing or lending, as the Receipt of the Exchequer in Great Britain, any Sum or Sums of Money whatever, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum necessary to make good any Deficiency of the Consolidated Fund, in the Clerk of any Quarter of a Year ending on the Fifth Day of April, Fifth Day of July, Tenth Day of October, or Fifth Day of January in any Year, upon the Credit of any Exchequer Bills which shall be issued by the Direction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, under the Authority of an Act, made in the Fifty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Kings, intitled *An Act to make further Provision for the Discharge of the Accounts of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, and for making good any structural Deficiency which may arise in the said Fund in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, and to direct the Application of Money by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, or all or any Act made in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to enable, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom arising in Great Britain available for the Public Service, any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.**

Proviso for
Bank purchase
any Exchequer
or Treasury
Bills, or ad-
vancing Money
on Credit of
Exchequer Bills
issued by the
Treasury, under

27 G. 3. c. 48.

* 12. sec.

IV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That whenever any Exchequer Bills or Treasury Bills shall be in the Courts of Payment, on the Credit of which any Sum or Sums of Money shall have been previously lent or advanced by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and which shall be in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the said Bank, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, in lieu of such Exchequer Bills or Treasury Bills as may be in their Hands and in course of Payment, to take and accept any other Exchequer Bills or Treasury Bills which shall have been granted towards the Aids and Supplies of the Year upon which such Exchequer Bills or Treasury Bills be in course of Payment shall have been charged.

Bank may ex-
change Exche-
quer or Treas-
ury Bills in
course of Pay-
ment.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall, and they are hereby respectively required, from time to time to cause a true and perfect Account in Writing to be taken and attested by the proper Officers of the Amount of all Exchequer Bills or Treasury Bills, and other Government Securities whatever, which shall have been purchased by the Governor and Company of the said Bank of England, or on which any Sum or Sums shall have been lent and advanced for the Public Service by the Governor and Company of the said Bank, in every Year ending on the Fifth Day of January, shewing whether any and what Amount of such Bills shall, before the making up of such Account, have been paid off or discharged, and what Amount of such Exchequer Bills or Treasury Bills, or other Government Securities,

Bank to lay
before Parlia-
ment yearly the
Account of Exche-
quer and Treas-
ury Bills so
purchased, or
on which Ad-
vances shall
have been made
on Government.

which, shall then be in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the said Bank; and every such Account shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, within Fourteen Days after the Fifth Day of January in each Year, if Parliament shall be then sitting, or otherwise within Fourteen Days after the then next sitting of Parliament.

C. A. P. LXXVII.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty six, an Act for amending the Laws relating to the Allowance of the Bounties on Pickards exported. [6th July 1819.]

38 G. 3. c. 43.

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for amending the Laws relating to the Allowance of the Bounties on Pickards exported*, and *the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*, by which a Bounty of One Shilling and Sixpence was continued on every Cask of Pickards exported to Foreign Parts: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Bounty should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Bounty of One Shilling and Sixpence given and granted by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to equal the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and in great other Duties in the said, for every Cask or Vessel of Pickards containing Fifty Gallons which shall be duly exported to Foreign Parts*, shall be and the same is hereby continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty six, and shall, together with the other Bounties by the said last mentioned Act granted or allowed on Pickards exported, be extended in due Proportion to and paid and allowed for all Pickards which shall during that time be shipped and exported in Casks of Thirty two Gallons or upwards to Foreign Parts.

C. A. P. LXXVIII.

An Act for transferring the Duty of the Supervisor of the Receiver General's Receipts and Payments to the Comptroller General of the Customs in England. [6th July 1819.]

46 G. 3. c. 13.

32

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the better Regulation of the Office of Receiver General of the Duties of Customs in Great Britain*, certain Duties are required to be performed or executed by the Supervisor of the Receiver General's Receipts and Payments, or his Clerk: And Whereas it is expedient that those Duties should be performed or executed by the Comptroller General of His Majesty's Customs in England, or his Clerk: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every the Duties required by the said Act to be done, performed or executed by the Supervisor of the Receiver General's Receipts and Payments, shall be done, performed and executed by the Comptroller General of His Majesty's Customs, or his Clerk, such Clerk being first duly authorized by him, and for which Granted: he shall be answerable.

II. Provided always, That this Act shall not be construed to make any other Alteration in the Regulations of the aforesaid Act, than as herein contained.

C. A. P. LXXIX.

An Act to continue, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty, Two Acts of the Forty fifth and Fiftieth Years of His present Majesty, allowing the bringing of Coals, Colts and Cinders to London and Wiltshire by Inland Navigation. [6th July 1819.]

42 G. 3. c. 123.

30 G. 3. c. 120.

54

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for allowing, under certain Restrictions, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty, the bringing a limited Quantity of Coals, Colts or Cinders to London and Wiltshire by Inland Navigation*; And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fiftieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to allow, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty, the bringing of Coals, Colts and Cinders to London and Wiltshire by Inland Navigation*: And Whereas certain Duties of Customs were made payable by the said recited Acts, in lieu of which other Duties have been imposed and made payable, and certain other Duties of Customs of One Shilling and Three pence are by the said Acts respectively made payable for every Ton of Coals, Colts and Cinders brought along the Great Ouse or Piddington Canals, or brought down the River Thames across to London from certain Houses or Poles in the said recited Acts severally mentioned, and which said last mentioned Duties are by the said Acts respectively directed to be paid into the Chamber of London, as far and in lieu of the Duty called Orphan's Duty, and all other Rates, Dues and Duties which are payable to the Corporation of London upon Coals, Colts or Cinders imported into the Port of London: And Whereas both the said recited Acts have been continued by several subsequent Acts and are in force until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and it is expedient that the said Acts should be further continued in manner hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Acts,

Acts, be far as the same respectively relate to the said fourth and respective Duties of One Shilling and Three pence for every Ton of Coals, Cakes or Cinders brought to London and *Weybushier* under the Authority of the said recited Acts or either of them respectively, and also in far as the said recited Acts respectively relate to the Rules, Provisions, Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which such Coals, Cakes and Cinders may be brought to London and *Weybushier* by Island Navigation, and the said Duties, and all the Clauses in the said recited Acts relating to the said Duties respectively, and to the said Rules, Provisions, Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions, shall be and the same are hereby continued, and shall be in force from the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nineteen until and upon the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

Recited Acts, be far as relate to Duties and Conditions under which Coals are brought by Island Navigation, continued till Aug. 1. after.

C A P. LXXX.

An Act concerning Common Recoveries to be suffered by Attorney in Courts of Antient Demolne; and to explain an Act of His present Majesty, relative to the Sale or mortgaging of Estates of Latencies.

[6th July 1819.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Persons who can now suffer in Person, and not by Attorney, Common Recoveries of such of the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, held in Antient Demolne, as are not held by Copy of Court Roll, should be enabled to suffer the same by Attorney as well as in Person; May it therefore please Your Majesty that a way be created, and be created by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for all and every Person and Persons, not being under the Disability of Coverture, and for all and every Feme Covert and Feme Covert (every such Feme Covert being fully and lawfully examined by the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies of the Manor or Manors whereof the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments held in Antient Demolne, but not by Copy of Court Roll, of which a Common Recovery or Common Recoveries is or are proposed to be suffered, shall be holders, or by his, her or their Steward or Stewards, or by the Deputy or Deputies of such Steward or Stewards) to appoint any Person or Persons to be their, his or her Attorney or Attorneys, to appear for the Person or Persons in appointing either as Tenants or Tenants to the Plaintiff or Wife, or as Vouchers or Vouchess, and, as the Case may require, either to reach over to Warranty, or to enter into the usual Warranty, and also reaching over to Warranty, and likewise to do all other lawful and necessary Acts for the suffering and perfecting of such Common Recovery or Common Recoveries respectively; and that the Common Recovery and Common Recoveries which shall be had and suffered as aforesaid shall have the like effect, but no other, as such Common Recovery or Common Recoveries would have had, if the Person or Persons who shall be by Attorney suffer or join in suffering such Common Recovery or Common Recoveries had appeared in Court in Person, and suffered or joined in suffering such Common Recovery or Common Recoveries.

Persons of Lands, &c. may appoint Steward or Attorney to accept Common Recovery of Estates held by Antient Demolne.

Effect of such Recoveries.

It. And Whereas an Act was passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to authorize the Sale or Mortgage of the Estates of Persons found Lame by Infirmities in England, or Ireland respectively, and the granting Leases of the same*; and Doubts have arisen, whether the Provisions of the said Act extend to the Sale of Lands held in Antient Demolne or by Copy of Court Roll; and it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed; Be it therefore declared and enacted, That such of the Powers and Provisions of the said recited Act as authorize the Sale or Mortgage of Estates belonging to Latencies, shall be deemed and taken to extend to such Estates as are held by Antient Demolne or by Copy of Court Roll.

43 G. 3. c. 79. 1. authorizing Sale of Latencies; Common Recoveries held in Antient Demolne.

C A P. LXXXI.

An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for appointing Commissioners to inquire concerning Charities in England for the Education of the Poor; and to extend the Powers thereof to other Charities in England and Wales; to continue in force until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

[6th July 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for appointing Commissioners to inquire concerning Charities in England for the Education of the Poor*; And Whereas certain Commissioners were appointed for the Execution of the said Act, by a Commission under the Great Seal bearing date the Twentieth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and the said Commissioners have proceeded in the Execution of the said Act; and it is highly expedient that the Provisions of the said Act should be extended to other Charities and Trusts created for charitable Uses or Purposes, in England and Wales, and that the Number of Commissioners should therefore be increased, and that the said Act should be otherwise amended; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to alter a Commission under the Great Seal to any Number of Persons not exceeding Twenty, who shall be constituted Commissioners for the Purposes of the said recited Act and this Act; and that the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, shall have all such Powers and Authorities in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act, as by the said recited Act are given or vested in the Commissioners, or any Three of them, under the said recited Act, except where it is otherwise provided by this Act;

Statute of 23 G. 3. c. 21. and that Commissioners had been appointed by Commission, under Aug. 20th.

Commissioners not exceeding twenty may be appointed for Execution of recited Act and this Act.

Appointment of Secretary, &c.

Two Commissioners, not being in Parliament, may receive Remuneration.

Half yearly Reports by Two Commissioners.

Commissioners are obliged to report to Parliament.

Vacancies filled up by the Crown.

Providing for Salaries and Expenses, &c. of Commissioners.

Amount per Annum to each of Ten Commissioners payable Half yearly, Ten thousand and appointed.

Not to pay Allowance for travelling Expenses.

Powers of Commissioners extended to all Churches in England and Wales.

Exemption.

No Stamp Duties on Proceedings.

Not an Copy or Extract of Wills, discovered by Commissioners.

And that it shall and may be lawful for Each Commissioners to appoint and employ Such Secretary, Clerks, Messengers and Officers, not exceeding in the whole One Secretary, Five Clerks, Five Messengers and Two other Officers, as they shall think meet, in such manner and under such Regulations as are contained in the said recited A. 2, except as the same is altered by this A. 3, and that no Remuneration shall be given for and in respect of the Execution of the said recited A. 2 and this A. 3, in favour of the Commissioners to be appointed under this A. 3 shall be Members of either House of Parliament, nor to any Member exceeding Ten of the other Commissioners to be appointed under this A. 3; and that it shall and may be lawful for Ten of such last mentioned Commissioners to receive Remuneration, any thing in the said recited A. 2 to the contrary notwithstanding; and that the Commissioners to be appointed under this A. 3, or any Five or more of them, shall, once in each Half Year during the Continuance of their Commission, make such Report and Certificate to His Majesty, of their Proceedings under the said recited A. 2 and this A. 3, as by the said recited A. 2 is required to be made of the Proceedings of the Commissioners under that A. 2, by such Commissioners or any Three of them.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall not be obliged to make any Report or Reports of their Proceedings to the Two Houses of either A. 2 contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case of the Religion of any such Commissioners, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners to be appointed under this A. 3, or any Five or more of them, to nominate and appoint such Person or Persons as he or they may think proper, for the supplying of such Vacancy or Vacancies.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer or for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or any Three of them, and he or they it and are hereby authorized and required, from time to time to issue and make to be paid out of the Consolidated Fund of the said United Kingdom, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds in any one Year, for the Payment of Salaries to any Member of the said recited A. 2, not exceeding Ten of the Commissioners appointed to be appointed under the Authority of the said recited A. 2 and this A. 3 respectively, and who shall not be Members of either House of Parliament; and that out of the said Sum not exceeding Ten thousand Pounds to be issued as aforesaid, a Salary at the Rate of One thousand Pounds a Year shall be payable and paid to each of such Ten Commissioners, the same to be payable and paid Half yearly, free and clear from all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, on the Tenth Day of October and the Fifth Day of April in each Year, by even and equal Portions, and that in case of the Religion or Death of any One or more of the said Commissioners, the Commissioners be resigning, or the Executors or Administrators of such Commissioners be dying, shall be entitled to such proportional Part of such clear Salary as shall have accrued during the time that such Commissioner shall have executed his said Office; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three of them, and he and they it and are hereby authorized and empowered, in like manner to issue and make to be paid out of the said Consolidated Fund any further Sums of Money not exceeding the Sum of Eight thousand Pounds in any one Year, to be employed for the Payment of the travelling Expenses of any of the Commissioners to be appointed under this A. 3, and of the Secretary, Clerks, Messengers and Officers of the said Commissioners, and in the paying other necessary Charges in and about the Execution of the said recited A. 2 and this A. 3, in such manner and under such Regulations as is directed by the said recited A. 2 with respect to the Sum of Four thousand Pounds in the said A. 2 mentioned.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners to be appointed under the Authority of this A. 3, and they are hereby authorized, empowered and required, to examine into and to investigate the Amount, Nature and Application of all Estates and Funds of what Nature or Kind soever, and the Produce thereof, advanced or intended to be applied either to the Purposes in the said recited A. 2 mentioned, or to the Support of any Charity or Charities, or charitable Donations or Bequests, for the Benefit of poor Persons in England and Wales, or held under Trusts created for any charitable Uses or Purposes whatever in England or Wales (except as is hereinafter provided and excepted), and to examine into and to investigate all Branches of Trick, Impropriation, Penury, Abuse, or supposed Abuse or Misconduct, in relation to and in the Management or Appropriation, or Misappropriation or Misapplication of such Estates and Funds, in like manner and with the like Powers, and under the like Regulations and Restrictions in all respects, as are mentioned and contained in the said recited A. 2 with respect to the Charities mentioned in the said recited A. 2, except only in far as the same are expressly repealed or altered, or otherwise provided for by this A. 3.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Petition or Information preferred, filed or proffered under this A. 3, nor any Answer thereto, nor any Depositions, Interrogatories, Affidavits or Proceedings, nor any Order or Decree upon the same or in relation thereto, nor any Capion of any such Petition, Information, Answer, Depositions, Interrogatories, Affidavits, Order or Decree, nor of any other Proceedings whatsoever under this A. 3, shall be subject or liable to the Payment of any Stamp Duty whatever; and that whenever any Copy of any Will relating to any Charity, or any Extract from any such Will, shall be required for the Purposes of this A. 3, by any Order signed by the said Commissioners under this A. 3, or any Two of them, from the Office of the Prerogative Court of the Archbishop of Canterbury in Diocesan Courts, or from any other Office where such Will shall have been proved; or whenever any Copy or Extract of any Deed or Deeds shall be so required by such Commissioners from any Person or Persons, such Copy or Extract shall not be subject

subject or liable to the Payment of any Stamp Duty whatever; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

VII. Provided always, And be it enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions therein contained shall not extend or be construed to extend to either of the Universities of *Oxford* or *Cambridge*, nor to any College or Hall within the same; nor to any Schools or other Endowments of which the said Universities, Colleges or Halls, are Trustees; nor to the Colleges of *Windsor*, *Eton* or *Windsor*; nor to the *Chapel Royal*; nor to the Schools of *Merton* or *Bailey*, or any of them; nor to any Cathedral or Collegiate Church within England or Wales; nor to the Corporation of the *Trinity House of Dymond Street*; nor to any College, Free School, or other charitable Institution or Foundation or Charity whatever, which has Special Visitors, Governors or Overseers, appointed by the Founders; nor to any Funds applicable to the Benefit of any Persons of the Jewish Persuasion, or of the People called Quakers, or of Persons of the Roman Catholic Persuasion, and which shall become the Superintendence and Control of Persons of such Persuasion respectively: Provided always, that the said Commissioners shall report the Names of all such Charities aforesaid to have Special Visitors, Governors or Overseers appointed, to His Majesty, and both Houses of Parliament.

VIII. Provided also, And be it enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions therein contained shall not extend or be construed to extend to any Institution, Establishment or Society for Charitable Purposes, wholly or principally maintained by voluntary Contributions, and under the Superintendence and Control of any Committee or Governors, or other Persons or Persons chosen or appointed out of or by voluntary Subscribers thereto; and that the Application of any Donations or Bequests to the general Purposes of any such Institution, Establishment or Society, in and of such voluntary Contributions, shall not be subject to the Examination or Interference of the Commissioners appointed under this Act: Provided always, that the Management and Application of the Revenues and Profits of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments belonging to such Institution, Establishment or Society, for the Period of Twenty Years or upwards before the passing of this Act, shall in all such Cases be subject to the Examination of the said Commissioners at their Discretion.

IX. Provided also, And be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall alter, annul, infringe or impugn any Act, Matter or Thing whatsoever, which at any time before the passing of this Act, hath been done or performed, or which after the passing of this Act and before the Appointment of Commissioners under the Authority of this Act, shall or may be done or performed by any Commissioners appointed under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or by their Secretary, Clerks, Officers or Servants, or by any Person or Persons under the Orders of the said Commissioners, or any of them, in the Execution of the Powers of the said recited Act; but that all such Acts, Matters and Things shall be as good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if this Act had never been passed or made; any thing in this Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, in far as the same is not expressly altered or repealed by this Act, shall remain in force; and that the said recited Act and this Act shall be construed together as one Act, in far as the same are compatible and consistent with each other, and as if the Clauses and Provisions in this Act contained had been inserted in the said recited Act of the Fifty eighth Year aforesaid, and had made Part thereof.

XI. And be it further enacted, That any Affidavits or Facts which shall be brought against any Commissioners appointed or to be appointed under the Authority of the said recited Act or this Act, or against any Person or Persons acting under the Authority or by the Order of such Commissioners, or any of them, for any thing done or acted by him or them under the said recited Act or this Act, shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months next after the Fact consisted (in respect of which such Affidavits or Facts shall be brought or commenced) and not afterwards; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Affidavits or Facts may plead the General Issue, and give the said recited Act and this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon; and if such Affidavits or Facts shall be brought or commenced after the time is limited for bringing the same, then the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants; and in such Cases, or if the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants upon the Merits, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuit, or discontinue his or their Affidavits after Appearance, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, which he or they shall and may recover in such suit the same manner as any Defendant can by Law in other Cases.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Act and this Act shall continue in force until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. LXXXI

An Act to amend an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for enabling the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland to purchase Premises for erecting Docks, Wharves and Offices in Dublin. [18th July 1819.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to enable the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland to purchase Premises for the erecting additional Docks, Wharves and Offices, in Dublin, certain Powers were given to the said Commissioners for carrying the said Act into Execution: And Whereas further Powers are necessary to be given for*

Powers for Universities, Public Schools, &c.

Commissioners to report thereon.

Powers for Charities wholly or chiefly supported by voluntary Contributions, &c.

Powers for Acts of Commissioners under recited Act heretofore done.

28 G. 3. c. 91. and this Act amended & repealed.

Limitation of Actions.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

Continuance of Acts.

Amendment, &c. this Session.

13 D. 3. c. 100.

51.

more

Commissioners
empowered to
stop up streets,
Alleys, &c. or
to close in High-
Way Carriageway.

Commissioners
may treat with
Persons injured
by stopping up
Streets, &c. and
make
Compensation
to them.

In case of Dis-
agreement,
Assessment of
Compensation to
be deter-
mined by a
Jury.

and paid out
of Customs
Duties by
Commissioners.

Noted that
certain Streets
have been
stopped up, &c.
by Commis-
sioners.

Actions, &c.
against Persons
having stopped
up with Streets,
stopped by Court
on summary
Application.

“ may lawfully effectuating the Purposes of the said A.B. : Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or any Three of them, and they are hereby authorised and empowered, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, or under the Hands and Seals of any Three of them, to order and direct any Person or Persons whom they shall appoint for that Purpose, to close and stop up any Street, Road, Lane, Court or Alley, or any Part thereof, contained wholly or passing through any Ground or Premises purchased or to be purchased by the said Commissioners, for the Purposes in the said A.B. mentioned; provided always, that the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall give Ten Days previous public Notice in the Public Gazette, and in any One of the Newspapers published in Dublin, of their Intention to stop or close up any such Street, Road, Lane, Court or Alley, or any Part thereof; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, and they are hereby authorised and empowered, to serve such Warrant or Warrants from time to time, as Occasion may require.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, and they are hereby authorised and empowered, from time to time, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to contract or agree with the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, of any House or Houses, Building or Buildings, or Parcel or Parcels or Plot or Plots of Grounds and Premises, or with the immediate Lessor or Lessors of any such House, Building or Ground, or with any Body or Bodies Corporate, Sole or Aggregate, or with the Guardian or Guardians, Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees of any College, Trade, Infants, Illus unborn, Femes Covert, Minors or Legacies, for Compensation to be made for any Damage or Loss that such Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, Lessor or Lessors, Body or Bodies Corporate, Sole or Aggregate, College Trade, Infants, Illus unborn, Femes Covert, Minors or Legacies, shall or may appear, on the Proof, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, to have sustained, or be likely to sustain, for or by reason of the stopping up, altering or changing any Street or Streets, Road or Roads, Lane or Alleys, within or leading through any Premises purchased or to be purchased by the said Commissioners, for the Purposes in the said A.B. mentioned; and such Agreement shall be sufficient in Law, and binding to all Intents and Purposes; and such Trustee or Trustees, Guardian or Guardians, or Committee or Committees, shall be and are hereby authorised effectually to release the said Commissioners, their Heirs and Successors, from all such Loss and Damages; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, by and with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, to pay to such Person or Persons so affected such Sum and Sum of Money as the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall think reasonable for such Damages so aforesaid, out of any Money in their Hands arising from the Duties of Customs payable in Ireland.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, contract agree with such Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, Lessor or Lessors, Body or Bodies Corporate, Sole or Aggregate, or the Guardian or Guardians, Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees of any College Trade, Infants, Illus unborn, Femes Covert, Minors or Legacies or any of them, as to the Amount of such Sum or Sums to be paid as Compensation for such Damage as aforesaid, that then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for every such Person or Persons who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured by the stopping any such Street, Road, Lane, Court or Alley so aforesaid, or any Part thereof, to lay their Claim for Compensation or Account of the same by Petition before the said Commissioners; and the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, are hereby authorised and required to make the Amount of such Compensation for such Damage or Injury to be complained of, to be ascertained by a Jury or Juries before the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, in like manner, and with all and every the like Powers to them in that behalf, as by the said recited A.B. they are authorised to use and exercise with respect to the Valuation and Purchase of the Right, Title and Interest of any Person or Persons in and to Grounds, Houses and Buildings, by the said Act directed to be valued and ascertained; and the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, are hereby authorised and required to pay all such Damages as shall be so awarded, and such other Sums and Sums of Money as shall be found necessary for the Purposes of the said A.B. out of any Money in their Hands arising from the Duties of Customs payable in Ireland.

IV. And Whereas the said Commissioners of Customs, in pursuance of the said recited A.B. and for the Purpose of carrying the same into Effect, have heretofore, by themselves or by Persons acting under their Authority, stopped up, altered or changed certain Streets, Ways, Passages or Roads through the said Premises, for the purpose of forwarding and expediting the Public Works, and which was absolutely unavoidable and necessary to the Purposes of the said Act; and therefore the said Commissioners, and those acting by their Authority and under them, ought to be indemnified for having so done, under the Conditions and Provision heretofore mentioned : Be it therefore enacted, That all Actions or Suits, either at Law or in Equity, and all Indemnities, Informations, and all Proceedings and Proceedings whatsoever, which have been or shall be commenced or prosecuted against any Person or Persons (for or by reason of such Person or Persons having heretofore stopped up, altered or changed, or caused to be stopped up, altered or changed, any Street, Road, Lane, Court, Alley or Passage, within or through the said Premises to be purchased or leading through the same or any Part thereof, or for or by reason of any other Act, Matter or Thing commenced, appointed or done in relation to the Premises, shall be and the same are hereby made void and of no effect; and the Courts in which respectively such Actions or Suits, or Suits or Proceedings, have been or shall be commenced, are hereby authorised and required, on Application made to such Courts for the Purpose in a Summary Way, and it appearing to such Courts by Affidavit or the Admission of the Parties, that the said

Actions,

Actions, Suits, Indemnities or Proceedings were commenced or prosecuted for the purposes heretofore mentioned, to order that all such Actions, Suits, Indemnities or Proceedings shall cease and be stayed, and the said Commissioners and all and every such Parties or Persons shall be and they, and he are and is lawfully for ever acquitted, discharged and indemnified, of, from and against all such Actions, Suits, Indemnities and Proceedings accordingly.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall have commenced or proceeded on any such Action, Suit or Indemnity, or taken such Proceedings, to prefer his, her or their Petition to the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, in manner heretofore directed with respect to Persons claiming Compensation for Damages, thereby claiming Compensation for such Damages as he or they may receive themselves entitled to, including such Costs as may have been recovered in any Action, Suit, Indemnity or Proceeding, which may have been taken by him or them as aforesaid, and to have and receive such Compensation for such Damages, Loss and Costs as the said Commissioners shall deem reasonable, and which shall be agreed upon between them and the Party or Parties so claiming Compensation as aforesaid; and in case no such Agreement can be made, then it shall be lawful for such Person or Persons to have and receive such Compensation for such Damages, Loss and Costs, as may be awarded by a Jury, to whom the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and required to refer the same, in like manner and according to the several Powers, Provisions and Regulations in the said recited Act and this Act contained, and which Compensation the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to make and pay as aforesaid.

Persons having commenced such Suits, may apply for Compensation to Commissioners, or in default of agreeing with them, to a Jury.

C A P. LXXXIII.

An Act to grant Duties of Customs and to allow Drawbacks on certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into and exported from Ireland, in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks on the like Articles; and to make further Regulations for securing the Duties of Customs in Ireland. [7th July 1819.]

“ Most Gracious Sovereign,

W^{HE}, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies granted to Your Majesty, and for the Support of Your Majesty's Government, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, an ready Money (except as hereinafter is provided), without any Discount whatever, upon the Importation into Ireland of the several Goods, Wares and Merchandise mentioned and set forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed, the several Duties of Customs is referred, described and set forth in Figures in the said Schedule, according to the respective Amounts of the said Duties: and that on the Exportation of the said Goods, Wares and Merchandise from Ireland (except to Great Britain), there shall also be paid and allowed the several Drawbacks in respect of the said Duties of Importation, as the same are also respectively referred, specified and set forth in the said Schedule; and that the said Duties and Drawbacks shall be in full and full Satisfaction of all Duties and Drawbacks payable in Ireland upon the Importation or Exportation of Goods, Wares and Merchandise of the like Sorts, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act: Provided always, that such of the Duties in the said Schedule mentioned, as are imposed on certain Articles which shall be imported after certain Days mentioned in the said Schedule, shall be payable from and after such Days respectively, and not before.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Duties granted, mentioned and set forth in this Act, and the Schedule thereto annexed, shall be charged and payable on all such Goods, Wares and Merchandise therein mentioned as having been imported into Ireland, shall have been or shall be warehoused, or shall have been secured without the Duties due on the Importation thereof having been fully paid, and as shall remain or shall have remained so warehoused or secured on or after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or on or after any Day on which any such Duties shall become payable in pursuance or by Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force for this Purpose, although such Goods, Wares or Merchandise may have been imported before the said Days respectively: Provided always, that such Duties shall not be charged or payable on any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, until the time when the Duties, which such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall have been subject to before the said Days respectively, would have been payable by Law.

III. Provided also, and be it enacted, That in all Cases where the Whole or any Part of the Duties on the Importation into Ireland of any of the Goods, Wares and Merchandise specified in the said Schedule to this Act annexed, are or shall be permitted to be secured by Bond or otherwise, by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland at the time of such Importation, the Duties by this Act and the said Schedule granted or imposed on such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, may in like manner, and under the same Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Conditions, be permitted to be secured by Bond or otherwise.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty two, the Sum of Two Millions and Four pence British Currency, Part of the Duty of Eight Shillings and Seven pence British Currency payable at the time of the passing of this Act, on every Hundred Pounds Weight of Cotton Wool, being the Produce of and imported directly from any British Colony or Plantations in America, shall be and the

The Duties and Drawbacks specified in Schedule annexed and allowed, in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks.

Warehoused Goods to pay the Duties through import before July 5, they do.

Freedom as to time of charging Duties.

Duties herein mentioned may be secured by Bond under the usual Regulations.

25. 4th British Currency, Part of Duty of 8s. 7d. on every Cwt. of Cotton Wool imported

from British Colonies in America, was granted till July 3, 1820, and of per Cent paid.

Cotton Wool of any Country that has been warehoused as on before Jan. 3, 1812, to pay the Duty on being taken out for Consumption in Ireland.

Sheeps Wool or Lamb Wool, as Proof that Orders were given for Purchase, admitted to Entry on Payment of 1d. per lb.

Duties payable before Jan on Produce brought from abroad of Fish taken at Newfoundland and on Crabs, lobsters, &c. of that Country imported, computed till July 3, 1812.

Duties payable on Goods exported from Ireland to Newfoundland computed till July 3, 1812. Provisions to be Exported and Land, &c.

Drawbacks to remain which were payable on Goods imported from Ireland, under any Act to force before passing of this Act.

Duties and Drawbacks in British Currency.

Duties owed to Consolidated Fund of United Kingdom, and levied according to Title, &c. of Article.

28.46 to G. 3. m. 6. d. 4.

into twelve hundredths; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, until and upon the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty-two, the Sum of Six Shillings and Three pence British Currency, and no more, shall be paid on every One hundred Pounds Weight of such Cotton Wool imported into Ireland; and in case the Importer or Proprietor of any Cotton Wool or Waste of Cotton Wool, the Producer of any British Colony or Plantation in America, not being imported directly from thence, or of any Cotton Wool or Waste of Cotton Wool, the Producer of any other Country or Place, which shall have been landed in Warehouses at any time on or before the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, shall be defrauded of taking any such Cotton Wool or Waste of Cotton Wool out of such Warehouses, after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, for the purpose of being sold or consumed in Ireland, then and in such Case the Duties imposed by this Act, and the Schedule thereto annexed, on such Cotton Wool or Waste of Cotton Wool imported after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, according to the Value thereof, shall be payable and paid on such Cotton Wool or Waste of Cotton Wool to take out of Warehouses, notwithstanding such Cotton Wool or Waste of Cotton Wool may have been imported and warehoused on or before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, upon Proof to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of the Customs and Port Duties that Orders were given for the Purchase of any Sheeps Wool or Lambs Wool at any time before the passing of this Act, and that such Sheeps Wool or Lambs Wool shall be imported into Ireland at any time after the passing of the Act, to admit such Sheeps Wool or Lambs Wool to Entry, upon Payment of the Duty of One Penny per Pound only; and that such Sheeps Wool or Lambs Wool is imported, in pursuance of any such Orders, shall be subject and liable to the said Duty of One Penny per Pound, and no more, on Importation into Ireland; any thing in this Act, or the Tables therein annexed, to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Payment of the several Duties of Customs imposed by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act, on the Importation into Ireland of Trade Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter and Whale Fin, the Produce of Fish or Crustacea living in the Sea, taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of Newfoundland, and Pores adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island; and also the Duties payable under any such Act or Acts on Crabs, Lobsters, Fox Skins, Otter Skins, Wolf Skins, Bear Skins, Car Skins, Beaver Skins, and on Timber being the Produce of Newfoundland, and imported directly from thence, shall be and the same are hereby suspended, and the said Duties shall not be charged or payable on any such Articles from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty-four inclusive; and also, that all Duties payable upon Goods, Wares and Merchandise, exported from Ireland to the said Island of Newfoundland, under an Act made in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for granting Duties of Customs on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise from Ireland, shall be and the same are hereby in like manner suspended, and shall not respectively be charged or payable, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty-four inclusive; any thing in the said Acts, or any of them, or in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that such Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall be duly covered and headed, and shall be subject in every respect to all the Regulations required by Law; and that the several Duties hereby suspended, shall revive and become payable, from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, in such and the like manner as if the said Suspension of Duty had not taken place.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Drawbacks granted, allowed and made payable upon or in respect of any of the Goods, Wares and Merchandise mentioned and specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed, or any of them, shall be and by virtue of any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, shall remain and continue payable with respect to such Goods, Wares and Merchandise as shall have paid the Duties imposed on the Importation thereof under such Acts respectively, and as shall be exported from Ireland at any time after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and that the several and respective Drawbacks granted, allowed and made payable by or under this Act, or the Schedule thereto annexed, or any of them, shall be paid and allowed only on the Exportation of such Articles as shall have paid the several and respective Duties imposed thereon by the said Acts, and the Schedule thereto annexed.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Duties and Drawbacks in this Act and the Schedule hereto annexed, specified, mentioned and contained, shall be paid and payable, and received and receivable in British Currency; and that all the said Duties shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and that all the said Duties and Drawbacks in the said Schedule specified, mentioned and contained, shall be paid and received upon the several Articles and Things in this Act and the said Schedule hereto annexed, specified, mentioned and contained, according to the Title, Weight, Gauge, Measure or Value of the said Articles respectively specified, and also in proportion upon any greater or less Number, Weight, Quantity, Measure or Value of such Articles, Matters and Things respectively.

IX. And Whereas by the several Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, it was among other things provided and enacted, that all Duty charged on the Import of Foreign or Colonial Goods into either County, should, on their Export to the other, be drawn back, or the Amount, if any were retained, should be placed to the Credit of the County to which they should be exported, in full as the Expenses

of the United Kingdom should be defrayed by proportional Contributions: And Whereas, by an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to amend and consolidate into one Fund, all the Public Revenues of Great Britain and Ireland, and to provide for the Application thereof to the general Service of the United Kingdom*, it is enacted, that from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, all Rates, Duties, Taxes, Receipts, Sums of Money and Revenues, of what Nature or Kind soever, which shall or may constitute or form Part of, or be directed to be carried to the several Funds called the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain and the Consolidated Fund of Ireland respectively, shall be carried to, and shall be and become, and shall form and constitute One general Fund, to be called The Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and that the said Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, after Payment and Satisfaction of certain Charges in the said last recited Act mentioned, shall be indistinctly applied to the Service of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Part thereof, as shall be directed by Parliament: And Whereas it is expedient to continue the Payment of Drawbacks on the Export of Foreign and Colonial Goods from Ireland to Great Britain: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, all Duties of Customs and Excise charged and paid on the Importation into Ireland of any Foreign or Colonial Goods, Wares or Merchandise, Ball, on the Exportation from Ireland to Great Britain of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, be drawn back, and paid and allowed to the Exporters of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and be subject to all such Rates, Regulations and Restrictions as are required by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

X. And Whereas, by several Acts in force in Ireland, Duties of Customs are imposed on certain Foreign Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Ireland directly from the Place of their Growth or Produce; and higher Duties of Customs are imposed on the like Goods, Wares and Merchandise, if imported not directly from the Place of their Growth or Produce; and it is expedient that the like Duties should be paid on all such Foreign Goods imported into Ireland from Great Britain, as if such Foreign Goods had been imported from Foreign Parts: Be it therefore enacted, That on the Importation of any such Foreign Goods, Wares or Merchandise into Ireland from Great Britain, such Import Duty of Customs shall be paid and payable, as if such Foreign Goods, Wares or Merchandise had been imported into Ireland from Foreign Parts, either directly from the Place of their Growth or Produce, or not directly from such Place, according as they were in fact at first imported from Foreign Parts into Great Britain; and that for the purpose of ascertaining whether any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise were first imported into Great Britain directly from the Place of their Growth or Produce, or not directly from such Place, it shall be specified and set forth in every Cask or Container of any such Foreign Goods, Wares or Merchandise exported from Great Britain to Ireland, whether such Goods, Wares or Merchandise were first imported into Great Britain directly from the Place of their Growth or Produce, or not directly from such Place, and the Import Duty of Customs on such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be payable accordingly on such Goods when imported into Ireland from Great Britain; and if it shall not be expresse and set forth in such Cask or Container of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, whether the same were in fact imported into Great Britain directly from the Place of their Growth or Produce, or not directly from such Place, then and in such Case such Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall be and be deemed liable to such Duties of Customs, on their Importation into Ireland from Great Britain, as if the same had been imported into Ireland from Foreign Parts, not directly from the Place of their Growth or Produce; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, it shall and may be lawful to export into Ireland from any Parts within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, any Wine whatever as Bottles for private Use, on Payment of the several and separate Duties, as well of Customs as Excise, due and payable on the Importation of such Wine into Ireland: Provided always, that the Importer of such Wine, or his known Agent or Factor, shall make a Declaration before the Officer of the Customs at the Port of Importation, stating the Nature and Quantity of such Wine, and that the same is for private Use, and not intended to be sold; and that such Wine shall be regularly entered and landed under the Care of the proper Officers of the Customs.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, or any Three or more of them for the time being respectively, to repay or allow to the Importers, Owners, Proprietors or Consignees of Foreign Spirits, Wine or other Liquors which shall be lost by accidental Staving on Shipboard, or in the unshipping thereof before the landing thereof, the Duties of Customs which shall have become payable, or shall have been paid for or in respect of such Spirits, Wine or other Liquors, and to remit the Duties of Customs, and to cancel and rebate the Customs Bond for or in respect of all such Spirits, Wine and other Liquors, for which no such Duties shall have been paid, but for which Security shall have been given by Bond taken for or in respect of the Warehousing thereof, before Payment of the Duties under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, for permitting Goods imported to be warehoused or bonded without Payment of Duty, and which shall be so lost by such accidental Staving: Provided always nevertheless, that no such Allowance or Repayment shall be made, or any such Duty be remitted, nor any such Bond, or any Part thereof, be cancelled or rebated, unless Proof shall be made to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, that such Spirits, Wine or other Liquors were lost by such accidental Staving, and not from any Want of due Care or Precaution on the Part of the Importer, Owner, Proprietor or Consignor thereof, or his, her or their Agent: Provided also, that every such Bond shall be and remain in

Drawback of Import Duties on Foreign or Colonial Goods imported from Ireland to G. B.

Foreign Goods imported from Ireland from G. B. to pay Duty as if they had been imported direct from Foreign Parts.

Regulations for ascertaining the Place of Growth, &c. of such Goods.

Wine in Bottles may be imported free from the former Use from any Ports within the Limits of E. I. C. Company of Trade.

Declaration by Importers.

Customs of Foreign Spirits and Wine lost from Staving on Shipboard, may have Duty remitted, Bond cancelled, &c.

on Proof made to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs.

shall first and effect, as to all the Spirits, Wine or other Liquors to which the same shall relate, and which shall not be proved to have been lost by such accidental burning, and for or in respect whereof the Duties of Customs shall not be so remitted; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And he it further enacted, That the several Rates and Duties, and Drawbacks and Bounties, by this Act granted or allowed or made payable, shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and applied, in the same manner, and under such Powers and Authorities, and subject to such Provisions and Forfeitures, and by such Ways and Methods, and under such Rules and Directions as are appointed, directed, and expressed for the raising, collecting, levying and paying and managing of Duties, Drawbacks or Bounties payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into and exported from Ireland, as for the levying and applying any Rents, Penalties or Forfeitures, in and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for fixing the Excise or New Impost upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein intitled*; or by an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Beign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Manners and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise or either of them, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Powers and Authorities, Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said Act passed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or in and by any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.

XIV. And Whereas, by the several Acts in force for the granting of Duties of Customs on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Ireland, it is enacted, that whenever it shall happen that any of the Duties, or any Part of the Duties of Customs or Excise, granted or made payable in Great Britain upon any Articles imported into Great Britain, upon which Duties of Customs are imposed in Ireland, shall cease or determine, or be repealed, or be or become no longer payable in Great Britain, Provision shall be made, that in such of the Duties of Customs payable in Ireland, as shall be equal to the Duties which shall be made or determined or be repealed in Great Britain, shall in like manner cease or determine, or be repealed, and shall not be payable in Ireland at any time after the time when such Duties of Customs or Excise shall cease or determine, or be repealed, or be or become no longer payable in Great Britain, and that the Duties of Customs made payable in Ireland shall be reduced accordingly: And the better carrying of the said Provision into effect, be it enacted, That whenever any Act or Acts shall be passed by repealing any Duties and Drawbacks of Customs or Excise on any Goods, Wares or Merchandise imported into or exported from Great Britain, and for granting other Duties and Drawbacks in lieu thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three of them, to cause a Table or Schedule to be prepared under the Direction of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, enumerating the several Articles imported into or exported from Great Britain, on which the Duties or Drawbacks of Customs (and Excise if any) shall be less than the Duties or Drawbacks of Customs payable or allowable on the like Articles imported into or exported from Ireland, in which Table or Schedule the reduced Amount of Duties or Drawbacks of Customs which shall in consequence become payable on such Articles respectively, imported into or exported from Ireland, shall be stated and set forth in Figures opposite each Article respectively to the amount, which said reduced Duties or Drawbacks of Customs on such Articles imported into or exported from Ireland, shall be equal to the Amount of the Duties or Drawbacks of Customs (and Excise if any) payable on such Articles imported into or exported from Great Britain; and a Copy of such Table or Schedule, when approved by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall be signed by the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Two of them, and shall be transmitted to the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, with such Directions respecting the same as the said Commissioners of the Treasury shall think proper and necessary; and the same specified in such Table or Schedule to be approved and signed, shall be deemed and taken to be the proper reduced Duties and Drawbacks of Customs payable or allowable in Ireland, as or in respect of such Articles, and shall be levied and paid, and allowed in like manner in the Duties and Drawbacks of Customs on the like Articles under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland: Provided always, that no such Deductions shall take place upon any Article imported into Ireland, which shall not pay a Duty of Customs equal in Amount to the whole Duty of Customs (and Excise if any) which shall be payable on the like Article imported into Great Britain.

XV. And Whereas it is expedient to alter the Rate of Drawback on the Exportation of Cordage from that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, to that which is by Law so payable on the Exportation of the same Article from that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the same Drawback and Allowance shall be paid and allowed, and payable and allowable, upon the Exportation of Cordage from Ireland to Foreign Parts, which is now by Law payable and allowable on the like Exportation of the same Article from Great Britain; any Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Duties and Drawbacks, here levied and paid.

§ 4 & 5 C. 8. s. 1.

§ 4 C. 3. s. 1 & 2.

Where Duties of Customs or Excise payable in G. B. on Articles imported are reduced, Treasury to cause a Schedule to be prepared of the Articles imported into Ireland, and specify therein Duties so reduced accordingly, and Drawbacks specified on the same.

And the same specified therein the reduced Duties and Drawbacks, and paid and allowed on the same Duties and Drawbacks.

Drawback on Exportation of Cordage from Ireland same as on Exportation of that Article from G. B.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

DUTIES of CUSTOMS to be paid, and Drawbacks to be allowed, upon the following Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Ireland from every Place except Great Britain, in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks on the like Articles.

| | Duty. | Drawback. |
|--|-------------------|-----------|
| | British Currency. | |
| | £. s. d. | £. s. d. |
| Tees imported from Great Britain, having been sold by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, at any time on or after the 10th Day of June 1819, for every 1000 of the Value of all such Tees sold at such Sales, at or under 2s. per lb. | 96 0 0 | — |
| — above 2s. per lb. | 100 0 0 | — |
| Pepper, (not being Pepper called Cayenne, Long Pepper, or Guinea Pepper), the Pound | 0 2 6 | — |
| Coffee, the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation, the Pound | 0 1 0 | 0 1 0 |
| — the Produce of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, the Pound | 0 1 6 | 0 1 6 |
| — the Produce of any other Country or Place, the Pound | 0 2 6 | 0 2 6 |
| Cocoa Nuts, which shall be imported into Ireland from and after the 10th Day of October 1819, | | |
| — the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation, the Pound | 0 1 0 | — |
| — the Produce of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, the Pound | 0 1 0 | — |
| — the Produce of any other Country or Place, the Pound | 0 2 6 | 0 2 6 |
| Rice, the Produce of and imported directly from any British Colony, Plantation or Territory, the cwt. | 0 5 0 | 0 2 2 |
| — if imported rough and in the Hull, the cwt. | 0 3 6 | 0 1 0 |
| — not being the Produce of and imported directly from any British Colony or Plantation or Territory, and Rice the Produce of any other Country or Place, the cwt. | 0 15 0 | 0 2 2 |
| — if imported rough and in the Hull, the cwt. | 0 10 0 | 0 1 0 |
| Stuffs, imported from any Place whatever, the Pound | 0 6 0 | — |
| Wool, Shorn Wool or Lamb's Wool, viz. | | |
| — the Produce of any Foreign Country in Europe, | | |
| — - - used the 10th Day of October 1819 inclusive, the lb. | 0 0 1 | — |
| — - - from and after the 10th Day of October 1819, the lb. | 0 0 6 | — |
| — the Produce of any other Foreign Country, | | |
| — - - used the 5th Day of January 1820 inclusive, the lb. | 0 0 1 | — |
| — - - from and after the 5th Day of January 1820, the lb. | 0 0 6 | — |
| — the Produce of and imported directly from any British Colony or Territory, | | |
| — - - used the 5th Day of January 1820 inclusive, the lb. | 0 0 1 | — |
| — - - from the 5th Day of January 1820 until the 5th Day of January 1825 inclusive, the lb. | 0 0 3 | — |
| — - - from and after the 5th Day of January 1825, the lb. | 0 0 6 | — |
| Cotton Wool, | | |
| — the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, not imported directly from thence, and Cotton Wool, or Waste of Cotton Wool, the Produce of any other Country or Place, which shall be imported into Ireland from and after the 5th Day of January 1820, | | |
| — - - in a British bark ship, for every 1000 of the Value | 6 0 0 | — |
| — - - in a Ship not British built, for every 1000 of the Value | 12 0 0 | — |

C A P. LXXXIV.

An Act to amend the Laws for making, repairing and improving the Roads and other Public Works in Ireland, by Grand Jury Petitioners, and for a more efficient Investigation of such Petitioners, and for further securing a true, full and faithful Account of all Monies levied under the same.

[7th July 1819.]

WHEREAS it is highly expedient that the Laws in force in Ireland, for the making, repairing and improving of Roads, and for the building, repairing and maintaining of Public Works, by the Application of Monies to be raised by Petitioners of Grand Juries should be amended, and that Provision should be made for the more efficient Investigation of all Applications for such Petitioners, and for securing the Expenditure of the Monies raised thereby: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Affidavit shall be necessary to empower any Grand Jury in Ireland to make any Petitioner for the making or repairing, or improving any Road or Footpath, or lowering any Hill or filling any Hollow in any existing or intended Road, or for building, repairing or altering, widening or extending any Bridge, Pipe, Sewer or Gullet thereof, or for building or repairing any Wall or Part of a Wall necessary to the Support of any Road, or to prevent any deep Banks of Earth from falling upon it, or for crossing any Fence or Railway, or Wall for the Protection of Threshers from any dangerous Prospect or Hole, or for filling any Ditches, or making any Fence or Ditch, or for building, altering, repairing or enlarging any Court House, Sessions House, Workhouse, House of Correction, Gaol, County Infirmary or Hospital, or for securing any other Public Work, any Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary notwithstanding; but that instead of such Affidavits, Applications made as aforesaid may be in form of the Forms marked A. B. C. D. E. F. G. H. I. K. L. in the Schedule to this Act annexed, accompanied with such Estimates, Specifications, Maps, Plans, Sections or Elevations as are required by such Schedule to be annexed to such Applications respectively, shall, after having been previously taken into Consideration by the Magistrates assembled in Special Sessions in manner directed by this Act, be the only Authority for empowering any Grand Jury to make Petitioners for the Purposes stated in such such Applications respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful the every Magistrate of any County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County in Ireland, who shall be seized of a Freehold Estate or Estate, in Fee Simple or in Fee Tail, or for Life, of the annual Value of Three hundred Pounds at the least, situate in any Part of Ireland, or who shall be His Agent to any Person in Ireland, and for every Magistrate who shall be seized or possessed of a Leasehold Estate or Estate for Life, or for a Term of Years whereof not less than Twenty Years shall be unexpired, of the yearly Value of Five hundred Pounds at the least, situate in any Part of Ireland, or who being seized of a Leasehold Estate for Life, or being of such Value, shall be also possessed of a Leasehold Estate or Estate for a Term of Years as aforesaid, which, together with such Estate for Life shall amount to the clear yearly Value of Four hundred Pounds at the least, in any Part of Ireland; and for every Person possessed of the clear Sum of Ten thousand Pounds, over and above all his just Debts, and resident in the County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County, wherein he shall be a Magistrate, and for every Magistrate of any City and Liberties, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County, by virtue of the Charter or Charters incorporating the same; and where in any County of a City, or County of a Town incorporated by Charter, and consisting of a Chief Magistrate, Aldermen and Burgesses, there shall not be more than Three Magistrates, the Aldermen of the said Corporation shall be entitled to act as Magistrates for the Purposes of this Act; and for every Magistrate being a Rector or Vicar of any Rectory or Vicarage of the yearly Value of Three hundred Pounds, within the County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County, wherein he shall be a Magistrate; and for every Magistrate in any County, County of a City, or County of a Town, or City and County, really and lawfully residing therein, who shall be Agent to the Owner or Owners of any Estate or Estates therein of the annual Value of Six thousand Pounds for the Estate or Estates therein belonging to such Owner, amounting to the full annual Value, whether such Agent shall or shall not be seized or possessed as his own Right of any Estate, to assemble, and all such Magistrates are hereby required to assemble from time to time, and to hold a Special Session for the Purposes of this Act, in each Place and Places, and at each time and times, and dates and dates for such Sessions, shall Sessions, or other Portions of the County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County, for which they shall be Magistrates, as the Grand Jury of such County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County, shall from time to time have appointed for that purpose, pursuant to the Direction of this Act, by Petitioners at such Affairs accordingly providing.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the several Grand Juries at the several Summer Assizes next after the passing of this Act, and at every Spring and Summer Assizes following, in every County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County in Ireland, and they are hereby required to appoint, by Petitioners, certain Places within the respective Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns (not more than One or each Barony or Half Barony,) at which and the times when the Magistrates of such Counties, Counties of Cities, Counties of Towns and Cities and Counties, qualified as by this Act is directed, shall assemble in Special Sessions to be held previous to the next ensuing Assizes for such Counties, Counties of Cities, Counties of Towns, and Cities and Counties respectively, for taking into consideration all Applications which shall be made at such Sessions for any of the Purposes aforesaid, and also for examining all Accounts of the

Expenditure

No Affidavit
required for
authorizing
Petitioners.

Instead of
Affidavits, Ap-
plications are
to be made in
the Form here-
in mentioned.

Certain Magis-
trates, and qual-
ified as herein
mentioned, to
hold a Special
Sessions for the
Purposes of
this Act.

Places for
holding Special
Sessions to be
appointed by
Petitioners of
Grand Juries.

Expenditure of Money proposed for the Purposes aforesaid in manner directed by this Act; and that every Prothonotary appointing such Places shall likewise appoint and define the Portion of the County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County, for which all Applications for Prothonotaries therein are to be considered, and all Accounts of Expenditure therein to be examined, by the Magistrates in each such Place of holding such Sessions; and every Prothonotary appointing the time for such Magistrates to assemble at such Special Sessions, shall appoint their First Meeting preparatory to such Affairs to be held at the County Court House, and shall appoint each subsequent Meeting at other Places, to be held on such Days successively, as shall from time to time be given a Power of full Consideration to the Magistrates in Sessions at each Place, without unnecessary Delay, declaring how many Days the said Meeting may last in each Place; and it shall also be lawful for the Grand Jury at every such Session to direct, by Prothonotary, what Number of Copies of the Schedules of all Applications to be made at such Sessions shall be printed, and distributed by the Secretary to the Grand Jury, previous to the then next ensuing Affairs.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Magistrate shall, before he shall act, at any such Sessions, take and subscribe the Oath following, in open Court, in the Presence of any Two other Magistrates assembled at such Sessions, which Oath any one Magistrate is hereby authorized and required to administer: (that is to say),

I, A. B. of _____ do swear, That I am entitled of a Freehold Estate or Estates in Fee Simple (or, in Fee Tail, or as Trustee for Life) in Possession, of the several Value of _____ or that I am duly Appointed to C. D. who is entitled of such Estate in Fee Simple or Fee Tail, or that I am entitled of a Leasehold Estate for Life, or for a Term of Years, whereof not less than _____ Years are unexpired, of the several Value of _____ and that such Estate is situate in _____ [stating in what Part of Ireland the same is situated, and specifying the Name of the Estate or other Description of the Property], and that the said Estate or Estates are or are held *de jure* my Property (or the said may be) and are holden in Trust not conveyed for the Purposes of this Act (including the Title of this Act), or that I am entitled of a Leasehold Estate or Estates for Life, not being of such Value, and am also possessed of a Leasehold Estate or Estates for a Term of Years as aforesaid, which, together with such Estate or Estates for Life, are of the several Value of _____ and that such Estates are situate in _____ [stating in what Part of Ireland the same are situated in, and specifying the Name of the Estates or other Descriptions of the Property], or that I am possessed of a clear personal Property and above all my just Debts and Liabilities, partly of _____ and that I reside in the County, [County of the City, County of the Town, or City and County, or the City may be] or that I am a Magistrate of the City and Liberty, County of the City of _____ County of the Town, or City and County of _____ [or the said may be], by virtue of the Charter or Charters incorporating the same; or that I am Rector (or, Vicar) of the Rectory (or, Vicarage) of _____ within the County [or, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County, or the said may be] and which Rectory (or, Vicarage) is of the yearly Value of _____ or that I am Agent of the Owner of an Estate (or, Estates) in the County [or, County of the City, County of the Town, or City and County, or the said may be] of _____ wherein I am a Magistrate, of the several Value of _____ at least, belonging to such Owner, and that I really and lawfully do reside in this County, and that in the Execution of the said Act I will truly, faithfully and impartially do and perform all such Matters and Things as I am authorized and required to do by the said Act, without Fear, Affection, Hatred, Malice or ill Will, according to the best of my Judgment, upon the Information to be laid before me. So help me GOD.

And that such Magistrates shall preside as Chairman at every Meeting held under the Act, as the Majority of them present therein shall choose, and such Chairmen shall have a casting Voice in case of an Equality of Votes; and every Chairman so presiding shall and he is hereby required to deliver to the Secretary of the Grand Jury of the County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County respectively, a correct List, signed by himself, of the Names of all the Magistrates who shall have taken and subscribed such Oath at the Sessions where he had presided; and every such Secretary shall from time to time, without unreasonable Delay, deliver the said List, and all the Oaths to make and subscribe, to the acting Clerk of the Peace, to be by him preserved among the Records of the County.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Churchwardens of every Parish, and they are hereby required to appoint a Place for holding the Notices required by this Act, and such Appointment shall be promulgated by Advertisements on the Doors of every Place of public Worship within the said Parish, and in case that any Two Persons paying Grand Jury Geld within such Parish shall be designated with such Appointment, it shall and may be lawful for such Persons to require the Minister and Churchwardens of such Parish to convene a Vestry for the purpose of taking such Appointment into consideration, and such Vestry may either approve of such Appointment, or fix some other Place for such Purpose, as they shall think fit; and it shall and may be lawful for such Churchwardens to expend any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, for the purpose of preparing and fitting up the Place so appointed, which Sum shall be repaid by the Grand Jury of such County, to be paid to such Churchwardens, upon the same being accounted for in his manner as Public Monies are required to be accounted for by this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Expense of keeping such Place in Repair for the Purpose aforesaid shall be defrayed by such Parish, and shall be laid off the same by Act of Vestry, in like manner as parochial Cots in parishes may be levied.

VII. And be it further enacted, That a Notice in Writing of every Application intended to be submitted to Magistrates at Special Sessions to be holden for the Purposes of this Act shall be posted by or on behalf of the

Particulars as to containing such Prothonotary.

Magistrate before they act, to take the following Oath.

Chairman at Meetings to deliver to Secretary of Grand Jury a List of Magistrates taking Oath.

Places to be appointed for public Notices by Churchwardens.

Amount of Money to be expended by Churchwardens in keeping Places appointed.

Provision to keep such Places in repair.

Notice of Applications to Special Sessions.

the Person or Persons intending to make such Application in the Place appointed in manner aforesaid, within such Period wherein the Road or Work to which such Application shall relate is proposed to be executed, between the Hours of Nine and Twelve in the Forenoon on the Saturday next but one previous to the Day appointed for holding such Special Sessions.

Application and
Papers lodged
with Secretary
of Grand Jury.

Duty of Secre-
tary thereon.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Application, together with the Estimates, Specifications, Maps, Plans, Sections and Elevations severally annexed to the same, shall be lodged by the Parties by whom or on whose behalf such Applications shall be made with the Secretary of the Grand Jury, Ten Days at the least before the Day appointed by the Grand Jury for holding of the first Special Sessions, preparatory to the Spring or Summer Assizes respectively in each Year; and the said Secretary is hereby required to keep an Office open for the purpose of receiving such Applications, during Fifteen Days immediately preceding the Day such Notices are required to be lodged with the Secretary; and such Secretary shall, with all convenient Dispatch, after Receipt of such Applications, arrange and number the same to the left of his Hall and Judgments, according to the several Portions of the County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County, in which the Work applied for is proposed to be executed, and shall make an Abstract thereof, and an Index thereof, referring to the Numbers which he shall mark on each Application; and such Secretary shall, at every Sessions of Magistrates under this Act, lay before the Magistrates all the Applications and Estimates, and other Papers relating thereto respectively, which shall have been lodged with him, or delivered at his Office as aforesaid, respecting the Execution of any Work within the Porten of the County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County for which such Sessions shall be held, together with the Abstract thereof and Index thereof.

Compliance
with the above
Directions in the
Execution here
by Special
Sessions.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Magistrates to be assembled in such Special Sessions, There at least always being present, and they are hereby authorised, empowered and required to examine into the polling or serving of the Notices of Applications, and the lodging of all such Applications, and the Estimates, Plans and other Papers required, with the Secretary of the Grand Jury, as directed by this Act, or the Delivery of any Maps, Plans, Sections or Elevations to the Treasurers of the County, and also to examine every Person making or signing any Application, or any Estimate, Specification, Map, Plan, Section or Elevation in respect thereto, and every other Person whom such Magistrates shall think a proper or requisite to examine; and in case of the Death or necessary Absence, by Sickness or other Casualty, of any Person who shall have made and signed any Application, Estimate, Map, Plan, Section or Elevation, to examine into the Proof of his having made and signed the same; and all Persons previous to being so examined shall be sworn in open Court to make true Answers to all such Questions as shall be asked of them, touching any such Application, or the polling or serving Notices, or the lodging or delivering the same with the Secretary to the Grand Jury, or the Treasurers of the County, or respecting the proposed Work for which the said Application shall be made, and the Just of every Oath or Affidavit made by any Person so examined shall be signed by the Chairman and One other of the Magistrates present at such Sessions; and it shall be lawful for any Person paying County Cels, and desirous of Information respecting the Particulars of such proposed Work, to examine, with the Approbation of the Court, such Persons as have signed and sworn to such Applications; and the said Magistrates to be assembled shall, after such Examination, proceed to consider every such Application, and every such Application which shall be approved of by the Majority of the Magistrates at such Sessions, not less than Three being present, shall be signed by the Chairman, with the Word "approved," and such of the said Applications which shall be disapproved, shall be signed by the Chairman, with the Word "disapproved," together with the Cause of such Disapprobation; and if such Disapprobation should arise from the proposed Estimate being considered too high, then the Chairman shall mark on the Back of the Application what Estimate the Majority of the Bench of Magistrates should consider sufficient for executing the proposed Work; and the said Chairman shall deliver all such Applications, whether approved or disapproved, with the several Estimates and all other Papers relating thereto, to the Secretary of the Grand Jury, to be by him laid before the Grand Jury at such next ensuing Assizes.

Secretary of
Grand Jury to
prepare Schedules
of Applications, and
cause Copies to be
printed and
distributed to
Magistrates and
Persons com-
petent to the
Grand Panel;

X. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Grand Jury shall without Delay make and prepare Schedules of the Contents of all Applications delivered to him by the Chairman of the Magistrates at such Sessions, including, in separate Schedules, the Amount of the several Sums proposed by such Applications to be charged and raised on the County at large, and upon each Barony and Half Barony, and specifying the Amount of the Charge which the said Sums, so applied for to be raised on the County at large, would, if perfected, occasion on each Barony or Half Barony, particularly separately the Charge arising from the Pavements on the Barony or Half Barony, and the Proportion of the Sum to be raised on the Barony or Half Barony in consequence of the Charge on the County at large, and numbering the Applications in each Schedule in alphabetical Progression, beginning with Number One, and commencing by the Words "approved" or "disapproved" shewing the Opinion of the Magistrates on each Application; and such Secretary shall forthwith cause a Number of Copies of such Schedules to be printed and distributed before the next ensuing Assizes, among the several Magistrates, and such other Persons as usually compose the Grand Panel of the County, County of a City, or County of a Town, to which such Secretary belongs, not exceeding such Number as shall have been authorised and directed by the Grand Jury at the Assizes immediately preceding, according to the Directions of this Act; and the said Secretary shall, on the Day when the Grand Jury shall be sworn at such ensuing Assizes, deliver One Copy of the said Schedules, together with the several Applications, Estimates, Plans and other Papers and Returns annexed to each Application, to the Foreman of the Grand Jury, and shall also deliver another Copy of the said Schedules to the Judge of Assizes, and the said Secretary shall keep another Copy of the said Schedules in his Office

and deliver a
Copy thereof,
to be in Possession
of Grand Jury
master to
Judge of As-
sises, and keep

for

for the Satisfaction of the Public, during Four complete Days at least immediately before the Consistory Day of each Affixes. —

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Grand Jury at each Affixes shall cause all Petitioners which they shall make upon the Applications to laid before them, to be numbered agreeable to the Numbers in the said Schedules thereof; and it shall be lawful for each Grand Jury so make a Petitioners to any Application to laid before them, although such Application may have been disapproved of by the Magistrates before whom it was laid; or to refuse to make a Petitioners, or any Application to laid before them, although such Application may have been approved or disapproved of by the Magistrates before whom it was laid; and also to perfect any smaller Sum to be expended, or any less Number of Perches to be made, or at a smaller Rate by the Parish, than may be proposed or required by such Application, or to perfect a Part only of such Sum, at their Discretion.

XII. And be it further enacted, That no Petitioners for the granting of which a previous Application is required by this Act to be made to a Special Sessions, shall be made or taken into consideration by the Grand Jury, nor shall be laid by the Court at any Affixes for any County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County, unless the Application for such proposed Petitioners shall be entered in some One of such Schedules, other than and except such Petitioners only as are hereinafter specially provided for.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Person who shall have signed any Application, Affidavit, Specification, Map or Plan or Session in pursuance of this Act, shall happen to die before the Special Sessions at which it may have been intended that the same should be taken into consideration, or shall be prevented by Sickness or unavoidable Necessity from appearing at such Sessions, it shall be lawful for the Magistrates aforesaid there to examine upon Oath, in open Court, any other Person or Persons who shall appear before them, for the Purpose relative to the Matters contained in such Application, or in any of the said Papers, satisfactory Proof being left given that the Person or Persons who had signed any of them is dead, or that he has been prevented by Sickness or unavoidable Necessity from appearing before them; and the Grand Jury may make Petitioners on any Application delivered by the Magistrates (after such Examinations) to their Secretary; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act or any other Act contained, shall prevent any Grand Jury from making any Petitioners for the immediate Repair of such Breaches as may happen in the Winter Season in any Mail Coach Road, or Post Road under the Provisions of an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for improving and keeping in Repair the Post Roads of the Kingdom*, nor to prevent any Grand Jury from making any Petitioners for Payment, in pursuance of any Contract entered into for the Repair of Roads, under the Provisions of any Laws in force at the time of such Contract being made, nor to prevent any Grand Jury from making any Petitioners of any Sum to be raised for any Purpose, where no previous Application by Affidavit or otherwise, is required by any Law in force in Ireland, nor from making any Petitioners for Payment of any Money expended by Order of a Justice of the Peace, for repairing any sudden Breach in any Bridge or Road, pursuant to the Provisions of an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the Amendment of Public Roads, for directing the Power of Grand Jurors respecting Petitioners, and for repealing several Laws heretofore made for that Purpose*; but it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury to make any such Petitioners in any of the Cases aforesaid, as if this Act had not been had or made; any thing in this Act, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XV. And Whereas much Inconvenience may arise from Grand Jurors not having the Power to perfect or certain Sums for the Repair of sudden Breaches in Roads, Bridges, Gallies and Walls, which may have occurred previous to the Affixes at which such Grand Jury may be assembled, and subsequent to the last Special Sessions held under the Provisions of this Act; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury to perfect such Sums or Sums (not exceeding Ten Pounds) as may appear to them necessary to repair such Breach or Breaches: Provided always, that the Existence of such Breaches, and the Necessity of their immediate Repair, may be satisfactorily proved before such Grand Jury upon Oath, and that such Applications shall be made in One of the Forms of the Schedules annexed to this Act: Provided also, that in all Cases where Money may be thus perfected, it shall be accounted for under the several Provisions of this Act.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every Person intending to account at any Affixes for the Expence of any Money expended for the making or repairing, or widening or improving any Road or Foot-path, or lowering any Hill, or filling any Hollow as any cutting or inclosed Road, or for building, repairing, altering, widening or extending any Bridge, Pipe, Sewer or Gallie thereon, or for banking or raising any Wall or Part of a Wall necessary to the Support of any Road, or for preventing any Steep Banks of Earth from falling upon it, or for erecting any Fence or Railway or Wall for the Protection of Travellers from any dangerous Precipices or Holes, or for filling any Ditches, or making any Fences or Dams, or for building, altering, repairing or enlarging any Court House, Sessions House, Workhouse, House of Correction, Goal, County Infirmary or Hospital, or for executing any other Public Work, shall cause a Notice of his Intention of so accounting to be posted at the Place appointed aforesaid, within such Parish, in the Place where the Work to be accounted for, or any Part thereof, has been performed to be executed; and if there be no Market House, Church, Chapel or other Place of Public Worship in such Parish, then on any conspicuous or usual Place therein for posting Notices, between the Hours of Nine and Twelve in the Forenoon on the Saturday

previous to his Office for Inspection.

Provisioners to be numbered by Grand Jury, who may make the same, although Application disapproved, or may refuse to make the same.

Provisioners not to be made or taken into consideration by Grand Jury, unless the Application is entered in Schedules.

In case of Death, Sickness, &c. of Person signing Application, other Person to be examined.

Persons for Petitioners for the immediate Repair of Post Roads.

20 G. 3. c. 13. (1.)

Grand Jurors may perfect Sums not exceeding ten Pounds for Repair of sudden Breaches in Roads and Bridges before Affixes are held.

Notice to be given of accounting for Expence of Money expended for various works mentioned.

Where Notice to be posted.

1811.

Copy to be delivered to Grand Jury, who is to put the same.

Secretary to make Schedule of Writings.

Persons accounting to attend Special Sessions, and be sworn.

Proceedings as to allowing and disallowing Accounts.

Affidavit of Expenditure may be returned by Person paying Cash.

Writings and Re-examination.

Court may try the Truth of Affidavit by a Jury.

Cash.

Protestants not paid until Treasures decided.

Act G. 3. c. 64.
§ 2.

Protestants not accounted for at Summer Sessions, may be accounted for at Special Sessions.

Accounts dis- puted and required on Re-examination.

Allowance of Accounts not paid.

Money not expended agreeable to Provision, must, and re-

ment but One before the Day appointed by the Grand Jury for the holding of the first Special Sessions, preparatory to the Spring or Summer Affices respectively in each Year; and each Person shall also make a Copy of such Notice to be delivered to the Secretary of the Grand Jury, at or before the time when the same shall be so posted; and each Secretary shall make a Copy of every such Notice, and shall make the same to be posted without delay on the Door of the Court House of the County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County, at which such Affices are to be holden.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary to the Grand Jury shall make a Schedule of all such Notices, and shall annex to each the Number assigned to the Queen Bench to the corresponding Quare which the Person accordingly proposes that his Account shall discharge; and every Person so declaring his Intention to account, shall attend the ensuing Special Sessions, to be holden for the Purposes of the Act, for the Portion of the County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County, wherein the Work for which he proposes to account has been executed, with his Account drawn up as near as may be to the Form appropriated thereto in the Schedule annexed to this Act, and signed by himself; and each Person shall be sworn to the Truth of the said Account, by any Magistrate at the said Sessions, in open Court; and each Account shall be examined in open Court by the Magistrates at such Sessions, and on every Account approved by them, the Word "allowed" shall be interlined, attested by the Chairman and One other Magistrate; and on every Account not approved of by them, the Word "disallowed" shall be interlined, and the Reason of such Disallowance, and a Note of or Reference to the Items in the Account which may have needed such Disallowance, shall be interlined thereon or underlined thereon, attested in like manner; and all such Accounts, Affidavits, Papers and Applications, shall be delivered without delay by the sitting Clerk of the Peace to the Secretary of the Grand Jury, to be by him laid before the Grand Jury at the then next Affices, and the same shall be there proceeded on by the Grand Jury, with full Powers and Authorities, and in such manner as may or is provided respecting the same, by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland for that Purpose.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person paying Cds to appear at any Affices or Special Sessions, to be holden within each County in Ireland respectively, and to offer to controvert the Truth of any Accounting Affidavit then produced, on the Ground of the Infallibility of the Execution of the Work, or the undue or Non-Expenditure of the Money to which such Affidavit shall relate; provided that the Person offering to so controvert the Truth of such Affidavit as aforesaid, shall give Notice in Writing of his Intention to do so to the accounting Overseer, before the First Day of such Affices or Sessions, and shall at the same time that he makes the Objection enter into a Recognisance before a Magistrate, in the Amount of the Sum of Five to have been expended, conditioned for his Appearance at the next Affices, or at the next General Sessions of the Peace (as the case may be), for such District in which said Protestment was granted; and it shall be lawful for the Court, at such Affices or General Sessions (as the case may be), and they are hereby required to try the Truth of such Affidavit by a Jury, in the same manner as any Taverie within the Jurisdiction of such Court ought to be tried; and in case the Truth of such Fact or Facts shall be found, the Accounting Affidavit shall be disallowed accordingly; and it shall not be lawful for the Clerks of the Crown or Clerks of the Peace, or any other Person, to take or receive upon such Taverie any Fee for or in respect of any such Taverie; and it shall be lawful for the Court, before such Trial shall be had, to give such Costs either to the Party controverting such Affidavit or to the accounting Overseer, as such Court shall in either Case think fit and reasonable.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the Treasurer of the County to pay the Amount of any Protestment, the accounting for the Expenditure whereof shall be overruled, until the Taverie shall be withdrawn, or Judgment shall be given for the Defendant on the Trial thereof.

XX. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to amend the Law respecting the accounting for Money professed in Ireland for the making, repairing, rebuilding, or joining of Public Roads, and the building and repairing of Bridges, Pipes or Gallies*, it is enacted, that all Expenditure relating to any Protestment not accounted for at the Summer Affices, may be accounted for at such General Sessions of the Peace to be held in October in every Year, as the Grand Jury at the Summer Affices shall fix on; Be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for every Grand Jury, at every Summer Affices, to appoint a Special Sessions to be held in manner prescribed by the Act, by Magistrates qualified according to the Directions of this Act, in the County Court House, on the Month of October subsequent to the General Sessions of the Peace in the said Month; and the Expenditure on such Protestments as shall not have been accounted for at the Summer Affices, may be accounted for at such Special Sessions, before the Magistrates there present, in the Form and Manner under the Provisions and Regulations by the Act prescribed respecting the Mode of accounting at Special Sessions of the Peace for Money professed; and that the Account of any Person may be deposted and reported on Recognisance in like manner as such Special Sessions as is provided by the said recited Act to be done at the General Sessions of the Peace in October; and that it shall be lawful for the Treasurer of the County, and he is hereby required to pay all Money whereof the Account shall be approved of at such Sessions, and the Allowance thereof certified by the Attestations of the Chairman and of One other Magistrate, in like manner as if the Affidavit accounting for the same had been allowed by the Grand Jury and the Court in an Affices, in manner required by this Act; and the Charges on all such Protestments shall be respectively discharged or disallowed, or allowed, in manner required and directed by the said recited Act, according to the Conditions, Restrictions and Provisions contained in the said recited Act.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That whenever and so often as it shall happen that any Sum of Money heretofore professed, or hereafter to be professed, to be raised off any County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County, or any Barony or Half Barony, shall not be expended agreeable to such Pro-

testment,

presented, and accounted for within the Space of Two Years next after such Parliament shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of such County, County of a City, County of a Town, or City and County, and they are hereby required, agree to present such Sums of Money to be applied to such Purposes, and in like manner to present any Sum which may be made on any Parliament, to be expended upon some other Work within the Barony or Half Barony upon which the former Sum or such Sum was so presented to be raised, or within the County, if raised on the County at large: Provided always, that where such Sums are presented to be raised by Inhabitants for erecting any Public Work, it shall not be representative on the Grand Jury agree to present such Sums for other Purposes in manner aforesaid.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Proclamations made, or Money to be levied, accounted for or paid, under or in consequence of any Act or Acts in force as *Inclosed* at any time before the passing of this Act, shall be levied, accounted for and paid in manner provided by the Acts in force at the time when such Proclamations were made, or subject to the Rules, Regulations and Provisions contained in the said Acts or in the Act respectively.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury at any Assizes to present, to be raised off the County at large, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Rate of Five Pounds for each Place wherein Special Sessions shall have been holden previous to such Assizes for the Purposes of this Act, as an Allowance or Remuneration to the Secretary of the Grand Jury for his Attendance at such Sessions, and for his performing and executing the Duties required by this Act to be performed by him.

XXIV. Be it further enacted, That all Affidavits required from Contractors shall be submitted to and sworn before Magistrates at the Special Sessions under this Act; and an Application shall be made for any Proclamation for any Salary or Remuneration to any Person at any Assizes which might have been applied and procured for at any previous Assizes, under the Power making such Application shall make an Affidavit, stating some Reasons satisfactory to the Grand Jury why such Application was not made at such previous Assizes; and if it shall happen that any Application for any Salary or Remuneration shall be refused or refused by any Grand Jury at any Assizes, on account of any Neglect or Misconduct in Office of the Party making such Application, it shall not be lawful for any Grand Jury, at any subsequent Assizes, to make any Proclamation for any such Salary or Remuneration, in respect of any Period previous to the Assizes at which such Application was refused or refused.

XXV. And be it further enacted and declared, That the Oath taken by Grand Jurors in *Ireland*, in such Manner and Form as hath heretofore been practised according to Law, at the several Assizes in *Ireland*, shall not at any time after the passing of this Act, extend or relate, or be construed or taken to extend or relate, to any of the Duties of Grand Jurors connected with Proclamations for the Execution of Public Works.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Grand Juror, immediately after being sworn before the Judge of Assizes, in such Manner and Form as hath heretofore been practised according to Law, at the several Assizes in *Ireland*, shall in open Court at such Assizes also take the Oath following: (that is to say),

“**Y**OU shall diligently inquire, on behalf of the County [or, County of the City, County of the Town, or City and County] of _____ and true Proclamations made of all such Matters and Things as shall be lawfully given to you in charge, or as shall come before you in anywise relating to the raising of any Money upon the said County [or, County of City, County of Town, or City and County] of _____ or upon any Barony, Half Barony or Parish therein, or relating to the Expensiture of any such Money; you shall not pretend nor allow nor disallow any Matter or Thing through Fear, Malice or Envy, nor through Fear, Favour or Affection.”

So help you GOD.”

And it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury to disclose any Evidence, or other Matter or Thing whatsoever, relative to the making or raising of any such Proclamation, or relative to the Expensiture of any Money raised by Proclamations.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Person who shall be Treasurer of the County, or Secretary of the Grand Jury, or Chief Constable, or Collector of any Barony, or Clerk of the Crown, or Clerk of the Peace, to have upon the Grand Jury at any Assizes for the County, County of a City, County of a Town or City and County in *Ireland*, whereas he shall hold such Office; any Livery, Office or Calicoe to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every High Constable, or other Collector of Money levied by Grand Jury Proclamations, shall make a Return on the First Day of such Assizes to the Treasurer of the County, containing a Schedule of the Names of the Townlands within the Barony for which he is Collector, and of the Inhabitants within the same, who shall have been affixed towards the Payment of the County Cels of the previous Assizes, and of the Sums respectively affixed on and paid by each Individual, and listing the Amount, if any, which shall be due by each Individual; and that on the Receipt of such Return by the Treasurer, the said Treasurer shall immediately lay the same before the Grand Jury.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That any Person who is any Affidavit, or in any Examination on Oath, required to be made or laid under this Act, shall swear faithfully, shall be subject and liable to all such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as may be inflicted on wilful and corrupt Perjury by the Laws in force in *Ireland*; and that in all Cases where an Oath or Affidavit is required or authorized to be administered, or made by this Act, the Affirmation of the Party, if such Affirmation be received in a Court of Law in lieu of an Oath, shall be of equal Validity and Effect, and equally subject him to the Provisions of this Act, as if he had taken or sworn an Affidavit under the Provision of this Act.

account for within Three Years, to be again presented for other Works within the Barony.

Proclamations were made to be accounted for under Acts in force.

Allowance to Secretary of Grand Jury.

Affidavits from Contractors sworn before Special Sessions.

Proclamations for Salaries in certain Cases not allowed.

Grand Jurors present their Oath not to extend to Proclamations for public Works. Oath of Grand Jurors.

Grand Jurors may disclose Evidence, &c.

Treasurer of County, &c. not to serve on Grand Jurors.

High Constables and Collectors to make Returns.

to be laid before Grand Jury.

Faithfully swearing Perjury.

Protestments may be made for procuring Testimony for this Act.

Applications and Accounts to be made on Stamp.

Amount of Stamp, Expenses of Estimates, &c. may be added to Protestments.

How tested.

Superior not to act under 47 G. 3. c. 15. until Money expended and accounted for.

Money not to be paid unless Expenditure accounted for.

Affidavit by Supervisor of his Qualification, &c.

Superior may remove Deputy.

On Death of Supervisor, his Heir or Executor may make Affidavit.

Protestments may be made at next Summer Assizes.

Grand Jurors may present for Inspection Statute advanced by Order of Lord Lieutenant.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where upon any Affidavit for supporting any Application for any Profection, or for authenticating any Minutes, or other Matters or Thing relating to such Application, according to the Direction of this Act, or for accounting for Public Money, it shall appear to the Grand Jury that the Perfon or Persons making such Affidavits has or have been guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury to make such Profection for defraying the Profection of such Delinquent, as to them may seem fitting and expedient.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That every Application or Account which shall be made and delivered under the Direction of this Act, shall be upon Paper stamped with the Stamp required by any Act or Acts in force relating to the Stamp Duties of Ireland, as be imposed upon an Affidavit or Affidavits for the purpose of procuring thereon any Profection of any Grand Jury, or for raising Money for Repair of Roads, or for any other Public Purpose, or for accounting for any Public Money, or discharging Quoties on Protestments, according to the Amount of the Money required to be presented and raised or accounted for, for the Road or Work specified in any such Application, or in any such Account respectively.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for every Grand Jury to add to the Sum they shall prefer to be raised towards the Execution of any Work applied for pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, a Sum equal to the Amount of the Stamp Duty upon such Applications, and also upon the Affidavits which are to account for the same, to be raised in like manner, and paid to the Perfon accounting, for his own Reimbursement and that of the Perfon or Persons who shall have made the Application; and also to prefer such reasonable Sums not exceeding what shall be fixed in the Estimates annexed to any Application respecting a new Road or any Work which shall be preferred to be raised on the County at large, as they shall think proper, to pay the Expenses incurred or to be incurred in procuring the Estimates, Specifications, Maps, Plans, Sections or Elevations required by this Act to be annexed to the Applications, and also for the Expenses of the Persons signing such Maps, Plans, Sections or Elevations, in attending the Special Sessions, such Sums as the Justices at the same shall appoint and certify for such Attendance; all which Sums shall be levied in like manner as other Sums to be raised under Profection shall be levied and paid to the Perfon or Persons accounting for the same, in trust for the Perfon or Persons who shall severally have signed the Applications and such other Papers.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Perfon shall be appointed to an Act, nor shall he act as a Supervisor under the Provision of an Act passed in the forty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Regency, entitled *An Act for amending the High Road Acts*, for any Part of any Road, for the Repair of which any Money shall be granted by Profection, until such Money shall be expended and accounted for.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Money which shall be expended after the passing of this Act, shall be paid by the County Treasurer to any such Supervisor, unless it shall be accounted for by the Deputy or Deputies, in the manner that all Money preferred for the Repair of Roads is to be accounted for, except as to the Form of the Affidavit under this Act: Provided always, that such Supervisor shall first make Affidavit before a Magistrate, which any Magistrate is hereby empowered to take, that he has or had at the time of the Expenditure of such Money, a Freehold or Leasehold Estate (as the case may be) of not less than Five hundred Pounds yearly Value, situate where such Estate is situate, and also that he has examined the Work, and that it is properly executed, to the best of his Judgment, and that he believes the Money has been fairly, properly and honestly expended; and that it shall be lawful for every Supervisor to remove any Perfon whom he shall appoint to be a Deputy, and to appoint another Perfon in his stead, from time to time, and as often as he shall think proper.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That in case of the Death of any Supervisor, an Affidavit made to the Purposes and Effect, and in manner prescribed by any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, to be made by such Supervisor, by the Heir or Executor of such Supervisor, together with the Certificate of a Magistrate, that he has viewed the Work, and that it is properly executed, to the best of his Judgment, and that he believes the Money given to be by the Deputy or Deputies has been fairly, honestly and properly expended thereon, shall be of equal Effect for the purpose of such Account under this Act, as the Affidavit of the Supervisor would have been had he been to make it.

XXXVI. And Whereas the said and several Profections for the Repair and Improvement of the Public Roads have not been made in several Counties in Ireland at the late Spring Assizes, and it shall be prejudicial to the Roads, and occasion great additional future Expense to the Counties, if the like Omission should happen at the ensuing Summer Assizes: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jurors of the several Counties and Cities, Counties of Towns, and Cities and Counties in Ireland, at the Summer Assizes which shall be holden in the previous Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, to make, and for the Court to sit Profections for repairing any Road, repairing any Bridge, Gullet or Wall, in such Form and Manner, and under and subject to such Powers, Provisions and Regulations as are contained in the several Acts of Parliament for that Purpose, which were in force in Ireland at the Summer Assizes in the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, in all Cases where Applications for or in respect of any such Profections shall not have been made to the Magistrates, appointed at the Quarter Sessions holden in April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, or at any other subsequent time previous to such Summer Assizes, or shall not have been considered by them and approved or disapproved of; any thing in this Act or in any other Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to limit the Authority of Grand Jurors, in making any Profection or any Affairs for the Repairment of any Monies advanced by Order of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, pursuant to Powers vested in him by Law.

XXXVIII. And

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to affect or alter any Clauses, Powers or Privileges contained in any Special Act or Acts of Parliament, relating particularly to the Election or Maintenance of any Court House, Sessions House or County House, or to any Gaol or Prison, or to any County, or County of a City, or County of a Town in Ireland.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act to provide for the more deliberate Investigation of Petitioners, to be made by Grand Juries for Roads and Public Works in Ireland; and for accounting for Money raised by such Petitioners*, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the same is hereby repealed, except in far as relates to any Petitioners to be made at the Sessions of the Assizes One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, upon an Application made pursuant to the said repealed Act; and also except so far as the said Act respects an Act, passed in the Fifty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to provide for the more deliberate Investigation of Petitioners, to be made by Grand Juries for Roads and Public Works in Ireland; and for accounting for Money raised by such Petitioners*.

XL. And be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to the County of Dublin, or to the County of the City of Dublin, except only in far as is hereinafter expressly enacted and provided by this Act; and that nothing in this Act contained shall alter or repeal, or be construed to alter or repeal, any Special Act relating to the manner of petitioning or accounting in any other County, or County of a City, or County of a Town in Ireland.

XLi. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for making, mending and repairing Public Roads in the County of Dublin, and for repealing Parts of several Acts formerly made for that Purpose*; it is enacted, that every Affidavit so granted a Petitioners, or to account for Work done, shall be lodged with the Secretary of the Grand Jury, Four Days at least before the First Sitting Day of each petitioning Term: And Whereas it would be of great Benefit and Advantage to the said County of Dublin, that the said Affidavits should be lodged with the acting Secretary of the Grand Jury of the said County, in many Days previous to the First Sitting Day of each petitioning Term, that Schedules of such Affidavits might be prepared and printed for Delivery to Magistrates and others previous to such Terms: Be it therefore enacted, That all Affidavits for Petitioners for forming, levelling, mending, draining, widening, making, repairing or otherwise improving any Road in the County of Dublin, and for the building, repairing or otherwise improving any Bridge, Sillion House, Gaol or other Public Work in the County, shall be lodged Thirty Days at least before the First Sitting Day of each petitioning Term, with the acting Secretary of the Grand Jury of the said County; and such Secretary is hereby required to keep an Office open for the purpose, and forthwith, after the Receipt of such Affidavits, to cause Schedules of such Affidavits to be prepared and printed, and to be ready for Delivery at his Office Twenty one clear Days before the First Sitting Day of each petitioning Term, to such Magistrates and Landholders in the said County of Dublin as may apply for the same: provided that the Number to be so printed shall not exceed Fifty for each Barony in the said County of Dublin (the Barons of *Sanc Ispidreus* and *Sancur* excepted); and that the said Secretary shall, Fifteen Days before the First Sitting Day of each petitioning Term, deliver over the several Affidavits which shall have been so lodged with him previous to each petitioning Term, pursuant to this Act, to the Inspector of the Public Accounts of the County of Dublin for the time being, or in his Absence to such Person as the said Inspector shall depute to receive the Affidavits from the said Secretary, for whom the said Inspector shall be answerable; and the said Inspector shall personally attend at the Court of King's Bench on the First Sitting Day of each petitioning Term, if not prevented by Sickness or unavoidable Accidents, and if so prevented, shall depute and send in his Place a Person for whom he shall be answerable, and shall then and there lay before the said Grand Jury his Report and Observations in Writing upon the several Affidavits and Accounts annexed thereto, which shall have been so delivered over to him previous to such petitioning Term by the said Secretary, or which shall have been delivered over to such Person as he the said Inspector shall have deputed to receive the same pursuant to this Act.

XLii. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of the said County of Dublin, and they are hereby authorized and required, at each petitioning Term for the said County, to print such Sum or Name as shall be necessary for defraying the Expence of preparing and printing the said Schedules: Provided always, that an Affidavit of the Printer, stating his Charge to be asked and reasonable, be first laid before the said Grand Jury at each petitioning Term; and that at each Petitionment for the preparing such Schedules and printing of such Copies shall be made, which such printed Copies were ready for Delivery at the Office of the Secretary Twenty one clear Days before the First Sitting Day of the Term at which such Petitionment shall be applied for.

XLiii. And Whereas the Town and Liberties of *Kingsale*, in the County of Cork, are neither a Barony, or Half Barony, Part of a Barony, or a County of a Town, and therefore, under the Laws now in Force, no Money can be raised by the Grand Jury of the County of Cork for the making or repairing Roads within such Liberties, to the great Inconvenience of the Inhabitants of said Town and Liberties: Be it enacted, That the said Town and Liberties of *Kingsale* shall be constituted an additional Barony of the County of Cork, and that it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury of the said County, at every Assize, to grant Petitionments as in the Case of other Barons, and to collect the Amount of the same to be asked and levied upon the Town and Liberties of *Kingsale* as a Barony: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to interfere with the Police Sessions or Privileges established by Charter as the said Town and Liberties of *Kingsale*.

Provisional Special Acts for the Court House, &c. in Dublin, &c.

§ 6. p. 1. 429. repealed.

except as to the Grand Jury of 17 9. p. 1. 117.

Proviso for the County and City of Dublin, &c.

§ 6. p. 1. 121

Affidavits for Petitioners for County of Dublin to be lodged with Secretary of Grand Jury in County of Dublin.

Act to cause Schedules of such Affidavits to be prepared for delivery, and to deliver Affidavits to Inspector of Public Accounts, &c.

who is in respect to Grand Jury.

Provisions for printing Schedules. Affidavit of Printer that Charge is reasonable. Proviso.

Summe recommended as additional Barony of County of Cork.

Proviso the Grand Jury presenting Money for Bridges already certified for, viz., the Act.

XLIIV. Provided always, and he it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to prevent any Grand Jury from presenting Money for building or completing any Bridge, which shall have been certified for a road to prevent any Grand Jury from completing any new Line of Road, which shall be Law in force before the passing of this Act: Provided always, that all such Sums of Money as shall be so presented, shall be accounted for under the Provisions of the Act.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

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Repairing Road :

- B. { Form of Application.
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Building, repairing or repairing Scaffs Houses, Guard Houses, Workhouses, Houses of Correction, County Infirmary, Hospitals or other public Buildings :

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Filling Drains or Trenches :

- G. { Form of Application.
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Graveling Banks in defaced Roads through Bays from Drains on the Sides thereof :

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Making, widening or deepening Drains on the Sides of Roads through Bays :

- K. { Form of Application.
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- L. { Form of Application for crossing Mile Stones or Finger Posts.
Form of Accounting Affidavit for crossing Mile Stones or Finger Posts.

Note—Every Application, Estimate, Specification, Map or Plan, Section and Elevation, to be made, must be signed by the Persons making them respectively.

SCHIE-

The Plan is to delineate the present Breadth of the Road, and the Breadth to which it is to be widened, marking distinctly the Sides of the Road on which the Widening is proposed to take place, and it is to be of a sufficient Scale to show the same distinctly.

Form of Accounting Affidavit for widening Roads.

County of } WHEREAS the Sum of was expended at A. B. C. in the Year
to be expended in widening and making Fences to [as the case may be]
Perches of the Road from to between and
all in the Burrow or Half Burrow of in the County of to the Width
of Feet in the clear: Now I do swear, That I have faithfully and honestly
expended the Sum of in widening and making Fences to [as the case may be]
Perches of the said Road, and that every Part of the said Perches is now effectually widened
to the Width aforesaid, and is safe and level throughout the Whole of the said Width, and every Part thereof,
for Carriages to pass and repass on; and that the Bank of every Part of said Road, where there is a Grille
therein, is turned to the Road, and the Grapes to the Field Side: and that the annexed Account is true in every
Part, and contains the Whole of the Expenditure of the said Sum of ; and that every Part of
the said Work was finished on the Day of ; but if any Part of the Road
passes through a Tract of Bog, the Words following may be inserted after the Words pass and repass on,
"except Perches thereof, which pass through a Tract of Bog."

SCHEDULE D.

Form of Application for making or repairing Footpaths.

County of } A. B. of and C. D. of do certify, That the Sum
of is necessary to make [or, repair, as the case may be]
Perches of a Footpath on the Road or new inclosed Road [or, within the Side of the Ditch along the Side of
such Road, as the case may be] from to between and
and all in the Burrow or Half Burrow of in this County, being in the
Rate of [as the law is in force] per Perch, for making and for repair-
ing] by the Perch; and that the said Sum is a fair and reasonable Charge, to the best of our
Judgment, according to the Specification annexed.

The Specification is to state the Materials proposed to be used, and how much of the Footpath is to be new
formed or called [as the case may be].

Form of Accounting Affidavit for making or repairing a Footpath.

County of } WHEREAS the Sum of was expended at A. B. C. in
the Year to be expended in making or repairing [as the case may be]
Perches of a Footpath on the Road or new inclosed Road [within the Side of the Ditch along the Side of such
Road, as the case may be] from to between and
and all in the Burrow or Half Burrow of in this County: Now I
do swear, That I have faithfully and honestly expended the Sum of in making
or repairing [as the case may be] Perches of a Footpath on the said Road, and that the annexed
Account is true in every Part, and contains the Whole of the Expenditure of the said Sum of
; and that every Part of the said Work was finished on the Day of .

SCHEDULE E. c.

Form of Application for lowering a Hill or filling a Hollow, or both, as the case may be.

County of } A. B. of and C. D. of do certify, That they have lately viewed
a Hill or Hollow, [or both, as the case may be] in the Township of in the
County, on the Road from the Market Town of to the Market Town of and
they are of opinion that it would contribute to the Ease and Convenience of Carriages travelling the said Road
to lower such Hill, or fill up such Hollow [or both, as the case may be]; and that the said Road cannot, in their
Opinion, be conveniently changed to avoid such Hill or Hollow [as the case may be] without incurring a greater
Expense, or causing a considerable Increase of Length in the said Road; and that they have caused E. F.,
whom they believe to be a competent Person skilled in such Work, to make the Map and Section thereof hereto
annexed, and to estimate and make a Specification of the same; and that, in their Opinion, the Estimate and
Specification are fair and reasonable, and his Plan and Section proper.

The Estimate is to state the Sum required, and the Number of Cubic Yards to be moved, and the Price per
Cubic Yard.

The Specification is to state the Nature of Substances, whether Clay, Mould, Sand, flint or rotten Stone or
Gravel, which is to be moved, and to or from what average Distance; whether the same will afford good
Materials for graveling or raising the Parts of the Road which shall be lowered or filled, and the general Price
of Labour, and of a working or efficient Bullock, and of Cart, Dray, or Cart, in the Neighbourhood.

The

The Plan and Section must show the Length of the Road which is to be lowered or filled, the Inclination of the present Surface and of the future proposed Surface, and the Amount of perpendicular Akeret or Defect proposed to be raised, and the Breadth that is proposed for the Road to be of when lowered or filled.

Form of Accounting Affidavits for lowering a Hill or filling a Hollow, or both.

County of } WHEREAS the Sum of was perfected at Affidavits, in the Year
do } to be expended in lowering a Hill or filling a Hollow (or both, as the case may be) in the Township of in this County, on the Road from the Market Town of to the Market Town of Now I do swear, That I have faithfully and honestly expended the Sum of in executing the said Work, and that the same is done pursuant to the said Parliament; and that the aforesaid Account is true in every Part, and contains the Whole of the Expenditure of the said Sum of ; and that every Part of the said Work was finished on the Day of 18 18 18

SCHEDULE E. a.

Form of Application for graveling a Road over a Hill lowered, or a Hollow filled.

County of } A. B. of and C. D. of do certify, That they have viewed
do } a Hill or Hollow (or both, as the case may be) in the Township of on the Road from the Market Town of to the Market Town of all in this County; and they are of Opinion that if the said Hill is sufficiently lowered (or, the said Hollow sufficiently filled, or both, as the case may be) it will require the Sum of to make with Gravel or Small Stones Feet wide
Portion of the said Road on the said Hill, when lowered (or, the said Hollow when filled, or both, as the case may be) being at the Rate of by the Fath, according to the Specifications aforesaid, and that said Sum is a reasonable Charge, and that the Work cannot be effectually executed for a smaller Sum, to the best of their Judgment.

Form of Accounting Affidavits for graveling a Road over a Hill lowered, or a Hollow filled.

County of } WHEREAS the Sum of was perfected at Affidavits, in the Year
do } to be expended in making Portion of the Road from on the Hill which has been lately lowered, or the Hollow which has been lately filled (or both, as the case may be) in the Township of to the Market Town of and Bury or Half Bury of in this County Feet wide in the clear of the Ditches, Banks, Drains or Fences, and Feet wide, with Gravel or small Stones, at the Rate of by the Fath: Now I do swear, That I have faithfully and honestly expended the Sum of in making Portion of the said Road, and that every Part of the said Feet wide at the least, in the clear of all Ditches, Banks, Drains or Fences, and that it is safe and level throughout the Whole of the said Width for Carriages to pass and repass on, and that Feet wide at the least of the said Width is made with Gravel or small Stones, and that there is a sufficient Passage on each Side of the said Road to prevent the Water from entering the same; and that the aforesaid Account is true in every Part, and contains the Whole of the Expenditure of the said Sum of ; and that every Part of the said Work was finished on the Day of 18 18 18

SCHEDULE F. a.

Form of Application for building, enlarging or repairing any Session House or Court House, Workhouse, House of Correction, County Infirmary, Hospital or other public Building.

County of } A. B. of and C. D. of do certify, That it will require the Sum of to build, enlarge or repair the Session House, Court House, Workhouse, House of Correction, Infirmary, Hospital, or other public Building (as the case may be) in this County, and that the said Sum is a reasonable Charge, and that the said Work cannot, to the best of their Judgment, be effectually executed for a smaller Sum, according to the Estimate, Specifications, Plans, Elevations and Section aforesaid.

The Estimate must contain a full Detail of the Particulars of the Works proposed to be executed, with the Prices by Measurement or otherwise, of each Particular.

The Specifications must contain the general Price of Labourers, Masons and other Tradesmen or Artificers, and Builders, according to be employed on the Work, and of hired Carts, Drays or Cars, by the Day in the Neighbourhood.

The Plans, Sections and Elevations, must explain satisfactorily, and in a workmanlike Manner, the whole Work proposed in all its Parts.

And must also contain a Ground Plan of the Work proposed to be executed, and a Drawing of every Part of the Work.

Form of Accounting Affidavits for filling Drains or Trenches on the Sides of Roads.

County of } WHEREAS the Sum of _____ was presented at _____ Affairs,
 as the Year _____ to be expended in filling _____ Perches of Drains
 or Trenches of the Road from _____ to _____ between _____
 and _____ all in the Barony or Half Barony of _____ in this County: Now I
 do swear, That I have faithfully and honestly expended the Sum of _____
 in executing the said Work, pursuant to the said Proclamation, and that every Part of the same was finished
 on the _____ Day of _____

SCHEDULE H.

Form of Application for filling Grips.

County of } A. B. of _____ and C. D. of _____ do certify, That it will require the Sum
 of _____ of _____ to fill _____ Perches of Grips of Drains on the Side of the Road from _____
 to _____ between _____ and _____ all in the Barony or Half
 Barony of _____ in this County, and that the said Sum is a reasonable Charge, according to the
 Specification annexed.

The Specification is to state the Grips, and as near as may be the Number of Cubic Yards requisite to fill
 the same, and the average Breadth and Depth thereof, and the greatest Breadth and Depth in any Part thereof,
 and the Distance of the broadest or deepest Part of the Grips from the gravelled Part of the Road.

Form of Accounting Affidavits for filling Grips.

County of } WHEREAS the Sum of _____ was presented at _____ Affairs, in the
 Year _____ to be expended in filling _____ Perches of Grips of Drains
 on the Side of the Road from _____ to _____ between _____ and _____
 all in the Barony or Half Barony of _____ in this County: Now I do swear, That
 I have faithfully and honestly expended the Sum of _____ in the Execution of the Work for which
 the same was presented, and that the same is effectually executed, and that the said Work was finished on
 the _____ Day of _____

SCHEDULE I.

Form of Application for setting a Bank of Earth to defend the Road through a Bog from the Drains on the Side thereof.

County of } A. B. of _____ and C. D. of _____ do certify, That they have lately viewed
 and measured _____ Perches of the Road from _____ to _____ between _____
 and _____ all in the Barony or Half Barony of _____ in this County;
 and that there are no Banks of Earth on Banks of a Drain, or other Fences, to defend them, the said
 Perches, run through a Bog, from the Drains on the Side or Sides thereof; and that it will require the Sum
 of _____ to erect sufficient Banks of Earth to defend the Road from the said Drains, being at the
 Rate of _____ [said Sum is set to exceed the Rate of Two Shillings by the Perch] by the Perch, which
 they verily believe is the least the said Work can be effectually executed for.

Form of Accounting Affidavits for setting Banks between the Road and the Drains along its Side, through Bogs.

County of } WHEREAS the Sum of _____ was presented at _____ Affairs, in the
 Year _____ to be expended in setting _____ Perches of Banks of Earth to
 defend _____ Perches of the Road from _____ to _____ between _____
 and _____ which run through a Bog, from the Drains on the Side or Sides thereof, all in the
 Barony or Half Barony of _____ in this County, being at the Rate of _____ by the
 Perch: Now I do swear, That I have faithfully and honestly expended the Sum of _____
 pursuant to said Proclamation, and that the Work is effectually executed, and that it was
 finished on the _____ Day of _____

SCHEDULE K.

Form of Application to make, widen or deepen Drains on the Side of a Road, through a Bog.

County of } A. B. of _____ and C. D. of _____ do certify, That it will require the Sum
 of _____ of _____ to make, widen or deepen [as the case may be] _____ Perches of Drains on
 the Side of the Road, which is made through a Bog, from _____ to _____ between _____
 and _____ all in the Barony or Half Barony of _____ in this County, and for carrying
 off the Water therefrom, being at the Rate of _____ by the Perch [said Sum is set to exceed One Shilling
 per Perch]; and that the said Sum is a reasonable Charge, and the said Work is necessary, and cannot be
 effectually executed for a smaller Sum, in the best of their Judgement.

Form

Form of Accounting Affidavit to make, within or beyond Drains on the Side of a Road, through a Beg.

County of } WHEREAS the Sum of _____ was presented at _____ Affairs, in the
Year _____ to be expended in making, widening or deepening [as the case may be]
Perches of Drains on the Side of the Road, which is made through a Beg, from _____
to _____ between _____ and _____, all in the Barony or Half Barony
of _____ in this County : Now I _____ do swear, That I have faithfully and lawfully
expended the Sum of _____ in Execution of the said Prefecture, and that the said Drains are effectually
made, deepened or widened [as the case may be], and that the Water is effectually carried off from the
Road, and that said Work was finished on the _____ Day of _____

SCHEDULE L.

Form of Application for creating Mile Stones or Finger Posts.

County of } A. B. of _____ does hereby, That it will require the Sum of _____ to erect
Mile Stones or Finger Posts [as the case may be] being at the Rate of _____
for each Mile Stone or Finger Post, on the Road leading from _____ to _____; and that
all said Mile Stones are to be erected in the Barony or Half Barony of _____; and that said Sum
is a reasonable Charge, according to the best of his Judgement.

Now, — It shall not be lawful for any Grand Jury to petition a higher Sum than Twenty Shillings for
each Mile Stone, or Thirty Shillings for each Finger Post.

Form of Accounting Affidavit for erecting Mile Stones or Finger Posts.

County of } WHEREAS the Sum of _____ was presented at the _____ Affairs, in the
Year _____ to be expended in erecting _____ Mile Stones or Finger Posts
[as the case may be] being at the Rate of _____ for each Mile Stone or Finger Post, on the Road
leading from _____ to _____, all which Mile Stones or Finger Posts were to be erected in
the Barony or Half Barony of _____, Now I _____ do swear, That I have faithfully and
lawfully expended the Sum of _____ in the Execution of the Work for which the same was presented,
and that the Work is effectually executed, and was finished on the _____ Day of _____

C. A. P. LXXIV.

An Act to amend and correct an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for the Regulation of Parishes
Volunties in England. [7th July 1819.]

28 G. 3. c. 49.

Persons rated to the Poor, though not Parishioners may vote in Vestry according to the Value of the Premises rated.

Clerk or Agent of Corporation, &c. may vote in Vestry according to the Value of the Premises rated.

28 G. 3. c. 49. s. 2.

Payment of Rates to the quality from being present or voting in Vestry.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for the Regulation of Parishes Volunties*, and it is expedient to amend the same: Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, any Person who shall be assessed and rated for the Relief of the Poor in respect of any annual Rent, Profit or Value arising from any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments situate in any Parish, in which any Vestry shall be holden under the said recited Act, although such Person shall not reside in or be an Inhabitant of such Parish, shall and may lawfully be present at such Vestry, and such Person shall have and be entitled to give such and in every Vote or Votes at such Vestry, in respect of the Amount of such Rent, Profit or Value, as by the said Act, any Inhabitant of such Parish present at such Vestry might or ought to have and be entitled to give in respect of such Amount, and to all Limits and Purposes, as if such Person were an Inhabitant of such Parish; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Corporation or Body Politic or Corporate or Company shall be charged to the Rate for the Relief of the Poor of such Parish, either in the Name of such Corporation or of any Officer of the said Corporation, it shall and may be lawful for the Clerk, Secretary, Steward or other Agent duly authorized for that Purpose of such Corporation or Body Politic or Corporate or Company, to be present at any Vestry to be holden in the said Parish under the said recited Act; and such Clerk, Secretary, Steward or Agent, shall be entitled to give such and in every Vote or Votes at such Vestry, in respect of the Amount of the Rent, Profit or Value of such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, as by the said Act any Inhabitant entitled to such Rate present at such Vestry might or ought to have and be entitled to in respect of such Amount; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

III. And Whereas by the said Act it was intended that no Person should be present at or vote at any Vestry who should have refused to pay any Assessment that had become due and had been demanded of such Person, but the Word 'and' was by Mistake inserted in the said Act, so to make the same in that respect ambiguous: Now, to rectify such Mistake, be it further enacted, That no Person who shall have refused or neglected to pay any Rate for the Relief of the Poor which shall be due from and shall have been demanded of him, shall be entitled to vote or to be present at any Vestry of the Parish for which such Rate shall have been made, until he shall have paid the same; nor shall any such Clerk, Secretary, Steward or Agent, be entitled to be present or to vote, nor shall he present or vote, at any Vestry in such Parish, until all Rates for the Relief of the Poor, which shall have been assessed and charged upon or in respect of the said Person, shall have been paid.

Rent, Profit or Value, in right of which any such Clerk, Secretary, Steward or Agent shall claim to be present and vote, which shall be due, and which shall have been demanded at any time before the Meeting of such Valley, shall have been paid and satisfied.

C A P. LXXXVI.

An Act for regulating the Exercise of the Right of Common of Pasture in the *New Forest*, in the County of Southampton; for repealing certain Parts of Two Acts passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth and the Fifty second Years of His present Majesty; and for the better Collection and Recovery of the Gale Rents in the Forest of *Dean*, in the County of Gloucester. [7th July 1819.]

WHEREAS considerable Inconvenience and Injury is followed, and much Damage done to the young Timber and to the Harbours in the *New Forest*, in the County of Southampton, by Persons not having Rights of Common in the said Forest carrying Horses, Cattle, and other Beasts to depasture in the said Forest; and by other Persons having Rights of Common on the said Forest suffering their Horses, Cattle and other Beasts to remain therein during the Winter Season or Hayning time, contrary to Law; and it is expedient that additional Remedies should be provided to prevent such Damage and Injury: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of His Majesty's Range, intitled *An Act for the better Preservation of Timber in the New Forest, in the County of Southampton, and for ascertaining the Boundaries of the said Forest and of the Lands of the Crown within the same*: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty second Year of His Majesty's Range, intitled *An Act for enabling His Majesty to grant Leases under certain Circumstances, and for the better carrying into Effect the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, touching the Formation of a Map of the New Forest, in the County of Southampton, and containing and extending other Provisions of the said Act*: for further ascertaining the Boundaries as to arise from the Sale of certain Crown Lands under the Authority of *three Acts of Parliament*; and for conveying certain Lands within the Forest of Southampton to His Majesty's Manor of King's Office; and for enabling the Commissioners of the Treasury to appropriate small Portions of Land for Ecclesiastical Purposes: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal so much of the said Acts as respects the Regarders, Under Foresters, Under Keepers, or other Officers of the said Forests, to Pasture and Depasture of their Office for the Offences in the said Acts mentioned: And Whereas it is necessary to provide for the better Collection and Recovery of the annual Compositions usually called Gale Rents or Cattle Rents, now due and to be Accrued, or which may hereafter become due to His Majesty, in His Majesty's Forest of *Dean*, in the County of Gloucester: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any Regarder, Green Keeper, Forester, Under Forester, or other Officer of the *New Forest*, in the County of Southampton, to issue any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any other Cattle or Beasts belonging to any Person or Persons not having or being entitled to Rights of Common of Pasture on the said Forest, found depasturing therein at any time of the Year; and also to take and seize any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any other Cattle or Beasts belonging to any Person or Persons having and being entitled to Rights of Common of Pasture on the said Forest, which shall be found depasturing therein during the Winter Season or Hayning time; (that is to say, between the Twenty third Day of November and the Fourth Day of May yearly, and every such Horse, Mare or Gelding, or other Beasts so found, to be impounded in New Park or such other Place within the said Forest as the Verderers thereof or any Two of them shall from time to time appoint, and every such Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beasts to keep impounded until released by the Owner or Owners thereof, on Payment of the Penalties hereinafter imposed, and of the Expenses (if any) incurred in the Keep of the said Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beasts.

Officers of the New Forest empowered to seize Cattle unlawfully depasturing therein.

Penalties for Offences on Persons not having Right of Common.

First Offence.

Second Offence.

Third Offence.

On Persons having Right of Common.

First Offence.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Owners or Owners of every Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beasts so found and impounded, shall before and pay the several Penalties following: (that is to say),

Every Person not having or being entitled to Rights of Common of Pasture on the said Forest, who shall be convicted before the Verderers of the said Forest, or any Two of them, or in the Court of Attachments of the said Forest, of turning out or suffering to depasture in the said Forest at any time in the Year, any Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beasts of which such Person shall be the Owner, the Sum of Ten Shillings for each Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beasts so turned out or found depasturing, and the Sum of Sixpence for each Day such Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beasts shall be uncorrected by such Person after the same shall be found and impounded; and if such Person shall be convicted a Second time of turning out or suffering to depasture in the said Forest at any time of the Year, the same or any other Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beasts of which such Person shall be the Owner, the Sum of Twenty Shillings for each Horse, Mare or Gelding, or other Beasts so turned out or suffered to depasture, and the Sum of Sixpence for each Day such Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beasts shall be uncorrected by such Person after the same shall be found and impounded; and if such Person shall be convicted a Third time, or any subsequent time, of a like Offence, such Person shall forfeit and pay for each Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beasts so turned out or found depasturing, the Sum of Thirty Shillings, and the further Sum of Sixpence for each Day the same shall be uncorrected.

And every Person having or being entitled to Rights of Common of Pasture in the said Forest, who shall be convicted before the Verderers of the said Forest, or any Two of them, or in the Court of Attachments of the said Forest, of turning out or suffering to depasture in the said Forest, during the Winter Season or Hayning time herebefore specified, any Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beasts of which such Person shall be the Owner, the Sum of Seven Shillings for each Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beasts so turned out or found depasturing

Second Officers.

in the said Forcell, and the Sum of Sixpence for each Day such Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beest shall be unrecovered by such Person, after the same shall be seized and impounded; and if such Person shall be convicted a Second time of turning out or suffering to depasture in the said Forcell during the Winter Season or Hayting time, the same or any other Horse, Mare, Gelding or Beest of which such last mentioned Person shall be the Owner, the Sum of Fourteen Shillings for each Horse, Mare or Gelding, or other Beest so turned out or found depasturing, and the Sum of Sixpence for each Day such Horse, Mare or Gelding, or other Beest shall be unrecovered after being seized and impounded; and if such Person shall be convicted a Third time, or any subsequent time, of a like Offence, such Person shall forfeit and pay for each Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beest so turned out or found depasturing during the Winter Season or Hayting time, the Sum of Twenty one Shillings, and the further Sum of Sixpence for each Day the same shall be unrecovered after being seized and impounded.

Penalties here to be recovered.

III. And be it further enacted, That all the said Penalties heretofore imposed shall and may be recovered before the Justices of the said Forcell, or any Two of them, or in the Court of Attachments of the said Forcell; and in case any Penalty or Penalties so recovered shall not be paid forthwith, it shall be lawful for the Justices of the said Court before whom such Penalty shall be recovered, or any Two of the Justices, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, and directed to the Officers or Officers appointed or to be appointed to execute the Judgments and Orders of the said Court for the said Forcell, to cause the Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beest in respect of which such Penalty or Penalties shall be recovered, to be publicly sold, and the Amount of such Penalty or Penalties recovered, together with the Costs of Sale, to be retained and paid out of the Proceeds of such Sale, returning the Overplus (if any) to the Owner of the Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beest so sold; and in case the Sum or Sums of Money obtained from the Sale of any Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beest, shall not be sufficient to satisfy the Amount of the Penalty or Penalties recovered against the Owner or Owners thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the said Forcell, or any Two of them, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, directed as aforesaid, to cause the Remainder of such Penalty or Penalties to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, together with all Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale, returning the Overplus (if any) so demanded, to the Owner of such Goods and Chattels.

If Penalties of Sale of Beest are sufficient, then Distress on Offender's Goods.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if the Owner of any Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beest so impounded as aforesaid, shall forthwith on Complaing pay the Penalties aforesaid in respect of the same, together with the Costs (if any) of the Keep thereof, then and immediately on such Payment, such Horse, Mare, Gelding or other Beest so impounded shall be returned to the Owner or Owners thereof.

Application of Penalties.

V. And be it further enacted, That all the said Penalties heretofore imposed shall, when recovered, be by the Justices or other Persons or Persons receiving the same, forthwith paid over to the Under Steward of the said Forcell, to be applied in defraying the Expenses attending the Execution of any Laws relating to the said Forcell, as the Justices of the said Forcell, or any Two or more of them, shall at a Court of Attachments of the said Forcell direct: Provided always, and it is hereby declared, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed, deemed or taken to extend, to repeal or annul any of the Laws now existing in regard to the Exercise of the Right of Common of Pasture, or any other Rights of Common in or upon the said Forcell; but that all such Laws shall remain and continue in full Force and Effect, and shall and may be carried into Execution in such and the like manner as if this Act had never been passed.

Proviso for Laws of the Forcell relating to Rights of Common.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in each of the said several Acts of the Thirty sixth and Fortieth and Fifty second Years of His Majesty's Royal, as aforesaid, certain Officers therein mentioned to Forfeiture and Deprivation of their Offices for the Officers in the said Acts mentioned, shall be and the same to be and are hereby repealed and made void: Provided always, and it is hereby declared, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed, deemed or taken to extend, to repeal or annul so much of the said Acts, or either of them, as enacts that it shall be lawful for the Justices of the said Forcell, or any Two of them, to enquire into the Conduct and Behaviour of the Regarders, Under Forcellers, Green Keepers, or other Officers of the said Forcell in the said Offices; and that if the said Justices shall find that any of the said Regarders, Under Forcellers, Green Keepers or other Officers have been guilty of any of the Offences in the said Acts mentioned, that then and in such Case it shall be lawful for the said Justices or any Two of them, (having due Proof made before them on Oath of any such wilful Act, Neglect, Omission or Default in the said Acts mentioned), to (in and impose) a Fine not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds on such Regarder, Under Forceller, Green Keeper, or other Officer for every such his wilful Act, Neglect, Omission or Default, to be recovered and applied as therein mentioned, but that all such Powers shall remain and continue in full Force and Effect, and shall and may be carried into Execution in such and the like manner as if this Act had never been passed.

28 H. 40 G. 1. c. 10. s. 25. 38 G. 3 c. 15. s. 14. repealed. That Justices may fine the garden, Under Forcellers, &c. for Misconduct.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Person who now does or who shall be appointed to and hold the Office of Gardener or Keeper of the Goods, called *The Goods above the Ward*, within the Forcell of *Dane*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and the Office of Keeper of the *Garden under the Ward*, within the said Forcell for the time being, from and after the passing of this Act, to receive and levy any Sum or Sums of Money now due and owing, or which shall hereafter become due and payable to His Majesty, from any Person or Persons, for and in respect of the annual Compulsions usually called *Gale Rents* or *Gale Fees*, payable within the said Forcell, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons from whom such Compulsions are or shall be due and owing, whosoever the same shall be found, together with the Costs and Charges of such Distress and Sale, as in the Nature of a Distress for Rent; and in case the Goods and Chattels distrained shall be applied by the Owner or Owners thereof, or a Son or Aforesaid in Replevin shall be brought, and prosecuted or commenced against the said Gardener, or the Person or Persons making such Distress, it shall and may be lawful for the Person holding the said Office of Gardener

Officers herein named may distrain for Gale Rents or Gale Fees, due to His Majesty.

as plead in the said Action, or to answer the taking the said Goods and Chattels, and for the Petitioner or Petitioners making such Default to make compensation as the Bailiff of the said Court for the time being for the making the said Default, alleging in such Answer or Compensation, that the said Default whereby the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs complained, was made by Authority of and according to the Purport of this Act, for so much Gale Rent or Gale Rent due from the Plaintiff to the said Court, as Councillor of the Forest of Dean, without expecting or Recourse of any other Matter; to which Answer or Compensation the Plaintiff shall be admitted to plead that the Defendant did take the said Default of his own wrong, without any such Cause alleged by the Defendant; whereupon the Issue in such Action shall be joined, and upon the Trial of that Issue the whole Matter to be given by both Parties in Evidence according to the very Truth of the same.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Principal Councillor for the time being of the said Forest of Dean, to sue for and recover any Arrears or Sums now due, or at any time hereafter to grow or become due, from any Person or Persons for and in respect of any such Compensation as aforesaid, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record; and all such Actions shall be brought in the Name of the Principal Councillor for the time being of the said Forest of Dean; and in all such Actions it shall be sufficient for the Plaintiff to declare that the Defendant or Defendants is or are indebted to him the said Plaintiff as Principal Councillor of the Forest of Dean, for so much Money due and owing in Gale Rent or Gale Rent, from the Defendant or Defendants to the Plaintiff as such Principal Councillor, without setting forth any other Special Matter; and no such Action or Suit shall abate or be discontinued by the Death or Removal of the Person in whose Name the same shall be brought or commenced.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Sums and Sums of Money to be recovered by the Person being Principal Councillor of the said Forest of Dean, either by Default or Action, under the Authority of this Act, for any such Compensation as aforesaid, shall be recovered for the Use of His Majesty, and shall be accounted for and applied by the said Councillor, as he is now bound by Law to account for and apply all Gale Rent or Gale Money received by him.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to prevent His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, from proceeding by Information in His Court of Exchequer, or any other Court, for the recovering of any such Compensation as aforesaid, or any Arrears thereof, in any Case in which it shall be thought expedient to do so.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons, for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, either in the *New Forest* or the said Forest of Dean, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Matter or Thing done, and shall be laid in the proper County; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action may plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence for his or their Defence; and if upon a Trial a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs become acquitted, or discontinued his, her or their Action or Proceedings, or Judgment shall be given against him, her or them, upon Demurrer or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs awarded to him or them against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

C & P. LXXXVII.

An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Duties of Excise in Ireland on Malt.

[12th July 1819.]

• Malt Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most faithful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Duties hereinafter mentioned, and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by Your Majesty's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That while and through that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland there shall be granted, raised, levied, collected, paid and finished unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Duties of Excise following; that is to say,

For and upon every Barrel of Malt containing Four or shall be in the Stock, Cellar, or Possession of any One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and which shall be chargeable with Duty by Law, whether the Maker or Makers thereof respectively, in lieu of all Duty payable thereon under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act, a Duty of Four Shillings and Eight pence such Malt shall have been charged or chargeable under any such Act or Acts;

For and upon every Barrel of Malt containing Four Bushels Winchester Measure, which at any time or times from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, shall be sold in Bulk, or any other Case or Cask in Ireland, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, or for which any Person shall be chargeable with Duty by Law, whether the Maker or Makers thereof respectively, in lieu of all Duty payable thereon under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act,

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, there shall be charged on all Malt, and on all Beer or Ale and Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland, the following Duties following, to wit and full Suffi-

Bushels Winchester Measure, which shall have been sold in Bulk, or any other Case or Cask in Ireland, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, or for which any Person shall be chargeable with Duty by Law, whether the Maker or Makers thereof respectively, in lieu of all Duty payable thereon under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act, a Duty of Four Shillings and Eight pence such Malt shall have been charged or chargeable under any such Act or Acts;

For and upon every Barrel of Malt containing Four Bushels Winchester Measure, which at any time or times from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, shall be sold in Bulk, or any other Case or Cask in Ireland, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, or for which any Person shall be chargeable with Duty by Law, whether the Maker or Makers thereof respectively, in lieu of all Duty payable thereon under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act,

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, there shall be charged on all Malt, and on all Beer or Ale and Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland, the following Duties following, to wit and full Suffi-

Finding.

Principal Councillor may recover Gale Rent or Gale Money by Action or a Court of Record.

Councillor to answer for Default His Majesty, and to account, &c.

Proviso for proceeding by Information, for the recovering Compensation, Limitation of Actions.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

Malt in Stock on or after Jan. 5. 1820, additional Duty of 4s. 8d. per Barrel.

Malt made after that Day, a Duty of 4s. 8d. per Barrel in lieu of other Irish Duties.

Conservating Dues on Importation of Malt, &c. into Ireland.

distillation of all Countervailing Duties whenever payable upon such Malt, or on such Beer or Ale or Spirits, unless or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act; that it is to say,

Malt, 10s. per Barrel.

Beer, 10s. 6d. per Barrel.

British Spirits, imported from G. B. into Ireland, 10s. per Gallon.

Drawback of Duties on Exportation from Ireland to G. B.

Drawbacks on Malt, as reported to any other Place than G. B. are, per Barrel of Malt, 10s. 6d. per Gallon.

Drawbacks on Exportation of Spirits, when imported to, per Gallon, as Spirits are, when imported, reported to any Place except G. B. is, per Gallon.

Officers to take an Account of Stock of Malt as or after June 1. 1820, and of Corn, &c. in Process on the said 1st Jan.

Returns made by Officers to Collectors of Excise of Quantity of Malt and Corn in Process, and Amount of additional Duty.

Returns to be made by Collectors of Dry Malt.

Maltster charged 10s. 6d. per Barrel for Malt charged, and for Malt making, &c. 1s. 6d. per Bar.

For and upon every Barrel of Malt made in Great Britain, and imported directly from thence into Ireland, the Sum of Fourteen Shillings British Currency :

For and upon every Barrel of Beer or Ale, containing Thirty-two Gallons, brewed or made in Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland, the Sum of Nine Shillings and Nine pence British Currency :

For and upon every Gallon of Pure Wine Mixture of Spirits which shall be made or distilled in Great Britain, and which shall be imported from Great Britain into Ireland, at a Strength not exceeding that of One to Four over Hydrometer Proof (being, according to Law, Twenty-one per Centum above Proof by Sikes's Hydrometer), the Sum of Six Shillings British Currency, and in proportion for any less Degree of Strength, not being less than that of One to Two over Hydrometer Proof (being, according to Law, Seven per Centum above Proof by Sikes's Hydrometer) :

And that upon the Exportation from Ireland to Great Britain of any Malt or Beer or Ale made or brewed in Ireland respectively, there shall be allowed and given a Drawback equal in Amount to the Countervailing Duty hereby granted on Malt, and on Beer or Ale made in Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland.

III. And be it further enacted, That in and instead of all former Drawbacks on Malt, or on Beer or Ale made in Ireland, and exported to any other Place than Great Britain, there shall be paid to every Person who shall legally export from Ireland to any other Place than Great Britain, any Malt or any Strong Beer or Ale made or brewed in Ireland from Malt, on which the Duties payable under this Act shall have been fully paid and finished, the Drawbacks or Allowances following; that is to say, For every Barrel of such Malt the Sum of Fourteen Shillings British Currency ; and for every Barrel of such Beer or Ale, the Sum of Nine Shillings and Nine pence British Currency.

IV. And be it further enacted, That upon the Exportation of any Spirits made or distilled in Ireland from Corn or Grain, malted or unmalted, which shall have been or shall be warehoused in Ireland, and which shall be exported from thence to Great Britain, or elsewhere, there shall be allowed and paid a Drawback of Six pence and no more upon every Gallon of such Spirits, for and in respect of the Duty paid on the Malt used and consumed in the making of such Spirits, in and instead of all Drawbacks allowed or made payable on such Spirits in respect of such Duty by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland; and that on all Spirits distilled from Corn in Ireland, on which all Duties imposed by Law thereon have been paid, and which shall be exported from thence otherwise than from His Majesty's Warehouses to any Place except Great Britain, the Sum of Six Shillings British Currency for every Gallon of such Spirits of a Strength not less than that of One to Two over Hydrometer Proof, being according to Law Seven per Centum above Proof by Sikes's Hydrometer, in lieu of all Drawbacks allowed or made payable on such Spirits in respect of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland.

V. And in order to secure the additional Duty of Four Shillings and Eight pence per Barrel on Malt imposed by this Act, be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Excise in Ireland, to take an Account of the Quantity of all Malt, ground or unground, which shall be in the Stock, Custody or Possession of any Person in Ireland, on or after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and which shall have been charged or chargeable with the Duty payable thereon under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act; and shall also take an Account of the Quantity of all Corn or Grain in Process of being made into Malt, which shall on the said Fifth Day of January be in the Stock, Custody or Possession of any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, or Brewer or Distiller making Malt in Ireland; and every such Officer or Officers shall make a Return in Writing to the Collector of Excise or other Officer in charge of the respective Districts in which such Malt, or Corn or Grain in Process of being made into Malt, shall have been or shall be on the said Fifth Day of January, of the full and true Quantity of all such Malt in the Stock, Custody or Possession of such Person, and of the Quantity of Malt by Law chargeable in respect of all Corn or Grain in Process of being made into Malt, in the Stock, Custody or Possession of any such Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, or Brewer or Distiller making Malt, and of the Amount of the additional Duty of Four Shillings and Eight pence per Barrel imposed under and by virtue of this Act, as well for all Dry Malt as for all Malt chargeable with Duty in respect of all Corn or Grain in Process of being made into Malt in the Stock, Custody or Possession of every such Person respectively, on the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and every such Return shall be a Charge on every such Person respectively; and every such Officer or Officer is hereby required to have a true Copy of such Return in Writing under his Hand, with every such Return respectively, or at the Dwelling House or Stores of such Person respectively: Provided always, that in all such Dry Malt there shall be made an Allowance and Deduction from the Accounts to be taken by the Officer after the Rate of Twelve Barrels in every One hundred Barrels of Brown or Pot Still Malt, and of Five Barrels in every One hundred Barrels of all other Malt.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the proper Officer of Excise in his Return against any Maltster or Maker of Malt, or Brewer or Distiller making Malt, for the Month ending the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, shall charge such Maltster or Maker of Malt, Brewer or Distiller making Malt, with the Duty of Nine Shillings and Four pence British Currency per Barrel imposed and payable upon Malt under and by virtue of the several Acts in force in Ireland immediately previous to the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty; for and in respect of the whole and

entire

either Quantity of Malt with which such Malster or Maker of Malt, Brewer or Distiller making Malt, shall by Law be chargeable for the said Month: Provided always, that the Officer or Excise in his Returns against any Malster or Maker of Malt, or Brewer or Distiller making Malt, for the Month ending the Fifth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and in like manner for every subsequent Month, shall charge such Malster or Maker of Malt, Brewer or Distiller making Malt, with the full Duty of Fourteen Shillings per Barrel imposed on Malt by this Act, for and in respect of the whole and entire Quantity of Malt with which such Malster or Maker of Malt, Brewer or Distiller making Malt, shall by Law be chargeable for any such Month or Months: any thing herein contained to the contrary in any Act notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Malt for the Removal of which from any Place in Ireland, to any other Place within the same, either Continental or by Canal or Land Carriage, a Cook Cocker or Pot still shall have been granted before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and which shall arrive at the Place of its Destination on or after the said Fifth Day of January, shall on its Arrival become chargeable with the said additional Duty of Four Shillings and Eight pence for and upon every Barrel thereof, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity: and the Officer or Officers of Excise shall make a Return thereof to the Collector of Excise of the District, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection, in like manner as is herein directed with respect to the Return to be made by any Officer or Officers of Malt in the Stock, Cullody or Pollution of any Person on the said Fifth Day of January, and such Return shall be a Charge on the Person into whose Cullody or Pollution such Malt shall come, on or after the said Fifth Day of January, and such Person shall be charged with and shall pay the additional Duty for the same accordingly.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons charged with the additional Duty on Malt of Four Shillings and Eight pence per Barrel imposed by this Act, shall pay the same to the Collector of the District, or other Chief Officer in charge of the Collection of the District, at the times and in manner following: that is to say, One Fourth Part thereof on or before the Fifth Day of February, One other Fourth Part thereof on or before the Fifth Day of March, One other Fourth Part thereof on or before the Fifth Day of April, and the remaining Fourth Part thereof on or before the Fifth Day of May, next after the passing of this Act, unless such Malt shall be sooner removed, in which Case the whole of the said additional Duty shall be paid for all such Malt as shall be so removed before the time shall be removed, and before any Permit for removing or conveying the same shall be granted.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Person chargeable with the said additional Duty on Malt under this Act, who shall not pay the additional Duty is charged on all such Malt in manner and at the times directed by this Act, or who shall remove any such Malt without having paid or cleared the whole of the said additional Duty payable on the Malt so removed, or in whose Stock Account kept by any Officer of Excise there shall appear to have been any Decrease of such Malt, without having obtained from the proper Officer a Permit authorizing the Removal of such Malt so deficient, shall be liable to and shall pay double the Amount of such additional Duty chargeable on such Malt, and shall also forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for each Offence.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys arising from the several Duties by this Act granted, the necessary Charges of paying and collecting the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any of the said additional Duties on Malt payable under this Act by any Person shall be unpaid at the time when such Duties or any Part thereof are by this Act made due and payable, it shall and may be lawful for the Collector of Excise of the District, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to empower any Person or Persons to take and detain any Malt, or any other Goods or Chattels in the Uls, Cullody or Pollution of the Person owing such Duties, and to cause the same to be sold by public Auction, and of after Payment of all Duties and Arrears of Duties due from such Person, together with the Costs and Expenses of such taking, detaining and Sale, there shall be any Surplus arising from the Sale thereof, such Surplus shall forthwith be tendered and paid to such Person, or his or her respective Representatives: Provided always, that when any Malt shall be so taken and detained, it shall and may be lawful for such Person, or his or her respective Representatives, at any time or times before the Day appointed for the Sale thereof, to obtain Permits for conveying all or any Part of such Malt, upon his, her or their paying to the Collector or other Chief Officer aforesaid, towards discharging the Duties to and payable, the real Value of such Malt as he, she or they shall desire to remove, and the same may be removed accordingly: and a proper Permit or proper Permits shall on due Application be given for the same, in like manner as if no such Duties had been made.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the several Drawbacks payable under any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act upon Malt, or upon Beer or Ale or Spirits respectively exported from Ireland to Great Britain or elsewhere, shall continue to be paid and allowed on all Malt, and on all Beer or Ale or Spirits respectively so exported, upon which the additional or increased Duty, in respect whereof the increased Drawbacks are given and allowed by this Act, shall not have been fully paid and finished: Provided also, that the increased Drawbacks by this Act made payable shall not be paid or allowed on any Malt, or on any Beer or Ale or Spirits respectively so exported, unless the Person respectively who shall export such Malt or Beer or Ale respectively shall make Oath that the additional or increased Duties, on account of which such Drawbacks shall be required respectively, have been fully paid and finished, and shall also perform all such Regulations, and comply with such Regulations and Restrictions, as are or shall be required to be performed and observed by Person exporting any Article wherein any Drawback or Bounty is payable for obtaining the same.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all the said Drawbacks shall be paid by the Collector of Ireland Excise and Tides of the District from which such Malt or Beer or Ale or Spirits shall be exported, out of any Money in his Hands, or such Certificate from the Collector, Comptroller or other Chief Officer of the Port

every additional
Malt to be paid
Duties shall be
charged.

Malt, for which
Permit, the
shall have been
granted for Ex-
ported before
Jan. 5, 1820,
shall, on its
Arrival on or
after that Day,
pay the ad-
ditional Duty
of 4s. 8d. per
Barrel.
Times of Pay-
ment of ad-
ditional Duty
of 4s. 8d. per
Barrel.

Not paying ad-
ditional Duty,
any removing
Malt, without
Permit, shall

Penalty.
Duties carried to
Consolidated
Fund.

Malt, or other
Goods, may be
detained for the
Duty.

After Distress,
Malt may be
removed on
paying Value.

and Permits
granted.

Former Draw-
backs to remain
on Malt, &c.
exported, upon
which additional
Duty not paid.

Oath to be
made by Ex-
porter, before
increased
Drawbacks are
allowed.

Drawbacks
paid by Col-
lector of Island
Excise.

49 G.3, Rem. 2.
c. 87, 88.

from whence the same shall be exported, as is required by an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, intituled *An Act to give to His Majesty, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, certain Duties on the Importation, and in other Drawbacks in the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises, into and from Ireland, in duty of Drawbacks on Exportation of Goods, in respect of an internal Duty of Excise paid thereon.*

From Aug. 5.
1819, Mal-
tians to pay the
Duty within
Four Months
after the Charge
made, unless
Malt export
remains.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, every Malster or Maker of Malt shall pay the Duty which, by any Return or Charge for the Calendar Month ending on the said Fifth Day of *August*, or for any Interspace Calendar Month, shall appear to have become due and payable in respect of the Malt, with Duty for which such Malster or Maker of Malt shall be by Law chargeable for any such Month respectively, within Four Calendar Months after the End of the Month for which such Return and Charge shall have been made, which such Malt shall be forever removed from the Malt House or Place where the same shall have been kept, in which Case the said Duties shall be paid for all such Malt as shall be intended to be removed before any Process for seizing, carrying off or conveying the same shall be granted; and every Malster or Maker of Malt shall for every Default in Payment of any such Duty within the time aforesaid, forfeit Twenty Pence, together with a Sum equal to double the Amount of the Duty so returned and charged.

Penalty.

Provision in
former Act re-
garding Pay-
ment of Duty
within 12 Days,
repealed.

XV. And be it further enacted, That inasmuch and such Parts of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* at the time of the passing of this Act for the Collection of the Malt Duties in *Ireland*, and regulating the Trade of a Malster, or requiring such Duties to be paid within Thirty one Days, or as much as any Penalty for the Non Payment of the same within such Thirty one Days, shall from and after the said Fifth Day of *August* be repealed, except in far as the same relate to the Payment of any Duties chargeable or charged before the said Fifth Day of *August*.

Duties and
Drawbacks,
how to be levied
and paid.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Drawbacks by this Act granted and allowed and made payable, and all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof in *British* Currency, and shall be called, levied, collected, paid, paid for, recovered and applied in such Manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, paying, levying, allowing and managing any Duties or Drawbacks, or for the Recovery of any Penalties or Forfeitures, in and by an Act made in *Ireland* in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled *An Act for settling the Excise on New Inland upon His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, according to the Head of Rates therein inserted*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, intituled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Customs and Trade under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in or by any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, relating to the Duties on Malt, or to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said several Acts made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided; and that all and every Act and Acts in force in *Ireland*, relating to the Duties of Excise on Malt, and all Powers, Rules and Regulations, Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, shall extend and be construed to extend to the raising, levying and collecting the several Duties by this Act granted on Malt, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

24 & 25 G. 2.
(L.)

26 G. 3. c. 126.

Proviso of
former Act re-
lating to Duties
on Malt con-
tinued in this
Act.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

Act altered, &c.
this Session.

C A P. LXXXVIII

An Act to repeal the annual Excise Duties upon Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, contained by an Act of the present Session of Parliament, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, for the Service of the Year ending the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty. [12th July 1819.]

• Malt Customs Savings.

• **W**HE Year Majesty's most faithful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the Supplies necessary to defray the Expenses of Your Majesty's Government, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty, the several Rates and Duties of Excise hereinafter respectively mentioned, and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, the Excise Duties upon Malt, and upon Tobacco and Snuff respectively, continued by an Act of this present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act for continuing in His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff in Great Britain, and on Profits, Office and Postpaid Rights in England, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen*, shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable; save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may at that time remain unpaid; or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on that Day.

Duty on Malt,
&c. continued
by a. p. ante,
in cont.

except Ar-
rears, &c.

II. And

II. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the said Duties hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, throughout Great Britain, to and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned; (that also say).

For and upon every Hush of Malt which shall on or after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and before the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, be made in Great Britain, from Barley or any other Cereals or Grains, or shall be brought from Scotland into England, without a Certificate from the proper Officer, that it hath paid the Duty due thereon of One Shilling for every Bushel thereof, as Excise Duty of One Shilling:

For and upon every Pound Weight of all Tobacco and Snuff (not being Irish Tobacco or Snuff) respectively, imported or brought into Great Britain, on or after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and before the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and of all Tobacco and Snuff respectively, which shall on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen be in the Warehouses in which the same was deposited before Payment of the Duty hereby repealed, as Excise Duty of One Shilling:

Provided always, that such Duty on any Tobacco or Snuff duly warehoused shall not be payable on any such Tobacco and Snuff, unless and until any such Tobacco or Snuff respectively shall, between the Days aforesaid, be taken out of any such Warehouse for the purpose of being sold or consumed in Great Britain.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties hereby imposed shall be respectively raised, levied, collected, recovered, paid and applied in such and the like manner, and in or by any or other of the general or special Means, Ways or Methods, by which the former Duties respectively hereby repealed were or might be raised, levied, collected, recovered, paid and applied; and the said Duties, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities by this Act respectively made liable to the Payment of, or chargeable with the said Duties imposed, shall be and the same are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures to which such Duties, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities were generally or specially subject and liable by the said several Acts; and all and every Fine, Penalty, Forfeiture or Satisfaction of any Nature or Kind whatsoever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of the said several Acts, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament thereby continued and in force for enforcing the said respective Duties hereby repealed, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby enacted and declared to extend to, and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in execution for and in respect of the said several Duties of Excise respectively hereby imposed, in as full and ample manner, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures or Forfeitures were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. LXXXIX.

An Act to continue, until the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, an Act made in the Fifty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for suspending a Part of the Duties on Spirits or Made Wines, [12th July 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled "An Act to suspend, until the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eleven, a Part of the Duties on Spirits or Made Wines; and it is expedient that the same should be continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be continued until the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty four.

C. A. P. XC.

An Act for the Prevention of Frauds in the Duties on Soap; for preserving the Books or Papers called Specimens, left by Officers of Excise on the Premises of Traders; and for requiring more speedy Payment of the said Duties on Printed Calicoes. [12th July 1819.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further Regulations in order to prevent the Evasion of the Duties on Soap, and Frauds relating thereto; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Thirtieth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, all and every Maker and Makers of White, Yellow, Brown or Soft Soap, shall, before he, she or they shall begin to cleanse or take any such Soap from or out of the boiling or making of such Soap, give to the Officer of the Division or Place where such Soap is intended to be cleaned, Notice in Writing of the particular class or take such Soap from or out of such Soap, Pan or Vessel, as hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say), if such Soap is intended to be cleaned in any Place within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, then such Notice shall be so given Six Hours next before the time of beginning to cleanse or take such Soap from or out of such Soap, Pan or Vessel;

In lieu of Duties repealed the following to be paid
Malt 1s. per Bushel.

Tobacco and Snuff, not being Irish 1s. per lb.

Duties on Tobacco and Snuff warehoused
Duties levied on former Duties

Power of former Acts for securing such Duties extended to this Act.

An altered, &c. the Statute.

37 G. 3. c. 113.

continued.

Notice to be given to Officer of Division cleansing Soap out of the Copper, &c.

Vellid; and if *such Soap* is intended to be cleaned at any Place out of the *Linen* aforesaid, then *such Notice* shall be given *Twelve Hours* next before the time of beginning to cleanse or take *such Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*; and if any *such Maker or Makers of Soap* shall begin to cleanse as aforesaid, in the or they shall, for every *such* Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of *One hundred Pounds*; and if any *such Maker or Makers* shall not begin to cleanse and take *such Soap* from and out of the *Copper, Pan or Vellid* as aforesaid, within the Space of *Three Hours* next after the particular *Time or Hour* mentioned in any *such Notice*, then *such Notice* shall be void and of none Effect; and every *Maker of Soap* who, after the Expiration of the said Space of *Three Hours*, shall begin to cleanse or take any *Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Pan or Vellid*, without having first given a new and other like *Notice* as aforesaid, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of *One hundred Pounds*.

II. And Whereas, by an Act made in the *Fourth seventh Year* of the *Reign of His said present Majesty*, to amend several *Laws of Example in Great Britain* relating to the *Daries as Salt, Soap, Paper, Coffee, Cocoa, Nuts, Spices and Glaze*, and for restoring Resources in certain Cases, it is amongst other things enacted, that every *Maker or Makers of Soap*, having begun to cleanse or take his, her or their *Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Pan or other Utensil*, by him, her or themselves for the boiling or making of *Soap*, shall within the Space of *Four Hours* from the time of his, her or their having so begun, cleanse and take the whole of his, her or their *Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or other Utensil*; and if any *Maker or Makers of Soap*, having begun to cleanse or take his, her or their *Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Pan or other Utensil* by him, her or them used for the boiling or making of *Soap*, shall not, within the Space of *Four Hours* from the time of his, her or their having so begun, cleanse and take the whole of his, her or their *Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or other Utensil*, *such Maker or Makers of Soap* is offending both for every *such* Offence *twice* and lose the Sum of *Fifty Pounds*: And Whereas the said last mentioned Provisions have not been found sufficient to prevent the Frauds thereby intended to have been prevented? Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said *Thirty sixth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen*, in each of the said last mentioned Acts as is herebefore recited shall be and the same are hereby repealed, save and except as to any *Face, Preally or Forfeiture* relating thereto which shall have been incurred before or on the said *Thirty sixth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen*; and that from and after the said *Thirty sixth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen*, all and every *Makers and Makers of Soap* who shall begin to cleanse or take any *Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Boiler or Vellid* by him, her or them used for the boiling or making of *Soap*, shall, and he, she and they is are hereby required to cleanse and take the whole of the *Soap* boiled or made in any *such Copper, Boiler or Vellid* from and out of the time within the times hereafter respectively mentioned in that behalf; that is to say, if any *Maker of Hard Soap* shall begin to cleanse or take any *Hard Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Pan or Vellid*, and shall cleanse or put the same into the *Frames*, or more than five *Frames*, and shall not cleanse and take the whole of the *Soap* boiled and made in *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*, from and out of the time within the Space of *Three Hours* from the time of his having first begun to cleanse or take *such Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*; and if any *Maker of Hard Soap* shall begin to cleanse or take any *Hard Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Pan or Vellid*, and shall cleanse or put the same into *Two Frames*, or less than five *Frames*, and shall not cleanse and take the whole of the *Soap* boiled and made in *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*, from and out of the time within the Space of *Two Hours* from the time of his having first begun to cleanse or take *such Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*; and if any *Maker of Hard Soap* shall begin to cleanse or take any *Hard Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Pan or Vellid*, and shall cleanse or put the same into *Two Frames*, or less than *Two Frames*, and shall not cleanse and take the whole of the *Soap* boiled and made in *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*, from and out of the time within the Space of *One Hour* from the time of his having first begun to cleanse or take *such Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*; and if any *Maker of Soft Soap* shall begin to cleanse or take any *Soft Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Pan or Vellid*, and if any *Maker of Soft Soap* shall begin to cleanse or take the whole of the *Soap* boiled and made in *such Copper, Pan or Vellid* from and out of the time within the Space of *Three Hours* from the time of his having first begun to cleanse or take *such Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*; and that if any *Maker of Soft Soap* shall begin to cleanse or take any *Soft Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Pan or Vellid*, and shall not cleanse and take the whole of the *Soap* boiled and made in *such Copper, Pan or Vellid* from and out of the time within the Space of *Three Hours* from the time of his having first begun to cleanse or take *such Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*, and shall not cleanse and take the whole of the *Soap* boiled and made in *such Copper, Pan or Vellid* from and out of the time within the Space of *One Hour* from the time of his having first begun to cleanse or take *such Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*, all and every *such Maker and Makers of Soap* respectively. Shall for every *such* Offence, in each and every *such Case*, forfeit and lose the Sum of *Fifty Pounds*.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said *Thirty sixth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen*, every *Maker of Hard Soap*, who shall make any *Yellow or Mottled Soap*, shall, when and so soon as *such Yellow or Mottled Soap* respectively shall have been cleansed and taken from and out of the *Copper, Pan or Vellid* in which the same has been boiled and made, add and put into *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*,

Other Provisions and Regulations specified in the said Act, as to any *Face, Preally or Forfeiture* relating thereto which shall have been incurred before or on the said *Thirty sixth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen*; and that from and after the said *Thirty sixth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen*, all and every *Makers and Makers of Soap* who shall begin to cleanse or take any *Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Boiler or Vellid* by him, her or them used for the boiling or making of *Soap*, shall, and he, she and they is are hereby required to cleanse and take the whole of the *Soap* boiled or made in any *such Copper, Boiler or Vellid* from and out of the time within the times hereafter respectively mentioned in that behalf; that is to say, if any *Maker of Hard Soap* shall begin to cleanse or take any *Hard Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Pan or Vellid*, and shall cleanse or put the same into the *Frames*, or more than five *Frames*, and shall not cleanse and take the whole of the *Soap* boiled and made in *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*, from and out of the time within the Space of *Three Hours* from the time of his having first begun to cleanse or take *such Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*; and if any *Maker of Hard Soap* shall begin to cleanse or take any *Hard Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Pan or Vellid*, and shall cleanse or put the same into *Two Frames*, or less than five *Frames*, and shall not cleanse and take the whole of the *Soap* boiled and made in *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*, from and out of the time within the Space of *Two Hours* from the time of his having first begun to cleanse or take *such Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*; and if any *Maker of Hard Soap* shall begin to cleanse or take any *Hard Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Pan or Vellid*, and shall cleanse or put the same into *Two Frames*, or less than *Two Frames*, and shall not cleanse and take the whole of the *Soap* boiled and made in *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*, from and out of the time within the Space of *One Hour* from the time of his having first begun to cleanse or take *such Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*; and that if any *Maker of Soft Soap* shall begin to cleanse or take any *Soft Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Pan or Vellid*, and if any *Maker of Soft Soap* shall begin to cleanse or take the whole of the *Soap* boiled and made in *such Copper, Pan or Vellid* from and out of the time within the Space of *Three Hours* from the time of his having first begun to cleanse or take *such Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*; and that if any *Maker of Soft Soap* shall begin to cleanse or take any *Soft Soap* from or out of any *Copper, Pan or Vellid*, and shall not cleanse and take the whole of the *Soap* boiled and made in *such Copper, Pan or Vellid* from and out of the time within the Space of *Three Hours* from the time of his having first begun to cleanse or take *such Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*, and shall not cleanse and take the whole of the *Soap* boiled and made in *such Copper, Pan or Vellid* from and out of the time within the Space of *One Hour* from the time of his having first begun to cleanse or take *such Soap* from or out of *such Copper, Pan or Vellid*, all and every *such Maker and Makers of Soap* respectively. Shall for every *such* Offence, in each and every *such Case*, forfeit and lose the Sum of *Fifty Pounds*.

Hard Soap, its Frames and apparatus.

Three Frames and less.

Two Frames and less.

Soft Soap, Tereby Barrels and apparatus.

Two Barrels.

Less than Two Barrels.

Maker offending, Penalty yet.

Regulations as to making of Yellow or Mottled Soap.

Yellid, all the Fish and Shemmings which have been taken out of such Coppes, Pan or Vellid, and also Grains, in the Proportion of at least One hundred Weight of Grain for every Ton of Yellow or Mottled Soap respectively which such Copper, Pan or Vellid shall be employed by the Officer to boil and make, and shall immediately resell such Grains in such Coppes, Pan or Vellid in the Presence of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise; and if any Maker or Makers of Soap shall make any Yellow or Mottled Soap, and shall not, within the Space of Half an Hour after such Yellow or Mottled Soap shall have been cleaved and taken from and out of the Coppes, Pan or Vellid in which the same has been boiled or made, and put into such Coppes, Pan or Vellid, all the Fish and Shemmings which have been taken out of such Copper, Pan or Vellid, and also add fifth Grains in the Proportion aforesaid, or shall not immediately melt such Grains in such Copper, Pan or Vellid, in the Presence of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, all and every Maker and Makers of Soap to offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Makers
offending.
Penalty 200*l*.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, no Person or Persons whatsoever shall make or manufacture for Sale, or sell any Lard, Lard or Lye, fit or proper for the making or manufacture of Soap, or shall grind or pound for Sale any Barilla, or sell any ground or powdered Barilla exceeding Twenty eight Pounds Weight of such Barilla in any one time; and if any Person or Persons shall make or manufacture for Sale, or sell any Lard, Lard or Lye, fit or proper for the making or manufacture of Soap, or shall grind or pound for Sale any Barilla, or sell any ground or powdered Barilla exceeding Twenty eight Pounds Weight of such Barilla in any one time, every Person so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and all such Lard, Lard or Lye, and ground or powdered Barilla respectively, shall be forfeited, together with all Vellids or Packages containing the same, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Lard fit for
Soap not to be
manufactured
for Sale, or
sold, nor Barilla
ground, or
powdered for
Sale, or sold.
Penalty of each
Forfeiture.

V. And Whereas, by a Clause in an Act of Parliament passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty Queen Anne, among other things, for bring several Duties upon all Soap made in Great Britain, or imported into the same, reciting that it might frequently happen that Sale or rotten Soap, and also the Cuttings of good Soap (for which the Duties by the said Act should first have been duly paid or charged), might be put again into the Copper or Pan to be refined or made new, and the Soap newly made from the same, or from a Mixture of the same with other Ingredients, would be chargeable with a new Duty, by the said Act, it was therefore provided and enacted, that in case such Sale or rotten Soap or Cuttings be put into the Copper or Pan, in the Presence of an Officer for the said Duties, to be refined or made new as aforesaid, such Officer should from time to time make an Allowance of the Duty of the Sale or rotten Soap or Cuttings to put in, and certify every such Allowance upon his Return to be returned to the Head Officer; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: And Whereas, by an Act made in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, among other things, for the more effectual preventing Frauds and Abuses in the Public Revenue, it was enacted, that, if any Sale or rotten Soap, or any Cuttings of Soap, in order to the refining thereof, should, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, be put into any Making or Makings of Soap, under the Intervention and designing to be put such Sale or rotten Soap, or Cuttings of Soap, there should be or should have been given, to the Officer of the Division or Place where such putting is was intended to be, such Notice in Writing as thereafter was mentioned, and that in every such Case and Cases whatsoever, where such putting is, or should be or should have been without such Notice, the Officer should not certify such putting in, or any Allowance for or in respect thereof, nor should the Maker or Makers of Soap, or any such Case or Cases, have or be entitled to have any Allowance or Allowances whatsoever for or in respect of such putting in such Sale or rotten Soap, or of such Cuttings of Soap; and it was further enacted, that if, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and twenty five, any Officer or Officers of Excise, or for the said Duties on Soap, should falsely pretend that he or they hath or have had due Notice in Writing of such putting in such Sale or rotten Soap, or of such Cuttings of Soap, in any Case and Cases where and in which he or they really and in fact should not have had such due Notice in Writing, and should make such Allowance and Allowances as aforesaid, and should falsely certify the same, every such Officer and Officers, for every Pound Weight of such Sale or rotten Soap or Cuttings of Soap, to be falsely allowed or certified as aforesaid, should forfeit and lose the Sum of Ten Shillings; and every such Maker or Makers of Soap who should demand, claim, have or take any Benefit or Advantage for or in respect of any such Allowance to be falsely made or certified by such Officer or Officers, in every such Case and Cases should forfeit and lose the Sum of Ten Shillings for every Pound Weight of such Sale or rotten Soap or Cuttings of Soap as should be claimed, demanded, had or taken by such Maker or Makers of Soap, for and in respect of such Allowance to be falsely made or certified by such Officer or Officers: And Whereas the said last mentioned recited Provision and Clauses have by a certain Act of Parliament passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, among other things, for the better securing and further Improvement of the Customs, Excise, inland and Salt Duties, been repealed, better secured and further improved: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, so much of the said heretofore recited Provision and Clauses of the said Acts of the Tenth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty Queen Anne, and of the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Third, as still remains in force, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; save and except in all Cases relating to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fine, Penalty or

10 Ann. c. 19.
11-15

11 G. 3. c. 30.
52*h*

11 G. 3. c. 23.
4-6

10 Ann. c. 19.
11 G.
11 G. 3. c. 23.
4-6.
Forfeiture
repealed.

Perfumers relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the said Thirty first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

In the Remo-
val of Soap
exceeding
Twenty eight
Pounds or more
to be put on
the Package.

Soap removed,
i.e. in Package
not so marked,
declared with
Package.

Having in Pos-
session or re-
moving, too
much Soap
Penalty 200l.

Makers of
Tallow, not
being entered
Customs Masters,
to give Notice
in Office of
Weighing Places.

Office to enter
and take Ac-
count and
Sample, &c.

Makers using
unentered
Tallow, &c.

Having Barilla,
i.e. not being
an entered Soap
Maker, or the
entering
Office

Penalty 200l.
and Barilla, &c.
forfeited.

Soap Makers
to receive
Books con-
taining Cer-
tificates to be
filled up and
sent out with
every Quan-
tity of Soap
sold, exceeding
40 lbs. and
corresponding
Entry made.

Books kept
open in
Presence, and
subject to
Inspection of
Officers.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of July, when any Soap exceeding the Quantity of Twenty eight Pounds Weight shall be measured or carried by Land or by Water, the Word "Soap" shall be painted or marked in large and legible Letters, of at least Two Inches in Length, on every Chest, Basket, Box, Cask or Package, wherein such Soap shall be contained; and further, that when any Soap exceeding the Quantity of Twenty eight Pounds Weight shall be removed or carried in any Cart, Wagon or other Carriage, by any Person not being a known and public or common Carrier of Goods and Merchandise from one Part of Great Britain to another, the Word "Soap" shall be painted or marked in large and legible Letters of at least Three Inches in Length, on some conspicuous and uncovered Part of every such Cart, Wagon or other Carriage; and all Soap exceeding the Quantity of Twenty eight Pounds Weight, which after the said Thirty first Day of July shall be removed or carried, or measuring or carrying, in any Chest, Basket, Box, Cask or Package, not having the Word "Soap" painted or marked thereon in large and legible Letters of at least Two Inches in Length, on which shall be removed or carried, or removing or carrying, by any Person not being a known and public or common Carrier of Goods and Merchandise from one Part of Great Britain to another, in any Cart, Wagon or other Carriage, not having the Word "Soap" painted or marked in large and legible Letters of at least Three Inches in Length, on some conspicuous and uncovered Part of such Cart, Wagon or other Carriage, shall be forfeited, together with the Chest, Basket, Box, Cask or other Package containing the same, and the Box or Vessel, Hovel or House, or other Cattle, Wagon, Cart or other Carriage made use of in the Removal or Carriage of the same, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession such Soap shall be found, or who shall be or shall have been employed or concerned in the Removal or Carriage thereof, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of July, every Maker of Tallow, Fat, Grease or Kitchen Stuff, not being an entered Maker of Candles, shall give Notice in Writing at the Office of Excise of every House, Workhouse, Room and Place made use of by him or them for the melting, rendering or keeping of any Tallow, Fat, Grease or Kitchen Stuff, within the Customs or Limits whereof such House, Workhouse, Room or Place respectively shall be situated, before he, she or they shall be made use of any such House, Workhouse, Room or Place; and it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Excise to enter every House, Workhouse, Room and Place, entered or made use of by any Maker or Makers of Tallow, Fat or Grease, for the melting, rendering or keeping of Tallow, Fat, Grease and Kitchen Stuff, or any or either of them, and to inspect and take an Account of all Tallow, Fat, Grease and Kitchen Stuff, and other Materials in the Custody or Possession of any Maker or Makers thereof, and to take any Sample thereof respectively for or of any Fat thereof, not exceeding One Pound for each such Sample, paying for the same at the current Value thereof; and if any Maker of Tallow, Fat, Grease or Kitchen Stuff, shall make use of any House, Workhouse, Room or Place, for the melting, rendering or keeping of any Tallow, Fat, Grease or Kitchen Stuff, without having first made Entry of such House, Workhouse, Room and Place respectively, at the Office of Excise within the Customs and Limits whereof the same shall be situated; or if any such Person or Persons, not being an entered Soap Maker or Makers, shall have in his, her or their Custody or Possession any Barilla, Kelp, Black Ash or any Lye, Ley or Lime; or if any such Person or Persons shall at any time abstract or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in or from entering any House, Workhouse, Room or Place, entered or made use of by any Maker or Makers of Tallow, Fat, Grease or Kitchen Stuff, for the melting, rendering or keeping of any Tallow, Fat, Grease or Kitchen Stuff, or in or from respecting, receiving or taking an Account or Sample thereof, of any Tallow, Fat, Grease or Kitchen Stuff or other Materials, Barilla, Kelp, Black Ash, Lye, Ley or Lime, in the Custody or Possession of any Maker or Makers thereof, such Maker or Makers and Persons and Persons respectively offending, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and all Barilla, Kelp, Black Ash, Lye, Ley or Lime, found in the Possession of any such Person or Persons, not being an entered Soap Maker or Makers, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of July, all and every Maker and Makers of Soap shall, upon demand, receive from the proper Officer of Excise a Book or Books, to be prepared with proper printed Forms and Tables for the Purposes hereinafter mentioned, and to be kept by every such Maker of Soap in some public and open Part of his, her or their entered Premises; and that from and after the said Thirty first Day of July, no Soap exceeding Twenty eight Pounds Weight shall be sold, sent out or delivered by any such Maker of Soap to any Person or Persons whatsoever, without being accompanied by a Certificate filled up and sent out progressively from the printed Forms of such Certificates contained in such Book as aforesaid, signed by such Maker of Soap selling, sending out or delivering the same, or some Person or Persons on his, her or their behalf, certifying the Date thereof, the Quantity, Quality, Sort or Kind of such Soap, to whom sold, from whose Stock delivered, and that the Duty has been paid or secured to be paid thereon; and that the Maker of Soap selling, sending out, or delivering any Soap exceeding Twenty eight Pounds Weight as aforesaid, shall in the same time make a corresponding Entry thereof, containing the same Particulars, in such Book as aforesaid; and that such Book, with such Entries so made therein as aforesaid, shall at all times from the Hour of Six of the Clock in the Morning until the Hour of Seven of the Clock in the Evening, be open and exposed in the entered Premises of such Maker of Soap as aforesaid, to the Perusal of any Officer or Officers of Excise, and shall be delivered and given up by

by such Maker of Soap as aforesaid to any Officer or Officers of Excise, upon demand; and if any Maker of Soap shall sell, send out, or deliver any Quantity of Soap exceeding Twenty eight Pounds Weight at any one time, unaccompanied by such Certificate as aforesaid, or without making such Entry in such Book as aforesaid, or shall convey away or conceal any such Book or Books as aforesaid, or conceal, obliterate, destroy or tear out any Label or Labels thereon, or Entry or Entries thereon, or shall make any false Entry or Entries therein, or shall appraise, collect, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in inspecting any such Book or Books, or any such Entry or Entries therein as aforesaid, or shall at any time neglect or refuse, when required, to deliver or give up to any Officer or Officers of Excise such Book or Books as aforesaid, all and every such Maker of Soap as aforesaid shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and all Soap exceeding Twenty eight Pounds Weight removing or removed without being accompanied by a true and lawful Certificate, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and the Parties or Persons removing, carrying or conveying the same, or who shall be or shall have been employed or concerned, or aiding or assisting therein, or in whose Custody the same shall be found, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Parties and Persons who shall at any time be found removing or attending and directing the Removal of any Soap from one Part of Great Britain to any other Part thereof, or shall have received any Soap for removal for Sale, shall, upon the Demand of any Officer or Officers of Excise, produce the same, and such Certificate as aforesaid, to such Officer or Officers, to be by him or them examined and inspected, and to compare such Quantity and Quality of Soap with such Certificate accompanying or which accompanied the same for such Removal; and if any such Parties or Persons shall refuse or neglect, upon such Demand, to produce any such Soap or Certificate as aforesaid, or to suffer and permit such Inspection, Examination, and compare as aforesaid, or shall hinder or obstruct any Officer or Officers of Excise therein, or in executing any of the Powers of this Act, every such Parties and Persons shall for every such Offence severally forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and in every such Case all such Soap shall be forfeited, together with the Boat, Vessel, Cart, Waggon and other Carriage, Horse, Horses and other Cattle conveying or removing the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

X. And Whereas it is usual for the Officers of Excise to leave to the Proprietors of the Traders and Manufacturers under their Survey, certain Books or Papers commonly called *Specimens*, for recording therein the Entries in the Books of such Officers of the State of the Manufactory, and the Accounts and Particulars of Survey taken by them from time to time as such Traders or Manufacturers: And Whereas such Practice has been found beneficial to the Revenue, and it is expedient to prevent the Removal, Obliteration or Detraction of such Excise *Specimens*: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Excise to leave and deposit in any House, Workhouse, Room or Place, entered or made use of by any Trader or Traders, Manufacturer or Manufacturers, under or subject to the Survey of any Officer or Officers of Excise, a certain Book or Paper commonly called a *Specimen*, and at all times to have free Access to such Book or Paper as last aforesaid; and if any Parties or Persons, not being an Excise Officer, shall remove, convey away or conceal any Book or Paper commonly called a *Specimen*, or shall misuse, damage or destroy the same, or deface or obliterate any Entry or Entries therein, or shall appraise, collect, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in or from having free Access to, or in or from inspecting any such Book or Paper commonly called a *Specimen*, or in making any Entry or Entries therein, or in removing or taking away any such Book or Paper as last aforesaid, or to such Officer or Officers respectively shall from time to time, the Parties or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XI. And Whereas by an Act made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty Queen Anne, for amendment of other things, laying several Duties upon Soap and Paper, and upon certain Silks, Calicoes, Linens and Stuffs, printed, painted or stained, it was enacted, that all such every Parties and Persons who shall print, paint, stain or dye as aforesaid any Silks, Calicoes, Linens or such Stuffs as in the said Act mentioned in Great Britain, shall from time to time, within Six Weeks after he, she or they shall make or ought to have made such Entry as in the said Act mentioned, clear off all the said Duties which shall be then due or remain unpaid for all such Silks, Calicoes, Linens and Stuffs as shall have been printed, painted, stained or dyed by him, her or them respectively as aforesaid, upon pain of forfeiting for every Default therein, Double the Sum of the same Duties whereof the Payment shall be so neglected; and that in such Parties, after such Default in Payment made, shall deliver or carry out, or cause to be delivered or carried out, any such printed, painted, stained or dyed Goods, until he hath paid and cleared off his Duty, on pain to forfeit Double the Value of the Goods so delivered or carried out: And Whereas it is expedient that the Duties payable for or in respect of printed, stained, painted or dyed Silks, Mulls, Calicoes, Linens and Stuffs, shall be cleared off and paid by and at the End of every Six Weeks: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Thirty first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, all and every Parties and Persons who shall print, paint, stain or dye any Silks, Mulls, Calicoes, Linens or Stuffs, in Great Britain, shall by or at the End of every Six Weeks clear off and pay all the Duties which shall during such Six Weeks have been charged upon such Parties or Persons respectively, or shall then remain unpaid, for all such Silks, Mulls, Calicoes, Linens and Stuffs respectively as shall have been printed, painted, stained or dyed by him, her or them respectively, upon pain of forfeiting, for every Default therein, Double the Sum of the said Duties whereof the Payment shall be so neglected; and that no such Parties, after making default of such Payments, shall deliver or carry out, or cause to be delivered

Maker, &c.
offending.

Penalty next
and Soap for-
feited.

Seizing, &c.
Penalty next.

Officers may
demand In-
specton of
"Soap in its
original, with
Certificate ac-
companying it.
Refusing or
obstructing
Officers.

Penalty next,
and Forfeiture
of Soap, &c.

Specimens for
recording En-
tries to be left
in Presence of
Traders or
Manufacturers.

Removing
there, or de-
facing, carrying,
or concealing
Officers from
inspecting the
Penalty next.

10 Geo. 2. c. 19.

§ 20.

Persons print-
ing, &c. Silks,
&c. to clear the
Duties every
Six Weeks.

Penalty.
Delivering
without clearing
Duties.

Penalty.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

Persons of
as C. 1. c. 11.
any Act
relating to Ex-
chequer, extended
to this Act.

or carried out, any such printed, printed, bound or dyed Goods, until he has paid and cleared off the whole of such Duties, upon pain of forfeiting Double the Value of the Goods so delivered or cleared out.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures hereby imposed, and not otherwise directed by this Act, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or satisfied by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied or satisfied by any Law or Laws of Exchequer, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that the Molesey of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Directions, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Claims, Matters and Things, which in and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for taking away the Courts of Wards and Liveries, and Tenures in Capite, and by Knights Service and Parsonages, and for settling a Revenue upon His Majesty in his Majesty's* or by any other Law or Laws ever in force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Exchequer, as provided and established for managing, selling, levying, collecting, recovering or recovering, adjudging or ascertaining the Duties thereby granted or any of them, other than in such Cases for which other Penalties or Penalties are made and prescribed by this Act, shall be provided, used and put in execution in and for the Purposes of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Claims, Matters and Things were particularly repeated and re-enacted in this present Act.

CAP. XCI.

An Act for giving additional Facilities in Applications to Courts of Equity, regarding the Management of Estates or Funds belonging to Charities.

[11th July 1814.]

31 G. 3. c. 91.

11.

a. 11. 1000.

11.

When it shall
appear that the
Directors of a
Court of Equity
are requisite,
Commissioners
may certify the
Particulars in
a Writing Signed,
which may
apply com-
municate, or com-
municate a Bill in
the Court of
Chancery, or
Court of Ex-
chequer, &c.

Limitation of
Appeal from
Order or De-
crete therein.

Matter of the
Rolls or Vice
Chancellor may
hear such Peti-
tion, &c.

No Appeal
from Decree of
Lord Chan-
cellor.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for applying Commissions to inquiries concerning Charities in England for the Education of the Poor*; and certain Commissioners were appointed for the Execution of the said Act: And Whereas an Act hath passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament for applying Commissions to inquiries concerning Charities in England, for the Education of the Poor, and to extend the Powers thereof to other Charities in England and Wales, whereby the Numbers and Powers of the Commissioners were increased: And Whereas it is expedient that additional Facilities should be afforded for Applications to the Courts of Equity regarding the Management of Estates or Funds appropriated to Charitable Purposes: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whenever, upon any Examination or Investigation taken or had by and before the Commissioners appointed or to be appointed under the Authority of the before mentioned Acts, any Case shall arise or happen in which it shall appear to the said Commissioners that the Directions or Orders of a Court of Equity are requisite for the soundly of any Neglect, Breach of Trust, Fraud, Abuse or Misconduct in the Management of any Trust created for any Charitable Purpose as aforesaid, or of the Estates or Funds thereto belonging, or for the regulating the Administration of any such Trust, or of the Estates or Funds thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, if they shall think fit, to certify the Particulars of such Case in Writing under their Hands to His Majesty's Attorney General, and thereupon it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Attorney General, if he shall so think fit, either by a summary Application in the Nature of a Petition, or by Information, or the Case may require, to apply to or commence a Suit in His Majesty's High Court of Chancery, or to or in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer sitting as a Court of Equity, stating and setting forth the Neglect, Breach of Trust, Fraud, Abuse or Misconduct, or other Cause of Complaint or Application, and praying such Relief in the Nature of the Case may require; and when such Petition or Suit is instituted in the said Court of Exchequer, it shall be lawful for that Court to proceed in the hearing and deciding of the same, according to the due Course of the said Court; and any Order or Decree of the said Court in such Proceeding shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, unless the Party or Parties who shall stick himself or themselves aggrieved thereby shall within One Year after the time when such Order or Decree shall have been made and entered by the proper Officers, pray as an Appeal from such Order or Decree to the House of Lords; and when such Petition or Suit is preferred or commenced in the said High Court of Chancery, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, and they are hereby required, to order and direct such Petition or Suit to be heard and determined either before the Master of the Rolls or Vice Chancellor, or to the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners shall from meet, and thereupon the Master of the Rolls or Vice Chancellor shall proceed to hear and to rehear, if it be so, it shall appear necessary, and to determine the same; and all Decrees, Orders and Acts of the Master of the Rolls and Vice Chancellor made and done thereon, shall be deemed and taken to be respectively Decrees, Orders and Acts of the said Court of Chancery, and be executed accordingly, subject nevertheless in every Case to be provided, dispensed or altered by the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal for the time being; and no such Decree or Order shall be executed, until the same be signed by the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal for the time being.*

II. And be it further enacted, That when any Appeal shall be made to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal, from any Order or Decree of the Master of the Rolls or Vice Chancellor,

Chancellor, made in any Matter aforesaid, the Decree or Order which shall be made on such Appeal by the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal, shall be final and conclusive, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and on Appeal from such Decree or Order of the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, to the House of Lords, shall be allowed or refused.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Petition or Information preferred, filed or prosecuted under this Act, nor any Answer thereto; nor any Depositions, Interrogatories, Affidavits or Proceedings, nor any Order or Decree upon the same, or in relation thereto, nor any Copies of any such Petitions, Informations, Answers, Depositions, Interrogatories, Affidavits, Orders or Decrees, nor of any other Proceedings whatsoever under this Act, shall be subject or liable to the Payment of any Stamp Duty whatever.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person summoned to appear before any Two or more of the said Commissioners shall wilfully omit or refuse to appear before such Commissioners, or to bring or to produce any Deed, Paper or Writing, Instrument or other Document, in his, her or their Possession, Custody or Power, and which he, she or they shall be required by the Precept of such Commissioners to produce, relating wholly to the Estates or Funds which shall be the Subject of Inquiry before such Commissioners, or to the Receipt or Application, or Nonapplication or Misapplication thereof, or to the State of the Schools or Charities which shall be the Subject of Inquiry before such Commissioners, or the true Copy of any Part or Parts of any Deed, Paper, Writing or other Instrument, (and which Copy any Two of such Commissioners are hereby empowered to require by such Precept,) or shall refuse to be sworn, or being a Quaker to affirm, or being a Jew, or being a Quaker having affirmed, shall refuse to answer to and before the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, or to answer fully any lawful Question on Oath or Affirmation touching or concerning any Matter or Thing relating to such Estates or Funds as aforesaid, or to the State of such Schools or Charities as aforesaid (except in Cases excepted by the said first recited Act), every such Person so refusing to comply with any such lawful Requirement of the said Commissioners, shall be liable to the Payment of such Fine to His Majesty, as the Court of King's Bench or the Court of the Exchequer, on Application made by or on the behalf of the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, or by His Majesty's Attorney General for the time being, shall think fit to let and impose, which Fine the said Court of King's Bench or Court of Exchequer is hereby authorized and empowered to let and impose according to their Discretion respectively, and to enforce Payment of the same by Attachment or otherwise, in such manner as the said Courts respectively may do in Cases of Contempt of the same Court.

V. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall appear to the Trustees of any Free School, Hospital or other Charitable Institution or Donation within the Provinces of this Act, that the Statutes or Regulations thereof are insufficient for the secure and due Administration of the Funds therein belonging, it shall be lawful for such Members of them as are by the said Statutes or Regulations empowered to do any Act, by and with the Consent of any Five or more of the said Commissioners, to present a Petition to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal, or to the Court of Exchequer sitting as a Court of Equity, praying such Relief as the Nature of the Case may require; and the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper and Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal, and the said Court of Exchequer, are hereby authorized and empowered to give such Directions, and to make such Order touching the Matter of the said Application, as to them respectively shall seem fit; which Order shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, unless the Party or Parties who shall think himself or themselves aggrieved thereby shall, within Two Years after the time when such Order shall have been made and entered by the proper Officer, prefer an Appeal from such Order to the House of Lords, to whom it is hereby enacted and declared that an Appeal shall be from such Order.

C A P. XCII.

An Act to enable Justices of the Peace in Ireland to act as such, in certain Cases, out of the Limits of the Counties in which they actually are; to make Provision for the Execution of Warrants of Distress granted by them; and to authorise them to impose Fines upon Constables and other Officers for Neglect of Duty, and on Masters for Ill Usage of their Apprentices. [18th July 1819.]

WHEREAS the Administration of Justice in Ireland is frequently obstructed for want of resident Justices of the Peace, and might be much facilitated in case the Justices sitting for Two or more adjoining Counties were enabled to act for the same, if particularly resident in either of those in which they act, or if they are by Law enabled to do in Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace, sitting as such for any Two or more Counties, being adjoining Counties, in Ireland, to act as a Justice or Justices of the Peace in all Matters and Things whatsoever concerning or in anywise relating to any or either of the said Counties; and that all and every Act and Acts of such Justice or Justices of the Peace, and the Acts and Acts of any Constable or other Officer in obedience thereto, shall be as valid, good and effectual in Law, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if such Act or Acts of the said Justice or Justices had been done in the County or Counties to which such Act or Acts more particularly relate, and all Constables and other Officers of the said County or Counties, to which such Act or Acts relate, are hereby authorized and required to obey the Warrants, Orders, Directions, Acts and Acts of such Justice or Justices as aforesaid, given and done, and to do and perform their several Offices and Duties, under the Power and Penalties to which any Constable or other Officer may be liable for Neglect of Duty: Provided always, that such Justice or Justices be personally resident in One of the said

offices, &c. upon Appeal.

Proceedings not subject to Stamp Duty.

Persons refusing to appear before Commissioners, or to produce Deeds, &c. as relating to estates, &c. to answer Questions upon Oath, &c. (excepted) liable to be fined by Court of King's Bench or Exchequer.

How Payment of Fine enforced.

Where Regulations of Charities are insufficient for a due Administration of the Funds, Trustees may apply by Petition to Chancery or Exchequer sitting in Equity for Relief.

Limitation of Appeals.

Justices of the Peace in Ireland may act for adjoining Counties, provided they are resident in one of them.

Constables, &c. to obey Warrants, &c.

Minors of
drowning War-
riors.

Constables, &c.
may carry
Officers be-
tween such dis-
tances, and where
they act as if
Juries were
residents within
the County.

Quarantining
Constables, &c.

Penalty.

Sherriff, &c.
may convey
Officers
through adjac-
ing Counties.

Removal of
winding Streets.
Penalty.

Justices for
Counties at
large may act
within any
adjoining City
beyond County
of limits.
Penalty as to
Matters arising
within the same
City.

Justices in
Specialty Petty
Sessions may
impose fines
upon Constables, &c. for
Neglect of
Duty, and on
Masters for
Ill Usage of
Apprentices
having paid
20s. in order.

Penalty by
Distress.

Application of
Fines.

Constables at the time of doing such Act or Acts. Provided also, that the Warrants, Orders or Directions, to be given and granted, be directed and given to the Constable or other Officer of the County to which the same more particularly relate.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Constable or other Peace Officer as aforesaid, or for any other Person or Persons apprehending or taking into custody any Person or Persons offending against Law, and whom they lawfully may and ought to apprehend and take into custody, by virtue of his or their Office or Offices, or otherwise lawfully, to convey and take the Person or Persons as apprehended or taken into custody as aforesaid, to any Justice or Justices of the Peace sitting for the said County, and persons in high adjoining County as aforesaid, and the said Constables and other Peace Officers, and all and every other Person or Persons, are hereby authorized, empowered and required in all such Cases to act in all things as if the said Justice or Justices of the Peace were or were resident within the said County to which they respectively belong; and all and every Person or Persons obstructing or hindering the said Constables or other Peace Officers in the Execution of their respective Offices in the said County or Counties adjoining as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby made liable to the same Fines and Penalties for such Obstruction and Hindrance of the said Officers in the Execution of their respective Offices, as if the same had been committed in the County for which the said Constables or other Peace Officers were appointed to act.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Sheriff or Justice of the Peace sitting for any County as aforesaid, or for any Constable or other Peace Officer in Ireland, or for any other Person or Persons lawfully taking into or having in his or their Custody respectively, any Person or Persons offending against Law, and whom he or they may or might lawfully convey to Gaol, or any Place of safe Custody, to convey or take the said Person or Persons to be in custody as aforesaid, into and through any Part or Parts of the said County or Counties to adjoining, in their Way to such Gaol or Place of safe Custody within the County wherein such Officer was done or committed, and all and every Person or Persons escaping from such Custody as aforesaid, or taking or assisting such Escape or Escapes, or releasing such Person or Persons to be in custody as aforesaid, shall be subject to the like Fines and Penalties for such Escape or Escapes, and for such Aid and Assistance to given as aforesaid, and for such Release and Refuges, as if the said Escape or Escapes had happened, or such Aid and Assistance had been given, or such Release or Refuges had been made, in the County wherein such Officer was done or committed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace sitting for any County as aforesaid, to act in all such at any Place within any City or Town being a County of itself, and situate within, surrounded by, or adjoining to any such County at large; and that all and every such Act and Acts, Matters and Things done by such Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County at large, within such City or Town, shall be as valid and effectual in the Law as if the same had been done within the said County at large, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever. Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend to give Power to the Justices of the Peace for any County at large, not being Jurisdiction for such City or Town, or any Constable or other Officer acting under them, to act or intermeddle in any Matters or Things arising within any such City or Town, in any manner whatsoever.

V. And Whereas it is expedient to give such and the like Powers to Justices of the Peace in Ireland, to impose Fines upon Constables and other Peace and Parish Officers within their respective Jurisdictions, for Neglect of Duty in their respective Offices, or for Inobedience of the Warrants or Orders of such Justices, and also to impose Fines upon Masters of Apprentices for Ill Usage of their Apprentices, and also to make such Provision for the Execution of Warrants of Distress granted by Justices, as are by Law given and made in Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and

may be lawful for any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in Ireland, assembled at any Special or Petty Sessions of the Peace, upon Complaint being made upon Oath before them of any Neglect of Duty, or of any Inobedience of any lawful Warrant or Order of any Justice or Justices of the Peace, by any Constable or other Peace or Parish Officer, or upon Complaint made to such Two or more Justices upon Oath by or on the behalf of any Apprentice to any Trade or Business whatsoever, whether bound Apprentice by any Parish or Township or otherwise (provided that not more than the Sum of Ten Pounds be paid upon the hearing of such Apprentice), against him or her Master or Masters of any Ill Usage of such Apprentice by such Master or Masters (such Constable or other Officer, Master or Masters having been duly summoned to appear and answer such Charge or Complaints), to impose upon Conviction any reasonable Fine or Fines, not exceeding the Sum of Forty Shillings, upon such Constable or other Officer, Master or Masters respectively, as a Punishment for such Disobedience, Neglect of Duty or Ill Usage, and by Warrants under the Hands and Seals of any Two or more of such Justices assembled at any Special or Petty Sessions as aforesaid, to distress such Fine or Fines, if not paid, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons in offending, rendering the Overplus (if any), after deducting the Amount of such Fine or Fines, and the Charges of such Distress and Sale, to such Offender or Offenders; and such Fine or Fines which may be imposed upon any such Constable or other Officer as aforesaid, shall be applied and disposed of for the Relief of the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place where the Offender shall respectively reside, at the Discretion of the Justices imposing the same; and such Fine or Fines which may be imposed upon any such Master or Masters shall, at the Discretion of the Justices imposing the same, be either so applied and disposed of as aforesaid, or be otherwise paid and applied to or for the Use and Benefit of such Apprentice, in or towards a Reimbursement or Compensation for the Injury which may have been by him or her sustained by reason

rescue of such ill-gale as aforesaid; and if any Person shall be aggrieved, by the Imprehension of such Place or Places as aforesaid, or by any Order or Warrant of Distress for raising and levying the same, or by the Judgment or Determination of the said Justices, or by any Act to be done in the Execution of such Warrant of Distress, such Person or Persons as aforesaid shall and may appeal to the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the County, County of a City or County of a Town, within which such Person shall reside; of which Appeal Ten Days Notice at the least shall be given; and for want of such Distress such Person or Persons shall be committed to the House of Correction for any Space of time not exceeding Ten Days.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person acting under any such Warrant of Distress as aforesaid, shall be deemed a Trespasser at law by reason of any Irregularity or Insuperiority in such Warrant, or on any Proceedings thereon; but any Person aggrieved by the doing or Execution of such Warrant, may recover the Special Damages thereby by him or her sustained in an Action of Trespass or on the Case, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Ireland.

VII. And Whereas Warrants of Distress granted by Justices of the Peace are in many instances inefficient, by reason of the Goods and Chittels of the Parties against whose such Warrants are granted, being out of the Jurisdiction of the Justice granting the same: Be it therefore enacted, That in all Cases where any Person, Forfeiture, Fine or other Money may, by the Warrant of any Justice or Justices of the Peace in Ireland, be directed to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chittels of any Person or Persons, if sufficient Distress cannot be found within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the Justice, granting such Warrant of Distress, on Oath thereof made by One Witness, before any Justice of the Peace of any other County, County of a City or Town, Town Corporate or Place (such Oath shall be by him certified by Indorsement on such Warrant), such Person, Forfeiture, Fine or other Money, or so much thereof as may not have been before levied or paid, shall and may, by virtue of such Warrant or Indorsement, be raised and levied by the Person or Persons to whom such Warrant of Distress shall have been originally directed, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chittels of such Person or Persons in such other County, County of a City or Town, Town Corporate or Place; and the Money arising by such Distress and Sale shall be applied and disposed of for such Purposes and in like Manner as if sufficient Goods and Chittels of such Person or Persons had been found within the Jurisdiction of the Magistrate originally granting such Warrant; and if no such Distress can be found, such Offender or Offenders shall and may be forthwith proceeded against according to Law: Provided always, that no Justice, who shall interfere any Controversy upon or authorise the Execution of any such Warrant of Distress, which may not have been granted within his Jurisdiction, shall be answerable or accountable for any Irregularity which may have been committed or done in or about the obtaining or granting of such Warrant of Distress.

C. A. P. XCIII.

An Act to continue for One Year, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, an Act, made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, to make Provision for securing the Profits of the Office of Clerk of the Peace of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland. [12th July 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reigne of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to make Provision for securing for a time to be limited, the Profits of the Office of Clerk of the Peace of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland*, which was to continue in force for Two Years from the passing thereof, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and it is expedient that the said Act should be continued for a further time: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in that present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act shall be and the same is hereby continued, and shall be and remain in force from the End of this present Session of Parliament for One Year, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Act and the said Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. XCIV.

An Act to explain and amend Two Acts, passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty, concerning the Disposition of certain Real and Personal Property of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors. [12th July 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years of the Reigne of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act concerning the Disposition of certain Real and Personal Property of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and also of the Real and Personal Property of His Majesty, and of the Queen Consort for the time being*: And Whereas an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, entitled *An Act for explaining and amending an Act passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty, concerning the Disposition of certain Real and Personal Property of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and also of the Real and Personal Property of His Majesty, and of the Queen Consort for the time being*: And Whereas it was in the said last recited Act enacted, that in all cases in which His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, had or should be right of His Crown, or of His Duchy

Appeal.

Warrant of Distress, Imprehension.

Proving for Irregularity in Proceedings, &c.

In what Case Distress may be levied in Places out of Jurisdiction of Justice granting Warrant.

How Money arising by the same applied.

Justice in levying Warrant of Distress, not answerable for Irregularity in granting them.

26 G. 3. c. 124.

continued.

Acts amended, &c. this Session.

26 G. 3. c. 124.

c. 124.

27 G. 3. c. 124.

21.

of

of *Leanglo*, become entitled to any Freehold or Copyhold Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, either by Eldest or youngest of Heirs, or by reason of any Forefeiture, or by reason that the same had been purchased by or for the Use of or in trust for any Alien or Aliens, it should be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Warrant under his or their Sign Manual, or under the Seal of the Duchy or County Palatine of *Leanglo*, according to the Nature of the Title to such Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments respectively, to direct the Execution of any Trusts or Purposes to which the same might have been directed to be applied, and to make Grants of such Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Rents or Profits then due and to accrue to His Majesty in respect thereof respectively, to any Trustee or Trustees or otherwise, for the Execution of any such Trusts or Purposes, or to any Person or Persons for the purpose of restoring the same to any of the Family of the Person or Persons whose Estate the same have been, or of carrying into Effect any intended Grant, Conveyance or Devise of any such Person or Persons in relation thereto, or of rewarding any Person or Persons making Discovery of any such Eldest, or of His Majesty's Right and Title therein, as to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors respectively, should seem fit: And Whereas Doubts have arisen as to certain Covenants of Grants by His Majesty under the said recited Acts; and it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed: And Whereas it is expedient that the Provision of the said recited Acts should be enlarged and extended, for the purpose of enabling His Majesty to make Grants in certain other Cases: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all Cases in which His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, hath or shall, in right of His Crown, or of His Duchy of *Leanglo*, become entitled to any Freehold or Copyhold Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, either by Eldest or youngest of Heirs, or by reason of any Forefeiture, or by reason that the same have been or shall be purchased by or for the Use of or in trust for any Alien or Aliens, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Warrant under his or their Sign Manual, or under the Seal of the Duchy or County Palatine of *Leanglo*, according to the Nature of the Title to such Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments respectively, to direct the Execution of any Trusts or Purposes to which the same may have been directed to be applied, and to make Grants of such Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Part thereof, or of any Rents or Profits then due and to accrue to His Majesty in respect thereof respectively, to any Trustee or Trustees or otherwise, for the Execution of any such Trusts or Purposes, or to any Person or Persons, for the purpose of restoring the same to any of the Family of the Person or Persons whose Estate the same had been, or of carrying into Effect any intended Grant, Conveyance or Devise of any such Person or Persons in relation thereto, or of rewarding any Person or Persons, or his, her or their Family, making discovery of any such Eldest, or of His Majesty's Right and Title therein, as to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall seem fit, or to make any Grant or Grants of such Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Part or Parts thereof, to any Person or Persons, or his, her or their Family, making such Discovery as aforesaid, or being of the Family or considered or adopted as Part of the Family of any Alien or Aliens, or to any Person or Persons whose Estate or Property the same Hereditaments have been, or being of the Family or considered or adopted as Part of the Family of any such last mentioned Person or Persons, and his or their Heirs and Aliens, unconditionally, or in consideration of Money to be paid either at or before the Execution of such Grant or Grants, or at any time or times subsequent thereto, and to such Person or Persons as His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall be pleased to direct, and such Money, if not paid at the Execution of such Grant or Grants, to be a Charge upon the Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments which shall be so granted, and to be secured by way of Mortgage or Trust, or in any other manner, as His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall think proper or be advised, and such Money to be applied for any of the Purposes of this Act, or to make any Grant or Grants of such Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any of them, unto any Trustee or Trustees, his or their Heirs and Aliens, in trust to be sold in such manner as His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall be pleased to direct; and that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to direct the Rents and Profits of any such Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and the Money to arise by any Sale or Sales, or to be produced by any of the Means aforesaid, to be applied in Payment of any Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to any Commission or Commissions for finding the Title of His Majesty, and to the making of any such Grant, and for carrying the same, or any Trusts or Provisions thereof into Execution, or in rewarding any Person or Persons, or the Family of any Person or Persons, making a Discovery of any such Eldest, Person or Persons by an Alien, or of His Majesty's Right and Title therein, or in discharging the whole or any Part of any Debt or Debts due from any Alien, or any Person or Persons whose Estate or Property any such Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments have been, or for the Use and Benefit, in whole or in part, of any such Alien or of his or her Family, or any Part thereof, or of any Person or Persons adopted or considered by such Alien as Part of his or her Family, or of any Person or Persons whose Estate or Property any such Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments have been, or his or their Family, or any Part thereof, or of any Person or Persons adopted or considered by such Person or Persons as Part of his or her Family, or to do all or any of the Purposes aforesaid, as to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors respectively, shall seem fit: and all Grants hereinafter made by His Majesty, which would, under the Provision of this Act, be good, valid and effectual, shall be and are hereby confirmed, and are hereby declared to be as good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been made under the Powers, Privileges and Authorities of this Act, and as if such Powers, Privileges and Authorities had been in full force and effect at the time of making such

His Majesty may direct the Execution of Trusts of Lands &c.

and may grant unto his Trustees for that Purpose, or for the other Purposes therein specified.

as to a Trustee to sell.

Application of Rents and Profits of Manors.

Future Grants by the Crown confirmed.

such Grants; any thing in the said recited Act, or any other Act heretofore made, to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Purchaser or Purchasers of any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, sold under the Authority of this Act, or any Person or Persons paying any Sum or Sums of Money under the Authority of the same, or in pursuance of any Grants to be made by virtue thereof, shall not be bound to file to the Application or be answerable for the Misapprehensions or Nonapplication of the Moneys paid by them respectively.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every Case where any Surplus shall remain of any Moneys which may arise from any such Sale or Sales, or which shall be paid under the Authority of this Act, by any Person or Persons, after satisfying all such Purposes as shall have been ordered and directed by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, under the Provisions of this Act, shall be paid to the Commissioners of the Land Revenue for the same being, to be applied by them in the same Way and Manner as the Money arising from the Sale of any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, of or belonging to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, is by the several Acts now in force for the Management and Improvement of the Land Revenue of the Crown, or any of them, directed to be applied and disposed of.

Purchasers are answerable for Application of Purposes Money.

Surplus paid to Commissioners of Land Revenue.

C. A. P. ICV.

An Act for confirming ancient Separations of Towns Corporate from Parishes, in regard to the Maintenance of the Poor. [12th July 1819.]

WHEREAS various Towns Corporate or Franchises situate within one or more Parishes or Parishes, and not connected by with the said Parish or Parishes, have heretofore and for a long time past been separately affected from the Parish or Parishes in which they are situate for the Relief of the Poor, and Overseers of the Poor for each Town or Franchise have been appointed distinct and apart from the Overseers of the Poor appointed for each Parish or Parishes: And Whereas such separate and distinct Assignments and Appointments of Overseers have, in many Cases, been made without sufficient Authority, and yet, by reason of the long Continuance of the said Separations, the Towns Corporate or Franchises cannot now be reunited to the Parish or Parishes in which they are situate without manifest Inconvenience and Hardship: Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all such Separations of Towns Corporate or Franchises from the Parish or Parishes in which they are situate, together with the separate and distinct Appointments of Overseers of the Poor, shall be deemed and taken to be lawful to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, in the same manner as if the said Separations or Division had taken place under the Authority of an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, intimated *de Jure* for the Relief of the Poor: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall render legal or confirm any Separation of a Town Corporate or Franchise from the Parish or Parishes in which such Town Corporate or Franchise is situate, in respect to the Maintenance of the Poor or the Appointment of Overseers of the Poor, in any Case where it shall appear that such Separation has commenced within Sixty Years before the passing of this Act.

Separation of Towns from Parishes and distinct appointments of Overseers lawful.

At 18th c. 1. Parishes where such Separation has commenced within 60 Years.

C. A. P. ICVI.

An Act to facilitate the Trials of Felonies committed on Stage Coaches and Stage Waggon, and other such Carriages; and of Felonies committed on the Boundaries of Counties. [12th July 1819.]

WHEREAS Felonies are frequently committed on Stage Coaches, Stage Waggon, Stage Carts, and other such Carriages, employed in carrying and conveying Goods, Wares and Merchandise, travelling on the several Highways in various Parts of the United Kingdom, as well by breaking open the Casks and Packages containing such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, as in various other Ways: And Whereas such Felonies frequently remain undetected until the Arrival of such Carriages at the Place of their Destination, and in consequence of such Highways leading through several Counties, it can seldom be known within what County such Felonies may have been actually committed, and Offenders frequently escape unpunished from the Defect of Proof that the Felony with which they are charged was actually committed within the County in which such Offenders may be indicted: For Remedy thereof, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in any Indictment for any Felony committed on any Stage Coach, Stage Waggon, Stage Cart, or other such Carriage whatever, employed or used in carrying or conveying Goods, Wares and Merchandise, or in which any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be, or is upon any Highway in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, it shall be sufficient to allege that such Felony was committed within any County or City through any Part whereof such Stage Coach, Stage Waggon, Stage Cart, or other such Carriage shall have passed as the Cause of the Journey during which such Felony shall have been committed; and in all Cases where any Highway shall form the Boundary of any Two Counties, it shall be sufficient to allege, that such Felony committed as aforesaid was committed in either of the said Counties through which or any Part whereof such Stage Coach, Stage Waggon, Stage Cart, or other such Carriage shall have passed in the Cause of the Journey during which such Felony shall have been committed, and every such Felony shall and may be required to be tried and determined in the County or City within which the same Felony shall be so alleged to have been committed; and all and every Person and Persons who shall be convicted of any such Felony do to be inquired of, tried and determined as aforesaid, shall be subject and liable to all such Parts of Death, and other Parts,

Indictments for Felonies committed on Stage Coaches, &c. may be laid.

Where Felony may be tried.

Punishes

How Indemnities shall be paid for Felonies committed on the Boundaries of Counties;

and where Felony may be tried.

Penalties and Forfeitures, as such Persons or Persons convicted of such Felony would have been subject and liable to, in case such Felony had been inquired of, tried and determined in the County in which the same Felony was actually committed; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

11. And Whereas Felonies and Offences committed on or in close to the Boundaries of Two or more Counties, that the Offenders escape unpunished from the Defect of Proof, that the Felony with which they are charged was actually committed within the County in which such Offenders may be indicted: Be it therefore enacted, That soon and after the passing of this Act, in any Indictment for any Felony committed on the Boundary or Boundaries of Two or more Counties, or within the Distance of Five hundred Yards of any such Boundary or Boundaries, it shall be sufficient to allege that such Felony was committed in either or any of the said Counties; and every such Felony shall and may be inquired of, tried and determined in the County within which the same Felony shall be so alleged to have been committed; and all and every Person and Persons who shall be convicted of any such Felony to be inquired of, tried and determined as aforesaid, shall be subject and liable to all such Penalties, Death, and other Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as such Person or Persons so convicted of such Felony would have been subject and liable to, in case such Felony had been inquired of, tried and determined in the County in which the same Felony was actually committed; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. XXVII.

An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the more speedy Trial of Offences committed in distant Parts upon the Sea*, in the Trial of Offences committed in Africa against the Laws for abetting the Slave Trade.

[12th July 1819.]

4th G. 3. c. 36.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the more speedy Trial of Offences committed in distant Parts upon the Sea*, it is enacted, that all Treasons, Piracies, Felonies, Robberies, Murders, Conspiracies and other Offences of what Nature or Kind soever, committed upon the Sea, or in any Haven, River, Creek or Place where the Admirals or Admirals have Power, Authority or Jurisdiction, may be inquired of, heard, determined and adjudged according to the Common Course of the Laws of this Realm used for Offences committed upon the Land within this Realm, and not otherwise, in any of His Majesty's Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Dominions, Ports or Factories, under and by virtue of the King's Commission or Commissions under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to be directed to any such Four or more discreet Persons in the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the time being, shall from time to time think fit to appoint, and that the said Commissioners or any Three of them shall have such and the like Powers and Authorities for the Trial of all such Murders, Treasons, Piracies, Felonies, Conspiracies and other Offences, within any such Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Dominions, Ports or Factories, as any Commissioners appointed or to be appointed according to the Directions of the Statute of the Twenty eighth Year of the reign of King Henry the Eighth, by any Law or Laws now in force, have or would have for the Trial of the said Offences within this Realm: And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty first Year of

21 G. 3. c. 23.

His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for rendering more effectual an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign*, intitled *An Act for the Abolition of the Slave Trade*, the carrying away or removing from any Part of Africa of any Person or Persons whatsoever as a Slave or Slaves, and the selling, shipping, sending, lading, receiving, detaining or exchanging on board any Ship, Vessel or Boat, any Person or Persons for the purpose of his or their being so carried away or removed, and doers other Offences against that Act and other Acts for abolishing the Slave Trade, are declared respectively to be Felonies and Misdemeanors, and the Offenders, their Aidors and Abettors, are respectively made liable to such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are therein mentioned and provided; but the Provisions thereby made for the Trial of such Felonies and Misdemeanors, when committed by *British Subjects in Africa*, have been found to be inconvenient and insufficient: And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of His Majesty's Reign*, for rendering more effectual an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign for the Abolition of the Slave Trade, it is enacted, that all Offences declared by the said Act of the Fifty first Year of His Majesty's Reign to be Felonies or Misdemeanors, committed or which shall be committed on the High Seas, or in any Port, Sea, Creek or Place where the Admiral has Jurisdiction, may be inquired of, tried and determined under and by virtue of any Commission already issued, or hereafter to be issued, according to the Direction of the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign: And Whereas Offences which by the said recited Act of the Fifty first Year of His Majesty's Reign, are declared to be Felonies or Misdemeanors, have been or may be committed by *British Subjects in Africa*, either on Shore or in Rivers, or other Places where the Admiral has no Jurisdiction, and it may be impossible in such Cases to bring the Offenders to Justice under any of the said recited Acts, or any other Laws now in being, without great Inconvenience,

21 G. 3. c. 24.

Expense and Delay: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That each and every Offence declared by the said Act of the Fifty first Year of His Majesty's Reign to be a Felony or Misdemeanor, committed or which shall be committed by any Subject or Subjects of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in Africa, or in any of the Rivers, Ports or Harbours thereof, not being a Place where the Admiral has Jurisdiction, and not being within the Local Jurisdiction

Offences declared by 21 G. 3. c. 23. to be Felonies or Misdemeanors, committed by any of His Majesty's Subjects in Africa, notwithstanding within the Jurisdiction

Justification of any Ordinary Court of a British Colony or Settlement in Africa competent to try such Offences, may be required of, tried and determined under and by virtue of any Commission already issued, or hereafter to be issued, according to the Direction of the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign.

C A P. XCVIII.

An Act to limit the Continuance of the Operation of the several Acts for imposing Fines upon Townlands and Places in Ireland, in respect of Offences relating to the unlawful Distillation of Spirits; and to amend the said Acts; and to provide for the more effectual Prevention or Suppression of such Offences.

[12th July 1819.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Continuance of the Operation of the several Acts for imposing Fines upon Townlands and Places in Ireland, in respect of the unlawful Distillation of Spirits, should be limited, and that the said Acts should be amended: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to consolidate and amend the Regulations contained in several Acts of Parliament, for imposing and levying of Fines upon Parish, Townlands and other Places, in respect of the unlawful Distillation of Spirits in Ireland; and also so much of an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act to amend several Acts relating to Fines in respect of unlawful Distillation in Ireland, as the withdrawing of Spirits, and to the forcing the Duties of Excise on Spirits distilled, and on Hides and Skins tanned in Ireland, as relates to Fines upon Townlands and Places in Ireland; and also so much of an Act made in the said Fifty fifth Year, intitled An Act to amend the Laws for imposing and levying of Fines in respect of unlawful Distillation of Spirits in Ireland, as relates to Fines on Townlands and Places in Ireland; and also so much of an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act to make certain Provisions for modifying the several Acts for imposing and levying of Fines in respect of unlawful Distillation of Spirits in Ireland, as relates to Fines on Townlands and Places in Ireland, shall continue in force in the several Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in Ireland, until and upon the last Day of the first Session of the said Session of the said Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and no longer; and that from and after the last Day of the said Session of the said Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and from and after the last Day of the said Session of the said Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty, all and every the Clauses and Provisions in the said recited Acts, relating to Fines on Townlands and Places in Ireland, shall cease and determine, except in Cases hereafter provided for, and except so far as relates to the levying, recovering, applying, mitigating, paying, and accounting for such Fines as shall have been imposed under the said recited Acts, at any time before the End of the said Session of the said Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty, which Fines shall and may be levied, recovered, applied, mitigated, paid and accounted for, according to the Powers and Directions of the said recited Acts, or any of them, but subject to the Provisions of this Act.*

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for the Court or Judge at any Assize for any County or County of a City or Town in Ireland, or at any prebending Term in the County or County of the City of Dublin, to fine any Parish, Townland, District, Division or Place whatever in Ireland, in any Sum of Money or Penalty for or in respect of any Head or Worm only, or any Head and Worm only of a Bull being found in any Parish, Townland, Manor, Lordship or Place whatever, within such County, or County of a City or Town, any thing in the said recited Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or in any Act for amending the Laws for imposing and levying of such Fines, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, to the contrary notwithstanding; and that all and every the Provisions in the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid, and in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, contained with respect to any Information concerning the finding any such Head or Worm or Head and Worm of any unlicensed Still, so far as relates to the imposing or levying of any Fine or Fines on any Parish, Townland, District or Division, on such Account only, shall from and after the passing of this Act be and the same are hereby repealed.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, from time to time to direct, that the Whole of any Fines which may at any time before the passing of this Act have been imposed on any Parish, Townland or District, (other than such Fines in respect of Heads or Worms of Stills which are by the Act repealed,) or of any such Fines as any hereafter be imposed on any Townland or District, in respect of the unlawful Distillation of Spirits, under the several Acts in force in Ireland for the Suppression of their Distillation, or that any Part or Proportion only of such Fines, may be from time to time levied on the Parish, Townland or District on which such Fines (except as aforesaid) shall have been or shall be imposed, or that the levying of any such Fines, or any Part thereof, may be suspended; and that the levying of such Fines, or any Part thereof, or the Suspension of such Levy, shall take place at such times and in such manner, and under such Rules and Regulations, as the said Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes shall think fit to make in that behalf, subject to such Orders and Directions as shall be from time to time given or made by the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three of them.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Fine or Fines which at any time before the passing of this Act shall have been imposed, or which at any time after the passing of this Act shall be imposed, on any Parish, Townland, District or Place, under the said recited Act, or any Act or Acts for the Suppression of their Distillation in Ireland, nor any Part thereof, shall be levied off any such Parish, Townland, District or Place, at any time after the Expiration of Three Years next after the last Day of the Assize or prebending Term at

of an Assize, but may be made by Commissioners, respectively in each of the said

34 G. 3. c. 135.

35 G. 3. c. 125.

36 G. 3. c. 125.

37 G. 3. c. 125.

38 G. 3. c. 125.

39 G. 3. c. 125.

40 G. 3. c. 125.

41 G. 3. c. 125.

42 G. 3. c. 125.

43 G. 3. c. 125.

44 G. 3. c. 125.

45 G. 3. c. 125.

46 G. 3. c. 125.

47 G. 3. c. 125.

48 G. 3. c. 125.

49 G. 3. c. 125.

50 G. 3. c. 125.

51 G. 3. c. 125.

52 G. 3. c. 125.

53 G. 3. c. 125.

54 G. 3. c. 125.

which such Taxes shall have been or shall be respectively imposed, any thing in this Act, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding; but that all such Fines, and all and every of any Part thereof which shall not be levied before the Expiration of each Term of Three Years, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be entirely, pardoned and released, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

V. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Person or Persons shall be convicted, under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland at the time of the passing of this Act, of a Misdemeanor, for the Offence of making use of any uncoloured Still, Still Head or Worm, or for distilling, or for having or keeping in his Possession any such Still, Still Head or Worm, or for making any Low Wine, Singlepot or Spirits, or for brewing, making or fermenting any Wine, Walk or Pot Ale, whomever or with intent to distill Low Wine, Singlepot or Spirits, without having a License in force pursuant to Law for distilling; or for the Offence of being found passing in any Part of Ireland, knowingly and willingly having in his, her or their Cellary or Possession any Spirituous Liquors distilled in Ireland, on which all Duties payable by Law shall not have been duly paid, or for which, if the Quantity shall exceed One Gallon, a proper Permit shall not be obtained for the Removal thereof; or for the Offence of being found passing in any Part of Ireland, knowingly and willingly having in his or her Cellary or Possession, any uncoloured Still, Still Head, Worm or Appendage of a Still, (except removing from or to a Brasser's, or Maker or Mender of Stills, under a proper Permit); or for the Offence of having any Malt, ground or unground, or any Corn or Grain wetted or steeped to be made into Malt, found in his, her or their Cellary or Possession, such Person not being entitled by Law to have the same in his, her or their Cellary or Possession; or for the Offence of being found passing in any Part of Ireland, knowingly and willingly having in his, her or their Possession any Malt, ground or unground, upon which all Duties payable by Law thereon shall not have been paid, or for the Removal of which a proper Permit shall not have been procured; or for the Offence of being found passing in any Part of Ireland, knowingly and willingly having in his, her or their Cellary any Corn or Grain wetted or steeped, whomever or with intent to make the same into Malt; in every Case of Conviction for such Offences or any of them, the Court or Judge before whom the Offender shall be convicted, shall, in lieu of any Punishment to which any such Offender is subject under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, sentence such Offender to pay such Fine not less than the Sum of Forty Shillings and not exceeding the Sum of One hundred Pounds, or to undergo Imprisonment for not less than One Calendar Month and not exceeding Six Calendar Months, or to both either or both of such Punishments as such Court or Judge shall think proper; and in each such Court or Judge shall sentence any such Offender to pay any Fine, such Court or Judge shall also sentence such Offender, in default of the Payment of such Fine, to be imprisoned for any time not less than One Calendar Month, and not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Fine shall be sooner paid; any thing in any Act made in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Revenue of Ireland* and Taxes in Ireland; or in the said Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to amend the Laws for imposing and levying of Fines in respect of unlawful Distillation of Spirit in Ireland*, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

VI. And for the better Prevention and Suppression of Offences against the Laws relating to illicit Distillation in Ireland; be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, by the Advice of the Privy Council of Ireland, to declare by Proclamation from time to time, when and as often as Occasion shall require, that any County, or County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland, or any one or more Barony or Baronies, or Half Barony or Half Baronies, in such County at large, or any Part or Parts or Districts or Districts of any such County, or County of a City or County of a Town, respectively, to be specified in such Proclamation, is or are in such State with respect to the Prevalence of Offences against any Laws for the Suppression or Prevention of illicit Distillation, as to require an extraordinary Establishment of Police; and thereupon it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, by Warrant under Hand and Seal, to appoint one Chief Magistrate for the purposes of this Act, for such County, or County of a City or County of a Town, or for any one or more Barony or Baronies, or Half Barony or Baronies, or Part or Parts or Districts or Districts, as or in any such County, or County of a City or County of a Town, which may require such Establishment, so that there shall not be more than one such Chief Magistrate for any one County, County of a City or County of a Town, and so that if there shall be more than one such Barony or Half Barony, or more than one such separate and distinct Part or District, there may be either one or more such Chief Magistrate or Magistrates, not exceeding one for each Barony or Half Barony, or separate and distinct Part or District, as shall from time to time be appointed by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, shall have full Power from time to time to remove any such Chief Magistrate, and upon such or any Vacancy or Vacancies, to appoint one or more Chief Magistrate or Magistrates, either according to the same Arrangement, or to any other which the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, shall think proper to make as aforesaid.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever it shall happen that the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and the Privy Council, shall by any Proclamation or Proclamations declare any Two adjoining Counties, whether One of them be a County of a City or County of a Town or not, or any Districts situate in such Counties respectively, to require an extraordinary Establishment of Police under this Act, for the Prevention or Suppression of Offences relating to illicit Distillation, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, in his or their Discretion, to appoint in manner hereinafter mentioned, either One or Two Persons to be Chief Magistrate or Chief Magistrates for such adjoining Counties or Districts, as he or she for each of such

Counties

Counsellors or Districts respectively, as in such Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, shall from time to time to appoint in which of such Counties such Chief Magistrate shall reside.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Chief Magistrate who shall be appointed under this Act, shall, before he shall proceed to sit in the Execution of this Act, take the Oath required to be taken by Justices of the Peace in Ireland, before any Justice of the Peace of any County, County of a City or County of a Town, for which or for any Part of which he shall be appointed Chief Magistrate as aforesaid, which Oath such Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized and required to administer; and on being so duly sworn, such Chief Magistrate shall be, to all intents and Purposes, a Justice of the Peace in and for each County, County of a City or County of a Town, for the Purposes of this Act, for which or for any Part of which he shall be so appointed, and in and for each and every County, County of a City and County of a Town adjoining to such County, County of a City or County of a Town, for which or for any Part of which such Magistrate shall be so appointed; and every such Chief Magistrate appointed under this Act, shall be constantly resident and present in the County, or in one of the Counties for which he shall be so appointed, according to the Directions of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland; save and except when he shall be authorized by the Permission of such Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors for the time being, to depart therefrom.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every such Chief Magistrate, while he shall hold the said Office, shall have and receive a Salary not exceeding Five hundred Pounds Sterling by the Year, and namely for any lesser Period, and shall have a suitable House, Furniture and Outchouses within the County or Place for which he shall be so appointed Chief Magistrate, and in or adjoining to such House a suitable and proper Office for the Discharge of his Business, the same respectively to be paid and provided in manner hereinafter mentioned; and such House, Out Office and Office of Business be such as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being shall direct and approve.

X. And be it further enacted, That each and every Justice of the Peace resident in the County, County of a City or County of a Town wherein such Chief Magistrate shall be so appointed, shall be aiding and assisting for the Purposes of this Act, in such their Capacity of Justice of the Peace, to such Chief Magistrate; and every such Justice of the Peace shall, during the Residence of such Chief Magistrate, deliver or make to be delivered to such Chief Magistrate, as frequently as the Nature of such Case shall admit, Notices setting forth the Particulars of all and every Excusation, Information or Intelligence which he shall take or receive concerning any Offence against any Act or Acts for the suppressing of illicit Distillations committed or intended to be committed within the County, County of a City, County of a Town or District, for which such Chief Magistrate shall be so appointed.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to appoint, for the Aid and Support of every such Chief Magistrate, and to remove, at his or their Pleasure, such and so many Chief Constables and Sub Constables as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall think proper; provided always, that there shall not in any Case be more than One such Chief Constable, nor more than Fifty such Sub Constables, for any one Barony or Half Barony, or for any County of a City, or County of a Town, or for any District of less Extent than any Barony or Half Barony of the County in which any such District may be situate; and that there may be any such lesser Number as to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors for the time being may seem necessary and proper from time to time; and it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, also to order such Arms and Accoutrements, Saddles and Bridles, to be delivered from His Majesty's Stores to such Chief and Sub Constables, and also to order such Horsemanship for the time, to be purchased and provided for such Chief and Sub Constables or any of them, as Occasion may require; and as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall think proper; and every such Chief Constable and all such Sub Constables shall attend such Chief Magistrate, and shall obey and execute his lawful Warrants, Orders and Commands in the Execution of this Act, and shall also attend any other Magistrate or Magistrates of any such County, unless by the express Order of such Chief Magistrate; and it shall be lawful for every such Chief Constable and Sub Constable, and every such Chief Constable and Sub Constable are hereby authorized and empowered to take and apprehend all Offenders against any Acts in force for the Suppression of illicit Distillations, and to seize, take and carry away or deliver all Still and Parts of stills, Worms, Urinals for distilling With, Pot Ale, Low Wines and Singsings, and all Cans, Malt and Sports liable to Smokers and Potstoves, under any Act or Acts for the Suppression or Prevention of illicit Distillations, and to do all other lawful Matters and Things for the Prevention and Suppression of illicit Distillations, and for the Apprehension and Punishment of such Offenders, as shall from time to time be directed and required by such Chief Magistrate.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Chief Constable and Sub Constable who shall be appointed under this Act, shall, before he shall do any Act in his said Office, take and subscribe the Oath following:

"I, A. B. do swear, That I will well and truly serve our Sovereign Lord the King, in the Office of
 "Constable, in the County [or Counties, as the case may be] of _____ for the Suppression
 "and Prevention of Offences relating to illicit Distillations, without Fear or Affection, Malice or Evil
 "Will; and that I will well and truly execute, according to Law, all Warrants and Precepts to me directed
 "from H. M. Chief Magistrate of the said County [or Counties, as the case may be] or from any other
 "Person who may be appointed such Chief Magistrate for the said County [or for the said Counties, as the

if has One, Lord Lieutenant may appoint residents,

Magistrate have authority to remove before a Justice

and to be resident.

Salary to Chief Magistrate of not a Year, and a House, &c.

Resident Justices to be aiding the Chief Magistrate, and to deliver in Excusations, &c.

Lord Lieutenant to appoint, &c. the Support of Chief Magistrate a Chief Constable, and not more than 50 Sub Constables in each Division.

Arms, &c. for Constables.

Duty of Chief and Sub Constables.

Oath of Chief and Sub Constables.

^a *and may be*] in the Place and Seat of the said C. D.; and I will well and truly, according to my Power, Knowledge and Ability, do and execute all other things belonging to the Office of a Constable appointed
^b to fill such Chief Magistrate, as long as I shall continue in the said Office.

to be substituted
 and in addition
 to the
 Powers of
 Chief Magis-
 trates.

Chief and Sub
 Constables to
 be resident.

Salary to Chief
 Constables to be
 paid in such
 Manner as the
 Governor may
 think proper.

Chief Magis-
 trates to receive
 Monthly to
 Lord Lieutenant
 a State of the
 County for
 which he shall
 be appointed,
 and of all
 his
 do.

No Place in
 respect of their
 Qualification to
 be imposed on
 Townships
 where such
 Magistrates
 shall be ap-
 pointed.

14 G. 3. c. 122.

Grand Jury
 may order and
 give Representa-
 tions to the
 Lord Lieutenant
 when any
 County is as
 such a State as
 to require the
 having put under
 Power, who
 shall thereupon
 declare that
 such Power
 may be imposed.

and thereupon
 the said Act
 (Exception) to
 continue in
 force.

And every such Clerk shall be established by and be attached to the Residence of the Chief Magistrate, under whose Orders such Chief Constable or Sub Constable shall be placed, which Chief Magistrate is hereby authorized and required to administer and settle the same; and thereupon every such Chief Constable and Sub Constable shall have all the Powers of a Constable, and be to all Intents and Purposes a Constable of and in the County, County of a City or Town, and of and in each and every County, if more than one, for which or for any Part of which such Chief Constable or Sub Constable shall have been appointed, and in and for each and every County, County of a City and County of a Town adjoining to such County, County of a City or County of a Town, for which or for any Part of which such Chief Constable or Sub Constable shall be appointed; and every such Chief Constable and Sub Constable shall be constantly resident and present in the County, or one of the Counties, in or for either of which he shall be so appointed, according to the Direction of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, then and except when he shall be authorized, by the Provision of such Chief Magistrate, to depart therefrom.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That there shall be paid to every such Chief Constable a Salary not exceeding One hundred and fifty Pounds by the Year, and to every such Sub Constable a Salary not exceeding Fifty Pounds by the Year, and annually to each and every of the said Persons for any better Period, in manner hereinafter mentioned; and they shall have suitable Lodgings provided for them in case the same shall be thought necessary, and shall be defrayed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every such Chief Magistrate shall, once in every Calendar Month, and oftener if necessary, make a Return in Writing, signed by himself, to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; and in each Return there shall be set forth a true and accurate Account of the State of the County, County of a City or Town, Barony, Half Barony, District or Place for which such Chief Magistrate shall be appointed, with respect to the State of their Disturbances therein; and of all Seizures made of any Soil or Part of a Soil, Wares or other Unlawful for Distillation, or of any Wink, Pot Ale, Low Wine or Niddings, or Malt, Corn or Spirits, and of the Apprehensions of any Offenders, and of all other Misdemeanors taken by him, or with his Knowledge or Privy, for or towards the Prevention or Suppression of illicit Distillations there, and of the Conduct of the Chief and Sub Constables under his Orders, and of all other Matters and Things which may contribute to the Prevention or Suppression of illicit Distillations as aforesaid.

XV. And be it further enacted, That whenever a Chief Magistrate of Police shall be appointed for any County, County of a City or County of a Town, Barony or Half Barony or other District, under the Authority and for the Purposes of this Act, no Fee shall be incurred by or imposed on any Township or Place within such County, County of a City or County of a Town, Barony, Half Barony or District, for or in respect of any Offence against any Act or Acts in force in Ireland for the Suppression of illicit Distillations, which shall be committed in such Township or Place during such time as such Chief Magistrate shall be appointed and act for the County, County of a City or Town, Barony, Half Barony or other District within which such Township or Place shall be situate; any thing in the heretofore recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Kings, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of every County, County of a City and County of a Town in Ireland, from time to time at any Assizes or protracting Term after the passing of this Act, and either before, at or after the Summer Assizes which shall be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty, or the major Part of such Grand Jury, such major Part not being less than Twelve in Number, upon Consideration of the State of such County, County of a City or Town, with respect to the Prevalence of illicit Distillation there, or in any Barony, Half Barony or other District thereof, to make a Representation in Writing, signed with their Names, to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, that such County, County of a City or County of a Town, or any Barony, Half Barony or other District therein to be specified in such Representation, is in such a State as to render it expedient that the Townships or other Places therein should be subject and liable to the Imposition of Fines in respect of Offences against the Laws in force for the Suppression or Prevention of illicit Distillations, for such Period as shall be specified in such Representation; and it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, by the Advice of the Privy Council of Ireland, upon such Representation, to declare by Proclamation, that from and after any Day so to be mentioned in such Proclamation, such Fines as are imposed and made payable under the Authority of the several Statutes before recited Acts of the Fifty fourth, Fifty fifth, and Fifty sixth Years of His present Majesty's Kings, shall be incurred by and imposed and levied on any Township or Place within such County, County of a City or County of a Town, Barony, Half Barony or District, as shall be specified in such Representation, for or in respect of any Offence against any Act or Acts in force in Ireland for the Suppression of illicit Distillations which shall be committed in such Township or Place after the Day so mentioned in such Proclamation, and during such Period as shall be mentioned in such Proclamation, not exceeding the Period mentioned in such Representation; and the several Provisions of the said several heretofore recited Acts, (except in so far as by this Act,) shall thereupon be and remain and continue in force, and be revived and have Effect against such Townships and Places during the Period mentioned in such Proclamation; any thing in the Acts contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XVII. Pro-

XVII. Provided always, And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Grand Jury, at any Assizes or preceding Term, in like manner to make a Representation to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, that the State of any County, County of a City or County of a Town, or any Barony or Half Barony thereof, or District therein, which shall by such Proclamations have been made subject to such Fines, is such as to render it expedient that the Period specified in such Proclamations should be shortened, and should cease and determine at any Day to be mentioned in such Representation, or that the District specified in such Proclamations should be diminished, in the same way to such Grand Jury appear to require; and the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland shall thereupon declare, by Proclamations, that such Period shall cease and determine on the Day mentioned in such Representation, or that such District shall be diminished according to such Representation; and thereupon all and every the Clauses and Provisions in the said recited Acts of the Fifty fourth, Fifty fifth, and Fifty sixth Years aforesaid, relating to such Fines, shall cease and determine, except only so far as relates to the levying, recovering or applying, mitigating, paying and accounting for such Fines as shall during such Period have been imposed under the said recited Acts, which Fines shall and may be levied, recovered, applied, mitigated, paid and accounted for according to the Powers and Directions of the said recited Acts, or any of them, and of this Act.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever, in consequence of any Representation of any Grand Jury any such Proclamations shall be issued, whereby any Township or Place within any County, County of a City or County of a Town, or within any Barony or Half Barony thereof, or District therein, shall be subject to the imposition of such Fines in manner aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, to appoint any Chief Magistrate or Chief Constable or Sub Constable under the Authority of this Act, nor for any Chief Magistrate or Chief Constable or Sub Constable to act or continue to act within such County, County of a City, County of a Town, Barony, Half Barony or District so proclaimed, during the time that the Townships or Places within the same shall be so subject to the imposition of such Fines, any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and in case any Chief Magistrate, Chief Constable or Sub Constable shall have been previously appointed under the Authority of this Act in such County, County of a City or County of a Town, Barony or Half Barony, or District, the Office of all and every Chief Magistrate, Chief Constable and Sub Constable therein, shall cease and determine, and every such Chief Magistrate, Chief Constable and Sub Constable respectively, shall forthwith cease to hold and exercise such Office therein.

XIX. Provided also, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the time being, by the Advice of the Privy Council of Ireland, to declare, by Proclamations, that any County, County of a City or County of a Town, or any Barony or Half Barony or District, in which a Chief Magistrate and an Establishment of Police shall be resident and sitting for the Purposes of this Act, is ordered to good Order, so as not to require the Continuance of the Establishment of such Police; and that such Establishment shall be discontinued accordingly, from and after any Day to be mentioned in such Proclamation.

XX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any such Proclamation for the Discontinuance of such Police Establishment, in either of the Cases heretofore mentioned, shall extend to the whole County, or to all such Part or Parts thereof as had been subject to such Establishment of Police, then and from thenceforth the Office of all and every such Chief Magistrate, Chief Constable and Sub Constable therein, shall cease and determine, and every such Chief Magistrate, Chief Constable and Sub Constable therein, shall forthwith cease to hold and exercise such Office respectively; but if any Part or District shall remain in a State to require the Continuance of such Establishment of Police, then and from thenceforth every such Chief Magistrate, and each and every such Chief Constable and Sub Constable under the Authority of such Chief Magistrate, shall continue to act for such Part or District, unless it shall be otherwise ordered by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to reduce the Number of Sub Constables in any such proclaimed District, from time to time, at any time whenever, when and in so long or them shall from time to time expedient.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to order such Sum or Sums of Money as he or they shall think proper, to be advanced and paid out of the Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland arising in Ireland, for the Payment of the several Salaries and the Proportions thereof, or Allowances heretofore directed to be paid and given to the several Chief Magistrates, Chief Constables and Sub Constables, and of all Rates and Taxes, and of all other Costs and Charges of the Heralds and Appointments to be provided for such Chief Magistrate as aforesaid, and for purchasing and providing any Horses with their Saddles and Bridles which Occasion may require, or which shall or may be found necessary for the several Chief Constables and Sub Constables, and for all other reasonable and necessary Costs, Charges and Expenses of the several Establishments under this Act, at such times and in such manner, and in such Proportions between Two adjoining Counties under the same Chief Magistrate, and under any such Rules and Regulations, as such Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors, or his or their Chief Secretary, shall from time to time order and direct.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That upon the Production to the Grand Jury at any Assizes or preceding Term, for any County, County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland, of the Certificate of the Chief Secretary for the time being of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or of his or their Under Secretary for Civil Affairs, of the Amount of Money advanced and paid out

Representation may be made in like manner at the time of such Term.

Lord Lieutenant and any three or more residents such Town to count.

Write Town. And, if, under the Authority of this Act, any Chief Magistrate, &c. be appointed, not to act under this Act.

and if parcel, each appointed, the Office in such Case to cease.

Lord Lieutenant may also declare by Proclamation when any County is ordered to good Order.

After such Proclamations, Magistrates, shall cease to act, &c.

but if any Part require it, Chief Magistrate, &c. to act.

Lord Lieutenant may limit Number of Sub Constables.

Money to be advanced out of Consolidated Fund for the several Salaries and other Charges.

Half of Sum advanced out of Consolidated Fund to be paid out

affidavit
County or
Baronies.

Application
thereof.

Where Testes
write on Pro-
clamation, An-
noyance Repre-
sentation to be
Exhibited.

When good
Order is re-
newed, Arms, &c.
to be deliv-
ered up by
Chief and Sub
Constables, An-
noy Constable's
Horses in such Case
disposed of.

Constables not
delivering up
Arms, &c.

Penalty on
Irish Currency.

out of the Consolidated Fund by order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, for Expenses incurred in carrying this Act into Effect in any such County, County of a City or County of a Town, or in any Part or Parts thereof respectively, according to such Proportions as shall be specified in such Certificate, it shall be lawful for such Grand Jury and they are hereby required to present, to be raised off such County, County of a City or County of a Town, if the whole thereof shall have been proclaimed under this Act, or otherwise off the Barony or Baronies, Half Barony or Half Baronies, or District or Districts which shall have been so proclaimed, and within which this Act shall have been carried into Execution, the Amount of One half of the Sum contained in such Certificate, and the Amount of such Sum shall, when raised, be paid by the Treasurer of such County, County of a City or County of a Town to the Collector of Rates for the District, to be by him applied in like manner as any other Public Money to be levied; and no other Proclamation shall be laid by the Judge or Court as such Officers, and such Proclamation shall have first been made by the Grand Jury thereof.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if on any Occasion, or in any Court of Law or Equity, Civil or Criminal, any Question shall arise concerning any Proclamation under this Act, or the Appointment or Qualification of any Chief Magistrate or other Officer, whose Reputation shall be deemed, taken and received as sufficient Evidence of every such Matter, unless by contrary Evidence a reasonable Doubt shall be raised as to the Truth of such Reputation.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That when and as soon as any County, County of a City, County of a Town, Barony, Half Barony or District shall be declared to be relieved to good Order as aforesaid, all and every the Arms and Accoutrements, Saddles and Bridles, which shall have been delivered to such Chief Constable or Sub Constable, and as shall then be remaining, shall be forthwith delivered unto His Majesty's Military Stores, to be preserved for future Use, or to such Person or Persons, and at such time and Place, and to be kept and disposed of in such Places for the Purposes of this Act, in such manner as the Lord Lieutenant or Justice for the time being shall direct or appoint; and that all Horses which may have been found necessary to be provided for the Chief Constable or Sub Constable, shall either be sold at such Time and Place as the Lord Lieutenant or Justice for the time being shall direct, and the Proceeds thereof paid to the Treasurer of the County, to be applied to the County Charge, or such Horses shall be disposed of in such other manner, for the Purpose of this Act, as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall direct.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be appointed a Chief Constable or Sub Constable under this Act, shall not within One Week after he shall come to hold such Office, deliver over any Arms and Accoutrements, Horses, Saddle or Bridle supplied to him under this Act, to his Successor in such Office, if such Person shall be, and if not, then to such Person and at such Time and Place as shall be directed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; every such Person in offending shall, for each Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds Irish Currency, to be recovered by Civil Bill, in the Court of proper Jurisdiction, by any Person who shall sue for the same.

C. A. P. XCIX.

AN ACT to continue, until the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the Restrictions on Payments in Cash by the Bank of Ireland, and to direct the gradual Redemption of Cash Payments by the said Bank. [18th July 1819.]

38 G. 3. c. 12.
(18.)

42 G. 3. c. 43.

46 G. 3. c. 44.

48 G. 3. c. 45.

50 G. 3. c. 46.

52 G. 3. c. 47.

54 G. 3. c. 48.

56 G. 3. c. 49.

58 G. 3. c. 50.

60 G. 3. c. 51.

62 G. 3. c. 52.

64 G. 3. c. 53.

66 G. 3. c. 54.

68 G. 3. c. 55.

70 G. 3. c. 56.

72 G. 3. c. 57.

74 G. 3. c. 58.

76 G. 3. c. 59.

78 G. 3. c. 60.

80 G. 3. c. 61.

82 G. 3. c. 62.

84 G. 3. c. 63.

86 G. 3. c. 64.

88 G. 3. c. 65.

90 G. 3. c. 66.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for regulating and continuing for a limited time, the Restrictions contained in the Minutes of Council of the Second Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety seven, on Payments in Cash by the Bank*; and by an Act made in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the said recited Act of the Parliament of Ireland, of the Thirty seventh Year aforesaid, was further continued; and by an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, the said recited Act of the Parliament of Ireland, of the Thirty seventh Year aforesaid, was further continued, and was also amended; and by several Acts, passed in the Forty fourth, Forty fourth, Forty fifth, Forty sixth and Forty eighth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, the said recited Act of the Parliament of Ireland, of the Thirty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, and the said recited Act of the Forty third Year, amending the same, have been further continued, and are now in force: And Whereas an Act was passed in the present Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act to reform, and the End of the present Session of Parliament, the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland from making Payments in the Gold Coin of the Realm, under certain Notices given by them*: And Whereas it is expedient that the Restrictions on Payments in Cash by the said Bank should be continued beyond the time to which such Restrictions are at present limited, and that a definite Period should be fixed for the continuation of such Restrictions, and that preparatory Measures should be taken with a View to facilitate and improve, on the Arrival of that Period, the Payment of the Provisionary Notes of the Bank of Ireland in the legal Coin of the Realm: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said heretofore recited Act of the Parliament of Ireland, of the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, in the same is amended by the said Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for continuing and amending the same, and also the said heretofore recited Act of this present Session of Parliament, and each and every of the said Acts, shall be, and the same and every of them is and are hereby further continued, and shall have Continuance until the First Day

Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; and that from and after the said First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the Reflections on Payments in Cash under the said several Acts shall finally cease and determine.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That at any time on or after the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and before the First Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and twenty, whenever any Person shall tender to the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, any Note or Notes of the said Governor and Company payable on demand, to an Amount not less than the Price or Value of Sixty Ounces of Gold, calculated after the Rate of Four Pounds One Shilling *British* Currency, at an Exchange at *Par*, for every Ounce of Gold, and shall require such Note or Notes to be paid in Standard Gold, the Governor and Company of the said Bank of *Ireland* shall, upon demand, pay and deliver to the Person tendering such Notes, such Quantity of Gold, of the Fineness declared by Law to be the Standard of, and for the lawful Gold Coin of the Realm, the same having been first assayed and stamped at the Assay Office in *Dublin*, or at His Majesty's Mint in *London*, as shall at the said Rate of Four Pounds One Shilling *British* Currency, at an Exchange at *Par*, for every Ounce of such Gold, be equal to the Amount of the Notes to be presented for Payment.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That at any time on or after the First Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and before the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, whenever any Person shall tender to the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, any Note or Notes of the said Governor and Company payable on demand, to an Amount not less than the Price or Value of Sixty Ounces of Gold, calculated after the Rate of Three Pounds Nineteen Shillings and Sixpence *British* Currency, at an Exchange at *Par*, for every Ounce of Gold, and shall require such Note or Notes to be paid in Standard Gold, the Governor and Company of the said Bank of *Ireland* shall, upon demand, pay and deliver to the Person tendering such Notes, such Quantity of Gold, of the Fineness declared by Law to be the Standard of, and for the lawful Gold Coin of the Realm, the same having been first assayed and stamped at the Assay Office in *Dublin*, or at His Majesty's Mint in *London*, as shall at the said Rate of Three Pounds Nineteen Shillings and Sixpence *British* Currency, at an Exchange at *Par*, for every Ounce, be equal to the Amount of the Notes to be presented for Payment.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That at any time on or after the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, and before the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, whenever any Person shall tender to the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, any Note or Notes of the said Governor and Company payable on demand, to an Amount not less than the Price or Value of Sixty Ounces of Gold, calculated after the Rate of Three Pounds Seventeen Shillings and Ten pence Halfpenny *British* Currency, at an Exchange at *Par*, for every Ounce of Gold, and shall require such Note or Notes to be paid in Standard Gold, the Governor and Company of the said Bank of *Ireland* shall, upon demand, pay and deliver to the Person tendering such Notes, such Quantity of Gold, of the Fineness declared by Law to be the Standard of, and for the lawful Gold Coin of the Realm, the same having been first assayed and stamped at the Assay Office in *Dublin*, or at His Majesty's Mint in *London*, as shall at the said Rate of Three Pounds Seventeen Shillings and Ten pence Halfpenny *British* Currency, at an Exchange at *Par*, for every Ounce of such Gold, be equal to the Amount of the Notes to be presented for Payment.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the said Bank of *Ireland*, at any time between the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and the said First Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and twenty, to pay and deliver to any Person who shall present Notes of the Governor and Company of the said Bank, such Quantity of Gold of such Fineness as aforesaid, and assayed and stamped as aforesaid, as shall be equal to the Amount of the Notes to be presented, at any Rate less than Four Pounds One Shilling *British* Currency, at an Exchange at *Par*, and not less than Three Pounds Nineteen Shillings and Sixpence *British* Currency, at an Exchange at *Par*, for every Ounce of such Gold; and in like manner at any time between the First Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, to pay and deliver such Gold at any Rate less than Three Pounds Nineteen Shillings and Sixpence *British* Currency, at an Exchange at *Par*, and not less than Three Pounds Seventeen Shillings and Ten pence Halfpenny *British* Currency, at an Exchange at *Par*, for every Ounce of such Gold: Provided always, that the Governor and Company of the said Bank of *Ireland* shall give Three Days Notice in the *Dublin* Gazette of their intention to make such Payments after such Rates, specifying the Rates at which such Payments shall be made: Provided also, that it shall not be lawful for the Governor and Company of the said Bank of *Ireland*, at any time after the making such Payments at the Rates mentioned in any such Notice, to pay or deliver any such Gold at a Rate higher than the Rate mentioned in any such Notice, any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland* shall not be required or compelled to pay or deliver any such Gold except in Ingots or Bars of the Weight of Sixty Ounces each, assayed and stamped as aforesaid, any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, if they shall be so, may at any time on or after the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, pay or exchange the lawful Coin of the Realm for any Note or Notes of the said Governor and Company payable on demand; any Provisions in the said before-mentioned Acts, or in this Act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. Pro-

Between
April 5, 1822,
and June 1,
1823, such
Notes to be
paid in Standard
Gold for Notes
tendered to an
Amount not less than
Sixty Ounces,
calculated after
the Rate of
4*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.*
British per oz.

Between
Nov. 1, 1822,
and June 1,
1823, such
Payments shall
be made in
Gold at the
Rate of
3*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.*
British per oz.

Between
June 1, 1823,
and June 1,
1825, such
Payments shall
be made in
Gold calculated
after the Rate of
3*l.* 17*s.* 10*d.*
British per oz.

But the Bank
between April 5,
1822, and
Nov. 1, 1822,
and between
Nov. 1, 1822,
and June 1,
1823, may
pay at the same
rates mentioned
concerning
Three Days'
Notice in the
Dublin Gazette.

Payments not
to be required
but in Ingots
or Bars of 60
Ounces each.

Bank may
pay in Gold
on or after
June 1, 1823.

Practical
Sum of less
than one, to be
paid in Silver.

*Until June 1,
1819, Bank to
deliver to Policy
holders in Ins-
ured Weekly
Accounts of
Average
Amount of
their Notes in
Circulation ;
and also a
Quarterly Ac-
count to be pub-
lished in the
Dublin Ga-
zette.*

VIII. Provided also, and he it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the said Bank of Ireland to pay any Prizeman less than Forty Shillings of any Sum to be distributed above the Value of Sixty Quoins, in the lawful Silver Coin of the Realm, or in Tokens of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland shall, from time to time after the passing of this A.B. and until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, cause a true and perfect Account in Writing to be taken, and attested by the proper Officer, of the average Amount of all Promissory Notes and Bills of the said Governor and Company which shall be in Circulation during every Week, from Monday till Saturday both inclusive, distinguishing the respective Denominations and Values of the several Notes and Bills, and the average Amount of the Notes and Bills of each Denomination and Value respectively to be in Circulation, and to cause such Account to be transmitted and delivered to one of the Clerks of His Majesty's Privy Council in Ireland, on the Twelfth in every Week next ensuing the Saturday to which such Account shall be made up ; and the Governor and Company of the said Bank of Ireland shall also from time to time, in like manner, cause an Account to be taken and attested of the average Amount of all Promissory Notes and Bills of the said Governor and Company which shall be in Circulation during every Quarter of a Year ending on the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October, the Fifth Day of January, and the Fifth Day of April, in every Year, after the passing of this A.B. and until the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, distinguishing the respective Denominations and Values of the several Notes and Bills of each Denomination and Value respectively, and to cause such Quarterly Account to be published in the Dublin Gazette, within One Week next after the End of each Quarter respectively.

C A P. C.

An A.B. to amend an A.B. of the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to Prisons in Ireland. [17th July 1819.]

30 G.3. & 1819.

141.

WHEREAS by an A.B. made in the Fiftieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *As A.B. for regulating the several Laws relating to Prisons in Ireland, and for revisiting each of the Provisions thereof as have been found useful, with Amendments*, it is amongst other things enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for each and every Grand Jury in Ireland, and they are thereby required, at any Assizes or Protesting Terms, to appoint a proper and discreet Person, being duly ordained in Holy Orders, and of the Established Church, to be Chaplain of the several Gaols, Bridewells, Houses of Correction, or other Prisons, and of and in their respective Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns ; and that it shall and may be lawful for every such Grand Jury, if they shall be so required by the Court, also to appoint a proper and discreet Person, being a Protestant Dissenting Minister, to be Protestant Dissenting Chaplain thereof ; and also if they shall be so required by the Court to appoint a Priest or Clergyman of the Roman Catholic Church, to be Roman Catholic Chaplain : And Whereas it may happen that Grand Juries may want to make effectual Appointments under the Direction of the said recited A.B. ; and it is expedient to provide for the Appointment of such Chaplains, in case of any such Condition by any Grand Jury : Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if at any time after the passing of this A.B. any Grand Jury at any Assizes or Protesting Terms, after having been required by the Court or Judge at any such Assizes or Protesting Terms to appoint a proper Person to be Chaplain, or Protestant Dissenting Chaplain, or Roman Catholic Chaplain, to any Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction, or other Prison in their respective Counties, Counties of Cities or Counties of Towns, pursuant to the Direction of the said recited A.B. shall omit to make an effectual Appointment or Appointments of such Chaplain or Chaplains respectively, before the last Day of such Assizes or Protesting Terms ; or in case any Chaplain nominated and appointed by such Grand Jury shall omit, within One Calendar Month next after such Nominations, actually take upon him to exercise and perform, or shall not continue duly and regularly to exercise and perform the Duty to and for which he shall be so appointed by such Grand Jury ; then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to appoint a proper and discreet Person, being either a Minister of the Established Church, or a Protestant Dissenting Minister, or a Priest or Clergyman of the Roman Catholic Church, as the case shall require, to fill the Office or Offices of such Chaplain, or Protestant Dissenting Chaplain, or Roman Catholic Chaplain, to such Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison or Prisons ; and that all and every such Chaplain and Chaplains, so appointed by such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, shall hold and exercise the Office or Offices of Chaplain, or Protestant Dissenting Chaplain, or Roman Catholic Chaplain, or any or either of them, as fully and effectually in all respects and to all Intents and Purposes, and with all the same Rights, Powers, Privileges and Advantages, and subject to the same Control and Liability of Removal, as if such Chaplain or Chaplains respectively had been appointed to such Office or Offices by the Grand Jury, according to the Direction of the said recited A.B. and shall be entitled to such Salaries, to be prefixed by Grand Jurors, to such Amount and in such manner as is directed by the said recited A.B. ; any thing in the said recited A.B. or any other A.B. or Acts, or any Law, Usage or Custom, to the contrary notwithstanding.

*In default of
Appointment of
Chaplains by
the Grand Jury,
or if Chaplain
do not act, Lord
Lieutenant to
appoint them.*

*Such Appoin-
ments effected
as if made by
Grand Jury.*

C A P. CL

An Act to enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty, relative to the Transportation of Offenders, to continue until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty one.

[11th July 1819.]

WHEREAS by several Acts of Parliament passed in the Twenty fourth, Fifty fifth and Fifty sixth Years of His present Majesty's reign, His Majesty hath been empowered, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council to declare and appoint Places and Ports beyond the Seas to which Prisoners and other Offenders committed before certain Courts in England and Wales, and adjudged to be transported beyond the Seas, shall be transported: And Whereas by the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, intitled *An Act to amend several Laws relative to the Transportation of Offenders*, to continue in force until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, certain Provisions are now in force for regulating the Mode of contracting for the Transportation of such Offenders, and for transporting them, and for their temporary Confinement on board of Ships and Vessels in Rivers, or within the Limits of any Port or Harbour in England or Wales, and for the Treatment of such Offenders, and for their Punishment in case of their being found at large, without lawful Cause, before the Expiration of the Term for which they shall have been ordered to be transported: And Whereas by the Laws in force in those Parts of His Majesty's Dominions beyond England and Wales, Offenders convicted of certain Offences are liable to be punished by Transportation beyond the Seas, and other Convicts adjudged to suffer Death in such Parts of His Majesty's Dominions have received or may receive His Majesty's most gracious Pardon upon Condition of Transportation beyond the Seas, and there may be no Means of transporting such Convicts to any of the Places appointed by His Majesty in Council in that behalf, without first bringing them to England: And Whereas such Convicts do not fall within the Provisions of the last aforesaid Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, and it is fit that further Provision in respect thereof should be made: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whenever any Convict adjudged to Transportation by any Court or Judge in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions beyond England and Wales, or any Convict adjudged to suffer Death by any such Court or Judge, and pardoned on Condition of Transportation, have been or shall be brought to England in order to be transported, it shall and may be lawful to impound any such Offender in any Place of Confinement on board any Ship or Vessel provided under the Authority of the last aforesaid Act, and such Convict shall be transported, or by the Expiration of the Term of his Transportation, or otherwise, shall be sent to his Liberty; and that One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State shall appoint some Person to contract for the Transportation of such Convict, which Person shall contract accordingly, in like manner as follows of the Peace are directed in and by the said last aforesaid Act to contract for the Transportation of Offenders committed within their respective Jurisdictions; and that so soon as every such Convict shall be impounded on board any such Ship or Vessel, all the Provosts, Bailiffs, Regalmen, Clerks, Auctioneers, Poenmen, Punishment, Minors and Thieves contained in the said aforesaid Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, concerning the Sale of such Offenders, Treatment and Transportation of any Offender committed in England or Wales, and concerning the Punishment of any such Offender being found at large before the Expiration of the Term of his Transportation, shall extend and be construed to extend to every Convict who may have been or may be heretofore adjudged to Transportation by any Court or Judge in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions beyond England and Wales, and to every Convict adjudged by any such Court or Judge to suffer Death, and pardoned on condition of Transportation, and brought to England in order to be transported, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if such Convict had been committed and sentenced at any Session of Goal Delivery holden for any County within England.

II. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Convict before any Court or Judge of those Parts of the United Kingdom called Scotland and Ireland.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, and as long as.

C A P. CII

An Act for further regulating the Appointment of Gamekeepers in Wales.

[11th July 1819.]

WHEREAS there are now several Districts and Lands, within the Principality of Wales, which are not known to be comprehended within the Boundaries of any Manors, Lordships or Regalties; and there are also several other Districts and Lands within the Principality, which formerly belonged to or formed Part or Parts of such Manors, Lordships or Regalties, but which have been dissolved therefrom or enfranchised by the Lord or Lords for the time being of such Manors, Lordships or Regalties, and many of such Districts and Lands are very extensive: And Whereas the Owners or Owners of such Districts and Lands cannot, nor can any other Person or Persons appoint any Gamekeeper or other Servant to kill Game on such Lands for the Use of the Owner or Owners thereof, without first doing such Gamekeeper or other Servant to the Punishment imposed by divers Acts of Parliament made for the Preservation of the Game, which Regulations and Enactments have tended greatly to the Encouragement of Poachers and other idle and disorderly Persons, to destroy the Game within such Districts of the said Principality: For Remedy whereof, it is expedient that it be enacted: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this

Convicts are
judged, by
Order out of
England, to
Transportation,
and Convicts
pardoned on
Condition of
Transportation,
may, when
brought to
England, until
Transportation
is completed
on board of
Ships, &c.
Secretary of
State may ap-
point Com-
missioners for
Transportation.

Not to extend
to Convicts
in Scotland
and Ireland.
Continued
of Act.

Persons pre-
serving certain
Property may
appoint Game-
keepers.

present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of August next, it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Persons and Person, being listed in Tax or in of Poor-
house, or otherwise lawfully settled in his, her or their own Right, of and in any Lands situate and being
within the said Principality, of the full and clear annual Rent of Five hundred Pounds, and not being within
the Bounds of any Manor, Lordship or Royalty, or being within the Precinct or Bounds of any Manor,
Lordship or Royalty, shall have been or shall be enfranchised or alienated therefrom; or to appoint by
any Writing or Writings under his, her or their Hand or Hands, a Gamekeeper to preserve, or to create,
hunt, shoot at or kill Game, for the Use of the Person or Persons who shall make such Appointment,
in, over and upon such his, her or their Lands, and, over and upon the Lands of every other Person
or Persons who shall, by Licence in Writing under his, her or their Hand or Hands, authorise him, her or them
to appoint a Gamekeeper or Gamekeepers, or other Servant or Servants, to preserve, create, hunt, shoot at or
kill Game in, over and upon the Lands of the Person or Persons not being within the Bounds of any Manor,
Lordship or Royalty, in granting such Licence.

Gamekeepers
not subject to
Penalties under
former Acts.

II. And be it further enacted, That every such Gamekeeper having such Appointment as aforesaid, during
the Continuance of such Appointment shall not be made subject or liable to any Penalties imposed by any former
Statutes of this Realm, for having any Game in his or their Custody or Possession, or for creating, keeping,
shooting at or killing Game, or for upon any Lands mentioned in his or their Appointment or Appointments,
and whereas the Person or Persons making such Appointment or Appointments has or have any Power,
Licence or Authority to make or grant any Appointment or Appointments by virtue of this Act: Provided
always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or give, or be construed to extend or give, any Power or
Authority to any Person or Persons to make or grant any such Appointment or Appointments, Licence or
Licences, to create, hunt, shoot at or kill Game in, over and upon his, her or their Lands, situate or being
within the Precinct or Boundary of any Manor, Lordship or Royalty, unless such Lands shall have been
enfranchised or alienated therefrom, without the Licence or Consent in Writing of the Proprietor or Proprietors
of such Manor, Lordship or Royalty, having the Right to purchase and sell Game in, upon or over such Lands,
first had and obtained; and whose in any selling Lands or Donor, or Agreement for disposing any Lands, the
Lessor or Lessors, Landlord or Landlords thereof, hath or have not reserved the Right or Power of hunting,
breeding or sporting, when so such Appointment or Appointments, Licence or Licences, shall be valid, so as to
authorise any such Gamekeeper or Gamekeepers, Servant or Servants, to enter upon any such Lands, to pre-
serve, create, hunt, shoot at or kill Game thereon, without the Consent in Writing of the Person or Persons in
the actual Possession of such Lands first had and obtained.

No Power to
grant Licence
to them in
Manors, the
manors, Lands
enfranchised,
do, without
Licence of
Owner of
Manor.

9 June, 1819.

III. And Whereas the Manors, Lordships and Royalities, within the said Principality, are in many
instances extremely extensive, and comprehend very large Tracts of Country: And Whereas by an Act
passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for making the Act of the Fifth Year of*
Her Majesty's Wife, for the better Preservation of the Game, perpetual, and for making the same more effectual, &c.
it is among other things enacted, that only One Gamekeeper shall be appointed to kill Game within any One
Manor: And Whereas such Restriction hath, on account of the Extent of the said Manors, Lordships and
Royalities, been found extremely inconvenient, and tended greatly to the Destruction of the Game within
the said Principality: Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Lords and Ladies of such
Manors, Lordships and Royalities, and the Sheriffs of the Crown for such Manors, Lordships and
Royalities as appertain to His Majesty within the said Principality, shall be, and they are hereby authorised
respectively to nominate and appoint Gamekeepers for such Districts and Divisions of their respective Manors,
Lordships and Royalities, as they shall think fit; and that each and every Gamekeeper, so appointed,
shall have the like Powers, Privileges and Authorities within such District or Division as any Gamekeeper
appointed for the whole of a Manor hath or would have by virtue of any Act now in force: Provided always,
that nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorise the Appointment of more than One Gamekeeper
for the Game District or Division, and that all Appointments under this Act shall be regulated with the Clerk
of the Peace in like manner, and be subject to all other Regulations which are enacted with respect to the
Appointment of Gamekeepers of Manors by any Act now in force.

Lords, &c. of
Manors and
Sheriffs of the
Crown may
appoint Game-
keepers for
Districts.

Persons grant-
ing Appoint-
ments may
appoint more, and
grant others in
free tenure.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Persons and Person,
who shall or may grant or make any Appointment or Appointments, Licence or Licences, by virtue of this
Act, to revoke, annul or render void all and every such Contract, Appointments and Appointments, Licence
and Licences, and to grant or make other Contract or Contracts, Appointments or Licences in his thereof, as
often as to him, her or them, shall seem proper.

Persons respect-
ing Persons
killing Game,
without Cer-
tificate;
and the Crown.

V. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend the Provisions of
this Act, to any Person or Persons killing Game without a Certificate taken out or purchased, according to the
Provisions of the Act now in force respecting Game Certificates, or in any manner to affect the Rights of His
Majesty or His Successors, or of any other Person or Persons, in, to or over any Manor, Lordship or Royalty,
within the said Principality.

C. A. F. III.

An Act to repeal so much of Two Acts as require certain Accounts to be laid before Parliament; and to amend an Act of the Twenty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, relative to laying an Account before Parliament.

[14th July 1819.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of the Reign of His Majesty King William the Third, intitled *An Act to enlarge the Trade in Russia*, it is enacted, that the Com-
missioners of His Majesty's Customs shall at every Session of Parliament lay before both Houses a true
Account

20 & 21 W. 3.
c. 6. § 4.

Account in Writing under their Hands, of what Naval Stores shall have been imported into this Kingdom, by any Persons trading to *Anglo*: And Whereas by another Act passed in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of His said Majesty King William the Third, intitled *An Act for the more effectual employing the Force, by increasing the Manufacturers of the Kingdom, the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs are* empowered and enjoined to lay before the Parliament, within the First Week of every Session thereof, a true Account containing the Particulars of all Wrought Silks, Bays and Stuffs mixed with Silk or Woollen, of the Manufacture of *Perse*, *China* or *East India*, and all Calicoes painted, dyed, printed or stamped there, which have been brought into and carried out of the Warehouses appointed by them: And Whereas it is no longer appear necessary, that the said Accounts mentioned in the afore-said Acts should be laid before Parliament: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in each of the afore-said Acts as respects the said Accounts to be laid before the Parliament, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

II. And Whereas by another Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the further Support and Encouragement of the Fisheries carried on in the Greenland Seas, and Davis's Straights*; it is enacted, that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs for England and Scotland respectively, shall at the beginning of every Session of Parliament, lay before both Houses of Parliament in Account in Writing under their Hands, of what Number of Ships or Vessels have been employed in the Whale Fishery to Davis's Straights and the Greenland Seas, with their respective Names and Tonnages, from whence they were fitted out, and at what Port in Great Britain they were discharged, and also what Quantity of Oil or Blubber or Whale Fat each Ship or Vessel shall have imported: And Whereas it has been stated in other Instances for the proper Officers who prepare such Accounts, to lay the same before both Houses of Parliament: Be it further enacted, That in each of the said recited Acts as respects the said Account to be laid before Parliament by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs for England and Scotland respectively, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that the said Account shall in future be prepared by the proper Officer who prepares the same agreeably to the Direction contained in the said recited Acts.

repealed.

26 G. 3. c. 41.

4th.

repealed.

and Account of Vessels to be prepared by proper Officer instead of Commissioners.

CAP. CIV.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty, certain Laws of Excise, with regard to Crown Glass and Flint and Plate Glass; and to alter certain Laws with regard to Flint Glass. [12th July 1819.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Laws heretofore mentioned should be further continued and amended: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in each of an Act of Parliament made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glass and Crown Glass, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for the better Collection of the said Duties, as was by certain Acts made in the Fifty first, Fifty second, Fifty third, and Fifty fourth Years of the Reign aforesaid contained on the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and by Two other Acts made in the Fifty sixth and Fifty eighth Years of the Reign aforesaid revised and further continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, shall be and the same is hereby further continued, and shall be, remain and continue in force from the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

III. And be it further enacted, That an Act of Parliament made in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for repealing the Duty on the Materials used in making Flint and Plate Glass, and for granting, until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and twelve, other Duties in lieu thereof; and for continuing and amending an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glass and Crown Glass, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for the better Collection of the said Duties; which was by certain Acts made in the Fifty second, Fifty third, and Fifty fourth Years of the Reign aforesaid, contained until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and by Two other Acts made in the Fifty sixth and Fifty eighth Years of the Reign aforesaid revised and further continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, shall be and the same is hereby further continued, and shall be, remain and continue in force from the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Flint Glass and Plate Glass shall, and he, she and they is and are hereby required, at his, her and their own Expence, to find and provide and make lawful Entry of proper and sufficient Duties or Vessels, for the purpose of containing all the said Molten and Waste Glass and Skimmings produced on each Weekly Making of Flint Glass and Plate Glass, and shall from time to time, as the same is produced on each Weekly Making, forthwith put and place in such Boxes or Vessels all the said Molten and Waste Glass and Skimmings of each particular Weekly Making of Flint Glass and Plate Glass, and keep and continue the same in the particular Box or Vessel, Boxes or Vessels, in which the same shall be so put and placed, except when taken out duly for the purpose of being picked and sorted, in which Case the same shall be so taken out in the Presence of and weighed by the proper Officer of Excise, and shall be kept separate and apart from all other Glass of any other Weekly Making until the same is weighed,

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43 G. 3. c. 42.
as continued by
21 G. 3. c. 42.
22 G. 3. c. 42.
23 G. 3. c. 42.
24 G. 3. c. 42.
25 G. 3. c. 42.
26 G. 3. c. 42.
27 G. 3. c. 42.
28 G. 3. c. 42.
29 G. 3. c. 42.
30 G. 3. c. 42.
31 G. 3. c. 42.
32 G. 3. c. 42.
33 G. 3. c. 42.
34 G. 3. c. 42.
35 G. 3. c. 42.
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78 G. 3. c. 42.
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81 G. 3. c. 42.
82 G. 3. c. 42.
83 G. 3. c. 42.
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91 G. 3. c. 42.
92 G. 3. c. 42.
93 G. 3. c. 42.
94 G. 3. c. 42.
95 G. 3. c. 42.
96 G. 3. c. 42.
97 G. 3. c. 42.
98 G. 3. c. 42.
99 G. 3. c. 42.
100 G. 3. c. 42.

same, except when taken out to be put into the Presence of the Officer, who shall take an Account of every Weekly Making, the Maker attending in person as herein mentioned.

taken account of, and reweighed as provided by Law for and in respect of manufactured Flint Glass; and when and so soon as each Week's Making of Glass shall be finished, shall produce the same to be weighed and taken account of by the proper Officer, and reweighed by the Supervisor of Excise, as provided by Law for and in respect of manufactured Flint Glass, and shall reflect the same and every Part thereof in the Book, or upon but one, Successing Change of his or their Pot or Pots for making Flint or Plate Glass; and if any Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or Plate Glass shall neglect or omit to do so, or provide proper and sufficient Books or Vellies for the purpose in that behalf aforesaid, or to put or place as aforesaid in One or more of such Books or Vellies all the Cheat Metal and Waste Glass Skimmings of such particular Weekly Making of Flint Glass or Plate Glass, or to keep or continue the same and every Part thereof in such Book or Vellies, Books or Vellies, in which the same shall be put and placed as aforesaid, as and when the same are produced to the Manufacturer of the Glass of such Weekly Making, except as aforesaid, until the same shall be weighed and taken account of by the proper Officer, and reweighed by the Supervisor of Excise, as provided by Law for and in respect of manufactured Flint Glass; or shall neglect or omit, when and so soon as any Weekly Making of Flint Glass or Plate Glass is finished, to produce the same, together with the Metal taken out at the End of every Week's Weekly Making of such Glass, to the proper Officer, to be so weighed and taken account of, and reweighed by the Supervisor as aforesaid; or shall omit, put or place any other Cheat Metal, or Broken or Waste Glass, or Skimmings or other thing, with the Cheat Metal or Waste Glass and Skimmings of any particular Weekly Making of such Glass; or shall produce to the Officer to be weighed and taken account of, or to the Supervisor to be reweighed as aforesaid, any other Cheat Metal, or Broken or Waste Glass, or other thing, except such Skimmings and Laded Metal as aforesaid, with the Cheat Metal or Waste Glass and Skimmings and Laded Metal of that particular Weekly Making of Glass; or shall produce to be weighed or reweighed as aforesaid any Cheat Metal or Waste Glass or Skimmings or Laded Metal which has before been weighed and taken account of, or reweighed as aforesaid; or shall convey away or conceal or not reflect such Cheat Metal or Waste Glass, Skimmings or Laded Metal, or any Part thereof, at such time and in such manner as aforesaid, all such Cheat Metal, Broken or Waste Glass, and Skimmings, Laded Metal, and other things shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and all and every Maker and Makers of Glass in aforesaid shall, for each and every such Offence, severally forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty 200*l*.

If in weighing Tons of Flint or Plate Glass of Weekly Making, and Cheat Metal, the Weight produced shall not amount to six Tons, or to four Tons of gross Quantity of Metal put on Pot, Deficiency charged with Duty.

Forfeits.

Makers to keep sufficient Scales and Weights for Officers taking Account, and make them in weighing Metal.

Makers neglecting, &c.

or hindering Officer, &c. Penalty 50*l*. Using false Weights, &c.

Penalty 200*l*.

IV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer or Officers of Excise shall weigh the Vellies, Articles and Utensils of Flint Glass or Plate Glass of any particular Weekly Making, he and they shall also weigh the Cheat Metal and Waste Glass and Skimmings of that Weekly Making, and also the Metal taken out at the End thereof; and if the Weight of the Articles, Vellies and Utensils of Flint Glass or Plate Glass of any particular Weekly Making of Flint Glass or Plate Glass respectively, together with the Weight of the Cheat Metal and Waste Glass, Skimmings and Laded Metal aforesaid, of the same Weekly Making, as produced and weighed, or reweighed as aforesaid, shall not amount to Ninety eight Parts of every hundred Parts of the gross Quantity of all the Metal, Materials and Preparations which shall have been in the Pot or Pots made up of in that Weekly Making, according to the best and highest Gauge which shall or may have been taken of the Flamed Metal thereof by any Officer or Officers of Excise, the Maker or Makers of such Glass shall be deemed and taken to have made and manufactured Articles of Flint Glass and Plate Glass of equal Weight to the Weight of such Deficiency below Ninety eight hundred Parts of the gross Quantity of such Flamed Metal as aforesaid, and shall be charged with and pay Duty for the same as if such last mentioned Articles had been produced to and weighed by the proper Officer of Excise; Provided always, that no such Deficiency shall of itself, and without any Proof of the fraudulent Removal or Concealment of any Part of the Glass of any Weekly Making of Glass, subject any such Maker as aforesaid to any Penalty for having fraudulently removed or concealed the Glass so deficient.

V. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or Plate Glass shall, he, he, and they be and are hereby required to keep sufficient and just Scales and Weights at the Place or Places where he, he, or they shall make or manufacture any Flint Glass or Plate Glass, and shall at his, her or their own Expence find, provide and affix fit and proper Hooks or Staples, and also permit and suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to use the same for the purpose of weighing and taking an Account of and reweighing the Cheat Metal, Broken or Waste Glass, which shall at any time be in the Possession of such Maker and Makers, and shall at all times (when required by the Officer to do so) by himself or themselves, or by a sufficient Number of his, her or their Servants, give all assistance and necessary Help and Assistance to any Officer or Officers of Excise in weighing and taking a just and true Account of or reweighing such Cheat Metal, Broken or Waste Glass; and if any such Maker or Makers shall neglect to keep such Scales and Weights, or either of them, or shall not at his, her or their own Expence find, provide and affix, in manner aforesaid, such fit and proper Hooks or Staples as aforesaid, or shall not permit or suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to use the same, or shall at any time refuse or neglect to give such Help and Assistance as aforesaid, every such Maker or Makers of Glass shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Maker or Makers of Glass, or his or their Servants, shall in the weighing or reweighing of any Cheat Metal or Waste Glass, make use of, or cause or procure or suffer to be made use of, any false, unjust or insufficient Scales, Weight or Weights, or shall practice any Art, Device or Contrivance by which any Officer or Officers of Excise shall or may be hindered in or prevented from taking and ascertaining the just and true Weight of any such Cheat Metal, Broken or Waste Glass, then and in every such Case such Maker or Makers shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, with all such false, unjust or insufficient Scales and Weight or Weights respectively, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

VI. Pen-

VII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no such Maker as aforesaid shall be compelled to refuse or incur any Penalty for not refuſing any Cheſt Metal, Skimmings or Broken or Waste Glaſs that ſhall be ſent to and conſtitute Part of the weighed and reweighed Cheſt Metal, Skimmings or Broken or Waste Glaſs of any Weekly Making of Glaſs as aforesaid, and which ſuch Maker or his Foreman or principal Servant ſhall ſee and declare to the Superſeeder, at the time of the reweighing of the Cheſt Metal, Skimmings, Broken or Waste Glaſs of ſuch Weekly Making of Glaſs, to be Refuſe Glaſs, and until for immediate Manufacture, and ſhall afterwards pick and ſeparate from the Reſt of the Cheſt Metal, Skimmings, Broken or Waste Glaſs of ſuch Weekly Making of Glaſs; and that no ſuch Maker as aforesaid ſhall be compelled to refuse or incur any Penalty for not refuſing any Coloured or Stained Glaſs to be reweighed as aforesaid, until he or he next Making, or next Making but one, of the like Coloured or Stained Glaſs; and that no ſuch Maker as aforesaid ſhall be ſubject or liable to pay Duty for any Deficiency of Glaſs produced, weighed and reweighed, as the Produce of any Weekly Making of Glaſs aforesaid, which has ariſen and been occaſioned by the unavoidable Loſs of the Metal through the fuſion cracking or breaking of any Pot at the time the ſame is charged with and contained ſuch Metal, and which ſhall be ſatisfactorily ſhewn and proved to the Officer at the time the ſame ſhall happen; and that no ſuch Maker as aforesaid ſhall incur any Penalty by reaſon of he or her not refuſing at the time aforesaid any Metal ladled out of the Pot into Water, provided ſuch Metal ſhall be weighed and reweighed ſeparate, and be lodged in and kept in ſome Room or Place ſeparate and apart from all other Broken or Waste Glaſs, and under the immediate Survey and Inſpection of the Officer of Excise, until all ſuch Ladled Metal ſhall be, under Notice in Writing delivered to the proper Officer, and in his Preſence, put into the Pot to be reſmelted as aforesaid, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And he it further enacted, That this Act ſhall continue in force until the Fifth Day of July One thouſand eight hundred and twenty.

C A P. CV.

An Act for granting to His Maſteſty an additional countervailing Duty on Spirits extracted in England or Ireland reſpectively, and imported into Scotland; and for repealing the additional Duty on Licences taken out by Retailers of Spirits in Great Britain; and for exempting from all countervailing Duties the Leather and Glaſs of Carriages brought by Perſons for private Uſe from Scotland into Great Britain, or from Great Britain into Ireland. [17th July 1819.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in this Seſſion of Parliament, for granting to His Maſteſty certain additional Duties of Excise on Tea, Coffee and Cocoa Mats, Tobacco and Snuff, Pepper, Malt, and Sweet Spirits, and conſtituting the ſame with the former Duties therein; and for amending the Laws of Excise relating thereto; an Excise Duty of Four Shillings and Nine pence Halfpenny is impoſed and granted for and upon every Gallon Ryeſt Wine Meaſure of all Spirits extracted in England, and imported or brought from thence into Scotland, of a Strength not exceeding Seven per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, and in proportion for every higher Degree of Strength not exceeding the Strength of Ten per Centum above Hydrometer Proof; and another Excise Duty of Five Shillings and Three pence Halfpenny is impoſed and granted for and upon every Gallon Ryeſt Wine Meaſure of Spirits which ſhall be extracted in Ireland, and imported or brought from thence into Scotland, at a Strength not exceeding Seven per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, and in proportion for every greater Degree of Strength not exceeding Twenty per Centum above Hydrometer Proof: And Whereas the reſpective Duties ſo impoſed and granted do not extend to or include a Duty of Eight pence Halfpenny payable for every Gallon of Spirits of the Strength of Seven per Centum above Proof extracted in Scotland, for Conſumption in Scotland; and the reſpective Duties before recited are in conſequence thereof in that Amount leſs than ſuch countervailing Duties on the Importation of ſuch Spirits as aforesaid: For Kennedy ſhewed by a Petition ſubſcribed by The King's Moſt Excellent Maſteſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thouſand eight hundred and eleven, there ſhall be caſted, levied, collected and paid to and for the Uſe of His Maſteſty, His Heirs and Successors, for and upon every Gallon Ryeſt Wine Meaſure of all ſuch Spirits imported as aforesaid reſpectively, the further and additional Duty of Excise of Eight pence Halfpenny over and above the Duties aforesaid reſpectively impoſed and granted by the ſaid recited Act; and the ſaid Duty hereby impoſed ſhall be caſted, levied, collected and paid under the Management of the Commiſſioners of Excise in Scotland, in the ſame manner and ſubject to the ſame Conditions and Regulations to which the Duties heretofore recited are reſpectively made ſubject; and all ſuch Spirits ſo imported, and the Perſon or Perſons importing the ſame, ſhall for and in reſpect of the Duty hereby impoſed be and are hereby made ſubject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Reſtrictions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures to which the like Goods and Perſons and Perſons are reſpectively ſubject by the ſaid recited Act, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament for levying the Duties of Excise; and all the Moneys ariſing from the Duty by this Act impoſed (the neceſſary Charges of levying and accounting for the ſame excepted), ſhall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Maſteſty's Exchequer as beforeſaid, and ſhall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

II. And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifth fifth Year of the Reign of His preſent Maſteſty, intitled 'An Act for granting to His Maſteſty until the Fifth Day of April One thouſand eight hundred and nineteen, additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain on Spirits, Tobacco, Snuff, and Sweet Liquors, &c. was, amongst other things, enacted, that every Retailer of British made Wines or Spirits ſhould for and upon every Licence to be taken

No Penalty for not refuſing — Cheſt Metal. — He ſubjected to Superſeeder to be Refuſe Glaſs; or for not refuſing Coloured or Stained — Glaſs ſhall next Making, on the next day, next following. No Duty for Deficiency of Glaſs occaſioned by unavoidable Loſs of Metal. No Penalty for not refuſing Metal ladled out of the Pot, if kept ſeparate. Continuance of Act.

c. 11, ante.

Sched. A.

c. 11, ante, Sched. B.

Additional Duty of Eight pence Halfpenny on Spirits made in England or Ireland imported into Scotland; to be under Commiſſioners of Excise in Scotland.

Application of Duty.

17 G. 3. c. 20. Sched. A. continued by c. 11, ante.

* out by any such Retailer in Great Britain, according to the Laws in such sale made and provided, pay the Annual Sum of Two Pounds Four Shillings; and which said Act was further continued by an Act made in the present Session of Parliament until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty two: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal so much of the said recited Acts as relate to the Payment required to be made on the taking out any such Licence as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, so much of the said Acts as is hereinbefore recited shall be, and the same is and are hereby repealed.

§ 5. § 2. 11.

§ 12.

* III. And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, forty amongst other things, exempting the Leather and Glaze of Carriages belonging to certain Persons, imported from Ireland for private Use, from Duty, it was enacted, that from and after the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, no controlling Duty shall be paid or payable for or in respect of the Leather actually worked up and employed in the Construction of and composing a Part of any Coach, Landau, Chariot, Landauet, Chaise or other Wheel Carriage of or belonging to any Officer of State in Ireland, or any Member of either of the Two Houses of Parliament, which shall be imported into Great Britain from Ireland for the sole and entire Use of such Officer of State or Member of either House of Parliament, respectively, and not as Merchandise or for Sale, nor for or in respect of the Glaze actually worked up and employed in the Construction of and composing a Part of any such Coach, Landau, Chariot, Landauet, Chaise or other Wheeled Carriage: And Whereas it is expedient to extend the Exemption from all controlling Duties to every Coach, Landau, Chariot, Landauet, Chaise and other Wheel Carriage of and belonging to any Person or Persons travelling from Great Britain into Ireland, or from Ireland into Great Britain respectively, and which shall be brought from Great Britain into Ireland, or from Ireland into Great Britain respectively, for the private, sole and entire Use of such Person or Persons, and not as Merchandise or for Sale: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, no controlling Duty shall be paid or payable in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, for or in respect of the Leather actually worked up and employed in the Construction of and composing a Part of any such Coach, Landau, Chariot, Landauet, Chaise or other Wheel Carriage as aforesaid, or for or in respect of the Glaze actually worked up and employed in the Construction of and composing a Part of any such Coach, Landau, Chariot, Landauet, Chaise or other Wheel Carriage which shall be brought into Great Britain or Ireland respectively, by any Person or Persons as aforesaid; any thing in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

No Counter-
tailing Duty on
Leather or
Glaze employed
in Construction
of Carriages
brought into
G. B. or Ire-
land for private
Use.

IV. And to be further enacted, That the Commissioners of Customs in England and Scotland, and Commis- sioners of Customs in Ireland respectively, or any Three or more of them respectively, not lawfully authorized and empowered to make any Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been charged in such Duty or Duties for or in respect whereof the Duties by this Act repealed, and which shall now be before the passing of this Act have been actually collected, received or paid, to be discharged from and out of the Books and other Docu- ments containing any Entry or Entries of or relating to any such Charge or Sum or Sums of Money.

Charges made
for Duties by
this Act repe-
aled, dis-
charged.

C A P. CVI.

An Act to amend the several Acts for securing the Payment of the Duties of Excise upon certain Licences, and regulating the issuing of such Licences, and for securing the Duties upon Spirits distilled by Licensed Distillers in Ireland. [12th July 1819.]

§ 5. § 2. 11.
§ 4.

Repeal. A.

73

* WHEREAS it and by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled
* *An Act to grant certain Duties of Excise upon Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, and upon Licences to Persons dealing in Excisable Commodities in Ireland, in lieu of the Stamp Duties payable upon such Licences; and to secure the Payment of such Excise Duties, and to regulate the issuing of such Licences; and to alter and amend the unwholesome Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland, and by the Schedule therein annexed, a Duty or Sum of Twenty two Pounds Stere Currency, together with the Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of such Duty, is granted and imposed upon any Licence to any Person to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cider or Perry, Mead, or Brandy, by Retail, in any Place within the Towns following (among others): That is to say, *Athlone, Cashel, Ennis, Kesh, Kesh, Galway, Kesh, Kesh, Loughlin, Loughlin, Mulline, New Ross, Tipperary and Tralee*, and within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place therein respectively: And Whereas it may be expedient that such Licence should, in certain Cases, be granted for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors in the said Towns and Places on Payment of a less Sum than the said Sum of Twenty two Pounds: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to have or obtain, at his, her or their Desire, a Licence to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cider or Perry, Mead, or Brandy, by Retail, in any Place within the Towns of *Athlone, Cashel, Ennis, Kesh, Galway, Kesh, Loughlin, Mulline, New Ross, Tipperary and Tralee*, or within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place therein respectively, on Payment of the Sum of Fifteen Pounds Stere Currency, together with a further Sum above the Rate of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount thereof, and no more; any thing in the said recited Acts, or in the Schedule therein annexed, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland for amending the said Act, or for the regulating the granting of such Licences, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; subject nevertheless to all such Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, Directions, Provisions, Clauses, Manages and Things, with respect to the obtaining of such Licence,*

Issued of said
Duty within
the Towns
herein men-
tioned, a Duty
of 21s. and in
the Pound
on the Amount.

Licence, as are contained and set forth in any of the said Acts and in this Act, so far as the same are consistent and compatible with each other; and have so far as the same are not repugnant or altered by this Act: Provided always, that any Person on whose Licence such Sum of Fifteen Pounds shall be paid shall be authorised to sell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity not exceeding Twenty Gallons at any one time, and no more: Provided also, that if any Person in the said Towns and Places shall pay the full Sum of Twenty two Pounds payable under the said recited Acts, or if any Person in any of the said Towns and Places, having paid the full Sum of Fifteen Pounds, shall pay such additional Sum as shall make the whole Duty paid by such Person amount to Twenty two Pounds Bright Currency, together with a further Sum as both Cases after the Rate of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of such Twenty two Pounds, or on such additional Sum as the case may be, such Person shall be authorised to sell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity not exceeding Twenty five Gallons at any one time, and no more, pursuant to the Provisions of the said recited Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, in their Discretion, to allow or repay to any Person who shall have paid or shall pay the full Duty or Sum of Twenty two Pounds on any Licence for the Sale of Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail in any of the Towns or Places aforesaid, to be in force after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen until and upon the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, the Sum of Seven Pounds Bright Currency, together with a further Sum after the Rate of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount thereof; and every such Allowance or Repayment shall be made under such Rules and Regulations as the said Commissioners or any Three of them shall direct or appoint; and after such Allowance or Repayment such Licence shall be good and valid according to the tenor thereof, and according to the Provisions of this Act, to all intents and Purposes whatsoever.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons licensed to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, to demand or receive any Punt or Puntins for the Reasoned outside any one Day to any one Person, or to different Persons in Partnership in Trade, any greater Quantity of Spirits than such Person or Persons is licensed to or are under the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, or this Act, authorised to sell at any one time under the Licence or Licences which shall have been or shall be obtained by such Person or Persons; any Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That to much and such Parts of the said recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, whereby it is provided and enacted, that no Person shall be capable of receiving or holding a Licence to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter or Ale, Cider or Perry, Mead or Moid, by Retail, who shall not previously take and subscribe certain Oaths in and by the said Act provided, directed and appointed, and as doth direct every Person requiring any such Licence shall take and subscribe such Oaths before the Collector or other Officer or Persons in Charge of the Collection of the Duties within which such Person shall require to be licensed, and also to direct that such Person shall have the same with such Collector or other Officer, who shall transmit the same, when required, to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland; and that if any such Licence shall be granted on Oath to any Person without such Oath or Affidavit being so made and subscribed, such Licence shall be void and void to all intents and Purposes, and that the Person whose Licence shall be become null and void shall be deemed an unlawful Retailer of Spirituous Liquors, and shall be subject to such Penalties and Disabilities as Retailers of Spirituous Liquors without Licence are subject to, shall be, and is and are hereby declared; and every Licence which shall have been or shall be granted at any time after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nineteen to any Person or Persons who shall not have taken or subscribed the said Oaths, or any of them, shall not be valid, nor shall any such Person or Persons be liable or subject to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, to consequences or by reason of such Offences, but every such Licence shall be good, valid and effectual in the Law to all intents and Purposes whatsoever, as the same would have been in case the said Oaths had been taken and subscribed as aforesaid; any thing in the said recited Act or any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall have obtained or shall obtain any Licence to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, in any Place not being within the District of the Municipality of Dublin, shall be minded to remove from the House mentioned in such Licence for carrying to such Subjects, and to carry on the same in any other House in the same Town or City, or within the same County District (and with respect to which last mentioned House such Person shall obtain the Consents of the Two next Resident Justices of the Peace that such House is proper to be licensed for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail), then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, to permit and allow such Person to deliver up and surrender such Licence, then in force, to the Collector or other Officer or Person who shall then be duly authorised to grant and offer Licences in the proper District; and such Collector or other Officer or Person shall, upon receiving such Licence, give, grant and offer, without Payment of Duty, or any Sum or Fee whatever (except in case of the Periods hereafter mentioned, when a higher Duty shall be payable in the Place to which such Person shall intend to remove, than such Person paid on the Licence to be so surrendered up), a new Licence to such Person for the House to which such Person shall be desirous of removing, and shall date such Licence, and shall set forth therein that the same was granted, upon the Surrender of a former Licence, specifying the Date thereof, and the Situation of the House for which the same had been granted; and from the Date of such further or new Licence the same shall be sufficient Authority for the Person to whom the same shall be granted, to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail in the House to which such Person shall be removed, until the Expiration of the Term, Term, Period or Periods for which the same shall be granted, and which Term, Term, Period or Periods shall not in any Case exceed the Term, Term, Period

19th Licence not to exceed the Rate of 1 s. 6d. and no more at one time.

21st, Licence the Sale of 1 s. 6d. Gallons and no more at one time.

Commissioners in Ireland may repay 7 l. Bright with the 22 l. to the Person who have taken and the said Licence.

No Person for Removal of a greater Quantity of Spirits than allowed for Sale at one time.

57 G. 3. c. 106. s. 21.

repealed. Licences granted without taking such Oaths null.

Licensee's Power (not being in District of Dublin) may on Certificate remove within same District.

In such Case Officer to grant a new Licence on Surrender of former.

Old Licence
discontinued with.

Conditions of
granting such
new Licence.

§ 5 G. 3. c. 19.
§ 12.

Licences
granted in
Pretoria contain-
ing certain
Trade declared
illegal by
§ 5 G. 3. c. 19.
void.

§ 5 G. 3. c. 19.
§ 13.

Not to extend
to Retailers, if
Liquors are
consumed in
their House.

Retailer may
recover for Beer
sold less than
Two Gallons,
not consumed
by Retailer
§ 6 G. 3. (1)

§ 6 G. 3. c. 19.
§ 4.

or Purport for which the original Licence was granted; and every Licence in the Place or Street of which any such new or further Licence shall be granted, shall be from thenceforth absolutely null and void; and any Person to whom any such new or further Licence shall be granted, and also all and every the Sheriff and Sureties of any such Person, shall be subject and liable in all respects, and to all Penalties and Purposes whatsoever, in like manner as he, she or they would have been respectively subject and liable if such Person had continued to carry on Business under the original Licence, and to the Heats for which the same had been granted: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for any such Collector or other Officer or Person to grant or sell any such new or further Licence unless and until all the Duties and Penalties which shall have been or shall be incurred by such Person in defaulting remitting shall be fully paid or satisfied; and provided also, that in case the Duty payable by Law on a Licence to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, in the Place to which such Person shall so intend to remove, shall exceed the Duty paid on the Licence so intended to be transferred, it shall not be lawful to grant or sell any such new or further Licence, unless and until such Person shall pay such additional Sum as shall make the whole Duty paid by such Person amount to the full Duty payable by Law on a Licence to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, in such Place for which such new or further Licence shall be required, together with the Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of such additional Sum, and the Amount of every such Payment shall be set forth in such new or further Licence.

¶ VI. And Whereas in and by the said recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, Persons exercising or certain Trades, Occupations or Callings therein mentioned are declared not to be capable of receiving or holding a Licence to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter or Ale, Cider or Perry, Mead or Sack, or Honey, by Retail; and it is thereby declared, that every Licence which shall be issued to any Person by the said Act declared not to be capable of receiving the same, or to any Person or Persons in Trust or in the Life or Benefit of such Person or Persons so declared incapable, shall be void to all Intents and Purposes; and that the Person whose Licence shall so become null and void shall be deemed an unlicensed Retailer of Spirituous Liquors, and be subject to such Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities as Retailers of Spirituous Liquors without Licence are subject to: Be it enacted, That if at any time after the granting of any Licence to any Person to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, such Person shall exercise any Trade, Occupation or Calling, the exercising whereof would have rendered such Person incapable of receiving such Licence; or if any Licence for selling Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail shall at any time be held in Trust or for the Use or Benefit of any Person who shall at any time during the Term, Period or Term of such Licence exercise any such Trade, Occupation or Calling, then and in each and every the respective Case and Cases aforesaid, every such Licence shall be and the same is hereby declared null and void, in all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and the Person whose Licence shall so become void, and the Person or Persons in Trust for whom or for whose Use or Benefit the same had been obtained, shall be deemed an unlicensed Retailer or unlicensed Retailers of Spirituous Liquors, and shall be subject to such Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities as Retailers of Spirituous Liquors without Licence are subject to.

¶ VII. And Whereas in and by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, intituled *An Act to make further Provision for the giving of Licences to Persons to deal in retail, male or manufacture Spirits, and other Excisable Commodities in Ireland, and for securing the Duties of Excise payable by the Persons in default, it is amongst other things enacted, that no Person shall be entitled into or shall maintain any Cask, Altum or Run, or shall receive either in Law or Equity, any Sum of Money or Demand, for or on account of any Spirituous Liquors sold in Ireland, in any Quantity less than Two Quarts at any One time, or for or on account of any particular Item or Article in any Account or Demand for Spirituous Liquors to be sold, when the Quantity shall be less than Two Quarts: And Whereas it is enacted that the said recited Provision should not extend or be construed to extend to such Quantity of Spirituous Liquors sold by any Person duly licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors by Retail, such Spirituous Liquors not being sold or consumed in the House, Shop or other Premises of such licensed Retailer: Be it therefore enacted, That nothing in the said recited Provision of the said Act shall extend or be construed to extend to any Spirituous Liquors sold in any Quantity less than Two Quarts at any One time, by any Person so licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors by Retail, provided that the Quantity of Spirituous Liquors to be sold, or any Part thereof, shall not be sold or consumed in the House, Shop or other Premises of such licensed Retailer, any thing in the said recited Act or any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; provided always, that the said recited Provision of the said last mentioned Act, shall continue and remain in full Force and Effect with respect to Spirituous Liquors which shall be sold and consumed in any such House, Shop or other Premises.*

¶ VIII. And by a further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any licensed Retailer of Spirituous or other Liquors to recover by due Course of Law any Sum of Money or Demand, for or on account of any Beer, Ale or Porter sold by such Retailer in any Quantity less than Two Gallons, and not being sold or consumed in the House, Shop or other Premises of such Retailer, although the Price of such Quantity may exceed the Sum of One Shilling; any thing in an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Ninth Year of the Reigne of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled *An Act to prevent the Evil arising by the Retailers of Beer, Ale, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Aqua Vite and other Spirituous Liquors, going Gravel in Germany, Day Labourers and other Persons who usually work or ply for Hire, or Wages, or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.*

¶ IX. And Whereas in and by the said recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, certain Duties of Excise are imposed and made payable for and upon all and every the Licences to be taken out for the several and respective purposes in the said recited Act mentioned, according to the Laws in such Case

* *Cafe made and provided.* Be it enacted, That upon the Death of any Person to be licensed, and also where any Person is licensed full wholly discontinue the Bachelors, Trade, Occupation or Calling, for which any such License shall be issued, and shall be desirous of disposing of his or her Right and Interest in such License to any other Person fully qualified to carry on such Trade, Bachelors, Occupation or Calling, in every such Cafe it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, in their Discretion, to permit and allow the Heir, Executor or Administrators, or Widow or Child of such deceased Person, or the Assignor or Assigns of the Person to disposing of such his or her Right and Interest aforesaid, to deliver up and surrender such License to the Collector or other Officer or Person who shall be duly authorized to grant and issue Licenses in the proper District; and such Collector or other Officer or Person shall, upon receiving such License, Sign, grant and issue, without Payment of Duty, or any Sum or Fee whatever, a new License, in such Manner and Form as the said Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes, or any Three of them, shall from time to time direct and appoint, to such respective Persons for the House or Premises, or any other House or Premises (being in the said City or Town in which the House or Premises for which such original License had been granted shall be situated) in which he or she shall be desirous of carrying on such Trade, Occupation or Calling; and from the Date of such former or new License, the same shall be sufficient Authority for the Person to whom the same shall be granted to exercise and carry on the Trade, Bachelors, Occupation or Calling in the House or Premises mentioned and described therein, until the Expiration of the Term, Force, Period or Purport for which the same shall be granted, and which Term, Force, Period or Purport shall not in any Cafe exceed the Term, Force, Period or Purport for which the original License was granted; and every License, in the Place or Stand of which any new or further License shall be granted, shall be from thenceforth absolutely null and void: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for any such Collector or other Officer or Person to grant or issue any such new or further License, unless and until all Duties and Penalties which shall have been or shall be incurred by such deceased Person, or by such Person in default of disposing of his or her Right and Interest aforesaid, shall be fully paid or satisfied; and provided also, that it shall not be lawful to grant or issue any such new or further License, unless and until the Person applying for the same shall have performed all and every the Requisites required, directed and appointed to be performed by any Person applying for a License to exercise and carry on the Bachelors, Trade, Occupation or Calling to be mentioned in such License, according to the several Acts of Parliament in every such Cafe made and provided.

3. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Person shall at any time after the Fifth Day of April in any Year, become desirous of obtaining for the First time any License to deal in, retail, make, manufacture, sell, or keep for Sale, or export to Sale, any Article, Matter or Thing, or to exercise or carry on any Bachelors, Trade, Occupation or Calling, for which a License is required by the said recited Act of the Fifth fifth Year aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for every such Person to have and obtain such License for the Remainder of the Year, upon Payment only of the Proportion of the full annual Amount of the Duty by Law payable upon such License, estimated on the Remainder of such Year, commencing from the End of the Quarter of a Year ending on the Fifth Day of April, Fifth Day of July, or Tenth Day of October next preceding the time of the taking out of such License, together with the Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of the proportionate Rate of Duty to be payable upon such License, any thing in the said recited Act or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding, and as if the annual Duty had been paid for such License; subject nevertheless to all and every the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Provisions and Restrictions as are contained, limited and appointed by the said recited Act, or any other Act or Acts with respect to any such License respectively: Provided always, that in case it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the Collector of the District that any Person who shall in the First time apply for any such License after the Fifth Day of April in any Year, shall have actually dealt in, retained, made, sold, or kept for Sale, or exported to Sale, any Article, Matter or Thing, or shall have exercised or carried on any Bachelors, Trade, Occupation or Calling, for which such License shall be required, at any time between the Fifth Day of January next preceding the time when such Person shall make Application for such License and the time of making such Application, it shall not be lawful for such Collector or other Officer in charge as aforesaid, to grant or issue such License to such Person, unless and until such Person shall pay the full annual Sum payable on such License; and in case any Person shall have obtained or shall obtain any such License after the Fifth Day of April in any Year, upon Payment of any less Sum than the full annual Duty by Law payable upon such License, and it shall afterwards be discovered that such Person had at any time between the Fifth Day of January then next preceding and the Date of such License, dealt in, retained, made, sold, or kept for Sale, or exported to Sale, any Article, Matter or Thing, or exercised or carried on any Trade, Bachelors, Occupation or Calling, for which such License shall be granted, every such License shall be and the same is hereby declared to be null and void to all Intents and Purposes, and the Person whose License shall so become null and void shall be deemed unlawful, and shall be subject to all such Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities as any Person exercising any Bachelors, Trade, Occupation or Calling without License, is by Law subject to, according to the Nature of the Bachelors, Trade, Occupation or Calling.

XL And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend in any manner to repeal or affect any of the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Matters or Things contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to force in Ireland at the time of the Commencement of this Act, relating to or in respect of any Licenses granted under the Authority of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland, except where the same is or are expressly altered or repealed by this Act; and that all such Clauses, Authorities, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Matters or Things, shall (except as aforesaid) be and remain in full Force and Effect to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had not been made, and shall be applied

On Death, Act of Duties, Licenses, on being delivered up to proper Officer, may be returned by Heir or Assigns of deceased, or to Assigns of Party desisting from same; without Payment of Duty, or Fee.

Duties and Penalties due by deceased, &c. to be first paid, and then applying for new License.

Where License taken after 5th of April in any Year, a Proportion of Duty only paid, and as in the Pound thereon.

Person applying for License having previously traded, to pay the full annual sum payable on such License.

Where License null and Penalties.

Powers of Acts in force, not hereby altered, extended in this Act.

European.

applied to the Execution of this Act as fully and effectually as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and the said Acts and this Act shall be construed together as One Act, so far as the same are compatible and consistent with each other.

Revenue and
Application of
Penalties, &c.
which are to
be paid in
British cur-
rency.

sec by 14 G. 3.
C. 5. Sec. 4.
c. 5. (1.)

sec 6-10, p. 6-106.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the several Sums of Money by this Act made payable, and all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, shall be paid, payable and received and receivable in *British* Currency, and shall and may be raised, levied, collected, paid, paid for, recovered, and applied to the same manner, and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, levying, collecting, paying, managing, recovering and applying of any Duties, Penalties and Forfeitures in and by an Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, entitled *An Act for the settling of the Excise or new Imposts upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein referred to*; or made by an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Manners and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Excise and Customs, or either of them, as fully and effectually, to all intents and Purposes, as if the same Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, were hereto expressed and enacted, with the like Reciprocity of Appeal to or for the Party or Parties aggrieved in and by the said Acts or any of them, or in any other Act or Acts, as or shall be provided.

sec 6, p. 6-106.
§ 4.

repealed.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, in and on each Part of the said recited Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to make further Provisions for the Licensing of Licenses to Perform in Great Britain, Great, male or unengaged Spirits and other Excisable Commodities in Ireland, and for securing the Duties of Excise payable by the Persons so licensed*, shall be repealed, as authorizes the several Collections of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or other Officer or Person therein mentioned, upon the Performance of the several Provisions and Conditions in the said Act mentioned and contained, to issue Licenses for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cider, Perry, Mead, or Misch, by Retail, to the Game Pavilion, and at and for the Game Houses or Places, as shall have been licensed in the Year last immediately preceding; and also to issue Licenses for the Purposes aforesaid to any Person or Persons whom any Three Magistrates residing within Seven Miles of the Habitation of such Person or Persons shall think proper to be consulted with such Licenses, and to whom they shall, by Order under their Hands and Seals, direct such Licenses to be issued; and the same is and are hereby repealed accordingly.

From Sept. 26,
1819, Licenses
granted to such
Persons (Ex-
ception) in
shall obtain an
Order from
Justices in Ses-
sions pursuant
to 13 G. 3.
c. 15. § 27.

XIV. And, for the better preventing the granting of Licenses to unengaged Persons to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail in Ireland, be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, no License shall be granted to any Person to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cider, Perry, Mead, or Misch, by Retail in any Place (except in the City of Dublin, or within the Curfew Road surrounding the said City, or within the District of the Metropolitan of Dublin), unless such Person shall have made Application to the Justices of the Peace at such Sessions, or Adjournment thereof, and shall have obtained an Order from such Justices for the issuing of such License to such Person pursuant to the Provisions and Regulations of the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to grant certain Duties of Excise upon Licenses for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, and upon Licenses to Persons dealing in Excisable Commodities, in Ireland, in lieu of the Stamp Duties payable upon such Licenses; and to secure the Payment of such Excise Duties, and to regulate the issuing of such Licenses; and to dispense the immediate Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland; any thing in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary notwithstanding.*

Notice to
Churchwardens
at Days before
such Applica-
tion to Justices,
making Part
of the Statute of
Sessions, &c.
with Notice
of Sessions.

XV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, any Person intending to apply for a License for the Sale of Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail shall, Fourteen Days at least before such Person shall make such Application to any Sessions of the Peace or Adjournment thereof for an Order for such License, give or cause to be given a Notice in Writing, signed by such Person, to the Churchwarden or Churchwardens of the Parish or Place wherein the House for which such Person shall intend to be licensed shall be situate; and every such Notice shall state the Intention of such Person to make such Application, and shall set forth the Situations of such House; in what and particular manner, specifying the Town, Township, Parish, Hamlet, Half Hamlet, and if in a Town or City, the Street, Square, Lane or other Description of Place, and also the Place of Abode of such Person, and the Names and Places of Abode of the Persons whom such Person requires such License purport to be granted, not being Driftmen or Publicans; and every such Notice shall be filed and kept by the Churchwarden or Churchwardens to whom the same shall be given.

13 G. 3. c. 15.
§ 1. repealed.

§ 10.

XVI. And Whereas in and by the said recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, and the Schedule to the said Act annexed, a Duty of Twenty one Pence *Strong* Currency is imposed and made payable upon any License to any Person to sell Spirituous Liquors, or Cider, Ale, or otherwise, in any Quantity not less than Fifty Gallons, the Person so taking not being a licensed Driftman, or an Inspector of Spirits: And Whereas it is and by the said recited Act amongst other things enacted, that every Person applying for any such License shall certify to such Board as in the said Act mentioned, constituted amongst other things, that the Party applying for such License shall not sell or deliver out any Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity at any one time less than Fifty Gallons; and that it shall not be lawful for any Person, other than a licensed Driftman, to sell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity exceeding Twenty five Gallons and not exceeding Fifty Gallons: And Whereas the said recited Provisions of the said Act have been found in-
(continued)

* *enact* P. Be it, therefore, enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much of the said recited A. 8. as requires such Consignation in the said Bond shall be repealed; and that any Person or Persons who shall, at the time of the passing of this Act, be licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons, shall and may lawfully sell and deliver out any Spirituous Liquors at any one time in any Quantity exceeding Twenty five Gallons; and such Person shall not be liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture under the said recited A. 8. for filling or delivering out Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity exceeding Twenty five Gallons and not exceeding Fifty Gallons; and that from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes, or any Three of them, or any Collector of Excise, or other Officer therein authorized by Law, on Payment of such Duty of Twenty one Pound, together with the Cost Shilling in the Pound on the Amount thereof, to grant a Licence to any Person to sell Spirituous Liquors, on Condition or otherwise, in Quantities not less than Twenty five Gallons, in any Place in Ireland, the Person so filling not being a licensed Distiller or Importer of Spirits, or to an Importer of Spirits to sell in like Quantities Spirits not imported by himself; and such Licence shall be granted in such manner as required by Law with respect to Licences to sell in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distiller, licensed to keep a Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content, and to be worked under the Regulation of the said recited Act of the Fifty seventh Year aforesaid, in as to be chargeable as aforesaid with Ninety Charges of Singlings or Low Wines, to have, keep or make use of any Tube, Pipe, Trunk or Shute, or other Vessel or Utensil for cooling any Wort, Wash or Pot Ale, other than and except such Cooler of such Description, Dimension and Content as is hereinafter mentioned; and if any such Distiller shall have, keep or make use of any Tube, Pipe, Shute, Trunk or other Vessel or Utensil for cooling any Wort, Wash or Pot Ale, other than and except as aforesaid, then and in every such Case every such Distiller shall for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That any Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content, to be worked under the Regulation of the said recited Act of the Fifty seventh Year aforesaid, in as to be chargeable with Ninety Charges only of Singlings or Low Wines, as in the said Act mentioned, shall be of the Proportion following; that is to say, the Diameter of such Still, to be taken in the widest Part thereof, and to that Place of such widest Part as shall be most spacious from the Bottom of such Still, shall not be greater than the Altitude of such Still, such Altitude to be ascertained in a perpendicular Line from the Centre of the Diameter to taken to the Bottom of such Still, nor shall the Bottom of such Still be otherwise curved than upwards, or towards the Body of such Still; and in case any Still which shall not be conformable to the Proportions aforesaid, shall be found in the Possession of any Distiller bound to keep any Still under the Regulation of the said recited Act of the Fifty seventh Year aforesaid, so as to be chargeable with Ninety Charges only of Singlings or Low Wines as aforesaid, every such Still not conformable as aforesaid shall be forfeited, and may be seized, and every such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Distiller of Ireland, licensed to keep or use any Still or Stills of any Content whatsoever (except a Still to be worked in as to be chargeable in respect of Ninety Charges only of Singlings or Low Wines as aforesaid), shall intent in the several Notices which he is bound by Law to give before he commences or recommences to work a Still, or shall give Notice in like manner Six Days before the Expiration of any Period of Nine Weeks or Twenty Eight Days, during which any Still or Stills of such Distiller shall be chargeable as working, that such Distiller purpouse to work any Still or Stills in his Possession, during the next foregoing Period, with Turf only, not charred, and not with Coal or other Fuel than Turf not charred, such Distiller shall for any such Period during which such Still or Stills shall be worked with no other Fuel than Turf not charred, be charged with and pay Duty for such Quantity of Spirits as might be produced (according to the Rates specified in any Act or Acts in force) from Five Sevenths of the Number of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines to which such Still would otherwise be liable under any Act in force in Ireland, and also with Duty for as much more Spirits as might be produced according to such Rates, from all Worts, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings, which such Distiller shall actually distil within such Period of Nine Weeks or Twenty Eight Days, over and above the Quantity produced from such Number of Charges of Low Wines or Singlings as aforesaid.

XX. And be it further enacted, That a Still not be lawful for any Distiller licensed to keep any Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content, and who shall work the same under the Regulation of an Act made in the Fifty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Royal, entitled *An Act to make further Regulations for the better collecting and paying the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland*, in as to be chargeable in the said Act as mentioned in respect of Ninety Charges only of Singlings or Low Wines, to have, keep or use any Cooler for cooling any Wort, Wash or Pot Ale which shall be capable of containing any greater Quantity than after the Rate or to the Proportion of Twelve Gallons for every One Gallon of the Content of the Still which such Distiller shall be licensed to keep, or to have, keep or use any greater Number of Coolers than One Cooler; and if any such Distiller shall have, keep or use any Cooler which shall be capable of containing any greater Quantity than after the Rate aforesaid, or shall have, keep or use any greater Number of Coolers than one Cooler, every such Cooler which shall be of a greater Content than as aforesaid, and every Second or further Cooler, together with the Contents thereof respectively, shall be forfeited, and may be seized; and every such Distiller shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Distiller whenever in Ireland to put, or cause or suffer or permit to be put, any Worts, Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings in any Still, cistern or kegs, or cause or permit to be had or kept, any Fire under any Still at any time

Person licensed to sell not less than 25 Gallons may sell in any Quantity exceeding 25 Gallons.

Licence granted on Payment of 21s. and 1s. in the Pound to sell Spirits in Quantities not less than 25 Gallons.

Distiller having consigned, not to keep any Tubes, &c. except the Cooler aforesaid.

Penalty 50*l*.

Such Still to be of the Proportions herein mentioned.

Still not conformable forfeited and Penalty 200*l*.

Distiller licensed to keep Stills of any Content (except Stills chargeable with 90 Charges) to give Notice of certain particulars in his Workings.

Distiller under 120, 50, &c. 120, &c. being capable of containing greater Quantity than in Proportion of 12 Gallons for every One Gallon Content of licensed Still. Cooler, &c. forfeited, and Penalty 50*l*.

No Worts to be put in Still, or Fire put under it.

between House of Six and Six of any Sunday.

between the Hour of Six of the Clock in the Forenoon and the Hour of Six of the Clock in the Afternoon of any Sunday, any Charge or Charges on such Distiller in respect of any Period of Four Weeks, or Twenty Eight Days, or any other Matter or Thing in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Distillation of Spirits to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; and if any Worts, Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Baggages shall be found in the Still of any Distiller wherever in Ireland, or if any Distiller shall have or keep, or send or permit or suffer to be had or kept, any Fire under any Still, or if any Fire shall be found under the Still of any Distiller at any time between the Hour of Six of the Clock in the Forenoon and the Hour of Six of the Clock in the Afternoon of any Sunday, then and in every such Case every such Distiller shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Penalty 500l.

Access to Justice, Clerical, warden, or his or his Office into Distillery.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That those stills at all times, between the Hours of Six of the Clock in the Forenoon and Six of the Clock in the Afternoon of every Sunday, be a free Passage and Access into every Distillery, and also into such Parts or Places named where any Still shall then be situate; and it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise, or Justice of the Peace, or any Churchwarden of the Parish or Place where such Distillery shall be situate, to enter into such Distillery at all times between the said Hours, and to examine each and every Still, and every Furnace or Fireplace which shall be then situate in such Distillery; and if any Justice of the Peace, Officer of Excise or Churchwarden, shall be wilfully delayed in obtaining Access to any Still of any Distiller, or shall be in any manner prevented or hindered from immediately examining any Still of any Distiller, every such Distiller shall, in each and every such Case, forfeit the Sum of Four hundred Pounds.

Delaying Access or hindering Examination.

Penalty 500l. For every Distiller who in force the second Clause or Spirits extended to this Act.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures and Modes of Recovery prescribed, mentioned and contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland for the regulating or securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, shall be applied and put in Practice in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually to all intents and Purposes whatsoever as if all the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures contained in the said Acts or any of them, had been expressly repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and made applicable to the Purposes herein contained, except so far as the same are repeated or altered by this Act or any other Act or Acts; and the said Acts and this Act shall be construed together as One Act, to all intents and Purposes whatsoever, so far as the same are compatible or consistent with each other, and as the said Acts are amended and altered by this Act.

C. P. CVII.

An Act to consolidate and amend several Acts for regulating the granting of Permits and Certificates for the Conveyance and Protection of certain Goods in Ireland. [12th July 1819.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Laws relating to the issuing or granting of Permits and Certificates for the Conveyance and Protection of certain Goods in Ireland, and relating to Request Notes or Requisitions for such Permits or Certificates, should be rendered more efficient: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for better regulating the issuing and granting of Permits and Certificates for the Conveyance and Protection of certain Excisable Goods therein mentioned, and to prevent Frauds by Dealers in or Retailers of such Goods*, shall be repealed; and also that an Act made in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the Twenty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act in continuation, until the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and five, and amend as that Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for better regulating the issuing and granting of Permits and Certificates for the Conveyance and Protection of certain Excisable Goods therein mentioned, and to prevent Frauds by Dealers in or Retailers of such Goods, so far as the same respects Permits for Spirits or Spirituous Liquors*, shall be repealed; and also that an Act, made in the Forty eighth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to make perpetual and to amend several Acts for the better regulating the issuing and granting of Permits and Certificates for the Conveyance and Protection of certain Excisable Goods in Ireland*, shall be repealed; and also that in each and such Part of the several Acts heretofore mentioned shall be repealed as in any way relates or refers to or concerns Permits for Excisable Commodities, or Certificates of such Permits, or Requisitions or Request Notes for Permits or Certificates; that it is to say, in each and such Part only as is recited of an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty seventh Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for regulating and extending the Tobacco Trade, and for securing the Duties payable upon the Import and Manufacture of Tobacco*; and also of an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for granting unto His Majesty the several Duties therein mentioned on Spirits or made Wines, Meads and Pungers, and for securing the Collection thereof*; and also of an Act made in the Parliament of the said United Kingdom in the Forty third Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend several Acts of Parliament for the better Collection and Security of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs and Excise in Ireland, and for preventing Frauds therein, and to make further Regulations relating therein*; and also of One other Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to make further Provision for the issuing of Licences in Perfum in Scotland, to retail, make or manufacture Spirits and other Excisable Commodities in Ireland, and for securing the Duties of Excise payable by the Perfum so brewed*; and the said heretofore recited Acts of the Fortieth, Forty fifth, and Forty eighth Years aforesaid, and so much and such Part as is recited of the said other Acts heretofore

40 G. 3. c. 68. (1.)

41 G. 3. c. 18.

48 G. 3. c. 83.

and so much of

37 G. 3. c. 43. (1.)

39 G. 3. (1.)

43 G. 3. c. 97. 1.

and 55 G. 3. c. 1. § 17. as herein to amended repealed.

herebefore rectified, shall be and the same are hereby repealed accordingly: And except in so far as the said laws before rectified Acts or any of them, or any Part thereof, repeal or respectively repeal Acts or Acts, or Parts of any former Act or Acts; and also save and except in so far as the said Acts or any of them relate or relate to the preloading, lading for, unloading, lading or putting any Wine, Faculty or Perfumery against the said Acts, or any of them, which shall have been or shall be committed on or before the Commencement of this Act; and that all and every the Regulations and Provisions, Powers and Authorities, contained in the said rectified Acts or any of them, shall be and remain in full Force and Effect for the preloading, lading for, unloading, lading or putting any such Wine, Faculty or Perfumery, as if this Act had not been made.

except Rec-
tification of
Laws.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, in so much of an Act made in the Parliament of the United Kingdom, in the Fifth fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to grant Duties of Customs, and to allow Drawbacks and Exemptions on certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises imported into and exported from Ireland, in lieu of former Duties, Drawbacks and Exemptions, and to make further Regulations for securing the Duties of Customs in Ireland, as declared in to be lawful for Importing Merchants in Ports in Ireland, where Tobacco may be imported, to give Certificates for all such Coffee, Sugar or Tea as they shall sell to Persons residing within the same Port or Place where they shall have imported the same, of the several Parcels or Quantities of such Coffee, Sugar or Tea, which they shall have sold, and that such Certificates shall have the same Force and Effect as Permits, shall cease and determine, and shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

25 G. 3. c. 13.
145.

repealed.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in so much of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to make further Provision for the Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, in Ireland, as enables that every Excise Office for the receiving of Request Notes for Permits or Issuing of Permits, shall be kept open from Sunrise to Sunset on every Day of the Year, except the Days therein excepted, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

25 G. 3. c. 13.
145.

repealed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Office for Issuing Permits or Certificates shall be kept open on every Day of the Year, except Sundays, Christmas Day, and Good Friday, and any Days which shall be appointed by Proclamation for a general Fast or Thanksgiving, and also the Anniversaries of the Birth of His Majesty King Charles the Second, and of the Coronation and of the Birthday of His Majesty, and of the Birthday of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, from the Hour of Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon to the Hour of Six of the Clock in the Afternoon of every Day, from the Twenty fifth Day of March to and upon the Twenty sixth Day of September following, and from the Hour of Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon to the Hour of Three of the Clock in the Afternoon of every Day, from the Twenty sixth Day of September in any Year, to and upon the Twenty fifth Day of March following.

Times for keep-
ing open Office
for issuing
Permits or
Certificates.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties and the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, according to their respective Jurisdictions, or any Three of them respectively, and they are hereby respectively authorised, to ascertain and settle such reasonable time or times for which any Permit or Permits shall be in force for the Conveyance of any Goods from one Place to another; and the said Commissioners respectively, having ascertained and settled such time or times, shall cause a Table thereof to be signed by the Secretary of such Commissioners respectively, and to be transmitted to the several Officers appointed or to be appointed for granting or issuing of Permits; and whenever any such Table shall be so transmitted, the Officer or Officers to whom the same shall be sent, shall, in settling the time or times for which any Permit or Permits shall be in force, conform to such Table, and regulate the time or times for which such Permit or Permits shall be in force accordingly; and it shall be lawful for such Commissioners to alter such Table from time to time as to them respectively shall seem expedient.

Commissioners
to settle time
that Permits
shall be in force.
Table thereof
transmitted to
Officers for
issuing Permits.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Permit, nor any Certificate or so grounded on any Permit, shall be granted by any Officer employed by or acting under the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland respectively, nor by any other Person or Persons empowered to grant any such Permit or Certificate, until a Request Note or Requisition in Writing shall have been delivered by or on behalf of the Party requiring such Permit or Certificate respectively; and that any Permit or Certificate which shall be granted without a Request Note or Requisition being delivered in manner required by this Act, shall be utterly void, and shall not prove any Goods, Wares or Merchandises mentioned in such Permit or Certificate.

Permit granted
without a Re-
quest Note void.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Request Note or Requisition which shall be delivered for any Permit, shall contain the Date thereof, and the Name of the Place from which, and the Place to which the Goods therein mentioned are to be moved, and the Distance between such Places respectively, and the Name of the County, County of a City, or County of a Town, or City or Town, in which the Place to which the Goods are to be sent is situate, and the particular House at which the Force of such Permit shall be required to commence, and shall particularly express the Marks, Weight, Package, particular Kind and Quantity of Goods to be conveyed under such Permit, and shall likewise contain the real Names and Surnames and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons having such Goods, or in case of a Company or Copartnership, the Name of the Firm, Company or Copartnership, and of the Person or Persons to whom to be sent, and the Situation of the Store or Place from which and to which such Goods are to be sent, together with such other Particulars as the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, shall from time to time direct or appoint; and in case of a Permit for Spirituous Liquors made in Ireland, the Number of Casks and Vells in which such Spirituous Liquors shall be contained, and the Quantity of Spirituous Liquors contained in each such Cask or Vessel.

Request Note
to contain cer-
tain Particulars.

From Aug. 1,
1819. Request
Notice may
subject to
Stamp Duty
25 G. 3 c. 25.
s. 1, and sub-
seq. 1. Th.
s. Request
Note to
present.

Permits to be
signed by
proper Officer,
and to be in a
certain Form,
and to contain
certain Particulars.

Details of Particulars, Inven-
tory, and
following, &c.
Goods con-
veying to Permit.
Penalty.

Time to be
mentioned in
Permit, &c.
Penalty.
Excess, &c. in
Permit.
Penalty.

Carrying con-
tain Articles
above Quantity
named, without
Permit, liable
to Forfeiture.

Where Malt,
&c. exceeding
Weights herein
mentioned are
used for more
than one
Permit, Car-
riage &c. also
forfeited.

On Proof that
Permit was lost.

as that Permit
was not used or
intended to be

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, no Stamp Duty shall be payable on any Request Note or Requisition for any Permit required to be granted by any Officer of His Majesty's Revenue, or other Person duly authorized to grant the same, relative to any Excisable or other Goods, or on any Request Note or Requisition for any Certificate of any such Permit required by Law, any thing in the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year thereof, or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; and that so much of an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to repeal the several Stamp Duties in Ireland, and also several Acts for the Collection and Management of the said Duties, and to grant new Stamp Duties in Great Britain*; and to make more effectual Regulations for collecting and managing the said Duties, and of the Schedule to the said Act amended, as respects or grants any Stamp Duty on any Request Note or Requisition for any Permit required to be granted by any Officer of His Majesty's Revenue, or other Person duly authorized to grant the same, relative to any Excisable or other Goods, and on any Request Note or Requisition for any Certificate of any such Permit required by Law, shall from and after the said First Day of August cease and determine, and shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Permits shall be signed by the proper Officers, and shall be in such Form, and shall contain such Particulars, as shall from time to time be directed by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or of Island Excise and Taxes, according to their respective Jurisdictions, or any Three of them respectively; and also the several following Particulars, that is to say, the Date and Number, and the District wherein issued, and the Place from which, and the Place to which the Goods therein mentioned are purposed to be carried; and shall particularly express the Marks, Weight, Packages, particular Kind and Quantity of Goods purposed to be conveyed under such Permit; and shall likewise contain the real Names and Surnames and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons sending such Goods, and of the Person or Persons to whom by such Permit such Goods are purposed to be sent, or in case of a Company or Companies, the Name of the Firm, Company or Partnerships; and the particular Store and Place from which and to which such Goods shall by such Permit be purposed to be sent; and in default of any of the Particulars aforesaid being entered in such Permit, the Goods mentioned in such Permit shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise; and in case any fictitious Name or Names shall be entered in any Permit, or in case the Goods shall be sent from any other Person or Place, or shall be delivered in any other Person or at any other Place, than from the Person and Place, and to the Person and at the Place mentioned respectively in the Permit, the Goods mentioned therein shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise; and in every Permit shall likewise be mentioned the time limited for such Permit to be of force for the Conveyance of such Goods from one Place to another, and after the Expiration of such limited time such Permit shall not be of force for proceeding the Conveyance of such Goods, and the same, if found conveying after the Expiration of such time, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise; and every Permit in which there shall be any Error, Incompleteness or Alteration, shall be null and void, and the Goods conveying or conveyed, for the Production of which any error, inaccuracy or altered Permit shall be produced, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Foreign Wines exceeding the Quantity of Four Gallons; all Spirituous Liquors whatever exceeding the Quantity of One Gallon; all Vinegar, Must, or Mead, or Wines made in Great Britain or Ireland, exceeding respectively the Quantity of Four Gallons; all Tobacco or Snuff exceeding respectively the Weight of Two Pounds; all Coffee exceeding the Weight of Two Pounds; all Malt exceeding the Quantity of Half a Barrel; all Sugar exceeding the Weight of Fifty six Pounds; all Hops exceeding the Weight of Fifty six Pounds; all Tea exceeding the Weight of Two Pounds; and all Foreign Silks or Woollen exceeding Half Pound, and all East India Goods, other than Spices, that shall be carrying or conveying, or carried or conveyed from any Port or Place in Ireland to any other Part thereof, whether from any Port or Town to another Port thereof, or from one Town or Place to another Town or Place, may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise, and shall be forfeited, unless the Carrier or Person conveying the same, or the Person in whose Possession the same shall be, shall, on demand made by any such Officer, produce to such Officer a Permit, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, authorizing the Removal of such Goods, and shall allow such Officer to inspect and examine such Permit.

XI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Malt or Spirituous Liquors, or whenever any Tobacco or Snuff, exceeding the Weight of Ten Pounds, shall be moved or conveyed on or account of a Permit authorizing the Removal of such Malt, Spirituous Liquors, Tobacco or Snuff, not being produced or required by this Act, then and in every such Case, besides the Possession of such respective Goods, every Horse or other Beast, and every Cart, Car or other Carriage, and every Boat or other Vessel, carrying, bearing, drawing or containing any such Goods, shall, with all Tackle thereon belonging, be forfeited, and may be seized.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in case of the Loss of any Permit which shall have been or shall be duly granted for the Removal of any Goods, if the Carrier or Person in whose Possession such Goods shall be found shall make Proof, on Oath or Affirmation, of the Circumstances of the Loss of such Permit; and if the Person or Persons who shall have lost such Goods under such Permit shall also make Proof, on Oath or Affirmation, before any Commissioner of Customs and Port Duties, or Commissioner of Island Excise and Taxes, according to their respective Jurisdictions, or before the Collector of Customs or Excise respectively, or before any Sub Commissioner of Customs or Excise within their respective Districts, that such Permit was not used, or intended to be used, to his Knowledge or Belief, fraudulently to cover or pass any other Goods,

but

last was taken out for the particular Goods so found in the Possession of such Carrier or other Person, such Goods shall thereupon be returned to the Owner or Proprietor thereof, and a new Permit shall be granted to such Owner or Proprietor for the Removal of the Goods to the Place of their Destination.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if the Carriage of any Goods shall, by any unavoidable Accident, be prevented from being fully performed within the time limited as any Permit granted for the Removal thereof, then, on Notice being immediately given to any Officer of Customs or Excise, and a Receipt or Duty being made of such Goods at or near the Place where such Accident shall happen, the Officer shall without Delay repair to the Place where such Goods shall then be, and if such Officer shall find that such Goods were stopped or delayed in their Carriage by such Accident, then such Officer shall thereupon, by Endorsement on such Permit, enlarge the time for the Carriage of such Goods to the Place of their said Destination.

XIV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That in all Cases where the Carriage of any Goods shall, by means of any unavoidable Accident, be prevented from being performed within the time limited by the Permit, and when such Enlargement of the time of the Force of such Permit could not have been obtained as aforesaid, then in all such Cases, upon the Trial of any Information for the Forfeiture of all such Goods for Want of a Sufficient Permit, such Goods shall be returned upon Proof being made to the Satisfaction of the Court who shall try such Information, that the Duties chargeable on the same were paid, assessed or satisfied according to Law, and that such Permit was taken out for the identical Goods found, and that such Permit was not used or intended to be used to cover or protect any other Goods, and that such Delay arose from unavoidable Accident, and that such Enlargement of the time of the Force of the Permit as aforesaid could not have been obtained; or before any Proceeding instituted for the Forfeiture of such Goods, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them respectively, on Proof made to their Satisfaction of the Matters aforesaid, to order the Goods to be returned.

XV. And be it further enacted, That any Officer granting any Permit for Spirituous Liquors distilled in Ireland, shall give therewith a Ticket for each and every Cask or Vessel mentioned in such Permit; and the Ticket or Tickets to be given with such Permit shall be numbered in Alphabetical Progression, beginning with the Number One, and shall contain the Number and Date of the Permit, the Name and Place of Abode of the Person to whom granted, the Name and Place of Abode of the Person to whom and the Place from and to which the Cask or Vessel is to be sent, the Number of Gallons of Spirituous Liquors contained in such Cask or Vessel, and the name such Permit is to remain in Force, with the Officer's Name subscribed thereto; and before the Removal of the Cask or Vessel containing such Spirituous Liquors, the Ticket which shall correspond with the Contents of such Cask or Vessel shall be affixed on the Head or End thereof (with Paste made or composed of Flour and Water heated together to a proper and sufficient Consistence), in such manner as that the Contents of such Ticket shall legibly appear; or in default of affixing and fastening such Ticket as aforesaid as aforesaid, or in manner aforesaid, and corresponding in the Particulars aforesaid, or if any Cask or Vessel containing such Spirituous Liquors shall be found conveying without such Ticket in fastened on the Head or End of such Cask, the Spirituous Liquors, and the Cask or Casks containing the same, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise; or, if any Manner, Substance or Thing, free and except the Paste by which such Ticket shall have been affixed or fastened to the Head or End of such Cask or Vessel, shall be applied to or put between such Ticket and the Head or End of such Cask or Vessel, so as to prevent such Ticket from fastening and remaining thereon pursuant to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, then and in every such Case respectively, the Spirituous Liquors, and the Cask containing the same, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That such Ticket shall not be removed from the Head or End of the Cask or Vessel in which it shall have been pasted and fastened, and that the Spirituous Liquors, or any Part thereof, shall not be drawn from such Cask or Vessel, and the same shall be measured by the proper Officers, and the Permit, by virtue of which such Spirituous Liquors shall have been conveyed, shall be lodged with him, and his Certificate thereof obtained; and if any such Cask or Vessel shall be found, before such Certificate shall be granted, without such Ticket thereon, or if the Spirituous Liquors, or any Part thereof, shall be drawn from such Cask or Vessel before such Certificate shall be granted, the Person or Persons to whom such Spirituous Liquors were conveyed or conveyed shall forfeit the Sum of Five Shillings for every Gallon of the Spirituous Liquors which such Cask or Vessel shall be capable of containing, and the Cask in which the same shall have been contained, together with all Spirituous Liquors in conveying or conveyed, or which shall be discovered to have been conveyed, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Person or Persons to whom any Goods shall be sent and delivered, for the Conveyance of which a Permit is by this Act required, shall within Twenty four Hours, or on a Sunday or Christmas Day or Good Friday shall intervene, within Forty eight Hours after the Arrival of such Goods at the Place of their Destination, or after the Expiration of the time limited as such Permit, whosoever shall soever happen, repair with such Permit to the proper Officer of Excise, and shall lodge the same with him; and every such Officer shall, within Twenty four Hours after such Permit shall have been so lodged with him, carefully examine such Goods, and upon Affidavit, Oath or Affirmation made at the Foot of, or endorsed on the Duplicate of the Certificate, by the Person to whom such Goods shall be delivered, or, in case of his or her Inability to attend, by his or her lawful Clerk, which Affidavit, Oath or Affirmation such Officer as aforesaid is hereby authorized and required to administer without Fee or Reward, that the Goods mentioned in such Permit, and as aforesaid, were, to the best of the Knowledge and belief of such Person, really and truly brought from the Person and from the Place mentioned in such Permit, and that such Goods were received by and are in the Possession of the Person on whose behalf such Certificate shall be applied for, and

used fraudulently, Goods conveyed, the Time limited by Permit may on Notice be enlarged by Endorsement thereon.

When Enlargement of time cannot be obtained, Goods returned on Proof that Duty has been paid, &c.

With Permit for Spirituous Liquors, Officer to give a Ticket for each Cask on which it shall be past, describing the Contents, &c.

On fixing Ticket to Cask, &c.

Penalty. Forfeiture of Ticket from conveying on Cask.

Penalty. Removing Ticket or drawing Spirituous from Cask, will be considered by Officer as Cask found without Ticket, &c.

Penalty.

Permit to be lodged within "Twenty four" or "Forty eight" hours after the arrival of the Goods, and only sufficient to enable Person to whom the Goods have been delivered.

Certificate given for Permits of Goods without Fee.

Permit for Wine entering the private Use, not applied to be lodged.

Certificate to be in three Three Months only; but may be renewed without Fee.

Officer to take Account of Stock of Dealers, and enter same into Dealer's Certificate Book. Dealers to enter therein Quantity of Goods purchased, viz. Certificate Book to be delivered up Quarterly. Penalty not, and no Permit.

Certificate to be delivered up Quarterly. Penalty not, and no Permit.

Certificate to be delivered up Quarterly. Penalty not, and no Permit.

Permit not given unless Person applying entitled to accompanying Goods, and make Oath, &c. If Certificate not returned, Entry not a Permitted.

Permit for Removal of Goods imported, to be lodged at Export Office, and Certificate obtained.

Oath to be taken at 10

and that the said Permit was not, to the knowledge or belief of such Person in making such Affidavit, Oath or Affirmation, used for the Removal or Protection of any Goods, other than the identical Goods mentioned in such Permit, and secured therewith by such Person, such Officer shall, without Fee or Reward, give and deliver to the Person bringing such Permit, a Certificate signed by such Officer that such Permit was lodged with him, and which Certificate shall contain in the Body thereof a Copy of such Permit, without Endorse or Alteration, and the Day of granting such Certificate, and shall be in such Form as the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, shall from time to time direct and appoint; and such Certificate shall protect the Goods in long as the same shall continue of force: Provided always, that whenever any Wine shall have been duly removed by Permit, according to Law, into the Possession of any Person in Ireland not concerned in the selling of or dealing in Wine, for the private Use and Consumption of such Person, such Person shall not be required, or compelled or compellable to lodge such Permit with any Officer of Excise, nor to obtain any Certificate thereof from such Officer; and that no such Wine in the Possession of any such Person in Ireland, for the private Use and Consumption of such Person, shall be liable to Forfeiture or Seizure, nor shall be forfeited or seized for or on account of the not producing the Certificate of such Person.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Certificate shall be in force, or shall protect or cover any Goods for any longer time than for the Space of Three Calendar Months after such Certificate shall be granted; and that at or before the End or Expiration of such time, and so from time to time at or before the End or Expiration of every subsequent Period of Three Calendar Months, the proper Officer shall, upon Application made to him for that Purpose, grant, without Fee or Reward, a new Certificate for such Goods, or for so much thereof as shall appear to such Officer, upon Examination thereof, to be on hand and undisturbed at the time of such new Certificate being granted; and so from time to time the former Certificate shall be delivered up to the Officer granting such new Certificate.

XIX. And be it enacted, That the proper Officer or Officers of Excise shall take an Account of the Stock of all Retailers of and Dealers in any of the Goods in this Act mentioned, and shall keep a full and true Account thereof in a Book to be called a Certificate Book, to be given to each Retailer or Dealer, and to be kept by him as herein mentioned; and every such Officer shall on every Visit enter in such Book an Account of the Stock so taken by him; and in all Cases where a Permit shall be required for the subsequent Removal of any Goods, the Retailer or Dealer shall produce to the Permitting Officer his said Certificate Book, and apportion to the Officer's Account of Stock the Retailer or Dealer shall enter the Quantity of the Goods to be permitted, and the Name and Names of the Person or Persons from whom and to whom, and the Place from which and to which to be sent, and the same shall be signed by such Retailer or Dealer, or by his known Clerk; and every such Retailer or Dealer shall, within Ten Days next after the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October, and the Fifth Day of January in every Year, in the Case may be, deliver every such Certificate Book to the proper Officer of Excise, or in any Default thereof shall, in all or any of the said Cases respectively, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and no Permit shall be granted for the Removal of any of the Goods aforesaid from any Retailer or Dealer, after he or she ought to have so delivered such Certificate Book as aforesaid, until he or she shall have so delivered up the same.

XX. And be it enacted, That every Certificate shall be delivered in such Certificate Book by the Retailer or Dealer, and shall be vouch until the Force of such Certificate or Certificates, from time to time to be granted as aforesaid, shall have expired, and a new Certificate shall have been obtained in the Place of the former, for so much of the Goods as shall remain on Hand at the End of each Quarter, or until the Whole of the Quantity contained in the Certificate shall be disposed of, whichever shall first happen; and such new or Quarterly Certificate shall be followed by the Retailer or Dealer in such Certificate Book, and which shall in like manner to remain therein whilst any Part of the Goods for which the original Permit had been granted shall remain on Hand; and no Officer shall grant any Permit on the Credit of such Certificate Book, unless it shall appear by the Certificate annexed thereto, that the Person applying for such Permit is entitled to Credit for the Quantity of Goods for which he or she requires such Permit, or which such Person, or his or her principal Clerk, make Oath or Affirmation, in the Case may be, that the Goods for which he or she requires such Permit, were received with a legal Permit, and that the Duties thereon have been duly paid, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief; and no Entry of any Officer in any Book shall be sufficient to protect any Goods from Forfeiture and Seizure, unless the Certificate pursuant to the Provisions aforesaid shall remain followed in the said Certificate Book.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Goods, Wares or Merchandise whenever imported into Ireland, for the Removal of which from any one Place to another a Permit is by Law required, shall be intended to be removed on the Custody of any Officer or Officers of the Customs, or from any Warehouse in which the same shall have been lodged and secured, a Permit shall be granted by the Person Officer of the Customs at the Port from which such Goods, Wares or Merchandise are to be removed; and that upon the Arrival of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise at the Place of Destination, the Person to whom the same shall be sent, or in case of his or her inability to attend, the known Clerk of such Person, shall within Twenty four Hours, or in case a Sunday, Christmas Day or Good Friday shall intervene, within Forty eight Hours after the Arrival of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise at the Place of their Destination, or after the time limited in such Permit, lodge such Permit at the Excise Permit Office, or with the Surveyor or Officer of Excise, and obtain a Certificate thereof, signed by the proper Officer pursuant to the Provisions of this Act.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That a shall be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise, according to their respective Jurisdictions, granting or receiving any Permit or Certificate, to examine upon Oath

Oath or Affirmation (which Oath or Affirmation he is hereby authorized and required to administer), any Person or Persons applying for such Permit or Certificate, whether the Duty was actually paid for the Goods for which such Permit or Certificate shall be so demanded, and also the Merchandise of such Goods, and to all such Matters as shall appear to such Officer or Officers necessary to satisfy him or them that the Duties payable on such Goods had been duly paid; and if any such Person shall refuse to take such Oath or Affirmation, as such Officer shall so that he shall require him or her to take, it shall be lawful for such Officer to refuse to grant or renew such Permit or Certificate.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Customs or Excise to enter into any House, Out-house, Store or other Place, belonging to any Person or Persons dwelling in, having or having in his, her or their Custody or Possession, any of the Goods in this Act specified, and to demand a Permit, signed by the proper Officer, for such Goods as shall be found therein; and if, on demand made by any such Officer of Customs or Excise, such Permit, or a Certificate is in force sufficient to protect the said Goods according to the Provision of this Act, shall not be produced within reasonable time after such Demand, or Proof made that such Permit or Certificate had been granted for the said Goods, and was afterwards lost or mislaid, then all such Goods shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Excise shall be found in the Stock of any Person dwelling in or having any such Goods as aforesaid, above the Quantity which, by Permit or Permit, or by Certificate or Certificate, ought to be in the Possession of such Person, it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Customs or Excise to seize, out of any Part of the Stock of such Person, a Quantity of any such Goods equal to the Quantity so found increased, and the same shall be forfeited.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That in every Case where the Stock of Spirituous Liquors in the Store or Possession of any Person or other Person dwelling in or having Spirituous Liquors in Ireland, not being licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors by Retail, shall be less than the Quantity of Spirituous Liquors which by the Stock Account kept by the Officer of Excise ought to be in the Store or Possession of such Person or other Person, every such Person or other Person shall for every time such Account shall appear, forfeit the Sum of Ten Shillings for every Gallon of Spirituous Liquors which shall be in default.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Question shall arise whether any Goods for the Conveyance or Protection of which any Permit or Certificate shall be produced, are *good* for such Goods as are described and specified in such Permit or Certificate, the Proof of such Goods being really and *good* for the Description specified in such Permit or Certificate shall lie upon the Owner or Claimant thereof.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Officer of Excise to grant any Permit for any Goods on the Credit of Two or more Certificates, unless the Person applying for such Permit shall not have sufficient Credit on one Certificate for the Quantity and Quality or Kind of Goods for which such Permit shall be required; and every Officer granting any Permit for any such Goods, upon the Credit of any Certificate or Certificates, shall endorse on such Certificate or Certificates the Date and Number of such Permit, and the Quantity and Quality of the Goods for which the same shall be granted, and the Marks and Numbers of the Casks, Vessels or other Packages, or Mark and Number of the Cask, Vessel or other Package containing the same, and the Name of the Person to whom and the Place to which such Goods are to be carried under such Permit.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Certificate, or any of such Endorsements made thereon, shall be fraudulently altered, obliterated or altered, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, to seal or revoke or withdraw any License which shall have been granted under the Authority of such Commissioners to the Person or Persons whose Certificate, or any Endorsement thereupon, shall have been so altered, obliterated or altered; and every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Officer of Excise shall not be admitted into any House, Shop, Store or other Place belonging to any Dealer in or Retailer of any Goods, for the Removal of which a Permit is required by this Act, after such Officer shall have demanded Admission into the same, and declared his Name and Business, and after having waited for the Space of One Quarter of an Hour after such Demand made at such House, Shop, Store or other Place, such Dealer or Retailer aforesaid shall for every such Officer forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That every Person dwelling in, having, or having in his or her Possession any of the Goods for which a Permit is by this Act required, shall, as often as he or she shall be required by any Officer of Excise, shew to such Officer all his or her Stock of all and every such Goods, and every Box or Pack, Package, Chest, Cask or Vessel, used by him or her in the storing or keeping the same, and shall furnish such Officer with sufficient Lights, and with just and sufficient Scales, Weights and Measures for weighing and measuring such Stock, and shall provide proper and sufficient Affidavits for that Purpose; and if any such Person shall not, on demand of any Officer as aforesaid, shew his or her Stock of all or any of the Goods aforesaid, and every Part thereof, or shall not furnish such Officer with sufficient Lights, or with just and sufficient Scales, Weights or Measures, or shall not provide proper and sufficient Affidavits to weigh or measure the same, as the case may be, or shall not declare the Stock of all or any of such Goods to be in to be the entire Stock of such Goods respectively then on Hands of such Person, every such Person offending in any of the respective Cases herebefore mentioned, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any Officer or Officers aforesaid shall, upon Search, discover any such Goods in the Possession of any such Person which shall not have been shewn as aforesaid, then all such Goods so discovered shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any such Officer.

Payment of Duty before Permit or Certificate is given

Permit may be returned and Permit demanded, and if not produced, or if not given that it is the true and, Goods forfeited.

Seizure of Stock liable in Penalties

When Stock of Spirits less than Officer's Account, Penalty on Owner (not being licensed)

Proof of Identity of Goods upon Owner

Officer not to grant Permits on Credit of Two or more Certificates, unless Permit holder shall not have sufficient Credit on One

Certificate or Endorsement unlawfully altered, Obliterated or revoked

Penalty not exceeding Offence on Demand of Permits

Refusing to shew Stock, or to furnish Lights, Scales, &c. to Officers

Penalty and Officer may seize Goods not shewn

Spirits sent out of a less Degree of Strength than received, distilled, and Potash &c. Distillery of 1 per Cent. in Strength allowed.

Spirits which Spirit has not been paid out permitted by Permit.

Produce and Distillers of Spirits.

Office whereby granting Permit. Prohibit word. Prohibit.

Permit not receiving in its. Trading Goods according to Permit, &c. 7 lbs.

Particular.

Permit not lodged within time limited. Penalty &c.

Duplicate of Permit or Certificate to contain certain Particulars.

Each Duplicate to reflect.

Duplicate. Proof of lodging Permit or Certificate.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person licensed to sell Spirits to send or deliver out, under any Permit, any Spirits which shall be of a less Degree of Strength than the Strength at which such Person shall have received the same; and if any such Person shall so send or deliver out under Permit any Spirits which shall be of a less Strength than as aforesaid, all such Spirits which shall be so first sent or delivered shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise, and every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds: Provided always, that no such Person or Persons shall be removed, for any such Sentence made, for or by reason of any Delinquency of Strength of such Spirits not more than Three per Centum below the Strength of such Spirits specified in such Permit; any Thing herein contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Spirits distilled in Ireland, and upon which the full Duties payable by Law shall not have been paid, secured or intimated, shall be conveyed or delivered to any Person or Persons, or shall be found passing or in the course of Conveyance or Delivery to, or in the Custody or Possession of any Person or Persons, by virtue of or under pretence of any Permit or Permits, every Person who shall have obtained or made use of such Permit, or in whose Name or for whose Use said Permit shall be granted, shall forfeit the Sum of Thirty Shillings British Currency for every Gallon of Spirits mentioned in such Permit or Permits, by virtue or under pretence whereof such Spirits shall have been conveyed, or shall be found passing or in the course of Conveyance, or in the Custody or Possession of any Person, and all such Spirits shall be forfeited and may be seized; and every Officer of Excise who shall knowingly or wilfully grant any Permit for the Conveyance of any such Spirits, shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds British Currency; and the Proof that all Duties have been paid, secured or satisfied on such Spirits, shall be on the Claimant or Delinquent.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever in Ireland shall obtain or procure, or cause to be obtained or procured, any Permit for the Removal from one Place to another of any Goods, within the time limited in such Permit, all the Goods by such Permit authorized to be removed shall not be actually and really removed and delivered pursuant to the true Intent and Meaning thereof, or in case such Goods shall not be delivered to the Person or Persons and at the Place mentioned in such Permit as the Person or Persons to whom and the Place to which such Goods are by such Permit purporting to be conveyed, then and in every such respective Case and Cases aforesaid the Person or Persons obtaining or procuring such Permit, or causing such Permit to be obtained or procured, or the Person or Persons for whose Use or Benefit, whether in part or in the whole, such Permit shall be obtained or procured, shall forfeit for all such Goods named in such Permit the respective Sums or Penalties hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say), for every Gallon of Wine, the Sum of Ten Shillings; for every Gallon of Spirituous Liquors, the Sum of Ten Shillings; for every Pound Weight of Tobacco, Brandy, Coffee or Tea respectively, the Sum of Ten Shillings; for every Barrel of Malt, the Sum of Ten Shillings; for every Hundred Weight of Hops or Sugar respectively, the Sum of Twenty Shillings; for every Gallon of Metherlin, Mead, Sweets or Made Wines, or Vinegar, the Sum of Five Shillings; for every Piece of Silk, and for every Article of East India Goods, the Sum of Twenty Shillings; and upon the Trial of any Information for Recovery of any of the said Penalties or Sums of Money, the Delinquent or Delinquents therein shall be convicted, unless Proof shall be made by such Defendant or Defendants that all the Goods for the Removal of which such Permit was so obtained or procured were actually brought from the Person and Place mentioned in such Permit, and were actually delivered to the Person and at the Place expressed in such Permit.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Permit, which shall be sent with any Goods to any Dealer in or Retailer of such Goods, shall not be lodged with the proper Officer within the respective times limited and approved for the lodging of such Permit, then and in every such Case every such Dealer or Retailer shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Duplicate of any Permit or Certificate of a Permit, or Renewal of any Certificate respectively, shall contain such Particulars as shall from time to time be directed by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of Island Excise and Taxes, according to their respective Jurisdictions, or any Three of them respectively: and the Duplicate of any Permit shall also contain the following Particulars; that is to say, the Number and Date of such Permit, the District where issued, and the Place from and to which the Goods therein mentioned are to be carried, and shall express the Quantity and particular Kind of such Goods, and the respective Name and Surname, and Place of Abode, of the Person or Persons sending such Goods, and of the Person or Persons to whom so be sent, and in case of a Company or Partnership, the Name of the Firm, Company or Copartnership, and the time for which such Permit shall be of force; and the Duplicate of any Certificate of any Permit shall, in addition to the foregoing Particulars, contain the Number and Date of such Certificate, and the District where issued; and every Duplicate of any Renewal of any Certificate shall contain the Number and Date of such Renewal, and the District where issued, and the Date and Number of the Certificate of which the same shall be a Renewal, and the Quantity and particular Kind of the Goods then on Hand, and for the Protection of which such Renewal of Certificate shall be required; and every such Duplicate as aforesaid shall be deemed and taken to contain a sufficient Description of such Permit or Certificate respectively, and shall be deemed and taken as a Duplicate thereof respectively within the meaning of this Act, and it shall not be necessary to set forth otherwise or therein more fully the Contents of any such Permit or Certificate respectively.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Complaint or Information shall be made or prosecuted, touching any Matter relating to or concerning any Permit or Certificate, whenever it may be necessary to prove the granting or issuing of any such Permit or Certificate, the Duplicate of such Permit or Certificate respectively shall in all Cases be deemed and taken, and shall be admitted as Evidence that such Permit or Certificate

offices was granted and issued according to the Purport of such Duplicate, without producing or requiring the Production of the original Permit or Certificate which had been granted; and it shall not be necessary to prove any Order of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise, appointing or directing the Form of any such Permit or Certificate, or of any Duplicate thereof respectively.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That where any Person or Persons shall obtain or procure, or cause to be obtained or procured, any Permit or Certificate, or where any Permit or Certificate shall be obtained or procured for the Use of any Person or Persons, and shall have been used accordingly, every such Permit and Certificate respectively shall be taken to be good and effectual as against the Person or Persons who shall have obtained or procured, or cause to be obtained or procured, or for whose Use such Permit or Certificate was obtained or procured, as the case may be, and by and for whom or on whose behalf the same had been used; and upon the Trial of any Information or other Proceeding respectively, in any matter tending or concerning any such Permit or Certificate, it shall not be competent to or for any such Person or Persons to allege any Informality or Defect in any such Permit or Certificate.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer of Customs or Excise authorised to grant Permits, Coast Cockets, Certificates or Tickets, shall deliver out or cause to be delivered out any Paper prepared or provided or appointed by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, to be used for Permits, Coast Cockets, Certificates or Tickets, in blank, or before such Permits, Coast Cockets, Certificates or Tickets respectively shall be filled up and filled, pursuant to the Directions of this Act; or if any such Officer shall knowingly give or grant any false or untrue Permit, Coast Cocket, Certificate or Ticket, or shall make any false or untrue Entry in the Duplicate of any Permit, Coast Cocket, Certificate or Ticket, given or granted by him, or shall knowingly and willingly receive or take any Goods into the Stock of any Person or Persons, brought in with any false, untrue or forged Permit or Coast Cocket, or shall knowingly and willingly grant any Permit or Coast Cocket for the Removal of any Goods out of and from the Stock of any Person or Persons who shall have received or retained any such Goods under or by virtue or pretence of any such false, forged or untrue Permit, Coast Cocket or Certificate; or if any such Officer shall knowingly permit or suffer the same to be done, directly or indirectly; every such Officer in offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall fraudulently utter or make any Permit, Coast Cocket, Ticket or Certificate, after the same shall have been respectively granted by the proper Officer of Customs or Excise, or if any Person or Persons shall knowingly or willingly give any altered or erased, false or untrue Permit, Coast Cocket, Ticket or Certificate, or if any Person or Persons shall knowingly or willingly accept or receive any altered or erased, false or untrue Permit, Coast Cocket or Certificate, with or for any Goods, or if any Person or Persons shall knowingly or willingly utter or make use of any such Permit, Coast Cocket, Ticket or Certificate, every Person so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XL. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time counterfeits or forge, or cause or procure to be counterfeited or forged, or still in counterfeiting or forging, any Permit, Coast Cocket or Ticket, or any Part of any such Permit, Coast Cocket or Ticket, or any Certificate of any Permit, or any Part of such Certificate; or shall counterfeit any Impression, Stamp or Mark, or cause or procure to be counterfeited, or still in the counterfeiting any Impression, Stamp or Mark, provided or appointed or to be provided or appointed by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or of Inland Excise and Taxes respectively for the time being, or any Three of them, according to their respective Jurisdictions, to be put to or upon such Permit, Coast Cocket, Ticket or Certificate respectively; or shall give or make use of any counterfeited or forged Permit, Coast Cocket, Ticket or Certificate, knowing the same or any Part thereof to be forged or counterfeited; or shall make use of any Permit, Coast Cocket, Ticket or Certificate, with any such counterfeited Impression, Stamp or Mark, knowing the same to be counterfeited; or if any Person or Persons shall knowingly or willingly accept or receive any counterfeited or forged Permit, Coast Cocket, Ticket or Certificate, or shall knowingly or willingly receive any Certificate issued on any counterfeited or forged Permit; every such Person or Persons, being thereof lawfully convicted in any of the respective Cases or Cases aforesaid, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for the Term of Seven Years.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That where the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland shall at any time have heretofore provided, or shall at any time hereafter provide Moulds or Frames for the making of Paper to be used for Permits for the Removal of any Goods, or for Certificates of such Permits, or for Tickets to be affixed on any Cask or Vessel removed under Permit, with any Words or Figures visible in the Substance of such Paper, and have heretofore provided, or shall hereafter from time to time provide, Plates engraved with certain Stamps, Marks and Devices, or Types cast in any particular Form for the printing, stamping and marking the said Paper, all Permits, Certificates and Tickets, for the Purposes aforesaid, shall be printed by or with the said Plates or Types on Paper so made; which said Paper shall be made, and the said Plates engraved, and Types cast by such Person or Persons as have been or shall be for that Purpose from time to time authorised and appointed by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, under their Hands and Seals.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons not authorised and appointed by the said Commissioners as aforesaid, and not for the Use of the said Commissioners, shall make, or cause or procure to be made, or shall knowingly aid or assist in the making, or without being so authorised or appointed shall knowingly have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, without lawful Licence (the Proof whereof shall lie on the Person accused), any Frame, Mould or Instrument for the making of Paper, with the Words, Marks or Devices peculiar to and appearing in the Substance of the Paper used by the said Commissioners of Inland

Persons and
Certificates
affixed against
Persons ob-
taining them;

and Informality
not to be al-
leged in Trial.

Officer deliver-
ing out blank
Permits, de-
claring infor-
mation, or making
this Return,
do or per-
mitting the
same.

Fineity each.

Penalty alter-
ing Permits,
or using them
again, &c.

Penalty each.

Counterfeiting
Permits, &c. or
giving or receiv-
ing or using them.

Transportation
7 Years.

Persons and
Frames, for the
making of Paper,
to be made by
Persons ap-
pointed by
Commissioners.

Making or
having Frames
or Moulds in
Possession for
making such
Paper, or en-
graving or
having such

Persons, in Violation of these Statutes by Commissioners.

Intend Engraving and Taxes for such Permits, Certificates or Tickets, or with any or Part of such Words, Marks or Devices, or of any of them, intended to imitate and pass for the same; or if any Person (except as before excepted) shall make, or cause or procure to be made, or knowingly aid or assist in the making any Paper, in the Substance of which the Words, Marks or Devices peculiar to or appearing in the Substance of the Paper used by the said Commissioners for such Permits, Certificates or Tickets, or any or Part of such Words, Marks or Devices, or of any of them, intended to imitate and pass for the same, shall be visible; or if any Person (except as before excepted) shall knowingly have in his or her Custody or Possession, without lawful Excuse, (the Proof whereof shall lie on the Person accused,) any Paper whatever, in the Substance of which the Words, Marks or Devices peculiar to or appearing in the Substance of Paper used by the said Commissioners for such Permits, Certificates or Tickets, or any or Part of such Words, Marks or Devices, or of any of them, intended to imitate and pass for the same, shall be visible; or if any Person (except as before excepted) shall, by any Art, Mystery or Contrivance, cause or procure, or knowingly aid or assist in causing or procuring the Words, Marks or Devices peculiar to or appearing in the Substance of the Paper used by the said Commissioners for such Permits, Certificates or Tickets, or any or Part of said Words, Marks or Devices, or of any of them, intended to imitate and pass for the same, to appear visible in the Substance of any Paper whatever; or if any Person (not authorized or appointed as aforesaid) shall engrave, cut, cast or make, or cause to be engraved, cut, cast or made, any Plate, Type or other thing in imitation of or to resemble any Plate or Type made or used by the Direction of the said Commissioners for the purpose of marking or printing of the Paper to be used for such Permits, Certificates or Tickets; every Person so offending in any of the Cases aforesaid shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall be transported for the Term of his or her Life, or for the Term of Seven Years, at the Court who shall try such Person shall direct.

Assisting, &c.

Transportation.

Forfeiture of Goods to include Casks and Packages.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be forfeited and liable to be seized under any of the Provisions of this Act, all Casks, Jars, Bottles and other Vessels, Casks, Sacks, Bags, and all and every Package and Covering whatsoever in which such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be found, shall also be forfeited, and may be seized.

Condemn. &c. for Goods requiring a Permit and none given, or where Goods greater in Quantity than expressed in Permit, with Certificate that value and where Money has been paid or may be recovered.

XLIV. And be it enacted, That all Contraband, Premises, Affirmations, Bills, Notes, Bonds, Judgments or other Securities, where the Whole or any Part of the Consideration thereof respectively shall be for the Value or Price of any Goods for the Removal of which a Permit is by this Act required, and with which such Permit shall not have been given, or which shall be for the Value or Price of any greater Quantity of such Goods than that expressed in the Permit which shall have been given therewith, shall as in all such Value or Price respectively be null and void, and no Action or Suit shall be maintained or maintainable in any Court of Law or Equity for the Recovery of any such Value or Price respectively; and if such Goods shall have been sold for ready Money, or if the Person or Persons selling the same shall otherwise have been paid or satisfied for the Value or Price thereof, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons who shall have paid or satisfied such Value or Price, to recover from the Seller of such Goods the Amount of the Value or Price of such Goods for which such Permit for the same shall not have been given, or of so much of such Goods as shall exceed the Quantity mentioned in the Permit for conveying the same, as the case may be, to be paid for and recovered by Action of Debt or on the Case in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin, or by Civil Bill in a Court of competent Jurisdiction; and such Permit, or the Duplicate thereof, or any Certificate granted by any Officer of the Revenue in lieu of such Permit, shall be Evidence of the Quantity mentioned in such Permit.

Persons or Persons for Goods against Forfeiture, unless Proof of Duty paid, &c.

XLV. And Whereas it frequently happens that Permits and Certificates are obtained fraudulently, in order to protect Goods the Duties on which have not been paid: For Remedy whereof, to be enacted, That if any Goods for the Conveyance of which a Permit is by this Act required shall be found for any Breach of any of the Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise in Ireland, such Goods shall be condemned and adjudged forfeited, notwithstanding that the Claimant shall prove that a Permit was produced when such Goods were conveyed from one Place to another, or that a Permit or Certificate was produced after such Goods had been conveyed, unless the Claimant shall also prove in such Case the Payment of the Duties for the identical Goods so landed, or the Sale of such Goods had by reason or in consequence of a Forfeiture and Confiscation thereof (as the case may happen.)

False swearing.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall take any Oath or make any Affirmation by this Act required to be taken or made, shall wilfully or knowingly swear or affirm falsely thereon, every such Person being duly convicted thereof shall suffer the Pains and Penalties to which Persons guilty of wilful or corrupt Perjury are or shall be subject by any Law in force in Ireland; and if any Person shall corruptly procure or seduce any other Person or Persons to swear or affirm falsely in any such Oath or Affirmation, every such Person being duly convicted of such procuring or seducing shall for every such Offence near and better such Penalties, Togetherness, Pains and Disabilities, as Persons convicted of Subornation of Perjury are respectively liable unto by any Law in force in Ireland.

Treasury.

Recovery and Application of Forfeitures.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be paid and payable in British Currency, and shall be valued, levied, collected, paid, laid for, recovered and applied, in such manner, and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the recovering of any Penalties or Forfeitures in and by an Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the settling of the English or new Settlement upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Head of Rates therein inserted*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating*

52 & 53 C. 2.
(1) Sect. 4. & 5.
45 Geo. 3. c. 114.

relating to the Revenues, Manners and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Post Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenues of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all intents and Purposes as if the same were herein repeated and re-enacted; with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said second Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.

XLVIII. And be it enacted, That this Act shall commence and take effect from and after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, except in Cases where any other time is expressly mentioned for the Commencement of any Provision in this Act contained.

Commence-
ment of Act.

C & P. CVIII.

An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Post Office and Conveyance of Letters in Ireland.

[12th July 1819.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, for establishing a Post Office there, it is enacted, that in order to any Deputy or Deputies, or other Person or Persons to be employed in receiving or collecting the Postage of Letters or Packets, or any of the Revenues of the Post Office, shall happen to be in arrears to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to sue for and recover such Arrears in a summary Way, by Process or Civil Bill, as manner by the said Act directed: And Whereas it will be advantageous to the said Revenue that such Mode of Recovery of Arrears should be extended to Sum or Sums exceeding the Sum of Fifty Pounds Irish Currency: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in or after any Deputy or Letter Carrier, or other Person or Persons employed or to be employed in receiving or collecting the Postage of Letters or Packets, or any of the Revenues of the Post Office in Ireland, shall happen to be in arrears to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Sum of Fifty Pounds Irish Currency, it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to sue for and recover from such Deputy or Letter Carrier, or other Person or Persons, or from his, her or their respective Surety or Sureties, in a summary Way, by Process or Civil Bill, before the Chairman or Assistant Surveyor of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town, or before the Recorder of the City of Dublin, or Chairman of the Quarter Sessions in the County of Dublin, every such Sum and Sums of Money, not exceeding Fifty Pounds Irish Currency in the whole, together with the said Costs upon serving such Deputy, Letter Carrier, or other Person or Person, or his, her or their Surety or Sureties, or any of them, with Process or Civil Bill, Eight clear Days at least before the First Day of any Quarter Sessions to be held for the County, County of a City, or County of a Town, in which such Deputy, Letter Carrier, or other Person or Person, or his, her or their Surety or Sureties, or any of them, shall reside at the time of the Service of such Process or Civil Bill; and that if any such Deputy or Letter Carrier, or other Person or Persons, or his, her or their Surety or Sureties, or any of them, shall appeal from any Decree to be made against him, her or them, or any of them, and such Decree shall on the Hearing of such Appeal be affirmed, all and every Person and Persons against whom such Decree shall be affirmed, shall pay to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, Double the Costs of such original Decree; and every such Affirmance of such Decree shall be binding and conclusive on all the Parties therein, in all Courts of Law and Equity, and shall not be questioned or set aside.

20 & 24 G. 3.
c. 17. [L.]

Arrears not exceeding col. Irish, against Deputy, Letter Carrier, &c. may be recovered by Civil Bill.

Costs.

Appeal.

Double Costs.

II. And Whereas it will increase the Revenue of the said Post Office, and accommodate the Public, if Charitable Institutions or Societies shall be permitted to send printed Notices and printed Letters, relating solely to the Business of such Institutions or Societies, by Post undelivered at reduced Rates of Postage: Be it therefore enacted, That all Rates and Duties for the Postage and Conveyance of such printed Notices and printed Letters, sent by the Post in Ireland, payable under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, immediately before the passing of this Act, shall from and after the passing of this Act cease and determine; and that from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful to and for the Postmaster General of Ireland for the time being, and his or their Deputy or Deputies, Servants and Agents, to and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to demand, have, receive and take, for the Postage and Conveyance of all Notices or Letters, which shall be printed on a single Sheet of Paper, and shall relate solely to the Affairs or Business of any Charitable Institution or Society in Ireland, and which shall be delivered into any Post Office sealed and directed, but without any Seal or Waiver, or other Matter to cloak or falsify the same, and shall be carried, conveyed or sent Post from the General Post Office in Dublin to the several Post Towns in Ireland, or from the several Post Towns in Ireland to the General Post Office in Dublin, or by the Penny Post in the City of Dublin, or any other City or Town in Ireland, according to the Rates following: (that is to say), for the Post and Conveyance of Twelve, or any lesser Number of such Notices or Letters, the Sum of One Penny; for every additional complete Number of Twelve of such Notices or Letters, the further Sum of One Penny; and for any Number of Letters less than Twelve, according One or more complete Set or Sets or Number or Numbers of Twelve, the further Sum of One Penny; which Sum or Postage shall be paid at the Post Office where such Notices or Letters shall be deposited for Conveyance, and previous to the same being dispatched by the Post.

Postage of printed Notices from Churches, &c. at par Postage.

Not to be sealed or waivered.

Rates of Postage.

III. And

Shall not to pay Toll more than once a Day in each District of Road.

Postmasters General's exact Accounts to be kept, and pay Tolls quarterly on Bridges, on Four-wheeled Carriages carrying Mails, under 21 lb. 1 s. 10. 5 1/2.

No Passage of Letters sent or received to or from beyond Sea, between Dublin and Howth, or Sharnford and Drogheda.

Letter of Penny Post, &c. may be extended by Consent of Lord Lieutenant.

III. And Whereas Arrangements are making for the Portage and Conveyance of Mails and Bags of Letters by Coaches on *Ireland* with increased Expedition, and it may happen that by Change of Routes in the same Division of Road, an additional Toll may be charged and chargeable on such Coaches, to the Disimination of the Revenue of Postage in *Ireland*: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Mail Coach, Mail Diligence or Mail Cart, conveying or employed to carry any Mail or Bag of Letters in *Ireland*, shall be charged or chargeable with any Toll more than once in the same Division of Road in the same Day, calculating from Twelve o'Clock at Night till Twelve o'Clock the succeeding Night; and that no Change of Routes shall subject any such Coach, Diligence or Cart to any additional Toll at any Turnpike Gate whatsoever; any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it declared and enacted, That the Postmaster or Postmasters General of *Ireland*, shall cause an Account to be kept from time to time of all Tolls payable on Four wheeled Carriages, conveying or employed to carry any Mail or Bag of Letters in *Ireland*, at the several and respective Turnpike Gates or Bars erected upon or at the Ends of any Bridges in *Ireland* through which such Carriages shall pass, and shall from time to time make the Amount of such Tolls to be paid to the Treasurers of the said Bridges or Turnpike Gates or Bars, or other Persons to whom such Tolls are respectively payable, by Four Quarterly Payments, in like manner to all Intents and Purposes as the said Postmaster or Postmasters General are required to do under the Direction of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for providing in His Majesty's certain Rate and Duties upon Letters and Packets sent by the Post within Ireland*, with respect to such Tolls payable at the several and respective Turnpike Gates in *Ireland*; and that the said Postmaster and Postmasters General of *Ireland* shall, within Three Calendar Months next after the passing of this Act, pay all Arrears of any such Tolls at any such Bridges as may be due at the time of the passing of this Act; any Usage or Custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

V. And Whereas Letters and Packets directed to or from Places in *Ireland* from or to any Part or Parts • in Great Britain, or beyond the Seas, are now sent to and shipped from the Harbours or Packet Stations of • Mouth near Dublin, and Drogheda near Waterford; and Doubts have arisen whether any Rate of Postage is payable on such Letters between Dublin and Drogheda, and between Waterford and Drogheda: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Letters or Packets directed from any Place in *Ireland* to any Part or Parts of Great Britain, or beyond the Seas, or received in *Ireland* from Great Britain, or any Part or Parts beyond the Seas, shall be subject or liable to be charged with or pay any Rate for their Portage and Conveyance to Dublin from Drogheda, or from Dublin to Drogheda, nor to Waterford from Drogheda, or from Waterford to Drogheda; any Construction or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Postmaster General of *Ireland* for the time being, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, to enlarge and extend the Limits of the Penny Post in the City of Dublin, and to appoint Offices to be called Receiving Houses for Penny Post Letters in the said City, or County of the said City, and in any Parts adjacent to the said City and Suburbs, within the Distance of Six Miles from the General Post Office in the said City, and to demand, have, receive and take for the Portage and Conveyance of all Letters and Packets conveyed by such Penny Post, according to such Rates as now or may be payable by Law for Letters conveyed by the said Penny Post not more than Four Miles from the said Post Office, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act; and all the Provisions of all such Acts shall extend and be construed to extend to the said Distance of Six Miles, in like manner as the same under any of the said Acts extend to the Distance of Four Miles, and as if the said Distance of Six Miles were mentioned in the said Acts and every of them, instead of the said Distance of Four Miles.

C A P. CIX.

An Act for the further Encouragement and Improvement of the Irish Fisheries. [12th July 1819.]

WHEREAS the Improvement of the Irish Fisheries, and more especially the White Herring Fishery, is an Object of the most essential Importance to the Wealth and Commercial Prosperity, as well as to the Naval Strength of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; for the Attainment of which it is expedient that more effectual Regulations should be made, in order to the enlarging a due and proper Attention to the curing, sorting and packing of such Herrings and Fish; and that the Credit of the Fisheries of the United Kingdom in our Colonies, and in Foreign Parts may be maintained: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That a Bounty of Fifty Shillings per Ton shall be paid annually out of His Majesty's Revenues under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*, to the Owner or Owners of all such decked Vessel or Vessels of not less than Fifteen Tons Burden, as to the Person or Persons being or chartering such Vessel or Vessels, which now or hereafter shall be fitted out from any Part in *Ireland*, for fishing and curing Fish in the Irish Fisheries, in manner and under the Conditions hereinafter mentioned: Provided always, that no Bounty shall be paid on any such Vessel or Vessels for any greater Number of Tons than Sixty.

II. And be it further enacted, That on each Vessel shall be exhibited to the said Bounty, or any Part thereof, unless such Vessel or Vessels shall be of British or Irish Built, or be a Private Vessel legally commissioned in any of His Majesty's Courts of Admiralty, nor unless such Vessel shall be owned by Subjects having their known and fixed Place of Residence for themselves and Families in *Ireland*, for Six Months at least previous

Twenty of 100. per Ton on Fishing Vessels not less than 15 Tons Burden, up to 60 Tons.

Conditions on which such Vessels shall obtain Bounty, as to Residence

to their sailing, for the purpose of filling and curing Fish as aforesaid; and if such Vessel shall be entered or intended for the Herring Fishery, such Vessel shall have on board, huddled up in new Barrels, Sixteen Bushels of Salt for every Twelve Bushels of Fish which such Vessel is capable of containing; and if such Vessel shall be entered for the White Fishery, then such Vessel shall have on board Nine Tons of Salt for the first Fifteen Tons which such Vessel shall receive, and one additional Ton of Salt for every Six Tons which such Vessel shall receive above fifteen Tons; nor shall such Vessel be entitled to the Bounty aforesaid, unless signified with the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Port to which such Vessel shall belong, if for the Herring Fishery, between the First Day of June and the Twenty fifth Day of December, and if for the White Fishery, on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March, in each and every Year, and shall proceed without Delay to such Place of general Rendezvous as shall be appointed by the Commissioners of the Irish Fisheries to be appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned, and shall continue so till for Three Months from the Time of commencing to fish, after Arrival at the Place of Rendezvous, or until such Vessel shall have taken and cured a full Cargo of such Fish; and the Collector or other Chief Officer of such Port as aforesaid, or such other Officer as shall be appointed for that Purpose, shall take an Account of the Admeasurement of such Vessel in the Manner prescribed for the Admeasurement of Vessels, by the Acts now in force for the Prevention of Smuggling in Great Britain and Ireland; and such Officer shall transmit to the said Commissioners of Fisheries a Certificate in Manner and Form following; viz.

I do hereby certify, That I have been on board the Vessel called _____ in Macker, now lying in this Port, and
 • That _____ was _____
 • bound to the Fisheries; and upon a strict Examination and Admeasurement, do find her to be a decked
 • Vessel, built in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called _____ of
 • Tons, that her Owners do to the best of my Belief reside in this Kingdom; that
 • she is in all respects, according to my Judgment and Belief, a sound, well built, well found and proper Vessel
 • to be employed in the said Fisheries, and has also the Quantity of Salt on board (specified in this A.)
 • Disclosed of the above Vessel; viz. _____ in Length,
 • in Breadth, making _____ Tons.'

III. And be it further enacted, That no Vessel shall be entitled to the said Bounty, or any Part thereof, unless upon her Arrival at the general Rendezvous, as hereinafter mentioned, she shall be visited by the Inspector, Surveyor of the District, or other Officer to be appointed for that Purpose, who shall certify in the following Words; viz.

I do certify, That the Fishing Vessel called The _____ arrived in
 • that Port the _____ Day of _____ One thousand _____
 • boarded the said Vessel; that she is a decked Vessel; that I have examined her Register and Certificate of
 • Admeasurement, from which it appears to me that she is of _____ Tons Burden, and has on board
 • • of _____ Bushels of Salt, and Barrels, as prescribed by this A. Certified this _____ Day
 • of _____ One thousand _____ hundred and _____

And if, notwithstanding her said Register, it shall otherwise appear to the Inspector or Surveyor, or other Officer as aforesaid, that the Articles therein mentioned are not on board, the said Inspector, Surveyor or other Officer, shall report the Matter to the Commissioners of the Fisheries; and such Vessel shall not be entitled to any Bounty for the Fishing Stakes for which she shall have been cleared out.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Vessel shall be entitled to the said Bounty, or any Part thereof, unless upon her Return into any Port of Ireland for her Discharge, the Person intending to claim Bounty by virtue of this Act shall, by himself or his Assigns, make due Entry of all Fish on board such Vessel, in such manner as Entries of imported Goods are made according to Law (for which Entry no Fee shall be paid); and subject to like Provision, in case of Over Entry, as are incurred for short or under Entry of Goods imposed, by any Law or Statute now in force in Ireland; and that the Landowner who, in pursuance of the Warrant of the said Entry, shall discharge the said Fish, shall certify the same to the Collector or Comptroller of such Port; and such Landowner, or such other Officer as shall be for the purpose appointed, under the Provisions of this Act, shall also certify the Condition of such Vessel, and her Lading, and whether the Fish shall have been made up in Bulk or in Barrels, with the Quantity of each, and whether the Fish be well huddled or packed, and certify the same.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Vessel shall be entitled to the said Bounty, or any Part thereof, unless a Journal be delivered by the said Master to the Collector of the Port, which shall contain a true Account of the Transactions on board such Vessel, and kept by himself or one of his Crew; nor unless the said Vessel went out to Sea with the Equipment prescribed by this Act, for the purpose of filling and curing Fish only, and for no other purpose whatsoever, and was not otherwise employed during the Fishing Voyage of such Vessel.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all the said several Certificates and Journals shall be transmitted by the Collector, Comptroller, Inspector or other Officer appointed as aforesaid, to the Commissioners of the Irish Fisheries, and the said Bounty shall not be paid until the said Commissioners be satisfied of the faithful Delivery and Transmission of the said Macker and other Persons employed in such Vessel, with respect to such Voyage and Fishing.

VII. And be it further enacted, That of the aforesaid Bounty of Fifty Shillings per Ton, by this Act granted, no more than Twenty Shillings per Ton shall be paid for or on account of any such Vessel, unless it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of the Irish Fisheries, that the Fish was actually taken

of Oceans,
 Quantity of
 Salt on board,
 Register, &c.

Form of
 Certificate to be
 transmitted to the
 Commissioners by
 Officers on the
 licensed Vessel
 for the
 Fishery.

Visit and Cer-
 tificate of In-
 spection of Ves-
 sels at the
 general Ren-
 rendezvous.

No Bounty
 unless Entry
 (without Fee)
 of Vessel re-
 turning from
 Fishing.

Certificate by
 Landowner of
 Discharge of
 Fish, &c.

No Bounty
 unless Journal
 of Vessel kept,
 &c.

Journals and
 Certificates to
 be sent to Com-
 missioners of
 Irish Fisheries.

Restriction of
 the Bounty.

or bought by the said Vessel on the Voyage for which such Vessel claims such Bounty, and that the value was loaded well cured in sound merchantable Order in some Port in Ireland; in which Case, out of the remaining Thirty Shillings of such Bounty, the Owner or Master shall receive Six Shillings only per Barrel for every Barrel containing Thirty-two Gallons Eight Wine Measures, whereas good, sound, well cured and merchantable Herrings, gatted with a keefe, shall be packed; and a Bounty of Four Shillings only for every Barrel of good, sound, well cured and merchantable Herrings, Pickards and Mackerel not so gatted; and for every Hundred Weight of well cured dried Lyng, Hake, Haddock, Glaife, Cod or Conger Eel, Four Shillings only of such Bounty as aforesaid: Provided always, that no greater Bounty shall be paid on any Vessel or Vessels than for Sixty Tons, let her Advertisement be what it may; nor shall there be paid on any Vessel a greater Amount of Bounty in the whole than Fifty Shillings per Ton on such Advertisements, including the before mentioned Bounty of Twenty Shillings per Ton.

VIII. Provided always, and it is enacted, That for all such Fish cured and loaded in Half Barrels, there shall be paid and allowed the Bounty aforesaid, in the same Proportion, and under the same Rules, Regulations and Regulations, as is herein enacted with respect to Herrings cured and loaded in Barrels.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Irish Fisheries, and they are hereby empowered and directed, to appoint general Places of Residences on any Part of the Coasts of Ireland, for such Vessels as aforesaid, proceeding upon such Fishery, as shall appear to them fitting for such Purpose, and shall give due Notice of the Places so to be appointed.

X. And be it further enacted, That for an Encouragement to all His Majesty's Subjects of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, who shall engage in the said Fisheries, there shall be paid out of His Majesty's Revenue under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, a Bounty of Three Pounds per Ton for every Ton of Oil extracted from Whales, and Three Pounds per Ton for every Ton of Oil extracted from other Fish, taken on the Coasts of Ireland and manufactured therein, as an equivalent Bounty on the Fishery on its Importance, as the Commissioners of the Irish Fisheries may in their Discretion think fit to appoint; and also a Bounty of Four Pounds for every Hundred Weight of all Fins of Whales, commonly called Whalebone, taken on the Coasts of Ireland, and manufactured therein.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in order to give Employment and Encouragement to the Irishmen Poor residing on the Coasts of Ireland, there shall and may be paid a Bounty of Three Shillings per Barrel, to all Persons residing in Ireland, who shall cure and pack Herrings, Pickards and Mackerel, according to such Rules and Regulations as the said Commissioners of the Fisheries shall make and appoint for that Purpose; and that there shall be also paid and allowed, under the like Rules and Regulations, to such Persons residing as aforesaid, and curing such Fish as aforesaid, a Bounty of Four Shillings per Hundred Weight for all dried Cod, Lyng, Hake, Haddock, Glaife or Conger Eel, taken on the Coasts of Ireland: Provided always, that no such Bounty or Bounties shall be paid on account of any Fish in respect whereof any Part of the aforesaid Bounty of Fifty Shillings per Ton shall have been paid, or shall be payable or allowable to the Master or Owner of any Vessel or Vessels; and provided also, that the said Bounty of Three Shillings per Barrel on Herrings, Pickards and Mackerel, shall not be paid or payable, unless the Inspector or other Officer to be appointed for that Purpose, shall have previously inspected all such Herrings, Pickards and Mackerel, and branded the Casks containing the same, and shall certify in Writing to the Commissioners of the Irish Fisheries, that such Herrings, Pickards and Mackerel are properly cured, packed and made up, either for the Home or Foreign Market.

XII. And for the more regular keeping the Journals of the Proceedings of such Fishing Vessels, be it further enacted, That at the time any Vessel is entered for the said Fisheries, the Collector of the Port or other Officer appointed for that Purpose, under the Provisions of this Act, shall deliver to the Master or Chief Officer of such Vessel a blank Journal Book, in such Form as the said Commissioners of the Irish Fisheries shall direct or appoint, signed by the said Collector or such other Officer, and ruled under differing Heads; in which said Master or some one of the Crew above the Age of Fourteen Years, shall enter an Account of the Proceedings of such Vessel, the Soundings upon the Coast and Fishing Banks, the Quantity of Fish taken by said Vessel, and the Quantity brought, and the times when respectively; and in default of so doing, such Vessel shall forfeit such Part of the Bounty as the magis otherwise here been enacted to, as the said Commissioners of Fisheries shall think fit.

XIII. And for the better ascertaining the Quantity of Herrings taken and brought, be it further enacted, That every Vessel at the time of being entered for the Fisheries, shall have on board Two Half Barrels, each containing between Gallons, with which shall be measured the Herrings taken and brought by her; and the Entry in the Journal of the Quantity of Herrings taken and brought, shall be by the Number of Barrels or Half Barrels, and not by Tubs or Coombs.

XIV. And Whereas the Quantity of Fish is diminished by Methods of Fishing which destroy the Spaw and Fry of Fish: Be it enacted, That no Drag Net or other Sea Net which hath a Mesh of less than Three Inches and a Half from Knot to Knot, shall be made use of in catching any kind of Fish, (except Herrings, Pickards, Sprats, Shrimps and Prawns, and small Shell Fish for Salt,) upon any Parts of the Coasts of Ireland, or within any of the Bays, Harbours, Rivers or Creeks thereof, nor shall any false or double Bottom, Cod or French, or any other Net, though of legal Size, be placed upon or behind the other, in order to take and destroy small Fish; and if any Person or Persons shall make use of any Drag Net or other Sea Net which has a Mesh of less than Three Inches and a Half from Knot to Knot, or catching any kind of Fish (except Herrings, Pickards, Sprats, Shrimps, Prawns and small Shell Fish for Salt) on any Parts of the Sea Coasts of Ireland, or within any of the Bays, Harbours, Rivers or Creeks thereof, shall place any false or double Bottom, Cod or French, or any other Net, though of legal Size, upon or behind any other, in order to take and destroy small

No greater
Bounty than
for Six Tons,
nor greater
than 50s.

Bounty pay-
able on Half
Barrels.

Residence
appointed by
Commissioners.

Bounty of 3s.
per Ton of Oil
extracted from
Whales, and
from other Fish
taken on the
Coasts, and also
3s. for every
Cwt. of Whale-
bone.

Bounty of 4s.
per Barrel on
Herrings, &c.
and 3s. per
Barrel on dried
Cod, &c.

Not more on Fish
in respect of
which the
Bounty has
been paid

Collector to
give blank
Journals to
Masters of
Fishing Vessels.

Who are to
make entries
therein.

Penalty.

Measures for
ascertaining
Quantity of
Herrings taken
or brought.

Regulation
for Nets, &c.
of Nets.

Using imper-
per Nets, &c.

Exclusively placing
Nets.

shall Fish; such Person or Persons is offending, and being thereof convicted, upon his or their Appointment, or Default after Summons, before One or more Justices or Justices of the Peace of the County, or Inspector of the District where such Person or Persons is offending, hath or have their usual Place of Abode, by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, which Oath such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Inspector, is and are hereby empowered to administer, or by Confession of the Party offending, shall for every such Offence inflict and take such Fine or Fines, which such Justice or Justices are hereby empowered to take and do, and shall also forfeit a Sum not less than Forty Shillings, nor exceeding Ten Pounds, to be levied by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Inspector, before whom such Offender shall be convicted, by Distress and Sale of the Goods of such Offender, the One Moiety thereof to the Person who shall inform and prosecute for the same, and the other Moiety to go and be disposed of to the Use of the Poor of the Parish where such Offender lives; and is also so sufficient Default or Defaults can or may be had, whereas to levy the said Sum adjudged to be forfeited, then then the said Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Inspector, shall and may, by Warrant under his or their Hands and Seals, commit such Person or Persons to the Common Goal of the County or Place where such Offender shall be convicted, there to remain for any time not exceeding Thirty Days, unless such Offender shall sooner pay the Penalty is forfeited, upon Payment whereof he shall be discharged forthwith.

XV. And Whereas Shoals of Herrings are frequently frightened from the Entrance of the Bays and Creeks, by Vessels mooring and shooting their Nets in improper Places, and by laying long Lines for taking of Cod and Ling across the Entrance of Bays and Creeks, and other Irregularities? It is enacted, That as Vessels on the Coast of Ireland shall moor or shoot their Nets in any Place which shall be forbidden by the Inspector or other Officer to be appointed; nor shall any Person boat any Net or any long Line for taking of Cod, Ling and other Fish, or any time or in any Place which shall be forbidden by the said Inspector, or other Person duly authorized for such Purpose under the Provisions of this Act, under a Penalty of Twenty Pounds, to be levied in like manner as the other Penalties by this Act directed are appointed to be levied.

XVI. And he it further enacted, That no Net shall be shot or set for the taking of Herrings on the Day time, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds, to be recovered against the Owners or Owners of such Nets, or of the Vessel from which such Nets shall be shot or set, and to be levied by Distress and Sale of his, her or their Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the Inspector or Inspectors of the Fisheries; and if there shall be no Inspector, then by Warrant of a Justice of the Peace for the County wherein the Party or Parties do reside, and before whom the Offence shall be proved by the Confession of the Party accused, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses; which said Penalty, when recovered, shall be applied in such manner and to such Use as the other Penalties heretofore mentioned are to be applied.

XVII. And Whereas, notwithstanding the Laws now in force for the Regulation of the Fisheries of Ireland, by the Multitude of Boats that resort to the different Places of Rescous, many of which shoot their Nets in the Day time, and begin to fish before the Shoals of Herrings, Pichards or Mackerel are landed in the

Bays and Creeks where they usually resort for Shelter, there is reason to believe that the Fisheries are much injured, and that a Regulation with regard to the time of commencing the Fishery would be of great Advantage? It is enacted, That in the several Places where Inspectors or other Officers are appointed, and where Orders shall be given for the purpose by the Commissioners of the Irish Fisheries, or any Three of them, who are hereby empowered to do so, no Person shall be at liberty to shoot their Nets, and Notice for such Purpose shall be posted up by the Inspector of the District, under a Penalty of Twenty Pounds, to be levied as other Penalties in this Act directed.

XVIII. And he it further enacted, That any Vessel or Boat which shall be laden at any Port or Place in Ireland with Salt in Bulk or in Barrels, intended to be used in the curing of Herrings, Pichards or Mackerel, in Bulk or in Barrels, such Herrings, Pichards or Mackerel having been taken by the Master and Crew on any Part of the Coast of Great Britain, Ireland or the Isle of Man, or purchased from by the said Master on any Part of the said Coast, from the Crews of other British or Irish Boats by whom the same were taken, shall be deemed and taken to be a Vessel or Boat fitted out for the Irish Herring, Pichard or Mackerel Fishery, within the Meaning of this Act; and where any such Vessel or Boat, having been so fitted out for the Irish Fishery, and having proceeded to any Port of the Coast of Great Britain, Ireland or the Isle of Man, where the Fishing of Herrings, Pichards or Mackerel shall have been carried on, and the Master and Crew whereof shall have there taken or purchased Herrings, Pichards or Mackerel both, and cured the same in Bulk or in Barrels, shall arrive laden therewith in any Port or Place in Ireland, or where any Herrings, Pichards or Mackerel, taken or purchased, and cured as aforesaid, shall have been transhipped out of any such Vessel or Boat into any other Vessel or Boat which shall arrive laden with the said Herrings, Pichards or Mackerel in any Port or Place in Ireland, then and in either of these Cases, all such Herrings, Pichards or Mackerel shall be deemed to have been brought from the Irish Fishery, within the Meaning of this Act.

XIX. And he it further enacted, That if any Fish or Salt, or other Fish in Stores, shall be landed, or shall be unshipped with intent to be landed out of any Vessel or Boat arriving from the Irish Fishery, at any Port or Place where an Officer of the Fishery shall be stationed, without the Presence of such Officer of the Fishery as aforesaid, or shall be landed, or shall be unshipped with intent to be landed at any Port or Place where an Officer of the Fishery shall be stationed, without the Presence of the proper Officer of the Customs, all such Fish or Salt, or other Fishing Stores, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery, or of the Customs or Excise.

XX. And he it further enacted, That the Bounties hereby granted per Barrel on Herrings, Pichards and Mackerel, shall not be paid or allowed for any Herrings, Pichards and Mackerel which shall not have been taken

Penalty.

Application of
Penalty.Vessels not to be
moored, nor shot, nor
Lanes laid contrary to
Order of Inspectors.Penalty 20*l*.Nets not to be
shot, &c. for
Herrings in the
Day-time.Penalty 20*l*.Nets not to be
shot till after
Notice by Inspectors.Penalty 20*l*.When Vessels
and Fishboats
to be within the
curing of
this Act.Fish or Salt
landed, &c.
without Pre-
sence of Officer,
forfeited.What Hm-
cops, &c. and
in what Bounties.

As entitled to
Bounty.

Directions for
branding, &c.
Bounty to an-
ticipate Bounty.

Bounty on
which Bounty
paid to be pro-
duced and
branded.

Regulations
respecting
Examination
and Certifica-
tes of Officers,
and
branding Code
of Herring, &c.
for Bounty.

Debiture or
Certificate for
Bounty to be
given, in ac-
cording with
Conditions.

When descrip-
tion of Mer-
chandise, &c.
through pro-
duced for
Bounty, shall
not be marked
thereon.

taken in the *Irish Fishery*, or for any Herrings which shall be of bad or indifferent Quality, or for any broken Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel, or for any Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel which shall not be in all respects properly cured and packed, or of which the Barrel shall not contain of Fish, exclusive of the Weight of Salt and Brine, Two hundred and twenty four Pounds Weight, except Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel intended to be exported to any Place out of Europe, which shall and are hereby required to be repacked with Great Salt, the Barrel of which Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel shall contain Two hundred and twelve Pounds Weight of Net Fish; nor for any Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel which shall be contained in any Barrel not of sufficient Strength, or not containing Thirty two Gallons *Irish* Wine Measure, or on which the Name of the Curer thereof, and the Name of the Port or Place where, and the Year when the same were cured, shall not be branded with as hot Iron as large, legible, conspicuous and permanent Characters, or on which such Mark or Marks, Character or Characters, shall not have been in at the Fishery, or shall not remain thereon distinctly legible, denoting the Day, on which the same were cured; nor for any Barrel of Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel on which, at the time of its being produced to the proper Officer of the Fishery, in order to be branded with a Mark or Character to denote that the Curer thereof is entitled to the *Bounties per Barrel* hereby given according to the Directions of this Act, any Mark or Character shall be found to have been branded thereon, pursuant to the Provision of any former Act, nor until a Mark or Character to denote that the Cures thereof is entitled to the *Bounties per Barrel* hereby granted by order and in the presence of the proper Officer of the Fishery, after the same shall have been produced to and inspected by such Officer according to the Directions of this Act; and that the *Bounties per Barrel* hereby granted shall not be paid or allowed for or in respect of any Barrel or Barrels of Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel, unless the same shall be produced to the proper Officer of the said Fishery, and branded in his presence in manner by this Act directed, at such Port or Place as is hereinafter directed respectively, and no other; that it is to be, if the said Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel were cured on Shore, then the said Barrel or Barrels of Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel shall be so produced, and branded at such Port or Place as shall have been appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of the *Irish Fishery*; or if the said Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel were cured in any Vessel or Boat fitted out for the *Irish Fishery*, and were brought from the said Fishery in the same or in any other Vessel, according to the Regulations of this Act, then the said Barrels or Barrels of the said Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel, shall be so produced and branded as aforesaid at the Port or Place in which the same shall have been brought from the said Fishery.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the said *Bounties per Barrel* hereby granted on Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel, shall be payable and paid to the Curer or Curers thereof, on the Production of the Fish to the proper Officer of the Fishery, in order to be branded and certified for the Country; and on the same being duly examined and certified in manner following, that it is to be, such Officer of the Fishery, in whose any Barrels of Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel shall be so produced, shall examine the Barrels, and inspect the Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel contained in all, or in such and so many of them as he in his Discretion shall think necessary, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel so produced, are in every respect such as to entitle the Curer or Curers thereof to the *Bounty* hereby granted, according to the Provisions of this Act; and for that Purpose the said Curer or Curers shall, at his or their own Charge, upon being thereunto required by the said Officer, place or cause to be placed the said Barrels of Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel in such convenient Order or Situation as shall be pointed out by the said Officer, (the Outlets being free from any Tar, Dirt or other Substance which may cover or conceal any Mark thereon,) and open or cause to be opened any Barrel so produced, and raise or remove, or cause to be raised or removed, the Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel, or any Part thereof, out of such Barrel, and furnish the said Officer with Weights and Scales for weighing any Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel, and assist him effectually in weighing the same; and upon every Barrel of Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel which on such Examination and Inspection as aforesaid, shall be found by the said Officer to be in all respects such as to entitle the Curer or Curers thereof to the *Bounties per Barrel* hereby granted, there shall be branded with as hot Iron, by order and in presence of the said Officer, such Mark or Marks, Character or Characters, as the Commissioners of the *Irish Fishery* shall direct, and which shall denote whether the same is hangpacked or repacked, and the Year in which the same shall be so branded, and the Officer is whose presence the same shall have been branded; all which being duly performed, the said Officer of the Fishery shall give the Curer or Curers of the said Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel, a *Debiture* or Certificate for the Payment of the said *Bounties per Barrel*, or the Number of Barrels of Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel, so branded, which, on being allowed by the Commissioners of the *Irish Fishery*, (such Allowance being stated in Writing under the Hands of the Commissioners or any Three of them, at the Foot of the said *Debiture* or Certificate,) the said Curer or Curers, or his or their Assigns, shall be entitled to the respective *Bounties per Barrel* on the Number of Barrels of Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel above contained; and the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, upon such *Debitures* being produced to them, shall without Delay cause the same to be paid.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel, not caught or taken in the *Irish Fishery*, or any Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel, in respect whereof any *Bounty per Barrel* granted by any former Act shall have been paid or allowed, or any broken Herrings, Pickards or Mackarel, or any Herrings, Pickards or Mackarel, mixed or packed with any fish Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel as aforesaid, or any Herrings, Pickards or Mackarel (other than Herrings, Pickards or Mackarel repacked with Great Salt) of which the Barrel shall not contain of net Fish, exclusive of the Weight of Salt and Brine, Two hundred and twenty four Pounds Weight; or any Herrings repacked with Great Salt, of which the Barrel shall not contain of net Fish, exclusive of the Weight of Salt and Brine, Two hundred and twelve

Pounds

Pounds Weight, or any Herrings, Richards or Mackerrall, packed in any Barrel which shall be of less Content or Capacity than Thirty two Gallons English Wine Measure, shall be produced to any Officer of the Fishery to be branded in his presence, and certified by him for the purpose of obtaining the Bounty for the same, or which having been so produced and branded, shall be again produced to any such Officer for the same Purpose, or having been so produced and branded, the Mark or Marks, Character or Characters in clew, as directed under the Provisions of this Act, shall not appear thereon distinct and legible, all such Herrings, Richards and Mackerrall, with the Barrel or Barrels containing the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery or Customs; and if any Herrings, Richards or Mackerrall, not being hereby forfeited, shall be produced to any Officer of the said Fishery for the purpose aforesaid, and such Officer shall draw such Herrings, Richards or Mackerrall to be of bad or indifferent Quality, or not properly cured or packed, or the Barrel or Barrels in which the same shall be packed not to be of sufficient Strength, and that for such Cause he shall think the Case thereof is not entitled to the Bounty per Barrel under this Act, such Officer shall without Delay apply by Petition, stating the Matter in dispute to any Justice of the Peace sitting at or near the Place where such Herrings, Richards or Mackerrall shall be produced, giving Notice thereof to the Cases that he may attend the Hearing, if he shall think fit; and such Justice of the Peace shall forthwith nominate and appoint Two skillful Persons, who shall have no Interest in the Matter in dispute, one to be nominated by the Officer, and the other by the opposite Party; and if either Party shall fail to make such Nominations before or at the time when he shall be required by Authority of the said Justice (not being longer than Twenty four Hours from the time of being required to make such Appointments) to do so, then the said Justice shall nominate One skillful Person, not interested in the Matter in dispute, in his Place, and the Two Persons so appointed, upon Examination of the Matters in dispute, shall certify on their Oaths, to be taken before the said Justice, their Opinions on the Matters aforesaid, and if they shall agree in their Opinions, the Matter in dispute shall be determined accordingly; but if the said Arbitrators be to be appointed shall differ in Opinion thereon, the said Justice shall require them to name One other skillful Person, not interested in the Matters in dispute, which Person is nominated shall examine the Matters in dispute, and upon such Examination shall certify upon Oath, to be made before the said Justice, his Opinion thereon, and the said Matter shall then be finally determined accordingly.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if the Carrier or Proprietor of any Number of Barrels of Herrings, Richards or Mackerrall bangpacked, on which the Bounty granted by the Act shall have been allowed, shall intend to repack the same with Great Salt in the future Barrels, and as many in addition thereto as with the original Number shall be necessary to contain the same in a repacked State, the said Carrier or Proprietor shall give Twenty four Hours Notice in Writing, under his Hand, of his said Intention to the proper Officer of the Fishery, and if upon Production of the said Herrings, Richards and Mackerrall is repacked as aforesaid, the said Carrier or Proprietor shall upon the Request Note (which according to such Regulations as shall be made by the said Commissioners of the said Fisheries, he shall have delivered or cause to be delivered to the said Officer) make oath before him, that the Herrings, Richards or Mackerrall contained in the Barrels so produced (mentioning the Number) in a repacked State, are the very same Herrings, Richards and Mackerrall, without any Addition or Mixture whatever, that were originally in a bangpacked State contained in that Part (mentioning the Number) of the said Barrels, whereof each is branded with the Mark or Character, denoting that the Bounty granted by this Act was allowed or paid thereon; and if the Barrels of Herrings, Richards or Mackerrall so produced, shall upon due Inspection and Examination be found by the said Officer to be such of them well cured, properly packed, and in all respects such as a Barrel of Herrings, Richards and Mackerrall, on which the said Bounty is claimed or allowed, is by this Act required to be, he shall make each of the said Barrels in which the said Herrings, Richards and Mackerrall were originally cured, and in which the greater Part thereof shall be so repacked, to be branded with such Mark or Characters, in addition to those which shall have been already branded thereon, as the Commissioners of the said Fisheries shall direct, and as shall seeme that the same are required, and by what Officer the same were inspected and examined after the repacking thereof; and the said Officer shall cause each of the Barrels in which the remaining Part of the said Herrings, Richards and Mackerrall shall be repacked, to be branded with such Mark or Character as by this Act are directed to be branded thereon, in case the same were produced to the said Officer, in order to obtain the Bounty granted by this Act, and had been by him deemed to be entitled thereto, with such Addition to the same as the Commissioners of the said Fisheries shall think it to direct, and as shall seeme that the same are to be branded under the Authority of this Provision: Provided always, that no Bounty shall be paid or allowed, nor shall any Certificate be granted for that Purpose, in respect of any such Barrel or Barrels of Herrings, Richards and Mackerrall, repacked and branded with such Mark or Characters, and with such Addition thereon as last above mentioned, but that the same shall nevertheless be liable to Freight as all Casks when any Barrel or Barrels of Herrings, Richards and Mackerrall, on which the said Bounty shall have been allowed, granted by this Act be liable thereto.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Bounties per Barrel granted by this Act, shall not be paid or allowed for any Barrel of Herrings, Richards and Mackerrall packed or repacked with Small Salt, which shall not contain, exclusive of Salt and Brine, Two hundred and twenty four Pounds Weight of Fish in the barrel; or for any Barrel of Herrings, Richards and Mackerrall repacked with Great Salt, which shall not contain, exclusive of Salt and Brine, Two hundred and twelve Pounds Weight of Fish in the barrel; or if any Barrel of Herrings, Richards and Mackerrall repacked with Great Salt, and not containing, exclusive of

Forfeiture.
Herrings, &c. being entitled to Bounty to be seized by two Arbitrators to be nominated by Justice of Peace as herein mentioned.

Forfeiture of Arbitrators.

Expenses.

Certificates of Oaths.

Repacking bangpacked Herrings, &c.

Notice to Officer.

Oath touching the same Herrings.

Officer to brand the Barrels.

No Bounty as Condition in respect of repacked Herrings, &c.

Weights of each Barrel of Herrings packed or repacked, on which Bounty allowed.

Sale and Brine, Two hundred and twelve Pounds Weight of Fish at the least, shall be tendered to any Officer of the Fishery in order to obtain the aforesaid Bounty thereon, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the said Fishery.

How Herring
Barrils may
be branded.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all Herrings, being the Refuse of the Manufactory of Red Herrings, shall be packed in Barrils, on each of which the Word "Refuse" shall have been branded in the manner herein directed; and all such Herrings not packed in Barrils, on each of which the Word "Refuse" shall be so branded and remain difficultly legible, as well as all Herrings whatever mixed with Herrings of the said Description, whether packed or not, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery or of the Customs.

Penalty.

Regulations as
to Exportation
of Herring
Barrils, &c. in different
Barrils.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Herrings, Pickards or Mackarel shall be exported or shipped from Ireland, or tendered to any Officer of the Irish Fishery, or of the Customs, to be shipped for Exportation, at any Port or Place in Ireland, for any Port or Place whatever, unless the Barril in which the same shall be packed shall be at least half an Inch in Thickness at the Bulge; or for any Foreign Port or Place in Europe, unless such Barril shall be bound with Stripes Hoops at the head, made of Wood or Iron; nor shall any such Herrings, Pickards or Mackarel be exported or shipped, or tendered to be shipped as aforesaid, for any Port or Place out of Europe, unless the Barril in which the same shall be packed shall be a new Barril and full bound, and have One Iron Hoop at each End, nor unless such Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel shall have been re-packed, and a Space of time not less than Fifteen Days shall have intervened from the Day when the same were originally cured and packed, before the same were re-packed, all which shall be made to appear to the Satisfaction of the proper Officer of the Fishery and of the Customs, at any Port or Place to which the same shall have been brought Consignee for Exportation, by Certificate, to be granted by the proper Officer of the Fishery, at the Port or Place from which the same were so first Consignee as aforesaid, and by the Exporter or his Agent, before any such Officer, that the Herrings, Pickards or Mackarel tendered for Exportation, are the same that were brought Consignee with such Certificate; nor shall any Barril of Herrings, Pickards or Mackarel be exported or shipped, or tendered to be shipped as aforesaid, to be shipped for Exportation at any Port or Place in Ireland, for any Port or Place whatsoever, being branded with any Mark or Character to denote that the Curer thereof is or was entitled to the Bounty under this Act, unless the same shall in all respects be such as is by this Act required to entitle the Curer thereof to the said Bounty; nor shall any Barril of Herrings, Pickards or Mackarel be shipped for Exportation, unless the Proprietor or his Agent shall have produced the same to the proper Officer of the Fishery, and performed every thing which shall have been required of him by the said Officer, and which the Curer or producer of the same is or was entitled to obtain the Bounty thereon, in by this Act required to perform; nor shall the same be so shipped without the presence of the said Officer; and that all Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel, with the Barrils containing the same, which shall be exported, shipped or tendered to be shipped for Exportation contrary to this Act, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery or of the Customs.

Certificate by
Officer of
Fishery.

Herring barrils
shipped for Ex-
portation, unless
such as required
by Act, &c.

new and
provisions shall
have produced
same, and
otherwise com-
plied with this
Act.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Barril of Herrings, Pickards or Mackarel, re-packed with Great Salt, which shall not contain, exclusive of Salt and Brine, the Quantity of Fish hereinafter mentioned respectively at the head; (that is to say,) if intended to be exported to any Port or Place in Europe, Two hundred and twenty four Pounds Weight, or if intended to be exported to any Port or Place out of Europe, Two hundred and twelve Pounds Weight, shall be shipped or tendered to any Officer of the Fishery, in order to be shipped for Exportation to any such Port or Place as aforesaid respectively; or if any Barril of Herrings, Pickards or Mackarel, being packed or re-packed with Small Salt, which shall not contain, exclusive of Salt and Brine, Two hundred and twenty four Pounds Weight of Fish at the least, shall be shipped or tendered to any Officer of the Fishery, in order to be shipped for Exportation to any Port or Place in Europe, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery or of the Customs.

Weight of
Barrels of re-
packed Her-
rings, &c. for
Exportation.

Penalty.

Officers to in-
spector Barrils
of Herring,
&c. for Expor-
tation, and may
weigh same.

XXVIII. And in order to prevent any Fraud in the Exportation of Herrings, Pickards or Mackarel, be it further enacted, That every Officer of the Fishery to whom any Barrils of Herrings, Pickards or Mackarel shall be produced or tendered, in order to be shipped for Exportation, shall examine the same, and inspect and weigh the Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel in each and in every of the Barrils as he shall think proper, in order to ascertain whether the said Barril or Barrils of Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel, be in all respects such as may lawfully be exported, or shipped to be exported to the Port or Place for which the same shall be intended; Provided always, that if any Herrings, Pickards or Mackarel contained in any Barril or Barrils, which shall be so marked with any Mark or Character to denote that the Curer thereof is or was entitled to the Bounty per Barril as aforesaid, not being prohibited to be exported for any Cause other than, on due Examination, their being found to be of such Description as not to entitle the Curer thereof to the Bounty per Barril under this Act, and not of such a Description as would make them liable to Forfeiture, in case they were produced by the Curer with intent to obtain the said Bounty, shall be tendered to any Officer of the Fishery to be shipped for Exportation, and such Officer shall draw such Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel to be of bad or indifferent Quality, or not properly cured or packed, or the Barril or Barrils in which the same shall be contained not to be of sufficient Strength, and that for such Cause the same cannot be allowed to be exported or shipped for Exportation, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, the Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel, or the Barrils containing the same, shall be forfeited; and if in the Event of Refusal to allow the Exportation for any of these Causes, the Proprietor shall not be satisfied with the Opinion of the Officer, the Matter in dispute shall be tried and determined in the same manner as in controversies directed in the case of a like Dispute arising between the Curer of Herrings, Pickards and Mackarel, and the Officer of the Fishery to whom the same shall be produced in order to obtain the said Bounty.

Herrings, the
intended for
Exportation
being found of
bad Quality or
not properly
cured, &c. for-
feited.

How Dispute
in respect there-
of settled.

XXIX. And

XXX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful as ship or put on board any Vessel, Vessel on Boat, or any Port or Place in Ireland, where an Officer of the Fishery shall be stationed for the Irish Fishery, Salt, Mena, Barrels, and other Fishing Stores and Provisions for the Sufficiency of the Crew thereof, and to carry and convey the same to the said Fishery, without a Sufficiency or Warrant or Coast-Cooker from the Officer of the Customs.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to cure and pack Herrings, Pickards and Mackerel taken in the Irish Fishery in Half Barrels; and that every Half Barrel of Herrings, Pickards and Mackerel, packed or repacked, shall contain Half the Quantity of Fish, exclusive of Salt and Brine, which a Barrel of Herrings, Pickards and Mackerel bargained or repacked, by this Act required to contain respectively, and shall be entitled to Half of the Bounty by this Act granted in respect of Barrels of Herrings, Pickards and Mackerel, and be subject to all Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures, to which a Barrel of Herrings, Pickards and Mackerel in the like Case is liable.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Officer of the Fishery to go and remain on board any Vessel, Vessel or Boat, having on board any Salt, Barrels, or other Fishing Stores in Ireland, intended for the Irish Fishery, or being at any Place where Herrings or other Fish shall be taken and cured, as proceeding from any such Place for any Port or Place in Ireland, to examine the Condition of all Fish, Salt, Barrels or Nets on board of any such Vessel, Vessel or Boat, and to put any Mark or Marks on the Barrel or Barrels on which any Herrings or other Fish shall be consumed on board thereof; and the Master of every such Vessel or Boat shall, if required by any Officer of the Fishery to do so, produce and deliver to such Officer for his Inspection, the Certificate of Registry, (if such Vessel or Boat be liable to Registry,) and the Logbook, Certificate or Declaration which he shall have or ought to have on board, and shall give to such Officer a true Account of the Name of the Owner or each of the Owners of such Vessel, Vessel and Boat, and the Place where such Owner resides, and the Name of each of the Crew thereof; and if any Master of such Vessel, Vessel or Boat as aforesaid, shall not, upon being required by any Officer of the Fishery to do so, comply with all or any of the Requirements herein contained, every Person so offending shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Officer of the Fishery, at all times when Herrings or other Fish are curing and packing or repacking, and at all other times in the Day (or if in the Night, in the presence of a Constable or other Officer of the Peace), to enter and come into any Cellar or Warehouse of any Curer of Herrings or other Fish, or into any Place where Herrings or other Fish shall be cured, packed or repacked, to view and inspect the same during the time of their being cured, packed or repacked, and to put such Mark or Marks on any Barrel or Barrels in which they shall be packed or repacked, as they shall think fit, which Mark or Marks shall not be altered or defaced.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Person before whom any Oath is hereby directed or required to be made, shall be and every such Person is hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath; and if any Person or Persons shall wilfully make a false Oath, respecting any thing which by this Act is required to be sworn, every such Person shall, upon Conviction, be liable to all the Penalties for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person other than an Officer of the said Fishery, or not being authorized by or without the presence of such Officer, shall fraudulently burn or brand, or make to be burned or branded, or shall have in his Custody or Possession any Instruments for the purpose of burning or branding, on any Barrel or Cask of Herrings, Pickards or Mackerel, any Mark or Marks, Character or Characters, which by virtue of this Act shall be appointed or directed to be burnt or branded on any Barrel of Herrings, Pickards or Mackerel, by order and in presence of such Officer, or any Mark or Character in violation thereof, or if any Person shall utter, make or falsify any License, Certificate, Account, Declaration, Oath or other Document prescribed by this Act, every Person so offending, on being convicted thereof before a Justice of the Peace of the County where the Offence shall be committed or the Offender found, being such Person, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum of Money not exceeding Ten Pounds, or suffer Imprisonment for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months; and every Barrel or Cask on which any such Mark or Character shall be fraudulently burnt or branded as aforesaid, with the Herrings, Pickards or Mackerel therein contained, and every Instrument which shall be in the Possession of any Person for the purpose of fraudulently burning or branding the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery or Customs.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Mark let or branded on any Barrel of Herrings, Pickards or Mackerel, by any Officer or Officers of the Fishery, pursuant to this Act, or to any Rules or Regulations which shall be made by the said Commissions of the Irish Fisheries, shall be altered or defaced, every such Barrel, with the Herrings, Pickards and Mackerel therein contained, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery or Customs.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That any Disputes or Differences which shall or may arise between the Persons engaged on board any of the Vessels employed in the Irish Fisheries, and the Owner or Master thereof, touching any Demands which such Persons may have against such Owners or Masters for or on account of their Wages or Shares of their Earnings of such Vessels, where such Demands does not exceed Five Pounds, and also all such Complaints of such Owners or Masters against any of the Persons or Hands engaged on board such Vessels, for or on account of their absencing or withdrawing themselves from their Duty and Service on board any such Vessel, shall and may be determined by any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County where such Disputes arise, or by the Justices or other Officers to be appointed, who are hereby empowered to give such and the like Relief, and by such and the same Remedies and Means, and to

No Coast-Cooker, &c. required for Fishing Vessels with Salt, &c. for Cures.

Herrings, &c. may be packed in Half Barrels of Contents herein mentioned.

Officers may go on board Fishing Vessels and examine Fish, &c.

Master of Vessels to produce and deliver to Officer Certificate of Registry, &c.

Penalty and.

Officers may enter Warehouses, &c. of Curers of Herrings, &c.

Perjury.

Unauthorized Persons from doing by burning, &c.

Forfeiture for Licences, Certificates, &c.

Penalty.

Casks of Herrings, &c. if fraudulently altered, &c.

Disputes between Owners, Masters, and Hands, &c. may be decided by Justices of Peace or Inspectors.

laish such and the like Privileges and Possessions, as the said Justices of the Peace are empowered to do in all Cases of Disputes between Masters and Servants, or Apprentices and their Employers, by all means of the Law now in being.

Officers of Customs may go on board Vessels and search for Goods not allowed, &c. :

and may seize &c.

Inhabitants of United Kingdom, under Regulation of Act, may take Herring, &c. on any Part of Coast of G. B. or Ireland, at Exception.

Without Payment Duty. Exception

Penalty 10^l.

No Power to seize Dismasted, &c.

Return of Officers convicted under this Act to the Commissioners of Fisheries.

Not delivering up Offenders.

Penalty.

Duty payable to Owners of Fishing Vessels wrecked, &c.

Herrings brought to any Port not fit for Food, &c. forfeited.

Commissioners of Fisheries empowered to grant Licences.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to refuse, prevent or hinder any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Revenue, who shall from time to time be appointed or appointed thereto by the Chief Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties for the time being, or the major Part of them, from going on board and entering upon any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, as well by Night as by Day, arriving and coming into any Port, Harbour, Haven, Creek or other Place, and to continue there on board until such Ship or other Vessel shall be fully unladen and discharged, or again reladen, in pursuance of the Powers mentioned in this Act, but that it shall and may be lawful to and for such Officers and Officers to enter and go into any Ship or other Vessel, to search, survey and make Search for any Goods or Commodities either put on board any such Ship or other Vessel, or taken out and carried away, or intended to be carried away, without due Entry first had and made of the same, or Payment of the Duties due and payable thereupon, and to seize and carry away the same, in the same Manner to all Imports and Exports as may be done by any Law, Act or Acts of Parliament now in force in this Kingdom; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Inhabitants of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, at all times and Seasons of the Year when they shall think proper, (subject nevertheless to the several Regulations contained in this Act,) freely to fish for, take and buy from Difference, and cure any Herrings, Mackerel, Cod and Lying, or other Sorts of Fish, in all and every Port of the Sea, Creeks and Bays wheresoever such Fish are to be found, or can or may be taken, on the Coasts of Great Britain or Ireland, save only in such Places as may be ordered by the Superintendants, or by order of the Commissioners of the Irish Fisheries for the Preservation of the Fry, and for the better Order and Regulation of the Fishery; and that no other Person or Persons, except such Superintendants, shall, under any Privilege whatsoever, presume to obstruct or hinder any Person or Persons from fishing in the Places aforesaid nor shall any Person presume to demand or receive any Duty, Sum of Money, or other Consideration whatsoever from the Inhabitants of the United Kingdom, for the Use of any Port, Harbour or Wake Shores on the Coasts of Ireland, except for the Payment of such Harbour or Pier Duties as are and by Law ought to be demanded for Ships, Vessels and Boats in Ports and Harbours which are built and artificially made; and that every Person or Persons so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered, and levied and applied as other Forfeitures are hereinafter directed to be levied, recovered and applied: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to the giving a Power to enter upon or use the Driveline Grounds, Gardens or Park of any Person, without Leave having been previously obtained.

XXXIX. And in order more effectually to secure the Performances of the several Regulations prescribed for obtaining the Bounties, and to enforce the Regulations for the better Preservation and Improvement of the said Fisheries; be it enacted, That the said Inspectors and other Officers to be appointed for that Purpose, shall return to the Commissioners of the Irish Fisheries, the Name of the Master or Owner of any Vessel, or of any Mariner or other Person belonging to any Vessel, who shall be convicted of any Offence which shall be committed against the Provisions of this Act, or any of them, and the Amount of the Fine imposed and levied; and the Master or Owner of such Vessel be convicted, or who shall refuse to deliver up any Mariner belonging to his Vessel, charged with an Offence, shall be deemed acceptable of receiving any Bounty for such Vessel; and the Master or Owner who shall be obliged to deliver up any Mariner belonging to his Vessel as aforesaid, shall incur a Penalty of Ten Pounds.

XL. And be it further enacted, That when any Vessel on her Fishing Voyage shall founder at Sea, or by Distress and Hardship of Weather be forced on Shore, and wrecked, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, to order Payment of such Bounty to the Owners of such Vessel, as they would have been entitled to if such Vessel had not foundered or been forced on Shore, and wrecked as aforesaid, or to the legal Representatives of such Owners in case of their being lost.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall bring into any Port, Haven or Creek in Ireland, any Herrings which shall not be good and fit for Man's Food, or which shall not be packed in Barrels or in Bulk regularly and in Layers, and not brused together, within the time shall be limited for the export of herrings, where Houses are built expressly for that Purpose in the manner of Foreworks, commonly called *Red Herrings*, and shall offer the same to be sold, then all and every the Owners thereof, being convicted of such Offence before the Inspectors of the Fisheries, or such other Officer as the said Commissioners shall for that Purpose appoint, or Collector of any Port, Haven or Creek, shall lose and forfeit the same; and such Part of said Fish that is not good as aforesaid shall be destroyed, and the rest shall be confined for the Use of the Poor.

XLII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever any Fish, Barrels or Casks, Salt, Nets or Kettles, or any Boat shall be seized as defined by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of the Irish Fisheries, on Evidence given to their Satisfaction that the Persons or Persons without any Licence of Vessel in the Possession of Proprietors, Claimant or Claimants, or Person or Persons having the Custody, Care or Management for the time being of such Fish, Barrels or Casks, Salt, Nets, Kettles or Boats, to order the same to be referred to such Proprietors or Proprietors, or Claimant or Claimants in such manner and on such Terms and Conditions as under the Circumstances of the Case shall appear to the said Commissioners to be reasonable, and as they shall think fit to direct.

XLIII. And

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture by this Act imposed, except in any Case where other Provision is hereby made, shall and may be paid for, recovered, levied and satisfied, in any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered and levied by any Law or Laws of Customs or Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Pleint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record as *Debts respectively*, or by Civil Bill in the proper Jurisdiction; and One Moiety of such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to such Person or Persons as shall inform or sue for the same.

How Penalties recovered.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, for the time being, under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, from time to time to nominate and appoint any Persons, not being less than Nine nor more than Twenty in Number, to be Commissioners specially for overseeing, directing and improving the Fisheries of *Ireland*, to be called Commissioners of the *Irish Fisheries*, with Power to them, or any Number of them, by the Instrument of Appointment to be determined, to nominate or cause to be executed the Provisions of this Act in manner herein mentioned, and for that Purpose to appoint a Secretary, and such Clerks and other Officers under them, (such Secretary, Clerks and other Officers being first approved of by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being), as they the said Commissioners of the *Irish Fisheries* shall think fit; and also that it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, to direct such Salaries or Allowances to such Secretary, Clerks and other Officers, and to any Officers of the Fishery to be appointed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* as hereinafter mentioned, and all such other Expenses as shall be incurred in the Execution of this Act, to be paid out of the Revenue of Customs and Port Duties arising in *Ireland*, as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall think fit: Provided always, that no Person shall act as Commissioner under the Authority of this Act, who shall be concerned directly or indirectly in the said Fishery, or any of them.

Lord Lieutenant may appoint Commissioners, Clerks, &c. for the *Irish Fisheries*.

with Power to appoint Secretary and Officers.

Salaries.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of the *Irish Fisheries*, so to be appointed by virtue of this Act, before they shall proceed in the Execution of any Powers or Authorities vested in them by this Act (first only the Power of administering the Oath hereinafter mentioned), shall severally take and subscribe the following Oath; that is to say,

Commissioners for the *Irish Fisheries* shall swear.

“ I, A. B. do swear, That I will faithfully and lawfully, according to the best of my Skill and Judgement, execute the several Powers and Trusts reposed in me by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled (*now before the Title of this Act*) according to the Tenor and Purport of the said Act; and that I am not directly or indirectly concerned as an Adventurer in the Fisheries of *Ireland* or any of them, or as a Carrier of Herrings, and that in so long as I shall continue to act as a Commissioner under the said Act, I will not be concerned either directly or indirectly as an Adventurer in the said Fishery, or any of them, or as a Carrier of Herrings. So help me God.”

Oath.

Which Oath any One of the said Commissioners may administer to the other or others of them.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of the *Irish Fisheries* to be appointed by virtue of this Act shall and they are hereby required to deliver or cause to be delivered annually, on or before the First Day of June in every Year, to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, a full and accurate Report of their Proceedings for the Year preceding; and shall also cause to be laid before both Houses of Parliament, within Fourteen Days after the Commencement of every Session next ensuing such First Day of June, a Copy of every such Report signed by the said Commissioners.

Commissioners to make Reports to the Lord Lieutenant and to Parliament.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, to appoint Persons at the respective Places on the Coast of *Ireland*, where Herrings or other Fish are caught or cured, and at the Ports or Places where Vessels are usually fitted out for the *Irish Herring Fishery*, and where Vessels employed in the said Fishery usually discharge their Cargoes, and also at the Ports of Exportation, to be Inspectors and Officers of the said Fishery, and to overlook the curing of all Herrings and other Fish caught, to take an Account of and clear out all Salt, Nets, Barrels and other Stuffs, shipped or put on board any Barge, Vessel or Boat for the said Fishery, and to inspect and take account of all Herrings and other Fish landed or exported, and to certify whether the Fish are properly cured, stored and packed, so as to be entitled to the Bounty by this Act granted, or as fit to be exported: Provided always, that no Person shall be appointed an Officer for the Performance of any of these Duties, unless such Person shall be skilled in the Trade of a Cooper, and in the curing and packing of Herrings and Fish, and fully qualified to execute the Duties which will be required of him under the Provisions of this Act: Certificates of which Qualifications shall be transmitted to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or his or their Chief Secretary; and every such Officer so to be appointed shall obey such Instructions, Orders or Directions, as he shall from time to time receive from the Commissioners of the *Irish Fisheries*, to be appointed by virtue of this Act, signified under their Hands, or under the Hand of their Secretary.

Lord Lieutenant to appoint Officers of the Fishery at Ports of Importation, &c.

Qualification of Persons to be appointed.

Officers to obey Orders of Commissioners of Fishery.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary and every Clerk or Officer of the Fishery to be appointed by virtue of this Act shall be liable to be suspended or dismissed from his Office or Employment respectively, by the said Commissioners of the *Irish Fisheries*, either for the Incompetency or for Neglect of Duty: Provided always, that every Inspector, Superintendent and other Officer of the Fishery, and the Secretary and every Officer and Clerk of the Commissioners of the *Irish Fisheries*, and all Officers whatsoever appointed

Officers of Fishery may be suspended by Commissioners. Officers to be sworn.

appointed by virtue of this Act, shall, previous to his entering upon the Duties of his Office, take and subscribe the following Oath :

Oath. *I, A. B. do swear, That I will faithfully and honestly, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the Office and Trust committed to me, of [the Name of the Office to be here mentioned] and that I am not directly or indirectly concerned as an Adventurer in the Fish Fisheries, or any of them, or in any other Fishery, or as a Carrier of Fish ; and that so long as I shall continue to act as [the Name of the Office to be here mentioned] I will not be concerned, either directly or indirectly, as an Adventurer in the said Fisheries, or any of them, or as a Carrier of Fish.*

So help me GOD.

Which Oath any one of the said Commissioners of the Fish Fisheries may administer to such Officer.

Commissioners may ascertain Measures for Harroings, &c.

CLIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of the Fish Fisheries shall be and they are hereby empowered to do and determine, by Rules or Regulations to be made by them for that Purpose, the Content or Capacity of every Measure by which Harroings or other Fish taken in the Fish Fisheries shall be bought and sold, also the Form or Dimensions thereof, the Sort or Sorts of Wood of which it shall be made, the Thickness of every Part thereof, the Number, Dimensions of the Hoops with which it shall be bound, and whether the Whole or what Part of such Hoops shall be of Iron ; and also to determine and direct what Marks or Characters shall be set, and upon what Part or Parts of every such Measure ; and also to appoint a fit Person or Persons at each Place or Places as they shall think proper to examine the same ; and upon finding any such Measure to be conformable in all respects to the Rules or Regulations to be made by the said Commissioners as aforesaid, to cause such Marks or Characters as aforesaid, to be branded thereon with a hot Iron in his presence, according to the Rules and Regulations aforesaid ; and if at any time after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty, any Measure not so marked or branded as aforesaid, shall be made use of in the buying or receiving, selling or delivering of Harroings or other Fish in the Fish Fishery, or on any Part of the Coasts or Shores of Ireland, every Person so making use thereof, shall forfeit the said Measure, and also the Sum of Ten Pounds, and the said Commissioners of the Fish Fisheries shall cause the said Measure to be destroyed ; and that the Provision made by this Act against the fraudulent branding of Barrels of Harroings with any Mark or Characters by that Act appointed to be branded thereon, by order and in presence of an Officer of the Fisheries, shall extend and be confined to extend to the Subject of this Provision, and so be put in execution against any Person or Persons fraudulently branding any Measure with such Marks or Characters as shall be appointed by the said Commissioners, or with any Marks or Characters contravening the same.

Using Measures not marked by order of Commissioners.

Penalty, &c.

Provisions of this Act against fraudulent branding extended to this Provision.

Obtaining Office of Fisheries.

Penalty and Offences on duly taking Fish.

Loss of Office and Penalty void.

L. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall offend, resist, oppose, molest or hinder any Officer or Officers of the Fishery, or any Person or Persons acting in his or their Aid or Assistance in the Execution of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing therein contained, every such Person so offending, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

LI. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer of the said Fishery shall demand, take or receive, directly or indirectly, any Fee, Gratuity or Reward whatever, other than such Salary as shall be allowed him by the Crown, for any thing done by him in the Execution of this Act, or of his Office or Employment, as aforesaid, every such Officer, on being convicted thereof, shall forfeit his Office and the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Commissioners to prepare Abstracts of Decisions, Regulations, &c.

and the same signed to be distributed.

Admiralty, on Application of Commissioners of Fisheries, to appoint a Superintendent.

Oath of Superintendant.

LII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of the Fish Fisheries shall and may, and they are hereby authorised to make Rules and Regulations, directing in what Form and Manner every Journal, Declaration or Account, required by this Act, shall be kept or made ; and to make and ordain such Rules, Orders and Regulations, from time to time, and to alter and vary the same as they shall judge expedient, to be observed, performed and complied with by every Person claiming or as claim any of the Bounties granted by this Act, either in respect of the Vessels to be used in the said Fish Fishery, or of the Fish to be taken or cured, and in all Matters in several relating to the said Fishery, or to the Persons who shall be engaged or employed in the same ; and that all such Rules, Regulations and Orders shall have the same Force and Effect, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been contained in this Act.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of the Fish Fisheries shall from time to time prepare, or cause to be prepared and printed, as Abstract or Short Statement of the several Bounties granted by this Act, and of the Conditions on which such Bounties are payable, and of the Regulations to be observed in the said Fishery, in such manner as may be easily understood by the Fishermen and others employed in the said Fisheries, and shall cause such Abstract or Statement, signed with the Names of Three of the said Commissioners for the said Fishery, to be distributed at the several Ports and Places to which the Persons employed and concerned in the said Fishery shall resort, and to be delivered to the Masters of Fishing Vessels for the Information of the Crew.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, upon the Application of the said Commissioners of the Fish Fisheries, to appoint One or more Commissioned Officer or Officers in His Majesty's Navy as Superintendent or Superintendants of the Fishery defined in this Act, for the purpose of causing the same to be carried on according to the Regulations of this Act ; and also as well for preserving Order among the Persons employed therein as for protecting them and their Vessels against Enemies, and under such Orders, Rules and Regulations as shall be made in that behalf by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

LV. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be appointed to be a Superintendent as aforesaid, before he shall do any Act in virtue of such Appointment, shall take and subscribe the Oath hereinafter required and set forth before the Commissioners of the Fisheries, or any One of them, or before any

Collector

Collector of the Customs in any Port in Ireland, or any Justice of the Peace, and which Oath each Collector or Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized to administer; and in case each Superintendent shall act without having first taken such Oath, he shall forfeit a Sum of Fifty Pounds.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Superintendent of the said Fisheries, or any Person or Persons acting by his Orders, at all times whenever he shall think fit, either at Sea or in any Loch or Bay, or on the Coast during the Continuance of the Fishery, or after the Return from the Fishery, so go on board any of the Vessels employed in the Fishery, under his Superintendence, to inspect the Licenses and Certificate of Registry of each Vessel, and the Journal kept by the Master, pursuant to the Direction of this Act (all which the Master of every such Boat or Vessel, on being thereto required, shall forthwith produce and deliver to such Superintendent, for his Inspection and Examination, and such Superintendent is hereby empowered to detain any such Boat or Vessel, till all or any of the said Documents demanded by him shall be so produced or delivered to him), and to examine whether the Master and other Persons on board the Boat are in all respects carrying on and prosecuting the said Fishery in the manner hereby required; and if any Person or Persons shall negligently or obstruct, or attempt to impede or obstruct, any other Person or Persons in the lawful Prosecution of the said Fishery, such Superintendent shall require such Person or Persons to impede or obstructing, or attempting to impede or obstruct, any other Person or Persons, to desert from the Boat; and if such Person or Persons is required to desert shall disobey such Requirement, it shall be lawful for such Superintendent to employ such Force as shall be necessary to compel him or them to perform Order, if the Master or any Part of the Crew are or shall not be in all respects carrying on and prosecuting the Fishery in the Manner hereby required, or had impeded or obstructed, or attempted to impede or obstruct any other Person or Persons in the lawful Prosecution of the said Fishery, such Superintendent shall report the same fully and particularly to the said Commissioners for the said Fisheries, and shall deliver one Copy of such Report under his Hand to the Master of such Boat or Vessel, and shall transmit another Copy to the said Commissioners by the first Opportunity; and if any Person or Persons shall wilfully or obstruct any such Superintendent, or any Person or Persons acting under him in the Execution of any of the Powers as him or them given by this Act, every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

LVII. And be it enacted, That if any Action shall be brought for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, it shall be commenced within Six Months after the Fact, and the Defendant may plead the General Issue, and give the special Matter in Evidence, and that the same was done in pursuance of this Act; and if it shall appear to have been so done, or if the Action shall be brought contrary hereto, the Jury shall find for the Defendant, or if the Plaintiff shall become sensible or suffer a Discontinuance of Action, or if an Demurrer or otherwise Judgment be given against the Plaintiff, the Defendant shall have Treble Costs.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers to be appointed from time to time under the Provision of this Act, as Inspector or Inspectors of the said Fisheries, to enter on board every Vessel fitted out for fishing, and lying in any Harbour, Creek or Haven of Ireland, within Headland and Headland, for the purpose of purchasing Fish to cure, to examine and see that all the several Laws and Regulations made or to be made for the better Prosecution and Improvement of the said Fisheries, be duly observed by all and every Person or Persons concerned therein; and upon any Complaint made or Information given upon Oath to such Person or Persons respectively, which Oath they and each of them it and are hereby empowered to administer, against any Person or Persons relation to and for the Punishment of any Offence which shall be committed against the Provision of this Act, in case a Warrant or Warrants against the Person or Persons is complained of or informed against, and to cause such Person or Persons to be complained of or informed against to be apprehended and brought before such Inspector or Inspectors by the Captain or Master of the Vessel, if belonging to a Ship, or by the Skipper of the Boat to which such Person or Persons may belong; and if it shall appear to such Inspector or Inspectors, or by the Testimony upon Oath of such Informer, or other Witnesses or Witnesses, that the Person or Persons is informed against or complained of shall have been guilty of the Offence or Offences with which such Person or Persons shall have been so charged, then and in every such Case such Inspector or Inspectors shall by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, cause all and every the Fine or Fines to which such Offender or Offenders is or are or shall be liable, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of such Offender, and for want of such Distress or Payment, to commit the Offender to imprisonment in the next County Gaol for any Term not exceeding Three Months; if the Person or Persons to be complained against shall abscond, then the Master or Owner of such Vessel, or the Skipper of such Boat, shall appear before the said Inspector within Twenty four Hours after the Service of Notice to appear before him; and if such Master, Owner or Skipper shall not sufficiently exculpate himself, by Affidavit, from being accessory to the absconding of such Person or Persons, in that Case, upon Representation to the Inspector to the Commissioners of the Fisheries, such Master, Owner or Skipper shall forfeit Twenty Pounds, and the Person to absconding shall be for ever debarred from recovering any Wages or Share of Fish to which he would have been otherwise entitled, by reason of his being a Hand or one of the Crew on board such Vessel, as if all Deceits to which he would otherwise have been entitled.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That in order to enforce due Obedience of the Duty and Tied to be committed to such Inspector or Inspectors, every such Inspector or Inspectors shall, previous to his or their entering into Office, take and subscribe the Oath hereunto required and set forth, which Oath any Commissioner of the Fisheries, or any Collector of the Customs in any Port in Ireland, is and are hereby empowered to administer; and if any such Inspector or Inspectors, or any other Officer or Officers of the Fisheries, shall take any Reward, Fee, Gratuity or other Consideration (except as is hereinafter provided), from or on behalf of any Person employed or concerned in such Fisheries, or any of them, or shall wilfully still in conceal

Acting without taking same.
Penalty 20l.
Power of Superintendent in regulating Fisheries.

Obtaining Superintendence.
Penalty 10l.
Execution of Actions.
General Issue.

Treble Costs.
Power of Inspectors to enter on board Vessels and examine compliance with.

Inspector to try Pleas by Deceit, and for want of Deceit in common Offences.

Masters of Vessels, &c. answering Offenders in exculp.

Penalty 20l.
Persons absconding not to recover Wages, &c.
Inspector to be sworn.

Inspector and Officers not to take Fee or receiving at Offences, &c.

Penalty 100*l*.

Privileges of
Revenue Offi-
cers extended to
Commissioners
and Officers of
Irish Fisheries,
&c.

Boats proceed-
ing to Fisheries,
to be numbered,
&c. and regis-
tered.

Penalty 40*l*.

Officers or re-
turn on Cal-
lisation an Ac-
count of the
same.

Regulations as
to drawing out
Ballast.

Penalty 1*l*.

Superior may
act as Notaries
in receiving and
making Pro-
tests.

and take the
Oath of Secrecy
thereon.

Persons ob-
serving, be-
lieving, &c.
Officers of
Fisheries.

may be carried
before a Jus-
tice, &c.

If found guilty
an Indictment.

Misdemeanor.

Officers not
deemed Treas-
passers, &c.

or excise as any Armed or Officer contrary to the Laws enacted in that behalf, any such Inspector or Inspectress, or other Officer being guilty of such Offence, shall forfeit his Office and the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

LX. And be it further enacted, That all Privileges, Protests and Provisions given and extended by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, for Officers of the Customs and Excise, on the Occasion of their going to the Execution of their respective Offices, as to any Affairs or Suits, or the rendering of Accounts, or the Payment of Costs, or any thing whatsoever, shall extend and be applied to the aforesaid Commissioners of the Irish Fisheries, and to the Superintendant and the Officers of the Fisheries appointed in pursuance of this Act, and to all Persons appointed to act under them, or acting in their Aid or Assistance, or in the Execution of this Act, as fully as to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Privileges, Provisions and Provisions were expressly inserted in this Act, and applied by the same for and in respect of the several Persons aforesaid.

LXII. And Whereas a great Number of Sail Boats and small Boats proceed every Year to the Fisheries on the Coasts of Ireland, and from the irregular Manner in which they bear, their Nets, the Fishery is greatly injured, and the Nets of other Fishermen are much damaged, and the Offenders cannot be discovered in as 'to be brought to Justice.' Be it enacted, That as every Boat proceed to the said Fisheries, unless the Name of the Skipper and Number of the Boat is cut or painted in large Characters with White Lead and Oil, on the Stern of the said Boat, and the Number on the Oars and Buoys belonging to her; which Boat, and her Number and the Name of the Skipper, shall be registered with the Inspector or other Officer to be appointed for that Purpose, of the District wherein said Skipper shall reside; and in case any such Boat shall show any Net, or take any Fish, without having the Skipper's Name and her Number painted, and being registered as aforesaid, the Skipper of said Boat shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings, to be recovered and applied in the same manner as the other Penalties in this Act; and each Inspector or other Officer with whom such Boat shall be registered, shall return an Account of the same to the Collector of the District in which such Inspector or other Officer shall reside, within One Month after such Boat shall have been registered as aforesaid, in order to be transmitted to the Commissioners of Fisheries.

LXIII. And Whereas the Harbours on the Coasts of Ireland have been materially injured by the irregular manner wherein Vessels relating to the Fisheries, throw out and discharge their Ballast; Be it further enacted, That no Fishing Vessel or Boat shall throw out or discharge her Ballast on any Part of the said Coast, except at such Place (all above Low Water) as shall be directed and appointed from time to time by the Inspectors of the Fisheries, or other Officers to be appointed for that Purpose within their respective Districts; and the Master or Chief Officer of any Fishing Vessel, or the Skipper of any Fishing Boat, who shall be convicted of having thrown out or discharged any Ballast contrary to the Directions of this Act, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds Sterling for every such Offence, to be recovered and applied in the same manner as the other Penalties in this Act are made recoverable and applicable.

LXIV. And Whereas the Persons concerned in the said Fisheries have frequent Occasions to make Protests during the Continuance of the said Fishing Season, and suffer great Inconvenience because there is no Notary Public residing on any Part of the said Coast; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful to and for the several Inspectors of the said Fisheries to receive and make Protests in the same manner as the same are now usually made or received by or before any Public Notary within this Kingdom, and that such Protests to be made and received, shall be good and valid, and of as high Authority as those now usually made before Public Notaries, and shall be of equal Credit, and in like manner received as Evidence in all Courts of Justice, and that each and every of the said Inspectors shall and may have and use a Seal of Office, whereby to authenticate such Protests as aforesaid, and shall also be entitled to have and receive for such Protests to be made before or by him, such Fee as a Public Notary would be entitled to in that behalf, and no more; and also, that it shall and may be lawful for the said Inspectors to administer such Oaths as are or may be necessary to be made by the several Persons who shall make Protests before them.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Officers of the Fisheries, or any Person or Persons appointed by or acting under the said Commissioners of the Fisheries, being on shore or going on board, or returning from on board, or being on board any Vessel or Boat engaged in the said Fisheries, shall be apprehended, obstructed or situated in the due Execution of his or their Office or Duty, any Person or Persons by opposing, obstructing or assaulting the said Officer or Officers in the due Execution of his or their Duty, and all such as shall act in his or their Aid or Assistance, shall and may be carried and conveyed before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace residing near the Place where such Offence shall be committed, or where such Person or Persons shall be apprehended, and such Justice shall, upon the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, in case he shall not find sufficient Bail for his Appearance at the next Quarter Sessions or Assizes to be holden for the County in which the Place aforesaid shall be found, to commit such Person to the Goal of such County, there to remain until the next Quarter Sessions or Assizes to be holden for said County, or until such Person shall be delivered by due Course of Law; and in case an Indictment shall be found against such Person or Persons, such Person or Persons shall forthwith plead thereto, without having time to traverse the same, and if duly convicted thereof, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor and punished accordingly.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Superintendant, or other Officer acting in the Execution of any of the Provisions of this Act, or in the enforcing any Rules and Regulations made and so far as under the Authority thereof, shall be deemed a Trespasser, or be liable to any Action, Suit or Prosecution, for or by reason of any Act, Matter or Thing, done in the Execution of his Office, or for the carrying the Provisions

of

of this Act into Execution, or enforcing any Rules or Regulations established under the same, and not done by him maliciously; and if any Person shall bring a Suit or Action for any such Matter or Thing, and it shall appear to the Court before which the same shall be tried, that the Act complained of in such Action or Suit was not done maliciously, and the Court shall certify the same on the Record, then and in that Case the Plaintiff shall not be entitled to more than Reasonable Damages, nor to any Costs of Suit.

XLVI. And for the Encouragement of the Coal Fisheries of Ireland, be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, from time to time to divert any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Sum of Five thousand Pounds in any one Year, to be paid to the Commissioners of the Irish Fisheries, out of the Revenues of the Customs and Post Duties in Ireland, to be applied by the said Commissioners in the Encouragement of such Coal Fisheries, under such Orders, Rules, Regulations and Directions, as the said Commissioners shall from time to time think fit to make for that Purpose: Provided always, that the said Commissioners shall, on or before the First Day of June in each Year, report to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, in what manner and under what Regulations such Sum or Sums of Money have been applied; and that a Copy of such Report signed by the said Commissioners shall from time to time be laid before both Houses of Parliament, within Fourteen Days after the Commencement of every Session next ensuing such First Day of June.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the further Improvement and Extension of the Fisheries on the Coast of the Kingdom*; and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, to explain and amend the said recited Act of the Twenty-fifth Year aforesaid; and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, to amend the said recited Act of the Twenty-fifth Year aforesaid; and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to explain and amend the Laws relative to the Fisheries on the Coast of the Kingdom*; all which Acts have, by several Acts, been from time to time continued, and are in force until the Twentieth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, shall, from and after the said Twentieth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, cease and determine, and shall no longer be in force and effect.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be in force for Five Years from and after the passing thereof, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

C A P. CX.

An Act to remove Doubts respecting the Dues payable to the Levant Company. [12th July 1819.]

WHEREAS His late Majesty King James the First, by His Letters Patent bearing date the Fourteenth Day of December in the Third Year of His Reign, did grant to several Persons therein named, and to their Sons, and such others as should then after be admitted or made free, that they should be One Fellowship and One Body Corporate and Politic, by the Name of "The Governor and Company of Merchants of England trading to the Levant Seas;" and by the same Name should have perpetual Succession: And Whereas His late Majesty King Charles the Second, by His Letters Patent bearing date the Second Day of April in the Thirteenth Year of His Reign, did ratify and confirm the said Letters Patent of King James the First: And Whereas by an Act made in the Twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for enlarging and regulating the Trade into the Levant Seas*, it is amongst other things enacted, that it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Person and Persons, being free of the said Company, separately or jointly to export or send to be exported from any Port or Place in Great Britain to any Port or Place within the Limits of the said Letters Patent, in any *Brigs* or *Plantation built Ships* (arranged according to Law), at any time, and to any Port or Ports whatsoever, being Freeman of the said Company, or Sons or Apprentices of Freeman (such Freeman, Sons or Apprentices being His Majesty's Christian Subjects), to long as such Person or Persons shall remain under and subject to the Provisions and Direction of the *British Antislavery and Confiscs* respectively for the time being, any Goods, Wares or Merchandises whatsoever, not prohibited by Law to be exported, and also to import in like manner from any Port or Place within the Limits of the said Letters Patent, Raw Silk or any other Goods, Wares or Commodities purchased within the said Limits (not prohibited by Law to be imported), upon paying or bearing the Customs and other Duties payable for the same to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by virtue of any Law now in force or hereafter to be made, and upon paying such Impositions or Sums of Money as shall be assessed and charged upon all Goods, Wares or Merchandises to be exported or imported as aforesaid, or upon any Ships laden with the same, for discharging the necessary Expenses of the said Company: And Whereas by an Act made in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend in respect to such of the Acts made in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of Henry the Seventh, or of any other Acts which prohibit the exporting, carrying or removing out of this Realm into Ireland, and to make of certain Acts made in Great Britain which prohibit the Importation of foreign Hops into Ireland, and which relate to the Drawback upon Hops exported from Great Britain to Ireland; and to allow the Importation into and Exportation from Ireland of such Goods as may be imported into or exported from Great Britain by the Merchants of England trading to the Levant Seas*, it is amongst other things enacted, that such Goods as may lawfully be exported from and imported into Great Britain in British Ships, by any Person or Persons free of the Company of Merchants of England trading into the Levant Seas, commonly called or known

able in Damages, except the Malice.

Lord Lieutenant may order Money to be paid out of Revenues of Customs to Commissioners of Fisheries, for Encouragement of Coal Fisheries.

Commissioners to report Application thereof, &c.

12 G. 3. (1.)

12 G. 3. (1.)

12 G. 3. (1.)

12 G. 3. (1.)

continued by various Acts on 12th Sept. 1819, are then to cease.

Continuance of Act.

Letters Patent

12 G. 3. (1.)

12 G. 3. (1.)

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- known by the Name of "The Turkey Company," be exported from or imported into any Port or Place in the Kingdom of Ireland, by any Person admitted or to be admitted into and made free of the said Company, in British or Irish Ships or Vessels legally equipped, on paying such Imposts and Sums of Money as shall be settled and charged on all Goods, Wares or Merchandise to be exported and imported as aforesaid, or on any Ships laden with the same, for defraying the necessary Expenses of the said Company: And Whereas Duties have been levied whether the Dues, Imposts or Assessments of the said Turkey Company are legally collected in Ireland in respect of such Exports or Imports mentioned in the last mentioned Act, in consequence of the said Act having passed in the Parliament of Great Britain before the Union with Ireland:
- 43 Ch. 3. s. 128. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act in part, during the Continuance of Hostilities, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, the Importation into Great Britain and Ireland in Neutral Vessels, from States in Arms with His Majesty, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and to empower His Majesty by Order in Council to prohibit the Exportation of Copper, and to permit the Importation in Neutral Vessels, from States not in Arms with His Majesty, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise, it is amongst other things enacted, that a Ship and may be lawful for any Person or Persons admitted into and made free of the Company of Merchants of England trading into the Levant Seas, commonly called or known by the Name of The Turkey Company, to transport into the United Kingdom any Goods or Commodities which have heretofore usually been imported from Turkey or Egypt, or from any Place within the Dominions of the Grand Signior within the Levant Seas, in any Ship or Vessel built in or belonging to Great Britain or Ireland, equipped according to Law, or in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Kingdom or State in Arms with His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, navigated by foreign Seamen from any Port or Place whatsoever, upon Payment of the same Duties, if imported in British or Irish built Ships, as the like Goods would be subject and liable to if imported in British or Irish built Ships directly from the Place of their Growth, Production or Manufacture, but if such Goods shall be imported in any foreign built Ship or Vessel, then and in such Case the Goods so imported shall be subject to the Duties which such Goods would have been subject and liable to if the said last recited Act had not been made; and it is by the said Act further enacted, that no Entry shall be allowed to pass at any Custom House in the United Kingdom for any such Goods of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Turkey or Egypt, or of any of the Dominions of the Grand Signior, as before the passing of the said Act might be imported only from such Ports or Places in the Straights or Levant Seas as are within the Dominions of the Grand Signior, or for any Drugs which would have been liable to the Payment of higher Duties when not imported directly from the Place of their Growth or Production, and which by the Authority of the said Act are permitted to be imported in manner aforesaid, until the Person importing or exporting the same shall produce to the Collector or other proper Officer of His Majesty's Customs in Great Britain, and to the proper Officer of the Revenue in Ireland as the Port of Importation, a Certificate under the Hand of the Collector of the Duties for the said Turkey Company, certifying that such Person is one of the said Company, and that he has paid the Duties imposed on such Goods by the said Company, and has conformed in all respects to the Rules and Regulations of the said Company relative thereto; and by the said Act it is further enacted, that all Goods, Wares and Merchandise of the Produce of Countries within the Levant Seas, imported into Great Britain under the Authority of the said Act, shall be subject and liable to the Duties payable in the Levant Company, in like manner as if such Goods, Wares and Merchandise had been imported into Great Britain directly from Turkey: And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to regulate the Trade between Malta and its Dependencies and His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in America, and also between Malta and the United Kingdom, it is amongst other things enacted, that it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons to export from the Island of Malta, or the Dependencies thereof, into the United Kingdom, any Goods, Wares or Merchandise not prohibited to be imported, being of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any Country or Place within the Straights or Levant Seas, in British built Ships or Vessels, owned, navigated and registered according to Law, and in no other Ship or Vessel whatever, on Payment of such Duties as now are or hereafter may be due and payable on such Goods, Wares or Merchandise when imported into Great Britain or Ireland respectively; provided that all such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, being of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any Place within the Dominions of the Grand Signior within the Levant Seas, so imported under the Authority of the said Act, shall be subject and liable to the Payment of the same Duties to the Company of Merchants of England trading into the Levant Seas, commonly called or known by the Name of The Turkey Company, as shall be payable on the like Articles when imported direct from Turkey by Persons being Members of the said Company; and it is thereby further enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons admitted into and made free of the said Company of Merchants of England trading into the Levant Seas, to export into the United Kingdom from the said Island of Malta, or the Dependencies thereof, in British built Ships or Vessels, owned, navigated and registered according to Law, any Raw Silk or Maltese Yarn, being of the Growth or Production of any Place within the Dominions of the Grand Signior within the Levant Seas, provided that all such Raw Silk and Maltese Yarn so imported into the United Kingdom shall be subject and liable to the Duties due and payable to the said Turkey Company, in like manner as if such Raw Silk or Maltese Yarn had been imported into the United Kingdom directly from Turkey: And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to extend the Privileges of the Trade of Malta in the Port of Gibraltar, it is enacted, that the Trade between Gibraltar and His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in America, and also between Gibraltar and the United Kingdom, shall and may be carried on in the same manner, and under the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, and subject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures, as are provided by the said Act with***
- 37 Ch. 3. s. 4.

‘ *respect to Mails and His Majesty’s Colonies and Plantations in America, and also between Mails and the United Kingdom, as if the same were particularly and expressly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of the said Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: And Whereas it is expedient to remove all Doubts as to the Payment of the Duties, Duties or Imposts granted to the said Company: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Goods, Wares and Merchandise, to whomsoever belonging, of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Turkey or Egypt, or of any of the Dominions of the Grand Signior, imported into the United Kingdom directly from Turkey or Egypt, or from any of the Dominions of the Grand Signior, or from any other Country or Place, shall be subject and liable to the Duties payable to the said Turkey Company under and by virtue of the said several Letters Patent and Acts of Parliament heretofore mentioned, or any or either of them.*

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Rules and Regulations in the said several Acts contained, for the purpose of securing and enforcing the Payment of the said Duties to the said Company, shall be and they are hereby declared to be in full Force and Effect, as fully and effectually as if the same had been repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act, any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

C A P. CXI.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, as relates to the Postage and Conveyance of Letters to and from the Cape of Good Hope, Ceylon, the Mauritius, and the East Indies; and to make other Regulations respecting the Postage of such Letters and Packets, and other Letters and Packets sent by the Post. [18th July 1819.]

‘ **WHEREAS** an Act was passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled ‘ *An Act for granting certain Rates on the Postage of Letters to and from Great Britain, the Cape of Good Hope, the Mauritius, and the East Indies, and for making certain Regulations respecting the Postage of Ships’ Letters, and of Letters in Great Britain: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act, so far as it relates to the Postage and Conveyance of Letters, Newspapers, printed Procs Current, and printed Papers, to and from the Cape of Good Hope, Ceylon, the Mauritius, and the East Indies, should be repealed, and that other Regulations should be made in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, so far as it relates to the Postage and Conveyance of Letters, Newspapers, printed Procs Current, and printed Papers, to and from the Cape of Good Hope, Ceylon, the Mauritius, and the East Indies, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

II. Provided always nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That any Penalty which shall have been incurred for any Offence contrary to the Provisions of the said repealed Act, previously to the passing of this Act, shall and may be recovered and applied in the same Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said repealed Act had not been repealed.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty’s Postmaster General, to demand, have, receive and take for every Letter or Packet which shall be brought into Great Britain by any Ship or Vessel arriving from Ceylon, the Mauritius, or any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or from the Cape of Good Hope, the Rates following; that is to say,

For every such Letter or Packet, a Sea Postage of Four pence; provided the same shall not exceed the Weight of Three Ounces;

And for every Letter or Packet exceeding the Weight of Three Ounces, a Sea Postage of One Shilling per Ounce, in addition to any inland or internal Postage which may arise upon the inland Conveyance of such Letters and Packets.

And for the Encouragement of the Masters or Commanders of such Ships or Vessels, it shall be lawful for the Postmaster General to allow to every such Commander or Master the Sum of Two pence a Letter or Packet, upon all such Letters and Packets as he or they respectively, on their Arrival from Ceylon, the Mauritius, or any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, or from the Cape of Good Hope, shall deliver unto the Deputy or Deputies of the Postmaster General, according to the Directions hereinafter contained.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty’s Postmaster General, and his Deputy and Deputies by him thereto authorised, as his and their Discretion, to collect and receive Letters and Packets of Letters directed to Ceylon, the Mauritius, or any Port or Place within the Limits of the said United Company’s Charter, or to the Cape of Good Hope, and to forward the same by any Ships or Vessels that he or his Discretion shall think fit; and also that it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty’s Postmaster General, and his Deputy and Deputies by him thereto authorised, to and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to demand, have, receive and take, for every Letter or Packet

Goods of Turkey or Egypt, &c. imported directly from thence, liable to Duties payable to Turkey Company, under several Letters Patent and Acts. Powers of several Acts extended to this Act. Public Act.

§ 5. s. 2. 124 &c.

repealed.

Penalty incurred may be recovered.

The following Rates of Postage to be paid.

Rates for Letters from India and the Cape of Good Hope.

Allowance to Commanders, &c.

Letters may be forwarded to India.

Packet that shall be delivered to him, or to his Deputy, for Conveyance in manner heretofore specified, the Rates following; that is to say,

Rates for Letters to India.

For every such Letter a Sea Postage of Two pence; provided the same shall not exceed the Weight of Three Ounces :

And for every Letter or Packet exceeding in Weight Three Ounces, a Sea Postage at the Rate of One Shilling per Ounce : any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Rates for Newspapers, &c.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty's Postmaster General, and his Deputy or Deputies by him thereto authorised, in his and their Discretion, to receive Newspapers or printed Price Currents, and also any printed Paper liable to the Stamp Duties and duly stamped, for Conveyance to such Places as aforesaid; and also that it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty's Postmaster General, and his Deputy and Deputies, to and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to demand, have, receive and take, for the Conveyance of the same, the Sum of One Penny for each Packet not exceeding One Ounce, and for each Packet exceeding One Ounce, at the Rate of One Penny per Ounce; provided always, that the same be first in Covers open at the Sides.

Letters, &c. may be forwarded in any other manner than through the Post Office.

VI. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to oblige any Person or Persons to send any Letters or Packets of Letters, or any Newspapers, or printed Price Currents, or any other printed Papers, to the *East India*, or to the *Islands of Ceylon* or the *Mauritius*, or any Port or Place whatsoever within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, or to the *Cape of Good Hope*, through His Majesty's Post Office, but that it shall be lawful for all Persons to send Letters and Packets of Letters, Newspapers, printed Price Currents, and other printed Papers to those Places in any manner that they may find profitable and convenient.

Commanders of Ships bound to East India are required to take Ships.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Commanders of all Ships or Vessels bound to *Ceylon*, the *Mauritius*, or any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, or to the *Cape of Good Hope*, are hereby required to receive on board their respective Ships any Bag or Bags of Letters and Packets which shall be tendered to them for Conveyance as aforesaid by the Postmaster General, or his Deputy and Deputies, without receiving or being entitled to receive any Remuneration for such Conveyance.

Refusing to receive, or neglecting to deliver.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Commander shall refuse to receive on board his Ship any such Bag or Bags of Letters and Packets, which shall be so tendered to him for Conveyance as aforesaid, or having received on board any such Bag or Bags, shall wilfully neglect to deliver the same on his Arrival at the Port or Place of his Destination, then and in either of such Cases, such Commander shall forfeit and pay a Penalty of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty and Court of Directors shall receive from any person any revenue and send Letters, &c. in sealed bags, free, &c. Provide.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Court of Directors of the said United Company, or the Secret Committee appointed by the said Court, in pursuance of Two Acts passed in the Thirty third and Fifty third Years of His present Majesty's Reiga, to receive from all Duty of Postage from the several Governments in *India*, or from any Agent or other Officer of the said Company, at any Place within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, any Letter or Packet relating solely to the Affairs of the said Company, and in like manner to send any such Letters and Packets addressed to such Governments, Agents or other Officers, free from all Duty of Postage; provided that all Letters be first be superscribed by the Chairman or Deputy Chairman, or Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the said Company.

And any revenue sent by Company's Ships free.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Court of Directors, Secret Committee, and Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the said United Company, to receive from any Officer or Agent of the said Company aboard any Letters or Packets entirely relating to the Affairs of the said Company by Ships in the Service of the said Company, in the manner heretofore accustomed, without Payment of any Postage, and without subjecting any Person to any Penalty or Forfeiture in respect thereof.

So as to Communicate for India and Chairman of Company.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Affairs of *India*, and for the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the said *East India* Company for the time being, to send and receive Letters and Packets to and from *Ceylon*, the *Mauritius*, or any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, or to and from the *Cape of Good Hope*, free from all Duty of Postage; provided that no such Letter or Packet exceed the Weight of Three Ounces.

and in Public Offices, where sent and receive Letters free.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent such public Officers as may now send and receive Letters and Packets free of Postage, from sending and receiving Letters and Packets free from any Postage directed to be paid by this Act, in the same manner as they are now authorised by Law to send and receive Letters and Packets free from Postage.

Privilege of sending to Secretary of Board of Land-revenue.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Secretary to the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of *India* for the time being, to send and receive Letters and Packets by the Post free from the Duty of Postage, in the same manner and under such Regulations and Restrictions as the Under Secretaries to His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State are, by an Act passed in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty's Reiga, or by any other Act, or by this Act, authorised to send and receive Letters and Packets free from Postage.

Letters from Governors of Ceylon, &c. to Agents of such Governments free.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this or any other Act contained shall extend to charge with the Duty of Postage any Letters or Packets addressed by the Governors of His Majesty's Settlements of *Ceylon*, the *Cape of Good Hope*, or the *Mauritius*, or by the Secretaries of such Governments respectively, to the Agents of their respective Governments residing in *England*, or by such Agents to such Governors or Secretaries: Provided always, that the Contents of such Letters and Packets relate *solely*

job to the Public Service or Concerns of such Governments, and such Governors, Secretary or Agent respectively superintends the same.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Directors of the said Company for the same being, to receive Letters and Packets free from Sea Postage, from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, by Ships in the Service of the said Company; provided that the Letters and Packets brought by any one such Ship to be received by any such Directors, do not collectively exceed the Weight of Six Ounces; and that such Persons as shall have been Directors may continue to receive such Letters and Packets free from Postage for One Year after they respectively shall have ceased to be Directors.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Owners, Charterers or Consignees of Vessels, whether in Great Britain, to receive their Letters by their own Vessels, from Cyprus, the Mauritius, or any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, or from the Cape of Good Hope, free from Sea Postage; provided that such Owners, Charterers or Consignees shall be defracted as such in the Address and Superintendence of such Letters, and that such Letters brought by any one Vessel to any one Owner, Charterer or Consignee, shall not collectively exceed the Weight of Twenty Ounces.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Owners or Consignees of Goods on board Ships arriving from Cyprus, the Mauritius, or any Port or Place within the Charter of the said United Company, or from the Cape of Good Hope, to receive Letters from the Sea Postage by such Ships; provided that such Owners or Consignees shall be defracted as such in the Address and Superintendence thereof; and provided it shall appear by the Ship's Manifest, that such Persons actually have Goods on board such Ship; and that the Letter or Letters brought by any one such Ship, for any one such Owner or Consignee, shall not collectively exceed the Weight of Six Ounces.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person whatsoever shall falsely superintend any Letter, as being the Owner, Charterer or Consignee of the Vessel conveying the same, or the Owner, Shipper or Consignee of the Goods shipped in the Vessel, every such Person and Persons so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That such Owners, Charterers, Consignees and Shippers, may on the Account of such Ship obtain such Letters as they respectively may be wanted to receive free of Sea Postage as aforesaid, from the Master of such Ship, before he shall make his Delivery at the Post Office in manner hereinafter directed; but nothing in this Act shall enable such Owners or Consignees to take away any Letters whatever not within the Limitation of Weight and Superintendence.

XX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Collector, Comptroller or other Officer of His Majesty's Customs, shall find any Letter or Letters superintended in the Letters of such Owners, Charterers, Consignees or Shippers, exceeding the Weight limited by this Act, then it shall be lawful for such Collector, Comptroller or other Officer, to take so many of the Letters as shall reduce the Remainder within the proper Weight, and he shall take the same to the nearest Post Office; and the Post Master of the Place shall pay to the Officer delivering the same at the Rate of Sixpence for each Letter or Packet so found.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That on the Arrival of any Ship or Vessel off the Coast of Great Britain, the Master shall cause all Letters on board his Ship (except such Letters as may be obtained by such Owners, Charterers, Consignees and Shippers as aforesaid, and except Letters and Packets exceeding the Weight of Three Ounces) to be collected, and enclosed in some Bag, Box or other Envelope, to be sealed with his Seal, and to be addressed to any of His Majesty's Deputy Postmasters in Great Britain, to be in readiness to land on Shore by his own Boat or by the Pilot Boat, or any other safe and convenient Opportunity, in order that the same may be delivered at the first regular Post Office which can be communicated with, and be distributed from thence by the earliest Inland Posts; and shall likewise cause all Letters and Packets exceeding the Weight of Three Ounces (except such as may be obtained by Owners, Charterers, Consignees and Shippers as aforesaid), to be collected and enclosed in some Bag, Box or other Envelope, to be sealed and addressed as aforesaid, and shall deliver the same at the regular Port or Place where the Ship or Vessel shall report, and shall at such Port or Place sign a Declaration in the Presence of the Justice authorized by the Postmaster General at such Port or Place, who shall also sign the same; which Declaration shall be in the Form or to the Effect following; that is to say,

"I, A. B. Commander of the [*insert the Name of the Ship or Vessel*] arrived from [*insert the Place*] do, as required by Law, solemnly declare, That I have, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, delivered, or caused to be delivered to the Post Office, every Letter, Bag, Package or Parcel of Letters that were on board the [*insert the Name of the Ship*] except such Letters as are excepted by Law."

And that until such Declaration shall be made and produced to the Comptroller or Principal Officer of the Customs, he or they shall not permit such Ship or Vessel to report.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Master of any Ship or Vessel shall willingly refuse or neglect to make or produce the said Declaration, he shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence, the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector, Comptroller or Principal Officer, hereby required to prohibit any Ship or Vessel reporting until the Requisites of this Act shall be complied with, shall permit such Ship or Vessel to report, such Collector, Comptroller or Officer, for permitting such Ship or Vessel to report, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if, after the Master of any Vessel shall have sent his Letters to the Post Office of any Port at which he may touch, prior to his arriving at that Port where the Ship or Vessel

Ships may receive Letters free of Sea Postage, to any Director the One Year

Owners of Ships may receive Letters by their own Vessels free of Sea Postage.

And also Owners or Consignees of Goods.

Falsely superintending Letters as Ship Owners, &c.

Penalty on Owners, &c. may obtain Letters before Sea Post Office.

Customs Letters of Owners, &c. which shall be collected in Post Office.

Masters of Vessels on Arrival to collect, receive and seal Letters. (Exceptions) and deliver same at the first Post Office, and also when ship reports, and sign the following Declaration.

Refusing, &c. to make Declaration. Penalty on Permitting Ships to report, until the requisites complied with.

Having Letters on board after

Delivery at
Post-Office, &c.
Penalty &c.

Revenue
Officers to
search Pack-
ages.
Penalty here
defined.

Breaking Seals
of Letters.

Penalty &c.
Commanders of
Ships of War to
send Letters to
Post-Office.
Allowance.

Money due to
Masters of Vessels
to be paid
by Postmaster
General.

Penalties here
to be recovered
and applied.

In Actions
brought for
recovering Letters
contrary to the
Provisions of
9 Geo. 3. c. 10.
or 45 Geo. 3.
c. 10. or of this
Act, Proof
shall lie on the
Defendants.

Application of
the Statute.

Liberation of
Actions.

General Issue.

Trials Com.

Proving the
Letters, &c. in
or from China.

Vessel is to appear, any Letter or Packet not exempted by this Act shall be found on board his Vessel, in his Possession, or in the Possession of any of his Crew, or any Passenger on board, every such Person knowingly having such Letter or Packet in his Possession or in his Baggage, shall forfeit and pay for every Letter the Sum of Five Pounds.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for such Collector, Comptroller or other Officer, at any Port or Place whatsoever, who in the due Execution of his Duty as a Revenue Officer shall discover any Letters or Packets on board any Vessel, or any Port or Place whatsoever, contrary to the Provisions of this Act, to seize and take all such Letters and Packets, and to forward the same to the Postmaster General or his Deputy at the Port or Place; and that the Officer seizing and sending the same shall be entitled to One Moiety of the Penalty which may be recovered for any such Offence; and that in all Cases of such Seizure, the Proof that the Provisions of this Act have been complied with, shall lie on the Person in whose Possession or Baggage the Letters or Packets shall be found.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person to whom any Letters may be entrusted by the Master of any Ship or Vessel, loaded up in the manner required by this Act, shall break the Seal, or in any manner open the same, or shall not duly deliver the same without wilful or unavoidable Delay, every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Bags, Packages or Parcels of Letters shall be brought by any Ship of War, the Commander thereof shall cause the same, and all Letters which may be on board (except the public Dispatches of Government), to be immediately sent to the Post Office in the first Port where he shall arrive; and such Commander shall, for all such Letters, be entitled to receive the same Allowance as may be payable to the Masters of other Ships and Vessels.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall happen from any unforeseen Circumstances, that the Master of any Ship or Vessel, or the Commander of any Ship of War, shall upon delivering his Bags, Packages or Parcels of Letters, be prevented from receiving the Money to which he shall be entitled, such Master or Commander shall nevertheless be paid the same, by the Order of the Postmaster General, at such other Place as may be most convenient.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That one Moiety of the several pecuniary Penalties hereby imposed shall be payable to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to any Person who shall inform and sue for the same, to be recovered, with full Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Indemnity, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Great Britain, wherein no Exemption, Protection or Privilege, or Wage of Law, shall be admitted.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That in any Action or Suit against any Person or Persons, for collecting, carrying, conveying, delivering or sending Letters or Packets contrary to the Provisions in an Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for establishing a General Post Office for all Her Majesty's Dominions, and for sending a weekly Sum out of the Revenue thereof for the Service of the War, and other Her Majesty's Offices*; or contrary to the Provisions in an Act made in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for amending in each of an Act passed in the Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or relative to the carrying, conveying or delivering any Letter or Packet sent by the Post*; and for the better Protection of such Letters and Packets; and for more effectually preserving Letters and Packets being sent upwards than by the Post; or in either of them, or contrary to the Provisions of this Act, the Proof that the Letters or Packets were collected, carried, conveyed, delivered or sent, according to the Provisions contained in the said last mentioned Acts, or one of them, or according to the Provisions contained in this present Act (as the case may require,) shall lie on the Person or Persons against whom such Action or Suit shall be brought for delivering or sending the same.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Monies to arise by the several Rates and Duties as aforesaid (except the Monies which shall be necessary to defray such Expenses as shall be incurred in the Management and Collection of the same), shall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer at *Whitehall*, and carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, the same shall be commenced within Twelve Months after the fact committed, and not afterwards; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be so, or that such Action or Suit shall be commenced after the time before limited for bringing the same, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon a Verdict for the Defendants, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be acquitted, or discontinued his, her or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in any other Cases by Law.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Letters or Packets in or from China, but that they may be sent and carried as heretofore has been used, any thing to the contrary herein contained in any way notwithstanding.

C. A. P. CXII.

An Act to grant, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, an additional Bounty on the Exportation of certain Silk Manufactures of Great Britain.

[11th July 1819.]

• WHEREAS it is expedient that the Bounty now payable upon the Exportation of certain Silk Manufactures of Great Britain should be increased for a limited Period: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, there shall be paid or allowed to any Person or Persons who, during the Continuance of this Act, shall really and truly export from Great Britain, by way of Merchandise, certain Silk Manufactures of Great Britain hereafter particularly specified, the Bounties, Allowances, or Sum of Money hereafter mentioned, in addition to all other Bounties or Allowances payable by Law in respect thereof; that to-wit, For all Ribbons made in Great Britain of Silk only (not being wholly or in part composed of spun Silk) and exported as aforesaid, the Sum of Three Shillings and Four pence for every Pound Weight Averdupois; for all Stuffs made in Great Britain of Silk only (not being either wholly or in part of spun Silk) exported as aforesaid, the Sum of Five Shillings and Four pence for every Pound Weight Averdupois.

Additional Bounties allowed on Exportation of Silk Ribbons of G. B. 3s. 4d. per lb.

and on Stuffs of Silk of G. B. 5s. 4d. per lb.

Bounty subject to usual Regulations.

II. And be it further enacted, That the additional Allowances or Bounties by this Act granted shall be paid or allowed in the same manner and subject to the same Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as the Allowances and Bounties granted by Law on the Silk Manufactures of Great Britain are now paid and allowed.

Value of Goods four times Amount of Bounty. Continuance of Act.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no such additional Bounty shall be allowed or payable, unless the Value of the Goods on which such additional Bounty shall be claimed, shall be at least four times the Amount of such Bounty according to the Value of such Goods at the Port of Exportation.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall extend remain and continue in force until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, and no longer.

C. A. P. CXIII.

An Act for continuing the Premiums allowed to Ships employed in the Southern Whale Fishery.

[11th July 1819.]

• WHEREAS it is proper to encourage the Fishery carried on by His Majesty's European Subjects in the Sea to the Southward of the Greenland Sea and Davis's Straights, for the purpose of taking Whales and other Creatures being in those Seas, by continuing certain Premiums granted in an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled An Act for continuing the Premiums allowed to Ships employed in the Southern Whale Fishery: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Premiums hereafter mentioned shall be paid and allowed to certain Ships or Vessels employed in the said Fishery, under the Limitations, Restrictions and Regulations contained in the said Act, and also in an Act passed in the Thirty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and mentioned in the said Act, and under the Limitations, Restrictions and Regulations expressed in this present Act.

55 G. 3. c. 42.

Premiums to be paid according to 55 G. 3. c. 42. and 15 G. 3. c. 95.

II. And be it further enacted, That for Eight of such Ships or Vessels which shall be so fitted and cleared out between the First Day of January and the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and between the First Day of January and Thirty first Day of December in each of the Four succeeding Years, and shall sail in the Southward of the Equator, and there carry on the Fishery, and shall return before the First Day of December in the Year subsequent to that in which they cleared out, to some Port in Great Britain, there shall be paid and allowed Three hundred Pounds to each of the Eight such Ships which shall be fitted and sail as aforesaid within the times heretofore mentioned, with the greatest Quantity of Oil or Head Matter, taken together, being not less in the whole than Twenty Tons in each of such Ships or Vessels, and being the Produce of One or more Whale or Whales, or other Creatures being in those Seas, taken and killed by the Crews of every such Ship or Vessel respectively.

Premiums to Eight Ships employed in Southward of the Equator returning before the first Day of Dec. the 3-1. next.

III. And be it further enacted, That for Four other such Ships or Vessels which shall be so fitted and cleared out, and shall sail within the times heretofore mentioned, and proceed to the Southward of Thirty five Degrees of South Latitude, and shall there load and carry on the said Fishery, and shall not return until after the Expiration of Fourteen Calendar Months from the Day on which they cleared out, but before the Thirty first Day of December in the Second Year after their clearing out, to some Port in Great Britain, there shall be paid and allowed Four hundred Pounds to each of such Ships or Vessels which shall be fitted and sail as aforesaid within the times heretofore last mentioned, with the greatest Quantity of Oil and Head Matter, taken together, being not less in the whole than Twenty Tons, and being the Produce of any Whale or Whales, or other Creatures being in those Seas, and taken and killed by the Crews of such Ship or Vessel.

To Four Ships employed in Southward of 35 Degrees of South Latitude, and returning to some Port in Great Britain, the 4th. 1. next.

IV. And be it further enacted, That for Ten other Ships or Vessels which shall be so fitted and cleared out between the First Day of January and the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and between the First Day of January and the Thirty first Day of December in each of the Four succeeding Years, and shall double Cape Horn, or pass through the Straights of Magellan into the South

To Ten Ships so employed doubling Cape Horn, &c. and returning within the time herein

Consent to make such Rules and Regulations as may be necessary for the Collection and Levy of the same, in the same manner as if the said Duty upon Spirits made within the said Colony had been imposed, collected and levied previous to the passing of this Act; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

C. A. P. CXXV.

An Act to repeal the Duties and Drawbacks of Excise on Plates or Sheets of Plate Glass, and to impose other Duties and allow other Drawbacks as hereinafter.

[18th July 1819.]

WHEREAS by certain Acts made in the Forty third, Forty fifth, and Fifty second Years of the said Majesty, certain Duties of Excise, amounting in the Whole to the Sum of Four Pounds Eighteen Shillings, are imposed for and upon every Hundred Weight of Materials or Metal, or other Preparations whatever, by what Namesoever the same are or may be called or known, that shall be made use of in Great Britain in the making of Plate Glass; and certain Countervailing Duties of Excise are imposed for and upon Irish Plate Glass imported into Great Britain, and certain Drawbacks are by Law payable on the Exportation of Plate Glass: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal the said Duties on Plate Glass made or to be made or imported as aforesaid in certain Plates or Sheets, and also the said Drawbacks, and to impose and allow such other Duties and Drawbacks respectively, as are hereinafter mentioned as hereinafter: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, all and singular the Excise Duties payable in Great Britain for or upon the Materials or Metal or other Preparations whatever that shall be used in Great Britain in the making of Plate Glass, in Plates or Sheets, not being of less Thickness than One eighth Part of an Inch, or of greater Thickness than Five eighth Parts of an Inch, and which shall be made for the purpose of being ground and polished as Plate Glass, and all and singular the Excise Duties payable in Great Britain for or upon Irish Plate Glass, which shall be imported or brought from Ireland into Great Britain, in rectangular Plates of the Size of Six Inches in Length by Four Inches in Breadth at the least, and which when ground and polished is not of less Thickness throughout than One eighth Part of an Inch and free from Stains, and of good and fair Quality, and fit for immediate Use as ground and polished Plate Glass, and which when unground and unpolished is not of less Thickness throughout than Two eighth Parts of an Inch, or more than Five eighth Parts of an Inch, and of good and fair Quality; and that from and after the passing of this Act, all and singular the Drawbacks of Excise payable in Great Britain for or upon Plate Glass exported shall be and the same are hereby respectively repealed, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, collecting or paying any Arrears thereof which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, relating thereto; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Duties and Countervailing Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned; that

41 G. 3. c. 59.
5th. A. Th.
Glass.
42 G. 3. c. 10.
5th. G. 3. c. 54.
43 G. 3. c. 49.
5th. C. Th.
Glass.
44 G. 3. c. 35.
5th. A. Th.
B. Th. Glass.
45 G. 3. c. 74.
5th. A. Th.
C. Th. Glass.

Duties payable in Great Britain on Materials or Metal used in making Plate Glass, viz. of a certain Thickness, and on Irish Glass imported from Ireland of the Description herein mentioned, and also the Drawbacks repealed, (except Arrears.) and in this Act the Duties following.

For and upon every Hundred Weight of the Materials or Metal, or other Preparations whatever, by what Name or Denomination the same are or may be called or known, that shall after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen be used in Great Britain in the making of Plate Glass, in Plates or Sheets not being of less Thickness throughout than One eighth Part of an Inch, or of greater Thickness throughout than Five eighth Parts of an Inch, and made for the purpose of being ground and polished as Plate Glass, an Excise Duty of Two Pence, and so in proportion for any less Quantity:

Duties.

For and upon every Square Foot Superficial Measure of ground and polished Plate Glass made and manufactured in Ireland, and which shall, after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, be imported or brought into Great Britain in rectangular Plates of the Size of Six Inches in Length by Four Inches in Breadth at the least, and of the Thickness throughout of One eighth Part of an Inch at the least, and which shall be free from Stains, and of good and fair Quality, and fit for immediate Use as ground and polished Plate Glass, an Excise Countervailing Duty of Two Shillings and Nine pence, and so in proportion for any less Quantity:

Countervailing Duties.

And for and upon every Hundred Weight of unground and unpolished Plate Glass made and manufactured in Ireland, and which shall, after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, be imported or brought into Great Britain in rectangular Plates of the Size of Six Inches in Length by Four Inches in Breadth at the least, and of the Thickness throughout of not less than Two eighth Parts of an Inch, or of more than Five eighth Parts of an Inch, and which shall be of good and fair Quality, an Excise Countervailing Duty of Three Pence, and so in proportion for any less Quantity:

And that in case of the Drawbacks hereby repealed, the following Drawbacks shall be paid and allowed:

For and upon every Square Foot Superficial Measure of ground and polished Plate Glass made in Great Britain, from Materials or Metal or other Preparations for or upon which the Duties payable for or in respect of Plate Glass shall have been paid, and which shall, from and after the passing of this Act, and before the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, be exported in rectangular Plates of the Size of Six Inches in Length by Four Inches in Breadth at the least, and of the Thickness throughout of One eighth Part of an Inch at the least, and which shall be free from Stains, and of good and fair Quality, and fit for immediate Use as ground and polished Plate Glass, an Excise Drawback of Two Shillings and Nine pence, and so in proportion for any less Quantity:

Drawbacks in case of Drawbacks repealed.

For and upon every *Ignare Pot* superficial Measure of ground or polished Plate Glass made in *Great Britain*, from Materials or Metal or other Preparations for or upon which the Duties payable for or in respect of Plate Glass shall have been paid, and which shall, after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, be exported in rectangular Plates of the Size of Six Inches in Length by Four Inches in Breadth at the least, and of the Thickness throughout of One eighth Part of an Inch at the least, and which shall be free from Stains, and of good and fair Quality, and fit for immediate use as ground and polished Plate Glass, an Excise Drawback of Two Shillings and Nine pence, and is in proportion for any less Quantity :

For and upon every Hundred Weight of unground and unpolished Plate Glass made in *Great Britain*, from Materials or Metal or other Preparations for or upon which the Duties payable for or in respect of Plate Glass shall have been paid, and which shall from and after the passing of this Act, and before the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, be exported in rectangular Plates of the Size of Six Inches in Length, by Four Inches in Breadth at the least, and of the Thickness throughout of not less than Two eighth Parts of an Inch of or more than Five eighth Parts of an Inch, and which shall be of good and fair Quality, an Excise Drawback of Three Pounds, and is in proportion for any less Quantity :

And for and upon every Hundred Weight of unground and unpolished Plate Glass made in *Great Britain*, from Materials or Metal or other Preparations for or upon which the Duties payable for or in respect of Plate Glass shall have been paid, and which shall, after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, be exported in rectangular Plates of the Size of Six Inches in Length, by Four Inches in Breadth at the least, and of the Thickness throughout of not less than Two eighth Parts of an Inch, or of more than Five eighth Parts of an Inch, and which shall be of good and fair Quality, an Excise Drawback of Three Pounds, and is in proportion for any less Quantity :

II. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, so as to repeal the Duties imposed and payable in and immediately before the passing of this Act, for or upon the Materials or Metal or other Preparations that shall be made use of in *Great Britain* in the making of Plate Glass, or for or upon *Ignare Pot* Plate Glass imported into *Great Britain*, otherwise than as herebefore mentioned.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Plate Glass shall, when and so often as he or they shall make or manufacture any Plate Glass, express and specify in a Notice in Writing to be delivered to the proper Officers of Excise by such Maker or Makers, before any Glass or Metal shall be taken or worked out of any Pot in which Materials shall have been put for making Plate Glass, and before or at the time that such Officer shall gauge and take an Account of the Metal therein, previous to any Glass or Metal being taken out or worked therefrom as aforesaid, whether such Pot of Glass or Metal is intended by such Maker or Makers to be cut or blown into Plates or Sheets under the Provisions of and subject to the Duty granted and imposed by this Act ; and if any such Maker or Makers shall refuse or neglect to give any such Notice as aforesaid, or shall before such Notice is given as aforesaid, take or work, or cause, permit or suffer to be taken or worked, any Glass or Metal out of any Pot charged with or into which any Materials shall have been put for making Plate Glass, or shall after such Notice has been given, expelling and specifying that the Glass or Metal in such Pot is intended by such Maker or Makers to be cut or blown into Plates or Sheets under the Provisions of and subject to the Duty granted and imposed by this Act, make use of or employ, or cause or suffer to be made use of or employed, any Part of the Glass or Metal in such Pot for any other purpose whatsoever, except as White Metal to be refined, all and every such Maker and Makers shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

IV. And Whereas a full Allowance in the Regulations established by Law for the Protection of the Revenues in the Manufacture of Glass, has been found by Experience greatly to obstruct the Preparation and Selection of Glass fitted for the purposes of Optical Instruments, used in the Sciences of *Astronomy* and *Navigation* : Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, from time to time to alter the Whole or any Part of the said Regulations, and to preferre such other Conditions and Securities in they may judge necessary and expedient for the better Preparation and Selection of Glass adapted to the making of Optical Instruments.

V. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *England* for the time being ; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *Scotland* for the time being.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all the Modes arising by the Duties by this Act imposed (the necessary Charges of rating and accounting for the same excepted), shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Windsor*, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks shall be respectively rated, levied, collected, recovered, allowed and paid in such and the like manner, and in or by any or either of the general or special Means, Ways or Methods, by which the former Duties and Drawbacks of Excise respectively heretofore imposed, were or might be rated, levied, collected, recovered, allowed and paid ; and the said Porters, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities, to by this Act respectively made liable to the Payment of or chargeable with the said Duties imposed or entitled to the said Drawbacks respectively granted by this Act, shall be and the same are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Particulars, to which such Porters, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities were generally or specially subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act respecting the Duties of Excise, or other Duties under the

Management

Management of the said Councils of Excise respectively, were or might be subject, and shall; and all and every Fine, Penalty, Forfeiture, or any Nature or Kind whatever, for any Offence whatsoever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, and for securing the Revenue of Excise or other Duties under the Management of the said Councils of Excise respectively, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in execution for and in respect of the said several Duties of Excise and Drawbacks respectively hereby charged, imposed and allowed, in as full and ample manner to all Persons and Persons whatsoever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Person or Persons whatsoever shall make, manufacture or keep, or erect, set up, enter or make use of any House or Place whatsoever in Great Britain, for the making, manufacturing or keeping of a certain Class called Beams, within the Distance of One Mile in a direct Line from any House or Place which shall be entered or used for the making, manufacturing or keeping of any other Class; nor shall any Person or Persons whatsoever make, manufacture or keep, or erect, set up, enter or use any House or Place whatsoever in Great Britain, for making, manufacturing or keeping any other Class within the Distance of One Mile in a direct Line from any House or Place which shall be entered or used for making, manufacturing or keeping the said Class called Beams; nor shall any Maker or Manufacturer of Beams make or manufacture any other kind of Glass, on pain of forfeiting for every such Offence, the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; and all and every Entries and Entry of any such House or Place to make use of for the making, manufacturing or keeping of either Beams or other Glass, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by such Ways, Means and Methods as any Vice, Penalty or Forfeiture is or may be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them who shall discover, inform or sue for the same.

X. And be it further enacted, That this Act, or any of the Provisions thereof, may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act to be made in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. CXVI.

An Act to defray the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and contingent Expenses of the Disembodied Militia in Great Britain; and for granting Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Quartermasters, Sergeants, Sergeants Maors and Sergeant Majors of Militia, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty. [15th July 1819.]

[This Act is in force as 58 G. 3. c. 58. except as to Dates, and as in the Schedule that are here referred.]

11. PROVIDED always, and be it further enacted, That any Paymaster of disembodied Militia, being either on Naval or Military Half Pay, or being entitled to and Allowance as having served in any of His Majesty's Regular Forces, or Navy or Marines, shall and may and he is hereby empowered to receive and take the above-said Rates of disembodied Pay, (viz.) Six Shillings, Five Shillings or Four Shillings per Annum, as the Case may be, and the receiving and taking such Rates of disembodied Pay as aforesaid shall not prevent such Paymaster on Half Pay, or being entitled to any such Allowance, from receiving his Half Pay or such Allowance, and such Paymaster shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to administer the same:

"I, A. B. do swear, That I had not between the _____ and the _____ any Place or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allowance of Half Pay as aforesaid _____ in His Majesty's Army or Navy, or Marines, (as the case may be); and I will accept my disembodied Pay (of Six Shillings, Five Shillings or Four Shillings, as the case may be) as Paymaster of the _____ Militia."

And the taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to enable such Paymaster to receive his Half Pay or the said Allowance, without taking any other Oath; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

12. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Sergeants Maors of the Militia, who shall claim under the Authority of this Act to receive any Part of the said Allowances, shall, previous to receiving the same, and in order to enable themselves therein, take and subscribe an Oath before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the United Kingdom, as the Wording or to the Effect following: (viz.)

"I, A. B. do swear, That I belonged to the _____ of Militia when the same was disembodied, and that I have continued to serve them from that time until the _____ Day of _____ inclusive, as a Lieutenant, Ensign or Sergeant's Maor (as the case may be); and that I was not in my own Right or in Right of my Wife, during the said Period, in the actual Possession and Enjoyment, or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments of such an annual Value above Reprints as would qualify me to hold a Commission of Captain of a Company in the Militia; that

Power of Act in force for extending the Government of Excise extended to this Act.

Enacting, An House for making or keeping Beams, and other Glass of Glass, within One Mile of such other. Maker of Beams making any other kind of Glass. Penalty paid, and Excise withheld. Recovery and Application of Penalties. Act altered, in this Session.

Paymaster allowed disembodied Pay.

Oath.

The following Oath is to be taken by such Subalterns to such Allowances.

- * that I have not during the above Period held the Appointment of Adjutant, Surgeon, Paymaster or Quartermaster in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia; that I did not hold or enjoy, nor did any Person for me hold or enjoy, during the said Period, any Office or Income whatsoever from the Public, or from any other Government, besides the Allowance of ^{a Day now claimed, except any}
- * Half Pay on ^{of the Army, or Navy, or Marines, or of a Provisional Battalion formed}
- * from the Militia (as the case may be). So help me GOD.

Which Oath to taken and Subscribed shall be produced to the Paymaster of the Regiment of Militia by the Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate claiming the Allowance.

XII. And be it further enacted, That upon such Oaths and Certificates as aforesaid, or where any Regiment of Militia shall not have been called out to their annual Exercises as aforesaid, upon the said Oaths being produced to the respective Paymasters, it shall be lawful for such Paymasters, and they are hereby authorized and required, to pay to the said Subaltern Officers and Surgeon's Mates, according to their respective Commissions of Lieutenant, Ensign or Surgeon's Mate, the Allowance above mentioned, for Six Months or other proper Period, on the Twenty fourth Day of September next, and the other Proportions of the same on the Twenty fourth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and on the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty, without any Deduction whatsoever; the Oaths and Certificates before mentioned to be by them preferred and produced among the Vouchers for the Payments from time to time made by them in pursuance of this Act, or of any Regulation made by the Secretary at War.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person being an Naval or Military Half Pay, or being entitled to any Allowance as having served in any of His Majesty's Forces, or Navy or Marines, and serving in the Militia, shall and may and he is hereby empowered to receive and take the Pay and Allowances by this Act directed to be paid to Field Officers, Captains, Lieutenants, Ensigns, Adjutants, Quartermasters, Surgeons and Surgeon's Mates, when attended for annual Training; and the receiving and taking any such Pay and Allowances by any such Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Quartermaster, Surgeon or Surgeon's Mate, shall not prevent such Person so Half Pay, or being entitled to any such Allowance, from receiving his Half Pay or such Allowance; and such Person shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to administer the same:

- * I, A. B. do swear, I had not between the ^{and the} ^{any Place or}
- * Employment of Trade, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allowance of Half Pay as a
- * reduced ^{in His Majesty's Army, or Navy, or Marines, (as the case may be) free and}
- * except my Pay or Allowance as a Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Paymaster,
- * Quartermaster, Surgeon or Surgeon's Mate, when attended for Training and Exercises (as the case may be),
- * for serving in the Militia of the County of

And the taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to enable such Person to receive his Half Pay or the said Allowance without taking any other Oath; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

C. P. CIVIL

An Act for defraying, until the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland; and for making Allowances to Officers and Quartermasters of the said Militia during Peace. [14th July 1819.]

[This Act is the same as 58 G. 3. c. 39, except as to Dates, as to the Sections that are here inserted, and as made Title.]

* VII. AND Whereas it is expedient to grant Allowances to certain Officers of the said Militia Forces of Ireland, with the following, under certain Regulations; Be it further enacted, That the following Allowances shall be made and paid, to the Amount, under the Restrictions, and in the manner hereinafter expressed, to every Subaltern Officer and Assistant Surgeon now bearing a Commission and serving in the Militia of Ireland, who shall have continued faithfully to serve until the disembodiment thereof; and also to every Supernumerary Subaltern Officer and Assistant Surgeon of any Regiment of Militia in Ireland, which shall have been augmented during the War, and which shall have been reduced to its original Establishment; that is to say, to a Lieutenant Two Shillings and Surgeon's Mate, to an Ensign Two Shillings a Day, and to an Assistant Surgeon Two Shillings and Surgeon's Mate a Day: Provided always, that such Allowances shall not be received for the time during which the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Officers belong, is attended for Training and Exercises.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Assistant Surgeons of the said Militia, who shall claim under the Authority of this Act to receive any Part of the said Allowances, shall, previous to receiving the same, and in order to enable themselves thereto, take and subscribe an Oath before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for any County in the United Kingdom in which they shall respectively be, to the Words or to the Effect following: (verbal).

- * I, A. B. do swear, That I belonged to the ^{of the Militia of Ireland}
- * when the same was disembodied, and that I have continued to serve therein from that time until
- * the ^{Day of} ^{inclusive, as a Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant}
- * Surgeon, (as the case may be); and that I was not in my own Right, or in Right of my Wife, during that
- * and Period, in the actual Possession and Enjoyment or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, of such an annual Value above Regard as would qualify me to hold a Commission
- * of

Paymaster to pay the Allowances on the 24th September, 24th December 1819, and 24th March 1820, without Deduction.

Persons being on Half Pay, or entitled to Allowance as having served in the Army or Navy, are prevented, if serving in the Militia, to receive the Pay and Allowances hereby directed to be paid, on taking the following Oath.

Allowance to Subaltern Officers and Assistant Surgeons.

Proviso.

Subalterns and Assistant Surgeons claiming Allowance to enter the following Oath.

- of Captain of a Company in the Militia of a County or large Town in Ireland; that I have not during the above Period held the Appointment of Adjutant or Sergeant in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia; that I did not hold or enjoy, nor did any Person for me hold or enjoy, during the said Period, any Office or Income whatsoever from the Public, except my Half Pay as a Colonel in His Majesty's Army, or Navy, or Marines (as the case may be), besides my Allowance as of the

Which Oath is taken and subscribed, shall be by the said Father-forthwith certified, and transmitted, and he is hereby required to certify and transmit the same, to the Paymaster of the Regiment or Battalion of Militia in which such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon shall be serving.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Subaltern Officer and Assistant Surgeon of the said Militia, who shall be entitled or claim to be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, shall regularly attend the annual Exercise and Training of the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, during the whole of the time by Law appointed for that Purpose, and shall during the said time punctually do and perform his Duty as a Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon of such Regiment, on pain of forfeiting the said Allowance, as well as the rest of his Pay and every Part thereof which may be due for the current Year in which he shall neglect or refuse to attend; and Certificate of his having so attended and performed his Duty, signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Battalion to which he may belong, shall be furnished by the said Commanding Officer to the Paymaster of the Regiment or Battalion of Militia to which the Officer shall belong: Provided always, that in case any such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon, claiming to be entitled to such Allowance, shall by his Commanding Officer be permitted or allowed, for any special Cause or unavoidable Necessity, to be absent during the whole or any Part of such annual Exercise, for which purpose it shall be lawful for such Commanding Officer to grant such Leave of Absence; then and in such Case it shall be lawful for such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon who may be so permitted to be absent, and have such Leave in Writing, as demanded, and receive the said Allowance and every Part thereof in like manner as if he had attended during the whole of the said annual Exercise: Provided always, that the Reasons for which Absence, as well as the Duration thereof, shall be carefully and truly specified in Certificates (in lieu of those before mentioned) to be signed by the Commanding Officer, and to be furnished as soon as conveniently may be to the Paymaster of the Regiment or Battalion wherein such Subaltern or Assistant Surgeon shall be serving.

XII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon shall die, or shall die at any time after having duly taken the Oath required by this Act or by any former Act, for the like purpose, such Allowance at the Rate by the Day respectively heretofore mentioned, from the time to which the last Payment thereof hath been or shall be made, to the Day of the Death of such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon, shall be made, and paid, by and under the Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Government of Ireland, entitled to the said Force by the Chief Secretary or Under Secretary, be applied and to the Payment of his Regrual Debt, if any, that is to say, of all Sums of Money due by such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon in respect of any Military Clothing, Appointments or Equipments, or in respect of any Quarters, or of any Debt or Regrual Accounts, or on account of any Advances or Advances made for any such Purpose; and then the Surplus of such Allowance, and so much thereof, shall be deemed the Personal Estate of such deceased, for the purpose of Distribution, or of any Stamp or other Duty payable in respect thereof; and if such Surplus shall not exceed Twenty Pounds, the same shall and may, by and under the like Order as aforesaid, be paid to such Person or Persons as shall be nominated in such Order respectively as being entitled thereto; and all and every such Payments and Payment is made shall be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been made under the Authority of any Statute or Letters of Administration; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament or Law or Laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Assistant Surgeons of the said Militia, entitled or claiming to be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, shall at all times be liable to serve in the respective Regiments or Battalions to which they belong, whenever the same shall be embodied and called out upon actual Service; and in case of Neglect or Refusal to attend when called upon, at such times or for such Quarters as may be required of them, in pursuance of the Laws now in force respecting the said Militia when embodied, such and every such Subaltern Officer and Assistant Surgeon shall, on such Neglect or Refusal being certified to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Government of Ireland, or his or their Chief Secretary, and to the Paymaster of the Regiment or Battalion, by the Colonel or other Commandant of the Regiment or Battalion to which such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon shall belong, forfeit his Claim to the said Allowance and every Part thereof, and shall also be considered as having resigned and vacated his Commission to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person being an Naval or Military Half Pay, or being entitled to any Allowance in being served in any of His Majesty's Forces, or Navy or Marines, and serving in the Militia, shall and may and he is hereby empowered to receive and take the Pay and Allowances by this Act directed to be paid to Field Officers, Captains, Lieutenants, Ensigns, Adjutants, Quartermasters, Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons, when assembled for annual Trainings and the receiving and taking any such Pay and Allowances by any such Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Quartermaster, Surgeon or Assistant Surgeon, shall not be deemed receiving or taking of Pay, so as in any manner to prevent such Person on Half Pay, or being entitled to any such Allowance, from receiving his Half Pay, or such Allowance; and such Person shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to administer the same.

Justice to receive Oath to the Paymaster.

Such Subaltern, &c. to attend the annual Exercise.

Penalty.

Certificate of such Attendance to be furnished by the Commanding Officer to the Paymaster of the Regiment.

Reason for granting Leave of Absence, to be inserted in Certificate.

In case of Death of any such Subaltern or Assistant Surgeon, how the Allowance is to be applied.

Subaltern and Assistant Surgeons may be embodied when called upon.

Penalty.

Person on Naval or Military Half Pay or entitled to Allowance in being served in His Majesty's Forces, taking in the Militia, may receive the same on taking the following Oath.

- Oath.** *I, A. B. do swear, That I had not between the* *and the*
any Place or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allowance of
Half Pay as a reduced *in His Majesty's Navy (or in the Marines, or in*
late Regiment of *) or Allowance as* *in*
late Troop of Horse Guards (or *Regiment of Horse reduced), save and*
except my Pay or Allowance as a Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Paymaster or
Quartermaster, Surgeon or Assistant Surgeon (as the case may be), for serving in the Militia in the
County of

And the taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to entitle each Person to receive his Half Pay or the said Allowance without taking any other Oath, any Lien, Oath or Qualification to the contrary notwithstanding.

Persons for
Chaplains or
Ecclesiastical
Functions.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Man in the said Militia, entitled to receive any Pension or Allowance from Chelsea Hospital or Aldershot Hospital, shall forfeit or lose his Right to the same by reason of his serving and receiving Pay in the said Militia when attested for Training.

Allowance to
Surgeons of
discontinued
Regiments.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to the Surgeon of each Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, when discontinued, a Sum of Money in addition to his Pay, after the Rate of One Guinea for every One hundred Men of each such Regiment, for the Expenses of necessary Medicines for the sick Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of such Regiment or Battalion during the Period or Periods of Assembly for annual Exercise or Training, and also an Allowance of Sixpence per Month for each of the Non-Commissioned Officers and Drummers of each Regiment or Battalion at Head Quarters, for the Expenses of necessary Medicines and Attendance, given to the Non-Commissioned Officers and Drummers in constant Pay at Head Quarters, while such Regiment is not called out for annual Training and Exercise.

Quartermasters
after 20 Years
Service to have
in consideration
receive an Al-
lowance after
the Rate of
their Pay while
Militia is dis-
continued.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, any Quartermaster of the said Militia who shall have served faithfully, either in His Majesty's Regular Forces or in the said Militia, for the full Term of Twenty Years in the whole, whomsoever shall have been as a Quartermaster of the said Militia, who shall have been or shall be by Age or Infirmary rendered unfit for further Service, shall, on producing to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or to his Adjutant in the Under Secretary, a Certificate of such Service of Twenty Years as aforesaid, from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, and obtaining from such Chief Secretary, or in his Absence such Under Secretary, an Order founded upon such Certificate, be entitled to receive, and the Paymaster of the Regiment shall be and is hereby authorized to pay such Person, his Allowance at the Rate of his Pay when serving in the said Militia while discontinued: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty: Provided also, that no such Quartermaster shall, by reason of receiving such Allowance as aforesaid, forfeit any Right which he may have to Half Pay, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

C. A. P. CXVIII.

An Act to give Relief in certain Cases of Afflictment of Taxes in Great Britain, and to Persons composing for their Afflicted Taxes in Ireland, from an Annual Afflictment for Three Years, from the Sixth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty. [12th July 1819.]

Persons not
liable to Assess-
ment after 10th
April which
shall not
happen after
Bankruptcy or
Insolvency, or
Articles kept and
used in Trade, and
overlooked, &c.
Persons for
Taxes not made
by Assessor.

WHEREAS it is expedient to give Relief from certain Duties of Afflicted Taxes in Great Britain on the Cases hereinafter mentioned: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Person or Persons becoming, or who shall have become bankrupt or insolvent, shall be liable to be assessed to the said Duties after the Fifth Day of April next after the time of such Bankruptcy or Insolvency, in respect of any Article or Articles kept and used for the purposes of Trade as or before the time of such Bankruptcy or Insolvency, which Article or Articles shall have been seized or surrendered, and had, sold, sold under or by virtue of such Bankruptcy or Insolvency, and not kept or sold by such Bankrupt or Insolvent after the Fifth Day of April next after such Bankruptcy or Insolvency: Provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect the Payment by the Assignee or Assignees of every such Bankrupt or Insolvent, and such Assignee or Assignees shall pay the Duties assessed on every such Bankrupt or Insolvent at the time of such Bankruptcy or Insolvency up to the Fifth Day of April next after the time shall have happened, as if this Act had not been made.

Certain Tax-
payers from
Duties on Pro-
cesses employed
in Grocers, &c.
in Grocers, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Duties imposed by the several Acts for charging Afflicted Taxes in Great Britain for every Male Person employed by any Person in Trade as a Shopman, or in the Capacity of a Grocer, Stable Boy, or Helper in the Stables, shall cease and determine from and after the passing of this Act, upon every Assessment made or to be made after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in respect of every Person being the Son of the Employer or Employers, or One of them, occasionally resident with his Parent or Parents, and so employed by him, her or them during such occasional Residence only; and in respect of every Male Person so employed under the Age of Fifteen Years, and wholly maintained and lodged in the House of his Employer or Employers, and in respect of any Male Person so employed, being of the Age of Fifteen Years or upwards, and bound as Apprentice to his Employer or Employers, or assigned to him, her or them, until such Apprentice shall arrive at the Age of Twenty one Years, or upwards, and wholly maintained and lodged in the House of his Employer or Em-

ployers.

players: Provided always, that the Creds of every such Remission shall be truly returned and filed in the manner required by the Act in force at the time of pulling this Act.

* III. And Whereas by the said several Acts, Duties amounting to the Sum of Five Pounds are imposed for every Male Person employed in the Capacity of or as a Traveller, where the same Employer or Employers shall keep or employ more than one such Male Person: And Whereas it is necessary in some Trades to employ many Persons to travel from Place to Place on Foot, and it is expedient to relieve their respective Employers from the said Duties for more than Four such Travellers: It is further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the same Employer or Employers in Partnership together, who shall employ more than Four Male Persons in the Capacity of or as Travellers to travel from Place to Place on Foot, shall still be exempt for every Male Person so employed above the Number of Four, any former Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners acting in the Execution of the said Acts and this Act to reduce the Amount of any Affidavits which shall have been made for the Years ending the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen respectively, on the Employer or Employers of such Travellers on Foot for any greater Number of such Travellers than Four, according to the Provisions of this Act, and as if this Act had been made prior to the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and in all Cases where Affidavits so reduced shall have been previously paid by the Parties, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to certify the Number of Travellers so charged, and the Amount which such Affidavits shall have been diminished, with the Creds or Credits thereof, to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and in that Case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes to order and direct the Receiver General of the County, Riding or Division who shall have received the Sums so paid under such Affidavits, to repay to the Party the Amount so reduced, which Order shall be an Authority to such Receiver General to repay the same, and such Repayment shall be allowed in his Accounts: Provided always, that no such Affidavit shall be reduced, except upon a Notice and Declaration being delivered by the Party making the Claim to the Surveyors, or the Commissioners of the District or Place where such Affidavit was made; and the Parties so making any such Claim shall appear before the said Commissioners to verify the same in the manner required by the said Acts in Cases of Appeal.

* V. And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain new and additional Duties of Assessed Taxes, and for consolidating the same with the former Duties of Assessed Taxes*, any Person chiefly retained and employed for the purposes of preserving Game, as an Under Keeper, is liable to be assessed as a Servant to the Person or Persons so retaining or employing such Under Keeper: It is therefore enacted, That any Person or Persons chiefly retained and employed for the purpose of preserving Game, as an Under Keeper, under any Gamekeeper duly appointed by any Lord or Lady of the Manors, such Gamekeeper being an assised Servant, shall not be liable to be assessed as an additional Servant, but shall be assessed after the Rate of Ten Shillings per Annum, and on more, unless such Under Keeper be also employed in some other Capacity by which he is liable to be assessed as a Servant under the Provision of the said intitled Act of the Fifty third Year aforesaid.

* VI. And Whereas by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to grant certain Rates, Duties and Taxes in Ireland in respect of Fire Houses, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Carriages, and Dogs, in lieu of former Rates, Duties and Taxes thereto, and to provide for the Payment thereof to the Holders of Receipts, and for the more efficient executing for the same, certain Rates, Duties and Taxes*, we are granted to His Majesty, payable in Ireland on Dwelling Houses, for and in respect of the Fire Hearths or other Places for Firing or Stoves, and of the Windows or Lights therein, and in the Outbuildings, Offices and Edifices appertaining thereto, and on Male Servants and other Male Persons, and on Horses, Mares and Geldings, and on Carriages, Race Horses and Dogs; and it is expedient to relieve such Persons as are willing and desirous of compensating for the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or for any of them, from an annual Assessment, and from all further or increased Charges on Articles of the same Description, for a Term to be limited, on condition of their paying certain additional Rates on the Amount of the last Assessment made for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty: It is therefore enacted, That all and every the Assessments which shall have been or shall be made in Ireland under and by virtue of the said intitled Act of the last Session of Parliament, for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, shall be and remain in force to the same Amount in respect of all and every the Persons and Persons who shall compound for the annual Payment thereof for the Term of Three Years, to commence on and from the Sixth Day of January which will be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty, upon the Terms and Conditions hereinafter mentioned; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Ireland, Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three or more of them, to contract and agree with any Person or Persons who is or are or shall be assessed or charged for the said Year ending on the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, with the Rates, Duties and Taxes granted by the said Act, or any of them, and who shall apply to the said Commissioners for that Purpose, for the Compensation of the Rates, Duties and Taxes which such Person or Persons shall be chargeable with and liable to pay for the said Period of Three Years, according to the Directions and Provisions of this Act; and all and every Persons and Persons who have been or shall be assessed and charged for the Year ending as aforesaid, with the Rates, Duties and Taxes made payable by virtue of the said Act or any of them, are and is hereby respectively declared

Cases of Exemption to be accorded.

How far House in Trade employing Travellers on Foot, exempt from Duty. Amounts for duty, light, and sleep, for any greater Number than Four Travellers, may be reduced, which being certified by Commissioners for Taxes, they shall order Payment of the Sum reduced. Notice by Claimant to Surveyors.

22 G. 3. c. 99.

Under Gamekeeper not assessed as an additional Servant, but assessed as a free gamekeeper.

28 G. 3. c. 28.

52.

Assessments in Ireland for Year ending Jan. 5, 1820, to continue the Three Years in respect to Persons compensating for the same.

Terms of Compensation to be Amount of Assessment for

ship, with all
affidavit on
Bills for
every ton.

Money received
on Consular
Point.

Compassers
may open addi-
tional Five
Paces or Win-
dows, and keep
additional Ser-
vants, Horses,
be without
Incurring Pen-
alties of Duty.

Composition
for Dwelling
Houses to close
on Jan. 1, 1821
after Removal,
Death, Bank-
ruptcy, &c. of
Dweller.

Composition
on Goods and
their Effects.

Effects are re-
movable for Reasons
of Composition.
In case of Re-
moval, Death
or Insolvency
of Compositor,
and not to be
removed.

and Effects
may be de-
stroyed.

Composition
paid on Rates
must pay the

Compositor
entered in
Allowance.

to be competent to enter into Composition with the said Commissioners for their, his or her said Rates, Duties and Taxes, for the Term of Three Years, to commence on and from the said Sixth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, on the same Amount annually as shall have been or shall be assessed and charged upon such Person or Persons for the Year ending as aforesaid, together with an additional annual Rate of One Shilling Eightpence Current for every Twenty Shillings British Currency of the Amount is assessed and charged, and to alter that Rate for any greater or lesser Sum than Twenty Shillings; and the Monies arising under the Compositions entered into under this Act (the necessary Charges for raising and accounting for the same being deducted) shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons in Ireland entering into any such Composition according to the Provisions of this Act, and paying the Amount of the same compounded for at the time and in manner specified in this Act, and doing and performing all other matters and things required by this Act, shall be entitled to make or open, and keep open, during the said Term, free of Duty or Tax, any additional Number of Hearths, Furnace Places or Stoves, or Windows or Lights, in their, his or her Dwelling House (and any Outbuilding, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto), in respect of which such Composition shall have been made; and also to keep and use during the said Term, free of Duty or Tax, any one or more additional Male Servants or Servants or other Male Persons or Persons, Hacks, Mares or Geldings, Horses, Mares or Geldings, Carriages or Carriages, Race Hacks or Race Horses, Dogs or Dogs, (although the same may by the said Act be charged with different and progressive Rates of Duty according to the Number thereof,) beyond the Number in respect of which such Person or Persons is entering into such Composition were or was or shall be charged in the Allowance on which such Composition shall have been made, and shall be exempt from any further Compliance with any of the Provisions contained in the said Act, and from all Allowances thereon, during the said Term of Three Years, in respect of all and every or any such Articles so compounded for.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Composition entered into under the Provisions of this Act, in respect of the Rates, Duties and Taxes charged on any Dwelling House in Ireland, from which the Person or Persons making such Composition shall remove during the Term herein limited, shall cease and determine on the Fifth Day of January next after such Removal; and every Composition entered into under this Act, in respect of any other of the Rates, Duties and Taxes granted by the said recited Act, with any Person or Persons who within the said Term of Three Years herein limited shall die or become bankrupt or insolvent, shall also cease and determine on the Fifth Day of January next after such Death, Bankruptcy, Insolvency or Aliénation.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Composition entered into in Ireland in pursuance of this Act, subject to the Demolition thereof as aforesaid, shall bind the Person or Persons entering into the same, his, her and their Executors, Goods and Effects, to the due and punctual Payment and Satisfaction, at the time and in the Proportions herein specified, of the full Amount of the same made payable upon the said Compositions, or by virtue thereof, during the Continuance of the same, according to and under the Provisions of the said Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons so having compounded, and ceasing or removing from the Dwelling House or Dwelling House in Ireland in respect of which such Composition shall be made, and the Executors, Administrators or Aliénators of such Persons or Persons dying, or becoming bankrupt or insolvent, shall be bound to the due and punctual Payment of all Sums so owing due or to accrue at the respective times of such Removal, Death, Bankruptcy or Insolvency, or which shall be payable upon such Composition for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of January next after such Removal, Death, Bankruptcy or Insolvency; and no Goods or Chattels whatever, belonging to any Person or Persons so having compounded, and ceasing or removing from their, his or her Dwelling House, or dying or becoming bankrupt or insolvent, shall be removed, nor shall any Goods or Chattels belonging to any Person or Persons so having compounded, be liable to be taken by virtue of any Executions, or other Process, Warrant, or Authority, unless the Person or Persons so having compounded, or their, his or her Executors, Administrators or Aliénators, or the Party by whom such Process, Warrant, Authority or Seizure shall be first set out or made, shall, before the Removal of such Goods or Chattels, pay or cause to be paid to the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes of the proper District, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of such District, all Arrears of the said Monies which shall be then due, or which shall be payable for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of January next after such Removal, Death, Bankruptcy, Insolvency or Seizure; and in case of Refusal to pay the said Composition Money then due or to give due as aforesaid, such Collector or other Officer is hereby respectively authorized and required to issue his Warrant to take and distress such Goods and Chattels, and the District or Districts in which shall and may be sold in such and the like manner in all respects, and under and subject to the like Powers, as any Goods or Chattels taken or distrained under the said recited Act shall or may be sold, and such Collector or other Officer shall have obtained Payment of the said Composition Money, together with the reasonable Costs and Charges according to such Districts and Sale; and every such Collector and other Officer aforesaid, shall be indemnified for so doing by virtue of this Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Monies to arise or become payable by virtue of any Composition entered into in Ireland under this Act, shall be paid at the same times and in the same Proportions, and in the same Person or Persons respectively, and in like manner, as the several Rates, Duties and Taxes are or shall be payable in Ireland by virtue of the said recited Act; and that all and every the Person and Persons so com-
pounding as aforesaid, and making such Payment as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the like Allowances as are
given

given and allowed by the said rected A^{cts} to any Person or Persons making Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes pursuant to the Provisions and Regulations of the said A^{cts}; and all the Monies to be raised under the said A^{cts} shall be under the Care and Management of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Officers or other Persons authorized and acting in the Execution of the said A^{cts}, in relation to the said Rates, Duties and Taxes in Ireland, shall give or cause to be given to all and every Person or Persons who shall have or shall be charged with the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, for the Year ending the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, or shall leave or cause to be left at their, his or her last or usual Place of Abode in the District wherein the Affiliants of such Person or Persons for the said Year last been or shall be made, a printed Form of Notice, to be used for the purpose of making Application to the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, by all Persons desirous of compounding for such Rates, or any of them, under the said A^{cts}; and all and every Person and Persons desirous of so compounding, shall distinguish and in writing in such Notice the several Rates, Duties or Articles in respect of which they, he or she are or is desirous to compound, and shall sign the same with their, his or her Christian Name and Surname or Names, to their, his or her usual manner of writing the same, and shall cause such Notice to be delivered into the Office of Excise of the District wherein the said Affiliants last been or shall be made, within One Calendar Month after the Delivery of such Notice by such Officer; and the Collector of Excise or other Officer in charge of the Collection of such District by whom such Notices shall be received, shall number the same progressively, and shall make or cause to be made an Entry, in a Book to be kept for that Purpose, of all such Notices; and such Collector or other Officer aforesaid shall transmit all such Notices to the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Sums payable under or by virtue of any Composition to be made in Ireland under this A^{ct}, shall be raised, levied and accounted for under the Provisions and Regulations of this A^{ct}, and of the said rected A^{cts} of the last Session of Parliament; and this A^{ct} and the said A^{cts} shall be construed in such Manner and to the like Effect as if the several Provisions in the said rected A^{cts} contained, for raising, levying, paying and accounting for the Rates, Duties and Taxes granted and imposed by the said rected A^{cts}, were expressly enacted in this A^{ct}, for paying the said several Sums contained in the Compositions under this A^{ct}; and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Directions, Classes, Matters and Things contained in the said rected A^{cts}, shall severally and respectively be observed, granted and put in execution throughout Ireland, as fully and effectually to all intents and Purposes, for the purposes of this A^{ct}, as if the same Powers, Authorities, Directions, Classes, Matters and Things, were respectively repeated and re-enacted in this A^{ct}, and shall severally be applied, enforced, deemed and taken to belong to this A^{ct}, in far as the same are compatible and consistent with this A^{ct}, in like manner as if the same had been enacted therein, and expressly applied to the Monies to be raised, paid and accounted for under the Compositions authorized by this A^{ct}.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland shall cause every Application to compound, which shall be made under this A^{ct}, to be carefully and diligently inspected and examined with the Affidavits or Affidavits made on the Petition or Petition as applying, for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, to make and issue such Orders, Rules, Regulations and Directions, with respect to the making and paying all and every the Compositions under this A^{ct}, as the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall from time to time think fit to make and appoint; and all such Orders, Rules, Regulations and Directions, shall be observed and obeyed accordingly.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all Notices, Certificates, Receipts, and other Documents or Instruments necessary for carrying this A^{ct} into execution in Ireland, shall and may be in such respective Form or Forms as the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, may from time to time direct and appoint; and it shall not be necessary to prove, on the Trial of any Complaint or Informations, or other Proceeding touching any Composition in respect of the said Rates, Duties or Taxes, or any of them, the particular Order, Direction or Appointment of the said Commissioners or any Three of them, for or in respect of any such Form or Forms respectively.

C. A. P. CXIX.

An A^{ct} to explain and amend an A^{ct} passed in the Thirty sixth Year of His Majesty King George the Second, for the Encouragement of Seamen employed in the Royal Navy, as it relates to certain Allowances to Navy Agents. [14th July 1819.]

WHEREAS by an A^{ct} passed in the Thirty sixth Year of His Majesty King George the Second, intituled *An A^{ct} for the Encouragement of Seamen employed in the Royal Navy*; and for establishing a regular Method for the payment, payment and certain Payment of their Wages; and for making them more easily and readily to come the same for the Support of their Wives and Families; and for providing French and English attending such Payments; it was declared that no Person or Persons whatsoever, who should be employed in receiving of any Wages, Prize Money, or any other Monies due or becoming due for or upon account of the Service of any Officers, Seamen or other Persons in the Royal Navy, should be entitled to take or retain more than Sixpence in the Pound for or upon account of receiving thereof and for paying the same to the Person or Persons by whom they or he should be employed; And Whereas by a certain other A^{ct}, passed in the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled

Form of Notice
left at Abode
of Persons
subject to
Notice, in
making Com-
positions to
apply to Excise
Office of Dis-
trict.

What is to be sent
forth by Com-
pounders in
each Notice.

Composition
Money to be
levied as pre-
scribed by this
Act and
the A^{cts} of 1810
and 1811.

Powers of
the A^{ct} of 1810
continued in
this Act.

Applications
for compound-
ing to be ex-
amined with
Affidavits for
the Year ending
Jan. 5, 1820.

Notices, &c. to
be sent to Com-
missioners of
Inland Excise
and Taxes
shall direct.
No necessity
to prove on
Trial any par-
ticular Order of
Commissioners.

31 G. 2. c. 20.

§ 70.

31 G. 2. c. 24.

*An Act for establishing a more easy and expeditious Method for the punctual and frequent Payment of the Wages and Pay of certain Officers belonging to His Majesty's Navy, and by subsequent Regulations established under His Royal Highness the Prince Regent's Order in Council, certain Commissioned and Warrant Officers of the Navy are permitted to receive Part of their Pay and Allowances by drawing Bills upon the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, and some are allowed to receive the Whole of their Pay in that manner, though it is still required of them to pass the same Documents and Accounts annually, or on quitting a Ship: And Whereas it is expedient to amend the said Act of the Thirty first of His late Majesty George the Second, Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much of the said recited Act of the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second as respects the said Allowance of Expenses in the Pound for receiving and paying any Wages, Prize Money, or any other Monies as aforesaid, shall be deemed to be and shall be, to all intents and Purposes, applicable and be applied to the full Amount of the Pay and Allowances receivable by all Commissioned and Warrant Officers of His Majesty's Navy who are by Law allowed to draw Bills upon the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, and shall not be deemed to be limited and restricted to Monies actually and *bona fide* passing through the Hands of the said Agents.*

Charge made by Agents for Amount of Commissioned and Warrant Officers already passed deemed lawful.

In future, Allowance of fee in the Pound to be the Charge for Agency.

For passing Captain's Accounts, Agent may charge 1l. per Cent. on Amount, and for Purser, 2l. 10s. per Cent.

Provision for Service Acts for Payment of the Navy.

Provision for Actions commenced before June 21, 1819.

II. And Whereas Doubts have been entertained whether under and by virtue of the said recited Act of the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, any Commissioned or Warrant Officers, in respect of passing the Accounts of Commissioned and Warrant Officers having annual or other Accounts to pass, beyond the Amount of such Allowance of Expenses in the Pound by the said recited Act authorized to be taken and retained for paying and receiving Pay, Wages, Prize Money, or other Monies as aforesaid: Be it therefore further enacted, That on all Accounts passed previously to this Act it shall and may be deemed lawful to and for Navy Agents to have made the said and customary Charges for passing such Accounts; but that from and after the passing of this Act the said Allowance of Expenses in the Pound for receiving and paying Wages, Pay, Prize Money, or other Monies as aforesaid, shall be deemed to be a full Compensation for all Trouble whatsoever which Navy Agents may incur or be put unto for and in respect of passing the Accounts of any Commissioned or Warrant Officer (except as hereinafter is excepted); and such Allowance of Expenses in the Pound shall be paid and payable to such Navy Agents over and above all Public Fees and Allowances paid by them.

III. And inasmuch as the Accounts of Captains and Purfers, and of Officers acting as Captains and Purfers, are intricate, and occasion much Trouble in the passing thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful to and for Navy Agents employed in receiving the Pay or other Monies of such Officers respectively, to charge, instead of the said Sum of Sixpence in the Pound heretofore allowed to be charged, the Sum of Three Pounds for every Hundred Pounds of the Amount of the Pay of all Captains, and Officers acting as Captains, and 6s. in proportion for any fractional Sum less than a Hundred Pounds; and the Sum of Three Pounds Fifteen Shillings for every Hundred Pounds of the Amount of the Pay, Allowances and Balance Bills of all Purfers, or Officers acting as Purfers, and 6s. in proportion for any fractional Sum less than a Hundred Pounds; and such Allowance of Three Pounds for Captains, and Three Pounds Fifteen Shillings per Centum respectively, shall be deemed to be a full Compensation for all Trouble whatsoever which Navy Agents may incur or be put unto for and in respect of passing the Accounts of such Captains and Purfers, or Officers acting as such respectively; and such respective Allowances shall be paid and payable to such Navy Agents, over and above all Public Fees and Allowances paid by them: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to claim, vary or repeal any Part of the said recited Acts, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force for the better Payment of His Majesty's Navy, as far as the said Acts, any or either of them, relate to inferior Officers and Boatsmen.

IV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to affect the Plaintiff or Defendant in any Action, Bill, Plea, or Information which shall have been laid out, commenced or prosecuted before the Twenty first Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or any Plea or Defence thereto, but such Plaintiff or Defendant shall and may be entitled in all Courts of Law and Equity to all the Benefits of the said recited Act of the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, and of every Clause, Matter and Thing contained, in both and the same manner as if this Act had not been made.

C A P. CXX.

An Act for establishing a Registry of Colonial Slaves in Great Britain, and for making further Provision with respect to the Removal of Slaves from British Colonies. [12th July 1819.]

WHEREAS Laws have been passed in several of the Colonies and other Foreign Possessions of His Majesty, for enforcing the due Registration therein, of all Persons who are now, or may at any future time be held in Slavery within the same: And Whereas Provision has been made for transmitting to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, a Copy duly certified of each such Registry: And Whereas it is expedient, both for the better and more effectual Prosecution of the said Copies, and for the Convenience of all Persons having any Interest in Persons held in Slavery in the British Colonies, that the Copies of such Registries should be deposited and kept in some Public Office in this Country: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords

His Majesty may appoint a Registry of Colonial Slaves to receive

Spirited

Spelman and Trespard, and Commence, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to nominate and appoint, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, some fit and proper Person to be the Registrar of Colonial Slaves, to receive the Copies of all Registers or Returns of Slaves, and of any Abstracts or Indexes relating thereto, which may have been, or which may at any time hereafter be transmitted from any of His Majesty's Foreign Possessions, either in pursuance of any Order of His Majesty in Council, or of any Law or Ordinance duly passed in any of the said Colonies respectively, which said Registrar and his Successors respectively, shall continue to hold the said Office during His Majesty's Pleasure.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them, shall assign to the Registrar so appointed, such a Salary, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Eight hundred Pounds per Annum, as shall appear to them adequate and proper, and shall for the Number of such Clerks, Officers or other Persons to assist the said Registrar, as may from time to time be necessary, and shall allow to them also such Salaries as may be proper, and also reasonable Summ for incidental Charges; all which Salaries and Charges shall be defrayed and paid in the same manner as the Salaries and incidental Charges of the Officers of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State are now defrayed and paid.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall provide a proper and distinct Office for the said Registrar, and shall appoint the several Fees to be taken by the Registrar or his Assistants in the said Office, and shall cause a Schedule of the same to be delivered to the said Registrar at the time of his Appointment, which said Schedule, or a Copy thereof, shall be always kept and hang for Public Information in the Office of the said Registrar; provided always, that the Fees to be received by the Registrar or his Assistants shall be carried to the Public Account, and the Receipts thereof, if any, after paying the Salaries of the Registrar and other Persons employed in his Office, shall be applied under the Direction of the said Commissioners of the Treasury, in aid of the Expenses of His Majesty's Civil List.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Person who may be at any time appointed Registrar of Colonial Slaves, shall before he enters on the Execution of his said Office, be sworn before the Chief Justice or One of the Justices of His Majesty's Courts of King's Bench or Common Pleas, or the Chief Baron, or One of the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, in the Words following:

"I, A. B. do solemnly promise and swear, That I will in all respects faithfully and uprightly perform the Duties of Registrar of Colonial Slaves, to the best of my Judgment and Ability. So help me GOD."

V. And be it further enacted, That any Registrar of Slaves who may be appointed by virtue of this Act, shall during his Continuance in such Office be incapable of being elected, or of sitting as a Member of the House of Commons.

VI. And be it further enacted, That as soon as the Office of Registrar of Colonial Slaves shall be opened, Copies and Duplicates of the several Registers and Returns of Slaves in the several Colonies, and all Papers connected therewith, which may have been received by any of His Majesty's Secretaries of State, shall be delivered over to the said Registrar, and shall be by him kept in the said Office; and the said Registrar shall from time to time carry on, continue, correct and enlarge the Copies of the several Registers of Slaves respectively, pursuant to the former Returns of Slaves which may from time to time be received from the several Colonies, and shall form such Indexes and Abstracts, and such convenient Arrangements in other respects, as may best promote Regularity in keeping the said Books and facilitate Search therein.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every such Registrar, or his Clerks or Assistants, so to be appointed as aforesaid, shall give due Attendance at the said Office every Day in the Week (except Sundays and such Holidays as are kept at the Bank of England), from the Hour of Ten in the Morning to the Hour of Four in the Afternoon, for the Dispatch of all Business belonging to the said Office; and that every such Registrar, or his Clerks or Assistants, shall as often as required make Searches concerning any Slave or Slaves that shall be registered or supposed to be registered in any of the said Books, and shall also, if required, give Certificates under the Hand of the said Registrar, as to the Registration or Non Registration of any such Slave or Slaves, with Extracts, when the same is or are found to be registered, of the Name and Description, or Names and Descriptions thereof, and of the Plantation or Plantations, Owner or Owners, to whom the same is or are deferred to belong, and of any other Particulars relating thereto which may be listed in the said Registry; and that such Registrar shall be entitled to receive for every such Search, Certificate or Extract, such Fees as shall be duly appointed in the Schedule of Fees to be fixed by the said Commissioners of the Treasury as is hereinafter provided for.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, it shall not be lawful for any of His Majesty's Subjects in this United Kingdom to purchase, or to lend or advance any Money, Goods or Effects upon the Security of any Slave or Slaves in any of His Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions, unless such Slave or Slaves shall appear by the Returns received therein to have been first duly registered in the said Office of the Registrar of Colonial Slaves; and that every Sale, Mortgage and Conveyance, or Assurance of, and every Charge or other Security upon any Slave or Slaves not so appearing to be registered, which in any time or times after the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, shall be made or executed within this United Kingdom or in or out of any of His Majesty's Subjects, shall be absolutely null and void in respect of any such unregistered Slave or Slaves, and that for this Purpose no Slave or Slaves shall be deemed and taken to be duly registered, unless it shall appear that a Return of such Slave or Slaves duly made by the Owner or Owners, or other Persons

Copies of Returns, &c. from His Majesty's Foreign Possessions.

Treasury to assign such Registrar a Salary and reasonable fixed pay Assistants and the Number of Clerks, &c. and allow them Salaries.

Office to be provided, and a Schedule of Fees prepared.

Appointments of Fees.

Registrar to make an Oath before he enters upon Office.

Oath.

Registrar not eligible to sit in House of Commons.

Copies and Duplicates of Registers &c. delivered to Registrar as soon as they are received from Colonies.

Attendance daily from Ten to Four (except Sundays and Holidays).

Searches to be made and Certificates given by Registrar.

Fees for Search.

After Jan. 1, 1820, no Purchase or Money loan on Security of Slaves, unregistered, Sale or Mortgage, whereby such Slave or Slaves shall be used, &c.

What shall be duly registered.

Persons in his or their behalf, in the manner and Form required by Law, in the Colony in which such Slave or Slaves may reside, or a Copy or Abstract of such Return, shall have been received in the Office of the said Registrar, from the Colony in which such Slave or Slaves shall reside, within the Four Years next preceeding the Date of such Sale, Mortgage, Conveyance or Assignment, Charge or Security as aforesaid.

IX. And it is hereby further enacted, That from and after the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, no Deed or Instrument made or executed within this United Kingdom, whereby any Slave or Slaves in any of the said Colonies shall be intended to be conveyed, sold, charged or in any manner transferred or conveyed, or any Estate or Interest therein created or raised, shall be good or valid in Law, to pass or convey, charge or affect any such Slave or Slaves, unless the registered Name and Description or Names and Descriptions of such Slave or Slaves shall be duly set forth in such Deed or Instrument, or in some Schedule thereto annexed or thereto assigned, according to the then last Registration or corrected Registration of such Slave or Slaves in the said Office of the Registrar of Slaves: Provided always, that no Deed or Instrument shall be avoided or impeached, by reason of a Clerical Error in setting forth the Names and Descriptions of any Slave or Slaves therein, or in any Schedule thereto contained, nor shall the same be avoided or impeached by reason of any Disagreement between the Names and Descriptions, and the Entries thereof in the Books of Registry, or Duplicate Registry, which shall have arisen from any Error or Default of the Registrar, his Assistant or Clerk, in extracting and certifying the said Names and Descriptions, without the fraudulent Contrivance or wilful Default of the Parties to such Deed or Instrument: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend to or be construed to hinder or prevent the Transfer or Assignment of any Security, Mortgage or Charge of or upon Slaves granted, made, created or executed antecedently to the passing of this Act, nor to avoid any Deed or Instrument whereby such Security, Mortgage or Charge shall be heretofore transferred, nor to avoid, hinder or impeach any Will, Codicil or other Testamentary Paper, or any Probate or Letters of Administration, or any Bill of Sale, Assignment, Conveyance or Instrument made by or under the Authority of any Commission of Bankruptcy, or any Public Officer appointed to assign or convey any Insolvent's Estate and Effects, or by or under the Authority of any Court of Justice, or any Officer thereof, or in the Execution of any legal Process, by reason that the registered Names and Descriptions of any Slaves are not set forth in such Deed, Will, Codicil, Testamentary Paper, Probate, Letters of Administration, Bill of Sale, Assignment, Conveyance or Instrument.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Will of any Slave or Slaves named or described in any Deed or Instrument executed in the United Kingdom, or any Schedule thereto, here after the Return required by Law, in the Colony in which such Slave or Slaves may be resident, who shall afterwards be duly registered in the next Return required by Law in the said Colony, shall be deemed and considered to pass, and be conveyed and affected as registered Slaves by such Deed or Instrument, as effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Will were therein named and described, any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to prevent the Importation of Slaves, by any of His Majesty's Subjects, into any Islands, Colonies, Plantations or Territories belonging to any Foreign Sovereign, State or Power; and also to order more effectual a certain Order made by His Majesty in Council on the Eleventh Day of August One thousand eight hundred and five, for preventing the Importation of Slaves (in certain Cases) into any of the Colonies, Islands or Plantations in the Possession of America or in the West Indies, which have been surrendered to His Majesty's Arms during the progress of War; and to prevent the fitting out of Foreign Slave Ships from British Ports; certain Regulations were made with respect to the Removal of Slaves from one British Colony to another: And Whereas it is expedient further to regulate the same: Be it therefore further enacted, That wherever any Slave or Slaves shall be sent from any Colony now or heretofore under the Dominion of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, with intent that such Slave or Slaves shall be removed to and remain in some other Colony under the Dominion of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, the Owner or Owners, or other Person or Persons sending any such Slave or Slaves, shall produce to the Collector or other Principal Officer of His Majesty's Customs at the Port at which any such Slave or Slaves shall be shipped or embarked, a Copy duly certified by the Registrar of the said Colony, of the Name and Description, or Names and Descriptions, by which such Slave or Slaves has or have been registered, and of all other Particulars relating thereto filed in the said Registry; which Copy is certified shall be by such Collector or other Principal Officer indorsed with his own Name and Hand Writing, and shall be annexed to the Clearance or Permit to be given for the Shipment and Exportation of such Slave or Slaves, and shall on the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel in which such Slave or Slaves shall be sent, at the Port in any other British Colony to which the same shall be destined, be produced also to the Collector or Principal Officer of the Customs at such last mentioned Port, who shall examine the same, and shall also forthwith by personal Inspection whether the Slave or Slaves brought by such Ship or Vessel agree in Description with the Slave or Slaves mentioned in such Certificate or Clearance, and if not, shall relate to about the same to an Entry, but in case of such Agreement, shall indorse such Certificate with his Name and Hand Writing, and the said Certificate so indorsed shall be forthwith delivered by the Collector to the Registrar of Slaves in such last mentioned Colony.*

XII. And be it and it is hereby further enacted, That if any Slave or Slaves shall be exported, sent, carried or conveyed from any Colony under the Dominion of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, without such certified Copy from the Registrar of the Colony from which the same shall be so exported, sent, carried or conveyed, such Slave or Slaves, with the Ship or Vessel in which the same shall be so exported, sent, carried or conveyed, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized as forfeited, and prosecuted, condemned and dealt with in all respects as if such Slave or Slaves had been brought from or destined to any Foreign Colony or Place.

No Deed executed for the Conveyance of Slaves valid, unless registered according to Statute.

Wills cannot be avoided by clerical Error.

Previous to Statute executed before passing of Act, and cannot other Deeds hereto mentioned.

In which Case Deeds of Slaves named in any Deed taken to be conveyed thereby.

47 G. 3. c. 17.

§ 12.

When Slaves sent from one Colony to another, Owners to produce at Port of Shipment a certified Copy of Registrar of Slaves, that, to be indorsed and annexed to Clearance, and produced to Officer at Port of Arrival, which, if the Slaves agree with the Description therein.

Slaves sent without such Certificate forfeited, together with Ship, &c. accordingly in 47 G. 3. c. 17.

Place contrary to the Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the Abolition of the Slave Trade*: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall prevent or be construed to prevent the Embarkation or Passage from One British Colony to another, or to any other Colony or Place, in such manner as is now permitted by Law, of any domestic Slave or Slaves in actual Attendance on the Person of his, her or their Master or Mistress, or any Part of the Family of such Master or Mistress, being a Passenger or Passengers in the same Ship or Vessel, or of any Slave or Slaves employed as a Mariner or Mariners on board of any such Ship or Vessel: but in addition to all Clearances and Certificates now required by Law, it shall be necessary, in all such Cases after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty, for the Master or Owner of any such domestic Slave or Slaves, or Mariner or Mariners, to obtain from the Registrar of the Colony to which the same shall belong, an Extract certified by the Registrar thereof, shewing that such domestic Slave or Slaves, or that such Slave or Slaves employed as a Mariner or Mariners, has or have been duly entered in the Slave Registry of the said Colony, by their Name and Description or Names and Descriptions therein specified; which Extract and Certificate shall be always on board the Ship or Vessel in which any such Domestic or Mariner is carried or employed; and unless such Extract and Certificate of Registration shall be found on board, any such Slave or Slaves so carried or employed after the time aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized as forfeited, and prosecuted, condemned and dealt with as aforesaid: Provided always, that if any domestic Slave or Slaves in actual Attendance upon the Person of his, her or their Master or Mistress, or any Part of the Family of such Master or Mistress, shall be brought into or landed in any British Colony, the Extract and Certificate of his, her or their Registration in the Colony from which he, she or they may have come, shall be forthwith produced to the Collector or Principal Officer of the Customs, and a Copy thereof shall be by him delivered to the Registrar of Slaves in the Colony into which he, she or they may be brought; and if the said domestic Slave or Slaves shall be again removed from the Colony into which they may have been brought previous to the next Period for making Returns of Slaves therein, the Collector shall, previous to the Embarkation of such domestic Slave or Slaves, return to the Party requiring it the original Extract and Certificate of Registration delivered into his Office, so he keeps on board the Ship or Vessel in which such domestic Slave or Slaves may be carried.

XIII. And he it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

Proviso for Embarkation of domestic Slaves as now allowed.

After Jan. 1, 1820, Owners of domestic Slaves, i.e. in whole Entrance certified by Registrar of Registry to be kept on board, and produced to Officer, &c.

Amended, &c. this Session.

C A P. CXXI.

An Act to make further Regulations for the Prevention of Smuggling.

[11th July 1819.]

WHEREAS by the Laws now in force certain Vessels and Boats, belonging in the whole or in part to His Majesty's Subjects, or whereof One Half of the Persons on board are Subjects of His Majesty, if found or discovered to have been within certain Distances of the Coasts of Great Britain and Ireland, having on board Foreign Spirits, Tea, Tobacco or Snuff, are liable to Forfeiture, and every Person on board, being a Subject of His Majesty, is liable to be arrested and taken before a Justice of the Peace, and sent prisoning to be a Passenger, to be fined or imprisoned into His Majesty's Naval Service: And Whereas the Intention of those Laws are defeated by Foreign Vessels and Boats having on board His Majesty's Subjects, although not amounting to Half, and also by some of such Subjects pretending to be Passengers: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Foreign Smuggling Vessel or Boat, in which there shall be One or more Subjects of His Majesty, whether Mariner or Persons pretending to be Passengers, shall be found or discovered to have been within Four Leagues of that Part of the Coast of Great Britain which is between the North Foreland on the Coast of Kent, and Beachy Head on the Coast of Sussex, or within Eight Leagues of any other Part of the Coast of Great Britain or Ireland, having on board any Foreign Brandy, Rum, Geneva or other Spirits, in any Cask or Package of less Size or Content than Sixty Gallons (except only for the Use of the Seamen belonging to and on board such Vessel or Boat, not exceeding two Gallons for each Seaman); or any Tea exceeding Six Pounds in the whole; or any Tobacco or Snuff, in any Cask or Package whatever containing less than Four hundred and fifty Pounds Weight, except loose Tobacco for the Use of the Seamen on board such Vessel or Boat, not exceeding Five Pounds Weight of Tobacco for each Seaman, and except such Tea or manufactured Tobacco or Snuff as shall have been duly stamped for Exportation as Merchandise on board such Vessel or Boat from some Port or Place in Ireland; such Vessel or Boat, together with all the Goods laden therein, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized, prosecuted and dealt with as by the Laws now in force for the Prevention of Smuggling; and every such Subject of His Majesty, who shall be found on board such Vessel or Boat, shall be liable to all the Pains and Penalties, and shall and may be detained, prosecuted, convicted or delivered over to His Majesty's Navy, in the manner as Persons being Subjects of His Majesty, and found on board Vessels or Boats liable to Forfeiture, belonging wholly or in part to His Majesty's Subjects, or whereof One Half of the Persons on board are Subjects of His Majesty, may, by any Law or Laws now in force, be detained, prosecuted, convicted or delivered over to His Majesty's Navy; and the Officer or Officers detaining such Person shall be allowed the like Reward, and Part or Share of any Penalty that may be recovered from any such Person, as is now by Law allowed and paid for the Detention of Persons in similar Cases.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That such Distance of Eight Leagues in this Act mentioned may and shall be measured in any Direction between the Southward and Eastward of Beachy Head, and the Provisions of this Act shall extend to such Limits and Distance of Eight Leagues in every Direction from

Foreign Smuggling Vessels, on which there shall be One or more Subjects of His Majesty, found within certain Leagues of the Coast, having on board Spirits in Casks of less Content than 60 Gallons (except for the Use of the Seamen), or Tea, or Tobacco, exceeding a certain Quantity forbidden with Cargo, and such Subjects liable to Prosecution, &c.

How the Leagues shall be measured. from

from *Beatty Head*, although any Part of such Limits be extended may exceed the Distance of Four Leagues before mentioned from any Part of the Coast of Great Britain to the *Eastward of Beatty Head* aforesaid.

33 G. 3. c. 57.

III. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend Two Acts passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty and in the last Session of Parliament, for the making more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling*, it is amongst other things enacted, that in all Cases where any Person liable to be arrested under any of the Acts made for the Prevention of Smuggling shall be fit and able to serve His Majesty in His Naval Service, and liable under the said Acts or any of them to be imprisoned into such Service, every such Person be arrested shall be taken before such Justice or Justices as aforesaid, and shall upon such Proof as by the said Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid or any other Act is required, be committed by such Justice or Justices in Prison, to answer such Information and abide such Judgment as may be thereon given against him in that behalf; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison or House of Correction in which such Person shall be so imprisoned, or for any Officer of Customs or Excise, on the Order of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively directing the Prosecution, to such Gaoler or Keeper and Officers respectively, to carry and convey or cause to be carried or conveyed any such Person on board of any of His Majesty's Ships of War, in order to his being impressed into His Majesty's Naval Service: And Whereas it has been in many Instances found that Persons so carried and conveyed to board a Ship of War have, on their Examination by the proper Naval Officer, been deemed unfit for His Majesty's Naval Service: It is therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of the said Act, when any Person be committed as aforesaid and taken on board a Ship of War shall be found not fit or able to serve His Majesty in His Naval Service, and shall be released by any proper Naval Officer to be received into such Naval Service, every such Person shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and the Gaoler, Keeper or other Officer who so carried and conveyed the said Person on board the said Ship of War, shall recover the said Penalty before the said Justice or Justices of the Peace who had previously, on Proof as required by Law, committed the said Person to Prison, and the said Justice or Justices in and are hereby authorized and required, to convert the said Penalty in the said Penalty of One hundred Pounds; and every such Person so committed as aforesaid shall immediately on such Conviction pay down into the Hands of the said Officer who detained the said Person, or into the Hands of the Justice or Justices, to be applied according to Law, the said Penalty in which he shall be so convicted; and if any such Person be convicted shall not forthwith pay down the said Penalty, the said Justice or Justices shall and he and they in and are hereby respectively authorized and required, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, to commit the Person so convicted as aforesaid to any Gaol or Prison or House of Correction, until such Penalty shall be paid.

If not paid, imprisoned.

3 G. 4. c. 11.

IV. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the First, intituled *An Act to prevent the clandestine carrying of Goods, and the Danger of Ignorant Stealing; and to prevent Ships breaking their Quarantines; and to subject Capers One of the Possibilities of the British Plantations to such Regulations as other maintained Commodities of the like Productions are subject, certain Provisions are made against Persons found passing with Foreign Goods, loaded without Payment of Duties, in their Gallies, from any of the Coasts of the Kingdom, or within the Space of Twenty Miles of any of the said Coasts, wearing any Vizard, Mask or other Disguise: And Whereas it is expedient to extend the like Provisions with respect to any Person or Persons so disguised and found or discovered on board vessels Vessels bound within the Strait or Irish Channel, or elsewhere within certain Distances of the Coast of this Kingdom: It is therefore enacted, That if any Person or Persons, being His Majesty's Subject or Subjects, shall be found or taken on board, or discovered to have been on board any Ship, Vessel or Boat liable to Forfeiture under any of the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament, for being found or having been at anchor or hovering within any such Distances of any of the Possessions of His Majesty, with such Goods on board as subject such Ship, Vessel or Boat, or Goods, to Forfeiture, wearing any Vizard, Mask or other Disguise, such Person or Persons shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall on Conviction for such his, her or their Offence, be transported as a Felon for the Space of Seven Years; and if any such Offender shall return into Great Britain or Ireland before the Expiration of the said Seven Years, he, she or they so returning shall suffer as a Felon, and have Execution awarded against him, her or them, as Persons attainted of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.*

Persons found or having been on board of Vessels liable to Forfeiture, wearing Disguise whilst on Conviction, be transported.

41 G. 3. Stat. c. 66. § 14.

V. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to make more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling*, it is enacted, that any Person or Persons making, or aiding or assisting in the making, or being present for the purpose of aiding or assisting in the making any Light, Fire, Flash or Blaze, or Signal, in or on board any Vessel or Boat, or on or from any Part of the Coast or Shoars of Great Britain, or within Six Miles of such Coast or Shoars, for the purpose of making or giving any Signal to any Person or Persons on board any Smuggling Vessel or Boat, and being duly convicted thereof, shall by Order of the Court before whom such Person or Persons shall be convicted, either forfeit and pay the Penalty of One hundred Pounds, or at the Discretion of such Court be imprisoned or committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Term not exceeding One Year: And Whereas it is expedient to encourage the Apprehension of such Offenders: It is enacted, That in every such Case where any Offender or Offenders shall be so convicted of such Offence as aforesaid, and shall, in lieu of paying any such Penalty, be sentenced or committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs and Excise respectively to order and direct any Sum not exceeding Twenty five Pounds to be paid out of any Monies in the Hands of the Receiver General of the Customs and Excise respectively, to any Person or Persons who shall have informed against, discovered or prosecuted any such Offender as aforesaid.

In what Case a Reward not exceeding 25 l. in Information against Persons convicted of making Signals for Smuggling Vessels.

VI. And

VI. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled
An Act to reduce the Allowance of Spirits, Tea and Tobacco for the Use of Seamen on board certain Ships or
Private trading Ships certain Provisions and Forfeitures are made respecting Ships or Vessels (not
 being Square rigged) coming from any Place between the Port of *Swiss* on the Coast of *France*, and cer-
 tain other Places therein mentioned, which shall arrive in any of the Ports of that Part of the United King-
 dom called *Great Britain*, or be found at anchor or hovering within the Limits or Distances therein mentioned,
 or having on board Spirituous Liquors, Tea or Tobacco, exceeding certain Allowances therein mentioned, but
 no Regulation is made respecting Ships or Vessels which may come from the said Port of *Swiss* on the Coast
 of *France* : Be it therefore enacted, That all the Provisions and Forfeitures of the said recited Act shall extend
 to all Ships or Vessels (not being Square rigged) coming from the said Port of *Swiss*, which shall arrive
 in any of the Ports of that Part of the United Kingdom called *Great Britain*, or be found at anchor or hover-
 ing within the Limits or Distances therein mentioned, having on board for the Use of the Seamen then belong-
 ing to and on board such Ship or Vessel, any Brandy or other Spirituous Liquors exceeding One Gallon for
 each Seaman, or having on board any Tea exceeding Four Pounds Weight in the Whole, or having on board
 any Tobacco (excepting loose Tobacco, not exceeding Two Pounds Weight for each Seaman), as fully and
 effectually as if the same had arrived as if the said Act, and all the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Authorities,
 Forfeitures, Matters and Things relating therein, were particularly and expressly repeated and re-enacted in the
 Body of this present Act.

17 G. 3. c. 32.

§ 2.

Provisions, &c.
 of recited Act
 extended to
 (Exception)
 Vessels coming
 from Swiss hav-
 ing on board
 Spirits, &c.
 exceeding a cer-
 tain Quantity.

VII. And Whereas the Charges of prosecuting and condemning Carts and other Carriages, and Horses
 and other Cattle, issued for Offences against the Laws for Protection of the Revenue of Customs or Excise,
 in certain Instances exceed the Produce arising from the Sale of such Seizures ; and it is expedient, in Cases
 where Goods also shall or may be seized therewith, that the Expence of such Charges should be defrayed out
 of the Produce arising from the Sale of the Goods on account of which such Carts and other Carriages,
 and Horses and other Cattle, have been so seized : Be it therefore enacted, That in all Cases wherein the
 Charges of prosecuting and condemning Carts and other Carriages, and Horses and other Cattle, issued for
 Offences against the Laws for Protection of the Revenue of Customs or Excise, shall exceed the Produce arising
 from the Sale thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England,
 or any Four or more of them, and also for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in Scotland, or any
 Three or more of them respectively, if they shall think proper, to order such Part of the Expences arising
 either from the Seizure, Custody, Removal, Detention, Prosecution, or Condemnation of any such Cart or
 other Carriage, Horse or other Cattle, as shall exceed the Produce arising from the Sale of such Seizure, to be
 defrayed out of the Produce arising from the Sale of the Goods on account of which they shall have been
 so seized : Provided always nevertheless, that this Act shall not extend to any Case wherein the Officers
 of the Customs shall, by any Law now in force or hereafter to be made, be entitled to a gross Share of the
 Goods seized by him.

When Charges
 of Prosecution
 in Seizures of
 Carriages and
 Horses exceed
 Produce of Sale
 thereof, Exces-
 may be paid
 out of Sale of
 Goods.

Proviso for
 Officers entit-
 led to gross
 Share of Goods
 seized.

VIII. And Whereas a Practice has prevailed of building Boats with double Bottoms or double Sides,
 whereby concealable or prohibited Goods may be concealed and run into this Country ; and in order to
 prevent such illicit Practices being carried into execution, it is expedient that such Boats, if found within
 certain Distances, should be forfeited : Be it therefore enacted, That if any Boat whatever, having a double
 Bottom or double Side or Sides, shall be found within the Limits of any of the Ports of this Kingdom, or shall be
 discovered to have been within the said Limits ; or if any Boat, having a double Bottom or double Side or
 Sides, belonging wholly or in part to His Majesty's Subjects, or wherein One Half of the Persons on board
 shall be Subjects of His Majesty, shall be found in any Part of the British or Irish Channel, or elsewhere on
 the High Seas, within One hundred Leagues of any Part of the Coasts of Great Britain or Ireland, or shall be
 discovered to have been within the said Limits ; every such Boat, together with all her Movable, shall be
 forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Navy or Marines, or of the
 Customs or Excise.

Boats with
 double Bottoms
 or double Sides
 found within
 certain Dis-
 tances, &c.
 forfeited.

IX. And Whereas in Ships from Foreign Parts Goods have been found concealed in false Bulk Heads,
 between the Linings, and false Knees, or in concealed Lockers, or in the Bulkhead or false Packages, and other
 Places, which the Officers of the Customs cannot easily find out or discover, in order to these being lodged
 without Payment of Duties, and such Goods are not by any Law liable to Forfeiture if discovered pre-
 vious to the Master making his Report at the Custom House : For Remedy whereof be it enacted, That all
 Goods which shall be found concealed as aforesaid, or concealed in any other Place on board any Ship or Vessel
 at any time, either before or after the Master thereof shall have made his Report at the Custom House, shall be
 forfeited and lost, and shall and may be seized and prosecuted by any Officer or Officers of the Customs.

Goods found
 concealed on
 board any Ship,
 &c. before or
 after the
 Master makes
 his Report,
 forfeited.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Ship or Vessel (not being Square rigged), or any Boat, shall
 arrive at any of the Ports of that Part of the United Kingdom called *Great Britain*, or shall be found at anchor
 or hovering within the Limits of any of the Ports thereof, or within Four Leagues of that Part of the Coast
 thereof which is between the North Foreland on the Coast of Kent, and Beachy Head on the Coast of Sussex, or
 within Eight Leagues of any other Part of the Coast of that Part of the United Kingdom called *Great Britain*, or
 shall have been discovered to have been within the said Limits or Distances, and not proceeding on her Voyage,
 Wind and Weather permitting, solely in case of unavoidable Necessity and Distress of Weather, of which
 necessity and Distress the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship,
 Vessel or Boat, shall give Notice and make proof before the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs
 of any Port within the Limits of which such Ship, Vessel or Boat shall be found, immediately after the Arrival of
 such Ship, Vessel or Boat within the Limits of such Port, having on board any Goods liable to the Payment of
 Customs or other Duties, or any Goods prohibited to be imported into this Kingdom, concealed between

Vessels found
 within certain
 Limits, having
 Goods concealed,
 and liable to
 Duty or prohibi-
 tion, and Vess-
 not forfeited.

Proviso for
 Cases of Necessi-
 ty, &c.

false Bulk Heads, and or false Lattings, or in any Concealment in the Construction and Fixtures of the Vessel, exclusively for the purpose of Concealment, in any Part of such Ship, Vessel or Boat, or on or through any Package of other Goods on board such Ship, Vessel or Boat, then not only the said Goods so concealed shall be forfeited, but also the Ship or Vessel (not being square rigged) or Boat, on board which they shall be found as aforesaid, with all her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise.

• XI. And Whereas it is expedient, for the more effectual Execution of the Laws now in force, as hereafter to be made, for the Benefit of Shipping and Navigation, and of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs, and for the Suppression of Smuggling in the Colonies or Plantations in *America* or the *West Indies*, which now are or hereafter may be under the Dominion of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in that Part of the United Kingdom called *England*, should be empowered to grant their Deputations to any Person or Persons they may think fit, in the said Colonies or Plantations (although such Person or Persons may not hold or be appointed to any specific Office under the said Revenue), authorizing him or them to make Searches of any Ship, Vessel, Boat, Carriage, Horfco, or other Cattle or Goods which may be subject to Forfeiture under any Law or Laws relating to the Shipping and Navigation of this Kingdom, or the said Colonies or Plantations, or to the Revenue of Customs, now in force, or hereafter to be made, in like manner as if such Person or Persons held or had been appointed to a specific Office or Offices under the said Revenue: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in that Part of the United Kingdom called *England*, or any Three or more of them, to grant their Deputations to any Person or Persons they may think fit, in the Colonies or Plantations in *America* or the *West Indies*, (although such Person or Persons may not hold or be appointed to any specific Office or Offices under the said Revenue), authorizing him or them to make Searches of any Ship, Vessel, Boat, Carriage, Horfco or other Cattle or Goods which may be subject to Forfeiture under any Law or Laws relating to the Shipping and Navigation of this Kingdom, or the said Colonies or Plantations, or to the Revenue of Customs, now in force or hereafter to be made (although such Person or Persons shall not hold or be appointed to any Office or Offices of the Customs at any specific Port or Place), and such Person or Persons so deputed shall and may make Searches in like manner as any Officer or Officers of the Customs, and such Person or Persons so deputed shall be subject to the like Penalties as Officers of the Customs; and all Searches made by such Persons so deputed, shall be as good, professed and recovered by the like Oaths, Ways and Methods, and shall and may be disposed of, and the Proceeds distributed in like manner, as any Searches made by Officers of the Customs in His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in *America* or the *West Indies*, may by any Law now in force or hereafter to be made be and may be professed, recovered and applied.

• XII. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *“An Act for the making more effectual Provisions for the Prevention of Smuggling, and rewarding Officers and Persons making Searches and capturing Smuggling Vessels: for bringing Luggers employed in the North Sea Fishery, and obligeing Exporters of European Goods on Boardmen in good Notice of Shipments; it is enacted*, that Security shall be given by the Owner or Owners of every Ship, Vessel or Boat for which a License shall be required, in Double the Value thereof, instead of Double the Value, such Security to be given under the Great Seal, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Performances, as provided and enacted by the Laws in force as and immediately before the passing of the said Act, as far as the same are applicable thereto: And Whereas it is expedient to make Alterations as to the Amount of Security to be given for Ships or Vessels which shall be square rigged, and the Value of which shall amount to One thousand Pounds and upwards: Be it therefore enacted, That in respect of every Ship or Vessel (being square rigged) and of the Value of One thousand Pounds and upwards, for which a License shall be required, the Owner or Owners shall give Security in the Sum of Three thousand Pounds, and not in any greater Sum; any thing in the said recited Act or any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding, but subject nevertheless to the same Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Performances, as are provided and required by the Laws now in force, as far as the same are applicable thereto.

• XIII. And Whereas by virtue of the said recited Act of the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, certain Proportions of the Value of Goods and Merchandise found as forfeited under any Law or Laws for the Prevention of the Revenue are directed to be paid to the Officer or Officers as a Reward for finding the same: And Whereas it is expedient to vest in the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, the Power of withholding such Reward, upon Proof to their Satisfaction that such Officer or Officers shall have acted collectively or separately as any such Sum: Be it therefore enacted, That upon Proof being made to the Satisfaction of the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, that any such Officer or Officers shall have acted collectively or separately, either in the making such Searches, or in the Omission or Failure to make such Searches, it shall be lawful for them to direct that the whole or any part of the Officer or Officers Proportions of such Search shall be forfeited, and go and be applied in the same manner as His Majesty's Share of Seizures is by Law directed to be applied.

• XIV. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the First, intituled *“An Act to prevent the clandestine Running of Goods, and the Danger of Infidelity thereby, and to prevent Ship breaking their Quarantines; and in respect Copper Ore of the Production of Smiths Plantations in such Regulations as other concerned Commodities of the like Production are subject;”* all Boats,

Commissioners of Customs in England may grant their Deputations to Persons in the British Colonies in America and the West Indies, authorizing them to make Searches when Goods and Vessels are liable to Searches.

Such Searches to be professed in and made by Officers of the Customs.

422.

Owners of square rigged Vessels, Value 1000*l*, and upwards representing a License, to give Security in 3000*l*.

28 G. 3. c. 101.

410.

Where it appears that Officers have acted collectively, &c. in making Searches, &c. Treasury may direct his Share to be forfeited.

8 G. 3. c. 68.

423.

"Wherries, Pinnaces, Barges and Gallies, rowing or made or built to row, with more than Four Oars, or Sloop within certain Counties and Ports therein particularly mentioned, are forfeited, and the Owner or Owners, or Persons using the same, are liable to the Penalty of Forty Pounds; which Penalty, by a subsequent Act, passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, is increased to One hundred Pounds; And Whereas it is found expedient to extend the Provisions of the said Acts to other Places than those mentioned in the said first recited Act: Be it therefore enacted, That if any Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley, be rowed, oared, rowed or made or built to row, with more than Four Oars, shall be found either upon the Land or the Water, within the Limits of any of the Ports of that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, or the Members or Crooks to them or either of them respectively belonging, such Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley, with all her Tackle and Furniture, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs; and the Owner or Owners, and every Person using or rowing in such Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley, shall also forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds: Provided always, that this Act shall not extend or be construed to extend to any Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley belonging to His Majesty or any of the Royal Family, or to any Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley belonging to and used in the Service of any Merchant Ship or Vessel, or belonging to any Ship or Vessel in the Service of His Majesty's Navy, Victualling, Ordnance, Customs, Excise or Post Office, nor to any Boat, Wherry, Pinnace, Barge or Galley whatsoever, the Owner of which shall have a License from the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England or Scotland respectively, or any Three or more of them for the time being.

XV. And to be further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures created and incurred by this Act (not otherwise thereby directed), shall and may be paid for, prosecuted, recovered and disposed of in such Manner, and by such Ways, Means and Methods, as any Provisions incurred, or any Goods or Vessels forfeited, for any Offence against the Laws of Customs or Excise, may now legally be paid for, prosecuted, recovered and disposed of; and the Officers or Officers concerned in Seizures or Prosecutions under this Act, shall be entitled to and receive such Share of the Produce arising from the Seizures as they are now by Law entitled to upon Prosecutions of Seizures for unlawful Importations, and to such Share of the Produce arising from any pecuniary Fine or Penalty or Composition paid for any Offence against this Act, as they are now by any Law or Regulation entitled to upon Prosecutions for pecuniary Penalties.

C A P. CXXII.

An Act to permit Vessels under a certain Tonnage to trade between the United Kingdom and New South Wales.

[12th July 1819.]

"WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for continuing to the East India Company, for a further Term, the Privileges of the British Territory in India, together with certain exclusive Privileges; for establishing certain Regulations for the Government of the said Territory, and the better Administration of Justice within the same; and for regulating the Trade in and from the Place within the Limits of the said Company's Charter*; it was among other things declared and enacted, that no Ship or Vessel, the registered Measurement whereof shall be less than Three hundred and fifty Tons, other than such Ships or Vessels as may be employed by the East India Company as Packets, shall clear out from any Port in the United Kingdom for any Port or Place within the Limits of the said Company's Charter, or be admitted to Entry at any Port of the United Kingdom from any Place within the said Limits: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Regulation and Restriction shall be repealed, so far as relates to Ships or Vessels trading between the United Kingdom and His Majesty's Colony in New South Wales: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any Ship or Vessel owned and navigated according to Law, to trade between any Port or Place in the United Kingdom and the said Colony and its Dependencies, and to sail and pass to the Ballward of the Cape of Good Hope, although such Ship or Vessel shall be of less registered Measurement than Three hundred and fifty Tons; any thing in any Law, Statute or Custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

II. Provided always, and to be enacted and declared, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, shall in no ways authorise or entitle any Ship or Vessel to sail, pass or repeat between the Sixty fourth and One hundred and fiftieth Degrees of East Longitude from London further to the Northward than the Eleventh Degree of South Latitude; and all Ships and Vessels whatsoever, sailing, passing or repeating to the Northward of the Eleventh Degree of South Latitude between the Sixty fourth and One hundred and fiftieth Degrees of East Longitude from London, shall be and remain subject to the same Laws, Provisions and Restrictions as they would have been subject to if this Act had not been made or passed; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Ships of less tonnage than Four hundred tons which cannot lawfully be fitted.

Using steam, Penalty void. Proviso for Boats, &c. of the Royal Family, and certain other Boats, &c.

Recovery and application of Penalties.

11 G. 4. c. 122.

122

Trade of less registered Measurement than 250 Tons may only be between the United Kingdom and New South Wales, &c.

Vessels sailing to Northward of the 11th Degree of South Latitude between the 64th and 150th Degree of East Longitude from London to remain fitted.

C A P. CXXIII.

An Act to empower the Officers of the Customs in Great Britain to allow Reports of Vessels' Cargoes to be inserted; to require Goods which have been warehoused without Payment of Duties, or being prohibited, warehoused for Exportation, to be put on board Vessels by Persons licensed for that Purpose; to direct that Receipt and Bond shall be required for Stave and Staves carried Coastwise; and to empower Officers of the Customs to administer Oaths. [18th July 1819.]

WHEREAS by the Laws now in force all Goods found on board any Ship or Vessel of which no Report hath been made by the Master, are forbidden; and the Masters of Ships or Vessels are liable to certain Penalties for making false Reports of the Cargoes of their Ships or Vessels; And Whereas it is expedient that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, in England and Scotland respectively, should be empowered in Cases where the Masters of Ships or Vessels shall not have made correct Reports of their Cargoes, to permit the same to be amended; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all Cases where any Goods shall have been omitted in such Reports, or shall have been wrongly described, or the Reports shall be incorrect in any other respect, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, or any Four or more of them, in that Part of the United Kingdom called England, or for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, or any Three or more of them, in that Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, on Proof by the Oath of the Master or Commander, and Mate or Purser of the Ship or Vessel, and by the Production and Inspection of the original Log Book and Cargo Book of such Ship or Vessel for that Voyage, and Bill or Bills of Lading (if any) of the Goods in question, and other original Documents (if any) relating thereto, to their Satisfaction respectively, and that no Fraud was intended, to permit and allow, by an Order specifying that such Proof, Inspection and Examination have respectively been made to the Satisfaction of such Commissioners, the Masters of the Ships or Vessels to amend and make correct such Reports on Oath, before the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs, which Oaths such Officer and Officers so and are hereby authorized and empowered to administer; and such Masters of Ships or Vessels shall be liable to the like Penalties, in case of making a false Amendment to their Reports, as they were for making a false Report on the first instance, to be sued for, prosecuted, recovered and disposed of in like manner as the Penalties to which they were liable in the first Instance.

II. And Whereas it is expedient that the Officers of His Majesty's Customs at the several Outports should have the like Power to permit Reports to be amended in certain Cases: Be it therefore further enacted, That the Collector and Comptroller of His Majesty's Customs at the several Outports shall have the like Power to permit and allow, by an Order made by them in like manner as aforesaid, the Master of any Ship or Vessel who shall have made false or incorrect Reports of their Cargoes, to amend the same on Oath (if they shall be satisfied, made on Oath as aforesaid before them (which Oath they are hereby respectively authorized to administer), to their Satisfaction, and that no Fraud was intended; and such Masters of Ships or Vessels shall be liable to the like Penalties in case of making a false Amendment to their Reports, as they were for making a false Report in the first Instance, to be sued for, prosecuted, recovered and disposed of in like manner as the Penalties to which they were liable in the first Instance: Provided always, that on such Alteration or Amendment of any such Report as aforesaid shall be allowed or made, or shall be of any Validity or Effect, if made after the actual Service of any Goods as aforesaid for not being reported as required by Law, or after the actual Enforcement of any Prosecution against the Master or Commander of any Ship or Vessel, for any Penalty incurred by reason of any Goods imported or brought, by such Ship or Vessel into Great Britain, not being included and declared in the original Report of the Cargo of such Ship or Vessel, or not being duly landed according to such Report; any thing herein, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intended *As an Act for regulating the Production of Manifests; and for more effectually preventing frauds in Practice in shipping, Stowing and Dismarking, and in the classification and landing of Goods*, certain Provisions are made that no Goods entitled to either Drawback, Bounty or Preference, shall be carried or put on board any Ship or Vessel whatsoever for Exportation to Foreign Parts by any Person or Persons whatsoever (except the proper Officers of the Revenue), other than such Person or Persons as shall be authorized for that Purpose by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, or any Four or more of them: And Whereas it is expedient to extend the like Provisions with respect to Goods which have been stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duties, and to Goods which are prohibited to be worn or sold in this Country, and also stored in Warehouses according to Law: Be it enacted, That no Goods whatever which shall have been stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, nor any Goods whatever which are prohibited to be sold or worn in Great Britain, and shall have been carried and put into Warehouses approved of by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs according to Law, shall be carried or put on board any Ship or Vessel whatever, from such Warehouses, for Exportation to Foreign Parts, by any Person or Persons whatsoever (except the proper Officers of the Revenue), other than such Person or Persons as shall be authorized for that Purpose by Law: and under the Hands of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs or any Four or more of them for the time being, who are hereby authorized to give the same, and to require such Security as they may deem necessary, by Bond or otherwise, to be given by the Person or Persons to whom they shall

grant

grant such Licence, for the actual Delivery of the whole of the Goods on board such Ship or Vessel to the Officer of the Revenue stationed on board, and for the faithful and incorrupt Proceeding in every respect of such Person or Persons in regard to such Goods; which said Persons in to be licensed as aforesaid shall and are hereby required, upon conveying any Goods on board any Ship or Vessel, to give clear and full Information thereof in Writing to the Master or other Person then in charge of such Ship or Vessel, for the better enabling the Master to give Notice as required by the before recited Act, previous to his clearing out with any such Goods as aforesaid; which Licence, when granted by the Commissioners of the Customs, shall not be withdrawn by them, or the Operation under the same in any manner hindered, obstructed or prevented, unless either the Person or Persons to whom such Licence shall have been granted, or some other Person or Persons employed by them, and with his or their Privilege or Consent, shall commit some Act against any Law now made or hereafter to be made to secure the Revenue of Customs or Excise, and shall be convicted thereof, in which Case the said Commissioners shall and are hereby authorized and required to withdraw such Licence.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs shall and are hereby required to grant such Licence as aforesaid to all and every Person and Persons who is or are now by Law entitled to carry or put on board such Goods, and who shall give such Security as the said Commissioners, at any Time or more of them, shall deem necessary, and to no other Person or Persons whatever.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Goods entitled to either Drawback, Bounty or Premium, or any Goods which shall have been secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, or any Goods which are prohibited to be sold or worn in Great Britain, and which shall have been carried and put into Warehouses approved of by the Commissioners of Customs according to Law, shall be carried to or put on board any Ship or Vessel for Exportation to Foreign Parts, by any Person or Persons (except the proper Officers of the Revenue), other than such Person or Persons as shall have been so licensed as required by the aforesaid Act and this present Act, then and in such Case the Drawback, Bounty or Premium shall be forfeited and lost; and the Exporter, Shipper, and every Person who shall carry to or put on board any Ship or Vessel bound to Foreign Parts any of the before mentioned Goods, shall severally forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and the same shall and may be paid for, prosecuted and recovered in such Manner, and by such Ways, Means and Methods, as any Penalties incurred for any Offence against the Laws of Customs may now legally be paid for, prosecuted and recovered, one Manner whereof shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform or sue for the same.

VI. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties of Customs on Salt, Sugar and Molasses*, it is enacted, that nothing in that Act shall extend or be construed to extend to require the Master of any Vessel in or on board of which any Salt or Stone shall be shipped, to be sworn Coastwise by Sea from any Port or Place within this Kingdom, to any other Port or Place within the same, or the Owners or Shippers of any such Salt or Stone, to give any Bond for the due Landing thereof, or to take out any Coast or other Document or account thereof, except such Surrender, Warrant, Permit or Transfer as was required by Law for the Shipping or carrying Coastwise of the like Goods at and immediately before the passing of that Act, any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: And Whereas it is expedient that Salt and Stone carried Coastwise should be subject to the like Rules, Regulations and Provisions, as other Goods liable to Duty on being carried Coastwise are by an Act passed in the Thirty second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for the Relief of the Coast Trade of Great Britain: for exempting certain Coast Documents from Stamp Duties: for abolishing the Bond usually called The Hic of Man Bond: and for permitting Cords and Groins brought Coastwise to be transhipped into Lighters, for the purpose of being carried through the Canal from the Forth to the Clyde*. Be it enacted, That to each of the before mentioned Acts passed in the Thirty fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign as a before recited, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and all Salt and Stone to be carried Coastwise shall be subject to the like Rules, Regulations and Provisions, as other Goods liable to Duty are by the aforesaid Act passed in the Thirty second Year of His said Majesty's Reign.

VII. And Whereas by the Laws now in force, certain Officers of His Majesty's Customs are empowered to administer Oaths to certain Cases; And Whereas many Cases occur where Proof on Oath is directed by Law to be taken, but the Law has not provided by whom it shall be administered: And Whereas it would tend much to the Dispatch of Business, as well as to Uniformity in the Conduct thereof, if certain Officers of His Majesty's Customs were empowered, in all Cases wherein the Revenue of His Majesty's Customs, or the Trade or Navigation of that Kingdom is concerned, to administer Oaths: Be it therefore enacted, That in all Cases wherein Proof is required by any Law now in force, or hereafter to be made, or now or shall be necessary for the Satisfaction or Confirmation of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in any Matter relating to the Revenue, or to the Trade and Navigation of that Kingdom, the same may be made before the Collector upwards and outwards, the Comptroller or Surveyor of His Majesty's Customs in the Port of London, or in case of their Absence, the Persons sitting for them respectively, or the Collector or Comptroller of His Majesty's Customs at any other Port in that Kingdom, or in case of their Absence, the Persons sitting for them respectively, who are hereby authorized and empowered to administer the same.

VIII. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall extend to alter any former Act or Acts whereby any particular Facts are required to be proved on Oath before any particular Officers, but that the same shall be and remain in force.

Persons interested to give Information of conveying Goods.

In what Case Licence withdrawn.

To whom such Licence may be granted on Security.

Shipping such Goods by any other than authorized Persons. Exceptions.

Penalty and Forfeiture of the Drawback, &c.

24 G. 3. c. 11. § 8.

24 G. 3. c. 11.

24 G. 3. c. 11. § 8. repealed.

Such Articles subject to 24 G. 3. c. 11.

Comptroller or Surveyor of Customs in London, and Collectors and Comptrollers in other Ports, empowered to administer Oaths.

Proviso for Acts respecting Proof on Oath, in former particular Officers.

C. A. P. CXXIV.

An Act for amending an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Plantations and Settlements Abroad, or to Foreign Ports, with respect to the Number of such Passengers, and for making further Provision for that Purpose. [12th July 1819.]

41 G. 3. c. 26.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intitled *an Act for regulating the Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Plantations and Settlements Abroad, or to Foreign Ports, with respect to the Number of such Passengers*: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act, in so far as relates to the Qualification of Surgeons sailing with certain Vessels therein described, should be amended, so as to exclude Surgeons examined at the University of Glasgow to be Surgeons of such Vessels: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act no such Ship or Vessel as is in the said Act described, carrying Fifty Persons or upwards, including the Crew, shall be cleared out unless such Ship or Vessel shall be provided with a Surgeon, who shall produce to the Officer of the Customs required to give the Clearance or Seafreance a Certificate of his having passed his Examination at Surgeons Hall in London, or at the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh or Dublin, or before the Medical Faculty of the University of Glasgow.

No such Vessel carrying Fifty Persons or upwards cleared, unless provided with a Surgeon, &c.

Persons of medical Art examined to this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Directions, Provisions, Regulations, Forfeitures and Penalties contained in the said recited Act, shall continue and be in full Force and Effect, and shall apply to this Act, as of all such Powers, Directions, Provisions, Regulations, Forfeitures and Penalties were herein repeated and re-enacted.

C. A. P. CXXV.

An Act to admit certain Goods imported from the *East India* to Entry and Payment of Duty without being warehoused; and to permit the Exportation of certain *East India Goods* to Germany and Jersey, and the Removal of certain *East India Goods* to Liverpool, Lancaster, Bristol, and Glasgow, for Exportation. [12th July 1819.]

34 G. 3. c. 26.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend the Duties of Customs payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Great Britain from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and to establish further Regulations for the better Security of the Revenue on Goods so imported; and to alter the Periods of making up and paying certain Accounts of the said Company to Parliament*: it continues in force until the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; it is enacted, that all Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the said United Company of Merchants of England trading to the *East India*, into any of their Ports in Great Britain (except the Port of London) which shall have been or may be declared fit and proper for the purpose of such Importations under the

§ 18.

31 G. 3. c. 22.

Rules, Regulations and Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled *An Act for continuing in the East India Company for a further Term the Possession of the British Territories in India, together with certain exclusive Privileges; for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories, and the better Administration of Justice within the same; and for regulating the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter, either by the said United Company, or by any Person or Persons in trading under the Authority of the said recited Acts*, shall be lodged and secured in Warehouses approved by the Commissioners of the Customs in England or Scotland respectively, or any Three or more of them for the time being, subject to all the Rules, Regulations, Securities and Penalties directed and required by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be cleared in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament made for amending or explaining the said Act*, in force as or immediately before the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fourteen: And Whereas it may be expedient to permit certain Articles to be cleared, and the Duty to be paid, and to be landed and delivered, without being warehoused as required by the said recited Act: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Cotton Wool, Saltpetre, Sugar and Rice imported from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the *East India*, into any Port of that Part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, which either has been or may hereafter be declared fit and proper for the Deposit and Safe Custody of Goods imported under the Regulations of the said Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in the manner prescribed in the said Act, may be admitted to Entry, and the Duties paid, and landed and delivered, without being warehoused as required by the above recited Acts: Provided always, that such Goods shall be liable to all the Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures in which Goods not entitled to be warehoused are subject by any Law now in force.

Cotton Wool, Saltpetre, Sugar and Rice imported from East India, admitted to Entry, and Landed, &c. without being warehoused. For ever.

* II. And

II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for permitting certain East India Goods to be warehoused, and for repealing the Duties now payable thereon, and granting order thereon in like manner, as Goods, Wares or Merchandises, the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the East Indies, secured in Warehouses under the Regulations of that Act,* are allowed to be exported from thence to the Islands of *Guernsey* or *Jersey*, and upon the lawful Exportation thereof are required to be shipped directly from such Warehouses: And Whereas it is expedient to permit *East India Goods*, of the Description hereinafter mentioned, to be exported to the said Islands of *Guernsey* and *Jersey*, and to allow the Removal of the said Goods, and also of certain other *East India Goods* hereinafter mentioned, from the Port of *London* to the Out Ports, for the Consumption of Exportation: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Proprietor or Proprietors or Exporter or Exporters of any *East India White and prohibited Goods*, not of a higher Value than One Shilling and Sixpence per Yard, to export such Goods to the Islands of *Guernsey* or *Jersey* direct from the Warehouses wherein the same may have been secured on the Importation thereof, any thing in the said recited Act of the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: provided that such Proprietor or Proprietors or Exporter or Exporters shall, before any such Goods are delivered or taken from the Warehouses, make a due Entry thereof with the proper Officers or Officers of His Majesty's Customs, and shall, together with the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which such Goods are intended to be exported, and One other sufficient Surety, to be approved of by the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Port of Exportation, enter into Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Treble the Value thereof, with Condition that the said Goods so intended to be exported shall be landed at the Port or Place for which the same shall have been entered, and that no Part of the same shall be re-landed in Great Britain, or landed in the Islands of *Bahama*, *Sard* or *Moa*, or the Island of *Faro* or *Formosa* which Bond shall and may be discharged in the manner hereinafter mentioned, that is to say, upon a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of the Governor or Lieutenant Governor and of the principal Officer of the Customs of the said Islands respectively, within the Space of Six Months from the Date of the said Bond, testifying that the said Goods and every Part thereof were there landed: or such Bond may also be discharged upon Proof made, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners in England and Scotland respectively, that such Goods were taken by Revenue or pirated in the Seas.

III. And be it further enacted, That if the Proprietor or Proprietors or Purchaser or Purchasers of any such White and prohibited Goods, shall be desirous of removing the same from the Warehouses by Land Carriage to the Port of *Southampton*, for the purpose of being shipped and exported from that Port to the said Islands of *Guernsey* or *Jersey*, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, or any Four or more of them, to grant Permission for the Removal of the said Goods accordingly, under the like Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Securities, as are now by Law required upon the Removal of certain *East India prohibited Goods* from one Port of Great Britain to another, to be from thence exported to *Africa*.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Four or more of them, to permit the Removal from the Port of *London* of any prohibited *East India Goods*, or any certain *East India Prohibited Goods* not being prohibited, and not of a higher Value than One Shilling and Sixpence per Yard, intended for Exportation to *America* and its Dependencies, the *West Indies* or *Africa*, by Sea, Land Carriage or Inland Navigation, to the Ports of *Liverpool*, *Manchester*, *Bristol* or *Glasgow* respectively, for the purpose of being exported from thence: the said Goods, upon such Removals respectively, being subject to the like Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Securities, as are now by Law required for certain *East India prohibited Goods*, when removed from one Port of Great Britain to another, to be from thence exported to *Africa*.

CAP. CXXVI.

An Act for requiring the like Proof, to obtain Drawback of Duty on Coals used or consumed in calcining or melting Tin, Copper or Lead Ores in the Counties of *Dorset* and *Worcestershire*, as is required on Coals used in Mines of Tin, Copper or Lead in the said Counties.

[10th July 1819.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for allowing a Drawback of the Duty on Coals consumed in Lead Mines in Cornwall*, it is enacted, that previously to any Drawback being paid upon Coals used or consumed in Mines of Tin, Copper or Lead in the Counties of *Dorset* and *Worcestershire*, Proof shall be made on Oath by the Proprietor or Managing Owner of the Mine before the Collector or Comptroller of the Customs at the Port where the Drawback shall be paid, that he verily believes the Duties upon the said Coals have been actually paid, and that the said Coals were used for calcining or melting in the said Mines, and that no Part of the same has been or shall be used or sold for domestic Purposes, or as Coals for burning Limes, or for any other Purpose not contemplated by Law: And Whereas it is expedient that the like Proof should be required previously to any Drawback being allowed on Coals which shall be used or consumed for calcining or melting Tin, Copper or Lead Ores within the Counties of *Dorset* and *Worcestershire*: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, previously to any Drawback being paid upon Coals used or consumed for calcining or melting Tin, Copper or Lead Ores within the Counties of *Dorset* and *Worcestershire*, the

Mr. John P. Ford
and on the
Court, composed
of Messrs.
Thos. H.

CAP. CONTINUED

An Act for making Provision for the better Care of Pauper Lunatics in England

Feb. 24, 1892

WHEREAS it is expedient that further Provision should be made for the Care of Pauper Lunatics in England, who may be chargeable to any Parish; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That upon it being made known to Two or more Justices of the Peace of any County, that a poor Person chargeable to any Parish or Place within any of the said Counties is deemed or taken to be insane or insane, or a melancholic idiot, it shall be lawful for the said Justices, by an Order under their Hands and Seals, if they shall so think fit, to require the Overseers of the Poor of the said Parish or Place to bring the said poor Person before them, or some other Justices of the Peace of the said County, at such Time and Place as shall be appointed by the said Order; and the said Two Justices are hereby authorized to call to their Assistance a Medical Person, at the Charge of the said Parish or Place; and if upon View and Examination of the said poor Person, or from other Proof, the said Justices shall be satisfied that such poor Person is insane, insane or a melancholic idiot, it shall be lawful for the said Two Justices, by an Order under their Hands and Seals, directed to the said Overseers of the Poor, according to the Form in the Schedule (A.) annexed to this Act, to cause the said poor Person to be conveyed to and placed in some Lunatic Asylum, in all Cases where such Asylum shall have been established under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the better Care and Maintenance of Lunatics being Paupers or Criminals in England*, for the County or District of United Counties within which the Parish or Place to which such poor Person belongs shall be situated; but if no such Lunatic Asylum shall have been established, such Justices shall then direct such poor Person to be conveyed to and placed in some House duly licensed for the Reception of insane Persons; and it shall be lawful for the said Two Justices, or for any other Two Justices of the Peace sitting in the Division of the said County wherein the said Parish or Place is situated, from time to time, as occasion may require, to make order on the Overseers of such Parish or Place for the Payment of all reasonable Charges of conveying such poor Person to such Lunatic Asylum or licensed House, and if such poor Person shall be conveyed to a Lunatic Asylum, for the Payment of such Weekly Sum to the Treasurers of such Asylum, as shall be from time to time fixed upon by the Visiting Justices of such Asylum under the Authority of the said recited Act, or if such poor Person shall be conveyed to such licensed House, for the Payment of such Weekly or Monthly Sum to the Keeper of such licensed House for the Maintenance, Medicine, Clothing and Care of such poor Person as such Keeper shall be willing to accept, and as shall appear to the said Justices to be a reasonable Charge in that behalf; and the said Overseers of the Poor shall not remove such poor Person from the said House without an Order for that Purpose made by Two Justices of the Peace for the County, after due Inquiry into the Circumstances of the Case, unless such Poor Person shall have been discharged as cured: Provided always, that the Overseers or Overseers of such Parish or Place to conveying such insane Person to such Asylum or licensed House as aforesaid, shall and is hereby required to deliver a Certificate from the Medical Person so called to the Assessor of the Justices as aforesaid (which Certificate such Medical Person is hereby required to give, according to the Form in Schedule (B.) annexed to this Act in the Case of such Asylum or licensed House).

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and other Persons whomsoever, without specially stating the same.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer of the Peace or any Justice of the Peace to which any Location or Licence Permits shall be chargeable Shall, for the Space of Seven Days, wilfully neglect or delay in giving Information of the State of such Permits to some Justice of the Peace for the Division of the County within which the said Parish or Place is situate, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum of Money not exceeding Two Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings (Half to the Informer and Half to the Poor of the said Parish or Place), to be recovered by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of any Two Justices of the Peace for the County within which the said Parish or Place is situate.

SCHEDULE 1A.1

FORM OF WARRANT

WHEREAS it appears to us, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of
having called to our Affidavit A. B. a Medical Purser, that C. D. chargeable to the Parish of J. in
the said County, is [lunatic, insane or a dangerous idiot, as the case may be] you are hereby directed to cause
the said C. D. to be conveyed to the Lunatic Asylum at E. established under an Act passed in the Forty
eighth Year of George the Third, intitled An Act for the better Care and Maintenance of Lunatick poor
Persons or Criminals, in England, in order that every means may be there used for the Cure of the said

To Cases where
many Persons
are chargeable
in Parish, Two
Justices calling
in to their As-
sistants a Ma-
jority of Persons
may direct
Overseers to
summon them to
their second
Meeting in the
Parish.

**Dr. Louella
Applum, in
Hawaii study
searched for
cure for
cancer.**

Regulation by
the Department of
Agriculture.

On November 1981, the president awarded posthumous honors to the Order of the American Revolution.

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

Stevens' willingness to give information to clients as to risks of lawsuits. Finally,

E. D. and you are hereby ordered to pay to the Treasurer of the said *Asylum* such Weekly Sum for the Maintenance and Care of the said *C. D.* as shall be from time to time fixed upon by the Visiting Justices of the said *Asylum*, under the Authority of the said *Act*; or to the Mayor of *E. F.* situated at *G.* in the County of *K.*, the said House being a House duly licensed for the Reception of Lunatics; and you are hereby ordered to pay to the said *E. F.* the [Weekly or Monthly] Sum of _____ for the Maintenance, Medicine, Clothing and Care of the said *C. D.*, which Sum the said *E. F.* is willing to accept, and which appears to us to be a reasonable Charge in that behalf.

Given under our Hands and Seals, this _____

Day of _____

L. M.
N. O.

To the Officers of the Poor of the Parish of *L.*

SCHEDULE (B.)

FORM OF CERTIFICATE.

I DO hereby certify, That by the Direction of *L. M.* and *N. O.* Esquires, Justices of the Peace for the County of *H.*, I have personally examined *C. D.* and that the said *C. D.* appears to me to be of infant Mind.

Dated this _____

Day of _____

A. B. (Physician, Surgeon or Apothecary, as the case may be) resident at *H.*

C. A. P. XXXVIII.

An *Act* for the further Protection and Encouragement of Friendly Societies, and for preventing Frauds and Abuses therein. [12th July 1819.]

WHEREAS the habitual Reliance of poor Persons upon Parochial Relief, rather than upon their own Industry, tends to the Moral Deterioration of the People, and to the Accumulation of heavy Burdens upon Parishes; and it is desirable, with a View as well to the Reduction of the Almsbouse made for the Relief of the Poor, as to the Improvement of the Habits of the People, that Encouragement should be afforded to Persons desirous of making Provision for themselves or their Families out of the Fruits of their own Industry: And Whereas by the Contributions of the Savings of many Persons to one Common Fund, the most effectual Provision may be made for the Calamities affecting all the Contributors; and it is therefore desirable to afford further Facilities and additional Security to Persons who may be willing to unite in appropriating small Sums from time to time to the Formation of a Common Fund, for the Purposes aforesaid; and it is desirable to protect such Persons against the Effects of Fraud or Misconduct: And Whereas an *Act* passed in the Thirty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies: And* Whereas another *Act* passed in the Thirty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for more effectually carrying into Execution an Act made in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled: An Act for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies: and for extending in each of the Powers thereof as relates to the framing Rules and Regulations for the better Management of the Funds of such Societies, and the Appointment of Treasurers to other Institutions of a charitable Nature: And* Whereas another *Act* passed in the Forty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for enabling Friendly Societies intended to be qualified under an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, to certify Members made in the Registry of their Rules: And* Whereas another *Act* passed in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend an Act made in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies: And* Whereas the Provisions of those Acts have been found insufficient for their Purpose, and great Abuses have prevailed in many Societies established under the Authority of such Acts: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Society hereafter to be formed in England or Wales, or the Members thereof, shall be entitled to the Benefits, or subject to the Provisions of the said Acts, unless such Society shall have been constituted under the Authority and according to the Provisions of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That when any Number of Persons in England or Wales shall intend to form, under the Authority of this Act, a Friendly Society or Institution, whereby it is intended to provide by Contribution, on the Principle of mutual Insurance, for the Maintenance or Alliance of the Contributors thereto, their Wives or Children, in Sickness, Infancy, advanced Age, Widowhood, or any other mutual State or Contingency, wherein the Occurrence is subject to the Calculation by way of Average, it shall be lawful for such Persons to make Application by Memorial signed as hereafter mentioned to the Justices appointed in the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, in and for the County, Riding or Place of separate Jurisdiction, wherein such Society is about to be established, for a Confirmation and Approval of the Rules of such intended Institution, and of the Tables of Payments and Allowances to be adopted thereat; and that if such Justices, or any Committee by them appointed, consisting of not less than Three Justices (of whom Two shall be a Quorum) shall, after due Examination thereof, be satisfied that the Contributions for which it is intended to provide, whether specifically

Rules and
Tables to be re-
corded according
to 35 G. 3. c. 14.

Provision as to
recording: Fi-
nancial Payments
and Receipts.

Quarter Ses-
sions may pub-
lish general
Rules for the
Formation and
Government of
such Societies,
and Petty Ses-
sions may con-
firm them.

Appointments
of Trustees.

Alteration of
Rules.

Memorial to
Justices.

Treasurer and
other Officers.

Exemption
from Stamp
Duties.

Property of
Societies vested
in Trustees.

What may bring
and defend
Actions.

named in this Act or not, are such as according to the true Meaning and Intent of this Act are to be provided for by such Society, and shall down the Rules and Tables of such Society, either in the Form in which they shall have been originally exhibited, or with such Qualifications, Additions or Alterations as may be made therein by the said Justices, with the Consent of the Parties consenting to be Trustees of such Society, to be fit and proper, and shall be inserted that the Formation of such Society will be useful and beneficial, Regard being had to the Existence of any other Society already formed under wholesome Rules within the same District for the like Purposes; the said Rules and Tables to be confirmed or amended, shall be deposited and recorded according to the Provision of the said first mentioned Act, and a Copy thereof, authenticated by the Signature of Two or more Justices, shall be delivered to the Trustees of such Society, and shall thereupon become the Rules of such Society, and shall be binding on all Parties concerned: Provided always, that such Justices shall not confirm and allow any Tables of Payments or Receipts, or any Rules dependent upon or connected with the Calculations thereof, until it shall have been made appear to such Justices, that the said Tables and Rules are such as have been approved by two Persons at the least, known to be qualified Attorneys or Persons skilled in Calculation, as fit and proper, according to the most correct Calculation of which the Nature of the Case will admit.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices assembled at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for any County or Riding in England or Wales, from time to time to make and publish such general Rules for the Formation and Government of Friendly Societies or Institutions under the Authority of this Act, as to such Justices may appear fit, and to require that the Rules of all Societies thereunto established within such County or Riding shall be made conformable to such general Rules; and it shall also be lawful for such Justices to declare, that if - Rules proposed for the Formation of such Friendly Societies or Institutions which shall be made conformable to such general Rules, may be exhibited to and confirmed by any two or more Justices holding Petty Sessions within the District wherein any such Society is to be established; and in such Case, and subject always to the Direction of such general Rules published as aforesaid, such Justices in Petty Sessions shall have the like Powers, and their Proceedings shall be subject to the like Provisions, in regard to the Formation of Friendly Societies, as are by this and the former Acts established in respect of the Justices assembled in General or Quarter Sessions.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Memorial presented to the Justices as aforesaid, shall set forth the Names, Residences and Occupations of Three Persons at the least, of whom the Majority shall be substantial Householders entitled to the Relief of the Poor upon a Rate not less than Fifty Pence, which Persons shall be Trustees of such Society or Institution; and the Signature of such intended Trustees shall be affixed to such Memorial; and such Society shall from time to time, in such manner as may here be prescribed by the Rules thereof, elect other Persons duly qualified as aforesaid, to fill such Vacancies as may occur among such Trustees; and in case such Vacancy shall continue for more than Three Months, in so to reduce the Number of Trustees below the Number of Three, it shall be lawful for the remaining Trustees to nominate any other fit Person to be the Third Trustee: Provided always, that no Trustee shall be removed from his Office without his own Consent, except with the Approbation of Two or more Justices in Petty Sessions assembled.

V. And be it further enacted, That when and as often as the Trustees and Persons having under the Rules of any such Society the Management thereof, shall be desirous of making any Alteration in or Addition to the Rules and Tables allowed and deposited as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for them to make further Application by Memorial to the Justices in General or Petty Sessions as aforesaid, such Memorial being signed by the Trustees or the major Part thereof, and such Application shall be dealt with by the said Justices according to the Provisions hereinafore contained with respect to the Allowance or Alteration of the Rules and Tables proposed in the first Establishment of such Society, in as far as the same are applicable thereto.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of each such Society shall appoint One fit Person or more to be Treasurer or Treasurers of such Society; and shall require from such Treasurer or Treasurers such Securities as the said Trustees may from time to time deem necessary and proper; and on Demand so other Security to be given to or on account of any such Society, or in pursuance of this Act, shall be charged or chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatever.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Money, Goods, Chattels and Effects whatever, and all Securities for Money or other obligatory Instruments and Endowments or Maintenance, and all other Effects whatever, and all Rights or Claims belonging to or had by such Institution, shall be vested in the Trustee or Trustees of such Institution for the time being, for the Use and Benefit of such Institution and the respective Deputies thereof, their respective Executors or Administrators, according to their respective Claims and Interests; and after the Death or Removal of any Trustee or Trustees, shall vest in the succeeding Trustee or Trustees for the same Estate and Interest as the former Trustee or Trustees had therein, and subject to the same Trusts, without any Assignment or Conveyance whatever, except the Transfer of Stocks and Securities: in the Public Funds of Great Britain; and also shall, for all Purposes of Action or Suit, as well Criminal as Civil, as Law or as Equity, in anywise touching or concerning the same, be deemed and taken to be, and shall in every such Proceeding (where necessary) be listed to be the Property of the Person or Persons appointed to the Office of Trustee or Trustee of such Institution for the time being, in his, her or their proper Name or Names, without further Description; and such Person or Persons shall and they are hereby respectively authorized to bring or defend, or make to be brought or defended, any Action, Suit or Proceedings, Criminal as well as Civil, as Law or Equity, touching or concerning the Property, Right or Claim aforesaid, of or belonging to or had by such Institution:

and such Person or Persons so appointed shall and may in all Cases concerning the Property, Right or Claim whatsoever of such Institution, for and he paid, placed and be impounded, in his, her or their proper Name or Names, as Trustee or Trustees of such Institution, without other Description; and so the said Address or Proscriptions shall be discontinued or abate by the Death of such Person or Persons, or his or their Removal from the Office of Trustee or Trustees, but the same shall and may be proceeded as by the succeeding Trustee or Trustees, in the proper Name or Names of the Person or Persons commencing the same, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and such succeeding Trustee or Trustees shall pay or receive like Calls, as if the Address or Seat had been continued in his or their Name or Names, for the Benefit of or to be reimbursed from the Funds of such Institution.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Society or Institution established under the Authority of this Act; nor shall any Division of the Funds thereof be made, otherwise than in the ordinary Course of Proceeding, according to the Rules contained as aforesaid, without the Consent of the Trustee or the major Part of them: Provided always, that no such Consent of Trustees shall be given, unless and until it shall have been certified by Two or more professional Actuaries or Persons skilled in Calculation as aforesaid, which Persons shall have been approved as such by the Justices as aforesaid, that, according to the most correct Calculation of which the Case will admit, the Interest of all the Contributors to such Institution, and of all Persons having Claims thereon, as Possession or Expectancy, are, by the proposed Scheme of Dissolution or Division, fairly dealt with and secured.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Rules of every Society or Institution formed under the Authority of this Act, shall specify the Place or Places in which it is intended such Society or Institution shall hold its Meetings, and shall contain Provisions with respect to the Powers and Duties of the Members at large, and of such Committees or Officers as may be appointed for the Management of the Affairs of such Society, subject always to the Provisions of this Act with respect to the Appointment and Duties and Powers of the Trustees; and such Society or Institution shall not be subject to the Provisions and Restrictions of the said Act of the Thirtieth third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, as to the Appointment of Committees, or otherwise, with respect to the Management of such Society or Institution.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Society or Institution established under the Authority of this Act, from time to time to subscribe the whole or any Part of the Funds of such Society or Institution into the Funds of any Institution which shall have taken the Benefit of an Act of the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to encourage the Establishment of Banks for Savings in England*, subject to the several Provisions contained in the said last mentioned Act, or of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament to amend the said Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Society or Institution established under the Authority of this Act, to pay directly into the Bank of England any Sum or Sums of Money not being less than Fifty Pounds, to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, upon the Declaration of the Trustees of such Society or Institution, or any Two or more of them, that such Monies belong exclusively to the Society or Institution for which such Payment is intended to be made, whether such Monies shall have been deposited therein before the passing of this Act, or thereafter shall be deposited therein; and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England are hereby required to receive all such Monies, and place the same into a new and separate Account, to be rated in the Name of the said Commissioners for the time being, in the Books of the Bank of England, to be denominated 'The Fund for the Society or Institution established by A. in the County of B. under an Act of the Fifty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, (intituled *An Act to encourage the Establishment of Banks for Savings in England*); with respect to the Accounts of Banks for Savings, and the Regulation of Debentures, Certificates or Orders concerning the same, shall be applicable to the Monies so paid into the Bank of England under the Authority of this Act, as if the same had been repeated therein.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prevent the Trustees of any Society formed under the Authority thereof, from investing any Part of the Funds of such Society in any Public Stocks or Funds established by the Authority of Parliament, or from laying out the same upon Real Security at Interest.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of any Society or Institution established under the Authority of this Act, shall not be liable to make good any Deficiency which may arise in the Funds of such Society, unless such Persons shall have respectively declared by Writing, under their Hands, deposited and registered in like manner with the Rules of such Society, that they are willing to be answerable; and it shall be lawful for each of such Persons, or for such Persons collectively, to have his, her or their Responsibility as such Sum as shall be specified in any such Instrument in Writing.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That when the Trustees of any Society formed under the Authority of this Act, shall be apprehensive that the Funds of such Society, together with the Sums (if any) for which Persons having formed the said Society shall have made themselves responsible as aforesaid, are likely to prove insufficient to make all the Payments becoming due to the several Parties interested, according to the Rules of such Society, the said Trustees shall forthwith raise their Appointments, and the Grounds thereof, to the Justices in General or Quarter Sessions, or if the Rules of such Institution shall have been originally confirmed at the Petty Sessions, then to the Justices in such Petty Sessions; and it shall be lawful for such Justices, upon a full Statement of the Accounts and Proceedings of such Society, which the said Trustees are hereby directed to furnish at the Request of such Committee, to make such Order for the Adjustment of the Claims of all Parties interested in the Funds of such Society, as to them may appear fair and equitable:

Such Auditors not to obtain by Deeds or Remission of Tithe.

Rules to be observed upon Distribution of the same and upon Division of Funds.

Place of Meeting and Powers and Duties of Members, to be specified in the Rules subject to the Act and not to the Act of 1819.

Funds may be deposited into Savings Bank, 27 G. 3. c. 130. 28 G. 3. c. 41.

or into Bank of England in Account of Commissioners of National Debt on Declaration of Trustees.

Cashier to receive and place such Monies in Account.

Trustees may use Funds of Society in public Funds, or on Real Security.

Responsibility of Trustees.

In case of Apprehension of Insufficiency of Funds, Trustees may apply to Quarter Sessions, who may make Order thereon.

Appeal.

Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons who may think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any such Order of Justices in Petty Sessions, to appeal therefrom to the Justices assembled in the Quarter Sessions next ensuing after the Date of such Order, whose Decision shall be final and conclusive.

Paol.

In Cases of Complaints of Widows and Children of deceased Members, Justices in Petty Sessions.

XV. And Whereas by the said Act of the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, so intimated Provision is made for the Relief of Widows and Children of deceased Members of Privately Societies, who may be aggrieved by the Officers or Members of the Societies of which their Husbands or Parents were Members: Be it further enacted, That Justices of the Peace shall have the like Power and Jurisdiction in Cases of Complaint made by or on behalf of such Widows and Children, as they have under the said last mentioned Act, or under this Act, in regard to the Members of such Societies themselves.

21 G. 3. c. 54.
and 28 G. 3.
c. 127. applic-
able to this Act.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all the Provisions of the said Acts of the Thirty-third and Forty-ninth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, as to Matters for which no other Provision is made by this Act, shall be deemed, in far as the same are not repugnant to this Act, applicable to all Societies and Institutions formed under the Authority of this Act.

C A P. CXXIX.

An Act to continue in force, until the Expiration of Three Calendar Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, Three Acts of His present Majesty, for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in England. [12th July 1819.]

21 G. 3. c. 102.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated

24 G. 3. c. 75.

As *an Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in England*; And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated *An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty-third Year of His Majesty's Reign, intimated 'An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in England'*:

28 G. 3. c. 102.

And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated *An Act to amend the Act of the Fifty-third Year of His present Majesty, intimated 'An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in England'*; and to give further Powers to the Court appointed by the said Act, which several Acts were to continue in force until the End of the present Session of Parliament: And Whereas it is expedient that the said several Acts should be continued for a short time: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said several Acts and each and every of them, so far as the same now are in force, shall and the same are hereby respectively continued until the Expiration of Three Calendar Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament.

continued.

A Com-
missioner to be ap-
pointed, who
may appoint
Officers.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for His Majesty to appoint a fit Person, being a Barrister at Law of Ten Years Standing at the least, to be His Majesty's Commissioner for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, and to preside in the Court established by the said recited Act of the Fifty-third Year of His present Majesty; and that it shall be lawful for such Commissioner to appoint such and so many Officers for carrying into Execution the purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act, as His Majesty shall deem to be necessary and expedient for such purposes, but that the Number of such Officers shall not exceed the Number heretofore appointed and employed in the said Court.

C A P. CXXX.

An Act to continue the several Acts for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in Ireland, until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty. [12th July 1819.]

21 G. 3. c. 118.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated

24 G. 3. c. 124.

As *an Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in Ireland*, and was to continue in force until the First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and thenceforth until the End of the next new

28 G. 3. c. 124.

24 G. 3. c. 125.

continued.

Session of Parliament, and no longer; and the said Act was amended by Two Acts made in the Fifty-fourth and Fifty-sixth Years of His present Majesty's Reign: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Acts should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Fifty-third Year aforesaid, as the same is amended by the said Acts of the Fifty-fourth and Fifty-sixth Years, shall be and the same is and are hereby continued in force from the End of this present Session of Parliament until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

C A P. CXXXI.

An Act for raising the Sum of Fifteen millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen. [12th July 1819.]

[This Act is the same as 58 G. 3. c. 4. except as to Dates and Sums.]

C A P. CXXXII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Two Millions British Currency, by Treasury Bills in Ireland, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen. [12th July 1819.]

[This Act is the same as 58 G. 3. c. 87. except as to Dates and Sums.]

C A E.

C A P. CXXXIII.

An Act for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament.

[13th July 1819.]

| | | | | | | |
|----------|-----|-----------|----|----|--|---|
| I. | C. | 3,500,000 | 0 | 0 | Out of Duties of Excise of 56 G. 3. c. 19. | Granted to make good the Supply for Green Brooms and Indent for 1819. |
| | | | | | | |
| III. | 114 | 487 | 0 | 0 | Allie a Proportion of Balance remaining in the Bank belonging to the Public. | Towards the said Supply |
| | | | | | | |
| IV. | 144 | 352 | 18 | 94 | Arises from the Sale of Old Naval and Victualling Stores. | Towards the said Supply |
| | | | | | | |
| V. | 1 | 1,000,000 | 0 | 0 | Surplus of the Grants for 1818. | Towards the said Supply |
| | | | | | | |
| VI. | 16 | 500,000 | 0 | 0 | Manufactured by Exchange Bills, under 2. 3. | Granted as above, and appropriated to the hereafter specified for 5-00. |
| | | | | | | |
| VII. | 334 | 487 | 0 | 0 | From a Loan | Granted as above, and appropriated to the hereafter specified for 5-00. |
| | | | | | | |
| VIII. | 344 | 352 | 18 | 94 | Monies arising from Lasteries | Granted as above, and appropriated to the hereafter specified for 5-00. |
| | | | | | | |
| IX. | 6 | 517,581 | 18 | 7 | From a Loan | Granted as above, and appropriated to the hereafter specified for 5-00. |
| | | | | | | |
| X. | 1 | 585,500 | 0 | 0 | By Exchange Bills | Granted as above, and appropriated to the hereafter specified for 5-00. |
| | | | | | | |
| XI. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | By Treasury Bills | Granted as above, and appropriated to the hereafter specified for 5-00. |
| | | | | | | |
| XII. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | Balance of Public Money paid by the Bank under 56 G. 3. c. 19. | Granted as above, and appropriated to the hereafter specified for 5-00. |
| | | | | | | |
| XIII. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | (granted above, § III.) | Granted as above, and appropriated to the hereafter specified for 5-00. |
| | | | | | | |
| XIV. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | (granted above, § IV.) | Granted as above, and appropriated to the hereafter specified for 5-00. |
| | | | | | | |
| XV. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | (granted above, § I.) | Granted as above, and appropriated to the hereafter specified for 5-00. |
| | | | | | | |
| XVI. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Naval Services; that is to say, | For 13 Months. |
| | | | | | | |
| XVII. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Wages for 10,000 Men, including 6000 Royal Marines, | For the Year 1819. |
| | | | | | | |
| XVIII. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Victuals, | From the 15th Dec. 1818, to the 15th Dec. 1819, inclusive. |
| | | | | | | |
| XIX. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Wear and Tear of Ships, | For the Year 1819. |
| | | | | | | |
| XX. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Ordnance for Sea Service, | From the 15th Dec. 1818, to the 15th Dec. 1819, inclusive. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXI. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Ordinary Establishment of the Navy, | For the Year 1819. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXII. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For building, rebuilding and Repairs of Ships, and other Extra Works, | From the 15th Dec. 1818, to the 15th Dec. 1819, inclusive. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXIII. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Provisions for Troops on Foreign Stations, and Bunkies for Troops to be embarked on board Ships of War and Transports, | For the Year 1819. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXIV. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Transport Service, | From the 15th Dec. 1818, to the 15th Dec. 1819, inclusive. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXV. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Land Forces; (that is to say) | For the Year 1819. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXVI. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Land Forces in G. B., and on Stations abroad, (except the East India) | From the 15th Dec. 1818, to the 15th Dec. 1819, inclusive. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXVII. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Ditch in Ireland | For the Year 1819. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXVIII. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For General and Staff Officers, and Officers of Hospitals serving with the Forces in G. B., and on Foreign Stations, (excepting India) | From the 15th Dec. 1818, to the 15th Dec. 1819, inclusive. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXIX. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Ditch in Ireland | For the Year 1819. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXX. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Allowances to Principal Officers of certain Public Departments in G. B., their Departments, Clerks and Constables | From the 15th Dec. 1818, to the 15th Dec. 1819, inclusive. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXXI. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Ditch in Ireland | For the Year 1819. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXXII. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Medicines and Surgical Materials for Land Forces on the Establishment of G. B., and of certain Hospital Constables | From the 15th Dec. 1818, to the 15th Dec. 1819, inclusive. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXXIII. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Ditch in Ireland | For the Year 1819. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXXIV. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For defraying the Charge of Volunteer Corps in G. B. | From the 15th Dec. 1818, to the 15th Dec. 1819, inclusive. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXXV. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Ditch in Ireland | For the Year 1819. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXXVI. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Four Troops of Dragoons and 14 Companies of Foot Bunkies in G. B., for re-equipping the Corps employed in the Devilish Rebellion of the East India Company | From the 15th Dec. 1818, to the 15th Dec. 1819, inclusive. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXXVII. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Pay of General Officers in the Land Forces, not being Colonels of Regiments upon the Establishment of G. B. | From the 15th Dec. 1818, to the 15th Dec. 1819, inclusive. |
| | | | | | | |
| XXXVIII. | 3 | 792,470 | 1 | 7 | For Ditch in Ireland | For the Year 1819. |
| | | | | | | |

| | | | | |
|---------------|----|----|---|--|
| £.17,480 | 5 | 11 | For Garrison of Home and Abroad on the Establishment of G. B. | For the Year 1819. |
| 6,178 | 11 | 0 | For Duties in Ireland | |
| 113,899 | 7 | 9 | For Full Pay for retired Officers and detached Officers of Forces upon the Establishment of G. B. | |
| 3,158 | 9 | 8 | For Duties for retired Officers in Ireland | |
| 667,600 | 0 | 0 | For Half Pay to reduced Officers of Land Forces upon the Establishment of G. B. | |
| 49,771 | 6 | 3 | For Duties in Ireland | |
| 31,501 | 17 | 6 | For Military Allowances to reduced Officers of Land Forces upon the Establishment of G. B. | |
| 1,227 | 14 | 0 | For Duties in Ireland | |
| 129,750 | 0 | 0 | For Half Pay and reduced Allowances to Officers of Detached Foreign Corps, Pensioners to Wounded Foreign Officers, and Allowances to the Widows and Children of deceased Foreign Officers | From 1 st Dec. 1818, to 24 th Dec. 1819. |
| 42,849 | 8 | 9 | For the Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital | |
| 15,861 | 13 | 11 | For Duties of Kensington Hospital | |
| 977,581 | 0 | 0 | For the Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital | |
| 106,005 | 14 | 3 | For Duties of Kensington Hospital | |
| 64,580 | 0 | 0 | For Pensions to Widows of Officers of Land Forces and Marines upon the Establishment of G. B. | |
| 19,541 | 3 | 3 | For Duties in Ireland | |
| 168,531 | 13 | 1 | Allowances on Compassionate List, and of Pensions to Officers for Wounds | |
| 10,759 | 0 | 0 | Duties to reduced Adjutants of Local Militia in G. B. | |
| 19,594 | 6 | 9 | For Allowances, Compensation and Emoluments, in the nature of Superannuation or Retired Allowances to Persons belonging to several Public Departments in G. B., in respect of their having held Public Offices or Employments of a Civil Nature | From the 25 th Dec. 1818, to 24 th Dec. 1819, inclusive. |
| 7,343 | 11 | 3 | For Duties in Ireland | |
| 35,600 | 0 | 0 | For Fees expected to be paid at the Exchequer on Hides for Army Services for the British Establishment | |
| 197,444 | 14 | 3 | For Corps ordered to be disbanded or reduced in the Year 1819, for the Clothing of Cavalry Regiments, the Establishments of which were reduced from the 25 th December, 1818; and for Two Regiments of Cavalry to Hires of Embarkation for the East India. | |
| 6,009 | 16 | 9 | For Charges incident for the Year 1819, for the Pay and Clothing of Corps reduced in Ireland. | |
| 115,500 | 0 | 0 | For the Barrack Department in G. B. | For the Year 1819. |
| 380,500 | 0 | 0 | For Supply of Bread, Meat and Forage, Coals, Carriages, Scurvy and Furniture for Troops in G. B. and for casual Supplies for Troops on Foreign Stations, and for the Pay of Commissariat Department | For the Year 1819. |
| 189,574 | 14 | 4 | For dismounted Militia in G. B. | |
| 126,585 | 7 | 3 | For Duties in Ireland | |
| 1,200,000 | 0 | 0 | For Extraordinary Expenses of the Army in G. B. during the present Year. | |
| 30,000 | 0 | 0 | For Duties in Ireland during the present Year. | |
| 148,574 | 0 | 0 | For Commissariat Department, ditto | For one Year ending 24 th Dec. 1819. |
| 75,019 | 8 | 0 | Barrack Department, ditto | |
| VIII. 299,000 | 0 | 0 | For Ordnance Service of the present Year. | |
| 565,222 | 3 | 11 | For Ordnance for Land Service for G. B. | For the Year 1819. |
| 80,094 | 15 | 10 | For Services performed by Ordnance for Land Service for G. B. and not provided for by Parliament in the Year 1818. | |

| | | | | | |
|-------|----------------------------|------|----|---|---|
| | £ 10,000 | s. 0 | | For the Reduction of Ordinary Military Corps | |
| | 275,667 | 18 | 0 | For Ordonance for G. B. for Allowances to Retired General Officers, to Superannuated, Retired and Half Pay Officers, to Officers seconded, to Officers for good Services, to Wounded Officers, to Superannuated and Disabled Men, and for Pensions to Widows and Children of deceased Officers last belonging to the several Ordonance Military Corps | For the Year 1819. |
| | 6,000 | 3 | 6 | For Duties, not provided for by Parliament in the Year 1816. | |
| | 56,634 | 2 | 6 | For Allowances, Compensation and Emoluments to the nature of Superannuated or Retired Allowances to Persons last belonging to the Office of Ordonance in G. B. in respect of their having held any Public Office or Employment of a Civil Nature, and also for the Charge of Widows' Pensions | |
| | 101,006 | 15 | 4 | For the Office of Ordonance for Ireland | |
| | 18,000 | 0 | 0 | For Duties in Duties, do account of the Pay of Retired Officers of the late Irish Artillery and Engineers, and Pensions to Widows of deceased Officers of the same | For the Year 1819. |
| | 4,000 | 0 | 0 | For Allowances, Compensation and Emoluments in the nature of Superannuated or Retired Allowances to Persons last belonging to the Office of Ordonance in Ireland, in respect of their having held any Public Office or Employment of a Civil Nature, and also for the Charge of Widows' Pensions | |
| IX. | 1,000,000 | 0 | 0 | For improving the Defences of the Low Countries, by virtue of the Convention concluded on the 17th April 1814. | |
| X. | 24,954,300 | 0 | 0 | For discharging Outstanding Exchequer Bills under 58 G. 3. c. 86. and a. 4. unprovided for. | |
| XI. | 8,046,100 | 0 | 0 | For discharging Supplies granted for the Service of the Year 1818, unprovided for. | |
| XII. | 8,599,800 | 0 | 0 | For discharging Exchequer Bills charged upon the Supplies of the Year 1819, unprovided for. | |
| XIII. | 3,000,000 | 0 | 0 | For Duties, under 48 G. 3. c. 3. 53 G. 3. c. 16. and 56 G. 3. c. 7. unprovided for. | |
| XIV. | 4,400,000 | 0 | 0 | For discharging Treasury Bills issued for the Service of Ireland under 55 G. 3. c. 81. and 56 G. 3. c. 87. unprovided for on the 31st January 1819. | |
| XV. | | | | Out of the General Fund of 2,400,000l. § K. ans. 8,599,800l. § XII. ans. 3,000,000l. Exchequer Bills, § XIII. ans. and 4,400,000l. Treasury Bills, § XIV. ans. 5,000,000l. to be repaid to the Government and Company of the Bank of England. | |
| XVI. | Civil Establishments, viz. | | | Bahama Islands, in addition to the Salaries now paid to the Public Officers out of the Duty Fund, and the incidental Charges attending the same | |
| | 3,300 | 10 | 0 | | |
| | 600 | 0 | 0 | Island of Dominica | |
| | 10,800 | 0 | 0 | Upper Canada | |
| | 11,440 | 0 | 0 | New Spain | From the 1st January to 31st Dec. 1819. |
| | 6,757 | 10 | 0 | New Brunswick | |
| | 2,100 | 0 | 0 | Cape Breton | |
| | 3,400 | 0 | 0 | St. John (Prince Edward's Island) | |
| | 5,576 | 0 | 0 | Newfoundland | |
| | 16,815 | 0 | 0 | New South Wales | |
| | 16,687 | 15 | 0 | Sierra Leone | |
| XVII. | 79,154 | 8 | 9d | For making good Deficiency of Grant for the Year 1818, to provide for such Expenses of a Civil Nature as do not form a Part of the Ordinary Charges of the Civil List. | |
| | 300,000 | 0 | 0 | For such Expenses of a Civil Nature as do not form Part of the Ordinary Charges of the Civil List | |
| | 6,500 | 0 | 0 | For Salaries to Officers and Expenses of the Court and Receipt of Exchequer | For the Year 1819. |

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|---------|----|---|---|---|
| £144 15 | 0 | 0 | For defraying the Expenses of the House of Lords and Commons | For the Year 1819. |
| 24,400 | 0 | 0 | For the Salaries and Allowances to the Officers of Lords and Commons | |
| 901 | 4 | 8 | For making good Deficiency of Sum granted in the last Session of Parliament to defray the Salaries and Allowances to the Officers of the House of Lords and Commons | |
| 41,074 | 0 | 0 | For Works and Repairs of Public Buildings | For the Year 1819. |
| 74,051 | 0 | 0 | For the continuing, maintaining and Repairing of streets of Capitals & Towns | |
| 2,777 | 0 | 0 | For maintaining criminal Lunatics | For the Year 1819. |
| 3,000 | 0 | 0 | For Proclamations, &c. relating to the Queen of this Kingdom | |
| 10,000 | 0 | 0 | For Law Charges | For the Year 1819. |
| 1,300 | 0 | 0 | For the Various Establishments | |
| 17,000 | 0 | 0 | For printing Acts of Parliament for the Two Houses of Parliament, for the Sheriffs, Clerks of the Peace and Chief Magistrates throughout the United Kingdom, and for the sitting Judges throughout Great Britain; also for printing Bills, Reports, Evidence and other Papers and Accounts for the House of Lords | For the Year 1819. |
| 1,200 | 0 | 0 | For granting Votes of the House of Commons during the present Session of Parliament. | |
| 840 | 0 | 0 | For Deficiency of the Grant of 1817, for printing 1750 Copies of the 710 vol. of Journals of the House of Commons. | |
| 11,000 | 0 | 0 | For American Loyalties | For the Year 1819. |
| 251 | 10 | 0 | For Superannuation Allowances or Compensation to retired Clerks and other Officers formerly employed in the Lottery Office | |
| 8,442 | 0 | 0 | For Superannuation Allowances or Compensation to retired Clerks and other Officers formerly employed in the Office of Commissioners for settling the public Accounts | For the Year 1819. |
| 910 | 0 | 0 | For Superannuation Allowances or Compensation to retired Clerks and other Officers formerly employed in His Majesty's Mint | |
| 266 | 13 | 4 | For Superannuation Allowance or Compensation to One of the late Paymasters of Exchequer Bills | For the Year 1819. |
| 558 | 0 | 0 | For Superannuation or retired Allowances to Persons formerly employed on the Military Roads in North Britain | |
| 225 | 0 | 0 | For Superannuation or retired Allowance to <i>Wm. Sam. Bell of Glasgow in Canada</i> , at the Rate of 150 <i>l.</i> per annum | From the 30th Jan. 1818. to 30th Dec. 1819. |
| 18,447 | 4 | 0 | For making good the Deficiency of the Fee Funds in the Department of the Treasury, Three Secretaries of State and Privy Council. | |
| 9,219 | 10 | 0 | For making good the Deficiency of the Sum granted in the last Session of Parliament for defraying contingent Expenses, and Messengers' Bills in the Departments of the Treasury, the Three Secretaries of State and Lord Chamberlain. | For the Year 1819. |
| 90,747 | 0 | 0 | For making good Deficiency of Fee Funds in the Departments of the Treasury, Three Secretaries of State, and Privy Council | |
| 17,708 | 0 | 0 | For defraying the contingent Expenses and Messengers' Bills in the Departments of the Treasury, Three Secretaries of State and Lord Chamberlain | |

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| £60,000 0 0 | Towards the Expense of holding a { For the { To be paid without Fee
Parliamentary House at <i>Windsor</i> } Year 1819. } or other Deduction. |
| 20,000 0 0 | For the Establishment of the Parliamentary House { From the 24th Jan. 1819, to 24th Jan. 1820. } To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. |
| 50,000 0 0 | For the Island Emigration from the { For the { To be paid without Fee
Eastern to the Western (Sea by } Year } or other Deduction.
<i>Jamaica</i> and <i>Port Wilkes</i> } 1819. |
| 8,000 0 0 | Towards the Expenses of the Royal Military College { For the Year 1819. } To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. |
| 8,000 0 0 | Towards the Royal Military Asylum { For the Year 1819. } To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. |
| 17,473 18 10 | For completing the Royal Military College { From the 15th Dec. 1818, to the 24th Dec. 1819, inclusive. } To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. |
| 18,480 17 7 | For completing the Royal Military Asylum at Chelsea { For the Year 1819. } To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. |
| 5,000 0 0 | For the Refuge for the Deafmute { For the Year 1819. } To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. |
| 50,660 14 1 | For Relief to <i>Tottenham</i> and <i>Carlisle</i> Emigrants, &c. <i>Dunlop</i> Soldiers, <i>David</i> Naval Officers, for Services performed or Losses sustained in the <i>British</i> Service { For the Year 1819. } To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. |
| 80,000 0 0 | For Secret Services { For the Year 1819. } To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. |
| 4,787 18 3 | For making good Deficiency of the Grant of 1818, for the Expense of printing Bills, Reports and other Papers, by Order of the House of Commons, during the 1st Session of Parliament. |
| 113 14 11 | For making good Deficiency of Grant of 1818, for printing 1,550 Copies of the 73d Vol. of Journals of the House of Commons. |
| 11,000 0 0 | For printing Bills, Reports and other Papers, by Order of the House of Commons, during the present Session of Parliament. |
| 3,000 0 0 | For reprinting Journals and Reports of the House of Commons, in the Year 1819. |
| 3,500 0 0 | For printing 1,550 Copies of the 74th Vol. of the Journals of the House of Commons, for the Year 1819. |
| 3,100 13 0½ | For repairing <i>Henry</i> the Seventh's Chapel. |
| 14,800 0 0 | For defraying the Salaries and Allowances and Expenses for the Commissioners under the Treaty with Foreign Powers, for preventing the illicit Traffic in Slaves { For the Year 1819. } To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. |
| 10,000 0 0 | For carrying on Works at the College of <i>Edinburgh</i> { For the Year 1819. } To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. |
| 1,951 8 0 | For printing 1,250 Copies of the 50th Vol. of Journals of the House of Commons. |
| 4,577 8 5 | For defraying Deficiency of the Grant of 1818, for printing Acts of Parliament for the Two Houses of Parliament, for the Sheriffs, Clerks of the Peace, and Chief Magistrates throughout the United Kingdom, and for the Assize Judges throughout Great Britain; also for printing Bills, Reports, Evidence, and other Papers and Accounts for the House of Lords. |
| 100,000 0 0 | For Bills drawn or to be drawn from <i>New South Wales</i> { For the Year 1819. } To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. |
| 1,570,000 0 0 | For discharging Interest on Exchequer Bills, <i>Irish</i> Treasury Bills, and <i>Bank</i> Notes. |
| 430,000 0 0 | Bring the 100th Part of 4½ Millions of Exchequer Bills, authorized in the 1st Session of Parliament to be issued and charged upon the Acts granted in the present Session, to be issued and paid by Quarterly Payments, to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to be placed to the Account of the Commissioners of the National Debt { For the Year ending the 24 February 1819. } To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. |
| 1,3018 16 8 | Towards Expenses incurred in { For the Year 1819. } To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. |
| 100,000 0 0 | For the Management of the <i>British</i> Mail. |
| 100,000 0 0 | For the Governors of <i>Queen Anne's</i> Bounty. |
| 100,000 0 0 | For the Poorer Clergy in <i>Sweden</i> , to be issued and applied in pursuance of any Act for that purpose. |

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|-----------------------------|---|---|---|
| £4,904 : 2 | For Interest due on 100,000 <i>l</i> . granted to the Paraphernalia Government, in pursuance of a Convention, signed at Vienna on the 22 ^d January 1815 | To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. | |
| 23,097 17 4 | For making good the Deficiency on the 31 st of April 1819, of the Fee Fund at Receipt of Endowments | | |
| 15,000 0 0 | For defraying Expenses of Improvements between <i>Swamp Ferry and Child Bridge</i> , in North Wales | To be paid without Fee or other Deduction. | |
| 18,500 0 0 | For defraying Expenses of Works proposed to be done in and about the Harbour of <i>Belfast</i> | | |
| 15,500 0 0 | For defraying Expenses of Repairs upon the Cobb at <i>Lynn Regis</i> | | |
| 5,000 0 0 | For the Board of Agriculture | | |
| 18,000 0 0 | For maintaining and repairing the <i>British Terns</i> on the Coast of <i>Africa</i> | | |
| 1,175 0 0 | For Superannuation Allowances or Compensations to <i>Andrew Allen</i> and <i>Edward Stanley</i> , retired Gentlemen | | |
| 8,000 0 0 | To General <i>Bayle</i> , a Colonel and Officer of the United States of America, for Services rendered by the Expedition of <i>Saboteux</i> exported under the King's License, as a Remuneration for a Service formerly rendered to this Country in the <i>East India</i> , and for Expenses and Trouble incurred in the Prosecution of his Claim | | |
| <i>Bright Currency act.</i> | | | |
| XVIII. | 5,121 16 11 | For the Remuneration of certain public Officers in <i>Ireland</i> , for their extraordinary Travels in 1819. | |
| XIX. | 22,881 0 0 | For the probable Expenditure of the Board of Works in <i>Ireland</i> | For the Year 1819. |
| | 20,084 0 0 | For Printing, Stationery and other Disbursements for the Chief and Under Secretaries' Offices and Apartments, and other public Officers in <i>Dublin Castle</i> , &c., and for Riding Charges and other Expenses of the Deputy Postmasters and other Messengers attending the said Offices, also Superannuation Allowances to the said Chief Secretary's Office | |
| | 9,650 0 0 | For publishing Proclamations and other Matters of a public Nature in the <i>Dublin Gazette</i> and other Newspapers in <i>Ireland</i> | For One Year, ending 31 st Jan. 1820. |
| | 1,485 0 0 | For printing 1,500 Copies of a compressed Quarto Edition of the Statutes of the U. K. for the Magistrates of <i>Ireland</i> , and 1,500 Copies of a Folio Edition of the same, bound for the U ^s of the Lords, Bishops and public Officers in <i>Ireland</i> . | |
| | 13,076 0 0 | For Criminal Prosecutions and other Law Expenses in <i>Ireland</i> | |
| | 1,000 0 0 | For apprehending Public Offenders in <i>Ireland</i> | For One Year, ending 31 st Jan. 1820. |
| | 8,691 1 7 | For completing the sum necessary for the Support of the Nonconforming Ministers in <i>Ireland</i> | |
| | 4,034 15 3 | For the Support of Seceding Ministers from the Synod of <i>Ugler</i> | For One Year, ending 25 th March 1820. |
| | 776 0 0 | For Protestant Dissenting Ministers in <i>Ireland</i> | For One Year, ending 31 st Jan. 1820. |
| | 1,741 16 11 | For Salaries of Livery Officers in <i>Ireland</i> | For One Year, ending 24 th June 1820. |
| | 4,480 0 0 | For the Direction of <i>Inland Navigation</i> in <i>Ireland</i> | For the Year 1819. |
| | 11,200 0 0 | For carrying on the Works at <i>Dunmore Harbour</i> in the current Year. | |
| | 8,500 0 0 | For Duties in Harbour of <i>Swan</i> in the current Year. | |
| | 683 1 6 | For clothing the <i>Battle and Guards</i> for 18 Months, commencing 15 <i>June</i> 1819. | |
| | 1,071 13 10 | For clothing Officers of Arms, Parliaments and State Transports in <i>Ireland</i> for three Years, commencing 17 th March 1819. | |

British Currency act.

£ 26,500 0 0

10,000 0 0

1,000 0 0

7,000 0 0

3,000 0 0

17,076 18 ½

XX. 9,470 0 0

18,461 0 0

10,498 9 1½

11,000 0 0

176 18 ½

300 0 0

XXI. 14,000 0 0

30,000 0 0

34,000 0 0

6,455 0 0

9,000 0 0

1,400 0 0

1,600 0 0

8,000 0 0

5,300 0 0

1,400 0 0

4,600 0 0

460 0 0

1,728 0 0

3,470 0 0

100 0 0

1,300 0 0

1,178 0 0

9,000 0 0

3,000 0 0

XXII. 20,000 0 0

XXIII. Supplies to be applied only for the Purposes aforesaid.

XXIV. Rules for Application of Half Pay.

XXV. Half Pay to Officers of *Misc* Fencibles.

XXVI. Dues to Chaplains of Regiments, although in Possession of Ecclesiastical Benefices.

XXVII. Application of Overplus of Sum under 38 Geo. 3. c. 100.

For the Police and Watch Establishments of the City and District of *Dublin* } For One Year, ending 31st Dec. 1819.
 For providing for Fever Cases in *Ireland* }
 For Utensils and Implements of Manufacture for the Use of New Settlers in *Dublin* }

For Salaries of Commissioners of Inquiry into Courts of Justice in *Ireland*.
 In aid of Schools established by Voluntary Contributions.

For making good the Advances made from the Civil List in *Ireland*, pursuant to the Address of the House of Commons of the 8th July 1817 and the 2^d Jan 1818, for the Remuneration of the Commissioners of Inquiry into the Courts of Justice in *Ireland*.

For building Churches and Glebe Houses and purchasing Glebes in *Ireland* }

For further defraying the Expense of ditto " }

For the Trustees of the Linen and Hosiery Manufactures of *Ireland*, to be by them applied in such manner as they shall think fit to promote the said Manufactures " }

For making wide and convenient Streets in the City of *Dublin* " }

Allowance to the Chairman of the Board of Island Navigation " }

For repairing the Hoofs of the Royal Irish Academy in *Griffin Street* " }

For the Protestant Charter Schools of *Ireland* }

For the Foundling Hospital at *Dublin* " }

For the House of Industry, Hospitals and Asylums for indigent Children in *Dublin* }

For the Richmond Lunatic Asylum at *Dublin* }

For the *Milreana* Society for Soldiers' Children.

For the *Milreana* Marine Society in *Dublin* }

For the Female Orphan House in the Circular Road near *Dublin* " }

For the *Wigmoreland* Lock Hospital, *Dublin* " }

For the Lying-in Hospital, *Dublin* " }

For Doctor *Brown's* Hospital " }

For the Fever Hospital and House of Recovery in *Carl Street*, *Dublin* " }

For the Hospital for Leucoderms in *Dublin* " }

For the Roman Catholic Seminary " }

For the Association for disseminating Vice and promoting the Knowledge of the Christian Religion " }

For the Green Coat Hospital of *Carl* " }

For the *Carl* Institution " }

For the Society for promoting the Education of the Poor of *Ireland* " }

For the *Dublin* Society " "

For the Farming Society of *Ireland* " "

For defraying the Civil Contingencies in *Ireland* " }

For One Year, ending the 31st January 1820.

For the Year 1819.

For One Year, ending the 31st January 1820.

C A P. CXXXIV.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for building and promoting the building of additional Churches in populous Parishes.

[13th July 1819.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act for building and promoting the building of additional Churches in populous Parishes*; And Whereas it is expedient and necessary that some of the Provisions of the said Act should be amended, and other Provisions thereof enlarged,

18 Geo. 3. c. 41.

4 R. 2

largely,

Exchequer Bills issued in pursuance of revised Act to have a certain Rate of Interest.

Commissioners under revised Act to apply for Exchequer Bills.

which are to be delivered by the Auditor of the Exchequer.

Date of the said Exchequer Bills.

His Majesty may appoint Commissioners to supply Vacancies.

Commissioners to be a Body Corporate.

Commissioners empowered to allow the whole of the Expenses in certain Cases.

Commissioners may erect walls and enclose Grants in the Division of Parishes, as if they were distinct Parishes.

§ 1 G. 3. c. 47. and this Act to have an in each Parishes.

'larged, and that further and additional Provision should be made for rendering the said Act more effectual: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Exchequer Bills, to be made out in pursuance of the said revised Act or this Act, shall and may bear such an Interest as may be directed by the Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, not exceeding the Rate of Three pence Halfpenny per Centum per Annum, upon or in respect of the whole of the Moneys respectively contained therein; and that all such Bills as shall be advanced for the purposes of carrying the said Act or this Act into Execution, shall be made payable at such Periods, and, together with the Interest that shall be due thereon, shall be paid off and discharged out of such Aids or Supplies granted by Parliament, for the Service of any Year, as in each and every Exchequer Bill to made forth shall be particularly specified and expressed, pursuant to such Directions as shall be given in that behalf to the Auditor of the Receipt of Exchequer, by Warrant or Warrants from the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, for the time being.

II. And be it further enacted, That from time to time, as the Commissioners appointed for the Execution of the said revised Act shall find it necessary to apply to the purposes thereof, any Amount of such Bills to be advanced under the Provisions of the said revised Act or of this Act, the said Commissioners shall forthwith represent the same to the said Commissioners of the Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them for the time being, shall thereupon, if satisfied of such Necessity, direct the said Commissioners to affix a Certificate to be signed by any Three or more of them, to such Person or Persons as may be authorised to receive the same, containing the Amount so by the said Commissioners intended to be advanced by Exchequer Bills; which Certificate shall and may be presented to the Auditor in the Receipt of Exchequer at *Windsor*, and the said Auditor shall, immediately upon the Receipt of such Certificate, deliver to the Bearer thereof a like Amount in Exchequer Bills, to be made out in pursuance of the said revised Act or of this Act, and payable at such Period as shall in such Exchequer Bills be specified and expressed; provided that the total Amount so to be issued by virtue of such Certificate shall not at any time exceed the Amount directed to be advanced under the said revised Act; and every such Exchequer Bill shall bear Date on the Day on which such Certificate shall be so received by the said Auditor, or on such other Day as in such Certificate shall be specified; any thing in this said revised Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and all such Exchequer Bills so to be delivered shall and may be signed by the said Auditor, or in his Name by any Person duly authorised to sign Exchequer Bills.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, when and so often as any Vacancies shall or may arise, by Death, Resignation or otherwise, of any of the Commissioners appointed by His Majesty under the Provisions of the said revised Act or this Act, from time to time to supply any such Vacancy or Vacancies by the Appointment of any other Person or Persons, and also from time to time to appoint additional Commissioners, who, together with the Persons before appointed, shall be the Commissioners for carrying into Execution the purposes of the said Act and this Act; and the Commissioners so appointed by His Majesty, under the Provisions of the said Act or this Act, shall be and are hereby declared to be a Body Corporate, by the Name and Style of "His Majesty's Commissioners for building New Churches;" and by that Name shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be a Body Corporate, while any Commission appointing such Commissioners shall continue in full Force, and shall have a Common Seal.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered to allow and make Grants for the defraying the whole of the Charges and Expenses of building any Churches or Chapels under the Provisions of the said revised Act or this Act, in all Cases in which the Commissioners shall for so, either on account of the Inhabits to bear any Part of the Charge of building any such Churches or Chapels, or from any other Cause which shall, in the Judgment and Discretion of the said Commissioners be sufficient; any thing in the said revised Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And Whereas many Parishes are divided into Townships, Hamlets, Villages, Chapels, and other Divisions, which are sometimes very large and populous; and it is therefore expedient that the said Commissioners shall be empowered to divide Districts of Parishes, as Parishes for the purposes of the said revised Act; and of this Act: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered, to make Grants or Loans, or Grants and Loans, to any such Townships, Hamlets, Villages, Chapels, or other Divisions of Parishes, as may, in the Judgment of the Commissioners, from their Populations, require further Accommodation for Divine Service, according to the Rites of the United Church of England and Ireland, although the Population of any such Division may not amount to Four thousand, and although in the whole Parish there may be Accommodation for more than One Fourth Part of the Inhabitants; and the Commissioners may, to every such Case, proceed, in relation to any such Division, under the Provisions of the said Act and this Act, in every respect as if they were separate and distinct Parishes; and all the Provisions in the said Act and the Act contained for enabling the said Commissioners to make Grants or Loans to any Parish or Extra parochial Place, shall extend and apply and be in full force as to such Divisions of Parishes, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if such Divisions were separate and distinct Parishes, and as if all the Powers, Authorities and Provisions in the said Act and this Act contained, in relation to Parishes, were severally and separately re-enacted as to such Divisions of Parishes.

* VI. And

VI. And Whereas a considerable Population is frequently collected together, at the Extremities of and locally situate in Parishes or Extra parochial Places contiguous to each other, at a Distance from the respective Churches or Chapels of such respective Parishes or Extra parochial Places: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, with such Consent as is required by the said second Act in the Case of District Parishes, to assign and consolidate any such contiguous Parts of such Parishes and Extra parochial Places into a separate and distinct District, for all Ecclesiastical Purposes, and to cause such District to be named, ascertained and marked out by defined Boundaries, and such Name, and the Description of such Bounds, when approved by His Majesty in Council, to be enrolled on the High Court of Chancery, and in the Office of the Registry of the Diocese in which such District shall belong, under the Provisions of this Act, and to make Grants or Leases for or towards the building of or to build any Chapel or Chapels, with or without Rectories, in and for the Use of the Inhabitants of any such District, in such Manner and under such Regulations as may, in the Judgment of the Commissioners, appear from the Circumstances to be most expedient, and to constitute any such District a consolidated Chapelry; and every such Chapelry shall be under the Superintendence of such Spiritual Person as shall be appointed under the Provisions of this Act, to serve any such Chapel; and such Spiritual Person shall have Care of Souls in such District; and the Right of Patronage and Appointment of such Spiritual Person shall thereafter belong to such Person or Persons, and be exercised in such manner as may be agreed by the several Parson of the Churches or Chapels of such Parishes and Extra parochial Places respectively, with the Approbation of the Commissioners; and Banns of Marriage may be published, and Marriages, Confirmations, Churchings and Burials may be solemnized and performed in any such Chapel, consecutively and at all times after the consecration thereof; and the Pew Rents in such Chapel shall be fixed, and Salaries to the Minister and Clerk assigned thereon, in such manner as is directed in the said recited Act or in this Act concerning Pew Rents and Salaries in separate or District Parishes; and all Fees and Offerings which may arise and accrue within such Chapelry, according to such Table of Fees as the Commissioners shall make, with the Approbation of the Bishop, may be demanded, received, paid for, professed and recovered by the Spiritual Person having Care of Souls therein, and by the Clerk and Sexton of such Chapelries, in like manner as if every such Chapelry was a distinct Parish; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby required, in every such Case, to ascertain and make Compensation, in manner directed in like Cases under the said recited Act, for any Loss which may be sustained by the Incumbent of any contiguous Parish or Extra parochial Place which shall form Part of any such District, by means of any Fees, Oblations and Offerings being transferred to the Spiritual Person serving any such Chapel; and all such Chapelries shall be deemed to be distinct, and be subject to the jurisdiction of the Bishop and Archbishop within whose Diocese and Archdeaconry the Altar of such Chapel shall be locally situate, and to all the Laws in force concerning Patronage and Appointment to Rectories and Churches, and Lapsis, and all other Laws relating to the holding of Benefices and Churches.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in which the Commissioners shall determine that any additional Church or Chapel or Churches or Chapels shall be erected in any Parish or Extra parochial Place, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to require Sites to be provided for the same, in manner directed by the said recited Act, and to grant or lend Money for the purchasing of Sites, and for the erecting, or to erect or build, under the Provisions of the said Act or this Act, any Building or Buildings for the Celebration of Divine Service according to the Rites of the United Church of England and Ireland, without determining before the making of any such Regulation of Fees, or of any such Grant or Loan, or before the erecting or building any such Church or Chapel, whether the Parish or Extra parochial Place in which the same shall be built, shall be divided into separate and distinct Parishes or Districts for Ecclesiastical Purposes under the Provisions of the said Act, or whether any such Building shall, after the consecration thereof, be deemed a Church or Chapel, or whether the same shall be appropriated to the Accommodation of the Parish at large in which the same is built, or to any particular District or Districts or Districts thereof; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in which the said Commissioners shall be of Opinion that it will be expedient to divide any Parish or Extra parochial Place into Two or more distinct and separate Parishes, for Ecclesiastical Purposes, under the Provisions of the said recited Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, with such Consents as are by the said Act required in such Cases, to apportion the relative and respective Proportions of Glebe Land, Tithes, Modia or other Endowments or Enclosures, which it may be expedient to assign and attach to each of such respective Districts, without regard to whether any such relative Proportions of Glebe Land, Tithes, Modia or other Endowments or Enclosures are locally situate, or arise or accrue within the District or District to which they may be so assigned, or are locally situate or arise or accrue within the Parish or Extra parochial Place in proposed to be divided, or otherwise; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, with Consent of the Bishop, in the Division of any Parish, and of the relative Proportion of Glebe Land, Tithes, Modia or other Endowments, under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, to apportion also the permanent Charges in respect thereof, or in any manner affecting the same, or the Incumbent for the time being of such Parish, and such Charges to apportioned shall thereafter be borne by and belong to each of the Districts of such Parish, or by the Spiritual Person serving the same respectively; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted, That when any Parish shall be divided, under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, all Fees, Dues, Profits and Emoluments belonging to the Parish Clerk or Sexton respectively of any such Parish, whether by Prescription, Usage or otherwise, which shall thereafter arise in

Commissioners may divide Part of contiguous Parishes and Extra parochial Places into separate Districts for Ecclesiastical Purposes; and make Loans for building Chapels for the Use of such Districts; and constitute such Districts consolidated Chapelries.

Right of Patronage, &c.

Pew Rents.

Fees and Offerings.

Compensation to Incumbent of contiguous Parish, &c.

Subject to Laws in force.

Commissioners may lay down for building, &c. without previous determination as to the District, or whether such Buildings shall be deemed Churches or Chapels when built, &c.

In divided Parishes, &c., &c. may be apportioned without regard to local Situation.

Commissioners in dividing Parishes may apportion permanent Charges as well as Glebe, &c.

Fees and Bursars of Divisions of Parish may

renew their
Fees, &c.

Commissioners
to Clerks and
Sextons.

Commissioners
may fix Table
of Fees, with
Consent of
Vestry, &c.

Fees so fixed
may become
void.

New Churches
to become dis-
tinct Parishes;
but in no cases,
during existing
Incumbency,
to be treated
as Beneficial
Curacies, and
to be deemed
One Church.

Right of
Parishes of
Parsons do
not belong to
the Patron
of the original
Church, and
be exercised
after obtaining
Incumbency.
And the
Churches sub-
ject to Laws
in force.

Until Incum-
bents of Dis-
ensions presented,
Cases to remain
in original
Incumbency.

Churches,
drawn, with Con-
sent of Vestry,
&c. may
raise Money
upon Credit of
Rates for
Repairs of
Churches, &c.

Anders Public,
the empowered
to get up
Rights of In-
terests, or enter
into Agree-
ments, &c. and
within Chapels.

any Defect or Division of any Parish divided under the Provisions of the said recited Act, shall belong to and be recoverable by the Clerks and Sextons respectively of such of the Divisions respectively of the Parish to which they shall be assigned, in like manner in every respect and after the same Rate as they were before recoverable by the Clerk and Sexton respectively of the original Parish; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners in every such Case to ascertain and make Compensation, in manner directed by the said recited Act in Cases of Compensation by reason of Loss of Fees, for any Loss of Fees, Dues, Profits and Emoluments which any Clerk or Sexton may sustain by reason of any such Division.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners and they are hereby empowered to make and fix any Table of Fees for any Parish, with the Consent of the Vestry or Select Vestry, or Persons possessing the Powers of Vestry in such Parish, and also to make and fix any such Table of Fees for any Extra parochial Place, or in or for any District Chapel or Parochial Chapel in which any Church or Chapel shall be built or appropriated under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, with the Consent notwithstanding, in all such Cases, of the Bishop of the Diocese; and all Fees so fixed may be demanded, received, paid for, precatored and recovered, by the Spiritual Parson or Clerk or Sexton to whom the same shall be assigned, in like manner and by such and the same means as any ancient legal Fees of a like Nature may be paid for, precatored and recovered.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Churches which shall be built or acquired under the Provisions of the said Act or this Act, whether belonging to Parishes completely divided or to District Parishes, shall immediately after the Consecration thereof become and be deemed to be and be distinct Benefices and Churches for all Ecclesiastical Purposes: Provided always, that during the Incumbency of the then existing Incumbent of the Parish, except as hereinafter excepted, such Churches shall be served by Incumbent Beneficial Curacies, appointed by the existing Incumbent, and subject to all the Laws in force relating to Beneficial Curacies, except as to the assigning Salaries to such Curacies by the Bishop of the Diocese; and every such existing Incumbent shall, until his Death or other Avoidance, continue to hold all the Churches of the several Divisions of his Parish as if they were One Church, unless he shall voluntarily resign One or more of them; any Statute or Law against Plurality of Benefices, or any thing contained in the said recited Act or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Right of Presentation and Appointment of the Spiritual Parson to be the respective Incumbents of or to have the Churches of the several Parishes created by the complete Division of any Parish under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, shall in every Case belong to the Patron of the Church of the original Parish; and the Exercise of such Right of Presentation or Appointment shall commence on the Death or other Avoidance of the existing Incumbent, except in any Case in which the Division of any Parish shall have been made, or in which the Commissioners shall have declared their Intention of dividing any Parish, before or during any Avoidance, in which Cases the Exercise of such Right of Presentation or Appointment shall commence upon the Consecration of the Church or Churches respectively of any such Division; and the several Churches created in and for such Divisions respectively, shall immediately upon Consecration become Benefices, and subject to all the Laws in force concerning Presentation and Appointment to Benefices and Churches, and Laps, and all other Laws, Provisions and Regulations relating to the holding of Benefices and Churches; any thing in the said recited Act or in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that the Spiritual Care and Superintendence of every Parish so divided during Avoidance, shall, until Incumbents shall have been precatored or appointed for the Divisions thereof, continue in the Spiritual Parson who shall be the Incumbent of the original Parish; and such Spiritual Parson shall receive all Emoluments accruing and arising within the Parish during such Superintendence.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Churchwardens of any Parish, with the Consent of the Vestry, or Persons possessing the Powers of Vestry, and with the Consent of the Bishop and Incumbent, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to borrow and raise upon the Credit of the Church Rates, or of any Rates made under the said recited Act or this Act, of any such Parish, such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be necessary for defraying the Expence of repairing any Churches or Chapels; and they are hereby empowered and required, in any Case in which such Money shall have been borrowed, to raise by Rate a Sum sufficient from time to time to pay the Interest of the Money so borrowed, and not less than Two per Cent. of the Principal Sum borrowed, out of the Product of such Rates, until the whole of the Money so borrowed shall be repaid.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Bodies Public, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Tenants for Life or in Tail, Masters, Guardians, Trustees, and Officers in Trust, Comptrollers, Executors and Administrators, and all other Persons and Trustees whomsoever, not only for or on behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for and on behalf of College Trustees, whether Infants, Males unknown, Lunatics, Idiots, Females Covert, or other Persons or Persons, and to and for all Females Covert, who are or shall be possessed of or entitled to or interested in their own Right, and for every other Persons whomsoever who shall be possessed of or entitled to or interested in any Right of Passage, or of Presentation or Appointment to any Benefice, Donative, Perpetual Curacy, or of any Spiritual Parson to any Church or Chapel, or the Performance of any Ecclesiastical Duties in any Church or Chapel, to surrender any such Right of Passage, Presentation or Appointment, or enter into or make any Agreement relating thereto with the said Commissioners, or the Bishop of the Diocese, for the purpose of regulating the same, according to the Provisions of this Act; and it shall also be lawful for any such Bodies or Persons as aforesaid to reserve, or agree to the Endowment of any Chapel hereto-

taken

before built out of the Pew Rents thereof; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or in any Decree or Decrees, or any Trusts relating thereto respectively, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, in the like manner and with the like Consents as are required in case of Division into Ecclesiastical Districts under the said recited Act or this Act, to assign a particular District to any Chapel of Ease or Parochial Chapel already existing, or to any Chapel built, or which may hereafter be built or acquired under the Powers of the said Act or this Act; and such District shall be under the immediate Care of the Curate appointed to serve such Chapel, but subject nevertheless to the Superintendence and Control of the Incumbent of the Parish Church; and all such Curates shall be nominated by the Incumbent of the Parish to the Bishop for his Licence, except where the Right of Nominations shall already be legally vested in any other Person or Persons, and in every such Case by the Person or Persons possessing such Right of Nominations; Subject to all the Laws in Force relating to Beneficial Curates, except as to the assigning of Salaries to such Curates: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, with the Consent of the Bishop of the Diocese, to determine whether any and what Part or Proportion of the Fees or Dues for Marriages, Baptisms, Churchings and Burials, shall be assigned to any such Curate, and whether Banns of Marriage shall be published, and Marriages or Baptisms, Churchings or Burials, shall be solemnised or performed in any such Chapel, or not; and in any Case in which Marriages shall be allowed in any such Chapel, the Commissioners shall cause the Boundaries of the District assigned to such Chapel to be ascertained in the High Court of Chancery; and in the Office of the Registry of the Diocese, any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and no such Chapel shall become a Benefice by reason of any Augmentation of the Maintenance of the Curate, by any Grant or Bounty under the Provision of any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws for augmenting Small Livings; any thing in such Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Acts of Parliament, Laws and Customs relating to publishing Banns of Marriage, Marriages, Churchings, Churchings and Burials, and the regulating thereof, and to all Ecclesiastical Fees, Oblations or Offerings, shall apply to all Districts and Consolidated or District Chapels and Divisions of any Parishes or Extra parochial Places, whereof the Boundaries shall be ascertained in the High Court of Chancery under the Provision of the said recited Act and this Act; and in the Churches and Chapels whereof Banns of Marriage shall be allowed to be published, and Marriages, Churchings, Churchings and Burials, or any of them, shall be allowed to be solemnised, and in the Churches and Chapels thereof, and in the Ecclesiastical Persons having Care of Souls therein, or having the same, in like manner in every respect as if the same respectively had been ancient, separate and distinct Parishes and Parish Churches by Law, to all Intents and Purposes.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Appointment of Glebe Land, Tithes, Modsons and other Endowments and Emoluments, and of any Fees, Oblations, Offerings, or other Ecclesiastical Dues or Profits, and also of all permanent and other Charges made under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, and also the Delimitation of Boundaries assigned to Chapels under this Act, in which no Marriages shall be allowed to be solemnised, and all Tables of Fees made under the Provisions of this Act, shall be registered in the Registry of the Diocese to which the Parish, in relation to which any such Appointment shall be made, shall be or be locally situate, and not enrolled in the Court of Chancery; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Chapel built or acquired under the Provision of the said recited Act, which shall be situate in any District Parish made a Parish for Ecclesiastical Purposes under the Provision of the said recited Act, and which shall not be or be made the Church of such District, shall be or be deemed to be a perpetual Curacy, or considered in Law as a Benefice or Prebendary under the Provisions of the said recited Act, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, by and with the Consent of the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them, in Writing, or for His Majesty, by any Grant signed by the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster for the time being, or for the Duke of Cornwall, by any Grant signed by the Chancellor of the Duchy of Cornwall for the time being, or for his Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation Approvee or Sole, to give and grant any Stone, Slate or Timber, or other Materials respectively, from any Quarries, Forests or Waters belonging to His Majesty or the Duke of Cornwall, or any such Body respectively, for or towards the building of any Churches or Chapels under the Provision of the said recited Act or this Act, and any House or Appurtenances and Gardens for the Residence of the Spiritual Person who may serve the Church or Chapel; any thing in any Statute or Act of Parliament or Law or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Excise of England, Ireland and Scotland respectively, and with the Consent and under the Authority in Writing of the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or for any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being respectively, to grant all or any Proportion of the Dues or Customs or Excise respectively, or to order the same to be drawn back or repaid, for, upon or in respect of any Stone, Slate, Bricks, Timber or other Materials, which shall be sent for possession for and used in the building of any Churches or Chapels under the Provision of the said recited Act or this Act; and such Dues shall in every such Case be remitted, drawn back, or repaid, as the case may be, under such Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, and in such manner as shall be ordered and directed.

Commissioners may assign Districts to Chapels under Care of Curates subject to Control of Incumbents.

Commissioners with Consent of Bishop, may determine what Fees for Marriages, &c. shall be assigned.

No Chapel, to become a Benefice by Reason of an Augmentation of Curate's Maintenance.

All Acts of Parliament, &c. relating to publishing Banns of Marriage, &c. to apply to Churches and Chapels of Districts.

Appointments of Glebe, &c. registered in Registry of Diocese, and not enrolled in Chancery.

No Chapels built under 51 G. 3. to be considered perpetual Curacies or Benefices.

Commissioners of Woods and Forests, &c. with Consent of Treasury, may grant Materials for building Churches and Chapels.

Commissioners of Customs, &c. with Consent of Treasury, may remit Customs or Excise on Stone sent for building of Churches or Chapels.

directed by the Lord High Treasurer or any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in that behalf; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commissioners may grant Money for providing Sites, without requiring Security or Surety, as required under recited Acts.

and may purchase or grant Money for purchasing, for Cemeteries, &c.

Church or Chapelwardens empowered to levy Rates.

Not deemed Overdraws of the Poor.

negotiate.

No Application to build or enlarge Church, or to make, if Quasiholder of Proprietors of Manse, &c. in Value do not.

Monies of applying such Diseases.

Rate not to be levied, or, in the Parish in any One Year, or in, in the whole, may be raised for building or enlarging a Church or Chapel, without such Proprietors of Manse, &c. as is required by recited Acts. Provision to dissent in case of a larger Rate. Order to raise Rate accordingly.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, and they are hereby authorised and empowered, in any Case or Cases in which they shall deem it expedient, from the Amount or Disbursement of the Population of any Parish, Township, Hamlet, Vill, Chapelry, or other Division of any Parish, and the Amount of the Rates paid therein, or any other good and sufficient Cause, to grant Money for or towards the Purchase of Sites, or to treat by themselves or their Agents for the Purchase of Sites for the building of Churches or Chapels, with or without Cimetaries, and without requiring or demanding Repayment or Security for the Repayment of the Money so granted or expended in the Purchase of such Sites or Cimetaries, from the Parishes or Divisions of Parishes for which such Sites shall be so provided; and it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners to purchase or grant Money for the purchasing of Cimetaries not within the Bounds of the Parish for which the same shall be provided, or for enlarging Cimetaries or providing additional Cimetaries within such Parish respectively; all which Cimetaries, if not within the Bounds of such Parish, shall, after Confirmation, be deemed Part of the Parish for the Use of which they shall have been purchased or provided; any thing in the said recited Acts, or in any Act or Acts of Parliament or Law or Laws, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Churchwardens or Chapelwardens of any Parish or Division of any Parish, or of any Consolidated or District Chapelry, in which any Rates shall be made under the Provisions of the said recited Acts or this Act, to demand, receive, for use, levy and execute all such Rates, by all such Ways and Means as any Church Rates may be demanded, paid for, levied and recovered, as fully and effectually as if all Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Positives and Forfeitures relating to the demanding, levying for, levying and recovering of any Church Rates, or for any Refusal to pay any like Rates, were specially enacted for that Purpose in the said recited Acts and this Act: Provided always, that any Churchwardens or Chapelwardens appointed under the Provisions of the said recited Acts or this Act, shall not in virtue of this Office be deemed Overseers of the Poor.

XXV. And Whereas it is by the said recited Acts enacted, that no Application or Offer to build or to enlarge any Church or Chapel, either wholly or in part, by means of Rates, shall be made, unless Two third Parts in Value of the Proprietors of Manse, Lands and Tenements within the Parish shall have consented thereto in Writing; and it is expedient that such Provision should be repealed, and other Provisions made in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That so much of the said recited Acts as requires the Consent of such Proprietors of Proprietors of Lands, in manner directed by the said Act, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act, no Application or Offer to build or enlarge any Church or Chapel, either wholly or in part, shall be made, nor shall any Church or Chapel be built or rebuilt or enlarged, or any Purchase made of any new or additional Rural Ground, by means of any Rates upon any Parish, in any Case in which One third Part or more in Value, such Value to be ascertained by an Average of the Rate for the Relief of the Poor for the preceding Three Years, of the Proprietors of Manse, Lands and Tenements within such Parish, whether for Estates of Freehold or Copyhold, or by virtue of Leases for Terms of Years absolute, whereof not less than Fifteen Years shall be unexpired, or determinable upon a Life or Lives, shall dissent therefrom; such Dissent to be entered in the Book containing the Proceedings of the Vestry, and to be signed, in case of any future Vestry, within Two Months after any Resolution for the purpose aforesaid, of such Vestry or Sole Vestry as aforesaid; and in case of any Vestry, already holden, on which such Resolution shall have been passed within Two Months from the passing of this Act, under the Hands of such Proprietors and Persons aforesaid; and in case of Corporations Aggregate, under the Hands of the President, Head or Chief Member thereof for the time being; and in case of Farms Cover, Messuages, Farms and Persons subject from the Kingdom, under the Hands of their respective Husband, Guardians, Commissioners, Trustees, Attorneys or Agents, who are hereby respectively authorised to sign such Dissents; and in case of Trustees of Charitable Institutions, under the Hands of the major Part of the Trustees, or of any such Body of any such Trustees as may under their respective Trusts be authorised to act in the Execution of the Trusts.

XXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Inhabitants of any Parish, who shall be assembled and present in any Vestry, or the major Part of the Inhabitants so assembled, and present in any such Vestry, of which Notice shall have been given upon Two successive Sundays preceding the Meeting of such Vestry, or for Two third Parts of such of the Persons exercising the Powers of Vestry in such Parish as shall be assembled in any Meeting, of which due Notice shall have been given according to the Mode of giving Notices for the assembling of such Persons, to order and direct the making and raising of any Rate, not exceeding the Amount of One Shilling in the Pound in any One Year, or the Amount of Five Shillings in the Pound in the whole, upon the Annual Value of the Property in the Parish, for the purpose of building or enlarging any Church or Churches, or Chapel or Chapels, either wholly or in part, by means of Rates, without any further or other or any greater Number of Consents of any Inhabitants or Proprietors, or Occupiers or other Persons; any thing in the said recited Acts to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that no greater or larger Rate than aforesaid shall be ordered or directed to be made or raised, in relation to any Application or Offer to build or to enlarge any Church or Chapel, either wholly or in part, by means of Rates, if any such Proprietors of Estates as are in this Act specified are signified in Writing in manner directed by this Act; and every such Order and Direction to be made as aforesaid, under the Provisions of the Act, shall be imperative upon the Churchwardens or Chapelwardens of the Parish in which such Order shall be made, who shall forthwith make and raise, and levy and collect the Rate so ordered, for the purpose of the said recited Acts and this Act, any thing in the said recited Acts or any other Act or Acts

of Payment to the contrary notwithstanding; and every such Rate shall be made, raised, levied, collected, received and accounted for in like manner, and with all such Powers, Authorities, Privileges and Regulations, and under and subject to such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are in Law applicable to the making, raising, levying and collecting any Church Rate in any Parish.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, in any Case in which they shall deem it expedient, from time to time to order and direct that the Rents of the Pews in any Church or Chapel built, acquired or appropriated under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, shall be assigned to the Parish or District, and received by the Churchwardens or Chapelwardens in such Parish or District, who shall thereupon be required to pay the Stipend which from time to time may be assigned or directed under the Provisions of this Act to the Minister or Clerk: Provided always, that the Parish shall not in any such Case be answerable to such Minister or Clerk for any greater Sum in each Year than the Amount of the Rents of the Pews which shall have been actually let during the preceding Year in any such Church or Chapel; and any Surplus of Pew Rents, remaining after Payment of such Stipend and other Expenses, shall, except in any of the Cases next hereinafter mentioned, be invested in Government Securities, in the Name of Trustees to be appointed by the Bishop of the Diocese, and suffered to accumulate for the purpose of forming a Fund for the building or purchasing of a House, with the Consent and Approbation of the Bishop, for the Residence of the Spiritual Person serving the Church or Chapel; and after the Completion of such purpose, then to the Augmentation of the Stipend of such Spiritual Person, or to the Reduction of the Pew Rents, or the Increase of the Accommodation in any such Church or Chapel, in such manner as shall be directed by the Bishop of the Diocese for the time being.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Surplus of such Pew Rents remaining, after Payment of such Stipend and other Expenses, shall, in any Case in which the Commissioners shall think it expedient, be charged and chargeable with and applied towards the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money which may be borrowed or advanced by way of Loan, at Interest, or by way of Annuity or otherwise, for or towards the building any such Church or Chapel, or for the purchasing any Site or Sites for the same, and defraying all Expenses relative thereto, and in keeping such Church or Chapel in repair; and the Rents of such Pew Rents, if any, shall be paid and applied in manner herebefore directed, or in aid of the Church Rate to be raised in such Parish, if the Commissioners shall so think fit; and that it shall and may be lawful for such Churchwardens or Chapelwardens, with the Consent of the Commissioners, to borrow and take up at Interest, or by way of Annuity or otherwise, any Sum or Sums of Money for or towards the building such Church or Chapel, or purchasing such Site or Sites, or defraying the Expenses relative thereto, upon the Credit of such Pew Rents, and by Writing under their Hands to charge such Pew Rents, subject to such Stipend and Expenses as aforesaid, with the Payment to any Person or Persons of any such Sum or Sums of Money, with Interest, or with any such Annuity or Annuities as aforesaid, in such manner as such Churchwardens or Chapelwardens shall from time to time think fit.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Assignment of any Stipend to any Minister or Clerk, under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, shall be registered in the Registry of the Diocese in which the Parish shall belong.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk in every Church and Chapel erected, built or acquired, or appropriated under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, shall be annually appointed by the Minister of the Church or Chapel.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That in every District, Parish, or Division of any Parish or District, Chapel or Consolidated Chapel, in which any Church or Chapel shall be built, acquired or appropriated under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, in which there shall not be a distinct Vestry belonging to such District or Division, a Select Vestry, consisting of so many Persons as shall be directed by the Commissioners in that behalf, shall be appointed by the Commissioners, with the Advice of the Bishop of the Diocese, out of the substantial Inhabitants of the District or Division, or District Chapel or Consolidated Chapel, for the Care and Management of the Concerns of the Church or Chapel, and all Matters and Things relating thereto, and such Select Vestry shall annually elect or appoint the Churchwardens or Chapelwardens to be named on the part of the Parish or Chapel, and shall elect some Members of such Vestry as Persons *capable of acting as such, and otherwise or otherwise in the said Vestry proper* Pews shall be assigned and provided in every such Church and Chapel for the Use of the Church or Chapelwardens thereof.

XXXI. And Whereas Circumstances may arise in which it may become expedient and necessary to alter the Rents at which Pews may be let, in any Churches or Chapels built or provided under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Churchwardens and Chapelwardens of any such Church or Chapel, and they are hereby required, when ordered and directed to do so by the Bishop of the Diocese, with the Consent of the Patron and Incumbent, and in any Case in which the Pew Rents shall have been assigned to the Parish, then with the Consent of the Vestry of the Parish, to make such Alterations in any such Pew Rents as shall be directed or approved of, with such Consent as aforesaid.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the Churchwardens or Chapelwardens of any additional Church or Chapel, to let or sell any Pews and Seats, except to Parishioners, during the time such Parishioners shall continue to be Inhabitants of the Parish; and every Sale of any Pew or Seat shall be subject to such agreed Rent as shall have been fixed under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, and shall be by Private Contract, and not by Public Auction; and all Pew Rents under the said recited Act and this Act, shall be payable in advance; (that is to say), One Year's Rent shall be paid on the

Commissioners may order Pew Rents in Parish, and order a fixed Stipend to Minister.

Provision for Parish to be answerable for more than Amount of Pew Rents.

Application of Part of Surplus.

Surplus of Pew Rents, after such Application, how to be disposed of.

Assignment of Stipend registered.

Appointments of Clerk.

Appointed by Commissioners of Select Vestry for Management of New Churches.

Such Vestry to appoint Church or Chapelwardens.

Church and Chapelwardens may alter Pew Rents, by order of Bishop, and with Consent of Patron, &c.

Pews to be let to Parishioners only, and not sold by Auction; Rents payable in advance.

How Pew
Subsidies

How Pew Con-
tributions are to
discharge Debt
arising from
Payments of
Pew Rates, &c.

Unconsecrated
Lands, &c.
acquired by
Commissioners,
to vest in the
Dean, and
applied as here-
in mentioned.

Commissioners
of Stamps may
allow Stamp
Duties on Con-
veyances, &c.
relating to build-
ing Churches.

Parishes, &c. in
Barbadoes, &c.
where required
by Commis-
sioners, for Bu-
rial Grounds.

Notice by
Commissioners

Parishes where
Parishes, &c.
not able to pro-
vide such Land

Powers of
21 G. 3. c. 29.
as to purchas-
ing Lands for
building
Churches, &c.
for additional
Churchyards,
&c.

Additional
Burial Grounds
to be consecrated.

Admission to the Pew or Seat, if such Admission shall be given at *Lady Day* or *Michaelmas*, or if at any intermediate Period, then the Proportion of the Half Year to *Lady Day* or *Michaelmas*, as the case may be, and a Half Year's Rent over and above such Proportion; and thereafter Half Yearly Payments shall be made in advance, commencing on the *Lady Day* or *Michaelmas* immediately following the taking of such Pew; and every such Pew and Seat shall be forfeited and become vacant by the Discontinuance of any such Payment in advance for Two following Half Years; any thing to the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners to discharge any Subscribers towards building any Church or Chapel, wholly or in any part, from the Payment of Pew Rates in the said Church or Chapel, for a limited time or for Life, in such Proportion to the Amount of their respective Subscriptions as the Commissioners shall see fit, and to allow any such Subscriber, if he shall remove from the Parish, to assign the Remainder of such Term to any other Parishioner inhabiting the Parish.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments which shall have been acquired by the Commissioners under the last recited Act and this Act, whether by Gift or otherwise, shall happen to remain unconsecrated at the End of the Term of Ten Years therein contained, or at any other Determination of any Commission granted by His Majesty under the last recited Act or this Act, such unconsecrated Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments shall be immediately vested in His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to be applied to the Uses, Intent and Purposes for which they were acquired, under the Direction of His Majesty in Council; unless or until any other Provision respecting the same shall be made by Authority of Parliament.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for managing the Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, to allow the full Amount of the Stamp Duties upon any Deeds, Bonds, Contracts, Agreements or Instruments made in relation to the purchasing or procuring of any Sites, or building any Churches, or purchasing or providing any Materials for any such Buildings, under and subject to such Rules, Regulations and Restrictions as shall be made in that behalf by the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom, or any Three or more of them, for the time being; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all such Parishes and Extra-parochial Places as shall be required by the Commissioners for enclosing the last recited Act and this Act, shall furnish Lands for enclosing such existing Churchyards or Burial Grounds, or for making such additional Churchyards or Burial Grounds, as the Commissioners may deem necessary to be enlarged or set out under the Provisions of this Act; and that as soon as the Commissioners shall have fixed upon any Parish or Extra-parochial Place, no being one in which it is necessary that the Churchyard or Burial Ground should be enlarged, or that a new Burial Ground should be made under the Provisions of this Act, they shall give Notice to the Churchwardens thereof, by sending such Notice to be left at their respective Places of Abode, of their Intention to enlarge such Churchyard or Burial Ground, or to set out a new Burial Ground, and of the Extent of Ground which will be required for any such purpose, and for making a proper Access and Approach thereto, and of the Part of the Parish or Extra-parochial Place within which the same is required to be provided; and the said Churchwardens shall, within the Space of Fourteen Days, call a Meeting of the Vestry of the Parish or Extra-parochial Place, or the Persons possessing under any Act or Acts of Parliament the Powers of Vestry of the Parish or Extra-parochial Place, for the purpose of taking all such Measures as may be necessary for providing such additional Churchyard or Burial Ground and Approach thereto as aforesaid; and in case such Parish or Extra-parochial Place shall not be able to provide the same without Purchase, then the Vestry, or the Persons possessing as aforesaid the Powers of Vestry, shall and we hereby require forthwith to proceed to treat for a Piece of Ground and Approach thereto, according to such Notice, but shall not conclude any Bargain for the same without the Approbation of the Commissioners.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers and Provisions of the said recited Act or of this Act, which authorities or relate to the Grant, Sale, Conveyance, Purchase and Reliefe of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, from or to the Name of or on behalf of His Majesty, or from any Bishop, Bishop, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate or Sole, Towns for Life or in Tail, Heirs, Guardians, Trustees and Executors in Trust, Commissions, Executors and Administrators, Exchange Trusts, Infants, Lunatics, Idiots, Femes Coverd, or any other Persons or Persons whatsoever, to or by the said Commissioners, for the purpose of building any additional Churches or Chapels, or the Erection, advancing, buying or selling, or borrowing or taking up at Interest, of any Money for any such purpose, shall be and we hereby declare to be extended to and be applicable in all respects, mutatis mutandis, for the Grant, Sale, Conveyance, Purchase or Reliefe of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments which may be necessary for enlarging any Churchyard or Burial Ground, or for making any new Burial Ground and Approaches thereto, under the Provisions of this Act, and for the Erection, advancing, buying and selling, or borrowing and taking up at Interest, of any Money which may be required for any of their purposes, and for repaying the same by Indemnities or otherwise, in like manner as if all such Powers and Provisions had been fully repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That any Piece or Parcel of Land or Ground which shall, under the Provisions of this Act, be added to any existing Churchyard or Burial Ground, or be appropriated and set apart as and for a new Burial Ground, shall be, as soon as conveniently may be, consecrated for the Burial of the Dead, according to the Usage of the United Church of England and Ireland and shall for ever thereafter be used as and for an additional Burial Ground; and the Freehold of the Land which shall be so consecrated, shall from and after the Consecration thereof vest in the Parson or Parsons in whom the Freehold of the ancient Churchyard or Burial Ground of any such Parish or Chapelry where the same may be situated, shall from time to time be vested.

XXXIX. And

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, if they should think fit, to alter, repair, pull down and rebuild, or order or direct to be altered, repaired, pulled down and rebuilt, the Walls or Fences of any existing Churchyard or Burial Ground of any Parish or Chapel, and to fence off with Walls or otherwise, any additional or new Burial Ground, to be set out or provided by virtue of this Act; and also to stop up and discontinue, or alter or vary, or order to be stopped up and discontinued, or altered or varied, any Entrance or Gate leading into any Churchyard or Burial Ground, and the Paths, Footways and Passages into, through or over the same, as so often may appear useful and necessary; or as they shall think fit to alter or vary; provided that the same be done with the Consent of any Two Justices of the Peace of the County, City, Town or Place, where any such Entrance, Gate, Path or Passage shall be stopped up or altered; and on Notice being given in the Manner and Form prescribed by an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend an Act of the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for the Amendment and Preservation of the Public Highways, in so far as the same relates to Notice of Appointments bearing or diverging a Public Highway; and to extend the Provisions of the same Act to the stopping up of necessary Roads.*

XI. And be it further enacted, That when any Parish shall be desirous of extending and increasing the Accommodation in the Parish Church, and it shall be found necessary or expedient, to that end to take down the existing Church and to rebuild the same on the same Site, or on a more convenient Site, it shall and may be lawful for the Churchwardens of any such Parish, with the Consent of the Vestry, or Persons possessing the Powers of Vestry, and with the Consent also of the Ordinary, Patron, Incumbent and Lay Representative, if any such there be, to take down such existing Church, and to rebuild the same upon the same or upon a new Site; and the said Churchwardens are hereby authorized and empowered to borrow and raise, upon the Credit of the Church Rates, or any Rates made under the said recited Act or this Act, of any such Parish, such Sums or Sums of Money as shall be necessary for defraying the Expenses or any Part of the Expenses of the taking down and rebuilding such Church, and to make Rates for the Payment of the Interest of such Sums or Sums of Money so to be borrowed and raised, and for providing a Fund, of not less than the Amount of the Interest of the Sums advanced, for the Redemption of the Principal thereof, or for repaying such Principal in such manner, and at such times, and in such Proportions as shall be agreed upon with the Persons advancing any such Money: Provided always, that no Church shall be so taken down and rebuilt, by means of any Rates upon any Parish, if such Properties of Dilectas are in the Act specified in relation to any Application to build or to enlarge any Church or Chapel, either wholly or in part, by means of Rates, are engaged in Writing in manner directed by this Act; and such Church, when consecrated, shall be to all Intent and Purposes the Parish Church of such Parish, for the Celebration of Divine Offices, and the Solemnization of Marriages, according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England: Provided always, that One Half of the additional Accommodation, which shall be obtained by the rebuilding such Church, shall be set apart for free and open Seatings: And provided also, that all Persons enjoying any Pews or Seats within such Church, so to be taken down in virtue of any Faculty or Prefeignment, shall have a Pew or Pews, Seating or Seatings, as near as may be in the same Situation, and of like Dimension, allotted and set apart for them in such new Church; and that all Tomb Stones, Monuments and Monumental Inscriptions, in such Church so to be taken down, shall be carefully preserved by the Churchwardens, and when the said Church shall be rebuilt, on the same or a more convenient Site, the said Tomb Stones, Monuments and Monumental Inscriptions shall be set up by the said Churchwardens, at the Charge of the Parishes, in such New Church, as near as Circumstances will admit, in the Situations from whence they were removed in the said Church so to be taken down.

XII. And Whereas particular and special Circumstances may in certain Cases render it necessary, for the more effectual carrying into Execution the beneficial purposes of this Act, in certain Parishes, Divisions of Parishes, or Extra parished Places, that particular Acts of Parliament should be passed for such Parishes, Divisions and Places; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, in any such Case in which they shall deem it proper, to pay or advance Money for the Payment of any Fee which may become due and be payable in either House of Parliament in respect of the passing of any such Act or Acts of Parliament; and that such Fees may be paid out of any Money in the Hands of the Commissioners, arising out of any Exchange Bills under the Provisions of this Act; and that such Acts shall in all other respects be considered as Public Acts.

C A P. CXXXV.

An Act to repeal Two Acts, made in the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for maintaining and keeping in repair certain Roads and Bridges in Scotland; to provide more effectually for that Purpose; and for Regulation of Ferries in Scotland.

[13th July 1819.]

WHEREAS certain Roads and Bridges, for the purpose of Military Communication, have been made in the Highlands of Scotland, at the public Expence; which Roads and Bridges are no longer necessary for such Military Communication, but for other purposes some of them ought nevertheless to be maintained in repair; And Whereas an Act was passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, to be applied towards making Roads and building Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland, and for enabling the Proprietors of Land in Scotland to charge their Estates with a Proportion of the Expence of making and keeping in Repair Roads and Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland; And Whereas, in addition to the said Sum of*

Commissioners may alter, &c. Walls and Fences of Churchyards, and may, &c. Footpaths, &c.

§ 1 G. 3. c. 61.

Sum may be lent on any Fund for rebuilding or enlarging the Church.

Money may be borrowed upon Rates, &c.

No Church taken down, &c. If Dissent signified on having consecrated.

Proving for free and open Seatings, and for Situation and Dimensions of New Pews, and for Tomb Stones, &c.

Commissioners may discharge the Parliament any Fee of obtaining certain Acts.

Such Acts to be deemed Public Acts.

§ 1 G. 3. c. 61.

Twenty thousand Pounds, the further Sum of Two hundred and twenty thousand Pounds has at sundry times been since granted, in further Execution of the said Act; by means of which many useful Roads and Bridges have been made and completed, under several Contracts and Agreements entered into according to the Provisions and Regulations of the said Act: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for maintaining and keeping in Repair certain Roads and Bridges made in Scotland for the purpose of Military Communication, and for making more effectual Provision for maintaining and repairing Roads made and Bridges built in Scotland, under the Authority of the Parliamentary Commissioners for Highland Roads and Bridges*: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, to amend and explain the said last recited Act, which Two Acts require to be amended; and it is expedient that the Provisions thereof should be consolidated in one Act: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Two recited Acts, passed in the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be and the same are hereby repealed, and this Act shall be in force and be executed in like thereof.

II. And be it enacted, That the Commissioners appointed in and by virtue of the Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for the purposes of this Act, together with the Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal of Scotland, and the First Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues in England, who are hereby appointed Commissioners for carrying this Act, and also the before mentioned Act, into execution; any Three of which Commissioners shall constitute a Quorum, of which One of the Commissioners appointed by virtue of the said Act shall always be One; and at all Meetings of the Commissioners, which Meetings shall be held in London or Westminster, the Chairman shall have the casting Vote in case of an Equality of Votes.

III. And Whereas it is expedient that the Maintenance and Repair of the before mentioned Military Roads and Bridges, and also of the Roads and Bridges made under the Authority of the Parliamentary Commissioners for Highland Roads and Bridges, should be placed under the Direction and Management of the Commissioners hereby appointed: Be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby empowered to appoint and employ as Inspectors of such Roads and Bridges in Scotland as have been made wholly or in part at the public Expence, and such other Superintendents or Overseers of Roads and other Officers as they shall see fit; and to pay and allow to each and every of them such Sum or Sums of Money annually or otherwise as the said Commissioners shall think proper, in Compensation of their Services, or in Reimbursement of any Expences incurred by them, or any of them, in Execution of this Act.

IV. And be it enacted, That the Military Roads and Bridges, and also the Roads and Bridges made and completed pursuant to the said recited Act, passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and also that Part of the Great North Road extending from the Confines of *Seawayshire* to the Town of *Stapwood*, and also a Road running off from the Great North Road at the *Newer Deer Park*, and extending to the Town of *Fife*, shall be maintained and kept in Repair as follows; that is to say, a certain Proportion, being One Fourth Part of the Expence necessary to maintain and keep in Repair such Roads and Bridges (exclusive of the Allowances to the Inspectors and other Officers appointed by the Commissioners, which Allowances shall be wholly defrayed at the Expence of the Public) shall be paid and defrayed out of the Monies imparked into the Hands of the Commissioners by the Baron of the Exchequer in Scotland, as hereinafter directed; and the Remainder of the Expence of maintaining and keeping in Repair such Roads and Bridges, shall be paid and defrayed by the County or Counties in which the same shall be situated, in the manner hereinafter directed: Provided always, that no Bridge erected pursuant to the said recited Act, and accidentally destroyed, shall be again erected or rebuilt by virtue of this Act, unless the same shall have been included in the Contract entered into for making the Road of which such Bridge forms a Part; or unless the same shall be again erected or rebuilt with the Consent of the said Commissioners, and also of the Justices of the County or Counties in which such Bridge may be situated; such Consent to be given at some Annual Meeting for the Abatement of the Land Tax, or at some *Michaelmas* Head Court, or at some Special Adjournment of such Meeting or Head Court.

V. And be it further enacted, That where any Bridge directed to be maintained and kept in Repair by virtue of this Act shall be situated partly in one County and partly in another, every such Bridge shall be maintained and kept in Repair in the manner directed by this Act, at the joint Expence of such Counties, and the Allowances hereinafter directed to be made shall be imposed accordingly; unless any such Bridge shall have been built at the Expence of the Public, and of one of such Counties exclusively, in which Case that County only shall be chargeable and charged with a Proportion of the Expence of maintaining such Bridge in Repair according to the Provisions of this Act.

VI. And be it enacted, That the Commissioners shall annually, or oftener if need be, direct Estimates to be prepared of the Expence requisite for the Repair of the Roads and Bridges placed under their Direction and Management by virtue of this Act, and they are hereby authorised to employ proper Persons (under Contract or otherwise) for the Repair of the same; the Expence arising in consequence of so doing, to be defrayed in the first Instance, and by way of Advance, wholly out of the Monies to be imparked into the Hands of the Commissioners by the Baron of the Exchequer.

VII. And be it enacted, That no Road or Portion of Road made for the purpose of Military Communication in Scotland, shall be maintained and kept in Repair in the manner directed by this Act, nor shall the

Road from the *Newer Deer Park to Tain* be maintained and kept in Repair in the manner directed by this Act, unless the Heritors of the County in which any such Road or Portion of Road is situated, at some Annual Meeting for the Affairs of the Land Tax, or at some *Ad hoc* Head Court, or at some Special Adjournment of such Meeting or Head Court, shall have already made Application to that Effect to the Commissioners appointed by and under the heretofore recited Acts, or shall hereafter make such Application to the Commissioners appointed by and under this Act, at the first time undertaking to conform to the Provisions of the same, which Undertaking shall be obligatory upon the Heritors of such County; whereupon the said Commissioners shall determine whether it is expedient and proper to consent to such Application, and such Consent (if obtained), together with the previous Application and Undertaking, shall be notified by the Commissioners of the County, in the Newspapers usually circulated in the Highlands of Scotland; after which the Road or Portion of Road respecting which such Application shall have been made shall be maintained and kept in Repair under the Provisions of this Act: Provided nevertheless, that if any Person or Persons whatsoever, jointly or severally, shall make Application to the Commissioners, stating that such Person or Persons are willing to give and will find Security to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners, to pay Three fourth Parts of the Expense necessary for the Maintenance and Repair of any Road or Portion of Road made for the purpose of Military Communication (or of the Road heretofore mentioned, extending from the *Newer Deer Park to Tain*), and to conform to the Provisions of this Act, in so far as the same shall be applicable to the Circumstances of the Case, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners thereupon to determine, whether it is expedient or proper to consent to such Application; and if the said Commissioners shall consent to such Application, and such Security shall be found to their Satisfaction, such Road or Portion of Road shall be maintained and kept in Repair under the Provisions of this Act accordingly.

VIII. And in order to enable the Commissioners to defray a Proportion, being One Fourth Part of the Expense of maintaining and keeping in Repair the Roads and Bridges which are directed to be maintained and kept in Repair by virtue of this Act: be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Barons of the Exchequer in Scotland, and they are hereby required, upon the Application of the Commissioners appointed by this Act, from time to time to issue their Warrants or Warrants to the Receiver General and Paymaster of Scotland, for Payment out of any Public Money then in his Hands of any Sum or Sums of Money specified therein, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Five thousand Pounds, in the present Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, to any Person duly authorised by the Commissioners to receive the same, for the purposes of this Act; and a like Sum of Five thousand Pounds in every subsequent Year, to be accounted for by him in such manner as the said Barons shall from time to time think fit to order and direct; such Person also giving good and sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of the said Barons for such Moneys, and for any other Money which may come into his Hands in consequence of this Act.

IX. And in order to raise the other Proportion, being Three fourths of the Money to be expended, be it enacted, That Assessments shall be made by the Commissioners of Supply in the manner herein directed; that is to say, the Comers of every County Meeting, at the Annual Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply which shall take place for the Assessment of the Land Tax in the Spring of every Year, shall lay before the Commissioners of Supply a Copy of this Act, together with an Account of the Expenditure incurred by reason of this Act, and chargeable to such County, for One Year, up to the First Day of January preceding such Meeting, such Account to be certified upon Oath and transmitted to the Comers by the Inspector of Roads and Bridges in Scotland, or by the Agent of the Commissioners, at least Twenty Days previous to the Twenty sixth Day of April in each Year; and the Commissioners of Supply for the County of *Lincolnshire* shall thereupon make an Assessment upon each and every Parsonage, Life Rector, or proper Wallower of Land, enjoying the Dominions and thereof (according to the Assent of their respective Rector and Parson, as assented to the Property Tax in the Year ending the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, under Schedule A. of an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain on the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution to the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties*); but such Sum or Sums of Money as shall in the whole repay the Money advanced on behalf of the Heritors of such County, for the purposes of this Act, which Sum shall be paid over to the Commissioners or their Agent at Edinburgh, from time to time, as the same may have been collected and levied by the Collector, in Payment of Three fourths of the Expense of the Repair of the Roads and Bridges of the said County during the preceding Year; and the Commissioners of Supply for the other Counties, wherein are lease any of the before mentioned Roads or Bridges, shall order and direct such Sum of Money as shall in the whole repay the Money advanced on behalf of the Heritors of the respective Counties, to be raised and levied and paid in the same manner as during the last Two Years; and in case any other County shall be or shall hereafter become liable to repay any Sum of Money so advanced, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Supply of such County, at any Meeting which shall be held in any such County for this special purpose, to order and direct the way and manner in which such Assessment shall and may be made and levied in such County, in each and every Year thereafter, either separately or along with any other Assessment in such County; and a Copy of the Order thereupon to be made, signed by the Preses of such Meeting, shall be forthwith transmitted to the Clerk of the Commissioners of Supply of such County, and the same shall be laid by the Clerk of Supply before the First Meeting of the Commissioners

any Roads and the Road from *Newer Deer Park to Tain*, may be placed under the Provisions of this Act.

A Sum of Money to be advanced annually by Barons of Exchequer for purposes of this Act.

Security by Person who receives the same.

Commissioners of Supply to cause the progress of this Act.

in what manner by Heritors and others.

46 G. 3. c. 13.

in what manner elsewhere.

shall order
Orders, Arrangements to be
made as in 12-
vermilion.

Indication of
Arrangement.

Engage to be
assented with
the County ac-
cording to
45 St. p. 4. 12.

44 St. p. 4. 12.

45 St. p. 4. 12.

Commissioners
of Supply may
appoint Officers.

Application of
certain Tolls,
and Commis-
sioners for the
State Labour.

Lord Advocate
to indicate from
Commissioners
of Supply, if
they fail to
assist the
County.

Assessment
has not been
indicated.

Collector to
give Security
to account.

Collector
requiring to
pay Assessments.

Commissioners of Supply which shall be held thereafter; and from and after the Receipt of such Order, the Commissioners of Supply of each County are hereby directed to proceed accordingly.

X. Provided always, and he is enacted, That made and until such Order shall have been made and transmitted as herein directed, the Commissioners of Supply shall make the Assessment in the manner directed by this Act as regards to the County of *Forfarshire*: Provided always, that towards paying Three Fourths of any Money advanced for the Repair of Roads and Bridges in any County as such shall be allowed for a larger Sum than would be raised by a Rate of One Penny in the Pound upon the Rents and Profits allotted to the Property Tax as aforesaid; but that over and above such Rate of One Penny in the Pound, the County shall be allowed to as rate One Half (instead of Three Fourths) of any further Sum of Money advanced for the Repair of Roads and Bridges: Provided always, that no Assessment directed to be made by this Act shall be made or levied in any Part of the County of *Bute*, excepting in the Isle of *Arran*.

XI. And be it enacted, That every Royal Burgh and Burgh of Regality shall be allowed with the County in which it is situated, for the purposes of this Act; and that in making Assessments, regard shall be had to an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for affording the Proprietors of Lands in the County of Bute, and each Part of the Counties of Carmarthen and Water in to in the said County of Bute, towards the Expense of making and supporting such Roads and Bridges therein as shall be approved of by the Commissioners appointed by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for making Roads and building Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland*; also to an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for affording the Proprietors of Lands in the County of *Forfarshire* towards the Expense of making and supporting such Roads and Bridges therein as shall be approved of by the Commissioners appointed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament for making Roads and building Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland*; and also to an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for continuing, altering and enlarging the Powers of so much of an Act of His present Majesty, as relates to making offshoots the Statute Labour in the Shire of *Forfarshire*, and keeping a Contribution of Money in the shire thereof, and otherwise regulating, making and repairing Highways and Bridges in the said Shire*; and all Purposes and Parts of Purposes and Places and Limits and Estates mentioned in the said Three last mentioned Acts, shall be allowed for the purposes of this Act, in the same manner that such Purposes, Parts of Purposes, Places, Limits and Estates are directed to be allowed for the purposes of the said Three last mentioned Acts.

XII. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Supply of any County, at the Annual Meeting at which they assemble to assess the Land Tax, to appoint a Surveyor, Clerk or Clocks, and such other Officers as they shall think necessary for the due Execution of this Act, with such Salaries or Allowances payable out of the County Assessment, as such Commissioners of Supply shall think fit; and from time to time to remove such Officers, or any of them, as they shall see Cause, and appoint others, in Cases of Removal, Resignation or Death.

XIII. Provided further, and be it enacted, That when by any Act or Acts of Parliament already made or to be made, any Tolls or Duties shall be applicable, and where any Contributions for Statute Labour shall have been allocated or appropriated to the Repair of any Road or Bridge made or built pursuant to the last recited Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or to any Road made for the purposes of Military Communication, all Monies arising from such Tolls and Duties, or such Contributions, shall and may be applied in the manner in which such Monies are directed to be applied by any such Act or Acts respectively; and such Monies shall be applied in part Payment of the Proportion of the Expense of such Repairs as is not to be borne by the said Commissioners; and in making any Assessment pursuant to this Act, regard shall be had to all such Monies as are or may be applicable to the Maintenance and Repair of any Road or Bridge for which any such Assessment is made.

XIV. And be it enacted, That if the Commissioners of Supply assembled at any Annual Meeting at which they assemble to assess the Land Tax, shall fail or neglect to make an Assessment in the manner directed by this Act, or if no Meeting shall have been held before which the Assessment of the Expenditure incurred by virtue of this Act, and chargeable to such County, shall have been laid by the Governor in the manner directed by this Act, then the Commissioners appointed by this Act shall and they are hereby authorized to direct His Majesty's Advocates General for Scotland, or to employ any other Person to indicate the necessary Process for compelling the said Commissioners of Supply to raise and pay over to the said Commissioners appointed by this Act, the Monies which shall be or become due to them under the Provisions of this Act.

XV. And be it enacted, That every Assessment made pursuant to this Act shall be levied and recovered by the Collectors of the Land Tax of the County within which it shall have been made, in the same manner as the Land Tax is or may be levied and recovered, and at such time or times as such Commissioners of Supply shall direct, within Six Months after the Assessment shall have been made; and such and the like Rewards, Powers, Privileges and Forfeitures are hereby given for the Payment and Recovery of every such Assessment, as are given or may be applied and enforced for the Payment and Recovery of the Land Tax: Provided always, that every such Collector shall give Security for his faithful and true accounting for and paying all Monies to be received by him pursuant to this Act, in the same manner that such Collector gives Security for his faithful and true accounting for and paying all Sums of Money received by him as Collector of the Land Tax.

XVI. And be it enacted, That if any Collector of the Land Tax shall fail or neglect to levy such Assessment, or any Part of such Assessment, within Six Months as aforesaid, every such Collector shall

be liable to pay a Sum equal to double the Amount thereof, which Sum shall be applicable towards the Expenses of repairing Roads and Bridges, under the Provisions of this Act, and for that Purpose shall be paid into the Hands of the Commissioners appointed by this Act, Three Fourths of the Sum to be placed to the Credit of the Account of the County wherein such Default of the Collector has taken place; One Fourth to be added to the Money superadded into the Hands of the Commissioners by the Barons of the Exchequer.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money received by any such Collector pursuant to this Act, shall be remitted by him to the Agent of the Commissioners, from time to time, as the same may have been collected and levied: Provided always, that every such Collector may retain for his own Use, out of all Moneys to be received as aforesaid, such Allowance, not exceeding the Rate of Allowance made for levying the Aforesaid Taxes, and for which Allowance Provision shall be made in the Amount of such Aforesaid, over and above the Sum due to the Commissioners appointed by this Act; and if any such Collector of the Land Tax shall fail to remit to the Agent of the said Commissioners in Edinburgh, on or before the First Day of December in every Year, the total Sum due to the said Commissioners by virtue of this Act, such Collector shall become personally liable to pay, and shall pay to the said Commissioners a Penalty, at the Rate of Twenty Shillings for every Hundred Pounds of the said Allowance remaining unpaid or unremitted to the said Agent for every Day after the said First Day of December, the Payment of which Penalty shall and may be enforced by His Majesty's Advocate General for Scotland; and the Amount of any such Penalty or Penalties shall be accounted for by the Agent of the said Commissioners, in the manner in which all the other Sums of Money which shall come into his Hands in consequence of this Act, are hereby directed to be accounted for.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys paid over by such Collector to the Agent of the Commissioners appointed by this Act, by virtue of any Aforesaid to be made pursuant to this Act, shall be accounted for by such Agent in the manner in which the said Sums of Money directed to be imposed by the Warrant of the Barons of Exchequer in Scotland, or any other Sums of Money which shall come into his Hands in consequence of this Act, are hereby directed to be accounted for.

XIX. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners appointed by this Act, and they are hereby empowered from time to time to make such Rules and Regulations, and to give such Orders and Directions as they may think proper for the more efficient Maintenance and Repair of the Roads and Bridges hereby intended to be maintained and repaired; provided that such Rules and Regulations, Orders and Directions, shall not be inconsistent with the Laws of Scotland, or with the Provisions of this Act, and shall be notified to the Parson or Parsons required to concur to the same.

XX. And be it enacted, That on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March in every Year, a Report shall be made to both Houses of Parliament, by the Commissioners appointed by this Act, (or if Parliament shall not then be sitting, within Twenty one Days after Parliament shall next meet,) of their Proceedings pursuant to this Act, with a general Abstract of their Receipts and Expenditure in carrying this Act into execution during the preceding Year; and whenever the Expenditure hereby directed to be defrayed out of the Moneys paid into their Hands by Warrant of the Barons of the Exchequer shall exceed the Sum heretofore granted and appointed for that Purpose, the said Commissioners shall further, in such times as they may find necessary, transmit an Account thereof to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in order that the same may be laid before Parliament: And Whereas by several Acts of Parliament the said Commissioners are and are authorised with the Execution of several Public Works in Scotland, other than the making of Roads and building of Bridges, under the Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it shall and may be lawful for them to include in such Report a Report of their Proceedings under any such other Act of Parliament, with the Execution of which they are or shall be charged.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Inspector of Roads and Bridges (as be appointed by virtue of this Act), to empower such Person or Persons as he in Writing under his Hand shall appoint, to dig, gather, take and carry away any Gravel, Furze, Heath, Stones, Sand, or other Materials out of the several Grounds of any Parson or Parsons, whether the same be uncultivated or uncultivated, (not being the Ground whereon any House or Buildings stand, or a Garden, Orchard, Yard, planted Wood or Walk or Avenue to any House, or any Piece or Parcel of uncultivated Ground fit and used as a Nursery for Trees), where such Materials are or may be found, and from time to time to carry away the same, or to much thereof as the said Inspector or any Parson appointed by him as aforesaid shall judge necessary for repairing the Roads or Bridges directed to be repaired by this Act; and in case the said Materials shall be taken from or carried through any Arable Land, the said Inspector, or the Person appointed by him as aforesaid, shall give at least Eight Days previous Notice in Writing to the Owners or Occupiers respectively of the said Ground, where and from whence the same shall be dugged, gathered, carried away, or over which the same shall be carried: Provided that it shall and may be lawful for such Owners and Occupiers to claim Payment for any such Damage out of the Road Act Grant of the County wherein such Materials shall be taken, for the whole Amount of such Damage; and in case of any Difference of Opinion between such Owners and Occupiers and the Heritors of such County, touching the Value or Amount of such Damage, the same shall and may be determined by the Sheriff Depute or Substitutes of the County wherein such Materials shall be taken, whose Decision shall be final, without being subject to Adjudication, Sequestration or Reliance; but any such

Penalty.

Collectors may retain Allowance for his Trouble, and pay over what is due to Agent of Commissioners.

Penalty.

Agent to account for such Moneys.

Commissioners to make Rules and Regulations for Repair of Roads &c. &c.

Commissioners to report annually to Parliament, and to send hereto mentioned, transmits Accounts to Treasury.

and may include in their Report, Proceedings under other Acts of Parliament.

Inspector of Roads may dig Gravel, &c. in grounds uncultivated.

In what case to give Notice.

Damage paid by County.

Amount of Damages to be determined.

such Difference of Opinion shall not at the meantime hinder the carrying off or using the said Materials for repairing the said Roads or Bridges.

Provisions for
Horses con-
sented in re-
pair of Roads.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Inspector of Roads, or any Person authorized and appointed by him, to apply to any Proprietor or Occupier of any Farm or Parcel of Land, for Pasture or Grass sufficient for the Substitutes of such Number of Horses as may be employed in repairing the Roads and Bridges kept in repair by virtue of this Act; and the Proprietor or Person employed in the Repair of such Roads, or any of them, shall thereupon and he is hereby authorized to allow his Horse to depasture and feed on any open grazing Ground, growing at least Four Days previous Notice, either verbally or in Writing, by leaving the same at the Dwelling House of the Proprietor or Occupier of such Grounds, or at the House of the General Officer, as pretender of any credible Witness, and paying such Sum or Sums of Money for the Use of such Pasture as may be deemed a fair Remuneration; but in case of any Difference of Opinion between the Parties as to the Value of such Grazing or Pasture, the same shall be determined and adjudged by the Sheriff Depute or Sheriff Substitute of the County wherein the said Pasture Ground shall be situated.

Remuneration.

Injuring or
obstructing
Roads.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Inspector of Roads and Bridges, or any Person appointed by him, shall observe any Nuisance or Obstruction, Obstruction of Drains, Drains, Gutter or Watercourses, or any other Annoyances whatsoever, made, committed or persisted in or upon or to the Prejudice of any of the Roads or Bridges mentioned and kept in repair by virtue of this Act; or shall observe any Timber, Stones, Lime, Flint, Dung, Soil, Compost or Ashes, deposited or remaining thereon; or if any Person shall remove or carry away any Earth, Sand, Gravel or Stones, forming Part of any such Roads; or shall turn or dam any Water thereon; or if any Proprietor or Occupier shall neglect to cleanse or fence any Ditches or Watercourses affecting the said Roads, the Inspector shall give or cause to be given to any Person or Persons doing, committing or persisting the same, Periodic Notice, or Notice in Writing to be left at his, her or their usual Place or Places of Abode, specifying the Particulars wherein such Nuisances, Obstructions or Annoyances consist; and if the same shall not be removed, and the Ditches, Drains, Gutter and Watercourses officially cleansed and opened, within Seven Days after such Notice shall have been given as aforesaid, the said Inspector, or the Person appointed by him, is hereby authorized and empowered forthwith to remove such Nuisances, Obstructions and Annoyances, and to open, cleanse and fence such Ditches, Drains, Gutter and Watercourses; and the Person neglecting to observe and obey the aforesaid Notice, shall reply to the Inspector, or to the Person appointed by him, such Charge as shall be adjudged to be reasonable by the Sheriff Depute or Substitute, or any Justice of the Peace of the County, and shall also forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, and in default of Payment thereof, the same shall be levied and recovered, with Expenses of Process in a summary Way, before the Sheriff Depute or Substitute, or any Justice of the Peace of the County wherein the Offence shall have been committed, which Sum shall be paid to the said Inspector, or the Person appointed by him, to be paid over to the Agent of the Commissioners, and to be applied by him in discharge of the Allowance for repairing Roads and Bridges in such County in the next Year; and in every such Case the Order or Sentence of such Sheriff or Justice of the Peace shall be final and conclusive, without being subject to Adjournment, Suspension or Reduction.

Order of Jus-
tices, &c. Road.

Cattle not to
run loose on
Roads.

Penalty.

Roads injured
by Cattle of
Scots, &c.

Proprietor to
pay Damage
to Inspector.

Refusing to do
the same.

Penalty.

Not making
Road, Bridges
or Insiding
Materials along
Road.

Penalty.

In what Cases
Trees, Bushes
or Underwood
are to be re-
moved from the
Side of the
Road.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That if any Horse, Mule, Ass, Cattle, Pig or Swine, shall be permitted to run loose on any of the said Roads, it shall be deemed a Nuisance or Obstruction, committed by the Owner thereof, who shall be liable to Penalty accordingly.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Proprietor of a Stone Quarry, or of Timber, or other Person or Persons, shall carry or cause to be carried any large Quantity of Stone or of Timber, along any Road or Portion of Road hereafter kept in Repair by virtue of this Act, he is to cut, deliver or manfully before the said Road, such Proprietor or other Person shall pay to the Inspector of Roads, or any Person appointed by him, such Sum or Sums of Money at the Expiration of every Three Months, as shall by any Person, mutually chosen, be deemed sufficient to repair the Damage of the Road thereby occasioned, and the same shall be forthwith applied to repairing the Road; and in case such Proprietor or other Person, ignoring the Road as aforesaid, shall refuse to settle by such Arbitration or otherwise, the Amount of the Sum payable by him or them, after Seven Days Notice given, the Sum shall be ascertained, and the Payment thereof enforced in a summary Way, by Process before the Sheriff Depute or Sheriff Substitute, together with Costs of Process.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall plough any Field contiguous to any Road kept in Repair by virtue of this Act, without making a Head Ridge along the Side of the Road, of the Breadth of Ten Feet at the least; or shall drive or load any Tree, Log or Timber, or Stone along any Part of such Road, otherwise than on a Wheel Carriage, such Person shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Shillings, to be recovered by the same Process as any Penalty for otherwise injuring or obstructing any Road repaired by virtue of this Act.

XXVII. And Whereas the Roads hereafter to be maintained by virtue of this Act, are liable to be overhauled and protected from the full Effect of the Sun and Air by Trees, Bushes or Underwood; Be it enacted, That all Branches of Trees, Bushes or Underwood, growing within Twenty Feet of the Middle of any such Roads, shall be cut down and removed by the Proprietor at his own Expense; and if after Thirty Days Notice in Writing, left at his Dwelling House, he shall not have cut down and removed such Branches of Trees, Bushes or Underwood, it shall and may be lawful for the Inspector of Roads, or any Person authorized by him, to cut down and remove the same, and such Inspector shall be entitled to recover the Expense of so doing from the Proprietor who shall have refused or neglected to do so.

XXVIII. And

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Proprietor or other Person whatever shall hereafter be permitted to plant any Tree or Trees within Twenty Feet of the North, or North West, or South West, or West Side of the Middle of any such Road, nor within Twenty Yards of the South, or South East, or North East, or East Side of the same; and in case any Tree or Trees shall be so planted, it shall and may be lawful for the Inspector of Roads to remove any such Tree or Trees, and either to destroy the same or to apply the same as Materials for the Repair of any Road or Bridge maintained by virtue of this Act.

Regulations for
planting Trees
on Sides of
Roads.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall hereafter be permitted to erect any House, Hut or other Building, exceeding Five Feet in Height, within Twenty Feet of the Middle of any of the Roads repaired by this Act; and in case any Building exceeding Five Feet in Height shall be so erected, it shall and may be lawful for the Inspector of Roads to order the same to be pulled down, and the Materials thereof to be applied to the Repair of the adjacent Road.

Regulations as
to Buildings
on Sides of
Roads.

XXX. And Whereas the Side Drains of the Roads maintained by virtue of this Act are liable to be injured by the Inhabitations of Houses erected on the Side of such Roads: Be it enacted, That the Pub or Road of Approach or Access to any such House, shall be made to pass over the Side Drain without Injury thereof, by means of a sufficient Stone Covering or Arch over such Drain; and every Proprietor or Occupier of any House so situated, and not provided with such Stone Covering or Arch, shall be deemed to create an Obstruction in the Side Drain, and shall be liable in manner aforesaid: Provided always, that no Second Penalty shall be incurred, until One Month shall have elapsed from and after any former Conviction for the same Offence.

Injury to Side
Drains of
Roads pre-
vented.

Penalty

XXXI. And Whereas it is necessary, for the better Occupation of the Lands interdicted by the Roads which are to be kept in repair according to the Provisions of this Act, that Gates should be permitted to be erected on such Roads, under certain Rules and Regulations: Be it therefore enacted, That such Gates shall be wide enough to afford a clear Passage or Roadway of Eight Feet at the least, and shall be framed with Wood and Hard Stone and Cast Iron, properly and firmly fastened together, either by Nails or Mortises, and being by sufficient Iron Hooks and Hinges to substantial Gate Posts of Wood or of Stone, or of Masonry, so that the Gate shall at all times swing clear of the Road, and that such Gates and Gate Posts shall be kept and maintained in good and sufficient Repair, as also the Road, with its Cuts Drains and Side Drains, within One Furl (or Six Yards and Six Inches) of each Side of every such Gate, at the Expense of the Proprietor or Occupier by whom such Gate shall have been erected; and in case such Gate and Road shall not be so kept in repair, the said Proprietor or Occupier shall be deemed wilfully to create an Obstruction in the Road, and shall be liable to the Penalties hereinafter imposed in that Behalf.

Regulation of
Gates on Roads.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That where Gates other than such as are above defined, shall have been erected, or shall hereafter be erected, it shall be competent to the Inspector of Roads and Bridges to remove and destroy the same, in case the same shall not have been removed within Seven Days after previous Notice, or Notice in Writing left at the Habitation or Abode of the Person by whom or by whose Direction such Gates shall have been erected; and in case such Person shall not remove such Gate within such Seven Days, he shall be liable to pay, and shall pay to the Inspector of Roads and Bridges, such reasonable Charges of removing and destroying the same as shall be allowed and determined by the Sheriff, Deputy or Sheriff Substitute of the County in which such Gate is or has been situated; and if the said Inspector of Roads and Bridges shall not be able to ascertain by whom or by whose Direction any insufficient Gate shall have been erected, in such Case Notice immediately after Divine Service on Two successive Sundays, published at the Doors of the Church of the Parish wherein such Gate has been erected, shall be held and be deemed to be sufficient Notice to authorize the said Inspector to remove and destroy such Gate after Seven Days shall have intervened from the last of such Two public Notices as aforesaid.

Improper Gates
to be removed

Notice.

XXXIII. And Whereas Drivers of Carts and Carriages wilfully or wantonly, or through culpable Negligence, may drive against or suffer such Carts and Carriages to strike against the remaining Walls and parapet Walls of the Roads or Bridges which are to be maintained and kept in repair by the Provisions of this Act, or to pass over or strike against Banks or Causeways appertaining to such Roads: Be it enacted, That every Person guilty of any of such Offences, shall, upon Complaint thereof before the Sheriff, Deputy or Substitute, or any Justice of the Peace of the County where the Offender shall be or reside, by the Oath of any One credible Witness, or upon view of any such Magistrate, forfeit for every of the said Offences any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and in default of Payment thereof shall be committed to Prison for any Term not exceeding One Month, at the Discretion of such Magistrate, unless the same be sooner paid; and in every such Case the Order or Sentence of such Magistrate shall be final and conclusive, without being subject to Adversity, Suspension or Retraction; and if any Driver of a Cart pulling along any of the said Roads shall, sit on his Cart, and allow his Horse or Horses to proceed without his holding a double Reel for guiding such Horse or Horses, or if the Driver of any Carriage, Cart, Car or loaded Horse, shall not drive to the Left Hand Side of the Road when meeting any other Carriage, Cart, Car or loaded Horse upon the said Road; or shall not lead his Horse or Horses when required to do so, such Driver shall, upon Complaint and Proof of the Offence as aforesaid, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Shillings for every such Offence; and in default of Payment thereof shall be committed to Prison for any Term not exceeding Three Days.

Driving against
Parapets, &c.

Penalty

Order final

Before driving
on his Cart, &c.

or not keeping
proper side of
Road.

Penalty.

Name and
Place of Abode
of Driver to
be marked on
Cart.

Penalty

XXXIV. And for the better Detention of Drivers hereby made liable to Penalty or Imprisonment, be it enacted, That every Person pilfering a Cart or other Carriage, for the Conveyance of Goods of any Description upon any Roads repaired by virtue of this Act, shall and he is hereby required to mark his Name and Place of Abode on some conspicuous Part of such Cart or Carriage, under Penalty of Twenty Shillings; and it shall be lawful for the Magistrate before whom the Complaint of Offence herein

shall be made, to detain each Cart or Carriage until the said Penalty shall have been paid: which Penalty as well as all other Penalties imposed by this Act (not otherwise specially appropriated), shall be paid to and received by the Magistrate before whom Compositions of the Offences shall have taken place, to be by him paid over to the Fund for the Relief of the Poor of the Parish in which the Offence so punishable shall have been committed.

C. A. P. CXXXVI.

An Act for the better Regulation of the General Penitentiary for Convicts at Millbank.

[13th July 1819.]

18 G. 3. c. 43.

13.

“ WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to regulate the General Penitentiary for Convicts at Millbank in the County of Middlesex*, it was among other Things enacted, that any Number of Convicts, not exceeding Four hundred Male and Four hundred Female Convicts, might, with the Approbation of His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department for the time being, be imprisoned at one and the same time in the said Prison or Penitentiary, and confined, employed and managed therein under the Provisions of that Act: And Whereas it is found by Experience that the Number of Male Convicts who may be confined in the said Penitentiary may conveniently be increased: And Whereas it is also expedient that the Provisions of the said Act should be in other respects altered, enlarged and amended: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That any Number of Convicts, not exceeding Six hundred Male and Four hundred Female Convicts, may, with the Approbation of One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the time being, be at one time imprisoned, confined, employed and managed in the said Penitentiary, under the Provisions of this and the said recited Act.

Number of
Convicts al-
lowed to be
confined.

Powers of
recited Act
extended to
Convicts con-
fined under
Act of
18 G. 3. c. 72.
18 G. 3. c. 43.

“ II. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Provisions and Regulations contained in the said recited Act, relating to any Person under Sentence or Order of Transportation for any Offence committed in that Part of the United Kingdom called *England and Wales*, and confined in any Gaol or Prison, shall extend to any Person under Sentence or Order of Transportation for any Offence committed within that Part of the United Kingdom called *Great Britain*, whether confined in any Gaol or Prison, or on board any Ship or Vessel provided pursuant to the Provisions of a certain Act passed in the Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to explain and amend the Laws relating to the Transportation, Imprisonment and other Punishment of certain Offenders*; or of a certain Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Transportation of Felons and other Offenders in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, and to authorize the Removal of Prisoners in certain Cases*.

18 G. 3. c. 43.
relating to Pris-
ons, &c. ex-
tended to Com-
missioners of
Prison Ships.

“ III. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Provisions and Regulations contained in the said recited Act of the Fifty sixth Year aforesaid, relating to any Sheriff or Gaoler, shall extend to any Superintendant or other Commander of any such Ship or Vessel, or other Person having the Custody of any Person or Persons who may now or shall hereafter be confined on board any such Ship or Vessel as aforesaid.

18 G. 3. c. 43.
17.

“ IV. And Whereas it is by the said Act enacted, that it shall be lawful for the said Committee from time to time, with such Approbation as aforesaid, to increase, diminish, discontinue or vary the Number of Officers and Servants to be appointed for the said Penitentiary, or pursuant to the Directions aforesaid, and, except by taking away or discontinuing any of the Officers of Governor, Masters, Chaplains, and Surgeon or Apothecaries as the same: And Whereas the said Provision hath been found inconvenient: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed.
18 G. 3. c. 43.
§ 12.

“ V. And Whereas it is by the said Act enacted, that each Convict shall be employed in Work in the said Penitentiary every Day in the Year, except Sundays, Christmas Days, Good Fridays, All Saints Days, and any Day appointed for a General Fast or Thanksgiving, and also except such Days when ill Health will not allow of their working; and the Hours of Work in each Day shall not exceed Eight Hours in the Months of November, December, and January, Nine Hours in the Months of February and October, and Ten Hours and a half in the Rest of the Year, exclusive of the time allowed for Meals: provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the said Committee, by a written Order, to permit any Convict to labour when- soever for a longer time than is herein mentioned, upon such Conditions as shall in the said Order be expressed: And Whereas the said Provision hath been found inconvenient: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed.
18 G. 3. c. 43.
§ 13.

“ VI. And Whereas it is by the said Act enacted, that no Officer or Servant of such Penitentiary shall supply any of the Convicts therein with any Money, Clothing, Provisions or Diet, or with any Spirituous or other Liquors whatsoever, except such Money, Clothing, Provisions or Diet as the Governor of the Penitentiary shall from time to time permit or direct, and except such Diet and Liquors as the Surgeon or Apothecary attending such Penitentiary shall think proper to order for any such Convict in case of Illness: and in case any such Officer or Servant shall be found guilty of carrying to any such Convict, or of knowingly permitting to be carried to any such Convict any Money, Clothing, Provisions, or Diet or Liquors whatsoever, contrary to the Intent of this Act, such Officer or Servant shall immediately be suspended by the said Governor, who shall report the same to the Committee at their next Meeting; and such Committee shall require thereof upon Oath, and shall punish such Officer or Servant by Forfeiture of Office, and by any

Five not exceeding Ten Pounds, or by either of such Penalties, as the said Committee shall in their Discretion think proper; and if any Person or Persons shall wilfully supply any such Convict at any time during the Term of his or her Confinement with any Food, Drink or Clothing, other than such as shall have been appointed by the Committee as aforesaid, or with any Money, he or she so supplying such Convict shall for every such Offence forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of the said Committee: And Whereas the said Provision hath been found inconvenient, Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed.

VII. And Whereas it is by the said Act enacted, that the Governor of each Penitentiary shall have Power to hear all Complaints touching any of the following Offences committed by any of the Convicts confined therein; (that is to say), Disobedience of any of the Orders established for the said Penitentiary, Assaults by one Person confined in such Penitentiary upon another, when an dangerous Wound or Bruise is given, profane Cursing and Swearing or indecent Behaviour, Absence from Chapel or unbecoming Behaviour there, and Idleness or Negligence in Work, or wilful Mismanagement of it, or wanton Damage or Injury to the Prison or Furniture thereof, all which are declared to be Offences by the said Act; and the said Governor may remove any Persons teaching such Offenders, and may determine thereupon, and may punish such Offences by ordering the Offender in such Confinement in a dark Cell, or by keeping him or her upon Bread and Water only, or by both such Penalties, for any Term not exceeding Three Days: And Whereas the said Provision hath been found inconvenient, Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed.

VIII. And Whereas it is by the said Act enacted, that if any Convict who shall be confined in any such Penitentiary shall, during the Term for which he shall be so confined, be guilty of any Offence which the Governor of such Penitentiary is not hereby authorised to punish, or for which the Penitentiary which such Governor is hereby authorised to inflict shall by such Governor be deemed not sufficient, by reason of the Enormity of the Offence or the Reputation thereof, such Governor may confine such Offender either in his or her own Cell, or in a dark Cell belonging to such Penitentiary, till the next Meeting of the said Committee, and shall in such Case report such Offence, with the time and particular Circumstances thereof, and the Name of the Offender, to the said Committee; and such Committee shall have Power to inquire upon Oath, and determine concerning all such Offences as reported to them as aforesaid, and may order any such Offender to be punished by such Confinement in a dark Cell, with Bread and Water only for Satisfaction, for any Term not exceeding One Month, or by removing such Offenders if ranked in the Second Class into the First Class, or by both such Penalties; and in case of Removal into the First Class, the Offender shall, from the time of making such Order of Removal, remain in such First Class until he or she be restored to the Second Class by Order of the Committee, or until the Term of his or her Confinement shall be completed: And Whereas the said Provision has been found inconvenient, Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

36 G. 3. c. 43.
§ 31.

repealed.

IX. And Whereas it is by the said Act enacted, that the said Committee shall report to His Majesty in Council, and to both Houses of Parliament, all Bye Laws, Rules or Regulations made under the Authority of the said Act, and all Alterations therein or Additions therein, within Thirty one Days after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament after such Bye Laws, Rules and Regulations, or Alterations or Additions, shall have been confirmed by the Judges of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench as herebefore is directed: And Whereas the said Provision has been found inconvenient, Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

36 G. 3. c. 43.
§ 42.

repealed.

X. And Whereas it is by the said Act enacted, that if any Convict who shall be ordered to be confined in the said Penitentiary shall at any time during the Term of such Confinement break Prison, or escape from the Place of his or her Confinement, or in his or her Conveyance to such Place of Confinement, or from the Person or Persons having the lawful Custody of such Convict, he or she in breaking Prison or escaping shall be punished by an Addition of Three Years to the Term for which he or she, at the time of his or her Breach of Prison or Escape, was adjudged to be confined; and if such Convict be punished by such Addition to the Term of Confinement, shall afterwards be convicted of a Second Escape or Breach of Prison, he or she shall be adjudged guilty of Felony without Benefit of Clergy: And Whereas the said Provision has been found inconvenient, Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

36 G. 3. c. 43.
§ 43.

repealed.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Committee appointed or to be appointed in pursuance of the said recited Act of the Fifty sixth Year aforesaid, from time to time, with the Approbation of His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, for the time being, to increase or diminish, according as they, the Number of Officers and Servants to be appointed for the said Penitentiary, in pursuance of the said Act, except by taking away or diminishing any of the Officers of Governor, Master, Chaplain and Surgeon or Apothecary to the same, or to add such new Officers and Servants thereto as may be found necessary.

Officers and Servants may be increased or diminished by Committee with Consent of Secretary of State

XII. And be it further enacted, That such Convicts as shall be first to the said Penitentiary, shall be employed in Work therein on every Day in the Year, except Sundays, Christmas Day, Good Friday, Ascension Day, and any Day appointed for a General Fast or Thanksgiving; and also except such Days when ill Health will not allow of their working, or when the said Committee shall think fit for any special Reason to dispense with their working by an Order in Writing; and the Hours of Work in each Day shall not exceed Two Hours and a half exclusive of the time allowed for Meals: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the said Committee, by a written Order, to permit any Convict to labour voluntarily for a longer time than is herein mentioned, upon such Conditions as in the said Order shall be expressed.

Days and Hours of Work of Convicts

Proviso for voluntary Labour.

XIII. And

4 T 2

the Officer or
Servant of
Penitentiary, or
other Person, to
supply Corns
with any thing
whatsoever, ex-
cept as Govern-
ment Surgeon
shall direct, or
standing Order
to the contrary.

Penitentiary
Officer or Ser-
vant.

If not a Ser-
vant, Penitentiary.

Governor may
power to hear
Complaints, and
to punish re-
fractory Offenders.

Extent of
Penitentiary

Governor may
confine Cor-
rivals for Off-
ences which
he cannot pun-
ish upon their
Meeting of
Committee.

Visitation may
determine and
may examine
upon Oath, &c.

and may award
Penitentiary
officers by
Quorum.

Governor to
report to His
Majesty on
Committee, and
to Parliament, all
Bye-Laws, &c.

Committee
including Pri-
son, &c.
Penitentiary.

Several Escapes,
Deaths.

Attempting to
break Prison,
&c.

XIII. And he is further enacted, That no Officer or Servant of the said Penitentiary, nor any other Person whatsoever, shall supply or bring in to any of the Corns or therein any Money, Clothing, Provision, Diet, or other Article or Thing whatsoever, or any Spirituous or other Liquors whatsoever, except such Money, Clothing, Provision, Diet, Article or Thing, as the Governor of the Penitentiary shall from time to time permit or direct, and except such Diet and Liquors as the Surgeon or Apothecary according the Penitentiary shall think proper to order for any such Corn in case of Illness; and that no Officer or Servant of such Penitentiary, nor any other Person whatsoever, shall clandestinely or otherwise than according to the Rules and Regulations of such Penitentiary, bring in to or carry on from any Corn, or receive for the purpose of bringing in to or carrying out from any Corn, any Letter or Paper; and in case any Person shall be found supplying or bringing in to any such Corn any Money, Clothing, Provision, Diet, or other Article or Thing whatsoever, or any Liquors whatsoever, or of bringing in to or carrying out from any Corn, or receive for the purpose of bringing in to or carrying out from any Corn, any Letter or Paper whatsoever, contrary to the intent of this Act, if such Person be an Officer or Servant of such Penitentiary, he or she shall immediately be suspended by the said Governor, who shall report the same to the Committee at their next Meeting, and such Committee shall enquire thereof upon Oath, and shall punish such Officer or Servant by Forfeiture of Office, and if it shall seem meet to them, shall cause such Officer or Servant to be prosecuted for his or her Offence, before a Justice of the Peace, who, upon Conviction, may forthwith punish such Officer or Servant by a Fine, not exceeding Ten Pounds; and if such Person be not an Officer or Servant of such Penitentiary, he or she shall for every such Offence forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of the Justice before whom he or she shall be prosecuted and convicted.

XIV. And he is further enacted, That the Governor of such Penitentiary shall have Power to hear all Complaints touching any of the following Offences committed by any of the Corns confined therein: (that is to say) Disobedience of any of the Orders established for the said Penitentiary; Assaults by one Person confined in such Penitentiary upon another, where no dangerous Wound or Bruise is given; profane Carling and Swearing, or indecent Behaviour; Absence from Chapel or irreverent Behaviour there, and Illness or Negligence in Work or solid Mismanagement of it, or waste of Damage or Injury to the Prison or Furniture thereof; all which are declared to be Offences by this Act; and the said Governor may examine any Person touching such Offences, and may determine thereupon, and may punish such Offences by ordering the Offender to clothe Confinement in a dark Cell, or by keeping him or her upon Bread and Water only, or by both such Punishments, for any Term not exceeding Fourteen Days; provided always, that no such Punishment shall exceed the Space of Three Days, unless before the Expiration of that Period the Application in Writing of the Visitor for the time being shall be had and obtained.

XV. And he is further enacted, That if any Corn, who shall be confined in the said Penitentiary, shall, during the Term for which he or she shall be so confined, be guilty of any Offence which the Governor of such Penitentiary is not lawfully authorized to punish, or for which the Punishment which such Governor is lawfully authorized to inflict shall by such Governor be deemed not sufficient, by reason of the Extremity of the Offence or the Repeated thereof, such Governor may confine such Offender either in his or her own Cell, or in a dark Cell belonging to such Penitentiary, till the next Meeting of the said Committee; and shall in such Case upon such Offence, with the time and particular Circumstances thereof, and the Name of the Offender, to the said Committee; and such Committee shall have Power to determine concerning all such Offences so reported to them as aforesaid; and for that Purpose (if they shall think fit) to examine any Person upon Oath, and may order any such Offender to be punished by clothe Confinement in a dark Cell with Bread and Water only, for any Term not exceeding One Month, or by removing such Offender, if confined in the Second Class, into the First Class, or by both such Punishments; and in case of Removal into the First Class, the Offender shall, from the time of making such Order of Removal, remain in such First Class until he or she shall be returned to the Second Class by Order of the Committee, or until the Term of his or her Confinement shall be completed; and in case it shall appear to the said Committee that the Punishment inflicted upon any Offender by the said Governor, with or without the Approbation of the Visitor, is insufficient, the said Committee shall have Power to extend such Punishment to any Term not exceeding One Month from its first Commencement, and may further order the Removal of the said Offender into the First Class, in the same manner as if the said Offender had been originally reported for Punishment to the said Committee.

XVI. And he is further enacted, That the said Committee shall report to His Majesty in Council, and to both Houses of Parliament, all Bye-Laws, Rules and Regulations made under the Authority of the last recited Act of the Fifty Sixth Year aforesaid, and all Alterations therein or Additions thereto, within Six Weeks after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament after such Bye-Laws, Rules and Regulations or Alterations or Additions, shall have been confirmed by the Justice of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, as in the said recited Act of the Fifty sixth Year of His said Majesty is directed.

XVII. And he is further enacted, That if any Corn who shall be ordered to be confined in the said Penitentiary, shall at any time during the Term of such Confinement break Prison, or escape from the Place of his or her Confinement, or in his or her Conveyance to such Place of Confinement, or from the Prison or Prison having the lawful Custody of such Corn, he or she be breaking Prison or escaping, shall be punished by an Addition, not exceeding Three Years, to the Term for which he or she at the time of his or her Breach of Prison or Escape was subject to be confined; and if such Corn be punished by such Addition to the Term of Confinement, shall afterwards be convicted of a Second Escape or Breach of Prison, he or she shall be adjudged guilty of Felony without Benefit of Clergy; and if any Corn who shall be ordered to be confined in the said Penitentiary, shall at any time during the Term of such Confinement, attempt to break Prison or escape from the Place of his or her Confinement, or shall forcibly break out of his or her Cell, or shall

shall make any Breach therein with intent to escape therefrom, he or she is offending, being convicted thereof, shall be punished by an Addition, not exceeding Six Calendar Months to the Term for which he or she at the time of committing any such Offence was subject to be confined.

Punishment.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Committee to pay to any Person, who, having been imprisoned in such Penitentiary, and discharged from thence either by His Majesty's most gracious Pardon, or at the Termination of his or her Period of Confinement, shall produce to the said Committee, at the Expiration of One Year after such Discharge, such Evidence of his or her good Conduct during that time as shall be satisfactory to the said Committee, any Sum of Money not exceeding Three Pounds, in addition to such Money and Clothing as shall have been given to such Person on his or her Discharge.

Committee empowered to reward meritorious Convicts on and after their Discharge.

XIX. And it is hereby further enacted, That if any Person taking an Oath under the Provisions of this A.D. shall wilfully forswear and perjure himself or herself in any such Oath, and shall be lawfully convicted thereof, he or she is offending itself (s/he) such Person(s) as by Law may be inflicted on Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

Perjury

XX. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Privileges and Regulations contained in the said A.D. of the Fifty sixth Year aforesaid, and not hereby altered or repealed, shall continue in force, and shall extend and be applied to this A.D. in as full and ample manner as if the same had been hereby re-enacted.

Former A.D. to continue in force.

C A P. CXXXVII.

An Act to enable the Directors of the Poor of the several Parishes within the City of *Worcester*, and of the Parishes situate therein, to sell and dispose of certain Lands, discharged of all Claims of the Crown in respect of any Forfeiture incurred under the Statutes of Mortmain.

[13th July 1819.]

- THE Lands, &c. herein described shall be freed from all Claims of the Crown. Directors of the Poor may sell the Lands. § 1. Receipt of Directors to be a sufficient Discharge to Purchasers. § 2. Agreements may be made for keeping up Roads. § 3. In case no Sale is made within a certain time, Land again to become forfeited. § 4. Application of the Money. § 5. Directors, with Consent of Creditors, may pay Expenses of A.D. in the said Instance. § 6. A certain Piece of Land called *Talbot Hill Piece*, to continue vested in the Wardens of the Poor. § 7.

C A P. CXXXVIII.

An Act for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament, for granting to His Majesty a *Duchy* Penitents and Offices in England, and an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight.

[2d July 1819.]

- WHEREAS by an Act made in this present Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Ale, Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff in Great Britain, and on Profane, Office and Personal Estate in England, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen*, it was enacted, that all and every the Persons who in and by certain Acts therein mentioned, made in the Forty eighth and Forty ninth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, were named and appointed Commissioners (duly qualifying themselves) for putting the several Acts therein specified into execution within the several Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Divisions and Places of England, Wales and Towns of *Bristol* upon Towed, should be Commissioners for putting the said Act into execution, so far as the same relates to the Duty on Penitents, Offices and Personal Estates, within before the Day therein appointed for the First Meeting of the Commissioners for putting the said Act into execution, in as far as the same relates to the Duties on Penitents, Offices and Personal Estates, from A.D. or A.D.s of Parliament should be made for naming and appointing special Commissioners for putting the said Act into execution, in as far as the same relates to the Duties on Penitents, Offices and Personal Estates: And Whereas it is expedient that other Commissioners should be appointed for putting into execution as A.D. made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, of which A.D. certain Powers, Privileges, Clauses, Matters and Things were contained for ever by an A.D. made in the same Year, entitled *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money were charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax, for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every the Persons hereinafter named and mentioned; (that is to say),

C. 3. sec.

§ 3. s. 1

§ 3. s. 2.

Commissioners appointed.

(Here follow the Names of the Commissioners for England and Wales.)

Being first duly qualified to act as Commissioners of the Land Tax, in manner herein directed, shall be and are hereby declared to be Commissioners for putting into execution the said recited A.D. made in this Session of Parliament, in as far as the same relates to the Duties on Penitents, Offices and Personal Estates, and also each of the Powers, Privileges, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said recited A.D. made in the

Thirty

31 G. 3. c. 1.

Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight, as are contained for ever by the said recited Act made in the same Year within the several Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns and Places respectively in that Part of Great Britain called England and Wales, and the Towns of Berwick upon Tweed.*

Commissioners
appointed for
Scotland.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Persons and Persons hereinafter named and mentioned; (that is to say),

[Here follow the Names of the Commissioners for Scotland.]

Being duly qualified to act as Commissioners of the Land Tax, shall be and they are hereby declared to be Commissioners for putting into execution each of the Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things of the said recited Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as are contained for ever by the said recited Act of the same Year, within the several Shires, Burghs and Places respectively, within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland.

Qualifications
to be the same
as required by
31 G. 3. c. 5.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several and respective Persons hereby appointed Commissioners, shall have each and the same Qualifications as are required by the said recited Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight; and also of an Act made in the same Session of Parliament, intitled 'An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight,' as relate to the Qualification of Commissioners; and shall be subject to the several Penalties and Forfeitures contained in the said recited Acts respectively.*

31 G. 3. c. 48.

As what can
Persons in
Cities, &c.
having Qual-
ifications may not
be Commis-
sioners.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where in any City, Liberty or Place, the Qualification of a Commissioner to act therein, shall consist of Personal Estate, it shall be lawful for any Person having a Personal Estate of the Value required by the said Acts, or either of them, to act as such Commissioner in all cases where such Person shall have been sworn, and shall have paid for such Personal Estate by and upon the last Assessment then made for such City, Liberty or Place, by virtue of any Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Personal Estates and Personal Estates in England, passed before the making of such Assessment; any thing in the said Acts, or either of them, contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, that all Persons who shall act as Judges of the Peace of or for any County, Riding, Shire or Burgh in Great Britain, being duly qualified as aforesaid, may act as such Commissioners, although not specially named in the said Acts.

Persons qual-
ified may act
as Commis-
sioners though
not specially
named.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

DECLARED PUBLIC,

AND TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED.

N. B.—*The Continuance of each of the following Acts as now Temporary will be known (where it is not expressly stated) by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letter at the End of the Title.*

- (a) For 21 Years, &c. [i. e. to the End of the next Session] from a Day named in the Act.
- (b) For 10 Years, &c. from the passing of the Act.
- (c) For 21 Years, &c. after the End of the Term under former Acts.

The following are all PUBLIC ACTS: in each of which is contained a Clause in the Form following:

"And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded."

Cap. i.

AN Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts of His late and present Majesty's Beign, for repairing the Roads therein respectively mentioned and described, in the County of York; so far as the said Acts relate to the Road leading from the South west Corner of the Inclosure of Harrogate, through Knaresborough, to Boroughbridge. (A)

21 G. 3. c. 23.
27 G. 3. c. 77.
28 G. 3. c. 2.

[23d March 1819.]

[Additional Tithes. Former Tithes to cease. New Tithes granted.]

Cap. ii.

AN Act for lighting with Gas the City of Bristol, and certain Parishes adjacent thereto. [23d March 1819.]

Cap. iii.

AN Act for regulating the Police of the Borough of Calton and Village and Lands of Mill End, in the County of Lanark; paving, cleansing and lighting the Streets and Passages of the said District; and for erecting a Court House, Gaol, and a Bridewell or Workhouse therein. (A)

[23d March 1819.]

Cap. iv.

AN Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts passed in the Eighteenth and Twenty eighth Years of His present Majesty's Beign, for repairing several Roads leading from the Town of Maiden Newton, in the County of Dorset, and other Roads communicating therewith, in the Counties of Somerset and Dorset. (A)

21 G. 3. c. 23.
28 G. 3. c. 124.

[23d March 1819.]

[Additional Tithes. New Tithes. Former Tithes to cease. New Tithes granted. Royal Family exempt.]

Cap. v.

AN Act to incorporate for a further Term the Governors and Company of the Solihull Plate Glass Manufactory. (A)

21 G. 3. c. 100.

[23d March 1819.]

Cap. vi.

AN Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing certain Roads therein mentioned, so far as relates to the Road leading from Chapel Fen, near Nottingham, to St. Mary's Bridge in Derby, and from the Guild Path, in the Parish of Luton, to Sandy Ferry. (A)

27 G. 3. c. 23.
30 G. 3. c. 77.
31 G. 3. c. 23.

[23d March 1819.]

[Additional Tithes.]

Cap. vii.

- 20 G. 3. c. 10. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Golden Farm, near Bagshot, in the County of Surrey, to Haslemere Bridge Hill, and from thence to Bagshot Vale and Godham, and from Godham to the Great Western Road at Basingstoke in the County of Southampton; and also from Godham sharded to a Place called the Bell Inn, in the Parish of Smallhamstead, in the County of Wals, on the Turnpike Road leading from the Town of Reading, in the County of Berks, to Bagshot Vale Marshfield. (a) [31st March 1809.]

[*New Tolls.* Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

Cap. viii.

- 19 G. 3. c. 10. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts, for repairing the Road from Fryer Barn's Study to Collier Pond, and other Roads in the County of Berks, so far as relates to the Road called The Alvington Dyke. (c) [31st March 1809.]

[*New Tolls.* Additional Tolls. Royal Family exempt.]

Cap. ix.

- 20 G. 3. c. 11. An Act for abolishing the Payment of certain Tolls called *Jagates* and *Gagates*, collected at the several Entrances into the Town of Liverpool, in the County of Lancashire, and of certain Tolls and Stallage now payable in the Markets and Fairs there, and for granting other Tolls and Stallage in lieu thereof, and for the better Regulation of the said Markets and Fairs. [31st March 1809.]

Cap. x.

- 20 G. 3. c. 12. An Act for more effectually making, straightening, repairing and improving the Road from near the Town of Looe to Polquair, in the Parish of Raghlan, and from thence to Baginbun, and from Polquair to Raghlan Common, in the County of Dyff. (a) [31st March 1809.]

[*Additional Tolls.* *New Tolls.* Royal Family exempt.]

Cap. xi.

- 21 G. 3. c. 22. An Act for altering, amending and extending the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifty Sixth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing and altering the Parish Church of Saint George's Martyn, in the County of Middlesex, and for making further Provisions for the Rectory of the said Parish, and for improving the Church Yard thereof. [31st March 1809.]

Cap. xii.

- 21 G. 3. c. 13. An Act for continuing and amending Three Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Highby to Bagby, in the West Riding of the County of York. (b) [31st March 1809.]

[*Former Tolls in cash.* *New Tolls granted.* One half additional Toll on Sundays.]

Cap. xiii.

- An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from or from near the City of Carlisle, to the Salway Frith, at or near Fjeler's Grift, in the Parish of Berwick, in the County of Cumberland. [6th April 1809.]

Cap. xiv.

- An Act to enable the Justices of Peace for the County of Devon to take down the present County Bridge over the River Ula, and to build Two new Bridges over the Rivers Long and Ula in lieu thereof. [6th April 1809.]

Cap. xv.

- 22 G. 3. c. 10. An Act for raising a further Sum of Money, by Assessments or otherwise, for the purpose of erecting a Workhouse for the Use of the Poor of the Parish of Saint John of Wapping, in the County of Middlesex. [6th April 1809.]

Cap. xvi.

- 21 G. 3. c. 23. An Act to enlarge the Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing and lighting the Streets and other public Places within the King's Town of Middlesex, in the County of Kent, and better supplying the Inhabitants with Water; and for watching the said Town, and making public Wharves therein. [6th April 1809.]

[*Former Rates in cash.* *New Rates granted.*]

Cap. xvi.

- 22 G. 3. c. 11. An Act for lighting with Gas the Town and Parish of Chichester and Pochin's thereof, in the County of Gloucester. [6th April 1809.]

1000

As Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Toll House Back to the Township of Irby, in the County of Lancaster, to Kirby Lonsdale and Kirby Endal, in the County of Wiltshire, and through Kirby Lonsdale to Milnthorpe in the said County. (c) [6th April 1839.]
[Royal Fancie counts from Toll.]

1. *What is the main purpose of the study?*
 2. *What are the research objectives?*
 3. *What is the significance of the study?*
 4. *What are the limitations of the study?*

Figure 1

An Act for enlarging the Town and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from a Place called *Morton's Cross*, in the Town of *Willingborough*, in the County of *Northampton*, to the East End of *Market Street*, in the Town of *Northampton*. (c) [6th April 1810.]

100% Ca^{2+} uptake

62 33

As A.B. to alter and enlarge the Powers of The Gas Light and Coke Company, and to amend Three Acts of His most Excellent Majesty relating to the said Company. 10th April 1810.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1897, and to amend Three Acts
[7th April 1819.] | 25 G. 3. a bill.
Chancery, 10th
April 1819. |
| 24 G. 3. a corr. Limitation of Powers of C. c. 100. | |

1000 1000

As Aft for lighting, watching and cleaning Long Lane, in the Parish of Saint Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey, in the County of Surrey, and the Streets, Lanes, Pallages and Places contiguous or adjoining thereto within the same Parish.

100

1000

As A.S. for providing that the several Highways within the Parish of Manxglo, in the County Palatine of Lancaster, shall be repaired by the Inhabitants of the respective Townships within which the same are found.
[This April 1810.]

6000

An Act for relaying certain Streets and Places within and adjacent to the Parish of Saint James, Wythe County, in the County of Middlebury, called Opposed Streets, to the same Rates for paving, cleaning and lighting as the other Streets and Places within the said Parish; and for allowing, to be in relation to the said Parish, certain Acts for paving, cleaning and lighting the Streets and other Places within the City and Towns of Waterbury and Paris adjacent.

(Edw. Bell 1820)

3. 0.000000
4. 0.000000
5. 0.000000
6. 0.000000
7. 0.000000

6666

An Act for enlarging the Town and Porten of an Act of His prelat Majesty, for repairing the Roads from
Stowbury Hill to Wexford Bridge, and from Norman Croft to Fordingham Bridge, all in the County of
Northampton. (1) (16th April 1610.)

[Former Talk is good. New Talk needed.]

An Act for repairing the Road from *Shute's Lane* in *Bury*, in the County of *Huntingdon*, to a Hoole formerly called *The Spread Eagle* in the Hamlet of *Stretton*, in the Parish of *Elgthorpe*, in the County of *Bedford*. (r)

all Gs. n. c. 31.
up Gs. p. n. 14.
43 Gs. p. n. 14.
unmarked

| | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Colloquial French. | New French. |
|---------------------------|--------------------|

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As A.B. for further continuing, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, the Powers granted by an A.B. of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners acting in Execution of an Agreement made between the said Andrus Company and the private Creditors of the Blacks of the Cameroons, the better to execute the same into Effect.

4th Cl. J.
 5. 100000.
 1st Cl. J. 100000.
 1st Cl. J.
 10. 100000.

1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 26

As A.D. to stir and moved Two Acts of His protest Majesty's Edge, for making further Provision for certain Officers of the High Court of Chancery.

is available. Further, continued

WHEREAS by virtue of an Act passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to empower the High Court of Chancery to lay out a further Sum of the Saleable Money upon proper Securities, and for applying the Interest towards discharging the Expenses of the Office of the Surveyors General, and for building Offices for the Masters in Chancery, and a public Office for the Sellers of the said Court, and Offices for the Secretaries of Bankrupts and Lunatics, and for building Repositories for storing the Title Deeds of the Sellers of the said Court, and the Records and Proceedings of the Commissioners of Bankrupts and Lunatics; and of several Acts in the said Act mentioned, divers Sums of Money have been, by virtue of several Orders of the said Court of Chancery, taken out of the common and general Cask belonging to the Sellers of the*

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

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[illegible]

High Court of Chancery, which lay dead and unemployed in the Bank of England, and have been placed out in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, on Government or Parliamentary Securities; and such Government or Parliamentary Securities have been, in pursuance of the said A.O. passed in the Thirty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, carried to an Account, intimated 'Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery;' and out of the Dividends and Interest of the Securities purchased in pursuance of the said several A.Os, the several annual Sums and Salaries, and the several other Payments directed to be made and to be paid, have been from time to time made and paid, and the Surplus Interest and annual Produce arising from the said Securities, beyond what was sufficient to answer the purposes of the said several A.Os, and also the Interest produced from the Securities purchased with such Surplus Interest and annual Produce, have been from time to time, in pursuance of the said last mentioned Act, laid out in the Purchase of Government or Parliamentary Securities, in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, and placed to the Credit of an Account, intimated 'Account of Securities purchased with Surplus Interest arising from Securities carried to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery;' And Whereas by an A.O. passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated *An Act for making further Provision for the Secretary and Officers of the Vice-Chancellor of England, and for the Clerks in the Office of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and for providing additional Clerks for the said Office*, it is (amongst other things) enacted, that the Surplus Interest and annual Produce which shall arise from the Money placed out and to be placed out on Securities, pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament therein before mentioned or referred to, or any of them, beyond what shall be sufficient to answer the purposes of the said A.Os, shall from time to time be placed out on Government or Parliamentary Securities, and shall be placed to the Credit of the said Account, raised in pursuance of the said A.O. of the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated 'Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery;' and which Fund shall be applied to answer the Demands of the said Sutors of the said Court of Chancery, in case it shall at any time be necessary to call in any of the Money of the said Sutors which had been or might be placed out on Securities: And Whereas by an A.O. passed in the Fifty eighth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intimated *An Act to provide additional Salaries to the present Clerks in the Report Office of the High Court of Chancery, and to provide additional Clerks for the said Office, and for making further Provision for the Clerks in the said Office*, it is (amongst other things) enacted, that the Surplus Interest and annual Produce, which shall arise from the Money placed out and to be placed out on Securities, pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament thereinbefore mentioned or referred to, or any of them, beyond what shall be sufficient to answer the purposes of the said A.Os, shall from time to time be placed out on Government or Parliamentary Securities, and shall be placed to the Credit of the said Account, raised in pursuance of the said Act of the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated 'Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery;' and which Fund shall be applied to answer the Demands of the said Sutors of the said Court of Chancery, in case it shall at any time be necessary to call in any Money of the said Sutors, which had been or might be placed out on Securities: And Whereas from the passing of the said revised Acts of the Fifty fifth and Fifty eighth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, the Surplus Interest and annual Produce arising from the said Securities, beyond what was sufficient to answer the purposes of the said A.Os, and of the several A.Os therein respectively recited or referred to, and also the Interest produced from the Securities purchased with such Surplus Interest and annual Produce, have been from time to time, by virtue of several Orders of the said Court of Chancery for that Purpose, laid out in the Purchase of Government or Parliamentary Securities, in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, and placed to the Credit of an Account, intimated 'Account of Securities purchased with Surplus Interest arising from Securities carried to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery;' but although the said Settlements were placed to the Credit of the said last mentioned Account, to which the same lawfully belonged, yet several Orders the same were not authorized to be so done by the said last mentioned Acts of the Fifty fifth and Fifty eighth Years of His said present Majesty's Reign, it having been by Mistake thereby respectively directed that such Surplus Interest and annual Produce, when laid out in the Purchase of Government or Parliamentary Securities, in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, should be carried to the Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery: And Whereas it is expedient and necessary that the Provision in the said last mentioned Acts should be explained, altered and amended: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in each of the said Acts of the Fifty fifth and Fifty eighth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, as provides that the Surplus Interest and annual Produce which should arise from the Money placed out and to be placed out on Securities, pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament thereinbefore mentioned or referred to, or any of them, beyond what should be sufficient to answer the purposes of the said A.Os, should from time to time be placed out on Government or Parliamentary Securities, and should be placed to the Credit of the said Account raised in pursuance of the said A.O. of the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated 'Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery;' and which Fund should be applied to answer the Demands of the said Sutors of the said Court of Chancery, in case it should at any time be necessary to call in any Money

37 Ed. 3. c. 16.
38 Ed. 3. c. 16.
38 Ed. 3. c. 16.
38 Ed. 3. c. 16.

Money of the said Salutes which had been or might be placed out on Securities, be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Surplus Interest and annual Produce which hath arisen and shall arise from the Monies placed out and to be placed out on Securities, pursuant to the said several Acts of the Fifty fifth and Fifty eighth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or under of them, or to the several Acts thereon mentioned or referred to, or any of them, or to the said Orders of the said Court of Chancery, beyond what shall be sufficient to answer the purposes of the said several Acts; and also the Interest produced from the Securities purchased with such Surplus Interest and annual Produce, shall from time to time be laid out in the Purchase of Government or Parliamentary Securities, in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, and placed to the Credit of the said Account raised in pursuance of the said Act of the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled 'Account of Securities purchased with Surplus Interest arising from Securities, earned to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Salutes of the High Court of Chancery.'

III. And be it further enacted, That one of the Interest and Dividends of the Government or Parliamentary Securities purchased and to be purchased as aforesaid, the Costs incurred in procuring and paying the said Act, and the Costs, Charges and Expenses of all Proceedings to be had in execution and in pursuance thereof, shall be paid by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by virtue of any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpose.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain, for the time being, by any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery, to change the Security or Securities or any Part of the Securities purchased or to be purchased pursuant to the said several Acts, or to the Orders of the said Court of Chancery hereinafter mentioned or referred to, or pursuant to this Act.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared, That for notwithstanding any of the Provisions contained in this Act, if at any time hereafter the Whole or any Part of the Monies placed out pursuant to the said several Acts, or to the said Orders of the said Court of Chancery or any of them, or to be placed out in pursuance of this Act, shall be wanted to answer any of the Demands of the Salutes of the said Court of Chancery, then and in such Case the said Court may and shall direct the Whole or any Part of such Monies to be called in, and the Securities in which the same, and the Surplus Interest and Dividends hereinafter mentioned shall be placed, to be sold and disposed of, in order that the Salutes of the said Court may at all times be paid their respective Demands out of the common and general Cask belonging to such Salutes.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. xxviii.

An Act for establishing an Assay Office in the City of Glasgow.

[19th May 1819.]

• **W**HEREAS the Gold and Silverminers and Placemen in and about the City of Glasgow in the County of Lanark, and in the Western Parts of Scotland, suffer great Hardship and Inconvenience in the Exercise of their Trade for want of Assayers at a convenient Place to assay and touch their 'Wrought Pieces' For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Robert Gray, William Gray, William Mitchell, Alexander Maclell, Daniel McCulloch, James Howlands, Philip Griegles, John Frazer Howlands, William McCulloch, John Murray, James Brown Aikhead, Robert Wilson, James Finlayson, Thomas Finlayson, Robert Risk, John Reid, Robert Duncan, Walter Gray, Peter Aikles, David Macdonald, James Duncan, John Paterson, Archibald Barrall, John Brown, William Hoggan, Robert Trenchard and James Allen, Gold and Silverminers and Placemen in and about Glasgow, shall be and are hereby incorporated a Company or of behooving to the said City of Glasgow, and shall be called and known by the Name of *The Glasgow Goldfields Company*, and shall be Members of such Company in long as they live and reside in such Town, or within Forty Miles to the West and South thereof; which Company shall be entitled and is hereby authorized, on or before the First Day of July next, to meet at some convenient Place within the said City, and choose Four fit and proper Persons resident in the said City, or within Ten Miles thereof, by Majority of Votes, to be the Wardens of the said Company in the said City, which said Wardens shall continue for the Space of One Year and no longer, unless re-elected by the Company in manner aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall be enabled, and is hereby authorized and directed annually on the First Monday in July in every Year, out of fit and proper Persons resident in the said City, or within Forty Miles to the West and South thereof, to choose, by a Majority of Members present at any Meeting to be held for that Purpose, One or more Fit and proper Persons into the said Company in the place and stead of such of the said Company who shall have died or removed to a greater Distance than Forty Miles as aforesaid from the said City; and also to choose as Members of the said Company such additional fit and proper Persons or Persons as such Majority may deem expedient or necessary, from among such Persons as may from time to time lawfully carry on the Trade of Goldsmiths or Silvermiths or Placemen in Glasgow, or within the Distance thereof aforesaid; and that immediately thereafter such Company shall be so filled up or chosen as a manner aforesaid, they shall be enabled and are hereby authorized and directed to proceed to the Election of the Four Wardens for the Year ensuing in manner aforesaid; and

Application of such Surplus Interest and annual Produce.

Expenses of this Act, &c. how paid.

Lord Chancellor may change the Securities, &c.

Salutes' Money to be called in when necessary to answer any Demands of such Salutes.

Public Act.

Company constituted.

Their Style.

Wardens to be chosen.

New Members to be chosen; instead of those dying.

What sort of Persons to be chosen.

If any of the said Wardens be chosen as aforesaid shall happen to die or remove to a greater Distance than Ten Miles out of Glasgow as aforesaid, then the said Company shall within One Month after such Death or Removal, choose another Person in manner aforesaid to be Warden in his room, and such Person shall be and is hereby authorized and required to sit accordingly for the Remembrance of that Year.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Gold or SilverSmith or Plateworker in Glasgow, or within Forty Miles thereof as aforesaid, shall knowingly put to sale, exchange or sell any Gold Vellie, Plate, or Manufacture of Gold made or wrought in the said City, or within the Distance aforesaid, after the First Day of July next, or export the same out of Great Britain, until such time as such Vellie, Plate, or manufactured Gold (such Gold Plate being of the Standard of Twenty two Carats of Fine Gold per Pound Troy, or of the Standard of Eighteen Carats of Fine Gold per Pound Troy; such last mentioned Standard being marked with the Number Eighteen in addition to the Marks after mentioned) shall be marked as follows; that is to say, with the Mark of the Worker or Maker thereof, which shall be the First Letter of his Christian and Surname, and also with the Lion Rampant, and with the Mark of the said Company, to denote the Goodness thereof, and to show that the same was assayed; and also with a distinct variable Mark or Letter, which Letter or Mark shall be annually changed upon the Election of new Wardens for the said Company, to denote the Year in which such Plate is marked, upon pain that all such Gold Plate or other manufactured Gold which shall be made, exposed to sale, exchanged or exported, contrary to this Act, shall be forfeited, or the Value thereof, One Moiety thereof to The King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof to such Person or Persons as will sue for the same, to be recovered by Action in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland; excepting such things as by reason of their Smallness or Thinness are not capable of receiving a Touch; and accepting also such Articles as are specially excepted by an Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the better preventing Frauds and Abuses in Gold and Silver Ware*; and by another Act of the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on all Gold and Silver Plate imported, and also certain Duties on all Gold and Silver wrought Plate made in Great Britain*.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Gold or SilverSmith or Plateworker in Glasgow, or within Forty Miles thereof as aforesaid, shall knowingly put to sale, exchange or sell any Silver Vellie, Plate, or Manufacture of Silver made or wrought in the said City, or within the aforesaid Distance thereof, after the First Day of July next, or export the same out of Great Britain, until such time as such Vellie, Plate, or manufactured Silver (such Silver Plate being of the Standard of Eleven Ounces Two Pennyweights of Fine Silver per Pound Troy) shall be marked as follows; that is to say, with the Mark of the Worker or Maker thereof, which shall be the First Letter of his Christian and Surname, and also with the Lion Rampant, and with the Mark of the said Company, to denote the Goodness thereof, and to show that the same was assayed; and also with a distinct variable Mark or Letter, which Letter or Mark shall be annually changed upon the Election of new Wardens for the said Company, to denote the Year in which such Plate is marked, or Silver Plate of the Standard of Eleven Ounces Two Pennyweights to be marked as aforesaid, and with the additional Mark hereinafter mentioned, upon pain that all such Silver Vellie, Plate, or other manufactured Silver which shall be made, exposed to sale, exchanged or exported contrary to this Act, shall be forfeited, or the Value thereof, One Moiety thereof to The King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof to such Person or Persons as will sue for the same, to be recovered by Action in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland; excepting such things as by reason of their Smallness or Thinness are not capable of receiving a Touch; and also excepting the several Wares of Silver as are specially excepted by the said recited Acts of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, and Twenty fourth of His present Majesty, and also by another Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act in alter the mark of an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled "An Act for the better preventing Frauds and Abuses in Gold and Silver Ware"*; and also to such of another Act made in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on all Gold and Silver Plate imported, and also certain Duties on all Gold and Silver wrought Plate made in Great Britain*, as relates to the marking of Silver Ware.

V. And be it further enacted, That the peculiar Mark of the said Company directed to be used as aforesaid shall be the Arms of the City of Glasgow.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall from time to time elect and choose in manner aforesaid One or more able and skillful Person or Persons experienced in the assaying of Gold and Silver to be the Assayer or Assayers, and that such Person or Persons so chosen shall continue in the said Office during his or their Life or Lives, unless he or they shall neglect to attend the said Business, or shall die, or be rendered incapable of executing the said Office of Assayer; for which said Assayer or Assayers, it shall and may be lawful to detain Eight Grains only from every Pound Troy of Silver he or they shall assay, Four Grains whereof shall be put into the Box or Dish, and the other Four Grains shall be allowed him towards his Wages and Spittings in making the said Assays; and every Assayer or Assayers chosen as aforesaid of this Act immediately after his or their Election or Elections, and before he or they take upon himself or themselves the Execution of the said Office, shall enter into a Bond or Obligation to the Master of His Majesty's Mint in Scotland for the time being, with Two Inflexible Sureties, to be approved of by the said Master, in the Penalty of Five Hundred Pounds for the Execution of the said Office, and for the due Payment of all such Fines and Sums of Money as are and shall be charged or imposed on him or them by this

Selling Gold Plate not marked as herein mentioned.

Penalty.

13 G. 2. c. 14.

34 G. 3. c. 13.

Selling Silver Plate not marked as herein mentioned.

Penalty.

30 G. 3. c. 30.

34 G. 3. c. 13.

The Mark of the Company.
the Assayer or Assayers to be appointed.

To enter into Bond as the Master of the Mint in Scotland.

this Act for Neglect or Fraud in the Execution of the said Office, and shall also take and subscribe the Oath following; *videlicet*,

I, A. B. do swear, That I will be faithful and true to our Sovereign Lord King George, and will, so long as I continue an Assayer, well and faithfully behave myself in the said Office, and so tender Profit to myself, take, or to any other Person whatsoever, whether the same be or not for my own Benefit, to the Hurt or Hindrance of any Person that is Owner or Bringer of any Gold or Silver in Plate to be assayed, except of Wrought Plate only, Four Grains of Silver of every Pound Weight to be taken and put into the Diet Box, and other Four Grains of Silver to be taken likewise of every Pound Weight of Silver Plate wrought (and not otherwise) towards my Wages and Spoilings in making the said Assays; and that I will touch on Gold or Silver but what shall be of the Goodness of and according to the Standard of Great Britain, which for the time being is or shall be appointed by Law for Wrought Plate, or better; and all such Gold and Silver respectively as shall be brought to me to be touched, I will carefully examine, to wit if the Gold be of all one Sort of Gold, and the Silver of one Sort of Silver, and of good and sufficient Workmanship, and whether all the Pieces be fixed together that are intended to be assayed together, and whether it be not charged with unnecessary Solder, and if I find the same liable to any of the Objections aforesaid I will not assay the same; and that I will truly fix down in Writing all such Gold and Silver as shall be brought to me to be touched, and the same at all times as I shall be required will duly and truly deliver again (except eight Grains as aforesaid), and will true Assayers make thereof when required by the Wardens of the Company wherein I am chosen Assayer; and that I will as Assayer make of things now wrought before that they be marked with the Mark of the Maker or Owner thereof; and that I will, according to the best of my Skill and Judgement, make every Assay to be in such Sort and manner as may best ascertain the true intrinsic Standard of such Plate to be assayed; and that I will not put or willingly suffer to be put into the aforesaid Diet Box any Gold or Silver but such respectively as has been scraped and taken in my Presence from the Plate which I shall assay and pass for Standard; and that I will not, by myself or in Partnership with any other Person, directly or indirectly, be concerned in the buying or selling of Gold or Silver Bullion, or in the manufacturing of Wrought Plate.

The Assayer's Oath.

' So help me GOD.'

Which Oath the Lord Mayor of the City of Glasgow for the time being, or in his Absence, the Senior Magistrate of the said City, is hereby required and empowered to administer to each Assayer.

VII. Provided always nevertheless, and be it enacted, That if any Person chosen Assayer in pursuance of this Act shall neglect to attend the said Benchets, or that day, or be excused incapable of executing the said Office, that then and in either of the said Cases, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company to elect and choose in manner aforesaid another fit and proper Person to be the Assayer in the place and stead of the Assayer for neglecting or dying, or being incapable of executing the said Office.

On Death or Neglect of Assayer another may be appointed.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall find and provide, within the said City of Glasgow, a proper Place for an Office for receiving in, assaying and delivering out all Wrought Plate that shall be brought to be assayed in pursuance of this Act; and that all Wrought Plate that shall be there brought for the purpose aforesaid, shall be weighed and examined by the Assayer; and if as now directed, and after weighing the same in Water, and trying the Effect of Magnetism, the Assayer shall have suspicion of Iron or other base Metal being introduced, or wrought into or incorporated therewith, or concealed therein, he shall thereon forthwith cause the Four Wardens to attend, and they shall, along with the Assayer, for of such Plate brought to be assayed be all of one Sort of Gold or Silver, and of good and sufficient Workmanship, and whether all the Pieces be assayed together that are intended to be assayed together, and whether it be marked with the Maker or Owner's Mark, or be not charged with unnecessary Solder; and that if it shall be found that such Plate is liable to all or any of the Objections aforesaid, that then and in every such Case the same shall be returned without any Assay made thereof; but if such Plate shall be found free from all the Objections aforesaid, then there shall be drawn, scraped or cut off so much from each Piece, in proportion to the Weight thereof, as will not exceed in the whole the Rate of Eight Grains for every Pound Weight; and the Drawings, Scrapings or Cuttings off from such Plate, be delivered to the Assayer, wherewith to make his Assays; and the other Mussy shall be locked up with Two different Locks in a Box to be provided for that Purpose, (which shall be called the Assayer's Box,) and the respective Keys thereof shall be kept by the Senior Warden and Assayer of the said Company.

An Assay Office to be provided at Glasgow.

Proceedings in case of Assayer suspecting that Iron, &c. is introduced into Wrought Plate brought there to be assayed.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if on view of any of the said Plate brought to be assayed, and after weighing the same in Water, and trying the Effect of Magnetism, the Wardens and Assayer, or either of them, when called as aforesaid, shall have suspicion of Iron or other base Metal being introduced, wrought into, or concealed in any Piece of Plate brought to be assayed, then and in such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Wardens and Assayer to cut the same, or cause the same in their Presence to be cut; and if upon cutting thereof, any unnecessary Iron or other base Metal shall be found therein, the said Pieces of Plate shall be broken and defaced, and they are hereby authorized and directed to break and deliver the same; and the said Piece, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited to the said Wardens and Assayer, and the Produce thereof to be by them applied towards the Expenses of the Assay Office.

Plate suspected may be cut in Presence of Wardens, &c. and if base Metal, &c. found, the same may be defaced.

X. Provided always nevertheless, and be it enacted, That if on cutting such Plate as aforesaid, no unnecessary Iron or other base Metal shall be found therein, that then and in such Case the said Wardens and Assayer shall

Be compensated for Damages when so done.

Ward, do
found.

Assayer to
report to
Wardens

Proceedings
thereon.

In what Case
Molten, do
Drivings, do
disposed to
Dues, &c.

Gold and Sil-
ver, do
enter their
Names and
Marks with
Wardens with-
out Fee.

Not assaying
Name, do.

Penalty 2s.

Forging the
Mark(s).

Assaying
Plate with
Royal Mark.

or removing
Marks or other
Pence, &c.

or selling or
exporting out
of Scotland,
Plate, &c. with
forged Mark(s),
or having in
Possession
forged Mark(s).

Transportation
for 14 Years.

Assaying
Plated Goods
and Iron Metal.

Penalty 100s.
Fine (Exemption)
to be
marked with
the Mark of the
Company.

shall forthwith make a Receipt and Satisfaction in Money to the Owner of such Plate, to the full Amount of the Damage done to the same, and charge the same to the Account of the Expenses of the Assay Office.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Money of the Drawings, Scrappings or Castings off of such Piece so to be brought to the Assay Office as aforesaid, shall be put in separate Papers, and marked with corresponding Numbers, and the Assayer shall make his Report to the Wardens upon each Piece; and each of the said Numbers as the Assayer shall report to be more than Standard, the Pieces of Plate corresponding with such Numbers shall be broke to Pieces in the Presence of the said Wardens to be called as aforesaid, and the Assayer, and returned to the Owner; and such Numbers as the said Assayer shall report to be Standard, or better, the Pieces of Plate corresponding with such Numbers shall be marked by the Assayer with the Company's Mark, and delivered to the Owner or Belonger of such Piece (he paying for making the Assay thereof such Sums of Money as are hereinafter directed to be paid for the same); and the Scrappings belonging to such corresponding Numbers which shall be so reported Standard, or better, shall be taken out of the Assayer's Box and be added up, and the Name of the Maker of the Piece indented thereon, and deposited in a Box to be provided for that Purpose (which shall be called the Diet Box), and which Box shall be locked with Two different Locks, and the respective Keys thereof shall be kept by One of the said Wardens and Assayer, and which said Box shall never after be opened but in the Presence of the said Wardens and Assayer, or any of the Diet taken thereout but for the purpose of Trial thereof usually, as hereafter is mentioned; and the Molten of the Scrappings, Drawings or Castings off which shall be delivered to the Assayer for the purpose of assaying, or so much thereof as shall remain after such Process, shall be put together in the Assayer's Box, in a Part thereof to be appropriated for that Purpose, to be disposed of as by this Act is hereinafter directed.

XII. Provided always nevertheless, and be it enacted, That if any Piece be brought to be assayed shall be reported to be of the Standard of Eleven Ounces Ten Pennyweights, or better, that then the Molten of the Drawings, Scrappings or Castings off from such Piece shall be put in the Diet Box, in a Part thereof to be appropriated for that Purpose, and not mixed with the other Diet, so the intent that the Diet of Plate of such of the aforesaid Standards may be separately tried on the several Trials of the Diet hereinafter directed; and each Piece of the Standard of Eleven Ounces Ten Pennyweights shall be marked with the additional Mark of the Figure of *Belosuisse*.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That on or before the First Day of July next, every Goldsmith, Silversmith or Platerworker inhabiting the City of Glasgow aforesaid, or within the Distance thereof aforesaid; and also every Person who at any time after the said First Day of July next shall follow the Trade of a Goldsmith, Silversmith or Platerworker, before he takes upon him to exercise any of the said Trades, within the Limits aforesaid, shall enter his Name, and his Mark and Place of Abode with the Wardens of the said Company, which shall be done by the said Wardens upon demand, without Fee or Reward; and if any such Goldsmith, Silversmith or Platerworker shall not enter his Name and Mark, and Place of Abode as aforesaid, or shall strike any other Mark on Plate than what is so assayed, such Goldsmith, Silversmith or Platerworker to offending, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered and disposed of as aforesaid.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person whatsoever shall cut, forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be cut, forged or counterfeited, any Mark or Stamp used or to be used for marking Plate in pursuance of this Act, or by any Maker or Worker of Gold or Silver Plate, or any or either of them, or shall cut, forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be cut, forged or counterfeited, any Mark, Stamp or Impression in imitation of or to resemble any Mark, Stamp or Impression made or to be made with any Mark or Stamp used or to be used as aforesaid by the said Company, or by any Maker or Worker of Gold or Silver Plate, or any or either of them, or shall mark or Stamp, or cause or procure to be marked or stamped, any Gold or Silver Wrought Plate with any Mark or Stamp which hath been or shall be forged or counterfeited in imitation of, or to resemble any Mark or Stamp used or to be used as aforesaid by the said Company, or by any Maker or Worker of Gold or Silver Plate, or any or either of them; or shall transport or remove, or cause or procure to be transported or removed, from one Piece of Wrought Plate to another, or to any Place Vessel, or to any Vessel of half Metal, any Mark, Stamp or Impression made or to be made by or with any Mark or Stamp used or to be used as aforesaid by the said Company, or by any Maker or Worker of Gold or Silver Plate, or any or either of them; or shall sell, exchange or dispose to sell, or export out of Scotland, any Gold or Silver Wrought Plate, or any Vessel of half Metal, with any such forged or counterfeit Mark, Stamp or Impression thereon, or any Mark, Stamp or Impression which hath been or shall be transported or removed from any other Piece of Plate, knowing such Mark, Stamp or Impression to be forged, counterfeited or transported or removed as aforesaid; or shall wilfully or knowingly have or be possessed of any Mark or Stamp which hath been or shall be forged or counterfeited in imitation of or to resemble any Mark or Stamp used or to be used as aforesaid by the said Company, or by any Maker or Worker of Gold or Silver Plate, or any or either of them, every such Person offending in any, each or either of the Cases aforesaid, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall, by Order of the Court before whom such Offender shall be convicted, be transported for the Term of Fourteen Years.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Working Goldsmith or Silversmith, or Dealer in Wrought Plate, or any Worker or Dealer in any other Metal, plated or covered with Gold or Silver, shall strike or cause to be struck any Letter or Letters upon any Vessel or other thing made of Metal, plated or covered with Gold or Silver, or upon Metal Vessel or other thing made to look like Gold or Silver, such Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered and disposed of as aforesaid.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Goldsmith, Silversmith and Platerworker, shall first fix on his or their Mark upon his or their Piece which shall be made from and after the First Day of July next (except such things which, by reason of their Smallness or Thinness, are not capable of receiving the

Touch,

Touch, and also excepting the several Wares excepted by the said recited Acts), and shall then bring or send the same to the Office of the said Company, where they shall have entered their Mark and Place of Abode, and the same shall be there assayed according to this Act; and if by the Assayer it shall be found to be of the Fineness of Standard which for the time being is or shall be appointed by Law for Wrought Plate, or better, then the same shall be marked with the Mark of the said Company, and of the Assayer; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Assayer, or each other Person as the Wardens for the time being of the said Company shall appoint, as aforesaid, demand, take and receive of and from all and every such Person and Persons as shall from time to time bring to the Assay Office belonging to the said Company any Piece or Pieces of Wrought Plate to be assayed, tried and marked, such Pieces, Summ of Money or Rewards as they shall think fit, so as such Pieces, Summ of Money or Rewards do not exceed the Sum of One Shilling and Sixpence for every Pound Troy of Plate, and so proportionably for every greater or less Quantity to be assayed and marked: Provided nevertheless, that if any Parcel or single Piece of Wrought Plate shall be brought or sent to the said Office to be assayed, according to the Rate or Price heretofore limited, shall not amount to the Sum of One Shilling and Sixpence, then there shall be paid for assaying and marking such Parcel or single Piece of Wrought Plate, a Sum of Money or Reward not exceeding One Shilling and Sixpence, any thing herein contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Assayers to be chosen by virtue of this Act as aforesaid, shall not discover by Description, in Words or otherwise, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, any Pattern, Design or Invention of any Piece of Gold or Silver Plate brought or to be brought to the Office to be assayed as aforesaid, or permit the same to be viewed or seen by any Person whatsoever but the Wardens and other Persons lawfully employed or to be employed in the said Office; and also shall keep a Book or Books wherein shall be entered the Names of every Owner of Plate brought to be assayed, and the Assessment of Plate assayed, and an Account of the Money received for the assaying thereof, and likewise an Account of the Minutes arising from the Scrapings and Cuttings off of the said Plate to be brought to be assayed, where the same shall be sold in manner hereinafter directed, and also an Account of the Officers and Servants, Salaries and Wages, and other incidental Expenses attending the carrying this Act into execution; and that every Member of the said Company shall have free Access to the said Books and Inspections thereof; and any Assayer who shall in delivery any Pattern or Invention as aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds Sterling, to be recovered and applied in manner hereinafter prescribed.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Marks of the said Company shall be locked up in a Box, wherein the Key shall be kept by the Assayer of the said Company, to be used by him for the purpose of marking the Plate which shall have been assayed and reported Standard; and if the Assayer shall mark or suffer to be marked with the Company's Mark any Plate that has not been duly assayed and found Standard, he shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds Sterling, to be recovered and disposed of in manner hereinafter mentioned, and shall be turned out of his Office, and be rendered ever after incapable of exercising the Office of an Assayer.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Assayer of the said Company shall Four times in every Year duly weigh, in the Presence of the Wardens of the said Company, all the Scrapings and Cuttings off of the Silver deposited in the Assayer's Box, after Report thereof made as aforesaid, and enter the true Weight thereof in a Book to be kept for that Purpose; and then when the same is so weighed and entered, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Wardens to sell and dispose thereof, and after entering an Account of the Proceeds thereof in the Book belonging to such Company, containing their Receipts and Payments for and on the Account of the Assay Office, pay and apply the same for and towards such Payments.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the Diet Box belonging to the said Company shall once in every Year be opened in the Presence of the Assayer and the four Wardens, and the Diet therein be taken out and carefully packed up, and secured and sealed with the respective Seals of the said Assayer and Assayers, and by them in such other's Presence delivered to a Messenger, to be by him conveyed to His Majesty's Mint at Edinburgh, and delivered to the Master of the Mint for Scotland, or his Deputy, or other Person or Persons from time to time lawfully appointed and authorised to receive the same, taking a Receipt from such Person who shall receive it for the same, which Receipt the said Master of the Mint for Scotland, or his Deputy, are hereby directed to give; and that the Messenger conveying the same shall, at the time of the delivering thereof, make Oath before the said Master or his Deputy (which Oath the said Master or his Deputy are hereby authorised and directed to administer), that he received the Box or Parcel (as the case may be) from the Wardens and Assayer of the Company, to be sent as on the Delivery thereof, and that the same had not been opened after he had so received the same.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Master of His Majesty's Mint for Scotland for the time being, or his Deputy, shall, within Fourteen Days next after the said Diet shall have been so delivered, fix and appoint a time for the Trial of the said Diet by the King's Assay Master of His Majesty's Mint for Scotland, before such Person or Persons as shall from time to time be appointed by the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them, for the time being, for the Trial of Gold and Silver Plate at Edinburgh; and that the said Master of the Mint or his Deputy shall, by Letter to be sent by the General Post, give such Assayer whole Diet is to be tried, Notice of the time and Place appointed for such Trial, that he may be present if he thinks fit; and on that Day when the Person or Persons to be appointed from time to time as aforesaid shall be appointed, the Trial shall be proceeded in, in the Manner and under the same Regulations, in and under which Trials of Wrought Plate are proceeded in, and made in Edinburgh; and if upon such Trial the same shall be found of the Standard Fineness, or better,

For the marking.

Provision for small Parcels or Pieces.

Assayer not to disclose Patterns.

To keep a Book for Entry of Names of Owners of Plate brought to be assayed.

Assayer offend- ing.

Penalty 10*l*.

Marks to be locked up.

Marking Plate not duly as- sayed.

Penalty 10*l*.

Scrapings, &c. to be weighed and entered in a Book.

Diet Box to be sent yearly to His Majesty's Mint at Edinburgh.

Messenger to make Oath as herein men- tioned.

Diet to be sent by Messen- ger of His Majesty's Mint at Edinburgh.

Master to give Notice thereof to Assayer.

then and in such Case His Majesty's said Assay Master for Scotland, or his Deputy, shall return the said Diet to or to the Order of the Wardens and Assay Master of the Company aforesaid, who are hereby authorized to sell and dispose thereof, and having entered the Produce thereof in the Book of Accounts of the Receipts and Payments of the said Company, pay and apply such Produce for and towards the necessary Expenses of the said Company.

If Diet not
satisfied.

Penalty not,
and Incomplety.

No Profit to be
made by the
Company.

XXII. Provided always nevertheless, and be it enacted, That if on the said Trial the said Diet shall be found not of Standard Purity, according to the respective Standards thereof, that where, then and in such Case the Assayer belonging to the said Company, whose Diet shall be so tried, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered and disposed of as aforesaid, and shall ever after be rendered incapable of sitting as an Assayer.

XXIII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That in case the said Prices, Sums of Money, or Rewards hereby given, granted or allowed to the said Company for the assaying and marking Wrought Plate, shall not prove Money then shall be sufficient to defray the Expense of obtaining and passing this Act, and the necessary Expenses of the said Assay Office, then the Overplus Money (if any) shall be applied by the said Company from time to time in the prosecuting Offenders against this Act; and if such Prosecutions shall not require the Whole of such Overplus, then and in such Case the said Prices, Sums of Money or Rewards shall afterwards be bestowed in proportion by the said Company; and they are hereby required to take as much less for the assaying, trying and marking Wrought Plate for the future, as will reduce the Sum to be taken to such a Sum as will answer the purposes aforesaid only, without bringing any Profit to the said Company; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Trial Pieces to
be transmitted
to the Master
of the Mint.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Wardens and Assayer of the said Company shall from time to time, when required by the Master of His Majesty's Mint for Scotland, or his Deputy, transmit to the said Master or his Deputy, at the Office of His Majesty's Mint at Edinburgh, Specimens of the Trial Pieces used by the said Company, or their Wardens and Assayers, in trying and touching the Wrought Plate brought to the said Company to be by them assayed, in that the Party of the Trial Pieces used by the said Company may be at all times known, and subject to the Examination of the said Master and his Deputy.

Form of the
Mint as the
Assayer on the
party Trials.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall, before the Assay of their Diet, yearly and every Year pay to the Master of His Majesty's Mint for Scotland, or his Deputy, for the Use of his Deputy, such and the like Fees, Dues or Remunerations as are for the time paid by the Workers of Gold and Silver Plate in Edinburgh.

Company may
make Bye
Laws, &c.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company, or the major Part of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, from time to time, to make Bye Laws, Rules and Orders for the well Government and Management of their Office, and for fixing the Salaries and Rewards of the respective Officers, and for fixing the time and manner for receiving in and delivering out Plate brought to be assayed, and for every other purpose relative to the Conduct or Management of such Office, and to enforce Obedience thereof by the Imposition and Enactment of Penalties not exceeding Five Pounds for each Offence, from any Person or Persons acting in opposition to such Bye Laws, Rules and Orders: Provided always, that such Bye Laws, Rules and Orders do not in any respect contravert or be inconsistent with this Act, or the Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, and affect only the Members, Officers, Servants, and others belonging to the said Company.

Penalty.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That each of the Wardens of the said Company shall, after his Election, and before he takes upon him the Execution of the said Office, take and subscribe the following Oath:

Oath of
Wardens.

'I, A. B. do swear, That I will, so long as I continue a Warden, well and faithfully believe myself in the said Office; and that I will not discover, by Description in Words or otherwise, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, any Pattern, Design or Invention of any Piece of Gold or Silver Plate, brought or to be brought to the said Office to be assayed, or willingly or willingly permit the same to be viewed or seen by any Person whatsoever, but the Person lawfully employed or to be employed in the said Office; and that I will in all things conform to the Rules laid down in an Act of Parliament passed in the Fifth year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled [here insert the Title of the Act.] So help me GOD.'

Master of the
Mint in Scot-
land may assign
over Assayer's
Dues in recovering
Judgments against Assayer.

Which Oath the Lord Provost of the City of Glasgow, or in his Absence, the Senior Magistrate for the time, is hereby required and empowered to administer to such Wardens.

Assayer may
proceed against
Judgment.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time hereafter recover Judgment in any Court against any Assay Master of the Company aforesaid, for any Penalty imposed on him by the Act for Negligence or Fraud in the Execution of his Office, and such Penalty, together with the Costs adjudged, shall not be paid within the time prescribed by that Court, whereas such Judgment shall be obtained, that then and in such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Master of His Majesty's Mint in Scotland for the time being, and he is hereby authorized and directed, to assign over to such Person or Persons recovering such Judgment the said Bond or Obligation so directed to be entered into by the said Assayer and his Sureties to the Master of His Majesty's Mint as aforesaid, in order to enable such Person or Persons to bring one or more Actions as Actions thereon against such Assayer and his Sureties or either of them, or the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of them or either of them, for the Recovery of such Penalty so recovered against the Assayer, together with the Costs adjudged; and the Assayer to the said Bond is aforesaid shall be certified to proceed thereon, and on the Assignment thereof, by summary Diligence against the said Assayer and other Obligants therein.

XXIX. Pro-

XXX. Provided always, nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That if in any Action to be brought on the said Bond as last aforesaid the Plaintiff be convicted, that then the Costs of Action be paid by the Plaintiff or Assignee of said Bond, and that the Master of His Majesty's Mint be wholly exonerated from all Expenses to be incurred in any Diligence raised upon the said Bond to be assigned by him as aforesaid, any Law, Usage or Statute to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Fine or Penalties not exceeding Ten Pounds are imposed by this Act, the Prosecution for the Offence for the Commission whereof such Fine or Penalties are sought to be recovered shall be by Summary Complaint before any One or more Justices or Justices of the Peace of the County in which such Offence shall occur; and such Justice or Justices shall and may grant summary Warrant for summoning Evidence, and thereupon proceed against the Party or Parties in a summary Way; and upon Conviction by the Confession of the Offender, or on the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, or other Evidence competent by the Law of Scotland, if the Penalty be not instantly paid, the Goods and Effects of the Offender or Offenders may be distrained and sold by the Warrant of such Justice or Justices; and in case there shall not be found sufficient Effects, the Offender or Offenders may be committed to any Goal within the Jurisdiction of such Justice or Justices until the Expatriation of Two Calendar Months from the Period of Commitment: Provided always, that in case of distraining as aforesaid, the Overplus, after Payment of the Penalty, and all Charges and Expenses, shall be returned to the Owner; and the Penalties to be recovered shall be applied in the same Way as Fines levied for not being properly marked in by this Act directed to be applied; and if any Person or Persons shall think himself or themselves aggrieved by the Judgment of any such Justice or Justices, he or they shall or may, upon giving Security to make good such Sentence and to pay such Costs as may be ordered in case such Judgment shall be affirmed, appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General Quarter Sessions for the County in which such Judgment shall be given; and in case the Judgment shall be affirmed it shall be lawful for such Justices to order the Appellant to pay the Costs of such Appeal, and the Determination of such Justices shall be final, and not liable to Suspension, Advancement or Reversal.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That every Action or Suit to be brought or prosecuted under this Act, other than Actions for or on account of Penalties not exceeding Ten Pounds, shall be brought in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and other Persons whatsoever, without specially pleading the same.

Cap. xxi.

An Act for sharing and extending an Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the Lochlin Road near the City of Edinburgh, to join the Forth and Clyde Navigation near Falkirk, in the County of Scotland. [19th May 1819.]

37 G. 3. c. 14.

Cap. xxx.

An Act for improving the Light-house on the Ile of Apsley, belonging to the Trustees of the Liverpool Dock, and for further extending the Acts relating to the Dock and Harbour of Liverpool. [19th May 1819.]

[Acts revised—4 Anne, c. 12. 3 G. 1. (a) 11 G. 2. c. 32. 2 G. 3. c. 85. 25 G. 3. c. 15. 39 G. 3. c. 82. 51 G. 3. c. xxiii. 53 G. 3. c. cxi.]

(a) [This Act does not appear amongst the Statutes in the common printed Editions, except that in Roebuck's Edition of the Statutes it is the fourth of several Titles of Acts at the end of 3 G. 1. c. 22, and which are there bound to be taken from the Roll.]

Cap. xxxi.

An Act to enable the Commissioners for improving the Harbour of New Shoreham, in the County of Sussex, to raise more Money for completing the said Harbour and the Works therein belonging. [19th May 1819.]

31 G. 3. c. xxxi.

Cap. xxxii.

An Act for supplying with Water the Town of Barnby, and a certain Part of the Township of Bishopthorpe Leazes, both in the Parish of Walsley, in the County Palatine of Lancaster. [19th May 1819.]

Cap. xxxiii.

An Act to alter and amend an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for erecting and maintaining a New Court House and other Offices for the City and County of Aberdeen, and for providing and maintaining an additional Goal for the said City and County, and for other purposes relating thereto. [19th May 1819.]

34 G. 3. c. 2.

Cap. xxxiv.

An Act for paving, lighting, watching and improving the Town of Barnby, in the County Palatine of Lancaster. [19th May 1819.]

Cap. xxv.

30 G. 3. c. xlii. An Act for building a new Church in the Parish of *Saint Luke, Glasgow*, in the County of *Midlothian*, and for other purposes relating thereto. [19th May 1819.]

Cap. xxvi.

An Act for repairing and enlarging the Church of the Parish of *Marbleton*, in the County of *Surrey*, and providing an additional Burial Ground thereto. [19th May 1819.]

Cap. xxvii.

An Act for defraying the Expenses incurred in taking down, rebuilding and enlarging the Chapel of *Saint Eildie*, in the Parish of *Surrey*, in the County Palace of *Dorchester*. [19th May 1819.]

Cap. xxviii.

An Act for building a Chapel of Ease in the Parish of *Ashton*, in the County of *Lincoln*. [19th May 1819.]

Cap. xxix.

42 G. 3. c. xliii. An Act for establishing a Scotch Veilry in the Parish of *Saint Paulinus*, in the County of *Midlothian*, and for other purposes relating thereto. [19th May 1819.]

Cap. xl.

An Act for lighting the City of *Carlisle*, and the Suburbs thereof, with Gas. [19th May 1819.]

Cap. xli.

An Act for amending and keeping in Repair the Road from *Kettering* to the Town of *Northampton*, in the County of *Northampton*. (a) [19th May 1819.]
[One Half additional Toll on Sunday.]

Cap. xlii.

28 G. 3. c. xli. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from the City of *Glasgow* to the Town of *Stroud*, in the County of *Glasgow*. [19th May 1819.]

Cap. xliii.

30 G. 3. c. lxx. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts of the Reign of His late and present Majesty, for amending several Roads therein mentioned, in so far as relate to the Road from *Wrexham* in the County of *Denbigh*, to *Penryn Bridge* in the County of *Flint*; and for making a new Branch of Road from the said Road at a Place near *Alcester* to *Nold*, in the said County of *Flint*. (c) [19th May 1819.]
[Former Tolls to cease. New Tolls granted. One Half additional Toll on Sunday.]

Cap. xlii.

39 G. 3. c. lxxii. An Act for repairing and improving the Turnpike Roads in the Counties of *Wilt* and *Somerset*. (f) [19th May 1819.]
[Additional Tonnage. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

Cap. xli.

30 G. 3. c. xl. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *Strickley Barn*, in the Parish of *Caythorpe*, in the County of *Wilt*, to the Road leading from *Kingstons to Bath* in the County of *Somerset*. (f) [19th May 1819.]
[Additional Tonnage.]

Cap. xlii.

28 G. 3. c. xlv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Engletham Bridge*, in the County of *Worcester*, to *Allypore*, in the County of *Warwick*. (d) [19th May 1819.]
[Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

Cap. xliii.

39 G. 3. c. lxx. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Kilburn Bridge*, in the County of *Midlothian*, to *Sparrow's Burn*, in the County of *Berkshire*. (a) [19th May 1819.]
[Former Tolls to cease. New Tolls granted.]

Cap. xlvii.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from the Top of *Harborne Hill*, near the City of *Bow Town*, through *Blackford* and *Dringthorpe*, to *Alfreds Hill*; and from *Harborne Hill* thenceforward, to a Road called *Major Baker's Farmstead*, in the Counties of *Wilt* and *Devon*. (s.) [14th May 1819.]

21 G. 3. c. 22.
2 G. 3. c. 24.
17 G. 3. c. 13.
25 G. 3. c. 19th
continued.

[Additional Tolls. Former Tolls to cease. New Tolls granted. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

Cap. xlviii.

An Act for repairing the Road from *Bromsgrove* in the County of *Warwick* to *Birmingham* in the County of *Warwick*. (s.) [19th May 1819.]

[Additional Tolls. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

21 G. 3. c. 19.
21 G. 3. c. 24.
21 G. 3. c. 22.
20 G. 3. c. 10th
all in part
repealed.

Cap. l.

An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Abdon* to *Goodwin* and *Darlington*, and other Roads in the said Act mentioned, in the County of *Salop*. (s.) [19th May 1819.]

[Additional Tolls.]

Cap. li.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *Chilvers* to *Widley*, and from thence to *Blackburn* and *Moller Brook*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*; and for making a Branch of Road between *Blackburn* and *Widley*. (s.) [19th May 1819.]

[Additional Tolls. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

21 G. 3. c. 22.
24 G. 3. c. 14th
21 G. 3. c. 10th
all repealed.

Cap. lii.

An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Somerset* and *Devon*, passing through or near the Town of *Tonul*; and for repairing the Road from *Medford Bridge* to *Maydon Edm*, in the said County of *Somerset*. (s.) [19th May 1819.]

[Additional Tolls. Former Tolls to cease. New Tolls granted. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

20 G. 3. c. 1st
continued.
25 G. 3. c. 1st.

Cap. liii.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Three Acts, for repairing the Road from *Dringthorpe* to *Edmond* in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (s.) [19th May 1819.]

[New Tolls. Additional Tolls. Former Tolls to cease. New Tolls granted. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

22 G. 3. c. 22.
25 G. 3. c. 19.
25 G. 3.
c. 10th
continued.

Cap. liv.

An Act for revising and continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Stratford upon Avon* to *Edgbill* in the County of *Warwick*. (s.) [19th May 1819.]

[Additional Tolls.]

25 G. 3. c. 22.
continued.

Cap. lv.

An Act for improving the Harbour of *Bade*, in the County of *Coromandel*; and for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the said Harbour of *Bade* to or near the Village of *Tenabary*, in the County of *Devon*, and down Branches therefrom, all in the said Counties of *Coromandel* and *Devon*. [14th June 1819.]

Cap. lvi.

An Act for more effectually maintaining and amending the Road from *Grifford Bridge* to the Town of *Manchester*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. (s.) [14th June 1819.]

[Additional Tolls. One Half additional Toll from Occupiers of *Tregford Heath*.]

25 G. 3. c. 1st.
repealed.

Cap. lvii.

An Act for more effectually making and maintaining certain Turnpike Roads in the County of *Essex*; and for more effectually converting into Money the Statute Labour in the said County, for repairing the Highways and Bridges therein. (s.) [14th June 1819.]

[Half Toll only between *Forres* and *Fincham*. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

25 G. 3. c. 1st.
repealed with-
out Prejudice to
Creditors.

Cap. lviii.

An Act for more effectually making, amending and maintaining certain Roads and Bridges in the Counties of *Derham* and *Hereford*, and Liberties of *Barnard upon Tread*; for repairing and maintaining certain other Roads therein mentioned; and for improving the Entrance to the Town of *Barnard upon Tread*. (s.) [14th June 1819.]

[Additional Tolls.]

22 G. 3. c. 22nd.
25 G. 3. c. 1st.
both repealed.

Cap. lvi.

- 22 G. 3. c. 19. An Act for continuing, altering and enlarging the Terms and Powers of several Acts for making and maintaining certain Roads in the Counties of *Leicestershire*, *Nottinghamshire*, and building a Bridge over the River *Elph* at *Dabnarswood*, and for making and maintaining a Road from the Confluence of the County of *Nottinghamshire* towards *Scapular*, in the County of *Danbyshire*. (f)
[14th June 1819.]

Cap. lvii.

- 32 G. 3. c. 100. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty for repairing the Roads leading into the City of *Hertford*, and several Roads communicating therewith; for transferring the Road from *Wormston* to *Harwood*, from the *Muddy* to the *Strogham* District, and for making a new Road from the *Yogh* Road, in the Parish of *Strogham*, to the Confluence of the Parish of *Strogham*, in the County of *Hertford*, as a Third District. (c)
[14th June 1819.]

[Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

Cap. lvi.

- 32 G. 3. (1.) An Act for raising further Sums of Money for building and supporting the *Mouth* Hospital and County of *Dublin* Infirmary.
[14th June 1819.]

Cap. lviii.

- 3 G. 3. c. 96. An Act for amending several Acts of His present Majesty, relating to the *Great* Canal Navigation.
[14th June 1819.]

In part repealed.

37 G. 3. c. 99.

38 G. 3. c. 92.

Cap. liiii.

- An Act for repairing and altering, and taking down and rebuilding, certain Parts of the Parish Church of *St. John the Baptist*, *Northampton*, in the County of *Northampton*.
[14th June 1819.]

Cap. lxi.

- 32 G. 3. c. 101. An Act to alter and amend the several Acts passed for making and maintaining the *Leicester* Canal Navigation.
[14th June 1819.]

33 G. 3. c. 100.

34 G. 3. c. 100.

35 G. 3. c. 100.

36 G. 3. c. 100.

37 G. 3. c. 100.

38 G. 3. c. 100.

39 G. 3. c. 100.

40 G. 3. c. 100.

41 G. 3. c. 100.

42 G. 3. c. 100.

43 G. 3. c. 100.

44 G. 3. c. 100.

45 G. 3. c. 100.

46 G. 3. c. 100.

47 G. 3. c. 100.

48 G. 3. c. 100.

49 G. 3. c. 100.

50 G. 3. c. 100.

51 G. 3. c. 100.

52 G. 3. c. 100.

53 G. 3. c. 100.

54 G. 3. c. 100.

55 G. 3. c. 100.

56 G. 3. c. 100.

57 G. 3. c. 100.

58 G. 3. c. 100.

59 G. 3. c. 100.

60 G. 3. c. 100.

61 G. 3. c. 100.

62 G. 3. c. 100.

63 G. 3. c. 100.

64 G. 3. c. 100.

65 G. 3. c. 100.

66 G. 3. c. 100.

67 G. 3. c. 100.

68 G. 3. c. 100.

69 G. 3. c. 100.

70 G. 3. c. 100.

71 G. 3. c. 100.

72 G. 3. c. 100.

73 G. 3. c. 100.

74 G. 3. c. 100.

75 G. 3. c. 100.

Cap. lxi.

- An Act for taking down and rebuilding the Parish Church of *Strogham*, in the County Palatine of *Leicester*, and for providing additional Burial Ground, and for equalising the Church Rates in the said Parish, and other purposes.
[14th June 1819.]

Cap. lxii.

- 32 G. 3. c. 102. An Act for altering and amending the several Acts passed for making a Canal from the *Grand Junction* Canal, in the Parish of *Strogham*, to the River *Thames*, in the Parish of *Strogham*, in the County of *Middlesex*.
[14th June 1819.]

In part repealed.

33 G. 3. c. 102.

34 G. 3. c. 102.

35 G. 3. c. 102.

36 G. 3. c. 102.

37 G. 3. c. 102.

38 G. 3. c. 102.

39 G. 3. c. 102.

40 G. 3. c. 102.

41 G. 3. c. 102.

42 G. 3. c. 102.

43 G. 3. c. 102.

44 G. 3. c. 102.

45 G. 3. c. 102.

46 G. 3. c. 102.

47 G. 3. c. 102.

48 G. 3. c. 102.

49 G. 3. c. 102.

50 G. 3. c. 102.

51 G. 3. c. 102.

52 G. 3. c. 102.

53 G. 3. c. 102.

54 G. 3. c. 102.

55 G. 3. c. 102.

56 G. 3. c. 102.

57 G. 3. c. 102.

58 G. 3. c. 102.

59 G. 3. c. 102.

60 G. 3. c. 102.

61 G. 3. c. 102.

62 G. 3. c. 102.

Cap. lxvii.

- An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for supplying the City and Suburbs of Glasgow with Water*.
[14th June 1819.]

Cap. lxviii.

- 32 G. 3. c. 103. An Act for better supplying the Town of *Birmingham*, in the County of *Warwick*, with Gas.
[14th June 1819.]

Cap. lxi.

- 4 G. 3. c. 10. An Act for enabling the Governor and Guardians of the Poor of the City of *Glasgow* to light the said City with Gas, and to enter into the necessary Contracts for that Purpose.
[14th June 1819.]

In part repealed.

33 G. 3. c. 10.

34 G. 3. c. 10.

35 G. 3. c. 10.

36 G. 3. c. 10.

37 G. 3. c. 10.

38 G. 3. c. 10.

39 G. 3. c. 10.

40 G. 3. c. 10.

41 G. 3. c. 10.

42 G. 3. c. 10.

43 G. 3. c. 10.

44 G. 3. c. 10.

45 G. 3. c. 10.

46 G. 3. c. 10.

47 G. 3. c. 10.

Cap. lxi.

- An Act to provide for the Election of Trustees of the *Royal Exchange*, *Dublin*.
[14th June 1819.]

Cap. lxvi.

- An Act for paving, lighting, watching, cleansing, regulating and improving the Borough of *Newcastle-under-Lyme*.
[14th June 1819.]

Cap. lxxi.

An Act for shewing and extending an Act of the Fifth last Year of His present Majesty, for paving, lighting, and cleansing the City of Perth, and for maintaining Police and good Order within the said City.

[14th June 1819.]

Cap. lxxii.

An Act for better paving, cleansing and lighting the Parishes of *Saint Giles in the Fields* and *Saint George Shandon*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for vesting the sole Management thereof in the Vestrymen of the said Parishes, and a Committee of the Inhabitants thereof.

[14th June 1819.]

3 G. 3. c. 11.
3 G. 3. c. 12.
4 G. 3. c. 18.
5 G. 3. c. 10.
ann. c. c. xxviii.

Cap. lxxiii.

An Act for paving, lighting, cleansing and otherwise improving the Town of *Saint Neos*, in the County of *Wentwich*.

[14th June 1819.]

Cap. lxxv.

An Act for paving and otherwise improving the Town of *Royston*, in the Liberty of *Royston* *vis Breves*, in the County of *Herts*.

[14th June 1819.]

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act for draining, prefering from Water, and improving certain low Lands and Grounds, lying in the several Parishes of *Croftbury*, *Paxton*, *Wynlands*, *Sawwell*, *Churchill*, *Kingsale*, *West Saint Lawrence*, and *Tates*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

[14th June 1819.]

Cap. lxxvii.

An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty for draining, enclosing and improving the Lands called *Borough Fen Common*, and the *Four Hundred Acre Common*, in the County of *Northampton*, and for forming the same into a Parish, to be called *Newborough*, and for building and endowing a Church for such Parish.

[14th June 1819.]

[Separate Award of Allotments in His Majesty, § 11.]

Cap. lxxviii.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for draining and prefering certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds lying in the *South Level*, Part of the Great Level of the Fens called *Stafford Level*, and in the County of *Cambridge*, between the River *Great Ouse* otherwise *Great Ouse*, and the *Hardlands of Bedford*, *Swanston Bedford*, and *Swanston Fens*, East; and for other purposes therein mentioned.

[14th June 1819.]

7 G. 3. c. 22.
18 G. 3. c. 14.
both amended,
§ 1. but in part
repealed, § 1. 24.

Cap. lxxix.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for improving the Drainage of the *Middle and South Levels*, part of the Great Level of the Fens called *Stafford Level*, and other Lands therein mentioned; and for improving the Navigation of the River *Great Ouse*, in the County of *Northampton*, and of the several Rivers communicating therewith.

[14th June 1819.]

18 G. 3. c. 24. amended, § 1. but in part repealed, § 14.

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from *Bradford* to *Walsby*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (a)

[14th June 1819.]

[Additional Tolls. Royal Family except from Toll.]

Cap. lxxxi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road to branch off from the Great North Road at the South End of *Barncliffe* through *Pontefract*, and from thence to a certain Place called *Thorncliffe Gate*, all in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (b)

[14th June 1819.]

[Additional Tolls. Lessen of His Majesty residing within the late Part of *Pontefract* in right of His Duty of *Lancaster* except from Toll.]

Cap. lxxxii.

An Act for continuing and amending Three Acts of His late and present Majesty for repairing several Roads leading from the Town of *Keynse*, in the County of *Hereford*, and for repairing several other Roads in the said County, communicating with the Roads comprised in the said Acts. (a)

[14th June 1819.]

[Former Tolls to cease. New Tolls granted. Royal Family except from Toll. Additional Toll on Sunday.]

29 G. 3. c. 62.
13 G. 3. c. 15.
24 G. 3. c. 19.
all amended.

Cap. lxxxii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Marlborough*, to the present Turnpike Road at or near *Casts*, in the Parish of *Liddington*, in the County of *Wills*. (s) [14th June 1819.]

[Additional Trefles.]

Cap. lxxxiii.

46 G. 3. c. 12. An Act to confirm and amend Three Acts for repairing the Roads from *Fryer Bassett's Study* to *Chilston*
13 G. 3. c. 109. *Ford*, and from the Top of *Widley Hill* to *Fawcote Hill Gate*, in the Road leading to *Farrington*, in the
28 G. 3. c. 106. County of *Berk*, in so far as relates to the Oxford District of the said Roads. (s) [14th June 1819.]

all continued, &c. [New Trefles. Additional Trefles. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

Cap. lxxxiv.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from *Reveries* to *Northwich*, in the County Palatine of *Cheshire*. (s) [14th June 1819.]

[Additional Trefles. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

Cap. lxxxv.

49 G. 3. c. 104. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from *Marbury* to *Profts Brookbury*, to
continued by 52 G. 3. c. 17. *Stewbury* and so *Streyish*, and other Roads in the County of *Salop*. (s) [14th June 1819.]

47 G. 3. c. 10. [Additional Trefles. Additional Toll on Sunday.]

55 G. 3. c. 174. all repealed save Roads therein mentioned.

Cap. lxxxvii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the *Toghill* and *Begby* Turnpike Road at *Gilber Helton*, in the Parish of *Stokeby*, in the County of *Stafford*, to *Park Lane*, communicating with the *Gashease* and *Leat* Turnpike Roads, near *Duneston* Bridge in the County of *Cheshire*, with a Branch to the said *Toghill* and *Begby* Turnpike Road at *Lick Lane*, in the last Parish of *Stokeby*. (s) [14th June 1819.]

[Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

Cap. lxxxviii.

57 G. 3. c. 21. An Act for repairing, widening, improving, and maintaining in Repair the Several Roads leading to and from
5 G. 4. c. 10. the Town of *Bridgport*, and for making a new Line of Road to communicate with the same. (s) [14th June 1819.]

39 G. 3. c. 100. [Additional Trefles. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]
repealed as to Roads within the Five and Second Divisions, § 1.

Cap. lxxxix.

58 G. 3. c. 101. An Act for repairing and improving several Roads leading to and from the Town of *Bradford*, in the County
repealed, § 1. of *Wilt*; and for maintaining a Bridge over the River *Assa*, at *Stagford*, in the last County. (s) [14th June 1819.]

[Additional Trefles. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

Cap. xc.

58 G. 3. c. 102. An Act for altering and amending Two Acts passed in the Fifty sixth and Fifty eighth Years of the Reign
of His present Majesty, for improving the Road from the City of *Glasgow* to the City of *Cardiff*. [14th June 1819.]

[Additional Trefles. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

Cap. xc.

57 G. 3. c. 103. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road
18 continued, § 1. from *Radcliffe* in *Pougham*, in the County of *Fork*. (s) [14th June 1819.]

[New Trefles. Former Tolls to cease. New Tolls granted. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

Cap. xc.

55 G. 3. c. 105. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts relating to the Road from the Town of *Lough*,
18 continued, § 1. through *Harrold*, to the South West Corner of the Inclosures of *Harrold*, in the West Riding of the
47 G. 3. c. 106. County of *Fork*. [14th June 1819.]

[Additional Trefles. Former Tolls to cease. New Tolls granted. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

58 G. 3. c. 107. all continued, but in part repealed as to *Thompson*, § 1.

Cap. xc.

59 G. 3. c. 108. An Act to confirm the Terms and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for
58 G. 3. c. 104. repairing the Road from *Radcliffe Lane End*, in the Village of *Hywoud*, in a Place called the *Land's End*
in *Pougham*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. (s) [14th June 1819.]

all, in part repealed, § 1.

Cap. xciv.

An Act for mending the Road from Tadgher to Naltes Dyel, in the West Riding of the County of York. (1)

[Additional Tryfles. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

[14th June 1819.]

14 G. 3. c. 12.
15 G. 3. c. 12.
16 G. 3. c. 12.
all in part re-
pealed, § 2.

Cap. xcv.

An Act for repairing, widening and improving the several Roads round the City of Bristol, and for making certain new Lines of Road to communicate with the same. (1)

[Additional Tryfles. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

[14th June 1819.]

17 G. 3. c. 12.
18 G. 3. c. 12.
both repealed,
§ 2.

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads in the Counties of Worcester, Bedford and Salop; in so far as relate to the Road leading from Padbury to Holly Hall, and other Roads therein mentioned; and for repairing another Road in the said Counties of Bedford and Salop, or one of them. (1)

[Additional Tryfles. Former Tolls in cap. New Tolls granted. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

[14th June 1819.]

19 G. 3. c. 12.
20 G. 3. c. 12.
21 G. 3. c. 12.
all continued,
but 21 G. 3.
c. 12. in part
repealed, § 2.

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Town of Tewkesbury to the Town of Alford, in the County of Worcester; and for making a new Branch of Road therefrom, to communicate with the Town of Baldock, in the said County. (1)

[Additional Tryfles.]

[14th June 1819.]

22 G. 3. c. 12.
23 G. 3. c. 12.
24 G. 3. c. 12.
all continued,
for 22 Years,
for 21 G. 3.
for 21 G. 3.

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for further continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Seventeenth Year and Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for repairing and widening several Roads leading to, through and from the Towns of Bala and Dolgelly, in the County of Merioneth, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of Montgomery, Denbigh and Salop; and for repairing several other Roads in the Counties of Merioneth and Denbigh. (1)

[Additional Tryfles. New Tolls instead of former Tolls.]

[14th June 1819.]

25 G. 3. c. 12.
26 G. 3. c. 12.
both continued,
for 21 Years,
for 21 Years,
but in part
repealed, § 2.

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for continuing and amending Three Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Brown's Lane in Great Soughton, in the County of Nottingham, to the Way Peth near Wellingborough Bridge, in the County of Northampton; and from the Pound in the Kimbolton, to the Way Peth near Wellingborough Bridge, in the said County of Northampton. (1)

[Former Tolls in cap. New Tolls granted. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

27 G. 3. c. 12.
28 G. 3. c. 12.
29 G. 3. c. 12.
30 G. 3. c. 12.
31 G. 3. c. 12.
all continued, § 1, but 30 Tolls discontinued.

Cap. c.

An Act to continue the Term, and enlarge the Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Road from the North East Corner of Nuffield Common, by the Parish Church of Nuffield in the County of Oxford, through Wallingford to Wantage, and from thence to Faringdon in the County of Berks. (1)

[Additional Tryfles.]

[14th June 1819.]

32 G. 3. c. 12.
33 G. 3. c. 12.
34 G. 3. c. 12.
35 G. 3. c. 12.
all continued.

Cap. ci.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Seventeenth and Thirty sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Bedford to Woburn, and also the Road branching out of the same in Kington Field, in the County of Bedford. (1)

[14th June 1819.]

36 G. 3. c. 12.
37 G. 3. c. 12.
38 G. 3. c. 12.
39 G. 3. c. 12.
all continued.

Cap. ci.

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty's Reign, for amending the Road leading from Puddington to Harrow on the Hill, in the County of Middlesex. (1)

[Additional Tryfles. Former Tolls in cap. New Tolls granted. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

[14th June 1819.]

40 G. 3. c. 12.
41 G. 3. c. 12.
42 G. 3. c. 12.
43 G. 3. c. 12.
44 G. 3. c. 12.
all continued, § 2.

Cap. cii.

An Act to alter and amend an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for improving the Harbour of Dundee, in the County of Forfar. (1)

[King's Ships exempt from Duties.]

[14th June 1819.]

45 G. 3. c. 12.

Cap. ciii.

- 37 G. 3. c. 1811.
In part repealed,
§ 41.
38 G. 3. c. 112.
An Act for giving further Powers to the Company of Proprietors of the *Perrybush and Arundel Navigation*, and to the Company of Proprietors of the *Wey and Arun Junction Canal*, and to confirm an Agreement entered into between the said Companies. [21st June 1819.]

[Under the Property of the Crown except from Tolls of Perrybush Canal.]

Cap. cv.

- 38 G. 3. c. 114.
In part repealed,
§ 17.
39 G. 3. c. 47.
In part repealed,
§ 20.
39 G. 3. c. 145.
38 G. 3. c. 112. In part repealed, § 41. 34 G. 3. c. 118.
An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Canal Navigation from *Leam* to *Liverpool*, to make a Navigable Cut, and also a Collateral Branch or Railway, from their said Canal at *Henley Bridge* near *Wipon*, to join the Duke of *Bridgewater's* Canal at *Leigh*, all in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*; and to amend the several Acts relating to the said *Leam* and *Liverpool* Canal, and an Act for making the *Red-ditch* Canal, &c. for as relates to certain Powers therein given to the late Duke of *Bridgewater*. [21st June 1819.]

Cap. cvi.

- 39 G. 3. c. 115.
In part repealed,
§ 1.
An Act to explain and amend an Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing an Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Improvement of the River *Ware*, and Port and Haven of *Sunderland*, in the County Palatine of *Durham*; and for the more effectual Preferment and further Improvement of the same River, Port and Haven. [21st June 1819.]

Cap. cvii.

- An Act to establish a Company for lighting the Borough of *Newcastle under Lyme* with Gas. [21st June 1819.]

Cap. cviii.

- 39 G. 3.
c. 116.
In part repealed.
An Act to repeal Part of an Act made in the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Streets, and otherwise regulating the Police of the Town of *Dunfermlie*. [21st June 1819.]

Cap. cix.

- 39 G. 3. c. 117.
[1.] repealed,
§ 1.
An Act for more effectually improving and repairing the Road leading from the City of *Dublin* to *Navan*, in the County of *Meath*. (s) [21st June 1819.]

Cap. cx.

- 40 G. 3. c. 11.
40 G. 3. c. 112.
repealed, § 1.
An Act for making and maintaining certain Turnpike Roads within the County of *Dumfries*, and the other Highways, Bridges and Ferries therein; and for more effectually concerning into Money the Statute Labour in the said County. (s) [21st June 1819.]

Cap. cxii.

- 41 G. 3. c. 80.
34 G. 3. c. 10.
37 G. 3. c. 8.
37 G. 3. c. 43.
38 G. 3. c. 117. 38 G. 3. c. 118. 41 G. 3. c. 112. 41 G. 3. c. 113. 38 G. 3. c. 114. 38 G. 3. c. 115. 38 G. 3. c. 116. 38 G. 3. c. 117. 38 G. 3. c. 118. 38 G. 3. c. 119. 38 G. 3. c. 120. 38 G. 3. c. 121. 38 G. 3. c. 122. 38 G. 3. c. 123. 38 G. 3. c. 124. 38 G. 3. c. 125. 38 G. 3. c. 126. 38 G. 3. c. 127. 38 G. 3. c. 128. 38 G. 3. c. 129. 38 G. 3. c. 130. 38 G. 3. c. 131. 38 G. 3. c. 132. 38 G. 3. c. 133. 38 G. 3. c. 134. 38 G. 3. c. 135. 38 G. 3. c. 136. 38 G. 3. c. 137. 38 G. 3. c. 138. 38 G. 3. c. 139. 38 G. 3. c. 140. 38 G. 3. c. 141. 38 G. 3. c. 142. 38 G. 3. c. 143. 38 G. 3. c. 144. 38 G. 3. c. 145. 38 G. 3. c. 146. 38 G. 3. c. 147. 38 G. 3. c. 148. 38 G. 3. c. 149. 38 G. 3. c. 150. 38 G. 3. c. 151. 38 G. 3. c. 152. 38 G. 3. c. 153. 38 G. 3. c. 154. 38 G. 3. c. 155. 38 G. 3. c. 156. 38 G. 3. c. 157. 38 G. 3. c. 158. 38 G. 3. c. 159. 38 G. 3. c. 160. 38 G. 3. c. 161. 38 G. 3. c. 162. 38 G. 3. c. 163. 38 G. 3. c. 164. 38 G. 3. c. 165. 38 G. 3. c. 166. 38 G. 3. c. 167. 38 G. 3. c. 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G. 3. c. 639. 38 G. 3. c. 640. 38 G. 3. c. 641. 38 G. 3. c. 642. 38 G. 3. c. 643. 38 G. 3. c. 644. 38 G. 3. c. 645. 38 G. 3. c. 646. 38 G. 3. c. 647. 38 G. 3. c. 648. 38 G. 3. c. 649. 38 G. 3. c. 650. 38 G. 3. c. 651. 38 G. 3. c. 652. 38 G. 3. c. 653. 38 G. 3. c. 654. 38 G. 3. c. 655. 38 G. 3. c. 656. 38 G. 3. c. 657. 38 G. 3. c. 658. 38 G. 3. c. 659. 38 G. 3. c. 660. 38 G. 3. c. 661. 38 G. 3. c. 662. 38 G. 3. c. 663. 38 G. 3. c. 664. 38 G. 3. c. 665. 38 G. 3. c. 666. 38 G. 3. c. 667. 38 G. 3. c. 668. 38 G. 3. c. 669. 38 G. 3. c. 670. 38 G. 3. c. 671. 38 G. 3. c. 672. 38 G. 3. c. 673. 38 G. 3. c. 674. 38 G. 3. c. 675. 38 G. 3. c. 676. 38 G. 3. c. 677. 38 G. 3. c. 678. 38 G. 3. c. 679. 38 G. 3. c. 680. 38 G. 3. c. 681. 38 G. 3. c. 682. 38 G. 3. c. 683. 38 G. 3. c. 684. 38 G. 3. c. 685. 38 G. 3. c. 686. 38 G. 3. c. 687. 38 G. 3. c. 688. 38 G. 3. c. 689. 38 G. 3. c. 690. 38 G. 3. c. 691. 38 G. 3. c. 692. 38 G. 3. c. 693. 38 G. 3. c. 694. 38 G. 3. c. 695. 38 G. 3. c. 696. 38 G. 3. c. 697. 38 G. 3. c. 698. 38 G. 3. c. 699. 38 G. 3. c. 700. 38 G. 3. c. 701. 38 G. 3. c. 702. 38 G. 3. c. 703. 38 G. 3. c. 704. 38 G. 3. c. 705. 38 G. 3. c. 706. 38 G. 3. c. 707. 38 G. 3. c. 708. 38 G. 3. c. 709. 38 G. 3. c. 710. 38 G. 3. c. 711. 38 G. 3. c. 712. 38 G. 3. c. 713. 38 G. 3. c. 714. 38 G. 3. c. 715. 38 G. 3. c. 716. 38 G. 3. c. 717. 38 G. 3. c. 718. 38 G. 3. c. 719. 38 G. 3. c. 720. 38 G. 3. c. 721. 38 G. 3. c. 722. 38 G. 3. c. 723. 38 G. 3. c. 724. 38 G. 3. c. 725. 38 G. 3. c. 726. 38 G. 3. c. 727. 38 G. 3. c. 728. 38 G. 3. c. 729. 38 G. 3. c. 730. 38 G. 3. c. 731. 38 G. 3. c. 732. 38 G. 3. c. 733. 38 G. 3. c. 734. 38 G. 3. c. 735. 38 G. 3. c. 736. 38 G. 3. c. 737. 38 G. 3. c. 738. 38 G. 3. c. 739. 38 G. 3. c. 740. 38 G. 3. c. 741. 38 G. 3. c. 742. 38 G. 3. c. 743. 38 G. 3. c. 744. 38 G. 3. c. 745. 38 G. 3. c. 746. 38 G. 3. c. 747. 38 G. 3. c. 748. 38 G. 3. c. 749. 38 G. 3. c. 750. 38 G. 3. c. 751. 38 G. 3. c. 752. 38 G. 3. c. 753. 38 G. 3. c. 754. 38 G. 3. c. 755. 38 G. 3. c. 756. 38 G. 3. c. 757. 38 G. 3. c. 758. 38 G. 3. c. 759. 38 G. 3. c. 760. 38 G. 3. c. 761. 38 G. 3. c. 762. 38 G. 3. c. 763. 38 G. 3. c. 764. 38 G. 3. c. 765. 38 G. 3. c. 766. 38 G. 3. c. 767. 38 G. 3. c. 768. 38 G. 3. c. 769. 38 G. 3. c. 770. 38 G. 3. c. 771. 38 G. 3. c. 772. 38 G. 3. c. 773. 38 G. 3. c. 774. 38 G. 3. c. 775. 38 G. 3. c. 776. 38 G. 3. c. 777. 38 G. 3. c. 778. 38 G. 3. c. 779. 38 G. 3. c. 780. 38 G. 3. c. 781. 38 G. 3. c. 782. 38 G. 3. c. 783. 38 G. 3. c. 784. 38 G. 3. c. 785. 38 G. 3. c. 786. 38 G. 3. c. 787. 38 G. 3. c. 788. 38 G. 3. c. 789. 38 G. 3. c. 790. 38 G. 3. c. 791. 38 G. 3. c. 792. 38 G. 3. c. 793. 38 G. 3. c. 794. 38 G. 3. c. 795. 38 G. 3. c. 796. 38 G. 3. c. 797. 38 G. 3. c. 798. 38 G. 3. c. 799. 38 G. 3. c. 800. 38 G. 3. c. 801. 38 G. 3. c. 802. 38 G. 3. c. 803. 38 G. 3. c. 804. 38 G. 3. c. 805. 38 G. 3. c. 806. 38 G. 3. c. 807. 38 G. 3. c. 808. 38 G. 3. c. 809. 38 G. 3. c. 810. 38 G. 3. c. 811. 38 G. 3. c. 812. 38 G. 3. c. 813. 38 G. 3. c. 814. 38 G. 3. c. 815. 38 G. 3. c. 816. 38 G. 3. c. 817. 38 G. 3. c. 8

Cap. cxvi.

An Act for more effectually supplying the City of *Edinburgh* and Places adjacent with Water.

[2d July 1819.]

39 G. 3. c. 79.
37 G. 3. c. 23.

Cap. cxvii.

An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Cragskeld Water Works* to improve their Works.

[2d July 1819.]

40 G. 3. c. 118.

Cap. cxviii.

An Act for paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Town of *Harwich*, in the County of *Essex*, and supplying the same with Water.

[2d July 1819.]

[*Lands belonging to His Majesty except.*]

Cap. cxix.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for amending and rendering more efficient several Acts for paving, cleansing and lighting the Squares, Streets, Lanes and other Places in the City and Liberties of *Windsor*, and Parts adjacent; and for putting certain Streets therein mentioned, commonly called *Optional Streets*, under the Management of Parochial Commissioners, subject to the Control of Commissioners; and for other purposes, as far as the same relate to a Street and Passage, called *Belmore and Middle Row*, in the Parish of *Saint Andrew Belmore* above the River, in the County of *Middlesex*.

[2d July 1819.]

3 G. 3. c. 11.
3 G. 3. c. 12.
4 G. 3. c. 19.
5 G. 3. c. 20.
18 G. 3. c. 10.
20 G. 3. c. 23.
23 G. 3. c. 100.
34 G. 3. c. 123.

Cap. cxx.

An Act for paving, cleansing, lighting, watching, watering, planting, and otherwise improving *Edwards Square*, *Earl's Terrace*, *Leeward Place*, *Edwards Place*, *Kingspan Place East*, and *Kingspan Place West*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Abchurch*, *Kingspan*, in the County of *Middlesex*.

[2d July 1819.]

Cap. cxvi.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act of the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing certain Roads in the County of *Monmouth*, as relates to the *Post Road and Old Districts of Road*, and for granting other Powers in lieu thereof, and for making a new Branch of Road from the said *Old District*. (a)

[2d July 1819.]

[*Additional Traction. One Half Additional Toll on Sunday.*]

25 G. 3. c. 10.
repealed in the
District of
Post Road and
Old, &c.

Cap. cxvii.

An Act to continue the Term and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty's Beige, for repairing the Road from the *Guide Post* in the Village of *Ashtedbury*, in the County of *Oxford*, through *Ashtedbury*, to the End of the Millway in the City of *Oxford*. (b)

[2d July 1819.]

[*Additional Traction.*]

32 G. 3. c. 100.
continued.

Cap. cxviii.

An Act for making and maintaining several Roads in the Counties of *Bedford* and *Solihull*. (c)

[2d July 1819.]

Cap. cxviii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act passed in the Thirty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads leading from the Town of *Tringbury* in the County of *Gloucester*, and other Roads therein mentioned, so far as such Act relates to the Road from *Trump Croft* in the Parish of *Dunbrell*, to *Stow on the Wold* in the County of *Gloucester*. (d)

[2d July 1819.]

[*Additional Traction.*]

24 G. 3. c. 112.
continued, and
as amended.
1843.

Cap. cxx.

An Act for authorizing the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy to establish a Market at the Town of *Pembroke Dock*, in the County of *Pembroke*, and to make Regulations for the paving, lighting, cleansing and good Order of the said Town.

[2d July 1819.]

Cap. cxxi.

An Act to rebuild *Winfleur Bridge*, in the Borough of *New Windsor*, in the County of *Berk*; and to improve the Avenues thereto. (e)

[2d July 1819.]

5 G. 3. c. 12.

Cap. cxxvii.

33 G. 3. c. 27th.
in part repealed,
14.

An Act to alter and amend an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled
*An Act to repeal the Acts now in force relating to Bread to be sold in the City of London and the Liberties
thereof, and within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange; and to prevent the
Adulteration of Bread, Flour and Bread, and to regulate the Weights of Bread within the same Limits.* (1)
[13th July 1819.]

Cap. cxxviii.

An Act for amending and keeping in repair the Mill-Coach Road leading from *Banbridge* in the County of
Down, to *Belfast* in the County of *Antrim.* (2)

[Additional Tryfem. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

PRIVATE ACTS,

PRINTED BY THE KING'S PRINTER,

AND WHEREOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE.

N.B. *To each of these Acts is annexed a Clasp in the form following.*

- " And he is further enacted, That this Act shall be proved by the several Persons to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, duly authorised to print the Statutes of the United Kingdom, and that a Copy thereof, so printed by any of them, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices and others."

Cap. 1.

AN Act for inclosing certain Lands in the Parish of *Nones*, in the County of *Gloucester*. [13th March 1819.]

Cap. 2.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Kiln* and *Arlestone*, in the Parishes of *Lamphey* and *Arlestone*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*. [13th March 1819.]

- " Provide for Rectors of *Lamphey* having in disposal of Tithes, § 13. Allowance to Rector of *Arlestone* to be received, § 28. Commissioners to value Tithes in *Lamphey*, § 29. and may purchase Lands to compensate Rectors of *Lamphey* for Tithes, § 30, 31. If Rectors evaded, Tithes again payable, § 34. Until Purchase made, several Inclosures and Commons to remain liable to Tithes, § 35. When Tithes to Rectors of *Arlestone* to cease, § 44.

Cap. 3.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Glou* and *Moskely*, in the County of *Rutland*. [16th April 1819.]

Cap. 4.

An Act for facilitating Partition of the Estates of *Charles Myddelton* Esq^r and his Widow, the Honourable *Fredrick Ryd* and Maria his Wife, and *Harriet Myddelton* Spinster, whereof Partition has been decreed to be made by His Majesty's High Court of Chancery. [16th April 1819.]

Cap. 5.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Tithing of *Radburn*, in the Parish of *Saint Paul*, *Malmesbury*, in the County of *Wilt*. [17th April 1819.]

Cap. 6.

An Act to enable the Curate and Patrons of the Curacy of the Parochial Chapel of the Clogrey of *Burby*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, for the time being, to grant Leases of the Glebe Lands belonging to the said Curacy. [18th April 1819.]

- " Certain Parts of the Glebe Lands not to be Ten, § 4.

Cap. 7.

An Act for selling a Moiety of a yearly Rent of Four hundred Pounds, discharged from certain Estates created therein, in Trust, for *Georgiana Amelia Countess de Dufferin*, in trust for Sale. [19th May 1819.]

Cap. 8.

An Act for selling certain Estates devised by the Will and Codicil of *Mary Spencer* Widow, deceased, in Trust, to be sold for the purposes therein mentioned. [19th May 1819.]

Cap. 9.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Barbrough*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. [19th May 1819.]

- " Rectors with Consent of Bishop and Patron may lease Allotments for 21 Years, § 30.

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Cap. 10.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Egl Drayton*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

" *Proviso* for Right to Tithes, and manner of Payment, § 35.

[19th May 1819.]

Cap. 11.

An Act to amend an Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Buddington*, in the Manor of *Scunden*, in the County of *Nottingham*; and to determine the Boundary of the Parish of *Buddington*, and the adjoining Parishes, upon a certain Common called *Mitcham Common*, Part whereof is intended to be inclosed under the said Act.

[19th May 1819.]

Cap. 12.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parishes of *Marnold* and *Mosborough*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

[19th May 1819.]

" *Vicar's* Allotment to be found, § 29. *Parson Vicar* to grant Leases, § 33.

Cap. 13.

An Act for allowing Lands in the Parish of *Darlington*, and in the Tithing of *Aspleydon*, in the Parish of *Aspleydon*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

[19th May 1819.]

Cap. 14.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Egl Radham*, *Wyl Radham*, and *Billingham*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

[19th May 1819.]

" *Vicars*, with Consent of Bishop and Patron, may lease their Allotments, § 38.

Cap. 15.

An Act for inclosing *Farleygate Mead*, and other Commons and Waste Grounds within the Manor and Township of *Farleygate*, in the Parish of *Pennington*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*.

[19th May 1819.]

" Allotment to Owners of Tithes, § 30. Compensation for Tithes by Landholders not entitled to Common Right, § 32. Tithes to be taken till Allotments made in lieu thereof, § 33. Power to Holdings, &c. to purchase Tithes, § 34.

Cap. 16.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Peaydon*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*, and for the Commutation of Tithes within the same Township.

[19th May 1819.]

" Allotments for Tithes of Common and of ancient Inclosures to open Fields, § 27, 28. *Vicar's* Allotment to be found, § 29—31. Allotments to Hospital in lieu of Tithes, § 31. Power to *Vicar* to lease his Allotments, § 44.

Cap. 17.

An Act for inclosing and leasing or letting certain Commons or Parcels of Waste Ground, called *Older Hill* and *Griff Green*, within the Township of *Wigby* and *Swinton*, in the Parish of *Derby*, in the County of *Derby*; and for applying the Rents and Profits thereof in aid of the Poor Rate of the said Township.

[19th May 1819.]

Cap. 18.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Telling*, in the County of *Nottingham*, and for making a Compensation for the Tithes.

[19th May 1819.]

" Allotment for Glebe Lands, § 21. Agreement for Tithes, § 24. Compensation to Rector of *Telling* for Tithes, § 25. Tithes extinguished, § 25. Power for Rector's Allotment, § 30. Power for Rector to lease, § 35. Lease not valid without the King's Consent, § 37.

Cap. 19.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Stanton Lucy* and *Broughfield*, in the County of *Salop*.

[19th May 1819.]

" Rector's and Vicar's Allotments found, § 36; and may be leased, § 37.

Cap. 20.

An Act to authorise the Sale of Lands settled for the perpetual Augmentation of the Curacy of *Merton*, in the County of *Salop*.

[14th June 1819.]

" Purchase Money to be paid to Queen Anne's Bounty, § 2.

Cap. 21.

An Act for enabling the Keepers and Governors of the Gallies, Revenues, and Goods of the Free Grammar School of John Lyon, within the Town of *Barrow on the Humber*, in the County of *Midshire*, to grant Building Leases of certain of the Grounds and Estates heretofore of the said John Lyon. [14th June 1819.]

Cap. 22.

An Act to enable the Dean and Chapter of *Horsford* to rebuild the Altarhouse of *Saint Catherine's Hospital*, in the Borough of *Leobury*, in the County of *Horsford*; and for the better Regulation of the Affairs of that Charity. [14th June 1819.]

Cap. 23.

An Act to enable the Dean and Chapter of *Horsford* to discharge certain Debts incurred in repairing the Cathedral Church of *Horsford*. [14th June 1819.]

Cap. 24.

An Act for empowering Trustees to sell certain Freehold and Copyhold Estates, devised by the Will of John Broadbent Esquire, and to lay out the Purchase Money arising from the Sale thereof in the Purchase of other Estates to be limited in lieu thereof, and to the same Uses. [14th June 1819.]

Cap. 25.

An Act for effecting an Exchange of certain Estates in the County of *Worcester*, in part devised by the Will of Arthur Charles Elgins, and in part purchased under the Directions thereof, for certain other Estates in the Counties of *Worcester* and *Horsford*, belonging to James Frederick Newport Esquire. [14th June 1819.]

Cap. 26.

An Act for enabling William Archer Esq., and other the Guardian or Guardians for the time being of Thomas Foxon, an Infant, to grant Building Leases of One Moiety of certain Freehold Lands called *Spice Island*, in the Parish of *Saint George*, in the County of *Midshire*. [14th June 1819.]

Cap. 27.

An Act for selling certain Parts of the Lands and Barony of *Gordy*, comprised in a Deed of Endow made by the Trustees of David Stewart Mowbray Esquire, deceased, in Trust, to sell the same, and apply the Purchase Money arising by such Sale in the Payment of the Land Tax due out of the said Estate, and certain other Encumbered Estates defensible to the Heirs taking under the said Deed; for purchasing and retaining other Lands more conveniently Situated; and for granting Power to sell certain Parts of the said Encumbered Estates. [14th June 1819.]

Cap. 28.

An Act to confirm the Title of the Most Noble William Spencer Duke of Devonshire, to the Manors of *Brindle* and *Lyth*, and Estates in *Brindle*, *Lyth* and *Ecchylas*, in the County of *Lincoln*. [14th June 1819.]

Cap. 29.

An Act for inclosing Lands in *Worcester* near *Barnston* and *Barnston*, in the Parish of *Barnston*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*. [14th June 1819.]

" Allotment for Glebe, § 11. Compensation for Tithes, § 12. Apportionment of Corn Rents in case of Death, &c. of Rectar, § 13. When Tithes are made, § 13. Glebe Allotments to be fixed, § 13.

Cap. 30.

An Act for inclosing, and encroaching from Tithes, Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Thornes* in *Crofton*, in the County of *York*. [14th June 1819.]

" Allotment to Rectar for Glebe and Common Right, § 23, 24. Tithes to be valued by Commissioners, § 25. Compensation for Tithes, § 26, 31, 34. Residue of Common to be sold for Expenses and Purchase of Land for Compensation for Tithes, § 28. Compensation for Tithes, § 29. Tithes payable till Allotments made, &c. § 32. Rectar's Allotment to be ring-fenced, § 33. Rectar empowered to lease Allotment, § 35.

Cap. 31.

An Act for inclosing *Alldayne Feigh*, otherwise *Alldayne Feigh*, in the Parish of *Alldayne*, in the County of *Kent*. [14th June 1819.]

Cap. 32.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Sopham*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

[14th June 1819.]

Cap. 33.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Harlington*, in the County of *Middlesex*.

[14th June 1819.]

" *Rector's Allotment* *Amend.*, § 25. Power to *Rector* to lease his Allotment, § 31.

Cap. 34.

An Act for selling certain Estates in the Counties of *Wilt.*, *Warwick*, *Gloucester*, *Worcester* and *Dorset*, devised by the Will of *Thomas Edwards Freeman Esquire*, deceased, in Trust, to be sold; and for laying out the Money arising from such Sale, in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled, in like manner, to the same Uses.

[1st June 1819.]

Cap. 35.

An Act for confirming and establishing Leases and Contracts for Leases made by the Trustees and Executors of the Will of *Thomas Holloway Esquire*, deceased, of certain Parts of his Freehold, Copyhold and Leasehold Estates and Property; and for enabling them to make Leases and Contracts for Leases of other Parts of the same Estates and Property, in manner therein mentioned.

[1st June 1819.]

Cap. 36.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wyl Wafar*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

[1st June 1819.]

" The King's Allotment may be sold before Execution of Award, § 31. Commissioners to make Extract of &c much of Award in relation to the King's Allotment, and transmit the same to the Commissioners of the Woods and Forests, § 32.

Cap. 37.

An Act for incorporating the Trustees of the Charities of *Sybil's Estate*, late of *Bolton*, in the County of *Kilmore*, *Esquire*, deceased, and for vesting in the said Trustees in Incorporation, Real and Personal Estates of the said *Sybil's Estate*, for the Support of the said Charities.

[2d July 1819.]

Cap. 38.

An Act for selling the Seized Estates of *Lancelot Ralston Esquire*, in *Bartholmew Yard*, in the County of *Worcestre*, in Trust, to be sold, for paying off Incumbrances, and for purchasing other Estates with the Residue of the Purchase Money, to be settled to the same Uses.

[2d July 1819.]

Cap. 39.

An Act to empower the Commissioners of *Thomas Saffell Esquire*, a Lessee, to grant Leases of Estates vested in him as Tenant in Tail Male; and for confirming certain Leases already granted by them.

[2d July 1819.]

Cap. 40.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of the Estate of *Thomas Saffell Esquire*, to sign Contracts to Leases of Parts of the Glebe belonging to the Vicarage of the Church of *Gambrook*, and for vesting Part of the Glebe in Trust, for Sale, for the purposes therein mentioned.

[2d July 1819.]

" The Vicar, with Consent of the Bishop of *Worcester*, to lay out Land for Roads, § 3.

Cap. 41.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Norton* in *Salisbury*, in the County of *Salop*.

[2d July 1819.]

" Compensation for Tithes, § 19. When Tithes are to arise, § 23.

Cap. 42.

An Act for selling the Estates devised by the Will of *Henrich Perceval Widow*, deceased, situate in the County of *Wilt.* in Trust, for Sale; and for applying the Purchase Money in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses.

[2d July 1819.]

Cap. 43.

An Act for selling in Fee-simple in the Right Honourable George Earl of *Aberdeen*, or the Heir of Entail in Possession, certain Parts of the seised Lands and Barony of *Falderay*, in the County of *Aberdeen*, upon satisfying certain other Lands in the County of *Aberdeen*, equivalent in Value thereto.

[6th July 1819.]

Cap. 44.

An Act for vesting the Manor of Green, and certain Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, in the County of Salfrs, Part of the Barred Estates by the Will of James Earl Egmont, deceased, as Trustees, to be held, and for vesting the Money arising from such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. [5th July 1819.]

Cap. 45.

An Act for settling the rebuilding of London House, belonging to the See of London. [5th July 1819.]

WHEREAS the Right Honourable and Right Reverend William Lord Bishop of London is, in right of his See, seized in Fee Simple of a Capital Messuage or Mansion House called London House, situate on the East Side of Saint James's Square in the Parish of Saint James Wyndham, in the County of Middlesex, which, ever since it became vested in the said See, has been used as the Town Residence of the Bishop of London for the time being; And Whereas the said Messuage or Mansion House was granted for the Use of the said See in the Year One thousand seven hundred and seventy one, when it was so old that it was not expected to stand above Fifty Years from that time; and when the said William Lord Bishop of London was promoted to the said See, which was in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, it was in so dilapidated a State as to make it necessary that the whole or the greater Part thereof should be taken down and rebuilt, the Expense of which having been estimated at the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds, it would not be just, under the peculiar Circumstances of the Case, that the same should be wholly borne and defrayed by the present Bishop: May it therefore please Your Most Excellent Majesty (as the Petition of the said William Lord Bishop of London) that a may be enacted and be so enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the said William Lord Bishop of London, or the Bishop of London for the time being, to borrow and take up at Interest, in the manner hereinafter mentioned, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole Ten thousand Pounds, and as a Security for the Money so to be borrowed, by Indenture or Indentures to be duly sealed and delivered, to do unto all or any of the Mayors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Rents or Hereditaments of or belonging to the said See, to any Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, who shall be willing to lend or advance the same, or to such Person or Persons as such Lender or Lenders may nominate or appoint, for any Term or Terms of Years, but to be subject to a Provision or Provisions in such Mortgage or Mortgages to be contained, for the Lender of every such Term or Terms of Years, on Payment to the Party or Parties, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, who shall advance the same, or any Part or Parts thereof, his, her or their Executors, Administrators, Successors or Assigns, the principal Sum or Sums to be borrowed, and such Interest as shall become due for the same, at the times and in manner hereinafter mentioned; that it is to be, the Interest thereof, at such Rate as shall be agreed upon, to be paid by equal Half Yearly Payments on the Days to be therein appointed, and One Twentieth Part of the Principal Money at the End of each Year; which Mortgage or Mortgages when so made, after the same shall have been registered in the Office of the Registrar of the Records of London, shall bind every succeeding Bishop in the said See, until the Principal Money, Interest and Costs shall be paid off and discharged, as fully and effectually as if such Successor had made or executed the same.

11. And be it further enacted, That every such Mortgage shall contain a Covenant from the Lord Bishop making the same, for himself, his Heirs, Executors and Administrators, to pay and keep down in each of the said Principal Money and Interest as shall become payable upon such Mortgage or Mortgages during the Period of his continuing to hold the said See.

12. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever the Principal Money and Interest to be secured by any such Mortgage or Mortgages shall be in arrear and unpaid for more than Forty Days after the time shall become due, it shall be lawful for such Mortgagee or Mortgagees, his or their Executors, Administrators, Successors or Assigns, to recover the same or so much thereof as shall be then due, and the Costs and Charges attending the Recovery thereof, by Distress and Sale, in such manner as Rents may by Law be recovered by Landlords from their Tenants.

13. And be it further enacted, That the Money so to be borrowed shall be paid into the Hands of such Person or Persons as shall be nominated or appointed to receive and apply the same for the purposes aforesaid, by the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, by Writing under their Hands, on such Nominee or Nominees giving a Bond to the Archbishop and Bishop as continuing or appointing as aforesaid, with sufficient Surety in Double the Sum so to be borrowed or raised, with Covenants for his duly applying and accounting for the same, according to the Directions of this Act; and the Receipt or Receipts of the Person or Persons so to be nominated shall be a sufficient Discharge to the Person or Persons who shall advance and pay the Money; and the Person or Persons so to be nominated shall or may from time to time enter into Contracts with proper Persons for such rebuilding, wholly or in part, and repairing the said Mansion House in Saint James's Square and its Offices, as shall be approved by the said Archbishop and Bishop for the time being, and shall be specified in an Instrument or Instruments upon Parliament, and signed by them, and also shall or may, with the like Approbation from time to time renewed or every any such Contracts, and shall inspect and have the Care of the Execution of such Contracts, and shall pay the Money for such rebuilding and Repairs, according to the Terms of such Contracts, or otherwise shall inspect and adjust such rebuilding and repairs, and pay the Money for the same, as the said

Bishop of London may borrow on Mortgage of Freehold belonging to the See, &c.

Covenant to pay and keep down Principal and Interest.

Mortgages as provided to dissolve, in case of Non-payment, for Forty Days.

The Money to be paid to a Person as nominated by the Archbishop of Canterbury and Bishop of London.

Archbishop and Bishop shall in manner aforesaid approve and direct, and shall take proper Receipts for the Money so paid or applied; and as soon as the Works and things by this Act directed to be done shall be completed, and the Money paid, shall make out an Account of his Receipts and Payments, and enter them in a Book fairly written, which shall be signed by such Person or Persons, and laid before the said Archbishop and Bishop for the time being, together with the Vouchers for such Payments, and examined by them, and when allowed by Writing under their Hands, such Allowance shall be a full Discharge to the Person or Persons so examined, in respect to the said Account; and if any Balance shall remain in the Hands of such Person or Persons after the Payments aforesaid, and also after making to him or them such Compensation for his or their Trouble as the said Archbishop and Bishop shall think reasonable, the same shall be paid in discharge of so much of the principal Debt secured by such Mortgage or Mortgages as such Balance will extend to pay; all which Accounts, when made out, completed and allowed, shall be deposited, together with the Vouchers, in the Hands of the Register of the Diocese of London for the time being, for the Use and Benefit of the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, who shall have a Right to inspect the same, and take Copies thereof, whenever Occasion shall require.

Provision for the Bishop's Power of leasing.

V. Provided nevertheless, That notwithstanding any such Mortgage or Mortgages as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said William Lord Bishop of London, and his Successors in the said See, from time to time to make such Leases, except so far as he and they are restrained by this Act, as or they might have made in case this Act and the said Mortgage or Mortgages had not been passed or made; and the said Mortgage or Mortgages shall still be subject to the Effect of all such Leases as have been already made of any of the Possessions of the said See, and are now subsisting.

The Bishop for the time being to pay the Interest, and One-twentieth Part of the Principal, every Year.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Lord Bishop making such Mortgage or Mortgages as aforesaid, and every succeeding Bishop in the said See for the time being, shall and he and they is and are hereby required to pay and discharge yearly and every Year, One Twentieth Part of the Principal Money thereby secured, until the whole of such Money shall be discharged; and also from time to time to pay the Interest due on such Principal Money; and that every such Bishop shall annually at his own Expence, from the time when such Mortgage shall be completed, according to this Act, cause at one of the Public Offices in London or Westminster the Reference of Houses and Buildings, the said Mortgage made, and the Office belonging thereto, agreed Accruals by Fire, at the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds at the least.

No Lease to be made of London House.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Lease or Leases shall at any time or times hereafter be made of the said Mansion House and Premises in *Saint James's Square*, or its Offices, or any Part thereof, by the said William Lord Bishop of London, or his Successors in the said See.

On every Vacancy of the See, Bishop vending to pay a Proprietary of Interest and Twentieth Part of Principal then accruing.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That upon every such Vacancy as shall happen of the said See before such Mortgage or Mortgages shall be discharged, the Lord Bishop for the time being according to the same, his Heirs, Executors or Administrators, shall pay so much of the Half Yearly Payment of Interest, and of such Instalment of the Principal Money secured by such Mortgage or Mortgages, accruing and not actually accrued due at the time of his ceasing to be Bishop of the said See, as will be in proportion to the time which shall have elapsed between the Payment due or made in the preceding Half Year, and the Payment to grow due or to be made in the next succeeding Half Year.

Building that 5,000l. viz. 4000l. should be paying to the See, in satisfaction of the Assurances given by the Name.

IX. And Whereas there is standing in the Name of the Assurances General of the High Court of Chancery, in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or part the Wardens and Company of the Mystery of Mercers of the City of London, the Account of William Lord Bishop of London, the Sum of Five thousand and forty Pounds Twelve Shillings and Sixpence Three Pence for certain Consolidated Annuities, which was purchased with the Sum of Three thousand four hundred and twenty seven Pounds Twelve Shillings and Seven Pence Cash, paid into the Bank in the Name of the said Assurances General, by the said William and Company, as or for the Consideration for the Purchase (for the purpose of the Act hereinafter mentioned) of certain Tenements or or near *Saint Paul's Church Yard* in the said City, belonging to the said Lord Bishop, in right of his See; and which said Sum of Five thousand and forty Pounds Twelve Shillings and Sixpence Three Pence per Centum Consolidated Annuities, is, under or by virtue of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to enable the Trustees of Saint Paul's School, in the City of London, to purchase Buildings and Land adjoining or near to the said School, for the better Accommodation of the Scholars, and for other purposes, subject to a Trust to be created under the Direction of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be granted to the Use of the said William Lord Bishop of London, and his Successors in the said See, who are entitled to the Dividends or Interest thereof in the meantime until Investment of the same in such Purchase of Lands, or Tenements or Hereditaments as aforesaid.* Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Court of Chancery, upon Petition to be preferred to the said Court in a summary Way by or on the behalf of the said William Lord Bishop of London, his Executors or Administrators, to make such Order or Orders as to the said Court shall from time to time, for raising and obtaining the Costs, Charges and Expenses of applying for and obtaining and paying this Act, and the Costs and Expenses of attending such Application to the said Court, and for raising and paying all such Costs, Charges and Expenses as aforesaid, by Sale of a competent Part of the said Sum of Five thousand and forty Pounds Twelve Shillings and Sixpence Three Pence per Centum Consolidated Annuities.

5l 0s. 4d. 4p.

Court of Chancery may make Order on Petition, and raising the Expenses of the Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governors authorized or appointed to regulate and superintend the Bounty given by Her late Majesty Queen Anne, for the Augmentation of the Maintenance of the poor Clergy, to advance and lend any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the said Sum of Ten thousand Pounds, out of the Money which has arisen or shall from time to time arise from that Bounty for procuring and affixing the several purposes of this Act; and such Mortgage and Security as aforesaid shall

Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty authorized to advance the Money.

be made for Repayment in manner aforesaid, by Installments, of the principal Sum or Sums so to be advanced, with lawful Interest for the same, by such Half Yearly Payments as aforesaid.

XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the several Printers to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, duly authorized to print the Statutes of the United Kingdom; and a Copy thereof, so printed by any of them, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices and others.

Act printed
by the King's
Printer as the
Evidence

Cap. 45.

An Act for vesting certain Estates, devised by the Will of *Josiah Rogers*, and now held in undivided Shares, as a Trustee, to be sold; and for enabling the Purchaser Monies of the Shares of each of the Parties interested as set forth, in the Purchase of other Estates, to be conveyed to them, according to their respective Rights and Interests, in fee of each Share. [5th July 1819.]

Cap. 47.

An Act to empower the Trustees of the Will of the late *Peter Bernard, Surgeon*, to grant Building Leases of Land devised by his said Will, situated in the Town and County of *Southampton*. [12th July 1819.]

Cap. 48.

An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for better regulating the Charities of *John Clayton of North Wicken, in the County of Northumberland*. [12th July 1819.]

Cap. 49.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Abington, in the County of Lincoln*. [12th July 1819.]

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VOLUME THE SEVENTH,

Containing the Acts passed, 57, 58 and 59 GEO. III. (1817, 1818, 1819.)

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All the Acts relating to Individuals or Corporations are arranged in Alphabetical Order of the Names of the Persons or Corporations, under the general Title, *Personal Acts*.

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(*Pr.*) denotes *Private Acts* printed by The King's Printer, the printed Copies whereof may be given in Evidence.

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12. *Hall* (near *Stour*) and *Fordingham* *Boat Navigation*, improving and extending the line to the *Town of Great Driffield*, Amending and enlarging 7 G. 3. c. 97. and 41 G. 3. c. 22 c. 23. — 57 G. 3. c. 12 c. 13.
13. *Lark* (near *Stour*) River, amending, &c. 11 & 12 W. 3. c. 22. for making it navigable, 57 G. 3. c. 12 c. 13.
14. *Leeds and Liverpool Canal Company*, enabled to make a navigable Cut therefrom at *Heaton Bridge*, to join the *Duke of Bridgewater's Canal* at *Leigh*. Amending several Acts, 55 G. 3. c. 22 c. 23.
15. *From the Luttrell Road to the Park and Glyde Navigation*, 57 G. 3. c. 12 c. 13. Amended by 55 G. 3. c. 22 c. 23.
16. *Great River Navigation*, improving, 55 G. 3. c. 12 c. 13.
17. *Perthshire and Ardsay Navigation Company*, further Powers to, and to the *Wye and Arise Canal Proprietors*, 55 G. 3. c. 12 c. 13.
18. *Driffield upon Arise Canal Company* enabled to raise Money to pay off their Debts, and complete the Canal, 57 G. 3. c. 22 c. 23.
19. *Thames and Midway Canal Company* enabled to raise Money for completing it, &c. 58 G. 3. c. 22 c. 23.
20. *Wye River*. Improvement of Navigation, 55 G. 3. c. 22 c. 23.

Cape of Good Hope, See Accounts (Colonial); Plantations, 1.; Postage of Letters, 3—24.

Carnatic (Creditors of the *Nabob of*), See East India Company, 57.

Carriages.

1. For charging certain Duties on Four wheeled Carriages constructed in the manner defined in the Act, 58 G. 3. c. 17. § 1.
2. Such Duties how to be levied and applied, § 2—4.
3. No Countervailing Duty on Leather or Glaze employed in the Construction of Carriages brought into Great Britain or Ireland for private use, 55 G. 3. c. 22 c. 23. § 5.

Cash Payments, See Bank.

Cattle, See Salt, 77—80.

Ceylon, See Accounts (Colonial); Postage of Letters, 3—24.

Chancery (Court of).

1. To provide additional Salaries for the *junior Clerks* in the *Report Office* of the High Court of Chancery, and to provide additional Clerks for the said Office; and for making further

- Further Provision for the Clerks in the said Office, 58 G. 3. c. 133.
 2. To alter and amend 55 G. 3. c. 133. and 58 G. 3. c. 133. for making further Provision for certain Officers of the High Court of Chancery, 59 G. 3. c. 137.

Chaplains. See GAOs.

Charities.

1. The Privileges of 56 G. 3. c. 90. and 58 G. 3. c. 158. extended to Petitions to the Court of Chancery in Cases of Charity Societies, 57 G. 3. c. 59.
2. To remove the Powers of exercising Charitable Institutions from the Land Tax, 57 G. 3. c. 100. See Land Tax.
3. For appointing Commissioners to inquire concerning Charities in England for the Education of the Poor, 58 G. 3. c. 91. [Amended by 59 G. 3. c. 81.]
4. Commissioners not exceeding Fourteen [increased to Twenty by 59 G. 3. c. 81. § 1.] to be appointed to inquire into the Accounts, Nature and Management of Charities connected with the Education of the Poor, § 1.
5. To report half yearly to the King, three Reports being signed by at least Five Commissioners, 58 G. 3. c. 91. § 1.
6. And also in Cases where Estates cannot be applied, 58 G. 3. c. 91. § 2.
7. Oath to be administered to the Commissioners, § 3.
8. Vouchers in Commissions to be filled up by the Clerks, 59 G. 3. c. 81. § 3. 58 G. 3. c. 91. § 11.
9. Ten Commissioners, not being in Parliament, to receive Salaries of second *per Annum*, payable half yearly, Two *Sen*, and appointed; and Second *per Annum* allowed for Travelling Expenses, Salaries to Secretaries, Clerks, &c. (when the Commissioners are authorised to appoint), who shall take no Fee beyond their Salary, 59 G. 3. c. 81. § 1. 4. 58 G. 3. c. 91. § 4.
10. Commissioners to hold Meetings at various Places, and various Persons and find for Papers—Expenses to be paid and Persons not compelled to travel more than Two Miles, 58 G. 3. c. 91. § 5.
11. Purchasers of Premises, without Notice, not bound further to answer Interrogatories, nor to produce Title Deeds, &c. § 6.
12. Commissioners empowered to examine upon Oath; and take Evidence before them payable as Fees, § 7. 10.
13. Mortgagees, Trustees, &c. not compellable to produce Title Deeds without Notice to Mortgagee, &c.; nor when liable thereby to Penalties, § 8.
14. Commissioners may appoint Three of their Number to assist to any Place in England, for executing the purposes of this Act, and Examinations taken before them to be sent to the Secretary, § 9.
15. Powers of the Commissioners extended to all Charities in England and Wales, except the Universities and certain Public Schools mentioned in Act, 59 G. 3. c. 81. § 1. 5. 58 G. 3. c. 91. § 12.
16. Commissioners to report Charities having Special Visitors, 58 G. 3. c. 91. § 12. 59 G. 3. c. 81. § 7.
17. No Stamp Duties on Proceedings of Commissioners, nor on any Copies or Extracts of Wills, &c. required by them, 59 G. 3. c. 81. § 6.
18. Proofs for Charities wholly or chiefly supported by voluntary Contributions, &c. 59 G. 3. c. 81. § 8.
19. 58 G. 3. c. 91. and 59 G. 3. c. 81. to be construed together, 59 G. 3. c. 91. § 13.

20. Extension of Act—General Note—Tithes Colls, 58 G. 3. c. 91. § 13. 59 G. 3. c. 81. § 11.
21. Continuance of Act, 58 G. 3. c. 91. § 13. 59 G. 3. c. 81. § 12.
22. Acts altered, &c. 58 G. 3. c. 91. § 15. 58. 59 G. 3. c. 81. § 13.
23. For giving additional Facilities to Applications to Courts of Equity, regarding the Management of Estates or Funds belonging to Charities, 59 G. 3. c. 91.
24. When it shall appear that the Directors of a College of Equity are negligent, Commissioners may certify Particulars to Attorney General, who may apply summarily, or commence a Suit in the Court of Chancery or the Court of Exchequer, § 1.
25. Extension of Appeal from Order or Decree therein, § 1.
26. Master of the Rolls or Vice Chancellor may hear such Petitions, &c. § 1.
27. No Appeal from Decree of Lord Chancellor upon such Appeal, § 2.
28. Proceedings not subject to Stamp Duty, § 3.
29. Persons relating to appear before Commissioners, or to produce Deeds, or relating to answer Questions upon Oath (certain Cases excepted), liable to be fined by the Court of King's Bench or Exchequer—How Payment of Fine enforced, § 4.
30. Where Regulations of a Charity are infelicitous for a due Administration of the Funds, Trustees may apply by Petition to Chancery, or to Exchequer sitting in Equity, for Relief, § 5.

Churches.

1. Commissioners for filling Exchequer Bills under 57 G. 3. c. 94. may advance Money for building, enlarging or repairing Churches, on Security of the Rents, 57 G. 3. c. 94. § 25.
2. For building and promoting the building of additional Churches in populous Parishes, 58 G. 3. c. 45. [Amended by 59 G. 3. c. 134.] See 65. c. 134. infra.
3. Commissioners of Treasury to fill Exchequer Bills not exceeding 1,000,000*l.*, under the Regulations of 58 G. 3. c. 134. the Provisions of which are to be extended to them, § 1.
4. Such Bills to bear Interest of 5*l.* per Cent. per Ann., and to be made payable within Three Years, § 3.
5. Such Bills not to be exchanged for Money by Collector, &c. before the Day appointed for their Payment, &c., nor Adversely to be for relating to exchange them, § 4.
6. Treasury to direct Exchequer to fill Bills in Great Britain, agreeably to Certificates of Commissioners, § 5.
7. Bills of Exchequer Bills made out, to be delivered to Commissioners, and Bank may advance Money on the Credit of this Act, § 6. 7.
8. His Majesty empowered to appoint Commissioners for executing this Act, who are to consider the State of Parishes, &c. § 8. 9.
9. Commissioners may appoint Secretary and Clerk, and make Surveys, Reports, &c., and assign reasonable Salaries, § 10.
10. Treasury to issue Money for defraying the Charges incurred in executing the Act, of which an Account shall be laid before Parliament, § 11.
11. Commissioners to draw up Rules for their Proceedings, and to see the same to be allowed for building Churches, and to lay such Rules before His Majesty in Council, § 12.
12. Commissioners may grant Money for building Churches in Parishes of a certain Population, and in want of Accommodations, § 13.
13. Commissioners may make Grants, and advance Money to build

1. *Build Churches in Parishes, &c.*, where a certain Proportion of the Expence is raised by Subscriptions, 48 G. 3. c. 1. § 14.
14. Rules to be observed by Commissioners in *Building Parishes for Gravel, and in giving Preference of Gravel*, § 15.
15. Upon Representation of the Parishes in manner stated, *Parishes, by Order of the King in Council*, may be divided into separate Parishes for all ecclesiastical purposes, § 16.
16. *Tithes, &c.* to belong to the Incumbent of each Division; and new Churches or divided Parishes to remain *Chapels of Ease* during existing Incumbency, § 17, 18.
17. New Churches, when such Division is complete, to be *Rectories, Vicarages, or perpetual Curacies*, like original Parishes, § 19.
18. *Decretals to lapse, if no Appointment made in Six Months*, § 20.
19. *Parishes may, by Order of the King in Council*, be divided into Ecclesiastical Districts; anotherwise Commissioners may build or aid the building of *Chapels* to be appointed by the Incumbent of the Parish, § 21.
20. *Districts* (when made) to be defined; and Description of Boundaries to be entered in Chancery, &c.—*King in Council may show such Boundaries*, § 22, 23.
21. *Districts to be separate Parishes for all ecclesiastical purposes*, except as specially excepted by this Act, § 24.
22. How far Churches and Chapels of such Districts are to be deemed Benefices preferential, § 25.
23. No District Church or Chapel to be held with any original or other Church, § 26.
24. All Acts of Parliament, &c. relating to publishing Banns of Marriage, &c. to apply to such District Churches and Chapels, § 27.
25. Banns not to be published, or Marriages, &c. had, in any such District Church or Chapel, until after the Death, Resignation or Avoidance of the Incumbent at the time of the consecration of the Church or Chapel, § 28.
26. *Death, &c.* of Incumbent of Church to be notified by Bishop of the Diocese, and entered in Register Books of Parish Church, &c.—Such Entries to be Evidence of the Commencement of the Publication of Banns, &c. in the Chapel, &c., § 29.
27. *Drifts* not to affect Glebs, Tithes, Modemes, &c.; but original Parishes to remain to all such Rights, &c., § 30.
28. *Provision for Poor and other parochial Rates*, except as to Church Rates as herein mentioned, § 31.
29. Commissioners may ascertain and make Compensation for Losses from Oblations, Offerings, &c.—*Provision for Quillets of Right*, § 32.
30. Commissioners may sweep Buildings and Sites for Churches or Chapels, and Houses, &c. for Residence of Spiritual Persons, § 33.
31. Commissioners of Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, with Consent of the Treasury, *Duchy of Lancaster and Cornwall*, and Bodley Palace, &c. may grant Sites for building such Churches or Chapels, § 34.
32. *Parishes and extra parochial Places to furnish Sites*, when required by Commissioners—*Notice and Proceedings by Commissioners*, when they have laid upon a Parish, § 35.
33. *Bodley Palace, &c.* empowered to sell and convey Sites, § 36.
34. *Form of Conveyance to the Commissioners*, § 37.
35. *Conveyance by Lords of Manors, of Lands taken from Commons, &c.*, § 38.
36. *Mode of Proceeding for making Satisfaction to Bodley Palace*, § 39, 40.
37. *not Punish on a Sheriff, &c.* refusing to summon a Jury; and *not on Jurymen or Witnesses refusing to attend*, &c., § 41.
38. *Witnesses to be recorded at Quarter Sessions*, and Copies thereof Evident, 48 G. 3. c. 1. § 42.
39. Commissioners empowered to enter upon, and take Possession of, Lands, &c. as Payment or Tender of Purchase Money, § 43.
40. Such Payment and Tender, &c. to bar all Rights, Dower, &c.; but Commissioners not to dig for Foundations, &c. until Payment, § 43.
41. Application of Compensation, when it shall amount to or exceed 200*l.*, § 44.
42. When less than 200*l.* and exceeding 100*l.*; and when less than 100*l.*, § 45, 46.
43. In case of net making out Title, or if Purchase intended cannot be found, the Purchase Money is to be paid into the Bank, subject to the Order of the Court of Chancery by Petition or Motion; and the Cashier of the Bank to give a Receipt for such Money, § 47.
44. Where any Question shall arise touching the Title to Money, the Person who shall be in Possession of such Lands, &c. at the time of such Purchase, shall be deemed entitled to such Possession, § 48.
45. The Court may order the reasonable Expence of Purchasers to be defrayed by the Commissioners, § 49.
46. *Mortgages, not in Possession*, to convey on Tender of Principal and Interest, and Three Months further Interest by Commissioners, or on Notice at Two Months—*Provision where Mortgage Money is more than the Value of the Premises*, or where the Mortgage comprises Lands other than those taken by the Commissioners, § 50.
47. Commissioners empowered to sell Land not wanted, and to make first Offer of Refuse to the Persons of whom the Lands were bought, § 51.
48. Commissioners allowed to procure Sites for Churches for Parishes already empowered, or who are desirous to build, &c. without Aid from the Commissioners, § 52.
49. Commissioners not to take certain Premises without leave of Owners, § 53.
50. Commissioners may advance Money to Parishes to purchase Sites, § 54.
51. If Parishes do not procure a Site, Commissioners may; and charge the Expence upon the Parish, &c., § 55.
52. Sums expended in purchasing Sites, or advanced to Parishes by Commissioners, to be charged upon and paid out of the Church Rates, § 56.
53. In what rate Rates may be raised by Justice of Peace in extra parochial Places for the purpose of this Act; such Rates to be deemed Church Rates, § 57.
54. *Churchwardens, &c.* may borrow Money on Credit of Rates, and also Money for the Enlargement of existing Churches or Chapels, and for providing a Fund for Repayment, § 58, 59.
55. No Application to be made for building, &c. by means of Rates, unless with the Majority of ratepayers paying Poor Rates; or, where there is a Rectorial Vestry, then with the Consent of not less than Four Fifths of such Vestry, and also with the Consent of Two Thirds in Value of the Proprietors of Lands, &c. (repealed by 59 G. 3. c. 134. § 24.)
56. *Churchwardens of Parishes, where Church, &c.* built, may raise Rates for the purpose, § 61.
57. Commissioners may build Churches upon such Sites as they shall think most convenient, with Consent of Bishop, § 62.
58. Commissioners may lease the Amount of Rents of Farms Application of Produce, § 63.
59. Commissioners to assign Stipends to Clergymen out of Poor Rents—*Archbishop of Province to decide in case of Differences between Commissioners and Bishops*, as to Amount of Stipend, § 64.

60. Bishops may direct the Performance of a Third Service, with a Sermon, under certain Circumstances, 48 G. 3. c. 1. § 67.
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68. In what case the Nomination of Minister of a Chapel to be in the Incumbent, 48.
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77. How Pews, let to such the same required for Minister's Salaries, &c. are to be charged, 48.
78. Churchwardens may, with Consent of Parson, Incumbent and Bishop, alter Pew Rents, 48.
79. Pew Rents to be paid half yearly—Proceedings for recovering them when in Arrear, 48.
80. No opening to be made in any Church or Chapel for the purposes of Burial, or Grave to be made in any Church Yard at less Distance than Twenty Feet from external Wall of the Church, on Penalty of *£50.*—Provide for Burials in Vault, 48.
81. Accounts to be annually laid before Parliament, 48.
82. Commissioners may receive and send Letters, duly directed, free of Postage, 48.
83. Limitation of Actions—General Issue—Trespass, 48.
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86. To amend and render more effectual 38 G. 3. c. 45. for building and promoting the building of additional Churches in populous Parishes, 38 G. 3. c. 134.
87. Exchequer Bills issued in pursuance of vested Act, to bear a certain Rate of Interest, 48.
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89. His Majesty may appoint Commissioners to supply Vaccines—Commissioners to be a Body Corporate, 48.
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91. Commissioners may treat with, and make Grants to Divisions of Parishes, as if they were distinct Parishes, 48.
92. 38 G. 3. c. 45. and this Act, in force as to such Divisions, 48.
93. Commissioners may unite Parts of contiguous Parishes and extra parished Places into separate Districts for ecclesiastical purposes; and make Laws for building Chapels for the Use of such Districts; and constitute such Districts into Consolidated Churches, 38 G. 3. c. 134. § 6.
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96. Commissioners may lend Money for building, &c. without previous Determination as to Division of the Parish; or whether such Buildings shall be deemed Churches or Chapels, when built, 48.
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102. Right of Patronage in Parishes to belong to Patron of original Church, and be exercised after existing Incumbency; and the Churches subject to Laws in force, 48.
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104. Churchwardens, with Consent of Vestry, &c. may raise Money upon the Credit of Rates, for Repair of Churches, &c., 48.
105. Rector Parson empowered to give up Rights of Patronage, or enter into Agreements, &c., and remove Chapels, 48.
106. Commissioners may assign Districts to Chapels under the Care of Curates, subject to the Control of Incumbents, 48.
107. Commissioners, with Consent of Bishop, may determine what Fees for Marriages, &c. shall be assigned, 48.
108. No Chapelry to become a Benefice by Augmentation of Curate's Maintenance, 48.
109. All Acts of Parliament, &c. relating to the Publication of the Banns of Marriage, &c. to apply to Churches and Chapels of Districts, 48.
110. Apportionments of Glebe, &c. to be registered in the Registry of Deeds, and not enrolled in Chancery, 48.
111. No Chapel, built under 38 G. 3. c. 45. to be deemed perpetual Curacies, 48.
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113. Commissioners of Customs, with Consent of Treasury, may remit Duties of Customs or Excise on Materials used for building Churches, 48.
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119. *Proviso as to Effect in case of a larger Rate—Order to raise Rate imperative*, 55 G. 3. c. 34. § 35.
120. *Commissioners may assign Poor Rates to a Parish, and order a fixed Stipend to Minister—Proviso as to Parish being unfavorable for more than Amount of Poor Rates*, § 36.
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125. *Each Vestry may appoint Church or Chapelwardens; who may alter Poor Rates, by Order of Bishop and Consent of Parson*, &c. § 40, § 41.
126. *Pews to be let to Parishes only, and not sold by Auction—Rates payable in advance*, § 42.
127. *How Pews lettable; and how for Commissioners may discharge Subscribers from the Payment of Poor Rates*, &c. § 42, § 43.
128. *Uninclosed Lands, &c. acquired by Commissioners to sell to the Crown, and be applied as directed in Act*, § 44.
129. *Commissioners of Stamps may allow Stamp Duties on Contracts, &c. relating to building Churches*, § 45.
130. *Parishes, &c. to furnish Lands, when required by Commissioners, for Burial Grounds—Notice by Commissioners—Proviso, where Parishes, &c. not able to provide such Land*, § 46.
131. *Power of 55 G. 3. c. 45. as to purchasing Lands for building Churches, extended to Lands for additional Burial Grounds, which are to be constituted*, § 47, § 48.
132. *Commissioners may alter, &c. Walls and Fences of Church Yards, and bury, &c. Postmarks*, &c. § 49.
133. *Rates may be laid on any Parishes for building and enlarging the Church, and Money may be borrowed thereupon*, § 49.
134. *No Church to be taken down, &c. if Deficient be signified as mentioned in Act—Penalty for free and open Stumps, and for Statutes and Directions of new Pews*, § 49.
135. *Commissioners may discharge the Parliamentary Fees of obtaining certain Acts, which are to be deemed Public Acts*, § 49.

Claims of British Subjects against France.

1. *To enable certain Commissioners fully to carry into effect several Conventions for liquidating the Claims of British Subjects and others, against the Government of France*, 55 G. 3. c. 31.
2. *Commissioners of Liquidation empowered to distribute the Sums stipulated by the several Conventions, who are to be sworn*, § 1, 2.
3. *Commissioners to examine all Parties on Oath, who are to attend; and if guilty of false Evidence, punishable for Perjury*, § 3, 4.
4. *Commissioners empowered to meet, and adjourn, and summon Parties, &c.*, § 5.
5. *His Majesty to fill up Vacancies in the Commissions, &c.*, § 6.
6. *Commissioners of Liquidation to make Order on Commissioners of Deposits, under the Hands and Seals of Two Commissioners at the bank, for Payment of Claims; which Orders shall be of sufficient Authority, and may be made transferable by Indorsement and Signature attested by Two Witnesses*, § 7, 8, 9.
7. *Appeal may be made from Award of Commissioners (Ag-*

- reement to give Security) to His Majesty in Council, whose Judgment to be had*, 55 G. 3. c. 31. § 10.
8. *Costs of attending such Appeal to be provided for by Treasury—Commissioners not liable as Costs*, § 11.
9. *No new Evidence to be admitted*, § 12.
10. *Orders may be made for regulating Appeals*, § 13.
11. *Power of Commissioners suspended on such Claims during Appeal—Commissioners to reverse Judgment on Appeal*, § 14.
12. *In case of Dispute between Parties, Commissioners of Deposits to sell French Indisposition, and transfer the Proceeds to Commissioners of Liquidation; who may order the same to be invested, in the Name of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, in the Bank of England*, § 15.
13. *The Court may make Order therein upon Motion, or upon Petition and Motion*, § 15.
14. *Applications of Remitts of Capital in the great Bank of the Public Debt of France to the Hands of Commissioners of Deposits*, § 16.
15. *Commissioners not to be deemed Public Accountants; but their Accounts to be subject to the Examination of the Treasury*, § 17.
16. *Commissioners to publish Lists of Claims investigated*, § 18.

Clergymen, See Churches, Curates, Colonies, and Spiritual Persons.

Clerks of the Peace, See Fees.

Clerks of the Signet and Privy Seal, See Privy Seal.

Coals.

1. *To continue 55 G. 3. c. 110. for bringing Coals, Cokes and Clinders to London and Weymouth [to April 1. 1818], 57 G. 3. c. 114. [to April 1. 1819], 58 G. 3. c. 66. [to April 1. 1820], 59 G. 3. c. 79.*
2. *To extend the Limits of 56 G. 3. c. 121. for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement of Coals in certain Parishes in the Counties of Middlesex and Essex*, 57 G. 3. c. 1.
3. *For continuing the Terms and enlarging the Powers granted to the principal Land Coal Measures of the City of Weymouth, and extending the Limits of their Office to the Parishes of Saint Luke Chelms, 57 G. 3. c. 2.*
4. *For repealing 56 G. 3. c. 78. for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes lying contiguous to the Water Side, in the County of Kent*, 57 G. 3. c. 3.
5. *For requiring the like Proof to obtain Drawback of Duty on Coals used in coloring, &c. Tin, Copper or Lead Ores in the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, as is required on Coals used in the Tin, Copper or Lead Mines in the said Counties*, 59 G. 3. c. 125.

Cochineal.

1. *The Statute 7 G. 3. c. 18. for the free Importation of Cochineal and Indigo continued [to March 25th. 1820.] 57 G. 3. c. 23.*

Cocoa, See Excise, 73—78.

Coffin.

Coffee.

1. The Statute 52 G. 3. c. 129. for regulating the Separation of damaged from sound Coffee, and permitting Dealers to send out any Quantity of Coffee not exceeding Eight Pounds Weight without a Permit, continued till April 5. 1810. 57 G. 3. c. 8.

See also *Exch.* 75—78.

Coin.

1. Gold and Silver Coin may be exported and sent, 55 G. 3. c. 49. § 10.
2. Rented Acts and all other Laws mentioned in Acts relating to melting or exporting Gold or Silver Coin, &c. repealed, § 11.
3. 6 & 7 W. 3. c. 17. § 5. 7. and 7 & 8 W. 3. c. 22. § 6. repealed, § 12.
4. This Act not to extend to repeal any Act for preventing the clipping, &c. of the Coin of this Kingdom, § 13.

Collieries.

1. The Provisions of 22 G. 1. c. 34. for preventing unlawful Combinations of Workmen employed in the Woollen Manufactures and for better Payment of their Wages, extended to Labourers employed in the Collieries, or in the washing or getting of Coal, in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 57 G. 3. c. 122. § 1.
2. The Provisions of 22 G. 2. c. 27. applicable to this Act, § 2.
3. The Provisions of 22 G. 1. c. 34. and 22 G. 2. c. 27. extended to Scotland and Ireland, § 3.
4. Labourers may however be paid their Wages in Bank Notes, if they consent, 58 G. 3. c. 30. § 1.

Colonies.

1. To permit the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, and the Bishop of London, for the time being, to admit Persons into Holy Orders (especially for the Colonies, 55 G. 3. c. 60. § 1.
2. Such Person to be named in the Letters of Ordination; and no Person to be ordained capable of holding a Living in Great Britain or Ireland, without Consent of Bishop of Diocese, under Seal, &c. Certificate of Good Behaviour to be first produced, § 1. 2.
3. Persons ordained by the Bishops of Quebec, Nova Scotia, Calcutta, &c. relieved in like manner, § 3.
4. Persons ordained by a Colonial Bishop, &c. not capable of holding Preference, &c. § 4.
5. Additions to Canons, &c. contrary hereto, void, § 5.
6. This Act not to affect 26 G. 3. c. 24. empowering the Archbishops to confer in the Office of a Bishop, Persons being Subjects or Citizens of Countries out of His Majesty's Dominions, § 6.

See also *New South Wales, Passengers, Plantations, Slaves*, 14. & 19.

Common Recoveries, See Ancient Demesne.

Comptroller of Barracks, See Barracks.

Comptroller of the Customs, See Customs,
II. 1.

Consolidated Fund.

1. To make further Provision for the Adjustment of the Accounts of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, and for making good any occasional Deficiency which may arise therein, in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, 57 G. 3. c. 48.
2. Accounts in the Exchequer of Ireland how to be made up, § 1.
3. Such Accounts to be certified by the Auditor General of Exchequer in Ireland, and transmitted by him to the Treasury of the United Kingdom, § 1.
4. Treasury to make Payments out of the Consolidated Fund, as before 56 G. 3. c. 48. — § 2.
5. Grants to arise from the Surplus of the Consolidated Fund, which had not occurred prior to Jan. 5. 1817, &c. to be deemed fulfilled and cancelled, § 3.
6. Certain Balances due from Great Britain to Ireland, or vice versa, cancelled, § 4.
7. The Statute 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 18. repealed, § 5.
8. Regulations for making good Deficiencies, by Hiding Exchequer Bills bearing Interest not exceeding 4½. per Cent, which are to be made out pursuant to 48 G. 3. c. 1. which is to extend to Exchequer Bills issued under this Act, § 6—8.
9. The Banks of England and Ireland empowered to advance Money on the Credit of such Exchequer Bills, § 9.
10. Exchequer Bills for Deficiencies in Great Britain to be placed in Cash in the Office of the Tellers of the Exchequer, and to be used for defraying Charges upon the Consolidated Fund by reason of Deficiencies, § 10. 11.
11. Exchequer Bills for Deficiencies arising in Ireland how to be disposed of, § 12.
12. Exchequer Bills and Interest chargeable on the Consolidated Fund in the next succeeding Quarter, § 13.
13. Accounts of Exchequer Bills discharged and undischarged to be annually laid before Parliament, § 14.

Constable.

1. No efficient Member of any Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry liable to leave the Office of Constable, 57 G. 3. c. 44. § 3.

Coroners.

1. To regulate the Election of Coroners for Counties, 58 G. 3. c. 25.
2. Sheriff to hold a County Court for the Election of Coroners at the usual Place; and if Election be not determined on View, then to proceed to take a Poll, § 1.
3. Commencement and Duration of Poll—Poll Clerks to be appointed and sworn, and Inspector of Poll Clerks to be appointed, § 1.
4. Freeholder, if required, to be sworn before he polls, § 2.
5. Perjury and Subornation of Perjury, § 3.
6. Marriage and Collateral Ties to vote, unless Trustee or Mortgagee be in Possession, § 4.
7. Expenses of Sheriff and Poll Clerks to be paid by the Candidates, § 5.

Costs, See Distresses.

Cotton Mills and Factories.

1. To make further Provision for the Regulation of Cotton Mills and Factories, and for the better Performance of the Health of young Persons employed therein, 59 G. 3. c. 66. a. No

2. No Child to be employed in Cotton Spinning, &c. under Nine Years of Age, 55 G. 3. c. 64. § 1.
3. No Person, under Sixteen Years of Age, to be employed more than Twelve Hours, § 2.
4. Hours of Meal Time, § 3.
5. Time to be made up by accidental Interruption after the Rate of an additional Hour per Day, § 4.
6. Closures, &c. to be closed Twice a Year, § 5.
7. This Act to be published in every Cotton Mill, § 6.
8. Penalties of obting contrary to Act—Application of them—Liabilities of Officers, § 7.
9. Public Act, § 8.

County Rates.

1. To amend 56 G. 3. c. 40. for the more easy settling of County Rates, 57 G. 3. c. 94.
2. 56 G. 3. c. 40. § 5. repealed, § 1.
3. Rate to be raised, notwithstanding Appeals, with Determination of Justices, § 2.
4. In case Justices order Rate to be set aside, decreased or lowered, the Money paid subsequently to the time of Appeal, to be returned out of the General County Rates—Notice of Appeal to be given, § 3.
5. Expenses of Appeals to be paid in such Proportions as Justices shall award, § 4.
6. When there are no High Costables, other Costables may levy the Rates, § 5.

Curates.

1. For the Support and Maintenance of Sundry Curates in England, 57 G. 3. c. 93.
2. Incase Non-Accident Incumbents ought to appoint Curates, Bishop to appoint and locate them; such Licence to contain certain Particulars, § 1.
3. Curate to reside on all Benefices above good, a year, and Population 500 Persons and upwards, except in special Circumstances, § 2.
4. If Duty be inadequately performed, the Bishop may require Incumbent to appoint Curate; and, on Neglect, may himself appoint a Curate—Amount of Stipend in such Case, § 3.
5. Appeal to the Archbishop, or the Incumbent, § 3.
6. Bishops may enforce Performance of Morning and Evening Service, § 4.
7. Statement of Particulars necessary to be given by Pastors applying for Licence for Non-Residence, § 5.
8. Bishops to appoint Salaries to Curates—Licence, or Copy of Registry thereof, to be Evidence of Amount of Salary, § 6.
9. Bishops may summarily determine Differences respecting Stipend—Amount to be paid in lieu of Fees for Licence, &c. § 7.
10. Stipends to Curates of Incumbents, before July 20. 1813, not to exceed certain Rates, § 8.
11. The Salaries payable to Curates, to be in proportion to the Value and Population of the Benefices, § 9.
12. How the Value of Benefices under 1500. *per Annum* to be estimated, § 10.
13. Where the Benefice exceeds 4000. an Allowance may be made to Curate of 1000. *per Annum* or more, as mentioned in A.B. § 11.
14. Smaller Salaries to be allowed to Curates in certain Cases—Licence to state certain Particulars, which are to be specially entered, § 12.
15. Salary of Curate engaged to serve interchangeably at different Places belonging to the same Incumbent, § 13.

16. Spiritual Persons not to serve more than Two Churches in One Day, except in certain Cases, and with special Licence for that Purpose from the Bishop, who is to state the Reasons for granting such Licence, 57 G. 3. c. 93. § 19.
17. How Salaries are to be adjusted, where Curate is permitted to serve in an adjoining Parish, § 20.
18. Agreements for Salaries to Curates contrary to this Act, void, notwithstanding Payment and Acceptance of a less Sum than mentioned in Licence, § 21.
19. Payment may be enforced by Mandamus with Treble Costs—Limitation of Application to Bishop, § 22.
20. Curate's Salary, if of Value of Benefice, subject to certain Charges, § 23.
21. The Bishop to allow Rectors, &c. to deduct from Curate's Salary, for Ropales, to a limited Amount in certain Cases, § 24.
22. The Bishop may allot Parsonage House for Residence of Curate, in case of Non-Residence of Incumbents, with Sequestration, if Possession not delivered, § 25.
23. Curates to pay Taxes, &c. of Parsonage House, in certain Cases, § 26.
24. Bishop may direct Curate to deliver up Possession of Parsonage House, on Penalty of 400. *per Annum* for holding over, § 27.
25. Rector, &c. not to dispossess Curate of House, without Order of the Bishop, and Three Months Notice to the Curate to quit; and, on Intimation to a vacant Benefice, after One Month's Notice, § 28.
26. Curate not to quit Curacy without Leave of the Bishop, and Three Months Notice to Incumbent and Bishop, § 29.
27. Bishop may remove Curates employed without Nomination, may revoke Licence, and remove Curates, who may appeal to Archbishop, § 30.
28. Licences to Curates, and Revocations of such Licences, to be entered in the Registry of the Diocese (For full Impression p. 1.) on Penalty of 50. on Registrar refusing, &c. to transmit Copy—100. Fee to Registrar for Copy transmitted, § 31.
29. Clerics relating to Bishops to apply to Archbishops, § 32.
30. Definition of the Term Benefice, § 33.
31. Power of Archbishops and Bishops, as to Benefices, &c. except on peculiar, locally situate within three Provinces; and also as to Benefices situated in more than One Province, or between the Limits of Two Provinces, § 34.
32. To whom Benefices belong that are subject to Archbishop or Bishop, § 35.
33. In every Case in which Jurisdiction is given to Bishop, &c. all concurrent Jurisdiction to cease, § 36.
34. Of suing and being Sued—Cause may be shown against Sequestration, § 37.
35. Penalties to be recovered by Mandamus and Sequestration; but Party against whom such Proceedings had, not subject to Action at Law, § 38.
36. Fees, &c. how to be recovered, § 39.
37. Proviso for Licence, &c. before 11th Dec. 1817, how far not to require any Licence before that time, § 40.
38. Communion to administer Oaths under this Act not to be subject to Heavy Duty, § 41.
39. Provide the His Majesty's Privilege in granting Dispensations, § 42.
40. When Parsonage not deemed a Benefice, § 43.
41. Archbishops or Bishops not liable to Penalties for Non-Residence, § 44.
42. Proviso for Powers of Archbishops and Bishops, and for the due Celebration of Divine Service, § 45.
43. This Act not to extend to Ireland, § 46.

See Glossary, 63, 64, 75.—*Spiritual Persons*, 10, 17.
Coffins.

Customs.

I. Bounties and Duties of Customs imposed by various Statutes.

II. Regulations, &c. concerning the Collection, &c. of the Customs.

1. Bounties and Duties of Customs imposed by various Statutes.

1. The Duties of Customs on *Barley* Wheat imported, repealed, and other Duties granted in lieu thereof [till March 25, 1811.] 55 G. 3. c. 23.

2. Former Duties repealed, and a new Duty of 10s. per Quarter imposed in lieu thereof, &c.

3. *Barley* Wheat may be warehoused under Regulations of 45 G. 3. c. 121. &c.

4. Duty to be paid on taking out *Barley* Wheat warehoused, for Home Consumption, &c.

5. Recovery and Application of Duties, &c. — Continuance, &c. of Act, &c.

6. To grant for Two Years (to July 5, 1819.) Bounties on Sugar, refined otherwise than by claying, 57 G. 3. c. 43.

7. To suspend [till August 1, 1820.] the Duties on Coals and Cakes removed Coastwise within the Principality of Wales, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof, 57 G. 3. c. 56. &c.

8. Drawback to be allowed on the Coals used at the Tin Plate Manufactory at Penryn, and so to be repaid on the Coals used in smelting Copper, &c. in *Anglo*, &c.

9. Duties, how to be levied and applied, &c.

10. Former Acts relating to Customs extended to this, &c.

11. To continue (to July 1, 1818.) the 54 G. 3. c. 16. as amended by 55 G. 3. c. 89. for repealing the Duties of Customs on *Sladder* imported, 55 G. 3. c. 8. [to July 1, 1819.] 55 G. 3. c. 55.

12. To repeal the several Bounties on the Exportation of refined Sugar from any Part of the United Kingdom, and to allow other Bounties in lieu thereof, and July 5, 1820. and for reducing the Size of the Packages in which refined Sugar may be exported, 58 G. 3. c. 34.

13. The Bounty granted by 45 G. 3. c. 112. on the Exportation of the Silk Manufactures of Great Britain, made perpetual, 58 G. 3. c. 56.

14. To continue (to July 1, 1821.) several Acts of 54 & 55 G. 3. respecting the Duties of Customs payable on Merchandise imported from any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the *East India Company*, 59 G. 3. c. 33.

15. To repeal the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, 59 G. 3. c. 52.

16. Former Duties of Customs and Drawbacks to cork, except in to America, Peninsular, &c.

17. Duties of Packages, &c. in the Corporation of London, &c. continued, &c.

18. Proviso for Tonnage Duties of 59 G. 3. c. 112., and the Duties of 45 G. 3. c. 10. and 55 G. 3. c. 57. — &c.

19. Proviso for 59 & 40 G. 3. c. 67. and 40 G. 3. (L.) in respect to the Importation and Exportation of Goods, &c.

20. The Duties specified in the Tables annexed to Act to be levied, and the Drawbacks therein intimated allowed, in lieu of their repealed, such Duties to be under the Commission of Customs, &c.

21. A Drawback of Import Duties on Foreign Colonial Goods exported to Ireland, to be allowed, &c.

22. Foreign Goods imported into Great Britain from Ireland, to pay the same Duty as if they had been imported directly from Foreign Ports — Regulations for ascertaining whether such Goods were first imported directly into Ireland from Place of Growth, &c.

23. Duties on Sugar to continue till March 25, 1820., and be applied agreeably to 59 G. 3. c. 5. — 59 G. 3. c. 51. &c.

24. Duties on *Barley* Wheat to continue till March 25, 1821., &c.

25. Continuance of Duty of 6s. 6d. per Cwt. of Cotton Wool imported from any *British* Colony in America, but other Cotton Wool to pay the Duties in Tables (A.) and (B.) — Cotton Wool imported in Warehouse previous to Jan'y 5, 1820. to pay a Duty of 1s. 7d. per Cwt., &c.

26. Regulations as to the Duties on Coals or Cakes specified in Table (D.), &c.

27. Treasury may suspend the Payment of certain Parts of Duty on Sugar, according to Average Prices published in the Gazette, &c.

28. Regulations as to the Payment of certain Parts of the Duties on *East India* Sugar, &c.

29. Act not to allow Goods to be imported or exported contrary to any Act in force, unless provided for by this Act, &c.

30. Silk Handkerchiefs of the *East India* prohibited to be sold or worn in Great Britain, &c.

31. Duty on *Santa Maria* Wood, from *Sanabria* Bay, not payable till March 25, 1820.; nor the Duty on *Yucca* Wood of Africa, if for Naval Purposes, until that time, &c.

32. Foreign Goods exported, liable to Duty on Re-importation, &c.

33. Goods may be warehoused, and the Duties secured under the usual Regulations; but Duty to be paid on taking the Goods out of Warehouse, &c.

34. Cotton Wool, stored in Warehouse before January 5, 1820., and taken out for Home Consumption after that Day, to pay the Duties specified in Tables (A.) and (B.), &c.

35. Sheep or Lamb's Wool, on Proof that Orders were given for Purchase, may be admitted to Entry on Payment of a Duty of 1d. per lb., &c.

36. Proviso for Regulations of 45 G. 3. c. 121. and 45 G. 3. c. 89. for warehousing and burning Goods, &c.

37. Proviso as to delivering certain Goods from Warehouse, &c.

38. Wine in Bottles may be imported from *Jersey*, &c. and Ireland, in Packages of Six Dozens — Proviso for Navigation Laws, &c.

39. Wine in Bottles may be imported from Ports within the Limits of the *East India Company*, &c.

40. Owners of Foreign Spirits, left from Storing, or in the outshipping, may have the Duty remitted, &c.; but Proof to be made of Particulars of Loss — When no Proof, Bond to remain in force, &c.

41. How Duties payable, &c. according to Weight, &c. charged, &c.

42. The Value of Goods at the Port of Importation, &c. to be the Rule for charging Duty — If Goods not valued as mentioned in Act, they may be valued, &c.

43. How the Value of Cotton Wool, imported by other Persons than the *East India Company*, but sold at their Sales, shall be determined in charging the Duty, &c.

44. How Value of Goods, sold at the *East India Company's* Sales, shall be ascertained, &c.

45. In valuing *British* Salt exported, the amount of Excise Duty to be deducted from the Value, &c.

46. Regulations to secure the Revenue of Customs now in force, applied to this Act, &c.

47. No Allowance for Damage of Carriage, &c., &c.

48. Penal on importing broken Glass, and Perfumery of Goods and Packages, &c., &c.

49. China or *Porcelain* Ware, &c. to be imported only into certain Ports, on Penalty of being forfeited, &c.

50. File.

- 50. Fish, of British taking, &c., may be imported, Duty free, in British built Ships, on Oath by Master of the sailing of such Fish, 59 G. 3. c. 52. § 57.
- 51. Bladder and Oil, &c. of the Fishery, &c. of Newfoundland, &c. to be admitted to Entry on certain Conditions and Payment of Duty, on Certificate of Governor or other Officer that Oath had been made that such Bladder, &c. was the Produce of Fish, &c. British taken, and on Oath that Bladder so imported is the same as mentioned in Certificates, and British taken.—If no Certificate, &c. such Bladder, &c. to be deemed Foreign, § 58.
- 52. Duties on Oil and other Products of Fish taken at Newfoundland and on Crabberries, &c. of that Country, not payable till July 5, 1812.—Duties of Tables (C.) and (E.) suspended till July 5, 1812.—Penalty for duty evading and landing such Goods, § 59.
- 53. Tonnage: Duty of Table (E.), on Vessels entering upwards or onwards, to be paid to the proper Officer under the Regulations mentioned in A6, § 40.
- 54. Tonnage: Duty not to be charged for certain Vessels, § 41.
- 55. Drawbacks to remain for Goods exported before the passing of this A6.—Drawback of Tables (A.) (B.) (D.) § 42.
- 56. Drawback to be allowed on Thrown Silk imported from the East Indies, on Oath of its Produce, § 43.
- 57. No Drawback to be allowed on Wine exported, except in Bottles.—Proviso as to Drawback on Wine for the Use of Admirals, Captains, &c., for their Consumption on board of Ships, § 44, 45.
- 58. Drawback on refined Brimstone, on Oath of its Produce, § 46.
- 59. Drawback of Nine Tenths of Duties on Foreign Brimstone used in Great Britain in making Oil of Vitriol, § 47.
- 60. Drawback for Coins used in the Passenger Works, under the Conditions of 37 G. 3. c. 39.—§ 48.
- 61. Drawback for Coins used in smelting Copper and Lead Ore in *Anglo*, § 49.
- 62. Drawback for Staves used in Great Britain in making Barn Floors, to whom allowed; and also for Staves of *Great Britain* brought Customs for paving public Streets, upon the Proof and Conditions mentioned in A6, § 50, 51.
- 63. An Account of hereditary and temporary Revenues, to be kept distinct from other Branches of Revenue, and laid before Parliament, § 52.
- 64. Penalties for hereditary Revenues of Scotland, § 53.
- 65. Duties to be paid into Exchequer, and carried to Consolidated Fund, § 54.
- 66. Journals of Duties deemed an Addition made to the Revenue, § 55.
- 67. Commissioners to close the Accounts of Collectors or Receivers, notwithstanding any previous Application of the Duties, § 56.
- 68. Duties levied after July 5, 1819, on Goods imported or exported, or carried Customs before that Day, shall be applied in like manner as the Duties granted by this A6, except otherwise in the A6 provided, § 57.
- 69. Duties to be levied and paid as former Duties and Drawbacks, except hereby altered, § 58.
- 70. And also the Goods on which Duties are to be paid or Drawbacks allowed, subject to Conditions of former Acts, § 58.
- 71. Limitation of Additions.—General Use.—Triple Colla, &c. § 59, 60.
- 72. Tables of the various Duties or Drawbacks, &c. payable or allowed.
- 73. The Stat. 58 G. 3. c. 43. continued [to June 24, 1820.] for amending the Laws relating to the Allowance of Bounties on *Pichard* exported, 59 G. 3. c. 77.
- 74. To grant [to July 5, 1811.] an additional Bounty of

3s. 4d. per lb. on Silk Ribbons, and 3s. 4d. per lb. on Silk Scarfs, the Manufacturers of Great Britain, 59 G. 3. c. 100.

- II. *Regulation concerning the Collection, &c. of the Customs.*
- 1. For transferring the Duty of the Superior General's Receipts and Payments to the Comptroller General of the Customs in England, 59 G. 3. c. 78.
- 2. To empower the Officers of Customs in Great Britain to allow Reports of Vessels' Cargoes to be amended, &c. 59 G. 3. c. 125.
- 3. When Goods landed, or Reports incorrect, Commissioners of Customs may permit Ship Masters to amend them, on Proof that no Fraud was intended.—Penalty on false Amendment, § 1.
- 4. Collectors and Comptrollers may permit Ship Masters to amend their Reports on Certificates, on like Proof.—Penalty on false Amendment, § 2.
- 5. No Amendment of Report allowed after actual Seizure of Goods, or Commencement of Prosecution, § 2.
- 6. No warehouse or prohibited Goods to be put on board for Exportation, unless by Persons licensed by Commissioners (except Revenue Officers), § 3.
- 7. Persons licensed to give Information of smuggling Goods.—In what case License withdrawn, § 3.
- 8. To whom such License may be granted as Security, § 4.
- 9. Penalty, and Forfeiture of the Drawback, &c. for shipping such Goods by any other than the authorized Persons, § 5.
- 10. 34 G. 3. c. 51, § 3. repealed, and all Slave and Slave carried Goods subject to 32 G. 3. c. 50.—§ 6.
- 11. Comptroller or Surveyor of Customs in London, and Collector and Comptroller in other Ports, empowered to administer Oaths, § 7.
- 12. Proviso for Acts requiring Proof on Oath before particular Officers, § 8.

See also *Revenue*, I. 2, 3.

Cutlery Trade.

- 1. To regulate the Cutlery Trade in England, 59 G. 3. c. 7.
- 2. Whose Articles are termed by the Hammer, Manufacturers are to have the Privilege of making them with a Hammer, § 1.
- 3. Persons having manufactured Articles in their Possession, empowered to mark the same with the Figure of a Hammer, § 2.
- 4. Persons selling Cutlery Wares, Edge Tools and Hardware requiring a cutting Edge, to mark the same with the Figure of a Hammer, &c. or the Words Steel, Silver Steel, &c. or having in Possession or Selling, &c. such cut Articles so marked.—Penalty on such Persons offending, § 3.
- 5. No Person to mark any Knife, &c. forged with the Hammer or cut in a Mill, with any Words which shall indicate the Quality or be otherwise than the true Quality; or have in his Possession such Articles improperly marked, under certain Penalties, § 4.
- 6. No Person to cut, mark, &c. any Articles with the Words "London" or "London made" thereon, except the same be made within the City of London, or a certain Distance thereof; say to have in Possession, Sell, &c. such Articles, under certain Penalties, § 5.
- 7. Proviso for Persons having in their Possession, Selling, &c. Articles marked contrary hereto, before the passing of this A6, § 6.
- 8. Proviso for Persons having in their Possession Articles marked contrary to A6; who shall before Information laid prove upon Oath the Purchase without knowing that the Articles were so improperly marked, § 7.

9. Two Justices may detain an Offender on Oath of one Witness—Penalties (which may be mitigated) recoverable by Distress; and if no Distress, Imprisonment, but with liberty to appeal, 53 G. 3. c. 7. § 8, 9, 10.
10. Proceedings not qualified for writ of Habeas Corpus, § 11.
11. Form of Certificate, § 12.
12. Compelling Attendance of Witnesses, § 13.
13. Justice, by Warrant, may seize Rovers, Sec. liable to be forfeited; which being produced in Evidence, Court may dispense thereof, § 14.
14. Limitation of Informations, § 15.
15. Application of Penalties, § 16.
16. Forfeitures may be Witnesses, § 17.
17. Parties declining by whole Order any thing punishable under Act *vis* done, not liable to Penalty, § 18.

See also *Ind.*

D.

Dean (Forest of), See *Forests*, 2.

Devisans.

1. No Devisans to be attested but by Letters of Devisation, 58 G. 3. c. 57. [continued in *March 27. 1800.*] 59 G. 3. c. 8.

Distillers, See *Excise*, 15—37.

Distresses.

1. An Act to regulate the Cuts of Distresses levied for Payment of Small Rents, 57 G. 3. c. 53.
2. No Person making Distress for Rent, where the Sum due shall not exceed 20s., to take other Charges than those mentioned in the Schedule annexed to Act; nor to charge for any Act not done, § 1.
3. Party aggrieved by any such Distress may apply to a Justice of the Peace, § 2.
4. Justice may adjudge Triple the Amount of the Money unlawfully taken, to be paid with Costs, which may be levied by Distress; and, if there be no Distress, Imprisonment, § 3.
5. Justice may examine Witnesses, who incur a Penalty of 40s. for refusing to attend or be examined, § 3.
6. If Complaint be unfounded, Justice may give Costs to the Party complained against, § 4.
7. No Judgment to be given against any Landlord, unless he personally levies the Distress, § 4.
8. Parties not barred of other legal Remedies—Order of Justice may be given in Evidence, § 4.
9. Signature of Justice, Proof of Judgment, § 5.
10. Orders to give Copies of their Charges to Parties distressed, § 6.
11. Framed Copy of Act to be hung up in Sessions House, § 7.

Droits of Admiralty, See *Greenwich Hospital*.

E.

East India Company.

1. To regulate the Trade to and from the Places within the

Limits of the Charter of the *East India Company*, and certain Possessions of His Majesty in the *Mediterranean*, 57 G. 3. c. 38.

2. Trade may be carried on directly and circuitously between *Mahé* and its Dependencies, or *Gibraltar*, and all Ports and Places within the Limits of the Company's Charter, except *Côtes*—No Persons beside the Company to trade in Tea, § 1.
3. The *Cape of Good Hope* to be considered within such Limits, § 2.
4. Such Trade not to be carried on but in Ships of a certain Burden, § 3.
5. Governors and Lieutenant Governors of *Gibraltar* and *Mahé* to grant Licences, but to conform to the Rules of the Commissioners for India, and to transmit Lists of Licences granted or refused, § 4, 5.
6. Ships not to sail without Lists of Persons and Arms on board being delivered upon Oath, § 4.
7. Such Vessel not admitted to Envy till such List has been delivered upon Oath, § 6.
8. Governors, &c. to transmit such List to the Court of Directors—Ships trading under this Act to be subject to the Regulations of 53 G. 3. c. 155—§ 7.
9. Cargo may be discharged at *Mahé* and *Gibraltar*, subject to the Regulations of 53 G. 3. c. 155 and 54 G. 3. c. 34—§ 8.
10. Goods may be re-exported from *Mahé* or *Gibraltar* to the United Kingdom, subject to the Regulations of, and in Vessels of such Tonnage as is preferred by, 53 G. 3. c. 155—§ 9.
11. *Mahé* to be deemed in *Europe* for purposes of this Act, § 10.
12. Proviso for the Introduction of Goods into *Mahé* and *Gibraltar* which may now be imported into the United Kingdom, § 11.
13. No Licence, &c. to be taken on board without Licence, and under the Regulations preferred by this Act, § 11.
14. Masters of Ships taking Licence on board to enter into Securities, § 13.
15. Penalty on sailing Males Men into the *East India Company's Service*, 57 G. 3. c. 37. § 2.
16. To exempt the Territories within the Limits of the *East India Company's Charter* from certain of the Navigation Laws, 57 G. 3. c. 35.
17. Nothing in related Acts to affect Export or Import within the Limits of the Company's Charter, in which the *Cape of Good Hope* is included, § 1. c. 4.
18. Persons not to be fed for *Penalties* or *Salaries* after Dec. 25. 1817, and Ships cleared before that time to be released, &c.—Proviso for Appeal, § 2.
19. This Act not to extend to 55 G. 3. c. 177, and other related Acts, § 3.
20. Goods may be imported into, or exported from, any Place within the Limits of the Company's Charter not under their Government, § 5.
21. The *East India Company* authorized to allow the Owners of certain Ships registered in Act, an additional Sum for Freight, though about in time of Peace, provided such Allowance does not exceed certain Rates per Ton, 57 G. 3. c. 122. § 1, 2.
22. Abatement in case of Retention in Price of Articles, § 2.
23. In case Ship be lost, or meet with Accidents, as mentioned in Act, Owners not to pay the Sum therein mentioned; or if they pay it, to be released, § 4.

14. If the Owners become entitled to additional Charges, arising in time of War, then an Allowance under this Act, 57 G. 3. c. 180. § 3.
15. Proviso for Rights of Owners not paying Freight, § 4.
16. Owners not to demand increased Freight, § 5.
17. Building Contracts not to be affected, except in certain Ships enumerated, § 8.
18. How far this Act is to recur any other Contracts respecting the Hire of Ships, § 9.
19. Proceedings of the Court of Directors relative to this Act to be laid before Parliament, § 10.
20. For continuing [ill Aug. 1. 1814.] 46 G. 3. c. 133, for enabling the Commissioners acting in execution of an Agreement made between the East India Company and the private Creditors of the Nabob of the Carnatic, to carry the same into effect, 57 G. 3. c. viii. See also 57. infra.
21. To amend and reduce into One Act the several Laws relating to the manner in which the East India Company are required to hire Ships, 57 G. 3. c. 83.
22. Several such Acts repealed, § 1.
23. Regulations for hiring Ships for the Service of the Company, § 1.
24. Court of Directors may again engage Ships for a limited Number of Voyages after the Expiration of their Contracts, § 1.
25. Besides Freight, Allowance in respect of Charges arising to Owners in time of War, § 4.
26. Tables of Average and Current Prices of Building and Outfit for Ships, and of probable Expenses for several Voyages, for which any Ship shall have contracted, to be signed and hung up in the India House, § 5.
27. After the Conclusion of War, no any Ship coming on from to proceed on Voyages, the Court of Directors are to cast Tables mentioned in Act to be compared with other Tables, and on a certain Refult of such Comparison to make additional Allowances to Owners, § 6.
28. In what Cases Allowance to be made or not, § 6.
29. In what Case Comparison of Costs of Outfit and eventual additional Allowance to be made, or not, § 6.
30. What to be considered a time of Peace, and when additional Charges for War are to be paid, § 6.
31. Court of Directors may, on Notice, take up ready-built Ships for their Service in case of unforeseen Emergency, and for what Duration, § 7.
32. In Case of unforeseen Emergency, Ships may be taken up for One Voyage only, by private Contract, § 8.
33. Ships, as mentioned in Act, may be hired by private Contract, for Voyages from China or India, § 9.
34. Ships of a certain limited Measurement may be employed for a Voyage out at home, to any Place except China; but not to authorize the Employment of any Ship, under the Measurement prescribed by 57 G. 3. c. 133.—§ 10, 11.
35. Proviso for building a Ship in the place of One lost.—A Special Court to be established.—Proceedings therein.—The Command to be given to the Captain or Chief Officer of the Ship lost, &c., § 12.
36. Court of Directors not obliged to enter into any unreasonable Contract, &c., § 13.
37. Proviso for Vessels belonging to War Marine Establishments in India; and for Company conveying Goods by private Ships, § 14.
38. Company's Dry Docks to remain in force, where not inconsistent with this Act, § 15.
39. Court of Directors empowered to make Allowances to certain Ships excluded from the Benefit of 57 G. 3. c. 180.—§ 16.

50. To continue [to July 1. 1811.] 54 G. 3. for granting certain Duties on East India Commodities imported into Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 15.
 51. To admit certain Goods imported from the East India to Entry and Payment of Duty, without being warehoused; and to permit the Exportation of certain East India Goods to Germany and Jersey, and the Removal of certain East India Goods to Liverpool, Lancaster, Bristol, and Glasgow, for Exportation, 55 G. 3. c. 123.
 52. Cotton Wool, Sugar, Salt-petre, and Rice, imported from the East India, admitted to Entry, and Duties paid without being warehoused, § 1.
 53. East India white and prohibited Goods not of a higher Value than 11. 6d. per Yard, may be exported to Germany or Jersey, § 2.
 54. Entry to be previously made, and Bond entered into for due Exportation.—How such Bond discharged, § 3.
 55. Commissioners of Customs may permit the Removal of such Goods by Land Carriage to the Port of Southampton, § 3.
 56. And may permit Removal of certain Goods for Exportation to America, &c. to the Ports of Liverpool, Lancaster, Bristol, or Glasgow, § 4.
 57. To continue [to Aug. 2. 1811.] the Powers of 46 G. 3. c. xixiii, for enabling the Commissioners acting in execution of an Agreement between the East India Company and the private Creditors of the Nabob of the Carnatic, the better to carry the same into effect, 57 G. 3. c. viii.
- See also Customs, l. 14 : Importation and Exportation, 38, 39 : Paying of Loans, 3. c. 34.

Education of the Poor, See Charities.

Elections.

1. Stat. 55 G. 3. c. 116. revived and continued [to May 1. 1819.] respecting the Expenses of Hallings and Poll Clerks at Elections of Members of the House of Commons, to be assigned the City of Westminster, 55 G. 3. c. 2.
2. To indemnify Persons who shall give Evidence before the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, on the Bill for preventing Bribery and Corruption at the Election of Members to serve in Parliament for the Borough of Southampton, in the County of Down, 55 G. 3. c. 47.
3. Persons implicated in Bribery, not being Candidates, may be examined as Witnesses; and, if they make a faithful Declaration, indemnified, § 1.
4. This Act not to extend to Persons giving false Evidence, or suppressing any Matter in question, § 2.
5. In case of Affidavits, Copies of Entries of Examination may be given in Evidence, § 3.

Equity (Courts of), See Charities.

Eschequer.

1. To regulate the Office of His Majesty's Eschequer in England and Ireland respectively, 57 G. 3. c. 84.
2. The Duties of certain Officers, after the Expiration of the existing Interests, to be performed in person, § 1.
3. Treasury to regulate the Execution of the Duties of such Officers, and to appoint adequate Salaries, § 2.
4. Treasury to lay before Parliament a Statement of former and new Establishment of Officers to regulated, § 3.

5. The

5. The *Barons* arising by new Regulations of the Establishment of such Offices, to go to the Consolidated Fund, 57 G. 3. c. 34. § 4.
6. *Persons* belonging to the said Offices, when regulated, incapable of sitting or voting as Members of the House of Commons, § 5.
7. *Persons* appointed to certain Offices, to have the same Interest in such Offices as if granted by Letters Patent, § 6.

Eschequer (Court of).

1. In order to facilitate the hearing and determining of Suits in Equity in His Majesty's Courts of Eschequer at *Windsor*, the Lord Chief Baron is empowered to hear and determine them, 55 G. 3. c. 18. § 2.
2. If the Chief Baron be hindered, the King may appoint one other Baron to sit, § 1.—Who shall sit accordingly as the Chief Baron shall appoint, § 2.
3. Decrees to have full force, subject to Appeal to House of Lords, § 2.
4. Lord Chief Baron or Baron, on Petition, may rehear Causes, § 3.
5. Certain Offices in the Court of Eschequer in England, after the Termination of the present Intervals therein, to be created in person and not by Deputy, 57 G. 3. c. 34. § 1.
6. The Duties, Emoluments and Establishments of such Offices, as they become vacant, to be created by the Treasury, § 1.
7. The Fees at present charged to continue, and to be applicable to the Payment of Salaries, and the Residue to make part of the Consolidated Fund, § 2.

Eschequer Bills.

1. To authorize the Issue of Eschequer Bills, and the Advances of Money out of the Consolidated Fund, to a limited Amount, for the carrying on of public Works and Fisheries in the United Kingdom, and for the Employment of the Poor in Great Britain, 57 G. 3. c. 34.
2. His Majesty may authorize the Treasury to issue Eschequer Bills not exceeding 1,500,000*l.* under the Regulations of 48 G. 3. c. 1.; the Powers of which Act are to extend to Eschequer Bills issued under this Act, § 1, 2.
3. Such Bills to bear Interest of 4*l.* per Cent. per Annum, and to be payable at certain times, § 3.
4. Such Bills not to be exchanged by Receivers, &c. of Customs, &c. for Money, before the Day appointed for their Payment—Bills received at the Eschequer to be locked up as Cash, § 4.
5. The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland may order the Advance of 500,000*l.* out of the Produce of the Consolidated Fund there, for the purposes of this Act; and may appoint Commissioners for Ireland, § 5. [Amended by 57 G. 3. c. 134. See § 75—95. *infra*.]
6. Names of Commissioners for Great Britain, § 6.
7. Two Commissioners to take the Oath prescribed by Act, before certain Persons therein named, and the others to take the Oath before the said Two, § 7.
8. Commissioners may meet, appoint Officers, administer Oaths, and allow Salaries, &c. § 8.
9. Officers in the Eschequer of Great Britain, and in the Office of the Vice-Treasurer of Ireland, not to take Fees solely, § 9.
10. Commissioners may examine, upon Oath, Persons willing to be examined; and receive Depositions made before Magistrates.—Addition of the Party, &c. to be inserted in the Affidavit, § 10.

11. Persons giving false Evidence guilty of Perjury, 57 G. 3. c. 34. § 11.
12. Treasury to draw Money for defraying the Charges in the Execution of this Act, an Account of which is to be laid before Parliament, § 12.
13. Commissioners to meet to receive, or to appoint a Person to receive, Applications in Writing for the Loan of Eschequer Bills, and to ascertain the Amount immediately wanted; having regard to the Security offered, and to the other Matters mentioned in Act, § 13.
14. Commissioners to cause Applications to be called, and to establish Regulations for appointing the Sums to be advanced; such Regulations to be entered; and thereupon to proceed to consider Applications and make Inquiries, and determine accordingly, § 14.
15. When Commissioners have determined on the Amount of Money to be advanced, and certified the same, the Auditor of the Eschequer is to issue Bills in Great Britain agreeably to such Certificate, § 15.
16. In the like case, in Ireland, the Lord Lieutenant is to issue Warrants for Advances agreeably to the Certificate of the Commissioners there; which Certificate is to be presented at the Vice-Treasurer's Office, and deposited with the Auditor of the Eschequer, § 16.
17. Commissioners may appoint other Days for considering further Applications from time to time, and comply to the Treasury, who may draw further Bills to be issued, &c. § 17.
18. Lists of Eschequer Bills made out to be delivered to the Commissioners, § 18.
19. List of Warrants from the Lord Lieutenant to be delivered from the Commissioners, § 19.
20. Persons to whom such Bills shall be advanced, to enter into Security as Commissioners shall deem necessary, § 20.
21. Such Security to be by Writing obligatory to the King, and Persons to giving Security, are bound beyond their undivided Subscription towards the Fund for carrying on any public Work, § 20.
22. Deposits of Stock may be received instead of personal Security, § 21.
23. Commissioners to require Mortgages of Tolls of public Works as a collateral Security, § 22.
24. Proprietors of such Works empowered to mortgage the Tolls, &c. thereof, with Priority over all Securities, except those of *bond fide* Creditors entitled to the Repayment of their Principal as well as Interest, § 22.
25. If Four Fifths of Creditors consent, Mortgage of Tolls to Commissioners, or to Persons giving personal Security, to have Priority over Claims of all Creditors of the like Description, § 23.
26. Money may be advanced for public Works in Ireland, on Mortgage of Rates under the Management of Commissioners appointed by the Lord Lieutenant, or under the Management of Corporations, &c. without personal Security, on Interest at 6*l.* per Cent. per Annum, and the Principal to be repaid by a Sinking Fund, § 24.
27. Money may be advanced for public Works in Great Britain, in certain cases, on Mortgage of Rates of Works not completed, and on certain Conditions, § 25.
28. In the Estimate of the Sums to be expended, &c. the Commissioners may consider the Moneys already expended, § 25.
29. Interest at 5*l.* per Cent. per Annum to be paid on the Moneys advanced; and the principal Moneys to be repaid by a Sinking Fund, § 25.
30. Parties applying for Money, to undertake to complete the Work; and Money may be advanced for building, enlarging or repairing Churches, on Security of the Poor, &c. § 25, 26.
31. *Traffic*

Exchequer Bills.

31. Trustees of Roads, to whom Advances are made under this Act, may receive the Toll for Repayment, 57 G. 3. c. 34. § 23.
32. Commissioners for draining Lands, for which Advances shall be made under this Act, may receive the Rates for Repayment; and a separate Account of such additional Rates to be kept, § 24.
33. Advances for Parishes to be made with the Consent of the Majority in Number, and Three Fourths in Value of Persons paying Poor Rates; or with Consent of Four Fifths of Selfish Valley, &c.—Such Application from Parishes to have the Sanction of Two Justices, § 25. 30.
34. Advances made to any Parish not to exceed the Amount of the last Half Year's Poor's Rate—Overseers to pay Installments out of Poor Rates, and make Rates if necessary for the purpose, § 31.
35. Where Four Fifths of Proprietors of Lands, &c. apply, Rate for Repayment to be made, § 32.
36. No Advance to be made to any Parish, unless the Money expended for the Poor shall exceed a certain Amount, § 33.
37. Advances to Parishes, when to be repaid, § 34.
38. Principal Sums of Exchequer Bills, with Interest at 5 per Cent. *per Annum*, to be repaid by Installments, § 35.
39. Sums advanced as *Interest*, to be repaid by such Installments as shall be directed by Commissioners, with the Consent of the Lord Lieutenant, § 36.
40. Commissioners may extend Periods of Repayment, § 37.
41. Bills issued and not used, to be returned to the Exchequer and cancelled, § 38.
42. Commissioners for Great Britain may authorize the Bank of England to employ Money paid in the Purchase of Exchequer Bills, § 39.
43. After due Payment of Sums advanced with Interest, Obligations to be delivered up and cancelled, § 40.
44. On default of Payment, Process may issue, § 41.
45. Sums recovered to be paid to the Bank of England, or Exchequer in Ireland, § 42.
46. Commissioners may direct against which of the Obligors Proceedings are to be had, § 43.
47. Proceedings not to be quashed without the Authority of the Commissioners, § 44.
48. In Proceedings against Obligors, no Writ of *Scire Facias* requisite, § 45.
49. Securities of Persons becoming bankrupt in England or Ireland to be forfeited; and the Claims of Commissioners to be first paid, § 46.
50. Commissioners under this Act may apply to Courts by Petition, and also in Ireland, § 43. 44.
51. Commissioners may accept Security for Sums due from Bankrupts, § 47.
52. How far such a Security to operate as a Release for the Benefit of the Creditor's Bankrupt, § 47.
53. Commissioners may apply for Commission of Bankruptcy or Sequestration, § 48.
54. Commissioners of Bankrupts to admit Proof of Debt, upon the Oath of Persons appointed by the Commissioners under this Act; and permit such Persons to vote in the Choice of Assignees, &c. § 49.
55. This Act not to delay the Execution of Commission of Bankruptcy or Proceedings under Sequestration, § 48.
56. Provisions for Bankruptcy to extend to Sequestrations in Ireland, § 49.
57. Seven Commissioners to act, § 50.
58. Bank of England to open an Account with the Commissioners, who are to give Certificate of Particulars of Exchequer Bills advanced before Money repaid, § 51.
59. The Bank, on Production thereof, to receive the Amount with Interest, § 51.
60. Like Certificate to Officers, or Commissioners directing Motion may be raised by Sale of Goods, 57 G. 3. c. 34. § 51.
61. No Fee to be taken on Receipt of Money lent, and Commissioners to attest such Receipts, § 51.
62. Money paid into the Bank, to be from time to time paid into the Exchequer, and kept apart from other Money, and applied to the Uses specified in Act, § 52.
63. Treasury to credit Accounts to be taken of Exchequer Bills when payable, and of the Money in the Exchequer to discharge them, § 53.
64. When Proceedings are to be had, when there is not Money sufficient to discharge the Principal and Interest due on Exchequer Bills, § 53.
65. Money issued out of the Consolidated Fund, to be replaced out of the said Supplies, § 54.
66. The Bank may advance 1,500,000*l.* on the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding the 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 10.—§ 55.
67. Commissioners to lay an Account of their Proceedings before Parliament, § 56.
68. If Commissioners die, &c. the major Part of the remaining Commissioners in Great Britain may fill up Vacancies, § 57.
69. Persons to be appointed to take the aforesaid Oath, § 57.
70. Lord Lieutenant may revoke Appointments and fill up Vacancies in Ireland, § 58.
71. Persons advancing Exchequer Bills by Loan, may take 5*l.* per Cent. Interest, § 59.
72. Commissioners may lend and receive Letters Patents free, § 60.
73. Obligations, &c. not liable to Stamp Duty, § 61.
74. Address for executing this Act not to be brought but upon Notice, nor after Satisfaction or Tender, nor after Six Months, § 62.
75. Counterfeiting, &c. Certificate, &c. or delivering such to any Officer, or knowingly uttering the same—Death, &c. § 63.
76. Affidavits to be administered under this Act, § 64.
77. To amend 57 G. 3. c. 34. § 5.—57 G. 3. c. 124.
78. Lord Lieutenant of Ireland may appoint Special Commissioners for receiving Applications for Relief; and upon their Recommendation, Sums Part of 150,000*l.* may be advanced for the Employment of the Poor, § 1.
79. Commissioners to give an Account of their Proceedings to the Chief Secretary, &c.
80. Advances may be made for Drainage on Credit of the Rates, if Commissioners are satisfied of the Utility of the Work, &c.
81. Exchequer Bills when payable, § 4.
82. Regulating Advances to Parishes, § 5.
83. Repayment of Exchequer Bills, § 6.
84. Preference to Claims of Commissioners on Bankrupts' Estates, § 7.
85. Advances may be made to Trustees of Roads, Harbours, &c. not acting under Authority of Parliament; and for the Encouragement of Fisheries, Colleries, &c. § 8.
86. Commissioners may take Mortgages or Assignments of Freehold, Leasehold or Copyhold Property, as further Security for Advances made, § 9.
87. Commissioners may take, in additional Security, Heritable Securities on Estates in England, and Assignments thereof, § 10.
88. Secretary, under Direction of Commissioners, may do all Acts requisite to give effect to such Heritable Security or Assignment thereof, § 10.
89. Commissioners may take, as a further Security, Deposits of India Bonds, Exchequer Bills, Bills of Exchange, &c. or other Negotiable Securities, § 11.

90. Obligations, Mortgages, &c. taken by the Commissioners, Affidavits, Receipts, &c. not liable to Stamp Duty, 37 G. 3. c. 114. § 12.
91. Commissioners may sue and be sued in the Name of their Secretary, § 13.
92. Actions against Commissioners to be brought in the Court of Exchequer of England, Ireland or Ireland, § 13.
93. Advances may be made at different times on certain Conditions, § 14.
94. Advances may be made to Trustees of Railways or Roads, or Commissioners for Drainage, on an adequate Fund for Repayment, with Interest being secured.—Personal Security not required, § 15.
95. Letters, &c. to Secretary of Commissioners free of Postage, § 16.
96. Commissioners, with Approbation of Lord Lieutenant, may advance Money for Public Works under Direction of any Corporation or Commissioners, on Credit of the Rates, &c. or on Credit of Prepayments to be made by Grand Juries—Money to be advanced at Interest, from 6l. to 6s. per Cent., to be repaid by Installments, 38 G. 3. c. 85. § 1.
97. Grand Juries may make Prepayments for any Public Works, in order to obtain Advances of Money for the same, payable by Installments, with Interest, § 2.
98. Such Prepayments being certified to the Commissioners by the Clerk of the Crown, they may advance the Money, § 3.
99. Treasurer to pay Monies received into Exchequer, until repaid with Interest, § 3.
100. If Money not advanced in Six Months, Prepayment qualified, § 4.
101. Surplus Money raised to be carried to the Credit of the County, &c. § 4.
102. Advances on Credit of Prepayments may be made on Mortgage or Assignment of Prepayments, with Interest; Monies whereof shall be given to the County Treasurer, and also Notice of Security, § 5.
103. No Bond or other Security, Affidavits, Receipts, &c. liable to Stamp Duty, § 6.

Excise.

1. To repeal the Duties of Excise on Stone Bottles, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, 37 G. 3. c. 32.
1. The Duties and Drawback on Stone Bottles, granted by 32 G. 3. c. 139. § 1. 2p. repealed, and in lieu thereof certain other Duties and Drawback imposed, § 1. 2.
3. Stat. 32 G. 3. c. 139. § 14. repealed—What deemed to be a Stone Bottle, § 3.
4. Duties to be under Commissioners of Excise, § 4.
5. Duties and Drawback, how to be levied and paid, § 5.
6. Application of the Duties, § 6.
7. Bottles not to be made of less Size or Content than Three Quarts in Measure of distilled Water, on Penalty of 50s., § 7.
8. Amount of Duties to be added to the Prices paid by Consumers made before passing this Act, § 8.
9. Act may be altered, &c. § 9.
10. To exempt Brandy and Light Stone Bottles, made and used for the sole purpose of containing Liquid Blacking, from the Excise Duties on Stone Bottles granted by 37 G. 3. c. 32.—37 G. 3. c. 139. § 1.
11. Description of Bottles to be exempted, § 2.
12. Penalties on Selling such Bottles for any other purpose than for containing Blacking, or attempting to export them on Drawback, § 3.
13. Charge of Duty on such Bottles to be discharged, § 4.

14. For storing and unloading the Excise Lanes relative to Salt and Rock Salt, 37 G. 3. c. 37.—See Sub.
15. For imposing a Duty of Excise on the Heads of Spirits made from Corn in England above the Proportion of Nineteen Gallons of Spirits for every Hundred Gallons of Wash; and for further securing the Duties on Wort or Wash made for distilling Spirits in England; and for authorizing the Shipment of Rum for Stores in Colonies containing Forty Gallons, 37 G. 3. c. 132.
16. Distillers, making any Quantity of Spirits exceeding an Avoirdupois of their Work for the Year in the Proportion mentioned as Aft, to pay Duty on Excise, in lieu of Penalty, § 1.
17. Duty to be under the Commissioners of Excise in England, and to be levied as other Duties on Spirits, and under the same Rules and Penalties, § 2.
18. Duty to be carried to the Consolidated Fund, § 3.
19. After April 5. 1838. Heads for rectifying or compounding Spirits not to be erected or used within One Quarter of a Mile of a Still House; nor a Still House to be used within One Quarter of a Mile of a Head for rectifying or compounding, under certain Penalties, except in certain Cases, § 4.
20. Distilling and Rectifying Heads, now situated within a Quarter of a Mile of each other, may be removed on giving Twelve Months Notice to the Owners, and making Compensation for Damages, § 5.
21. Commissioners may treat with Owners for the Expenses incurred by Removal, and procuring some other Head, &c. § 5.
22. In case the Parties do not agree, the Expenses to be settled by Action at Law, and the Difference as to the Terms of the Issue to be settled by the Officer of the Court—Special Jury—Costs, § 6.
23. In lieu of the Credit for Spirits in proportion to the Quantity of Wort, the Distiller (after October 10. 1837.) to be entitled to Credit for the whole Spirits produced, computed at 8 per Cent. over Hydrometer Proof—The Excise Board to be, and not Penalty, § 6.
24. The Strength of 7 per Cent. above the Proof, denoted by Silver's Hydrometer, shall (in lieu of 8 per Cent. above Proof mentioned in 38 G. 3. c. 140.) be substituted for One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in any Act relating to Spirits, § 7.
25. The Regulations of all Acts relating to the Strength of Spirits to extend to the Aft, § 7.
26. After October 10. 1837. Wash, before it is put into the Still, to be conveyed from the fermenting Vessel in a covered circular or elliptical Vessel, called Juck Rack, &c. § 8.
27. Distiller not complying with the Regulations mentioned in Act, to forfeit 500l., § 8.
28. Directions for using the Vessel called Juck Rack, now entered in charging the Still, and also the Mode of conveying the Wash to the Still, where the Juck Rack is not used, on Penalty of 500l., § 9.
29. After October 10. Deliberate Flagg of Wash Rack when charged, to be locked and sealed, and opened by the proper Officer, in order to run the Wash into Juck Rack, &c.—Such Locks to be provided at the Expense of Distiller, &c.—500l. Penalty on his concealing Wash, &c., § 10.
30. 500l. Penalty on Rectifier selling, &c. any other than Spirits of Wine, &c. or selling, &c. Raw Spirits, and a Dealer, being an entered Rectifier, receiving the same, § 11.
31. No Distiller or Rectifier receiving Spirits, (not being Foreign), to break Bulk, &c. all Officers taken on Account of their Strength and Quantity; and Distiller to send an Officer on Receipt of Spirits, on Penalty of 500l., § 12.
32. Penalties

32. Penalty on removing without a Permit, or a greater Quantity of Spirits than specified in Permit, &c. or with false Permit—What is to be deemed such, 37 G. 3. c. 123. § 13.
33. 100*l*. Penalty on certain Dealers in Foreign Wine having more than Two Gallons of Spirits of Wine at a time, or any other *Brill* Spirits of greater Strength than specified in Act, § 14.
34. Spirits of Wine to be of the Strength specified in Act, and kept in a separate Place entered, § 15.
35. If found of less Strength, or mixed or moved without a Permit, or found in other than a separate Place, 100*l*. Penalty, § 15.
36. Rum may be taken out of Warehouse and allowed to be shipped in Casks containing not less than Sixty Gallons, to be consumed on board, free from Duty, on certain Conditions, and Penalty, § 16.
37. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 17.
38. Act repealed, &c. § 18.
39. For repeating the Duties of Excise on Verjuice and Vinegar, and granting other Duties in law thereof, and for more effectually securing the Duties on Vinegar or Acetous Acid, 59 G. 3. c. 65.
40. Former Duties repealed, and new ones granted to be levied as directed by this Act, (to which the Powers of former Acts are applied,) placed under the Commissioners of Excise, and carried to Consolidated Fund, § 1—3.
41. Liquors, of whatever Kind, prepared, &c. for Vinegar, subject to Duty, § 5.
42. What Persons deemed Vinegar Makers, § 6.
43. In what Cases *Pyroligneous Acid* not chargeable with Duty, § 6.
44. In the Entry of Premises, Places and Vessels to be distinguished by Letters or Numbers, and also on the Places and Vessels, § 7.
45. When Pipes are used, their Course to be described, &c. with such Entry, § 7.
46. Buildings and Vessels not to be destroyed, deemed unentered, and 100*l*. Penalty for having them, § 7.
47. Strength of Vinegar to be tried by an Aerenometer, § 8.
48. If found above Proof, Officers to charge proportionately for the Excise, § 8.
49. Officers may take Samples, &c. on paying for them, § 9.
50. Officer, accompanied in the Night by the Surveyor, may enter Premises, and take an Account of Liquors—100*l*. Penalty for obstructing them, § 10.
51. Vinegar Makers not to take into their Custody, nor to remove Vinegar or Preparations for Vinegar, (Exceptions,) without giving Twelve Hours Notice to the Officer, on Penalty of 100*l*., § 11.
52. In what Cases to Writ to be sent out, for Vinegar, for Preparation for Vinegar, which Duty paid and accompanied with a Permit, on Forfeiture of Liquor, &c. and 100*l*. Penalty, § 12.
53. 500*l*. Penalty on Vinegar Makers charging Still with any other Liquor than Vinegar or Preparations for Vinegar, § 13.
54. Such Stills subject to Regulations imposed in respect of Stills used for rectifying *Brill* Spirits, § 13.
55. Before distilling Vinegar after Account and Duty charged, Twelve Hours Notice to be given to the Officer, (who is to attend and take Account), on Penalty of 100*l*., § 14.
56. 500*l*. Penalty on making Vinegar from Malt, &c. in or at a certain Distance from any entered Place for distilling or preparing *Pyroligneous Acid*, &c. in or at a certain Distance from any Place entered for making Vinegar from Malt, &c., § 15.
57. Vinegar Makers, being Rectifiers of Acetous Acid, to provide Warehouses, &c. with Locks and Padlocks, for depositing the Concrete Acetous under the Care of the proper Officer, 59 G. 3. c. 65. § 16.
58. 100*l*. Penalty on Makers neglecting to provide such Warehouses, &c. or to pay for such Padlocks, or refusing to deposit such Materials, &c. § 16.
59. Before taking Materials from Warehouse, &c. Twelve Hours Notice to be given to Officer, who is to attend to weigh the same, § 17.
60. Scales and Weights to be provided by Vinegar Maker, &c. on Penalty of forfeiting 100*l*. for neglecting to do so, and of 100*l*. and forfeiting said Scales and Weights, if they make Use of such, § 18.
61. Makers to provide Vessels for keeping *Pyroligneous Acid*, but Officer to take the Contents of Vessels before they are used, § 19.
62. 100*l*. Penalty for not providing such Vessels, or removing Acid before Account taken, § 19.
63. Officer, on discovering a Deficiency in the Quantity of Vinegar, &c. which should have been produced, to charge such Deficiency with the Duty, which has lawfully accrued for, § 20.
64. Permit to be obtained on the Removal of Vinegar without Fee, on certain Conditions, on Penalty of forfeiting Vinegar actually removed, and also 100*l*., § 21.
65. Dealers to make Entry of Permits at the next Excise Office, to whom the Officer shall deliver Books with printed Forms; and no Vinegar, according to Ten Gallons, shall be sent out without a Certificate filled up and taken from such Books signed by Dealer, § 22.
66. Books to be open for the Inspection of Officers; and 100*l*. Penalty on Dealers neglecting to make Entry, obstructing Officers, concealing Vinegar, &c. § 23.
67. Vinegar removed without Certificate, or found in Possession of an unlicensed Dealer, forfeited, besides 100*l*. Penalty, § 24.
68. Officer in taking Stock, on finding Excise, the Quantity in Excise forfeited and taxed, and 100*l*. Fine, § 25.
69. Stat. 6 G. 3. c. 14. § 25. repealed, § 24.
70. Vinegar or Materials found concealed, adulterated, &c. forfeited, and 100*l*. Penalty, § 25.
71. Commissioners may compound for the Duty with any Rectifier, § 26.
72. If any Question arise whether any Vinegar or Acetous Acid lawfully or really is the Proof to be on the Owner, &c. § 26.
73. Powers of selling Excise Laws extended to this Act, § 26.
74. For granting to His Majesty certain additional Duties of Excise on Tea, Coffee, and Cocoa Nuts; Tobacco and Snuff, Pepper, Malt and British Spirits; and consolidating the same with former Duties thereon; and for amending certain Laws of Excise relating thereto, 59 G. 3. c. 55.
75. Duties and Drawbacks in Schedules (A.) (B.) and (C.) annexed, to be paid and allowed, and to be received on certain Days, § 1.—Additional Duty of 8*d*. per Gallon on Spirits made in *England or Ireland*, imported into Scotland, 59 G. 3. c. 123. § 1.
76. Duties on Articles mentioned in Act to cease when the new Duties commence, except Ammonia, &c. 59 G. 3. c. 55. § 2.
77. Provisions for Duties on Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, imposed by 59 G. 3. c. 5. and on Excise Licenses, § 2.
78. Duties and Drawbacks to be proportionate to the Actual Quantity, § 3.
79. Duties to be under the Commissioners of Excise, paid into the Exchequer, carried to Consolidated Fund, and levied, &c. as former Excise Duties and Drawbacks, § 4. § 5. § 9.

80. The yearly Sum of 1,125,000*l.*, the Average Amount of Duty on Malt regulated by Act, for apart in Quarterly Payments, and the Remainder applied as mentioned in Act, 55 G. 3. c. 75. § 5.
81. The like as to the yearly Sum of 7,440,000*l.* except as to 66,000*l.* Half the estimated Amount of the increased Duty on Tea hereby granted, § 5.
82. How the said 66,000*l.* is to be applied, § 8.
83. Malsters to give an Account to Officer of Malt in their Possession on July 5. 1819, and of Malt in their Possession within One Month previous to that Day, stating certain Particulars of Sale, on Penalty of 100*l.* or 4*0s.* per Bushel, § 9.
84. Duties payable on Malt Stock in Hand—Penalty for Default, § 9.
85. Excise Officers may enter Malster's Premises to take Account of Malt in Stock on July 5. 1819.—Provision as to selling Officers as to take Stock, or collecting them in their Duty, or clandestinely removing Malt before Duties charged, or concealing it, &c. or having such Malt in Cullody, § 10.
86. Allowance to be deducted from the Amount taken of Malt Stock in Hand for the Increase, § 11.
87. Seller may add additional Duties to the Price of Articles contracted for, § 12.
88. From July 5. 1819. Distillers in Scotland are to state, in Request Note for Permit for Removal of Spirits for Exportation to England, whether such Spirits were extracted before that Day, § 14.
89. On Shipment of Beer for Drawback, Exporter and Brewer to make oath as to certain Particulars—And on the Shipment of Tobacco, a certain Affidavit to be made by Manufacturer, on Penalty of 200*l.* and Forfeiture of Articles, § 15.
90. Regulations contained in Acts in force relating to Tea, &c. heretofore enacted by Officers of Customs, shall in future be executed by Officers of Excise; and all Penalties, &c. imposed by such Acts, extended to the Act, § 16.
91. Treasury may issue such Orders as they think expedient for facilitating the Transfer of the Duties from the Commissioners of Customs to the Commissioners of Excise, § 17.
92. Tea unlawfully landed, or fraudulently taken out of Warehouse, &c. to be charged with Duty at the Rate of the preceding Sale of Tea by the *Eng. Ind. Company*, § 18.
93. Stat. 15 G. 3. c. 75. § 3. repeated, § 19.
94. From July 5. 1819. Persons licensed to deal in Coffee, may deal in Pepper, on Penalty of 50*l.* for undue Dealing, § 20.
95. Pepper, except Cayenne, &c. to be subject to such Regulations as *Eng. Ind. Coffee*, except Rice or Wheat of Package—Regulations for levying the Duty on Coffee extended to Pepper, § 21.
96. Making or Selling Commodities in Imitation of Pepper, 100*l.* and Forfeiture, § 21.
97. From October 10. 1819. Distillers for Exportation to England or Scotland respectively, shall yearly list and pay Duty for Northern Gallons of Spirits, at the Strength of Seven *per Cent.* above Hydrometer Proof for every One hundred Gallons of Wort brewed, on Penalty of 20*l.* for every Gallon so landed and paid Duty for, § 23.
98. Penalties on Distillers removing Worts or Spirits, on which the Duty has not been paid, § 24.
99. Beer &c. Act, above 12*l.* the Barrel, exclusive of Duty, deemed Strong, and at 18*l.* or under, Tink Beer, § 25.
100. 200*l.* Penalty on obstructing Officers, § 26.
101. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 27.
102. Powers of former Acts extended to this, § 28.
103. For preventing Frauds in the Duties on Soap, for preventing the Books or Papers called *Specimens*, left by Excise Officers on the Premises of Traders; and for requiring the

- more speedy Payment of the Excise Duties on printed Calicoes, 55 G. 3. c. 90.
104. Notice to be given to Officer of clearing or taking Soap out of the Copper, &c. on Penalty of 100*l.*, § 1.
105. In what case Notice void—Clearing, &c. without new Notice—Penalty 100*l.*, § 1.
106. Various Periods and Regulations specified for clearing Hard Soap, and Mottled or Yellow Soap, under certain Penalties, § 3, §
107. Laws fit for Soap not to be manufactured for Sale or sold, nor Barilla exceeding 18*l.* to be ground for Sale or sold, on Penalty of 100*l.* and Forfeiture, § 4.
108. Sundry repealed Acts repeated, § 5.
109. In removing Soap exceeding 2*l.* the Word 'Soap' to be put on the Package, on Penalty of Forfeiture for not being so marked, with Package, and of 100*l.* for having in Possession or removing such Soap, § 6.
110. Melting of Tallow, not being entered Candle Makers, to give Notice of Melting Place to Officer, who is to enter and take Account and Samples, &c., § 7.
111. Melter using unentered Heads, &c. having Barilla, &c. not being as entered Soap Makers, or obstructing Officers, to forfeit 100*l.* and Barilla, § 7.
112. Soap Makers to receive Books (which are to be kept openly on Premises, and subject to Officers' Inspection), containing Certificates to be filled up, and sent out with every Quantity of Soap exceeding 2*l.* and corresponding Entry made, on Penalty of 200*l.* and Forfeiture of Soap, and also of 200*l.* for each, &c., § 8.
113. Officers may demand Inspection of Soap on its Removal, with Certificate accompanying it, on Penalty of 200*l.* and Forfeiture of Soap for refusing or obstructing Officer, § 9.
114. Specimens for recording Entries to be left on Premises of Traders or Manufacturers—200*l.* Penalty on removing them, or delivering Entries, or obstructing Officer from inspecting, &c., § 10.
115. Stat. 10 Geo. 3. c. 15. § 74. repeated: and Persons printing, &c. Bills, Mulls, Calicoes, Linens and Stuffs respectively to show the Duties every Six Weeks, on Penalty of forfeiting double the Amount, § 11.
116. Forfeiture of double the Value of such Goods for delivering them without clearing the Duties, § 11.
117. Recovery and Application of Penalties—Powers of former Excise Acts extended to this, § 12, 13.

See also *Revenue*, I. 2, §.

Estates in Aid.

1. To regulate the issuing of Estates in Aid, 57 G. 3. c. 117.
2. Amount of Debt due to the Crown, listed and specified in the List, to be inserted upon the Writ as the Sum to be levied by the Sheriff, § 1.
3. Regulations, when the Debt is of less Amount than listed and specified in Part, § 2.
4. If any surplus Money produced by Sale of Lands, Court of Exchequer to dispose of it on summary Application, § 2.
5. Not to prejudice the Debtor to the Crown in recovering the Remainder of any Debt, § 3.
6. Estates in Aid not to be paid out by Simple Contract Debtors to the Crown, or by Bond, as mentioned in Act, except in certain Cases, § 4.
7. Estates in Aid not to issue on Bonds as Sureties for Insurance Companies, &c. § 4.
8. Persons imprisoned under Writs of *Capias* in Estates in Aid, may apply to the Court of Exchequer in England or Ireland for their Discharge, § 6.
9. Court of Exchequer may order Writ of *Superficies quod Capias*, § 6.

Eyre (Wardens, Chief Justices, and Justices in).

1. The Office of Wardens, Chief Justices and Justices in Eyre, North and South of Trent, abolished on the Termination of the existing Statute, and the Duties to be performed by the First Commissioner of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues; who is not to receive any Salary, Fee or Emolument, 57 G. 3. c. 61. § 4.
2. Salaries of the abolished Offices to make Part of the Consolidated Fund, § 4.

F.

Furrows, See Spiritual Persons.

Farmers, See Salt, 77—80.

Fees.

1. To enable Justices of the Peace to settle the Fees to be taken by the Clerks of the Peace of the respective Counties and other Divisions of England and Wales, 57 G. 3. c. 91.
2. Justices of Peace for *Rios and Lancashire* at their Annual General Sessions, and for every other County at their General Quarter Sessions, to settle a Table of Fees to be taken by the Clerks of the Peace for the said Counties: such Tables to be laid before the Judges of Assize, and the Fees therein, when approved by them, to be the only Fees, § 1.
3. *g*l. Penalty on Clerks of Peace taking greater Fees than allowed, § 2.
4. Printed or written Copies of such Table of Fees to be hung up in some conspicuous Place, where the General or Quarter Sessions shall be held—Clerks of Peace neglecting to do hang them up, to forfeit *g*l., § 3.
5. Limitation of Actions, § 4.

See Parties, 1.

Felony.

I. Acts relating to Felony.

II. Felonies without Clergy, created by particular Acts of Parliament.

1. Acts relating to Felony.

1. For repealing such Parts of several Acts as allow pecuniary and other Rewards on the Conviction of Persons for Highway Robbery, and other Crimes and Offences; and for facilitating the Means of prosecuting Persons accused of Felony and other Offences, 59 G. 3. c. 70.
2. Sundry Sessions of reward Acts granting such Rewards, repealed, § 1.
3. Certificates granted under 20 & 21 H. 3. not to be transferrable—How far to exempt from Offence, § 2.
4. Proviso for Execution of Persons killed by Robbers, &c. in respect of Reward, &c., § 3.
5. Court empowered to order Payment of Expenses of Prosecution and Wines by Sheriff of County, § 4.
6. Order for Costs to be made by Clerk of Assize, and paid by Treasurer of County, § 6.
7. Copy of Notice to be given also to Overseers of Poor, who are to prosecute, § 5.
8. To whom Costs shall be paid, § 8.
9. In Places, which do not contribute to County Rate and have no Public Stock, a separate Rate to be levied for purposes of A.S., § 9.

10. Where Sums are too small to be raised by a separate Rate, such Sums shall be paid out of Poor's Rate—Provided, where more Parishes than one in same District, 59 G. 3. c. 70. § 10.
11. Felonies committed on Canal Navigations may be prosecuted in any County through which the Navigations pass: and Persons so tried and convicted, to be subject to the like Fines and Penalties as if tried in the County where Fact committed, 59 G. 3. c. 27.
12. To facilitate the Trial of Felonies committed on Stage Coaches and Stage Waggons, and other such Carriages, and of Felonies committed on the Boundaries of Counties, 59 G. 3. c. 94.
13. Indictments for Felonies committed on Stage Coaches, how to be laid; and the Felonies where to be tried, § 1.
14. How Indictments shall be laid for Felonies committed on the Boundaries of Counties; and the Felonies where to be tried, § 2.

II. Felonies without Clergy, created by particular Acts of Parliament.

1. Forging Certificates, Bills, &c. for Pay of Navy Officers, 57 G. 3. c. 23. § 10.
2. Forgery or altering, or knowingly uttering forged, &c. Certificates, &c. of Commissioners for issuing Exchange Bills for carrying on Public Works, &c. 57 G. 3. c. 34. § 64.
3. Fraudulently entering any House, &c. with intent to deliver, &c. or render useless any Machinery or Goods therein, 57 G. 3. c. 124. § 2.
4. *Prior Money, &c.*—Persons falsely affixing the Names or Characters of others entitled to Pay or Prior Money, in order to receive the same; or counterfeiting Letters of Attorney, &c. or uttering such Letters of Attorney, &c.; or taking a false Oath to obtain Probate or Letters of Administration, in order to receive Pay or Prior Money, 57 G. 3. c. 127. § 4.—59 G. 3. c. 94. § 18.

Fish and Fisheries.

1. To enable His Majesty to make Regulations with respect to the taking and curing of Fish in certain Parts of the Coasts of *Waglanland, Labrador, and His Majesty's other Possessions in North America*, according to a Convention between His Majesty and the United States of America, 59 G. 3. c. 37. § 1.
2. Foreigners, and Persons in Foreign Vessels, (not certified by previous Treaty,) not to fish within a certain Distance of any British Harbour in America not included in the Limits prescribed by the Convention, § 2.
3. American Fisheries may enter such Harbours for the purposes mentioned in A.S. subject to such Regulations as may be made to prevent the Abuse of the Treaty, § 3.
4. Penalty on refusing, when required, to answer, or on disobeying Orders, § 4.
5. Limitation of Prosecution, § 5.

See also IRELAND, (Fisheries, 59.)

Acts for the Encouragement of the British Fisheries.

1. *Southern Whale Fishery.*—For continuing the Privileges allowed to Ships employed in the Southern Whale Fishery, 59 G. 3. c. 112.
2. *Grand Canal Fisheries.*—Stat. 26 G. 3. c. 42. § 1, repealed so far as respects the Oaths to be taken by Masters of Vessels, 58 G. 3. c. 19. § 1.—Formerly to granting Licences under that A.S. the Owner and Masters of Vessels to make Oath for the Performance of certain Particulars, § 2.—Taking the Oath is by this A.S. sufficient to authorize the granting of fishing Licences, and Payment of Bounties, *And.*

Grand

Overland Fisheries.—The Accounts of Ships employed therein, required to be presented to Parliament by Commissioners of Customs, are to be performed by the proper Officer, who prepares such Accounts called of Commissioners, 55 G. 3. c. 103. § 2.

Fish Carts.

1. Horses drawing them are exempted from the Post Horse Duty, 57 G. 3. c. 59. § 23.

Fish Carers. See Salt, 84—57.74, 73. 94—116.

Fleet Prison. See Warden of the Fleet.

Foreign Service.

1. To prevent the sailing or Engagement of His Majesty's Subjects to serve in Foreign Service, and the fitting out or equipping, in His Majesty's Dominions, Vessels for Warlike Purposes, without His Majesty's Licence, 55 G. 3. c. 69.
2. Recited Acts repealed, § 1.
3. Subjects sailing after the times specified in A.D., or engaging to sail, or serve in Foreign Service, Naval or Military; or accepting a Commission, &c.; or engaging to go, or going into Foreign Countries with intent to sail, &c.; or recruiting or procuring others to sail, are respectively guilty of a Misdemeanor, § 2, 3.
4. Justices to issue Warrants for the Apprehension of Offenders—Offences where to be tried, § 4.
5. Where Offences are committed out of the United Kingdom, Justice to issue Warrant for Apprehension of Offender, § 4.
6. Vessels, with Persons on board engaged in Foreign Service, may be detained at any Port in His Majesty's Dominions, § 5.
7. Of what Circumstances Oath to be made, § 5.
8. gen. Penalty on Masters of Vessels, &c. taking on board Persons without consent to A.D., § 6.
9. Persons fitting out Armed Vessels to aid in Military Operations with any Foreign Powers, without Licence, or being Commissions for Ships, guilty of a Misdemeanor—Ships forfeited, and may be seized by Officers of Customs or Excise, § 7.
10. Adding the Warlike Employment of Vessels of Foreign States, &c. a Misdemeanor, § 6.
11. Offences committed out of the Kingdom to be tried at Westminster, § 4.
12. Recovery and Apprehension of Penalties, &c., § 10.
13. Former Rules established by Law to be applied to Adverses commenced in pursuance of this A.D., § 11.
14. Penalties not to extend to Persons serving into Military Service in Africa, § 12.

Forests.

1. For showing and assessing 55 G. 3. c. 100. to improve the Land Revenue of the Crown, &c. for an estate in the Forest of Breckland, in the County of Breckland, and for voting in His Majesty's estate Parts of the said Forest, and for inclosing the said Forest, 58 G. 3. c. 59.
2. For regulating the Exercise of the Right of Common of Pasture in the New Forest, in the County of Southampton, for repealing certain Parts of 55 G. 3. c. 100, and 58 G. 3. c. 101. and for the better Collection and Recovery of the Oak Rime in the Forest of Dean, in the County of Gloucester, 59 G. 3. c. 66.

France.

1. To repeal 34 G. 3. c. 42. for the Punishment of Persons destroying Stock or Live France, and to make [full May. 1. 1800.] other Provisions in lieu thereof, 57 G. 3. c. 126. § 1, 2.
2. Persons forcibly entering any House, &c. with intent to cut, break or destroy, or render useless, &c. any Frame-Work, &c. to be guilty of Felony without Benefit of Clergy, § 2.

Friendly Societies.

1. The Provisions of 36 G. 3. c. 90. and 50 G. 3. c. 158. extended to Persons to the Coast of Chancery in Cases of Friendly Societies, 57 G. 3. c. 59.
2. Friendly Societies may subscribe any Portion of their Funds into the Funds of President Institutions, 57 G. 3. c. 150. § 6.
3. Members of Friendly Societies not liable as Forfeiture to such Societies, by subscribing to any Saving Bank, § 12.
4. For the further Protection and Encouragement of Friendly Societies, and for preventing Frauds and Abuses therein, 55 G. 3. c. 128.
5. Future Societies not to have the Benefits of former A.D., which consolidated according to this A.D., § 1.
6. Rules and Tables of Friendly Societies to be confirmed at General Quarter Sessions, and sealed according to 43 G. 3. c. 54—Proviso as to confirming Tables of Payments and Benefits, § 2.
7. Quarter Sessions may publish General Rules for the Formation and Government of such Societies, and Petty Sessions may do likewise, § 3.
8. Appointment of Treasurers, in whose the Society's Property is to be vested, and who may bring and defend Actions, which are not to abate by Death or Removal of Treasurers, § 4.
9. Alteration of Rules, by Memorial to Sessions, § 5.
10. Treasurer and other Officers to be appointed—Bonds, &c. to be exempt from Stamp Duty, § 6.
11. Restrictions upon Dissolution of Society and Division of Funds, § 8.
12. Place of Meeting, and Powers and Duties of Members, to be specified in the Rules, subject to the Provisions of this A.D., and not to 57 G. 3. c. 54—§ 2.
13. Funds may be subscribed into Saving Bank, or into Bank of England, to Account of Commissioners of National Debt, on Declaration of Treasurers—Custody to receive and place such Money to account, § 10, 11.
14. Treasurers may vote Funds of Society in Public Funds, or on Real Security, § 12.
15. Treasurers not to be inflexible, unless they declare their Consent in Writing, § 13.
16. In case of Application of Deficiency of Funds, Treasurers may apply to Quarter Sessions, who may make Order therein, subject to Appeal, which shall be final, § 14.
17. In Cases of Complaint of Widows and Children of deceased Members, Justices to have Jurisdiction, § 15.
18. 53 G. 3. c. 154. and 49 G. 3. c. 125. applicable to this A.D., § 16.

Fuller's Earth and Felling Clay.

1. Their Articles, when carried Coastwise, shall be liable to all the Regulations imposed by 50 G. 3. c. 50. on Goods prohibited to be exported, 57 G. 3. c. 57. § 2.

Funds. See IRELAND, (Funds).

G.

Game.

1. For preventing Persons going armed by Night to the Destruction of Game, 37 G. 3. c. 20.
2. Persons found at certain times, within any Forest, &c. with intent to destroy, kill or take Game, and armed, deemed guilty of a Misdemeanour, and to be punished with Transportation for Seven Years or otherwise; and Offenders returning, to be transported for Life, § 1.
3. Rangers, Keepers, &c. may apprehend Offenders, and deliver them to a Peace Officer, § 1.
4. Justice on Informations, &c. may, in default of Bail, commit all Quarter Sessions or Just Delivery, § 2.
5. Persons found in Forest at Night, with Engines, &c. for destroying Game, may be taken before a Justice, § 3.
6. For the more effectual Prevention of Offences connected with the unlawful Destruction and Sale of Game, 39 G. 3. c. 73.
7. Penalty on buying Game, § 1.
8. Persons buying or selling, or unlawfully having Game, interfering, discharged from Penalties, except in the Case of Professions pending, § 2.
9. Penalties under the Act may be paid for to the sole Use of Professions, § 3.
10. Limitation of Professions—No Double Profession, § 3.
11. For further regulating the Appointment of Game Keepers in Wales, 39 G. 3. c. 103.
12. Persons possessing certain Property may appoint Game Keepers, § 1.
13. Such Game Keepers not subject to Penalties under former Acts, § 2.
14. No Power to grant Licence to Hunt in Manors, unless Lands enfranchised, &c. without Licence of Owner of Manors, § 1.
15. Lords, &c. of extensive Manors, and Sheriffs of the Crown, may appoint Game Keepers for Districts, § 3.
16. Persons granting Appointments may send the issue, and give others in lieu thereof, § 4.
17. Penalties respecting Persons killing Game without Certificate, and for the Crown, § 5.
18. Under Game Keeper not to be added as an additional Service, but to be added as one *per annum*, 39 G. 3. c. 118 § 5.

Gauls.

- I. Acts relating to Gauls in general.
- II. Acts for erecting County and other Gauls.

I. Acts relating to Gauls in general.

1. Justice in Session may assign a larger Salary than paid (fixed by 33 G. 3. c. 48. § 2), not to exceed 100*l.* *per Annum*, to Chaplains of Gauls and Houses of Correction, 38 G. 3. c. 32. § 1.
2. And not exceeding 150*l.* to Chaplains of Gauls and Houses of Correction, § 2.

II. Acts for erecting County and other Gauls.

1. *Albion.* Erecting additional Gaul, New Court House, &c. 39 G. 3. c. 200*l.*
2. *Leicester.* Erecting Gaul and House of Correction, 38 G. 3. c. 11.

3. *Peckley.* Amending 37 G. 3. for erecting a Gaul, Court House, &c. 38 G. 3. c. 11.

Gauger.

1. For granting an Equivalent for the Dismission of the Profits of the Office of Gauger of the City of London, 39 G. 3. c. 18.

Glass.

1. So much of 49 G. 3. c. 69, for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making certain Kinds of Glass, and for granting others in lieu thereof, as was contained by subsequent Acts, revised and further continued until July 5. 1830, 38 G. 3. c. 11. § 1. [To July 5. 1830, by 39 G. 3. c. 104. § 1. See 30. *et seq.* infra.]
2. 31 G. 3. c. 69, for granting Duties on Glass, revised and further continued till July 5. 1830, § 2.
3. 30*l.* Penalty on Persons having Places for making or keeping Stacks, within the Distance of a Mile from any entered House for keeping Glass, § 3.
4. Act altered, &c. § 4.
5. To alter the Allowance for broken Plate Glass, and to except the Manufacturers of certain Glass Wares from Penalties for not being licensed, 38 G. 3. c. 33.
6. The Allowance under 35 G. 3. c. 108. repealed, and in lieu thereof, an Allowance not exceeding 120*wt.* out of Ounces Weight of Metal, for each broken to Pieces; subject to former Regulations, § 1.
7. Persons carrying on the Business of a Deep Finisher, making Entry of their Workshop, &c. with the proper Officer, and observing the Regulations required, not subject to the Penalty for not taking out a Licence as a Glass Maker, § 2.
8. Casks or Wads Glass found in the Possession of such Persons, forfeited, and 50*l.* Penalty, § 3.
9. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 4.
10. To continue (to July 5. 1830.) certain Laws of Excise with regard to Crown Glass, and Flint and Phial Glass, and to alter certain Laws with respect to Flint Glass, 39 G. 3. c. 104.
11. 49 G. 3. c. 69, as continued by revised Acts, further continued to July 5. 1830; and 31 G. 3. c. 69, as continued by the said Acts, further continued till July 5. 1830, § 1, 2.
12. Makers of Flint or Phial Glass to provide Boxes or Vells, and put therein all the Chalk Metal and Waste Glass, and Shavings of such Weekly Making; and to keep the same, except when taken out to be pressed in the Presence of the Officers, who shall take an Account of every Weekly Making, &c.—100*l.* Penalty on Maker offending as mentioned in Act, &c. § 3.
13. If, in weighing Vells of Flint or Phial Glass of Weekly Making, and Chalk Metal, &c. the Weight produced shall not amount to 98 Parts of 100 Parts of Good Quantity of Metal put into Pot, Deficiency to be charged with Duty, § 4.
14. Makers to keep sufficient Scales and Weights for Officers taking Account, and to allow them in weighing the Metal, § 5.
15. 100*l.* Penalty on Maker neglecting, &c. or hindering Officers, &c. and 50*l.* Penalty on using False Weights, &c. § 6.
16. No Penalty for not refusing Chalk Metal, &c. declared by Supervisor to be Rubble Glass, or for not refusing Coloured or Stained Glass till sent Making, on the next but one following, § 6.

23. No Duty for Deficiency of Glass, occasioned by considerable Loss of Metal, 59 G. 3. c. 224. § 6.
24. No Penalty for not refilling Metal melted out of the Pot, if kept separate, &c., § 6.
25. Contaminance of Ash, § 7.
26. To repeal the Duties and Drawbacks of English on Flints or Shards of Plate Glass, and to impose other Duties and Drawbacks in lieu thereof, 59 G. 3. c. 115.
27. Duties and Drawbacks payable in Great Britain, or allowed by recent Acts, on Materials used in making Plate Glass, &c. of a certain Thickness, and on certain Plate Glass imported from Ireland, repealed; and in lieu thereof, other Duties and Drawbacks to be paid and allowed, to be under the Comptrolleers of Exchequer, carried to Consolidated Fund, and recovered as under former Acts; the Powers whereof are extended to this Act, § 1. § 2. § 3.
28. Not to repeal other Duties, otherwise than as heretofore mentioned, § 3.
29. Notice to be given to Officer before Glass or Metal taken out of Pot, on Penalty of 100*l.* for Neglect, or unduly selling before or after Notice given, § 3.
30. Treasury may prescribe Regulations for better Selection of Glass for Optical Instruments, § 4.
31. Good Penalty, and Forfeits with, for crossing, &c. Hosts for making or keeping Sculls or other Sorts of Glass within One Mile of each other; and also on Maker of Sculls making any other Kind of Glass, § 8.
32. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 9.

See Carriage, 3.—*Mineral Glass.*

Greenwich Hospital.

1. To settle the Share of Prize Money, Donors of Admiralty and Bounty Money payable to Greenwich Hospital, and for forwarding to the said Hospital all unclaimed Shares of Vessels found wrecked, and of Bounties for Branch of Revenue, Colonial, Navigation, and Slave Abolition Laws, 57 G. 3. c. 127.
2. Greenwich Hospital intitled to 5 per Cent. on Prizes as mentioned in Act, and on Grants to Navy or Marine, and on Bounty Money, Bounties and Donors of Admiralty, § 1.
3. Prize Agents to retain and pay over to the Treasurer 5 per Cent. on the Net Proceeds of Prizes, &c., § 2.
4. Receiver of Donors of Admiralty to pay over 5 per Cent. on the Proceeds to the Treasurer in like manner, § 3.
5. Such per Centage appropriated to the Current Expenses of the Hospital, § 5.
6. Profane Liability affecting the Names or Characters of others intitled to Pay or Prize Money, in order to recover the same; or counterfeiting Letters of Attorney, or entering such Letters of Attorney; or taking a false Oath to obtain Probate of Wills or Letters of Administration, in order to receive Pay or Prize Money—Death, § 4.
7. The Hospital intitled to all forfeited and unclaimed Shares, § 5.
8. Agents for Distribution of Proceeds, &c. to be subject to the Regulations of 54 G. 3. c. 25—§ 6.
9. Payment of Prize Money on Order, confined to the Treasurer and Clerk of the Cheque of Greenwich Hospital, 59 G. 3. c. 62. § 2.
10. Payment of Bids for Out Prizes, may be directed to, and made by Deputies to the Treasurer, § 7.
11. Certificates on Bills drawn by Treasurer, &c. to be attested by Deputy only, § 8.
12. Navy Agents to send Lists of Orders for Prize Money, received from Non-Commissioned Officers, &c. to the distributing Agent; and Shares due under such Orders to be

- paid over with unclaimed Shares, to be retained by Treasurer, &c., 57 G. 3. c. 127. § 9.
13. Directors of Greenwich Hospital empowered to pay over to the Royal Embroiderers & Milliners, &c., Bounties remaining, of Proceeds of Capures made on Attack of Dutch Fleet in 1795, § 10.
14. Greenwich Hospital intitled for such Payments, § 11.

H.

Hackney Coaches and Chariots.

1. Horses drawing Hackney Coaches, &c. are exempted from the Duty on Poll Taxes, 57 G. 3. c. 59. § 12.
2. The same Licences to serve for a Coach or Chariot—What such Licence is to express, 57 G. 3. c. 125. § 1.
3. Penalty on Holder of Hackney Coach Licence driving more than One Carriage at the same time, § 2.
4. Coachman not to charge more than the Sum agreed for, though he exceeds the Distance, § 3.

Harbours, Ports, Lighthouses, Roadsteads, Bays, Docks, Dock Yards, &c. &c.

1. *Anglesea (Isle.)* Improving Lighthouses on, 55 G. 3. c. 222.
2. *Ayr.* Harbour. Improving and maintaining, 57 G. 3. c. 22.
3. *Bishopsc.* Harbour. Improving, 57 G. 3. c. 122.
4. *Bath.* Harbour. Improving, 59 G. 3. c. 16.
5. *Commercial Docks.* (Surveys) Amending 59 G. 3. c. 224. and 51 G. 3. c. 122. for maintaining and improving them, 57 G. 3. c. 122.
6. *Dundee.* Improving Harbour, 59 G. 3. c. 222.
7. *Faldour.* Altering and amending 47 G. 3. 56*l.* c. 12. for constructing a Pier and Harbour, &c., 58 G. 3. c. 221.
8. *Fraggleburgh.* Repairing and maintaining Harbour, 58 G. 3. c. 222.
9. *Greenwich.* Improving Town and Harbour, &c., 57 G. 3. c. 221.
10. *Kilbuck.* Harbour. Explaining 51 G. 3. c. 122*l.* for improving, 58 G. 3. c. 122.
11. *Liverpool.* Harbour. Amending several Acts relative to, 59 G. 3. c. 222.
12. *LONDON DOCKS.* Amending several Acts for making, 58 G. 3. c. 121.
13. *Newcastle-upon-Tyne.* Regulating the loading of Ships with Coal in that Port, 57 G. 3. c. 222.
14. *New Aberdeen.* Harbour. Improving, 59 G. 3. c. 221.
15. *Pennant.* Fixing, &c. Harbour Docks, 57 G. 3. c. 223.
16. *Purbeck.* Erecting and maintaining a Harbour, 58 G. 3. c. 121.
17. *Sunderland.* Harbour. Improvement of, 59 G. 3. c. 221.

Hearnes.

1. Horses drawing them are subject to the Poll Horse Duty, 57 G. 3. c. 59. § 12.

High Treason, See Treason.

Highway Robbery, See Felony, I.

End

Holy Orders, See Colonies.

Honduras.

1. To amend 37 G. 3. c. 35. for the more effectual Punishment of Murders, Manslaughters, Rapes, Robberies and Burglaries, committed in Places not within His Majesty's Dominions, so far as relates to the Trial of Murders, Manslaughters, Rapes, Robberies and Murders, committed in Honduras, 37 G. 3. c. 44.
2. All Murders, &c. committed on Land in the Bay of Honduras, to be tried there under a Commission under the Great Seal, &c.
3. Powers of the Commissioners appointed under the Commission, &c.
4. Fees to which Persons convicted liable, &c.
5. Penalties for Stat. 35 H. 8. c. 15—4 1.
6. Act altered, &c. &c. &c.

Horses.

1. The reduced Duties payable under 38 G. 3. c. 56. as Horses used for the purposes therein mentioned, continued till April 3. 1819. 38 G. 3. c. 56. § 1. continued to April 3. 1821. by 39 G. 3. c. 13. § 1.
2. In what Cases Persons having Forces of less rated Value than 50*l*, whereof Part shall be lost, are not excluded from the Benefit as reduced Allowance, &c.
3. Duties on Horses used by Butchers reduced, 39 G. 3. c. 13. § 2.
4. Duties payable on Horses not exceeding Thirteen Hands high, &c.
5. Mares kept for Breeding exempted, and Horses bred by the Seller, &c. &c.
6. New Duties imposed on Horses kept for Baiting, and on Males employed in carrying Oats, &c., &c.
7. Penalties for letting or letting Horses for the purpose of Agriculture, &c. &c.
8. On Appeal, Treason coming into Occupation at or after Midsummer, discharged from Malt of several Assize, &c.

Hydrometer.

1. To repeal 36 G. 3. c. 120. (except as to Penalties incurred thereunder), for establishing the Use of Sikes's Hydrometer, in ascertaining the Strength of Spirits, instead of Clark's Hydrometer, and for making other Provision in lieu thereof, 36 G. 3. c. 120.

I.

Importation and Exportation.

1. The 46 G. 3. c. 110. for granting an additional Bounty on the Exportation of Silk Manufactures of Great Britain, continued (to July 1. 1825.) 57 G. 3. c. 19.
2. To repeal, during Peace, 3 G. 1. c. 15. § 5. which prohibits the Exportation of Pig and Bar Iron, and certain Naval Stores, unless the Pro-captain thereof be first offered to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, 57 G. 3. c. 19.
3. The Stat. 7 G. 2. c. 18. for continuing the free Importation of Cockshill and Ladges, continued (to March 25. 1820.) 37 G. 3. c. 39.
4. The Duties on Buck Wheat imported, repealed, and other Duties granted in lieu thereof [till March 25. 1821.] 57 G. 3. c. 37.

5. To extend the Powers of 52 G. 3. c. 70. and 53 G. 3. c. 50. and permit Fruits and Vegetables, the Produce of the United States of North America, to be imported into the Island of Bermuda, under the Regulations of named Acts, and so permit Rum and Molasses to be exported thence, 57 G. 3. c. 58.
6. To amend to Newfoundland the Provisions of 52 G. 3. c. 100. and to authorize the Exportation of European Commodities, &c. from Newfoundland to the West Indies, and vice versa, 57 G. 3. c. 12.
7. To allow British Goods to be exported direct from this Country to the United States of America, upon the same Terms as when exported to any Foreign Country, 37 G. 3. c. 51.
8. From July 3. 1815. the same Duties payable on the Exportation of British Goods to America, as are payable on the like Exportation to any Foreign Country, &c.
9. Where a greater Duty has been paid, the Treasury shall make the same to be repaid, &c.
10. Continuance of Act, &c.
11. To allow the Exportation of Woolen or Ray Yarn from Ireland to Great Britain, by License obtained there, 37 G. 3. c. 73.
12. To extend several Acts for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandise to Porto Maria, in the Island of Jamaica, and the Port of Bridgetown, in the Island of Barbadoes, 57 G. 3. c. 74.
13. To permit (until Nov. 14. 1817.) the Importation of Corn and other Articles in any Ship and from any Country; to permit such Articles as may have been warehoused for Exportation only, to be entered for Home Consumption, and for indemnifying all Persons who have given Discharge for the Importation of Corn and other Articles, or the taking of the same out of Warehouses free of Duty, and who have acted in obedience thereto, 57 G. 3. c. 83.
14. To permit Father's Earth, Felling Clay, and Tobacco Pipe Clay, to be carried Coastwise under certain Restrictions, 37 G. 3. c. 88.
15. For limiting the time now allowed by Law, for Production of the Certificate of due Delivery of Goods removed from one Warehousing Port in Great Britain to another for the purpose of Exportation; and for altering the House of Shipping Goods in the Port of London, &c. 37 G. 3. c. 106.
16. The Certificate of Bond required by 30 G. 3. c. 64. § 2. shall be to produce Certificate within Two, instead of Three Months, &c.
17. Goods may be taken on board Vessels before and until Sunset, from Sept. 30. to March 1. in any Year, &c.
18. Collections, &c. at any other Port than London may permit, Goods to be removed from one Warehouse to another in any Port of Great Britain (except London), under such Regulations as the Treasury may deem necessary, subject to 52 G. 3. c. 122—4 2.
19. To indemnify all Persons who have been concerned in adding, taking, or carrying into execution any Order or Orders for permitting the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods in Foreign Bunkers into and out of certain of His Majesty's West India Islands, 58 G. 3. c. 7. § 2.
20. If any Address be brought, Proceedings may be stayed on summary Application—Double Costs, &c.
21. To allow for Three Years, and until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, the Importation into Port-au-Prince appointed by His Majesty within the Provinces of New Spain and New Granada of the Articles enumerated in Act, and the Re-exportation thereof from such Ports, 58 G. 3. c. 19.
22. To revive and continue (to March 25. 1825.) 49 G. 3. c. 25.

- c. 27, to permit the Importation of Tobacco from any Place whatever, 59 G. 3. c. 59.
23. To continue [16 July 1. 1823.] 48 G. 3. c. 27, for permitting the Exportation of Wool from the *British Plantations in America*, 59 G. 3. c. 14.
24. To make perpetual 44 G. 3. c. 101, for permitting the Exportation of Salt from the Port of *Nylin*, in the Island of *St. Vincent*, the Ports of *Lucena* and *Crooked Island*, in the *Antigua Islands*, in *American Ships* coming in Ballast, 59 G. 3. c. 18.
25. To carry into effect a Convention of Commerce between His Majesty and the United States of *America*, and a Treaty with the Prince Regent of *Portugal*, 59 G. 3. c. 54.
26. Recited Acts repealed, 4 1.
27. Goods of the Produce of the United States, imported in *American Vessels*, to pay the like Duties as if imported in *British Vessels*, 4 2.
28. Goods so imported in *American* built Vessels may be sold by Auction free of that Duty, except in certain Cases, 4 2.
29. The same Duties payable on the Exportation of Goods as *British* built Vessels to *America*, as to *Europe*, 4 4.
30. The same Bounties allowed on the Exportation of Goods in *American* built Vessels as in *British* built, 4 5.
31. Vessels of *American* Built allowed to clear out for certain *British* Settlements in the *East Indies*, subject to the same Regulations as *British* built Vessels, 4 6.
32. Proviso for Package, &c. payable to the City of *London*, or any other Corporation, 4 7.
33. Duties leviable on *American* and *Portuguese* Vessels entering the Ports of this Kingdom, to be the same as those payable on certain *British* built Vessels, 4 8.
34. Certain Corporations to be paid the Difference of Duties on *British* and foreign Vessels, out of the Consolidated Fund, 4 9.
35. Duties of Package, &c. payable to the Corporation of *London* on account of *American* or *Portuguese* Subjects, payable in like manner out of the Consolidated Fund of *Scotland*, 4 10.
36. Continuance, &c. of Act, 4 11, 12.
37. *American* Ruffs may be imported into the Island of *St. Helena*, and Articles the Produce of *St. Helena* may be exported to the United States, 59 G. 3. c. 35.
38. To allow the Importation of Tobacco from the *East Indies* and other Places, and for confirming the Exportation of Tobacco from *Great Britain* and the Importation thereof into *Ireland*, in Vessels of 70 Tons Burthen and upwards, 59 G. 3. c. 34.
39. Tobacco may be imported from the *East Indies* in *British* Vessels, but in Casks of not less than 100 lbs., and not in Bags or Packages within each Cask, under certain Provisions, 4 1.
40. Unmanufactured Tobacco may be imported from the Place of its Growth in any Country whatever, either in *British* built Vessels or Vessels of the Country whence imported, &c., 4 2.
41. No Tobacco to be exported from *Great Britain*, nor imported into *Ireland*, in any Vessel under 70 Tons Burthen, on Penalty of 200*l.* for each Entry of Tonnage, 1 3 4.
42. Recovery and Application of Penalties, 1 5.

Inclosures, Draining, Embanking, and Improving of Commons, Waste Lands and Marshes.

- I. General Enactments relative to Inclosures.
- II. Particular Acts for inclosing, &c. in various Counties.

- I. General Enactments relative to Inclosures.
1. In what Cases Allotments may be made under Inclosure Acts in Fee Farm Rents, payable in respect of Land Tax purchased, 57 G. 3. c. 100. 1 20.
2. Provisions of 41 G. 3. c. 109, and all other Inclosure Acts applicable to Allotments so made, 4 12.
- II. Particular Acts for inclosing, &c. in various Counties, viz.
1. **BEDFORD.** Bedford Level, according the Final Survey, &c. the Middle and South Levels, 58 G. 3. c. 291*h*.
2. **BRISTOL.** Small Marina, inclosing Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 18. (Pr.)
3. **BUCKINGHAM.** Bray, White Waltham, Sharnbrook, Lawrence Waltham, Ringfield, Rylands, Wargrave, Ranscombe and Marley Parklands, and the Liberties of Whiffles and Great Marlow, draining and improving, 58 G. 3. c. 1.
4. **BRIDGEMORE.** Beardsall Field, inclosing, &c. altering and amending 57 G. 3. c. 190—58 G. 3. c. 99.
5. **CAMBRIDGE.** Draining and preferring Part of the South Level (Part of Bedford Great Level). Extending 7 G. 2. c. 15, and 19 G. 3. c. 34—59 G. 3. c. 10*h* &c.
7. **CHESTER.** Delaware Marsh, inclosing, amending Two Acts, 58 G. 3. c. 21*h*.
8. **CUMBERLAND.** Apperton, Beardsfield, and Abellons, re-paving Part of 35 G. 3. c. 128, for inclosing Lands in the Manor of Apperton, 57 G. 3. c. 5. (Pr.)
9. ———— *Aspley Marsh*, inclosing Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 9. (Pr.)
10. ———— *Kelvin and Ardara Marsh*, inclosing Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 2. (Pr.)
11. **DARBY.** Common Wood, in the Liberty of the Borough of *High*, improving Lands, 57 G. 3. c. 35. (Pr.)
12. **DARBY.** Ballington Township, inclosing Lands, 57 G. 3. c. 25. (Pr.)
13. ———— *Barlow Manor*, inclosing Lands, 57 G. 3. c. 34. (Pr.)
14. ———— *Marbury*, inclosing Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 12. (Pr.)
15. ———— *Olds Hill and Great Green*, inclosing Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 17. (Pr.)
16. **DEVON.** *Rancliffe and Littleton Down* Common, in the Parish of *Alton*, inclosing 57 G. 3. c. 18. (Pr.)
17. **DORSET.** *Lytcher Marverton and Lytcher Mingle*, inclosing Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 35. (Pr.)
18. **GLOUCESTER.** *Marston Palace*, and *Pelton*, inclosing Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 15. (Pr.)
19. ———— *Snow*, inclosing Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 1. (Pr.)
20. **HAMPSHIRE.** *Osney Parish*, inclosing Lands, 57 G. 3. c. 6. (Pr.)
21. ———— *Willy Township*, inclosing Lands, 57 G. 3. c. 8. (Pr.)
22. ———— *Marston, Lower Saint Michael, Sutton Saint Nicholas*, and *Widlington*, amending Inclosure Acts, 58 G. 3. c. 17. (Pr.)
23. **HUNTINGDON.** *Ranby Manor and Peths*, altering, &c. 58 G. 3. c. 52, for altering, draining, &c. 58 G. 3. c. 21*h*.
24. **HUNTINGDON.**

Ingloures.

24. **HARTFORD.** *Talling, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 18. (Pr.)*
25. **KENT.** *Adaptive Freight or Freight, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 31. (Pr.)*
26. **LANCASHIRE.** *Trenowle Township, 59 G. 3. c. 13. (Pr.)*
27. **LANCASHIRE.** *Farrington Mole, Inc. including, 59 G. 3. c. 19. (Pr.)*
28. **LINCOLN.** *South Holland, draining Lands in, according, No. 37 G. 3. c. 109.—59 G. 3. c. 110.*
29. **—** *Egft and Wylf Widdowr Pans, and Low Lands on both Sides of the River Fitham, including more efficient several Acts for draining, 58 G. 3. c. 10.*
30. **—** *Greenland Common, draining, Inc. and also certain Waste Lands near Greenland, according, 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 108.—58 G. 3. c. 109.*
31. **—** *Abingdon, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 40. (Pr.)*
32. **MIDDLESEX.** *Cranford, including Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 1. (Pr.)*
33. **—** *Stonewick, Hylen, and Tuckersham, including Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 10. (Pr.)*
34. **—** *Bartholomew, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 33. (Pr.)*
35. **NORFOLK.** *Norton and Hockingham, and for draining Lands in Norton, 59 G. 3. c. 10.*
36. **—** *Expiation, Cally, Bawingham, and Sargworth, including Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 11. (Pr.)*
37. **—** *Bartholomew, Cally, Wickham, and Wood Dalling, including Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 19. (Pr.)*
38. **—** *Great Molen, also Molen Sain Mary, and All Saints, 58 G. 3. c. 14. (Pr.)*
39. **—** *Middle and South Lands (Part of Bedford Lord) improving the Drainage of, according, No. Second Acts, 59 G. 3. c. 108.*
40. **—** *Egft Radham, Wylf Radham, and Redingham, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 14. (Pr.)*
41. **—** *Aspham, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 38. (Pr.)*
42. **—** *Wylf Widen, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 36. (Pr.)*
43. **NORTHAMPTON.** *Ragles in the Hill Parish, including and concerning from Tithes, 59 G. 3. c. 11. (Pr.)*
44. **—** *Stoughton Fox Common, and Four Hundred Acre Common, draining, Inc. and forming a new Parish, according, 58 G. 3. c. 108.—59 G. 3. c. 109.*
45. **NORTHAMPTON.** *Egft Drayton, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 10. (Pr.)*
46. **OXFORD.** *Littlemore Township, allotting Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 11. (Pr.)*
47. **—** *Falloway Parish, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 28. (Pr.)*
48. **—** *Nels, allotting Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 11. (Pr.)*
49. **SALOP.** *Stanton Lacy and Shropshire, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 19. (Pr.)*
50. **—** *Norton in Stone, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 41. (Pr.)*

Ingloures.

51. **SOMERSET.** *Drayton, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 1. (Pr.)*
52. **—** *Cannockbury, Panton, Walsford, Bursall, Cherrish, Ewington, West St. Lawrence, and Tiverton, draining and improving, 59 G. 3. c. 108.*
53. **—** *Marston and Mordley, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 11. (Pr.)*
54. **SOUTHAMPTON.** *Hayfever Terrace, carrying out a limited Right of Common, and allotting other in lieu thereof, 58 G. 3. c. 29. (Pr.)*
55. **SUFFOLK.** *Exford, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 2. (Pr.)*
56. **—** *Titchmarsh, including Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 6. (Pr.)*
57. **—** *Walsden & Wilton, including Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 19. (Pr.)*
58. **—** *Lakenham, including and allotting Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 29. (Pr.)*
59. **SURREY.** *Bodleyham Manor, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 11. (Pr.)*
60. **WESTMORLAND.** *Underbarrow and Broadfield Manors, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 14. (Pr.)*
61. **WILT.** *Lowerford Parish, including the Tithes of Ford, including Lands, Inc. 58 G. 3. c. 3. (Pr.)*
62. **—** *Danston, South, Parish, including Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 4. (Pr.)*
63. **—** *Bradford, including Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 26. (Pr.)*
64. **—** *Redburn Tithing, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 3. (Pr.)*
65. **—** *Derlington and Roughton, allotting Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 13. (Pr.)*
66. **WORCESTER.** *Cydon or Cydon Radon, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 4. (Pr.)*
67. **YORK, (County of.)** *Thorton in Grover, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 30. (Pr.)*
68. **YORK, (Egft.)** *Ston Township, including Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 20. (Pr.)*
69. **—** *Winton cum Barrofton and Barrofton, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 29. (Pr.)*
70. **YORK, (Wylf.)** *Emby Manor, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 3. (Pr.)*
71. **—** *Barnes Salms Township, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 7. (Pr.)*
72. **—** *Milton Manor, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 10. (Pr.)*
73. **—** *Middle or Milltop, including Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 7. (Pr.)*
74. **—** *Coppring, including Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 4. (Pr.)*
75. **—** *Southwark, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 2. (Pr.)*
76. **—** *Fagton, including Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 16. (Pr.)*

India, See East India Company, Marriages.

Indigo.

1. The Stat. 7 G. 2. c. 18. for the free Importation of Indigo and Cochinal, enacted [10 March 25. 1800], 59 G. 3. c. 29.

Insolvent Debtors.

1. The Stat. 55 G. 3. c. 108, 54 G. 3. c. 25. and 56 G. 3. c. 109.

5. Act, for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in England, continued till the End of Three Calendar Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, 59 G. 3. c. 129, § 1.
2. A Commissioner to be appointed, who may appoint Officers, &c.

IRELAND.

Administrators, See Executors.

Assassins.

1. The Stat. 13 & 14 G. 3. (1.) respecting certain Assassins, continued to September 29, 1817, 57 G. 3. c. 38.

Apprentices, See Justices, 6.

Arms.

1. To revise and continue 47 G. 3. §§ 2. c. 54. and 50 G. 3. c. 109. for preventing improper Persons from having Arms in Ireland, (for Two Years and thence till the End of the then next Session of Parliament), 57 G. 3. c. 38.

Assessed Taxes, See Taxes.

Auctions, See Customs, III. Auctions.

Bank of Ireland.

1. To continue, until Three Months after the ending of any Restriction imposed on the Bank of England, from issuing Bills in Payment, the several Acts for confirming and continuing the Restrictions as Payments in Cash by the Bank of Ireland, 57 G. 3. c. 56.
2. To refrain, until the End of the present Session of Parliament, the Bank of Ireland from making Payments in the Gold Coin of the Realm, under certain Notices given by them, 59 G. 3. c. 24. [Continued to June 1, 1823, by 57 G. 3. c. 55, § 1.]
3. Bank of Ireland not to make Payment in Gold Coin, either of Fractional Sums under 10s., or for Notes dated prior to Jan. 1, 1817, 59 G. 3. c. 24, § 1.
4. To continue [to June 1, 1817,] the Restrictions on Payments in Cash by the Bank of Ireland, and to direct the gradual Resumption of Cash Payments by the said Bank, 59 G. 3. c. 55.
5. Restrictions imposed by recited Acts to cease after June 1, 1823, § 1.
6. Between April 5, 1820, and November 1, 1820, Bank to pay in Standard Gold for Notes tendered to an Amount not less than 50000, calculated after the Rate of 4*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.* per 100*l.*, § 1.
7. Between November 1, 1820, and June 1, 1821, such Payments shall be made in Gold, after the Rate of 3*l.* 19*s.* 5*d.* per 100*l.*, § 2.
8. Between June 1, 1821, and June 1, 1823, such Payments shall be made in Gold, calculated after the Rate of 4*l.* 17*s.* 10*d.* per 100*l.*, § 4.
9. But the Bank, between April 5, 1820, and November 1, 1820, and between November 1, 1820, and June 1, 1821, may pay at the Rate mentioned in Act, by giving Three Days Notice in the Dublin Gazette, § 5.

10. Payments not to be required but in Imports or Bars of 500*oz.*, 59 G. 3. c. 55, § 8.
11. Bank may pay in Cash on or after June 1, 1822, § 7.
12. Fractional Sums of less than 40*oz.* to be paid in Silver, § 6.
13. Until June 1, 1823, Bank to deliver as Freely Current in Ireland, Weekly Accounts of Average Amount of their Notes in Circulation; and also a Quarterly Account to be published in the Dublin Gazette, § 9.

Banks for Savings, See Savings Banks.

Benefit of Clergy, See Laymen.

Bowmen, See Customs and Excise, III. Malt.

Cash Payments, See Bank of Ireland.

Chancellor of the Exchequer.

1. His Majesty may grant a Pension to any Person having been Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, and afterwards holding any efficient Office, 57 G. 3. c. 65, § 3.

Clerks of Peace, See Tolls, 3.

Clerk of Peace, See Exchequer.

Collieries, See the General Index, Collieries.

Contagious Diseases.

1. To establish Regulations for Contagious Diseases in Ireland, 57 G. 3. c. 41.
2. Officers of Health, to be annually appointed in Vestries by Inhabitants of large Towns and Cities, to act without Salary, § 1, 2.
3. The same regulation for the Execution of this Act to be called by Parochial Rates; Expeditious thereof to be accounted for, and Copies of Accounts to be transmitted to Dublin, § 2.
4. Parishes, in any Part of Ireland, may appoint Officers and rate Money, § 3.
5. Churchwardens may be elected Officers of Health; but no Person compellable to serve longer than a Year, &c. § 4, 5.
6. On Parishes applying, Sessions to appoint Officers of Health, and issue and rate Money, § 5, 6.
7. Powers of such Officers, as to cleansing Streets, Houses, &c.—Contagious, &c. to act, § 7.
8. On want of Power in Magistrates, or Neglect of Surveyors to cleanse the Streets, the Officers of Health may order them to be cleansed, § 8.
9. Where Magistrates have Power, &c. Officers to give Notices of Neglect to cleanse Streets, &c. § 8.
10. Justices, Churchwardens and Officers of Health, empowered to remove Beggars, &c. or to commit them to the House of Correction—Such Beggars, &c. to be cleansed, and Quarter Sessions may visit such unoccupied House, &c. to be a Place of Confinement for that Purpose, § 9.
11. Not less than 10*z.*, nor more than 5*l.* Penalty, for resisting Orders of Justices or Officers of Health—If not paid, Imprisonment, § 10.
12. In Action for executing this Act, General Issue may be pleaded, &c. § 11.

Consolidated Fund, See the General Index, Consolidated Fund.

Constables.

- To amend 34 G. 3. c. 131, and 55 G. 3. c. 12, to provide for the better Execution of the Laws in Ireland, by appointing superadditing Magistrates and additional Constables in certain Cases, 57 G. 3. c. 22.
- The Lord Lieutenant empowered to appoint Chief and Sub Constables to assist the Magistrates, in certain Provisions; and the Provisions of enacted Acts to extend to such Constables, &c. 2.
- Lord Lieutenant may direct Two Thirds of the Salaries, Expenses, &c. of executing related Acts, to be paid out of Consolidated Fund, and the Residue only to be borne by Parliament, &c.
- Accounts of Proclamations and Appointments, and Expenses, to be laid before Parliament, &c.

Court Houses and Sessions Houses.

- To amend 53 G. 3. c. 121, to make further Regulations for building and repairing Court Houses and Sessions Houses in Ireland, 58 G. 3. c. 30.
- In Case of Parliament, &c. for building Court Houses or Sessions Houses, and Furnishings directed to be made under the Validation of a Jury, the Commissioners under related Act to offer their Warrant to the Sheriff, and the same Proceedings shall take place as directed by 50 G. 3. c. 103—41.
- Where Court House shall be built or enlarged within a County of a City or Town, where Assess, &c. have usually been held, such Court House shall be deemed Part of the County at large, &c.
- Act may be altered, &c. &c.

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE.

- Acts in force for granting Duties.
- Importing, Exporting and Warehousing of Goods.
- Acts relating to particular Subjects.

I. Acts in force for granting Duties.

- Additional Duty of 3s. 6d. per lb. Weight, to be paid on Corks imported, 58 G. 3. c. 18, &c.
- Such Duties have to be levied, &c. &c.
- To continue [to July 1. 1841.] 46 G. 3. c. 103, for granting certain Duties on Merchandise imported from the East Indies into Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 15.
- To grant Duties of Customs, and allow Drawbacks on certain Goods, Wines and Merchandise, imported into and exported from Ireland, in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks on the like Articles; and to make further Regulations for levying the Duties of Customs in Ireland, 59 G. 3. c. 83.
- The Duties and Drawbacks specified in Schedule annexed, to be levied and allowed in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks in British Currency, according to the Table, &c. of Goods, and to be carried to the Account of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, &c. 8.
- Warehoused Goods to pay the Duties, though imported before July 3. 1839, &c.
- Duties may be incurred by Bond, under the usual Regulations, &c.
- As to British Currency, Part of Duty of 3s. 6d. on every Cwt. of Cotton Wool imported from British Colonies in America, suspended till July 3. 1841, and 3d. per Cwt. paid, &c.
- Cotton Wool of any Country, that has been warehoused on or before Jan. 3. 1840, to pay the Duty on being taken out for Consumption in Ireland, &c.

- Sheep Wool or Lank Wool, on Proof that Orders were given for Purchase, admitted as Entry on Payment of 1d. per lb., 59 G. 3. c. 13, &c.
- Duties payable before the passing of this Act, on Produce hereto mentioned, of Fish taken at Newfoundland, and on Crabs, &c. of that Country, imported, suspended till July 3. 1841, &c.
- Duties payable on Goods exported from Ireland to Newfoundland, suspended till July 3. 1841, &c.
- Drawbacks, which were payable on Goods exported from Ireland, under any Act in force before the passing of this Act, to remain, &c.
- Drawback of Import Duties on Foreign or Colonial Goods exported from Ireland to Great Britain, &c.
- Foreign Goods, imported from Ireland into Great Britain, to pay Duty as if they had been imported directly from Foreign Parts, &c.
- Regulations for ascertaining the Place of Growth, &c. of such Goods, &c.
- Wine in Bottles may be imported from any Parts within the East India Company's Limits for Private Use, on Payment of Duty, &c.
- Glasses of Foreign Spirits and Wines, sold from Store or in the Wholesaling, may have Duty remitted—Bond cancelled, on Proof (mentioned in Act) being made to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs, &c.
- Duties and Drawbacks how to be levied and paid, &c.
- When Duties of Customs or Excise, payable in Great Britain on Articles imported, are reduced, Treasury to make a Schedule to be prepared of like Articles imported into Ireland, and specify therein the Duties to be reduced accordingly; and Drawbacks to be specified in like manner, &c.
- The Sums to be paid to be deemed the reduced Duties and Drawbacks, and paid and allowed as former Duties and Drawbacks, &c.
- Drawback on Exportation of Cordage from Ireland to be the same as on the Exportation of that Article from Great Britain, &c.

II. Importing, Exporting and Warehousing Goods.

- To allow the Exportation of Woolen or Ray Yarn from Ireland by Licence obtained there, which Licence to be granted without Fee, 57 G. 3. c. 78.
- To permit the Importation of Foreign Castles and Lanes into Ireland, on Payment of the like Duties as are chargeable in Great Britain, 57 G. 3. c. 85.
- So much of 45 G. 3. c. 18, as relates that no Castles or Lanes, except the Manufactures of Great Britain, shall be imported into Ireland, repealed, &c.
- Duties and Drawbacks in Table (A.) annexed to Act, to be paid and allowed on Importation or Exportation of Foreign Castles and Lanes, &c.
- Duties to be carried to Consolidated Fund, &c.
- Duties and Drawbacks how to be levied and paid, &c.
- To repeal several Acts, requiring the Masters of Vessels carrying Certificate Goods to Ireland, to take Duplicate of the Certificate; prohibiting the Importation of certain Wrought Goods, and the Exportation of Gaspipes when the Price shall exceed a certain Sum, 59 G. 3. c. 79.

III. Acts relating to particular Subjects.

Anticoin.

- To amend 54 G. 3. c. 81, for granting Duties on Anticoin in Ireland, 58 G. 3. c. 79.
- 54 G. 3. c. 81, & 15, repealed; and the Matters therein directed, to be performed by the Collectors of Excise, &c.
- Regulations

3. Regulations for delivering, by Auctioneers, of Catalogues and Accounts of Sales to the Collector of Excise, and paying the Duty, 58 G. 3. c. 79. § 2.
4. Allowance to Owners, &c. buying their own Estates, &c. § 3.
5. Errors in Charge of Duty to be made known to Commissioners, who may grant Relief, § 4.
6. Auctioneers to be charged with any Deficiency of Duty, when discovered, § 4.
7. Penalties on not paying the same, on Notice, § 4.
8. Two Days Notice of Sale to be delivered by Auctioneers to Surveyors, on Penalty of 10*l.*, § 5.
9. 10*l.* Penalty on Auctioneers selling Goods not delivered, with Goods taken in Distress, &c., § 6.
10. Commissioners may revoke Licences to Auctioneers committing certain Offences—5*l.* Penalty for failing by Auction after Licence revoked, § 7.
11. Collectors, &c. may detain Goods of Auctioneers for Payment of Duty, § 8.
12. Powers of former Acts for securing the Duty on Auctions, extended to this Act, § 9.
13. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 10.

Licences.

1. To amend 55 G. 3. c. 19. for granting certain Excise Duties on Licences, and for securing the Payment of such Duties, and regulating the issuing of such Licences, 58 G. 3. c. 57.
2. Stat. 47 G. 3. c. 50. 47 G. 3. 2*l.* c. 12. and 55 G. 3. c. 57. relating to Grocers, repealed, § 1.
3. Licensed Grocers may be licensed to sell Spirits by Retail, but not to be confined in their Houses, on Penalty of 10*l.*, § 2.
4. Duty not to be less than is payable under 55 G. 3. c. 19. § 3.
5. Grocers having Licences to pay such additional Sum as may be necessary to make up the whole Duty payable under this Act, and the further Sum of 1*l.* in the Pound on the Amount thereof, on Penalty of 10*l.*, § 3.
6. Officer may enter Premises in the Day time, and demand a View of Licences, and report if no Licence be produced, § 4.
7. Distress for Amount of Licence Duty, &c. and subsequent Licence may be granted, § 4.
8. Proviso for other Acts, except as hereby altered, § 5.
9. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 6.
10. To amend the several Acts for securing the Payment of Excise Duties upon Licences, and regulating the issuing of such Licences, 58 G. 3. c. 102.
11. Instead of the Duties imposed by Schedule (A.) of 55 G. 3. c. 19. § 4. within the Terms mentioned in Act, a Duty of 1*l.* and 1*l.* in the Pound shall be paid on the Amount, § 1.
12. 1*l.* Licence not to permit the sale of Spirits at one time to more than Twenty Gallons, and 2*l.* Licence, the Sale of Twenty five Gallons, and no more at one time, § 1.
13. Commissioners in Ireland may repay 7*l.* 10*l.*, together with 1*l.* in the Pound to Persons who have taken out the said Licence, § 2.
14. No Person to be licensed unless he be Remover of a greater Quantity of Spirits, than allowed for Sale at one time, § 3.
15. Stat. 55 G. 3. c. 19. § 30. repealed—Licences granted without taking Oaths thereby required, 10*l.*, § 4.
16. Licensed Persons (not being in District of Dublin) may, on Certificate, remove within last District, § 5.
17. In each Case Officer to grant a new Licence, (on certain Conditions,) on Surrender of the former, whereupon old Licence void, § 5.

18. Licences granted to Persons carrying certain Trades, declared dispensable by 55 G. 3. c. 19.—repealed, 58 G. 3. c. 102. § 6.
19. Stat. 55 G. 3. c. 102. § 19. not to extend to Retailers, if Liquor not confined in their Houses, § 7.
20. Retailer may remove for Beer sold, less than Two Gallons, not confined in his House, § 8.
21. On Death, &c. of Party, Licence, on being delivered up to proper Officer, may be renewed in favour of Representative of deceased, or to Assignee of Party declaring Bankrupt, without Payment of Duty or Fee; the Duties and Penalties due by deceased, &c. to be first paid, and the Person applying performing all Regulations, § 9.
22. Where Licence takes out after April 5. in each Year, a Proportion of Duty only paid, and 1*l.* in the Pound thereof, § 10.
23. Person applying for Licence, having previously traded, to pay the full Annual Sum payable on such Licence, otherwise Licence void, § 10.
24. Powers of Acts in force, not hereby altered, extended to this Act, § 11.
25. Recovery and Application of Penalties, which are to be paid in Sterling Currency, § 12.
26. Stat. 55 G. 3. c. 102. § 9. repealed; and Licences granted to Persons to sell Spirituous Liquors, to be granted from 5*l.* 10*l.* 18*l.*, to such Persons only as shall obtain an Order from Justices in Sessions, pursuant to 55 G. 3. c. 19. § 30.—§ 13. 14.
27. Notice to be given to Churchwardens Fourteen Days before such Application to Sessions, stating Particulars of Situation, &c. with Names of Parties, § 15.
28. Stat. 55 G. 3. c. 19. § 11. repealed; and Persons licensed to sell not less than Fifty Gallons, may sell in any Quantity exceeding Twenty five Gallons, § 16.
29. Licence granted, on Payment of 2*l.* and 1*l.* in the Pound, to sell Spirits in Quantities not less than Twenty five Gallons, § 16.
30. Distillers, mentioned in Act, not to keep any Tubs, &c. except the Cooler allowed, on Penalty of 5*l.*, § 17.
31. Such Stills to be of the Proportions mentioned in Act—Still not conformable forbidden, and 20*l.* Penalty, § 18.
32. Distillers, bonded to keep Stills of any Content, (except Stills chargeable with Malt Charges,) to give Notice of certain Particulars as to their working, § 19.
33. Distillers under 55 G. 3. c. 110. having Coolers capable of containing greater Quantity than is proportion of Twelve Gallons for every Gallon Content of bonded Still—Cooler, &c. forbidden, and Penalty 5*l.*, § 20.
34. No Wares to be put into Still, or Fire put under it, between the Hours of Six and Six on any Sunday, on Penalty of 5*l.*, § 21.
35. Assent to be given to Justice, Churchwarden or Excise Officer into Distillery, on Penalty of 5*l.* for delaying Assent, or hindering Examination, § 22.
36. Former Acts in force extended to this Act, § 23.

Malt.

1. To make further Provisions for better securing the Duties on Malt, and to amend the Laws relating to Breweries, in Ireland, 58 G. 3. c. 78.
2. Stat. 49 G. 3. c. 57. § 2. repealed, § 1.
3. No Malt to be removed into any Brewery, &c. without a Permit, (Respect Note for which to contain certain Particulars,) on pain of forfeiting 5*l.* if Malt be moved without such Permit, or found as Proceeds of brewing, contrary thereto, &c.—Permit to be delivered to Officer as Penalty of 10*l.*, § 2.

4. Specimens Papers are to be put up by Brewer in proper Place, on Penalty of 50*l.*, 5*l.* 3*q.* 2*gr.* 4*g.*
5. Before Delivery of Request Note, Brewer to enter certain Particulars on Specimens Paper, on Penalty of 50*l.*, 4*q.*
6. If Malt found in Malt Tunn, exceeding Quantity specified in Permit, Entries to be forfeited, and 50*l.* Penalty, 4*q.*
7. Malt Grains not to be removed out of Malt Tunn, &c. in any Town, till One Hour, or Two Hours in any other Place, after time specified in A*ct*—If removed before time mentioned, to be previously examined by Officer, on Penalty of 100*l.*, 4*q.*
8. Grains found in Malt Tunn, exceeding Quantity mentioned in Permit, after Deduction specified in A*ct*, Penalty 100*l.*, 4*q.*
9. Permit to export Quantity of Malt is ungrained, 4*q.*
10. 20*l.* Penalty for proving Malt together or preventing proper Gauge, 4*q.*
11. Brewers to deliver at Excise Office an Account of Dimensions of Malt Tunn, &c. on Penalty of forfeiting the same and 20*l.*, 4*q.*
12. Preventing an obtaining Licence, Brewer in making Entry to let forth Dimensions of Malt Tunn, &c. on Penalty of 50*l.*, 4*q.*
13. Stat. 49 *G. 3. c. 37. § 12. 33 G. 3. c. 24. § 10. and 34 G. 3. c. 12 § 8. repeated, § 10.*
14. Raw or unmaltd Corn or Grain, &c. found in any Brewery, &c. forfeited, together with Package, Hides, &c.—First Officer 100*l.* and Subsequent Officer 50*l.*, 4*q.*
15. Stat. 49 *G. 3. c. 37. § 13. repeated, § 14.*
16. No Licence to be granted to Brewer, unless he enters into Bond, conditioned not to use any raw or unmaltd Corn in making Worts, or receive or use any Preparation, except Brews Malt, &c., 4*q.*
17. No such Licence is to be granted, unless the Party takes and Subscribes Affidavit contained in A*ct*, 4*q.*
18. Such Bond and Affidavit to be in form of those appointed by former A*cts*—In what Cases Licence void, 4*q.*
19. 200*l.* Penalty on Brewer using or receiving, and 50*l.* Penalty on Druggists vending to them the improper Mixtures specified in A*ct*, 4*q.*
20. 50*l.* Penalty on distilling Officers, 4*q.*
21. Stores, &c. for keeping Malt, to have Stains, and Officers to be furnished with Lights to take an Account of Malt Tunn, &c. on Penalty of 100*l.*, 4*q.*
22. Brewer to furnish Officer with Potions and Implements to level Malt, &c. on Penalty of 100*l.*, 4*q.*
23. Former A*cts* extended to this A*ct*, 4*q.*
24. Corn making into Malt, and not having been put on the Edge within Eighteen Days, charged with Duty, Penalty 100*l.*, 4*q.*
25. Recovery and Application of Penalties—Commencement of A*ct*, 4*q.*
26. To grant to His Majesty certain Duties of Excise on Malt, 33 *G. 3. c. 27.*
27. Malt, in Stock on or after January 5, 1822, to pay additional Duty of 4*q.* 8*q.* per Barrel; and Malt made after that Day, 1*q.* 8*q.* per Barrel, is less of other 3*gr.* 2*gr.* 4*g.*
28. Conveying Duties and Drawbacks on Importation of Malt, &c. into Ireland, or an Exportation thence to Great Britain, 4*q.*
29. Drawbacks on Malt, &c. exported to any other Place than Great Britain, to be 1*q.* 8*q.* per Barrel for Malt, and 5*q.* 6*q.* for Beer, 4*q.*
30. Drawback on Exportation of Malt Spirits warehoused, 6*q.* per Gallon; and on Spirits not warehoused, exported to any Place except Great Britain, 5*q.* per Gallon, 4*q.*
31. Officer to take Account of Stock of Malt on or after Jan. 5, 1822, and of Corn, &c. in Possession on that Day;

and to make Returns thereof to Collector of Excise, and of the additional Duty; which Returns to be a Charge—A*l-*lowance for dry Malt, 33 *G. 3. c. 27. § 3.*

32. Malsters to be charged 5*q.* 4*q.* per Barrel for Malt, chargeable for Month ending Jan. 5, 1822, 1*q.* 8*q.* in every following Month 1*q.* 8*q.* per Barrel shall be charged, 4*q.*
33. Malt, for which Permit, &c. shall have been granted for Removal before Jan. 5, 1822, shall on its Arrival on or after that Day, pay the additional Duty of 4*q.* 8*q.* per Barrel at three specified in A*ct*, on Penalty of 200*l.* for each Offence of Non Payment of Additional Duty or removing Malt without Permit, 4*q.* 4*q.*
34. Duties to be carried to the Consolidated Fund, 4*q.*
35. Malt, as well as other Goods, may be delivered for the Duty; and after Duties may be recovered, on paying Value, and Permit granted, 4*q.*
36. Former Drawbacks to remain on Malt exported, upon which additional Duty not paid—Oath to be taken by Exporter, &c. before receiving Drawback is allowed, 4*q.*
37. Drawbacks to be paid by Collector of Excise, 4*q.*
38. From August 5, 1822, Malsters to pay the Duty within Four Months after Charge made, unless the Malt be sooner removed, on Penalty of forfeiting 200*l.* and double the Amount of Duty charged, 4*q.*
39. Provisions of former A*cts*, requiring Payment within Three calendar Days, repeated, 4*q.*
40. Duties and Drawbacks, how to be levied and paid; and Provisions, &c. of former A*cts* relating to Duties on Malt, extended to this, 4*q.*
41. Where Malt, according to certain Weights, is carried without a Permit, Hides, Carriage, &c. also forfeited; but may be released on Bond that Permit was lost, or was not intended to be used fraudulently, 33 *G. 3. c. 27. § 12, 13.*

Paper.

1. To amend 36 *G. 3. c. 78.* for regulating and securing the Duties on Paper in Ireland, and to allow a Drawback of the Duty on Paper used in Printing certain Books at the Press of Trinity College, Dublin, 36 *G. 3. c. 41.*
2. Instead of the Charge under 36 *G. 3. c. 78.* Paper Makers are to pay at the Rate of 1*q.* 8*q.* 2*gr.* 4*g.* per Month, for every Cubic Foot of the Engines used by them—Such Rate how to be charged and paid, 4*q.*
3. Officer to make a Return to the Collector of the Amount of the Monthly Rate, and also of the Quantity, Quality and Weights of Paper, and of the Duty thereon, 4*q.*
4. Such Returns to be a Charge on the Paper Maker, and Duty to be paid within Three Months, on Penalty of 200*l.* for Default—Officer to have Copy of Return with Paper Maker, 4*q.*
5. No Licence to be granted, unless the Engine contains 50 Cubic Feet; and Content of Engine to be specified in Licence, 4*q.*
6. Proviso for granting Licences to Persons who were licensed in or before August 5, 1822, having Engines of less Content than 50 Cubic Feet, or to Persons having since obtained for the first time a Licence 200*l.* in force—Repealing Engine, Licence void, 4*q.*
7. 50*l.* Penalty, if Content of Engine exceed by Three Cubic Feet the Number mentioned in the Return, 4*q.*
8. Officer to make a Return of Charge in respect of the increased Content of Engine; such Duty to be paid within Fourteen Days, on Penalty of 200*l.*, and Maker to make a new Return, on Penalty of 200*l.*, 4*q.*
9. 36 *G. 3. c. 78. § 38. repeated, and Paper Maker to enter in Specimen Paper, the Dates of Notices, &c.—on Penalty of 50*l.*, 4*q.**

100. Paper having the same Number and Date on Wrapper, of Two or more Reams, forfeited, 58 G. 3. c. 43. § 3.
11. Paper, being conveyed from Mills otherwise than in Reams, forfeited, and may be seized, with Package, &c.—The same extended to be on Chalmers, &c.
12. 100*l*. Penalty on forging the Officer's Name, Centre, &c.—or having such in Calico, &c., § 5.
13. 50*l*. Penalty on Persons, whose Licences is expired, refusing Entrance, &c., § 10.
14. Engines to be fastened and locked by Officer after the Expiration of Licence, § 11.
15. 50*l*. Penalty on Persons disobeying Commissioners' Orders, § 11.
16. 100*l*. Penalty on obstructing Officers, or if Engine be not locked, &c., § 11.
17. Within Six Days after the Expiration of Licence, Reel, Plate, &c. of Engine to be removed to the Excise Store, on Penalty of 100*l*, § 12.
18. Sunday Sessions of 58 G. 3. c. 58. repealed, so far as relates to recovering Accounts of Dealers and Penalties, § 13.
19. Drawback of Duty to be allowed upon printing Bibles, &c., at the Press of Trinity College, Dublin, on certain Conditions, § 14.
20. Certificate of weighing, &c. to be given by the Surveyor to the Manager of the Press, who is to subscribe thereon as Oath of the Quantity and Weight of Paper which, &c., § 14, 15.
21. Powers of 58 G. 3. c. 58. applied to this Act, § 15.
22. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 17.
23. Commencement, &c. of Act, § 18, 19.

Permits.

1. To consolidate and amend several Acts for regulating the granting of Permits and Certificates for the Conveyance and Protection of certain Goods in Ireland, 59 G. 3. c. 107.
2. Repealed Acts repealed, except as to Recovery of Forfeitures, § 1.
3. Sixty, 59 G. 3. c. 82. § 18. and 49 G. 3. c. 115. § 25. repealed, § 2.
4. Times for keeping open Office for issuing Permits or Certificates, § 4.
5. Commissioners to settle time for which Permits shall be in force; Table whereof to be transmitted to Officers for issuing Permits, § 5.
6. Permit granted without a Request Note, void, § 6.
7. Request Note to contain certain Particulars, § 7.
8. From Sep. 1. 1819. Request Note not to be subject to Stamp Duty, § 8.
9. Permits to be signed by proper Officer, and to be in a certain Form, and to contain certain Particulars—Penalties for default of Particulars, including fictitious Name, not delivering Goods according to Permit, or making Error thereon, § 9.
10. Carrying certain Articles above Quantity mentioned in Act without Permit, Forfeiture, § 10.
11. Where Malt exceeding certain Weights is seized for want of Permit, Carriage, Hurd, &c. also forfeited; but may be released on Proof that Permit was lost, or was not intended to be used fraudulently, § 11, 12.
12. Time limited by Permit may, on Notice, be enlarged by Indolence thereon, § 13.
13. When Enlargement of time cannot be obtained, Goods may be released on Proof that Duty has been paid, § 14.
14. Regulations concerning Permits for Spirits, § 15, 16.
15. Permit to be lodged within a limited time, with the proper Officer; who is to examine the Goods, and take Affidavit as to certain Particulars from the Person to whom the Goods have been delivered, § 17.

16. Certificate to be given for Protection of Goods without Fee, 59 G. 3. c. 107. § 17.
17. Permit for removing Ware for private Use not required to be lodged, § 17.
18. Certificate to be in force for Three Months only, but to be renewed without Fee, § 18.
19. Officer to take account of Dealer's Stock, and enter the same in Dealer's Certificate Book, § 19.
20. Dealers to enter therein the Quantity of Goods permitted, &c. and to deliver up Certificate Book quarterly, on Penalty of 100*l*. and no Permit shall be granted for Removal of Goods from such Dealer, § 20.
21. Certificate to be delivered in Certificate Book; and Permit not to be granted unless the Person applying be entitled to corresponding Credit, and make Oath, &c.—If Certificate not delivered, Entry not a Protection, § 20.
22. Permit for Removal of Goods imported to be lodged at the Bank Office, and Certificate obtained; and Oath to be taken as to Payment of Duty before Permit or Certificate is given, § 21, 22.
23. Proof may be entered and Permit demanded; and, if it be not produced, or Proof be not given that it has been lost, Goods forfeited, § 23.
24. Journals of Stock liable to Forfeiture, § 24.
25. Where Stock of Spirits less than Officer's Account, Penalty on Owner (not being bonded), § 25.
26. Proof of Identity of Goods upon the Oath, § 26.
27. Officer not to grant Permit on Credit of two or more Certificates, unless Person applying shall not have sufficient Credit on Oath, § 27.
28. If Certificate or Indolence be unduly altered, Licence revoked, and 100*l*. Penalty, § 28.
29. 50*l*. Penalty on Dealers not admitting Officers to inspect Permits, § 29.
30. 100*l*. Penalty on Refusal to show Stock, or to search Lights, Scales, &c. to Officer, who may seize Goods not found, § 30.
31. Spirits sent out of a half Degree of Strength than received, forfeited, and 50*l*. Penalty—Delinquency of 3 per Cent. in Strength allowed, § 31.
32. Spirits, on which Duty has not been paid, not protected by Permit, and 50*l*. Weight Penalty thereon per Gallon, and also Forfeiture of Spirits and 100*l*. Penalty on Officer unduly granting Permit, § 32.
33. Penalties on Persons not removing or delivering Goods according to Permit, &c., § 33.
34. 100*l*. Penalty, if Permit be not lodged within a limited time, § 34.
35. Duplicate of Permits or Certificates to contain certain Particulars—Such Duplicate sufficient, and to be Proof of issuing Permit or Certificate, § 35, 36.
36. Permits and Certificates official against the Persons obtaining them; and Intemperately not to be alleged on Trial, § 37.
37. 100*l*. Penalty on Officer delivering out Blank Permits, &c. granting false ones, or making false Entries, &c. or permitting the same; and also on unduly altering Permits, or using false ones, § 38, 39.
38. Counterfeiting Permits, &c. or giving, receiving, or using them, Transportation for Seven Years, § 40.
39. Paper and Plates, &c. for Permits, &c. to be made by Persons appointed by Commissioners, § 41.
40. Making or having Frames or Moulds in Possession for making such Paper, or engraving or having Plates in Execution of those authorized by Commissioners, or using, &c. in counterfeiting, Transportation, § 42.
41. Forfeiture of Goods to include Casks and Packages, § 43.

42. In Cases of Contracts, &c. for Goods requiring a Permit, and none given, or when the Goods are more in Quantity than expressed in Permit, such Contracts, &c. void; and where Money has been paid, it may be recovered, 53 G. 3. c. 107. § 44.
43. Penalties on Provisions for Goods against Forfeiture, unless Proof of Duty paid, § 45.
44. Falsely Issuing — Forfeiture, § 46.
45. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 47.
46. Commencement of Act, § 48.

Spirits.

1. To make further Regulations for better collecting and securing the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, 57 G. 3. c. 110.
2. So much of any Act, as regulates the Number of Charges of Low Wines, &c. repealed, § 1.
3. Distillers to pay the Duties for each Quantity of Spirits as might be produced from the Number of Charges of Low Wines (specified in Table annexed to Act); and also a further Duty in respect of Stills, for as much more Spirits as might be produced, according to the Rates in the said Act (specified — Officer of Excise to make Returns, § 1.
4. Distiller, working under the Regulations of this Act, liable to 90 Charges only of Singletons, or Low Wines, for each Period of Four Weeks; and further Duty for as much more Spirits as might be produced, as mentioned in Act, according to the Rates aforesaid, § 2.
5. Distiller keeping a Still of a certain Content, to give Notice when he intends to work with Turf only, not charged — Duty in such Case how to be charged, § 3.
6. Notice also to be given to the Commissioners, (subject to the full Number of Charges for Default, § 3.
7. Stills worked with Coal, &c. after giving such Notice, to be subject to the full Number of Charges, § 4.
8. Coal, &c., issued on Permit, after Notice of working with Turf, to be forfeited, besides a Fine of 20*l.* and being subject to the full Number of Charges, § 5.
9. Penalty on Distiller, licensed to keep a Still of certain Content, having a Brewing Copper of greater Content than specified in Act, § 6.
10. Such Distiller having more than One Mash Kieve of certain Content, to forfeit the same, and 5*0*l.**, § 7.
11. Persons applying for a Still License, to deliver an Account, specifying the use Contracts of every Copper, &c., and Back or Vellie, for fermenting Worts, &c. on Penalty of 2*0*l.** and forfeiting Copper, &c., § 8.
12. The Size of each Back for fermenting Pot Ale, shall not exceed the Proportion of Fourteen Gallons for every Gallon Content of the Still, on Penalty of 5*0*l.**, and forfeiting Back, &c., § 9.
13. Contents of Backs, &c. for fermenting Worts, &c., exceeding Eighty-four Gallons for every Gallon Content of Still, forfeited, and 2*00*l.** Penalty, § 10.
14. Such Distillers not to make use of more than One Under Back, and that to be in the Proportion of Twelve Gallons to every One Gallon Content — Under Back, &c., forfeited, and 5*0*l.** Penalty, § 11.
15. 5*0*l.** Penalty on certain Distillers keeping any Fermented Worts, Wain, or Pot Ale, in any Cooler, (except Worts, &c. not fermented,) § 12.
16. Such Distiller having any Worts, &c. in any Cask or Vellie, other than Scored Back and Still, Penalty 1*00*l.**, § 13.
17. Having Still Charger of under Content, forfeited, and Penalty 2*0*l.**, § 14.
18. No Return of Copper, &c. on account of their Excise in Content, unless it be more than 5*0*l.** per Cwt., § 15.
19. Certain Distillers not to have otherwise than once a Day, &c. on Penalty of 1*00*l.**, 57 G. 3. c. 110. § 15.
20. Such Distillers not to make more Pot Ale, &c. from any Brewing, than Twelve Gallons for every Gallon Content of Still, on Penalty of 5*0*l.**, § 16.
21. Such Distiller requiring a License for a Still of One Hundred Gallons Content, and who shall be defrauded of working under this Act, may have the Option of so doing, upon contracting to pay for 1200 Charges of Singletons per Month — How Distiller to be charged thereupon, § 17.
22. Every such Distiller is contracting, &c. may also himself, though not conformable to Act, provided they be duly assessed and registered, § 18.
23. Treasury may dispense with Regulations of Act, relating to Six of Distillers' Vellies, &c. and make other Regulations, § 19.
24. Distiller liable to pay Duty on Deficiency of Spirits in Warehouse, and to pay the same before Spirits taken out of Warehouse — Duties may be levied by Distiller, § 20.
25. Distiller not to maintain any Action against the Crown on Spirits delivered by Pure in the King's Warehouse — No Duty to be payable on such Spirits, § 21.
26. Provisions of former Acts relating to the Collection of the Duties on Spirits, to extend to this Act, § 22.
27. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 23.
28. Commencement of Act, § 24.
29. To continue, until the next Session of Parliament, 54 G. 3. c. 105. as altered by 55 G. 3. c. 105, for regulating the Trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland respectively, 55 G. 3. c. 72.
30. To have the Continuance of the Operation of the several Acts for amending Laws upon Townlands and Places in Ireland, in respect of Officers relating to the unlawful Distillation of Spirits; and to amend the said Acts; and to provide for the more effectual Prevention or Suppression of such Offences, 55 G. 3. c. 98.
31. Revised Acts continued as continued in Act, and then to read, § 1.
32. Fine in respect of Heads or Worms of unlicensed Stills, repealed, § 2.
33. Commissioners of Excise may levy, or suspend the levying, the Whole or Part of Fine, (subject to Orders of Treasury, § 3.
34. Fines not to be levied after Three Years; and Fines not levied within Three Years, to be remitted, § 4.
35. Persons convicted of certain Offences, declared to be Disfranchised by former Acts, may be punished by Fine or Imprisonment, at Discretion of Court, § 5.
36. Proclamation may be made by Lord Lieutenant, that an extraordinary Establishment of Police for preventing illicit Distillations is required; whereupon a Chief Magistrate shall be appointed, § 6.
37. One or Two Chief Magistrates may be appointed for Two adjoining Counties, or Parts thereof; but if only One, Lord Lieutenant may appoint Resident, § 7.
38. Magistrate, previously to acting, to be sworn before a Justice, and to be resident, § 8.
39. Salary to Chief Magistrate 5*00*l.** a-year, and 2 Months, &c. § 9.
40. Resident Justices to aid the Chief Magistrate, and deliver an Examination, § 10.
41. Lord Lieutenant to appoint, &c. for Support of Chief Magistrate, a Chief Constable, and not more than 50 Sub Constables in each District, to be furnished with Arms, &c. — Their Duties, § 11.
42. Oath to be administered by, and subscribed in the Presence of, the Chief Magistrate — Chief and Sub Constables to be resident — Their Salaries § 12, 13.

43. Chief Magistrate to return, monthly, to Lord Lieutenant a State of the County for which he shall be appointed, and of Sessions, &c., 59 G. 3. c. 98. § 14.
44. No Fees, in respect of Black Distributions, to be imposed on Townlands, where such Magistrates shall be appointed, § 15.
45. Grand Jury may make and sign Representation to the Lord Lieutenant, when any County is in such a State as to require its being put under Fees; who shall then declare that such Fees are imposed; whereupon the aforesaid A.B. (except as regulated by this Act) are to continue in force, § 16.
46. Representation may be made in the manner for shortening the time of such Fees; whereupon Lord Lieutenant may proscribe such Fees to cease, § 17.
47. While Townland, &c. is under the Imposition of Fees, no Chief Magistrate to be appointed, nor to act under this Act; and, if previously appointed, the Office in such case to cease, § 18.
48. After such Proclamations, Magistrates shall cease to act, &c.; but if any Part require it, Chief Magistrate, &c. to act, § 19.
49. Lord Lieutenant may lessen the Number of Sub-Constables, § 20.
50. Money to be advanced out of Consolidated Fund, for defraying Salaries and other Charges; Half whereof to be levied on offending County or Baronet; Application thereof, § 21, 22.
51. Where Doubts arise on Proclamation, &c. common Regulation to be Evidence, § 23.
52. When good Order is restored, Assize, &c. to be delivered up by Chief and Sub-Constables, &c.—Their Horses, in such Cases, how to be disposed of, § 24.
53. and. Penalty *£100* Currency on Constables not delivering up Assize, &c., § 25.
54. Regulations concerning Permits for Spirits, 59 G. 3. c. 107. § 25, 26.
55. Where Stock of Spirits less than Officer's Account, Penalty on Owner (not being Stated); and Proof of Identity of Goods to be upon Owner, § 25, 26.
56. Spirits lost out of a left Degree of Strength than received, forfeited, and 3rd. Penalty—Deficiency of 3 per Cent. in Strength allowed, § 27.
57. Spirits, on which Duty has not been paid, not protected by Permit, and forfeited, besides 3rd. *£100* Penalty thereon per Gallon, and 3rd. *£100* Penalty on Officer granting Permit, § 28.

Tobacco.

1. To grant His Majesty an additional Excise Duty on Tobacco in Ireland, 59 G. 3. c. 92.
2. 3s. per lb. of Tobacco delivered out of Warehouse in lieu of former Duties; and the Countervailing Duties and Drawback mentioned in A.B. to be paid and allowed on Tobacco and Staff of the Manufacturers of *Grass Spirits* imported into Ireland, § 1.
3. Instead of former Drawbacks on Exportation to other Places than Great Britain, a Duty of 3s. 2d. on every Pound of manufactured Tobacco, § 3.
4. Drawbacks on Tobacco and Staff, suspended before June 15, 1819, to continue, the new Drawbacks being payable on such as shall have paid the Duties hereby imposed—Regulations for obtaining the Drawback, § 4.
5. Officers, granting Permits for the Removal of Tobacco on which the Duty of 3s. 2d. has been paid, into Stock of any Person, to certify the Quantity so removed, § 5.
6. Returns of Tobacco so removed to be made, and the Duty

- paid within One Month, on pain of forfeiting 3s. and double the Duty, 59 G. 3. c. 92. § 6.
7. Collector may deliver for Payment of additional Duty of 3s. 2d. per lb., § 7.
8. Additional Duty may be added to Contraband, § 8.
9. Duties and Drawbacks to be levied and paid as by former A.B., § 9.

See the General Index, Importation and Exportation, 38—41.

Dispensaries.

1. Sect. 45 G. 3. c. 111. in far as relates to Dispensaries, repealed, 58 G. 3. c. 47. § 4.
2. For establishing Dispensaries in Cities and Towns, Grand Jurors may present Suma, equal to the Amount of Subscriptions and private Donations made for such Purposes, § 5.
3. When Dispensary is established, Treasurer shall present to Grand Jury Accounts of Receipts and Disbursements, &c. of Suma received by Subscription or Donations, verified on Oath, § 5.
4. Subscribers of One Guinea may become Members, § 6.
5. Grand Jury may present Suma, not exceeding double the Amount of private Subscriptions for local Dispensaries, and for Horses for the Reception of Poor Patients, § 6.
6. Treasurer to account, § 6.

Distillers, See Caskers, III. Licenses, &c. of *Wine* and Spirits.

Elections.

1. For the better Regulation of Polls, and for making effect Provisions touching the Election of Members of Parliament for Places in Ireland, 57 G. 3. c. 131.
2. From August 1, 1817, every Poll must commence, at the latest, on the Day after it is demanded, unless it be Sunday, &c. and must not continue longer than a certain Day, except as mentioned in A.B., § 1.
3. The Name of the Person desired to be declared at the Close of the Poll, or the Day after, and Return made, § 2.
4. Within Two Days after Receipt of the Writ, Proclamation to be made of the Election, § 3.
5. Whenever more than 2000 Freeholders are registered in one Barony, &c. the Names of Freeholders to be so divided, that not more than 2000 shall have to poll in one Booth—Expense of Booths how to be defrayed, § 4.
6. The Sheriff to have a Booth, separate and exclusive of Polling Booths, where he is to attend, § 5.
7. Jurors to administer all Oaths, &c. except the Railway Oath, § 6.
8. Persons to be appointed to take Oath prescribed by this A.B., § 7.
9. Clerks of the Peace, &c. to give Certificate of Oath, without Fee, and to take the Oath hereby directed, § 7.
10. Election to apply (before voting) to Persons so appointed, who shall administer the Oaths, &c. and Clerks of Peace to give Certificates thereof, § 8.
11. Form of such Certificate, Production of which to entitle to vote, &c., § 8.
12. Persons offering to vote, without producing Certificate, on being required, are to withdraw and take the Oaths before One of the Commissioners, § 9.
13. Certificate to be cancelled after polling, § 10.
14. If the Number of Persons appointed to administer the Oaths be insufficient, more may be appointed by Returning Officer, § 11.
15. Returning Officer to appoint proper Places for receiving A.B. (which are to be kept open at least Eight Hours,) and also to provide printed Forms of Certificate, § 11.
16. Returning Officers to provide proper Places for administering

- spring Oaths &c.—Expenses to be defrayed by the Candidates, § 6. 3. c. 121. § 13.
27. Clerk of Peace to attend, or send his Deputy to attend, with Affidavits of Registry of Freeholders, § 14.
 28. Returning Officers, on demand of Candidates, to appoint, interviewers, who are to take Oath, and be paid for their Trouble by the Candidates, § 15.
 29. Deputy to examine Electors as to Qualification—No other Person to examine or plead, § 25.
 30. Deputy not to exercise Right to vote, but to refer to Returning Officer, § 17.
 31. Persons offering to poll, to produce Certificate of Registry; which, being regular, shall be conclusive Evidence, § 16.
 32. Freeholders of 50s. or 10s. may vote at Polling in Oath, and name Townland, &c., § 22.
 33. Persons entitled of polling Twice (except those who have voted for a Candidate dying during the Poll, and who may vote on taking a certain Oath), or convicted of performing others, to be imprisoned for Seven Years, § 23. 32, 33.
 34. Freeholder under not subject only to Crown or Just Rent, &c. may register as under § 6. 3. (J.), and take a certain Oath, § 21, 22.
 35. Such Freeholder to make the same Affirmation and Oath, as Persons having Freehold of 20s. Value, § 23.
 36. Regulations for the Registry of Freeholders, § 24.
 37. 100s. Fine on Mayors, &c. not admitting Freeholders to be registered, and 50s. on Clerk of Peace neglecting his Duty, § 25.
 38. Poll Clerk to take Oath, § 26.
 39. Returning Officer, acting partially, to suffer Three Years Imprisonment, and so to be incapacitated from ever holding any Situation &c., § 27.
 40. Deputy Sheriff, &c. abstaining himself to forfeit Corporation, and another to be appointed, § 28.
 41. Penalty on Returning Officer, &c. neglecting or refusing to perform his Duty, § 29.
 42. Qualification of Deputy Sheriff, § 30.
 43. In case of Death, or Death of Returning Officer, the Poll from Deputy to proceed in Poll, &c. as Returning Officer, on Penalty of 100s., § 31.
 44. Returning Officer may summon Bailiffs, &c. to attend Elections, § 34.
 45. Bailiffs appointed of a Branch of the Peace, a Middlemanner, § 35.
 46. Returning Officer may commit Persons found voting, for Twenty four Hours, § 36.
 47. All former calling Acts respecting the Election of Members, continued, &c. except as herein altered, &c., § 37.

Entailed Estates.

1. For Relief of Persons entitled to Entailed Estates, to be purchased with Trust Money in Ireland, § 6. 3. c. 46.
2. Where Estates are under the Control of Equity, or in the Hands of Trustees, subject to be limited in Estates settled so as that the first Estates Tail therein may be barred, it shall not be necessary to have such Money actually invested, but the Court of Chancery may, upon Petition, order it to be paid to the Persons who would be entitled to the Estate as herein mentioned, § 4.
3. Securities to be considered as Money, and may be transferred, &c. under an Order of the respective Courts, § 2.

Exchequer Bill, See the General Index, Exchequer Bills.

Exchequer (Court of).

1. Sup. § 6. 3. c. 122. to make Provisions for securing the

Profits of the Office of Clerk of the Peace of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, continued for One Year, and from thence till the End of the next Session of Parliament, § 6. 3. c. 23.

Executors.

1. For extending to Ireland certain Provisions of the Parliament of Great Britain, in relation to Executors under the Age of Twenty one Years, &c. § 6. 3. c. 31.
2. Where Infant is sole Executor, Administration with the Will annexed is to be given to the Guardian of such Estate, § 1.
3. Such Administrator shall have the usual Powers, § 2.

Fairs, See Tolls.

Fever Hospitals.

1. To establish Fever Hospitals, and make other Regulations for Relief of the suffering Poor, and for preventing the Increase of infectious Fevers in Ireland, § 6. 3. c. 47.
2. A Corporation created in every County, or County of a City or Town in Ireland, for the Establishment of Fever Hospitals, § 1.
3. A Chairman to be appointed, and Meetings assembled, § 1.
4. Contributions to be Members of the Corporation, who may make Bye Laws and appoint Committees, and may take by Purchase, &c. Lands not exceeding 500s. yearly, also personal Property and Landed for Years (not exceeding 21) of Lands or Houses, § 1.
5. Such Corporation empowered to take, over and above the site of the Property, Four Rods of Land for Sites of Houses; and Bishops may grant such Land out of their Sums, § 2.
6. Fever Hospitals to be built for the Poor, when the Funds are sufficient, § 3.
7. Corporation to make Bye Laws and Orders, appoint Masters, &c. and Servants and Trustees—Proceedings to be by Information, § 3.
8. Grand Jury may present Sums, not exceeding double the Amount of private Subscriptions, for local Disbursements, and for Houses for Reception of Fever Patients—Treasurer to account, § 7.
9. Grand Jurors may make Presentments for Fever Hospitals, to be raised by Impositions, within Six Years, § 8.
10. Presentment being certified by the Clerk of the Crown to Lord Lieutenant, he may order Advance of Money out of Consolidated Fund to Treasurer of County, for purpose of Presentments—Treasurer to pay the Money is advanced, and Surplus Money raised, to be entered on the Credit of the County, § 8.
11. Grand Jurors empowered to present pool a year, for the Support of Houses of Industry, over and above the Sums raised under 11 & 12 G. 3. c. 30. (J.), § 9.
12. In case of Fever, &c. appearing in any Town or District, a Public Meeting to be convened; and the Lord Lieutenant, on the Representation of such Meeting, may appoint a Board of Health—Its Powers, § 10, 11.
13. Such Board may employ Persons to execute Acts; and Money may be advanced by Lord Lieutenant for Expenses, to be raised by Presentment on the County—Penalty for refusing Orders of Board of Health, § 10, 13.
14. In what Cases Board of Health may order infected Persons to be removed to Fever Hospitals—Removed to be notified by Commissioners, § 14.
15. Board of Health to report weekly to Lord Lieutenant; and their Powers shall extend on his Order, § 15.

18. In

26. In Actions for securing this Act—General Issue—Trespass Cases, § 6, 3. c. 47. § 16.

Fisheries.

1. The Irish Act, 35 G. 3. for the Improvement and Extension of the Fisheries on the Coast of Ireland, continued (20 September 19, 1811) 57 G. 3. c. 69. § 1.—[20 September 19, 1813.] 58 G. 3. c. 94.
2. Bounties on the Exportation of Fish, &c. under Acts in force in Ireland, to be put under the established Regulations, 57 G. 3. c. 69. § 2.
3. What Bounties payable for Fish caught on the Coast of Ireland, fished at Sea or in Warehouses, &c., 58 G. 3. c. 94. § 2.
4. For the further Encouragement and Improvement of the Irish Fisheries, 59 G. 3. c. 109.
5. *See per Ton Bounty* (on certain Conditions) on Fishing Vessels not less than Fifteen Tons Burthen up to Sixty Tons, § 1—4.
6. Defalcation of Tonnage Bounty—No greater Bounty than for Sixty Tons, nor more than 500., § 7.
7. Bounty payable on Half Barrels, § 8.
8. Recourse to be appointed by Commissioners, § 9.
9. Bounty of 5*l.* per Ton of Oil extracted from Whales and from other Fish taken on the Coast; and also 4*l.* for every Cwt. of Whalebone, § 10.
10. Bounties of 1*l.* per Barrel on Herrings, &c. and 4*l.* per Barrel on cured Cod, &c.; but not on Fish, in respect of which the Tonnage Bounty has been paid, § 11.
11. Collector to give Blank Journals to Masters of Fishing Vessels, who are to make Entries therein—Penalty, § 12.
12. Measures for ascertaining the Quantity of Herrings taken or brought, § 13.
13. Regulations for Size of Nets, and Penalties for using improper Nets, or unduly placing Nets—Application of such Penalty, § 14.
14. Vessels not to be moored, Nets shot, or Lines laid contrary to Order of Inspector, § 15.
15. Nets not to be shot, &c. for Herrings in the Day time, on Penalty of 10*l.*; nor till after Notice by Inspector, on Penalty of 20*l.*, § 16, 17.
16. What Vessels and Fish taken to be within the Meaning of this Act, § 18.
17. Fish or Salt, landed without Presence of Officer, forfeited, § 19.
18. What Herrings, &c. and in what Barrels, &c. entitled to Bounty, § 20.
19. Directions for branding, &c. Barrels to entitle them to Bounty, § 21.
20. Barrels, on which Bounty paid, to be produced and branded, § 22.
21. Regulations respecting the Examination and Certificate of Officers and branding Cases of Herrings, &c. for Bounty, § 23.
22. Detachment or Certificate for Bounty to be given on complying with Conditions, § 24.
23. When Description of Herrings, &c. though produced for Bounty, shall not be entitled thereby, § 25.
24. Dispense as to Herrings, &c. being entitled to Bounty, how to be settled, § 26.
25. In case of rejecting bungpacked Herrings, &c. Notice to be given to Officer, and Cash made that they are the same Herrings; whereupon Officer to brand Barrels; but no Bounty or Certificate to be given in respect of rejected Herrings, &c., § 27.
28. Weight of each Barrel of packed Herrings, packed or unpacked, on which Bounty is allowed, § 28.

27. How Barrels of Solish Herrings are to be branded—Penalty of not branded, 59 G. 3. c. 109. § 27.
28. Regulations concerning the Exportation of Herrings, &c. in sufficient Barrels, § 28—29.
29. Herrings, &c. intended for Exportation, being found of bad Quality, or not properly cured, &c. forfeited—Dispense in respect thereof how to be settled, § 28.
30. No Coal Cocklet, &c. required for Fishing Vessels, with Salt, &c. for Crew, § 29.
31. Herrings, &c. may be packed in Half Barrels, of Contents mentioned in Act, § 30.
32. Officers may go on board Fishing Vessels and examine Fish, &c. a. Masters of Vessels to produce and deliver to Officer Certificate of Registry, &c. on Penalty of 20*l.*, § 31.
33. Officers may enter Warehouses, &c. of Cures of Herrings, § 32.
34. False Issuing, Perjury, § 33.
35. Penalty on unauthorized Persons fraudulently branding Cases, &c. or using, &c. Licenses, Certificates, &c., § 34.
36. Cases of Herrings, if Brand defaced, forfeited, § 35.
37. Disputes between Masters, Owners, and Sailors, may be decided by Justices of Peace or Inspectors, § 36.
38. Officers of Customs, &c. may go on board Vessels, and search for Goods not entered, &c. and may seize, &c., § 37.
39. Inhabitants of United Kingdom, under Regulation of Act, may take Herrings, &c. on any Part of the Coast of Great Britain or Ireland, without Payment of Duties, except in certain Cases—No Power to enter Dismutes, &c. without Leave, § 38.
40. Returns of Offenders consigned under this Act, to be made to Commissioners of Fisheries—10*l.* Penalty on not delivering up Offenders, § 39.
41. Bounty payable to Owner of Fishing Vessels wrecked, &c., § 40.
42. Herrings not fit for Food, brought to any Port, forfeited, § 41.
43. Commissioners of Fisheries authorized to restrain Perfection, &c., § 42.
44. Recovery of Penalties, § 43.
45. Lord Lieutenant may appoint Commissioners for the Irish Fisheries, (who are to be sworn and to take the Oath prescribed by this Act); with Power to appoint Secretary and Officers, § 44, 45.
46. Commissioners to make annual Reports to Lord Lieutenants and to Parliament, § 46.
47. Lord Lieutenant to appoint, at Ports of Exportation, &c. Officers of the Fishery possessing certain Qualifications, who are to be sworn, and take the Oath prescribed by the Act, and to obey the Orders of the Commissioners of Fisheries, by whom they may be dismissed, § 47, 48.
48. Commissioners may ascertain Measures for Herrings, &c., § 49.
49. Penalty on using Measures not marked—Provisions of this Act against fraudulent branding, extended to this Provision, § 49.
50. 10*l.* Penalty on obstructing Officers of Fisheries, § 50.
51. Officers unduly taking Fees to take Office, and forfeit 100*l.*, § 51.
52. Commissioners to make Rules as to the Form of Journals, &c., and to prepare Abstracts of Bounties, Regulations, &c., and, after signing the same, to cause them to be distributed, § 52, 53.
53. The Admiralty, on Application from Commissioners of Fisheries, to appoint a Superintendent, who is to take the Oath prescribed by this Act, on Penalty of 50*l.*—Powers of such Superintendent, § 54—55.

54. Power of Inspectors to see that Regulations are complied with, 57 G. 3. c. 109, § 58.
55. Inspectors to keep Files by District, and for want of District to commit Offenders, § 58.
56. 2nd. Penalty on Masters of Vessels, &c. assisting Offenders as afloat, § 58.
57. Persons absconding not to receive Wages, &c. § 58.
58. Inspectors to be sworn, § 59.
59. Provisions on Inspectors and Officers mutually taking Fees or receiving as Officers, &c., § 59.
60. Privileges of Revenue Officers extended to Commissioners and Officers of Fish Fisheries, &c., § 60.
61. Boats proceeding to Fisheries to be numbered, &c. and registered, on Penalty of 40s.—Officer to return to Collector an Account of the same, § 61.
62. Regulations as to throwing out Ballast, § 62.
63. Inspectors may act as Motormen in receiving and making Protests, and may take the Fees of Motormen thereon, § 63.
64. Persons obstructing Officers, &c. of Fisheries may be carried before a Justice of Peace.—If found Guilty on Indictment, punishable for Misdemeanors, § 64.
65. Officers not deemed Trespassers, nor liable to Damages, except for Malice, § 65.
66. Lord Lieutenant may order Money to be paid out of Revenue of Customs to Commissioners of Fisheries, for Engagement of Coast Fisheries, § 66.
67. Commissioners to report Application thereof, &c., § 66.
68. Statutes 23, 26, 27, and 28 G. 3. (A.) continued by various Acts to September 29, are then to cease, § 67.
69. Limitation of Actions—General Rule—Tribal Code, § 71.
70. Continuance of Act, § 68.

Friendly Societies.

1. Friendly Societies may subscribe any Portion of their Funds into the Funds of Provident Institutions—Provided that Receipt of Treasurer being a Discharge, 57 G. 3. c. 102, § 6.
2. Members of Friendly Societies not liable to Foreclosure as such Societies by Withholding to any Saving Bank, § 24.

Funds.

1. To permit the Transfer of Capital from certain Public Stocks or Funds in Great Britain, to certain Public Stocks or Funds in Ireland, 57 G. 3. c. 79. (amended by 58 G. 3. c. 80. See 17. See infra.)
2. The Dividends payable on March 25, and Sept. 25, on the Irish 5 per Cent. Annuitants, to be paid at times specified in Act, § 1.
3. The Dividends payable on the Irish 3½ and 4 per Cent. Annuitants to be paid up to times mentioned in Act, § 1.
4. Proviso for doing the same necessary to discharge Dividends for the 21 Days beyond the former Days of Payment out of the Irish Consolidated Fund, § 4.
5. Persons holding 5 per Cent. Consols transferable at the Bank of England, may transfer the same for corresponding Stock transferable at the Bank of Ireland, § 5.
6. Bonds upon which such Transfer to be made, § 4.
7. Mode of transferring Stock, § 5.
8. Stock transferred to the Commissioners of the National Debt, to be cancelled, § 6.
9. Bonds, provided for entering Transfers made to the said Commissioners, may be impounded without Fee; and Certificate of Assent of Stock transferred to the Exchequer, § 7.
10. No such Transfer shall be made within One Month preceding the Days when the Dividends become due, § 8.
11. On Production of Certificate from the Bank of England,

- the Bank of Ireland to write the same therein specified into their Books, to be consolidated with the several existing Stocks; but no such Bonds to be written into the Books of the Bank of Ireland, within Three Weeks previous to the respective Dividend Days, 57 G. 3. c. 79. § 9. 10.
12. Bank of Ireland to certify to the Auditor of Exchequer and Loan Clerk there, the Amount of Stock written into their Books.—Interest to be paid out of the Consolidated Fund arising in Ireland, § 11.
13. Duplicate may be granted of Certificate lost or destroyed, Security being given against the Production of the Original, § 12.
14. If the Original be restored after Duplicate acted upon, it may be deemed and cancelled, § 13.
15. Consolidating Certificate, Act. Feb. 27, § 14.
16. 2nd. Penalty on taking Fee for any Certificate, &c. § 15.
17. To amend 57 G. 3. c. 79. for permitting the Transfer of Capital from certain Public Stocks or Funds in Great Britain to certain Public Stocks or Funds in Ireland, 58 G. 3. c. 80.
18. Persons holding Stock in the Irish Funds may have, on Transfer thereof, corresponding Stock transferable at the Bank of Ireland, § 1.
19. Application may be made to the Bank of England, for Permission to make such Transfer, which shall be made to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, whereupon a Certificate shall be granted, directed to the Bank of Ireland, § 2.
20. Bank of England to give Notice of transfer to Commissioners of National Debt, § 3.
21. Regulation for the Payment of the Irish Dividend on the 31st Jan. per Cent. Annuitants to be transferred, § 4.

Goals. See Prisons.

Grand Jurist. See Peckinmithe.

Grocers. See Customs, III. Licences, 4. 5.

Grain.

1. For preventing Frauds in the Sale of Grain, adulterated Corn, &c. shall be enforced, and a Fine of 40s. incurred, 58 G. 3. c. 12.

Insolvent Debtors.

1. To continue the several Acts for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in Ireland until Jan. 1. 1840, 59 G. 3. c. 130.

Justices.

1. To enable Justices of the Peace in Ireland to act as such in certain Cases out of the Limits of the Counties in which they actually are; to make Provision for the Execution of Warrants of Distress granted by them; and to authorize them to impose Fines upon Constables and other Officers for Neglect of Duty, and on Masters for ill Usage of their Apprentices, 38 G. 3. c. 98.
2. Justices of Peace in Ireland may act for adjoining Counties, provided they are resident in One of them; and Constables, &c. to obey their Warrants, § 1.
3. Constables, &c. may carry Offenders before such Justices, and otherwise act as if Justices were resident within the County, § 2.
4. Sheriffs, &c. may convey Offenders through adjoining Counties—Penalty for stopping or aiding an Escape, § 3.
5. Justices for Counties at large may act within any adjoining County, being a County of the mid.—Provided as to Matters arising within the same City, § 4.
6. Justices,

6. *Judices, in Special or Petty Sessions, may impose Fines on Constables, &c. for Neglect of Duty, and upon Masters for Ill Usage of Apprentices, having paid out or under, to be levied by Distress—Application of Fines—Appeal—For want of Distress, Imprisonment, 55 G. 3. c. 33. § 5.*
7. *Process for Irregularity in Proceedings, § 6.*
8. *In what cases Distress may be levied in Places out of the Jurisdiction of Justice granting Warrants, § 7.*
9. *How Money arising by Distress applied, § 7.*
10. *Judices issuing Warrants of Distress, not answerable for Irregularity in granting them, § 7.*

Larceny.

1. *So much of 9. Anne (A.) as takes away Benefit of Clergy in certain Cases, repealed, 56 G. 3. c. 63. § 1.*
2. *Privately stealing from the Person of another to be punished with Transportation or Imprisonment, § 2.*

Lawyer, See Post Office.

Licenses, See Customs, III. Licenses.

Local and Personal Acts.

1. *Bombay to Belfast, according Mail Coach Road, 55 G. 3. c. 113/114.*
2. *Belfast — The Charitable Society enabled to supply that Town with Water, and to improve their Estates, 57 G. 3. c. 79.*
3. *Blipiere (John Lord de). Annuity of 500*l.* to him, as Compensation for the Loss of his Office of Attorney, and his Acquittance, &c. a sufficient Discharge for the Payment thereof, 57 G. 3. c. 109. § 3. 4.*
4. *Glen and Monahan, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 3. (P.)*
5. *— to Noreen, regarding Roads, 55 G. 3. c. 116.*
6. *Dublin City, according 47 G. 3. for improving &c. 57 G. 3. c. 83/112.*
7. *— Electing Trustees of the Royal Exchange, 55 G. 3. c. 112. — Road from, to Mullingar, containing 55 G. 3. (A.) c. 43. — 57 G. 3. c. 112.*
8. *— To amend 55 G. 3. c. 144. for enabling the Commissioners of Customs, &c. in Ireland, to purchase Premises for erecting Docks, Warehouses, and Offices, in Dublin, 55 G. 3. c. 82.*
9. *Dumree Harbour, (Watersford,) for improving and completing, and rendering it a fit Situation for His Majesty's Packet, 55 G. 3. c. 73.*
10. *Dunee (Jesse Elie, deceased), incorporating Trustees for his Charities, 55 G. 3. c. 37. (P.)*
11. *Dunree Harbour. — For the better Accommodation of His Majesty's Packets within the Harbour on the North Side of the Hill of Dunree, and for the better Regulation of the Shipping therein, 58 G. 3. c. 61.*
12. *Liffey. — To provide for maintaining the Royal Canal from the River Liffey to the River Shannon, 58 G. 3. c. 35.*
13. *Altamont, St. James, Clonsilla, Grange, Wexmouth, and Rathwick, including Lands, 58 G. 3. c. 18. (P.)*
14. *Moss Hospital. — Raising further Sums for its building and Support, 55 G. 3. c. 161.*
15. *Grangeville (Hon. Walter, Marquis and Earl of), writing Estates in Trusts, for Sale, &c. 58 G. 3. c. 35. (P.)*

Lunatic Poor.

1. *To provide for the Establishment of Asylums for the Lunatic Poor, in Ireland, 57 G. 3. c. 103.*
2. *Lord Lieutenant may direct any Number of Asylums for the Lunatic Poor to be erected and established; the Sums requisite for which to be provided by Grand Jury, and*

- Lord Lieutenant may direct the Money to be advanced out of the Consolidated Fund, 57 G. 3. c. 103. § 1. 2. 3.*
3. *After Asylums erected, the Grand Jury may provide the Sums required for Re-payment, which shall be paid in like manner, § 3.*
4. *Lord Lieutenant may appoint Directors and Commissioners to superintend the Asylums, who shall not receive any Salary, § 4.*

Mail, See Customs, III. Mail.

Markets, See Tolls.

Matrimonial Contracts.

1. *For extending to Ireland certain Provisions of 25 G. 2. c. 13. in relation to Matrimonial Contracts, 58 G. 3. c. 81.*
2. *No Proceeding to be had, to compel a Celebration of Marriage in face Single by means of Contracts, § 4.*

Members of Parliaments, See Elections.

Militia.

1. *Annual Acts to defray the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland; and for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace (on 25 June, 1818.) 55 G. 3. c. 109. — (To 25 June, 1819.) 58 G. 3. c. 59. — (To 25 June, 1820.) 59 G. 3. c. 117.*
2. *To reduce the Number of Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers in the Militia of Ireland, while disarmed, 57 G. 3. c. 104.*

National Debt.

1. *To amend 56 G. 3. c. 89. for providing for the Charge of certain Additions to the Public Debt of Ireland, 57 G. 3. c. 89.*
2. *1804/1805. § 1. Five per Cent. standing in the Books of the Bank of England in the Names of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of Ireland, to be declared cancelled from March 25. § 1.*
3. *Bank to place the Dividends to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and to be cancelled, § 2.*

Officers.

1. *To abolish certain Offices, and to replace certain other Offices in Ireland, 57 G. 3. c. 62.*
2. *Certain Offices abolished, on the Termination of the existing Intervals, § 1.*
3. *The Records, &c. of the said Offices to be transferred to the Public Record Office under the Direction of the Lord Lieutenant, § 2.*
4. *Lord Lieutenant, either before or after the Termination of existing Intervals, may order such Records to be removed into the said Office, § 2.*
5. *Certain other Offices and the Salaries thereof abolished, on the Termination of the existing Intervals, § 3. 4.*
6. *Certain Offices regulated, § 5.*
7. *Lord Lieutenant, with the Concurrence of the Treasury, to make Provision for executing the Duties of such Offices becoming vacant after the Expiration of existing Intervals, and appoint Salaries adequate to the Duties and Responsibilities attached to each Office, § 6.*
8. *Treasury to lay before Parliament a Statement of Summs and new Establishments, § 7.*
9. *Officers or Commissioners of the Board of Works abolished, if they become vacant, and Lord Lieutenant, with the Concurrence of the Treasury, to make Arrangements for the Execution in Fullest of Duties under the Charge of the said Board, § 7.*

10. The Savings arising by new Regulations of the Establishment of such Officers, to go to the Consolidated Fund, 57 G. 3. c. 63. § 8.
11. Persons belonging to the said Officers, when registered, incapable of sitting or voting as Members of Parliament, § 9.
12. Office of Keeper of the Petty Seal in Ireland, shall be granted during Pleasure, and holden by the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant, § 10.
13. His Majesty may grant a Pension to any Person having been Chamberlain of the Exchequer in Ireland, and afterwards holding any efficient Office, as mentioned in Act 57 G. 3. c. 57. § 1.
14. To abolish the Subsidy and Alms of the Old and New Drapery, and of all Woollen Manufactures in Ireland; and to authorize the Payment, out of the Consolidated Fund, of an annual Sum to His Lord at Bishops, during the Continuance of his Office of Alms, 57 G. 3. c. 109.

Paper, See Customs, III. Paper.

Permits, See Customs, III. Permits.

Post, See Post-Office.

Post, See Customs.

Posts, See Tolls.

Post Office.

1. To amend several Acts relating to the Post Office and Conveyance of Letters in Ireland, 59 G. 3. c. 108.
2. Arrears, not exceeding 10d. *per Annum*, against Deposits or Letter Carriers, &c. may be recovered by Civil Bill, § 1.
3. Postage of printed Notices from Churches, &c. *ad. per Donum*—Not to be valued or taxed—Rates of Postage, § 4.
4. Made not to pay Tolls more than once a Day in each District of Road, § 5.
5. Postmasters General to make Accounts to be kept, and pay Tolls Quarterly on Bridges, on Four wheeled Carriages carrying Malt under 45 G. 3. c. 28. § 24. — § 4.
6. No Postage on Letters sent or received to or from beyond Sea, between Dublin and Bristol, and Waterford or Limerick, § 5.
7. Limits of Penny Post, &c. may be extended by Consent of Lord Lieutenant, § 5.

Presentments.

1. To provide for the more deliberate Investigation of Presentments to be made by Grand Jurors for Public Works in Ireland, and for accounting for Money raised by such Presentments, 57 G. 3. c. 107. [Amended by 58 G. 3. c. 2. and repealed by 58 G. 3. c. 57. which is repealed by 59 G. 3. c. 84. except as to the Royal thereby of 57 G. 3. c. 107.]
2. To amend the Laws for making, repairing and improving the Roads and other public Works in Ireland, and for a more effectual Investigation of such Presentments, and for further securing a full, true and faithful Account of all Monies levied under the same, 59 G. 3. c. 14.
3. No Affidavit required for authorizing Presentments, § 1.
4. Instead of Affidavits, Applications are to be made in the Form contained in Schedule annexed to Act, § 1.
5. Certain Magistrates, qualified as mentioned in Act, to hold a Special Session for the purpose of this Act at Places to be appointed by Presentments of Grand Jury, which Presentments is to contain certain Particulars, § 2.
6. Previous to sitting, Magistrates to take the Oath prescribed by Act, and the Chairman at Meetings to deliver to Secre-

- tary of Grand Jury a List of Magistrates taking the Oath, 59 G. 3. c. 84. § 4.
7. Places to be appointed for public Notices by Churchwardens, § 7.
8. Not exceeding 5d. to be expended in sitting up Places appointed, § 8.
9. Facilities to keep such Places in repair, § 8.
10. Notices of Applications to Special Sessions to be posted, § 7.
11. Application and Papers to be lodged with Secretary of Grand Jury—His Duty thereon, § 8.
12. Complaints with the above Directions to be examined into by Special Sessions—Persons examined to be sworn, § 9.
13. Persons paying County Cots may examine Persons who have signed and sworn to Applications, § 9.
14. Secretary of Grand Jury to prepare Schedules of Applications, and make Copies to be printed and distributed to Magistrates and Persons composing the Grand Panel; and to deliver one Copy thereof, &c. to Foreman of the Grand Jury, another to Judge of Assize, and to keep another in his Office for Inspection, § 10.
15. Presentments to be numbered by Grand Jury, who may make the same, although Application be disapproved, or may refuse to make the same, § 11.
16. Presentments not to be made or fined, unless Applications entered in Schedules, § 12.
17. In case of Death, Sickness, &c. of Persons signing Applications, other Persons to be examined, § 13.
18. Proviso for Presentments for the immediate Repair of Post Roads, and for Presentments for Payment of Contraventions, &c. § 14.
19. Grand Jurors may present Sums not exceeding 10d. for repair of broken Bridges in Roads and Bridges before Assizes are held, § 15.
20. Notice to be given of accounting for Expenditure of Money presented for Matters mentioned in Act—Notice where to be posted, § 16.
21. Copy to be presented to Secretary of Grand Jury, who is to post the same, and make Schedule of such Notices—Persons accounting to attend Special Sessions and be sworn—Proceedings as to allowing and disallowing their Accounts, § 16, 17.
22. Affidavits of Expenditure may be controverted by Persons paying Cots, on Notice and Recognition—The Truth of such Affidavits to be tried by a Jury, § 18.
23. Presentment not to be paid until Transacts decided, § 19.
24. Presentments, not accounted for at Summer Assizes, may be accounted for at Special Sessions, § 20.
25. Accounts may be disputed and replied on Recognition, § 20.
26. Money not expended agreeably to Presentments, and accounted for within two Years, to be again presented for other Works within the Barony, § 21.
27. Presentments now made to be accounted for under Acts in force, § 22.
28. Allowance to Secretary of Grand Jury, § 23.
29. Affidavits from Contraventions to be sworn before Special Sessions, § 24.
30. Presentments for Salaries in certain cases not allowed, § 24.
31. Grand Jurors present Oath not to extend to Presentments for Public Works—Their Oath—Grand Jurors may disallow Evidence, § 25, 26.
32. Treasurer of County, &c. not to serve on Grand Jurors, § 27.
33. High Constables and Collectors to make Returns, to be laid before Grand Jury, § 28.
34. Tithes levying, &c. § 29.

35. Present.

35. Profectments may be made for prosecuting Delinquents for false Affidavits, 39 G. 3. c. 84. § 10.
36. Applications and Affidavits to be made on Stamps, the Amount of which, and also Efforts of Expenses, &c. to be added to Profectments, § 32.
37. Supervisors of Roads not to act under 49 G. 3. c. 84. until Money expended and accounted for, § 33.
38. Money not to be paid unless Expenditure accounted for, § 34.
39. Affidavit to be made by Supervisor of his Qualification, § 35.
40. Supervisor may remove his Deputy, § 34.
41. On Death of Supervisor, his Heir or Executor, &c. may make Affidavits, § 35.
42. Profectments may be made at the next Summer Assizes, § 16.
43. Grand Jurors may petition for Repeymen of Manors allowed by order of the Lord Lieutenant, § 37.
44. Provisions of Special Acts for Court Houses, &c. to remain in force, § 38.
45. 58 G. 3. c. 67. repealed, except as to the Repeal thereby of 57 G. 3. c. 129—§ 39.
46. Proviso for the County and City of Dublin, &c., § 40.
47. Affidavits for Profectments for the County of Dublin to be lodged with the Secretary of the Grand Jury in the County of Dublin, who is to cause Schedules of such Affidavits to be prepared for Delivery, and to deliver Affidavits, &c. to Inspector of Public Accounts, who is to report to Grand Jury, § 42.
48. Profectments for printing Schedule—Affidavit of Prisoner that the Charge is reasonable, § 42.
49. Keshif proclaimed an additional Barony of the County of Cork, § 43.
50. Schedules of Affidavits, Applications, and other Instruments referred to in Act.

See the General Index, Eschequer Bills, 75—102.

Preservation of the Peace.

1. The Stat. 54 G. 3. c. 180. for preserving and restoring Peace in such Parts of Ireland, as may at any time be disturbed by Sedition, Perjury, or by Persons entering into unlawful Conventions, 57 G. 3. c. 30.

Prisoners.

1. To amend 50 G. 3. c. 103. for repealing the several Laws relating to Prisoners in Ireland, and for re-enacting such of the Provisions thereof as have been found useful, with Amendments, 57 G. 3. c. 71. 59 G. 3. c. 100.
2. Grand Jurors may rent or purchase Premises for Houses or Drains to Gaols; and may direct a Conveyance thereof to Commissioners in trust, 57 G. 3. c. 71. § 1.
3. Grand Jurors may prevent the whole Sums necessary for completing the building or repairing of Gaols, over and above Sums in hand, as mentioned in Act, § 2.
4. Lord Lieutenant may order Money to be advanced at the Eschequer on such Profectments, § 2.
5. Commissioners may be appointed by Grand Jury, § 2.
6. Before Money is advanced, a Plan of the Works and Contracts to be approved by Lord Lieutenant, § 3.
7. Powers given by Special Acts to cause after such Advances are made, § 4.
8. Unsupplied Manors, raised under such Acts, to be paid over to the County Treasurer in and of Profectments, § 4.
9. Materials previously purchased, to be voted in Commissioners, and Persons who have received Money to account, § 4.

10. In default of Appointment of Chaplains to Prisons by Grand Jury, the Lord Lieutenant to appoint them; and such Appointment to be as effectual as if made by Grand Jury, 59 G. 3. c. 100.

Privy Seal, See Officers.

Public Debt, See National Debt.

Public Works, See the General Index, Eschequer Bills, 75. et seq.

Recognisances.

1. To amend the Laws in respect to forfeited Recognisances, 57 G. 3. c. 56.
2. Statutory Statutes relating to them repealed, § 1.
3. All Recognisances to specify the Names, Addition, and Residence of the Parties bound, who are to make a certain Oath, which is to be annexed to or written on the same Paper with the Recognisance, § 2.
4. Principals, charged and bound to appear, or to keep the Peace, or to prosecute Offenders, shall be bound only to their Bail-donors, § 3.
5. Penalty on Jailors, &c. neglecting to return Recognisances, or to insert Names, &c. or to administer such Oaths, § 4.
6. Clerks of the Crown and Peace in Ireland, on the first Day of Term after Session, &c. to return to Comptroller of the Pipe in the Exchequer, Extracts of Recognisances forfeited, and Fines unpaid—Clerks of His Privy to make Returns, § 5.
7. Returns of Effects of forfeited Recognisances and Fines shall specify the Names and Residences of the Parties, § 6.
8. Oath to be taken by the several Clerks returning the Extracts in Person, § 7.
9. Form of Oath to be taken by the Clerks of the Crown and of the Peace, when they cannot deliver the Extracts into the Exchequer, in Person, § 8.
10. By whom only, after such Oath, Fines may be reduced, § 9.
11. Extracts not to be received by the Comptroller of the Pipe, unless Oath be made that they have not been speeded or altered, § 10.
12. On the last Day of every Term, Comptroller of the Pipe to deliver to the Court of Exchequer, in open Court, a List of all Parties bound to return any Extracts, specifying certain Particulars, on Penalty of Attachment, and of 50s. on Comptroller and Solicitors neglecting, § 11.
13. Comptroller of the Pipe to allow to Sheriff second Summons, for levying Fines, &c., § 12.
14. All Extracts on which no Process of the Pipe shall have issued, to be delivered to Comptroller, &c., § 13.
15. When such Process to be issued and made returnable, § 14.
16. Sheriffs to have the usual Powers of levying, and to levy 20s. Goods before returning to Body or Lands of Debtor—Their Allowance, § 15. 26. 17.
17. Sheriffs to return to Jailors of Assize, &c. a Certificate of Names of Prisoners, § 18.
18. Gaoler to verify such Certificate on Oath; and Certificate and Affidavit to be annexed to Return, § 18.
19. Sheriffs chargeable with Sums for which Prisoners were committed, § 19.
20. In what case Sheriffs shall be excused by Discharge from Exchequer, § 20.
21. No Pounds due to Sheriffs, § 21.
22. In case of false Returns to Writs, though not within Court may the Sheriff or Under Sheriff, on Application, who are to pay the Costs of such Applications, § 22.

13. Sheriffs

23. Sheriff, &c. not to receive Fee for laying, or forbearing to lay, 37 G. 3. c. 36, § 24.
24. Penalty on Sheriff aiding, or neglecting to assist to the Crown for any Sum actually lent, and on Under Sheriff, &c. taking any Fee or Gift on receiving, or forbearing to receive, any Crown Writ Process, § 25.
25. Court of Exchequer may award Damages to Party charged in a summary Way, § 24.
26. Petition approved by Foresters of Recognisance, &c. may appeal to Commissioners of Reclamations, who may remit Penalties, § 25.
27. Petition obtaining Order for Relief from such Commissioners, to serve the same on the Comptroller of the Pipe, who is to file the same, § 26.
28. Penalties on Sums reduced to be paid to Sheriff by Petition obtaining Order of Reclamations, § 27.
29. Court of Exchequer, or Alder, or Sessions, may release Parties in Custody, and Order thence filed, to be an Acquittance to the Sheriff, § 28.
30. Orders at Sessions to be made with the Concurrence, and under the Hand of Assistant Sheriffs, &c., § 29.
31. Petitioners in County Court may be removed to the Bailiwick of any Town, where the Sessions are held, § 30.
32. In case of alleged Poverty of the Petitioner, the Court to enquire if Petitioner cannot pay a Part of the Sum due, § 31.
33. In what case not to discharge such Person until after Four Months, § 32.
34. Where the Petitioner is the Party sued, or is the Petitioner in any limited Recognisance, the Court shall enquire into all the Circumstances of the Case before granting Relief; and their Order to be valid, § 33.
35. Clerks of the Crown and Peace, on the Termination of the Sessions or Assizes, to put a List of Recognisances furnished, &c. and deliver a Copy to the Treasurer of the County, who shall allow Inspection thereof—§ 34. Penalty on Clerk of the Crown, &c. offending, § 35.
36. Penalties for Rights of Corporations to Fines, § 34.
37. Sheriff, &c. as Alder, may plead the General Issue—Triple Costs, § 35.
38. Commencement, &c. of A.D., § 36, 37.

Savings Banks.

1. To encourage the Establishment of Banks for Savings in Ireland, 37 G. 3. c. 109.
2. Persons forming Societies according to Provisions in A.D., to be entitled to the Benefit of it, § 1.
3. Rules, &c. of the Institution (and also new Rules) to be entered in a Book, and a Copy deposited with the Clerk of the Peace, without Fee—Such Rules to be binding, and Entry, or Copy of them (which is free from Stamp Duty,) to be Evidence thereof, § 2. 4.
4. Officers of such Institutions not to have any Benefit therein, except in certain Cases, § 5.
5. Shares of Monies may be paid to them, § 5.
6. Friendly Societies may subscribe any Portion of their Funds into the Funds of Provident Institutions—Provided as to Receipt of Treasures being a Discharge, § 6.
7. Treasurers, &c. to give Security, if required by General Rules, § 2.
8. Effects of Institutions to be added in Treasures for the time being, without such Allowances, except as to Transfers of Stock in the Public Funds, &c., § 8.
9. Treasures may bring and defend Actions, &c.—No Abatement by Death or Removal of Treasures—Treasures not to deposit Money of Institution with Bankers, except in certain Cases, § 8. 9.

10. In what case the Bank of Ireland to open an Account, called "The Fund for the Banks for Savings," 37 G. 3. c. 109, § 10.
11. Provisions to each Payments into the Bank, an Order to be produced, and a Certificate granted; afterwards the Commissioners to draw Debentures in favour of such Savings Banks, bearing Interest at 3d. per Dec., pursuant to Form in Schedule (C.), § 11.
12. Treasures may demand Payment of Principal and Interest secured by Debenture—Mode of Application for Payment of Debentures with Interest, § 12, 13.
13. New Debentures may be granted, § 13.
14. Monies paid in on Saving Bank Account to be invested in Stock, and carried to a new Account, § 14.
15. Debentures not transferable, § 15.
16. Debentures not liable to Stamp Duty; and if lost, Duplicate Debentures may be granted, § 16.
17. Good Falsely or false Declarations to obtain Debentures, § 17.
18. Recovery and Application of Penalties—Referred to Justices, § 18.
19. Account of all Monies received by Commissioners of National Debt from Treasures of Institutions, to be laid before Parliament, § 19.
20. Providing against an improper Investment of Monies, § 20.
21. On Change of Treasures, Stock to be transferred by former Treasures to the Names of the new Treasures, and continuing Treasures, &c. who may execute a Letter of Attorney for such Purpose, § 21.
22. Bankers in Ireland to pay 6d. per Cent. per Annum, for Money deposited in their Hands, under this A.D., § 22.
23. Persons entrusted with Effects of Society, to account and deliver up such Effects when required; and if they neglect or refuse, General or Quarter Sessions may proceed against them in a summary Way, § 23.
24. Members of Friendly Societies not liable to Forfeiture to such Societies, by subscribing to any Institution under this A.D., § 24.
25. Shares of deceased Depositors in Saving Banks exceeding not to be paid but upon Probate, &c.; and if under not and Deposition dies intestate, Administration not necessary, § 25, 26.
26. Where Property is under the Value of 50s. no Stamp Duty to be paid on Probates or Letters of Administration—Petition to challenge to exhibit Certificate of Amount of Share, § 25.
27. Payments under Probates of Wills, &c. afterwards repealed, *vide*, § 27.
28. Remedy for Representation against Person receiving, § 27.
29. Powers of Attorney by Treasures or Depositors, and also Receipts and Entries, to be Stamp Duty free, § 28.
30. Where Rules result an Arbitration, the Award to be final, § 29.
31. This a Public A.D., § 30.

Sheriffs.

1. To amend the Laws relating to Sheriffs, in Ireland, 37 G. 3. c. 88.
2. Sheriffs may make like Return of Writs against former Sheriffs, as against any other Persons, § 1.
3. Double Costs on Actions by Sheriffs against Under Sheriffs, &c. for Breach of Duty, § 2.
4. Actions against the Sheriff for Misconduct, in what case to be brought against the Under Sheriff, § 3.
5. Sheriffs paying Money into the Exchequer before the Time required by Law, shall be allowed Discharge thereon, § 4.
6. After Attachment for not accounting, Sheriff shall pay Interest

must for all Money remaining unpaid by him, and double interest for Non Payment after Attachment, 37 G. 3. c. 68. § 5.

See also Recognizances.

Soldiers.

1. To authorise the Governors of Hospitals to help or take away the Persons of Irish Prisoners of the said Hospitals, as shall be guilty of any Fraud in respect of their Money or Pensions, or any other gross Misdemeanor, 38 G. 3. c. 1.

See also the General Index, Regimental Debts. Soldiers, I. 12. and III. §. 283.

Spirits, See Customs, III. Spirits.

Stamp Duty.

1. Copy of Entry of Rates of Saving Banks Instruments exempt from Stamp Duty, 37 G. 3. c. 105. § 4.
2. Debentures Issued to such Saving Banks, 37 G. 3. c. 105. § 5.
3. Probates or Letters of Administration to Persons depositing Money in Saving Banks under 50*l.*, § 25.
4. Powers of Attorney of Trustees or Depositors in Saving Banks, and also Receipts or Endorse, § 26.
5. Receipts for Payments of Affixed Taxes, 38 G. 3. c. 52. § 5.
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20. When *Land Tax* redeemed by *Archbishops*, *Bishops*, *Religious*, or *Vicars* for the time being, out of their *Private* *Mortgage*, and there is *Stock* standing in the *Name* of the *Commissioners* for the *Redemption* of the *National Debt*, &c. in trust for such *See*, &c. as mentioned in *Act*, on *Order* from *Two Commissioners*, such *Stock* may be transferred to *Persons* assigning the *Land Tax*, § 17.
21. *Surplus* *Stock*, standing in the *Name* of the *Commissioners* for the *Redemption* of the *National Debt*, may be sold to pay *Calls* of *Corporations*, &c. allowed by the *Commissioners*, § 18.
22. *Commissioners* may give *Directions* to the *Commissioners* for the *Redemption* of the *National Debt*, for making good the *Transfer* of *Stock*, according to the *Terms* of the *Contract*, who are to act accordingly, § 19.
23. In what *cases* *Allowments* may be made under *Inclosure* *Acts* in lieu of *Free Farm Rents* payable in respect of *Land Tax* purchased, § 20.
24. *Provisions* of 40 G. 3. c. 109, and of all other *Inclosure* *Acts*, applicable to *Allowments* made under this *Act*, § 21.
25. *Commissioners* for the Affairs of *Taxes* enabled to execute and confirm *Deeds* of *Sale*, &c. which have not been executed by the *Commissioners* sitting under the *Royal Sign Manual*, which *Deeds* are confirmed by *Act*, § 22.
26. Where *Contracts* cannot be completed, the *Commissioners* for *Taxes* may release them, and *Order* the *Stock* to be re-transferred, § 23.
27. *Deeds* valid, though not verified within the *Periods* prescribed by the *Acts* relating to the *Redemption* of the *Land Tax*, § 24.
28. Under *Circumstances* mentioned in *Act*, *Two Commissioners* of *Land Tax* may order such *Deeds* to be verified, &c. § 25.
29. In what *case* *Informal Sales* and *Conveyances* confirmed, § 26.
30. *Penalty* for *Relief* in *Equity* of *Persons* injured, &c. by *Sales*, § 27.
31. *Powers* of *Acts* respecting *Redemption* of *Land Tax* applied to the *Act*, § 28.
32. For appointing *Commissioners* to carry into execution 35 G. 3. c. 60. for granting an *Aid* to His Majesty by a *Land Tax* to be rated in *Great Britain* for the Service of the Year 1798, 39 G. 3. c. 138.

Leather, See Carriages, 2.

Letters, See Postage of Letters.

Licences.

1. To continue [to July 2, 1822,] and amend in each of 55 G. 3. c. 30. as relates to Tobacco, Snuff and certain Excise Licences, 55 G. 3. c. 32. § 1.
2. Persons selling Silver or Gold Watches, in which are contained a certain Quantity of these Metals, are not liable to the Duty of 10. 6s. granted by rected Act, § 2.
3. Gold or Silver Goods offered for Sale to be deemed as such according to 55 G. 3. c. 30. and 43 G. 3. c. 63.—4 3.
4. The Duty on Excise Licences, taken out by Retailer of Foreign made Wines or Spirits, imposed by 55 G. 3. c. 30. Schedule (A.) and continued by 55 G. 3. c. 32. repealed, 55 G. 3. c. 102. § 2.
5. The Charges made for such Duties discharged, § 4.

See also Carates: Spiritual Perfes.

Levant Company.

1. To remove Doubts respecting the Debt payable to the Levant Company, 55 G. 3. c. 110.
2. Goods of Turkey or Egypt, &c. imported directly from thence, liable to Duties payable to the Levant or Turkey Company, under rected Acts and Letters Patent, § 1.
3. Powers of rected Acts extended to the A.B., &c. § 2, 3.

Life Annuities, See National Debt.

Linen, See Excise, 111.

Little Goes, See Lottery Insurers, 4.

Livings (Small).

1. To remove the Powers of exonerating small Livings, &c. from the Land Tax, 55 G. 3. c. 100. See Land Tax.

Local Militia.

1. Separate Accounts to be kept of the Money received and paid on account of Adjutants of Local Militia, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 42. § 9.

London (Lord Bishop of), See Colonies; Paving, &c. 42.

London (City and Port of), See Brokers; Gauger; Harbours, 12; Paving, &c. 29—53.

Longitude.

1. For more effectually discovering the Longitude at Sea, and encouraging Attempts to find a Northern Passage between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, and to approach the Northern Pole, 55 G. 3. c. 20.
2. Several Acts rected, repealed, and Commissioners for discovering the Longitude appointed, Three of whom are to receive a Salary, § 1, 2, 10.
3. Names of the Three Members of the Royal Society appointed by Commissioners—How Vacancies of such Three

Persons filled up—Names of the other Three Commissioners, and Regulations as to the Choice of such Three after Jan. 1. 1822, 55 G. 3. c. 20. § 3.

4. All Acts conferring any Duty or Power on the Commissioners constituted by rected Acts, repealed, § 4.
5. Commissioners may propose Three Schemes of Reward to Persons shortening the Longitude by any Principle not already made public; and if such Proposal be approved by His Majesty in Council, Commissioners may pay the proportionate Reward, § 5.
6. Commissioners may expend 10000. per Annum in making Experiments, &c. and a like Sum in shortening the Longitude and Longitude of Place, § 6, 7.
7. Rewards may be allowed to Persons making Improvements in former Inventions, § 8.
8. Stat. 18 G. 2. c. 17. and 18 G. 3. c. 6. repealed, § 9.
9. 100000. Reward for first Sailing and Sailing through any Passage between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, § 10.
10. 50000. Reward for first approaching within One Degree of the North Pole, § 11.
11. Commissioners, on Sanction of the King in Council, may reward Attempts to approach the Pole, § 12.
12. Proceedings for shortening the first Discoverers of such Northern Passage, and first Approachers to the North Pole, § 13.
13. Rewards claimed by Officers and Men of King's Ships, how to be distributed, § 14.
14. Executions, &c. may receive the Reward, § 15.
15. Commissioners may cause Nautical Almanachs to be made and published—and Penalty on unauthorized Persons publishing the same, § 16, 17.
16. Penalties to be paid for by the Secretary, or by Persons authorized by Commissioners of Longitude, § 18.
17. Nautical Almanachs not liable to Stamp Duties, § 19.
18. Secretary, Superintendant of publishing Nautical Almanach, and Registrar, &c. of Time Keepers, to be appointed, § 21.
19. Their Duties may be divided—Treasurer of Office and Salary of Secretary, § 22.
20. Salaries to be included in the ordinary Expenses of the Navy, § 23.
21. Half Pay Officers not prevented from receiving Rewards under this Act, § 24.
22. Estimate of Expenses to be prepared by Commissioners, &c. § 25.
23. Mode of paying Monies under the Authority of this Act, § 26.
24. Five Commissioners to form a Quorum, certain of whom must be present, § 27.
25. Regulations concerning their Meetings, § 28.

Lotteries, See Revenue, III.

Lottery Insurers.

1. Lottery Insurers, in whole Premium Papers relating to Insurance, &c., are bound, and all Persons discovered in such Houses engaged in such illegal Transactions, shall be punished as Rogues and Vagabonds, 55 G. 3. c. 63. § 35. 38.
2. Informations on Oath not permitted, § 37.
3. On Complaint of Oath of Offences against this Act where the Parties are liable to be punished as Rogues, Justices may authorize Persons to break open Houses—Penalty on obstructing them, § 38.
4. The Word "Place," in making Acts for preventing Little-Goes, intended to mean any Place whatever, § 37.
5. Officers adjudged to be Rogues and Vagabonds, may be committed, § 39.

Lotteries

Lunatics.

1. For making better Provision for the Care of Pauper Lunatics in *England*, 39 G. 3. c. 123.
2. In Cases where Insane Persons are chargeable to Parish, Two Justices, calling to their Assistance a Medical Officer, may direct Overseers to convey them to some licensed House for Lunatics, § 1.
3. If there be no Licensed Asylum, then to House duly licensed for Insane Persons, § 1.
4. Regulations as to Payment of Charges, § 1.
5. Overseers not to remove such poor Persons without an Order from Justices, § 1.
6. This a Public Act, § 2.
7. Penalty on Overseers neglecting to give Information to Justices, as to State of Lunatic, § 3.

See also *Asylum Diseases*.

M.

Madder.

1. The 34 G. 3. c. 28, as amended by 36 G. 3. c. 69, for regulating the Customs on Madder imported, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof, further amended [in July 1. 1818.] 36 G. 3. c. 8.—[in July 3. 1819.] 38 G. 3. c. 73.

Made Wines, See Sweets.

Malt.

1. Annual Acts for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, &c. 37 G. 3. c. 5. 38 G. 3. c. 3. 39 G. 3. c. 3 amended by 39 G. 3. c. 88, except Annuity, &c. and additional Duty imposed, to be levied and recovered, &c. in former District, 39 G. 3. c. 10. § 1, 2, 3.

See also *Excise*, 73. et seq. *IRELAND* (Customs, 111. Malt).

Malt, See Accounts, and East India Company, 1—14.

Mas (Isle of), See Salt, 32.

Manslaughter.

1. Manslaughter, committed in certain Foreign Parts not within His Majesty's Dominions, may be tried in any of His Majesty's Courts of Sessions in the same Manner as Offences committed in the High Seas, 57 G. 3. c. 13.
2. Provides for Stat. 31 H. 8. c. 13.—§ 2.

Measure, See Salt, 122.; and Toll.

Marines, See Smuggling, 28.; and Soldiers.

Marriages.

1. To regulate the Celebration of Marriages in *Newfoundland*, 37 G. 3. c. 51.
2. Marriages to be solemnized by Persons in Holy Orders—Proviso for Difficulty in procuring Persons in Holy Orders, being certified as Such, § 1.
3. This Act not to extend to Marriages already contracted, nor to those among Quakers and Jews, § 2.
4. To remove Doubts concerning the Validity of certain Marriages had and solemnized within the Territory of *India*, 38 G. 3. c. 24.

5. Marriages solemnized in *India* before January 31. 1818, by Ministers of the Church of *England*, to be of the same force as if solemnized by Clergymen of the Church of *England*; and after that Period, Marriages between Persons, one or both of the Church of *England*, by Ministers of that Communion, and appointed by *East India Company*, valid, § 1.

6. Declaration to be made by Parties—Minister to certify Marriage, and deliver Duplicate of Certificate signed by Parties in one of them, and transmit another to the Secretary of Presidency, § 2.

Mauritius (Island), See Accounts; Postage of Letters, &c.; et seq.

Members of Parliament.

1. The Lords by which any Person shall make out his Qualifications to serve as a Member of Parliament for any Place in *England* or *Ireland*, may be limited either in *England*, *Ireland* or *Ireland*, 39 G. 3. c. 37.

Merchants' Service.

1. For facilitating the Recovery of the Wages of Seamen in the Merchant Service, 39 G. 3. c. 36.

See Seamen, 10—17.

Militia.

- I. Amending, &c. the Militia Laws of Great Britain.
- II. Annual Acts for the Pay and Clothing of the Militia.

I. Amending, &c. the Militia Laws of Great Britain.

1. His Majesty empowered to suspend the Training and Exercising of the Militia, 37 G. 3. c. 57. § 1.
2. His Majesty may make Quotas of Militia of Great Britain to be fixed before the Expiration of the next Period specified in 43 G. 3. c. 30.—§ 2.
3. Penalty on calling Militiamen for the *East India Company's Service*, and on Militiamen offering to be enrolled for another Parish, § 3.
4. Number of Sergeants, Corporals, and Drummers, to be retained in the Militia on Pay, when not on actual Service, § 4.

II. Annual Acts for the Pay and Clothing of the Militia.

1. To defray the Charges of the Pay, Clothing and Contingent Expenses of the Detached Militia in Great Britain, and for granting Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Quarter-masters, Sergeants, Sergeants-Major, and Sergeant-Majors of Militia, 37 G. 3. c. 102, 38 G. 3. c. 36., 39 G. 3. c. 106.

See also *Local Militia*.

Mineral Alkali.

1. Excise Duties and Drawbacks on Mineral Alkali or Flux for Glass made in Great Britain repealed; and in lieu thereof a Duty of 30s. per Ton payable, 37 G. 3. c. 42. § 23, 24.
2. If Substances forfeited, which are liable to the Alkali Duty, be sold, &c. from reserved Works, &c. without Payment of Duty, they are liable to Seizure, besides a Penalty of 1000*l.*, § 69.
3. Alkali Masters to make Entry of their Works, on Penalty of 100*l.* and Forfeiture of the Alkali, &c., § 10.

4. Penalties

4. *Passports* of *Help* made in *Great Britain*, 37 G. 3. c. 45. § 137.
5. *Makers of Alkali Preparations*, containing *Soda*, as described in *A. G.* not liable to the Survey of Excise Officers, § 28.
6. *Former Duties* on *Mineral Alkali* to cease and new ones granted—How they are to be levied and applied, 39 G. 3. c. 29. § 8. 3. 4.
7. *Importers* not compelled to pay *Duties* of *Goods* warehoused under 43 G. 3. c. 131.—§ 1.
8. *Articles*, issued in *Warehouses* under that *A. G.*, and taken out after *March* 29. 1819, only to pay the said *Duties*, § 2.

Mint.

1. To regulate certain Officers, and abolish others in His Majesty's *Mints* in *England* and *Scotland* respectively, 37 G. 3. c. 67.
2. Office of *Warden* of the *Mint* to be abolished after the *Termination* of the existing *Interest*; and the *Duties* to be performed by the *Maker* and *Worker* of the *Mint*, without any additional *Salary*, &c., § 2.
3. After *Termination* of existing *Interest*, the Office of *Comptroller* of the *Mint* to be heretofore executed in *Perfor* and not by *Deputy*, § 2.
4. After *Termination* of existing *Interest*, no *Salary* to *Surveyor* of *Wages*, but only the *Fees* allowed by 15 G. 3. c. 90. are to be taken, § 3.
5. Office of *Governor* of the *Mint* in *Scotland*, after the *Termination* of existing *Interest*, to be held by the *Maker* of the *Mint* in *England*; and the *Buildings* sold, and other *Offices* of the *Mint* in *Scotland*, after the existing *Interest*, abolished, § 4.
6. The *Treasury* to direct the *Mint* Buildings in *Scotland* to be sold, § 5.

Murder.

1. *Murders* committed in certain *Foreign Parts*, not within His Majesty's *Dominions*, may be tried in any of His Majesty's *Foreign Plantations*, in the same manner as *Offences* committed on the *High Sea*, 37 G. 3. c. 33. § 1. amended by 39 G. 3. c. 45.—See *Non-residence*.
2. *Writs* for 33 *M. 8. c. 29*.—37 G. 3. c. 33. § 2.
3. *Appeals* of *Murders* abolished, 39 G. 3. c. 45. § 2.

Muslins, See *Excise*, 111.

N.

National Debt.

1. To amend 48 G. 3. c. 140. 49 G. 3. c. 54. 37 G. 3. c. 109. and 38 G. 3. c. 53. for enabling the *Commissioners* for the *Redemption* of the *National Debt* to grant *Life Annuities*, 37 G. 3. c. 25.
2. The *granting* of *Annuities* under reduced *Acts*, extended to *Perfor* 21 Years old and under 35. § 1.
3. *Commissioners* may receive 40. or 50. per Cent. *Stock* for *Purchase* of *Life Annuities*, § 1.
4. *Average Prices* of *such Stock* to be made out, and transmitted to *Officer*, § 1.
5. 51. and 40. per Cent. *Stock* to be converted, by *Calculation*, into 50. per Cent. *Stock*, § 2.
6. *Money* may be accepted in form of *Bank Annuities* for the *Purchase* of *Life Annuities*, § 3.
7. Authorizing the *Grant* of reduced *Annuities*, § 4.
8. Copy of *Barrel Register* of *Names* to be produced to *Officer*, with *Affidavit*, § 4.
- Regulations respecting *Commissioners* granting *Further Annuities* to *Perfor* who have purchased *Life* or *disigned Annuities*, § 5.

9. *Commissioners* may accept *Stock* for *Money* from time to time, for the *Purchase* of *Life Annuities* or *disigned Annuities*, 37 G. 3. c. 25. § 6.
10. In case of the *Death* of *Perfor* before the *Completion* of the *Purchase* of *Annuities*, *Stock* to be transferred to *Executors*, &c., § 7.
11. When *Money* is to be paid for the *Purchase* of *Annuities*, the time is to be paid into the *Bank of England*, § 8.
12. *Commissioners* to sit *Forms* of *Declaration* and *Condition*, and its *Rules* of *Purchase* of *Annuities* according to former *Acts*, § 9.
13. *Schedules* (A.) and (B.) to be adopted in form of *Schedule* (E.) in 49 G. 3. c. 54. repealed by 39 G. 3. c. 34. § 2. and certain *Schedules* therein contained to be used, § 10.
14. *Acceptance* of *Annuities* by one of the *Purchasers*, when Two or more are named, or by *Issue Perfor* in his behalf, to be sufficient, § 11.
15. *Officers* of *Commissioners* to administer *Oaths* free of *Expense*, § 12.
16. *Folio Oath* or *Affidavit*—*Perjury*, § 12.
17. Certain *Registers* of *Death* of *Quakers* or *Deceased* to be taken in *England*, § 13.
18. So much of 36 G. 3. c. 31. § 11. as limits the *Periods* for applying *Money* for the *Purchase* of *Public Annuities*, repealed, 37 G. 3. c. 45. § 15.
19. *Months* for apart and applicable between *November* 1. 1817. and *February* 1. 1818. to be applied by *Commissioners* to the *Purchase* of *Annuities* between *November* 2. 1817. and *January* 1. 1818. § 16.
20. *Periods* of *Applications* of *Money* to *future Years*, § 17.
21. *Three Commissioners* empowered to sell, and the *Power* is conferred by them, declared to be as valid as if done by *Perfor*, 39 G. 3. c. 65. § 1. 2.
22. To amend and render more efficient several *Acts* for enabling the *Commissioners* for the *Redemption* of the *National Debt* to grant *Life Annuities*, and to empower the said *Commissioners* to grant *Annuities* for *Lives* or *Years*, for promoting the beneficial purposes of the *Fund* commonly called the *Warlike Subscriptions*, 39 G. 3. c. 34.
23. On *Production* of a *Certificate* of the *Death* of *Nominate*, with *Affidavit* of *Identity*, within the *Periods* mentioned in *A. G.* *Officer* to grant *Cash*, upon which the *Bank* shall pay the *Arrears*, and the *Fourth Part* of the unpaid *Annuity*, if claimed within *Two Years* after the *Death* of *Nominate*, § 1.
24. The *Commissioners* for the *Redemption* of the *National Debt* may receive from the *Transfer* of the *Warlike Subscriptions* *Transfers* of *Long Annuities*, as the *Consideration* for the *Purchase* of *Life Annuities* and *Annuities* for *Years*, to be calculated and transferred as directed in *A. G.*, § 2.
25. *Chancery*, *Ac.* of the *Warlike Fund* to produce *Lives* of *Nominate*, and thus the *Amount* of *Long Annuities* as the *Consideration* for *such Life Annuities*, § 4.
26. *Certificate* to authorize *Transfer*—How *Life Annuities* are to be computed, § 4.
27. *Periodically* to *publishing* *Annuities* for *Years*, *Transfer* shall produce a *Declaration* of the *Amount* of *Long Annuities* to be transferred—*Certificate* to authorize *Transfer*, § 5.
28. On *Production* and *Delivery* at the *Bank of England* of the *Declarations* granted, and on *Transfer* of the *Long Annuities*, *Copies* of the *Bank* to grant a *Receipt* in the usual *Form*, § 6.
29. *Annuities* payable to *Trustees* half yearly—When to commence—*Payment* of *Arrears*, § 7.
30. *Long Annuities* transferred under this *Act*, applied to the *Sinking Fund*, § 8.

32. Annuities to be charged on the Sinking Fund, and carried to *Separate Accounts*, 55 G. 3. c. 33. § 9.
33. Money to be set apart at the Bank to pay Annuities, § 9.
34. Half yearly Life of deceased Mariners to be made out by Treasurers, and attested by Secretary to Admiralty and Members, and on Production of Certificate, remaining Annuities to be paid—Half yearly Amount to be certified, § 10.
35. Receipt of Treasurers, sufficient Discharge to the Bank, § 11.
36. Annuities under this Act shall not be transferred, except on the Appointment of New Treasurers as mentioned in Act; and Notice of Transfer to be given to Commissioners, § 12.
37. Amount of Unclaimed Annuities to be deducted every Three Years, and to be deducted from the total Amount of Unclaimed Annuities—Proviso for reclaiming such Unclaimed Annuities, § 13.
38. Expired Annuities to fall into the Sinking Fund, § 14.
39. No Taxes on such Annuities, but such as Dividends may be liable to, § 15.
40. No Stamps on Certificates, &c., § 15.
41. Forms for the purpose of this Act shall be devised or adopted by Commissioners, § 16.
42. The Commissioners for Reduction of the National Debt, empowered to advance 12,000,000*l.* on Loan, 55 G. 3. c. 37.

Nautical Almanach, See Longitude, 15—17.

Navigation Laws.

1. To exempt the *Tonnage*, within the Limits of the *East India Company's Charter*, from several of the Navigation Laws, 57 G. 3. c. 95.

Naval Stores.

1. The producing of Accounts to Parliament of Naval Stores reported by Persons trading to *Raffles*, required by 50 G. 3. c. 5. § 4. repealed, 55 G. 3. c. 103. § 1.

Navy.

1. For making further Regulations respecting the Pay of the Officers of the Royal Navy, in certain Cases, 57 G. 3. c. 20.
2. Captains, &c. &c. entitled to Full Pay, empowered to draw at certain Periods upon the Commissioners of the Navy for their Pay, as established by Order of Council November 13, 1816, § 1.
3. Officers to transmit Logs, &c. before they receive their Half Pay, § 1.
4. Bills drawn by Lieutenants, &c. to be certified by Purser and approved by Captain; and Purser, in certifying, to be responsible that Bill is not for more than due, § 2.
5. Bills drawn by Physicians, Secretary, or Secretary's Clerk, by whom to be approved, § 3.
6. Masters and Multiguns not entitled to draw until Certificates are produced of their having passed Examination, &c. except in certain Cases, § 4.
7. So much of 35 G. 3. c. 94. as authorizes certain Officers, first in Sick Quarters, to draw at the End of Six Weeks, repealed; and further Regulations made in respect of Officers drawing for the Pay due, on the Day of Discharge to Sick Quarters, § 5.

8. Second Masters, Masters, &c. relieved from allowing Pay as Secretaries; and former Regulations relating thereto applicable to this Act, 57 G. 3. c. 20. § 6.
 9. Commissioned Officers, &c. on Half Pay, may draw a Bill for his Arrears on being appointed to a Ship—Certificate and Form of Bill to be transmitted to such Officers, § 7.
 10. On Appointment to Ships, Commissioned Officers, Chaplains, &c. may draw for Three Months Pay in advance; and Certificate and Form of Bill to be transmitted to such Officers, § 8.
 11. Officers authorized to draw Pay, having paid their Accounts and received general Certificates specifying the Amount of Pay due, may make such Certificates negotiable by Indorsement, § 9.
 12. Forging Certificates, Bills, &c. — Death, § 10.
 13. Bills not liable to Stamp Duty, § 11.
 14. Sick Tickets not transferable, § 12.
 15. Schedules of Certificates, &c.
 16. To regulate the Intervals and Periods of Payment of Navy, Victualling, and Transport Bills, 57 G. 3. c. 30.
 17. The Treasury may regulate the Interval and Periods of Payment of such Bills, but not to exceed 3½*l.* per *Man*, § 1.
 18. Act not to extend to Bills issued, or to be issued, in pursuance of any existing Contract, § 2.
 19. When Money is wanted in the Victualling Department of the Navy, for Payment of Bills, &c. Commissioners may apply by Letter to the Treasurer of the Navy to take from the Treasury the Sum required—Such Money to be issued to the Bank on the Treasurer's Account, 57 G. 3. c. 112.
 20. For regulating Payments to the Treasurer of the Navy, under the Heads of Old Stores and Impulse, 57 G. 3. c. 122.
- See also *Acts*; Smuggling, 18; *Spain*.

Navy Agents.

1. Executors or Administrators of deceased Navy Agents (duly authorized), where an Order has been given for the Payment of Prize Money, may receive the same on taking out a License, to be in force for Three Years, 57 G. 3. c. 118. § 1.
2. Such License may be revoked by the Treasurer of the Navy for Fraud, &c., § 2.
3. Licenses under 45 G. 3. c. 123. § 37. may be revoked by Treasurer of the Navy, for Misconduct towards Commissioned or Warrant Officers, as well as to Petty Officers and Seamen, &c., § 3.
4. To explain and amend 31 G. 2. c. 20. relating to certain Allowances for Navy Agents, 55 G. 3. c. 119.
5. 31 G. 2. c. 20. § 30. applied to full Amount of Pay, &c., § 1.
6. Charge made by Agents for Accounts of Commissioned and Warrant Officers already paid, deemed lawful, § 2.
7. An Allowance of 6*l.* in the Pound to be the future Charge for Agency, § 2.
8. For paying Captains' Accounts, Agent may charge 3*l.* per *Cent.* on the Amount, and 3*l.* 15*s.* per *Cent.* on the Amount of Purser's Accounts, § 3.
9. Proviso for former Acts for Payment of the Navy; and for Admissions commenced before Jan. 21, 1819, § 3, 4.

Negotiable Securities.

1. Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, given for an *Advance* Consideration, not void in the Hands of Indorses without Notice, 58 G. 3. c. 93.

Netherlands.

1. To carry into effect the Treaty with the Netherlands relating to the Slave Trade, 55 G. 3. c. 16.

New Brunswick, See Importation and Exportation, 21.

New Forest, See Forests, 2.

Newfoundland.

1. To regulate the Celebration of Marriages in Newfoundland, 57 G. 3. c. 51.
 2. Marriages to be solemnized by Persons in Holy Orders — Provide for Difficulty in procuring Persons in Holy Orders, being certified on Oath, § 1.
 3. Act not to extend to Marriages already contracted, nor to those among Quakers and Jews, § 2.
- See also *Fish and Fisheries*, 1—5; *Importation and Exportation*, 5; *Tabl*, 39.

New South Wales.

1. To lay Proceedings against any Governor or other Person concerned in imposing and levying Duties in *New South Wales*; to continue till January 1. 1822, certain Duties; and to empower the said Governor to lay a Duty on Spirits made on the said Colony, 55 G. 3. c. 114.
2. To permit Vessels under a certain Tonnage to trade between the United Kingdom and *New South Wales*, 55 G. 3. c. 122.
3. Vessels, of less than 370 Tons, registered Merchantmen, may trade between the Kingdom and *New South Wales*, &c. § 1.
4. Vessels, sailing to the Northward of the 12th Degree of South Latitude, between the 64th and 150th Degree of East Longitude from London, to remain liable, § 2.

Non Residence, See Spiritual Persons.

Northern Passage and North Pole, See Longitude.

Nova Scotia, See Importation and Exportation, 21.

O.

Oaths.

1. To regulate the Administration of Oaths, in certain Cases, to Officers of His Majesty's Land and Sea Forces, 57 G. 3. c. 52.
2. The Secretaries of State, &c. may deliver Commissions, or Warrants, to Officers of the Navy, Land Officers, &c. without previously requiring them to take certain Oaths, &c. § 1.
3. This Act not to extend to any Oaths, &c. now required to be taken by Officers after receiving Commissions, § 2.

Offenders, See Transportation.

Officers.

1. Annual Acts for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Officers, &c. in England; and for receiving the Contributions of Persons holding Positions and Offices, 57 G. 3. c. 53, 58 G. 3. c. 3, 59 G. 3. c. 5.
2. Annual Indemnity Acts in Persons who have retired to qualify themselves for Offices, 57 G. 3. c. 14, 58 G. 3. c. 5, 59 G. 3. c. 11.
3. Persons holding Offices under the Crown during Pleasure, may, at His Majesty's Desire, continue to hold the same during the Pleasure of the King or Queen who shall succeed, 57 G. 3. c. 45.
4. To regulate certain Offices in the Court of Exchequer in England, 57 G. 3. c. 60.
5. To abolish the Offices of the Wardens, Chief Justices in Eyre, North and South of Town, 57 G. 3. c. 51.
6. To regulate the Offices of Clerks of the Signet and of the Privy Seal, 57 G. 3. c. 63.
7. To enable His Majesty to recompense the Services of Persons holding, or who have held, certain high and efficient Offices, 57 G. 3. c. 67.
8. After the Expiration of certain Periods, His Majesty empowered to grant Persons of good to Persons holding certain Offices, to the Extent of Six, under certain Limitations and Restrictions, § 1.
9. His Majesty empowered to grant, On other like Person, not subject to the said Limitations, though Six be filled up, to be deemed a supernumerary Person, and become One of the regular Number on the First falling in, § 2.
10. After the Expiration of certain Periods, His Majesty allowed to grant Persons of good, 1500*l*, and 1000*l*, to certain other Persons holding Civil Offices, under certain Limitations and Restrictions, § 3, 4, 5.
11. When Persons have served Eight Years in several Classes of certain Offices, the Persons attached to the highest Class of such Offices may be granted on Three Years' Service in the highest Office, § 7.
12. Regulations concerning the taking effect, Suspension, and Abolition of Persons, made to Persons holding Offices, § 8.
13. Interest of Persons in Office to confide with respect to such Office on obtaining Persons, § 9.
14. Persons holding Positions heretofore granted (with certain Exceptions), on obtaining such Positions, to relinquish such previous Positions, and the same to go to Consolidated Fund — Order of Treasury, in respect thereof, to be void, § 10.
15. Persons under this Act to be payable Quarterly out of Consolidated Fund, free from Taxes, § 11.
16. The Treasury may, by Warrant, direct the Officers of the Exchequer to pay Debentures for Payment of Persons without Fees — Such Warrants not determinable on His Majesty's Death, &c. § 12, 13.
17. The Treasury and Exchequer to do all things directed by this Act, without Fee, § 14.
18. The Receipts of Persons to be sufficient Discharges, and Persons to be Tax free — Remedy on Officers of the Exchequer relating to pay, &c. § 15.
19. Civilized Lists of all Officers, abolished or regulated by any Act of the present Session, to be returned to the Exchequer, and Accrues to be laid by the Treasury before Parliament, at the Commencement of every Session, of the Officers abolished or regulated since the passing of such Acts, § 16.
20. To amend 25 G. 3. c. 81, for suppressing or regulating certain Officers therein mentioned, in far as respects the Board of Trade, &c. 57 G. 3. c. 66.

21. To regulate certain Officers, and abolish others, in His Majesty's Mints, in England and Scotland respectively, 37 G. 3. c. 67.
See also IRELAND (Officers), and SCOTLAND (Officers).

Optical Instruments.

1. The Treasury may prescribe Regulations for the better Selection of Glass for Optical Instruments, 39 G. 3. c. 115. § 4.

Oxygenated Muriac Acid, See Salt, 120, 121.

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Pardons.

1. Fees for Grants of Pardons to be paid by the Treasury, 38 G. 3. c. 19. § 1.
2. Letters Patent of Pardons to be free from Stamp Duty, § 2.

Parish Festries, See Vestries.

Passengers.

1. To regulate the Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom, to certain of His Majesty's Colonies in North America, 37 G. 3. c. 10.
2. The 43 G. 3. c. 36. not to apply to British Vessels carrying Passengers to Canada, &c., § 1.
3. No Vessel shall sail to Canada, &c., unless the Master enter into Bond, that there shall not be taken on board more Passengers than by this Act allowed, § 2.
4. Bills of Passengers to be delivered, and a Copy thereof certified by Officers of Customs, and delivered to the Master, to be kept by him for the Inspection of Ships of War, &c., § 3.
5. 50s. Penalty on taking more Passengers than the Number allowed, § 3.
6. Passengers to be appraised according to the Tonnage of the Vessel, § 4.
7. How such Tonnage is to be taken, § 4.
8. Wages and Provisions here to be appraised, § 5.
9. 10s. Penalty on not giving out Allowance of Provisions, § 6.
10. Abstract of Act to be exposed on Vessel, § 7.
11. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 8.
12. This Act not to affect existing Statutes for the Regulation of Amateurs, &c., leaving the Kingdom, § 9.
13. So much of 43 G. 3. c. 36. as relates the Attendance of Magistrates on board Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Plantations, or to Foreign Parts, repealed; and Collector or Comptroller of Customs to perform the Duties of such Magistrates, 38 G. 3. c. 89.
14. No Vessel carrying any Passengers from the United Kingdom to any of the Plantations, &c., desired, to clear out, unless provided with a Surgeon duly qualified, 39 G. 3. c. 124. § 1.
15. Powers of 43 G. 3. c. 36. extended to this Act, § 2.

Paper Lunatics, See Lunatics.

Paving, watching, Lighting, and improving Towns, and other Places.

1. *Albion.* Paving, &c. and supplying with Water, 38 G. 3. c. 12.
2. *Bargely.* Repairing, &c. Church, 39 G. 3. c. civi.
3. *Bath and its Liberties.* Lighting with Gas, 38 G. 3. c. lv.
4. *Berwick.* Building a new Church and Workhouse, 37 G. 3. c. 122.
5. *Barnold's Gate Town.* Improving Entrance to, 39 G. 3. c. lvi.
6. *Bromham (Town).* Better supplying with Gas, 39 G. 3. c. lvi.
7. *Blackburn.* Rebuilding Parish Church, and enlarging Burial Ground, &c., 39 G. 3. c. lvi.
8. *Boken (Grove).* Improving, 37 G. 3. c. lx.
9. *Bolton.* Building Chapel of Ease, 39 G. 3. c. lxxvii.
10. *Bradford (Park).* Enlarging Churchyard, 37 G. 3. c. xxxv.
11. *Brighton.* Lighting with Gas, 38 G. 3. c. lxxv.
12. *Bright (City).* Lighting with Gas, 39 G. 3. c. li.
13. *Bury.* Supplying with Water, 39 G. 3. c. xxxv.
14. *—* Paving, lighting, &c., 39 G. 3. c. xxxvi.
15. *Caban (Borough and Vicinity).* Lighting with Gas, 39 G. 3. c. li.
16. *Canby (City).* Lighting with Gas, 39 G. 3. c. li.
17. *Chesham (Town and Parish).* Lighting with Gas, 39 G. 3. c. xlv.
18. *Clipping Barton.* Enlarging Churchyard, 38 G. 3. c. xlv.
19. *Cirg' Church (Bury).* Enlarging Churchyard, 37 G. 3. c. xlv.
20. *Dunferm.* Lighting with Gas, 39 G. 3. c. xlv.
21. *Edinburgh (City).* Altering, &c. 39 G. 3. c. clxxv. for regulating the Police, 39 G. 3. c. xxxv.
22. *—* Lighting with Gas, 38 G. 3. c. lxxv.
23. *— (and Vicinity).* Supplying with Water, 39 G. 3. c. civi.
24. *—* *Coventry Hill Water Works' Company,* enabled to improve their Works, 39 G. 3. c. civi.
25. *Glasgow (City).* Lighting with Gas, 37 G. 3. c. xlv.
26. *—* Establishing an Alley Office, 39 G. 3. c. xxv.
27. *—* Altering and enlarging 46 G. 3. c. xxxv. for supplying with Water, 39 G. 3. c. lxxv.
28. *Glasgow (City).* Lighting with Gas, 39 G. 3. c. lxx.
29. *Gravel (Town).* Improvement of, &c., 37 G. 3. c. xxxv.
30. *Harwich.* Paving, &c., 39 G. 3. c. civi.
31. *Horsford (Dean and Chapter).* Enabling to rebuild Alms-houses, 39 G. 3. c. lv. (P.).
32. *—* Enabling to discharge certain Debts incurred in repairing the Cathedral Church, 39 G. 3. c. lv. (P.).
33. *Sarum.* Defraying the Expenses of taking down, rebuilding, &c. the Chapel of St. Andrew, in the Parish of, 39 G. 3. c. xxxv.
34. *Kilbrunfer.* Lighting with Gas, 38 G. 3. c. lxxv.
35. *Lanc.* Lighting with Gas, 38 G. 3. c. lxx.
36. *Leigh.* Providing Accommodations, &c. for His Majesty's Judges, making a convenient Place for County Sessions, and for preserving County Records, 38 G. 3. c. 12.

37. *Liverpool*. Lighting with Gas, 57 G. 3. c. 122.
38. *—* Absolving women Tolls and establishing others, 59 G. 3. c. 121.
39. *LONDON, WINDHAMSTER, and EREWASH.* } For better lighting the Streets of the Metropolis with Gas, 57 G. 3. c. 122.
40. *—* } For better paving, improving, and regulating the Streets of the Metropolis, and removing and preventing Nuisances therein, 57 G. 3. c. 122.
41. *—* *Knapley, paring, &c. various Parts of,* 59 G. 3. c. 122.
42. *—* *Kings Town, in the Parish of St. Pancras, Middlesex, lighting and watching,* &c., 57 G. 3. c. 122.
43. *—* *London House, (belonging to Bishop of London,) to assist in rebuilding,* 59 G. 3. c. 122. (Pr.)
44. *—* *Long Lane, Birmingham, cleaning, lighting, &c.,* 59 G. 3. c. 122.
45. *—* *St. George the Martyr, amending and extending* 59 G. 3. c. 122. for repairing, &c. the Parish Church, 59 G. 3. c. 122.
46. *—* *St. Giles in the Fields, and St. George Blombury, Parishes, better paving,* &c., 59 G. 3. c. 122.
47. *—* *St. James's, Westminster, rating, &c. optional Summs to Parished Rates for paving, &c.,* 59 G. 3. c. 122.
48. *—* *St. John's, Chelsea, building New Church,* 59 G. 3. c. 122.
49. *—* *St. Martin in the Fields, Trustees of Almshouses enabled to sell them, and erect others, &c.,* 59 G. 3. c. 122. (Pr.)
50. *—* *St. Oliver's, Southwark, making better Pavement, &c. for the Rector, and providing a more convenient Rectory or Parsonage House,* 59 G. 3. c. 122.
51. *—* *St. Pauline, establishing a School Victory,* 59 G. 3. c. 122.
52. *—* *St. Paul, Shadwell, rebuilding Church and improving Churchyard,* 59 G. 3. c. 122.
53. *—* *Paper and Blackwell, vesting the Rector of, into a distinct Parish, and building a Church therein,* 59 G. 3. c. 122.
54. *—* *Willesley, paving, &c. optional Streets in, &c. several Acts,* 59 G. 3. c. 122.
55. *Midham.* Paving, &c., enlarging the Powers of several Acts, 59 G. 3. c. 122.
56. *Midham (Surrey).* Repairing Church, 59 G. 3. c. 122.
57. *Monmouth.* Paving, cleaning, &c., 58 G. 3. c. 122.
58. *—* Supplying with Water, 58 G. 3. c. 122.
59. *Morven.* Perpetual Curacy, authorizing Sale of Lands settled for as perpetual Augmentation, 59 G. 3. c. 122. (Pr.)
60. *Moss. See St. Moss.*
61. *Moss (Lancs.)* } Paving, &c., 59 G. 3. c. 122.
62. *—* } Lighting with Gas, 59 G. 3. c. 122.
63. *Newton Chapel.* Amending 54 G. 3. c. 122. — 57 G. 3. c. 122.
64. *Newington.* For providing a convenient House with suitable Accommodations for His Majesty's Judges in the Affairs, 57 G. 3. c. 122.

65. *Northampton.* Paving, &c., 58 G. 3. c. 122.
66. *Oxford (Oxon).* Lighting with Gas, 58 G. 3. c. 122.
67. *Pembroke Dock.* Establishing a Market, 59 G. 3. c. 122.
68. *Pendleton (Township).* Building Chapel of Ease, 58 G. 3. c. 122.
69. *Perris (Glouc.).* Paving, &c., altering 51 G. 3. c. 122. — 59 G. 3. c. 122.
70. *Peterborough.* Repairing, &c. the Parish Church of St. John the Baptist in, 59 G. 3. c. 122.
71. *Reading.* St. Giles's Parish in, providing additional Burying Ground, &c., 58 G. 3. c. 122.
72. *Reading (Town).* Paving, &c., 59 G. 3. c. 122.
73. *Redruth.* Providing Burial Ground, 57 G. 3. c. 122.
74. *Reading.* Enlarging Parish Church, and Churchyard, 58 G. 3. c. 122.
75. *Reading.* Cleaning, lighting, &c., 58 G. 3. c. 122.
76. *Reading.* Lighting with Gas, 58 G. 3. c. 122.
77. *Reading Chapel.* Settling the Rights of Parishes, &c., 57 G. 3. c. 122.
78. *St. Mary.* Paving, &c., 59 G. 3. c. 122.
79. *Tamworth.* Enlarging Market Place, &c., and improving the Town, 57 G. 3. c. 122.
80. *Tisbury.* Paving, lighting, &c., 57 G. 3. c. 122.
81. *Whitby.* Improving, &c., amending 56 G. 3. c. 122. — 58 G. 3. c. 122.
82. *Widmore Fen (Essex and Wilt.).* Amending 42 G. 3. c. 122. and 50 G. 3. c. 122. establishing Chapels, 58 G. 3. c. 122.
83. *Worcester (City, Liberties, and Vicinity).* } Lighting with Gas, 58 G. 3. c. 122.

Paymaster General and Secretary at War.

1. The Duties of the Office of Agent General of Volunteers and Local Militia transferred to them, 57 G. 3. c. 41. § 1.
2. Agent General to transfer Balances at the Bank to the Paymaster General, and discharged for in cash, § 3.
3. Duty of Paymaster General, in making Payments of satisfactory Charges and Demands, § 3.
4. Secretary at War to authorize Paymaster General to accept Bills, which shall be sufficient Authority to the Bank to pay them, § 6.
5. Secretary at War to make Orders for the Payment of Bounties (specified in 52 G. 3. c. 103. to Paymaster General instead of Agent General, § 5).
6. Bills drawn by Paymaster General, for Pay and Allowance of Local Militia, &c. to be drawn on undrawn Paper, § 8.

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Penitentiary.

1. For the better Regulation of the General Penitentiary for Convicts at Millbank, 59 G. 3. c. 136.
2. Number of Convicts allowed to be confined, § 1.
3. Powers of 56 G. 3. c. 83. extended to Convicts confined under 56 G. 3. c. 74. and 55 G. 3. c. 45. — § 2.
4. Powers of 56 G. 3. c. 63. relating to Sheriffs extended to Commanders of Prison Ships, § 3.
5. 56 G. 1. c. 63. §§ 22. 29. 35. 36. 40. and 43. respectively, repealed, § 4 — 10.
6. Officers and Servants may be created or appointed by Commission, with Consent of Secretary of State, § 10.
7. Days and Hours of Work of Convicts — Provided for voluntary Labour, § 12.

3. No Officer or Servant of the Penitentiary, or other Person, to supply Convicts with any thing whatsoever, except as the Governor or Surgeon shall direct; or clandestinely convey Letters—Penitentiary of last Offenders, 55 G. 3. c. 136. § 13.
4. Governor empowered to hear Complaints, and to punish certain Offences to a certain extent, § 14.
5. Governor may confer Commissions for Officers which he cannot punish till next Meeting of Committee, § 15.
6. Committee may examine upon Oath, and determine, &c., and may commit Penitentiary confined by Governor, § 15.
7. Committee to report to His Majesty in Council, and to both Houses of Parliament, all Bye Laws, &c., § 16.
8. Penitentiary of Convicts breaking Prison, &c., or attempting to break Prison, § 17.
9. Committee empowered to reward meritorious Convicts on and after their Discharge, § 18.
10. Felti Sewaring—Peppery, § 19.
11. Former Acts to continue in force, § 20.

Pensions.

1. Annual Acts for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Pensions, &c., and for amending the Contributions of Profits receiving Pensions, 57 G. 3. c. 5. 58 G. 3. c. 54. 59 G. 3. c. 3.
2. For appointing Commissions to carry into execution 59 G. 3. c. 3.—59 G. 3. c. 131.

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1. *Arden* (Right Hon. the Earl of). Vetting certain Lands in Fox Gange, 55 G. 3. c. 43. (Pr.)
2. *Barnard* (Edward, Esq.) Trustees appointed to sell, &c., 58 G. 3. c. 30. (Pr.)
3. *Barnard* (Peter, deceased). Enabling Trustees to grant Building Leases, 59 G. 3. c. 47. (Pr.)
4. *Biddis* (Charles Myddelton). Partition of Estates, 59 G. 3. c. 4. (Pr.)
5. *Bissell* (Henry, Esq. dec.). Partition of Estates, 57 G. 3. c. 49. (Pr.)
6. *Bolton* (Vicar of, for the time being). Enabling to sell Part of the Glebe, 57 G. 3. c. 75. (Pr.)
7. *Bradford Free School* (Trustees of). Enabled to sell old Schoolhouse, &c., and to improve Salaries, &c., of the Masters, and to enlarge the School, 58 G. 3. c. 23. (Pr.)
8. *Brigh* (Sir John Glyn Company). Further incorporated, 59 G. 3. c. 7.
9. *Bunt* (Samuel, Esq.) Vetting Estates for Sale, 59 G. 3. c. 44. (Pr.)
10. *Burley*. Curate and Patron enabled to grant Leases of Glebe Lands, 59 G. 3. c. 5. (Pr.)
11. *Charles* (Arthur, Esq.) Exchange of Estates, 59 G. 3. c. 35. (Pr.)
12. *Cobley* (Right Hon. Charles Lord). For settling an Annuity of 2000*l.* on Her, and 1000*l.* on her three Male Heirs succeeding to the Title, 57 G. 3. c. 47.
13. *Danby* (William, Esq.) Vetting Moiety of a ready Rent, 58 G. 3. c. 75. (Pr.)
14. *Dunstable* (Duke of). Confirming Title to Estates, 59 G. 3. c. 28. (Pr.)
15. *Dym* (William Arthur) and others. Enabling to grant Building Leases, 59 G. 3. c. 28. (Pr.)
16. *Dwyer* (Georgeanna Amelia, Countess &c.). Vetting Rent for Sale, 59 G. 3. c. 7. (Pr.)

17. *Fayer* (Joseph, Esq. dec.). Vetting Estates for Sale, 59 G. 3. c. 46. (Pr.)
18. *Fyfe* (John, Esq.) Confirming Sales of Estates made by his Trustees, 59 G. 3. c. 17. (Pr.)
19. *Farrington* (John Taylor, Esq.). To remunerate the Manor of Dunstable from the Claims of the Crown against the Estate of, 59 G. 3. c. 69.
20. *Gas Light and Coke Company*. Enlarging Powers of, and amending several Acts concerning, 59 G. 3. c. 22.
21. *Geyton* (Samuel Ashby, Esq.). Vetting Rent Charge in full for term, 59 G. 3. c. 21. (Pr.)
22. *Gibb* (Philip, Esq.) Exchange of Estates, 57 G. 3. c. 30. (Pr.)
23. *Gilbert* (Edward, Esq.) Vetting Estates, 57 G. 3. c. 9. (Pr.)
24. *Goodenough* (Rev. Robert Philip). Exchange of Estates, 58 G. 3. c. 34. (Pr.)
25. *Harrow Free School* (Governors of). Enabled to grant Building Leases, 59 G. 3. c. 16. (Pr.)
26. *Harvey* (Robert and John, Esqs.) Exchange of Estates, 58 G. 3. c. 24. (Pr.)
27. *Hatherley* (Samuel), and others. Exchange of Estates, 58 G. 3. c. 37. (Pr.)
28. *Harford* (Dean and Chapter). Enabling to rebuild Almshouses, 59 G. 3. c. 26. (Pr.)
29. ———. Enabling to discharge certain Debts incurred by repairing the Cathedral Church, 59 G. 3. c. 29. (Pr.)
30. *Hobbs* (William). Trustees of his Charity Estates enabled to grant Building Leases, &c., 57 G. 3. c. 16. (Pr.)
31. *Hob* (Sir John). Confirming Agreement relative to the Reversion of an Estate, and vetting the same, 59 G. 3. c. 48. (Pr.)
32. *Jayson* (Robert, Esq.) Rendering Conveyance effectual, 58 G. 3. c. 34. (Pr.)
33. *Keble* (Henry Gedge, Esq.) Exchange of Estates, 58 G. 3. c. 34. (Pr.)
34. *Keightley* (for Charles, Bart.) Repealing 53 G. 3. and vetting Estates, 58 G. 3. c. 31. (Pr.)
35. *Leach* (Thomas, Esq.) Sale of Estates, 58 G. 3. c. 38. (Pr.)
36. *Long* (Sir James Thos.) Vetting Estates for Sale, 57 G. 3. c. 38. (Pr.)
37. *Mauriffe* (David Stewart, Esq.). Vetting Estates for Sale, 59 G. 3. c. 27. (Pr.)
38. *Moor* (Procurator of the, in St. Paul's Cathedral). Enabling to grant Leases, &c., 57 G. 3. c. 33. (Pr.)
39. *Mosper* (James Webster, Esq.) Exchange of Estates, 59 G. 3. c. 25. (Pr.)
40. *Parrell* (Peter), and others. Enabling to grant Leases, 58 G. 3. c. 81. (Pr.)
41. *Peacock* (Ninian). Vetting Estates for Sale, 59 G. 3. c. 41. (Pr.)
42. *Reckind* (James, Esq.) Enabling to grant Fees, 57 G. 3. c. 27. (Pr.)
43. *Redfern* (Lancelot, Esq.) Vetting Estates for Sale, 59 G. 3. c. 38. (Pr.)
44. *ROYAL FAMILIES*. To make further Provision for His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge; and to settle an Annuity on the Priests of High, in case the said survive His Royal Highness, 58 G. 3. c. 24.
45. ———. To settle an Annuity on Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Cambridge, in case the said survive His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, 58 G. 3. c. 25.
46. ———. To make further Provision for His Royal Highness the Duke of Kent, and to settle an Annuity on the Priests of Leitham, in case the said survive His Royal Highness, 58 G. 3. c. 53.

47. *Royal Naval Affairs*. Empowering the Commissioners of, to make use of any Part of the Accumulation of the Interest of the Menda, given to them by the Commission for managing the Patriotic Fund, for the said Affairs, 57 G. 3. c. 100.
48. *St. Paul's School (London)*. Trustees of, enabled to purchase Land for enlarging the same, 58 G. 3. c. 22. (Pr.)
49. *Schoon (James, Esq.)*. Trustees enabled to grant Building Leases, &c., 57 G. 3. c. 14. (Pr.)
50. *Short (W. L. F. Esq.)*. Vesting Estates in Trust for Sale, &c., 57 G. 3. c. 12. (Pr.)
51. *Sturtevant (John)*. Vesting Estates for Sale, 57 G. 3. c. 15. (Pr.)
52. *Sturtevant (Lord)*. Empowering Court of Session in Scotland to sell Part of his Estates, &c., 57 G. 3. c. 23. (Pr.)
53. *Sydney (John)*. Regulating Clergy of, 59 G. 3. c. 48. (Pr.)
54. *Sidney-Suffrage College (Cambridge)*. Vesting Estates for Sale, &c., 58 G. 3. c. 19. (Pr.)
55. *Smyth (Thomas, Esq.)*. Vesting Commission of, to grant Leases, 59 G. 3. c. 39. (Pr.)
56. ———. Enabling Commission of, to sign Contracts to Lease of Part of the Globe, 59 G. 3. c. 40. (Pr.)
57. *Spencer (Mary)*. Vesting Estates for Sale, 59 G. 3. c. 8. (Pr.)
58. *Stewart (Earl of)*. Exchanging Estates, 57 G. 3. c. 28. (Pr.)
59. *Tankerville (John William)*. Enabled to dispose of the South Gallery of Pictures by way of Lottery, 57 G. 3. c. 101.
60. *Wallis (Peter)*. Vesting Estates for Sale, 57 G. 3. c. 25. (Pr.)
61. *Widdowson (Duke of)*. Annulling several Acts for purchasing an Estate for, 59 G. 3. c. 21.
62. ———. Explaining 55 G. 3. c. 185., for purchasing an Estate for him, 59 G. 3. c. 69.
63. *Wright (Rev. Peter)*. Exchanging Rectory House, &c., 57 G. 3. c. 32. (Pr.)

Personal Estates.

1. Annull Acts for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Personal Estates, &c. in England, 57 G. 3. c. 57. 58 G. 3. c. 34. 59 G. 3. c. 3.

Pitchards, See Customs, I. 72.

Plantations.

1. To continue and extend 49 G. 3. c. 17. [until July 5. 1800.] for regulating the Trade and Commerce to and from the Cape of Good Hope; and also for regulating the Trade of the Island of Mauritius, 57 G. 3. c. 1.
- [This Act was omitted by 57 G. 3. c. 99.—57 G. 3. c. 95. & 6.]
2. The Privileges of the Trade of *Mocha*, under 55 G. 3. c. 29. extended to the Port of *Gibraltar*, 57 G. 3. c. 4.
3. To revive 44 G. 3. c. 101., and continue the same, [so altered 23. 1819.] for permitting the Exportation of Salt from the Port of *Nagles*, in the Island of *New Providence*, and the Ports of *Sancti Spiritus* and *Cruces* in the *Islands* in *American Ships* coming to *Saltillo*, 57 G. 3. c. 48.
4. To extend several Acts for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandise to *Porto Alegre*, in the Island of *Sancti Spiritus*, and to the Port of *Bridgetown*, in the Island of *Burbon*, 57 G. 3. c. 74.

5. To allow the Importation of Oranges and Lemons from the *Islands* and *Madeira*, into the *British Colonies* of *North America*, 57 G. 3. c. 89.
6. To permit the Importation of certain Articles into His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in the *West Indies*, or in the Continent of *South America*, and also certain Articles into certain Ports in the *West Indies*, 58 G. 3. c. 17.
7. Tobacco, &c. may be imported from Foreign European Colonies in the *West Indies* and *America*, into the *West Indies* or *South America*, in *British built Ships*, &c.
8. Fruits and Bees, of the Growth of such Foreign European Colonies, may be imported into any Ports in the *British Colonies* in the *West Indies*, subject to the Regulations mentioned in several Acts, &c.

See also *Importation and Exportation*, 11. 25. 26.

Plate Glass, See Glass, 6.

Poor.

- I. Acts relative to the Poor generally.
- II. Acts for the Relief and Employment of the Poor in particular Places, &c.

I. Acts relative to the Poor generally.

1. To amend the Laws for the Relief of the Poor, 59 G. 3. c. 22.
2. Further empowered to constitute Select Vestries for the Relief of the Poor—Constitutions, Powers, &c. of such Vestries, &c.
3. Overlook to give Relief only as ordered by Select Vestry, which in case of extreme Necessity, &c.
4. Proceedings by Justice of Peace on Complaint of want of Relief, &c.
5. Overlook summoned to appear before Two Justices, &c.
6. One Justice may order temporary Relief, in Cases of urgent Necessity, &c.
7. Minutes to be kept of Proceedings in Select Vestries, and laid before Inhabitants of General Vestries, &c.
8. Notice to be given of holding Vestries, Election of Members, &c., &c.
9. Orders for Relief, where no Select Vestry, may be made by Two or more Justices—Licences of such Orders, &c.
10. Power to Special Sessions to appoint non-resident Overlooks, with their Consents, &c.
11. Inhabitants in Vestry may elect, and Two Justices may appoint, additional Overlooks, with a Salary payable out of Poor Rates, who shall give Security, &c.
12. Churchwardens empowered to build or enlarge Workhouses, &c.
13. Workhouses insufficient may be sold by Churchwardens, &c., with Consent of Two Justices—Produce of Sale, how to be applied, &c.
14. Where no Poor House, &c. can be procured in the Parish, adjoining Parish may be selected, &c.
15. Such Buildings, &c. Settlements, taken to be in the Parish for purchasing or hiring, &c.
16. Parishes may provide Land for the Employment of the Poor, on exceeding Twenty Acres, and may let Portions of Land to poor Inhabitants, &c.
17. Amount to be raised for Buildings and Purchase of Land, &c., limited, &c.
18. Power to make further Sums by Loans, or by the Sale of Auctions; to be charged on future Rates, &c.

49. No greater Rate than 1s. is the Poor's shall be charged on Future Rates, unless with the Consent of Two Thirds in Value of the Proprietors of Premises, 55 G. 3. c. 12. § 15.
50. Churchwardens and Overseers may take and sue as Bodies Corporate, and their Deeds not to share Actions, &c., § 15.
51. Incapacitated Persons empowered to convey — Powers and Directions of 22 G. 3. c. 83. as to Sales, &c. applied to this Act, § 16.
52. Power to any Owners of certain Houses let in Lodgings, instead of the Occupiers, § 19.
53. How far Inhabitants in Valley may vary, &c. Regulations of former Valley in this respect, § 19.
54. Mode of Assessment under such Regulation — Payment to be levied as Poor Rates, § 19.
55. Power of Occupiers may be diversified by Rates to the Amount of the Rent actually due, which such Occupiers may deduct out of their Rent, § 20.
56. Persons receiving Rents, in certain Cases, to be rated as Owners, § 21.
57. Persons rated as Owners, may appeal and vote in Vestries, § 22.
58. No Owner, not being Occupier, to be rated in Places where the Right of voting for Members of Parliament depends upon rating, § 23.
59. Two Justices empowered, in certain Cases, to deliver Possession of Parish Houses, from Persons intruding therein, to Churchwardens and Overseers — Mode of Proceeding in this Case, § 24.
60. Two Justices empowered to deliver Possession of Land, appropriated for the Poor, from Persons intruding therein, to Churchwardens and Overseers, § 25.
61. Justices in Petty Sessions empowered in like manner to order Relief by Parva, &c., being able, § 26.
62. Cases in which One Justice may summon Guardian, and proceed and make Order without Visitor, § 27.
63. Examination of Prisoners to their Sentences made Evidence, § 28.
64. Overseers empowered, in certain Cases, to give Relief by way of Loan only — Proceedings for Repayment of Loan, § 29.
65. Penalties, &c. for Services in the Army, Navy, &c. may be applied, in certain Cases, for the Indemnity of Parishes; and Churchwardens may advance weekly Allowance, § 30.
66. Form of Assignment, which is to be attested by Justice, and transmitted by Churchwardens, &c. to Paymaster General, &c., § 30.
67. Penalties to be paid to Churchwardens, &c. for the Use of the Parish, § 30.
68. Assignment void by Death of Pauper before Day of Payment, § 30.
69. Two Justices may order Payment to Overseers of Penalties, &c. of Persons leaving their Families chargeable, § 31.
70. Paymaster General, &c. to make such Payments accordingly; and how Overseers are to apply the same, § 31.
71. Two Justices empowered to order the Payment of Wages of a Seaman, whose Family during his absence has become chargeable for the Indemnity of Parishes; and Ship Owners, &c. to make such Payments accordingly, § 31.
72. And, on Refusal, Proceedings may be had against such Ship Owners, &c. in the Case of Poor Rates, § 32.
73. Two Justices empowered to remove chargeable Poor born in Scotland, Ireland, &c. though they have not committed any Act of Vagrancy, § 33.
74. Bachelors and Single Wages may be removed without being whipped or imprisoned, § 34.
75. Justices to act within their respective Jurisdictions, § 35.

46. Provisions relating to Parishes, applied to Townships, &c. — Majority in all, and Powers given to Vestries applied to Meetings of Townships, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 12. § 31.
47. Proviso for Powers of 1212. p. c. 83, where the Provisions are adopted, for Powers given by Special Acts, and for Select Vestries by ancient Custom, &c., § 33.
48. Act to extend to England only, § 37.
49. No Parish Poor to be apprenticed to Officers of the Army or Marine, 55 G. 3. c. 9. § 112. — 10. § 38.
50. For confirming ancient Separations of Towns Corporate from Parishes, in regard to the Maintenance of the Poor, 55 G. 3. c. 95.

11. *Acts for the Relief and Employment of the Poor in particular Places, &c.*

1. *St. John, Wapping.* — Raising Money by Auction or otherwise for building a Workhouse for the Poor, 57 G. 3. c. 164.
2. ————— Raising a further Sum for the same purpose, 59 G. 3. c. 28.
3. *Worthing (City).* — Enabling the Guardians of the Poor of the several Parishes therein, &c. to sell and dispose of certain Lands, discharged of all Claims of the Crown in respect of any Forfeitures incurred under the Statutes of Mortmain, 59 G. 3. c. 137.

See *Laws for the Settlement of the Poor.*

Portugal.

1. To carry into execution a Convention between His Majesty and the King of Portugal, for preventing the Traffic in Slaves, 58 G. 3. c. 84. amended by 59 G. 3. c. 19.
- See *Importation and Exportation*, 23—26.

Postage of Letters.

1. Additional Rural Postage to be paid on Letters from Great Britain to Ireland, &c., by way of Dublin and Belfast, 59 G. 3. c. 49. § 59.
2. Money owing by such additional Rate to be paid over to Receiver General, as by 52 G. 3. c. 83. — § 60.
3. To extend to such of 55 G. 3. c. 153. as relates to the Postage and Conveyance of Letters to and from the Cape of Good Hope, Ceylon, and the East Indies, and other Letters and Packets sent by Post, 59 G. 3. c. 112.
4. 55 G. 3. c. 153. § 1. repealed, except as to Penalties incurred, which may be recovered, § 1, 2.
5. New Rates of Postage to be paid from India and the Cape of Good Hope — Allowance to Commanders, &c., § 2.
6. Letters may be forwarded to India at certain Rates, § 4.
7. Rates for Newspapers, § 5.
8. Letters, &c. may be forwarded in any other Manner than through the Post Office, § 6.
9. Commanders of Ships bound to East India required to take Bagg, on Penalty of 100*l.* for refusing to receive or neglecting to deliver, § 7, 8.
10. 10*l.* Penalty on falsely superfluous Letters as Ship Owners, &c., § 12.
11. Owners, &c. may obtain certain Letters before Delivery at Post Office, § 13.
12. Certain Letters of Owners, &c. may be sealed and carried to Post Office, § 10.
13. Masters of Vessels, on Arrival at Ports, to collect, include and seal Letters, (except as excepted by Act,) and deliver them

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- in the Post Office, and also where Ship reports, and Age Declaration in A.D. on Penalty of 40s., 55 G. 3. c. 111, § 11.
14. 50s. Penalty on purveying Vessels to report; and Regulations are complied with, § 13.
15. 5s. Penalty on having Letters on board after Delivery at Post Office, &c., § 14.
16. Revenue Officers to search Packages — Penalty how decided, § 15.
17. 20s. Penalty on breaking Seals of Letters, § 16.
18. Commanders of Ships of War to send Letters to Post Office — Allowance, § 17.
19. Money due to Masters of Vessels, to be paid by Post Master General, § 18.
20. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 19.
21. In Actions brought for carrying Letters contrary to this Act, or to 9 Anne, c. 10. or 45 G. 3. c. 81., Proof shall lie on Defendant, § 20.
22. Application of Rates, § 21.
23. Limitations of Actions — General Note — Treble Costs, § 22.
24. Provisions for Letters, &c. to or from Colon, § 23.

Public Officers allowed to send and receive Letters Free of Postage.

1. The Comptroller of the Barrack Department, 55 G. 3. c. 9, § 2.
2. Commissioners for issuing Exchange Bills for carrying on Public Works, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 34, § 50.
3. The Vice President of the Board of Trade, 55 G. 3. c. 66, § 2.
4. Letters, &c. to Secretary of Commissioners for issuing Exchange Bills, and the Advances of Public Money for carrying on Public Works, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 124, § 16.
5. Commissioners of Parliamentary Grant for building Churches, 55 G. 3. c. 45, § 10.
6. Letters to and from the East India Company may be received and sent, Duty Free, by Court of Directors and Secret Committee of East India Company, by the Commissioners and Secretary of Board of Control, by the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the Company, by the Public Officers who now send and receive Letters free, by the Agents of the Government of Ceylon, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 111, § 9—14.
7. The Directors and Ex. Directors of the Company for One Year, and Owners of Ships and Configurors of Goods, may receive certain Letters free of Sea Postage, § 15—17.

Post Horse Duties.

1. For hiring to farm, the Post Horse Duties, and for better bearing and facilitating the Recovery of them, 55 G. 3. c. 30.
2. The Treasury may let to farm the Duties on Horses, &c. granted by 44 G. 3. c. 98., but not exceeding a certain Term, § 1.
3. The Powers and Privileges of 27 G. 3. c. 28. in force with regard to the Duties to be let to farm under this Act, § 2.
4. The Treasury may prescribe the time for making Deposit by Parties contracting to farm the Duties, and the Amount thereof, § 3.
5. If Contract be sold, the Contract to be void, and Deposit forfeited, and the Duties to be put up again, § 4.
6. Duties may be let by Private Contract, if not let by Auction, § 5.
7. Commissioners of Stamps to depose the Farmers of the

Post Horse Duties.

Post Horse Duties.

- Duties, or other Persons, to be Collectors, with full Powers as mentioned in A.D. 57 G. 3. c. 59, § 5.
8. Depositions under this Act not to be liable to a higher Stamp Duty than 2s. 1s., § 6.
9. Regulations as to Time of Licences for letting Horses, § 7.
10. Repeal of Provisions in former Acts relative to Recovery of Duties, § 8.
11. Provisions of 27 G. 3. c. 51. § 29. applied (with a certain Exception) to Horses let less than Twenty eight Days, and to Horses for Twenty eight Days or above, § 9.
12. Commissioners of Stamps to supply proper Tickets and Exchange Tickets, to be filled up and used for denoting Horses for less than Twenty eight Days — When such Tickets are to specify, § 10.
13. Commissioners of Stamps to supply proper Certificates and Check Tickets, to be filled up and used for denoting Horses for Twenty eight Days and above, § 11.
14. When Horses hired for any Period of time are given up before the time expires, Exchange Tickets, &c. are to be delivered up to Farmer or Collector of Duties, on Penalty of 10s. for licensed Persons refusing, &c. to file for or deliver up the same, and of 50s. for unduly using the same, § 12.
15. 20s. Penalty on Persons falsely alleging hired Horses to be their own, and not delivering proper Tickets at Toll Gates, § 13.
16. Carriages kept to be let with Horses hired by Mile or Stage are to be numbered; and the Number and Owner's Name to be painted thereon under certain Regulations, on Penalty of 10s. for neglecting to mark such Carriages, or unduly covering the Number thereon, § 14.
17. Certain Particulars to be entered in Stamp Office Weekly Accounts, relative to Harnings of Horses, instead of the Particulars required to be charged by 25 G. 3. c. 51. § 27.— § 15.
18. Licensed Persons charging the Horses let to hire by the Mile or Stage, a specific Sum for the Whole and not by the Mile, to pay One Fourth of the Sum charged as for Duty under 44 G. 3. c. 98. and to deliver Tickets, as in case of charging per Mile, and otherwise to sell as herein mentioned, on Penalty of 10s., § 16.
19. Persons letting Horses to hire as aforesaid, to make Entries in the Stamp Office Weekly Account, on the same Day as which the Horses are let, on Penalty of 40s., and to verify the same on Oath before the Collector — Persons making false Oath or Affirmation to be punished for Perjury, § 17, 18.
20. How far 25 G. 3. c. 51. § 12. 42. to extend to Accounts by this Act, § 19.
21. At what Places licensed Persons are to attend with their Accounts, and pay Duties, and under what Penalties for Default, § 20.
22. Persons not licensed, to be accountable for Duties on Horses let to hire by them, in the same manner as if they had been licensed, and under certain Penalties — Provisions for Delivery of Account and Payment of Duty, upon Notice and Report, § 21.
23. Duties not exceeding 10s. may be recovered by Distress — Proceedings in Distress — Horses, &c. may be broken open in the Day time by Collector for taking Distress, calling to his Assistance a Constable, &c., § 22.
24. Duties not to attach on Horses drawing Fish Cams or Hackney Carriages, but to attach on other driving Horses, § 23.
25. Letters of Peace may be made Ready to be executed, and public Meetings, being verified on Oath; and Post Masters charging for more Miles than Measurements, subject to 20s. Fine, § 24.
26. Recovery

36. Recovery and Application of Penalties, 37 G. 3. c. 39. § 45, 46.
37. Prosecutions for Penalties not to be commenced without Consent in Writing of the Commissioners of Stamps, and to be granted on by their Solicitor, &c., § 47.
38. What Proof shall be sufficient as Evidence for Duties and Penalties, § 48.

Prince Regent.

1. To make perpetual certain Parts of 36 G. 3. c. 7, and for the Safety and Preservation of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent against treacherable Practices and Attempts, 37 G. 3. c. 5. § 1.
2. Compelling The Prince Regent's Death, &c., and expressing the same by printing or otherwise, punishable as High Treason, § 2.
3. The Provisions of 36 G. 3. c. 3, for regulating Trials for High Treason and Misdemeanors of Treason in certain Cases, extended to The Prince Regent, § 3.
4. This Act not to have a retrospective Effect, § 5.
5. 34 G. 3. c. 148, as to Judgments for High Treason, extended to this Act, § 6.

Privy Seal.

1. To regulate the Offices of the Clerks of the Signet and Privy Seal, 33 G. 3. c. 83.
2. After Termination of the existing Intests, the Offices of Clerks of the Signet and Privy Seal are to be performed in Person: and the Treasury to make Provision for the Execution of the Duties of such Officers, and for Salaries, &c., § 1, 2.
3. Treasury to lay Statements of former and new Establishments before Parliament, § 3.
4. Savings, arising by new Regulations, to go to the Consolidated Fund, § 4.
5. Persons, belonging to the said Offices, when regulated, incorporated from sitting or voting as Members of the House of Commons, § 5.

Prize Money.

1. To make further Regulations respecting the Payment of Navy Prize Money, &c., 38 G. 3. c. 64.
2. Sections 47 and 48 of 34 G. 3. c. 93, repealed, § 1.
3. Payment of Prize Money on Orders, confined to the Clerk of the Cheque of Greenwich Hospital, § 2. [See also *infra*.]
4. Navy Prize Agents to pay only on personal Application, on Penalty of 50*l.*, § 3.
5. Orders, made by Non-Commissioned Officers, &c. to be in the Form set forth in Schedule (A.) with the Certificate marked (B.) annexed to this Act, § 5. [Repealed by 39 G. 3. c. 96, § 1.]
6. Orders to bear date the Day they are executed, § 4. [Repealed by 39 G. 3. c. 96, § 1.]
7. Persons entitled to Prize Money, producing false Certificates, &c. guilty of a Misdemeanor, and to forfeit all Prize Money, &c., § 5.
8. Records of Salaries subject to the same Regulations as Prize Money, § 6.
9. Agents to send Lists of Orders received from Non-Commissioned Officers, &c. to the Distributing Agent — Shows how under such Orders to be paid over, with unassigned Shares, to be refunded by Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, § 9.

10. To make further Regulations as to the Payment of Navy Prize Orders, 39 G. 3. c. 96.
 11. Certain Provisions of repealed Acts repealed, § 1.
 12. None but Persons duly licensed can receive Wages, Prize Money, &c. under Orders, except Wives or Relations, § 2.
 13. Persons falsely representing themselves as Relations, &c. in order to receive such Prize Money or Wages, or receiving, not being duly licensed, guilty of a Misdemeanor, § 3.
 14. Persons, before acting as Agents for receiving Wages, &c. to take out a License from the Treasurer of the Navy, and to enter into a Bond (in the Form annexed in Schedule (A.) on Penalty of 500*l.*, § 4.
 15. Fee for License before Stamp Duty; which License to be in force for Three Years, § 5.
 16. Licenses may be revoked for Misconduct — Notice of Revocation published in the *London Gazette*, &c., and thereupon the Power of Agent to cease, § 6.
 17. Names, &c. of Agents, to be hung up in the Navy Pay Office, § 7.
 18. Notice to be given by Agent of his Removal, on Penalty of 50*l.*, § 8.
 19. In case of Bankruptcy of Agents, Orders only available for Sums advanced thereon, § 9.
 20. Forms of Order of Payment, of Certificate as to the Right of the Persons giving them, and of Inventory of Goods furnished, to be agreeable to Schedules B., C., and D. annexed to this Act, § 10.
 21. Orders declared irrevocable, and satisfying their Dates a Misdemeanor, § 11, 12.
 22. Payment of Prize Money upon Orders, except such as are certified, confined to the Treasurer, &c. of Greenwich Hospital, on Penalty of 500*l.*, § 13.
 23. Agents to transmit Orders to the Clerk of the Cheque for Examination; who, at the Expiration of Thirty Days, may certify that he is satisfied — Certified Orders only to be paid — Proviso as to Orders made previously to 38 G. 3. c. 64—§ 14.
 24. If Money due on such Order be not wholly paid, the Clerk of the Cheque is again to certify the same to Prize Agent, § 15.
 25. Prize Agents not to commence Distribution until Thirty Days after Notice to the Guaranties; and, before giving such Notice, to deliver a List of the Prizes to the Clerk of the Cheque, on Penalty of 500*l.*, § 16.
 26. Persons entitled to Prize Money, endeavouring to obtain Payment by false Certificates, &c. a Misdemeanor, § 17.
 27. Falsely assuming the Name and Character of others entitled to Prize Money, &c.; or forging, &c. Letters of Attorney, &c. to receive Wages, &c.; or taking a false Oath in order to obtain Prizes, &c. — Death, § 18.
 28. Prize Agents to transmit Copy of written Accounts to the Treasurer of the Navy, on Penalty of 50*l.*, § 19.
- See also Greenwich Hospital; Navy Agent.*

Promissory Notes, See Negotiable Securities.

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Quarter Sessions.

1. To empower Magistrates to divide the Court of Quarter Sessions, 33 G. 3. c. 18.

2. Courts

1. *Justices of the Peace, or Quarter Sessions, or General Sessions of the Peace, may appoint Two or more Justices (One to be of the Quorum) to form a Court to sit apart from those, &c.*
2. *Regulations, made for the Appportionment of Business, need not be renewed at each Recessing Session, &c.*
3. *Clerk of the Peace to appoint a Person to record the Proceedings of such separate Courts, &c.*
4. *Quarter Sessions may order County Treasurer to remunerate the Clerk of the Peace, &c.*

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Redemption of the Land Tax, See Land Tax.

Regimental Debts.

1. *For regulating the Payment of Regimental Debts, &c.* 38 G. 3. c. 73.
2. *Sums due for Military Clothing, &c. to be deemed Regimental Debts, and payable by Secretary at War to Persons entitled, out of any Amount of Pay, &c.—Question, whether Claims in a Regimental Debt, how to be decided, &c.*
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Rents.

1. *The Statute 11 G. 2. c. 19. &c. extended to Tenants in Arrear for One Half Year's Rent, instead of One Year, &c.* 33 G. 3. c. 32.
2. *To regulate the Costs of Distress, levied for Payment of Small Rents, &c.* 37 G. 3. c. 93.

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Revenue.

- I. General Acts relating to the Revenue.
- II. Sums borrowed by Annuities, Exchequer Bills, &c.
- III. Sums raised by Lotteries.
- IV. Sums borrowed or applied for Ireland.
- V. Appropriation Acts.

I. General Acts relating to the Revenue.

1. *To resolve [all July 3. 1801.] the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, sitting in Great Britain, available for the Public Service, &c.* 39 G. 3. c. 19.
2. *For the more frequent Payment into the Exchequer, of the Moneys arising from the Receipt of Customs, Excise, Stamps, and Postage in England, &c.* 55 G. 3. c. 39.
3. *Revenue General of Revenue, in the manner directed by several Acts, are to make Payment into the Exchequer, at such Days in every Week as the Treasury shall direct, &c.*
4. *To authorize the Treasury to receive and appropriate certain Sums voluntarily contributed by the Most Noble John Jeffreys Mackenzie Gordon, in Aid of the Public Service, &c.* 39 G. 3. c. 43.

II. Sums borrowed by Annuities, Exchequer Bills, &c.

1. 3,000,000*l.* Exchequer Bills, 1817, 37 G. 3. c. 2.
2. 14,000,000*l.* Exchequer Bills, 1817, 37 G. 3. c. 18.
3. 2,000,000*l.* Exchequer Bills, 1819, 37 G. 3. c. 80.

4. 30,000,000*l.* Exchequer Bills, 1820, 38 G. 3. c. 3.
5. 3,000,000*l.* by Transfer of annuities 3*l.* per Cent. Annuities into other Annuities, at the Rate of 3*l.* 10*s.* per Cent. and for granting Annuities to discharge certain Exchequer Bills, 38 G. 3. c. 35.
6. 11,500,000*l.* Exchequer Bills, 1818, 38 G. 3. c. 86.
7. 20,000,000*l.* Exchequer Bills, 1819, 38 G. 3. c. 4.
8. 2,000,000*l.* Exchequer Bills, on Credit of Aids or Supplies, 1819, 39 G. 3. c. 30.
9. 12,000,000*l.* Annuities, 39 G. 3. c. 42.
10. 14,000,000*l.* Loan from the Commissioners, for Reduction of the National Debt, 39 G. 3. c. 71.
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III. Sums raised by Lotteries.

1. *To grant to His Majesty a Sum of Money, to be raised by Lotteries, &c.* 37 G. 3. c. 31, 38 G. 3. c. 71, 39 G. 3. c. 85.

IV. Sums borrowed or applied for IRELAND.

1. 3,000,000*l.* Treasury Bills, 1817, 37 G. 3. c. 81.
2. 800,000*l.* British Currency, Treasury Bills in Ireland, 1818, 38 G. 3. c. 87.
3. 1,000,000*l.* British Currency, Treasury Bills in Ireland, 1819, 39 G. 3. c. 132.

V. Appropriation Acts.

1. *Annual Acts for applying certain Moneys therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year, and for appropriating the Supplies, &c.* 37 G. 3. c. 130, 38 G. 3. c. 101, 39 G. 3. c. 135.
2. *Grants to make good the Supply of Great Britain and Ireland, &c.* 37 G. 3. c. 132, 41—42, 38 G. 3. c. 101, 41—42, 39 G. 3. c. 133, 41—42.
3. *Naval Service, &c.* 37 G. 3. c. 132, 41—42, 38 G. 3. c. 101, 41—42, 39 G. 3. c. 133, 41—42.
4. *Land Services, (General), &c.* 37 G. 3. c. 132, 41—42, 38 G. 3. c. 101, 41—42, 39 G. 3. c. 133, 41—42.
5. *Outdances for Land Service, &c.* 37 G. 3. c. 132, 41—42, 38 G. 3. c. 101, 41—42, 39 G. 3. c. 133, 41—42.
6. *To the British and Allied Armies, at the Battle of Waterloo, &c.* 37 G. 3. c. 132, 41—42.
7. *Land Forces in France, &c.* 37 G. 3. c. 132, 41—42, 38 G. 3. c. 101, 41—42.
8. *Exchequer Bills, &c.* 37 G. 3. c. 132, 41—42, 38 G. 3. c. 101, 41—42, 39 G. 3. c. 133, 41—42.
9. *Civil Establishments, &c.* 37 G. 3. c. 132, 41—42, 38 G. 3. c. 101, 41—42, 39 G. 3. c. 133, 41—42.
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12. *Professions, Printing Expenses, &c.* 37 G. 3. c. 132, 41—42, 38 G. 3. c. 101, 41—42, 39 G. 3. c. 133, 41—42.
13. *Civil Buildings, House Manufactures, &c.* 37 G. 3. c. 132, 41—42, 38 G. 3. c. 101, 41—42, 39 G. 3. c. 133, 41—42.
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15. *Advances to Foreign Powers.—To the King of the Netherlands, &c.* 38 G. 3. c. 101, 41—42.
16. *Improving the Domain of the Low Countries, &c.* 39 G. 3. c. 133, 41—42.
17. *To the King of Spain, &c.* 38 G. 3. c. 101, 41—42.

vii. Supplies

18. Supplies for the Purposes aforesaid, 57 G. 3. c. 133. § 31.
- 58 G. 3. c. 101. § 12. 59 G. 3. c. 133. § 23.
19. Rules for the Application of Half Pay, 57 G. 3. c. 132. § 22. 58 G. 3. c. 102. § 22.
20. Half Pay to Officers of *Minor Possibilities*, 57 G. 3. c. 132. § 23. 58 G. 3. c. 102. § 23. 59 G. 3. c. 133. § 23.
21. ———— *Chaplains of Regiments*, although in Possession of Ecclesiastical Benefices, 57 G. 3. c. 132. § 24. 58 G. 3. c. 102. § 24. 59 G. 3. c. 133. § 25.
22. Application of Overplus of Sum under 58 G. 3. c. 142. 57 G. 3. c. 134. § 35.
23. ————, voted for Half Pay, 57 G. 3. c. 132. 58 G. 3. c. 102. § 32.
24. ————, under 58 G. 3. c. 102. —59 G. 3. c. 133. § 27.

Roads.

1. Trustees of Roads, to whom Advances of Money are made under 57 G. 3. c. 34. may receive the Tolls for Repayments; and shall keep a separate Account of such additional Tolls, 57 G. 3. c. 34. § 17.
2. Justices of Peace may cause Roads to be repaired, and publish such Measurements, being verified on Oath, 57 G. 3. c. 35. § 14.

See also SCOTLAND (Roads and Bridges).

Rock Salt, See Salt.

Rogues and Vagabonds.

1. The Statutes 39 & 40 G. 3. c. 30., and 46 G. 3. c. 130. relative to Rogues and Vagabonds, repeated, 57 G. 3. c. 90. § 4. § 5.

Rum, See Excise, 35.

Salmon.

1. For preventing the Destruction of the Breed of Salmon, and Fish of Salmon Kind, in the Rivers of England, 58 G. 3. c. 43.
2. Justices, as Sessions, to appoint Conservators of Rivers; and Quarter Sessions to fix Periods in which Salmon shall not be taken, &c., § 1. 2.
3. Penalties for destroying Salmon, (except by Angling,) on the Breed, Spawns, or Fry thereof, § 1.
4. If Persons kill, take, have in their Possession, or sell, &c. Spawns, Fry, or Breed of Fish, or unfishable Fish, Conservator may seize the same, together with Packages, &c. —Proceedings and Penalties in such Case, § 4.
5. Proviso for Nets, &c. lawfully used, and for perfect Modes of Fishing, except as prohibited by this Act, § 2.
6. Recovery of Penalties, and Proceedings thereon, § 6.
7. Justices, on receiving Information, may grant Warrants for apprehending Offenders, or Summoners and Warrants for Party or Witnesses, and may determine summarily, § 2.
8. Owners, &c. of Fisheries, may be Writen to prove Offences, § 8.
9. Penalties how to be paid for, § 9.
10. Form of Conviction, § 10.
11. No double Prosecution, § 11.
12. Appeal may be made on Recognizance; and Sessions, on Proof of Notice, to discontinue Appeal, and Costs, which may be levied by Distress, § 12.
13. One Calendar Month's Notice to be given of Actions

- for recovering this Act, and for Offences under it.—Liability of Actions.—Tender of Amount.—Double Costs, 58 G. 3. c. 43. § 13.
14. Proviso for former Acts, § 14.
15. Saving of the Rights of Masters, Corporations, Colleges, the City of London, and of the Lord Mayor, as Conservator of the Thames and Medway, § 15.—17.

Salt.

1. For altering and inserting the Laws of Excise relative to Salt and Rock Salt, 57 G. 3. c. 49.
2. Proprietors of Salt Mines to give Two instead of Twelve Hours Notice of casting Rock Salt, § 1.
3. Sunday Sessions of 57 G. 3. c. 89. repeated, § 1.
4. Saltmakers to give the Masters Notice of their Intention to draw or take Salt from their Pans or Boilers, on Penalty of 50*l.*—Fresh Notice, in what Case necessary, § 3.
5. 50*l.* Penalty for adding Brine, after having begun to draw Salt, and before Declaration that Operation is finished, &c., § 4.
6. Part of the Salt of any Operation may be warehoused on certain Conditions, § 5.
7. Refusers to give Bond within 14 Days after Receipt of Rock Salt, for the Production of 50*l.* of Refined for every 50*l.* of Rock Salt, and for Payment of Duties, under certain Possibilities—Proviso for Exportation, &c., § 6.
8. Refusers to provide Warehouses for the Lodgement of Rock Salt under the Excise Licence—Rock Salt to be deposited in the Houses of Refusers, § 7.
9. 100*l.* Penalty on Refuser neglecting to provide Warehouses, or to pay for Leaks, or for damaging the same.—Proviso for putting Salt into Sacks, § 7.
10. Refusers to give Notice to have Rock Salt taken out of the Warehouse for distilling into Brine, and Officers to attend; but such Notice to be read, unless for opening Rock Salt Warehouses during certain Hours, § 8.
11. Refusers to keep such Cargo of Rock Salt separate and apart; and all Refined Salt made from Rock Salt included in One Bond separate and apart from Refined Salt made from Rock Salt included in any other Bond, on Penalty of 100*l.*, § 9.
12. Refusers not to put Rock Salt, which is the Subject of One Bond, into Solution with Brine made from Rock Salt which is the Subject of another Bond, or begin to dissolve any Rock Salt subsequently received and included in different Bonds, nor mingle Brines, until the Rock Salt before received has been wholly refined, on Penalty of 100*l.*, § 10.
13. Refusers of Salt from Sea Water, or from Rock Salt dissolved in Sea or Salt Water (except in certain Places), to provide and keep a Vessel to receive the Brine, &c. and, before beginning to make Salt, to enter the same, on Penalty of 100*l.* for neglecting, &c. or removing or shutting Vessel without Notice, § 11.
14. Such Saltmakers and Refusers to give Notice of charging Pans or Boilers, and not to begin charging them within One Hour from Notice, otherwise Notice to be void, and fresh Notice to be given, § 12.
15. 50*l.* Penalty on Refuser neglecting or removing or commencing Brine, &c. before Officer shall have taken a previous Account, both of Quantity and Quality, § 13.
16. Officers to gauge Charging Vessel, and to take an Account of the Quantity and Quality of the Brine in the Charging Vessel, by Harvey's Hydrometer; on Penalty of 200*l.* for abstracting Officers, § 13.

27. Salt Declines to make Entry and keep Account of Salt exceeding Two Barrels, sold, &c. and Salt exceeding Two Barrels to be accompanied upon Removal by a Certificate, 57 G. 3. c. 49. § 14.
28. Book, in which Account kept, to be open to the Officer, § 14.
29. good Penalty on Dealer neglecting to make Entry, and otherwise offending, as mentioned in Aft. § 14.
30. Salt removed without Certificate forfeited, besides good Penalty, § 14.
31. Loaded Carriages to be removed from Salt Warehouses, and not to return again, § 13.
32. Carriages, not having received their whole Loading, to be removed in the manner mentioned in the Aft. under certain Penalties, § 13.
33. Profile for License from Commissioners to deliver Salt, § 15.
34. Descriptions of Salt which may not be removed in the same Vessel or Carriage, &c. with Rock Salt, &c. under certain Penalties, § 15.
35. Request Notes, Permits, and Bonds, to express the different Descriptions and Quantities, or Weights of Salt, in addition to the Particulars required by 38 G. 3. c. 89.—§ 17.
36. Master or Commander of Vessel, before loading of Salt, to make Oath that no Part of such Salt has been removed or taken out of such Vessel during the Voyage, except through Accident or Necessity, on Penalty of good for neglecting, &c. to make such Oath, § 18.
37. Vessels delivering less than their permitted Cargoes of Salt, to be detained until Duty paid upon the Deficiency, and affix the Expenses of the Detainer, except in certain Cases, § 19.
38. Where Salt is shipped Coastwise, &c. on Board, Certificates for Discharge of Bonds to be transmitted from Officer giving Certificate to Officer with whom Bond lodged; who, upon Receipt of Certificate, and Payment of Expenses, is to cancel such Bond, § 20.
39. Duties on Foreign Salt imported, repealed, § 21.
40. Foreign Salt, imported for the purpose of curing Fish, to pay Three Pence per Barrel Excise Duty; such Foreign Salt imported, to be subject to certain Restrictions, § 21.
41. Salted Beef, Pork, or Bacon, brought by land from Scotland to England, subject to a Duty of only One Shilling and Six Pence per Cwt., § 22.
42. Duties to be under the Commissioners of Excise, and carried to the Consolidated Fund, § 22, 31.
43. Duties and Penalties how to be levied, § 32.
44. When Crusted Rock Salt may, on Oath, be exported to Newfoundland, &c. or the Isle of Man, Duty Free, § 33.
45. Certificate, what to specify—good Penalty on Offenders, § 33.
46. The Statute 38 G. 3. c. 89. § 22. repealed—No Fish Curer to sell Salt, or deliver any Part of his Stock of Salt or Rock Salt received Duty Free, on Penalty of good, § 34.
47. Licensed Fish Curers, selling, feeding out, transferring or delivering Salt or Rock Salt to other licensed Fish Curers, are to deliver a Certificate, under the Particulars in a Book, to be kept on the Premises, and the Fish Curer to whom such Salt is delivered, is to enter the Day and Hour when received—Such Book to be open to the Officer, § 35.
48. good Penalty on concealing, concealing, &c. such Book, or supplying Officer in respecting it; and also on removing Salt without a Certificate, besides Forfeiture of the Salt, Carriages, &c., § 35.
49. Coloured and Crusted Salt may be delivered to Fish Curers, with certain Exceptions; such Salt to be approved by Officer, and Entry thereof to be made by Fish Curer, § 36. [Extended to April 1821. by 39 G. 3. c. 37. § 13.]
50. Barrels of Crusted Rock Salt to consist of 56lb., 37 G. 3. c. 49. § 37.
51. Warehouses may be provided by Reliance, under certain Regulations, for keeping Crusted Rock Salt not less than One Hundred Yards from Fisheries, and they may fill such Salt to Fish Curers—Forfeiture of Salt; and good Penalty on violating or evading these Regulations, § 38.
52. good Penalty on Fish Curers receiving White Salt Duty free, or other Portion defined in Aft., who shall be found with Coloured and Crusted Salt, or who do not enter the same, and give Bond for Warehouse, &c., § 39.
53. Fish Curers, who have received, previously to April preceding, Coloured Salt, &c. in account in May 1821. and 1819., § 39.
54. Fish Curers, who have entered Profiles for Coloured Salt, or Crusted Rock Salt, and who have given Bond to secure for the same, may receive such Salt free from further Account, as mentioned in Aft., § 40.
55. Profile, where the Amount of Duty is equal to Amount of Penalty in Bond, § 40.
56. Such Fish Curers as render an Account in May every Year, of the whole Quantity of Coloured Salt or Crusted Rock Salt in hand, or employed in Curing Fish, (such Account to comprise certain Particulars,) on Penalty of forfeiting double Duties for such Account, &c., § 41.
57. Fish wholly cured, or cured and repacked for Exportation, remaining on hand when the annual Account is rendered, to be transferred with the Salt to the next Year's Account; provided Accounts be made out and verified in manner directed by the Aft.—good Penalty on refusing to make out such Account, § 42.
58. Fish Curers to be allowed only 111lb. of Salt for Thirty Two Gallons of Pickards or White Herrings not cured, and repacked for Exportation, as mentioned in Aft., § 43.
59. In taking yearly Accounts of Fishery Stocks, all Salt which has been used only once in curing Fish, shall be carried to the Stock of the next following Year—good Penalty on Salt more than once used being found on Premises, § 44.
60. Salted Ashes may be delivered as Manure—good Penalty on using the same for any other Purpose than Manure, § 45.
61. Sections 46, 47, and 48, repealed by 38 G. 3. c. 77. § 1.
62. Casks or Barrels of Fish to be headed, and then kept separate, on Penalty of being forfeited, and good Fine, if not so kept, or Casks found open for Home Consumption, 37 G. 3. c. 49. § 49.
63. Fish Curers to keep a Daily Account of Fish cured and delivered, to be verified upon Oath at the End of the Year, on Penalty of good, for Neglect or evading Entries, &c., § 50.
64. Fish Curers packing White Herrings for Exportation, to be allowed in account the Quantity of Salt, under certain Regulations, § 51.
65. Allowance of Duty Free Salt for certain Dry Salted Fish, § 52.
66. Allowances of Salt to Fish Curers of Salmon, in lieu of former Allowances, § 53.
67. Excise Officers empowered to enter and take Accounts of Salt and Fish on the Premises of Fish Curers, on Penalty of good for obstructing or refusing to assist them, § 54.
68. Fish Curers to provide good and sufficient Weights and Scales, on Penalty of their being seized, and of good, &c. § 55.
69. good Penalty, &c. on Fish Curers showing Marks on Casks,

- Cake, or 'safety' packing, &c. or using any Art to obtain any greater Credit for Salt used in curing Fish than is allowed there, 57 G. 3. c. 49. § 75.
60. Salt unshipped, extended, or fraudulently or clandestinely removed, &c. together with Packages, &c. and Party Shillings Penalty on every Pound of Salt, § 75.
61. Salt Makers, not giving Bond for securing the Payment of Duty, to pay such Duty before taking the same out of the Warehouse, § 60.
62. Warehouse of Customs and Excise on Duty paid Salt exported, repealed, § 61.
63. Warehouse for storing Salt, Duty free for Exportation, may be established at London, &c. under the same Regulations with such Warehouses as are at Liverpool and Bristol, under 58 G. 3. c. 89. § 11, except as altered by this Act; on Penalty of 500*l.* on Owners of such Warehouses being Dealers for Home Consumption, § 63.
64. Foreign Salt may be taken from any Import Warehouse at Plymouth, Duty free, to export to Newfoundland for curing Cod, &c. subject to the Regulations of 59 G. 3. c. 65. § 5.—57 G. 3. c. 49. § 63.
65. The Statutes 58 G. 3. c. 89. § 115. and 51 G. 3. c. 82. § 6. repealed, § 64.
66. When Salt or Rock Salt, removing Coalwells, or exported to Ireland, is lost by Wreck, sailing away, or sinking of the Vessel, or Capture, Application to be made to Two Justices, or (if in Ireland) to the Collector or Comptroller, or to the Excise in London, or in Scotland, to examine Witnesses, § 65.
67. Proceedings on such Examinations, and what the Proof is to be, § 65.
68. Justices to grant, and the Collector, &c. at the Expense of the Party, to transmit to Excise in England or Ireland, a Copy of Application and Examination, and Certificate of Proceedings; on Receipt of which, the Commissioners of Excise may make certain Allowance to the Proprietor of the Salt so lost, and may order the Bond to be cancelled, § 65.
69. Notice to be given to the Office of Application for Relief (which is to specify certain Particulars); and Copy of such Application to be delivered to Officer, with List of Witnesses, &c., § 65.
70. Appeal to Quarter Sessions by either Party, § 66. [Repealed by 59 G. 3. c. 53. § 4.]
71. Notice of such Appeal to be given to Officers—Decision of Quarter Sessions to be final, 57 G. 3. c. 49. § 66.
72. What Facts and Witnesses Quarter Sessions may inquire into and examine, § 66.
73. Appellant to defray Costs of Appeal, § 66.
74. *sed* Penalty on Witnesses, &c. neglecting to appear or give Evidence, and how to be applied, § 65.
75. Falsely Costs punishable as Perjury, § 68.
76. One *prohibet*, how far on Owner of Fish Salt, &c. § 69.
77. Bonds for Fishery Salt not subject to Stamp Duty, § 70.
78. Former Excise Acts extended to this Act—Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 71, 72.
79. Rock Salt, in Lumps not less than 20*lb.*, may be delivered for feeding Cattle or other agricultural purposes, on Application of Officer and Payment of Duty, at the Rate of 2*d.* *per* Bushel, to be removed by Permit, which is to be delivered to nearest Officer of Excise, 58 G. 3. c. 79. § 2, 3.
80. No further Quantity of Salt to be delivered until Certificates given; which Certificate is to be delivered to Collector within One Month after Expiration of Twelve Months from Delivery of Rock Salt, declaring that the Salt has been consumed in feeding Cattle, &c., 58 G. 3. c. 77. § 3, 4.
81. Penalty on violating their Regulations, which may be assigned, § 4.
82. Rock Salt may be removed to another Farm or Premises, § 4.
83. Recovery and Application of Penalties—Duties how to be levied and applied, &c., § 5, 6, 7.
84. The alter and amend certain Laws of Excise in respect to Salt and Rock Salt, 59 G. 3. c. 53.
85. No Salt or Rock Salt to be weighed with Tare of Scale, § 1.
86. Net Quantity to be specified in Permit and Bond, § 1.
87. Salt or Rock Salt delivered Duty free, not to be forfeited for Excess above Weight and Quantity specified in Permit, unless Fraud, § 2.
88. Excise of more than 9*lb.* in Score dried Salt, and 1*lb.* *per* Cwt. in all other Salt and Rock Salt, conclusive of Fraud, § 2.
89. Vessels carrying Salt or Rock Salt for Fishery, &c. coastwise on Bond, not to be detained, though delivering less than their Cargo—Officers to report Shortage of Salt, § 3.
90. Bond cancelled where the Deficiency does not exceed 2*lb.* *per* Cwt., § 4.
91. Relief for Salt or Rock Salt lost by Leak of any Vessel, extended to Losses by any accidental Extrusion of Water, § 5.
92. How such Accident to be verified, § 5.
93. Refusal of Commissioners to grant Relief upon Certificate to be stated in Writing, with their Reasons for such Refusal—And Party may appeal to Quarter Sessions against such Refusal, § 6.
94. Decision of Commissioners to be communicated to Party in Writing—Party may make further Proof, § 6.
95. Officers of Customs in Ireland substituted for Officers of Excise, in respect to Salt or Rock Salt exported from Great Britain to Ireland, § 7.
96. Fish Curers giving Notice to Officers of their Intention to receive no more than Four Bushels of Salt or Rock Salt, to receive it Duty free, § 8.
97. Such Fish Curers may receive more Salt or Rock Salt upon giving the usual Bond, § 8.
98. Summes of Fish Curers Salt not to be liable under their Bonds to more than the Amount of Duties and Costs, unless prior to the Fraud by which the Bond is forfeited, § 9.
99. Bond, on Removal, &c. of Salt, not to be put in Salt without Notice, § 10.
100. Sea, as to Bond entered into by Fish Curers, § 11.
101. Bond limited to Penalties assigned in Act, § 12.
102. Foreign Salt imported into the Ports mentioned in Act, may be then transhipped for Newfoundland, without being first landed and warehoused—Time of lying limited, § 13.
103. Warehouse to be provided at Dartmouth, for storing Salt for Exportation; under the same Proceedings as in respect of Warehouses at London, Salt, &c. § 13.
104. How Salt shall be cured Coalwells to such Export Warehouses, § 14.
105. Fish Curers allowed to find Salt or Rock Salt to other entered Fish Curers, Permit being delivered, and on Oath by Master of Vessel, § 17.
106. Such Salt, &c. to be entered as Part of Stock, and deemed to have been received into Stock of Fish Curer to whom first permitted, and to be certified, and Account to be kept thereof as such, § 17.
107. Fish Curers to be at Liberty to ship Part of their Stock of Salt for the Cure of Fish at Sea, under certain Conditions, § 18.

101. Fish cured at Sea from Part of a Fish Curer's Stock of Duty free Salt, may be brought into another Port for Sale; and Fish Curer shall have Credit for it in Stock, under various Regulations, 39 G. 3. c. 37. § 13.
102. Fish Curer to produce and leave Certificate with Officer—Indemnity to agree with Certificate, § 19.
103. Herrings returned from any Place for want of Sale, may be re-exported and landed for Re-exportation on certain Conditions—Master of Vessel to give Notice to Officer of the Quantity of returned Herrings, § 20.
104. 2nd. Penalty for selling, for Home Consumption, Herrings or Pickleds branded for Exportation, and repacking Fish shipped for Exportation to a different Place than that for which they are branded, § 21.
105. On Failure of Master, Herrings or Pickleds repacked and branded for Exportation to One Place, may be re-branded and exported to another, on Oath by Fish Curer, § 22.
106. Sect. 41 G. 3. 39. 1. c. 37. made perpetual, § 23.
107. Before Salt is shipped Duty free, Entry to be made, and Bond entered into to perform the Conditions specified in A.D. on Penalty of 200*l.*, § 23.
108. Masters of Vessels, catching and curing Fish, may have a Certificate of Bond without Fee; and every Quantity of Salt received in or for such Trips, to be indented on Certificate, § 24.
109. Master of Ship, on Conclusion of Voyage, to deliver to Officer Certificate, &c.—200*l.* Penalty for departing without Certificate, § 24.
110. Allowance of 20*lb.* per Cwt. for certain cured Fish, under 41 G. 3. c. 37. extended to 30*lb.*—Penalty as to Cured Fish dried in Bulk, &c., § 25.
111. Allowance of Duty free Salt for certain Wet Salted Beans, Congo or Peas, as under former Acts, § 26.
112. Officers taking Salt or Fish, to take the Oath of Faithfulness, on Request of the real Owner of the Salt or Fish, and forthwith report Same to the Commissioners, § 27.
113. Such Statements not to affect the Legality of the Seizure, § 27.
114. The time mentioned in such Bonds extended to 12 Months, § 28.
115. Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, to be at Liberty to take any Quantity not less than 20 Bushels of Salt or Rock Salt at One time, § 29.
116. Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid filling Acid-jars, &c. or employing it in making Mineral Acids, to make Entry and pay Duty, on Penalty of 100*l.*, § 30.
117. Potash or Soda may be mixed and used with Muriate, without Payment of Duty—100*l.* Penalty on using the same for any other Purpose, § 31.
118. Certain Muriate may be taken from Salt Works, without Fee or Penalty or Forfeiture, § 32.
119. Warehouses may be established at certain Places for lodging and keeping Rock Salt for agricultural purposes, § 33.
120. Not less than One Ton to be sold at a time, on Production of Certificate from Officer of Excise, who is to grant Permit for Removal—Regulations for building, &c. Warehouses, § 33.
121. Bond to be entered into by Occupier of Warehouses to perform certain Conditions—Penalty 200*l.*, § 33.
122. Rock Salt, in Lumps of 10*lb.*, &c. may be delivered to Persons authorized by Certificate, § 34.
123. Such Rock Salt, not less than a Ton, may, on Removal to any such Warehouse, be delivered to Purchaser directly from the ship without being warehoused—Permit to be

- delivered an Officer, and the Quantity exported thence, to be entered as Stock, 39 G. 3. c. 37. § 35.
124. Officers of Excise to have Liberty to enter and survey such Warehouses, and Superintend to weigh the Stock of Rock Salt, § 35.
125. Commissioners of Excise may, on Application of Fish Curer, direct their Stock of Salt not to be weighed, and the Quantity which shall appear on the Books to be transferred to the next Year's Account; but in no Case, where Salt is delivered to or received from the stock of any other Fish Curer, &c., § 36.
126. Powers of 12 Geo. 3. c. 24. and other Acts relating to Excise, extended to this A.D., § 36.
127. Recovery of Penalties, &c., § 35, 40.

See also *Plantations*, 3.

Savings' Banks.

1. To encourage the Establishment of Banks for Savings in England, 37 G. 3. c. 130.
2. Persons, forming Societies according to the Powers conferred in this A.D., to be entitled to the Benefit of it, § 1.
3. Rules, &c. of the Institution, and also new Rules, to be entered in a Book, and a Copy deposited with the Clerks of Peace, without Fee, § 1.
4. Officers of the Institution not to have any Benefit thereat, § 2.
5. Rules to be binding, and Entry of them, &c. or Copy thereof to be binding—No Certificate, Fee, or Stamp Duty, § 4.
6. Shares of Money may be paid to them, § 5.
7. Friendly Societies may subscribe any Portion of their Funds into the Funds of Provident Institutions—Penalty as to Receipt of Treasurer being a Discharge, § 6.
8. Treasurers, &c. to give Security as required by the General Rules, § 7.
9. Effects of Institution to be vested in Trustees for the time being, without such Assignment, except as to Transfers of Stock in the Funds, § 8.
10. Trustees may bring and defend Actions, &c., which shall not abate by Death or Removal of Trustees, § 8.
11. Trustees not to deposit Money of Institution with Bankers, except to a certain Amount, § 9.
12. In what Case the Bank of England to open an Account, called 'The Fund for the Banks for Savings,' § 10.
13. Previous to such Payments into the Bank, an Order to be produced, and thereupon a Certificate granted; afterwards the Commissioners to allow Rebate as in Favour of such Saving Banks, bearing Interest at 3*d.* per Cent. per Annum, § 11.
14. Trustees may demand Payment of Principal and Interest, secured by Debenture, § 12.
15. Previous to such Payments, an Order to be produced, and thereupon Certificate granted—New Debentures may be granted, § 13.
16. Money paid in on Saving Bank's Account, to be inserted in Stock and carried to new Account, § 14.
17. Debentures not to be transferable, § 15.
18. Debentures, &c. not liable to Stamp Duty; and, if lost, new Debentures may be granted, § 16.
19. Penalty on false Declaration for paying to Monks, § 17.
20. Accounts to be laid before Parliament by Commissioners for National Debt, § 18.
21. Providing against an improper Investment of Money, § 19.

20. On Change of Trustees, Stock may be transferred by former Trustees into the Names of new Trustees and of continuing Trustees, &c., for which purpose Trustees may execute a Letter of Attorney, 37 G. 3. c. 150, § 80.
21. Persons intrusted with the Society's Effects to account and deliver up Effects (where required); and on their neglecting or refusing, Quarter Sessions may proceed in a summary Way, § 21.
22. Members of Friendly Societies not liable to Forfeitures, by Absconding to any Institution under this Act, § 22.
23. Shares of deceased Depositors, exceeding 20*l.*, not to be paid but upon Probate or Letters of Administration, § 23.
24. When Property is under the Value of 50*l.* no Stamp Duty to be paid in Cases of Administration; but Persons claiming are to exhibit a Certificate of the Amount of Share, which Certificate shall be Evidence of such Amount, § 23.
25. Administration not necessary, where the Effects of a Person dying intestate shall not exceed 20*l.*, § 24.
26. Payments under Probates of Wills, afterwards repealed, valid—Remedy for Representative against Person receiving, § 25.
27. Powers of Attorney by Trustees or Depositors, and also Receipts and Estrees, free from Stamp Duty, § 26.
28. Where the Rules of the Institution direct an Arbitration, the Award to be final, § 27.
29. This a Public Act, § 28.
30. (A.) to (E.) Schedules under this Act, (repealed by 58 G. 3. c. 48, § 1, though they may be used until the Schedules thereto annexed are made, § 13.)
31. To amend 37 G. 3. c. 150, for encouraging the Establishment of Savings Banks, 58 G. 3. c. 48.
32. Officers of Commissioners of National Debt to issue Debentures in Form marked (C.), § 2.
33. New Debentures, in exchange for original Debentures, may be issued in Form marked (D.), § 3.
34. Persons to Payment or Renewal of Debentures, an Order shall be produced, indorsed on Debentures, under the Hands of Trustees, according to Schedule (E.), § 4.
35. Whereupon a Certificate is to be granted agreeable to Schedule (F.), § 4.
36. Trustees may require Interest on Debentures to be paid at the Periods mentioned in A.D., § 5.
37. Commissioners may transfer Stock to the Amount of Principal and Interest of Debentures, § 6.
38. Stock first to be converted into Money by Corporation, § 7.
39. The Date of new Debentures and of Certificates, § 8.
40. Ascertaining the time to which Interest is to be computed, § 9.
41. Certificate to be granted for transferring Stock, according to Schedule (F.), § 10.
42. Accountant General of Bank to transmit Certificate to Commissioners, according to Schedule (G.), § 11.
43. Regulation in the Case of Payment, or Renewal of more than one Debenture at one time being required, § 12.
44. Investment not to be made in the Bank, except by such Institutions as release the Deposits of Individuals, § 13.
45. Commissioners of National Debt to require the Production of Rules for refinancing, § 14.
46. Institutions licensed previously to 37 G. 3. c. 150, to have the Privilege of receiving Money in the Bank, &c., § 15.
47. Central Banks to invest the Money of Branch Banks, § 16.
48. Judges at Sessions may reject or allow any Rules of Institutions sent to the Clerk of the Peace—How such Rejection to be notified, § 17.

49. Notice to be given to Trustees of such Rejection by Clerk of the Peace, 38 G. 3. c. 48, § 17.
 50. Awards, Bonds, &c. not liable to Stamp Duty, § 18.
- See also IRELAND (Savings' Banks), and SCOTLAND (Savings' Banks).

SCOTLAND.

Administration of Justice.

1. To amend 33 G. 3. c. 140, for the Administration of Justice in Scotland, by extending Trial by Jury to Civil Causes, 39 G. 3. c. 31.
2. Certain Affidaves to be first to the Jury Court, § 1.
3. Questions of Law to be referred for the Court of Session, § 2.
4. Lord Ordinary to decide as to Question of Law or Relevancy, and may refer Questions of Law for Court of Session, § 3.
5. Lord Ordinary to have the Power of remitting the whole Proceeds to Jury Court, which may settle Issues, § 4.
6. Lord Ordinary, except in certain Cases, may settle Issues, and report to Inner House, § 5.
7. Court of Session, in either of its Divisions, may remit the whole Proceeds to Jury Court, and may prepare and settle Issues, § 5.
8. Lords Ordinary may settle further Issues, § 6.
9. Jury Court to direct certain Facts to be introduced, &c. and certified, § 9.
10. Court of Admiralty to remit whole Proceeds to Jury Court, with Power to Judge Admiralty for directing further Issues, and for Judges of Jury Court indorsing Facts on Issues, &c., § 10.
11. If Court of Admiralty refuse to remit, Court of Session may be applied to, § 11.
12. Jury Court may remit back Questions of Law—Proceeds for Divisions, &c. again remitting Proceeds to Jury Court—Preparing Issues, and for Jury Court remitting back Proceeds, &c., § 12.
13. Provide that Court of Session, &c. may grant Commission, § 13.
14. In Cases brought from inferior Court, Court of Session may direct further Proof, and settle Issues, § 14.
15. No Appeal from Orders to try by Jury, § 15.
16. Motions for new Trial to be in Jury Court, whole Order final, § 16.
17. Bill of Exceptions to Judgments may be tendered in certain Cases—Interlocutor final, § 17.
18. In such Cases Proceedings to remain in Jury Court; and in Cases of Special Verdict, &c. Proceeds to be remitted from Court of Session, § 18.
19. Proceedings, where Jury exhibits the Conclusions of the Affidavits—Judgment to specify Expenses and Verdicts, &c. be transmitted to the Keeper of the Records, § 19.
20. In Cases of Special Verdicts, &c. Proceedings returned to Court of Session—Proceeds respecting Cases remitted by Admiralty Court, § 20.
21. Terms and Sittings fixed, § 21.
22. Three Sittings in every Year—Court may appoint Cases for Jury at other than regular Sittings, § 22.
23. Proceedings for preparing Issues to be heard during Term only—Proceeds for Judge of Jury Court making Orders out of Term, § 23.
24. Regulations as to Condorsements and Returns, § 24.
25. Provisions

27. *Provisions as to the Fees to be paid to Jurors*, § 29.
28. *Jury Court to proceed against absent Jurors*, § 28.
29. *Attendance of Officers as the Judge*, 59 G. 3. c. 35. § 27.
28. *Jury Court may compel the Attendance of Witnesses—How their Orders executed*, § 28.
29. *Power to Lords Commissioners of Jury Court to make Regulations for the Proceedings of Jury Court*, § 29.
30. *Regulations of Jury Court and of Court of Session to be according to 33 G. 3. c. 42. and to both Courts for the Civil Examination of Witnesses*, § 29, 30.
31. *Additional Clerk to be appointed to Jury Court, with Salary of £500*, § 31.
32. *And Three additional Clerks with Salaries not exceeding £500 each*, § 32.
33. *Auditor of Court of Session to be Auditor of Jury Court, and to report on Expenses*, § 33.
34. *Power to presiding Judge to appoint as Jurors Clerks*, § 34.
35. *Verdicts in certain Northern Counties regulated—Verdicts to stand Trial, and to be taken only at three on Jury*, § 35.
36. *Jury Court made permanent*, § 36.
37. *Commencement of the new Judiciary*, § 37.
38. *Statute 57 G. 3. c. 42. § 11. repealed—Qualification and Salary of Lord Chief Commissioner of Jury Court*, § 38.
39. *The King, by Sign Manual, may grant an Assize to Lord Chief Commissioner, or to Commissioner of Jury Court, who may have resigned*, § 39.
40. *Buildings to be erected for the Court*, § 40.
41. *Regulations concerning the Purchase of Lands, &c. for this Purpose*, § 41—§ 5.
42. *57 G. 3. c. 42. continued, first as hereby altered, Sec.—Proviso for Regulations made thereunder*, § 42.
43. *35 G. 3. c. 42. § 42, 43, 44. repealed*, § 43.

See also Court of Session.

Aqua Vitæ, See *Licence*.

Bridges, See *Roads and Bridges*.

Court of Session.

1. *To explain and amend certain Acts relative to the Court of Session in Scotland*, 59 G. 3. c. 45.
2. *In case of a Vacancy in the lower House of either Division, a Judge may be removed from One Division to the other*, § 1.
3. *In what Cases the Senior Ordinary Judge, officiating as presiding Lord Ordinary, may be, &c.*
4. *Proviso in case of a Vacancy among the Judges officiating as permanent Lords Ordinary*, § 2.
5. *Proviso as to Rank and Precedence*, § 3.
6. *Proviso in case of the Junior or last appointed Judge of the First Division being removed; and also in other Cases of Removal under this Act*, § 4.
7. *This and related Acts to be construed together*, § 5.

Collieries, See the *General Index*, *Collieries*.

Customs.

1. *To authorize the rewarding of the Officers of Customs for their Services in preventing illicit Distillations in Scotland*, under 36 G. 3. c. 105—57 G. 3. c. 40.

Distillers, See the *General Index*, *Excise*, 25.; and *Spirits*.

Dwelling.

1. *To repeal certain Acts of the Parliament of Scotland regarding Dwelling*, 59 G. 3. c. 70.

Goals.

1. *To enable Comptrols and Sheriffs in Scotland to give Aid to Royal Burghs situated therein, for the purpose of improving, enlarging, or rebuilding their Goals; or to improve, for common Goals of Counties and Sheriffs, which are not the Goals of Royal Burghs*, 59 G. 3. c. 65.
2. *Burghs may solicit Aid from County Goals*, § 1.
3. *Proposals of Magistrates to be submitted to Commissioners of Supply*, § 2.
4. *Qualification of Voters*, § 3.
5. *Committee of Supply may appoint a Commissioner of their Number to confer with the Magistrates*, § 4.
6. *Commissioners of Supply may refuse to give Aid*, § 5.
7. *Their Refusals to be transmitted to Magistrates, and upon their Consent Affidavit to be made by Commissioners*, § 6.
8. *Relative Amount of Affidavit on Lands and Houses—When such Affidavit shall be made*, § 7, 8.
9. *How and by whom Affidavit to be collected*, § 9.
10. *Affidavit to be accounted for by Collectors—Penalty on them for default in accounting*, § 10.
11. *Affidavit to be paid in the first instance by Tenants, who may retain the same out of Rent*, § 11.
12. *Commissioners empowered to grant Aid to County Goals in Burghs, not being Royal Burghs*, § 12.
13. *Meetings of Commissioners to be held by Advertisement*, § 13.
14. *Commissioners of Supply to settle whether Enlargement of Goal necessary*, § 14.
15. *Goals to be rebuilt in Burghs where they are now situated*, § 15.
16. *How to collect and levy Affidavits*, § 16.
17. *Proprietors of entitled Estates, paying Affidavits, to be Creditors on succeeding Heirs of Entail, for Three Fourths of such Affidavits—Mode of recovering them*, § 17, 18.
18. *Rules for Relief among Heirs of Entail*, § 17.
19. *Commissioners of Supply may borrow Money, on Interest, at 5 per Cent. per Annum*, § 19.
20. *Commissioner of Superintendence may be appointed*, § 19.
21. *Power and Responsibility of Magistrates to contract as before*, § 20.
22. *Prisoners may be removed while Goal is repairing or rebuilding*, § 21.
23. *Responsibility of Magistrates to contract*, § 21.
24. *Prisoners may be removed, while Goals are repairing or rebuilding, in Cases where the same are not in Royal Burghs—Responsibility of Magistrates to contract*, § 22.
25. *Appeal against Affidavits*, § 23.
26. *Limitation of Actions, &c.*, § 24, 25.

Houses.

1. *For extending the Exceptions from Duties granted by 43 G. 3. c. 161. and 48 G. 3. c. 55. in Dwelling Houses in Scotland, and for altering the Manner of claiming and allowing the Exceptions to be granted*, 57 G. 3. c. 118.
2. *Houses in Scotland, with not more than Four Windows, and not exceeding 50 Feet, exempted from Duty; as also Houses with not more than Six Windows, not exceeding 50 Feet; provided the Inhabitants are indigent*, § 1, 2.
3. *Notice to be given to the Surveyor, who shall ascertain the Claimant's Poverty—How the Surveyor is to proceed*, § 3.
4. *Certificates to be transmitted of the Names of Persons entitled to Exemption, &c.*, § 2.

Jury, See *Administration of Justice*.

Licences.

Licences.

1. For charging Duties on Licences for retailing Aqua Vita in Scotland, 53 G. 3. c. 17.
2. As to be paid for Licences for retailing Spirits within any Royal Burgh, or Place not within the Highlands; and as to the Highlands, except in the Royal Burghs therein, § 1.
3. Such Duties to be under Commissioners of Excise, § 1.
4. Duties how to be levied and applied, § 1.
5. Act may be altered, &c., § 2.

Mint, See the General Index, Mint.

Officers.

1. To abolish certain Offices, and regulate others in Scotland, 57 G. 3. c. 54.
2. After Termination of existing Interest, the Salary of the Keeper of the Great Seal for Scotland limited to 1000*l.* per Annum—and of the Keeper of the Privy Seal to 1000*l.* per Annum—The Fees of respective Offices to be continued, and applied in Part of such Salaries; and, if Fees be insufficient, the Deficiency to be defrayed, § 1, 2, 3, 4.
3. After Termination of existing Interest, the Office of Keeper of the Signet to be discharged by the Lord Register, and the Salary limited to 1000*l.* per Annum—The requisite Number of Clerks to be appointed by the Treasury, and the Fees to be continued and applied, first as Payment of Salary, and the Balance to the Treasury, § 5, 6.
4. Provide, if the Office of Keeper of the Signet, or of Lord Register, become vacant before those of Lord Register, or of Keeper of the Signet, as to the Performance of Duties and Payment of Fees to the Receiver General, § 7, 8.
5. Office of Collector and Receiver General of Excise in Scotland regulated, and Salary limited to 1000*l.* per Annum—Collectors, &c. to give Security, § 9.
6. Knight Marshal and Vice Admiral to have no Salary, § 10.
7. Certain other Offices regulated—Salaries to be appointed by Treasury—Fees to be continued, and how applied, § 11.
8. After Termination of existing Interest, certain other Offices abolished—Fees for Duties of Inspector of Roads, pursuant to 54 G. 3. c. 104—§ 12.
9. Treasury to order how Bishops' Rents shall be collected, with Salary, &c. and to lay before Parliament a comparative Statement of former and new Establishments, § 13, 14.
10. Regulation of any Office existing previously to 6 Geo. 2. 7. not to bring it within the Provisions of that Act, § 15.

Paper (Drawback on), See Universities.

Roads and Bridges.

1. To amend 54 G. 3. c. 104, and 55 G. 3. c. 111, for maintaining and keeping in repair certain Roads and Bridges in Scotland; to provide more effectually for that Purpose; and for the Regulation of Ferries in Scotland, 59 G. 3. c. 113.
2. 54 G. 3. c. 104, and 55 G. 3. c. 111, repealed, § 1.
3. Appointment of Commissioners for this Act, and for 43 G. 3. c. 80., who are empowered to appoint Officers, and pay Compensation for Service, &c., § 2, 3, 12.
4. What Proportion of the Expense of repairing certain Roads and Bridges to be paid by the Public, and what by the respective Counties, § 4.
5. Ferries respecting Bridges vested under 43 G. 3. c. 80., and accidentally destroyed, § 4.
6. Regulations for repairing Bridges decayed in Two Counties, § 5.

7. Commissioners to advance Money for the immediate Repair of Roads and Bridges, 59 G. 3. c. 113, § 6.
8. Regulations and Conditions, on which Military Roads, and the Road from Newer Dier Park to Tala, may be placed under the Provisions of this Act, § 7.
9. A Sum of Money to be annually paid by Baron of Exchequer for the Purpose of this Act—Security to be given, § 8.
10. How Commissioners of Supply are to apply for the Purpose of this Act, § 9, 10.
11. Burghs to be aided with the County, § 11.
12. Applications of certain Tolls and Courtesies for Statute Labour, § 12.
13. Lord Advocate to indicate Proceeds against Commissioners of Supply, if they fail to apply the County, § 14.
14. Affidavits how to be taken—Collector to give Security for the Amount, § 15.
15. Penalty on Collector neglecting to take Affidavits, § 16.
16. Collector may retain Allowance for his Trouble, and to pay over what is due to the Agent of Commissioners, under a certain Penalty, § 17.
17. Agent to account for such Monies, § 18.
18. Commissioners to make Regulations for Repair of Roads, § 19.
19. Commissioners to report annually to Parliament, and in certain Cases to Treasury; and in their Report may include Proceedings under other Acts of Parliament, § 20.
20. Inspector of Roads may dig Gravel, &c. in Private Grounds—Proceedings in such Case, § 21.
21. Inspector, &c. may apply for Passage for Horses and Cattle in Repair of Roads, and pay adequate Remuneration, § 22.
22. Penalty on injuring or obstructing Roads, other Monies from Inspection, and on neglecting to comply to Inspector Charges of removing Obstructions, § 23.
23. Cattle not to run loose on Roads, under Penalty, § 24.
24. If Roads be injured by the Carriage of Stone, &c. the Proprietor thereof to pay the Damage awarded by Inspector, § 25.
25. Proceedings on his refusing to do so, § 26.
26. Penalty on not making Head Ridges along the Road side, and for loading Materials along the Road, § 27.
27. In what Cases Trees, Bushes, and Underwood are to be removed from the Sides of Roads, § 27.
28. Regulations for planting Trees, and also concerning Buildings, on the Sides of Roads, § 28, 29.
29. Injury to Sixt Drivers of Roads prevented, § 30.
30. Regulations concerning Cattle on Roads—Improper Cattle to be removed on Notice, § 31, 32.
31. Penalty on driving against Passengers, or on a Driver driving on his Cart, or on keeping proper Side of Road, § 33.
32. Owner's Name and Place of Abode to be marked on Cart, § 34.

Savings' Banks.

1. For the Protection of Banks for Savings in Scotland, 59 G. 3. c. 56.
2. Persons desirous of the Benefits of this Act, to deposit their Names and Regulations as herein mentioned, § 1.
3. Rules to be exhibited to Quarter Sessions, and there deposited; and, when attested, to be entered in the Books of the Institution, § 2.
4. Rules, &c. may be altered, &c., § 2.
5. Persons depositing Money to have the sole Benefit thereof, except as to Allowance for Salaries, &c., § 3.
6. Rules or Copies thereof, without Fee, binding after their Exhibition, and to be Evidence, § 4.

7. Receipts

7. Receipts and Mises exempt from Stamp Duty, 59 G. 3. c. 58. § 4.
8. Money and Effects of Intestment vested in Trustees, § 5.
9. Securities for Money, &c. and all Bonds, exempt from Stamp Duty, § 5. §.
10. How Depositors may bequeath their Shares, § 7.
11. Confirmations to be obtained from the Commissary Court, where the same records not — If the same be under 500. no Duty, § 7.
12. Shares to go to legal Representatives, if not bequeathed, § 8.
13. Disputes to be referred to Sheriff, whose Determination shall be final, § 9.

Spirits.

1. To amend and continue [on November 10. 1800.] 56 G. 3. c. 106. for repealing the Duties payable upon Wath and Spirits in Scotland, and also upon Stillers' Licences; and to establish further Regulations for the Distillation of Spirits from Cere, for Home Consumption in Scotland, 58 G. 3. c. 50.
2. From November 10. 1801. to November 10. 1802. the Duties mentioned in Act to be levied, under the Provisions of 54 G. 3. c. 172. and to be paid into the Exchequer, § 1. 2. 3.
3. Duty, at what Rate to be charged, § 4.
4. Where Spirits exceed the Proportion of Thirteen Gallons for One hundred Gallons of Wath, 4s. 3d. per Gallon to be paid for Excise, § 5.
5. The whole Quantity of Wath for Fermentation to be collected within Twelve Hours, and Declaration to be made that such Wath are of a Gravity not exceeding 70, on Penalty of 1000. § 6.
6. Treasury may empower the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, to allow Distiller (on Security) time for Payment of Duties, not exceeding Two Months, with Interest at 5 per Cent., § 7.
7. Locks and Fallings for Securing the Discharge Cocks shall be provided by the Supervisor at the Distiller's Expence; and to be locked and opened by the proper Officers, while the Wath is conveying into the Jack Backs, &c. on Penalty of 1000. for neglecting to pay, &c., or for obstructing Officers, or if Jack Back be not properly placed, § 8.
8. Before making Bath or any other Composition, Entry shall be made of the Vellids, and Notice given to the Officer before making any such Mixture, who may take Account, and also Samples to ascertain the Gravity, § 9.
9. In what Case Composition to be taken as Wath, § 9.
10. 1000. Penalty on not making Entry, neglecting to give Notice, or unduly making such Composition, &c., § 9.
11. Regulations as to attenuating Mixture, and in what Case Mixture to be charged to Part of the Wath, § 9.
12. No Frots to be mixed with Wath, &c. — Cask to be provided to contain the Quantity necessary for a Charge, § 10.
13. Regulations for running the Frots, &c. — Frots as to collecting and keeping the Frots, &c., § 10.
14. 1000. Penalty for offending in any of the above Particulars, § 10.
15. When License to expire, § 11.
16. Continuance of this Act, and of 56 G. 3. c. 106. — § 12.
17. Act altered, &c., § 13.
18. An additional Duty of 8d. per Gallon granted on Spirits made in England or Ireland, and imported into Scotland; to be under Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, 55 G. 3. c. 107. § 1.

Stamp Duty.

1. Receipts and Mises of Saving Banks, and also Securities for Money, Bonds, &c. exempt from Stamp Duty, 59 G. 3. c. 58. § 4. §.

Universities.

1. To amend 54 G. 3. c. 113. — § 1. regulating the Payment of Drawback on Paper, allowed to the Universities in Scotland, 57 G. 3. c. 76.
2. Oath to be made to certain Particulars before the Drawback on Paper allowed to the University shall be paid, and Certificates to be produced to the Commissioners of Excise, *Id.*

Windows (Duties on), See Houses.

Writers to the Signet.

1. To alter and amend 43 G. 3. c. 67. for raising a Fund for making Provision for the Windows of the Writers to His Majesty's Signet, 58 G. 3. c. 100.

Seamen.

1. To reduce the Allowance of Spirits, Tea and Tobacco, for the Use of Seamen on board certain Ships or Vessels making Short Voyages, 57 G. 3. c. 33.
2. Vellids, not being square rigged, coming from any Place between *Spain* and the *Indies*, not bound homeward on certain Parts of the English Coast, having on board for the Use of the Seamen more than the Quantity specified in the Act, of Spirits, Tea or Tobacco, to be forfeited, § 1.
3. Such Vellids coming from any Place between *Spain* and *Cape Fajardo*, &c., having on board more than the specified Quantity of Spirits, &c. to be forfeited, together with the Goods on board, § 2.
4. Forfeitures, how to be recovered, § 3.
5. To amend and render more efficient the present Regulations for the Relief of Seafaring Men and Boys, Subjects of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Foreign Ports, 56 G. 3. c. 58.
6. Officers against 11 & 12 W. 3. c. 7. to be prosecuted by Indictment or Information in the Court of King's Bench at *Windsor*, &c., § 1.
7. 1000. Penalty on Masters of Vellids at Foreign Ports, refusing to take on board Seafaring Men, being His Majesty's Subjects, not exceeding the Number mentioned in 31 G. 2. c. 10. § 17. — § 2.
8. Regulations to be observed in the case of leaving Seafaring Men at Foreign Ports on account of Sickness, § 3.
9. 1000. Penalty on Masters neglecting to deliver an Account of Wages due to such Seafaring Persons, § 4.
10. For facilitating the Recovery of the Wages of Seamen in the Merchants' Service, 55 G. 3. c. 58.
11. Justice empowered, on Complaint of Seamen, to hear and determine Disputes about Wages, under 100. and may examine Seamen, &c. on Oath, § 1.
12. On Refusal to comply with Justice's Determination, Seamen's Wages are to be recovered, § 1.
13. Justice's Determination to be final, unless Appeal to Admiralty within Seven Days, § 1.

14. Notice

14. Notice of Appeal to be given, and Bail to be given on forwarding such Notice—Commissioner for taking Examinations in Prize Courts, or Justices, to certify the same, 39 G. 3. c. 58. § 4.
 15. Proviso for Agreements entered into by Seamen before the passing of this A.B. and for Seamen in respect of any Remedy which may now be referred to, § 3.
 16. Act not to extend to Scotland, § 4.
 17. Continuance of A.B. § 3.
 18. The Provisions of 35 G. 3. c. 80. § 14. extended to Cases, where Wages not exceeding 50*l.* are due to Petty Officers or Seamen, or Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines or Marines, who being Detachments shall die in battle, 39 G. 3. c. 59.
- See Greenwich Hospital; Navy; Navy Prize Agents; Private Money; Smuggling, &c.*

Secretary at War, See Paymaster General.

Seditious Meetings.

1. For the more effectually preventing Seditious Meetings and Assemblies, 37 G. 3. c. 18.
2. Meetings of more than Fifty Persons (except County and other Meetings legally convened) not to be held without Notice being given in some Newspaper, signed by Seven Household-ers at the least, § 1.
3. Such Authority signed, to be written at the Foot of a true Copy of such Notice, on Penalty of 5*l.* for violating such Notice without Authority, § 1.
4. Such Notice may be given to the Clerk of the Peace, who shall send a Copy to Three Justices at the least, § 2.
5. Meetings without Notice to be deemed unlawful Assemblies, &c. § 3.
6. Meetings so legally held, may not be adjourned, § 4.
7. Attendance of more than Fifty Persons, contrary to this A.B. not dispersing within One Hour after being required to do by Proclamation, or if Persons remain together to the Number of Twelve or more for One Hour after such Proclamation, shall suffer Death, § 5.
8. Form of Proclamation, § 6.
9. Meetings held in pursuance of Notice, where Notice specifies certain Particulars mentioned in this A.B. to be dispersed by Proclamation, § 7.
10. Persons remaining together to the Number of Twelve or more after Proclamation made, to suffer Death, § 7.
11. Obstructing Justices, &c. in taking Offenders into Custody, and Proclamation as aforesaid being thereupon made, and Persons, to the Number of Twelve or more, remaining together longer than One Hour, to suffer Death, § 8.
12. Justices empowered to resort to Assemblies, and require the Assistance of the Civil Power, § 9.
13. Persons not dispersing within One Hour, to be apprehended and proceeded against, § 10.
14. Justices, &c. understood in Cases of killing or maiming, § 10.
15. Persons obstructing Justices, &c. to suffer Death, § 11.
16. And also Persons, so assembled, to whom Proclamation, if not prevented, would have been made, if they remain together knowingly, or if they obstruct Justices, &c., § 11.
17. Sheriffs Deposed in Scotland, to have the same Power as Magistrates in England, § 12.
18. Masters contrary to law not hereby rendered lawful, § 13.
19. Places for Lectures or Debates, receiving Money, &c. unless previously licensed, to be deemed disorderly Places, § 14.
20. And Penalty on opening such Places, § 14.
21. And not Penalty on conducting the Proceedings at such Places, &c. 37 G. 3. c. 18. § 14.
22. What Persons deemed to have opened, &c. such Places, § 15.
23. Magistrates may demand Admission to suspected Places, and if Admission be refused, they shall be deemed disorderly, and the Parties refusing forfeit 2*0*l.**, § 16.
24. Two Justices may license Places for Lectures, which License may be revoked, and Copy of Order of Revocation shall be served, § 17.
25. Justices to specify licensed Places, on Penalty of 2*0*l.**, and such Place being deemed disorderly, if Admission be refused, § 18.
26. In case of Seditious or Unlawful Lectures, Two Justices may declare License to be forfeited, § 19.
27. This A.B. not to extend to Lectures at the Universities, Inns of Court, Gresham College, &c., § 20.
28. Payments to School Masters, &c. for Lectures, not deemed Payment for Admission to Lectures, contrary to the Meaning of this A.B., § 20.
29. Limitation of Proclamations, § 21.
30. Commencement and Duration of A.B. as to the foregoing Clauses, § 22.
31. For regulating the Places of Public Meeting in Westminster, except Meetings convened for electing Members of Parliament, § 23.
32. Specious Societies or Clubs, &c. suppressed or prohibited, § 24.
33. Societies taking unlawful Oaths, &c. within the Meaning of 37 G. 3. c. 123. and 39 G. 3. c. 104., or requiring Declarations or Tests not required by Law, or clothing Combinations, Beggings, &c. deemed guilty of unlawful Combination within 39 G. 3. c. 79. § 25.
34. Persons becoming Members of such Societies, &c. deemed guilty of unlawful Combinations within 39 G. 3. c. 79. and proceeded against accordingly, § 25.
35. A.B. not to extend to Free Masons' Lodges, nor to Societies whose Members have subscribed a Declaration, approved by Two Justices pursuant to 39 G. 3. c. 79. § 26. nor to Meetings of Quakers, nor to Societies convened for religious or charitable purposes only, § 26.
36. The Statute 39 G. 3. c. 79. § 2. not to extend to Quakers' Meetings, nor to Meetings for religious or charitable purposes only, § 27.
37. Penalties on Persons permitting unlawful Assemblies in their Houses, &c., § 28.
38. Licenses of Public Houses, where unlawful Clubs are held, to be forfeited, and the Publicans liable to all the Penalties of this A.B., § 29.
39. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 30. § 31.
40. Limitation of Proclamations for Penalties, § 30.
41. Limitation of Actions in England and Wales, § 32. and in Scotland, § 33.
42. Form of Certificate, § 34.
43. This A.B. not to affect other Provisions made by Law, § 35.
44. Persons having been Members of any Clubs, &c. previous to this A.B. but not taking any Part therein after the passing of it, exempted from its Operation, § 36.
45. No double Prosecutions, and Persons already in Custody not to be discharged, § 36.
46. Attorney General, Lord Advocate and Secretary of State, empowered to lay Proceedings, § 37.
47. Damage done by riotous or tumultuous Assemblies, how to be recovered, § 38.
48. This A.B. not to extend to Ireland, § 39.

43. Schedule. I. Form of Convictions of an unlawful Combination and Conspiracy.
 — II. Form of Adjudication of Forfeiture of Licence.
 — III. Form of Conviction for Offences subject to pecuniary Penalties.

Seditious Practices, See Treason, 2. *et seq.*

Settlement of the Poor.

1. *Settlements* shall not be acquired by creating any Tenement, except a House or Land in the Parish of the actual Value of 10*l.*, held and paid for a Year, 55 G. 3. c. 30.

Ships, See East India Company, 21.—29.
 31., *et seq.*

Signet (Clerk of), See Privy Seal.

Sikes's Hydrometer, See Hydrometer.

Silks.

1. The printing of Accounts to Parliament of Wrought Silks, &c. imported from the *East Indies*, &c. required by 20 & 21 H. 3. c. 10. &c. repeated, 55 G. 3. c. 103. § 1.
 See *Cottons*, L. 13. 73.; *Woolfs*, 111.; *Importations and Exports*, 1.

Silver, See Bullion, Coin.

Slaves, and Slave Trade.

1. To carry into execution a Treaty between His Majesty and the King of Spain, for preventing the Traffic in Slaves, 58 G. 3. c. 36.
 2. To explain Three Acts of 45, 47 and 51 G. 3. respectively, for the Abolition of the Slave Trade, 58 G. 3. c. 49.
 3. Certain Importations of Slaves rendered void, and Proscriptions nullified—General fine may be pleaded in such Actions—Double Costs, § 1.
 4. Where Suits have been commenced, Proceedings to be held, § 2.
 5. Slaves may be transferred from the *Salerno Islands*, and from *Dominica*, to *South America*, on Licence, § 3.
 6. His Majesty in Council may make further Rules and Orders, § 4.
 7. Regulations as to the Conveyance of Slaves from One Settlement to another by Sea, § 5.
 8. Proviso for employing Slaves in Navigation, Fishing, &c. and for Slaves being Domestic Slaves, attending their Masters by Sea, § 5.
 9. To carry into execution a Convention between His Majesty and the King of Portugal, for preventing the Traffic in Slaves, 58 G. 3. c. 82.
 10. Officers, declared by 51 G. 3. c. 23. to be Felons or Misdoers committed on the Sea, &c. may be tried under any Commission issued according to the Directions of 45 G. 3. c. 34.—58 G. 3. c. 36.
 11. To carry into effect the Treaty with the *Netherlands* relating to the Slave Trade, 59 G. 3. c. 16.
 12. To ratify the Provisional 45 G. 3. c. 54. to the Trial of Offences committed *in Office* against the Laws for abolishing the Slave Trade, 59 G. 3. c. 37.

13. Officers, declared by 51 G. 3. c. 23. to be Felons or Misdoers, committed by His Majesty's Subjects *in Office*, not being within the Jurisdiction of an Admiral, &c. may be tried by a Commission, agreeable to 45 G. 3. c. 34.—58 G. 3. c. 37.
 14. For establishing a Registry of Colonial Slaves in Great Britain, and for making further Provision with respect to the removal of Slaves from the *British Colonies* 59 G. 3. c. 120.
 15. His Majesty may appoint a Registrar of Colonial Slaves, (who shall take Oath before he enters upon his Office, and shall not be eligible to sit in the House of Commons,) to receive Copies of Returns of Slaves from His Majesty's Colonial Possessions, § 1. 4. 5.
 16. Treasury to assign a Salary to such Registrar not exceeding *£*500 *per Annum*, and to his Number of Clerks and allow them Salaries, § 2.
 17. Office to be provided, and Schedule of Fees proposed—Application of Fees, § 3.
 18. Attendance to be from Ten to Four daily, (Sundays and Holidays excepted,) § 7.
 19. Copies and Duplicates of Registers, received by Secretaries of State, to be delivered over to Registrar, § 8.
 20. Searches to be made, and Certificates given by Registrar—Fee for Search, § 7.
 21. After Jan. 1. 1800, no Money to be paid or lent as Security of Slaves, unless registered; otherwise Sale or Mortgage void—What taken to be duly registering, § 8.
 22. No Deed, executed for the Conveyance of Slaves, valid, unless registered Name, &c. of Slaves set forth—Misdoers not to constitute Deed, § 9.
 23. Proviso for Deeds executed before passing this A. &c. and certain Deeds therein enumerated, § 9.
 24. In what Case the Title of Slaves, named in any Deed, are to be taken to be conveyed thereby, § 10.
 25. When Slaves are sent from One Colony to another, Owner to produce at Port of Shipping a certified Copy of Register of Names, &c. to be indented and assented to Clear more, and produced to Officer at Port of Arrival, who is to see if the Slaves agree with the Description therein, § 11.
 26. Slaves, sent without such Certificate, forfeited, together with Ships, &c. agreeable to 45 G. 3. c. 36.—47 13.
 27. Proviso for Embarkation of Domestic Slaves as now allowed, § 12.
 28. After Jan. 1. 1800, Owners of Domestic Slaves, &c. to obtain Extracts, certified by Registrar of Registry, to be kept on board, on Penalty of Slaves being forfeited, § 12.
 29. When Domestic Slaves are landed, Certificate of Registry to be produced to the proper Officer, § 12.

Small, See Glass.

Smuggling.

1. To amend 45 G. 3. c. 121. and 58 G. 3. c. 104., for making more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling, 59 G. 3. c. 87.
 2. Seizures by Officers of Customs, &c. to be heard under the Provisions of 45 G. 3. c. 121. and 47 G. 3. 45*l.* 2. c. 66., and Commissioners of Customs to direct Payment of Rewards, subject to Orders of Treasury, § 1.
 3. Seizures by Officers of Excise, &c. to be delivered over to proper Officer and prosecuted, and Commissioners of Excise to direct Payment of Rewards, subject to Orders of Treasury, § 2.
 4. The Whole of the Rewards payable under 58 G. 3. c. 104. § 10. 11. to be paid immediately on Confirmation of the Seizure, after deducting 10 *per Cent* for Expenses, § 3.
 5. Provisions

5. Provisions of 38 G. 3. c. 104. extended to Persons appointed by Treasury, or by Commissioners of Excise to make Seizures, 37 G. 3. c. 89. § 4.
6. Persons found on board Smuggling Vessels, and not able to serve The King in the Navy, to pay down the Penalty on Conviction before a Justice, who may commit them in default of Payment, § 5.
7. Offenders able to serve in the Navy, may be carried on board a King's Ship in order to be impressed—Proceedings, &c. on shipping—Justices not to accept Bail, § 6.
8. Conviction of Persons to be proceeded on, though the Owners of the Goods do not appear, after Proclamation made; and the Judgments to be as valid as if the Owners of the Goods, &c. had appeared, § 7.
9. Penalty of Triple the Value of the Goods, how to be estimated, § 8.
10. Penalty for obstructing Officers, § 9.
11. To prevent Drawbacks on Goods of unsearchable Quality, Notice of Shipping Goods to examine certain Particulars, § 10.
12. Packages of Goods for Exportation on Drawback may be opened to examine the Contents—Expenses of repacking to be repaid, § 11.
13. Penalty where other Goods are shipped than those mentioned in Notice, or if Goods shipped be again reloaded without Payment of Duty, § 12.
14. Penalties how to be recovered, applied and prosecuted, § 13, 15.
15. Penalty for using Boats with more than Four Oars in Places mentioned in Act, § 14.
16. Boats of like Description found in any Part of the English or Irish Channel, &c. to be forfeited, and 1000l. Penalty—Proviso for certain Vessels of the Royal Family, Navy, &c., § 15.
17. The 47 G. 3. 38ff. c. c. 66. § 3. not to extend to square rigged Vessels, § 17.
18. Commissioners of Customs may grant Licenses to Vessels, though out at the Port to which they belong, § 18.
19. Seizure, in Cases of License, to make Oath of their Sufficiency, § 19.
20. The Commissioners of the Customs may grant Depositions to Persons, not being Officers, to make Seizures of Goods, &c. Specified in Depositions, and such Persons to be liable in the same manner, &c. as Officers, § 20.
21. Vessels of the Description mentioned in Act, and without License, forfeited, if found within certain Limits, or within 100 Leagues of the Coast, § 21.
22. To subject Foreigners to Arrest and Detention for Smuggling within certain Distances of His Majesty's Dominions, &c., 38 G. 3. c. 76.
23. Foreigners found, or who have been, on board Vessels liable to Forfeiture, assisting in conveying or concealing Spirits, incur a Forfeiture of Triple the Value of the Goods, or a Fine of 1000l., &c., § 1.
24. Such Persons may be arrested and taken before a Justice, who may commit on Conviction, if Penalty be not paid, § 1.
25. Commissioners of Customs, &c. may reward Persons detecting Offenders, § 1.
26. Rewards granted by 38 G. 3. c. 104. do not take away the Tonnage Rewards granted by 28 G. 3. c. 34., 29 G. 3. c. 68., and 47 G. 3. c. 66., &c., § 2.
27. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 4.
28. Rewards, not exceeding 200l. awarded by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise to Officers, &c. of the Army or Navy, for preventing Smuggling, &c., to be divided as His Majesty shall appoint by Order in Council, 39 G. 3. c. 6.
29. To make further Regulations for the Prevention of Smuggling, 39 G. 3. c. 121.

30. Foreign Smuggling Vessels, in which there shall be One or more of His Majesty's Subjects, found within a certain Number of Leagues on the Coast, having on board Spirits in Casks of less than Forty Gallons Content (except Two Gallons for Use of Seamen), or Tea or Tobacco exceeding a certain Quantity, to be forfeited with Cargo, and such Subjects liable to Prosecution, &c.—How such Leagues are to be measured, 39 G. 3. c. 121. § 1, 2.
31. Persons arrested under this or former Acts, and found not fit for the Navy, to forfeit 1000l., and if not paid, imprisoned, § 3.
32. Persons found, or having been on board of Vessels liable to Forfeiture, wearing Disguise, shall on Conviction be transported, § 4.
33. In what Case a Reward not exceeding 150l. to Informers against Persons convicted of making Signals for Smuggling Vessels, § 5.
34. Provisions of 37 G. 3. c. 33. § 4. extended to Vessels coming from Africa, having on board Spirits, &c. exceeding a certain Quantity, § 6.
35. Where the Charges of Prosecution, in Seizure of Carriages and Horses, exceed the Produce of the Sale thereof, Excise may be paid out of the Sale of Goods—Proviso for Officers entitled to gross Share of Goods seized, § 7.
36. Boats with double Bottoms, or double Sides, forfeited, § 8.
37. Goods found concealed on board any Vessel, either before or after the Master makes his Report, forfeited, § 9.
38. Vessels found within certain Limits (unless driven by Stress of Weather) having Goods concealed liable to Duty or prohibited, forfeited, together with Cargoes, § 10.
39. Commissioners of Customs in England may grant their Depositions to Persons in the British Colonies in America and the West Indies, authorizing them to make Seizures when Goods and Vessels are liable to Seizure, § 11.
40. Such Seizures to be prosecuted, as if made by the Commissioners of Customs, § 11.
41. Owners of square rigged Vessels, Value 2000l. and upwards, requiring a License, to give Security in 30000l., § 12.
42. Where it appears that Officer has acted collusively in making Seizures, &c. Treasury may direct his Share to be forfeited, § 13.
43. Boats with more than Four Oars found within certain Limits, forfeited—2000l. Penalty for using them—Proviso for Boats, &c. of Royal Family, and certain other Boats, § 14.
44. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 15.

Smugg.

1. Several Acts for extending to His Majesty certain Duties on Sack, &c., 37 G. 3. c. 5., 38 G. 3. c. 3., 39 G. 3. c. 3. repealed by 55 G. 3. c. 58. § 1. and additional Duties imposed, to be levied, &c. as former Duties, § 1, 3.

Soap, See Excise, 100—103.

Soldiers.

- I. Acts relating to the Army and Marines in general.
- II. Abstract of Military Act.
- III. Cloths Hospital.
- IV. Soldiers' Wives and Families.

I. Acts relating to the Army and Marines in general.

1. Temporary or annual Acts for qualifying Military and Detachments, and for better Payment of the Army and Marines, 21, 3.

- Quarters, 57 G. 3. c. 12. & 15. 58 G. 3. c. 11. 59 G. 3. c. 9.
- To rectify a Mistake in the Continuation of the Annual Muster Aft, 59 G. 3. c. 194, for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and to indemnify certain Persons in relation thereto, 58 G. 3. c. 10.
 - Temporary or annual Acts for regulating His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore, 57 G. 3. c. 13. 58 G. 3. c. 11. 59 G. 3. c. 10.
 - To fix the Rates of Subsidence to be paid to Landstoppers or others on quartering Soldiers, 57 G. 3. c. 78. 58 G. 3. c. 11. 59 G. 3. c. 35.
 - Surplus of Soldiers' Pay, after Payment of Regimental Debts, only deemed Personal Estate; and, if under act. to be paid without Probate, 59 G. 3. c. 79. § 3.
 - Agents for Regiments only allowed to receive Pay for Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers, § 4.
 - Shares of Non-Commissioned Officers to be paid only to themselves or their Executors, &c., § 5.
 - Falsely personating others, or acting as Agents, without being authorised, a Misdemeanor, § 6.
 - Creditor taking out Administration to be paid only the Sum due to him on Oath, § 7.
 - Lord Lieutenant may cause all Acts necessary for executing this Act to be done in Ireland, § 8.

See *Regimental Debts*.II. *Abstract of Mutiny Act.*

- [As the Mutiny Acts 57 G. 3. c. 12. 58 G. 3. c. 11. and 59 G. 3. c. 9. and the Acts for regulating the Royal Marine Forces, while on Shore, 57 G. 3. c. 13. 58 G. 3. c. 11. and 59 G. 3. c. 10. do not materially vary from preceding Acts (of which a full Abstract is given in the Index to Vol. V. of the Statutes at Large) the present Abstract relates only to such Clauses of 59 G. 3. c. 9. and c. 10. as are printed in this Volume and differ from former Acts.—A. is referred to c. 9. for the Army, and M. to c. 10. for the Marines.]
- Judge Advocate and all other Officers, Members of Courts Martial, to be sworn, and take Oaths prescribed by Act, A., § 18.
 - In Sentences of Death, what Number of Officers shall concur—Hours of Trial, A., § 28.
 - Witnesses attending Courts Martial to be privileged from Arrest, A., § 28.
 - Proceedings of Courts Martial to be transmitted to Judge Advocate General, A., § 35.
 - No Murder in Wylding, &c. but in the Presence of Two or more Justices, A., § 42.
 - Person on Officers making false Musters, or knowingly making Musters by wrong Names, A., § 44. 45.
 - Officers not liable to have Perils Poor apprehended to them, A., § 112. M., § 81.
 - Marines making false Representations in taking Oath and obtaining Bounty, deemed guilty of obtaining Money under false Pretences, and punishable accordingly, M., § 75.
 - Marines committing Indecency punishable as Rogues and Vagabonds, M., § 79.

III. *Chelms Hospital.*

- The Privileges of 54 G. 3. c. 85. extended to Priests subsequently made by the Army, 57 G. 3. c. 73. § 1.
- The Commissioners of Chelms Hospital empowered to suspend or take away Pensions, in case of Fraud, &c., § 2.
- Regimental Debts of deceased Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers, to be paid out of their Prior Money, § 3.

- Military Clothing, Appointments, &c. to be deemed Regimental Debts, 57 G. 3. c. 75. § 4.
- For the further Regulation of Payments of Pensions to Soldiers upon the Establishment of Chelms and Kilmainham Hospitals, 59 G. 3. c. 74.
- No Deduction of 10. in the Pounds from Pensions on Chelms Establishment, paid in Ireland, § 1.
- Such Deductions from Pensions of Kilmainham, paid in Great Britain, § 2.
- Commissioners of Chelms and Kilmainham Hospitals empowered to make Regulations for Payment of Pensions, § 3.

IV. *Soldiers' Wives and Families.*

- To consolidate and amend several Acts of 31 & 32 G. 3. for enabling Wives and Families of Soldiers to return to their respective Homes, 58 G. 3. c. 92.
- Statutes 31 G. 3. c. 105. 32 G. 3. c. 100. and 37. repealed, except as to Penalties proceeding thereunder, § 1.
- Secretary at War in Great Britain, and Secretary at War in Ireland, may issue Warrants to be filled up by Magistrates, and make Regulations relating thereto, § 2.
- Upon Regiments being ordered on Foreign Service, &c. how Wives and Children are to be disposed of, and enabled to return to their Homes, § 3.
- Discharge Papers to be taken to Magistrates in order to their being filled up and signed; and to be certified and Return made on by Magistrate, § 4.
- Overseers of the Poor in England, and Treasurers of the Kirk Session in Scotland, or Pollmaster in Ireland, to make Allowances upon Polls, and income, § 5.
- Money is advanced by Overseer or Treasurer, to be repaid by Collector of Excise; and that advanced by Pollmaster allowed in account, and repaid, &c. by Agent of Chief Secretary, § 6.
- In Dublin, Application by Women to be made to Agent of Regiment, who may advance Money, § 7.
- In case of Sickness, &c. Wives entitled to Allowance, though Regulations of Act not performed; and Commanding Officer to make a Return, § 8.
- Paid when to be delivered up and transmitted to proper Officer, § 9.
- In case of being detained by contrary Winds, &c. Overseer, &c., on Order of Justice, to make proper Allowances, § 10.
- What deemed a proper Voucher for Payment, § 11.
- Wives and Widows of Soldiers not conforming to Regulations, Vagrants, § 12.

See also *Oaths*.

Spirits.

- To continue to July 3. 1819. 54 G. 3. c. 145. as altered by 56 G. 3. c. 102. (§ 6. whereof is hereby repealed) for regulating the trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland respectively, 58 G. 3. c. 24. § 1. 2. [continued to July 3. 1820. by 59 G. 3. c. 25.]
- To repeal 58 G. 3. c. 145. for establishing the Use of Still's Hydrometer, in ascertaining the Strength of Spirits, and for making other Provisions in lieu thereof, 58 G. 3. c. 18.
- To reduce the Allowance of Spirits, &c. for the Use of Seamen on board of certain Ships making short Voyages, 57 G. 3. c. 10.

See also *Engl.* 14. c. 109. 73. *IRLAND* (Customs. III. *Spirits*). *SCOTLAND* (Spirits).

Spiritual

Spiritual Persons.

1. To consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Spiritual Persons holding Farms, and for enforcing the Residence of Spiritual Persons on their Benefices, &c. 57 G. 3. c. 39.
2. Sundry revised Acts repealed, and Spiritual Persons taking to farm, for Occupation, above Eighty Acres without the Bishop's Consent (in certain cases Particulars), to forfeit 40*s.* for *Annus* for every Acre above that Quantity, &c. 5. 1. c. 2.
3. Penalties on Spiritual Persons breaching or performing Ecclesiastical Duty, engaging in Trade, &c., excepting such as are engaged in keeping Schools or as Tutors, &c. in respect of any thing done, or any buying and selling in such Employment, and for selling any thing *bona fide* bought for the Use of the Family, or occupying any House, &c. 13. 4.
4. Penalties for Non Residence, according to time, &c. 5.
5. Where there is no House belonging to any Benefice, &c. Residence within the Limits of the Parish, a legal Residence, &c. 5.
6. In what case Houses purchased by the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty are to be deemed Residences, &c. 5.
7. Where Rectories have Vicarages endowed, the Vicar's Residence in the Rectory House a legal Residence, &c. 5.
8. The Bishop empowered to allow any *fit* House belonging to the Benefice, to be a House of Residence.—Such Allowance to be registered, &c. 5.
9. Enumeration of Persons who are exempted from the Penalties of Non Residence, &c. 10.
10. Proviso for Dissenters residing in Cathedral Churches, &c. for certain Periods, &c. 11.
11. Proviso for cases in which the Year of Residence at Cathedrals commences at any other Period than the 1st of January, &c. 11.
12. Bishop may license for a longer Period, if the Duties of a Cathedral or Collegiate Church require it, &c. 12.
13. Proviso for Prebendaries appointed before this Act, &c. 13.
14. Penalty on Persons having a House of Residence on their Benefice, and not keeping it in repair, &c. 14.
15. Bishops may grant Licences for Non Residence in certain enumerated cases.—*Fee* on such Licences to be Two Shillings besides Stamp Duty.—On Refusal of such Licence an Appeal to the Archbishop, Security being given on Appeal for Payment of Expenses, &c. 15.
16. In cases not already enumerated in Act, Bishops may grant Licences, and assign Salaries to Curates employed, as they shall think fit; and shall transmit their Reasons for granting such Licences to the Archbishop for Examination and Allowance, &c. 16.
17. No such Licence to be good until so allowed, and in what cases only Licences to be void by the Grantor's Death, &c. 16, 17.
18. Application for Licence for Non Residence to be made in writing to the Bishop, and signed, and to state certain Particulars, otherwise such Licence not to be granted, &c. 18.
19. By whom a Licence to be granted, while a *Res* is vacant, or Bishop is disabled, &c., &c. 19.
20. Licences (which are to be in force for a certain time) may be revoked, and *Fee* may be ordered to be paid by Appellants, &c. 20.
21. Copies of Licences or Revocations to be filed in the Registry of the Diocese, and a List to be kept for Inspection, (For *See* it, &c.) and Copies to be transmitted to Churchwardens, on Penalty of 5*l.* on Registrar neglecting.—Copy to be publicly read at the First Visitation, &c. 21.
22. A List of Licences allowed by the Archbishop, or granted as his own Diocese, shall be annually transmitted to His Majesty in Council, who may revoke Licences, &c.—Proceedings on such Revocations.—Licence, although revoked, shall be deemed valid between the Grant and the Revocation, &c. 22. c. 39. 422.
23. On or before 10th March annually, a Return to be made by Bishop to His Majesty in Council, of every Benefice, with Names of Residents and Non Residents, &c., &c. 23.
24. Non Residents, by Exemption without Licence, shall yearly certify to the Bishop of the Diocese the Cause of their Exemption, on Penalty of forfeiting 10*l.*, which the Bishop may assign or remit, &c. 23, 24.
25. The Act not to exempt from Canons for Non Residence without Licence; which Canons not to be in force, nor Proceedings admitted, except at the Suit of the Bishop, &c. 25.
26. If any intended Person does not sufficiently reside, the Bishop may give a Monition, &c. 26.
27. Returns to such Monitions and other Proceedings, &c. 26.
28. Copy of Monitions to be filed, and may be impounded for a *Fee* of 3*l.*—Returns to be made to Monitions, which may be required to be on Oath, &c. 26.
29. Where Returns shall not be made, or shall be unsatisfactory, Bishop may order Residence; and, if disobeyed, may impound the Profits of the Benefice (Part of which may be retained within a certain time), and direct an Application of the Profits, &c. 26.
30. Appeal may be made against Sequestration to the Archbishop—Appellant to give Security for the Payment of Expenses, &c. 26.
31. Persons who shall return to Residence on Monitions, to pay Costs, &c. 27.
32. If any Person, returning to Residence on Monitions, shall within Six Months thereafter absent himself, the Bishop may, without Monition, impound the Profits, &c. 28.
33. Bishop empowered to punish past Non Residents, &c. 28.
34. Penalties for the Recovery of which Monitions have been issued, may be remitted by the Bishop, and Special Returns made to the Archbishop of the Reasons of such Remission, &c. 28.
35. If any Spiritual Person shall continue under Sequestration Two Years, or longer Three Sequestrations within that period, Benefice to become void, &c. 31.
36. Contracts for letting Houses, in which the Bishop shall order any Spiritual Person to reside, shall be void, &c. 31.
37. Penalty on holding Possession after the Day appointed for Residence; and the Spiritual Person, directed to reside, may have Warrant for Possession from Justice, &c. 31.
38. Spiritual Person not liable to Penalty, while the Tenant shall continue to occupy, &c. 32.
39. No Oath relating to Residence to be required of Vicar, and Penalties not to be recoverable for more than One Year, &c. 32, 33.
40. What Penalties, not tried under Monitions, may be recovered by Action, and when Actions for Penalties may be commenced, &c. 33, 35.
41. Commencement and Conclusion of the Year.—Calendar Months to be taken for the Purposes of this Act, &c. 33, 35.
42. No Action to be commenced for any Penalty, until after One Calendar Month's Notice given to the Defendant and to the Bishop of the Diocese, &c. 35.
43. Such Notices to contain certain Particulars and to be indorsed; and Plaintiff not to recover without Proof made that such Notices were given, &c. 35, 41.
44. No Evidence of Cause of Action admissible, but such as contained in Notices, &c. 35.
45. Spiritual Person may, by leave, pay into Court, before Issue joined, such Sum as he shall think fit, &c. 35.

45. The Court, in which any Action shall be pending, may require the Director to return the reported annual Value of Benefices, &c.—How the Certificate shall be Evidence of annual Value, 57 G. 3. c. 59. § 44.
47. License may be pleaded in bar of Action; and, in case of Neglect, &c. full Costs—In case of Verdict for Defendant, Double Costs; and Judge may order Plaintiff to give Security for Costs, § 45.
48. If, at the time of filing any Motion, no Notice of Action shall have been given, no Action shall be afterwards brought, &c.—Proceedings, if such Action be then commenced, § 46.
49. No Penalty to be levied against the Body, where it can be recovered by Sequestration—If Body be taken, it may be discharged, § 47.
50. Non-Resident Incumbents (except in certain Cases), respecting to appoint Curates, Bishop to appoint and license, § 48.
51. To Incur Spiritual Penalties in the Possession of Benefices in certain Cases, 59 G. 3. c. 40.
52. Securing Benefices to certain Cases, where Dispensation is granted for holding another Benefice therewith, § 1.
53. Incumbents of such Benefices to enjoy the Emoluments; and all Acts done by them valid, § 2.
54. Power for right of Patron to nominate to such Benefices on Death or Relinquishment of Incumbent, § 3.

See *Calculus, Curator.*

Spain.

1. To carry into execution a Treaty between His Majesty and the King of Spain, for preventing the Traffic in Slaves, 58 G. 3. c. 76.

Specie.

1. All Freight to be paid for Conveyance on board His Majesty's Ships and Vessels, of Gold, Silver or other valuable Articles, to be divided in the manner directed by His Majesty's Proclamations, 59 G. 3. c. 25. § 1.

Stage Coaches and Waggons, See *Feliciana*,
I. 12. *et seq.*

Stamp Duties.

Exemptions from Stamp Duties.

1. Bills for Payment of Officers of the Navy, drawn in pursuance of 57 G. 3. c. 10.—57 G. 3. c. 12. § 11.
2. Loans and Debts incurred under 57 G. 3. c. 24. for the further Improvement of the Land Revenue of the Crown, 57 G. 3. c. 24. § 6.
3. Obligations, &c. and Security for Loans of Exchangeable Bills, 57 G. 3. c. 34. § 61.
4. Bills, &c. for Pay and Allowance to Local Militia or Volunteer Corps, 57 G. 3. c. 41. § 8.
5. Bonds for Tithery—Bills, 57 G. 3. c. 49. § 70.
6. Commissions to administer Oaths under 57 G. 3. c. 59. § 79.
7. Certificates or Receipts of Customs of the Bank of England, given under 57 G. 3. c. 111. § 1.
8. Obligations, Mortgage, &c. taken by the Commissioners for His Majesty's Exchange Bills for the Employment of the Poor, and also Affidavits, Receipts, &c., 57 G. 3. c. 124. § 12.
9. Copy of Entry of Rules of Savings' Banks, 57 G. 3. c. 130. § 4.

10. Debentures, &c. issued as Savings' Banks, 57 G. 3. c. 130. § 18.—And also Awards, Bonds, &c. relative to Savings' Banks, 58 G. 3. c. 48. § 18.
11. Powers of Attorney of Trustees or Depositors in Savings' Banks, and also Receipts and Returns, 57 G. 3. c. 130. § 27.
12. Probate or Letters of Administration to Persons depositing Money in Savings' Banks, under 58, 57 G. 3. c. 130. § 27.
13. Natural Almanachs, 58 G. 3. c. 10. § 10.
14. Letters Patent of Patents under the Great Seal, 57 G. 3. c. 19. § 2.
15. Proceedings before, and Copies or Extracts of Wills, &c. regulated by Commissions for regulating concerning Charities for the Education of the Poor in England and Wales, 59 G. 3. c. 81. § 6.
16. Certificates or Receipts under 59 G. 3. c. 14. for empowering Commissioners of National Debt to grant Annuities for Lives or Years, for promoting the beneficial purposes of the Public Subscriptions, 59 G. 3. c. 34. § 15.
17. Proceedings relative to Charitable Funds, under 59 G. 3. c. 40. § 3.
18. Bonds, &c. of Friendly Societies, 59 G. 3. c. 108. § 4.

Steam Boats.

1. The Tonnage of Vessels propelled by Steam, how to be ascertained, 59 G. 3. c. 5.
2. No Goods to be stored in the Engine Room, except Fuel for the Voyage, &c.

Steel.

1. The Provisions of 57 G. 3. c. 34. for preventing unlawful Combinations of Workmen in the Woollen Manufacture, and better Payment of their Wages, extended to the Labourers employed in the Manufacture of Articles made of Steel, or of Steel and Iron combined, and of Mixed Articles, or of other Articles of Cutlery, 57 G. 3. c. 113. § 1.
2. The Provisions of 58 G. 3. c. 27. applicable to this Act, § 2.
3. Wages may be paid in Bank Notes, if the Party consents, 58 G. 3. c. 50. § 1.

Stipendiary Curates, See *Curates*.

Stocking Frames, See *Frames*.

Stone Bottles.

1. To repeal former Excise Duties on Stone Bottles, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, 57 G. 3. c. 31.
2. To exempt British and Irish Stone Bottles made and used for the sole Purpose of containing Liquid Blacking, from the Excise Duties on Stone Bottles granted by 57 G. 3. c. 31.—57 G. 3. c. 119.

Stuffs, See *Excise*, 111.

Sugar.

1. Annual Acts for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Sugar, &c., 57 G. 3. c. 5. 58 G. 3. c. 3. 59 G. 3. c. 3.
2. Bounty granted on Sugar exported, though not refined by claying, 57 G. 3. c. 42.
3. To repeal the several Statutes on Refined Sugar exported from any Part of the United Kingdom, and to allow other Bounties

Bounties in lieu thereof, until July 5, 1824, and for reducing the size of the Packages, in which Refined Sugar may be imported, 58 G. 3. c. 34.

Sweets.

1. To helpd Part of the Duties on Sweets or Made Wares [to 68. 12. 1819.] 57 G. 3. c. 111. continued [to 68. 12. 1824.] by 59 G. 3. c. 89.

T.

Taxes (Assessed).

1. To explain and amend 48 G. 3. c. 55. for repealing the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, and to exempt such Dwelling Houses as may be employed for the sole Purpose of Trade, or of lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise, from the Duties charged by the said Act, 57 G. 3. c. 24.
2. Tenements, which have been occupied as Dwelling Houses, shall not be charged to Duties under 48 G. 3. c. 55. when employed solely for the Purpose of Trade, or as Warehouses, Shops, &c., &c., 41.
3. But such Tenements may be brought into Assessment; and Persons claiming Relief are to give Notice to Assessor, &c. who may inspect them; and if such Tenements be used for any other Purpose, then the Commissioners are to assess accordingly, 42.
4. Assessments made on such Premises for the Years ending April 5, 1816, and April 5, 1817, to be discharged, and the Money paid under such Assessments to be repaid by the Receiver General; but no Assessment shall be discharged but upon special Notice, &c., 43.
5. Mills or Places of Manufacture, &c. not attached to a Dwelling House, not liable to Duty, though a Servant located to guard the same abode therein, 44.
6. Penals for one glazed Window in a Dairy or Farm House, 45.
7. Regulations of this Act respecting Windows applied to such Windows, 46.
8. For continuing [to April 5, 1819.] the Duties on Horles, reduced and regulated by 58 G. 3. c. 55.—58 G. 3. c. 15.
9. For charging certain Duties on Four wheeled Carriages constructed in the Manner described in Act, 58 G. 3. c. 17.
10. To relieve Persons compensating for their Assessed Taxes, from an Annual Assessment for the Term of Three Years, 59 G. 3. c. 51.
11. Assessments for the Year ending April 5, 1819, to continue at the same Amount for Three Years—Commissioners empowered to contract—Persons assessed in the last Year may compound, 41.
12. Compensate for House and Window Duties to be made Separately—Additional Rate of 1s. for every 100. on Amount of Compensation, 42.
13. Compensate to enable Persons compensating to open additional Windows, and to keep additional Articles free of Duty of the same Description as those before charged—Exemption; except when chargeable for another Dwelling House, or for Articles of a different Description, 43.
14. Persons charged to a greater Amount than the last Year's Assessment, to compound on the increased Amount, 44.
15. Persons compensating not to be charged for their increased Establishment, 45.
16. Articles of different Assessments to be compounded for on the last Assessment, 46.

17. Compensations to end at the End of the Year, and to bind Party to practical Payment of Amount, 59 G. 3. c. 51. 47, 8.
18. Parties entering, and the Executors and Assigns of Persons dying, &c. to be answerable for the Compensation to the End of the Year, 49.
19. Arrears to be paid, 49.
20. Compensation Means to be payable quarterly as Assessed Taxes, 410.
21. Regulations concerning the Payment of such Compensation into the Bank of England, 410, 11.
22. Persons paying annual Compensation in advance to receive a Discount of 5l. per Cent. per annum, and the Certificates of the Bank for the same to be received as Cash by the Collectors, 411.
23. Assessor to deliver the prescribed Notices to all Parties assessed in the last Year, together with a printed Form, 412.
24. Persons, desirous to compound, to send Applications to Clerks of Commissioners, who are to summon Commissioners to take them into consideration, 412.
25. Surveys to examine Assessments for the last Year, on Persons applying to compound, and their Returns for the present Year; and in certain cases may certify their Objections to Commissioners, 413.
26. In what cases Compromise may be rejected, 413.
27. Doubts may be referred to the Commissioners for Taxes, &c., 413.
28. Half the Compensation to be paid in Ten Days, 414.
29. Time of entering into Compensations limited, 414.
30. Clerks to prepare the Certificates of Compensation (to be made in Three Parts), to be signed by Commissioners and Parties compensating, and give Notice in Parties to attend, 415.
31. Compensation Means to be ruled under the Provisions of Acts relating to Assessed Taxes, 416.
32. Commissioners and other Officers, acting under Assessed Tax Laws, to execute this Act, 417.
33. Treasury to allow additional Salaries to Surveyors, and discharge Indebteds, 418.
34. Receiver General, Collectors and Clerks, to have Foundage, as under 48 G. 3. c. 55.—418.
35. All Assessments to cease, except as before excepted, 419.
36. Clerks to make out Abstracts of Compensation under the Hands of Commissioners for Collectors to collect by, 419.
37. If Compensation be not duly paid, Collectors may distress for Arrears, with 1s. in the Pound for their own Use, and all Costs and Charges, 420.
38. Commissioners to include in their Purchase Duplicate of Assessed Taxes the Amount of the Compensation Money, 420.
39. Compensation Means to be carried to Consolidated Fund, 421.
40. To give Relief in certain Cases of Assessment of Taxes in Great Britain, 59 G. 3. c. 116.
41. Persons not liable to Assessments after April 5, which shall happen next after Intolency or Bankruptcy, for Articles kept and used for Trade, and ferreted, &c.—Penals for Payments made by Assigns, 421.
42. Certain Exemptions from Duties on Persons employed as Shopmen or as Grocers, &c.—The Cause of such Exemptions to be returned, 42.
43. How far Houses in Trade, employing Travellers on Foot, are exempt from Duty, 423.
44. Assessments for 1817, 1818, and 1819, for any greater Number than four Travellers, may be reduced; which being certified to Commissioners, they shall order Payment of the Sum reduced, 424.
45. Notice to be given by Claimant to Surveyor, 424.
46. Under-Gamekeeper not assessed as an additional Servant, but assessed at 10s. per annum, 425.

Tea.

1. To reduce the Allowance of Tea, &c. for the Use of Boatsmen on board certain Ships or Vessels making Short Voyages, 57 G. 3. c. 33.
2. Tea, smuggled in Great Britain without due Entry, forfeited, besides pecuniary Fine of 10*l.* for every Pound, or 100*l.* in Admiralty General's Elections, 58 G. 3. c. 96. § 2.

See also *Exciſe* 73, at seq.

Tithes.

Acts for making Compensation for, and extinguishing Tithes in various Parishes and Places.

Private Local and Personal Acts, printed by the King's Printer, and Copies whereof may be returned in Evidence.

1. 57 G. 3. c. 3. § 28. *Manor of Ealing.*
2. 57 G. 3. c. 3. § 4. *Bromley.*
3. 57 G. 3. c. 11. § 19, 20. *Ladbroke Township.*
4. 57 G. 3. c. 10. § 24, 25. *Fordham Town Parishes and Fordham Saint Clements.*
5. 57 G. 3. c. 25. § 18—20. 22. 23. 27. 43. *Hillingdon Township.*
6. 57 G. 3. c. 26. § 18. 22. 24. *Fulford Parishes.*
7. 57 G. 3. c. 24. § 10—14. 31—36. *Barlow Manor, and the Townships of Great and Little Barlow.*
8. 58 G. 3. c. 5. § 22—24. *Weybridge.*
9. 58 G. 3. c. 7. § 28. *Middle, or Millage.*
10. 58 G. 3. c. 9. § 17, 23. *Amble.*
11. 58 G. 3. c. 15. § 24. 25. 30. *South Merton.*
12. 58 G. 3. c. 20. § 17. 18. 21. *Etton Township.*
13. 58 G. 3. c. 23. *Lyches Marston, and Lyches Mifley.*
14. 59 G. 3. c. 2. § 28. *Arlebury.*
15. 59 G. 3. c. 12. *Harwell and Marlow.*
16. 59 G. 3. c. 16. § 17. 18. 26. 27. 31. *Princes.*
17. 59 G. 3. c. 18. § 21. 27. 29. 30. *Tilling.*
18. 59 G. 3. c. 19. § 36. *Stevens Lacey and Bramfield.*
19. 59 G. 3. c. 20. § 23. 24. 26. 30. 34. *Thornes in Common.*
20. 59 G. 3. c. 41. § 19. *Stevens in Hales.*
21. 59 G. 3. c. 49. § 24. *Stratford.*

Tobacco.

1. Annual Acts for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Tobacco, &c., 57 G. 3. c. 5. 58 G. 3. c. 31. 59 G. 3. c. 3. repealed by 59 G. 3. c. 88. § 2. and additional Duties imposed, to be levied, &c. on *Smoked Pipes*, § 2. 3.
2. To reduce the Allowance of Tobacco, &c. for the Use of Boatsmen on board certain Ships or Vessels making Short Voyages, 57 G. 3. c. 3.

See *Exciſe*, 73, at seq.: *Importation and Exportation*, 58. at seq.: *IRELAND* (Customs, III. Tobacco.)

Tobacco Pipe Clay.

1. Tobacco Pipe Clay, when carried Coastwise, shall be liable to all the Regulations imposed by 31 G. 3. c. 50. as Goods prohibited to be exported, 57 G. 3. c. 88. § 2.

Tokens.

1. To prevent the issuing and circulating of Pieces of Copper or other Metal, usually called Tokens, 57 G. 3. c. 45.
2. No Copper or Mixed Metal Tokens to be made or issued after the passing of this Act, or circulated, under certain

Penalties.—The Effect of such Tokens is to be liable for them.—Proceeds for Bank of England Tokens, 57 G. 3. c. 28. § 1, 2.

3. *Shilling Penny Tokens*, issued for the Relief of the Poor, may circulate till March 25. 1820, § 3.
4. Offenders of the Poor of *Shilling* to pay 1*l.* for their Tokens; and, on Complaint against them for refusing the same, may be imprisoned by Magistrates, § 4.
5. Offenders may pay such Penny out of the Poor Rates, § 4.
6. Offenders of the Poor of *Shilling* may call in Tokens before March 25. 1820, § 4.
7. *Shilling Penny Tokens*, issued for the Relief of the Poor, may circulate until March 25. 1820, § 6.—But they may call them in before that time, § 8.
8. Offenders of the Poor of *Shilling* to pay 1*l.* for their Tokens, out of the Poor Rates; and, on Complaint against them for refusing the same, may be imprisoned, § 7.
9. Justices to determine Offences and adjudge Penalties, § 9.
10. 10*l.* Penalty on Witnesses not attending to give Evidence, § 10.
11. Term of Conviction, § 11.
12. Conviction to be returned as the Quarter Sessions and recorded; and Clerk of the Peace to deliver Copy thereof on Payment of 1*0*s.** § 12.
13. Recovery and Distribution of Penalties.—Appeal.—Dilrefs.—Form of Dilrefs, § 13.
14. Offenders may be detained until Return of Warrant of Dilrefs, unless Security be given, § 14.
15. If, on Return, there be no Dilrefs, Offender may be committed, which he appeal, in which case Recognizances are to be entered into, § 15.
16. Eight Days Notice of Appeal, and thereupon Sessions to determine, § 15.
17. Compulsory of Witnesses, § 16.
18. Proceedings not to be removed by *Contempt, &c.*, § 16.
19. Limitation of Actions—General Issue—Trespass Cells, § 17.
20. This Act not to affect the Copper Monies of the Realm, § 18.
21. To prevent the further Circulation of the Dollars or Tokens (issued by the Bank of England for the Convenience of the Public, 57 G. 3. c. 123).
22. Such Dollars or Tokens not to be circulated after March 25. 1818. (but they may be preferred in the Bank till March 25. 1820, and sold after as old Silver), on Penalty of not less than 4*0*s.** nor more than 5*0*s.** § 1. [This time extended by 58 G. 3. c. 124.]
23. Justices of Peace empowered to hear and determine Offences, § 2.
24. 2*0*s.** Penalty on Witnesses not attending, § 3.
25. Term of Conviction, Copies whereof to be delivered by Clerk of Peace for 1*0*s.** § 4. 5.
26. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 6.
27. Securities to be taken for Appearance of Offenders by way of Recognizances, § 7.
28. Offenders committed for want of Dilrefs.—Appeal on Notice not less than Eight Days before Trial.—Dilrefs thereon final, § 8.
29. Parsonages may be Witnesses, § 9.
30. Convictions not to be removed by *Contempt*—Limitation of Actions—General Issue—Trespass Cells, § 10, 11.

Tolls.

1. The Exemption from Tolls granted by 53 G. 3. c. 50. § 2. to Carriages not wholly laden with *Manure*, declared not to extend to exempt them from Tolls imposed by virtue of any local Turnpike Act, 57 G. 3. c. 57. § 1.

a. This

Transportation

Treasurer of the Navy

Therapeutic Goals

1. This A.S. not to affect any A.S. respecting Turbopac Bonds or Teds collected within a certain distance from the Royal Exchange. 1 s.

Source: *U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports, 1990*

Transposed action

1. To enlarge the Powers of § 6 G. L. c. 29, (10 continue to §§. 1, 1921, 1.)—§§ G. L. c. 101.
2. Coments adopted by Coms out of England to Transportation, and Coments proposed on Candidates of Transportation, may (when brought to England), with Transportation, be imported on board of Ship, etc., § 1.
3. Secretary of State may appoint Contractor for Transportation, § 1.
4. This Act not to extend to Commerce in Ireland or Scotland, § 2.
5. Continuance of Act, § 1.

References

1. To empower His Majesty to seize and detain such Persons as His Majesty shall suspect as conspiring against his Person and Government, 37 G. 3. c. 3.
2. The Provisions of 35 G. 3. c. 3. § 1. for the Safety and Preservation of His Majesty's Person and Government against Treasonable and Seditious Practices and Attempts, made perpetual, 37 G. 3. c. 3. § 4.
3. Compelling, &c. the Death, Bodily Harm, &c. of the Prince Regent, and expelling the same by printing, &c. declared to be High Treason, and punishable accordingly, § 2.
4. The Provisions of 35 & 40 G. 3. c. 3. for regulating Trials for High Treason and Misdemeanors of Treason, in certain Cases extended to the Prince Regent, § 3.
5. Persons convicted of High Treason, liable to the Benefit of 7 & 8 W. 3. c. 3., and 7 Ann. c. 21., except in certain Cases, § 5.
6. That Act not to have a retrospective Effect, § 5.
7. 35 & 40 G. 3. c. 3. amended for altering the Punishment in certain Cases of High Treason, extended to this Act, § 6.
8. To continue 37 G. 3. c. 3.—37 G. 3. c. 33. [Repealed by 38 G. 3. c. 31.]
9. For identifying Persons who, since the 25th Jan. 1817, have acted in apprehending, &c. Persons suspected of High Treason or Treasonable Practices, and in the Suppression of tumultuous and unlawful Assemblies, 38 G. 3. c. 6. § 2.
10. General Issue—Double Costs—in Actions brought in Sweden, Defendants to be allowed their Expenses, provided such Actions be brought within a certain time, § 2.
11. Application may be made to the Court in which the Action shall be brought, or to One of the Judges, if the Court be not sitting, to stay Proceedings, &c. and on Final, by Oath or Affidavit, of such Action commenced, Order may be made, with Double Costs to Defendant—Proviso for Application to be made such Order, § 3.
12. In Actions brought in Sweden, General Issue—Double Costs, and Order to stay Proceedings on Summary Application, § 4.
13. Persons discharged out of Custody, deemed legally acquitted, § 4.

Treasurer of the Navy

1. For regulating Payments to the Transferor of the Navy, under the Heads of Old Stores and Imprests, 57 G. 3. c. 121.
2. Transferors, &c. to give Orders on Writing or Persons liable
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to make Payments under the Head of Old Stores or Imprests, to pay the same into the Bank, 57 G. 3. c. 121. 4. n.

Receipt of Cashier to be a Sufficient Discharge, and the Money to be placed to the Account of the Treasurer, 4. n.

Cashier's Receipt or Certificate not to be Subject to Stamp Duty, unless specially Subjected by any future A.B. of Parliament. 2. n.

Turntable Boards

6. Trustees under various Trustlike Acts, not having the regular Qualifications, indicated, by G. S. c. 11, § 8.

Turntable Also for different Places

Andamans, Chertsey, } To amend G. 3. c. 152. for grant-
and Saloor. } ing 20,000*l.* towards repairing Roads
between London and Ryebury by Chertsey, and
between London and Bangor by Sharnbury; and
for giving additional Powers to the Commissioners
therein named to build a Bridge over the *Bliss*
Stretch, and to make a new Road from Bangor
Ferry to Ryebury, to G. 3. c. 158.

Arts. Repairing Roads in the County of *Arts*, (extending Powers of 45 G. 2. c. 2371.) 58 G. 2. c. 14.

Barrois. From Bedford to Palace, &c. (including 17 G. 3. c. 59, and 36 G. 3. c. 136.) 52 G. 3. c. 53.

Baroness and | From Bedford to Kilmarnock, (continuing p. G. 3.)
 MUSE. | c. 148. | 57 G. 3. c. 148.

DANCE. From *Fryer Swan's Study to Chinese Poet* and other
Dance (enlarging, &c. several Addn.) 50 C. 3.
C. 2nd.

From *Fogge Basin's* study in *Chilren Pond*, and *Lower Middle Hill* to *Pennsylvanian Hill* (continuing, see *Lower Middle Hill* to *G. S. C. Basin*).

Specs. For ascending, the Road leading out of the Turnpike Road between *Speldburg* and *Wendover*, through *Fraser's Ridge*, to *W. of Wynola*, (crossing and ascending 33 G. 3. c. 149.)

BIRMINGHAM and MORTIMORTON. For repairing Roads between the *Hugh* and *Stoke* Chillington, and the Town of Northampton, and from Newport Pagnell to the *end* *Hugh* *Stoke* *Hugh*, (continuing, &c. 37 *G*. 7. 6. 1771.) 58 *G*. 7. 6. 1771.)

CAMBRIDGE. From Cambridge to the Cambridge and Old North Road near Abington Bridge. (enlarging Terms and Powers of 37 G. 3. c. 179.) 57 G. 3. c. 180.

CHESTER. From *Manchfield to Compton*, (authentic and accurate 16 ff. 2, s. 148.) 17 ff. 1, s. 150.

Conywall. Roads from Trear and other Roads communicating therewith, (including the Town and Powers of several Ales.) on G. 3. c. 25.

GENERAL AND: To show the Application of Part of
LANDSHIRE: general granted by 50 G. 3. c. 12. 11.
 for improving the Road from the City of Oxford
 to the City of Carlisle, 50 G. 3. c. 44. Amended
 and altered by 70 G. 3. c. 12.

DESIGN and
ELECT. From Newnan to Foster Bridge and from
Frost, near Alhambra to Holt, 1863, p. 254.

DANCE. From Crawford to Brier, with a Branch Road
therefrom, near the River, and to the

DANGER.—Thompson Road at Red Bridge, 37 G. 3. r. and
Reaping, 30. Road to and from Bradford, 39 G. 3.
r. 1000 ft.

Turnpike Roads.

DORSET and WILT. } Repairing Roads leading from Poole, &c. and from Cranborne to Camble, &c., 58 G. 3. c. 125.

DUMFRIES COUNTY. Making, &c. Roads in, and converting Statute Labour into Money, 59 G. 3. c. 101.

DURHAM. From *Wainward Bridge* to *Tyne Bridge*, with a Branch to *South Shields*, (continuing, &c. 58 G. 3. c. 125.) 58 G. 3. c. 125.

DURHAM } Mending Roads and Bridges in, 59 G. 3. and **BURTON.** } c. 101.

ELGIN. Maintaining Roads in, and converting Statute Labour into Money, 59 G. 3. c. 101.

GLASGOW. } From *North Turnpike Road*, in or near and **MOVINGHURST.** } *Albion*, through *Wetherby Tithing*, to join the *Turnpike Road* within the *Albionway* District, near *Ripd*; *New Works*, 57 G. 3. c. 125.

GLoucester. Improving Roads in and through the *Parish of Dom*, 57 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Stroud* through *Pinkney* to the *City of Gloucester*, 58 G. 3. c. 1.

From *Gloucester* towards *Cheltenham* and *Tewkesbury*, (enlarging and continuing 58 G. 3. c. 104, and 58 G. 3. c. 125.) 58 G. 3. c. 1.

From *Gloucester* to *Stroud*, (continuing and amending, &c. *several Acts*.) 58 G. 3. c. 125.

Repairing Roads into and from *Tewkesbury*, 58 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Gloucester* to *Stroud*, (enlarging 58 G. 3. c. 94, and 40 G. 3. c. 125.) 59 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Stump Cross* to *Stow* on the *Wold*, 59 G. 3. c. 125.

GLoucester and } From *Clipping Compton* to *Clifford Side* **WARWICK.** } *Garr* in the *Parish of Old Stratford*, 58 G. 3. c. 125.

GLoucester, WARWICK, } Repairing Road from the *Croft* and **WORCESTER.** } *Roads* in the *Worcester* and *Oxford* Turnpike Road to *Halford Bridge*, and other Roads, 57 G. 3. c. 1.

HARFORD. Enlarging 59 G. 3. c. 125, for repairing Roads in and near *Harford*, creating a New District, &c. 59 G. 3. c. 125.

Repairing Roads from, continuing and amending *several Acts*, 59 G. 3. c. 125.

HARTINGDON. From *Albion Hill* to *Wansley Bridge*, and from *Newman Cross* to *Potterburgh Bridge*, (enlarging 58 G. 3. c. 125.) 59 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Stoke's Lane* in *Bury*, to *Stratton*, 59 G. 3. c. 125.

HARTINGDON and } From *Great Stoughton* to near *Willing* **NORTHAMPTON.** } *Joseph Bridge*, and from *Kilnham* to near *Kilnham Bridge*, 59 G. 3. c. 125.

KENT. From *Wrotham Road* to *Faul's Cross*, and from *Wrotham Road* to *Maidstone*, &c. (continuing and altering 58 G. 3. c. 94, and 35 G. 3. c. 107.) 57 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Dover*, through *Deal* to *Sandwich*, (continuing, &c. 59 G. 3. c. 125.) 58 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Greenwich* to *Woolwich*, repairing, &c. the *Lower Road*, 58 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Tonbridge* to *Ashford* with a Branch to *Studdards*, 59 G. 3. c. 125.

KIRKSHOTT. Surveying. Converting Money for repairing Highways, &c. into Statute Labour, 58 G. 3. c. 125.

KIRKSHOTT. From the *Bridge of Dee* Southward through

the *County of Merioneth*, to *Swansea*, and thence, by *Swansea* and *Llanwrsthal*, to the *Avon* and *Upper Bridges* over the *River North Oke*, and for making and repairing other Roads in that *County*, 59 G. 3. c. 125.

LANARKSHIRE } From *Pagley Lane*, by or near *Fordings*, and **REINBERG.** } to the *East End of the Bridge* at *Ren-*
Jeon, (continuing, &c. 54 G. 3. c. 125, and 57 G. 3. c. 125.) 58 G. 3. c. 125.

LANARK, ALB, REINBERG, } Making, &c. Roads in *LANARK*, and **DUMFRIES-SHIRE.** } *Ayr*, and *Rayburn Shire*; with Road from *Conifer* of *Ayr* towards *Longfellow*, (enlarging *several Acts*.) 59 G. 3. c. 125.

LANCASTER. Repairing and improving Road from *Wyl* *Houghton* to *Donkey Stone*, 57 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Manchester* to *Newton Chapel*, in the *Township of Newton*, with a Branch to the *River Medlock* in the *Township of Dryden*, 57 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Rochdale* to *Barnley*, (continuing the *Town* and enlarging the *Power* of 58 G. 3. c. 125.) 57 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Manchester* to *Rochdale*, Improving Road, in far as relates to the *Barry* and *Rochdale* Bridge District of Road, (continuing, &c. 58 G. 3. c. 125.) 58 G. 3. c. 125.

Repairing Road between *Warrington* and *Lower Wigan*, 58 G. 3. c. 125.

Manchester. That the *several Highways* in the *Parish of*, shall be repaired by the *Inhabitants* of the *several Townships* within which they are situated, 59 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Chester* to *Widley*, and thence to *Blackburn* and *Moffat Road*; with a Branch between *Blackburn* and *Widley*, 59 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Croftbridge* to *Manchester*, 59 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Rochdale* Lane End to the *Land's End* in *Progham*, 59 G. 3. c. 125.

LANCASTER } From *Manchester* to *Rye Lane Bridge* and **CHESHIRE.** } 58 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Manchester* to *Salter's Road*, (continuing 58 G. 3. c. 125.) 58 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Arundel Green*, near *Manchester*, to *Widley*, 58 G. 3. c. 125.

LANCASTER } From *Richmond* to *Langley*, and from *Rich-* and **YORK.** } mond to *Leap Cross*, and from *Gilling* to the *Turnpike Road* on *Guthrie Moor*, (repealing *several Acts*, except as continued,) 57 G. 3. c. 125.

LINCOLN. From *Spalding* *Ripd Bridge* to *Broder Hough*, (continuing and amending 58 G. 3. c. 125.) 57 G. 3. c. 125.

LINCOLN and } From *Graveland* to *Eyn*, 57 G. 3. **NORTHAMPTON.** } c. 125.

LINCOLN and } From *Stanford*, through *Osborne*, to the *Great* **RUTLAND.** } *North Road*, in the *Parish of Grevendon*, (continuing and amending 58 G. 3. c. 125.) 57 G. 3. c. 125.

MARLBOROUGH and } Repairing Roads, &c. in, through, and **DEVON.** } from *Sale* and *Delphay*, &c. (continuing, &c. *several Acts*.) 59 G. 3. c. 125.

MIDDLESEX. To enable the *Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests*, &c. to make a Road from *Mill* *and Row*, *Wigmore*, in the *Parish of*, 57 G. 3. c. 125.

From *Paddington* to *Harrow* on the *MS*, (continuing, &c. *several Acts*.) 59 G. 3. c. 125.

MIDDLESEX

Turnpike Roads.

- MANCHESTER and** } From *Kilburn Bridge* to *Spencer's Arms*,
HEATFIELD. } (continuing, &c. 19 G. 3. c. 180. 35 G. 3.
c. 181.) 35 G. 3. c. 181.
- MANCHESTER.** Repairing several Roads leading to, through,
and from the Town of *Manchester*, 38 G. 3. c. 182.
- East Pool and** } District of Roads, (completing
Part of 40 G. 3. c. 187, &c.) 39 G. 3. c. 188.
- NORTHAMPTON.** From *Thames* to the Turnpike Road in
Castle End, in the Parish of *Hardington*, (enlarging
the Term and Powers of 35 G. 3. c. 135.)
37 G. 3. c. 181. amended by 38 G. 3. c. 181.
- From *Marine's Corner* in the Town of *Northampton*,
to *Angley Street* in the Town of *Northampton*,
39 G. 3. c. 182.
- From *Kettering* to *Northampton*, 39 G. 3. c. 181.
- NORTHAMPTON.** From *Wells Cottage*, near *Kettering* upon
Tring, to the *Abbeystead* Turnpike Road, (continuing
37 G. 3. c. 181.) 38 G. 3. c. 181.
- NOTTINGHAM.** Repairing Roads near the Towns of *Huck-*
ingham, *Exhilling*, *Southwell*, *Normanton*, and *Wist-*
ow, with a Branch from *Exhilling* to the Street
Gate Road, and the *Newport* and *Southwell* Turn-
pike Road, at *Great Bridge*, in the County of
Nottingham, 38 G. 3. c. 181.
- NOTTINGHAM and** } From *Chapel Bar*, to *St. Mary's Bridge*,
DECE. } and from the *Gold Pool* in the Parish of
Loxley, to *Sankey Ferry*, 39 G. 3. c. 181.
- OXFORD.** From *Adlestree* through *Killington* to *Oxford*,
39 G. 3. c. 182.
- OXFORD and** } From *Wagfield Green* through *Wallingford* to
BERK. } *Postgate*, and thence to *Portsmouth*, (enlarging
several Acts,) 39 G. 3. c. 181.
- PENKIL.** For making more effectual Provision for Payment
of the Debt due by the Trustees for Turnpike
Roads in the County of *Perth*, (continuing
40 G. 3. c. 182.) 38 G. 3. c. 181.
- READING and** } Making new Roads in, 39 G. 3. c. 182.
- READING.**
- SARUM.** For making, &c. a Road from the Turnpike Road
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- From *Anchore* to *Canford* and *Dorchester*, (con-
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- From *Salisbury* to *Weymouth*, *Wootton Bassett*, *Sturminster*,
and *Weymouth*, 39 G. 3. c. 182.
- SARUM and** } For making in *Canford* the Lane of
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altering and repairing to much of the said Act, as
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- SARUM and** } From *Wey* to the Lower *Rock* at *Weymouth*,
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- SOMERSET.** Repairing, &c. Roads near *Brighthelm*, 39 G. 3.
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- SOMERSET and** } Repairing Roads from *Midle Newton*, and
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- SOUTHAMPTON, and** } Repairing Roads from *Salisbury* to
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